U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE DANIEL C. ROPER, SECRETARY

> BUREAU OF THE CENSUS WILLIAM LANE AUSTIN, DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE : 1935

REPORTS FOR STATES WITH STATISTICS FOR COUNTIES AND A SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES

FARMS, FARM ACREAGE AND VALUE, AND SELECTED LIVESTOCK AND CROPS

> PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF Z. R. PETTET Chief Statistician for Agriculture

VOLUME I

Part 1 THE NORTHERN STATES

Part 2 THE SOUTHERN STATES

Part 3 THE WESTERN STATES

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON : 1936

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Volume I.—Farms, Farm Acreage and Value, and Selected Livestock and Crops. (A Summary for the United States and Statistics for States and Counties.)

Volume II.—Farms and Acreage by Size, Land of Part Owners, Farm Population, Dwellings, Labor, Years on Farms, Part-time Work; Specified Livestock and Livestock Products; and Miscellaneous Crops and Irrigated Crop Land. (A Summary for the United States and Statistics for States and Counties.)

Volume III.—General Report—Statistics by Subjects. (Statistics for the United States, Geographic Divisions and States.)

VOLUME I

This volume is composed of a United States Summary, and three parts with the States arranged by Geographic Divisions as follows:

PART 1-THE NORTHERN STATES: PART 2-THE SOUTHERN STATES: PART 3-THE WESTERN STATES:

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION: Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut

MIDDLE ATLANTIC DIVISION: New York New Jersey Pennsylvania

EAST NORTH CENTRAL DIVISION: Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin

WEST NORTH CENTRAL DIVISION: Minnesota Iowa Missouri North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas South Atlantic Division: Delaware Maryland District of Columbia Virginia West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL DIVISION: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL DIVISION: Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas MOUNTAIN DIVISION: Montana Idaho Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Arizona Utah Nevada

Pacific Division: Washington Oregon California

11

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, Washington, D. C., March 25, 1936.

Sir:

I transmit herewith Volume I of the Reports of the 1935 Census of Agriculture. This report presents detailed statistics for the United States, for each of the 48 States, for the District of Columbia, and for each of the counties within the States. Data are included for the number of farms, color and tenure of farm operator, uses of farm land, value of land and buildings, the acreage, production, and value of specified crops, and the value and the number of livestock, by principal classes and age groups.

The 1935 Census of Agriculture was taken in conformity with section 16 of the act providing for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses reading in part as follows:

"SEC. 16. That there shall be in the year 1935, and once every ten years thereafter, a census of agriculture and livestock, which shall show the acreage of farm land, the acreage of the principal crops, and the number and value of domestic animals on the farms and ranges of the country. * * * Such census shall be taken as of the 1st day of January and shall relate to the crop year. * * *"

The collection and compilation of these statistics and the preparation of this volume were under the supervision of Z. R. Pettet, Chief Statistician for Agriculture. He was assisted by Sherman S. Slick, Assistant Chief Statistician, B. B. Barrett, W. B. Jenkins, H. E. Robison, and Ray Hurley.

Acknowledgment is made of the cooperation of representatives of the United States Department of Agriculture and of the Central Statistical Board.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM LANE AUSTIN, Director of the Census.

Hon. DANIEL C. ROPER, Secretary of Commerce.

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CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE: 1935

INTRODUCTION

Scope of the census of agriculture.—The 1935 Census of Agriculture covered as its principal subjects, general farm data, including the number of farms, farm acreage, uses of land, value of farm land and buildings, and farm population; the acreage and production of crops; the number of livestock by principal classes and age groups; and the production of specified livestock products.

This volume covers the principal items for which statistics have been compiled from the census returns. For some of the items not shown in this report the tabulations have not been completed for all States. Statistics not included in this report will be published as rapidly as the tabulations are completed.

Method of taking the census.—The first step in taking the 1935 Census of Agriculture involved the preparation of a farm and ranch schedule, or questionnaire, containing inquiries covering the main items of farm inventory and production, with blank spaces for entering replies. The schedule was prepared jointly by representatives of the Bureau of the Census of the Department of Commerce, the Department of Agriculture, the Central Statistical Board, and other interested agencies. The schedule used in 1935 contained questions for 100 separate items. A copy of the farm and ranch schedule with instructions contained thereon is shown on pages x, xI, XII, XIII.

The second step involved a personal canvass, by census enumerators, of the individual farms in the continental United States. For purposes of enumeration the United States was divided into districts, for which 26,246 enumerators were appointed to secure a schedule for each individual farm in their assigned areas. The United States was also divided into 227 larger districts, for which supervisors were appointed to direct the work of the enumerators.

Date of enumeration.—Section 16 of the act providing for the Fifteenth Decennial Census specified that the 1935 Census of Agriculture should be taken as of January 1, 1935. The various inventory items on the schedule relate to January 1, 1935, while the production items are for the calendar year 1934.

Method of tabulation.—The 6,812,350 farm schedules, one for each farm in the United States, were filled out by the enumerators and forwarded through the offices of the district supervisors to the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. Upon receipt of the schedules in Washington, a force of about 700 trained clerks in the Division of Agriculture was assigned the task of examining them to see that the entries for the questions had been properly made and to place on each schedule a code for the color and tenure of the farm operator and for the size of the farm. Punch cards were prepared for the various entries on the schedule and these cards were run through electric tabulating machines to obtain the totals for the county.

Arrangement of statistics.-The summary in this report presents information for the United States, for 9 groups of States designated as "geographic divisions", and for each of the 48 States and the District of Columbia. The grouping of States into these units of territory facilitates a study of conditions in larger geographic areas. Thus, grouping by geographic divisions rather than alphabetically makes easier a comparison of statistics for a State with those of contiguous States. The first two tables present statistics for the United States, when available, for the most important items for each census from 1840 to 1935. The next three tables present data for the censuses of 1935 and 1930 for the United States, each geographic division, and each State. The first of these three tables presents statistics on number of farms, color and tenure of farm operators, farm acreage, uses of farm land, and value of land and buildings, with a supplemental table for the Southern States. The second presents figures for livestock on farms and ranches; and the third, on the acreage and production of specified crops. The division of this volume into parts 1, 2, and 3 is based upon a grouping of the State reports by geographic divisions. A map showing the geographic divisions and the States included in each is given on page xIV.

The State reports, which include statistics by counties, contain four tables. The first table presents a summary of the important items for the State, giving comparable figures for five census years beginning with 1910. The other three tables (one with a supplemental for the Southern States) present statistics by counties for the census of 1935 with comparable figures for most items for the census of 1930. Figures for number of farms, color and tenure of farm operators, farm acreage, uses of farm land, and value of farm land and buildings are given in the first of these three county tables, statistics on livestock in the second, and statistics on the acreage and production of specified crops in the third.

Comparability of previous statistics.—For many items, comparative data from the census of 1930 are given. Inventory items from the census of 1930 relate to April 1 of that year while the production items relate to the calendar year 1929. The change in the date of enumeration from April 1 in 1930 to January 1 in 1935 affected, somewhat, the comparability of statistics for the two censuses. This is especially true of statistics relating to livestock. In the tables giving a summary for the United States and for the various States, data, whenever available, are presented for several censuses. The comparability of these statistics is affected by the date on which the census was taken, the relative position of the specific inquiries on the farm schedule, the number of questions on the farm schedule, the wording of the specific inquiries, and many other factors.

Statistics for the census of 1935 affected by unusual conditions.-The severe drought of 1934 seriously affected the acreage and production of crops in that year. Many acres of crops failed completely. Lack of pasturage and feed forced the marketing, or moving out, of large numbers of livestock in many counties and States. Emergency feed crops were grown to supplement the short crops. Large acreages of land from which hav would have been cut under normal conditions were used only for pasture. Considerable acreages of thistles, weeds, and other vegetation not ordinarily used for hay were cut for forage in some areas. Large acreages of crops were harvested in a form, or for a purpose, other than that for which they were intended at planting time. For example, many acres of corn intended for harvest as grain were grazed, used for silage, hogged off, or used only as fodder.

Unemployment forced many families to return to the land. Some of these families produced agricultural products only for consumption, while others engaged in commercial agriculture. Low farm prices and relatively high prices of other commodities encouraged the raising of farm products for human consumption on the farm. The adjustment and drought-relief programs influenced the acreage used for many crops, and the distribution of livestock by age groups and by counties and States.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Farm.—A "farm", for census purposes, is all the land which is directly farmed by one person, either by his own labor alone or with the assistance of members of his household, or hired employees. A ranch, nursery, greenhouse, hatchery, feed lot, or apiary is considered a farm. Establishments keeping furbearing animals or game, fish hatcheries, stockyards, parks, etc., are not considered as farms unless combined with farm operations. The enumerator was instructed *not* to report as a farm any tract of land of less than 3 acres, unless its agricultural products in 1934 were valued at \$250 or more.

A farm may consist of a single tract of land, or of a number of separate tracts. These several tracts may be held under different tenures, as when one tract is owned by the farmer and another tract is rented by him. When a landowner has one or more tenants, renters, croppers, or managers the land operated by each is considered a farm. Thus on a plantation the land operated by each "cropper" or tenant was reported as a separate farm. The land operated by the owner or manager, by means of wage hands, was likewise reported as a separate farm.

Farm operator.—A "farm operator", according to the census definition, is a person who operates a farm, either performing the labor himself or directly supervising it. Therefore, the number of farm operators is identical with the number of farms.

Farms reporting.—The term "farms reporting", as used in the tables, indicates the farms for which the specified items shown in the particular table were reported. The number of farms reporting any item is for all practical purposes equivalent to the number of farms having such item. For example, if there were 900 farms in a county and only 640 of these had swine on hand on January 1, 1935, then the number of "farms reporting swine" would be 640.

Color of farm operator.—Farm operators are classified as "white" or "colored." White includes Mexicans and Hindus; and colored includes Negroes, Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and other nonwhite races, and also mixtures of white and colored races.

Tenure.—Farm operators are classified into three general classes according to the tenure under which they operate their farms, as follows:

1. Owners own all or part of the land which they operate. Separate figures are shown for two types of owners, namely, full owners and part owners. Full owners own all of the land they operate. Part owners own a part and rent from others the rest of the land they operate.

2. Managers operate farms for others and receive wages or salaries for their services. Persons acting merely as caretakers or hired as laborers are not classified as managers.

3. Tenants.—Tenants operate hired or rented land only. Figures for the Southern States cover two classes of tenants croppers and other tenants. Croppers are defined as share tenants, the principal distinguishing feature of the tenure being that the work animals are furnished by the landlord. Other tenants comprise all those who rent under other conditions or types of agreement.

Land in farms.—The acreage designated as "all land in farms" includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation, and some not even used for pasture or grazing, since each farm operator was asked to report as a unit all the land he considered a part of his farm, but not to include isolated tracts of timberland or other areas not connected with his farm.

Figures for the following eight classes of land based upon the use made of the land in 1934 are given:

1. Crop land harvested, comprises land from which cultivated crops were harvested, land from which hay (including wild hay) was cut, and land in small fruits, orchards, vineyards, nurseries, and greenhouses. Where two or more crops were harvested in 1934 from the same acreage, such acreage was included only once in the acreage of crop land harvested. However, the acreage and the quantity of the individual crops were reported separately as crops harvested. Thus, in some counties the total of the acreage of crops may greatly exceed the acreage designated as crop land harvested.

2. Crop failure.—The land from which no crop was harvested in 1934 because of destruction by wind, hail, drought, floods, insects, disease, or from any cause, or failure to harvest because of low prices or lack of labor is given under crop failure. If a crop was harvested, even though the yield was very low, the land from which the crop was actually harvested was included in the acreage designated as crop land harvested rather than in the acreage designated as crop failure. The acreage designated as crop failure does not represent the entire acreage of crops which failed, but only that acreage of land in crops that failed and which was not successfully replanted to a crop that was harvested in 1934.

3. Idle or fallow land, comprises crop land, which was lying idle or which was in cultivated summer fallow, or land on which crops were planted for soil improvement or the prevention of erosion, and which was not pastured, or from which no crop of any kind was harvested in 1934.

4. Plowable pasture, comprises land used only for pasture in 1934 which could have been used for crops without clearing, draining, or irrigating. (Land from which a crop was harvested in 1934 but which was later used for pasture was included under crop land harvested rather than under pasture land.)

