# Appendix A. Explanatory Materials

## **DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS**

#### 1. HISTORY OF THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

The 1969 census is the 19th nationwide census of agriculture. The first agricultural census was taken in 1840 as part of the Sixth Decennial Census. From 1840 to 1920, an agricultural census was taken every 10 years as part of each decennial census.

With increased application of scientific findings and growing use of mechanization in agriculture, farming practices were changing so rapidly that early in this century it was evident that facts collected at 10-year intervals were no longer adequate. Aware of the need for more accurate and timely information, the Congress, in 1909 (36 Stat. 10, Sec. 31), provided for a census of agriculture to be taken in 1915 and every 10 years thereafter, in addition to the census of agriculture taken at the time of the decennial census. However, the census was not taken in 1915 because of the abnormal conditions created by World War I. Beginning in 1920, a national agricultural census has been taken every five years.

# 2. HOW THE 1969 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE WAS TAKEN

#### **Enumeration Method**

For the first time in a nationwide census of agriculture, farmers were asked to fill out and mail back their census forms. In earlier censuses, enumerators called on all farm operators. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration starting date and farmers were asked to fill them out and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up. The enumerators going from door to door in rural areas would pick up and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete forms for those places classified as farms which did not have forms ready for review.

Use of the mailout/mailback approach had been considered earlier and some aspects had been included in pretests for the 1964 Census of Agriculture as well as in the evaluation surveys measuring the accuracy of the earlier censuses. A coverage check of the 1964 census was especially pertinent in the final decision to adopt the mailout/mailback method for the 1969 census. A brief description of the study, called the "EPA-IRS Match" appears on page 38 of volume III, part 7, Evaluation Surveys, of the 1964 Census of Agriculture.

## The Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1969 Census of Agriculture was a mailing list comprised of all persons and organizations that could be readily identified as associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were used initially.

The list was assembled primarily from the records of other Government agencies and from the 1964 Census of Agriculture lists of addresses. Internal Revenue Service records were particu-

larly significant in developing the mailing list, since most farm operators of any importance could be identified in these records. Specifically, the IRS supplied lists of people and organizations who filed Form 1040, Schedule F (farm operators and farm landlords). The IRS also supplied lists of businesses showing, on Form 1040—Schedule C, Form 1065 (partnerships), and Form 1120S (small business corporations), that more than 50 percent of their income was from agriculture. A listing of employers of agricultural workers filing agriculture employment tax reports on Social Security Administration Form 943 was also used. The Bureau supplemented these lists with the names of Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service participants in the south and selected States in the remainder of the country where there appeared to be a significant number of persons with limited agricultural operations who had not filed IRS Schedule F.

The Bureau amended the basic list by conducting a precanvass early in 1969, covering about 100,000 of the larger more complex farms. The precanvass identified separate farm units of multifarm operations, farms with significant acreages in more than one county, and abnormal operations such as Indian reservations and farms operated by institutions.

The master list, constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employer Identification numbers, contained the names and addresses of persons or organizations associated with agricultural operations, and an indication of the size of the operation so that the Bureau could determine which of two versions of the census form to send

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler operations, which might not be identified in the administrative records as associated with agricultural operations were obtained and a supplemental mailing was made to the names and addresses on these lists.

Duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were removed during office processing.

## The Census Forms and Their Distribution

The regular 12-page form (A1) was sent to farms with an expected volume of sales of agricultural products in 1969, of \$2,500 or more.

A four-page form (A2) was sent to a 50-percent sample of operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. This form covered all major items—land use, crops, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and income—but omitted much of the detail found in the regular form.

Both forms are reproduced in appendix B.

Why the two forms? Emphasis in this census was placed on obtaining more detailed information for those farms with annual sales of farm products of \$2,500 or more. In 1964, the 1,817,000 farms in this group, which made up 58 percent of the total farms, accounted for more than 96 percent of the total value of all farm products sold.

It was agreed that the operators of the smaller places need not be burdened with the extensive detail required from the operators who are responsible for virtually all of our commercial farm production. Hence, the short form was developed for the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to be less than \$2,500.

## The Initial Mailings

During the last week of December 1969, the report forms were mailed to all farm operators on the mailing list. Approximately 3,700,000 forms were mailed at this time—2,900,000 regular forms (A1) and 800,000 short forms (A2).

The A2 form was *not* used in Alaska and Hawaii; A1's were mailed to all names on the address list. The A1 form used in Alaska was the same as the one used in the other continental States. The A1 form used in Hawaii differed primarily in the crops section, since Hawaiian agriculture has significant differences from the mainland in the crops produced.

During the first part of 1970, lists of persons or firms filing 1969 tax returns showing agricultural operations were obtained from the Internal Revenue Service. The Bureau checked these names against the original mailing list to find individuals and organizations who had not reported agricultural operations in their 1968 income tax reports or who, for some other reason, had not been included in the December 1969 mailing. These operators were sent the appropriate regular or short form in a supplementary mailing in July 1970.

All potential farm operators who were sent the regular form, received with it a Leaflet Guide which carried on the cover a letter from the Chief of the Agriculture Division explaining the purpose of the census and asking the recipient to fill out the form and return it in the envelope enclosed. The leaflet provided descriptions and definitions for the various items in more detail than was shown on the form, as well as instructions regarding some of the more common problem situations that were anticipated and lists of what should be included or excluded in reporting the more complex items.

A reproduction of this Leaflet Guide appears in appendix B.

Potential operators who received the short form were sent the cover letter, but not the leaflet. Instructions for this relatively simple form were provided on the form itself.

It was intended that the regular form would be filled out by the operators of all farms with \$2,500 or more in sales of farm products. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1969 substantially above this breaking point, it was necessary to go back to them for the additional detail needed for the regular form. If the recipient of the regular form reported less than \$2,500 in sales, data were tabulated for only those items which were on the short form.

## Coverage of Outlying Areas

The mailout/mailback procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. Discussion of the methods used appears in the reports for the outlying areas.

## **Followup Procedures**

In the United States, a reminder card dated January 10, 1970, was sent to all recipients of the regular form, urging prompt

response and expressing thanks "if your response is already in the mail."

The first followup letter was mailed early in March to all those on the original mailing list from whom we had not received either the completed form or other correspondence by February 25th.

After the first mail followup, telephone and field followup was started early in March to be sure that data were collected from the previously identified very large and/or very complex operations.

Over a period of the next three months, three other followup letters were sent to the other nonrespondents to achieve a response over the 90-percent level by July 1, 1970.

After the mailing of the fourth followup letter, data collection efforts continued, but on a selective basis. Field enumeration by personal interview was used to collect the data from non-respondents in 371 counties where response rates were below acceptable limits.

The collection of missing reports continued, as necessary, into the office processing phase. Lists of farms with substantial production of specific farm products had been obtained from various sources. These lists were used during data review as a check in counties having significant differences between the expected and the tabulated amounts of one or more agricultural products. Farms appearing on the lists for which a report was not found in the file of census reports being processed were contacted, usually by telephone. If it was determined that a farm had indeed been missed, a report was obtained.

The processing system provided for the possibility of incorporating reports as late as the final tabulation of county data for each State.

The telephone and field followup was performed either by the permanent staff of the Bureau's regional field offices assisted by staff held over from the population census enumeration or, in the case of the very large and complex agricultural operations, by Agriculture Division staff members.

## 3. STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Report forms were completed and tabulated for all the indentifiable larger places. In a few instances where the required information could not be obtained from the operator, data were obtained from secondary sources.

The smaller operations for which data were not obtained are represented in the statistics by replication of reports for farms having similar characteristics in the same county.

The majority of the farms represented by replication are among those having a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of less than \$5,000. For Alabama, data were imputed for about 10 percent of the State's farms, accounting for about 7 percent of the State's total value of agricultural products sold.

All report forms were subjected to a computer edit where adjustments using detailed programed specifications were made for incomplete or internally inconsistent data. The procedures provided for printouts of the computer changes for those farm reports if the change exceeded specified limits for the item. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by Agriculture Division staff members.

#### 4. OFFICE PROCESSING

The reports for all farms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tape. Records for large agricultural operations, including all places of 50,000 acres or more, or having \$100,000 sales of agricultural products or more in 1969, were reviewed by a professional employee (agricultural statistician or economist). Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent. Reports for smaller operations were subjected to a clerical editing review, during which significant problems were referred to the professional analysts for solution.

During processing, the data for each report form were subjected to a detailed review which required almost the full capacity of one of the very large electronic computers. The program provided comprehensive tests and instructions which were used to correct data found to be in error or inconsistent, to supply missing data, and to make classifications of the farm necessary for tabulation of data.

#### 5. COMPLETENESS OF THE CENSUS

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farm land, and farm production is the aim of each general, nationwide census of agriculture, it has never been reached. The causes of incompleteness and inaccuracies are a part of the complex structure of America's agriculture. Among the elements involved are the large number of places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land they operate, the expiration of leases and the making or renewal of other leases, the problems of obtaining a complete unduplicated listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulties of locating and identifying places that might be farms, the absence from their farms of some farmers during the period of the mail effort and followup procedures, the opinions of some operators that some or all of their agricultural operations should not be included in the census, etc.

Preliminary results of a check of coverage in the State indicate that about 87 percent of the farms with a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of \$2,500 and over, are included in the census. The 1969 coverage of part-time, part-retirement, and other low-income operations is probably less complete than for 1964 and earlier censuses. These types of operations are most likely to have been missing in the administrative records used in assembling the basic mailing list. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 91 percent of the total value of agricultural production for the State.

A more detailed statement regarding the differences in coverage between the 1969 and 1964 censuses of agriculture is provided in the Introduction to volume II of the reports for the 1969 and 1964 censuses. In addition, a detailed report on coverage of the 1969 census is scheduled to be published separately.

## 6. COMPARABILITY OF DATA

A factor affecting comparability, in addition to those mentioned in the introduction, was the procedure for assigning a farm to a specific geographic area.

For 1964 and earlier censuses, each enumerator was assigned to enumerate all farms in a specific geographic area, and farms were allocated to the area in which their "headquarters" was located.

Each of the 1969 farms was assigned to a "most probable" county and that county name was listed on the mailing label before the form was sent to the address on the mailing list. The assignment was based upon factors such as records of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the location of the post office, and county of location of the majority of rural route patrons. The respondent was asked to check if all his agricultural operations were located in the county shown on the address label, otherwise to identify the "principal" county in which his agricultural operations were conducted, and to name all other counties in which he had agricultural operations. If he failed to do this correctly, and especially if the preassigned "most probable" county was incorrect, the acres in the farm may have been tabulated for a different county than in 1964 and earlier censuses. In addition, even when the respondent replied correctly, if two counties or more were involved, his concept of the principal county where his agricultural operations were located might well have differed from the location of his "headquarters" as determined by the enumerator in the earlier census.

# 7. THE "SEE TEXT" REFERENCES AND OTHER NOTES FOR THE TABLES

Those items in the State tables which carry the note "see text" are identified in this section by being enclosed in quotation marks. Explanations and notes are shown for additional items.

#### Table 1

Total cropland may be overstated for 1969 as compared to earlier censuses due largely to the respondent (in most cases the farm operator) reporting his land in a different classification than that reported by the enumerators in earlier censuses.

Cropland used only for pasture and grazing may be overstated for 1969, due in part to a tendency of operators to report all pasture in replying to the first question regarding pasture (item 1b in section 3 of the regular form, and item 2 in section 5 of the short form).

"All other cropland" includes cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

## Table 2

Irrigation. Data on method of irrigation and source of water, along with additional irrigation data will be available in chapter 14, volume II, U.S. Summary, and in volume IV, Irrigation, 1969 Census of Agriculture.

## Table 3

The 1964 and 1959 data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include the farms of all nonwhite operators.

Users may notice that data for managers are not shown separately in the report of farm operators by tenure. Discussion of this change from the 1964 and earlier reports will be found in section 8, immediately following this section.

Tenure data for 1964 and 1959 do not include farms operated by managers, and to this extent are not comparable to the 1969

figures in which the managers have been distributed according to the reported ownership of the land.

Additional information regarding farm operators will be reported in volume II. This volume will include data reporting year the operator began operation, detailed data regarding race, and average date the census form was completed.

Data on ownership of land rented from others, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits will be reported in volume II, with totals for each State.

#### Table 4

"Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlords' and contractors' shares.

## Table 5

Farm production expenses, total—both farms and dollars. These figures for 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of the reporting of "all other expenditures." The 1964 and 1959 totals are reported only for the items specifically covered in all three censuses.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. Feed ingredients purchased separately which were included for 1964 and 1959 are excluded for 1969; they are reported separately for 1969 (table 14) for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Commercial fertilizer. Data for 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum; these items were not included in the 1964 or 1959 figures.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year.

All other production expenses. This item is subject to some errors in reporting. Operators failed, in some cases, to follow the instructions as to the types of expenditures which were to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution.

#### Table 7

The 1964 and 1959 figures on broilers and other meat-type chickens are based on questions which had no specification regarding age.

