

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
CENSUS OFFICE.

ROBERT P. PORTER,
Superintendent.

Appointed April 20, 1889; resigned July 31, 1893.

CARROLL D. WRIGHT,
Commissioner of Labor in charge.
Appointed October 5, 1893.

REPORT

ON

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES

IN

THE UNITED STATES

AT THE

ELEVENTH CENSUS: 1890.



WASHINGTON, D. C.:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

1894.

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
CENSUS OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 4, 1894.

SIR:

I have the honor to transmit herewith the Report on Statistics of Fisheries in the United States.

The transient and irregular employment of a considerable portion of individuals depending more or less upon the fisheries for a livelihood and the difficulty of finding such individuals at any date when results for the year may be sought prevent the returns, as to the number of persons and the equipment employed, from having an accurate value.

The effort was made at the Eleventh Census to exclude all connected with the fisheries who were not engaged in taking fish. At the Tenth Census, canners and packers and others employed in marketing the fish were included among those employed, which is to be considered in any attempt at comparison with the Eleventh Census.

The amounts and values of products were more readily and definitely obtainable than the number of fishermen and the number and value of boats, vessels, and other equipments, since, in reaching consumers, products generally pass through the hands of those who keep regular book accounts.

When the office was placed in my charge in October, 1893, the work of tabulation as here published was in progress. It was found that the fieldwork had been wholly suspended early in the spring of 1891, and that thereafter no work, either in the field or in the office, had been done upon fisheries for a full year, after which the tabulation of returns made prior to April, 1891, was commenced. It was too late to renew fieldwork. It was deemed best to complete this tabulation and give out the results, notwithstanding the imperfect character of the fieldwork.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CARROLL D. WRIGHT,
Commissioner of Labor in charge.

Hon. HOKE SMITH,
Secretary of the Interior.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

Total reported value of product, Eleventh Census	\$44,277,514
Total reported value of product, Tenth Census.....	b42,740,163
Reported value of carp, 1880-1889 (not included above).....	284,650
Reported value of alligators and birds, 1889 (not included above).....	256,300

a Includes inland fisheries, \$1,554,359, not reported at Tenth Census.

b Marine salt reported in 1880 with fisheries, not here included; reported in 1890 under manufactures.

The states and territories in the order of the reported value of products at the Eleventh Census are as follows:

Massachusetts	\$6,367,033	Wisconsin	\$455,030	Tennessee	\$58,337
Maryland	5,654,024	Texas	364,017	Georgia	34,601
Virginia.....	4,816,225	Delaware.....	310,181	Kansas	27,653
New York	3,798,815	Louisiana	289,684	District of Columbia.....	26,028
New Jersey.....	3,130,893	Illinois	248,527	Nevada	21,856
Maine	3,046,989	Mississippi	220,887	Nebraska.....	20,410
California	2,117,250	South Carolina	205,845	Vermont	12,825
Connecticut	1,687,737	Alabama	164,427	South Dakota	10,866
Florida.....	1,429,328	Iowa	155,079	Montana.....	7,980
Alaska	1,373,790	New Hampshire	148,576	Utah	5,167
North Carolina	1,351,944	Missouri	128,008	West Virginia	4,098
Oregon	1,188,188	Minnesota	98,796	Colorado	4,564
Rhode Island	1,160,454	Kentucky	86,144	New Mexico	2,783
Washington	1,107,847	Arkansas	74,626	Indian territory	1,697
Michigan.....	1,090,581	Indiana	60,441	North Dakota	890
Pennsylvania.....	903,005	Idaho	58,605	Wyoming	287
Ohio	746,396				

The returns are for the year 1889, except those for the oyster fishery, closing with May, 1890; the shad and alewife fishery, closing with July, 1890, and the seal fisheries of Alaska for the season of 1890.

In gathering the material for the report on fisheries an effort was made to exclude persons, equipment, expense, capital, and values pertaining to preparation of fish and traffic in the products of fish after they leave the hands of the fishermen.

In some of the fisheries, those taking fish dispose of them mainly as taken from the water, with very little more preparation than is involved in precautions for their safe arrival at market by use of ice or salt, as in the case of the fisheries of the Great Lakes, where a relatively small force of shore help is necessary. In certain other fisheries most of the fish must be manufactured into new forms before marketed, and a relatively large force of shore help and a relatively large investment in shore property are necessary, as in the menhaden fishery.

In still other fisheries a large part of the catch undergoes various preparations before reaching the consumer, but the lines are not sharply drawn between fishermen and manufacturers. In the oyster and salmon fisheries some fishermen sell fish as taken to men who conduct canning factories, while some canners are themselves fishermen.

In confining the report to the catching of fish to the exclusion of processes after the fish leave the hands of the fishermen, the number of shoresmen, or men occupied on shore, is small compared with the number who would be called shoresmen in records that included canneries and the various other manipulations of fish till they reach the consumer.

Packers, canners, and dealers are sometimes purchasers of fish, sometimes the managers of extensive fisheries, and often handle both fish caught by themselves and the fish obtained by purchase.

This variation of practice rendered it difficult to carry out a uniform plan for obtaining statistics for fisheries as distinct from manufacturing and from general trade. It also introduced a liability to a difference of interpretation of the same facts by two persons, or at two censuses.

The aggregates of persons employed, capital, and value of equipment are far less when confined strictly to the taking of fish and their conditions in the hands of the fishermen than when canneries and kindred establishments are included. The value of product is greatly enhanced by the labor and expense of canning and other processes. The preparation of fish by canning or other process after capture falls mainly within the classification of manufactures. There is a difficulty in separating the items when the fisherman is also a dealer.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

The investment in fisheries, the number of men employed, and the value of equipment are liable to omissions or duplications even with the utmost care. Nearly every fishery has but a temporary season, and an enumerator is liable to mistake one equipment used in two or three different fisheries during the year for different equipments. Vessels busy fishing in a fishing season are to some extent otherwise employed in other portions of the year, and a question will arise how much of the cost of equipment is to be charged to fisheries and how much to some other pursuit.

Such equipment as is specifically adapted to fishing can be charged to that pursuit without dissent, yet the columns of results of the fisheries are the only ones into which serious variations would not enter if they were made up in duplicate by different persons distributing the same facts, each on his own judgment. Fortunately, the columns least liable to error of fact or of interpretation are these columns of results showing what supply for food or other use has been derived from the fisheries.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

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ATLANTIC AND GULF BOAT FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the Atlantic and Gulf boat fishery in 1889 is \$5,404,621. The 10 leading states in the order of the reported value of the product are as follows: New Jersey, New York, Massachusetts, Maine, North Carolina, Virginia, Maryland, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Florida.

ATLANTIC AND GULF BOAT FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.		
	Total.	Fishermen.	Shoemans.	Total investment.	Vessels.	
					Number.	Value.
Total	10,880	10,880	.....	\$1,648,714	307	3,864.35
Alabama	297	297	.....	9,392	1	80.42
Connecticut	842	842	.....	160,156	54	1,000.21
Delaware	276	275	.....	5,230	.....	.....
Florida	680	680	.....	63,398	7	111.05
Louisiana	87	87	.....	1,049	.....	.....
Maine	8,164	8,164	.....	200,380	16	141.06
Maryland	550	550	.....	26,602	.....	.....
Massachusetts	2,040	2,040	.....	830,910	8	75.05
Mississippi	48	48	.....	2,500	.....	.....
New Hampshire	94	94	.....	6,908	.....	.....
New Jersey	8,842	8,842	.....	271,180	70	606.00
New York	1,026	1,026	.....	809,007	130	1,797.56
North Carolina	1,827	1,827	.....	55,914	1	10.00
Pennsylvania	95	95	.....	1,703	.....	.....
Rhode Island	578	578	83,051	1	10.00
South Carolina	227	227	2,588
Virginia	1,215	1,215	66,883	1	11.00
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APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED—continued.						
STATES.	Boats.		Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.	PRODUCTS.	
	Number.	Value.			Total value.	Fish.
	13,505	\$630,207	\$647,055	\$46,947	\$5,404,021	Pounds. Value.
Total	13,505	\$630,207	\$647,055	\$46,947	\$5,404,021	158,538,606 \$3,562,830
Alabama	187	3,585	4,007	.....	30,521	1,192,335 82,121
Connecticut	773	83,173	42,038	2,800	207,928	10,408,850 100,840
Delaware	201	2,742	2,497	.....	47,851	778,087 34,421
Florida	470	32,830	18,812	2,150	103,316	6,306,084 160,495
Louisiana	32	1,341	608	.....	5,000	180,000 4,758
Maine	2,706	92,004	68,705	5,501	513,490	21,103,084 378,781
Maryland	485	17,365	9,247	.....	386,380	2,404,011 107,485
Massachusetts	2,246	140,387	170,777	11,155	885,840	28,245,705 605,630
Mississippi	23	1,272	1,288	.....	13,101	165,020 6,076
New Hampshire	140	4,774	2,134	.....	35,958	1,731,080 33,810
New Jersey	2,201	130,581	80,188	14,872	1,010,508	14,890,700 620,035
New York	1,808	81,505	112,202	2,705	940,465	35,014,781 572,868
North Carolina	726	21,885	81,605	1,534	425,701	15,000,024 416,868
Pennsylvania	20	951	781	.....	16,080	234,482 16,080
Rhode Island	625	41,918	35,008	5,725	207,846	3,575,600 110,953
South Carolina	211	1,040	939	.....	16,202	640,040 19,168
Virginia	882	21,810	34,970	985	405,475	21,309,407 280,103

The Atlantic and Gulf boat fishery, as its name suggests, embraces the fishing along the eastern coast of the United States, with boats as conveyances, as distinguished from the fishing at sea, requiring vessels large enough for registry, that is, of 5 tons burden or larger. The fish are mostly sold at once to consumers, with only enough of care and labor to insure their delivery. The equipments, sometimes requiring a large outlay for nets and other appliances, are generally of moderate value, with some exceptional expenditure where carrying pleasure parties for fishing affects the expense of equipment, as on the New Jersey coast, or where retailers of fish conduct a large business in hiring numbers of fishermen whose catch they distribute through their own trade facilities, as in the vicinity of various southern cities.

In the southern states a large proportion of the fishermen are negroes, who equip themselves in the most inexpensive way, their boats often so simply made as to have but a nominal value. There is such irregularity in their employment that the return of the number employed during the year is especially unsatisfactory.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

COD AND GROUND FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the cod and ground fishery in 1889 is \$4,262,334. The average time employed is 29.76 weeks. The states interested in taking these fish, named in the order of the reported value of their product, are as follows: Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and New Jersey.

COD AND GROUND FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.					
	Total.	Fishermen.	Shoemens.	Total invest- ment.	Vessels.			Boats.	
		Number.	Net tonnage.		Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	
Total	10,113	9,759	854	\$5,690,282	855	44,580.00	\$2,443,922	5,620	\$105,723
Connecticut	69	67	2	23,855	14	348.77	22,150	51	1,290
Maine	2,257	2,236	21	831,077	253	9,262.10	407,160	1,004	27,655
Massachusetts	7,505	7,185	320	4,704,063	543	34,001.50	1,037,937	3,028	73,343
New Hampshire	130	120	10	50,398	13	456.80	23,300	100	2,015
New Jersey	26	20	.....	12,327	7	112.93	8,000	0	177
New York	20	20	.....	21,005	3	127.73	19,000	23	590
Rhode Island	97	96	1	30,957	22	270.07	20,975	45	644

STATES.	APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED—continued.		PRODUCTS.					
	Minor appa- ratus.	Other capital, including shore property.	Total value.	Fish.				Other. (Value.)
				Cod.		Other species.		
Total	\$1,164,909	\$1,975,728	\$4,202,334	87,462,166	\$2,539,336	79,756,702	\$1,055,326	\$73,672
Connecticut	4,406	0,000	34,882	386,420	11,331	441,470	23,551	.....
Maine	147,827	248,435	565,207	5,231,580	888,090	10,860,140	101,078	10,120
Massachusetts	982,695	1,710,713	3,498,812	70,135,005	2,061,804	64,294,926	1,380,210	56,708
New Hampshire	23,508	7,575	93,800	1,759,001	41,329	2,757,106	51,130	835
New Jersey	1,150	3,000	4,815	26,500	705	94,000	4,020	.....
New York	2,015	.....	51,050	555,000	20,050	1,175,000	31,000	.....
Rhode Island	8,338	.....	14,173	369,060	9,847	134,570	4,331	.....

Near the northeast Atlantic coast the product of the cod fishery forms an important article of food, and in the dried form it reaches remote portions of the country as part of the general food supply. A large fraction of the catch is of other fish, of which the haddock so closely resembles the cod as often to be treated like it and sold with it, while the halibut has characteristics that give it special value on its own merits. The annexed table, made up from returns in the office not elsewhere detailed, indicates the forms under which the catch passed out of the hands of the fishermen:

COD AND GROUND FISHERY—AGGREGATE VALUES OF FISH PRODUCTS: 1889.

CLASSIFICATION.	Total.	Fresh.	Salted.
Total	\$4,202,334	\$2,283,835	\$1,078,000
Blubber and oil	30,260	80,260	.....
Codfish, bank	1,093,910	87,867	1,050,553
Codfish, Georges	684,103	165,700	518,397
Codfish, shore	755,928	534,533	220,790
Cusk	110,620	80,644	23,085
Fish livers	40,573	40,573	.....
Fish row or spawn	75	.....	75
Haddock	658,242	635,511	22,731
Hake	184,238	125,481	58,757
Halibut	520,927	477,334	49,593
Pollock	60,403	37,550	22,937
Sounds	2,302	1,450	852
Swordfish	28,505	28,505	.....
Tongues	450	338	118
Other species	86,202	82,081	4,211

GENERAL FISHERIES.

5

FISHERIES OF THE GREAT LAKES.

The reported value of the product of the fisheries of the Great Lakes in 1889 is \$2,615,784. The states in the order of this reported value are as follows: Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, New York, Minnesota, Illinois, and Indiana.

FISHERIES OF THE GREAT LAKES: 1889.

LAKES AND STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.							
	Total.	Fishermen.	Shoemans.	Total investment.	VESSELS.			BOATS.		Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.
					Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.		
Lakes	6,896	6,508	298	\$3,080,785	111	1,654.83	\$360,450	3,472	\$257,815	\$1,403,880	\$1,052,040
Erie	2,181	1,965	216	1,041,030	42	623.04	143,700	1,063	127,556	680,080	704,303
Huron and St. Clair..	1,444	1,432	12	422,946	12	142.38	30,000	620	33,334	191,031	167,981
Michigan	2,084	2,049	85	730,800	48	777.75	165,400	1,070	54,062	393,718	126,620
Ontario	398	890	8	48,716	.....	.....	.....	253	13,232	20,684	5,800
Superior	780	762	27	228,275	9	111.66	27,350	454	20,631	123,807	47,927
States	6,896	6,508	298	8,080,785	111	1,654.83	\$360,450	3,472	\$257,815	\$1,403,880	1,052,040
Illinois	120	120	.....	37,005	1	26.00	7,000	100	4,204	13,611	12,700
Indiana	20	29	.....	22,760	2	10.02	7,000	14	872	14,272	015
Michigan	3,050	3,003	47	1,031,223	48	735.02	151,750	1,448	70,916	500,071	208,586
Minnesota	162	162	.....	84,585	2	26.29	5,500	112	6,565	20,024	1,506
New York	634	618	16	98,103	5	68.36	10,200	377	20,703	48,930	10,270
Ohio	1,577	1,397	180	1,314,697	27	439.70	110,600	618	87,854	541,847	574,896
Pennsylvania	304	277	27	249,564	10	114.98	22,000	294	31,290	85,907	100,477
Wisconsin	1,020	902	28	204,240	16	227.26	51,500	514	20,831	177,418	88,500
PRODUCTS (PISH).											
LAKES AND STATES.	Total.		Herring.		Lake trout.		Whitefish.		Sturgeon.		Other species.
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.
	117,085,568	\$2,615,784	53,000,921	\$717,001	11,201,631	\$452,504	15,320,488	\$801,568	2,798,725	\$105,935	\$4,097,803
Lakes											\$68,721
Erie	63,503,332	1,033,758	37,200,850	305,171	66,703	3,714	3,323,772	107,172	1,244,007	47,045	21,727,400
Huron and St. Clair..	16,939,397	427,252	4,059,221	78,327	2,181,840	80,508	2,550,804	119,850	656,360	10,400	6,885,057
Michigan	26,000,044	788,536	9,568,587	190,859	5,580,358	249,255	5,523,971	240,403	612,853	26,034	4,721,075
Ontario	2,091,040	85,431	1,350,140	48,202	6,500	511	23,383	1,476	200,027	10,925	610,986
Superior	7,889,940	280,807	382,123	6,002	3,306,721	112,510	3,808,568	156,572	84,400	1,931	152,075
States	117,085,568	2,615,784	53,000,921	717,001	11,201,031	452,504	15,320,488	\$801,568	2,798,725	105,935	\$4,097,803
Illinois	732,830	24,097	77,460	2,977	25,000	1,500	17,375	888	8,200	410	604,805
Indiana	848,900	16,000	55,000	1,550	150,400	9,032	20,000	1,200	85,400	4,154	38,000
Michigan	84,400,184	1,000,240	8,275,511	147,400	6,908,505	275,305	10,348,133	458,445	1,215,958	41,701	7,681,087
Minnesota	1,804,131	41,081	66,058	1,572	1,000,220	31,460	211,147	7,460	.....	.....	16,800
New York	5,403,222	165,110	8,258,355	67,325	73,203	4,225	804,270	20,854	850,727	17,991	1,320,667
Ohio	47,449,481	683,500	28,731,800	297,883	.....	.....	1,742,506	92,981	410,460	14,741	54,721
Pennsylvania	12,492,300	255,710	6,606,149	74,055	.....	.....	1,150,020	52,213	670,711	25,162	16,504,530
Wisconsin	14,774,500	368,020	6,589,620	123,050	2,885,207	180,973	1,433,041	57,522	45,248	1,770	8,821,440
											49,086

The lakes in the order of the value of their product are: 1, Lake Erie; 2, Lake Michigan; 3, Lakes Huron and St. Clair; 4, Lake Superior; 5, Lake Ontario.

