

LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

243

TABLE 2.—LIVESTOCK ON FARMS AND RANCHES—FARMS REPORTING, 1900 TO 1935; NUMBER, 1840 TO 1935; AND VALUE, 1850 TO 1935; OF SPECIFIED SPECIES IN THE UNITED STATES

(Statistics for 1935, 1925, and 1920 relate to Jan. 1; for 1930 to Apr. 1; for 1910 to Apr. 15; and for earlier years to June 1. Figures for divisions and States in tables 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 23, 24, and 25)

ITEM	Total value of specified species	HORSES AND MULES			Cattle	Swine	Sheep	Goats	Chickens ²	Turkeys ¹
		Horses and/or mules	Horses	Mules ¹						
Farms reporting										
1935		5,000,478	3,536,597	2,255,845	5,480,775	3,971,122	635,384	157,632	5,833,079	676,114
1930		5,024,713			4,803,174	3,535,119	583,578	112,864	5,372,597	
1925		5,365,513				3,618,624	430,738	91,402	5,505,617	
1920			4,704,235	2,259,746	5,358,243	4,850,807	538,593	107,267	5,837,367	670,834
1910			4,692,814	1,869,005	5,284,916	4,351,751	610,894	82,755	5,578,425	871,123
1900			4,530,628	1,480,652	4,730,480	4,335,363	763,518	77,515	³ 5,095,280	
Percent of all farms										
1935		73.4	51.9	33.1	80.5	58.3	9.3	2.3		9.9
1930		79.9			76.4	56.2	9.3	1.8		
1925		84.2				56.8	6.8	1.4		
1920			73.0	35.0	83.1	75.2	8.4	1.7		10.4
1910			73.8	29.4	83.1	68.4	9.6	1.3		13.7
1900			79.0	25.8	82.4	75.6	13.3	1.4		
Number ⁴										
1935		16,676,010	11,857,850	4,818,160	68,284,409	37,212,967	48,357,506	4,093,441	371,603,136	5,381,912
1930		18,885,856	13,510,839	5,375,017	63,895,826	56,287,920	56,975,084	4,821,294	378,878,281	
1925		22,081,520	16,400,623	5,680,897	60,760,366	50,853,526	35,590,159	3,370,218	409,290,849	
1920		25,199,552	19,767,161	5,432,391	66,639,556	59,346,409	35,033,510	3,458,925	359,537,127	3,627,028
1910		24,042,882	19,833,113	4,209,769	61,803,868	58,185,676	52,447,861	2,915,125	280,340,959	3,688,708
1900		21,531,635	18,267,020	3,264,615	67,719,410	62,868,041	61,503,713	1,870,599	⁵ 233,566,021	6,594,695
1890		17,518,120	15,266,244	2,251,876	57,648,792	57,426,859	40,876,312		⁶ 258,871,125	10,754,000
1880		12,170,296	10,357,488	1,812,808	⁶ 39,675,533	49,772,670	⁷ 42,192,074		⁸ 102,272,135	
1870		8,270,785	7,145,370	1,125,415	23,820,608	25,134,569	28,477,951			
1860		7,400,322	6,249,174	1,151,148	25,620,019	33,512,867	22,471,275			
1850		4,896,050	4,336,719	559,331	17,778,907	30,354,213	21,723,220			
1840		4,335,669			14,971,586	26,301,293	19,311,374			
Average number per farm reporting										
1935		3.3	3.4	2.1	12.5	9.4	76.1	26.0	63.7	8.0
1930		3.7			13.3	15.9	97.6	42.7	70.5	
1925		4.1				14.1	82.6	36.9	74.3	
1920			4.2	2.4	12.4	12.2	65.0	32.2	61.6	5.4
1910			4.2	2.3	11.7	13.4	85.9	35.2	50.3	4.2
1900			4.0	2.2	14.3	14.5	80.6	24.1	45.8	
Value										
1935	\$3,418,510,307	\$1,392,088,297	\$913,437,099	\$478,651,198	\$1,387,896,074	\$220,367,009	\$208,871,101	\$6,116,317	\$191,503,832	\$11,667,677
1930	6,048,538,593	1,348,647,299	905,881,187	442,766,112	3,303,987,602	641,098,909	413,859,962	19,320,072	321,624,749	
1925	4,829,227,335	1,451,040,753	1,001,520,679	449,520,074	2,019,488,987	614,951,004	354,485,355	10,249,786	379,011,450	
1920	7,976,856,273	2,561,371,898	1,782,077,487	779,294,411	3,651,521,490	988,582,380	395,401,286	17,565,363	349,508,867	12,904,989
1910	4,893,658,928	2,608,980,058	2,083,588,195	525,391,863	1,499,523,607	399,338,308	232,841,585	6,176,423	140,193,129	6,605,818
1900	2,973,386,402	1,092,735,270	896,513,217	196,222,053	1,475,204,633	231,978,031	170,203,119	3,265,349		
1890	⁹ 2,308,767,573									
1880	¹⁰ 1,576,884,707									
1870	¹¹ 1,229,889,610									
1860	1,089,329,915									
1850	544,180,516									
Percent of total value of species specified										
1935		100.0	40.7	26.7	14.0	40.6	6.4	0.2	5.6	0.3
1930		100.0	22.3	15.0	7.3	54.6	10.6	0.3	5.3	
1925		100.0	30.0	20.7	9.3	41.8	12.7	0.2	7.8	
1920		100.0	32.1	22.3	9.8	45.8	12.4	0.2	4.4	0.2
1910		100.0	53.3	42.6	10.7	30.6	8.2	0.1	2.9	0.1
1900		100.0	36.8	30.2	6.6	49.6	7.8	0.1		
Average value per head										
1935		\$83.48	\$77.03	\$99.34	\$20.33	\$5.92	\$4.32	\$1.49	\$0.52	\$2.17
1930		71.41	67.05	82.37	51.71	11.39	7.26	4.01	0.85	
1925		65.71	61.07	79.13	33.24	12.09	9.96	3.04	0.93	
1920		101.64	90.15	143.45	54.80	16.66	11.29	5.08	0.97	3.56
1910		108.51	105.06	124.80	24.26	6.86	4.44	2.12	0.50	1.79
1900		50.75	49.08	60.11	21.78	3.69	2.77	1.75		
Average value per farm reporting										
1935		278.39	258.28	212.18	253.23	55.49	328.73	38.80	32.83	17.26
1930		268.40			687.88	181.35	709.18	171.18	59.86	
1925		270.44				169.94	822.97	112.14	68.84	
1920			378.82	344.86	681.48	203.80	734.14	163.75	59.87	19.24
1910			444.00	281.11	283.74	91.76	381.15	74.64	25.13	7.58
1900			197.88	132.52	311.85	53.51	222.92	42.13		