## Table 8

Farms reporting acres and quantity harvested for soybeans for beans are underreported. The format of the regular report form (the A1) provided for related crops to be grouped in one of 12 sections each of which had an introductory general question and instructions for the respondent to skip the entire section whenever he answered "No." The introductory question to section 11, where soybeans for beans should have been reported, was "Were any dry beans, dry peas, or peanuts harvested from this place in 1969?" A limited number of respondents who had harvested soybeans apparently did not classify soybeans as dry beans and skipped the entire section. Some of these reported the crop in section 23, "Other crops," while others failed to report them. In instances where there was a sizeable difference on an individual report form between the acres of cropland harvested and the sum of the acres reported for individual crops harvested, telephone calls made to check on the difference determined that it was frequently due to failure to report either soybean or hay acreages. The missing data were then obtained and the reports corrected. Consequently such underreporting tends to be limited to smaller acreages. Studies of available check data indicate the shortages to be about 5 percent or less for farms reporting and somewhat lower for acres and quantity harvested.

Hay, excluding sorghum hay. There was also underreporting for hay since the introductory general question for section 14 on the regular form which reads "Was any hay or grass silage harvested from this place in 1969?" was misunderstood in some instances. Additionally, it has always been difficult to obtain correct reporting of acreage cut for hay involving, as it frequently does, two or more cuttings from the same acreage, hay cut and seed harvested from the same acreage, or a hay crop following some other crop harvested.

"Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

## Table 9

"All other cropland." See note for table 1.

"All other land." See note for table 1.

"Farms by type." Explanation of this classification is shown in section 8.

Livestock ranches. See classification of farms in section 8.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

Forest products sold. As in previous censuses, the data obtained in the 1969 census relate only to the forest products cut on farms. Commercial logging, timber operations, and forest products cut and sold from nonfarm places are excluded.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

#### Table 10

"All other land." See note for table 1.

#### Table 13

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 30, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

#### Table 14

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. Some operators may not have clearly distinguished these two types of farm labor. Some reported expenditures for contract labor although the workers were not hired through a contractor, a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.

Number working less than 150 days. Some of these workers may have worked on more than one farm during the year, and therefore be reported by two or more operators. The number of workers reported here is likely to exceed the actual number of agricultural workers.

## Table 16

"Chickens 4 months old or older" for 1964 and 1959. Note the age break at 4 months for these earlier censuses. This was changed to "3 months old or older" for the 1969 census.

## Table 21

Grass silage. 1964 and 1959 figures include grass silage and hay cut green.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

All hay. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

## Table 22

Forest products. See note for table 9.

## Table 24

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Artificial drainage. Only total drained acres and number of farms having such acres are reported here. More detailed data will be available in volume II, chapter 14, Irrigation and Drainage, and in volume VI, Drainage.

Farms by type. Definitions for the various types of farms are given in section 8.

"\$1 to \$2,499." See note for table 13.

Forest products sold. See note for table 9.

Farm production expenses, total. See note for table 5.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. See note for table 5.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. See note for table 14.

Number of persons working less than 150 days. See note for table 14

All other production expenses. See note for table 5.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

#### Tables 25 to 30

See notes for table 24. The items in the left-hand margin (stub) of these tables are identical to the items in table 24, therefore the notes for this table apply to tables 25 through 30.

# 8. DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND CLASSIFICATION OF FARMS

## **Definitions and Explanations**

For exact wording of the questions and instructions in the two census forms (A1 and A2) and in the Leaflet Guide which accompanied the A1 form, see the reproductions of these three items in appendix B.

An analysis of the questions asked in the 1969 census forms and of the data obtained will be given in volume II, General Report, Statistics by Subject, Census of Agriculture, 1969.

Definitions of items and terms which may require additional explanation as they are used in the census are presented here. In general, processing steps and procedures were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are noted here.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "Land in farms" consists primarily of "agricultural" land—that is, land used for crops or pasture or grazing. It also includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, the acreage of woodland and wasteland owned or rented by farm operators as part of their agricultural operations is included as land in farms. Large acreages of land held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted in the processing steps if identified as such.

All grazing land except for open range and grazing land used under government permit was to be included as land in farms provided the place of which it was a part was a farm. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported in the name of the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included. Land in Indian reservations that was not reported by individual Indians and that was not rented to non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate total land area of States and counties as reported for 1969 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated to January 1, 1970. Differences between the land area in the 1969 and 1964 reports reflect changes in the number or size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in two or more counties—With but few exceptions, each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county, usually the county in which he reported all or the largest proportion of his total land.

Some of the exceptions developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This study identified about 1,000 operations having more than one separately reportable farm unit. For these, individual census reports were obtained for each location. Reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties, for which the data would significantly affect the county totals, were separated into two or more reports which were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—Data on the value of land and buildings are presented as totals and in terms of average per farm and average per acre. The value of land and buildings reported for the census was supposed to represent market value—that is, the price for which the land and buildings would sell at the time of the census.

The value of land in buildings for farms for which the value was not completely reported was estimated during office processing by using the average value per acre of land and buildings for farms of approximately the same size having similar characteristics in the same area.

Type of organization—The 1969 census is the first in which information was collected on the type of organization under which the farm operated. This information was collected for class 1.5 farms in response to the demand for data more descriptive of current farm organizational structure than the traditional tenure of farm operator classification. See State table 24.

Farm managers—In 1969, the term "manager" was dropped as a tenure concept because it was no longer descriptive of a distinct type of farm management. Farms of the kind that would have qualified as managed according to the 1964 definition were distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place. Tables in this report showing 1964 tenure data do not include managed farms in the 1964 figures used, and to this extent the 1964 data are not comparable to the 1969 data.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" is used to designate a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered as operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of a partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms.

For 1969, the respondent classified his own status by his answers to the acreage and ownership questions. Data on the characteristics of farm operators were obtained in section 38 of the report form where the operator was defined as the person in charge of the farm or ranch operation. In some cases the operator was not the individual named on the address label. Sometimes informa-

tion was reported for a family member, a partner, or an operator more closely connected with the farm or ranch operations.

In the 1964 census, the farm operator was located and defined by the enumerator who generally obtained the report from the person in charge at the farm or ranch location.

Farms or farms reporting—Figures for farms or farms reporting for a specified item represent the number of farms for which the item was reported. For example, if there were 1,922 farms in a county and 465 had chickens 3 months old and over on hand December 31, 1969, the figure for farms or farms reporting for the item "Chickens 3 months old and over" would be 465.

Value of crops harvested—Data for value of crops harvested were developed by applying estimated unit values to the operators' reports of acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (bushels, bales, etc.) when reported, were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. In some instances only acres harvested were reported, and these were multiplied by State estimates of value of production per acre. A combination of the two calculations was used when only acres harvested were reported by small farms, but units of production were supplied by larger farms. The State average production price and production value per acre figures used in these calculations, were supplied by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

For vegetables and for nursery and greenhouse products, value of sales were obtained from farm operators and used in the calculation of total value of crops harvested.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of each class of livestock or poultry on hand by the State average price for 1969 as furnished by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The 1964 and 1959 data were developed in similar fashion.

Value of farm products sold—Data for the value of farm products sold in 1969 were obtained by direct questioning in both the regular and short forms.

This is a departure from the method used in previous censuses, in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and by estimation for others. A discussion of the methods used in the 1964 census will be found on pages A7 to A9 of the appendix in each State report (volume I) of the 1964 census.

Total value of farm products sold—For 1969, this item excludes income which the farm operator and members of his family received from providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational services on his farm; for 1964, the total included such income.

The total value of farm products sold does not include government payments received by farm operators for participation in wheat, feed grains, and other government programs. As indicated by the data in State table 4, farm operators receive considerable farm-related income from sources other than the farm operated. Data in State table 27 indicate, for the various economic classes of farms, the number of farms on which the farm operator received income from specified sources other than the farm operated, and the amount of such income.

Total income the farm operator and members of his family received from sources other than the farm operated is not available from the 1969 Census of Agriculture. Tabulations are being made from the 1970 Census of Population to provide such

information which may be useful in this regard in a separate report.

Differences in totals for some items—The totals given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given for the same item in another table because of the rounding of fractions for the several groups of farms, counties, etc.

Floating point system—In preparation for showing comparative figures from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the 1964 published figures were keyed to magnetic tape using a floating point system. The system used provides for showing the first five digits of a number, the sixth is rounded to a five and all subsequent digits are shown as zero. Thus, the figure 17,256,423 would appear as 17,256,500. Differences from the 1964 published figures may appear in the least significant digits for any number having six or more digits as a result of using this procedure.

#### Classification of Farms

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected economic class groups; State tables 24 to 29 present detailed data for class 1-5 farms classified by tenure of operator, type of organization, age of operator, size (in acres), economic class, and type. In addition, the report contains a number of counts of farms according to various characteristics as well as frequency distribution of farms classified by size of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—As mentioned earlier in this section, the term "manager" as a tenure concept, is not used in the 1969 census. Information regarding managers was not obtained separately as the concept has become increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the change to enumeration by mail. The classifications by type of organization should provide more meaningful information. Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 24.

The classifications of tenure as used in this census are-

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others, or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—This is the first census of agriculture in which the classification by type of organization has been used. The classifications used are—

- Individual or family farms, excluding partnership and corporation,
- b. Partnership,
- c. Corporation, including family owned— With 10 or fewer shareholders, With more than 10 shareholders.
- d. Other-includes estates, trusts, cooperatives.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 on the A1 form. Thus there may be data shown for corporate farms in States where there are regulations affecting the extent to which corporations are permitted to engage in farming operations.

Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization are institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal" and consequently are not included in the tabulations for class 1-5 farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm. Detailed data by size of farm are presented for class 1-5 farms in State table 26. The same classification was used for all States. According to definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of a landlord who has assigned land to other tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm even though the landlord may consider the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by economic class—Data from the 1969 census are reported for "All farms" and for "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over (economic classes 1 to 5)."

In the 1964 and earlier censuses a classification called "commercial farms" was used which included the first six economic classes; this grouping is not comparable to the "class 1-5" grouping used in the 1969 report.

To help bridge this gap, State table 9 shows data for the "class 1-6" group, in addition to data for all farms, class 6 farms, part time, part retirement, and abnormal farms.

The economic classes used in this report are defined as follows:

Class 1				\$40	,000	or	more	of	farm	product	sales

Class 1a ..... \$100,000 or more of farm product sales

Class 1b . . . . . . \$40,000 to \$99,999 of farm product sales

Class 2 . . . . . . . \$20,000 to \$39,999 of farm product sales

Class 3 . . . . . . . \$10,000 to \$19,999 of farm product sales

Class 4 . . . . . . . . \$5,000 to \$9,999 of farm product sales

Class 5 . . . . . \$2,500 to \$4,999 of farm product sales or having a value of products sold of less than \$2,500 provided they had the acreage or livestock operations which normally would have had sales in excess of \$2,500. These would include new farm operations, farms having crop failure, and farms with large inventories and small 1969 sales. For a count of these farms, see county table 13 or State table 22.

Class 6 . . . . . . \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part time ..... \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part retirement. . \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years old or over.

Abnormal . . . . Includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

Large-scale farms—Farms with a value of farm products sold of \$100,000 or more (class 1a) have been designated as large-scale farms. Data for these farms classified by type of farm are presented in State table 30.

Change in the classification of farms by economic classes—The above definitions of economic classes apply to the 1964 census as well as to 1969. There was a change from 1959 to 1964 which affected only class 6 and part-time farms. Discussion of this change can be found on page A14 of appendix A of volume I of the 1964 census. In 1959, a farm was classified as class 6 if it had a value of sales of \$50 to \$2,499, the operator was under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year, and the income from sources other than the farm operated did not exceed the value of farm products sold. Other conditions being the same, if the income from other sources exceeded the value of farm products sold, the farm was classified as part-time.

Farms by type—The type of farm represents a description of the major source of income from farm sales. To be classified as a particular type, a farm must have sales of a particular product or group of products amounting in value to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold during the year.

The count of farms by type is shown in State table 9, for all farms, for several groups of farms with sales of less than \$2,500, and for abnormal farms. It is shown by county for class 1-5 farms in chapter 3 of section 1 of this volume.

Type-of-farm breakdowns are reported in detail for class 1-5 farms in State tables 28 and 29.

The types of farms, together with the products (value of sales reported representing 50 percent or more of total value of all farm products sold during the year) on which type classification is based, are as follows:

Cash-grain—Corn, sorghums, small grains, soybeans for beans, cowpeas for peas, dry field and seed beans and peas.

 ${\it Tobacco}{-}{\sf Tobacco}.$ 

Cotton-Cotton and cottonseed.

Other field crop—Peanuts, potatoes (Irish and sweet), sugarcane for sugar or sirup, sweet sorghums for sirup, broomcorn, popcorn, sugar beets, mint, hops, sugar beet seed, and pineapples.

Vegetable-Vegetables.

Fruit and nut-Berries, other small fruits, tree fruits, grapes, nuts, and coffee.

Poultry-Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, and other poultry products.

Dairy—Dairy products—milk, cream, etc. The criterion of 50 percent of total sales was modified in the case of dairy farms. A farm having value of sales of dairy products amounting to less than 50 percent of the total value of farm products sold was classified as a dairy farm, if—

- a. Dairy products sold accounted for more than 30 percent of the total value of products sold, and
- Milk cows represented 50 percent or more of total cows, and
- c. The value of dairy products sold plus the value of cattle and calves sold amounted to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold.

Livestock other than dairy and poultry—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, wool, and mohair except for farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska that qualified as livestock ranches.