The fish caught in the Great Lakes pass almost directly from the fishermen, so that they need but a relatively small equipment as shore property.

The growing density of population adjacent to the lakes makes a convenient market ready for even more than the supply, so that the fisherman has little occasion to expend any manufacturing energy on his catch.

Very great changes are in progress in the supply of certain species, as will be suggested by an examination of the comparative conditions of the Lake fisheries for the Tenth and Eleventh censuses given on the following page.

The catch of whitefish and the catch of sturgeon have greatly diminished. The decline in whitefish has been met in some measure by extensive planting of fish artificially hatched.

Legislation has restricted commercial fishing on Lake Ontario.

In reporting the fisheries of the Great Lakes the effort was made to exclude all employés engaged in the handling of fish after taken from the water as fish is so largely sold as caught.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

The following table presents the comparative conditions of the fisheries of the Great Lakes for 1880 and 1889:

COMPARISONS OF ALL THE GREAT LAKES FISHERIES: 1880 AND 1889.

CLASSIFICATION.	AGGREGATES.				LAKE SUPERIOR.				LAKE MICHIGAN.				
	1880		1889		1880		1889		1889		1880		
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	
Total capital invested.....		\$2,832,950		\$1,345,975		\$210,825		\$81,980		\$710,540		\$551,135	
Persons employed.....	6,806		a4,493		789		a309		2,081		a1,436		
Steamers.....	107	357,650	49	124,800	9	27,350	4	9,400	47	158,400	30	63,400	
Sailing vessels and boats, including stake boats or pile drivers.....	3,876	825,438	1,880	160,700	475	80,568	157	16,840	1,220	60,115	806	69,875	
Pound nets.....	b 3,831	823,919	1,500	407,400	210	36,810	43	14,950	850	171,146	470	185,425	
Gill nets.....		408,797		214,200		72,624		25,280		184,742		124,710	
Seines.....	176	15,080	148	20,400	36	8,094	32	2,010	48	4,189	10	2,040	
Other apparatus.....		97,252		15,300		8,902		200		25,288		1,455	
Shore property.....		b804,814		813,175		c30,477		12,700		d103,369		104,100	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	
Total.....	117,085,508	\$2,615,784	68,742,000	\$1,052,000	7,883,940	\$280,807	3,816,025	\$118,370	20,000,044	\$788,530	23,141,875	\$608,400	
Whitefish.....	15,320,488	601,603	21,103,900		3,898,558	156,572	2,257,000		5,628,971	240,493	12,030,400		
Trout.....	11,201,631	452,504	8,804,600		3,300,724	112,516	1,404,750		5,580,358	249,255	2,050,450		
Herring.....	63,600,921	717,061	15,907,517		382,123	5,002	34,000		9,568,587	190,350	3,050,400		
Sturgeon.....		2,798,725	105,935	7,557,383		84,400	1,031		612,363	20,034	3,830,600		
All other species.....	34,007,803	618,721	16,943,600		152,075	4,780	60,875		4,721,675	76,705	1,502,025		
	LAKES HURON AND ST. CLAIR.				LAKE ERIE.				LAKE ONTARIO.				
CLASSIFICATION.	1880		1889		1880		1889		1880		1880		
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	
		\$376,136		\$144,310			\$1,481,733		\$515,100		\$47,710		\$54,050
Total capital invested.....													
Persons employed.....	1,444		a732		2,181		a1,360		308		a587		
Steamers.....	9	28,200	5	10,000	42	143,700	9	38,400		1	3,000		
Sailing vessels and boats, including stake boats or pile drivers.....	739	38,817	158	18,905	1,183	173,606	593	45,480	253	13,232	106	9,500	
Pound nets.....	755	123,818	189	49,425	1,838	483,920	758	233,000	172	8,226	84	14,000	
Gill nets.....		49,116		21,680		94,978		22,500		13,337		20,000	
Seines.....	49	4,691	70	11,600	34	2,150	18	2,800	0	665	9	1,950	
Other apparatus.....		15,623		5,000		38,082		8,645		7,457			
Shore property.....		c121,771		27,700		f544,897		103,675		g4,800		5,000	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	
Total.....	16,939,397	\$427,252	9,056,200	\$231,550	63,503,332	\$1,033,758	20,087,300	\$474,880	2,691,946	\$65,431	3,640,000	\$150,703	
Whitefish.....	2,550,804	119,850	2,778,700		8,323,772	167,172	3,383,800		23,383	1,470	1,064,000		
Trout.....	2,181,346	80,508	2,084,500		66,703	3,714	26,200		6,500	511	569,700		
Herring.....	4,650,221	78,327	497,500		87,200,850	395,171	11,774,400		1,850,140	48,202	611,217		
Sturgeon.....		656,360	19,400	1,202,500		1,244,607	47,045	1,970,000		200,927	10,925	545,283	
All other species.....	6,885,657	123,167	2,493,000		21,727,400	420,656	11,982,000		610,000	24,317	849,800		

a Shorosmen, as reported by Tenth Census, not included.

b Including \$70,151 other investments.

c Including \$1,734 other investments.

d Including \$20,408 other investments.

e Including \$3,006 other investments.

f Including \$42,427 other investments.

g Including \$1,886 other investments.

The figures for 1880 used in comparing the fisheries of the Great Lakes for 1880 and 1889 are from the Fisheries and Fishery Industries of the United States, prepared through the co-operation of the Commissioner of Fisheries and the Superintendent of the Tenth Census, 1881, Section II, page 633. In certain items there is some variation from the figures as published in the Compendium for the Tenth Census.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

7

GULF FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the Gulf fishery in 1889 is \$466,036. The states in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows: Florida, Texas, Louisiana, and Mississippi.

GULF FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.								PRODUCTS.			
	Total.	Fisher-men.	Shore-men.	Total investment.	Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.	Total value.	Fish.		Other, (Value.)
		Number.	Net tonnage.		Number.	Value.	Value.	Number.	Value.				Pounds.	Value.	
Total	849	815	34	\$208,503	64	1,309.93	\$102,000	225	\$31,347	\$20,908	\$105,248	\$466,036	9,472,412	\$438,858	\$27,178
Florida	411	381	30	109,213	37	1,055.38	78,000	53	5,620	10,345	105,248	278,215	5,846,904	275,576	2,639
Louisiana	93	93	.....	13,717	10	105.48	9,500	12	2,265	1,052	.....	24,018	524,730	23,643	375
Mississippi	136	132	4	16,573	9	77.30	6,200	35	5,878	4,495	.....	21,245	101,425	6,580	14,605
Texas	200	200	.....	39,000	8	71.77	8,300	125	17,584	13,110	.....	142,558	2,000,213	133,050	9,499

In the subdivision of the fisheries the term Gulf fishery has been used to include the fishing with vessels in the Gulf of Mexico. Its markets are mainly in the large cities of the south, from which shipments are made in ice to distant points. The Gulf fishery is in part of the territory covered by the Atlantic and Gulf boat fishery, under which attempts to determine the number of fishermen employed during the year are unsatisfactory.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

INLAND FISHERIES.

The reported value of the product of the inland fisheries in 1889 is \$1,554,359. The states producing over \$20,000 in reported value in the order of their product are as follows: Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin, Kentucky, New York, Arkansas, Ohio, Idaho, Tennessee, Minnesota, Mississippi, Alabama, Indiana, Texas, Pennsylvania, Kansas, California, Michigan, Nevada, and Nebraska.

INLAND FISHERIES: 1889.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.				PRODUCTS.			
	Total.	Fisher-men.	Shores-men.	Total investment.	Boats.		Minor apparatus.	Total value.	Fish.		Other. (Value.)
					Number.	Value.			Pounds.	Value.	
The United States.....	7,711	7,711	.....	\$393,435	8,058	\$131,370	\$262,250	\$1,554,350	80,877,150	\$1,552,223	\$2,130
Alabama.....	215	215	.....	13,103	291	8,102	10,001	44,078	810,488	43,818	260
Arkansas.....	207	207	.....	17,830	312	5,410	12,420	74,026	2,008,010	74,372	254
California.....	221	221	.....	9,223	134	3,695	5,628	25,238	553,500	24,888	950
Colorado.....	27	27	.....	673	10	248	425	4,564	103,207	4,564	.....
Connecticut.....	54	54	.....	3,000	50	1,400	2,110	0,798	811,237	9,703	.....
Florida.....	78	78	.....	2,700	67	1,348	1,421	0,840	223,480	9,340	.....
Georgia.....	69	69	.....	2,163	81	1,196	907	7,850	93,480	7,820	80
Idaho.....	115	115	.....	4,390	129	2,141	2,749	58,005	910,900	58,605	.....
Illinois.....	679	679	.....	59,175	757	10,340	42,826	234,430	6,004,408	224,430	.....
Indiana.....	283	263	.....	16,704	335	6,074	10,000	43,535	775,200	43,181	364
Indian territory.....	13	13	.....	743	10	61	682	1,697	80,452	1,007	.....
Iowa.....	348	348	.....	27,900	401	6,373	21,527	155,070	3,554,380	155,071	8
Kansas.....	175	175	.....	7,087	194	2,132	5,555	27,053	434,428	27,053	.....
Kentucky.....	874	874	.....	26,881	506	9,088	17,700	80,144	2,169,738	80,124	20
Louisiana.....	72	72	.....	5,932	89	2,968	2,974	17,353	601,300	17,353	.....
Maine.....	73	73	.....	4,306	117	683	8,712	8,925	190,070	8,877	48
Maryland.....	12	12	.....	839	22	258	81	946	10,570	040	.....
Massachusetts.....	20	20	.....	1,182	14	658	474	8,651	77,420	8,051	.....
Michigan.....	110	110	.....	8,025	128	2,310	5,670	24,382	902,002	23,757	675
Minnesota.....	812	812	.....	13,054	388	5,820	7,734	57,715	1,481,813	57,715	.....
Mississippi.....	163	163	.....	7,841	176	2,659	5,282	48,555	1,010,500	48,408	147
Missouri.....	504	504	.....	30,204	601	10,080	20,214	128,608	2,000,571	128,008	.....
Montana.....	43	43	.....	1,270	41	710	554	7,080	131,500	7,080	.....
Nebraska.....	90	90	.....	8,101	106	1,134	1,007	20,410	323,233	20,410	.....
Nevada.....	211	211	.....	2,205	81	1,725	540	21,856	331,310	21,856	.....
New Hampshire.....	27	27	.....	647	23	200	548	2,188	41,312	2,183	.....
New Jersey.....	52	52	.....	330	10	130	203	1,778	25,288	1,778	.....
New Mexico.....	8	8	.....	418	8	146	272	2,783	24,510	2,783	.....
New York.....	587	587	.....	26,829	661	14,785	11,544	82,412	994,534	82,412	.....
North Carolina.....	111	111	.....	2,776	176	1,514	1,262	8,901	133,023	8,901	.....
North Dakota.....	9	9	.....	243	9	113	130	800	12,000	800	.....
Ohio.....	435	435	.....	13,731	465	3,205	10,526	62,806	1,827,927	62,726	80
Oregon.....	70	70	.....	872	21	285	587	9,252	105,505	9,252	.....
Pennsylvania.....	826	826	.....	7,816	180	2,377	4,090	31,330	883,100	31,330	.....
South Carolina.....	20	20	.....	540	29	200	334	1,503	21,045	1,503	.....
South Dakota.....	62	62	.....	2,142	52	935	1,207	10,866	189,206	10,866	.....
Tennessee.....	860	860	.....	10,113	498	5,207	10,906	58,337	1,805,015	58,327	10
Texas.....	175	175	.....	6,264	183	1,960	4,295	31,044	490,544	31,044	.....
Utah.....	18	18	.....	388	10	150	238	5,107	143,426	5,107	.....
Vermont.....	96	96	.....	8,203	86	1,506	1,007	11,024	163,504	11,024	.....
Virginia.....	74	74	.....	1,018	44	300	1,600	4,020	52,554	4,020	.....
Washington.....	290	290	.....	4,070	28	860	3,201	19,738	937,540	10,733	.....
West Virginia.....	45	45	.....	2,490	40	713	1,783	4,608	59,640	4,608	.....
Wisconsin.....	464	464	.....	52,405	426	9,608	22,887	92,004	2,470,556	92,004	.....
Wyoming.....	7	7	.....	88	.....	.....	83	287	1,150	287	.....

The inland fisheries have not before been reported in census returns. The products of minor lakes and rivers are obtained by those whose equipment is of the simplest kind, hardly even of nominal value, and who use in fishing only odd moments, without disturbing a record of regular occupation in some other pursuit. This occasional fishing is carried on to a greater extent than upon the Great Lakes and the salt water.

A large amount of fish is taken at the time of the flood in our rivers or in winter through holes in the ice of northern lakes and streams, to which the fish crowd at times, by farmers and others who in 1 or 2 days of all the year take noteworthy quantities often at considerable distances from their homes, and no enumerator, unless a near neighbor, would be apt to expect them to report fish taken. The table of inland fisheries therefore must fall considerably short in its showing of the food supplied by our rivers and minor lakes.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

9

LOBSTER FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the lobster fishery in 1889 is \$879,322. The states in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows: Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, and Delaware.

LOBSTER FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.				PRODUCT (LOBSTERS CAUGHT).						
	Total.	Fisher-men.	Shore-men.	Total investment.	Boats.		Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.	Total.			Sold to canners and packers.		
		Number.	Value.		Number.	Pounds.			Number.	Pounds.	Value.	Number.	Pounds.	Value.
Total	3,944	3,944	.....	\$538,080	4,858	\$241,723	\$221,745	\$75,221	16,865,017	28,097,052	\$879,322	6,354,580	5,050,101	\$77,500
Connecticut	166	166	.....	52,018	207	36,078	14,882	658	687,094	1,087,005	58,757	.....	.....	.....
Delaware	2	2	.....	50	1	20	30	.....	3,750	5,025	218	.....	.....	.....
Maine	2,750	2,750	.....	328,836	8,404	123,185	137,105	67,050	12,552,800	20,273,477	521,044	5,851,580	5,944,101	77,419
Massachusetts	735	735	.....	118,501	928	54,593	55,409	8,400	2,024,218	4,055,450	210,707	.....	.....	.....
New Hampshire	62	62	.....	4,160	66	1,474	2,687	8	170,733	848,000	15,861	.....	.....	.....
New Jersey	20	20	.....	5,100	11	1,475	1,615	2,100	74,866	148,800	5,100	8,000	6,000	180
New York	67	67	.....	7,835	80	8,360	8,475	500	206,875	810,450	15,331	.....	.....	.....
Rhode Island	133	133	.....	28,081	187	20,938	6,943	200	538,915	967,270	40,024	.....	.....	.....

STATES.	PRODUCT (LOBSTERS CAUGHT).											
	Sold to smacks alive.			Sold to market alive.			Shipped to market cooked.			Local sales.		
	Number.	Pounds.	Value.	Number.	Pounds.	Value.	Number.	Pounds.	Value.	Number.	Pounds.	Value.
Total	5,084,882	10,164,268	\$316,193	5,044,937	9,457,118	\$383,603	103,002	388,808	\$16,582	1,187,306	2,180,007	\$85,255
Connecticut	50,000	110,200	2,340	417,747	678,700	40,317	.....	.....	.....	210,047	280,045	16,100
Delaware .....	.....	.....	.....	1,750	2,025	88	.....	.....	.....	2,000	8,000	100
Maine	4,435,041	8,871,945	260,820	2,202,442	4,830,007	140,038	108,030	217,101	8,503	465,707	901,178	25,774
Massachusetts	500,101	1,178,728	44,038	1,745,438	3,235,250	147,020	82,806	165,707	7,710	205,723	880,770	17,119
New Hampshire .....	.....	.....	.....	144,593	281,560	12,583	.....	.....	.....	82,200	64,400	2,773
New Jersey .....	.....	.....	.....	10,000	20,000	800	.....	.....	.....	61,866	122,800	4,180
New York .....	.....	.....	.....	108,275	118,250	4,821	.....	.....	.....	98,600	107,200	10,510
Rhode Island .....	.....	.....	.....	414,752	783,000	87,120	8,000	8,000	270	120,503	178,270	8,084

More than one-half the catch is packed for shipment to a distance. The demands of a growing population near the localities where lobsters are taken and the demand for the canned product at a distance crowd hard upon the supply, and the average weight of lobsters is diminishing.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

MACKEREL FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the mackerel fishery in 1889 is \$685,947. The states in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows: Massachusetts, Maine, Rhode Island, and Connecticut.