5. Woodland pasture, comprises woodland used for pasture in 1934. Woodland is land occupied by trees, or young growth which will have a value as wood or timber, and includes all farm wood lots or timber tracts, natural or planted, and cut-over land with young growth, but excludes chaparral and woody shrubs.

6. Other pasture, comprises all land used only for pasture in 1934, which was not included in plowable pasture or wood-land pasture.

7. Woodland not used for pasture, comprises the woodland, included in acreage in 1935, which was *not used* for pasture in 1934.

8. All other land in farms, comprises rough, swampy, or waste land not in woodland, pasture, or crops; also land occupied by buildings, barnyards, feed lots, roads, fences, ditches, etc.

Farm value.—The enumerators were instructed to obtain from each farm operator the total value of the farm (land and buildings) operated by him. The total value of farm land and buildings was to be reported as the market value, or the amount for which the farm would sell. Part owners were to include the value of the land and buildings rented from others.

Number of livestock.—The 1935 Census of Agriculture was taken as of January 1, while the 1930 census was taken as of April 1. Hence, the numbers of the

various classes of livestock returned for these two census years are not fully comparable. A number of animals on a farm on January 1 of a year might die, be sold, or be slaughtered before April 1. On the other hand, a number of animals may be born or brought to farms between January 1 and April 1. In order to make the statistics for horses, mules, and cattle for 1930 and 1910 more nearly comparable with those for 1935, 1925, and 1920, the number of animals under 3 months of age on April 1, 1930, and on April 15, 1910, has been excluded from the comparative figures shown in this report for 1930 and 1910. For 1900 the number of animals under 1 year of age has been excluded from the figures shown in this report. Figures for cattle for censuses prior to 1900 were nominally exclusive of calves, hence, no subtractions have been made from the totals presented for the censuses of 1840 to 1890. All censuses prior to 1910 were taken as of June 1.

Acreage and quantity of crops harvested.—The acreage and quantity of crops harvested, secured in the census of 1935, are for the calendar year 1934. Comparative figures for 1929 are given for many items. The acreage shown for the several crops represents the acreage harvested, which is often less than the acreage planted.

Corn.—The 1935 farm schedule contained two inquiries relative to corn. One called for the total acreage of corn for all purposes and the other for the acreage and quantity harvested for grain. The acreage of corn for all other purposes (silage, fodder, grazing, or hogging off) was secured by subtracting the acreage of corn for grain from the acreage of corn for all purposes. The 1930 farm schedule contained five inquiries relative to corn. These five questions called for (1) the acreage of corn for grain, (3) the acreage of corn hogged or grazed off, (4) the acreage and tons of corn cut for silage, and (5) the acreage of corn cut for fodder.

Oats.—The acreage and quantity of oats cut for grain and threshed do not represent the total acreage and total quantity of oats harvested. In addition to the inquiry for oats cut for grain and threshed, the farm schedule contained two other inquiries under which oats were reported. One of these inquiries called for the acreage of oats cut for grain when ripe or nearly ripe and fed unthreshed, and the other inquiry called for the acreage and quantity of small grains cut for hay. The acreage and quantity of oats cut for hay were included with small grains cut for hay.

Sugarcane.—Only one inquiry relative to sugarcane was made in 1935. This called for the acreage and production in tons of sugarcane for all purposes. In 1930 two inquiries were made concerning sugarcane. One called for the acreage and production (in tons) of cane for sugar, or for sale to mills, and the other for the acreage and production of sugarcane for sirup (in gallons). In order to present comparable figures for 1929, farms reporting sugarcane for sugar or for sale to mills and farms reporting sugarcane for sirup have been added together to obtain farms reporting sugar-This addition does not result in any duplication cane. in farms reporting, except in Louisiana, which was the only State where sugarcane for sugar or for sale to mills was reported. A tabulation by parishes in Louisiana of the farms reporting sugarcane for sugar or for sale to mills and of farms reporting sugarcane for sirup indicates that not more than 1,217 out of the 6,717 farms reporting sugarcane for sugar or for sale to mills also reported sugarcane for sirup. Thus, the sum of farms reporting sugarcane for sirup and farms reporting sugarcane for sugar or for sale to mills, gives a rather accurate indication of the number of farms reporting sugarcane in 1929, even in Louisiana. The acreage of sugarcane for 1929 was obtained by adding the acreage of sugarcane for sirup, the acreage of sugarcane for sugar or for sale to mills, and the acreage of sugarcane for seed or other purposes where specific reports were available.

Hay.—The inquiries on annual legumes saved for hay, alfalfa, and small grains cut for hay were the same as those on the 1930 farm schedules. Only one inquiry was made concerning timothy and clover, alone or mixed (including red, mammoth, alsike, and crimson clovers), in 1935 while there were two inquiries on the 1930 schedule. One of these inquiries in 1930 called for timothy and timothy and clover mixed and the other for clovers (red, alsike, and mammoth). The comparative figures presented for 1929 for timothy and clover, alone or mixed, was obtained by adding the figures for the two classes for 1929. However, it should be pointed out that the figures for 1934 included crimson clover while those for 1929 do not. Figures for crimson clover were included with sweetclover and Japan clover in 1929. Probably the amount of crimson clover cut for hay is small, therefore, the figures obtained for sweet, crimson, and Japan clovers in 1929 are presented in comparison with the figures for sweetclover and Lespedeza cut for hay in 1934. Separate inquiries concerning other tame grasses and wild grasses cut for hay were carried on the 1930 schedule, whereas these two inquiries were combined on the 1935 farm schedule. The drought brought about such a shortage of feed in 1934 that many acres of weeds, thistles, and other vegetation which in a normal year would not be used as hay, were cut and utilized. In most States these weeds which were cut for hay were reported under all other tame and wild grasses.

Values of specified crops and livestock.—The values shown in the State and United States tables were obtained by multiplying the number of units of crops harvested in 1934 or the number of each class of livestock on hand January 1, 1935, by the average unit value for the State. These unit values were calculated, cooperatively, by the Bureau of the Census of the Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the Department of Agriculture. These unit values were based upon the average prices received by farmers, as reported by the regular price correspondents of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE DANIEL C. ROPER, SECRETARY

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS WILLIAM LANE AUSTIN, DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE: 1935

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SECOND SERIES

FARMS AND FARM ACREAGE BY SIZE, LAND OF PART OWNERS, FARM POPULATION DWELLINGS, LABOR, YEARS ON FARM, PART-TIME WORK; SPECIFIED LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS; ANNUAL LEGUMES, VEGETABLES, FRUITS AND MISCELLANEOUS CROPS; AND IRRIGATED CROP LAND

> PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF Z. R. PETTET Chief Statistician for Agriculture

VOLUME II

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PART 2 THE SOUTHERN STATES

Part 3 THE WESTERN STATES

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New Hampshire	Maryland	Idaho
Vermont	District of Columbia	Wyoming
Massachusetts	Virginia	Colorado
Rhode Island	West Virginia	New Mexico
Connecticut	North Carolina	Arizona
	South Carolina	\mathbf{Utah}
MIDDLE ATLANTIC DIVISION:	Georgia	Nevada
New York	Florida	
New Jersey		PACIFIC DIVISION:
Pennsylvania	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL DIVISION:	Washington
-	Kentucky	Oregon
EAST NORTH CENTRAL DIVISION:	Tennessee	California
Ohio	Alabama	
Indiana	Mississippi	
Illinois		
Michigan	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL DIVISION:	
Wisconsin .	Arkansas	
	Louisiana	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL DIVISION:	Oklahoma	
Minnesota	Texas	
Iowa		
Missouri		
North Dakota		
South Dakota		
Nebraska		
Kansas		

11

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, Washington, D. C., December 11, 1936.

SIR:

I transmit herewith Volume II of the Reports of the 1935 Census of Agriculture. This report presents detailed statistics for the United States, for each of the 48 States, for the District of Columbia, and for each of the counties within the States. Data are included for farms and farm acreage classified by size, rented land in farms operated by part owners, farm population, migration to farms, farm dwellings, farm labor, days worked for pay or income by farm operators at jobs not connected with their farms and principal occupations reported by these operators, the number of years the farmer had been operating his farm, cows milked, milk production, butter churned on farms, sheep shorn, wool production, goats and kids, production of mohair, chickens on hand, chicken eggs produced, chickens raised, turkeys on hand, annual legumes, vegetables harvested for sale, farm gardens, specified fruits, forest products, and irrigated land from which crops were harvested in 1934.

The 1935 Census of Agriculture was taken in conformity with section 16 of the act providing for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses reading in part as follows:

SEC. 16. That there shall be in the year 1935, and once every ten years thereafter, a census of agriculture and livestock, which shall show the acreage of farm land, the acreage of the principal crops, and the number and value of domestic animals on the farms and ranges of the country. * * * Such census shall be taken as of the 1st day of January and shall relate to the crop year. * * *

The collection and compilation of these statistics and the preparation of this volume were under the supervision of Z. R. Pettet, Chief Statistician for Agriculture. He was assisted by Sherman S. Slick, Assistant Chief Statistician, B. B. Barrett, W. B. Jenkins, H. E. Robison, and Ray Hurley.

Acknowledgment is made of the cooperation of representatives of the United States Department of Agriculture and of the Central Statistical Board.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM LANE AUSTIN, Director of the Census.

Hon. DANIEL C. ROPER, Secretary of Commerce.

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Arizona	874	875	876	877	878	880	881	Nevada	898	899	900	901	902	904	905
Arkansas	675	676	678	679	680	686	690	New Hampshire	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
California	940	941	942	943	944	949	952	New Jersey	78	79	80	81	82	84	86
Colorado	842	843	844	845	846	851	854	New Mexico	860	861	862	863	864	867	869
Connecticut	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	New York	60	61	62	63	64	69	72
Delaware	403	404	406	407	408	409	410	North Carolina	471	472	474	475	476	484	488
District of Columbia					408	409	410	North Dakota	310	311	312	313	314	318	321
Florida	551	552	554	555	556	562	565	Ohio	112	113	114	115	116	124	128
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Kansas	372	373	374	375	376	384	389	South Dakota	328	329	330	331	332	338	341
Kentucky	573	574	576	577	578	587	592	Tennessee	603	604	606	607	608	616	620
Louisiana	697	698	700	701	702	707	710	Texas	739	740	742	743	744	764	774
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Mississippi	651	652	654	655	656	662	666	Wisconsin	208	209	210	211	212	218	222
Missouri	280	281	282	283	284	294	299	Wyoming	830	831	832	833	834	836	838
Montana	796	797	798	799	800	805	808								

¹ Map of the United States showing geographic divisions, p. XIV.

IV

CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE: 1935 SECOND SERIES

INTRODUCTION

Reports on agriculture.—In the act of Congress providing for the 1935 Census of Agriculture it was specified that the census shall show the acreage of farm land, the acreage of the principal crops, and the number and value of domestic animals on the farms and ranges of the country. Other inquiries for inclusion on the schedule were left to the discretion of the Director of the Census. One hundred inquiries were finally decided upon. All of these, whether required by statute or of a discretionary nature, were carefully chosen with the aid and advice of both governmental and nongovernmental agencies.

After the enumeration and examination of the schedules were completed, it was found that 523,702 more farms had been listed in 1935 than in 1930. Because of the additional cost attendant to this increase in the number of farms, which had not been entirely anticipated, and because of the multiplicity of possible tabulations, it was decided to divide the schedule inquiries into two groups for tabulation and publication. By doing so, it was possible to give more expeditious treatment for early publication of the tabulations for those inquiries covered by statutory requirements and certain others of high relative importance. All other items were deferred for inclusion in a second group of tabulations for later publication.