Livestock ranches—Farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska were classified as livestock ranches if the sales of livestock, wool, and mohair represented 50 percent or more of the total value of farm products sold, and if pastureland or grazing land amounted to 100 acres or more and was 10 times or more the acreage of cropland harvested.

General—Field seed crops, hay, grass, and silage. A farm was also classified as general if it had cash income from three or more sources and did not meet the criteria for any other type.

Miscellaneous—Nursery and greenhouse products, forest products, mules, horses, colts, ponies, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold. Also all institutional farms and Indian reservations.

Stability in the classification of farms by type of farm—The type of farm classification for the 1964 census was the same as in 1969. Only one minor change was made from 1959 to 1964. In the 1959 listing of miscellaneous farms, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold were not listed as a part of this group.

Detailed comparative data for farms classified by type of farm for 1959 may be obtained from State table 18 of volume I of the reports for the 1959 Census of Agriculture.

## 9. DATA BASED ON REPORTS FOR A SAMPLE OF FARMS

Published data for all farms combine the data for the 50-percent sample of small farms, weighted by "2," with the data for larger farms. Small farms are generally those with a total value of farm products sold in the year of less than \$2,500. In addition to economic class 6, they include those farms classified as part time and part retirement.

Farms orginally defined as "small" by the mailing list sources, but reporting a total value of farm products sold in 1969 of \$10,000 and over, were tabulated with a weight of "1."

For Alabama, about 38 percent of the total farms were subjected to sampling. By final census classification, about 59 percent of the small farms, as defined above, were subjected to sampling.

For economic classes 4 and 5, the percentages subject to sampling were 10 and 13 percent, respectively. The remaining farms in these economic classes as well as all farms in economic classes 1,2, and 3 were selected with certainty.

The proportion of total value of farm products sold from farms which were represented in the census by the sample was less than 4 percent.

All of the published data are subject to sampling and/or nonsampling error. Sampling errors, in general, do not significantly affect totals since a very large proportion of the data were reported for economic classes 1 to 3 farms, for which there is no sampling error.

Nonsampling errors, resulting from incomplete coverage, response errors, processing errors, and other sources are discussed in section 10.

The sampling error for any published estimate can be approximated through the use of tables A, B, and C.

Table A indicates a "level" of sampling error for the number of farms reporting an item, and for magnitude items in broad categories for State and county tables. This table is used to determine sampling errors for State estimates.

Table B classifies each county within the State as having "high," "medium," or "low" sampling errors, for the county as a whole and for small farms within the county. This table must be consulted first to determine sampling errors for county estimates.

Table C presents the relative standard errors for estimated totals by number of farms reporting the item, according to the levels determined from tables A and B.

Table C shows percentage limits such that the chances are 68 out of 100 that the difference between an estimate based wholly or in part on a sample of farms and the figure that would have been obtained if the information had been collected and tabulated for all farms would be no more than the percentage specified. The chances are about 99 out of 100 that the difference would be less than 2 1/2 times the percentage given in table C. The percentage given in table C takes into account the fact that data for the items listed were collected for all farms with a value of farm products sold of \$10,000 or more.

The use of the tables may be illustrated by the following example: In a hypothetical State, 1,900 farms reported 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain on 62,100 acres. Table A shows that, for the State, measures for cropland harvested and for bushels of corn harvested have sampling reliability at level "1."

Since table C for our hypothetical State doesn't show a value for 1,900 farms reporting, we use straight-line interpolation to obtain a relative standard error of 7/10 percent. The standard error of the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels is then about 36,000 bushels. For the number of acres of corn harvested, the standard error is about 435 acres for an estimate of 62,100 acres. The number of farms reporting corn harvested is also a sample estimate, and its level from table A ("Farms having the item") is level "2," so that the standard error on an estimate of 1,900 farms is about 9/10 percent (using the line for 2,000 farms) or 17 farms

At the 99-percent confidence level, the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain may have an error of as much as 90,000 bushels (2 1/2 times 36,000) which means that the production determined in a complete census would most likely be between 4,978,000 and 5,158,000 bushels. For the number of farms reporting corn harvested, the 99-percent level corresponds to an estimate with a standard error of 42 farms, so that the number of farms actually having corn harvested is probably between 1,858 and 1,942.

Table A. Level of Sampling Reliability of State and County Totals for Selected Items

			State	tables	5		1			Coun	ty tables		
	_			E	conom	c class	_	T	otal farms	_	S	mall farms	_
	Total farms	Small farms	4	5_	6	Part time	Part retire- ment	Hıgh	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
Farms having the itemall farms large farms	3 1	4 -	1 -	2	4	4 ~	4 -	4 1	3 1	2	5 ~	4 -	3 -
Land in farms	1 1 1 1 1	6 7 6 5 8	3 4 3 3 2 3	4 6 4 4 3 5	7 6 8 7 5 8	6 6 7 6 5	6 7 7 6 5	6 7 7 6 6 8	5 6 6 5 7	4 5 5 4 4 6	7 7 8 7 6	6 7 6 5 8	5 6 5 4 7
Trrigated land	1 1 1 1	5 5 6 5	1 2 2 2	2 3 3 3	5 5 5 5	5 5 6 5	5 5 5 6 5 :	6 6 6 6	5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4	6 6 7 6	5 5 6 5	4 4 5 4
Farm production expenses dollars.  Commercial feed dollars.  Commercial fertilizer dollars.  Fuel dollars.  Hired labor dollars.	1 1 1 1	5 6 5 5	2 3 3 3	3 4 4 3 4	5 6 5 5 7	5 6 5 5	5 6 5 5	6 6 6	5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4	6 7 6 6 7	5 6 5 5	4 5 4 4 5
Machinery and equipmentnumber. Estimated market valuedollars	3 1	4 5	1 3	2 4	<b>4</b> 5	<b>4</b> 5	4 5	<b>4</b> 6	3 5	2 4	5 6	<b>4</b> 5	3 4
Livestock:  Cattle and calvesnumber.  Hogs and pigsnumber.  Poultrynumber.	1 1 1	5 6 6	2 2 5	3 6 4	5 6 5	5 6 6	5 6 5	6 8 7	5 7 6	4 6 5	6 7 7	5 6 6	4 5 5
Crops harvested:  Corn for grainbushels.  Soybeansbushels.  Cottonbushels.	1 1 1	6 5 5	2 2 2	4 3 3	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 6 6	5 5 5	4 4 4	7 6 6	6 5 5	5 4 4

Table B. Classification of Counties Into Sampling-Error Category

		All farms			1		Small farms		
	High	Me	dium	Low	High	<del>-</del>	Medium	<del></del>	Low
Bibb Blount Calhoun Chambers Chilton Choctaw Clarke Clay Coffee Coosa Elmore Etowah Jefferson Lamar	Lauderdale Macon Marengo Marion Morgan  Pickens Randolph Russell Talladega Tallapoosa  Tuscaloosa Walker Washington	Autauga Baldwin Barbour Bullock Butler Cherokee Cleburne Colbert Conecuh Covington Crenshaw Cullman Dale Dallas De Kalb Escambia Fayette Franklin Greene	Hale Jackson Lawrence Lee Limestone  Lowndes Madison Marshall Mobile Monroe  Montgomery Perry Pike St. Clair Shelby  Sumter Wilcox Winston	Geneva Henry Houston	Clay Coosa Tallapoosa	Autauga Baldwin Barbour Bibb Blount Butler Calhoun Chambers Cherokee Chilton Choctaw Clarke Cleburne Coffee Colbert Conecuh Covington Corenshaw Cullman Dale	Dallas De Kalb Elmore Escambia Etowah  Fayette Franklin Geneva Greene Hale Henry Houston Jackson Jefferson Lamar  Lauderdale Lawrence Lee Limestone Lowndes	Macon Madison Marengo Marion Marshall  Mobile Monroe Montgomery Morgan Perry Pickens Pike Randolph Russell St. Clair  Shelby Sumter Talladega Tuscaloosa Walker  Washington Wilcox	Bullock

Table C. Sampling Reliability Based on Number of Farms in Sample and Level of Reliability

				Relative s	tandard error (perc	ent)			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	Level 8	Level 9
Number of farms for item:				<u> </u>					<del></del>
10 farms	10	13	18	24	32	43	56	75	100
20 farms	7.1	9.0	13	17	22	30	40	53	71
50 farms	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14	19	25	33	45
100 farms	3.2	4.2	5.6	7.5	10	13	18	24	32
200 farms	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1	9.0	13	17	22
500 farms	1.4	1.8	2.6	3.4	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14
1,000 farms	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3.2	4.3	5.6	7.5	10
2,000 farms	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1
5,000 farms	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.5	3.3	4.5
10,000 farms	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3.2
20,000 farms	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2
50,000 farms	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4

#### 10. NONSAMPLING ERRORS IN THE REPORT

Errors from causes other than those related to sampling are present in any census or survey. These can arise from a variety of reasons, such as inability to obtain any response from some farmers on the mailing list, incorrect reporting, processing errors, etc.

One source of nonsampling error is present in the failure of some respondents to provide all the information requested. Special studies using a small national sample indicate that, on questions such as total value of farm products sold, the nonresponse rate may be of the order of 12 percent. It is usually possible to develop a figure for value of sales based on other entries such as production of crops, livestock sold, etc., but the figure so produced may not be as reliable as a direct report from the farmer.

There is considerable undercoverage of small farms, due to the fact that a large number of these were either not included or not identified as associated with agricultural operations in any of the administrative records and consequently were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some farms were on the mailing list more than once, and while duplication was eliminated to a very large extent in the processing, some duplication remains, particularly for new farms or farms whose ownership status changed during the period when the list was being developed.

The total error of the census is a combination of the sampling and nonsampling errors. When the sampling errors are small, as in the case of economic classes 1 to 3 which have no sampling error, or for the whole State, for most counties, and for most magnitude items, the nonsampling error is usually the larger part of the total error.

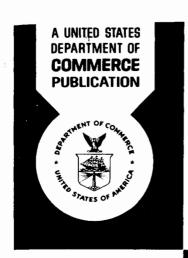
# 11. AVAILABILITY OF DATA FOR AREAS OTHER THAN COUNTIES AND STATES

This report presents data only for the State and for counties within the State.

Summary data for the United States, regions, divisions, and States will be shown in volume II.

Unpublished tabulations of some of the data in State tables 24 through 29 can be obtained for State parts of 99 agricultural subregions to which the counties in the conterminous States have been allocated. A charge will be made for the cost of review for consistency and disclosure of data for individual farms. Information regarding the availability of unpublished data may be obtained by writing to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.





# 1969 Census of Agriculture

## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

## **COUNTY REPORT TEXT**

PLEASE KEEP THIS SHEET. It provides background information, definitions, and explanations including those for the "see text" notes in the tables.

## **Individual County Reports**

Separate eight-page reports are published for all counties in the United States with 10 farms or more. Data are reported for the year 1969, with inventory (on place) figures as of December 31, 1969. Comparable figures from the 1964 census are also reported.

Information covering all farms in the county is presented in the first eight tables.

Information covering farms with sales of farm products in 1969 amounting to \$2,500 or more (economic classes 1 to 5) is reported in substantially greater detail in tables 9 through 26.

The same format is used for every county and State; the crop and livestock items reported in these tables are those which are relatively important in a majority of the counties in the United States.

## County Data for Miscellaneous Crop and Livestock Items

Data for additional crop and livestock items, not common to a large number of counties, are reported in a separate set of county tables for each State.

## State Reports (Volume I)

State totals of the data in the county reports are published for each State.

In addition, data for each State are shown in a separate report consisting of one book or more. Chapter 1 of section 1 presents findings at the State level in much more detail than is published at the county level.

County data appear in the State reports as follows:

- A limited amount of county data are reported in summary form in chapter 2 of section 1. These tables list the counties in alphabetical order and report selected items for each.
- The county data for miscellaneous crop and flivestock items and the number of farms by "type of farm" for all class 1-5 farms are reported in chapter 3 of section 1.
- A complete set of county reports makes up section 2.

## How the 1969 Census of Agriculture Was Taken

The Mailing List—During the last week of December 1969, the 1969 Census of Agriculture forms were mailed to a list representing, as nearly as possible, all persons and firms associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. The list included land owners, tenants, renters, sharecroppers, and hired managers, but excluded hired farm laborers.

The mailing list was assembled from various administrative records including names and addresses from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, and the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

The final list was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists, Additional duplicates not identified in this process were removed during data processing. Coverage is more fully discussed in the text for volume I.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution—A standard 12-page form was sent to all operators expected to have 1969 sales of all agricultural products of \$2,500 and over.

A four-page form went to a 50 percent sample of the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. Data in the "All Farms" tables are, consequently, subject to a small sampling variation. Tables of sampling variation will be included in volume 1.

**Followup Procedures**—A series of followup letters brought response to well over the 90 percent level by July 1, 1970. At this point, field followup enumeration was conducted in 370 counties having low response rates to complete the collection of data for those counties.

To insure receiving reports from all large operations, telephone and field followup was started early in March. This work was continued until reports were obtained.

Standard statistical procedures were used, when possible, to deal with inconsistencies or inadequate information in filled-out forms, including any short forms reporting sales of \$2,500 or more. When these methods were not adequate, letters and phone calls were used to secure the needed information.

A more detailed description of procedures and definitions will appear in volume I.

