## CHAPTER VIII.-FIELD CROPS AND VEGETABLES

## CONTENTS

Introduction	Page 689	Emmer and spelt	Page 701
Farms reporting	689	Bickwheat	701
Acreage	689	Flax	701
Production————————————————————————————————————	690	Mixed grains	701
Value	690	Hay	702
Irrivated crops	690	Clover and grass seeds	702
Appraisal of statistics	690	Tobacco	703
Comparability of previous statistics	690	Tobacco Sweet scrghums for sirup	703
Changes in acreage of crops	691	Sugarcane	703
Changes in value of crops	691	Sugar beets	703
Individual crops	691	Maple sirup and maple sugar	
CornSorghums		Root and grain crops (other than corn and annual legumes) hogged or grazed off	708
Wheat	700	Minor miscellaneous and medicinal cropsFarm gardens	703
Oats	700	Trish potatoes (all varieties)	703
Barley	700	Sweetpotatoes and vams	703
Rye	700	Vegetables harvested for sale	703
Rico	MAPS	·	
	Page		Page
Value of all crops harvested, 1939	707	All hay, exclusive of sorghams	712
Value of all crops sold or traded, 1939	708	Annual legumes saved for hay	71,3
Corn for all purposes-increase and decrease	709	Alfalfa hay-	713
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirup—increase and decrease———————————————————————————————————	709	Sweetclover hay	713
Hay—increase and decrease—	709	Clover or timothy hay, alone or mixed	713
Soybeans for all purposes—increase and decrease—	709	Small grain hay	713
Cowpeas for all purposes-increase and decrease	709	All other tame hav	713
Cotton—increase and decrease———————————————————————————————————		Wild hay	713
Land in fruit orchards, vineyards, and planted nut trees—increase and decrease	709	Soybeans for all purposes	714
Corn for all purposes———————————————————————————————————	710	Cowneas for all purposes	714
Comm and for oilors	73.0	Cowpeas harvested for peas	714
Corn (whole plant) hogged or grazed, or cut for fodder	710	Peanits for all purposes	714
All wheat threshed———————————————————————————————————	710	Peanuts harvested for nuts	714
Winter wheat threshed———————————————————————————————————	710	Dry field and seed beans, and lentils, for all purposes———————————————————————————————————	714
Flax threshed	710	Irish potatoes	714
Sorghims for all purposes, except simp	717	Sweetpotatoes and yams	715
Sorghums harvested for grain ————————————————————————————————————	711	Vegetables harvested for sale—value————————————————————————————————————	715
Oats threshed	711	Vegetables grown for home use-value	715
Oats cut for grain and fed unthreshed	711	Vegetables harvested for sale—acreage	715
Barley threshed Rye threshed	711	Asparagus harvested for sale————————————————————————————————————	715
Mixed grains threshed	711	Beans (snap, string, or wax) harvested for sale	715
Buckwheat threshed	711	Cabbage harvested for sale	716
Cotton	712	Cantaloups, muskmelons, honeydews, etc. harvested for sale	716
Tobacco	712	Corn (sweet) harvested for sale	716
Sugar beets for sugar	712	Onions (dry) harvested for sale	716
Sugarcane for sirup	712	Peas (green English) harvested for sale-	716
Sugarcane for sugar or sale to mills	712	Tomatoes harvested for sale	716
Sweet sorghums harvested for sirup	712	Watermelons harvested for sale	716
TABLES FOR All crops—Acreage and value, for the United States: 1879 to 1939———————————————————————————————————	THE 1	united states	Page 691
Farms reporting, acreage harvested, production, and value of specified field cr	ops for	the United States: 1839 to 1939	692
Farms reporting, acreage harvested, production, and value of specified minor ti	eld cro	ons for the United States: 1869 to 1939	699
Farms reporting, acreage harvested, production, and value of specified vegetable	es for	the United States: 1839 to 1939	704
farms reporting, acreage harvested, and value of miscellaneous vegetables harve	sted fo	or sale, for the United States, 1939	707
TABLES FOR THE GEOG	RAPHI	C DIVISIONS AND STATES	
Dry lima beans and other dry field and seed beans-Farms reporting, acreage, or	oductio	on, and value, for Arizona and California, 1939	Page 701
Corn harvested for all purposes-Farms reporting, acreage, and value, by divisi	ons and	1 States: 1939, 1934, and 1929	717
Corn utilization—Farms reporting, acreage, production, and value of corn for s	респте	ed uses, by divisions and States: 1939, 1934, and 1929	718
Corn for all purposes-Farms reporting classified by acres harvested, 1939 and	1934;	with ratio of farms reporting corn for specified purposes to total farms	700
reporting corn, and ratio of corn acreage for specified purposes to total corn howevered for grain-Farm's reporting 1899 to 1924: acreage 1879 to 1939:	n acres	nge, 1939, 1934, and 1929; by divisions and States	720
Corn—Average acreage per farm reporting, 1899 to 1939; average yield per acre,	1879 1	to 1939; rank, 1939, 1934, and 1929; and ratio of value of corn to all crops,	
1939 and 1929; by divisions and States			724
Sorghums harvested for all purposes—Farms reporting, acreage, and value, by di Sorghum utilization—Farms reporting, acreage, production, and value of scrgnu	visions	and States: 1939, 1934, and 1929	725
harvested, 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	4; and	production, 1899 to 1939; by divisions and States	726 729
mneat threshed—rarms reporting, acreage, production, and value of all wheat, 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	ue, by	divisions and States: 1939, 1934, and 1929	
and 1929; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	ction,	1639 to 1939; by divisions and States	734
Wheat threshed—Average yield per acre, 1879 to 1924; rank in acreage, 1879 to	1924, 8	and in production, 1839 to 1939; and ratio of value of wheat to all crope, 1939	738
Oats cut for grain—Farms reporting, acreage, and value, by divisions and State Cast threshed and oats cut and fed unthreshed—Farms reporting, acreage, produc threshed classified by number of acres, 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	tion,	1, 1934, and 1949———————————————————————————————————	

## TABLES FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES—Continued

	3
Dats threshed for grain—Farms reporting, 1899 to 1939; acreage, 1879 to 1939; and production, 1849 to 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	_
States—when the properties 1890 to 1939, expense. 1879 to 1939, and production, 1839 to 1939; by divisions and States—	
re threshed—Farms reporting, acreage, production, and value, 1939, 1934, and 1929; with farms reporting classified by acres harvested, 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
e threshed—Farms reporting, 1899 to 1939; acreage, 1879 to 1939; and production, 1839 to 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
ax threshed—Farms reporting, 1899 to 1939; acreage, 1889 to 1939; production, 1849 to 1939; and value, 1939, 1934, and 1939; with farms reporting classified by acrease herested 1939, by districtions and States.	
okwheat threshed—Farms reporting, 1899 to 1939; acreage, 1879 to 1939; production, 1849 to 1939; and value, 1939 and 1929; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
a I would be needed throughout Ferms reporting coreage wooduction and value by States, 1939, 1934, and 1929	
e (rough or paddy) threshed—Farms reporting, 1899 to 1924; acreage, 1879 to 1924; and production, 1839 to 1924; by States———————————————————————————————————	
livisions and States	
livisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
Mivisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
unqual legumes, 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	<del>-</del>
1939; by divisions and States	
ivisions and States	bу
ver or timothy (alone or mixed) cut for hay—Farms reporting, 1939 and 1934; acreage and production, 1939, 1934, and 1929; and value, 1939; with farms reportin	g 
11 grains out for hay—Farms reporting, acreage, and production, 1939, 1934, and 1929; and value, 1939; with farms reporting classified by acres harvested, 1939 with farms reporting classified by acres harvested, 1930 with farms reporting classified by acres harvested by acres ha	
er tame and wild grasses cut for hay—Farms reporting, acreage, and production, 1939, 1934, and 1929; and value, 1930; with farms reporting classified by acres arvested, 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
hay—Farms reporting, 1939 and 1929; acreage, 1879 to 1939; and production, 1839 to 1939; with percent of cropland harvested represented by total hay acreage, nd percent of value of all crops represented by value of all hay crops; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
ver and grass seeds—Farms reporting, acreage, production, and value, by divisions and States: 1939 and 1929———————————————————————————————————	
oth naivested 1899 to 1939 with value, 1939 and 1929; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	_
tates	
at complying for girlyn—Farms reporting, production, and value, 1939 and 1929, and acreage, 1889 to 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
rcane for all purposes—Farms reporting, production, and value, 1939, 1934, and 1929; and acreage, 1879 to 1939; by States———————————————————————————————————	
r beets harvested for sugar—Farms reporting, production, and value, 1939, 1934, and 1929; and acreage, 1909 to 1939; by States———————————————————————————————————	_
tates	hv
reliance silage crops; root and grain crops nogged or grazed; and root crops, pumpkins, and squash for feed—rarms reporting, acreage, production, and value, by States, 1939———————————————————————————————————	
the potatoes—Farms reporting, acreage, production, and value, 1939, 1934, and 1929; with farms reporting classified by acres harvested, 1939; by divisions and tates———————————————————————————————————	_
sh potatoes harvested—Farms reporting, 1899 to 1924; acreage, 1889 to 1939; and production, 1849 to 1939; and farms reporting classified by quantity harvested	,
stpotatoes and yams—Farms reporting, production, and value, 1939, 1934, and 1929; and acreage, 1889 to 1939; with farms reporting classified by acres harveste	i,
m gardens and vegetables harvested for sale (excluding Irish and sweet potatoes)—Farms reporting and value with acreage and percent distribution of acreage in sectables harvested for sale, by divisions and States, 1339, 1934, and 1934.	
cifled vegetables harvested for sale—Farms reporting and acreage, 1930, 1934, and 1929; and value, 1939; by divisions and States———————————————————————————————————	
scellaneous vegetables harvested for sale—Farms reporting, acreage, and value, by States, 1939 acified crops from irrigated and nonirrigated acreage—Farms reporting, acreage, and yield per acre, by States, 1939	

## CHAPTER VIII.—FIELD CROPS AND VEGETABLES

Introduction.—This chapter, in the main, presents statistics for all field crops and vegetables harvested in 1939 in the continental United States, with the figures being shown not only for the United States but also for 9 geographic divisions and for each of the 48 States and the District of Columbia. Chapter IX, which follows, is entitled "Fruits and Nuts and Horticultural Specialties" and gives detailed data for berry crops, tree fruits, nuts, and grapes; and for nurseries, greenhouses, and other similar horticultural specialties. An over-all picture of crop production in the United States as a whole is presented in the first summary table in each of these chapters.

The data in this chapter include farms reporting, acreage, production, and value for each field crop and vegetable. Comparative figures for earlier census years beginning with the First Agricultural Census, 1840, when available, are given in full for the United States and for most of the crops by divisions and States. In some instances, the items presented for earlier years are not exactly comparable with those for 1940. In such cases, the data are guarded with footnotes or other explanations of their limitations.

In comparing the statistics for one census year with those for another, it should be borne in mind that the acreage of crops (or the number of fruit trees or vines) and the number of farms reporting are, on the whole, a better index of the general changes or trends in agriculture than the quantity of crop production, since variations in the quantity harvested may be due largely to favorable or unfavorable seasons or to other factors.

The 1940 Farm and Ranch Schedule was prepared in such manner that every crop grown on tracts of land listed as farms should have been enumerated. The number of crop inquiries was varied in different sections of the country so that separate questions could be carried for all crops widely grown in each major area. If a separate inquiry was not carried for a particular crop, that crop could be specified and reported under one of several "catch-all" questions on the schedule. By using a different schedule for each region, it was also possible to use the unit of measure that was most prevalent in an area for reporting production. In all, 9 regional schedules, differing only as to questions asked on crops, were used in the 1940 census. The States included in each region were:

Region 1 Connecticut	Region 2 Kentucky	Region 6 Arkansas
Delaware	Missouri	New Mexico
District of Columbia Illinois	North Carolina Tennessee	Oklahoma
Indiana Iowa	Virginia	Region 7
Maine	Region 3	Louisiana
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota New Hampshire New Jersey New York Ohio	Alabama Georgia Mississippi South Carolina Region 4 Florida Region 5 Colorado	Region 8 Idaho Nevada Oregon Utah Washington
Pennsylvania Rnode Island Vermont West Virginia Wisconsin	Kansas Montana Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota Wyoming	Region 9 Arizona California

Although the number of questions relating to crops varied on the schedules used in each of the 9 regions, both the

wording and the numbering of the individual questions were standardized. If a single, or master, schedule with standard questions had been prepared for all areas, 144 questions would have been required. The actual numbers of crop questions on the various regional schedules were:

Region 1 - 93	Region 4 91	Region 7 - 99
Region 2 - 82	Region 5 - 86	Region 8 - 84
Region 3 85	Region 6 83	Region 9 - 100

The field crop and vegetable questions were standard throughout the United States on both the 1935 and 1930 schedules. However, the 1935 schedule was varied for California in the method of reporting fruit production; and, in 1930, two different Special Fruits and Nuts Schedules were used in specified counties of specified States of the South and West.

In 1935 only one "catch-all" question was listed and this covered only acreage; no attempt was made to record production or the names of the crops. In 1930 a few such questions were provided on the schedule where crops grown only occasionally could be written in by the enumerator and provision was made for tabulating separately the reports on such crops.

Farms reporting.—The term "farms reporting" as used in the tables indicates the number of farms on which a specified crop was harvested. If there were 1,922 farms in a county and only 1,465 of these harvested corn for any purpose in 1939, and the enumeration of that item was complete, the number of farms reporting corn harvested would be 1,465.

Many tables include not only the total number of farms for which the specified crops were reported, but also a frequency distribution of the number of farms, classified by the number of acres of the crop harvested in 1939. The only frequency classifications shown for farms reporting crops for the year 1934 are for corn based on acreage harvested and for potatoes based on production. Frequencies for earlier years are not available. All of these frequency groupings of farms reporting for 1939 were the byproduct of machine tabulation. As a consequence, the number of groups in the acreage classification of any crop depended on machine capacity rather than on the importance of the crop.

Acreage.—The acreage given in the tables for the several field and vegetable crops represents the acreage harvested in the calendar year prior to the date of the census. The following instruction was given to the enumerators for 1940:

"If a crop which did not justify harvesting in the usual manner was grazed or hogged off, or was cut for forage, it should be considered as harvested. If, in harvesting, any appreciable part of a field was skipped, enter only the acres actually harvested. Where the entire field was gone over in harvesting, report the entire acreage as harvested even though the yield was small."

Due to crop failure or destruction, the acreage harvested is often less than the acreage planted. Statistics for the total acreage from which crops were not harvested because of failure are given in chapter I of this volume.

Where two or more crops were harvested in 1939 from the same acreage, a total of the acreages of the individual crops may properly exceed the acreage designated as "cropland harvested" as reported in chapter I of this volume. Examples of such duplication are: Grass seeds harvested from the same land from which hay was cut; two or more vegetable crops grown in succession; corn following potatoes; an annual legume, or hay crop, following a small grain; and peanut vines saved for hay where the crop was grown primarily for nuts.

Instructions were given to the enumerators to report fractional acreage for annual legumes (except where used for hay), Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, cotton, tobacco, sugarcane, sugar beets, hops, broomcorn, popcorn, mint, sorghums for sirup, other miscellaneous crops, and the various vegetables. The other crops were to be reported in whole acres.

Dot maps presented in this chapter indicate the principal areas of production and importance of each, also, the increase or decrease in acreage that has occurred in the last decade. These maps are based upon the county as a unit and do not always indicate in exact detail, where a crop was produced. For instance, the scale for the tobacco acreage dot map is 1 dot to 1,000 acres which required 1 dot in any county that harvested between 500 and 1,499 acres. This restriction made it impossible to show any tobacco production in Minnesota where 470 acres were harvested, or in Alabama where 525 acres were harvested but no county had as many as 500 acres.

Production. - The 1940 Farm and Ranch Schedule called for the quantity of field crops harvested in 1939. For the first time the schedule emphasized "combining" as a standard means of harvesting and for all small grains, asked for acres and production of grain "threshed" (or "combined"). No production figures were secured for corn hogged or grazed off by livestock; corn cut for fodder and not husked or snapped; oats cut when ripe or nearly ripe and fed unthreshed; legumes hogged or grazed off; root and grain crops hogged or grazed off; or for vegetables (other than Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes). Where production was reported in fractions of a unit, the fractions were rounded to whole numbers, except for bales of cotton, which were to be reported in eighths. In farm gardens, the acreage of individual vegetables (except potatoes) is, generally, so small as to offer no satisfactory unit in which to report either area or production. Variability in containers used in marketing makes it difficult to reduce production of commercial vegetables to a common denominator. For these reasons, only value of all vegetables grown for home use and acreage and value of each vegetable harvested for sale were secured.