MACKEREL FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.					
	Total.	Fisher-men.	Shores-men.	Total investment.	Vessels.			Boats.	
					Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.
Total	3,734	3,701	33	\$1,177,065	973	14,380.80	\$740,778	1,007	\$81,570
Connecticut	75	75	..	24,292	15	301.60	10,525	64	2,341
Maine	695	686	9	215,058	65	2,322.71	113,725	209	15,017
Massachusetts	2,772	2,748	24	832,252	252	11,211.15	573,878	709	61,832
Rhode Island	192	102	..	55,463	41	485.43	42,850	55	2,350

STATES.	APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED—continued.		PRODUCTS.					
	Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.	Total value.	Fish.				Other. (Value.)
				Mackerel.		Other species.		
Total	\$242,250	\$103,407	\$685,947	6,725,000	\$604,527	2,707,808	\$81,420	.....
Connecticut	1,428	1,000	30,791	5,800	454	505,400	30,837	.....
Maine	53,096	83,190	112,071	1,177,112	103,701	840,700	8,870	.....
Massachusetts	170,815	66,927	499,720	5,224,208	474,836	1,800,808	24,884	.....
Rhode Island	7,913	2,350	48,305	817,850	25,536	401,900	17,820	.....

Mackerel are important food fish, and salted are found in well furnished provision stores in nearly every part of the country.

PACIFIC COAST FISHERIES.

The total value of the product of the Pacific coast fisheries in 1889, inclusive of Alaska, where the year ended in 1890, is \$4,933,412. The states and territories in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows: Alaska, California, Oregon, and Washington.

PACIFIC COAST FISHERIES: 1889.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.					
	Total.	Fisher-men.	Shore-men.	Total investment.	Vessels.			Boats.	
		Number.	Net tonnage.		Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	
Total	10,340	10,245	95	\$3,351,564	181	18,484.33	\$934,786	5,937	\$75,254
Alaska (a).....	1,837	1,742	95	904,808	49	16,812.18	790,500	722	91,818
California.....	3,181	3,181	.....	720,406	105	905.78	63,080	1,994	201,183
Oregon	2,832	2,832	.....	913,427	12	521.26	63,100	1,517	109,572
Washington	2,490	2,400	.....	710,773	15	155.11	17,500	1,704	122,681

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED—continued.		PRODUCTS.						Other. (Value.)	
	Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.	Total value.	Fish.						
				Salmon.		Other species.				
Total	\$1,155,240	\$580,284	\$4,933,412	110,913,702	\$3,458,000	30,142,281	\$848,073	\$627,883		
Alaska	112,580	.....	1,373,700	36,085,040	1,020,865	(b)	88,000	314,925	
California.....	292,597	79,070	1,818,402	10,053,013	477,955	24,121,734	672,182	188,205		
Oregon	418,035	202,120	1,170,936	34,731,164	1,116,405	1,152,244	81,885	28,586		
Washington	381,408	245,094	1,064,284	23,442,095	842,721	4,808,803	106,000	115,557		

a For the year ending in 1890.

b Not reported by pounds.

The fisheries of the Pacific coast have their principal headquarters in San Francisco, where much of the capital used in Alaska belongs, and where a large part of the product of the fisheries is landed for immediate consumption and for distribution.

The salmon fishery produces the largest results of any on this coast. The character of the southern coast is forbidding to fishermen. The northern coast, so indented with inlets and fringed with islands that a vessel may go hundreds of miles without coming into the open sea, is more favorable for catching fish, but it is too far from ready markets to furnish great additions to the supply of fish sold fresh. The conditions in Alaska are so peculiar that they call for a special explanation.

Alaska embraces a vast area of water whose undetermined limits were matters of international negotiation at the time of the census. Were fisheries to be fully credited to the regions in which the fish are taken, a large amount would be given as of Alaska fisheries which now appears under the fisheries of the states where the vessels and equipments of the fisheries are owned. Whales, for example, taken in Alaskan waters form part of the returns of the states where the whalers keep their records.

It has not been practicable to make a complete separation of results growing out of fisheries in Alaskan waters from results growing out of fisheries in other waters.

The fish caught in Alaska and not used for local consumption are partly canned and partly salted at sundry points adjacent to the waters where they are taken.

The vast extent of coast, the scant population, and the brevity of the season for travel would of themselves make it difficult to gather complete returns.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

The following tables represent the salmon fisheries carried on in Alaskan waters by California capital, as tabulated from schedules obtained from San Francisco county, California.

ALASKA SALMON FISHERY.

CAPITAL INVESTED.

CLASSIFICATION.	Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.
Total			\$1,608,426
Vessels.....	49	10,812.18	700,500
Boats	722	.....	91,818
Minor apparatus.....			112,580
Lands, buildings, and wharves.....			618,528

PRODUCTS (FISH).

KIND.	Pounds.	Value.
Total as taken.....	36,085,940	\$1,020,865
Salmon	36,081,940	1,020,705
Other species.....	4,000	100

PRODUCTS (FACTORY).

KIND.	Number.	Value.
Total as canned.....		\$2,780,700
Canned fish.....cases..	577,063	2,365,840
Canned fish .....pounds..	2,055,084	266,110
Oil.....gallons..	500	175
Oil.....barrels..	40	750
Pickled fish ..do..	8,700	85,325
Boneless and prepared fish ..cases..	25,000	112,500

There were employed, exclusive of factory hands, 1,837 men. Of the 2,487 factory hands, a large proportion were Chinese.

In pursuing the inquiry regarding the resources of Alaska for the report on the population and resources of that territory, it was found (see page 221 of that report) that 642,175 cases of salmon were landed therefrom at United States ports on the Pacific coast. A record was also found that 11,000 cases were landed from the same territory at Vancouver, British Columbia, but not enough is known regarding the circumstances attending the latter to justify adding the figures to others known. There is a possibility of a partial duplication.

The canvass as to the fisheries of Alaska was not wholly satisfactory, for general and special reasons indicated in this connection, yet the conditions so far concentrate the outfit and the return, especially at San Francisco, that a much better approximation to the true product of Alaska is practicable than would seem possible were we to think only of the opportunity for finding fishermen to report their work in the wide Alaskan seas or the half explored passages among the islands.

There is a general coincidence between the product of salmon recorded as landed from Alaska at Pacific ports of the United States and the number reported on census schedules as put up by parties who were equipped in San Francisco for fishing in Alaska.

By dividing \$2,365,840, the value of the cases of salmon reported by cases, by 557,063, the number of cases, the average value of one case is found to be \$4.25, and by dividing \$266,110, the value of the canned salmon reported in pounds, by this average value, the probable number of cases, 62,614, reported by pounds, is obtained. Adding 62,614 to the 557,063 cases of salmon reported in cases would give 639,677 cases as the total number of cases of canned salmon reported on census schedules. This number differs but 2,498 from the number of cases brought to San Francisco from Alaska, as shown by the customhouse records. (See the Report on Population and Resources of Alaska, Eleventh Census, page 221.)

While it would be possible that neither the customhouse record nor the schedules received of work done with San Francisco capital could be claimed to reach every portion of the salmon catch of Alaska, it is evident that the record of the aggregate results of the salmon fishery reported by fishermen equipped for Alaska at San Francisco tallies very closely with the product from Alaska landed at United States ports on the Pacific coast.

Temporary causes increased the difficulty of obtaining a full report of the fish taken in Alaska in the census year or of separating those taken in Alaska from others taken by fishermen who reported in some state.

Canning of fish is reported with the general manufactures of the United States, and not under fisheries.

The Report on Population and Resources of Alaska, page 221, shows a production of 18,039 barrels of salted salmon, valued at \$162,351.

The catch of cod for 1890, as shown in the Report on Population and Resources of Alaska, Eleventh Census, page 223, aggregated 506,000 fish, producing 760 tons of dried fish, valued at \$38,000.

The shipment of halibut consisted of a few thousand boxes of smoked fish, the number not definitely ascertained. This fish forms a great staple for consumption by natives, and sells at from 9 to 12½ cents per pound.

Herring forms an important item in the food supply of the natives. The shipments of salted herring from Alaska have not been of much magnitude.

The fur seal skins sold in London in 1890, as shown in the Report on Population and Resources of Alaska, Eleventh Census, page 216, numbered 62,714, of which 21,700 were sold by the Alaska Commercial Company, 38,315 by other traders, and 2,699 were dried and dressed.

The catch was greatly reduced in the latter part of the decade preceding the census year 1890. The sales in London in 1889 were 141,808 skins, and in but one year of the decade did sales fall below 113,000.

The subject of the seal catch has perplexed national authorities on both sides of the Atlantic. The figures of the general traffic are given above, but only those which represent the lawful catch on the Pribilof islands under the leasing company are used for an estimate of value for the seal product of Alaska in the tabulation. Traders not licensed to take seals on those islands make various claims as to the places in which they are caught, and some of those sold in 1890 may have been caught in the previous year.

It is altogether probable that a considerable portion of the fish mentioned in the Report on Population and Resources of Alaska is additional to the fish reported directly to the Census Office by fishermen, yet it is impracticable to determine just what duplication may exist. This arises in part from the peculiar conditions under which certain returns from Alaska have given its products, with a secondary regard for a record of ports of the parties who took the product, while the fishermen belonging to the states have given more prominence to their place of record than to the location of their fisheries.

According to a statement furnished by the Treasury Department, the North American Commercial Company, lessees of the Pribilof islands, took 20,995 fur seal skins during the season of 1890. A tax of \$2 per skin and a bonus of \$7.62½ per skin was paid by the lessees, in addition to \$12,597 paid by them as rent. There is also a claim by the Treasury Department for additional payment on account of rental still under consideration.

Without attempting to estimate the number of skins taken by those of questionable right or without right to take seals in Alaskan waters, we have, at an estimated value of \$15 each for the skins accounted for as taken (20,995 skins at \$15 each), a value of \$314,925 in fur seal skins. Combining with this only the reported value of fish taken in the salmon fishery, \$1,020,865, and of dried codfish, \$38,000, we have an aggregate of \$1,373,790 products of Alaska.

These figures are but suggestive. There are great quantities of seals and fish, partly marketed, partly consumed in Alaska, which have failed to become matters of definite record.

The employés, investment, and equipments of the company leasing the seal islands are not included. The men and the product of the salmon factories are clearly distinguishable from those of the fisheries proper, but the return of shore property does not discriminate between that used for fishing and that used for canning, which, under the conditions, is likely to be mainly the factories, and is omitted from the summary table.

It has been the effort to present here the facts as known with somewhat more minuteness than those for other regions of the country, that it may be clearer what are the resources of this part of the national possessions and what are the present difficulties in preparing complete statistics thereof, and to furnish the best possible basis for a judgment as to the real contribution of Alaska to the public welfare.

It appears that in the census of 1880 the fishermen and the men employed in the manufacturing of fish were counted together as the total number engaged in the fishery. If that plan were pursued at this census it would add 2,487 shoresmen to the number here given as fishermen.

This great region contained no more than a dozen post offices in 1890, which is but a faint indication of the difficulty of communication with its settlements or with localities where there are no dwellings except the temporary quarters of those present for a few days or weeks of the year for special pursuits.

The statements given are those available, omitting from tabulation all conjecture and belief not established in authoritative form.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

SEA HERRING FISHERY.

The reported value of the sea herring fishery product in 1889 is \$1,188,652. The states in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows: Maine and Massachusetts.

SEA HERRING FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.							PRODUCTS (FISH).					
	Total.	Fishermen.	Shoem.	Total investment.	Vessels.			Boats.		Other capital, including shore property.	Total.		Sold or used for the manufacture of oil.	Sold or used for bait.		
		Number.	Net tonnage.		Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Value.		Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.		
Total....	2,340	779	1,561	\$867,177	75	1,478.58	\$48,765	531	\$26,414	\$102,881	\$680,617	33,725,812	\$1,188,652	648,105	\$6,100	
Maine.....	2,301	746	1,555	861,252	70	1,354.11	44,005	517	25,630	101,334	680,617	33,184,112	1,183,079	648,105	\$6,100	
Massachusetts	39	33	6	5,025	5	124.47	4,100	14	778	1,047	-----	541,700	5,573	-----	175,000	2,100

PRODUCTS (FISH)—continued.

STATES.	Sold for fertilizing purposes.		Sold for canning or packing.		Canned or packed.		Sold to be smoke cured.		Smoke cured.		Sold for food.		Salted and pickled, shipped in barrels.		Disposition not reported.	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Total....	3,451,000	\$8,881	7,860,510	\$35,044	11,128,105	\$1,018,020	641,645	\$2,100	4,822,200	\$68,517	500,500	\$7,068	62,000	\$705	2,255,800	\$24,487
Maine.....	3,451,000	8,881	7,822,810	84,454	11,128,195	1,018,620	641,645	2,100	4,822,200	68,517	488,000	7,005	2,000	45	2,008,860	22,307
Massachusetts	-----	47,200	590	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	12,500	63	60,000	750	247,000	2,070

Of the product of the sea herring fishery, canned, packed, or smoke cured, the greater part was treated before leaving the possession of the fishermen, thus requiring a relatively large proportion of shore help and shore investment.

The following table indicates the quantity and the value of the herring catch, and the mode of its disposition:

SEA HERRING FISHERY: 1889.

PRODUCTS.	Pounds.	Value.
Total	33,725,812	\$1,188,652
Sold or used for the manufacture of oil	648,105	6,100
Sold or used for bait	2,845,888	16,001
Sold for fertilizing purposes	3,451,000	8,881
Sold for canning or packing	7,860,510	\$35,044
Canned or packed	11,128,195	\$1,018,020
Sold to be smoke cured	641,645	2,100
Smoke cured	4,822,200	68,517
Sold for food	500,500	7,068
Salted and pickled, shipped in barrels	62,000	705
Disposition not reported	2,255,800	\$24,437

GENERAL FISHERIES.

15

SHAD AND ALEWIFE FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the shad and alewife fishery is \$5,071,898. The 10 leading states in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows (Pennsylvania and Delaware being of the same rank): Virginia, Maryland, North Carolina, Florida, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Massachusetts, South Carolina and New York.

SHAD AND ALEWIFE FISHERY: 1889.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.					
	Total.	Fishermen.	Shoemans.	Total invest- ment.	Vessels.			Boats.	
					Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.
Total (a)	27,407	27,407	.....	\$2,758,411	144	2,338.71	\$187,255	13,034	\$589,405
Delaware	1,118	1,118	.....	78,938	5	157.00	5,550	505	28,558
District of Columbia	102	102	.....	23,063	4	56.83	6,400	29	931
Florida	1,430	1,430	.....	104,487	20	225.57	24,600	805	80,008
Georgia	180	130	.....	5,405	1	10.51	800	105	1,030
Maine	1,100	1,100	.....	75,906	10	159.20	2,240	535	8,296
Maryland	5,190	5,190	.....	523,224	16	884.24	10,415	2,738	116,901
Massachusetts	843	843	.....	154,121	10	213.83	7,050	428	14,077
Mississippi	52	52	.....	2,097	.....	.....	.....	17	515
New Hampshire	11	11	.....	932	.....	.....	.....	17	246
New Jersey	3,407	3,407	.....	404,106	6	103.27	7,800	1,498	104,180
New York	1,100	1,100	.....	110,145	4	65.55	7,000	690	27,557
North Carolina	5,446	5,446	.....	515,514	20	217.72	40,250	2,357	99,430
Pennsylvania	1,240	1,240	.....	128,633	15	385.10	24,000	590	21,127
Rhode Island	265	205	.....	57,185	7	126.26	13,700	164	8,222
South Carolina	1,930	1,930	.....	65,181	9	105.06	15,800	714	15,116
Vermont	21	21	.....	633	.....	.....	.....	10	208
Virginia	4,422	4,422	.....	332,981	8	118.48	15,400	1,026	62,084

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED— continued.		Total value.	PRODUCTS.						
	Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.		Shad.			Alewives.		Other (Value.)	
				Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	
Total	\$1,262,531	\$709,220	\$5,071,898	59,071,113	\$2,418,051	84,145,532	\$584,513	69,452,635	\$2,041,783	\$27,551
Delaware	41,413	8,417	174,847	1,767,372	50,131	1,013,328	8,442	2,772,840	104,755	2,510
District of Columbia	10,332	.....	20,028	179,090	4,754	1,230,000	7,417	221,185	13,857	.....
Florida	50,434	83,445	612,184	6,108,516	234,472	.....	.....	12,693,440	373,228	4,464
Georgia	2,046	800	10,270	115,000	10,208	8,203	120	154,830	5,951	.....
Maine	40,704	17,076	130,171	1,273,353	37,902	8,805,581	35,193	948,520	46,619	837
Maryland	254,166	135,083	755,013	8,422,040	252,000	30,093,714	185,444	5,897,081	310,206	7,207
Massachusetts	91,436	40,058	174,569	88,600	5,140	4,416,118	52,190	6,078,995	116,901	820
Mississippi	1,092	580	8,074	.....	.....	.....	.....	302,680	7,730	335
New Hampshire	880	.....	2,374	.....	.....	111,500	1,905	5,700	400	.....
New Jersey	158,840	223,827	597,050	12,320,692	498,050	2,740,878	20,691	6,730,095	138,300	.....
New York	70,506	5,022	133,403	2,404,423	92,003	840,768	8,472	2,728,051	36,048	1,220
North Carolina	288,500	137,825	751,809	7,083,087	893,100	18,800,310	106,105	6,023,378	188,472	8,563
Pennsylvania	27,756	55,050	174,847	2,071,940	92,050	615,500	8,439	1,815,780	79,340	.....
Rhode Island	80,328	4,036	88,900	17,104	1,348	605,875	10,734	4,036,098	71,877	40
South Carolina	15,700	0,050	161,051	704,520	48,870	22,575	833	3,428,568	104,016	7,819
Vermont	325	.....	1,801	40,000	1,000	.....	.....	17,850	801	.....
Virginia	203,794	50,743	1,278,820	15,359,708	747,072	14,038,240	88,424	14,097,569	443,097	227

a For the year closing with July, 1890.