## Comparability of Data

This is the first census of agriculture conducted primarily by mail. The mailings were made just before January 1, 1970, and the information collected was intended to cover the full year, 1969. The data collection phase lasted through September 1970.

Prior censuses were taken by enumerators; the field work for 1964 was largely completed in November and December of the census year.

These two differences (use of mail and timing) affect the comparability of data from the 1969 census with data from earlier censuses. In a number of tables, 1969 inventory figures are shown; respondents were asked to report these as of December 31, 1969. Where similar figures from the 1964 census are shown, they are as of the time of enumeration.

"Farms," defined in the 1969 census exactly as in 1964, are places on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time during the census year under the control of an individual management. Places of less than 10 acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$250. Places of 10 or more acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$50.

Farms in the top five economic classes (separately reported in tables 9 through 26) are those for which the sales of farm products in 1969 amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$2,500. Abnormal farms are excluded.

## Abbreviations and Symbols

The following abbreviations and symbols may occur in the tables.

- X Not applicable.
- NA Not available.
  - Z Reported in small fractions.
  - Data withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms.

## The "See Text" References in the Tables

**Table 1.** "All other cropland" includes cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

**Table 3 for Southern States.** For 1964, the data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include all nonwhite operators.

**Table 4.** "Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlord's and contractor's shares.

**Table 5.** "Farm production expenses, total" for 1964 is the sum of specified expenditures and does not include those listed as "NA" in the table.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth-control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year, including any of these materials paid for by landlords, contractors, and custom operators.

**Table 7.** 1964 figures on sales of broilers are based on a question which had no specification regarding age.

**Table 8.** "Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

**Table 9.** "All other land" includes house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

**Table 13.** "Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 26, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

**Table 14.** "Farm production expenses, total" and "Other agricultural chemicals." See notes for table 5.

In 1964, contract labor was included with machine hire and customwork.

Table 16. See note for table 7.

Table 20. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 24, "Land in orchards," See note for table 8.

Budger Burgau No. 11-868075. Approval Expires December 1976. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process. FORM 69-A1-34-U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE **CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE — 1969** Please read P Please mention the Consus File Number (the ten-digit number in the upper left corner of the address label) if you write to us about this report Please answer the questions on this form and return it in the enclosed envelope as soon as you can, preferably not later than February 15, 1970. Only one report is required for your agri-cultural operations. If more than one report is received, please write "Extra Copy" across the top of the first page of each additional report and return it along with the report you complete. Please give the best answers you can Make an estimate if you do not have the actual number. • The enclosed leaflet illustrates how to enter your answers and contains helpful information about the questions. Please read the Leaflet Introduction, then use the and address including ZIP code) leaflet, as needed, while you are completing your report. CENSUS USE ONLY OTO 011 012 Section 1 - ACREAGE in 1969, OWNERSHIP, and LAND VALUE
All there was any change in acreage operated during 1969, see Leaflet, section 1, part A.) Your estimate of the current market value of these are and the buildings on them CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars 016 2. Land rented or leased from others - luclude land worked on shares, leased Federal, State, and railroad land, and land used rent free. (Do not include 017 019 3. Land rented or leased to others - Include land subleased and land worked on shares by others ......... [ **020** These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE" Total acres - Please ADD acres owned (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space for this census report 5. How many acres in THIS PLACE were diverted under soil bank or other Federal programs such as those for feed grains, wheat, etc.?......... 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on any part of the land and buildings you own? 022 1 Yes 2 No 7. How many persons rented or leased land from you in 1969? - Include those None 023 working land on shares. Persons 8. How many acres of the land you rented or leased from others (item 2) did you subtent or sublease to others? - Include land rented or leased by you which was worked on shares by others. Γ... Acres Please read... 9. If you rented land from others (item 2), give the following information by type of land ownership. You may be able to skip most of this form if a. All the land you own or rent is rented to someone else b. There were no crops or livestock in 1969 on the land Ownership of land you rented from others (Account for all seres reported in item 2) Mark with X all boxes which appl reported in item 4 Share of Cash Other direction of cash or cash of cash Before continuing please read "SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THIS FORM?" in Leafler, Section 1, Part C. Section 2 - LOCATION of agricultural activity in 1969 g. Individuals, partner-ships, estates Are all of your agricultural operations located in the county shown in the upper right corner of the address label? b. Corporations - include railroad land Complete this item Write name and acres for principal county on the first line; write names and acres for additional counties in spaces provided. If necessary, continue in Remarks on page 12. c. Store lands - school Go to lands, etc. . . . . . Name of county Ácres d. Indian lands - tribal below Principa county or reservation. Other . Federal lands - include leased acreage of Taylor Grazing lands (See Leaflet)  $\Box$ 10. Any grazing permiss on a per-head basis -031 Acres, if known 032 Total acres (Must equal acres in section 1, item 4) Number of head . 1 □ ¥06 Forest service Law Taylor Grazing, etc. 2 No 2. Location within county of your principal agricultural operations.

Before continuing Please sead

Township, district, precinct, etc. - See Leaflet, section 2.

Section 3 - Land USE	E in 1969	
	The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in this place among items 1 through 4. Please read Leaflet, section 3, before answering item 1a.	
Reminder: If the same land	1. Cropland  o. Cropland barvested - Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products	041
was used for two or more purposes,	b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing.	042 Acres
report that land only once - in the first item	c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured	043 Acres
that applies.	d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyurds on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 1a.,	044 Acres
,	e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	045 Acres
	f. Cropland idle ,	046 Acres
	2. Woodland — Include here all woodlots and timber tracts and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.	047
	T. Woodland pastured	Acres 048
Please check: If the acres for item 5 do not agree	<ul> <li>b. Woodland not pastured</li> <li>3. Other pastureland and rangeland - Include here any pasture other than cropland and woodland pasture.</li> <li>c. Pastureland and rangeland improved by liming, fertilizing, seeding, irrigating draining, or controlling weeds and brush</li> </ul>	Acres Acres
with the acres shown in section 1, item 4,	b. Pastureland and rangeland not improved	OSO Acres
please read Leaflet, section 3, and check your	4. All other land - Include here any land not reported above.  6. Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc	051 Ácres
entries.	5. Total acres in this place — Please add the acres in items 1 through 4 and enter the total in this space	052 Total
Section 4 - Has any	LAND in this place been IRRIGATED at any time during the 5 years since January 1, 1965?	ocres
053	mplete this section	
2 <u>No</u> −	Land irrigated in 1969 None 1. How many acres of land in this place were irrigated at any time in 1969?	054
Go to Section 5	1 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	OSS Acres
	a. Cropland harvested (reported in section 3, item 1u) were irrigated?	OS6 Acres
•	b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (reported in section 3, item 1b) were irrigated?	Acres Acres
	d. Any other lands were irrigated? - Specify land use	058 Acres
		Acres
	Method of irrigation in 1969  3. How many acres were irrigated in 1969 by each of the following methods — (If more than one method was used on the same field the total of these acres will be greater than item 1 above.)  a. Sprinklers?	059
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	b. Furrows or ditches?	Acres 060 Acres
* **	c. Flooding?	O61 Acres
	d. Subirrigation? (Water applied below ground surface, or artificial control of ground water)	062 Acres
	Source of water in 1969	
,	4. What percent of irrigation water used in 1969 was — (Please be sure the total percentuges reported in questions a through c equal 100%. For other ways of estimating quantity of water, see Leaflet, section 4.) a. From a well or spring on this place?	063 Percent
	b. From a surface supply not controlled by a water supply organization (stream, drainage ditch, lake, pond, or reservoit on or adjacent to this place)?	064
.**	c. From water suppliers? (Mutual, private, cooperative or neighborhood ditches, irrigation district, commercial company, numicipal or community water system, or another farm)	065 Percent
	Give name and address of each water supplier. (Use "Remarks," page 12 if more space is needed.)	
· · · · ·	1. 2.	
	Estimated quantity of water used in 1969	
,	5. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1969 — (Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you. See Leaflet, section 4.)	Acre-feet Tenths
	a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers one acre, one foot deep).	067
	b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60 minutes X hours operated in season).  e. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give both inches applied and acres covered	Gallons 068
	(1) Depth applied	069
	(2) Area covered	Acres

Yes - Co	mplete this section				Acr	es artific	ially drained	
2 No -	Please estimate the acres drained by each of the follo do not include the same acreage as drained by more th				Total		By system since Janua	
Go to Section 6	A farm system which is independent of an organized drainage district or other public agency	d		071			072	
	2. A farm system which drains into the system of an or	rganized		073			074	
	drainage district or other public agency			075			076	
	district or other public agency							
	commercial FERTILIZER applied on PASTURELAND in 196 include land from which crops were harvested or hay cu							
Yes - Com	plete this section	1				Fertili	zer used	
□ No - Go to			Acres fertilize	Wh	Dry ole tons	Tenths	Whole ton:	or gas Tent
Section 7	1. Cropland used only for pasture (reported in section 3, item 1b) fertilized		077	078		10	079	;
3	2. Other pastureland (reported in section 3, item 3a) fertilized	1	080	081		10	082	
tion 7 – Was CON	TOUR PLANTING, STRIPCROPPING, or TERRACING in us		ace in 1969?			10	1	
Yes - Com	plete this section					[083		
No -	1. Grain or row crops farmed on the contour							Acre
Go to Section 8	2. Stripcropping systems to control erosion							Acre
	3. Cropland and pastureland having terraces					085		Acre
	only whole acres and whole units of productio	n except w						
	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section	example s					icns. Learle	i, secti
Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19	example s	showing how	Quant		ers.	A. irri	cres
	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested	example s	es sted	Quant	our answ	ers.	A	crés
Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plate this section	Acres 086	es oa	Quant	ity horves	sted	Ac irris 089	cres
Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight	Acre harve	es sted	Quant	ity harves Bu Hu	sted	An irrit	crés
Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage  3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported)	Acres 086	es oa	Quant	ity harves Bu Hu	sted ushels undredwei	089 089 ght	crés
Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage	Acre harve	es oa	Quant	ity harves Bu Hu	ers.  sted  ishels  indredwe i	An irrit	crés
Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage  3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported)	Acre harve	es oa	Quant	Bu Hu	ers.  sted  shels  indredwe i  ons,  een we igh	ghr 092	or gas
Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage  3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported)	069? Acribarys 086	es sted OB	Quant	Bu Hu	sted sted stels sindredweit sins, seen weigh	ghr 092 og 094 Liquid Whole ton	or gas
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9  tion 9 - Were any Do not x	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage  3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)	069? Acres 086	Acres fertilizer	Quant 7 8 or -	Bu Hu To gree	sted sted sindredwei sinds, seen weigh	ghr 092 og 094 Liquid Whole ton	or gas
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9  tion 9 - Were any Do not x	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn  SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196	Acres of the latest of the lat	Acres fertilized	Quant 7 8 or — 1 Who ops	Bu Hull To Dry ble tens	sted sted stels sindredwei sins, seen weighten Tenths	ghr 092 at 094 Liquid Whole ton 097	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  tion 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage  3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.).  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn	Acres 0869?  Acres 086  O90  O93	Acres fertilized	Quant	Bu Hu Togree	sted sted sted stels sindredwei sins, seen weigh Fertilis Tonths	ghr 092 at 094 Liquid Whole ton 097	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  Violation 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn	Acribates  9899  Acribates  999  1000  100	Acres fertilized	Quant  Quant  Wh  OSS  and sweet	Bu Hull To Dry Dle tons	sted  sted  shels  indredwe i  indredwe i  Fertiliz  Tenths  i  dushels	ght 092  ght 094  Liquid Whole ton 097	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  tion 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage  3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.).  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn.  5. CORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)  plete this section  1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds.	Acribates  9899  Acribates  999  1000  100	Acres fertilizer  OBS  Partition of the state of the stat	Quant  Who  Ope  Quant  Quant	Bu Hull Tage Dry ble tens	sted sted sted sted sted sted sted sted	ghr 092  ghr 094  Liquid Whole ton 097	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  tion 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn  SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)  plete this section  1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds  2. Sorghums for silage	OSS (Include	Acres fertilized	Quant 7 8 or - 1 White Opportunity of the Company o	Bu Dry ole tens	sted  sted  shels  indredwei  inns,  Fertilia  Tenths  sted  sted  sted  sted  cons,  rons,  rons,  rons,	ghr 092  th 094  Rer used Liquid Whole ton 097  101  101  104  ght 107	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  tion 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn.  SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)  plete this section.  1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds  2. Sorghums for silage  3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay  4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here	9? (Include	Acres fertilizer  OB  OB  Acres fertilizer  OB  IC	Quant 7 8 or - 1 White Opportunity of the Company o	Bu Dry ole tens	sted sted sindredwei sins, sin	ghr 092  th 094  Rer used Liquid Whole ton 097  101  101  104  ght 107	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  tion 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.).  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn.  SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)  plete this section  1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds  2. Sorghums for silage.  3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay	9? (Include  Acres 098	Acres fertilizer  OB  OB  Acres fertilizer  OB  IC	Quant 7 8 or - 1 White Opportunity of the Company o	Bu Dry ole tens	sted  sted  sted  sted  sted  fertiliz  Tenths  constant  sted  sted  sted  formall	ghr 092  at 094  Liquid Whole ton 097  Airri 101  104  ght 107  r 109	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  Stion 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn.  SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)  plete this section.  1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds  2. Sorghums for silage  3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay  4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here	9? (Include  Acres 098	Acres fertilizer	Quant 7 8 or — 1 White open and sweet Quant 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Bu Dry ole tens	sted  sted  sted  sted  sted  fertiliz  Tenths  constant  sted  sted  sted  formall	ghr 092  at 094  Liquid Whole ton 097  Airri 101  104  ght 107  t 109	or gas
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 9  Ction 9 - Were any Do not r  Yes - Com	8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19 plete this section  1. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn.  2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)  4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn.  SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)  plete this section.  1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds  2. Sorghums for silage  3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay  4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here	9? (Include  Acres 098	Acres fertilized  OS  OS  OS  10  10	Quant  Quant  Quant  Quant  Quant  Quant	Bu Hull To Dry ole tons varieties	sted  sted  sted  sted  sted  fertiliz  Tenths  constant  sted  sted  sted  formall	ghr 092  at 094  Liquid Whole ton 097  Airri 101  104  ght 107  r 109  zer used Liquid	or gas s   Tent