Units of measure.—The unit of measure, for reporting production of some crops, has varied from one census year to the next. Previously it has been indicated that the schedule for 1940 made it possible to secure the production of certain crops in varying units for the geographic regions. In the State bulletins and in volume I, which carry data by counties, the production for each crop is shown in the unit called for on the schedule for the particular region in which the State is located. In the tables of this volume the production for an individual crop is shown in a common unit for all States. In the earlier censuses, production of a crop was quite generally, though not universally, reported in a standard unit for all areas with the result that the quantity harvested was asked for in some areas in terms of containers not widely used in those areas.

Conversion factors used in converting productions to the units carried on the tables are given under the discussion of each individual crop. For a few of the crops, the type of container, or weight, per unit has varied so much from one census year to another that it has been deemed inadvisable to show the production for other years in terms of the current year's unit. Peanuts, which were reported in pounds in 1939 and in bushels in earlier years, afford a good example of the difficulty of converting production. There has been a considerable shift in the type of peanuts grown in the various States owing principally to the market demands, and, in part, to farm production practices and crop programs. The Virginia type of peanut weighs 22 pounds per bushel; Southeastern Runner type, 28 pounds per bushel; and the Spanish type, 30 pounds per bushel. Production of these types has varied widely within many of the States through the years and no reliable data on the production by types within the States are available.

Value.—Value of vegetables for farm household use and of vegetables harvested for sale, excluding Irish and sweet potatoes, were secured for each individual farm by the enumerators. Prior to 1920, values of field crops were also enumerated. In 1920 field crops were calculated by counties using State average unit prices for each crop. In 1925 values were calculated by counties using average unit prices established, in most instances, for crop reporting districts (groups of contiguous counties). In 1935, the values were calculated by States only, using State average unit prices. The values shown in the 1930 and 1940 Census Reports were obtained by multiplying the number

of units of the crop harvested in each county by an average unit price. For most items these unit prices were county averages and were obtained and calculated cooperatively by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, and the Agricultural Marketing Service of the Department of Agriculture. These unit values were based for the most part upon the average prices reported by correspondents to the Division of Agricultural Statistics of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Irrigated crops.—The schedules used in Regions 5 to 9, inclusive, made provision for reporting the irrigated acres harvested in 1939 for many of the crops, in addition to the total acreage harvested. These irrigated acreages are shown in table 63 along with the nonirrigated acreages. No provision was made on the schedules for showing separately the total production on irrigated land. However, the tabulation plan provided for a separation of the acreage and production of those farms reporting a crop wholly irrigated and of the farms reporting a crop wholly nonirrigated. The average yields for such wholly irrigated and wholly nonirrigated crops are also shown in table 63. The total area of irrigated land from which crops were harvested and of irrigated pasture is shown for all States in chapter I.

Appraisal of statistics.—The data for the 1940 Census, as for the 1935 Census, were tabulated by small geographic units. Tabulations of statistics in this manner made possible a comprehensive and detailed appraisal of the work of each enumerator. Thus, the detection and correction of errors resulting from a misunderstanding of the schedule were greatly facilitated. This was particularly true in regard to reports under wrong inquiries or reports of production in units other than those specified on the schedule. Undetected misplaced entries probably affected the results to some extent, particularly in areas where the crop listed on the schedule was of minor importance. Where evident, all misplaced entries were corrected and it is believed the uncorrected errors resulting from this or other causes, do not affect the totals to any appreciable extent.

For the minor crops, the names of which had to be written on the schedule by the enumerator, the results are probably less complete than for the listed crops; except, possibly where a crop considered to be of minor significance nationally, was of decided economic importance locally.

Comparability of previous statistics.—The comparability of the statistics for 1939 with those for previous censuses is affected by the wording of the specific inquiries, the inclusion or exclusion on the schedule of related items, the number of questions included, their relative position, the date of enumeration, and many other factors. Reference notes or comments in the text under the individual crops call attention to the more important differences resulting from changes in the schedule.

Summary of all crops.—The United States acreage and value data for all crops for 1939 are assembled in table 1 with, approximately, comparable totals for earlier years. In considering the total acreage of crops and in comparing the acreages of the specified crops shown in the succeeding tables, the principal points which must be noted are as follows:

Italics are used to designate crops in table 2 for which the acreage is duplicated or largely duplicated. For example, under "Annual legumes for all purposes, except plowed under for green manure" the acreages of annual legumes, grown with other crops, duplicated the acreages of the companion crops. Likewise, the acreages of annual legumes harvested for hay are italicized because they are largely duplicated. The production and value, however, are not duplicated even though the acreage may be duplicated. If two or more grains were grown in a mixture, there would not be a duplication of acreage because, with one exception-wheat and flax which were separated in the enumeration—such mixtures were reported under "mixed grains." If crops were interplanted the acreages would be largely duplicated; however, no italics would indicate the duplication in table 2 because it is impossible to segregate the portion duplicated in the harvested acreages of the individual crops that were interplanted. For further discussion of the duplication of harvested acreages see the text discussion under "acreage."

It is to be remembered that the total acres of "crops harvested" frequently exceeds the "Land from which crops were harvested," due to two or more crops being harvested from the same land in the same calendar year. Thus, a 10-acre field of alfalfa might be harvested one or more times for hay and once for seed in the same calendar year, and would contribute 20 acres to the total acres of "crops harvested" but only 10 acres to the "Land from which crops were harvested."

Some of the crop inquiries have differed in the various census years. For example, in the census of 1940, sorghums for silage were reported separately from those which were cut for hay or fodder. In the censuses of 1935 and 1930 the

silage, hay, and fodder were listed as a combined figure. In 1940, vetches, velvetbeans, mung and horse beans were secured under one question and dry field and seed peas under a separate question; while in 1935 velvetbeans, vetches, Canada and other ripe field peas were combined under one question. In 1930, a question was carried relating to velvetbeans and one covering Canada, marrowfat, Scotch, and other ripe field peas. The 1940 and 1930 schedules separated other tame and wild hay while these crops were listed under "All other tame and wild grasses cut for hay" in 1935. Sweetclover and lespedeza cut for hay were shown separately for the first time in 1940. These crops were reported as a combined figure in 1935.

TABLE 1.—ALL CROPS—ACREAGE AND VALUE, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1879 TO 1939

(The first Agricultural Census was in 1840. Total acreage of crops not secured prior to 1879 and total value of crops not secured prior to 1899)

		ACREAGE		VAI	UE (DOLLARS)	
ITEM AND YEAR	Total	Increase or deci	rease (-)	Total	Percent in- crease or	Average per acre
		Acres	Percent		decrease (-)	per acre
Cropland harvested 1939 1934 1929 1932	321,242,430 295,624,176 359,242,091 344,549,267	25,618,254 -63,617,915 14,692,824	8.7 -17.7 4.3	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
All orops 1 -1939-1934-1934-1924-1919-1919-1919-1919-1919-1919-191	324,238,361 298,642,348 361,944,557 (3) 348,603,729 311,293,382 283,218,280 219,705,564	25,596,013 -63,302,209 (3) 37,310,347 28,075,102 63,512,716 53,518,980	8.6 -17.5 (3) 12.0 9.9 28.9 32.2	5,705,464,370 4,479,015,137 8,223,514,886 7,472,534,858 14,646,177,769 5,287,773,834 2,888,049,680 (3)	27.4 -45.5 10.0 -49.0 177.0 85.1 -(3) (3)	17.60 15.00 22.72 (3) 42.01 16.99 10.20 (3)
Field crops and vegetables 1934—1929—1919—1919—1909—1899—1899—	318,713,646 5 292,194,673 355,471,717 348,299,465 310,922,056 282,839,711	26,518,973 -63,277,044 7,172,252 37,377,409 28,082,345	9.1 -17.8 2.1 12.0 9.9	5,174,572,362 4,086,754,249 7,422,105,931 13,807,034,128 5,008,415,454 2,725,292,203	26.6 -44.9 -46.2 175.7 83.8	16.24 13.99 20.88 39.64 16.11 9.64
Fruits and nuts and horticultural specialties	5,524,715 5 6,447,675 2 6,472,840 7 304,264 7 371,326 7 378,569	-922,960 -25,165 (8) -67,062 -7,243	-14.3 -0.4 (6) -18.1 -1.9	530,892,008 392,260,888 801,408,955 839,143,641 279,358,380 162,757,477	35.3 -51.1 -4.5 200.4 71.6	96.09 60.84 123.81 2000000000000000000000000000000000000

<sup>1</sup> Total acreage of crops for which figures are available. 2 Acreage for horticultural specialties not included. 5 Not available. 4 14,502,932 acres of corn cut for fodder were excluded as most of this acreage was probably duplicated in the acreage of corn harvested for grain. The value of this fodder, \$206,934,650, was also excluded. 5 Only strawberries reported in small fruits; other small fruits included in field crops. 6 Data not comparable. See note 7. 7 Acreage in fruit orchards, vineyards, and planted nut trees not secured prior to 1930.

Changes in acreage of crops. - The total acreage of all | crops harvested in 1939 was 324,238,361 which is an increase of 8.6 percent over the 298,642,348 acres recorded for 1934. Due to the severe and widespread drought of that year, the 1934 acreage of crops harvested was the lowest recorded since 1899. Examination of the 1939 data by geographic divisions and States shows that the States in the West North Central, West South Central, and Mountain Divisions had not returned to the high acreage of crops recorded in those divisions in 1929. In fact, nearly all the difference between the 361,944,557 acres harvested in 1929 and the area harvested in 1939 is accounted for in these 3 western divisions where crop acreages witnessed such remarkable expansion in the two decades prior to 1930 and were so severely injured by the drought of 1934. That much of this formerly planted and harvested acreage is still considered by farmers as being potential cropland is indicated by the 1939 acreage of "idle or fallow cropland" enumerated in these western divisions, as compared with similarly classed land in 1929.

Not only has the total acres of crops been curtailed compared with the 1929 peak but some very decided shifts have taken place in types of crops raised. Particular attention is directed to the lower acreage of cotton, corn, and wheat; and the higher acreage of grain sorghums and annual legumes as compared with 1929.

Changes in value of crops.— Values in succeeding censuses involve the variables of change in acreage, change in yield per acre, and change in unit price. Values are not particularly satisfactory in comparing changes between census years unless changes in price levels are taken into account. Value is the common unit that successfully measures the

importance of an individual crop compared with another crop or with all crops in an individual year. The low value of all crops recorded in 1934 was not only the result of low yields and reduced harvested acreage caused by drought but also by low unit values. The higher value recorded for the 1939 production reflects larger acreages, higher yields, and improvement in unit prices. The very high value of all crops recorded in 1919 is a reflection of the inflation in farm prices that took place during World War I. The reader is cautioned against any assumption that these values of crops are representative of either gross or net farm income from that source. They are only a valuation placed on such crops assuming all of the harvested production to have been sold for cash on the basis of an average price per unit. A high percentage of some of the crops evaluated actually reach market channels as livestock or livestock products. Much is consumed on the farm where produced.

Individual crops.—Totals for individual field and vegetable crops harvested in 1939 are presented for the United States in tables 2 to 6, and by divisions and States in tables 7 to 62. The amount of comparative data from former censuses presented in State tables has been limited somewhat by space.

In presenting the statistics, certain derived figures are shown to facilitate analysis of the data. Percentages and averages reduce the figures to a common basis and for many purposes are much more convenient to use than the basic data. For 1939, 1934, 1929, and 1924 the relative importance of the various major crops is shown by percent of cropland harvested represented by each crop. The figures for cropland harvested were first secured for 1924. The percentages prior to that year were based on the total acreage of crops harvested for which figures were available.

Table 2.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FIELD CROPS FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1839 TO 1939

rabi	e 1. Perce	nt not	shown when	1,000 or mor	e. Fi	gures	for div	r divisions and States are shown in tables 7 to 56]						====	
	FARM REPORT			ACREAG	E	,		1	PRODUCTION			VALUE	(DOLLA	RS)	r
CROP AND YEAR	Number	Per- cent of all	Total	Increase decrease		Per- cent of crop- land	Aver- age per farm re-	Total	Increase (		Yield per acre	Total	Percent in- crease or de-	Aver- age per	Aver- age per
		farms		Acres	Per- cent	har- vest- ed <sup>1</sup>	port- ing		Amount	Per- cent	acre		crease (-)	unit	acre
	4,849,724 4,597,949	71.2	86,989,626 87,476,444 97,740,740 98,401,627	-486,818 -10,264,296 -660,887	-10.5	27.1 29.6 27.2 28.6	19.5 18.0 21.3 20.7	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	1,475,003,617 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3) (3) (3) (3)	16.96 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )
1924.	4,055,986 4,148,791 4,195,922 4,936,692 4,813,175 4,697,498 (3) (3) (3)	59.5 66.0 65.9 76.6 75.7	77,431,592 62,247,152 83,161,523 82,228,543 87,771,600 98,382,665 72,087,752 62,368,504 (3) (3) (3)	15,184,440 -20,914,371 822,680 -5,442,757 -10,611,065 3,468,992 22,825,921 9,719,248 (3) (3) (5) (6)	-25.1 1.0 -6.2 -10.8 3.7 31.7	23.9 25.2 31.6 33.5	15.3 20.0 19.6 17.8	Rushels 2,311,399,925 1,169,437,531 2,130,751,782 1,823,880,173 2,345,832,507 2,552,189,630 2,666,324,370 2,122,327,547 1,754,581,676 760,944,549 838,792,742 532,071,104 377,531,875 Tons	Bushels 1, 141,982, 394 -961,314,251 306,781,609 -521,952,334 -206,357,123 -114,134,740 543,996,823 367,735,871 993,647,127 -77,848,193 246,721,638 214,539,229	-45.1 16.8 -22.3 -8.1 -4.3 25.6 21.0 130.6 -9.3 41.7	22.2 26.7 25.9 28.1 29.4 28.1 ( <sup>5</sup> )	962,548,564 1,635,909,664 1,868,569,375 3,507,797,102 1,438,553,919 828,192,388	35.6 -41.2 -12.5 -46.7 143.8 73.7 (3) (5) (6) (6) (7) (7)	0.56 0.82 0.77 1.02 1.50 0.56 0.31 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	16.86 15.46 19.67 22.70 39.97 14.62 8.73 (³) (³) (³) (³) (°)
Corn cut for silage1939. 1929. 1924. 1919.	422,558 379,364 377,961 378,887	6.0	4,440,397 4,005,539 4,227,812 4,003,226	434,858 -222,273 224,586	-5.3		10.5 10.6 11.2 10.6	32,533,463 29,172,181 28,407,960 29,682,041	3,361,282 764,221 -1,274,061	2.7	7.33 7.28	142,140,561 ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3)	3.95 4.87 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 8.09	28.91 35.49 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 59.96
Corn hogged or grazed, or cut for fodder	412,130 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1,413,490	( <sup>3</sup> )	5,117,637 10,573,678 11,844,972 14,502,932	-5,456,041 -1,271,294 -2,657,960	-10.7	1.6 2.9 3.4 4.2	12.4 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 10.3	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 17,793,742	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1.23	41,479,814 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 206,934,650	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 11.63	8.11 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 14.27
Sorghums (all purposes, in- cluding sirup)	949,783 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 693,010	15.6 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	14,173,932 10,279,460 8,013,965 7,700,094	3,894,472 2,265,495 313,871	37.9 28.3 4.1	4.4 3.5 2.2 2.2		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXX	XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX	109,683,087 90,791,089 94,724,769		XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX (3)	7.74 8.83 11.82 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Sorghums for grain1939. 1934. 1924. 1924. 6 1919. 7 1909. 6 1899.	159,897 167,723 (³) 129,947	2.3 2.7 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2.0 1.5	4,693,423 2,370,191 3,521,903 3,525,667 3,725,997 1,635,153 266,513	2,323,232 -1,151,712 -3,764 -200,330 2,090,844 1,368,640	-32.7 -0.1 -5.4 127.9	1.0	14.8 21.0 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 28.7	Bushels 52,442,195 18,598,785 49,080,233 58,700,092 73,653,670 17,597,305 5,169,113	Bushels 33,843,410 -30,481,448 -9,619,859 -14,953,578 56,056,365 12,428,192	-62.1 -16.4 -20.3 318.6	7.8 13.9 16.6 19.8 10.8	17,360,241 32,640,336 52,321,330 92,524,296 10,816,940 1,367,040	-43.5 755.4 691.3	0.57 0.93 0.67 0.89 1.26 0.61 0.26	6.31 7.32 9.27 14.84 24.83 6.62 5.13
Sorghums cut for silage, hay, or fodder1939. 1934. 1929. 1924. 9 1919. Sorghums cut for silage1839. Sorghums cut for hay	421,712 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 475,626	10.9 6.7 ( <sup>3</sup> )		1,394,889 3,553,350 365,607 -756,537	81.6 9.2 -15.9	2.7 1.2	10.6 10.3 (3) 10.0	Tons 14,442,253 7,452,897 6,399,385 (3) 7,912,973 4,280,110	Tons 6,989,356 1,053,512			74,638,860 73,430,848 54,742,980 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 112,854,077	34.1 ( <sup>3</sup> )	5.17 9.85 8.55 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 14.26 3.96	( <sup>3</sup> )
or fodder	1,363,741 1,208,368 (3) 2,225,134 1,458,667 2,053,912 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	22.7 20.0 19.2 (3) 34.5 22.9 35.8 (3) (5) (6) (6) (6) (7)	50,526,015 41,943,387 61,999,908 50,862,230 73,099,421 44,262,552 52,588,574 33,579,514 35,430,333 (3), (3), (3), (5)	-20,056,521 11,137,678 -22,237,191 28,836,829 -8,325,982 19,009,060 -1,850,819 (3) (3) (3) (3)	20.5 -32.3 21.9 -30.4 65.1 -15.8 56.6 -5.2 (3) (3)	14.2 17.3 14.8 21.0 14.2 18.6 15.3 21.3 (3) (3) (3)	36.5 30.8 51.3 (*) 32.9 30.3 25.6 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	10,162,143 Rushels 708,551,598 708,551,598 500,684,955 800,876,659 945,403,215 683,379,259 658,534,252 468,373,968 459,483,137 287,745,626 173,104,924 100,485,944	Bushels 195,638,728 -287,436,085 -227,704 -144,526,556 262,023,956 24,945,007 190,160,284 8,880,831 171,737,511 114,640,702 72,618,980 15,662,672	-35.9 (10) -15.3 38.3 3.8 40.6 1.9 59.7 66.2 72.3 18.5	12.2 12.9 15.7 12.9 15.4 12.5 13.9 13.0 (3) (3) (3)	491,699,073 440,603,053 838,506,124 1,037,627,104 2,074,078,801 657,656,801 369,945,320 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	11.6 -47.5 -19.2 -50.0 215.4 77.8 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	5.68 0.69 0.86 1.05 1.30 2.19 0.96 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	13.52 20.40 28.37 14.86 7.03 (3) (3) (3) (5) (5) (5)
Winter wheat. 1939- 1934- 1929- 1924- 1919- 1909- 1869- Spring wheat. 1938- 1938-	1,150,863 940,721 1,032,553 1,740,300 1,174,021 (3) 279,337 227,130	16.9 15.0 16.2 27.0 18.5 (3) 4.6 3.3	40,430,355 34,359,532 49,912,993 27,151,489 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 14,390,262 7,881,002	(°) 6,509,260 -13,688,551	17.7 -31.2 83.8  ( <sup>8</sup> ) 82.6 -63.5	11.3 10.0 14.3 8.7 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 4.5 2.7	29.6 43.0 33.3 28.7 23.1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 51.5 34.7	542,748,788 431,078,583 569,703,588 553,377,236 741,748,210 419,732,982 175,195,893 166,102,810 82,134,287	111,670,205 -138,625,005 16,326,352 -188,370,974 322,015,228 	-24.3 3.0 -25.4 76.7  102.2 -64.4	12.7 14.1 16.1 14.9 15.5 (3) 11.5 10.4	369,477,561 601,979,365 712,422,869 1,610,191,898 411,648,205 (3) 115,048,580 71,125,492	1.9 -38.6 -15.5 -55.8 291.2 	0.69 0.86 1.06 1.29 2.17 0.98 (3) 0.69 0.87	( <sup>3</sup> ) 7.99 9.02
1929. 1924. 1919. 1909. 1909. Durum and macaroni wheat threshed <sup>11</sup> 1939. 1929.	(3) 267,939 566,811 (3) (5) 49,018 71,721	8.8 (3) (3) (3) 0.8 1.1	23,186,428 17,111,103 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 3,003,228 5,856,188	-6,683,730 6,075,325 ( <sup>8</sup> ) -2,852,960	-28.8 35.5 ( <sup>3</sup> ) -48.7	6.7 5.5 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 0.9	40.9 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 61.3 81.7	230,945,367 247,499,423 203,655,005 263,646,277 112,549,733 30,977,380 57,352,962		21.5 -22.8 -46.0	8.8 15.4 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 10.3 9.8	325,204,235 463,886,903 246,008,596 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 21,008,285 52,786,167	-60.2	1.02 1.31 2.28 0.93 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.68 0.92	10.97 19.71 20.01 14.38 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 7.00 9.01
Spring wheat threshed, other than durum and macaroni	275,990	1.9 3.9 4.3	8,493,998 15,713,365 14,608,231	-7,219,367		2.6 4.4 4.7	73.6 64.0	223,687,330	-87,844,018	·····	11.0 15.3	58,982,145 183,740,592	-67.9	1.06	