Following this general plan, two bulletins, showing State and county totals, were issued for each State. The State bulletins of the first series carried State and county totals for farms classified by color and by tenure of operator; farm acreage classified according to use, and by color and by tenure of operator; farm value classified by color of operator and by tenure of operator; the numbers of the principal classes of livestock; and the acreage and quantity of specified crops harvested. The State bulletins of the second series presented State and county statistics for the following items: Farms and farm acreage classified by size, rented land in farms operated by part owners, farm population, migration to farms, farm dwellings, farm labor, days worked for pay or income by farm operators at jobs not connected with their farms and principal occupations reported by these operators, the number of years the farmer had been operating his farm, cows milked, milk production, butter churned on farms, sheep shorn, wool production, goats and kids, production of mohair, chickens on hand, chicken eggs pro-

duced, chickens raised, turkeys on hand, annual legumes, vegetables harvested for sale, farm gardens, specified fruits, forest products sold, and irrigated land from which crops were harvested in 1934. Figures for sheep and lambs of all ages and cows and heifers 2 years old and over are included for comparative purposes, even though shown in the first bulletins.

The earlier State bulletins, i. e., those for the first series, were later bound and published as volume I of the General Reports for Agriculture. The State bulletins for the second group (second series bulletins) comprise this volume which is designated volume II of the General Reports for Agriculture. A third volume, presenting data by subjects, containing totals and derived percentages and averages for the United States, for the individual States and for groups of States, is in preparation and will be designated volume III of the General Reports for Agriculture.

Summary tables in the introduction to volumes I and II present available historical data, for the United States only, from the earliest agricultural census that of 1840, to the latest, covering the most important items of the 1935 Census. Two such tables are presented in volume I carrying information similar to that in the State reports in that volume. Likewise, five such tables are carried in volume II. Also, additional summary tables are presented in each of these volumes, most of which show comparative figures for 1930 and 1935 for the United States, for nine groups of States designated "geographic divisions", and for each of the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

The State reports in this volume are bound under one cover and arranged geographically. Part 1 contains reports for the Northern States, part 2 for the Southern States, and part 3 for the Western States. Table numbers presented in volume II are given as a continuation of those in volume I; e. g., State table 1 for each State appears in volume I and State tables 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 appear in volume II.

The same general method of enumeration was employed for the 1935 Census of Agriculture as heretofore. The figures are, therefore, the results obtained from tabulation of information given by farm operators to the Census enumerators in a personal canvass of the individual farms in the United States.

Census dates.—The statistics presented for the Census of 1935 relate to inventory items as of January 1, 1935, while those for production items relate to the calendar year 1934. Comparative data for 1930 are given for many items, the inventory items being for April 1 of that year and the production items for the calendar year 1929. In State table 4, where figures are given for several prior censuses, the dates of enumeration are indicated in the table heading.

The influences of the severe drought in 1934 and of the economic conditions existing when the 1935 Census of Agriculture was taken must be considered when comparing the statistics obtained on the use of land, the number of livestock on farms, the kind of crops grown and the quantities harvested, and on the utilization of crops, in the Census of 1935 with those of previous censuses.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Farm.—A "farm", for census purposes, is all the land which is directly farmed by one person, either by his own labor alone or with the assistance of members of his household, or hired employees. A ranch, nursery, greenhouse, hatchery, feed lot, or apiary is considered a farm. Establishments keeping fur-bearing animals or game, fish hatcheries, stockyards, parks, etc., are not considered as farms, unless combined with farm operations.

The enumerator was instructed *not* to report as a farm any tract of land of less than 3 acres, unless its agricultural products in 1934 were valued at \$250 or more.

A farm may consist of a single tract of land, or of a number of separate tracts. These several tracts may be held under different tenures, as when one tract is owned by the farmer and another tract is rented by him. When a land owner has one or more tenants, renters, croppers, or managers, the land operated by each is considered a farm. Thus on a plantation the land operated by each cropper or tenant was reported as a separate farm. The land operated by the owner or manager, by means of wage hands, was likewise reported as a separate farm.

Farm operator.—A "farm operator", according to the census definition, is a person who operates a farm, either performing the labor himself, or directly supervising it. Therefore, the number of farm operators is identical with the number of farms.

Farms reporting.—The term "farms reporting", as used in the tables, indicates the number of farms for which the specified items shown in the particular table were reported. The number of farms reporting any item is for all practical purposes equivalent to the number of farms having such item. For example, if there were 900 farms in a county and only 800 of these had chickens on January 1, 1935, then the number of "farms reporting chickens" would be 800.

Color of farm operator and farm population.—Farm operators and farm population are classified as "white"

or "colored". White includes Mexicans and Hindus; and colored includes Negroes, Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other nonwhite races, also mixtures of white and colored races.

Tenure.—Farm operators are classified into three general classes according to the tenure under which they operate their farms, as follows:

1. Owners own all or part of the land which they operate. Separate figures are shown for two types of owners, namely, full owners and part owners. Full owners own all the land they operate. Part owners own a part and rent from others the rest of the land they operate.

2. Managers operate farms for others and receive wages or salaries for their services. Persons acting merely as caretakers or hired as laborers are not classified as managers.

3. Tenants operate hired or rented land only. For the Southern States, figures are presented for two subclasses of tenants croppers and other tenants. Croppers are defined as share tenants, the principal distinguishing feature of the tenure being that the work animals are furnished by the landlord. Other tenants comprise all those who rent under other conditions or types of agreement.

Land in farms.—The acreage designated as "all land in farms" includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation, and some land not even used for pasture or grazing, since each farm operator was asked to report as a unit all the land he considered a part of his farm, but not to include isolated tracts of timber or other areas not connected with his farm.

Land area.—The total area of land and changes which occurred between 1930 and 1935 in counties and States are given in volume I (county table I of the States). Texas and Oklahoma were the only States for which the total land area in 1935 was different from that in 1930.

Farms classified by size.—The grouping of farms and land in farms by size (acreage in the farm) used at preceding censuses was revised for the Census of 1935. The revision in the size-of-farm groups was made with the expectation that the mode of each group, especially in "survey" territory, would tend to fall more nearly at the midpoint of the group interval.

The revised size-of-farm groups and those used at preceding censuses are:

	REVISED SIZE-OF-FARM GROUPS								
SIZE-OF-FARM GROUPS USED AT PRECEDING CENSUSES	Acreage groups	Group interval (acres)	Mid- point ofgroup (acres)						
Under 3 acres	Under 3 acres	3							
3 to 9 acres	3 to 9 acres	7	6.5						
10 to 19 acres)	[10 to 29 acres	20	20						
20 to 49 acres	30 to 49 acres	20	40						
50 to 99 acres	(50 to 69 acres 70 to 99 acres		60 85						
100 to 174 acres	100 to 139 acres 140 to 179 acres	40 40	120 160						
175 to 259 acres	180 to 219 acres 220 to 259 acres	40 40	200 240						
260 to 499 acres	{260 to 379 acres 380 to 499 acres	120 120	320 440						
500 to 999 acres	{500 to 699 acres {700 to 999 acres	200 300	600 850						
1,000 to 4,999 acres	1,000 to 4,999 acres	4,000	3,000						
5,000 to 9,999 acres	5,000 to 9,999 acres	5,000	7, 500						
10,000 acres and over	10,000 acres and over								

In order to facilitate comparison of these new size-offarm groups with those used at preceding censuses, the revised group of 10 to 29 acres was tabulated as 2 subgroups, 10 to 19 acres and 20 to 29 acres, and the revised group of 140 to 179 acres was tabulated as 2 subgroups, 140 to 174 acres and 175 to 179 acres. Of the six items tabulated by size—namely, number of farms, all land in farms, crop land harvested, crop failure, crop land lying idle or fallow, and plowable pasture—figures are presented herein only for two, the number of farms and all land in farms. Figures for other important items will be published later by States.

Farm population, 1935, includes all persons living on farms regardless of whether they had anything to do with the operation of the farms, except that inmates of an institution were not included as farm population even though they performed some work on the farm. Persons living on farms which were either partly or wholly located in towns or cities were included as farm population. Those away from the farm only temporarily were included as persons living on farms, if they considered the farm as their place of residence. The classification of farm population at the decennial Census of 1930 was based upon the reply to the inquiry on the population schedule, "Does this family live on a farm?"

The number of farms reporting farm population is the number of farms on which persons were living on January 1, 1935. This number of farms is identical with the number of farms reporting occupied dwellings. The number of farms for which no population was reported may be secured by subtracting the number of farms reporting farm population from the total number of farms. The number of farms reporting both white and colored persons living on the same farm may be obtained by subtracting the number of farms reporting farm population from the combined sum of the farms reporting white farm population and the farms reporting colored farm population. The number of farms on which white persons only (no colored persons) were reported may be secured by subtracting the number of farms which report both white and colored farm population from the number of farms reporting white farm population. Similarly, if the number of farms with both white and colored population is subtracted from the number of farms reporting colored farm population. the number of farms reporting colored farm population only will be secured.

Persons on farms who lived in nonfarm residences five years earlier.—The purpose of this inquiry on the schedule was to find out how many of the persons living on farms on January 1, 1935, had moved to these farms from cities, towns, villages, or other nonfarm residences during the preceding 5 years. Obviously the figures obtained by this question do not indicate the maximum movement from cities, towns, and other nonfarm residences to farms, as many persons may have moved to farms during the years when the depression was most

severe and then returned to cities, towns, or other nonfarm residences before January 1, 1935. Nor do these figures indicate the net result of city-to-farm migration during the 5-year period, as they do not show how many persons who were living in cities, towns, villages, or other nonfarm residences on January 1, 1935, had moved from farms during the 5-year period.

Dwellings on farms comprise all dwellings located on farms regardless of whether or not they were occupied and include the dwellings occupied by farm operators and members of their families and also the dwellings occupied by any other persons, irrespective of whether or not these persons were engaged in the actual operation of the farms. The classification of dwellings as occupied or unoccupied was as of January 1, 1935. Any place in which people were living, such as a mansion, house, sod hut, shack, cabin, hogan, etc., was to be reported as an occupied dwelling. In the tables, the number of farms reporting occupied dwellings may be obtained by adding the farms reporting one occupied dwelling and farms reporting two or more occupied dwellings. Farms reporting both occupied and unoccupied dwellings may be obtained by subtracting farms reporting occupied dwellings only, from the number of farms reporting occupied dwellings. The sum of the farms reporting "both occupied and unoccupied dwellings" and farms reporting "unoccupied dwellings only" gives the total number of farms reporting unoccupied dwellings.

Farm labor.—The inquiries on the schedule relating to farm labor were as follows:

"Number of persons working on this farm, first week in January (do not include persons doing housework):

- "(a) Family labor, include yourself and members of your family doing farm work without wages______ Number_____
- "(b) Hired help, include monthly, day, and piece-work hands, and members of your family paid wages by you______ Number _____"

The instructions relating to farm labor given to the enumerators on the reverse side of the farm schedule were:

- "(a) Include as family labor the farm operator, and those members of his family who have worked on this farm without pay for the equivalent of two or more days (at work other than housework) during the week beginning January 1, 1935, and who did not work longer than this during the same week at some paid occupation. Note that members of the family who are paid wages for work on this farm are to be reported as hired help. Exclude all members of the family who were living on this farm but were not working on this farm; for example adult sons and daughters who are unemployed, or visitors, and whose services are not used on this farm.
- "(b) Report as hired help all who received (or will receive) wages for working the equivalent of two or more days during the week beginning January 1, 1935. This should include members of the family who are paid wages for work on this farm."

The number of farms for which neither family labor nor hired help was reported may be obtained by subtracting the number of farms reporting family labor and/or hired help from the total number of farms. | legume was to include the acreage hogged or grazed off. The number of farms reporting both family labor and hired help may be obtained by adding the farms reporting family labor and the farms reporting hired help and subtracting from this total the number of farms reporting family labor and/or hired help. If the number of farms reporting both family labor and hired help is subtracted from the number of farms reporting family labor, the number of farms reporting family labor but no hired help will be secured.

Work for pay or income not connected with this farm.—Figures presented under this heading relate to work for pay or income by the farm operator at jobs, professions, or businesses not connected with his farm.

Principal occupation off the farm.-The principal occupations during the time the operators worked off their farms were classified as either "agricultural" or "nonagricultural". In case the farm operator worked at two or more jobs, professions, or businesses, the enumerator was instructed to report as the principal occupation the one at which the farm operator spent the most days of work in 1934. The number of farm operators for whom the occupation was not reported and those for whom the occupation could not be classified may be secured by subtracting from the number of farm operators reporting work for pay or income not connected with the farm, the combined total number of operators reporting agricultural and those reporting nonagricultural occupations.