Page 3

	ny SMALL GRAINS harvested for g mplete this section								
					1	Commercial	fortilla		
☐ No - Go to Section 11		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Whale tons	Tenths.	or g Whole tons	uld ras Tent
	1. Winter wheat	113	1	4	8	6		7	<del>i</del>
	2. Spring wheat other	114	Bushels 1	4	5	6		<del>.</del> <del>7</del> . – – – -	<u> </u>
	than durum	115	Bushels 1	4	5	6	10	7	í ·
	3. Durum wheat	116	Bushels			6			1
	4. Oats for grain		Bushels		5	<u> </u>	10	<b>,</b> ,	,   
	5. Barley for grain	117	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	1
	6. Rye for grain	118	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	1
		119	1	4	5	6		7	. I
	7. Mixed grains	120	Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	+
	8. Flaxseed	121	Bushels 1	4	5	6	10	7	1
	9. Buckwheat	<u>-</u>	Bushels		<u> </u>		10		i +
	10. Proso millet	122	Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	1
	11. Emmer and spelt	123	1 Bushels	4	5	6.	10	7	į
		124	1 100-76.	4	5	6		7	·
	12. Rice - Report quantity harvested in one unit		2 or bags	<u> </u>	1			,	1
	only - either 100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels		Bushels				10	,	i I
			Barrels		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1
	13. Safflower	125	1 Pounds	4	S	6 .	10	7	1
	14. Mustard seed	126	1 Pounds	4	5	6	10	7	1
	nplete this section 	·				Commercial	fortilize		<del>, , , , ,</del>
No	nplete this section	Acres	Quantity horymeted	Acres	Acres	Commercial Dry	<del></del>	Liq	juid gos
No - Go to Section 12		harvested	Quantity : harvested	Acres irrigated	***************************************	Dry		Liq	gos
Go to					Acres	Dry Whole	1, 1, 3, 6	Liq or Whale	gos
Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	harvested	harvested  1 Bushels	irrigated	Acres fertilized	Dry Whole	Tenths 10	Liq or Whale	gos
Go to	Soybeans for beans     Peanuts for nuts	harvested	harvested  Bushels Pounds 1 100-lb.	irrigated 2	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Tonths 10	Liq or Whale	gos
Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	harvested	harvested  Bushels Pounds 1 100-lb. bags	intigated 2	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths 10	Liq or Whale	gos
Go to	Soybeans for beans     Peanuts for nuts	190 131 132	harvested  Bushels Pounds 1 100-lb.	irrigated 2 2	Acres terrilized 3 3 3	Whole tons	Tonths 10	Whale tons 5	gos
Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans	190 131 132 133	1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags		Acres fertilized 3 3 3	Whole 1 tops   4	10 10	Whale tons 5	gos
Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans	130 131 132 133 134	1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags	irrigated 2 2	Acres terrilized 3 3 3	Whole tons	10 10 10 10 10	Whale tons 5	gos
Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans , 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas	190 131 132 133	1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Paunds 1 Paunds		Acres fertilized 3 3 3	Whole 1 tops   4	Tenths  10  10  10	Whale tons 5	gos
Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans	130 131 132 133 134	harvested  Bushels  Pounds  1 100-lb. bags  1 100-lb. bags  1 Paunds  1 Paunds  1 Bushels  1 Bushels		Acres fertilized 3 3 3 3 3	Whole Jons 4 4 4 4	Tenths  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  1	Whale tons 5	gos
Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans	190 131 132 133 134 135 136	harvested  1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Paunds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2	Acres fertilized 3 3 3 3 3 3	Whole tyons 4	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Whale tons 5	gos
Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	190 131 132 133 134 135 136	harvested  1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Paunds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2	Acres fertilized 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tenuhs 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Whole years 5	gos
Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans	190 131 132 133 134 135 136	harvested  1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Paunds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2	Acres fertilized 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Whole fors 4 4 4 4 4 4 Communication	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Whole tens 5	Terminal
Go to Section 12 Lion 12 - Was an	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	190 131 132 133 134 135 136	harvested  1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Paunds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  Arvested from	Acres fertilized 3 3 3 3 3 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Whole your 4 4 4 4 4 4 Commercial	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  7  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8	
Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans ny COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, PORmplete this section	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	harvested  Bushels  Pounds  1 100-lb. bags  1 100-lb. bags  1 Bushels  1 Bushels  1 Pounds  1 CRN, or MINT FOR Oil hi	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2	Acres fertilized  3 3 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7	Whole fors 4 4 4 4 4 4 Communication	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Whole tens 5	
Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans ny COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, PORmplete this section	130 131 132 133 134 135 137 CORN, BROOMC	harvested  Bushels  Pounds  1 100-lb. bags  1 100-lb. bags  1 Bushels  1 Bushels  1 Pounds  1 CRN, or MINT FOR Oil hi	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  Arvested from	Acres fertilized  3 3 3 3 4 Acres fartilized  Acres fartilized	Whole your 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  6  7  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8	
Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 19 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POR	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	harvested    Bushels     Pounds     100-lb. bags     100-lb. bags     Pounds     Bushels     Pounds     ORN, or MINT FOR OIL his grant     Guantity     harvested	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  Arvested from	Acres fertilized  3 3 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7	Whole your 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  6  7  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8	
Go to Section 12  Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 9 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, PORmplete this section  1. Cotton	130 131 132 133 134 135 137 CORN, BROOMC	harvested    Bushels     Pounds     100-lb. bags     Pounds     Pounds     Pounds     Pounds     Bushels     Pounds     Pounds     Bushels     Pounds     Pounds	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  Arvested from	Acres fertilized  3 3 3 3 4 Acres fartilized  Acres fartilized	Whole your 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5	
Go to Section 12  Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 10 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, PORmplete this section  1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar 3. Sugar beets for seed	harvested  130  131  132  133  134  135  136  137  CORN, BROOMC  Acres harvested  138	harvested    Bushels     Pounds     1	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  Arvested from	Acres fertilized  3  3  3  3  4  Acres fertilized  3  5  3  5	Whole your 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5	
Go to Section 12  Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 9 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, PORmplete this section  1. Cotton	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	harvested    Bushels     Pounds     1	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  Arvested from	Acres fertilized  3  3  3  3  4  Acres factlized  3	Whole your 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5	
Go to Section 12  Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 10 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, PORmplete this section  1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar 3. Sugar beets for seed	harvested  130  131  132  133  134  135  136  137  CORN, BROOMC  Acres harvested  138  140  141	harvested    Bushels     Pounds     1	irrigated  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  Arvested from	Acres fertilized  3  3  3  3  4  Acres fertilized  3  3  3  3	Whole your 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  Whole tons  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5	

FORM 09 A1134) 15 9-69)

Yes - Con	plete this section					Commit	preial fertili		uid or
		harvested 1 g	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres fertiliz	Tonths	Whole		ole !
□ No ÷		160		irrigated 1	3	ed ; #	tons	, <u>e</u> 5	ons :
Saction 14	l. Irish potatoes	10	, Hundred- weight	1	0	10		10	
	2. Sweetpotatoes	161	1 Bushels	2	3	10	4	10 5	
		162	1	2	3	10	4	10 5	
ction 14 - Was an	3. Tobacco – all types . y HAY of GRASS SILAGE harve	sted from this plac	Pounds   6 in 1969?	1	U <u>I</u>	1710		10]	<u>.</u>
	plete this section								
□No - Go to	If two or more cuttings wer REPORT ACRES ONLY Of all cuttings.	re made from the s NCE, but report to	same field, otal tons of	Acres harvested		Quanti horves	ty ted		cres gated
Section 15	1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixto	ires for hay or de	hydrating	170	1		Tons dry	5, 2	
	2, Clover, timothy, and mis	ctures of clover a	nd grasses for hay	171	1		Tons dry	5, 2	
	3. Small grain bay		.,,,,,	172	1		Tons	, 2	
	4. Lespedeza for bay			173	1		Ťons dry	, 2	
	5. Coastal Bermuda grass	for hay		174	1		Tons	, 2	
	6. Wild bay			175	1		Tons	, 2	
	7. Other hay - Sudan grass		crosses,	176	ī		Tons	2	
	soybean, cou peu, peanu		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	177	1		dry	1	
	8. Grass silage	;,,,,,		178	1		green	-	
	9. Hay crops cut and fed g	reen	·				Tons greer	·/	
				I		ı	Fertiliza	er used	
		5 .			cres	D	ry	Liquid	or go
	Later than the second s								
				fer	tilized	Whol	e it	Whole	
				179	ti li zed	Whol ton 180		Whole ton:	
	10. Commercial fertilizer u	sed on these crop	os	179	tilized	ton	Tenthe	tons	
illon 45. – Wate an	10. Commercial fertilizer u y FIELD SEEDS harvested from	<del></del>	<del></del>	179	ilized	ton		tons	
10 3 to 10 t		<del></del>	<del></del>	179	hilized	180 Quanti	10 ty	181	
□ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from	<del></del>	<del></del>	179 On 15.)	hilized	180	To ty ted	181	
10 3 to 10 t	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from	<del></del>	<del></del>	779 779 779 Acres	nilized	180 Quanti	ty red Paunds, clean see	A (rri	cres
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS havested from	<del></del>	<del></del>	179  Acres harvested 190  191	1	180 Quanti	ty pad Pounds, clean see	A (rri	cres
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this westlon.  1. Red clover seed	<del></del>	<del></del>	179 DR 15.) Acres harvested 190 191	1	180 Quanti	Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean see:	A irri	cres
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed	<del></del>	<del></del>	179  Acres harvested 190 191 192	1	180 Quanti	Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean see:	A irri	cres
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed	this place in 1969	? {See Leaflet, section	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quanti	y ted  Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean see: Pounds,	A irri	cres
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed  2. Alfalfa seed  3. Lespedeza seed  4. Timothy seed	this place in 1969	? (See Leaflet, section	179  Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194	1	180 Quanti	Pounds, clean see	181  A irri 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2	cres
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed	this place in 1969	? {See Leaflet, section	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quanti	Pounds, clean see:	181  A irri 2 2 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2	cres
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plate this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfaifa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed	this place in 1969	? (See Leaflet, section	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quanti	Pounds, clean see:	181  A irri 2 2 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2	cres
☐ Yes - Com ☐ No!- Go-re Section 14	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plate this section.  1. Red clover seed  2. Alfaifa seed  3. Lespedeza seed  4. Timothy seed  5. Bromegrass seed  6. Orchardgrass seed  7. Sweetclovet seed	this place in 1969	? (See Leaflet, section	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quanti	Pounds, clean see:	181  A (rri	cres
☐ Yes - Com	pricip SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 6. Other field seeds — Ent	this place in 1969	? (See Leaflet, section of the control of the contr	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quanti	Pounds, clean see:	181  Arrival 2  2  4  4	cres
Tes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plate this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — Entendance Name Name	this place in 1969  er name and No. f	rom list below.  No.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quanti harves	Pounds, clean see:	181  Arrival 2  2  4  4	cres
☐ Yes - Com ☐ Noil- Garle Section 14	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plate this westion.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — Entername Name Name Name Austrian winter peas	er name and No. f	rom list below.  No.  No.  No.  No.  Seed204 K	Acres hervested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 No	Quenti harves!	Pounds, clean see:	161 A irri	cres gated
☐ Yes - Com ☐ Noil- Garle Section 14	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — Entendant Name Name Name Austrian winter peas Biblia grass seed Bentgrass seed Bentgrass seed	er name and No. f  No. Hame  White clover  Fesque seed  Sp. Chewings.	rom list below.  No.  No.  No.  No.  No.  204 Kit.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quantiharvesi	Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean	181  A irri 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d 2 d	Ro.
Tes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plate this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfaifa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclovet seed 8. Other field seeds — Entername Name Name Name Austrian winter peas Balla grass seed Britisos seed Britisos seed	er name and No. f  fo. Name  97 White clover  98 Pesque seed  99 Red.  100 Red.	7 (See Leaflet, section  From list below.  No.  No.  No.  No.  No.  204 K  1:  205 L  1 and afau 207	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196  ame entucky bluegras other than Merior upine seededtop seed	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quantiharves  Namy  Vetc  the  Wetc  All (	Pounds, clean see: In seed, oth in seed, oth in histy	181  A (rri	Ro.
Tes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — Enternal Name Name Name Name Salia grass seed Bentgrass seed Bentgrass seed Birdsfoot tiefoil seed Aliafile clover seed Crimon clover seed Crimon clover seed	er name and No. f  to. Name  White clover  Fesque seed  Chewing.  Red  Tail (Ky. 3  Other  Mexico Kent	7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	Acres horvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 197 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quenti harves!  Namy Vetco that Where 1 Where 2 1 4 5 6 4 5 6 6 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Pounds, clean see: List seeds, other hairy atgrass see ther seeds.	A irri	No 216
Tes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plate this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed. 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed. 5. Bromegrass seed. 6. Orchardgrass seed. 7. Sweetclover seed. 8. Other field seeds — Enternal Name Name Name Name Austrian winter peas. Betting grass seed. Britishoot geloit seed. Alsike clover seed. Crimson clover seed.	er name and No. f  to. Name  White clover  Fesque seed  Chewing.  Red  Tail (Ky. 3  Other  Mexico Kent	7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quenti harves!  Namy Vetco that Where 1 Where 2 1 4 5 6 4 5 6 6 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean	A irri	No 216 217
Tes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — Enternal Name Name Name Name Salia grass seed Bentgrass seed Bentgrass seed Birdsfoot tiefoil seed Aliafile clover seed Crimon clover seed Crimon clover seed	er name and No. f  to. Name  White clover  Fesque seed  Chewing.  Red  Tail (Ky. 3  Other  Mexico Kent	7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	Acres horvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 197 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quantiharves  Namu Vetc  the second of the s	Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	No 216 217 218
Tes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — Enternal Name Name Name Name Salia grass seed Bentgrass seed Bentgrass seed Birdsfoot tiefoil seed Aliafile clover seed Crimon clover seed Crimon clover seed	er name and No. f  to. Name  White clover  Fesque seed  Chewing.  Red  Tail (Ky. 3  Other  Mexico Kent	7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 197 198 198 198 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quantiharvesi  Nami Vetc the (material wheels) (	Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	No 216 217 218
Tes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from place this section.  1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — Enternal Name Name Name Name Salia grass seed Bentgrass seed Bentgrass seed Birdsfoot tiefoil seed Aliafile clover seed Crimon clover seed Crimon clover seed	er name and No. f  to. Name  White clover  Fesque seed  Chewing.  Red  Tail (Ky. 3  Other  Mexico Kent	7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (See Leaflet, section 7 (No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 197 198 198 198 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quantiharves  Namu Vetc  the second of the s	Pounds, clean see: Pounds, clean	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	No 216 217 218