¹ Asses enumerated with mules in censuses prior to 1890.
² Censuses of 1935, 1930, 1910, and 1900 specified over 3 months old. Census of 1880 specified "exclusive of spring hatching."
³ Reporting poultry of all kinds in 1900. (In 1910 poultry of all kinds were reported by 5,585,032 farms, of which 5,578,425, or 99.9 percent, reported chickens.)
⁴ Figures for censuses prior to 1900 were nominally exclusive of young animals, and prior to 1880 exclusive of range livestock.
⁵ Includes guinea fowls.
⁶ Includes 3,750,022 cattle on ranches and ranges computed by special agents assigned to range territory for this purpose.
⁷ Includes 7,000,000 sheep on ranches and ranges computed by special agents assigned to range territory for this purpose.
⁸ Number shown excludes "other" than barnyard fowls.
⁹ Includes estimated value of livestock on ranges of \$100,000,000 for 289,316 horses, 19,253 mules and asses, 5,851,640 cattle, 4,940,948 sheep, and 15,704 swine.
¹⁰ Includes \$76,500,000 for livestock on ranches and ranges estimated as 3,750,022 cattle, 7,000,000 sheep and 2,090,970 swine.
¹¹ Value in gold.

sent a substitution of other forms of power, as the 523,-702 new farms, added between 1930 and 1935, were mostly of small size; also, the crop acreage figures reported in 1935 were affected somewhat by unusual conditions, such as the drought of 1934 and the various crop and livestock programs, which may have brought about a switch from certain cash crops, requiring a large amount of cultivation, to general farming. While the

horse and mule problem itself is of great importance, the decrease in work animals markedly affects the entire agricultural set-up. For example, farmers must provide use for the several million acres of land formerly devoted to growing feed for about 2,000,000 horses and mules which have disappeared since 1930.

Considering the census years only, the decrease in the combined number of horses and mules on farms