Table 4.-VALUE OF SPECIFIED CLASSES OF FARM PROPERTY, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1850 TO 1945
[Pigures for regions, divisions, and States in tables 7, 8, 17, and 18]

"Not available.
0.05 percent or.less.
${ }^{3}$ value in gold-approximately one-fifth less than reported currency values published in the 1870 report which shows $\$ 9,262,803,861$ for value of farms, $\$ 336,878,429$ for value of implements and machinery, and $\$ 1,525,276,457$ for value or livestock.
In general, does not include the value of young animals; also, for some years, certein minor classes of livestock were not enumerated. For the items included for each census, see shapter VII, table 3.

In reporting values of institutional farms and establishments where farming was combined with nonfarm activities, enumerators were instructed to include only the acreage and the value of land and bulldings actually used for farm purposes.

The reported value of farms represents largely the individual opinions of farm operators, although ouite frequently the value was obvlously influenced by the enumerator. Consequentiy, the totals include some rather erratic reports; however, in general, the totals represent a composite of many opinions and therefore are reasonably dependable. They need to be used with caution for small areas, such as counties, for which the totals may have been affected to an appreciable extent by a few individuel reports or by the work of a particuler enumerator. In the editing process, the reported values were accepted unless they included the value of nonfarm property, such as institutionel buildings, or were otherwise obviously in error.

The value of the farm real estate and the value of livestock are probably more accurate than the value of implements and machinery. A value figure for the land and buildings combined can usually be given by the operator with a reasonable degree of accuracy for most farms since farms are generally sold as a unit. A value was supplied in the editing process for the relatively few returns, usually for tenant operators, for which the value was not reported by the enumerator. This was done on the basis of returns for surrounding farms of similar size and type. A value has thus been included in the final summation for every farm.

## NUMBER OF FARMS, BY VALUE OF IMPLEMENTS AND

 MACHINERY, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1945

If the numbers of livestock have been enumerated with a reasonable degree of accuracy and completeness, the values should also be reasonably accurate, whether supplied by the enumerator or calculated on the basis of reports of price correspondents.

The value of farm implements and machinery has been obtained by one inquiry covering all items. A lump-sum type of inquiry, such as this, probably does not obtain as high a totel as would have been secured if a listing had first been made of the component items and a value had been placed on each 1 tem. It appears that the value of implements and machinery has also been incompletely enumerated through fallure to obtain reports for this