The returns for the shad fishery are for the year ending with July, 1890. The fishery is of great local importance along the Atlantic coast for some weeks, beginning with December or January at the extreme south, and at later dates northward, as the fish run from the sea up the rivers to spawn until they have finished with the extreme northern streams. The pollution of the water, the obstruction by dams, and other causes have greatly modified the importance of the fishery on various rivers. The national and state fish commissions have taken great interest in stocking the headwaters of streams and lakes draining to the salt water.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

WHALE FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the whale fishery in 1889 is \$1,821,178. The states in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows: Massachusetts, California, Washington, Connecticut, and New York.

WHALE FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			Total investment.	APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.						PRODUCTS.			
	Total.	Fisher-men.	Shore-smen.		Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.	Total value.	Value of whale.	Value of fur seal and sea otter.
		Number.	Not tonnage.		Number.	Value.	Value.	Number.	Value.					
Total.....	3,513	3,513	.....	\$2,081,636	121	23,611.87	\$1,079,500	500	\$50,220	\$111,208	\$831,708	\$1,821,178	\$1,697,875	\$123,303
California	1,205	1,205	.....	898,464	39	8,034.80	400,000	184	19,120	45,480	373,255	773,610	688,416	85,194
Connecticut	69	69	.....	28,310	4	402.33	15,000	10	900	8,073	9,337	20,684	12,074	8,610
Massachusetts.....	1,930	1,930	.....	1,131,427	71	14,898.92	587,300	311	36,220	61,110	446,701	994,306	888,037	5,669
New York.....	28	28	.....	600	.....	.....	.....	4	400	260	.....	8,748	8,748	.....
Washington	101	101	.....	22,775	7	275.82	16,600	57	2,580	1,270	2,325	23,830	.....	23,830

The product given includes the results of what is called shore whaling, in which a total of 25 whales were taken close to the coast without equipment for a voyage; also the sea otters and the seals that are taken on the voyages to whaling grounds.

The following table, prepared from schedules, but not elsewhere tabulated, shows the special products of the long voyage whale fishery, omitting those of the shore whaling and the catch of other mammalia:

LONG VOYAGE WHALE FISHERY: 1889.

PRODUCTS.	Quantity.	Value.
Total.....	.....	\$1,681,167
Ambongris	pounds..	23,200
Ivory.....	do....	8,451
Sperm oil.....	gallons..	472,667
Whalebone.....	pounds..	994,896
Whale oil.....	gallons..	181,053

c Not including shore whaling or incidental products in other sea mammals, as otters and seals.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

17

MENHADEN FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the menhaden fishery in 1889 is \$1,817,878. The states in the order of the reported value of their product are as follows: New York, Rhode Island, Virginia, Connecticut, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, Maine, North Carolina, and Massachusetts.

MENHADEN FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.								FISH AND FISH PRODUCTS.			
	Total.	Fishermen.	Shoemcn.	Total investment.	Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus.	Other capital, including shore property.	Total value.	Value of fish products.	Value of fish sold for bait.	Value of fish disposed of in other ways.
					Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.						
Total	3,560	1,994	1,566	\$2,433,207	150	6,071.21	\$703,285	436	\$64,828	\$168,657	\$1,136,437	\$1,817,878	\$1,580,527	\$31,007	\$205,444
Connecticut	188	98	90	191,355	6	278.35	45,500	28	2,137	17,218	126,500	120,400	114,400	925	5,105
Delaware	66	36	30	53,180	1	59.07	11,000	6	680	7,200	34,300	16,000	16,000	.....	.....
Maine	79	75	4	87,407	7	247.24	15,000	30	1,706	7,591	12,510	14,053	1,210	88	12,709
Maryland	75	40	35	49,920	2	138.98	14,000	5	620	5,000	30,300	44,300	44,300	.....	.....
Massachusetts	58	30	26	20,162	5	90.13	13,200	5	890	2,172	4,400	10,030	8,097	6,933	.....
New Jersey	277	214	63	128,103	14	260.49	23,200	41	8,100	40,153	56,050	111,234	47,002	17,102	47,130
New York	1,036	516	520	1,019,836	25	1,381.44	274,600	98	14,510	170,100	560,530	628,212	600,305	657	18,250
North Carolina	40	40	.....	10,800	4	60.47	8,035	9	1,240	925	.....	13,080	.....	.....	18,980
Rhode Island	715	345	370	487,815	24	1,179.27	179,800	86	11,880	140,735	140,900	508,842	475,890	6,152	26,800
Virginia	1,028	600	428	434,620	71	2,360.19	178,250	128	23,505	68,478	164,841	351,177	269,757	100	81,920

The menhaden is taken along the Atlantic seaboard from Maine to Florida, chiefly from 3 to 7 miles from shore.

The parties who take menhaden maintain factories for converting their catch into oil and fertilizer before making sales.

The refuse of the fish from which the oil has been extracted is used as a fertilizer, known in the crude state as fish scrap, or chum, and in a prepared form as fish guano.

The shore help, as well as the investment employed in this preparation for market, is a large item.

The following table, prepared from schedules not fully tabulated elsewhere, indicates by states the results of the menhaden fishery and the forms in which the products are sold by fishermen:

MENHADEN FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	Total value of fish and fish products.	FISH PRODUCTS.						Other products. (Value.)	Value of fish sold for bait.	Value of fish disposed of in other ways.			
		Value of oil and scrap.	Oil.		Scrap, or chum.								
			Gallons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.							
Total	\$1,817,878	\$1,580,527	3,406,127	\$750,844	52,837	\$700,473	\$38,210	\$31,007	\$205,444	.....		
Connecticut	120,400	114,400	280,000	57,250	1,400	24,000	83,150	925	5,105	.....		
Delaware	10,000	10,000	81,000	8,000	500	8,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maine	14,053	1,216	2,038	674	35	482	60	88	12,709	.....		
Maryland	44,300	44,300	57,000	6,810	2,876	87,520	.....	.....	.....	.....
Massachusetts	10,030	8,097	9,108	2,241	54	850	.....	0,933	.....	.....	
New Jersey	111,234	47,002	56,140	11,007	1,451	85,005	.....	17,102	47,130	.....		
New York	628,212	600,305	1,382,989	807,049	20,410	302,256	.....	657	18,250	.....		
North Carolina	13,080	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,080	.....		
Rhode Island	508,842	475,890	1,308,016	200,127	18,208	185,208	.....	6,152	26,800	.....		
Virginia	351,177	269,757	200,751	66,756	12,903	203,001	.....	100	81,920	.....		

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

OYSTER FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the oyster fishery in 1889 is \$13,294,339, nearly one-third of the commercial product of all the fisheries. The 10 leading states in order of the value of their product are as follows: Maryland, Virginia, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Louisiana, Texas, and North Carolina.

OYSTER FISHERY: 1889.

STATES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.						PRODUCT (OYSTERS).			
	Total.	Fisher-men.	Shores-men.	Total in-vestment.	Vessels.			Boats.		Minor ap-paratus.	Other capi-tal, includ-ing shore property.	Bushels.	Value.
					Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.				
Total (a)	65,328	42,686	22,742	\$19,173,418	4,805	\$55,430.00	\$4,000,829	22,677	\$1,060,174	\$1,250,203	\$11,902,212	25,340,668	\$13,294,339
Alabama	336	155	181	60,126	102	1,020.00	32,956	130	2,040	2,680	21,841	246,525	83,828
Connecticut	1,780	1,005	784	4,578,688	212	2,554.00	403,300	945	50,390	70,324	4,054,068	1,278,742	1,115,017
Delaware	520	225	205	177,693	65	780.00	57,725	98	10,131	3,747	100,000	152,374	71,235
Florida	295	107	128	32,373	44	528.00	15,765	199	4,011	3,697	8,000	178,265	54,530
Georgia	249	13	236	103,601	12	120.00	13,550	57	981	3,895	85,205	57,374	10,463
Louisiana	709	540	169	102,278	34	340.00	18,115	573	60,820	11,780	72,003	524,358	243,313
Maine	13	9	4	0,548	1	15.00	5,000	5	208	1,000	3,340	5,500	8,250
Maryland	30,000	20,004	10,545	4,518,758	1,380	16,560.00	1,261,927	6,750	987,104	6,750	1,652,025	10,282,752	4,407,325
Massachusetts	301	120	181	140,291	39	585.00	15,752	340	11,900	4,035	108,004	112,382	127,720
Mississippi	615	416	109	104,880	139	1,390.00	44,380	62	4,307	22,318	33,875	709,281	120,322
New Jersey	3,020	2,832	788	2,172,109	590	7,080.00	608,004	1,479	86,836	95,655	1,381,014	1,613,052	1,301,339
New York	4,124	2,501	1,623	3,407,741	633	6,320.00	668,407	2,053	230,720	102,722	2,556,880	1,731,547	1,705,088
North Carolina	1,607	1,180	318	130,756	98	980.00	43,700	864	36,103	10,523	40,250	664,437	161,903
Pennsylvania	717	179	538	347,800	120	1,548.00	184,050	2	3,000	34,500	125,440	488,700	425,020
Rhode Island	234	136	98	298,620	15	180.00	28,190	208	13,858	4,700	251,782	104,187	250,700
South Carolina	100	154	36	87,277	5	60.00	11,424	160	5,423	3,105	67,325	40,188	27,029
Texas	430	300	130	177,641	102	1,620.00	58,595	11	1,585	31,243	80,218	486,421	180,515
Virginia	19,070	12,581	6,489	2,003,058	1,145	13,740.00	688,900	8,726	440,556	220,577	1,246,020	6,572,493	2,776,733

a For the year closing with May, 1890.

b Estimated.

While the fisheries are local, the canned products reach the remotest settlements.

The returns for oyster fisheries are for the season September, 1889, to May, 1890, inclusive.

The tonnage of vessels in the oyster fisheries was imperfectly gathered and the figures for tonnage are partly estimates, based on the relation of vessels reporting tonnage to all vessels engaged in the fishery.

Of the 4,805 vessels engaged in the oyster industry, 1,139, or nearly 24 per cent, were engaged in the transportation of oysters from the beds to market. They were distributed among the states as follows: Alabama, 14; Connecticut, 19; Delaware, 24; Louisiana, 36; Maine, 1; Maryland, 492; Massachusetts, 1; Mississippi, 1; New Jersey, 77; New York, 81; North Carolina, 68; Pennsylvania, 12; Rhode Island, 12; Virginia, 301.

SPONGE FISHERY.

The reported value of the product of the sponge fishery in 1889 is \$281,754. The state furnishing the sponge product is Florida.

The equipment for taking sponges is simple and inexpensive. Many small boats are used, carrying but 2 men or even but 1 man each, and the sponges are torn from the bottom of water so shallow that a pail with glass set in the bottom forms a rude apparatus with which to look for the sponges, and a pole with a hook at the end suffices to secure them.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE I.—COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	GRAND TOTALS.			PERSONS EMPLOYED.		APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.		
	Persons employed.	Capital invested.	Value of products.	Fishermen.	Shoemans.	Vessels.		
						Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.
1 The United States (a)	1880..	103,348	\$43,602,123	136,065	26,683	7,257	174,020.74	\$11,133,265
2	1880..	131,426	37,955,340	101,684	29,742	6,605	208,207.83	9,357,282
3 Alabama.....	1880..	848	82,021	164,427	607	181	1,050.42	94,756
4	1880..	635	38,200	119,275	545	90	317.20	14,585
5 Alaska (c)	1889..	1,837	994,898	1,373,790	1,742	95	40	10,812.18
6	1880..	6,130	447,000	2,661,610	6,000	130	.....	780,500
7 Arkansas.....	1880..	207	17,830	74,626	207	.....	.....	.....
8	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9 California.....	1880..	4,607	1,034,153	2,117,250	4,607	144	9,030.58	524,286
10	1880..	3,094	1,130,075	61,558,714	2,089	49	5,240.80	538,350
11 Colorado.....	1880..	27	673	4,504	27	.....	.....	.....
12	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13 Connecticut	1880..	8,252	5,072,274	1,687,737	2,376	876	4,054.26	586,000
14	1880..	3,131	1,421,020	1,450,866	2,685	291	9,216.05	514,050
15 Delaware.....	1880..	1,981	315,109	310,181	1,656	325	71	900.67
16	1880..	1,970	268,231	997,085	1,062	317	69	1,220.00
17 District of Columbia	1880..	102	23,663	26,028	102	4	56.83	6,400
18	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19 Florida.....	1880..	3,537	631,277	1,420,328	3,370	158	170	2,067.04
20	1880..	2,480	400,117	643,227	2,284	196	124	2,152.07
21 Georgia.....	1880..	448	111,919	34,001	212	236	13	130.51
22	1880..	899	78,770	110,003	800	90	1	12.00
23 Idaho.....	1880..	115	4,800	58,006	115	.....	.....	.....
24	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25 Illinois.....	1880..	799	90,780	248,527	799	.....	1	26.00
26	1880..	300	83,400	60,100	265	35	8	200.73
27 Indiana.....	1880..	202	30,528	60,441	202	.....	2	10.02
28	1880..	52	20,300	32,740	45	7	1	21.00
29 Indian territory.....	1880..	13	743	1,697	13	.....	.....	.....
30	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31 Iowa.....	1880..	848	27,000	155,070	348	.....	.....	.....
32	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33 Kansas.....	1880..	175	7,087	27,653	175	.....	.....	.....
34	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35 Kentucky.....	1880..	374	20,884	80,144	374	.....	.....	.....
36	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
37 Louisiana.....	1880..	911	183,870	280,084	742	100	44	505.48
38	1880..	1,507	93,021	302,010	1,300	297	49	530.00
39 Maine.....	1880..	12,597	2,502,700	3,010,080	10,644	1,593	422	13,502.41
40	1880..	11,071	8,375,904	8,614,178	8,110	2,961	606	17,632.05
41 Maryland.....	1880..	86,430	5,118,843	5,054,024	25,856	10,580	1,308	17,083.20
42	1880..	20,008	6,342,443	5,231,715	15,873	10,135	1,450	43,500.00
43 Massachusetts.....	1880..	16,250	7,489,193	6,807,033	15,693	557	933	61,200.05
44	1880..	20,117	14,334,450	b8,137,860	17,165	2,952	1,054	83,232.17
45 Michigan.....	1880..	3,160	1,030,248	1,000,581	8,113	47	48	785.02
46	1880..	1,781	442,005	716,170	1,600	181	36	914.42
47 Minnesota.....	1880..	474	47,680	68,706	474	.....	2	20.29
48	1880..	35	10,160	5,200	30	6	1	83.59
49 Mississippi.....	1880..	1,014	183,051	220,387	811	203	148	1,467.90
50	1880..	186	8,800	22,540	110	76	.....	50,580
51 Missouri.....	1880..	504	30,294	128,008	504	.....	.....	.....
52	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
53 Montana.....	1880..	43	1,270	7,080	43	.....	.....	.....
54	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
55 Nebraska.....	1880..	90	3,101	20,410	90	.....	.....	.....
56	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
57 Nevada.....	1880..	211	2,205	21,856	211	.....	.....	.....
58	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
59 New Hampshire.....	1880..	824	60,264	148,576	914	10	13	456.30
60	1880..	414	200,405	176,684	370	88	23	1,010.05
61 New Jersey.....	1880..	10,834	8,083,360	8,130,803	9,083	851	600	8,220.50
62	1880..	6,220	1,492,202	8,176,580	5,659	561	500	10,445.00
63 New Mexico.....	1880..	8	418	2,783	8	.....	.....	.....
64	1880..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
65 New York.....	1880..	9,321	5,125,361	8,708,815	7,102	2,150	809	9,770.64
66	1880..	7,208	2,629,685	4,380,505	5,050	1,616	541	1,052,192
								777,000

^a Includes the inland fishery, with a product of \$1,554,859, not counted in 1880.^b Marine salt, reported in 1880 with fisheries, not here included; reported in 1890 under manufactures.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

21

OF FISHERIES: 1880 AND 1889.

APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED—continued.			VALUE OF PRODUCTS BY FISHERIES.						
Boats.		Minor apparatus. (Value.)	Other capital, including shore property.	General fish- eries.	Whale fish- eries.	Seal fisheries.	Menhaden fisheries.	Oyster fisheries.	Sponge fish- eries.
Number.	Value.			\$26,747,440 22,405,018	\$1,097,875 2,322,943	\$438,228 2,289,813	\$1,817,878 2,116,787	\$13,294,339 13,403,852	\$281,754 200,750
80,261	\$1,826,150	\$8,363,462	\$10,270,240						
44,801	2,165,303	8,145,261	17,087,413						
614	0,330	16,658	21,811	80,500					
119	10,215	7,000	6,400	74,325					
723	91,818	112,580		1,058,805					
8,000	60,000	7,000	380,000	564,610	500	314,025			
312	5,410	12,420		74,626					
2,312	813,808	343,644	452,325	1,343,640	688,416	85,194			
853	91,485	205,810	307,000	1,341,914	201,050	15,750			
10	248	425		4,504					
2,127	128,414	155,677	4,201,323	431,516	12,074	8,010	120,490	1,115,017	
1,173	73,585	375,535	457,850	388,887	32,048	111,851	250,205	672,875	
811	42,131	54,806	143,807	222,946				16,000	71,235
839	83,227	70,324	113,080	309,029			941	687,725	
20	931	16,332		26,028					
1,935	95,757	131,445	203,300	1,003,044					
1,058	28,508	39,027	65,037	426,527				54,530	281,754
243	3,207	7,807	85,865	24,138				15,950	200,750
358	15,425	18,445	44,450	84,993					
129	2,141	2,749		58,005					
857	20,613	56,437	12,700	248,527					
101	2,000	11,000	61,000	60,100					
840	6,040	21,903	615	60,341					
15	1,050	20,210	5,000	32,740					
10	61	682		1,007					
401	6,373	21,527		165,070					
104	2,133	5,555		27,053					
500	0,088	17,700		86,144					
700	60,884	17,314	72,003	40,371				243,313	
105	4,800	18,000	60,000	102,010				200,000	
9,307	205,320	607,344	1,078,525	3,024,080					
5,020	245,024	934,593	1,502,235	3,570,078				14,053	8,250
10,000	1,192,368	886,105	1,818,008	1,142,350				37,500	
2,825	180,448	207,145	4,108,850	479,388				42,200	4,407,325
8,623	304,178	1,548,040	2,303,052	5,234,008	988,037	5,660	10,030	4,730,470	
6,740	851,730	8,528,025	7,282,000	5,581,204	2,080,037		61,769	127,720	
1,576	82,262	506,650	208,580	1,000,581					
454	10,345	272,020	60,900	710,170					
500	11,885	28,658	1,500	88,700					
10	900	3,700	500	5,230					
813	14,531	84,385	84,455	91,065				120,322	
68	4,000	1,000	2,600	12,510				10,000	
661	10,080	20,214		128,008					
41	710	554		7,980					
100	1,134	1,007		20,410					
81	1,725	540		21,850					
855	8,808	20,568	7,583	146,678					
211	7,780	60,886	60,800	170,634				9,050	
5,330	331,435	877,813	1,082,003	1,028,320				1,391,339	
4,065	228,003	232,830	400,000	940,078				2,080,625	
8	146	272		2,788					
5,289	403,226	527,904	8,141,079	1,590,707	8,748		628,212	1,765,068	
3,441	289,885	300,200	1,171,000	1,080,357			1,114,158	1,577,050	

* Alaska, 1890; imperfect returns.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE 1.—COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

GENERAL FISHERIES

28

OF FISHERIES: 1880 AND 1889—Continued

APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED—continued.				VALUE OF PRODUCTS BY FISHERIES.					
Boats.		Minor apparatus. (Value.)	Other capital, including shore property.	General fish- eries.	Whale fish- eries.	Seal fisheries.	Menhaden fisheries.	Oyster fisheries.	Sponge fish- eries.
Number.	Value.								
4,132	\$160,271	\$282,905	\$170,100	\$1,180,061			\$13,980		
2,714	123,175	225,436	118,950	783,287	\$408			\$151,903	
9	113	130		890				60,000	
1,078	90,550	552,373	574,896	740,306					
487	29,830	253,705	151,775	518,420					
1,538	169,857	410,292	202,120	1,186,188					
1,360	216,000	245,750	630,000	2,770,724		\$4,800			
1,046	58,735	153,883	200,507	477,085					
156	13,272	40,538	55,500	182,550					
1,320	99,810	238,955	411,802	395,412					
734	61,245	138,733	204,850	302,242					
1,114	22,304	20,084	76,384	178,816					
501	9,790	25,985	15,500	192,482					
52	935	1,207		10,800					
408	5,207	10,000		58,937					
810	21,138	48,054	86,218	174,502					
167	15,000	4,400	23,000	81,000					
10	150	238		5,167					
98	1,714	2,023		12,825					
11,706	548,733	535,432	1,402,895	1,088,315					
6,018	202,720	500,703	480,630	602,230					
1,780	120,130	335,960	247,410	1,084,017					
334	0,010	8,018	4,000	109,000					
40	713	1,783		4,008					
940	80,430	200,305	38,500	455,030					
310	24,975	145,105	20,000	253,100					
		83		287					

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE 2.—STATISTICS OF FISHERIES,

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	GRAND TOTALS.			PERSONS EMPLOYED.		APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.		
	Persons employed.	Capital invested.	Value of products.	Fishermen.	Shoemson.	Vessels.		
				Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.		
1 The United States.....	163,348	\$13,602,123	\$14,277,514	136,065	26,683	7,257	174,020.74	\$11,133,265
2 Alabama.....	813	82,621	164,427	667	181	103	1,050.42	34,756
3 Alaska.....	1,837	994,398	1,373,790	1,742	95	49	16,812.18	790,500
4 Arkansas.....	207	17,830	74,620	207				
5 California.....	4,697	1,634,153	2,117,250	4,697		144	9,030.58	524,286
6 Colorado.....	27	673	4,564	27				
7 Connecticut.....	3,252	5,072,274	1,687,737	2,376	876	805	4,954.26	586,060
8 Delaware.....	1,081	315,109	310,181	1,656	325	71	986.67	74,275
9 District of Columbia.....	102	24,663	26,028	102		4	50.83	6,400
10 Florida.....	8,537	631,277	1,429,328	8,379	158	170	2,667.64	200,715
11 Georgia.....	448	111,319	44,601	213	236	13	130.51	14,440
12 Idaho.....	115	4,890	58,605	115				
13 Illinois.....	799	90,780	248,527	799		1	26.00	7,000
14 Indiana.....	292	30,523	60,441	292		2	16.62	7,000
15 Indian territory.....	18	733	1,087	18				
16 Iowa.....	318	27,900	155,070	318				
17 Kansas.....	175	7,687	27,053	175				
18 Kentucky.....	374	20,844	86,144	374				
19 Louisiana.....	911	183,876	280,684	742				
20 Maine.....	12,537	2,562,700	3,046,080	10,044	1,593	44	505.48	27,015
21 Maryland.....	30,430	5,118,843	5,651,024	25,856	10,580	422	13,502.41	691,520
22 Massachusetts.....	16,250	7,483,193	9,367,033	15,693	1,557	933	61,220.65	8,147,017
23 Michigan.....	3,100	1,039,248	1,030,581	3,113	47	48	735.62	151,750
24 Minnesota.....	474	47,630	98,706	474		2	26.20	5,500
25 Mississippi.....	1,014	133,951	220,387	811	203	148	1,497.30	50,580
26 Missouri.....	504	80,294	128,008	504				
27 Montana.....	43	1,270	7,080	43				
28 Nebraska.....	90	3,101	20,410	90				
29 Nevada.....	211	2,265	21,856	211				
30 New Hampshire.....	324	60,254	148,576	314	10	13	450.30	20,300
31 New Jersey.....	10,834	8,083,300	8,130,893	9,983	851	690	8,229.59	692,549
32 New Mexico.....	8	418	2,783	8				
33 New York.....	9,521	5,125,361	8,798,815	7,102	2,150	809	9,770.64	1,052,192
34 North Carolina.....	8,930	715,760	1,351,944	8,012	318	132	1,277.10	93,475
35 North Dakota.....	9	243	800	9				
36 Ohio.....	2,012	1,328,428	740,306	1,833	180	27	430.70	110,600
37 Oregon.....	2,011	914,200	1,186,188	2,011		12	521.20	63,100
38 Pennsylvania.....	2,631	735,035	903,005	2,060	565	154	1,098.08	231,850
39 Rhode Island.....	2,214	1,042,072	1,160,454	1,745	409	110	2,260.63	291,415
40 South Carolina.....	1,776	145,580	205,845	1,740	80	14	225.00	26,724
41 South Dakota.....	62	2,142	10,866	62				
42 Tennessee.....	369	10,113	58,337	369				
43 Texas.....	814	222,905	861,017	864	130	170	1,691.77	60,895
44 Utah.....	18	388	5,167	18				
45 Vermont.....	117	3,736	12,825	117				
46 Virginia.....	25,800	8,420,460	4,816,225	18,892	6,017	1,225	16,220.07	882,000
47 Washington.....	2,071	743,618	1,107,847	2,971		23	430.03	34,100
48 West Virginia.....	45	2,406	4,098	45				
49 Wisconsin.....	1,484	926,744	455,030	1,450	28	16	227.26	51,500
50 Wyoming.....	7	63	287	7				

^aThe returns are for the year 1889, except those for the oyster fishery, closing with May, 1890; the shad and alewife fishery, closing with July, 1890, and the seal fisheries of Alaska, for the season of 1890.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

25

BY STATES AND TERRITORIES. (a)

APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED—continued.			VALUE OF PRODUCTS BY FISHERIES.						
Boats.		Minor apparatus. (Value.)	Other capital, including shore property.	General fish- eries.	Whale fish- eries.	Seal fisheries.	Menhaden fisheries.	Oyster fisheries.	Sponge fish- eries.
Number.	Value.			\$26,747,440	\$1,697,875	\$438,228	\$1,817,878	\$13,294,339	\$281,754
80,261	\$4,826,150	\$8,863,462	\$10,270,246						
614	9,336	10,688	21,841	80,590				83,828	
722	91,818	112,580		1,058,865		314,925			
312	5,410	12,420		74,620					
2,312	313,898	343,644	452,925	1,343,610	688,410	85,194			
10	248	425		4,564					
2,127	128,414	155,577	4,201,323	491,516	12,074	8,010	120,400	1,115,017	
811	42,131	54,890	143,807	222,046			16,000	71,235	
29	931	16,332		26,028					
1,025	95,757	131,445	203,360	1,002,044				64,530	281,754
243	3,207	7,807	85,863	21,138				10,463	
129	2,141	2,749		58,605					
857	20,043	56,437	12,700	218,527					
349	6,916	24,002	615	60,441					
10	61	682		1,697					
401	6,373	21,527		155,070					
104	2,132	5,555		27,053					
500	9,088	17,798		86,144					
706	66,884	17,314		36,371					
9,307	295,320	597,344	1,078,525	3,024,086			14,053	243,313	
10,069	1,122,388	886,105	1,818,008	1,142,330			44,360	8,250	20
8,623	394,178	1,518,946	2,303,052	5,234,968	988,637	5,660	10,030	127,720	
1,576	82,262	506,650	208,586	1,600,581					
500	11,885	28,658	1,596	98,700					
313	14,631	34,385	34,455	91,005					
661	10,080	20,214		128,008					
41	716	554		7,080					
106	1,134	1,987		29,410					
81	1,725	510		21,850					
355	8,808	29,563	7,583	148,576					
5,339	831,435	377,313	1,082,003	1,628,320			111,234	1,301,339	
8	146	273		2,783					
5,289	403,226	527,961	3,141,079	1,390,767	8,748		628,212	1,705,088	
4,132	160,271	282,905	170,109	1,186,061			13,980	161,063	
9	113	130		830					
1,078	90,550	552,373	674,800	740,396					
1,538	160,857	410,322	262,120	1,180,188					
1,046	58,735	153,883	290,567	477,985					
1,320	99,810	238,055	411,802	395,412			508,942	256,700	
1,114	22,394	20,084	70,984	178,816				27,029	
52	935	1,207		10,860					
408	5,207	10,006		58,337					
310	21,198	48,054	86,218	174,503				180,515	
10	150	238		5,167					
66	1,714	2,022		12,825					
11,706	648,733	535,432	1,402,305	1,088,315			351,177	2,770,733	
1,789	120,130	835,060	247,410	1,084,017		23,830			
40	713	1,783		4,608					
940	86,439	200,305	88,500	455,010					
		83	287						

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE 3.—SUMMARY OF FISHERIES, BY INDUSTRIES. (a)

INDUSTRIES.	PERSONS EMPLOYED.			APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.								Value of products.	
	Total.	Fishermen.	Shoemen.	Total investment.	Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus. (Value.)	Other capital, including shore property.		
					Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.				
Total	163,348	136,065	26,633	\$43,602,123	7,257	174,020.74	\$11,133,265	80,261	\$4,826,750	\$8,303,462	\$19,279,246	\$4,277,514	
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	10,886	10,886	.....	1,648,714	307	3,864.85	324,445	13,505	630,267	647,055	46,947	5,404,621
Cod and ground.....	10,113	9,750	354	5,690,282	855	44,580.00	2,443,022	5,529	105,723	1,184,909	1,975,723	4,202,334	
Great Lakes.....	6,896	6,958	298	3,030,785	111	1,654.83	306,450	3,472	257,815	1,403,880	1,052,640	2,015,784	
Gulf.....	849	815	34	268,503	64	1,269.93	102,000	225	31,347	29,908	105,248	406,026	
Inland	7,711	7,711	.....	393,635	.....	.....	.....	8,058	131,376	262,250	.....	1,654,359
Lobster.....	3,944	3,944	.....	538,689	.....	.....	.....	4,853	241,723	231,745	75,221	870,322
Mackerel.....	3,734	3,701	33	1,177,065	373	14,380.89	749,778	1,097	81,570	242,250	103,407	685,947	
Pacific coast, including Alaska.....	10,340	10,245	95	3,351,564	181	18,484.33	934,780	5,937	675,254	1,185,210	586,284	4,933,412	
Sea herring.....	2,340	779	1,501	867,177	75	1,478.53	48,765	531	26,414	102,381	689,617	1,188,652	
Shad and alewife	27,407	27,407	.....	2,758,411	144	2,338.71	187,255	10,034	530,405	1,202,531	709,220	5,071,393
Whale.....	3,513	3,513	.....	2,081,636	121	23,611.87	1,079,500	566	50,220	111,208	831,708	1,821,176
Menhaden.....	3,500	1,994	1,566	2,433,207	169	6,071.21	703,285	436	64,828	408,657	1,136,437	1,817,878	
Oyster.....	65,328	42,586	22,742	19,173,418	4,805	655,430.00	4,000,820	22,077	1,900,174	1,250,203	11,902,312	13,294,339	
Sponge	037	637	.....	139,037	62	747.04	72,250	341	21,034	41,236	4,517	281,754

a. The returns are for the year 1889, except those for the oyster fishery, closing with May, 1890; the shad and alewife fishery, closing with July, 1890, and the seal fisheries of Alaska for the season of 1890.

b. Partly estimated.