¹Percent of cropland harvested in 1939, 1934, 1929, and 1924; percent of the total acreage of crops for which figures are available for years prior to 1924. See chapter I, table 4. ²Excludes sweet corn except for silage primarily, popcorn, "Egyptian corn," kafir, and milo maize. ³Not available. ⁴Corn cut for forage. ⁵Excludes sorghums for strup. ⁵Farms reporting sorghums for grain only. Acreage, production, and value for sorghums for grain and seed. 7Schedule inquiry was for kafir corn and milo maize with instructions to include all Jerusalem or "Egyptian corn" and kindred crops not specifically mentioned. ⁵Schedule called for kafir corn with production in tons. Inquiry was listed under grains and seeds. Instructions on schedule called for reporting with kafir corn all Jerusalem corn, milo maize corn, and durra corn harvested after ripening for the grain. ⁵Kafir, sorghums, etc., for forage. ¹¹Dess than one-tenth of 1 percent. ¹¹¹Data were secured separately for 7 States only. See text discussion.

TABLE 2.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FIELD CROPS

•	FARI REPORT			ACREAC	E				PRODUCT I ON			VALUE (DOLLARS)			
CROP AND YEAR	Number	Per- cent of all	Total	Increase decrease	(-)	Per- cent of crop- land har-	Aver- age per farm re-	Total	Increase decrease (	-)	Yield per acre	Total	Percent in- crease or de- crease	Aver- age per unit	Aver- age per acre
		farms		Acres	Per- cent	vest~	port- ing		Amount	Per- cent			(-)		
0ats threshed and cut and fed unthreshed <sup>2</sup>	(3) (2)	29.2 (8) (6) (7)	32,306,771 28,620,776 36,525,964 40,819,304		12.9 -21.6 -10.5	9.7	18.2 (°) (°) (°)	(3) (6) (3) (5) Bushels	(°) (°) (°) (°) (z) Bushels	(%) (%) (%)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	289,071,546 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3) (3) (3)	(8) (3) (8) (8) (8)	8.95 (3) (3)
1929. 1924. 1919. 1909. 1899. 1879. 1869. 1859. 1859.	1,234,231 1,518,883 1,723,764 2,238,102 2,174,006 2,114,559 (3) (5) (6) (6)	18.1 24.2 27.1 34.7 34.2	29,933,108 24,588,766 33,466,025 37,650,155 37,991,002 35,159,441 29,539,898 28,320,677 16,144,593 (*) (*) (*)	5,344,342 -8,877,259 -4,184,130 -340,847 2,831,561 5,619,743 1,219,064 12,176,064	21.7 -26.5 -11.1 -0.9 8.1 19.0 4.3 75.4 (3) (3) (6) (6)	9.3 8.3 9.3 10.9 10.9 11.3 10.4 12.9 9.7 (*) (*)	20.0 19.9 22.0 21.8 17.0 16.2 14.0 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> )	870,258,195 488,779,570 992,746,912 1,304,599,083 1,055,182,798 1,007,142,980 943,389,375 809,250,666 407,558,999 282,107,157 172,643,185 146,594,179 123,071,341	411,478,625 -533,967,342 -311,852,171 249,416,285 48,039,818 63,733,605 134,138,709 401,391,667 125,751,842 109,463,972 26,059,006 23,512,838	23.9 23.6 4.8 6.8 16.6 98.4 44.6 63.4 17.8 19.1	29.1 18.7 29.7 34.7 27.8 28.6 31.9 28.6 25.3 (°) (°)	269,694,442 215,906,935 410,167,331 610,497,834 855,255,468 414,697,422 217,096,584 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	24.9 -47.4 -32.8 -28.6 106.2 91.0 (3) (6) (6) (6) (7)	0.47 0.41 0.47 0.81	9.01 8.78 12.26 16.22 22.51 11.79 7.35 (3) (3) (6) (6) (7)
Oats cut and fed unthreshed. 1939. 1934. 1939. 1934. 1939. 1934. 1939. 1934. 1939. 1934. 1939. 1934. 1939. 1	339,414 544,626 454,926 454,526 509,324 535,384,4026 542,710 357,521 4449,985 383,197 272,913 (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8)	5.60.02.00.8 5.60.02.00.8 6.60.	2,373,663 4,032,010 3,069,839 3,168,149 12,024,206 6,183,095 12,890,772 6,766,890 6,472,888 3,487,727 (°) (°) 3,555,729 1,913,771 3,032,802 2,171,604 1,842,233 (°) (°) (°) 1,566,572 1,272,488 2,486 2,486	-1,658,947 972,071 -109,210 5,831,113 -6,697,677 6,123,782 -1,225,818 3,228,510 1,249,362 (8) (6) (7) (7) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (1,641,958 -1,119,031 -710,760 -3,955,443 5,443 1441,269 -117,312 329,371 (9) (6) (7) (8) (8) (9) (9) (1,641,958 -1,119,031 -710,760 (9) (1,641,958 -1,119,031 -710,760 (9) (1,641,958 -1,119,031 -1,165,585 1,861,000 -1,165,585 1,861,000	-41.1 31.8 -3.4 4.94.2 -3.94.2 -9.55 -15.9 90.55 -15.9 86.2 6.9 -19.0 6.9 (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (17.9 -19.0 (9) (17.9 -19.0	0.7 1.4 0.9 3.7 2.1 3.6 0.2 1.2 1.6 1.1 2.2 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	7.0 7.4 6.2 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	-58.3 (4.9 to 12.0 to	17.8 20.4 23.5 18.9 22.5 24.3 22.0 (%) (%) 10.1 8.5 11.3 14.9 9.9 13.4 12.4 13.0 (%) (%) (%) (%) 25.1 20.0 (%) 25.1 20.0 (%) 25.1 20.0 (%) 25.1 20.0 (%) 25.1 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0	19,377,104 (a) (b) (c) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d	(a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	0.67 0.53 0.53 0.53 (0.	8.16 (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (10.94 11.96 11.96 (10.94 12.01 (8) (8) (9) (4) (4) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (10.94 (
1918- 1909- 1899- 1899- 1899- 1879- 1869- 1869- 1849- 1929- 1934- 1919- 1899-	53,058 57,184 88,306 (5) (5) (5) (5) 56,897 131,411 171,166 197,789 209,450 (5) (5) (6) (7) (8) (8) (8) (9) 11,216 11,216 11,325	0.8 1.2 1.5 (5) (6) (7) 9 1.6 2.1 2.7 3.7 (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) 0.2 0.2	1,260,687 2,083,142 2,110,517 1,318,698 (5) (5) (6) (7) 360,753 621,854 716,588 742,627 878,048	-822,435 -27,375 791,819 (3) (3) (6) (6) -261,101 -94,734 -26,039 -135,4221 70,988 -30,104 -11,225 (5) (6) (7) (9) (9) (177,488 -406,733	-39.5 -1.3 60.0 (§) (§) -42.0 -13.2 -3.5 -15.4 8.8 8.3.6 -1.3 (§) (§) (§) (§) (§)	0.4 0.7 0.6 (3) (3) (3) 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 (3) (5) (6) (6) (7)	8.6.09 8.2000000000000000000000000000000000000	6,633,200 19,512,765 19,979,492 10,250,410 7,170,951 1,730,444 566,867 562,312 5,589,064 8,359,011 12,003,689 12,680,884 14,849,332 11,233,515 12,110,349 11,817,327 9,821,721 17,571,618 8,956,912 7,291,743 2,762,999 6,233,657 2,607,868 12,702,710	-12,859,565 -466,727 9,728,082 3,079,459 5,440,507 1,163,577 -4,555 -2,769,947 -3,644,688 -686,685 -2,158,948 -876,834 22,158,946 -7,750,097 8,614,906 1,665,169 -3,470,658 3,625,789	-65.9 -2.3 94.9 314.4 205.3 0.8 -33.1 -30.4 -14.5 32.2 -7.2 2.5 20.3 -44.1 96.2 22.8	5.3 9.4 9.5 7.8 (5) (6) (7) 15.5 13.4 16.9 13.9 (7) (8) (9) (9) (19.6 18.1	29,360,998 28,970,554 19,524,901 (5) (6) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10	1.3 47.6 (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°)	4.41 1.48 0.98 0.90 0.98 0.96 0.96 1.55 0.81 0.51 0.42 0.44	23.29 13.91 9.30 (°) (°) (°) (°) 9.61 12.90 17.92 26.55 10.63 7.12 (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°)
Rice (rough or paddy) threshed	14,234 8,945 11,476 20,310 13,706 47,651 (5) (5)	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.3	851,060 705,858 740,588 744,033 911,272 610,175 942,214 161,312 174,173 (\$)	-3,445 -167,239 301,097 267,961 180,902 -12,861	-4.7 -0.5 -18.4 49.3 78.3	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.2	82.8 64.8 44.9	43,807,455 32,957,745 33,468,852 29,525,543 35,330,912 21,838,550 9,002,886 4,625,573 3,961,950 2,648,742 6,732,627 7,745,090 2,907,965	4,377,313 664,013 1,312,818 -4,083,885 -1,012,463 4,837,125	-1.5 13.4 -16.4 61.8 142.6 94.6 16.8 49.6 -60.7	46.7 45.2 39.7 38.8 35.8 26.3 28.7 22.7 (3)	32,206,463 25,530,155 32,932,931 42,535,586 97,194,481 16,019,607 6,329,562 (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%)	26.2 -22.5 -22.6 -56.2 506.7 153.1 (3) (3) (5) (6) (6) (8)	0.77 0.98 1.44 2.75	37.84 36.17 44.47 57.17 106.66 26.25 18.50 (3) (3) (5) (5) (5)

¹Percent of cropland harvested in 1938, 1834, 1829, and 1934; percent of the total acreage of crops for which figures are available for years prior to 1824. See chapter I, table 4. ²Includes oats threshed and oats cut for grain when ripe or nearly ripe and fed unthreshed, but does not include oat hay which is included with small grains for hay. ³Not available. ⁴Figures for 1839 and 1834 exclude flax and wheat mixture. See text discussion for all years. ⁵See text discussion of mixed grains. °Less than one-tenth of 1 percent. 'Prior to 1909, production of rice was reported in pounds. In the 1910 publication production for earlier years was converted to bushels by using 27.8 as a divisor, on the assumption that a bushel of rough rice (45 pounds) was equivalent to 27.8 pounds of hulled rice.