Years on this farm as operator.-The figures presented under this heading are the result of the classification of the replies of farm operators to this question: "Year when you first began to operate this farm?"

Number of livestock .--- The 1935 Census of Agriculture was taken as of January 1, while the 1930 Census was taken as of April 1. Hence, the numbers of the various classes of livestock returned for these two census years are not fully comparable. A number of animals on a farm on January 1 of a year might die, be sold, or be slaughtered before April 1. On the other hand, a number of animals may be born or brought to farms between January 1 and April 1.

Acreage and quantity of crops harvested.-The acreage and quantity of crops harvested, secured in the Census of 1935, are for the calendar year 1934. The acreage shown for the several crops represents the acreage harvested, which is often less than the acreage planted.

Annual legumes.—The acreage of the several annual legumes represents the total acreage harvested. The acreage harvested includes that from which nuts, peas, beans, etc., were harvested, that from which hay was cut, and that which was hogged or grazed off. The acreage harvested does not include the acreage which was plowed under or used only as a soil-improving crop. Since the total acreage reported for each annual

and that from which hay was saved without any peanuts, peas, beans, or seeds being harvested, the quantity harvested does not represent the total production for the acreage reported, but only the production of that portion of the acreage which was harvested for peanuts, peas, beans, or seed.

The number of farms reporting, acreage, and quantity of annual legumes saved for hay are shown in county table III for each State in volume I.

For 1919 and 1909, where peanuts, cowpeas, soybeans, and navy, pinto, lima, and other ripe field beans were grown with other crops, the enumerator was instructed to allot, according to his best judgment, a part of the acreage to the annual legume crop and a part to the other crop. This resulted in securing the approximate total acreage of each annual legume crop on the basis of an equivalent acreage of the annual legume grown alone. For this and other reasons, figures secured at prior censuses are not closely comparable with the figures for 1934 and 1929, which represent the acreage on which the legume was grown irrespective of the companion crop or of how much of the space the legume crop actually occupied when interplanted or grown with other crops. The figures for peanuts for 1919 and 1909 do not include the acreage of peanuts cut for hay, nor the acreage of peanuts hogged off.

Data for the various annual legumes for 1924 are omitted from the United States and State tables as it is believed that for most items the available figures are not sufficiently comparable with those for other years. Lack of comparability results from the wording of the inquiries on the 1925 farm schedule.

Value of farm garden vegetables.-This value represents the estimate by the farm operator as to the value of farm garden vegetables grown for home use. The value of Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes grown either in farm gardens or elsewhere for home use was to be excluded. Vegetables grown by institutions for use by the inmates were included under vegetables harvested for sale and not under value of farm garden vegetables.

Vegetables for sale .--- The acreage includes all vegetables harvested for sale, except Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes. Since the farm schedule failed to provide a space for the entering of the acreage of vegetables raised for home use only, some enumerators may have reported the acreage for home use as harvested for sale, even though the inquiries on the schedule definitely instructed them not to include these under vegetables harvested for sale. In 1909, vegetables were not classified as raised for sale or for home use. Instead, there was made for each important vegetable a special tabulation of all reports of 1 acre or more. The figures for 1909 presented for vegetables harvested for sale represent vegetables raised in tracts of 1 acre or more. These figures do not include all vegetables garden vegetables may have been produced in tracts containing less than 1 acre.

Strawberries.—The acreage shown for strawberries also includes some planted acreage on the date of enumeration from which no crop was harvested during the preceding season.

All other crops.-Crops not specifically listed elsewhere on the farm schedule were to be reported as all other crops. These include such crops as buckwheat, broomcorn, grass seeds, popcorn, hops, root crops for feed, sorghums for sirup, fiber flax, raspberries, cranberries, blackberries, nursery stock, flowers, etc.

Land in fruit orchards, vineyards, and planted nut trees.—This includes the acreage of land devoted to the production of tree fruits, planted nuts, and grapes. It includes not only the acreage occupied by the fruits for which a report was asked for on the farm schedule. but also that occupied by planted pecans, apricots, walnuts, lemons, tung oil nut trees, etc. This acreage does not include that occupied by wild pecan trees nor in nurseries. For many farms, on which there were a small number of trees reported or on which the trees were scattered around the farmstead, acreage in orchards, vineyards, and planted nut trees was not reported.

Oranges and grapefruit.-The 1935 schedule called for the production of oranges and grapefruit in field boxes. At previous censuses, the production was to be reported in boxes (kind not specified).

Value of forest products sold.—This inquiry was as follows: "Value of all forest products of this farm sold in 1934 (include value of firewood)." This value was to include the value of lumber, poles, piling, logs, firewood, pulpwood, fence posts, railroad ties, mine tim-

harvested for sale as a considerable acreage of market | bers, maple sirup and maple sugar, actually sold from farms in 1934. Forest products cut or on hand, but unsold, were not to be included. The notation to include the value of firewood probably resulted. in some cases, in the reporting of the value of firewood used on the farm rather than the value of firewood sold.

> Values of specified crops, livestock products, and livestock .-- The values shown in the State tables were obtained by multiplying the number of units of crops harvested or livestock products produced in 1934, or the number of each class of livestock on hand on January 1, 1935, by the average unit value for the These unit values were calculated, coopera-State. tively, by the Bureau of the Census of the Department of Commerce and the Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the Department of Agriculture. These unit values were based upon average prices received by farmers as reported by regular price correspondents of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

SCHEDULE, INSTRUCTIONS, AND UNITED STATES MAP

The farm schedule.—The farm schedule used in the 1935 Census of Agriculture is reproduced in whole on the pages immediately following. The inquiries were listed on one side of the schedule and general instructions to the enumerators and specific instructions relative to the inquiries were carried on the reverse side. The dimensions of the schedule were 12³/₄ inches by 19½ inches. A separate schedule was used to record the information for each farm in the United States.

United States map.—A map showing the boundaries of the United States and outlining the geographic divisions and the States included in each is given on page XIV.

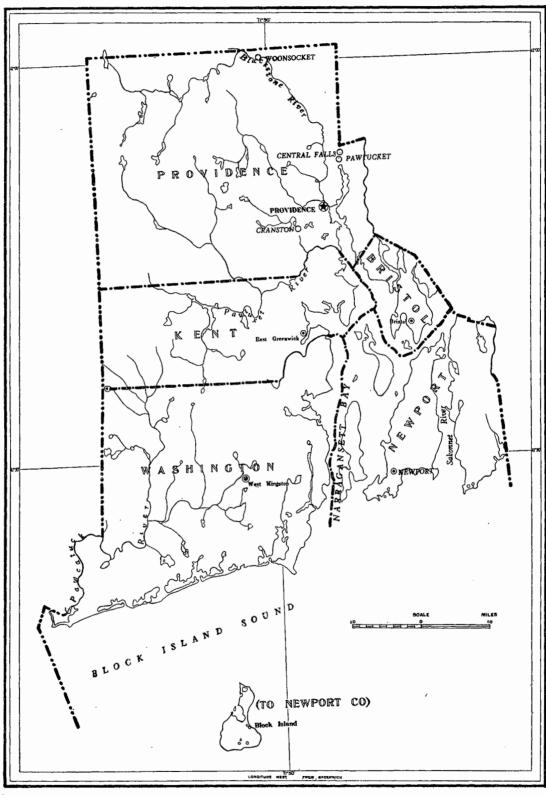
RHODE ISLAND

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RHODE ISLAND

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COUNTIES, PRINCIPAL CITIES, AND RIVERS



36

STATE TABLE I.—FARMS, FARM ACREAGE AND VALUE, AND PRINCIPAL CLASSES OF LIVESTOCK ON FARMS AND RANCHES WITH VALUE, 1935, 1930, 1925, 1920, AND 1910; AND FARM LAND ACCORDING TO USE, AND ACREAGE, QUANTITY, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED CROPS HARVESTED, 1934, 1929, 1924, 1919, AND 1909

ITEM (For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	1935 (Jan. 1)	1930 (Apr. 1)	1925 (Jan, 1)	1920 (Jan. 1)	1910 (Apr. 15)
Farmstotal numbertotal number_	4, 327	3, 322	3, 911	4, 083	5, 292
Full ownersnumber	3, 239 396	2, 523 285	3, 033 230	2, 971 274	3, 831 256
Managersnumber Tenantsnumber	95 597	99 415	176 472	205 633	251 954
All land in farmstotal acrestotal acres	307, 725	279, 361	309, 013	331, 600	443, 308
Full ownersacresacresacres	199, 653 31, 501	196, 784 23, 751	229, 663 17, 926	227, 060 21, 874	(1) (1)
Managersacresacres	29, 038 47, 533	17, 419 41, 407	24, 021 37, 403	29, 792 52, 874	44, 436 80, 610
Value of farms (land and buildings)total dollars By tenure of farm operator:	35, 237, 660	34, 507, 749	27, 920, 365	26, 387, 926	27, 932, 860
Full ownersdollars	21, 411, 039 4, 079, 943	21, 794, 954 4, 634, 295	19, 856, 482 1, 897, 324	15, 594, 577 2, 347, 079	(1) (1)
Part ownersdollarsdo	5, 769, 615	3, 992, 975	3, 339, 808	4, 616, 373	5, 175, 000
Tenantsdollars	3, 977, 063	4, 085, 525	2, 826, 751	3, 829, 897	4, 620, 565
Principal classes of livestock on farms and ranches: Horsesfarms reporting	1 000	(1)	(1)	0.150	4 110
Horsesharms reporting number value, dollars	1, 883 3, 290 409, 307	(1) 2 3, 164 2 399, 269	(1) 5, 368 641, 080	3, 176 6, 540 972, 111	4, 113 ² 9, 527 ² 1, 422, 067
Mulesfarms reporting	31	(1)	(1)	35	34
number value, dollars	52 5, 200	² 66 ² 7, 311	93 9, 135	75 9, 037	² 63 ² 11, 155
Cattlefarms reporting	2, 671	2, 419	(1)	3, 318	4, 001
number value, dollars	27, 905 1, 652, 321	² 27, 957 ² 2, 912, 929	27, 203 2, 081, 441	30, 519 2, 984, 096	² 30, 375 ² 1, 285, 647
Sheepfarms reporting	141	110	109	146	242
number value, dollars	2, 276 10, 697	- 3, 060 - 26, 607	1, 897 16, 487	2, 736 37, 319	6, 789 32, 637
Swinefarms reporting number	639 5, 965	508 4, 811	739 4, 175	2, 097 12, 869	1,665
value, dollars	5, 965 57, 264	4, 811 71, 864	4, 175 79, 126	331, 138	14, 038 123, 647
-	1934	1929	1924	1919	1909
Farm land according to use:					
Crop land harvestedacresacresacresacres	66, 464 555	55, 214 2, 117 10, 925	69, 368 407	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Crop land, idle or fallowacres	11, 176 25, 341	10, 925 35, 205	6, 228 33, 599		
Plowable pastureacresacresacres	36, 203	37, 854	50, 093	8	8
Other pastureacresacres	32, 658 112, 338	27, 373 83, 735	27, 293 94, 831		
All other land in farmsacres	22, 990	26, 938	27, 194	65	(1)
Specified crops harvested: Wheat threshedfarms reporting	6	4	(1)	40	7
acres bushels	54 1,072	16	18 365	106	13
value, dollars	1, 072	496 720	602	2, 275 5, 232	208 211
Oats threshedfarms reporting	39 282	47 302	(1) 449	321 1, 215	455
acres bushels	8,704	10, 576	16, 366	34, 507	1, 726 48, 212
value, dollars	5, 571	7, 848	11, 457	37, 958	28, 661
Barley threshedfarms reporting acres	1 4	5 16	14 98	43 145	$63 \\ 182$
bushels value, dollars	85 68	. 383 . 383	2, 101 2, 521	3, 154 4, 416	4,676 4,126
Rye threshedfarms reporting	16	22	31	120	176
acres	43	72	184	349	477
bushels value, dollars	840 798	1, 222 1, 589	3, 869 6, 190	5,650 11,300	7, 545 7, 007
	1, 254	1, 419 8, 089	1,650 8,077	(1) (1)	(1) (1)
Corn for all purposes	7 964		0,017	9 911	2,898
acres Corn harvested for grainfarms reporting	7, 264 617	610	953	2, 211	
acres Corn harvested for grainfarms reporting acres bushels	7, 264 617 2, 287 72, 838	610 1,852 76,463	2, 807 112, 421	2, 211 7, 324 310, 901	9, 679 398, 193
acres Corn harvested for grainfarms reporting acres bushels value, dollars	7, 264 617 2, 287 72, 838 67, 739	610 1,852 76,463 91,755	2, 807 112, 421 163, 011	310, 901 606, 256	398, 193 335, 629
acres Corn harvested for grainfarms reporting acres bushels value, dollars Irish potatoes (all varieties)	7, 264 617 2, 287 72, 838 67, 739	610 1,852 76,463 91,755 1,756	2, 807 112, 421 163, 011	310, 901 606, 256	398, 193 335, 629 3, 941
acres	7, 264 617 2, 287 72, 838 67, 739 2, 648 3, 730 697, 481	610 1, 852 76, 463 91, 755 1, 756 1, 865 237, 056	2, 807 112, 421 163, 011 2, 069 2, 110 254, 373	$\begin{array}{c} 310, 901 \\ 606, 256 \\ 2, 987 \\ 3, 149 \\ 293, 087 \end{array}$	398, 193 335, 629 3, 941 4, 649 552, 677
acres Corn harvested for grain	7, 264 617 2, 287 72, 838 67, 739 2, 648 3, 730 697, 481 509, 161	610 1,852 76,463 91,755 1,756 1,865 237,056 426,700	2,807 112,421 163,011 2,069 2,110 254,373 251,829	$\begin{array}{c} 310, 901 \\ 606, 256 \\ 2, 987 \\ 3, 149 \\ 293, 087 \\ 674, 100 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 398, 193\\ 335, 629\\ 3, 941\\ 4, 649\\ 552, 677\\ 408, 429\end{array}$
acres	7, 264 617 2, 287 72, 838 67, 739 2, 648 3, 730 697, 481 509, 161 41, 998 52, 700	610 1, 852 76, 463 91, 755 1, 756 1, 865 237, 056 426, 700 33, 870 43, 350	2,807 112,421 163,011 2,069 2,110 254,373 251,829 48,017 48,281	310, 901 606, 256 2, 987 3, 149 293, 087 674, 100 3 44, 003 3 54, 544	398, 193 335, 629 3, 941 4, 649 552, 677 408, 429 4 59, 602 4 72, 258
acres	7, 264 617 2, 287 72, 838 67, 739 2, 648 3, 730 697, 481 509, 161 41, 998	610 1,852 76,463 91,755 1,756 1,865 237,056 426,700 33,870	2,807 112,421 163,011 2,069 2,110 254,373 251,829 48,017	310, 901 606, 256 2, 987 3, 149 293, 087 674, 100 3 44, 003	398, 193 335, 624 3, 941 4, 644 552, 677 408, 426 4 59, 602