TABLE 4.—STATISTICS OF FISHERIES, BY INDUSTRIES. (a)

INDUSTRIES.	GRAND TOTALS.			PERSONS EMPLOYED.	APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.								Other capital, including shore property.		
	Persons employed.	Capital invested.	Value of products.		Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus. (Value.)	Other capital, including shore property.				
					Fishermen.	Shoemen.	Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.						
The United States	163,348	\$43,602,123	\$4,277,514	136,065	26,633	7,257	174,020.74	\$11,133,265	80,261	\$4,826,150	\$8,303,462	\$10,270,210			
Alabama.....	848	82,621	104,427	667	181	103	1,050.42	84,756	614	9,336	16,688	21,841			
Oyster.....	330	60,126	83,828	155	181	102	1,020.00	82,956	136	2,610	2,080	21,841			
Atlantic and Gulf boat	207	6,992	36,521	297	.....	1	30.42	1,800	187	3,585	4,007	.....		
Inland	215	18,103	44,078	215	.....	.....	.....	.....	201	3,102	10,001	.....		
Alaska	1,837	994,898	1,873,700	1,742	95	49	16,812.18	790,500	722	91,818	112,580	.....		
Pacific coast.....	1,837	994,898	1,873,700	1,742	95	49	16,812.18	790,500	722	91,818	112,580	.....		
Arkansas.....	207	17,830	74,026	207	.....	.....	.....	.....	512	5,410	12,420	.....		
Inland	207	17,830	74,026	207	.....	.....	.....	.....	312	5,410	12,420	.....		
California.....	4,607	1,634,153	2,117,250	4,607	.....	144	9,030.58	524,280	2,312	913,898	343,044	452,925		
Whale.....	1,295	898,464	773,610	1,205	.....	39	8,034.80	460,600	184	19,120	45,480	373,235		
Pacific coast.....	3,181	720,400	1,318,402	3,181	.....	105	995.78	63,080	1,994	201,183	292,527	70,070		
Inland	221	9,223	25,238	221	.....	.....	.....	.....	184	3,505	6,628	.....		
Colorado.....	27	673	4,504	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	248	425	.....		
Inland	27	673	4,504	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	248	425	.....		
Connecticut	8,252	5,072,274	1,087,737	2,376	870	805	4,954.26	556,900	2,127	128,414	155,577	4,201,323			
Whale.....	69	28,310	20,684	69	.....	4	402.33	15,000	10	000	3,073	0,337		
Cod and ground.....	69	33,855	34,882	69	2	14	348.77	22,150	51	1,230	4,406	6,000			
Mackerel.....	75	24,292	30,791	75	.....	15	361.00	19,525	64	2,341	1,420	1,000		
Menhaden.....	188	191,365	120,490	98	90	6	278.35	45,500	28	2,137	17,218	120,500			
Lobster.....	168	62,018	58,757	168	.....	.....	.....	.....	207	36,073	14,382	958	
Oyster.....	1,789	4,578,088	1,115,017	1,005	784	212	2,554.00	403,300	945	50,390	70,324	4,054,608			
Atlantic and Gulf boat	842	160,156	297,323	842	54	1,008.21	81,485	772	33,173	42,038	2,860	.....		
Inland	54	3,600	8,793	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	1,490	2,110	.....		
Delaware.....	1,981	815,109	910,181	1,050	825	71	996.67	74,275	811	42,181	54,896	143,807			
Menhaden.....	66	53,180	16,000	36	30	1	59.07	11,000	0	680	7,200	84,800			
Shad and alewife	1,118	78,938	174,847	1,118	.....	5	157.00	5,550	505	28,558	41,413	3,417		
Lobster.....	2	59	248	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	20	30	.....		
Oyster.....	520	177,693	71,235	225	205	65	780.00	57,725	98	10,131	3,747	100,090			
Atlantic and Gulf boat	275	5,289	47,851	275	.....	.....	.....	.....	201	2,742	2,407	.....		

a. The returns are for the year 1889, except those for the oyster fishery, closing with May, 1890; the shad and alewife fishery, closing with July, 1890, and the seal fisheries of Alaska for the season of 1890.

GENERAL FISHERIES.

27

TABLE 4.—STATISTICS OF FISHERIES, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued.

INDUSTRIES.	GRAND TOTALS.			PERSONS EMPLOYED.		APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.						
	Persons employed.	Capital invested.	Value of products.	Fishermen.	Shoemenu.	Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus. (Value.)	Other capital, including shore property.
						Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.		
District of Columbia.....	102	\$23,603	\$26,028	102	.....	4	56.83	\$6,400	20	\$931	\$10,332	.....
Shad and alewife	102	23,603	26,028	102	.....	4	56.83	6,400	20	931	10,332	.....
Florida	3,537	631,277	1,420,828	3,379	158	170	2,067.04	200,715	1,935	95,757	131,445	\$203,360
Shad and alewife.....	1,430	194,487	612,104	1,430	.....	20	225.57	24,000	805	80,008	56,434	83,445
Oyster.....	295	32,273	51,530	187	128	44	523.00	15,765	199	4,011	3,667	8,000
Sponge.....	637	130,037	281,754	637	.....	02	747.04	72,250	341	21,034	41,230	4,617
Alligator.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	689	63,398	193,316	689	.....	7	111.95	10,100	470	82,836	18,312	2,150
Gulf.....	411	100,213	278,215	381	30	37	1,055.98	78,000	53	5,020	10,345	103,248
Inland.....	78	2,760	9,349	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	67	1,348	1,421	.....
Georgia	448	111,319	34,601	212	230	13	130.51	14,440	243	3,207	7,807	85,865
Shad and alewife.....	130	5,465	10,270	130	.....	1	10.51	890	105	1,030	2,945	600
Oyster.....	249	103,691	10,403	13	236	12	120.00	13,550	57	981	3,895	85,295
Inland.....	00	2,103	7,850	09	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	1,106	007	.....
Idaho	115	4,890	58,605	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	120	2,141	2,740	.....
Inland.....	115	4,890	58,605	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	120	2,141	2,740	.....
Illinois	700	90,780	248,627	700	.....	1	20.00	7,000	857	20,693	50,437	12,700
Great Lakes.....	120	37,605	24,007	120	.....	1	20.00	7,000	100	4,204	18,011	12,700
Inland.....	670	59,175	224,430	670	.....	.....	.....	.....	757	10,349	42,820	.....
Indiana.....	202	39,523	60,441	202	.....	2	10.62	7,000	340	6,046	24,002	615
Great Lakes.....	29	22,750	16,000	20	.....	2	16.62	7,000	14	873	14,272	616
Inland.....	203	16,764	43,535	263	.....	.....	.....	.....	335	6,074	10,600	.....
Indian territory	10	743	1,007	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	61	682	.....
Inland.....	10	743	1,007	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	61	682	.....
Iowa.....	348	27,900	155,070	348	.....	.....	.....	.....	401	6,873	21,527	.....
Inland.....	348	27,900	155,070	348	.....	.....	.....	.....	401	6,873	21,527	.....
Kansas	175	7,087	27,053	175	.....	.....	.....	.....	104	2,182	5,555	.....
Inland.....	175	7,087	27,053	175	.....	.....	.....	.....	104	2,182	5,555	.....
Kentucky.....	374	20,884	80,144	374	.....	.....	.....	.....	500	9,088	17,790	.....
Inland.....	374	20,884	80,144	374	.....	.....	.....	.....	500	9,088	17,790	.....
Louisiana.....	911	189,876	280,084	742	109	44	505.48	27,015	706	66,884	17,814	72,063
Oysters.....	700	102,278	243,313	540	100	84	840.00	18,115	573	60,320	11,780	72,063
Alligator.....	37	1,949	5,000	37	.....	10	105.48	0,500	82	1,341	606	.....
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	93	13,717	24,018	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	2,205	1,952	.....
Gulf.....	72	6,932	17,863	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	89	2,958	2,074	.....
Maine	12,537	2,662,700	8,046,088	10,044	1,503	422	13,502.41	591,620	6,387	205,320	597,344	1,078,525
Cod and ground.....	2,257	831,077	505,207	2,256	21	253	8,202.10	407,160	1,004	27,655	147,827	218,435
Mackerel.....	695	215,058	112,071	680	9	65	2,322.71	113,725	269	15,047	53,000	33,100
Menhaden.....	70	37,407	14,053	75	4	7	247.24	15,600	30	1,706	7,501	12,510
Sea herring.....	2,301	801,252	1,183,070	740	1,555	70	1,354.11	44,005	517	25,636	101,334	689,617
Shad and alewife.....	1,196	75,306	120,644	1,196	.....	10	150.20	2,240	535	8,200	40,764	17,076
Lobster.....	2,750	328,336	521,644	2,750	.....	1	15.00	5,000	3,404	123,185	137,195	87,056
Oyster.....	18	8,548	8,250	0	4	10	141.00	8,180	5	208	1,000	8,340
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	3,164	200,380	513,400	8,164	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,790	92,904	68,705	5,501
Inland.....	73	4,395	8,025	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	117	883	8,712	.....
Maryland.....	36,426	5,118,843	5,054,024	25,850	10,580	1,308	17,083.20	1,202,342	10,000	1,122,388	880,105	1,818,008
Menhaden.....	75	49,020	44,360	40	85	2	138.00	14,000	5	620	5,000	30,300
Shad and alewife	5,100	523,234	755,013	5,100	.....	10	384.24	10,415	2,738	110,901	251,163	135,683
Oyster.....	30,600	4,518,758	4,467,925	20,064	10,545	1,980	10,680.00	1,261,927	6,750	987,194	617,612	1,652,025
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	550	20,602	386,380	550	.....	12	.....	.....	485	17,356	9,247	.....
Inland.....	12	339	946	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	258	81	.....

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE 4.—STATISTICS OF FISHERIES, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued.

INDUSTRIES.	GRAND TOTALS.			PERSONS EMPLOYED.		APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED.						
	Persons employed.	Capital invested.	Value of products.	Fishermen.	Shoemen.	Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus. (Value.)	Other capital, including shore property.
						Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.		
Massachusetts.....	10,250	\$7,483,193	\$6,867,033	15,693	557	933	61,200.65	\$3,147,017	8,623	\$394,178	\$1,548,940	\$2,893,053
Whale.....	1,930	1,131,427	994,300	1,930	.....	71	14,898.92	587,300	311	86,220	61,116	446,761
Cod and ground.....	7,505	4,704,063	3,498,812	7,185	320	543	34,001.50	1,037,337	3,628	73,343	982,665	1,710,713
Mackerel.....	2,772	8,882,252	490,720	2,748	24	252	11,211.15	573,078	709	61,832	179,815	66,927
Menhaden.....	56	20,102	10,030	30	26	5	90.13	18,200	5	390	2,172	4,400
Sea herring.....	30	5,925	5,573	33	6	5	124.47	4,100	14	778	1,017	.....
Shad and alewife.....	843	154,121	174,503	843	.....	10	213.83	7,650	428	14,077	91,436	40,953
Lobster.....	735	113,501	216,707	735	.....	39	585.00	15,752	310	54,593	55,400	3,499
Oyster.....	301	140,261	127,729	120	181	8	75.65	8,000	2,240	140,387	11,900	4,035
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	2,010	830,310	835,810	2,040	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	170,777	11,155	.....
Inland.....	20	1,132	3,051	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	658	474	.....	.....
Michigan.....	8,160	1,030,248	1,000,581	8,113	47	48	735.62	151,750	1,570	82,262	500,050	208,586
Great Lakes.....	8,050	1,031,223	1,006,249	8,003	47	48	735.62	151,750	1,448	70,910	500,071	208,586
Inland.....	110	8,025	24,382	110	.....	.....	.....	.....	128	2,346	5,670	.....
Minnesota.....	474	47,630	98,796	474	.....	2	26.20	5,500	500	11,885	28,658	1,590
Great Lakes.....	162	34,585	41,081	102	.....	2	20.20	5,500	112	6,665	20,024	1,590
Inland.....	312	13,054	57,715	312	.....	.....	.....	.....	338	6,320	7,734	.....
Mississippi.....	1,014	133,951	220,987	811	203	148	1,407.30	50,580	313	14,531	34,385	84,455
Shad and alewife.....	52	2,007	8,074	52	.....	17	515	.....	62	4,307	1,002	580
Oyster.....	615	104,880	129,322	416	193	139	1,390.00	44,380	29	1,272	23,318	83,875
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	48	5,560	13,191	48	.....	9	77.30	6,200	35	5,878	4,495	.....
Gulf.....	136	16,573	21,245	132	4	176	.....	.....	2,550	5,262	.....	.....
Inland.....	163	7,841	48,555	163	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri.....	504	30,294	128,008	504	.....	.....	.....	.....	601	10,080	20,214	.....
Inland.....	504	30,294	128,008	504	.....	.....	.....	.....	601	10,080	20,214	.....
Montana.....	43	1,270	7,980	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	716	554	.....
Inland.....	43	1,270	7,980	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	716	554	.....
Nebraska.....	90	3,101	20,410	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	1,134	1,007	.....
Inland.....	90	3,101	20,410	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	1,134	1,007	.....
Nevada.....	211	2,265	21,856	211	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	1,725	540	.....
Inland.....	211	2,265	21,856	211	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	1,725	540	.....
New Hampshire.....	324	60,254	148,576	814	10	13	450.30	23,300	355	8,808	20,503	7,583
Cod and ground.....	130	50,398	93,300	120	10	13	450.30	23,300	109	2,015	23,508	7,575
Shad and alewife.....	11	932	2,374	11	.....	17	246	.....	66	1,474	246	.....
Lobster.....	62	4,160	15,361	62	.....	140	4,774	2,087	23	4,774	2,134	8
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	94	6,008	85,358	94	.....	23	299	.....	.....	.....	518	.....
Inland.....	27	847	2,183	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Jersey.....	10,834	3,083,800	3,130,893	9,983	851	696	8,220.50	602,540	5,339	831,435	877,813	1,682,063
Cod and ground.....	26	12,827	4,815	26	.....	7	112.03	8,000	9	177	1,150	8,000
Menhaden.....	277	128,103	111,234	214	63	14	266.40	28,200	41	8,100	40,158	66,050
Shad and alewife.....	3,497	404,100	507,050	3,497	.....	0	103.27	7,800	1,498	104,180	158,349	223,827
Lobster.....	20	5,100	5,160	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	1,475	1,015	2,100
Oyster.....	3,620	2,172,100	1,391,339	2,832	788	690	7,080.00	608,004	1,479	86,636	95,655	1,381,014
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	3,842	271,180	1,019,508	3,342	70	696	69.90	45,546	2,201	130,581	80,188	14,872
Inland.....	52	339	1,778	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	136	203	.....	.....
New Mexico.....	8	418	2,783	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	146	272	.....
Inland.....	8	418	2,783	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	146	272	.....
New York.....	9,321	5,125,361	3,708,815	7,162	2,150	800	9,770.04	1,052,102	5,280	403,226	527,064	8,141,070
Whale.....	28	660	8,748	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	400	200	.....
Cod and ground.....	29	21,605	51,050	29	.....	3	127.73	19,000	23	600	2,016	.....
Menhaden.....	1,036	1,019,836	628,212	510	520	25	1,381.44	274,600	98	14,510	170,100	560,536
Shad and alewife.....	1,190	116,145	133,403	1,100	.....	4	65.65	7,000	636	27,557	76,566	6,022
Lobster.....	67	7,835	15,331	67	.....	67	67	.....	39	8,300	3,475	500
Oyster.....	4,124	9,407,741	1,765,088	2,501	1,023	633	6,330.00	568,407	2,053	239,726	102,722	2,556,886
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	1,026	300,007	940,455	1,026	.....	189	1,797.56	172,085	1,398	81,605	112,202	2,705
Great Lakes.....	634	96,108	105,116	618	16	5	68.36	10,200	377	20,703	48,930	16,270
Inland.....	587	26,320	82,412	587	601	14,785	11,544

GENERAL FISHERIES.

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TABLE 4.—STATISTICS OF FISHERIES, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued.