TABLE 2.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FIELD CROPS FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1839 TO 1939—Continued

table	FARM REPORT	s		ACREA				sions and State:	RODUCTION				E (DOLL	ARS),	
CROP AND YEAR	Number	Per- cent of	Total	Increase decrease		Per- cent of crop- land	Aver- age per farm	Total	Increase decrease		Yield per acre	. Total	Percent in- crease or de-	Aver-	Aver- age per-
		all farms		Acres	Per- cent	har- vest- ed <sup>1</sup>	re- port- ing		Amount	Per- cent			crease (-)	weat	acre-
Annual legumes <sup>2</sup> 1939 Soybeans <sup>4</sup> for all purposes, except plowed under for	1,958,658	32.1	xxxxxxxxx			xxxx	xxxx	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> ) _	( <sup>3</sup> )	(3)	( <sup>8</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )
green manure	977,131 694,830 302,842 827,676 622,746 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 199,396	16.0 10.2 4.8 13.6 9.1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 3.3	11,458,934 6,577,479 2,910,979 8,964,764 5,692,236 1,961,549 2,494,170	4,881,455 3,666,500 3,272,528 3,730,687 1,608,927	74.2 126.0 57.5 190.2	3.6 2.2 0.8 2.8 1.9 0.5 0.8	11.7 9.5 9.6 10.8 9.1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 12.5	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
1934 1929 Harvested for beans1939 Grown alone1939	90,343 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 253,762 236,359	1.3 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 4.2 3.9	885,243 949,430 4,274,105 4,109,067	-64, 187	-6.8	0.3 0.3 1.3 1.3	9.8 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 16.8 17.4	(%) Bushels 87,590,641 (%)	(3) Bushels (3)	(3) (3)	Bu. 20.5 (3)	71,246,404 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3) (3)	0.81 (3) (3)	( <sup>3</sup> ) 16.67 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )
Grown alone only <sup>5</sup> 1939  Grown with other  crops1939  Harvested for beans1934  1829  1919  1909	235,184 18,578 148,124 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 31,124 339	0.3 2.2 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 0.5 ( <sup>6</sup> )	4,097,926 165,038 (3) (3) (3) 112,826 1,629	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 111,197	(3) (3)	0.1 (3) (3) (6) (6)	8.9 (3) (3) (3) 3.6 4.8	(3) 23,014,703 8,661,188 1,084,813 16,835	( <sup>3</sup> ) 14,353,515 7,576,375 1,067,978	( <sup>3</sup> ) 165.7 698.4	(3) (3) (5) (5) 9.6 10.3	( <sup>3</sup> ) 23,210,120 14,446,066 4,450,099 20,577	(3) 60.7 224.6	( <sup>3</sup> ) 1.01 1.67 4.10 1.22	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 39.44 12.63
Cowpeas for all purposes, except plowed under for green maraire1939 1939 1929 Grown alone1939	811,450 838,761 273,923 592,326	9.7	6,714,351 5,202,245 1,493,228 2,909,083	1,512,106 3,709,017  197,614	29.1 248.4 7.3	2.1 1.8 0.4 0.9	8.3 6.2 5.5 4.9	( <sup>3</sup> ) (3) (5) (8) (8)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
1934 Grown with other crops 1939 1934 1929	592,949 (3) 359,453 298,493 (3) 327,007	8.7 (3) 5.9 4.4 (3) 5.4	2,711,469 775,546 3,805,268 2,490,776 717,682 1,895,567	1,935,923 1,314,492 1,773,094	249.6 52.8 247.1	0.9 0.2 1.2 0.8 0.2 0.6	4.6 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 10.6 8.3 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 5.8	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (5,959,298	(3) (3)	(3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (5) (5) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (4) (3) (3) (3) (4.39
Harvested for peas	234,115 216,051 110,956		824,017 764,684			0.3	3.5 3.5 9.7	( <sup>3</sup> ) 3,918,944 ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	3.1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 5.1 ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3)	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )
Harvested for peas1934 1929 1889 7 1879 Peanuts 4 for all purposes,	455,968 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	6.7 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	6,161,734 3,273,813 3,402,912 4,740,240	2,887,921	-28.2	(3) (3) (3) (3)	9,103,198 7,365,563 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	1.48 2.25 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(3) (3) (3) (3)
except plowed under for green manure	491,365 576,965 326,253 458,286 404,371 (3) 61,131 82,289	5.2 7.5 5.9 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1.0	3,593,596 3,239,525 2,446,704 2,511,909 2,016,291 1,558,865 1,081,627 1,222,234	354,011 792,821 	10.9 32.4 24.6 29.3 -11.6 37.8	1.1 1.1 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.3	7.3 5.6 7.5 5.5 5.0 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 17.7 14.9	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (5) (5) (5) (6)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
1929  Harvested for muts	304,161 301,305 300,350 3,611	5.0 4.9 4.9	887,839 1,787,039 1,766,480 1,759,868 20,559			0.2 0.6 0.5 0.5 (6)	5.9 5.9 5.9 5.4	Pounds 1,155,316,299 (8) 1,145,974,314	Pounds (3)	(³) (³)	646.0 (3) 651.0	39,169,158 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(³) (³) (³)	0.03 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	21.92 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )
Harvested for nuts1934 1929 1919 1909 1899 1889 Vetches, <sup>8</sup> velvetbeans, horse	453,835 (*) 230,380 219,003 133,909 (*)	6.7 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 3.6 3.4	(3) (3) 1,125,100 869,887 516,654 203,946	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 255,213 353,233 312,708	(3) (3) 29.3 68.4 153.3	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 0.3 0.3	4.0 3.9	Bushels 44,259,977 36,587,996 27,449,990 19,415,816 11,964,109 3,586,143	Bushels 7,671,981 9,138,066 8,034,114 7,451,707 8,375,966	21.0 33.3 41.4 62.3 233.4	Bu. (3) (3) 24.4 22.3 23.2 17.6	38,592,738 28,433,245 62,751,701 18,271,929 7,270,515 ( <sup>3</sup> )	35.7 -54.7 243.4 151.3	0.87 0.78 2.29 0.94 0.61 ( <sup>8</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 55.77 21.00 14.07 ( <sup>3</sup> )
and mung beans for all purposes, except plowed under for green manure1939. Grown alone	157,751 35,313 127,162 49,764 12,946 39,004	2.1	2,513,642 291,440 2,222,202 701,215 111,016			0.8 0.1 0.7 0.2 (5)	8.3 17.5 14.1 8.6	(3) (3) (3) 3,072,792 (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (5) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (4) 4.4 (3)	(3) (3) (3) 5,659,749 (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)  (3)	(3) (3) (3) 1.84 (3) (5)	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 8.07 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Velvetheans for all purposes, except for soil improvement	101,639 101,590	1.6	1,237,346 1,142,562 12,560	94,784	8.3		12.2	2,114,806 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 154,767	( <sup>3</sup> )	(³)	1.7 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 12.3	3,663,384 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 210,837	( <sup>3</sup> )	1.73 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1.36	2.96 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 16.79

¹Percent of cropland harvested in 1939, 1934, and 1929; percent of the total acreage of crops for which figures are available for years prior to 1924. See chapter I, table 4. ²See text discussion. ³Not available. ⁴Data for 1924 are omitted from this table as it is believed that for most items relating to annual legumes they are not sufficiently comparable with those for other years. See text discussion. The available figures for 1924 are as follows: Peanuts -250, 847 farms reporting; 1,104,678 acres, and 25,899,079 bushels valued at \$35,307,788; soybeans-283,284 farms reporting; compaces-407,441 farms reporting; velvetheans—115,297 farms reporting and 1,475,951 acres; dry edible beans-149,863 farms reporting and 1,637,069 acres; annual legumes (soybeans, compaces, and peanuts only) saved for hay -2,572,615 acres. and 1,475,951 acres; dry edible beans—149,863 farms reporting and 1,637,069 acres; annual legumes (soybeans, compeas, and are as follows: 1869-5,746,027 bushels; 1859—15,061,396 publics; 1849-9,219,901 bushels. No data available for 1839. Farms reporting quantity harvested from acreage grown alone. Less than one-tenth of 1 percent. Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Ionisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Temmessee, Texas, and a portion of Misscuri was considered as compeas and the production of nall other States as Canada peas. In the 1890 publication 4,740,240 bushels of compaces and 1,774,737 bushels of Canada peas were given as the production of the entire production of Misscuri being included as compeas. In 1929 data for vetches were limited to vetch seed specified on individual schedules under "Other field crops," with 212 farms reporting 3,730 acres and 57,884 bushels valued at \$141,821.

TABLE 2.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FIELD CROPS
FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1839 TO 1939—Continued

	FARM REPORT		,	ACREA	GE.	<del>-</del>			PRODUCTION			VALUE	(DOLI	ARS)	
CROP AND YEAR	Number	Per- cent of all	Total	Increase .decrease		Per- cent of crop- land har-	Aver- age per farm re-	Total	Increase decrease		Yield per acre	Total	Per- cent in- crease or de-	Aver- age per unit	Aver- age per
		farms		Acres	Per- cent	vest- ed <sup>1</sup>	port- ing	,	Amount	Per- cent			(-)	, white	acre
Annual legumes <sup>2</sup> —Continued Other dry field and seed beans <sup>3</sup> for all purposes, except plowed	·				_				<i>"</i>	(4)	40	(4)	40	445	
under for green manure1939 1934 1929 Grown alone1939 1934	102,436 139,753 128,581 101,456 (4)	1.7 2.1 2.0 1.7 (4)	1,591,211 1,503,670 1,866,655 1,587,373 1,488,376	87,541 -362,985 98,997 -257,886	5.8 -19.4 6.7 -14.8	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	15.5 10.8 14.5 15.6 (4)	(*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) (4) (4) (4) (4)	<b>SESSES</b>	(*) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)
1929 Grown with other crops. 1938 1934 1929	(4) 1,092 (4) (4)	(4) (5) (4) (4)	1,746,262 3,838 15,294 120,393	-11,456 -105,099	-74.9 -87.3	0.5 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	(4). 3.5 (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Bushels	(4) (4) (4) (4) Bushels	(*) (*) (*) (*)	(4) (4) (4) (4) Bu.	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(†) (†) (†)
Harvested for beans1939 Grown alone1939 Grown with other	100,949 100,194	1.7 1.6	1,585,821 1,582,983		:::::	0.5	15.7 15.8	23,666,104	4,969,489 (4)	26.6 (4)	14.9 (4)	46,527,308 ( <sup>4</sup> )	18.0 (4)	1.97 (4)	29.34 ( <sup>4</sup> )
crops	906 (4) (4) 168,185 185,934 245,016 (4)	(5) (4) (4) 2.6 2.9 4.3 (4)	2,838 (4) (4) 1,161,682 802,991 453,841 (4)	(4) (4) (358,691 349,150	(4) (4) 44.7 76.9	(5) (4) (4) 0.3 0.3 0.2 (4)	3.1 (4) (4) 6.9 4.3 1.9 (4)	(4) 18,696,615 20,353,579 14,079,093 11,251,160 5,064,490 3,163,554	(*) -1,656,964 6,274,486 2,827,933 6,186,670 1,900,936 88,504	(4) -8.1 44.6 25.1 122.2 60.1 2.9	(4) (4) (4) 12-1 14-0 11-2 (4)	(4) 39,418,609 77,097,864 61,795,225 21,771,482 7,633,636 (4)	(4) -48.9 24.8 183.8 185.2	(4) 2.11 3.79 4.39 1.94 1.51 (4)	(4) (4) (53.19 27.11 16.82 (4)
Dry field and seed peas <sup>3</sup> for all purposes, except plowed under for green manure1939	(4) 11,133 26,615	0.2	(4) (4) 244,902 286,902	(4) -42,000	-14.6	(4) (4) 0.1 0.1	22.0 10.8	(4) (4)	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	(*) (*)	(4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (5)
Grown alone	10,371 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 839 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 9,036 8,756	0.2 (4) (5) (4) 0.1	230,882 .255,978 14,020 30,924 214,324 209,764	-25,096 -16,904	-9.8 -54.7	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.1	22.3 (4) 16.7 (4) 23.7 24.0	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) 3,791,063 (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (5) (4)	(*) (*) (*) (*) 	(4) (4) (4) (5) 17.7 (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) 6,370,437	(4) (4) (4) (5)	(4) (4) (4) (4) 1.68 (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) 29.72 (4)
Grown with other crops	328 (4) 210, 245 261, 231 417, 864 (4)	( <sup>6</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) 3.3 4.1 7.3 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	4,560 (4) 865,670 1,305,099 968,370 (4)	(*) -439,429 336,729 (*) (4)	(4) -33.7 34.8	(5) (4) 0.2 0.4 0.3 (4) (4)	13.9 (*) 4.1 5.0 2.3 (*) (4)	(4) 3,281,135 5,742,626 7,129,294 9,440,210 2,812,437	(4) -2,461,491 -1,386,668 -2,310,916 6,627,773 1,037,700	(4) -42.9 -19.5 -24.5 235.7 58.5	(*) (*) 6.6 5.5 9.7 (*)	(4) 7,444,200 20,790,541 10,963,739 7,908,966 (4)	(4) -64.2 89.6 38.6 	(4) 2.27 3.62 1.54 0.84 (4)	(4) (4) 24.02 8.40 8.17 (4)
Velvetbeans, vetches, Canada and other ripe field peas for—beans, peas, seed, hay, or grazed	211,294	3.1	2,749,972	(*)		0.9	13.0	1,774,737			3.7	(4) (4)	(4) (4)	(4) (4)	( <sup>4</sup> )
All hay	3,436,325 (4) 3,437,918 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	56.4 (4) 54.7 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	65,979,445 68,624,510 67,827,899 74,095,942 72,779,868 68,227,310 58,583,847 30,631,054 (4) (4) (4) (4)	-2,645,065 796,611 -6,228,043 1,316,054 4,552,578 9,643,463 5,695,060 22,317,743 (4) (4) (4)	-3.9 1.2 -8.5 1.8 6.7 16.5 10.6 72.9  (4) (4)	20.5 23.2 18.9 21.5 20.9 21.9 20.7 24.1 18.4 (4) (4) (4)	19.2 (1) 19.7 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	707s 82,413,289 62,084,347 85,280,764 88,384,249 90,355,540 87,216,351 71,112,709 66,831,480 35,150,711 27,316,048 19,083,896 13,838,642 10,248,109	Tons 20,328,922 -23,196,417 -3,103,485 -1,971,291 3,139,189 16,103,642 4,281,229 31,680,769 7,834,663 8,222,152 5,245,254 3,590,533	32.7 -27.2 -3.5 -2.2 3.6 22.6 6.4 90.1 28.7 43.1 37.9 35.0	1.26 1.19 1.24 1.28 1.21 1.26	701,509,927 862,064,278 988,436,875 1,076,254,296 1,953,149,124 776,067,880 11 484,254,703 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	-18.6 -12.8 -8.2 -44.9 151.7 60.3  (4) (4) (5) (5) (5)	8.51 13.89 11.59 12.18 21.62 8.90 6.81 (4) (4) (4) (5) (4) (4) (4)	10.63 12.56 14.57 14.53 26.84 11.37 8.27 (4) (4) (4) (5)
for hay	972, 128 1,222,266 434,472 (14) 329,547 946,545 877,453 806,429 664,125 542,549 283,012 96,114 97,457 481,206	15.9 17.9 6.9 (4) 5.1 15.5 12.9 12.8 10.4 4.4 1.7 1.6 7.9	7, 187, 327 9, 500, 946 3, 067, 710 2, 572, 615 1, 846, 914 12, 802, 703 11, 569, 135 11, 515, 811 10, 402, 431 4, 707, 146 2, 094, 011 1, 146, 515 4, 697, 509	-2, 313, 619 6, 433, 236 495, 095 725, 701 1, 133, 598 153, 324 1, 113, 380 1, 777, 625 2, 613, 135	-24.4 209.7 19.2 39.3  9.7 1.3 10.7 20.6 83.2 124.8	2.2 3.2 0.7 0.5 4.0 3.9 3.2 3.0 2.5 0.7 0.4 1.5	7.4 7.8 7.1 (4) 5.6 13.5 14.3 15.7 15.9 16.6 21.8 11.8 9.8	8,379,503 7,970,423 2,935,402 (4) 1,716,195 25,653,221 18,742,098 23,493,505 (4) 18,853,133 11,659,881 5,220,571 1,337,559 5,046,772	(4) (5) (6,911,123 -4,751,407 (4) (6,993,252 6,639,210	5.1 171.5 (4) 36.9 -20.2 (4) 59.0 127.2	1.17 0.84 0.96 (4) 0.93 2.00 1.61 2.04 (4) 2.19 2.52 2.49 1.18 1.07	74, 186, 245 114, 380, 585 45, 464, 629 (4) 47,094, 363 236, 161, 728 288, 288, 614 317, 043, 137 (4) 416, 178, 534 93, 103, 998 (4) 7, 187, 832 51, 427, 190	-35.1 151.6 (4) (4) -15.4 (4) 347.0 (5)	8.85 14.35 15.49 (*) 27.44 9.21 14.32 13.49 (*) 22.07 7.85 (*) 5.30 10.19	10.32 12.04 14.82 (*) 25.50 18.45 22.99 27.53 (*) 48.25 19.78 (*) 6.27 10.95
Sweetclover and lespedeza cut for hay1934 16 1929 18 1924	259,494 123,682 108,174	3.8 2.0 1.7	2,564,667 1,410,198 1,309,358	1,154,469 100,842	81.9 7.7	0.9 0.4 0.4	9.9 11.4 12.1	2,306,944 1,612,441 ( <sup>4</sup> )	694,503 ( <sup>4</sup> )	43.1 (4)	0.90 1.14 (*)	28,900,324 17,134,094 ( <sup>4</sup> )	68.7 	12.53 10.63 (4)	11.27 12.15 (4)

¹Percent of cropland harvested in 1939, 1934, 1929, and 1924; percent of the total acreage of crops for which figures are available for years prior to 1924. See chapter I, table 4. ²See text discussion. ³Data for 1924 are omitted from this table as it is believed that for most items relating to annual legumes they are not sufficiently comparable with those for other years. See text discussion. The available figures for 1924 are as follows: Peanuts—250,847 farms reporting 1,04,578 acres; and 25,899,079 bushels valued at \$35,307,788; soybeans—283,284 farms reporting; compeas—407,441 farms reporting; velvetbeans—115,287 farms reporting and 1,457,068 acres; annual legumes (soybeans, compeas, and peanuts only) saved for hay—2,572,615 acres. Prior to 1879, census data relating to annual legumes are limited to the combined production of peas and beans, and are as follows: 1869—5,746,027 bushels; 1859—15,061,995 bushels; and 1849—9,219,901 bushels. No data available for 1839. ⁴Not available. ⁵Less than one-tenth of 1 percent. ⁵Figures do not include 67 farms reporting 150 acres and 5,554 bushels of horsebeans valued at \$124,225, and 11 farms reporting 39 acres and 206 bushels of "Other" beans valued at \$224. Figures do not include 67 farms reporting 150 acres and 5,554 bushels of horsebeans valued at \$5,559, and 5 farms reporting 43 acres and 550 bushels of "Other" beans valued at \$555. ⁵Includes cowpeas. °Pror 1879 the schedule inquiry for field peas was "Canada peas," although no separate totals were given in the 1880 publication, the production in Altabma, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisians, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and a portion of Missouri was considered as cowpeas and the production in all other States as Canada peas. In the 1890 publication, 4,740,240 bushels of cowpeas and 1,774,737 bushels of Canada peas were given as the production of dry peas for 1879, the entire production of Missouri being included as cowpeas, and peanuts. ¹¹283,284 farms reported soybeans