Not available.
 Figures exclude young animals born between Jan. 1 of the census year and the date of enumeration.
 Does not include sorghums for silage.
 Does not include sorghums for forage.

County Table I.—FARMS, FARM ACREAGE AND VALUE, BY COLOR AND BY TENURE OF OPERATOR, 1935 AND 1930; AND FARM LAND ACCORDING TO USE, 1934 AND 1929

["White" includes Mexicans and Hindus. "Colored" includes Negroes, Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other nonwhite races]

ITEM (For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	THE STATE	Bristol	Kent	Newport	Providence	Washing- ton
FARMS AND FARM OPERATORS Number of farmsApr. 1, 1930 Apr. 1, 1930	4, 327 3, 322	193 144	755 592	868 625	1, 492 1, 340	1,019
Farm operators, by color:	4, 309	193	753	861	1, 491	1,011
Colored operators	3, 311 18	144	591 2	622 7	1, 338 1	61
Farm operators, by tenure: 1930number Full owners	11 3. 239	128	1 618	3 519	2 1, 211	763
Part owners1930number	2, 523 396	82 30	519 33	344 172	1, 107 92	47
1930number Managers	285 95	27 8	19 12 12	116 17	84 29	3
Tenants1935number	99 597	13 27	92	15 160	33 160	2 15
1930number FARM ACREAGE, VALUE, AND LAND AREA	415		42	150	116	8
Approximate land area1935_acres	682, 880 45. 1	15, 360 46. 7	111, 360 46, 4	72, 960 58, 3	275, 200 36, 1	208, 00 51.
Proportion in farms	71.1	37.2	68.4	49.0 59.7	· 66.7 75.5	104. 140.
1930acres All land in farmsJan. 1, 1935acres	84.1 307,725	52.8 7,179	78.2 51,661	42, 507	99, 443	106,93
By color of farm operator: Apr. 1, 1930acres	279, 361	7,605	46, 286	37, 286	101, 173	87,01
White operators	307, 269 278, 667	7, 179 7, 605	51, 642 46, 281	42, 427 37, 250 80	99, 378 101, 152 65	106, 64 86, 37 29
Colored operators	456 694		19 5	36	21	63
By tenure of farm operator: Full owners1935_acres 1930_acres	199, 653 196, 784	2, 957 2, 815	38, 587 38, 363	20, 404 17, 328	73, 513 81, 742	64, 19 56, 53
Part owners	31, 501 23, 751	1,402 1,787	1, 799 3, 147	9, 285 7, 562	7, 285 4, 998	11,73 6,25
Managers	29,038 17,419	1, 780 2, 113	4, 360 1, 151	2, 929 1, 924	5, 780 5, 822	14,18 6,40
Tenants1935acres 1930acres	47, 533 41, 407	1, 040 890	6, 915 3, 625	9, 889 10, 472	12, 865 8, 611	16, 82 17, 80
Value of farms (land and buildings)Jan, 1, 1935dollars	35, 237, 660	2, 128, 350	5, 536, 969	8,903,725	11, 150, 632	7, 517, 98
Apr. 1, 1930_dollars Average value per farm1935_dollars	34, 507, 749 8, 144	2,079,460 11,028	5, 430, 618 7, 334	8, 193, 470 10, 258	13, 268, 685 7, 474	5, 535, 51 7, 37
Average value per acredollarsdollars	10, 388 114. 51	14, 441 296. 47	9, 173 107. 18	13, 110 209. 46	9, 902 112, 13	8, 91 70. 3
By color of form operator:	123. 52	273. 43	117.33	219.75	131.15	63. 6
White operators1935dollars 1930dollars	35, 173, 160 34, 465, 049	2, 128, 350 2, 079, 460	5, 521, 769 5, 427, 118	8, 885, 525 8, 177, 470	11, 147, 882 13, 258, 685	7, 489, 63 5, 522, 31
Colored operators	64, 500 42, 700		15, 200 3, 500	18, 200 16, 000	2,750 10,000	28, 35 13, 20
By tenure of farm operator: Full owners	21, 411, 039	826,000	3, 955, 319	3, 625, 414	8, 248, 282	4, 756, 02
1930dollars Part owners1935dollars 1935dollars	21, 794, 954 4, 079, 943	954,000 326,400	4, 412, 568 446, 850	3, 548, 780 1, 625, 873	9, 423, 065 927, 520	3, 456, 54 753, 30
1930_dollars	4, 634, 295 5, 769, 615	369, 500 694, 450	417, 550 596, 500	2, 282, 500 2, 197, 700	1,060,835 1,044,000	503, 91 1, 236, 96
1930_dollars Tenants	3, 992, 975 3, 977, 063	562, 300 281, 500	225, 600 538, 300 374, 900	482,700 1,454,738	1, 895, 985 930, 830	826, 39 771, 69
Farm land according to use: 1930dollars Crop land harvested1934farms reporting	4, 085, 525 4, 117	193, 660 185	374, 900 704	1, 879, 490 849	888, 800 1, 425	748, 67 95
Crop land harvested	66, 464 3, 090	3, 110 133	7, 727 528	16, 859 597	22, 409 1, 245	16, 35 58
Crop failure (see text) farms reporting	55, 214 134	2, 503	5, 933 17	13, 260 23	19, 937 49	13, 58
arres_ 1929farms reporting_	555	3 16	84 49	96 31	199 156	17
Crop land, idle or fallow	2, 117 843	82 17	349 173	183 88	1, 256 284	24 28
arres. 1929_farms reporting.	11, 176	455	1, 109 135	1, 251 75	3, 170 251	5, 19
Plowable pasturePlowable pasture	10, 925 1, 529	394 21	1,059	1, 521 496	5, 275 355	2,67
acres 1929farms reporting	25, 341	358 72	2, 229 280	7, 899 418	5,486 538	9, 36 40
acres_	35, 205	1, 045 375	4, 509 8, 636	8, 058 4, 173	9, 087 11, 072	12,50
Woodland pasture1934acres 1929acres Other pasture1934acres	37,854	475	8, 322 6, 062	3, 222 4, 774	15, 908 10, 084	9,92
Woodland not pastured	. 27.373	1,035	4, 413 20, 891	4, 806	10,090 38,283	7,02
All other land in farms	1 83.735	1, 125	16, 660 4, 923	3, 637	31, 793 8, 760	30, 52
Land available for crops (harvasted failure idle fallow and	. 26, 938	946	5, 041	2, 599	7, 827	10, 52
plowable pasture)1934acres1929acres	103, 536 103, 461	3, 926 4, 024	11, 149 11, 850	26, 105 23, 022	31, 264 35, 555	31,09
Crop land harvested, 1934, by tenure of operator: Full ownersacres	39, 986	1, 295	5, 617	7, 510	16, 187	9,37
Part ownersacres_acres_a	10,890	695 627	544 572	4, 255 1, 304	2, 766 1, 397	2, 63 1, 59
Tenants	10,096	493	994	3, 790	2, 059	2,76
Full ownersacresacres	. 120	1 2	64 20	39 25	154 16	. 1
Managersacres	- 20			2 30	16 13	
Crop land, idle or fallow, 1934, by tenure of operator: Full ownersacres	7, 893	350	890	794	2, 700	3, 18
Part owners	822	13 30	24 89	146 113	89 138	5
Tenantsacrés		62	106	198	243	6

County Table II.—PRINCIPAL CLASSES OF LIVESTOCK ON FARMS AND RANCHES, JAN. 1, 1935 AND APR. 1, 1930

[Number of animals Jan. 1, 1935, not exactly comparable with Apr. 1, 1930, because of births, deaths, purchases, sales, and slaughter, between Jan. 1 and Apr. 1, 1930]

	ITEM (For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	THE STATE	Bristol	Kent	Newport	Providence	Washing- ton
1	Farms reporting horses and (or) mules (including colts)Apr. 1, 1935farmsApr. 1, 1930farms	1,902 1,715	91 94	279 210	512 444	634 616	386 351
34	Horses and colts of all agesJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting number	1, 883 3, 290	91 177	276 450	508 934	626 1, 042	382 687
5 6 7	Apr. 1, 1935number 1. Colts under 2 years of ageJan. 1, 1935.farms reporting number	29	182 1 1	298 3 3	1,004 5 14	1,009 6 9	671 2 2 12
8 9 10	Colts 3 months to 27 months old Apr. 1, 1930number Horses 2 years old and overJan. 1, 1935number Horses over 27 months oldApr. 1, 1930number	57 3, 261 3, 107	1 176 181	2 447 296	33 920 971	1, 033 1, 000	685 659
11 12 13	Mules and mule colts of all agesJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting number Apr. 1, 1930number 1	66	3	5 10 4	6 12 18	11 19 24	9 11 17
13 14 15 16	Mule colts under 2 years of ageJan. 1, 1935farms reporting					1	2
17 18	Mule colts 3 months to 27 months old Apr. 1, 1930number Mules 2 years old and overJan. 1, 1935number Mules over 27 months old Apr. 1, 1930number	52 63	3	10 4	12 18	19 23	11 15
19 20 21 22	Cattle and calves of all agesJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting number Apr. 1, 1930_farms reporting number 1	2, 671 27, 905 2, 419 27, 957	118 1,418 107 1,535	408 3, 755 391 3, 561	668 7, 301 546 7, 211	840 9,604 873 10,403	637 5, 827 502 5, 247
23 24 25 26	Calves under 1 year of ageJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting number Heifers 1 year old and under 2 yearsJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting	21, 557 982 2, 564 943	1, 333 32 84 42	158 380 156	265 658 273	10, 403 251 650 222	3, 247 276 792 250
26 27 28 29		2, 550 2, 676 808	· 132 155 43	344 367 97	687 656 247	635 714 250	752 784 171
30 31 32	number	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,029\\ 1,012\\ 2,620\\ 21,762 \end{array} $	59 88 117 1,143	117 118 401 2, 914	280 233 657 5, 676	314 361 824 8,005	259 212 621 4.024
33	Cows and heifers over 27 months oldApr. 1, 1930number	19, 442	966	2, 350	5, 160	7, 778	3, 188
34 35 36 37	Sheep and lambs of all agesJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting number Apr. 1, 1930_farms reporting number	141 2, 276 110 3, 060	3 8 4 60	18 131 18 227	38 863 27 938	29 350 16 233	53 924 45 1,602
38 39	Ewes 1 year old and overJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting number	112 1,715	14	13 98	33 634	203 24 282	1, 002 41 697
40 41 42	Swine of all agesJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting number Apr. 1, 1930_farms reporting	639 5, 965 508	37 256 42	89 494 73	165 457 150	197 4, 156 135	151 602 108
43 44 45	Sows and gilts bred or to be bred to farrow before June 1, 1935farms reporting, Jan. 1, 1935	4, 811 128	569 6 34	316 17 81	592 21	2, 677 52	657 32 76
46 47	number	1, 323 101 418	34 8 38	81 12 21	47 31 71	1, 085 28 245	76 22 43

¹ Figures for horses, mules, and cattle for 1930 exclude animals under 3 months of age.