Page 5

-	plete this section		1 .	*		Comme	ercial ferf	Caro	used	· . ·
1		Acres in	, 1	Acres	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ľ	Dry		Liquid o	r gas
No - Go to Section 20		vines of all ages		rrigated   M	Acres fertilized	Tenths	Whole	Texths	Whole tons	î,
on page 7	<ol> <li>Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees</li> </ol>	230	10		232		93	1 10	234	
on 17 - Were th	ere any NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES or GRA	PEVINES on this					**	1 10	<del></del> ~	··.
				à vines of all	ages				38.3	· ,
res com	olete this section.	Acres	Tenths	Number not o			9	Quonitt	ý harvested	<b>!</b>
	1. Apples	240	1 10	1	2		3			Pound
Go to Section 18	2. Peaches, clingstone	241	1 10	1	2		3			ound
	3. Peaches, freestone	242	1 10	1	2		.3			Pound
	4. Pears, Bartlett	243	1 10	1	2		3			
	5. Pears, other than Bartlett	244	1 10	1	2		3		,	Pound
	6. Cherries, tart	245	1 10	1	2		3			Pound
	7. Cherries, sweet	245	1 10	1	2		3			Pound
	8. Avocados (See Leaflet, section 17)	247		1	2		3		,	Pound
	9. Dates	248	10	1	2		3			ound
	10. Grapes, American type	249	<u> </u>	1	2		3			Pound
	11. Grapes, European type	250	10	1	2		3			Pound Tons,
	a. Raisin varieties — Report quanti harvested in one unit only — eithe	ty } er	1 10				4	or		resh Tons,
	tons fresh or tons dry	251		<del> </del>	2		3		10 ;	
	b. Table varieties	252	10	1	2		3			Tons
	c. Wine varieties	253		ļ,	2		3		i10;	ound
	12. Plums	254	10	1	2		3		f	resh Dound
	13. Prunes - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds	,	10		, ,		:4"	· or	f	resh
	fresh or tons dry	255	1 10	ļ	2		3		10	lry
	14. Apricots	256	10				3			Tons
	15. Olives (See Leaflet, section 17)	1236	. /	[1	2		3		١ /	Tons
	la on tes (see gew) et, section 177 .		10		1.5		<del></del>			
	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only-either pounds fresh or tons dry	257	10	1	2		3	- · or		Pound tesh
	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds		10	he end of sec	2	;		- · or		Pound
ion 18 – Were th	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry	n the space proi	10	he end of seco	2	;		or		Pound tesh
	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry	n the space proi	ided at the Leaflet,	section 18.)	2 2ion 19,		4	Quontit	10	Pound fesh Tons, dry
	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the place any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place.	n the space prove in 1969? (See	ided at the Leaflet,	section 18.)	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	r of oge	4	Quontit		Pound resh Tons, dry
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the place any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place.	n the space protein 1969? (See	ided at the Leaflet,	section 18.) ees of all ages Number not of bearing age	2 (ion 19, Number bearing 2	r of oge	4 0 6	Quontit	y harvested 1968-69 90m of 1968	Pound fresh Tons, dry
Yes — Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either pounds fresh or tons dry	Acres 270	i 10  rided at the 2 Leaflet,  Tr  Tenths	Section 18.) eex of all ages Number not of bearing age	iton 19.  Number bearing	r of oge	4 6 3	Quantity In	y harvested 1968-69 poin af 1966	Pound fresh Tons, dry
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry	n the space prote in 1969? (See Acres 270 271	ided at the Leaflet, Tr	Section 18.) eex of all ages Number not of bearing age	2 Itom 19, Number badring 2 2 2	r of oge	4 5 3 3	Quontit	y harvested 1968-69 poin of 1968 Fiel	Pound fresh Tons, dry
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges  2. Navel oranges	n the space prote in 1969? (See 270 271 272 273	i 10  rided at the 2 Leaflet,  Tr  Tenths	section 18,)  es of all ages  Number not obearing age	f Number bearing 2 2 2 2	r of	4 G	Quontif	y harvested 1968-69 som af 1968 Fie Fie	Pound fresh Tons, fry Id box Id box
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plate this section  1. Valencia oranges  2. Navel oranges  3. Temple oranges	n the space protein 1969? (See Acres 270 271 272 273 274	ided at the least of the least	section 18.)  ees of all ages  Number not obearing age	2 2 3 Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2	r of oge	3 3 3 3	Quontif	y harvested 968-69 poom af 1966 Fiel Fie	Pound fresh Tons, dry
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plote this section  1. Valencia oranges  2. Navel oranges  3. Temple oranges  4. Other oranges	Acres 270 271 272 273 274	ided at the Leaflet, Tr	section 18.)  een of all ages  Number not obearing age  1  1  1	f Number bearing 2 2 2 2	rof	3 3 3 3 3	Quontili In rom blo	y harvested 968-69 per af 1966 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel	Pound resh Tons, Iry Id box Id box Id box Id box
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees is ore any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges.  2. Navel oranges.  3. Temple oranges.  4. Other oranges.  5. Tangerines and mandarins.	n the space prote in 1969? (See Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276	ided at the transfer of the tr	section 18.)  ean of all ages  Number not obearing age  1  1  1  1	2 2 3 Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2	rof	3 3 3 3 3	Ouontif	y harvested 1968-69 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel	Pound resh Tons, dry
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the section  1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos.	Acres 270 271 272 273 274	10 rided at the Leaflet, Tr 1 Tenths 10 10 10	section 18,)  on of all ages  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1	2 2 Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	rof	3 3 3 3 3	Ouontit	y hervested (968-69) om af 1968-Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel	Pound resh Tons, Ing Id box Id box Id box Id box
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Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees is ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges.  2. Navel oranges.  3. Temple oranges.  4. Other oranges.  5. Tangerines and mandarins.  6. Tangelos.  7. Grapefruit  8. Lemons.	n the space prote in 1969? (See Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277	10 nided at the Leaflet, Tr   Tonths   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	section 18.)  ean of all ages  Number not obearing age  1  1  1  1  1	2 Number badring 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	or of oge	3 3 3 3 3	Quontiti	y harvested y 68 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel	Pound fresh
Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees itere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges  2. Navel oranges  3. Temple oranges  4. Other oranges  5. Tangerines and mandarins  6. Tangelos  7. Grapefruit  8. Lemons  9. Limes  10. Kumquats	n the space prote in 1969? (See Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18.)  ean of all ages  Number not obearing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	2 Itom 19.  Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	r of oge	3 3 3 3 3 3	Ouontift In i	y harvested y 68 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel	Pound fresh I ons, I on
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees itere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plate this section  1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the	n the space provide  a in 1969? (See  Acres  270  271  272  273  274  275  276  277  278  279  e space provide	10 10 10 10 10 d at the e	section 18.)  ean of all ages  Number not obearing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	2 Itom 19.  Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	rofe	3 3 3 3 3 3	Quontifi In i	y harvested y 68 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel	Pound fresh I ons, I on
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees itere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges  2. Navel oranges  3. Temple oranges  4. Other oranges  5. Tangerines and mandarins  6. Tangelos  7. Grapefruit  8. Lemons  9. Limes  10. Kumquats	n the space provide  a ln 1969? (See  Acres  270  271  272  273  274  275  276  277  278  279  e space provide (See Leaflet, 'S	Tonits  Tonits  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  1	section 18.)  ean of all ages  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 19.	rof	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	rom blo	y harvested y 68 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 – 69 y 50 m of 1966 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel	Pound Fresh Tons, If y If do box Id box
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 19  On 19 - Were the	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? plete this section	Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 e space provide (See Leaflet, 's	Tonths  Tonths  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	section 18.)  ean of all ages  Number not obearing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	2 Sion 19, Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 19.	rof	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	rom blo	y harvested y harvested y 68-69 point of 1966 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Four Pour	Pound fresh Tons, and the tons of the tons
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 19  On 19 - Were th  Yes - Com	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? plete this section  1. Walnuts, English or Persian	Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 e space provide (See Leaflet, 's	Tonths  Tonths  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	section 18.)  ean of all ages  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 19.	rof	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	rom blo	y harvested 10 %	Pound Fresh Trans, and the box and box
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 19  On 19 - Were the	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? plete this section  1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds.	## Acres  270  271  272  273  274  275  276  277  278  279  e space provide (See Leaflet, 's  Acres  280  281	Tonits  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  1	section 18.)  eas of all ages  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  Number not of section  Number not observing age  Number not observing age  1  1	2 Sion 19, Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 19. Number bearing 2	rof	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	rom blo	y harvested for the fire file file file file file file file fil	Pound fresh Tons, dry dd box d
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 19  Ves - Com  No - Go to	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19697 plete this section  1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved	## Acres  ## Acres	Tonits  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  1	section 18,)  eas of all ages  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  Number not of section  Number not observing age  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	2 Sion 19, Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	rof	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	rom blo	y hervested by her	Pound Fosh Tons, Id box
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 19  Ves - Com  No - Go to	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? plete this section  1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds.	## Acres  ## Acres	Tonits  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  10  1	section 18,)  eas of all ages  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  Number not of section  Number not observing age  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	2 Sion 19, Number bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	rof	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	rom blo	y harvested 10 %	Found from the control of the contro
Yes - Com  No - Go to Section 19  Ves - Com  No - Go to	16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry  Report any other noncitrus fruit trees it ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place plete this section  1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19697 plete this section  1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved 4. Pecans, wild and seedling	n the space provide  a ln 1969? (See  Acres  270  271  272  273  274  275  276  277  278  279  c space provide (See Leaflet, 'S  Acres  280  281  282  283	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18,)  eas of all ages  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  Number not of section  Number not observing age  Number not observing age  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	2 Sion 19, Numbe bearing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	rof	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	rom blo	y hervestee 1968-69 pom of 1966 Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fiel Fou Pou	Pounds  I ons,  Id box