Table 2.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FIELD CROPS

•	FARM REPORT			ACREAG	Ει			P	RODUCTION		VALUE (DOLLARS)				
CROP AND YEAR	Number	Per- cent of all farms	Total	Increase decrease Acres		Per- cent of crop- land har- vest- ed	Aver- age per farm re- port- ing	Total	Increase decrease (		Yield per acre	Total	Per- cent in- crease or de- crease (-)	Aver- age per unit	Aver- age per acre
All hay—Continued								,							
Clover or timothy alone or mixed cut for hay1939	1.110.494	18.2	17,273,868	-2,704,823	-19.5	5.4	15.6	Tons 20,660,341	Tons 4,314,249	26.4	Tons 1.20	195,454,477	-21.3	9,46	11.32
1934 2 1929 2 1924 6 1919 1909 1889 1934 1924 1924 1919 10 1909 10 1909	1,247,079 (3) (6) (7) (8) 420,124 335,357 516,228 249,674 228,819 513,877 418,056 337,237	18.3 (4) (4) (4) (4) 7.3 5.5 7.6 4.0 3.6 8.0 6.6	19,978,691 29,749,886 34,248,812 33,451,167 36,672,038 4,103,968 3,690,360 6,980,258 3,204,965 3,087,608 5,6774,854 4,324,878	-2, 104,025 -9,771,195 -4,498,926 797,645 -3,220,871 32,568,070 -3,289,698 3,775,293 117,357 -2,587,246 1,349,976 441,348	-32.8 -13.1 2.4 -8.8 793.6  -47.1 117.8 3.8 -45.6 31.2	6.8 8.3 9.9 9.6	16.0 (4) (4) (4) (9.8 11.0 13.5 12.8 13.5 11.0	20,000,7558 16,346,992 37,707,558 (4) 42,288,266 45,892,299 5,167,188 3,887,897 4,920,725 3,433,253 (4) 5,462,853 5,367,292 4,964,657		-56.6 (*) -7.9 768.1 -21.0 43.3 (*)	0.82 1.27 (*) 1.26 1.25 1.26 1.05 0.70 1.07 (*) 9.96	193,404,47 248,452,709 421,711,053 1,009,962,177 474,667,581 (4) 31,358,774 52,322,272 46,674,267 (9) 120,229,829 61,686,131	(4) 112.8 (4) -40.1 12.1 (4) 94.9	15.20 11.18 (*) 23.88 10.34 (*) 8.07 10.63 13.59 (*)	11.32 12.44 14.18 (4) 30.19 12.94 (4) 8.50 7.50 14.56 (4) 21.19 14.26
Other tame grasses cut for hay 111939	546, 195	9.0	7,220,202	1,857,549	34.6	2.2	13.2	7,600,407	2,469,950	48.1	1.05	60,740,108	2.6	7.99	8.41
1929 1924 1919 1909 Wild grasses cut for hay 1924 1919 1899	416, 301 601, 582 619, 616 ( <sup>12</sup> ) 413,200 441,591 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 529,819 539,717 531,592	6.6 9.4 9.6 (4) 6.8 7.0 (4) 8.2 8.5	5,362,653 7,452,404	-2,089,751 1,336,747 718,931 -1,555,845 -1,506,040 -2,103,769 -60,037 1,729,745	-28.0 23.1 13.5 -11.5 -10.0 -12.3 -0.3	1.5 2.2 1.7 1.7 3.7 3.8 4.4 4.9 5.5		5,130,457 (4) 6,403,805 5,713,305 9,827,769 10,968,148 (4) 15,631,288 18,983,574 17,284,858	(*) 690,500 -1,140,379 (*) -2,752,286 1,098,716	(4) 12.1 -10.4 (4)	0.96 (4) 1.06 1.07 0.82 0.81 (4) 0.91	59,228,735 (4) 133,181,607 55,554,001 44,993,573 81,180,960 (4) 226,502,614 91,026,169	(4) 139.7 -44.6 (4) 148.8	11.54 (*) 20.80 9.72 4.58 7.40 (*) 14.49 4.95 (*)	11.04 (*) 21.99 10.41 3.76 6.01 (*) 13.23 5.30 (*)
All other tame and wild grasses cut for hay1934	994,619	14.6	17,930,813	-948,516	-5.0	6.1	18.0	11,798,065	~4,300,540	-26.7	0.66	149,709,794	6.6	12.69	8.35
Alfalfa seed	85,471 29,588 31,043 7,431 38,566	0.5 0.5 0.1	1,009,758 525,447 (4) (4) 570,034	484,311 (4) (4)	92.2 (4) (4)	0.3 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.2	11.8 17.8 (4) (4) (4)	Bushels 1,453,580 989,411 868,304 263,328 1,528,850	Bushels 464,169 121,107 604,976	13.9	1.9	12,681,155 11,313,429 20,647,780 2,051,840 2,947,484	-45.2 906.3	8.72 11.43 23.78 7.79 1.93	12.56 21.53 (4) (4) 5.17
		1						Pounds	Pounds		Lb.				
Lespedeza seed1939	55,882	i	605,652			0.2	10.8	102,847,667 Bushels	Bushels		170 Bu.			0.04	6.96
Clover seed	134,312 213,110 127,405 72,996 105,526 66,109 (*) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	3.4 2.0 1.1 1.8	1,528,159 2,517,819 (4) (4) (4) (4) 1,400,364 833,623 (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (566,741 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4)	0.5 0.7 (4) (4) (4) 0.4 0.2 (4) (4) (4) (4)	11.4 11.8 (4) (4) (4) (21.2 (4) (4) (4) (4) (5)	2,050,970 4,041,693 1,175,969 1,025,816 1,349,209 8,751,259 3,676,176 5,807,425 5,382,204 3,515,669 2,947,059 Bales	-1,890,723 2,865,724 150,153 -323,393 5,075,083 -2,131,249 425,221 1,866,335 588,610 Bales	243.7 14.6 -24.0 138.1 -36.7 7.9 53.1	1.6 (*) (*) (*) 6.2 4.4 (*) (*)	16,473,582 31,137,339 34,768,946 6,925,122 5,359,578 9,164,918 6,093,520 25,427,106 6,160,721 2,668,839	-10.4 402.1 29.2 50.4 -76.0 312.7 114.7	6.75 3.97 1.05 1.66 4.38	10.78 12.37 (4) (4) (4) 6.54 7.31 (4) (4) (4)
1929 1924 1919 1909	1,589,723 1,920,123 1,986,726 1,931,307 1,905,863 1,714,149 1,418,584 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	28.2 31.6 30.3 29.6	22,811,004 26,753,697 43,227,488 39,204,319. 33,740,106 32,043,838 24,275,101 20,175,270 14,480,019 (4) (4) (4)	1,696,268	-38.1 10.3 16.2 5.3 32.0	11.4 9.7 10.3	13.9 21.8 20.3 17.7 18.7	11,481,300 9,472,022 14,574,405 13,682,699 11,376,130. 10,649,268 9,534,707 7,472,511 5,755,359 3,011,996 5,387,952 2,469,093 1,976,198	2,009,278 -5,102,383 891,706 2,306,569 726,662 1,114,561 2,062,196 1,717,152 2,743,363 -2,375,056 2,917,959 492,895	-35.0 6.5 20.3 6.8 11.7 27.6 29.8 91.1 -44.1 118.2	0.50 0.35 0.34 0.35 0.34 0.39 0.37 0.40 (4)	2,007,430,242 703,619,303	-51.8 -20.4 -21.9 185.3 117.3	85.68 114.63 176.46 66.07	23.59 22.49 28.89 40.01 59.50 21.96 13.34 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)
Cottonseed 18	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(1) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	<b>3333</b> 3	£\$££	Tons 5,258,500 6,914,866 5,327,721 5,324,622 4,767,353 Pounds		29.8 0.1	Tons (4) (4) (5) (5) Lb:	110,938,308 209,772,704 347,739,123 121,076,984 46,950,575	-47.1 -39.7 187.2 157.9	21.10 30.34 65.27 22.74 9.85	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
Tobacco harvested	498,348 422,166 432,975 396,352 448,572 326,919 308,292 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	6.2 6.9 6.2 7.0 5.1	1,853,230 1,237,117 1,888,365 1,537,843 1,861,480 1,294,911 1,101,460 695,301 1638,841 (4) (4)	616, 113 -651, 248 360, 522 -323, 637 566, 569 193, 451 406, 159 56, 460 (4) (4) (4)	-34.5 22.8 -17.4 43.8 17.6 58.4	0.6 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.4 (4) (4) (4) (4)	3.7 2.9 4.4 3.9 4.1 4.0 3.6 (*) (*) (*)	1,699,727,914 1,021,448,870 1,456,510,003 1,106,339,883 1,371,504,261 1,055,764,806 868,112,865 488,256,646 472,661,157	678,279,044 -435,061,133 350,170,120 -265,164,378 315,739,455 187,651,941 379,656,219 15,595,489 209,925,816 -171,474,120 234,456,806 -19,410,664	31.7 -19.3 29.9 21.6 77.8 3.3 79.9 -39.5 117.4	917 826 771 719 737 815 788 702 740 (4)	258,990,303 216,671,975 265,886,604 211,732,674 443,705,030 104,302,856 56,987,902 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	19.5 -18.5 25.6 -52.3 325.4 83.0 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	0.21 0.18	139.75 175.14 140.80 137.68 238.36 80.55 51.74 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)

<sup>1</sup>Percent of cropland harvested in 1939, 1934, 1929, and in 1924; percent of the total acreage of crops for which figures are available for years prior to 1924. See chapter I, table 4. 2In 1929 and 1924 crimson clover was included with sweetclover and lespedeza. 31,491,287 farms reported either timothy or timothy and clover mixed, or both; 341,546 reported 1 or more of the following clovers—red, alsike, or mammoth. 4Not available. 672,701 farms reported timothy; 1,284,283 reported clover and timothy, mixed; and 328,878, clover alone. 12,033,376, timothy and clover, mixed; and 328,878, clover alone. 14,032,376, timothy was included under "Other tame grasses." 15 lncludes soybeans and cowpeas cut for hay. 1278,630 farms reported atllet for hay and 1,958,060 reported other tame grasses (including timothy) for hay in 1899. 1204,677 farms reported millet for hay and 300,813 reported other tame grasses for hay. 15 Note that discussion for kinds included. 16 Timothy, millet, and other grass seed. 17 Grass seed; kinds not specified. 19 Production computed for 1939, 1919, 1909, and 1898; and as reported for 1929.

Table 2.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FIELD CROPS

	FARM: REPORT			ACRE	EAGE			,	PRODUCTION	1		VALUE (DOLLARS)			
CROF AND YEAR	Number	Per- cent of all	Total	Increase decrease		Per- cent of crop- land har-	Aver- age per farm re-	Total	Increase decrease	(-)	Yield per acre	Total	Per- cent in- crease or de-	Aver- age per unit	Aver- age per acre
		farms		Acres	Per- cent	vest-	port- ing		Amount	Per- cent			(-)		
Sweet sorghums for sirup1939 1929 1924 1919 1899 1899 1879 1869	228,901 189,184 (2) 560,057 399,297 (2) (3) (3) (3) (3)	3.8 3.0 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 8.7 6.3 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	178,351 136,143 184,115 482,043 326,352 283,152 415,691 (3) (3) (3)	40,208 -47,972 -297,928 155,691 33,200 -122,539 (3) (3) (3)	29.5 -26.1 -61.8 47.7 11.3 -29.5  (3) (3)	0.1 (2) 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 (5) (6) (7)	0.8 0.7 (3) 0.9 0.8 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	Gal lons 9,045,965 8,294,231 (7) 21,523,025 16,532,382 24,235,219 28,444,202 16,050,089 6,749,123 7ons	Gallons 751,734 (3) 4,990,643 -440,401 -7,262,436 -4,206,963 12,394,113 9,300,966	9.1 (3) 30.2 -2.6 -30.0 -14.8 77.2 137.8	(3) 45 51 51 (3) 45 51 58 58 (3) (3) (3) (2) Tons	5,411,192 7,341,453 (3) 24,506,228 7,963,499 (3) (3) (5) (5)	-26.3 (3) 207.7 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	0.60 0.89 .(3) 1.14 0.48 (3) (3) (3) (3) (2) (3)	30.6 53.9 (3) 50.8 24.4 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
Sugarcane for all purposes41939 1934 1929	( <sup>3</sup> ) 248,441 ( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> ) 3.6 ( <sup>3</sup> )	376,974 413,937 302,823	-36,963 111,114	-8.9 36.7	0.1 0.1 0.1	( <sup>3</sup> ) 1.7 ( <sup>3</sup> )	4,839,008 xxxxxxxxxx	XXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXX	XXXXXXX 11.7 XXXXXXX	23,180,451 19,190,475 ( <sup>3</sup> )	20.8	3.97 ( <sup>3</sup> )	61.4 46.3 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Sugarcane for sirup and/or sugar <sup>5</sup>	221,402 6 203,140 97,243 271,278 278,233 181,382 (3) (3)	3.6 3.2 1.5 4.2 4.4 3.2 ( <sup>3</sup> )	374,963 291,447 326,368 372,938 476,849 386,986 274,975 227,776	83,516 -34,941 -46,550 -103,911 89,863 112,011 47,199	28.7 -10.7 -12.5 -21.8 23.2 40.7 20.7	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1	1.7 1.4 3.4 1.4 1.7 2.1 (3)	xxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx (7) 3,544,679 6,240,260 4,202,202 (3) (3) Gallons	(7) -2,695,581 2,038,058 (3) (3) Gallons	(7) -43.2 48.5 (3) (3)	(7) 9.5 13.1 10.9 (3) (3) (6) (6)	23,072,093 23,332,508 (7) 59,499,467 26,415,952 20,541,636 (3) (3)	-1.1  (7) 125.2 28.6  (3)	(7) 16.79 4.23 4.89 (3) (3)	61.5 80.0 (7) 159.5 55.4 53.0 (3)
Sugarcane for sirup1939	211,366 196,423	3.5 3.1	127,034 96,224	30,810	32.0	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	0.6	16,204,563 15,168,623 fons	1,035,940 Tons	6.8	128 158 Tons	7,713,506 12,071,351	-36.1	0.48	60.72 125.49
Sugarcane for sugar1939 1929 Sugarcane for seed1939	10,729 6,717 3,192	0.2 0.1 0.1	247,929 195,223 1,998	52,706	27.0	0.1 0.1 (2)	23.1 29.1 0.6	5,366,225 2,992,127 37,019	2,374,098	79.3	21.6 15.3 18.5	15,358,587 11,261,157 107,742	36.4	2.86 3.76 2.91	57.6 53.9
Sugar beets harvested for sugar	51,446 46,823 33,155 47,543 47,211 33,307 14,035 29,768 35,341 80,317 67,537 62,718	0.8 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.2 0.5 0.6 1.2 1.4	867,424 747,135 643,797 742,984 636,434 360,433 110,170 (3) (3) (3) (3)	120,289 103,338 -99,187 106,550 276,001 250,263 (3) (3) (3) (3)	16.1 16.1 -13.3 16.7 76.6 227.2  ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	0.3 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 (2) (3) (3) (3) (3)	16.9 16.0 18.3 15.6 13.5 10.8 7.8 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	10,299,939 7,318,589 7,134,987 6,989,249 5,993,409 3,902,071 793,353 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	2,981,350 183,602 145,738 995,840 2,091,338 3,108,718 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	40.7 2.6 2.1 16.6 53.6 391.8  xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx	11.9 9.8 11.1 9.4 9.4 10.8 7.2 XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXXX XXXXXX XXXX	48,914,699 37,105,214 51,036,671 55,754,461 66,051,989 19,695,384 3,323,240 4,180,615 5,192,371 12,381,376 5,177,809 2,636,711	31.8 -27.3 -8.5 -15.6 235.4 492.7 -19.5 -58.1 139.1 96.4	4.75 5.07 7.15 7.98 11.02 5.05 4.19 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	56.3 49.6 79.2 75.0 103.7 54.6 30.1 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
Maple sirup	29,584 34,823 (3) 79,381 62,718 (3) (3) (3) (3)	0.5 0.6 (3) 1.2 1.1 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (5) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	2,456,400 2,341,023 3,507,745 4,106,418 2,056,611 2,258,376 1,796,048 921,057 1,597,589	115,377 -1,166,722 -598,673 2,049,807 -201,765 462,326 874,991 -676,532	4.9 -33.3 -14.6 99.7 -8.9 25.7 95.0 -42.3	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (5) (5)	4,080,877 4,792,999 9,235,269 3,797,317 1,562,451 (3) (3) (3) (3)	-14.9 -48.1 143.2 143.0 (3) (3) (3) (3) (5)	1.66 2.05 2.63 0.92 0.76 (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
Maple sugar	3,388 7,069 (3) 29,444 62,714 (3) (3) (3) (3)	0.1 0.1 (3) 0.5 1.1 (5) (3) (5) (5) (6) (6)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(5) (6) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (9)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	Pounds 355,566 1,341,491 9,691,854 14,024,206 11,928,770 32,952,927 36,576,061 28,443,645 40,120,205 34,253,436	Pounds -985,925 -8,350,363 -4,332,352 2,095,436 -21,024,157 -3,623,134 8,132,416 -11,676,560 5,866,769	-73.5 -86.2 -30.9 17.6 -63.8 -9.9 28.6 -29.1 17.1	Pounds (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	99,738 399,372 3,146,107 1,380,492 1,074,260 (3) (3) (3) (5) (5)		0.28 0.30 0.32 0.10 0.09 (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
Broomcorn	7,761 8,687 44,265 23,238 17,477 (3) (3)	0.1 0.1 0.7 0.4 0.3 (3)	228,557 311,646 337,806 326,102 178,584 93,423	-83,089 -26,160 11,704 147,518 85,161	-26.7 -7.7 3.6 82.6 91.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 (2)	29.4 35.9 7.6 14.0 10.2 (3)	60,560,263 95,195,976 113,031,132 78,959,958 90,947,370 38,556,329 29,470,825	-34,635,713 -17,835,156 34,071,174 -11,987,412 52,391,041 9,085,504	-36.4 -15.8 43.1 -13.2 135.9 30.8	265 305 335 242 509 413 ( <sup>3</sup> )	3,238,348 5,675,956 7,945,163 5,134,434 3,588,414 ( <sup>5</sup> )	-42.9 -28.6 54.7 43.1 ( <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 0.06 0.07 0.07 0.04 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	14.1 18.2 23.5 15.7 20.0 (3) (3)
Popcorn	44,503 8,956 5,914 2,535	0.7 0.1 0.1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	71,951 38,487 50,778 12,773	33,464 -12,291 38,005	86.9 -24.2 297.5	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	1.6 4.3 8.6 5.0	Bushels 1,758,949 806,639 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	Bushels 952,310 (3)	(3) (3) (18.1	Bushels 24.4 21.0 (3) (3)	2,740,193 1,577,480 3,158,504 326,141	73.7 -50.1 868.4	1.56 1.96 ( <sup>3</sup> )	38.0 40.9 62.2 25.5
Silage crops, other than corn and sorghums1939 Root and grain crops (other	5,097	0.1	58,432			(²)	11.5	Tons 298,851	Tons		700s 5.11	1,297,661		4.34	22.2
than corn and annual legumes) hogged or grazed. 91939. 1929. Root crops for feed. 1939. 1929. 1919.	44,720 8,540 (3) 8,459 51,045	0.7 0.1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 0.1 0.8	936,634 142,059 9,934 14,752 88,333	794,575 -4,818 -73,581	559.3 -32.7 -83.3	0.3 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	20.9 16.6 (3) 1.7 1.7	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 154,806 172,662 598,945	(3) (3) -17,856 -426,283	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) -10.3 -71.2	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 15.6 11.7 6.8	3,651,687 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 741,913 885,220 10,089,985	-91.2	( <sup>5</sup> ), ( <sup>3</sup> ) 4.79 5.13 16.85	3.9 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 74.6 60.0 114.2