ITEM (For definitions: "Farms repo	rting", etc., see text)	THE STATE	Bristol	Kent	Newport	Providence	Washing ton
 Small grains: Wheat (winter) threshed	1934_farms reporting acres bushels 1929_farms reporting	6 54 1,072 4	$\begin{array}{c}1\\22\\352\end{array}$		3 21 600 3	2 11 120 1	
Oats threshed	acres	16 39 282	 1 10	 1 1	11 27 203	5 2 8	
	bushels 1929farms reporting acres	8, 704 47 302	259 3 15	25 1 2	6, 754 27 201	200 3 5	1,4
Oats cut and fed unthreshed	acres farms reporting	210 746 301		5 21 36	101 323 111	53 198 47	2
Barley threshed	acres	937 1 4			386 1 4	117	2
Rye threshed	bushels	85 16 16			85 13 5	3	
Kye threshed	acres bushels 1929acres	43 840 72	4 67 6	7 160 4	19 418 17	7 98 27	
All hay, and sorghums for forage	total acres	41, 998 52, 700 33, 870 43, 350	1, 738 2, 903 1, 404 2, 302	4, 856 5, 969 3, 611 4, 741	10, 134 12, 014 7, 454 9, 878	13, 383 18, 915 11, 924 16, 874	11, 8 12, 8 9, 4 9, 5
Alfalfa		116 919 2, 136 473	10 43 108 50	10 72 222 86	24 86 218 76	46 377 826 185	37
Timothy and clover, alone or mixed (red, mamn and crimson clovers)	noth, alsike, 1034farms reporting acres tons	1, 768 22, 073 29, 052	14 329 525	222 2, 207 3, 112	401 4, 993 6, 886	620 7, 685 11, 226	5 6, 8 7, 3
Sweetclover (Melilotus) and Lespedeza (Japan c hay	lover) cut for 1934farms reporting acres tons	25 169 199		1 1 1	5 64 64	10 70 108	
Small grains cut for hay		611 2, 329 4, 186 1, 001	15 79 147 47	160 466 925 257	77 303 382 165	188 819 1,672 311	1 6 1,0 2
All other tame and wild grasses		1,58716,29916,81010,831	123 1, 282 2, 109 179	330 2, 089 1, 676 1, 272	376 4, 650 4, 387 2, 071	502 4, 350 4, 970 1, 891	2 3,9 3,6 5,4
Annual legumes saved for hay		27 209 317 164	1 5 14	8 21 33 4	3 38 77	9 82 113 17	1
Corn for all purposes		$1,254 \\7,264 \\1,419 \\8,089$	71 539 77 522	164 794 223 834	399 2, 031 380 2, 545	281 2, 214 420 2, 565	3 1,6 3 1,6
Corn harvested for grain		617 2, 287 72, 838 610 1, 852	2 6 300 27 71	43 90 2, 328 77 145	263 785 25, 000 210 711	54 499 15, 379 54 111	2 9 29, 8 2 8
Corn for other purposes		4, 977 6, 237	533 451	704 689	1, 246 1, 834	1, 715 2, 454	· 7 8
Tobacco		1 1 700 2				$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ $	
Irish potatoes (all varieties)	acres	(1) 2, 648 3, 730 697, 481	143 262 41, 391	504 304 36, 598	543 1, 346 246, 730	(1) 819 704 76, 301	6 1, 1 296, 4
Sweetpotatoes and yams	1929acres	1,865 3 1 95	1,351 111 1 1 75	. 175	810	(1) (1) (1)	4

County Table III.—ACREAGE AND QUANTITY OF SMALL GRAINS, HAY CROPS, SORGHUMS, CORN, AND OTHER PRINCIPAL FIELD CROPS, HARVESTED IN 1934 AND 1929

.

STATE TABLE 2.—FARM POPULATION BY COLOR, AND FARM DWELLINGS, FARM LABOR, AND YEARS ON FARM, 1935; AND PART-TIME WORK, 1934; BY TENURE OF FARM OPERATOR

["White" includes Mexicans and Hindus. "Colored" includes Negroes, Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other nonwhite races]

ITEM					
(For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	All farms	Full owners	Part owners	Managers	All tenants
arm population, Jan. 1, 1935	4, 078 21, 751	3, 045 15, 055	388 2, 683	83 845	56 3, 16
White farm populationfarms reporting	4,057 21,578	3, 031 14, 943	386 2,652	83 843	55 3, 14
Colored farm populationfarms reporting personsfarms reporting	21, 078 50 173	14, 543 33 112	2, 032 8 31	2	3, 14
No population (or not reported)farms	249	194	8	12	3
ersons on farms on Jan. 1, 1985, who lived in a nonfarm residence 5 years farms reportingfarms reportingtotal personstotal personstotal persons	843 2,638	571 1, 649	78 249	23 111	17 62
1 such personfarms reporting 2 such personsfarms reporting 3 to 9 such personsfarms reporting 10 or more such personsfarms reporting	237 217 369 20	173 157 234 7	25 16 33 4	5 4 12 2	34 40 90 7
wellings (occupied and/or unoccupied) on farms, Jan. 1, 1935 farms reporting	4, 147 5, 294	(¹) 3, 788	(¹) 519	⁽¹⁾ 295	(1) 692
Occupied dwellingsfarms reporting	4,078 4,893 3,532 415 131	3, 045 3, 518 (1) (1) (1) (1)	388 496 (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)	562 652 (1) (1) (1)
Unoccupied dwellings	293 401 240 32 21	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) 23 (1) (1) (1)	(1) 68 (1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)
Occupied dwellings onlyfarms reportingfarms reportingfarms reportingfarms reportingfarms reportingfarms reportingfarms reportingfarms.	3, 854 224 69 180	() () () ()	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)
rsons working on farms the first week in January 1935 (family abor and/or hired help working the equivalent of 2 or more days, xclusive of housework)farms reporting total persons working	4,062 7,792	(1) 5, 280	⁽¹⁾ 1,038	⁽¹⁾ 486	(¹) 988
Family labor	3, 807 5, 256 2, 786 745 276	2,842 3,821 2,121 546 175	375 649 212 100 63	43 43 43	547 743 410 99 38
Hired helpfarms reporting Under 10 hired helpfarms reporting 10 or more hired helpfarms reporting	$1, 167 \\ 2, 536 \\ 1, 145 \\ 22$	794 1,459 789 5	160 389 155 5	80 443 69 11	133 245 132 1
Family labor only	2, 895 912 255 265	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)
ork for pay or income at jobs not connected with this farm, 1934total farm operators reporting days worked percent of all farm operators total number of days worked	1, 508 34, 8 275, 492	1, 156 35, 7 213, 791	92 23, 2 16, 088	2 2, 1 120	258 43, 2 45, 493
Under 25 daysOperators reporting 25 to 49 daysOperators reporting 50 to 74 daysOperators reporting 75 to 99 daysOperators reporting	90 108 112 65	68 84 82 51	7 8 9 4	1	14 16 21 10
100 to 149 days operators reporting 150 to 199 days operators reporting 200 to 249 days operators reporting 250 days and over operators reporting	171 218 180 564	123 169 132 447	8 10 14 32		39 39 34 85
"None"operators reporting	2, 730	2, 020	294	89	327
Agriculturaloperators reporting Nonagriculturaloperators reportingoperators reportingoperatorsoperat	137 1, 144 227	97 915 144	17 56 19	1	23 172 63
ears on this farm as operator, Jan. 1, 1935total operators reporting	4, 192	3, 137	384	92	579
Under 1 yearoperators reporting 1 yearoperators reporting 2 yearsoperators reportingoperators reporting 3 yearsoperators reportingoperators reporting	218 177 205 171	109 103 121 95	11 3 18 9	10 4 3 11	88 67 63 56
4 years	192 822 723 1, 684	134 613 563 1, 399	15 79 74 175	8 17 18 21	35 113 68 89
Not reportedoperators	135	1, 305	173	3	89 18

¹ Not available.

ITEM (For definitions: "Farms reporting",	etc., see text)	1935	1930	1925	1920	1910
ms, by size:						
Total	number of farms	4, 327	3, 322	3, 911	4,083	5. 5
Under 3 acres		173	95	25	62	•,•
3 to 9 acres		672	358	464	389	i
		614	397	522	485	i
10 to 19 acres			729		983	
20 to 49 acres		974		894		1, 1
20 to 29 acres		411	(1)	(1) (1)	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	
30 to 49 acres		563	(i)			
50 to 99 acres	number of farms	939	817	962	1,031	1,
50 to 69 acres	number of farms	439	(1)	$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\1 \end{pmatrix}$		
70 to 99 acres.	number of farms	500	(i)	(1)	(1)	(i)
100 to 174 acres		617	572	659	718	
100 to 139 acres		398	(1)			
140 to 174 acres		219	(1)		る	$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\1 \end{pmatrix}$
		185	193	221	229	(•)
175 to 259 acres		21	130	(1) 241	(1) 229	(1)
175 to 179 acres			(1) (1)	X I		$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
180 to 219 acres		118		(1)		(9)
220 to 259 acres		46	(1)	(1)	.(1)	(1)
260 to 499 acres	number of farms	98	118	122	128	
260 to 379 acres	number of farms	76	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	
380 to 499 acres	number of farms	22	高い	(1)	(1)	215
500 to 999 acres.	number of fering	37	32	28	46	~ ~ ~
500 to 699 acres.		24	(1)			(1)
		13	X			
700 to 999 acres						(1)
1,000 acres and over		18	11	14	12	
1,000 to 4,999 acres		18	11	14 (12	(4)
5,000 to 9,999 acres	number of farms					(1) (1) (1)
10,000 acres and over	number of farms					(1)
rm acreage, by size:						
Total	acres	307, 725	279, 361	309.013	331,600	443,
Under 3 acres		238	128	41	92) '
3 to 9 acres		3, 794	2,096	2,718	2,349	12.
10 to 19 acres		8, 323	5, 548	7,126	6,646	,
20 to 49 acres		30, 731	23, 861	28, 045	31, 740	, 36,
		9,625	(1)	(1)	(1)	
20 to 29 acres			R	X I	X I	(1) (1)
30 to 49 acres		21, 106				
50 to 99 acres		65, 863	57, 141	66, 688	70, 151	87,
50 to 69 acres	acres	25, 271	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
70 to 99 acres	acres	40, 592	(1)	(1)	(i)	(1)
100 to 174 acres		77,400	71, 981	80,956	88, 382	`í17.
100 to 139 acres		43, 894	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
140 to 174 acres.		33, 506	215	24	N 1	کړ ا
		37,681	40,059	45, 733	48, 158	53
175 to 259 acres				40,700		52
175 to 179 acres		3,678	(1)	52	(1)	(2)
180 to 219 acres		23,076	(1)	(4)	(1)	(4)
220 to 259 acres	acres	10, 927	(i)	(1)	(1)	(1)
260 to 499 acres		32, 722	39, 234	40, 899	41, 570	(1)
260 to 379 acres	acres	23, 439	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
380 to 499 acres		9, 283	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	前	کن ا
500 to 999 acres	00000	23, 983	20, 563	16,815	27,012	30.
500 to 600 agree	acresacres	13, 489	(1) 20, 003	(1)	(1)	(1)
500 to 699 acres	acresacres			X		$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
700 to 999 acres	acres	10, 494			(1)	
1,000 acres and over	acres	26, 990	18, 750	19,992	15, 500	36,
1,000 to 4,999 acres	acres	26,990	18,750	19, 992	15, 500	(1) (1) (1)
5,000 to 9,999 acres	Actes					(1)