FORM 69+A1(14) 15-9-

Yes - Comp	lete this section	Acres harvested Report tenths of acres	Tenths	Qu (1 q	antity horv uart = 1½ p	ested ounds)	Acres irrigated Report tenths of acres	1 1 5 1
No - Go to Section 21	1. Strawberries,	290	10			Pound	ds 2	
54577677 21	2. Raspberries, red	291	10	1		Pound	ds 2	
	•	292	10	<u> </u>		Pound	2	1
	3. Raspberries, black	293	+ 10			100-1	2	
	4. Cranbergies	·	10			barrel		
,	5. Other berries - Enter name and No. from list below						. [	;
	Name No		10			Pound	is 2	
	Name No		10			Pound	ls	
	Name No. Name No. Blackberries and Blueberries, wild 296 dewberries 294 Boysenberries 297 Blueberries, tame 295 Currants 298	Name Gooseberries Loganberries Youngberries		No. 299 300 301		er berri nome o	es- bove 30	lo. 02
		Acres		-	Dry	Fertil	izer used Liquid or g	10 \$
		fortilized Report tenths of acres	:	Tenths	Whole	, ,		
		303			)4	<del></del>	305	
	6. Commercial fertilizer used on berries			10			10	
	VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, or MELONS harvested for sale frecorps harvested for fresh market, canning, freezing, or other proce			ion 21	.)			
Yes - Comp	lete this section				rvested tenths res	Tenths	Acres irrigated Report tenths of acres	1
□ No - Go to	1. Tomatoes		310			10		
Section 22	2. Sweet corn	. , , , ,	311			10 1		<u> </u>
			312			1		÷
	3. Cucumbers and pickles		313			10		1 '
	4. Watermelons		314			10		
	5. Snap beans, bush and pole		315			10		: -
ì	6. Dry onions					10	W-14.	
	7. Lettuce and romaine		316			10		1,
	8. Asparagus		317			10		
	9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons		318			10		: ,
,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		319			10		
,	10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos		320			1		- ; '
	11. Green peas		321			10		, ,
	12. Cabbage		322			10		
	13. Squash					10		
	14. Green lima beans		323			10		- 1
. ,	15. Other vegetable crops - Enter name and No. from list be	low						1
``	Name	No	<u></u>			10		- 12
` `	Name	No				10		į,
	Name No. Rame No.				No. Nar			No.
	Artichokes 334 Cauliflower	• Hot peppers			345 Spi	nach		352
	Beets   335   Celety   34	Mustard gree Pumpkins Radishes Shallots and	ns	• • • • •	348 AU 349 (/ 350 °	other v	vegetables 3  os, turnip greens,  rite name above	354
1 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -	Carrots 339 Honeydew melons 34	s green onion	5	 	351	Farti	lizer used	
```		Acres			Dry	c erri	Liquid or	gos
: 1		Report tenth of acres	)   1	Tenths	Whole	1		
		355		F 3	tons		5 tans 357	
	16. Commercial fertilizer used on vegetables,	1	- 1	13	-	- 1	100	1
	sweet corn, or melons	1	- 1	10		١,	10	

2 Were an	plete this s	ection				. :".				. Verlos	of sales,	1960
es – Com	piere mis s 	secn on				Area	used in 196	9.		Repor	d approxima	
lo –	i	4				eet under	Acres in		Tenths	CENTS	Amount NOT REQU	IIRED
o to	İ					noite	of ac		100	Del	iars .	Can
ection 23							370			371		:
	1. Nursery	y products-trees,	shrubs, vio	es, etc	· <i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>		372			373		
	2. Sod								10			i
							375			376		!
	3. Bulbs .				. <i>\\\\\\\\</i>				10	s		1
	4. Cut flo	wers, florist green	s. and not	ed.	377		378			379		1
		g, or other florist							10	S		i
	E 121			1.	400		401		1	402		1
		seeds, vegetable ble plants					į		10	s		
		•			403		<b>V///////</b>			404		
	6. Mushro	ooms.,	• • • • • • •		-					8		!
	7. Vegeta	bles grown under (	glass or otl	ner protection:	405					406		1
	a. Tom	atoes					<i>Million</i>			8		
	١				407					408		
	b. Cuc	umbers			409		<i>-\\\\\\\\</i>			410		<del>!</del>
	c. Lett	nice								8		
		,	••••		411		~///////			412		J
	d. Othe	er vegetables								s		(
	1				413		414					
	8. Area ii	rrigated - Include	items 1 thr	ough 7	·L		<u></u>		10			
			٠.				`.			` ; ,		: ,
		*				Area fs	rittend				zer used	
								1		Dry	Liquid e	
					Squar	a fact	Acres	enths	Who		Whole tons	1 4
	1						` .	, -		,,5		1 2
	9. Comme	ercial fertilizer use	ed .		415		416	1	417	1	418	1
				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			,	10		110	5	1
		·		······································			42	ō	harvest	1 1	Acres irrig	ated
fa	2. Sorghu							1	harvest	1	Acres irrig	ated
9	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea	ms for sirup	ed or cut fo	or silage			42	1	barvest	1	Acres irrig	ated
la	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup	ed or cut fo	or silage		No	42	1	harvest	1	Acres irrig	ated
0	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea	ms for sirup	ed or cut fo	or silage		No	42	1	harvest	1	Acres irrig	ated
on 24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup	ed or cut fo	or silage		No	42	1	harvest	1	Acres irrig	ated
24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup	ed or cut fo	or silage		No	42	0		1	Acres irrig	
n 24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup	ed or cut for e and No. 1	or silage	No. 427	No	42	0	No 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
)	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  nns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged o	ed or cut for e and No. ;  No423	r silage	427	No Name Sunflow	42	2	No. 1	Name Chufas fo	r nuts	h
•	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  Ins hogged or grazicrops — Enter nam  Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut	ed or cut for e and No.	or silage	427	No Name Sunflow Sweet of Vetch of	er seed	2	No. 1	Name Chufas fo	r nuts	4
0	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429	No	et seed	2	No. 1	Name Chufas fo	r nuts	h
'o	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  nns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or cut for silage  Guar	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431	No	er seed	2	No. 1 1333 ( 134 )	Name Chufas fo	r nuts	h
o	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431	No	er seed orp for seed r peas alonewed	2	No. 1 1333 ( 134 )	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m	r nuts crops – ume obove	h
	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  nns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or cut for silage  Guar	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431	No	er seed orp for seed r peas alonewed	2	No. 1	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m	r nuts crops – ame above	N N A
	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  nns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or cut for silage  Guar	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431	No	et seed	2	No. 1	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m	r nuts crops – ame above 	N N A
n 24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  nns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or cut for silage  Guar	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431	No	et seed on for seed r peas along ted ed oil	2	No. 1 133 134 135 136 137	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m	r nuts crops – ame above 	N 4
24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  nns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or cut for silage  Guar	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431	No	et seed	2	No	Name Chusas fo Ail other Write m	t nuts ctops - cree obove lizer used Liquid Whole tons	N 4
n 24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other	ms for sirup  nns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or cut for silage  Guar	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431	No	et seed	2	No. 1 133 134 135 136 137	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m	r auts crops - ame above Liquid Whole fone 442	N 4
0	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name	nops for feed  Ins hogged or graze  Crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage  Hops	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder. 429 430 431 432	No	et seed	2	No	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m	r auts crops - ame above Liquid Whole fone 442	N 4
re Pion 24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage  Hops	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder. 429 430 431 432	No	et seed	2	No	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m	t nuts ctops - ame above lizer used Liquid Whole tons 442	or gas
voion 24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage  Guar  Hops  PRODUCTS sold for	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder. 429 430 431 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chufas fo All other Write m	r nuts crops - ame above .  Liquid  442  alue of sale	or gas
vere a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage  Guar  Hops  PRODUCTS sold for	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder. 429 430 431 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas fo Ail other Write m	t nuts ctops - ame above lizer used Liquid Whole tons 442	or gas
on 24	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage  Guar  Hops  PRODUCTS sold for	No	Name Lentils Sesame for seed Sugarcane for: Sirgar Sirgar Seed Crops Crops A in 19697 (See Lea	427 428 nder 429 430 431 431 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas fo Ail other Write m	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or gas
Were a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name styrensis of the Sorghus of the So	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or  grazed or cut  for silage  Guar  Hops  PRODUCTS sold for	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431 432 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas fo Ail other Wrise m  Fertili Dev	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or gas
Were a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 5. Comme	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage  Hops  PROBUCTS sold for section  ng timber or trees	No	Name Lentils	427 428 429 430 431 432 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas fo All other Write m	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or gas
Were a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 5. Comme	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze crops — Enter nam  Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage Hops  Hops  PRODUCTS sold for section	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431 432 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas fo Ail other Wrise m  Fertili Dev	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	N 4
Were a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 15. Comme Toplete this 1. Standi 2. Firewood	nops for feed  ms for sirup  ns hogged or graze  crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged o  grazed or cut  for silage  Guar  Hops  PRODUCTS sold for  section  ing timber or trees  cod and fuelwood	No	Name Lentils Sepame for seed Soybeans plowed in Sugarcane for: Sugar Sirup Seed Crops c in 19697 (See Lea	427 428 429 430 431 432 432	No	er seed orp for seed orp for seed orp for seed orp for seed ed oil Acres fertiliz	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas fo Ail other Write m  Fertili Dry  CENTS S  465	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or gas
Here a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 5. Comme tny FOREST nplete this 1. Standi 2. Firewe 3. Sawlog	Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	ed or cut for e and No. 1  No. 423  1424  425  426  and these am this place	Name Lentils	427 428 429 430 431 432 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas for Ail other Write m  Fertili  CENTS  465  S  465	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or gas
Were a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 5. Comme tny FOREST nplete this 1. Standi 2. Firewe 3. Sawlog	Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	ed or cut for e and No. 1  No. 423  1424  425  426  and these am this place	Name Lentils	427 428 429 430 431 432 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m  CENTS De  457  457  5  457  5  458  5  5  5  5  6  6  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or gas
- Were a	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 15. Comme Toplete this 1. Standi 2. Firewe 3. Sawlog 4. Pulpw	name for sirup  Ins hogged or graze  Ins hogged or graze  Ins hogged or graze  Ins hogged or graze  Crops — Enter nam  Name  Castor beans  Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage  Ins hogged or cut for silage  Guar	No	Name Lentils Sesame for seed Sugarcane for: Sugar Siege Crops e in 19697 (See Lea	427 428 429 430 431 432 432	No	et seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chusas fo Ail other Wrise m  Fertile Dry Le 1 2 2 3 465 S 465 S 463	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or go
	2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name Name 1. Standi 2. Firewo 3. Sawlog 4. Pulpw 5. Other	Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or cut for silage Guar	No	Name Lentils	427 428 nder 429 430 431 432 432 432 m for дауа	No	er seed	2	No. 1 333 (4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Name Chufas fo Ail other Write m  CENTS De  457  457  5  457  5  458  5  5  5  5  6  6  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7  7	r nuts crops - ams above Liquid Whole tons 442 0	or gái

Please mad... The answers you give in Sections 25 through 29 will provide the information needed for livestock, poultry, and their products, whether owned by you or someone else. Please read Leaflet, "Section 25-29," before completing these sections.

Section 25 - Did you	or anyone else have any CHICKENS, TURKEYS, or OTHER POULTRY on this place on De	ecember 31, 1969,	Total number
	any sold from this place in 1969? (See Leaflet, section 25.)	Number	sold in 1969 Include poultry fed
☐ Yes Com	plete this section	on this place December 31, 19	on a contract basis
□ No –	L. Chickens 3 months old or older:	455	456
Go to Section 26	s. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sal	e) 457	458
	b. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age - include started pullets being raised for sale or sold	459	460
	e, Any other chickens 3 months old or older not included above—roosters, capons, etc.		
	2. Broilers and other meat-type chickens less than 3 months old	461	462
	3. Turkeys of all ages:	463	464
	u. Turkey hens kept for breeding	465	466
	b. Other turkeys - Include fryers	467	468
	4. Ducks	469	470
	5. Grese	471	472
	6. Other poultry — Include game birds raised in captivity — Specify ————————————————————————————————————		4/2
	or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place on December 31, 1969, or were eaflet, section 26.)	any sold from this pla	ce in 1969?
	plete this section	1	Number on this place December 31, 1969
	1. Cattle and calves of all ages		480
□ No - Go 10	(Total of a, b, and c)		481
Section 27	a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had calved	T.	482
	b. Heifers and heifer calves (Do not include heifers that had calved)  c. Bulls, bull calves, steers, and steer calves	i.	483
	e. Dulla, buil caives, steers, and steer caives		Number of milk cows
	Carry Comments	į	on this place December 31, 1969
	2. Milk cows - Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were milk cows?  Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved	<i></i>	484
		•	485
	3. Was any whole milk sold to plants or dealers in 1969?		1 Yes 2 No
		Total number sold	Number fattened on grain or concentrates 30 days or more and
	4. Cartle and calves sold from this place in 1969 - Include those		sold for slaughter (See Leaflet)
	fed on this place on contract or custom basis.  a. Calves sold		487
	b. Cartle other than calves sold		489
	or anyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any so saflet, section 27.)	ld from this place in 19	069?
1	plete this section	1	Number on this place
	I. Hogs and pigs of all ages		December 31, 1969
No - Go to	(Total of a and b)		
Section 28	a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding		491
	b. Other hogs and pigs		
	2. Litters farrowed on this place between -	į	Number of litters
	o. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969		
	b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969		494
		Total number sold	Number sold as feeder
	495		pigs for further feeding 496
Section 28 - Did you	3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969	v sold from this place	n 19692
	plete this section	umber on this place	Number sold in 1969
	1. Sheep and lambs of all ages	December 31, 1969	Number sold in 1969
□ No - Go to	(Total of a, b, and c)		
Section 29	a. Lambs under 1 year old		
	b. Ewes I year old or older		
1	c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older		
FORM 69-A1(34) (5-9-69)	Page 9		