Percent of cropland harvested in 1934, 1929, and in 1924; percent of the total acreage of crops for which figures are available for years prior to 1924. See chapter I, table 4. Pless than one-tenth of 1 percent. Not available. Includes data for sugarcane for feed for 1939 as follows: 8 farms reporting 13 acres and 91 tons valued at \$616. Prior to 1930 nominally sugarcane for sugar or sirup, or both. Data prior to 1879 limited to production only. However, statistics for production from 1839 to 1839 are not available in tons, but as pounds of sugar and gallons of sirup as follows: 1889—201,284,395 pounds of sugar and 25,400,228 gallons of sirup. 1879—178,872,000 pounds of sugar and 18,573,273 gallons of sirup. 1839—37,043,000 pounds of sugar and 6,589,694 gallons of sirup. 1839—383,000 pounds of sugar and 14,954,005 gallons of sirup. 1849—247,577,000 pounds of sugar and 12,060,230 gallons of sirup. 1839—155,100,809 pounds of sugar of all kinds; separate fire figure for cane sugar not available; no figure for sirup available. In 1929 the figure shown for farms reporting is a total of 196,423 farms reporting sugarcane for sugar, or for sale to mills, of which number not more than 1,217 reported sugarcane for both uses. Not available for United States. Louisiana produced 1,664,018 tons valued at \$9,504,962 from 265,157 acres in 1924. 9,954,860 maple trees were tapped in 1939; 17,457,144 in 1919; and 18,899,633 in 1909. No data on number of trees tapped for 1929.

Table 2.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED FIELD CROPS

FARMS REPORTIN									PRODUCTION			VALUE (DOLLARS)			
CROP AND YEAR	Number	Per- cent of all farms	Total	Increa decreas	Per-	Per- cent of crop- land har- vest-	Aver- age per farm re- port-	Total	Increase decrease	(-') Per-	Yield per acre	Total	Percent in- crease or de- crease (-)	Aver- age per unit	Aver- age per acre
		· .			cent	ed <sup>1</sup>	ing	Tons	Tons	cent	Tons		-		
Pumpkins for feed1939	1,835	(s)	12,627		•••••	( <sup>2</sup> )	6.9	17,645			1.4	100,379		5.69	7-95
Squash for feed1939	959	(2)	2,048	•••••• •	•••••	· (2)	2.1	18,749 Pounds	Pounds	•••••	9.2 Pounds	132,066		7.04	64.49
Cassava	24 3 29 345	(2) (2) (2) (2)	43 4 123 755	39 -119	975.0 -96.7	(2), (2) (2) (2).	1.8 1.3 4.2 2.2	45,250 7,200 783,702 9,784,310	38,050 -776,502	528.5	1,052 1,800 6,372 12,959	1,810 442 3,918 22,558	309.5 -88.7	0.04 0.06 0.005 0.002	42.09 110.50 31.85 29.88
Chicory. 1939. 1929. 1919. 1909. 1899.	785 792 480 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1,143	(2) (2) (2) (3) (3) (2)	3,331 3,979 1,784 1,589 3,069	-648 2,195 195 -1,480	-16.3 123.0 12.3 -48.2	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	4.2 5.0 3.7  2.7	44, 122, 925 34, 175, 089 18, 196, 063 19, 284, 000 21, 495, 870 Bushels	~9,947,836 15,979,026 -1,087,937 -2,211,870 Bushels	29.1 87.8 -5.6 -10.3	13,246 8,589 10,200 12,136 7,004 Bushels	198,755 194,385 90,980 70,460 73,627	2.2 113.7 29.1 -4.3	0.005 0.01 0.005 0.004 0.003	59.67 48.85 51.00 44.34 23.99
Chufas	213 127 280 ( <sup>3</sup> )	(2) (2) (2) (3)	822 458 917 2,193	364 -459 -1,276	79.5 -50.1 -58.2	(2) (2) (2)	3.9 3.6 3.3 ( <sup>3</sup> )	16,842 7,871 16,636 44,792 Pounds	8,971 -8,765 -28,156 Pounds	114.0 -52.7 -62.9	20.5 17.2 18.1 20.4 Pounds	50,157 28,854 64,712 90,585	73.8 -55.4 -28.6	2.98 3.67 3.89 2.02	61.02 63.00 70.57 41.31
Hemp for fiber	91 122 573 536 964 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (3)	971 1,644 7,252 7,647 16,042 24,881 ( <sup>3</sup> )	-673 -5,608 -395 -8,395 -8,839	-40.9 -77.3 -5.2 -52.3 -35.5	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3)	10.7 13.5 12.7 14.3 16.6 (3) (3)	845,517 1,195,640 7,148,215 7,483,295 11,750,630 25,636,880 10,870,720	-350,123 -5,952,575 -335,080 -4,267,335 -13,886,250 14,766,160	-29.3 -83.3 -4.5 -36.3 -54.2 135.8	871 727 986 979 732 1,030	57,359 90,294 1,175,037 412,699 546,338 (3) (3)	-36.5 -92.3 184.7 -24.5 (3) (3)	0.07 0.08 0.16 0.06 0.05 (3)	59.07 54.92 162.03 53.97 34.06 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Hops. 1938. 1939. 1949. 1959. 1959. 1899. 1889. 1879.	898 741 683 3,957 7,633 ( <sup>3</sup> )	(2) (2) (2) 0.1 0.1 (3) (3)	29,949 23,302 15,954 44,693 55,613 50,190 46,800	6,647 7,348 -28,739 -10,920 5,423 3,390	28.5 46.1 -64.3 '-19.6 10.8 7.2	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	33.4 31.4 23.4 11.3 7.3 (3)	32,485,614 31,237,483 19,760,793 40,718,748 49,209,704 39,152,220 26,546,378	1,248,131 11,476,690 -20,957,955 -8,490,956 10,057,484 12,605,842	4.0 58.1 -51.5 -17.3 25.7 47.5	1,085 1,341 1,239 911 885 780 567	7,943,613 3,749,372 10,364,464 7,844,745 4,081,929 (3) (3)	111.9 -63.8 32.1 92.2 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	0.24 0.12 0.52 0.19 0.08 (3) (3)	265.24 160.90 649.65 175.53 73.40 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Mint for oil	1,970 3,006 767 ( <sup>3</sup> )	(2) (2) (2) (3) (3)	32,537 51,092 11,210 8,195 8,591	-18,555 39,882 3,015 -396	-36.3 355.8 36.8 -4.6	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	16.5 17.0 14.6 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	898,228 882,856 288,254 158,091 187,427	15,372 594,602 130,163 -29,336	1.7 206.3 82.3 -15.7	28 17 26 19 22	1,760,250 2,631,030 1,440,525 253,000 143,618	-33.1 82.6 469.4 76.2	1.96 2.98 5.00 1.60 0.77	54.10 51.50 128.50 30.87 16.72
Mustard seed	286 83 92	(2) (2) (2)	20,482 6,922 2,885	13,560 4,037	195.9 139.9	(2) (2) (2)	71.6 83.4 31.4	6,807,671 2,606,744 1,211,549	4,200,927 1,395,195	161.2 115.2	332 377 420	266,922 226,855 106,011	17.7 114.0	0.04 0.09 0.09	13.03 32.77 36.75
Teasels1939	5 36	(2) (2)	70 173	-103 95	-59.5 121.8	(2)	14.0 4.8	43,900 ( <sup>4</sup> )	xxxxxxxxxxx	xxxxx	627 xxxxxxx	8,146 58,164	-86.0 20.1	0.19	116.37 336.21
1919	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	78	-84	-51.9	(²)·	( <sup>3</sup> )	Thousands 16,140 Tons	Thousands xxxxxxxxxxx Tons	xxxxx	Thous. 207 Tons	48,420	251.9	3.00	620.77
1909	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	162			. (²)	(3)	70ns 78	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxx	0.48	13,760		176.41	84.94
Willows	7 30 40 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 164	(2) (2) (2) (3) (2)	2 56 255 661 521	-54 -199 -406 140	-96.4 -78.0 -61.4 26.9	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	0.3 1.9 6.4 (3) 3.2	2 83 476 857 ( <sup>3</sup> )	-81 -393 -381	-97.6 -82.6 -44.5	1.0 1.5 1.9 1.3 ( <sup>3</sup> )	378 5,365 30,180 44,175 36,523	-93.0 -82.2 -31.7 21.0	189.00 64.64 63.40 51.55 (3)	189.00 95.80 118.35 66.83 70.10
Medicinal crops, total <sup>5</sup> 1939 1929	( <sup>3</sup> ) 651	(s) (s)	1,400 1,469	-69	-4.7	(2) (2)	2.3	Pounds xxxxxxxxxx 264,955	Pounds xxxxxxxxxx	xxxxx	Pounds xxxxxxx 180	236,560 817,295	-71.1	xxxxxx 3.08	168-97 556-36
Miscellaneous seed crops and other miscellaneous crops, total	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	23,100			( <sup>2</sup> )		xxxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxx	xxxxx	xxxxxx	1,307,424		xxxxxx	56-60

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percent of cropland harvested in 1939, 1934, 1929, and 1924; percent of the total acreage of crops for which figures are available for years prior to 1924. See chapter I, table 4. <sup>2</sup>Less than one-tenth of 1 percent. <sup>3</sup>Not available. <sup>4</sup>Production as reported: New York, 3,617 thousands; Oregon, 40,000 pounds; and California, 90,000 pounds. <sup>5</sup>Breakdown shown in table 3.

TABLE 3.—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE HARVESTED, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE OF SPECIFIED MINOR FIELD CROPS FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1869 TO 1939

(Figures	for	States	are	shown	í.n	table	56)	

- CROP	Farms re-	Acre-	PRODUCTION		Value	CROP		Acre-	PRODUCTION		Value
	port ing	age	Unit	Amount	lars)			age	Unit	Amount	(dollars)
Root crops for feed:						Miscellaneous seed crops and		}			
Artichokes for feed1939	44	97	tons	1.084	4,856	other miscellaneous crops-Continued	1				
Beets for feed1939-	811	1,567	tons	18,686	86,125	Gourds1939	7	81	no.	501,000	6,892
Carrots for feed1939	683	630	tons	10,684	48,413	Green peas for feed1959-	1	9	tons	′′9	40
Dasheens for feed1939-	1	1	tons	7	75	Hemp seed1939	12	366	lbs.	131,436	6,125
Mangels for feed1939-	1.457	1.633	tons	18,138	92.313	1929	40	537	bu.	4,602	13,588
Rutabagas for feed1939	2,020	2,161	tons	15,084	93,409	1919	37	257	bu.	2,724	10,976
Sugar bests for feed1939	64	116	tons	487	2,548	1909	82	563	bu.	5,416	20,007
·Turnips for feed1939-	783	1,095	tons	9,687	48,772	1899	(1)	(1)		(1)	10,443
Combinations of root crops		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,	,		` ′	1		1	
for feed1939	(1)	2,634	tons	80.949	365,402	Kale for feed1939-	44	65	tons	398	1,352
Medicinal crops:	` '	,	1	,	,	Kudzu1939	419	3.500	tons	3,043	38,665
Aloe vera1939	2	2	doz.leaves	2,800	3,500	1929—	1	3	tons	5	23
Ginseng root1939	112	138	lbs.	25,508	77,270	Lupine seed	2	. 32	bu.	602	1,084
1929-	-8	5	lbs.	447	4,217	Welons for feed1939	161	328	tons	1,027	5,006
Ginseng &1929	303	434	lbs.	59,299	584,274	Pennyweed seed1939	1	26	bu.	166	139
1919	(1)	54	lbs.	18,561	129,927	Poppy seed1939	1	2	lbs.	1,300	195
1909	(1)	23		(1)	151,888	Pumpkins and squash for		{		_,	
Golden seal1939-	 51	50	lbs.	15,144	40,464	feed1939-	4	7	tons	45	240
1929	124	87	lbs.	42,638	76,265	Ramie for fiber1939	i i	10	lbs.	1,500	120
Hay fever pollen1939-	1	3	grams	50	9,100	Rape for reed1939	9	18	tons	32	165
Wormseed oil1939	240	927	lbs.	38,281	93,787	Rape seed1939	. 7	124	bu.	446	1.418
1929-	124	336	lbs.	12,336	33,924	1899—	(1)	(1)		(1)	2,336
Wormwood oil1939	19	279	lbs.	3,672	12,300	Safflower1939	5	`´58	lbs.	17,850	491
1929-	14	301	lbs.	3,915	56.225	1929	i	ĩ	lbs.	120	168
1899—	(1)	(1)		(1)	2,419		_	-			
Other 31939-	1	1	lbs.	172	139	Sesbania seed1939	4	314	bu.	2,203	4,626
Miscellaneous seed crops and	_	1 -	2000			Sugar beet seed1939	285	7,087	Lbs.	11,022,625	918,005
other miscellaneous crops:		-				1929_	8	93	lbs.	90,360	13,555
Bene seed1939-	3	3	lbs.	460	36	1919	69	7,022	ibs.	3,606,947	
Birdsfoot trefoil seed1939	2	32	lbs.	2,500	2,500	Sugarcane for feed1939-	8	13	tons	91	616
Cabbage for feed1939-	37	88	tons	455	3.513	Sugar state 207 2002	1	1	1-11-	1	
Carduus1939	i	12	tons	24	1.896	Sunflower seed1939	437	4,235	bu.	104,432	83,989
Castor beans1939	19	114	bu.	506	304	1929-	1.267	25,523	bu.	624,181	436,340
. 1919	12	133	bu.	428	963	. 1919_	637	6.614		135,947	331,708
1909	46	565	bu.	2,077	3,432	1909	665	4,731	bu.	63,677	58,318
1899	2.329	25,738	bu.	143,388	134,084	1899-	(1)	(1)		(1)	28,896
Citron melons for feed1939	5	24	tons	145	543	Swiss chard for feed1939-	1 '-'1	(4)	tons	2	7
1929-	3	33	tons	246	1,107	Tansy1939-	ī	80	lbs.	1,200	3,600
Collards for feed1939-	1	(4)	tons	2	10	1929—	2	15	lbs.	410	1,333
Crotalaria seed1939	127	2,771	bu.	13,420	58,427	1899—	(1)	(1)		(1)	415
Cucumbers for feed1939-	i	(4)	tons	1	5	-	1 ' ′	1 '	1	1 ' 1	
Dill for oil1939-	14	259	lbs.	13,429	15,621	Tarragon1939-	1	3	lbs.	. 5,520	469
Flag1939	i	4	bundles	1,000	100	Teosinte seed1939	1	(4)	lbs.	10	6
Flax for fiber1939	256	3,031	tons	4,808	122,730	Tobacco seed1939	5	26	lbs.	224	2,278
1929	297	3,903	tons	6,688	205,514	1929—	4	18	los.	1,544	3,861
1889	(1)	(1)	lbs.	241,389	(i)	1919	1	1	lbs.	1117	1,404
1679	(1)	(1)	lbs.	1.565.546	(1)	1909	3	ī	lbs.	389	1,789
				27,133,034	(2)	Other and unspecified 31939	57	378			26,211

<sup>1</sup> Not available.