STATE TABLE 3.-FARMS AND FARM ACREAGE, BY SIZE: 1910 TO 1935

1 Not available.

STATE TABLE 4.—PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS, 1909 TO 1934; AND THE NUMBER AND VALUE OF GOATS, CHICKENS, AND TURKEYS, 1910 TO 1935

(For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	1934	1929	1924	1919	1909
Livestock products: Cows milked	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 639\\ 20, 735\\ 14, 467, 720\\ 636\\ 61, 561\\ 16, 621\\ 1, 901\\ 11, 226\\ 2, 470\\ 2, 2, 774\\ 2, 457, 507\\ 732, 337\\ 732, 337\\ 2, 369\\ 655, 445\\ 589, 900\\ \end{array}$	2, 376 20, 535 14, 889, 788 53, 152 25, 925 86 1, 572 9, 268 3, 522 29 13 (1) 2, 468, 706 1, 218, 390 2, 468, 479 973, 567	3,086 21,855 213,503,758 (1) 131,872 60,661 (1) 21,420 38,684 43,473 81 32 (1) 22,274,701 2,205,591 2,519,211 3,726,894	(1) 2 12,099,111 1,033 174,902 105,834 105,834 2 2,228 2 13,488 2 8,363 2 906,746 2 0,382 2 433,668 2 620,145	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
	1935 (Jan. 1)	1930 (Apr. 1)	1925 (Jan. 1)	1920 (Jan. 1)	1910 (Apr. 15)
Livestock: Cows and heifers 2 years old and overnumber Sheep and lambs of all ages	21, 762 2, 276 78 230 1, 725 2, 955 303, 803 318, 993 318, 993 4, 138 13, 242	⁵ 19, 442 3, 060 44 167 1, 180 2, 584 304, 733 411, 389 (1) (1) (1)	$\begin{array}{c} 22, 104\\ 1, 897\\ 21\\ 53\\ 371\\ 6, 3, 41\\ 6, 303\\ 6, 61, 393\\ 6, 610, 755\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\end{array}$	22, 268 2, 736 355 116 4, 637 6 3, 534 6 471, 456 6 187 6 1, 310 6 7, 996	$\begin{pmatrix} (1) \\ 6,789 \\ 409 \\ 106 \\ 982 \\ 4,315 \\ 392,704 \\ 344,452 \\ 161 \\ 1,109 \\ 4,189 \\ \end{pmatrix}$

¹ Not available. ³ Includes estimates for incomplete reports. ³ Less than 1 dollar. ⁴ Farms reporting eggs (poultry) of all kinds. The production and value represent estimates for chickens and chicken eggs only. ⁶ Cows and heifers over 27 months old. ⁶ All ages.

STATE TABLE 5.-ACREAGE, QUANTITY, AND VALUE OF MISCELLANEOUS CROPS HARVESTED: 1909 TO 1934

(For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	1934	1929	1924	1919	1909
nnual legumes harvested or grazed (acreage includes annual legumes for hay):					
Soybeansfarms reporting	17	14	(1)	1 12	
Total acreageacres	101	31	(1) (1) (1)	1 13	
Grown aloneacres	101	28	(り)	$\binom{2}{2}$	
Grown with other cropsacres		3	(1)	(2)	
Quantity harvested for beansbushels	1	34	(1)	156	
Value of beans harvesteddollars	2	90		624	
		2	(1)	` (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0)	(2)
Total acreageacres	(4 ((1)	(2)	(2)
Grown aloneacres		1	(1)	(2)	(2)
	}	3	(1)	(2)	(2)
			ģ	(2)	(2)
Value of peas harvesteddollars			(1) (1) (1)		(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
Velvetbeans, vetches, Canada and other ripe field peas	26	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)		53	
Grown aloneacres	150 124	5			
Grown with other cropsacres	26			(*)	
Quantity harvested for beans, seed, and/or peas	20	2	8	22	
Navy, pinto, kidney, lima, and other ripe field beans (excluding soybeans	•	(9)	(•)	(4)	(9)
and velvetbeans)farms reporting	15	22	(1)	198	
Total acreageacres	10 7	18		69	1
Grown aloneacres	1	13	57 1	(2)	(2)
Grown with other cropsacres	2	15		(2) (2)	(2) (2)
Quantity harvested for beansbushels_bushelsbushelsbushelsbushelsbushelsbushelsbushelsbush	136	359	(i)	863	
Value of beans harvested	428	2,010	(1)	6.041	2.0
		-, 0.20		0,011	-,
alue of farm garden vegetables (excluding Irish and sweet potatoes)farms reporting	2,884	2,076	(2)	\$3,440	(2)
dollars	161.685	193, 675	(2) (2)	3 412, 104	(2) (2)
egetables harvested for sale:		1			
Beans (snap or string)farms reporting	436	395	(2) (2)	4 230	4
acres	490	440	(2)	4 197	4
Cabbagesfarms reporting	386	290	246	277	1
acres_	359	241	212	255	1
Corn (sweet)farms reporting	890)	658	893	497	1
acres	1,675	1, 198	1,200	756	1
Tomatoesfarms reporting	475	442	334	296	1
acres_	446	311	260	223	1
Watermelonsfarms reporting	25	23	23	11	1
acres_	13	5	11	14	
All other vegetables (except Irish and sweet potatoes)farms reporting	1,737	(2)	(2) (2)	(2)	
acres	2,963	1, 444	(2)	718	(2)
rawberriesfarms reporting	201	200	007	200	
	364 133	396 132	205 88	503 90	
acres					2006
quarts harvested	194, 864	226, 287	(2) (2)	116,646	326,
value, dollars	33, 127	45, 358	(4)	29, 162	31, 3

¹ See text.

² Not available.

² Includes Irish and sweet potatoes grown in farm gardens for home use only.

4 Includes green lima beans.

STATE TABLE 6.—NUMBER OF GRAPEVINES AND SPECIFIED FRUIT TREES, 1910 TO 1935; AND QUANTITY AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FRUITS HARVESTED, 1909 TO 1934

ITEM (For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	1935	1930	1925	1920	1910
Fruit trees and grapevines: farms reporting. Apples. number. Trees of all ages. number. Trees of bearing age. number. Cherries. farms reporting. Trees of all ages. number. Trees of all ages. number. Trees of all ages. number. Trees of bearing age. number. Trees of bearing age. number. Trees of all ages. number. Trees of bearing age. number. Trees of bearing age. number. Trees of bearing	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 559\\ 216, 535\\ 36, 941\\ 178, 594\\ 178, 594\\ 773\\ 2, 398\\ 701\\ 1, 697\\ 770\\ 56, 756\\ 19, 589\\ 37, 167\\ 1, 719\\ 17, 870\\ 2, 947\\ 14, 923\\ 1$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,046\\ 204,088\\ 54,016\\ 150,072\\ 150,072\\ 771\\ 1,325\\ 557\\ 778\\ 774\\ 57,391\\ 23,092\\ 34,299\\ 34,299\\ 1,141\\ 12,788\\ 2,494\\ 10,294\\ 10,$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 029\\ 223, 337\\ 57, 481\\ 165, 856\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (2)\\ 1, 428\\ 58, 413\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (2)\\ 14, 659\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)$		(1) 206, 569 54, 560 152, 009 (1) 1, 417 453 964 (1) 2, 312 5, 405 16, 907 (1) 7, 392 2, 556 4, 836 (1) 7, 296 9, 634 7, 662
,	1934	1929	1924	1919	1909
Fruits harvested—quantity and value:	$\begin{array}{c} 219, 315\\ 350, 904\\ 281\\ 702\\ 999\\ 1, 748\\ 8, 393\\ 9, 652\\ 781\\ 1, 367\\ 522, 251\\ 20, 890\end{array}$	261, 905 392, 858 191 970 26, 222 60, 235 7, 614 15, 181 585 1, 375 491, 316 24, 906	271, 307 396, 109 (1) 27, 407 58, 926 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	$\begin{array}{c} 334, 308\\ 668, 616\\ 89\\ 348\\ 28, 771\\ 77, 682\\ 10, 713\\ 26, 784\\ 465\\ 1, 093\\ 400, 975\\ 24, 058\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 212, 908\\ 147, 125\\ 214\\ 466\\ 217, 704\\ 330, 609\\ 12, 501\\ 14, 577\\ 1, 872\\ 3, 586\\ 152, 937\\ 9, 759\\ \end{array}$

¹Not available.

² Schedule called for "Peaches and nectarines".

COUNTY TABLE IV.—FARMS AND ACREAGE BY SIZE, RENTED LAND OF PART OWNERS, FARM POPULATION, DWELLINGS, LABOR, AND YEARS ON FARM, 1935; AND PART-TIME WORK, 1934

["White" includes Mexicans and Hindus. "Colored" includes Negroes, Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and all other nonwhite races]