INDUSTRIES.	GRAND TOTALS.			PERSONS EMPLOYED.		APPARATUS AND CAPITAL INVESTED					
	Persons employed.	Capital invested.	Value of products.	Fishermen.	Shoemans.	Vessels.			Boats.		Minor apparatus (Value.)
						Number.	Net tonnage.	Value.	Number.	Value.	
North Carolina.....	8,030	\$715,760	\$1,351,044	8,612	318	132	1,277.10	\$93,475	4,132	\$100,271	\$282,905
Menhaden.....	40	10,800	13,980	40	.....	4	60.47	8,635	9	1,240	925
Shad and alewife.....	5,445	615,614	751,930	5,445	.....	429	217.72	40,250	2,357	90,430	137,325
Oyster.....	1,507	130,750	151,903	1,180	318	98	980.00	43,700	864	36,103	10,523
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	1,827	55,014	425,761	1,827	.....	1	10.00	800	726	21,885	81,095
Inland.....	111	2,776	8,901	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	176	1,514	1,262
North Dakota.....	9	243	890	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	113	180
Inland.....	9	243	890	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	113	130
Ohio.....	2,012	1,328,428	740,396	1,832	180	27	430.70	110,600	1,078	90,550	569,973
Great Lakes.....	1,577	1,314,697	683,500	1,397	180	27	430.70	110,600	613	87,854	541,847
Inland.....	435	13,731	32,806	435	.....	.....	.....	.....	485	3,205	10,520
Oregon.....	2,011	914,299	1,180,188	2,011	.....	12	521.26	63,100	1,638	100,857	410,222
Pacific coast.....	2,832	913,427	1,176,036	2,832	.....	12	521.26	63,100	1,517	100,572	418,635
Inland.....	79	872	9,252	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	285	202,120
Pennsylvania.....	2,631	735,035	903,005	2,000	505	164	1,098.08	281,850	1,046	58,735	153,883
Shad and alewife.....	1,249	128,593	174,847	1,240	.....	15	885.10	24,000	560	21,127	27,750
Oyster.....	717	347,890	425,020	170	538	120	1,548.00	184,050	2	3,000	84,800
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	35	1,732	10,080	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	951	125,440
Great Lakes.....	304	240,504	255,710	277	27	10	114.98	22,000	204	31,280	85,007
Inland.....	926	7,316	81,830	320	.....	.....	.....	.....	180	2,377	4,930
Rhode Island.....	2,214	1,042,072	1,160,454	1,745	460	110	2,280.03	201,415	1,320	90,810	238,055
Cod and ground.....	97	30,057	14,178	96	1	22	270.07	20,075	45	044	3,308
Mackerel.....	102	55,403	43,305	102	.....	41	485.43	42,850	55	2,350	7,019
Menhaden.....	715	487,815	508,342	345	870	24	1,170.27	179,300	88	11,880	149,735
Shad and alewife.....	205	57,185	83,000	205	.....	7	120.26	18,700	164	8,222	80,828
Lobster.....	133	28,081	46,024	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	137	20,038	4,943
Oyster.....	234	208,620	250,700	136	98	15	180.00	28,100	208	18,658	4,700
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	578	83,061	207,840	578	.....	1	10.00	400	626	41,018	85,008
South Carolina.....	1,770	145,588	205,846	1,740	80	14	225.06	20,724	1,114	22,304	20,084
Shad and alewife.....	1,030	55,181	101,051	1,330	.....	9	105.06	15,800	714	15,116	15,700
Oyster.....	190	87,277	27,020	151	96	5	60.00	11,424	100	5,423	9,325
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	227	2,588	16,202	227	.....	.....	.....	.....	211	1,040	030
Inland.....	20	640	1,583	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	200	334
South Dakota.....	62	2,142	10,800	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	935	1,207
Inland.....	62	2,142	10,800	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	935	1,207
Tennessee.....	800	10,113	58,937	300	.....	.....	.....	.....	408	5,207	10,906
Inland.....	300	10,113	58,937	300	.....	.....	.....	.....	408	5,207	10,900
Texas.....	814	222,005	864,017	631	180	170	1,601.77	66,805	810	21,198	48,654
Oyster.....	430	177,641	180,615	800	130	102	1,020.00	68,605	11	1,685	31,243
Alligator.....	200	89,000	142,558	200	.....	8	71.77	8,300	125	17,584	86,218
Gulf.....	175	0,264	81,044	175	.....	.....	.....	.....	183	1,000	4,205
Utah.....	18	888	5,107	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	150	238
Inland.....	18	888	5,107	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	150	238
Vermont.....	117	8,700	12,825	117	.....	.....	.....	.....	96	1,714	2,022
Shad and alewife.....	21	533	1,801	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	208	825
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	96	3,203	11,024	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	86	1,506	1,607
Virginia.....	25,800	8,420,460	4,816,226	18,802	6,017	1,225	16,220.07	882,900	11,706	548,738	535,432
Menhaden.....	1,028	434,620	851,177	600	428	71	2,300.19	178,250	128	23,565	68,473
Shad and alewife.....	4,422	332,081	1,278,820	4,422	.....	8	118.48	15,400	1,026	62,984	50,743
Oyster.....	19,070	2,003,058	2,770,733	12,581	6,480	1,145	18,740.00	688,009	8,720	440,550	226,577
Atlantic and Gulf boat.....	1,215	56,888	405,475	1,215	1	11	11.00	200	882	21,319	34,079
Inland.....	74	1,018	4,020	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	300	1,000

^a Includes 2 undocumented steamers.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE 4.—STATISTICS OF FISHERIES, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued.

CARP CULTURE.

The culture of carp was made a distinct subject of census inquiry, and the results are separately shown in three tables herewith, and are not included in the tables for general fisheries. The first of these tables shows the number who planted carp in the decade 1880-1889 by states and territories. The second table shows the planting by years, separated so as to distinguish original planting from subsequent planting by the same individuals. No attempt has been made to trace carp culture back of the decade preceding the Eleventh Census year. Ponds stocked prior to 1880 and maintained without additional planting do not enter into this report.

The 10 highest states in total number of carp planted in the decade are as follows: Pennsylvania, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, North Carolina, Virginia, Georgia, Missouri, Kansas, and Tennessee.

If we take the original planting alone, the 10 highest will rank thus: Pennsylvania, Indiana, Ohio, Virginia, Illinois, North Carolina, Missouri, Colorado, Georgia, and Tennessee.

In regard to the number of culturists, the 10 leading states rank as follows: Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Virginia, Illinois, North Carolina, Missouri, Georgia, Kansas, and Tennessee.

It will be seen that 4 states, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, forming a continuous body of country, are among the first 5 carp planting states, whether ranked by total plant or by total of original planting. It will be seen that Missouri and Kansas, also prominent in carp culture, lie so as to form an unbroken group with those just named.

A continuous group of secondary rank is formed of Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Georgia.

Colorado is the only state in the western half of the United States that has a prominent record for planting carp.

An examination of the table will show a greatly increased attention to carp planting in the last half of the decade in the country, as a whole, though the changes from year to year are fluctuating and in some states, Texas, for example, in which carp planting does not seem to have attained great prominence at any time, there was an evident decline in the latter part of the decade.

Rated according to reported successes (Table 1) the 10 leading states rank thus: Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Georgia, and Kansas.

Rated according to expenses incurred, the 10 leading states are as follows: Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, North Carolina, Missouri, Virginia, and Texas.

Rated according to carp furnished for food (Table 3), the 10 leading states rank thus: Ohio, Georgia, Indiana, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Illinois, Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska.

It appears that in Indiana and Ohio, states prominent for carp culture, the public streams and lakes, especially those with muddy bottoms, are thoroughly stocked with carp, by reason of their escape from ponds in which they are planted. Carp are very prolific under favorable circumstances. Results indicate that carp do not propagate to any great extent in extremely cold water.

The principal reported objections to carp as food are that they are very bony and taste of mud. There is complaint in some localities of their flesh as soft; but culturists in other localities report that ponds fed by springs furnish carp of the best edible properties, and that in general, carp taken from rivers and lakes are better than those taken from ponds. Some report that the edible qualities of the carp are improved by keeping them in clear springs a few days before killing. From Kentucky and Indiana reports state that skinning carp is an advantageous step in their preparation for food. It is urged by some that they be packed in salt for a few hours before cooking. The poor quality sometimes found is said to be due to the character of the ponds. They are reported as better in winter than in summer. The reports in their favor slightly exceed those against their value for food.

In certain portions of the country it is customary to prepare pools on favorable grounds to receive rain water for use of stock in times of drought. In the southwest such reservoirs have the local name of tanks. In Texas alone 114 ponds are reported under the name of tanks, averaging about two-thirds of an acre in area, the largest reaching an area of 6 acres. These small receptacles for water are liable to become low or even to become dry altogether in the extremity of rainless weather, and in 1889 a drought seems to have destroyed many plantings of carp in such pools in Utah.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

Success and failure (Table 1) are not very fully reported. The causes of failure have been grouped as: nature, accident, predaceous animals, carp culturists, other persons, party supplying plant or transportation, unknown. Reported failures exceed reported successes by about 11 per cent. Some of the causes of failure have been grouped under these general terms:

1. Nature: flood, causing overflow of pond, or breaking of dam, when, so far as known, the dam was previously secure; climate; storm; ice, causing fish to smother, or to be actually frozen.
 2. Accident: breaking of dam, independent of action of flood or storm, or of neglect, as by gradual decay or undermining; leaking of dam.
 3. Predaceous animals: minks; muskrats eating fish, destroying pond, smothering fish in holes; turtles and terrapins; frogs; snakes; other fish.
 4. Carp culturist: fish allowed to escape; kept or deposited fish in small receptacles with insufficient water; allowed wasteway to get stopped up, permitting pond to overflow; culturist sick or dead, and no attention given to fish; ponds made by springs; pond improperly constructed, or stream or lake not suitable for fish culture, because of open outlet, cold water, current, deficient natural food, etc.
 5. Other persons: poaching or theft; malicious destruction of dam or pond; poisoning.
 6. Party supplying plant or transportation: fish dead or nearly dead when received; fish diseased when received and not able to live even when planted under favorable conditions; where fish are covered with fungus.
 7. Unknown: fish deposited in large bodies of water, never attended to, and never seen or heard of afterwards; fish received late in fall, after freezing of pond and kept in small tank during winter; fish dying before planting; unknown.
- The number of successes and the number of failures when taken together will not equal the number of persons reported as being engaged in carp culture. The difference will be the number of reports where it was impossible to determine whether carp culture had been a success or failure with the party making the report, and all reports where carp were first planted in 1889. The causes of failure when taken together will not necessarily equal the number of failures reported, as in some cases failure is due to more than one cause.
- Footnotes *a* and *b*, Table 1, show that the result includes ponds where the area was not reported.

TABLE 1.—NUMBER OF CARP CULTURISTS, NUMBER AND SIZE OF PONDS BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR CARP, NUMBER AND SIZE OF PONDS NOT BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR CARP, NUMBER OF OTHER BODIES OF WATER IN WHICH CARP HAVE BEEN PLANTED, REPORTED NUMBER OF SUCCESSES, REPORTED NUMBER OF FAILURES, CAUSES OF FAILURE, AND REPORTS ON EDIBLE QUALITIES, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1880-1889.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	PONDS BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR CARP. (a)		PONDS NOT BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR CARP. (b)		Number of other bodies of water into which carp have been planted.	Number of successes reported.	Number of failures reported.	CAUSES OF FAILURE. (c)							REPORTS ON EDIBLE QUALITIES.							
	Number of carp culturists.	Number.	Size. (Acres.)	Number.				Nature.	Accident.	Predaceous animals.	Carp culturists.	Other persons.	Party supplying plant.	Unknown.	Excellent.	Good.	Fair.	Poor.	Worthless.			
The United States.	20,456	22,551	11,314.00	13,420	41,627.55	587	12,712	14,142	5,275	953	2,022	1,083	700	288	2,860	250	848	181	701	867		
Alabama.....	431	327	151.94	174	258.22	2	168	236	80	36	40	23	12	11	40	1	16	3	8	1		
Arizona.....	44	33	84.12	22	97.07	2	22	18	8	3	1	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Arkansas.....	155	107	52.00	65	64.79	2	60	81	29	6	17	4	4	7	17	1	5	—	3	—		
California.....	190	202	90.73	86	81.04	8	128	62	16	6	8	12	4	1	20	3	5	6	16	6		
Colorado.....	116	65	106.82	101	2,497.40	15	68	26	13	—	7	2	1	—	5	1	3	—	6	1		
Connecticut.....	106	50	90.70	164	3,072.28	6	57	132	24	15	67	8	4	2	15	5	3	—	8	3		
Delaware.....	57	31	12.21	42	444.76	4	11	42	19	—	18	2	5	—	2	—	—	—	1	1		
Dist. of Columbia.....	14	11	3.31	7	2.33	—	—	1	12	3	6	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Florida.....	92	29	41.42	76	830.53	5	23	67	17	2	81	4	3	7	5	—	1	3	—	—		
Georgia.....	1,524	1,405	1,153.00	505	3,202.71	13	503	838	190	68	142	173	41	8	211	12	46	10	28	21		
Idaho.....	39	43	42.20	18	70.42	1	19	12	10	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Illinois.....	1,763	1,155	644.40	910	1,115.38	25	658	935	980	74	142	80	40	13	217	10	40	3	26	10		
Indiana.....	2,191	2,274	902.14	683	557.88	10	1,276	998	202	45	104	165	64	8	166	23	94	32	112	93		
Indian territory.....	10	2	0.60	8	37.01	—	—	8	5	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Iowa.....	700	374	250.10	439	664.23	20	240	400	218	10	57	23	8	24	80	3	10	—	3	—		
Kansas.....	1,164	925	670.42	549	595.44	16	434	507	317	30	81	63	10	11	60	4	25	3	9	2		
Kentucky.....	972	106	78.54	1,085	895.32	12	430	468	141	19	56	70	23	6	151	14	35	10	71	63		
Louisiana.....	68	36	99.85	86	135.18	8	13	51	14	7	10	2	1	4	15	1	1	—	3	1		
Maine.....	65	20	11.55	88	466.95	12	12	53	15	8	9	15	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Maryland.....	853	206	86.13	216	1,102.38	5	134	203	98	8	48	80	11	2	20	2	6	1	8	4		
Massachusetts.....	177	29	88.37	160	1,583.43	11	41	121	81	2	54	19	6	2	15	3	—	—	—	—		
Michigan.....	432	275	111.28	184	683.52	46	100	190	79	10	43	12	11	2	48	8	15	—	4	2		
Minnesota.....	155	27	26.54	64	244.07	70	15	107	52	1	16	2	—	5	34	1	1	—	—	—		
Mississippi.....	500	273	169.03	825	264.06	5	130	337	87	36	73	43	11	7	63	3	15	8	27	10		
Missouri.....	1,554	703	434.73	1,208	1,088.27	10	650	735	324	57	105	93	30	7	152	11	40	6	42	13		
Montana.....	87	18	22.43	21	60.40	2	8	27	13	4	1	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Nebraska.....	403	348	350.72	144	314.64	9	142	177	96	14	81	11	4	6	23	8	10	—	—	—		
Nevada.....	39	23	58.98	26	27.62	7	21	13	8	2	1	2	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—		
New Hampshire.....	87	6	8.14	82	342.55	8	7	30	5	3	11	2	2	2	5	1	—	1	1	—		
New Jersey.....	258	110	75.06	132	300.10	8	104	149	49	13	34	20	10	5	24	8	10	1	6	4		
New Mexico.....	38	28	41.12	22	101.27	5	21	13	10	1	1	1	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	—		
New York.....	864	370	207.30	600	8,150.57	21	288	508	164	15	152	60	27	11	96	14	19	8	15	12		
North Carolina.....	1,751	1,883	905.03	363	1,449.14	11	804	817	214	94	126	182	54	16	173	10	54	8	25	11		
North Dakota.....	15	4	5.84	0	114.98	3	1	10	4	—	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Ohio.....	8,208	8,104	1,115.00	985	773.95	10	1,832	1,187	347	53	157	272	67	13	930	27	105	45	100	108		
Oregon.....	148	115	59.01	57	146.95	6	30	93	40	5	21	9	7	—	16	4	7	2	6	4		
Pennsylvania.....	8,207	2,902	785.85	933	1,961.17	60	1,521	1,516	683	23	847	135	91	40	223	41	48	9	56	16		
Rhode Island.....	29	8	0.80	20	149.95	—	5	10	8	—	8	8	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—		
South Carolina.....	783	830	403.18	168	897.14	10	230	520	102	64	93	108	20	4	135	2	21	2	18	8		
South Dakota.....	47	81	86.70	10	522.35	7	6	32	23	8	—	1	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	—		
Tennessee.....	1,115	856	350.02	527	358.05	5	613	302	118	13	83	75	18	10	90	15	58	15	83	14		
Texas.....	881	403	350.88	604	943.60	6	227	620	305	76	57	55	20	19	105	4	15	5	89	11		
Utah.....	492	830	263.00	203	604.59	9	185	216	105	23	37	11	7	2	40	8	6	—	1	—		
Vermont.....	79	25	20.30	63	4,220.63	6	16	65	13	5	22	6	1	5	5	—	—	—	—	—		
Virginia.....	1,835	1,415	588.27	800	1,567.03	16	884	848	894	69	186	121	48	2	83	22	46	6	24	8		
Washington.....	88	60	18.59	25	126.87	18	99	41	10	1	12	1	2	—	16	1	—	—	2	—		
West Virginia.....	468	421	66.12	145	89.74	4	240	203	82	9	50	87	17	2	18	1	8	2	8	—		
Wisconsin.....	487	241	166.41	261	2,816.87	39	196	237	91	8	40	16	5	5	78	8	6	1	1	—		
Wyoming.....	11	2	0.75	7	57.23	1	1	9	4	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—		

a Includes 570 ponds for which no areas were reported, distributed as follows: Alabama, 7; Arkansas, 1; California, 6; Connecticut, 3; Delaware, 1; District of Columbia, 1; Florida, 4; Georgia, 28; Idaho, 1; Illinois, 17; Indiana, 44; Iowa, 6; Kansas, 10; Kentucky, 11; Maryland, 10; Massachusetts, 2; Michigan, 10; Minnesota, 2; Mississippi, 8; Missouri, 15; Nebraska, 4; Nevada, 2; New Jersey, 2; New York, 0; North Carolina, 0; Ohio, 70; Oregon, 1; Pennsylvania, 6; Rhode Island, 1; South Carolina, 9; South Dakota, 1; Tennessee, 20; Texas, 6; Utah, 10; Vermont, 2; Virginia, 50; Washington, 3; West Virginia, 34; Wisconsin, 10.

b Includes 400 ponds for which no areas were reported, distributed as follows: Alabama, 6; Arkansas, 4; California, 2; Connecticut, 18; Delaware, 6; Florida, 3; Georgia, 22; Idaho, 6; Illinois, 8; Indiana, 12; Iowa, 4; Kansas, 13; Kentucky, 53; Louisiana, 1; Maine, 3; Maryland, 4; Massachusetts, 10; Michigan, 6; Minnesota, 2; Mississippi, 2; Missouri, 32; Nebraska, 1; New Hampshire, 6; New York, 0; North Carolina, 14; Ohio, 35; Oregon, 2; Pennsylvania, 61; South Carolina, 8; Tennessee, 22; Texas, 18; Utah, 9; Vermont, 11; Virginia, 35; Wisconsin, 9.

c More than one cause is sometimes given for one failure.