Corn. - The 1940 Farm and Ranch Schedule contained four questions relating to corn harvested in 1939. These four questions called for: (1) Total acreage of corn for all purposes; (2) acreage and production of corn for grain, whether snapped, husked, or machine-harvested for grain; (3) acreage and production of corn cut for silage; and (4) acreage from which the whole corn plant was hogged or grazed off by livestock, or cut for green or dry fodder and not husked or snapped. Prior to 1925, the several inquiries on corn were not grouped together on the farm schedule; also, fewer inquiries were made concerning corn used for various purposes. This may have resulted in the enumerator reporting, in some instances, the total acreage for all purposes as corn harvested for grain. The corn acreage interplanted with other crops in 1919 was allotted to each crop which gave a smaller acreage of corn than would be secured on the present basis.

The total acreage of corn harvested for all purposes in 1939 was 86,989,626 acres or 11 percent smaller than the 1929 acreage of 97,740,740 and 0.6 percent less than the 87,476,444 acres harvested in the drought year, 1934. A number of factors have contributed to hold corn acreage to the low level induced by the 1934 drought. The corn and hog adjustment programs in 1934 and 1935, and the agricultural conservation programs since then have tended to restrict corn acreage. The series of drought years before and following 1934 encouraged planting of drought resisting varieties of grain sorghums on the western Great Plains in preference to corn. Higher yielding varieties of hybrid corn have also made possible the production of a desirable volume of corn on fewer acres. High yields in 1937 and 1938 built up a surplus for carry-over that

was becoming burdensome and a menace to price. On the other hand, the cotton adjustment programs tended, in the southern States, to divert some acreage formerly devoted to cotton to the production of corn. The marked reduction from 1934 to 1939 took place in the western Corn Belt States.

Farms reporting corn for all purposes for 1939 and 1934, classified by number of acres harvested, are shown in table 9.

Sorghums.—Three standardized questions relating wholly to sorghums were carried for all regions on the 1940 Farm and Ranch Schedule. These questions called for the acreage and production of all sorghums: (1) Harvested for grain, (2) cut for silage only, and (3) cut for hay or fodder. In 7 regions a fourth question was carried which called for the acreage and production of sweet sorghums harvested for sirup while in the remaining 2 regions (8 and 9) the enumerator was required to write in under "Other field crops not elsewhere reported" any acreage of this crop harvested. In addition the acreage of sorghums hogged or grazed off was shown under the inquiry "Root and grain crops (other than corn and annual legumes) hogged or grazed off."

The 1935 schedule contained two questions relating to sorghums. One specified, "grain sorghums (kafir, milo maize, feterita, hegari, and 'Egyptian corn') harvested for grain, either threshed or fed in the head after cutting from stalk." The other called for "sweet and grain sorghums cut for silage, hay, or fodder (heads not cut off or threshed)." Sweet sorghums for sirup were reported under "All other crops."

The 1930 and 1925 schedules carried three questions relating to sorghums. They were the acreage and production of: (1) Sorghums harvested for grain, threshed or fed in the head

<sup>2</sup> Use not specified.

5 Figures for other and unspecified field crops shown on this table differ from those on table 56 as more crops are shown separately for the United States than for the individual States.

after cutting from stalk; (2) all sorghums cut for silage, hay or fodder; and (3) sweet sorghum, or sorgo, harvested for sirup. On the 1925 schedule "sorghums harvested for grain" that were suggested in the question were "kafir, milo, feterita, durra, etc." To this list the 1930 schedule added "Egyptian corn," sweet sorghum and "cane."

The 1920 farm schedule asked under "grain crops" for the acres and production of "kafir, milo, feterita, and durra"; and under "hay and forage" for the acreage and production of "kafir, milo, durra, sweet sorghum, and sugarcane cut for forage or fodder." The 1910 schedule under "grains and seeds" asked for acres and production of "kafir corn and milo maize"; and under "hay and forage" asked for acres and tons of "coarse forage" as named by the enumerator. The 1900 schedule under "grains and seeds" asked for acres and tons of "kafir corn"; with the "hay and forage" section carrying a blanket item for acres and tons of "forage crops" that were not otherwise named.

In 1919, sorghum seed amounting to 106,963 acres and 1,567,716 bushels, valued at \$2,303,250, was reported for 9,341 farms. In 1909, a total of 72,497 acres and 833,707 bushels, valued at \$544,322 was reported for 3,584 farms. The 1920 and 1910 schedules did not list sorghum seed and the reports were limited to those specified by the enumerators on the schedules. They were not regarded as duplicating any acreage and production reported for grain sorghums but may represent incomplete coverage of sweet or forage sorghum seed. In 1940, 1935, and 1930 any sweet or forage sorghum seed was included with grain sorghums.

The acreage of sorghums for all purposes, except sirup, in 1939 was 13,997,581, or 77.7 percent greater than the 7,877,822 acres harvested in 1929. Texas had more than one-third of the total United States harvested acreage in 1939, however, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and South Dakota offer very important contributions to the national totals.

While the increase in acreage of sorghum crops is remarkable compared with 1929, it is even more astonishing when we consider that 40 years ago, when the census first took cognizance of this crop, only 266,513 acres of "kafir corn" were recorded which is less than 2 percent of 1939 harvested acreage of all sorghum crops. The original introductions of the sorghums into America were made to try out their ability to produce both grain and forage, under the low and erratic rainfall conditions of the Western Great Plains. While their present habitat is still largely confined to that area their importance has been increased by the introduction of better adapted varieties resulting from cross-breeding. Their area has also been greatly expanded northward because of varieties bred to mature in a shorter growing period. Crosses between "sweet" and "grain" varieties have also produced strains that combine the palatable forage qualities of the one variety and the quantity and quality of the grain characteristics of the other. These varieties have extended the use of this crop into the eastern dairy areas for production of silage.

Wheat . -- In all regions where both winter and spring wheat are produced, the 1940 Farm and Ranch Schedule contained one question relating to the acreage and production of winter wheat and another relating to acreage and production of spring wheat, except in Region 5 (including the States of Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming) where, in addition to the winter wheat question, two questions were carried for spring wheat. One called for the acreage and production of "durum and macaroni wheat" and the other for the acreage and production of "Other spring wheat." In 1930 and 1910, in addition to winter wheat, the farm schedules called for separate reports of durum or macaroni wheat and spring wheat other than durum. In 1935 and 1925, the schedule carried two inquiries relating to the acreage and production of winter wheat and spring wheat. Prior to 1910, there were no separate questions for winter wheat and spring wheat except in 1870, when the production of spring wheat was listed. In each census beginning with 1920 the wheat questions have carried parenthetical qualifications on the schedules as follows: After spring wheat "(spring sown)"; after winter wheat, either "(fall or winter sown)" or "(fall sown)." The Australian types of wheat, such as Federation, are essentially spring wheat types, but in actual practice may be seeded in the fall or winter. As a result, the seeding time qualification "fall or winter sown" has, undoubtedly, led to the recording of these spring wheats under the winter wheat question in those limited areas where these types are grown. This should not, however, affect the total acreage and production of "all wheat" reported. Where flax and wheat were grown together in 1939 and 1934, the enumerators were instructed to report one-half the acreage under each crop.

The total acreage of wheat harvested in 1939 was 50,526,015 acres or a reduction of 18.5 percent from the 61,999,908 acres harvested in 1929. The wheat acreage harvested in 1939, however, exceeded the 1934 acreage by 20.5 percent because of the heavy loss of acreage that year from drought particularly in the western Great Plains. Acreage seeded for harvest in 1939 was materially reduced from the years immediately preceding, mainly because of acute moisture shortage at seeding time on the Great Plains, partly because of lower prices for the 1938 crop, and partly because of allotments established by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration for the 1939 crop. Abandonment of seeded wheat acreage was heavy in several States in the western Great Plains area where drought conditions continued through 1939.

The acreage of spring wheat harvested in 1939 was 14,390,262 acres and comprised 28.5 percent of the total harvested wheat acreage. A total of 3,003,228 acres of durum and macaroni wheat was reported in 6 of the 7 States in the one region where this question was carried on the schedule. The reporting States were: Colorado, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming.

The acreage of wheat harvested in 1939 was larger than in 1929 in 18 States. Those States showing the greatest increase were Missouri, Ohio, and Minnesota. The total number of farms harvesting wheat was greater in 1939 than in 1929 with the greatest percent of increase occurring outside the principal wheat-producing area.

Oats.—The farm census schedule beginning with 1925 has carried two separate inquiries relating to oats. One of these questions called for the acreage and production of oats cut for grain and threshed. The other question for the acreage of oats cut for grain when ripe or nearly ripe and fed unthreshed. The enumerators were instructed to report oats cut for hay under the question relating to small grains cut for hay. There was probably no uniform distinction made by enumerators between oats cut for grain and fed unthreshed and oats cut for hay. Prior to 1925 the schedule contained only one specific question on oats, which was carried under the general heading "Grains."

The total acreage of oats threshed, and of oats cut when ripe or nearly ripe and fed unthreshed was 32,306,771 acres in 1939, which was 11.6 percent less than the acreage reported in 1929. This represents an increase of 3,685,995 acres from the 1934 harvested acreage which was substantially reduced because of the unprecedented drought of that year. Of the acreage harvested in 1939, oats cut when ripe or nearly ripe and fed unthreshed comprised 2,373,663 acres, or 7.3 percent of the total. About three-fourths of the oats harvested and fed unthreshed was grown in the West North Central, West South Central, and South Atlantic States.

Barley.—The acreage of barley in 1939 was 12,024,208 acres, or 6.7 percent less than harvested in 1929. This was nearly double the 1934 acreage which was drastically reduced by drought. Barley is gaining favor as a feed crop in both old and new producing areas.

Rye.—A substantial part of the total acreage annually planted to rye is grazed for pasture or plowed under for green manure. In 1940, only the acreage and production of rye threshed or combined were enumerated as a separate question, although rye cut for hay was reported in the question "small grain hay." The 1939 acreage harvested for grain was 3,555,729 or an increase of 17.2 percent from 1929 and nearly double the relatively small acreage harvested in 1934.

Rice. — In appropriate regions the 1940 schedule asked for the acreage and production of "Rice (rough or paddy) threshed (or combined)." The production was reported in 162-pound barrels in all producing States, except California where it was carried in 100-pound bags. In the tables, production was

converted to bushels (45 pounds per bushel) for comparability with other census figures relating to rice. The quantity harvested in censuses from 1910 to 1935 was reported in bushels and prior to 1910 the production was shown in pounds.

Most of the entire 1939 rice crop was grown in Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, and California. Prior to 1869, the Carolinas and Georgia produced 95 percent or more of the rice grown in the United States. By 1929, production in these States had practically disappeared. The acreage of rice harvested in 1939 was 851,060 acres, an increase of 14.9 percent from 1929 and the largest acreage reported to the census since 1919. The number of farms reporting rice was nearly one-third less than in 1934, but was 7.8 percent above 1929.

Enmer and spelt.—In Regions 1 and 5 the 1940 schedule carried a question relating to emmer and spelt threshed (or combined). For other regions the enumerator had to write in the name of this crop on the schedule. On the whole these grains are not important and are waning in popularity. They were harvested from 140,645 acres in 1939, which was only 40.8 percent of the 1929 harvested acreage. This is less than one-fourth the emmer and spelt acreage harvested in 1909.

Buckwheat.— Buckwheat has shown a steady and continuous decrease since 1909. In 1939 the acreage was 360,753 as compared with 621,854 acres in 1929, and a peak of 878,048 acres in 1909. This crop still enjoys its main popularity in New York and Pennsylvania where about two-thirds of the 1939 production was recorded.

Flax.—The 1940 schedule carried only one question relating to flax threshed. This question was accompanied by an instruction that when grown with wheat, one-half of the acreage was to be reported for flax and one-half for wheat. When grown for fiber, it was to be reported under "Other field crops not elsewhere reported." In 1939 the acreage of flax harvested was 2,081,497, which is more than double the relatively small acreage harvested in the drought year, 1934, but 29.8 percent less than in 1929. Minnesota was credited with about three-fifths of the flax acreage harvested in 1939.

An interesting development shown by the census is the spread of flax production into the southwest, which has followed the introduction of a high seed-yielding variety suitable for production of linseed oil, call Punjab flax. In the 1930 Census only 7 acres of flax were reported in the State of California, and Arizona and Texas did not report any. For 1939, these 3 States reported a total of 92,037 acres that yielded 1,670,925 bushels of flaxseed. This is a yield of 8.6 bushels per acre, as compared with an average yield of 8.6 bushels on the 1,989,460 acres of flax grown elsewhere in 1939. On almost 80,000 acres grown in California the average yield reported was 18.6 bushels and on nearly 5,000 acres grown in Arizona the yield was 23.1 bushels.

Mixed grains. - The 1920 farm schedule was the first to contain an inquiry relating to mixed grains. This inquiry was carried also on the 1930, 1935, and 1940 schedules. In 1940 the inquiry read "Mixed grains, other than a flax and wheat mixture, " with a note suggesting the kinds of mixtures to be listed in this question. These were "wheat and oats; wheat and barley; wheat and rye; oats and barley; oats and peas; etc." The schedule bore the notation, "Where flax and wheat were grown together, report one-half the acreage under each crop." The inquiry on the 1935 schedule also was worded to exclude a flax and wheat mixture. In 1930, no such note was carried, but the instructions given to the enumerators, were not to include this mixture under the inquiry "Mixed grains." In 1920, this question was worded "Mixed crops not separated in harvesting" and there was no note as to flax and wheat mixture either on the schedule or in the instructions to the enumerators. As a result, the data for 1919 and 1929 may not be entirely comparable with those of 1934 and 1939.

The 1939 acreage of mixed grains was 1,566,572, a decrease of 35.7 percent from the acreage harvested in 1929, but it was 23.1 percent above the 1934 harvested acreage. Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin. the principal producing States show a substantial decline in acreage as compared with 1934. This, however, has been more than offset by general increases in mixed grain acreage in 39 States, at least partly as a result of the provisions of the various crop programs.

Annual legumes .- The 1940 Farm and Ranch Schedule called for acreage of annual legumes for all purposes "except plowed under for green manure" in 6 classes, as follows: (1) Soybeans; (2) peanuts; (3) cowpeas; (4) vetches, velvetbeans, mung and horse beans; (5) other dry field and seed beans and lentils; and (6) dry field and seed peas. Whenever carried on the schedule all annual legume questions called for acreage "alone," and "with other crops." The first three classes. previously named, when asked on the regional schedule regularly called for "total" acreage in the main question; and in a subquestion for "acreage and production" of the portion harvested solely for beans, nuts, or peas. All other questions when asked called for total acreage and production with no subquestions. In all, except Region 9 (Arizona and California) the question on "other dry field and seed beans and lentils" carried a parenthetical suggestion reading "(navy, pea bean, Great Northern, kidney, lima, pinto, etc.)"; in Region 9 this class was covered by two questions, (a) dry lima beans, and (b) other dry field and seed beans with a parenthetical suggestion reading "(kidney, pink, pinto, small white, blackeyes, etc.)." Totals obtained for these States in this breakdown are summarized in table 4.