(For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	THE STATE	Bristol	Kent	Newport	Providence	Washing- ton
arms. by size, Jan. 1, 1935: All farmsnumber of farms	4, 327	193	755 28	868	1, 492	1,019
Under 3 acresnumber of farmsnumber of farms	173 672	19 57	28 149	11 131	101	14
10 to 19 acresnumber of farms	614	37	149	170	192	10
20 to 29 acresnumber of farms	411	19	66	112	131	8 11
30 to 49 acresnumber of farms 50 to 69 acresnumber of farms	563 439	19 14	82 63	145 94	205 174	94
70 to 99 acresnumber of farms	500	9	100	85	189	117
100 to 139 acresnumber of farmsnumber of farms	398 219	6	63 40	63 30	137 64	12 7
175 to 179 acresnumber of farms	21	2	5	2	7	
180 to 219 acresnumber of farmsnumber of farmsnumber of farms	118 46	2	15 6	12 2	41 17	48
260 to 379 acresnumber of farms	76	1	10		27	3
380 to 499 acresnumber of farms	22 24		4	3	6	
500 to 699 acresnumber of farmsnumber of farms		2	2 5	2	3	1
1,000 acres and overnumber of farms	18		3		4	1
All land in farms, Jan. 1, 1935, by size of farm: All farmsacres	307, 725	7, 179	51, 661	42, 507	99, 443	106, 93
Under 3 acresacres	238	32	35	17	133	2
3 to 9 acres.acres.acr	3, 794 8, 323	308 493	830 1, 510	816 2, 311	1, 085 2, 641	75
20 to 29 acresacres	9, 625	495	1, 539	2, 311	3, 118	1,89
30 to 49 acresacres	21, 106	660	3, 111	5, 425	7, 639 10, 258	4,27
50 to 69 acresacresacres	25, 271 40, 592	758	3, 594 8, 021	5,305 6,896	10, 258 15, 488	5,35 9,44
100 to 139 acresacres	43, 894	664	6,884	7,015	15,046	14,28
140 to 174 acresacresacresacresacres	33, 506 3, 678	904 350	6, 035 875	4,666	9,870 1,225	12,03 87
175 to 179 acresacres	23,076	409	2,921	2,335	8, 086	9,32
220 to 259 acresacres_	10,927		1, 447	-455	4,062	4,96
260 to 379 acresacresacresacres	23, 439 9, 283	285	3,074 1,706	1,873 1,182	8, 257 2, 525	9,95 3,87
500 to 699 acresacres_	13, 489	1, 150	1, 175	1, 211	1,660	8, 29
700 to 999 acres_acres_a	10, 494 26, 990		4,004 4,900		2,650 5,700	3, 84 16, 39
Farms operated by part owners, 1935:						1
All land in farms operated by part ownersacres_acres_ac	31, 501	1,402 808	1,799	9, 285 3, 774	7,285	11,73
Farm population:	1	000	1, 111	3,774	3, 167	4,657
1935, January 1farms reporting	4,078	192	725	811	1, 381	969
persons. white farm populationfarms reporting	21,751 4,057	1, 149 192	3, 377 723	4,861 804	7,576	4,788
Dersons	21.578	1, 149	3, 362	4,823	7, 542	4,70
Colored farm populationfarms reportingpersons	- 50 173		4 15	13 38	9	24
1930. A pril 1 persons		838	2,409	3, 938	6,281	3, 01
Persons on farms on Jan. 1, 1935, who lived in a nonfarm residence 5 years			-		1	
earlierfarms reportingfarms reporting	2,638	22 85	115 332	141 430	342 1, 225	223 560
Farms reporting-1 personfarms	237	1	29	49	82	70
2 personsfarmsfarms			31 55	37 55	81 179	6
Such persons on farms of all—Full ownerspersonspersons	1, 649	39	219	210	802	379
Dwellings on farms, Jan. 1, 1935:	629	35	85	123	261	12
Occupied dwellingstotal numbertotal numberto	4, 893	224	801	1,025	1, 644	1, 199
Unoccupied dwellingstotal numbertotal	401	25 181	39 699	84	95	158
Taillis with Occupied dwellings only	- 3,854	101	10	771	1, 321	158 885 21 24 810
No dwellings or not reportedfarms	- 180	1	20	33	97	21
1 occupied dwellingfarms	- 3, 532 546	173 19	670 55	679 132	1, 200	
2 or more occupied dwellingsarms						1
Family labor and/or hired helpfarms reportingfarms reportingfarms reporting		192 184	644 599	823 -793		971 893
persons	5, 256	278	756	1, 104		1.18
Hired helpfarms reporting	1, 167	50	148	227	460	285
Work for pay or income not connected with this farm, 1934:	- 2, 536	143	302	492	1, 071	528
Total farm operators reportingnumbernumber	1,508	42	300	257	479	43
Percent of all farm operatorspercent Total number of days worked for paydays	- 34.8 275,492	21.8 8,314	39.7	29.6	32.1	42.
Farm operators reporting—"None"	2,730	148	54, 414 452	43, 442		57
Farm operators reporting—"None"	- 90	· 1	28	12	24	2
25 to 49 daysoperators. 50 to 149 daysoperators.	- 108 348	2	26 64	24 80	33 99	2 22 9 11
150 to 249 daysoperatorsoperators	398	30	53	56		11
250 days and overoperators	- 564	3	129	~ 85	180	1 16
By tenure- Full ownersoperators reportingnumber of days.		32 6, 805	238 42, 489	169 30, 776		82 61, 70
Tenantsoperators reporting	_ 258	8	50	49	66	8
Principal occupation off the farm, 1934:	- 45, 493	1, 242	8, 753	6, 679	13, 357	15, 46
Agricultural operators reporting	- 137	2	24	30		5
Nonagricultural	- 1,144	40	245	160	377	32
Full owners reporting—Under 1 yearnumber	- 109	1	23 21	22	34	2
1 yearnumber	_ 103	23	21	10	43	2
2 yearsnumbernumber		3	29 15	17		22 22 33 24 21 24
4 yearsnumber		8	22	22	59	2
5 to 9 yearsnumbernumber	- 613 563	22 17 72	129 129	108		14
15 years and overnumber.	1,399	72	241	228	533	32
Tenants reporting – Under 1 yearnumber	- 88	2	17	21	18	3
1 yearnumber 2 yearsnumber	- 67 - 63	` 3 3	16 8	10		12: 32: 31: 10: 11: 12: 32: 31: 11: 12: 32: 12: 12: 12: 12: 12: 12: 12: 12: 12: 1
3 yearsnumber	- 56	2	14	14	16	1
4 yearsnumber	- 35	4	1 35	11 85		1 6
5 years and overnumber	270	13				

County TABLE V.—SPECIFIED LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS ON FARMS AND RANCHES—NUMBER OF COWS, SHEEP, GOATS, AND CHICKENS, JAN. 1, 1935 AND APR. 1, 1930, AND TURKEYS, JAN. 1, 1935; PRO-DUCTION OF MILK, WOOL, AND MOHAIR, 1934 AND 1929; AND CHICKENS RAISED AND EGGS PRODUCED, 1934

ITEM (For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	THE STATE	Bristol	Kent	Newport	Providence	Washing- ton
All cows and heifers 2 years old and overJan. 1, 1935number	21, 762	1, 143	2, 914	5, 676	8, 005	4, 024
All cows and heifers over 27 months oldnumber	19, 442	966	2, 350	5, 160	7, 778	3, 188
Cows of all kinds milked during all or any part of	2, 639	117	403	659	835	625
	20, 735	1, 167	2, 845	5, 290	7, 633	3, 800
	2, 376	105	382	542	843	504
	20, 535	1, 076	2, 560	5, 225	8, 374	3, 300
Milk produced	14, 457, 720 14, 889, 788 636 61, 561 378 53, 152	855, 370 829, 812 2 135 3 287	1, 862, 977 1, 764, 155 90 7, 672 92 8, 262	3, 651, 178 3, 671, 433 157 18, 145 52 8, 673	5, 842, 788 6, 483, 820 163 14, 012 92 11, 254	$\begin{array}{c} 2,245,407\\ 2,140,568\\ 224\\ 21,597\\ 139\\ 24,676\end{array}$
Sheep and lambs of all agesUan. 1, 1935numberApr. 1, 1930number	2, 276	8	131	863	350	924
	3, 060	60	227	938	233	1, 602
Sheep and lambs shorn	112 1, 901 86 1, 572 11, 226 9, 268	2 24 160	17 128 14 142 979 712	32 730 24 411 4, 253 2, 380	22 269 10 177 1, 628 924	41 774 36 818 4, 366 5, 092
Goats and kids of all agesJan. 1, 1935farms reporting number Apr. 1, 1930farms reporting Apr. 1, 1930farms reporting number 1934pounds 1929pounds	78 230 44 167 2 29	2 4 7 24	13 22 2 2 2 11	20 32 14 42 12	24 96 13 63	19 76 8 36
Chickens over 3 months oldJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting	2, 955	144	526	664	874	747
number	303, 803	19, 271	53, 056	51, 851	103, 239	76, 386
Apr. 1, 1930_farms reporting	2, 584	119	490	507	932	536
number	304, 733	14, 654	50, 778	53, 064	113, 656	72, 581
Chicken eggs produced	2, 774	143	501	599	813	718
	2, 457, 507	230, 200	403, 684	389, 588	828, 932	605, 103
Chickens raised	2, 399	136	374	536	687	666
	655, 445	45, 440	93, 263	108, 993	249, 841	157, 908
Turkeys over 3 months oldJan. 1, 1935_farms reporting	330	7	79	70	76	98
number	4, 138	93	1, 138	482	1, 176	1, 249

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County Table VI.—MISCELLANEOUS CROPS—ANNUAL LEGUMES, FARM GARDENS, VEGETABLES FOR SALE, SPECIFIED FRUITS HARVESTED, FOREST PRODUCTS SOLD, AND IRRIGATED CROP LAND, 1934; LAND IN ORCHARDS AND VINEYARDS, AND NUMBER OF SPECIFIED TREES AND VINES, JAN. 1, 1935

ITEM (For definitions: "Farms reporting", etc., see text)	THE STATE	Bristol	Kent	Newport	Providence	Washing- ton
nnual legumes harvested or grazed (acreage includes annual legumes for hay): Soybeans	17		1	6	9]
1929_farms reporting_ Grown alone934_farms reporting acres 1929acres	14 17 101 28		2 1 1 1	2 6 41 5	10 9 56 22	1
Grown with other crops1934farms reportingacres						
1929acres Quantity harvested for beans1934farms reporting bushels	3 1 1		2			
Cowpeas1934farms reporting 1929farms reporting	2	1			1	
Grown alone						
1929acres Grown with other crops1934_farms reporting	1				1	
acres 1929acres Quantity harvested for peas	3	2			1	
bushels Velvetbeans, vetches, Canada and other ripe field peas1934farms reporting	26	1	6	1	11	
Grown alone	124 26 8	2	18	4	40 26 3	6
Navy, pinto, kidney, lima, and other ripe field beans1934farms reporting	15		3	5	5	
Ğrown aloneacres	4 13		5	1 5	32	(1)
Grown with other crops1934acres 929acres Quantity harvested for beans1934bushels	35		2 1	1 3		(1)
alue of farm garden vegetables (excluding Irish and sweet potatoes). 1934farms reporting.	136 2, 884	160	14 586	24 543	86	69
ande of harm garden vegetables (excluding frish and sweet polatoes)tssttarins reporting dollars 1929farins reporting dollars	2, 004 161, 685 2, 076 193, 675	10, 880 82 12, 988	26, 248 342 25, 440	28, 434 429 49, 958	48,069 811 62,115	48, 05 41 43, 17
/egetables harvested for sale: Beans (snap or string)1934farms reporting	436	57	29	138	171	4
acres	490 386	70 45	20 27	202 126	181 152	1
acres Corn (sweet)1934farms reporting	359 890	39 72	25 102	157 265	118 318	20
`acres Tomatoes	1,675 475	142 50	223 60	649 100	506 219	15
acres Watermelons	446 25	32 4	40 7	89 1	263 8 5	2
acres	13 1, 737 2, 963	$\begin{smallmatrix}&&1\\153\\192\end{smallmatrix}$	5 199 336	(1) 474 1, 048	532 1,052	37
S trawberries1 934farms reporting acres quarts	364 133 194, 864	18 5 5, 795	88 30 31, 189	81 36 101, 435	94 34 33, 297	8 2 23, 14
All other crops (not elsewhere specified)	359 1, 504	15 49	60 289	38 528	141 373	10 26
Value of all forest products sold in 1934farms reporting dollars	800 82, 118	3 254	96 6, 588	38 4, 784	397 42, 059	26 28, 43
Land in fruit orchards, vineyards, and planted nut trees1935_farms reporting acres 1930_farms reporting	2, 097 6, 521 1, 500	79 119 54	512 845 258	179 390 117	908 4, 293 718	419 87 35
acres	5, 509	160	552	332	3, 569	89
Apples	2, 559 36, 941	103 994	559 2, 520	264 1, 612	990 28, 509	64 3, 30
trees of bearing agehumber 1934 quantity harvested _bushels	178, 594 219, 315	3, 866 7, 085	23, 939 9, 556	9, 472 10, 558	119,078 186,582	22, 23
Cherriesfarms reportingfarms reportingtrees not of bearing agenumber	773 701	48 42	160 89	43 62	388 420	13 8 25
trees of bearing agenumber 1934quantity harvestedbushels	1, 697 281	67 35	345 19	95 22	939 179	25
Peachesfarms reporting	770	53	139	61	356	16
trees not of bearing agenumber trees of bearing agenumber	19, 589 37, 167	184 157	1, 084 2, 314	1, 802 9, 848	15, 556 21, 546	96 3, 30
1934quantity harvested_bushels Pears	999 1, 719	96 91	63 318	49	781	1 45 33
trees not of bearing agenumber trees of bearing agenumber 1934quantity harvestedbushels	2, 947 14, 923 8, 393	175 497 749	198 2, 424 1, 222	244 1,030 640	1, 999 8, 362 4, 961	2, 61 82
Plums and prunesfarms reportingtrees not of bearing agenumber	497 567	32 29	124 50	47	214 371	8
trees of bearing agenumber	1, 908 781	62 41	340 66	108 19	1, 232	
Grapesfarms reporting vines not of bearing agenumber	1, 218 3, 087	55 52	272 273	143	466	28 42
vines of bearing age_number	67, 479 522, 251	858 22, 280	19, 163 177, 125	931 17, 033	35, 350 226, 924	11, 17 78, 88
rrigated land from which crops were harvested in 1934farms reporting acres	5 88		4 83	1 5		

¹Less than 1 acre.