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE 2.—NUMBER OF CARP ORIGINALLY PLANTED, NUMBER OF CARP PLANTED SUBSEQUENT TO ORIGINAL PLANTING, AND THE YEAR IN WHICH PLANTED, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1880-1889.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Grand total.	NUMBER OF CARP ORIGINALLY PLANTED.										
		Total.	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889
	4,574,588	3,654,417	72,344	38,070	105,121	110,700	203,968	544,815	608,451	607,544	586,021	547,783
The United States												
Alabama	20,924	22,364	398	604	1,100	1,451	2,277	2,021	6,096	2,881	3,322	2,624
Arizona	10,269	6,662	—	400	17	223	23	3,115	1,411	103	970	400
Arkansas	8,360	6,176	73	125	192	341	910	614	475	1,126	2,027	263
California	18,813	15,730	703	752	4,454	3,765	2,025	905	599	523	430	594
Colorado	140,978	130,783	0	120	289	90	6,032	50,946	11,598	14,491	22,998	21,181
Connecticut	14,039	8,020	531	272	508	414	955	505	3,130	435	1,675	600
Delaware	23,128	22,545	20,260	472	73	449	188	605	263	49	12	84
District of Columbia	394	308	12	12	10	135	57	32	37	—	—	33
Florida	4,008	3,663	70	23	111	112	251	91	048	317	297	1,434
Georgia	187,043	134,135	11,061	2,015	9,661	9,107	10,528	25,511	13,065	28,305	10,385	4,234
Idaho	7,558	5,620	14	—	—	33	50	94	307	3,736	457	839
Illinois	202,831	147,500	810	923	1,855	4,091	8,174	18,685	28,932	38,387	24,062	21,587
Indiana	756,719	593,745	2,139	2,005	11,692	24,824	44,420	105,376	134,412	143,729	85,268	89,874
Indian territory	170	170	—	—	20	—	—	12	—	38	100	—
Iowa	72,768	54,450	813	177	437	1,003	2,805	4,701	8,830	8,894	7,030	20,514
Kansas	160,692	123,150	306	315	1,298	2,354	14,262	6,045	16,110	25,572	32,803	23,005
Kentucky	59,084	41,308	3,117	4,200	3,725	8,970	8,054	4,152	4,007	5,813	2,727	1,413
Louisiana	3,998	3,461	64	89	263	55	2,343	209	132	253	33	20
Maine	1,110	1,013	62	—	35	76	70	107	412	161	64	29
Maryland	51,741	41,800	0,058	2,852	7,931	2,356	5,208	4,206	5,050	2,355	2,400	2,355
Massachusetts	28,826	16,985	385	144	388	240	301	975	3,454	3,600	208	7,050
Michigan	50,786	35,557	80	142	300	852	1,039	3,879	8,069	8,750	4,520	7,418
Minnesota	9,203	7,821	64	158	115	360	1,358	2,437	356	1,850	557	500
Mississippi	21,610	16,068	1,568	1,491	3,931	1,491	2,440	2,222	1,214	750	726	205
Missouri	176,211	143,321	1,170	1,000	8,865	5,090	10,700	11,050	16,277	10,003	22,708	51,081
Montana	1,524	1,240	—	—	—	59	280	277	205	848	20	—
Nebraska	86,840	62,108	64	20	484	205	648	3,026	0,041	12,302	24,725	14,414
Nevada	3,506	1,681	200	25	145	505	220	106	21	55	14	282
New Hampshire	1,188	1,005	51	173	206	206	117	90	132	—	—	—
New Jersey	23,368	10,833	884	280	950	400	714	9,993	3,974	1,262	871	000
New Mexico	16,713	13,650	—	150	30	—	450	186	5,444	5,403	1,867	30
New York	102,001	71,579	1,383	617	1,058	1,980	1,788	5,533	5,222	7,167	9,109	37,120
North Carolina	201,293	140,303	2,270	1,681	4,040	6,125	13,111	20,467	25,151	25,400	21,450	25,000
North Dakota	350	324	—	—	20	—	115	131	68	138	138	1,165
Ohio	656,064	510,266	2,050	4,947	12,071	14,811	40,344	101,420	95,512	125,002	91,842	22,189
Oregon	27,013	23,325	312	54	178	1,417	5,116	750	1,325	1,187	6,406	0,570
Pennsylvania	765,010	617,078	2,465	2,155	7,492	10,784	27,341	70,605	105,465	90,470	119,357	180,935
Rhode Island	708	708	162	22	160	60	137	63	62	27	—	16
South Carolina	70,195	51,198	2,494	1,241	4,695	4,762	7,380	9,250	5,911	10,253	4,973	632
South Dakota	27,761	27,545	—	—	25	214	247	58	25,070	610	138	1,165
Tennessee	151,968	118,066	2,007	1,964	4,100	3,983	7,144	23,074	23,487	23,273	20,284	8,881
Texas	53,588	32,720	2,878	1,731	5,155	3,026	3,248	5,107	5,185	2,401	1,018	1,920
Utah	30,846	81,768	111	37	298	303	1,789	1,969	4,068	7,044	8,002	7,407
Vermont	3,053	2,534	26	500	40	201	804	525	198	146	121	416
Virginia	194,080	157,110	4,046	3,029	9,144	5,853	16,033	21,295	21,970	28,881	24,050	23,815
Washington	3,981	2,481	46	—	36	217	801	512	451	467	283	118
West Virginia	29,924	21,481	879	398	647	711	1,590	5,323	2,880	8,647	8,507	2,353
Wisconsin	65,619	40,834	56	220	282	746	1,304	6,811	8,888	10,676	21,069	4,297
Wyoming	1,180	731	—	—	20	100	—	50	625	80	—	—

TABLE 2.—NUMBER OF CARP ORIGINALLY PLANTED, NUMBER OF CARP PLANTED SUBSEQUENT TO ORIGINAL PLANTING; AND THE YEAR IN WHICH PLANTED, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1880-1889—Continued.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	NUMBER OF CARP PLANTED SUBSEQUENT TO ORIGINAL PLANTING.										
	Total.	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889
The United States.....	1,020,171	3,078	7,011	10,578	20,730	49,450	100,720	137,354	100,730	283,420	198,470
Alabama.....	3,960										
Arizona.....	3,607	15	138	100	272	87	607	1,071	407	853	404
Arkansas.....	2,184		50	50	68	127	738	177	18	2,850	730
California.....	3,083			130	30	334	377	862	255	443	272
Colorado.....	4,210					120	30	2,100	307	500	1,034
Connecticut.....	5,410								278	406	
Delaware.....	583	25		95		60	218	65	60		60
District of Columbia.....	86		30					25	22		
Florida.....	345					56	5	40	167	24	56
Georgia.....	52,908	1,928	1,030	3,024	5,201	7,403	8,154	10,026	6,550	4,610	3,817
Idaho.....	1,938								594	913	431
Illinois.....	55,325	75	65	175	702	1,007	3,100	6,838	10,733	16,757	8,883
Indiana.....	102,074	67	1,523	457	2,503	5,953	15,926	33,847	26,004	53,055	23,640
Indian territory.....											
Iowa.....	18,308	11	98	40	95	272	1,151	2,240	6,152	4,474	3,780
Kansas.....	46,532	143	70	184	103	383	1,740	2,027	7,188	10,108	14,586
Kentucky.....	17,776		2,213	317	606	2,580	983	6,407	1,151	830	2,080
Louisiana.....	537			20	30	47	144	151	65	52	19
Maine.....	106						12		34	60	
Maryland.....	9,041	70		640	170	1,179	1,097	2,113	1,044	2,112	916
Massachusetts.....	11,841	40	20		20	20	830	83	10,024	190	1,114
Michigan.....	15,220			6	80	255	180	864	5,007	3,676	5,012
Minnesota.....	1,442				85	8	22	696	217	260	104
Mississippi.....	5,572	24	185	304	447	412	429	1,021	1,312	479	150
Missouri.....	31,800	67	62	490	1,010	1,303	8,153	6,724	8,006	6,057	8,080
Montana.....	275							73			202
Nebraska.....	24,732				34		220	283	893	8,508	8,270
Nevada.....	1,825				45		50	608	1,030	12	11,404
New Hampshire.....	123				20	15		20	20		171
New Jersey.....	8,635				170	104	907	444	438	483	512
New Mexico.....	3,054										
New York.....	31,323	0	20	101	93	450	484	1,208	2,123	20,400	6,588
North Carolina.....	54,030	53	60	675	905	8,214	9,670	9,048	13,314	14,262	9,740
North Dakota.....	20									11	15
Ohio.....	145,708	135	775	1,300	2,720	6,206	25,028	21,258	28,080	29,685	24,906
Oregon.....	4,588				86	200	56	270	818	652	1,241
Pennsylvania.....	148,841	80	280	1,432	807	7,151	16,772	10,000	89,504	40,733	20,032
Rhode Island.....	120			100						20	
South Carolina.....	18,007	222	820	981	708	4,481	1,886	2,413	4,780	2,817	320
South Dakota.....	200						100			25	81
Tennessee.....	33,302	10	68	64	806	761	2,288	8,890	5,420	16,391	5,125
Texas.....	20,808	10	24	818	632	646	16,718	1,263	873	436	150
Utah.....	8,078					132	160	424	749	2,835	8,097
Vermont.....	510						150	25	81	270	1,181
Virginia.....	80,070	120	852	900	1,215	1,240	2,300	2,800	5,240	12,983	10,215
Washington.....	1,560							201	64	70	40
West Virginia.....	8,403	20	10	70	217	600	378	710	759	5,034	5,584
Wisconsin.....	15,785		20	1,020	70	855	50	160	2,046	7,457	8,407
Wyoming.....	420								320	100	

STATISTICS OF FISHERIES.

TABLE 3.—EXPENSE, NUMBER, AND VALUE OF CARP SOLD FOR BAIT OR STOCKING, AND AMOUNT AND VALUE OF CARP SOLD OR USED FOR FOOD, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1880-1889.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Amount of expense.	Total value of carp sold or used.	CARP SOLD FOR BAIT OR STOCKING.		CARP SOLD OR USED FOR FOOD.	
			Number.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
The United States.....	\$1,043,841	\$284,650	4,150,244	\$152,034	1,318,790	\$132,016
Alabama.....	13,359	3,052	7,593	1,190	10,003	1,862
Arizona.....	9,197	1,370	1,647	235	7,477	1,135
Arkansas.....	5,051	521	1,102	83	5,045	438
California.....	24,083	9,121	20,862	6,085	28,762	3,036
Colorado.....	13,728	23,156	55,618	2,286	140,770	20,890
Connecticut.....	4,053	457	3,868	217	2,145	210
Delaware.....	584	61	607	32	506	29
District of Columbia.....	75	2	22	2		
Florida.....	1,116	73	681	36	351	36
Georgia.....	67,327	20,002	202,267	8,108	127,483	12,734
Idaho.....	2,932	742	671	165	3,005	577
Illinois.....	63,071	12,384	154,163	7,083	62,688	5,301
Indiana.....	101,517	38,548	1,302,107	26,730	146,070	12,818
Indian territory.....	70					
Iowa.....	29,708	4,357	41,000	2,820	18,761	1,587
Kansas.....	53,697	12,183	248,400	7,226	42,406	4,057
Kentucky.....	7,273	4,449	90,360	1,500	44,502	2,049
Louisiana.....	2,158	95			1,058	95
Maine.....	308	100	300	100		
Maryland.....	8,832	1,114	8,207	519	4,590	595
Massachusetts.....	1,700	563	225	129	3,774	434
Michigan.....	12,548	1,756	37,557	1,288	6,134	469
Minnesota.....	3,426	7	10	5	15	2
Mississippi.....	11,612	1,709	13,185	709	11,223	1,000
Missouri.....	48,155	7,083	50,000	2,855	40,424	4,228
Montana.....	870	4	1		19	4
Nebraska.....	31,385	5,047	29,035	3,081	20,330	2,566
Nevada.....	4,045	237	120	35	1,076	202
New Hampshire.....	322	14	100	9	50	5
New Jersey.....	5,020	1,200	32,457	544	7,100	725
New Mexico.....	5,184	5,017	8,445	1,026	30,125	4,501
New York.....	15,710	9,253	47,146	2,076	9,067	1,182
North Carolina.....	51,572	15,008	146,579	8,022	53,505	6,386
North Dakota.....	360	3	20	3		
Ohio.....	110,620	30,895	711,008	22,241	171,055	14,654
Oregon.....	7,673	880	7,535	193	6,002	687
Pennsylvania.....	127,101	28,610	412,110	20,920	69,138	7,684
Rhode Island.....	30					
South Carolina.....	23,708	3,068	25,078	1,302	14,832	1,806
South Dakota.....	8,389	89	68	57	500	32
Tennessee.....	27,079	12,618	142,928	6,810	100,060	6,204
Texas.....	36,214	3,405	35,301	1,780	27,300	1,715
Utah.....	20,180	3,614	38,554	2,151	10,855	1,403
Vermont.....	315	442	4,130	104	4,597	278
Virginia.....	40,897	15,030	101,903	10,756	50,987	5,183
Washington.....	2,277	700	1,320	600	842	61
West Virginia.....	11,492	1,590	22,515	897	9,034	753
Wisconsin.....	17,305	1,773	40,201	1,310	4,330	463
Wyoming.....	1	1			4	1

ALLIGATOR AND BIRD HUNTING.

The hunting of alligators has assumed importance in recent years, and the statistics have been separately collected in connection with the statistics of fisheries. They are not included in the general tables. The skins form the principal product, but the teeth and claws and living animals are articles of commerce. The hunters of alligators are also hunters of birds of beautiful plumage, especially those frequenting the water. The great reptiles and the stately birds are alike diminishing under the persistent pursuit so rapidly that it is doubtful whether any future year will find material enough for an increased product.

Alligator hunting is limited to the swampy regions of the southern states, and is of greater importance in Florida than in all other states.

The largest number of birds reported under one name was that of white cranes.

The details regarding persons employed, apparatus and capital, and products appear in the following table:

ALLIGATOR INDUSTRY: 1889.

DESIGNATION.	Total.		Florida.		Louisiana.		Texas.	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
Persons employed.....	1,516	.....	1,207	.....	169	.....	140	.....
United States, white.....	1,108	.....	863	.....	150	.....	95	.....
United States, colored.....	18	.....	11	.....	1	.....	8	.....
United States, Indian.....	115	.....	115	.....	6	.....	4	.....
Foreign born.....	17	.....	7	.....	12	.....	85	.....
Unknown.....	258	.....	211	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Apparatus and capital.....	.....	\$10,540	.....	\$20,548	.....	\$5,017	.....	\$14,084
Boats.....	787	10,023	643	0,211	74	2,405	70	1,917
Guns.....	1,175	19,290	930	14,107	133	1,650	112	8,530
Ammunition.....	.....	7,043	.....	5,702	.....	605	.....	1,670
Other investments.....	.....	11,087	.....	8,408	.....	1,158	.....	7,061
Products.....	.....	250,300	.....	153,105	.....	85,196	.....	88,050
Alligator.....	.....	100,503	.....	110,880	.....	18,248	.....	34,460
Eggs.....	5,645	606	5,645	606	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ivory.....	2,219	8,308	1,654	3,120	405	178	100	100
Oil.....	1,007	1,663	567	1,220	438	815	102	128
Skins.....	108,123	160,073	84,038	107,201	40,008	17,551	42,670	84,231
Sold alive.....	10,025	4,512	10,174	4,308	751	204	.....	.....
Other products.....	.....	341	.....	341	.....	.....	.....	.....
Birds.....	845,781	80,707	52,217	30,210	78,328	16,888	215,186	88,000
Bittern.....	436	238	361	216	75	22	.....	.....
Crane, sandhill.....	7,711	2,084	204	127	7,017	1,757	400	200
Crane, white.....	29,458	10,128	15,202	11,050	12,220	6,105	2,031	1,904
Egret.....	8,842	0,105	8,819	0,084	.....	.....	23	21
Flamingo.....	600	673	50	46	510	527	.....	.....
Heron.....	21,051	17,780	10,738	18,051	52	16	4,801	4,713
Ibis.....	502	404	62	64	200	100	240	240
Osprey.....	125	30	.....	.....	125	30	.....	.....
Other.....	270,442	87,805	10,601	2,672	58,120	8,331	207,081	26,462