TABLE 4.—DRY LIMA BEANS AND OTHER DRY FIELD AND SPED BEANS—FARMS REPORTING, ACREAGE, PRODUCTION, AND VALUE, FOR ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA, 1939

(Totals for all dry field and seed beans for acreage grown alone, acreage grown with other crops, quantity harvested, and value in table 2)

ITEM	Arizona	California
Farms reporting any dry field and seed beans	1,611	4,933
Dry lima beans: Farms reporting————————————————————————————————————	45	1,426
Farms reporting	45 240	1,424 123,803
Grown with other crops:  Farms reporting		2 39
Harvested for beans: Farms reporting Production (100-1b. bags) Value (dollars)	45 611 2.750	1,423 1,548,596 7,123,541
All other dry field and seed beans and lentils: Farms reporting Grown alone:	• •	3,784
Farms reporting	1,542 15,213	3,769 162,463
Farms reporting	33 46	1.5 307
Harvested for beans: Farms reporting- Production (100-lb. bags) Value (dollars)	42,784	3,746 1,755,669 6,481,352

Acreage and production in tons of annual legumes saved for hay were reported separately (see text for hay). Because of different planting practices, the acreage of legumes interplanted with other crops cannot be satisfactorily reduced to an equivalent solid acreage to obtain a total acreage for a particular legume. For example, soybeans may be grown with corn alone, with both corn and cowpeas, or with corn, cowpeas, and velvetbeans in the same field. In each case, a different acreage would need to be allocated to that in soybeans.

For 1935, the questions for annual legumes were similar to those asked in 1940, except that velvetbeans, vetches, Canada and other dry field and seed peas were carried as a single question, and horse and mung beans were not named specifically in the annual legume section of the schedule.

The annual legume questions also were similar in 1930, except that vetches, horse and mung beans were not named under the specific classes of annual legumes, and velvetbeans were reported separately. The inquiry for 1929 was for the acreage of each specified annual legume for all purposes with instructions to the enumerator to exclude the acreage in annual legumes that was not harvested, but turned under for green manure.

Data for the various annual legumes enumerated for 1924 are omitted from the United States summary table as it is believed that for most items, figures are not sufficiently comparable with those for other years. The lack of comparability results from the wording of the questions on the 1925 farm schedule.

For 1919 and 1909, for soybeans, cowpeas, peanuts, navy, pinto, lima, and other ripe field beans, where grown with other crops, the enumerator was instructed to allot according to his best judgement, a part of the acreage to the annual legume crop and a part to the companion crop. Theoretically, this resulted in securing the approximate total acreage of each annual legume crop on the basis of an equivalent acreage of the annual legume grown alone. For 1919, the acreage of velvetbeans is the total acreage harvested, whether grown alone or mixed with other crops. For 1919 and prior years, the annual legumes for which data were secured, except velvetbeans in 1919. were listed on the schedule with crops harvested for grain or seed and normally included only that portion of the crop harvested for nuts, beans, or peas. For these reasons, close comparisons of the 1939, 1934, and 1929 statistics with those for previous years are difficult.

In 1939, the total acreage of soybeans, cowpeas, and peanuts grown alone was 14,385,756 acres, or about 235 percent above the 4,295,960 acres reported for 1929. The shift from the production of corn, cotton, wheat, and other crops designated as soil-depleting to soil-conserving and soil-building crops, of which annual legumes when properly managed are an important part, is one of the most significant changes in the agriculture of the United States in recent years. In most areas annual legumes are essential to a well-balanced agricultural program. Due to their ability to secure nitrogen from the air and to store this fertilizing element in an available form in the soil, they aid greatly in building up and adding fertility to the soil. Not only are the plants of annual legumes used extensively for forage and for plowing under for green manure, but their seeds and nuts are also widely used for livestock feed, for human consumption, and for the production of vegetable oils and plastics. Most annual legumes require only a short growing season which makes them popular as "catch crops" for planting after other crops have been harvested. They are widely grown with companion crops either interplanted in rows or in a mixture. The acreage of soybeans, cowpeas, and peanuts grown with other crops in 1939 was 7,381,065, or about 289 percent of the total acreage of those crops grown and harvested in like manner in 1929. The exact increase in the acreage of vetches, velvetbeans, mung and horse beans cannot be determined as the questions on the 1930 Farm and Ranch Schedule were not entirely comparable with those carried in 1940.

In 1940, the schedule called for production of soybeans, cowpeas, dry field and seed beans, dry field and seed peas, and vetches, velvetbeans, mung and horse beans, in bushels, in all States, except California and Arizona where the unit of measure was 100-pound bags. Peanuts were reported in pounds. In previous censuses, the production of all legumes for nuts, beans, peas, or seed was reported in bushels, and in this chapter, the 1939 production figures have been converted, when necessary, to bushels for all crops except peanuts, which are shown in pounds because of the variation in weight, per bushel, of the several types of peanuts grown in the United States. In converting, the weight of 60 pounds per bushel was used for soybeans, cowpeas, vetches, velvetbeans, mung and horse beans, dry field and seed beans (other than dry lima), and dry field and seed peas. The weight of 56 pounds per bushel was used in converting dry lima beans.

Hay.— The question relating to hay crops on the 1940 schedule; e.g., annual legumes saved for hay, alfalfa, sweet-clover, lespedeza, clover or timothy alone or mixed, small grain hay, other tame hay, and wild hay, were approximately the same as those on the 1930 farm schedule. The exceptions are clover and timothy, sweetclover, and lespedeza.

The 1940 schedule contained one inquiry concerning clover and timothy, while sweetclover and lespedeza were carried as separate questions. In 1930, there were two inquiries relating to clover and timothy—one asked for timothy and timothy and clover mixed; the other for red, alsike, and mammoth clovers cut for hay. The comparative figures presented for 1929 for timothy and clover alone or mixed were obtained by adding the figures for the two classes in 1929. It should be pointed out, however, that the figures for 1939 include crimson clover, while in 1929 crimson clover was shown with sweetclover and Japan clover (lespedeza).

For both 1939 and 1929, the question for annual legume hay named in the wording of the question the specific kinds of annual legume hay to be included, although the list was much more comprehensive for 1939 than for 1929. In 1940 for the enumerator's guidance as to what crops were to be included under annual legumes saved for hay the following list was made a part of the schedule inquiry:

Cowpeas Vetches Mungbeans
Peanuts Crotalaria Other beans
Canada peas Soybeans Beggarweed
Austrian peas Velvetbeans Lupines
Other peas Horsebeans

The listing was followed by a note concerning byproducts used for hay or straw which read: "Include peanut vines saved for hay, but omit 'straw' where beans or peas have been threshed." The question on the 1935 schedule relating to annual legumes saved for hay was similar to that used on the 1940 schedule, except that it did not name in the wording of the question the specific kinds of hay to be included, but it did contain a notation that acres reported under the specified annual legumes, which produced hay, were to be included. On the reverse side of the 1935 schedule was a statement that annual legumes saved for hay could include other annual legumes in addition to those specified, except annual varieties of sweetclover and lespedeza. Other tame grasses and wild grasses cut for hay were combined into one question on the 1935 farm schedule.

Close comparisons of statistics for the several classes of hay with earlier census years are not always possible because of the different groupings used in the various censuses and to some extent to the difference in the wording of the questions. For example, the use of the wording "saved for hay" in the question for annual legume hay on the 1935 and 1930 schedule, instead of "cut for hay" as in earlier years, may have had a considerable effect, particularly as regards the acreage of peanuts included in the annual legume hay figures. Also, there may have been more pea vines reported, as saved for hay in 1934 where the peas were harvested for canning and more bean straw saved for hay than were included in other years. On the 1925 schedule annual legume hay was asked separately for soybeans, cowpeas, and peanuts. Prior to 1919, annual legumes for hay were reported with small grain hay. (See, also, text under Annual Legumes.)

The acreage of all hay in 1939 for the United States was 65,979,445, or a decrease of 2.7 percent from 1929. There has been a substantial expansion of hay acreage, particularly lespedeza, cowpeas, and velvetbeans in the southern States, and soybeans in the Corn Belt States since 1929, but this has not offset the reduction in acreage of clover and timothy and wild hay. The acreage of sweetclover and lespedeza for 1939 was 5,844,124, or a gain of about 314 percent in the decade. This is due largely to the rapid increase in lespedeza acreage in Missouri, Tennessee, Virginia, Arkansas, Kentucky, and North Carolina.

Clover and grass seeds. — The 1940 schedule provided for the listing of the acreage and production of alfalfa seed, sweetclover seed, lespedeza seed, clover seed, and grass seed. The enumerator was instructed to underline the kinds of seed crops grown. For lespedeza seed-3 kinds were listed, namely, Korean, Kobe, and sericea; for clover seed-6 kinds, namely, red, mammoth, Ladino, alsike, crimson, and white Dutch; and for grass seeds-9 kinds, namely, timothy, redtop, bluegrass, millet, Sudan, canary, bent, ryegrass, and crested wheatgrass. If the kinds listed did not apply, he was to write in the name of the seed crops harvested. He could write in kinds not listed. The 1930 schedule called for a separate report on three seed items; clover seed of all kinds, alfalfa seed, and timothy seed. In 1939 the harvested acreage of alfalfa seed was 1,009,758, or nearly double the 525,447 acres harvested in 1929. The great increase in alfalfa acreage harvested for seed was due principally to the increases reported for Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, which totalled 348,568 acres in 1939 as compared with 31,405 acres 10 years earlier. Lespedeza seed was harvested in 1939 from 605,652 acres. The popularity of lespedeza for pasture, hay, and soil improvement has greatly increased the demand for this seed in recent years. In 1939, a total of 570,034 acres of sweetclover and of 1,528,159 acres of other clover was harvested for seed. Grass seeds of various kinds were harvested from 1,400,364 acres, in 1939.

Cotton.—The 1940 schedule called for the acreage and production of lint cotton in running square bales. Round bales were reported in equivalent square bales on the basis of two round equaling one square bale. In 1940 and 1935 there were no inquiries on cottonseed. The inquiries on the 1930 schedule called for the acreage and production of cotton and the production of cottonseed. The schedule for census years prior to 1930 did not have the inquiry for cottonseed. For 1939, 1919, 1909, and 1899 the production of cottonseed has been computed on the basis of cotton produced.

In 1939 the acreage of cotton harvested was 22,811,004, or a decline of 47.2 percent from 43,227,488 acres harvested in 1929. Unprofitable returns from cotton in recent years and recent farm programs which encouraged diversified farming practices are largely responsible for the shift in the South from the production of cotton to annual legumes, lespedeza, corn, and other crops.

Tobacco.—In regions where tobacco is an important crop the 1940 schedule was designed so that the enumerator could report the acreage and production by types produced in 1939, with the hope that type information might be published later. In previous censuses the schedule called for total acres harvested and total quantity harvested regardless of type. The 1939 tobacco acreage of 1,853,230 was 1.9 percent below 1929, but was 49.8 percent larger than in 1934. Although the 1939 harvested acreage is little changed from 1929 and 1919, it is to be noted that the number of farms reporting tobacco reached an all time high point in 1939 with 498,348 farms reporting as compared with 432,975 in 1929 and 448,572 in 1919.

Sweet sorghums for sirup.—In the sorghum section of the 1940 schedule a separate inquiry was carried in 7 regions for "sweet sorghums for sirup." In the other two regions (regions 8 and 9) the enumerators were required to specify this crop under the head "other field crops not elsewhere reported." In 1939, sweet sorghums were reported harvested for sirup on 176,351 acres as compared with 136,143 acres 10 years earlier. However, the general trend in production of sweet sorghum sirup, in the past two decades has been downward.

Sugarcane. There were two specific inquiries relative to sugarcane asked in 1940: (1) "Sugarcane (not sorghums) for sirup"; (2) "sugarcane cut for sugar or sale to mills." These questions were very similar to those carried on the 1930 schedule. In 1935, only one inquiry was made relative to sugarcane which called for the acreage and production (in tons) of sugarcane for all purposes.

In order to present comparable figures for 1929 and earlier censuses, farms reporting sugarcane for sugar and for sale to mills have been added to farms reporting sugarcane for sirup in order to obtain farms reporting sugarcane. The acreage and production of sugarcane for seed were reported under "All other crops." The sugarcane acreage in 1939 was 376,974 acres as compared with 302,823 in 1929. About two-thirds of the United States sugarcane acreage was reported in Louisiana.

Sugar beets.—A separate question was provided on the 1940 schedule for sugar beets. On the 1935 schedule there was a single inquiry for sugarcane and sugar beets, but the two were separated in tabulation, on the basis of geographic location of the farms reporting, as the crops are grown in different regions.

Sugar beets, which have steadily increased in importance, show 867,424 acres harvested in 1939, as compared with 747,135 acres 5 years earlier and with 643,797 acres 10 years earlier. This expansion of sugar beet production has taken place largely in areas where the industry was already established. However, in some States there has been expansion into counties not previously growing beets for sugar. Yakima County, Washington; Malheur County, Oregon; and Imperial, Fresno, Kern, and Butte Counties, California have shown notable increases in sugar beets since 1934. Development of successful methods of growing sugar-beet seed in the irrigated valleys of the Southwest has been a great stimulation to the industry. The 1940 Census called for acreage of sugar beets grown for seed to be written in by the enumerators in a "catch-all" question and 7,087 acres for seed in 1939 were reported. Experimentation in seed production without overwintering stecklings in silo was only well started in 1934. Up to that time none had been grown in Arizona, which is now producing nearly 60 percent of the domestic sugar-beet seed crop.

Maple sirup and maple sugar.— The 1940 schedule, for Region 1 only, contained an inquiry relating to maple sugar and sirup made in 1939. The question covered the number of trees tapped in 1939 and the gallons of sirup and/or pounds of sugar produced.

Root and grain crops (other than corn and annual legumes) hogged or grazed off.—Root and grain crops (other than corn and annual legumes) hogged or grazed off in 1939 were to include only crops that were allowed to mature, or which approached maturity, before grazing or hogging off. Crops grown solely for and utilized as pasture were not to be reported under this inquiry. Included with the root and grain crops (other than corn and annual legumes) hogged or grazed off in 1939 are 2 farms reporting 1 acre of chicory grazed, and 553 farms reporting 681 acres of kale grazed off. Also included in this group is the acreage of melons used only for livestock feed.

Minor miscellaneous and medicinal crops.—Appropriate regional schedules carried specific questions for hops, broomcorn, popcorn, mint harvested for oil, and silage crops other than corn and sorghums produced in 1939. In addition, a question was carried asking for acreage and production of "Other field crops not elsewhere reported." The enumerator was requested to write in the name of the crop and the unit of measure for all crops shown under this question. Here there was reported a variety of crops of relatively small importance to the country as a whole, but often of considerable importance in restricted areas. Comparative data for such crops in other years are shown whenever available.

Farm gardens.—The 1940 schedule called for the value of vegetables grown for farm household use, excluding the value of sweetpotatoes and Irish potatoes. Similar inquiries were carried on the 1935 and 1930 schedules, but in 1920 the value of Irish and sweet potatoes was included in the value of farm garden produce. No acreage or production data were secured for farm gardens.

Irish potatoes (all varieties).—The 1940 schedule called for the acreage and production of Irish potatoes, whether grown for home use or for sale. The report for 1939 shows 2,644,098 acres harvested, a 10.2 percent reduction since 1929 and the smallest harvested acreage reported to the Census since 1889. There has been, also, a substantial decrease in the number of farms reporting potatoes although in 1924 a smaller number of farms reported potatoes than in 1939.

For Arizona and California the 1939 production was reported in 100-pound bags but is shown in the tables in bushels, in common with all other States. Conversion was made by using the weight of 60 pounds per bushel.

Sweetpotatoes and yams.—The 1940 question relating to sweetpotatoes and yams included both grown for home use and for sale. The Arizona and California production of this crop for 1939 was converted from 100-pound bags to bushels, using the conversion factor of 55 pounds per bushel.

In 1939, a total of 1,163,719 farms were listed for sweet-potatoes, with 696,474 acres harvested. Five States—Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, and North Carolina—had about three-fifths of the United States sweetpotato acreage in 1939.

Vegetables harvested for sale.—The 1940 Farm and Ranch Schedules used in the 9 Regions contained a total of 23 questions relating to the acreage harvested and value of specific vegetables harvested for sale. In addition, blank lines were carried for "Other" vegetables and here the enumerator was instructed to list and give the names of the numerous vegetables for which a definite question was not provided on the schedule. No data for production were secured under the inquiries for vegetables for sale. Data on Irish potatoes and sweet-potatoes were to be entered under separate inquiries elsewhere on the schedule.

In 1935 separate inquiries on acreage were carried on the schedule for 5 named vegetables with an additional question for "All other vegetables except Irish and sweet potatoes." The 1930 schedule asked for both acreage and value of 13 named vegetables with an extra line to write in names of any others. The 1925 schedule was limited to the acreage of 7 specified vegetables. The 1920 schedule asked for acreage, production and value of 11 vegetables by name with a blank line to write in others. For Censuses prior to the 1920 Census see footnotes 6 and 7, table 5 of this chapter.

The census found a total of 3,053,221 acres of vegetables (other than Irish and sweet potatoes) harvested for sale in 1939 as compared with 2,811,715 acres harvested for sale in 1929.