Section 29 - Did you or anyone else have any OTHER LIVESTOCK on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any sold from this place in 1969? Yes - Complete this section Number sold in 1969 1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies)..... □ No -Go to Section 30 512 513 2. Ponies of all ages...... 514 3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages . . . 516 518 510 520 522 523 Pounds 7. Hives of bees on this place and honey sold 524 Mink and pelts 526 527 Rabbits and pelts 528 Chinchillas and pelts 10. Chinchillas . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 530 11. All other livestock - Specify 530 531 Section 30 - Did you have any CONTRACT or BINDING AGREEMENT to produce or market any farm products from this place in 1969? (See Leaflet, section 30.) Yes - Complete this section For each group of products, mark (X) the column which best describes the purpose of the contract or agreement and the type of contractor. If both production and marketing for the product, mark under production. Also mark the items furnished and report the amount received. Mark (X) as many columns as apply for each item furnished by the contractor Production contract or Amount received from contractor for each product agreemen! □ No -Go to Section 31 CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents 1. Poultry and eggs . . . . . . 2. Dairy products . . 546 3. Cattle . . . . . . . . . . . . 4. Hogs and other livestock. 552 5. Vegetables - meions, etc... 557 555 6. Fruits, citrus, nuts, or berries 7. Other crops - sugar beets, peanuts, 8. For each product for which you had a contract or agreement, write the name of the product and indicate whether the con-Written Orol Bath 1 2 3 1 3 562 2. tract was written, oral, or both. Section 31 - MACHINERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1969. (Include only equipment used in 1968 or 1969. See Leaflet, section 31.) Number manufactured in -1964 or earlier Selected machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1969 572 573 2. Motortrucks - Include pickups ...... 674 575 3. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers 576 577 578 579 5. Riding garden tractors, 7 hp. and over . . . . . . . . 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only . . . . . 582 583 7. Corn heads for combines...... 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers . . . . . . . 586 587 589 10. Windrowers - pull and self-propelled (Exclude mower conditioner 590 591 CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents 807 12. Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment usually kept on this place and used for the farm business-Include the items listed above and any other machinery and equipment. Section 32 - Were any HIRED WORKERS employed to do farm or ranch work on this place in 1969? (Do not include employees of labor contractors who performed customwork for you. See Leaflet, section 32.) Yes - Complete this section Number of workers

Page 10

1, Of the hired workers, how many worked -

a. 150 days or more on this place? . .

b. Less than 150 days on this place?

601

No -Go to Section 33

Section 33 - INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME and OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1969.

ļ	r ·	i			1	Estimated	
Include any of		Tons used		Acres which o		(Do not in cost of app CENTS NOT R	olying)
these materials						Dollars	! Cents
paid for by your landlord and by	1. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum orline for sanitation.)	610		611		612	
For each item	2. Sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc. to control -	<u></u>		613	†	614	,
listed, report acres only once,	a. Insects on hay crops			615		S 616	
but report cost of all such materials	b. Insects on other crops (corn, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees,	vines, etc.)				S	
used on these	c. Nematodes in crops			617	1	618 S	
(See Leaflet.	tricinatodes in crops		•	619		620	
section 33.)	d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)		• •	621		S 622	
	e. Weeds or grass in crops - Include both pre-emergence and post-e	emergence i .				<u>s</u>	
	f. Weeds or brush in pasture			623		624 \$	
	3. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning	g of fruit		625		626 \$	
	4. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry					6 <b>2</b> 7	
Section 34 - Product	ion EXPENSES for this place in 1969.						
						CENTS NOT R	EQUIRED
						Dollars 630	Cents
Include your best	Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, she lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, statted pullets, etc.					\$	
others - your landlord, con-	2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - grain, hay, silage feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total of dollars for a, b, c, and d)				<i>.</i>	3	
tractors, buyers, etc for crops,	e .	Tons Ter		Dollars	Cambr		
livestock or livestock products	a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased - complete, supplement, concentrates. (Do not include ingredients	32		633	1		
produced on this	purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)		10	s			
(See Leaflet,	b. Ingredients purchased - such as soybean meal, cotton-	34		635			
section 34.)	seed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling	:	10	•			
`	byproducts. (Do not include whole grains.)	16		5 637	-		
` ;	grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. Include cracked grain. (Do not include millfeeds or other milling						
I.	by products, or green chop.)	3R	10	639			
	d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc.		10				
,	3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					640 S	
	4. Commercial fertilizer purchased - all forms, including rock phosph	hase and ann				641	
	5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the	• • •				642	-
	fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, moto (Total of a, b, c, and d)	or oil, greas	e, et	c. 	<i>.</i>	S	:
		1		Dallars	Cents		
	a. Gasoline for the farm business		543		1		
,	a. Gasotime for the farm business	· ·	S 644		1		
	b. Diesel fuel for the farm business		\$ 545		1		
	c. LP gas, butane, and propane for the farm business		\$		ı		
	d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and		646		1		
	fuel oil for the farm business.  6. Hired farm labor — Include all money paid in cash for farm labor in		<u>s</u>		1	647	
	payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do no housework, customwork, and contract work.)	ot include				\$	1
A STATE OF THE STA	7. Contract labor — Include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis be a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.	y a contract				648 S	1
	8 Machine hice and customwork - Include expenditures primarily for and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, con picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, etc.	mbining, con	rn			649 S	1
	9. Agricultural chemicals purchased - Add dollars reported in section					650	
2000	10. All other production expenses - Include current operating expenses				• • • • •	\$ 651	
3.4.4	taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, etc., for the farm bu (See Leaflet, section 34)	isiness.		-		s	:
						652	
	11. Total production expenses Add dollars for items 1 through 10 as	ne autor tate	al her				

Page 11

Section 35 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products sold from this place in 1989-crops, livestock, livestock products, etc.

		CENT	S NOT REQ	UIRED		
Include market	1 Coning and for soils and the soil and the best soils and	660	Pollars	Cents		
value of	1. Grains - corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, grain sorghums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas	600		i		
landlord's and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	661		<del> </del>		
(See Leaflet,	2. Tobacco	8		! 		
section 35.1	3. Cotton and cottonseed	662		1		
		663		<del></del>		
	4. Field seeds, hay, forage, and silage	8		<u>i</u>		
	5. Other field crops - peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweet-	664		!		
	potatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, pineapples, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. — Specify	- s		i		
	6. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes	665		i		
	and sweetpotatoes.)	\$		-		
	7. Fruits, auts, and herries - apples, berries, citrus, grapes, peaches, pecans, pears, etc.	666		1		
	8. Poultry and poultry products - broilers, other chickens, eggs,	667		·		
	ducks, turkeys, etc			<u> </u>		
	9. Dairy products - milk, cream, etc. (Report goat dairy products in item 13.)	868		1		
	, want, branches my and the first hand and branches and the state of t	669		<del> </del>		
	10. Dairy cattle and calves	3				
	11. Other cattle and calves	670		1		
	Ti, Other cattle and carves	671		-l		
	12. Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include pigs, lambs, wool, and mohair.	s		!		
	13. Other livestock and livestock products -	672		1		
	horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, etc Specify			1		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	673		7		
	14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold - Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here.	8		<u> </u>		
	15. Forest products sold - Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here,	674		1		
	16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes	675				
	and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here	- 8		1		
Section 36 - FARM-	RELATED INCOME received in 1969					
	1	1 .	S NOT REG Dollars	UIRED Cents		
Report amount	1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing, planting,	680	2011018	Cents		
received before	spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.	\$				
taxes and expenses.	2. Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	188		1		
•	3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs	682		-		
	(Do not include redeemable loans. See Leaflet, section 36,)	<u>. s</u>		<u> </u>		
Section 37 - Type o	FORGANIZATION					
	1. Mark (X) the bor which best describes this operation.					
	Corporation, including family 5 Other - S	Specify				
	690 (Do not include co-ops.)					
	1 Individual or family farm, 3 Indoor fewer shareholders excluding partnership	1. 5		1.1		
	and corporation reservation	n, prison	ate or trust, farm, grazii	19		
	2 Partnership, 4 More than 10 shareholders association including family	on, co×op	erative, etc	•		
Section 20 EARM	OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS					
occion 30 - ( AMI						
	ranch operations – live on this place?		2 🔲 No			
•	2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place Y	(ear				
	3. Operator's age Y	ears ol	d			
	4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1 White 2 Negro or black 3 India	an (Ame	er.) 4 [	Other		
	<ol> <li>Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfarm job, business profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) - Mark (X) the appropri</li> </ol>	or ate hor				
	695   None 2   1-49 days 3   50-99 days 4   100-199 days s   200					
Section 20 SIGNA	Section 39 - Signature of person filling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below.					
38C11011 39 - 31GNA	Area 700 701	code	Number	,		
Name	Date					
Name						

Remarks - Attack separate sheet, if needed.

## **Short Report Form**

	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ULTURE - 1969	Approval Ex	eau No. 41-568075 pires December 1970
Pieces mention the Census File Number (the te of the address label) if you write to us about th	n-digit number in the upper left corner is report.	required by Code). By report to the confidential only by swe	to this inquiry is law (Title 13, U.S. the same law your e Census Bureau is It may be seen orn Census employy be used only for urposes.
		CENSI	IS USE ONLY
		801	802
		803	804
			1
(Please correct any error in name	and address including ZIP code)		1
Please read	Section 1 - AGRICULTURAL ACTIVI	TY in 1969	
This form is being used in all parts of the			
Inited States. Please answer the ques-	1. At any time during 1969, did you l	nave or produc	e any: Yes No
eturn this form in the enclosed envelope.	a. Livestock, poultry, or their pro	ducts?	
Please put your answers in the unshaded inswer spaces. Explanations and com-	b. Corn, sorghums, small grains, l		
ents may be written in the shaded areas	soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, o	_	
o the left of the answer spaces or in the 'Remarks' space on page 4.	d. A combined total of 20 or more		
f you do not have exact figures, please	citrus), nut trees, and grapevin		
ive your best estimate. You may mark he answer "est." (for estimate), if you	e. Nursery or greenhouse products	or sod?	
rish.	f. Any other crops?		
to not include fractions in your answers except in section 4, items 11 through 16.	g. Other agricultural products - ho		
For dollar items, cents are not required.	animals, bees, honey, maple pr Christmas trees or timber for so		
f you prefer to report both dollars and tents, please write the cents in the 'Cents' column.	What products?		
plank, unless a small answer box is provided, as in section 1. Please mark unswers of "Yes," "No," or "None" by placing an X in the small	2. At any time in 1969, did you own used by someone else for agricult  If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se	of the questi	? · · · · □ □
inswer box.			
	RSHIP		Arres
****	RSHIP :	1	Acres
	RSHIP	□ [	310
1. Land bwned  2. Land rented or leased from others - In cropped for others; leased Federal, St	•••••	None	
1. Land bwned 2. Land rented or leased from others - Increpped for others; beased Federal, Street, (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land rented or leased to others - Incl.	ciude land worked on shares or share- tle, and railroad land, and land used ren er-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked	None	310
1. Land owned	ciude land worked on shares or share- tle, and railroad land, and land used ren er-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked	None	11:
1. Land owned	ciude land worked on shares or share- tle, and railroad land, and land used ren er-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked	t None None	11:
1. Land bwned	iclude land worked on shares or share- ite, and railroad land; and land used ren ier-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked  with the land subleased and land worked  (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), if (item 3), and enter your answer in this it LACE" for this census report.	None None Sthen Space.	11111111111111111111111111111111111111
1. Land owned 2. Land rented or leased from others - Increpped for others: leased Federal, Stiffee. (Do not include land used on a gas. Land rented or leased to others - Include single from shares or share-gropped by others.  4. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were	iclude land worked on shares or share- nte, and railroad land; and land used ren ner-head basis under a grazing permit.). unde land subleased and land worked  would (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this stace." for this census report.  diverted under soil bank or other Nord grains, wheat, etc.?	then space.	11111111111111111111111111111111111111
1. Land owned  2. Land rented or leased from others - Incropped for others: leased Federal, Stiffee. (Do not include land used on a gas.)  3. Land rented or leased to others - Include same and the second of the s	clude land worked on shares or share- nte, and railroad land, and land used ren ner-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked  would litem 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this LACE" for this census report.  diverted under soil bank or other nd grains, wheat, etc.?  deeds of trust, or land purchase middings you own?  nd from you in 1969? — Include	then space.	Acres
1. Land owned  2. Land rented or leased from others - Increpped for others: leased Federal, Stree. (Do not include land used on a gas.)  3. Land rented or leased to others - Incleon shares or share-cropped by others.  4. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any pair of the land and 17. How many persons repred or leased in	clude land worked on shares or share- te, and railroad land, and land used ren per-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked  would litem 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this: LACE" for this census report.  diverted under soil bank or other ad grains, wheat, etc.?  deeds of trust, or land purchase puildings you own?  of for you in 1969? — Include  No for leased from others (item 2) did include land rented or leased by you  No	then space.	Acres Yes 2 \( \sum \) No
2. Land rented or leased from others - In cropped for others; leased Federal, Stiffee. (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land rented or leased to others - Incl on shares or share-cropped by others.  4. Total acres - Please ABB acres a SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and I those working land on shares.  5. How many acres of the land you renter you subtent or sublease to others? - I which was worked on shares by others. If you reported an acresse in the land was to the states the land was worked on shares by others.	clude land worked on shares or share- te, and railroad land, and land used ren te-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked  sweed (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this: LACE'' for this census report.  diverted under soil bank or other No. degrains, wheat, etc.?  deeds of trust, or land purchase puildings you own?  defrom you in 1969? — Include  No.  To leased from others (item 2) did notude land rented or leased by you  4, but had no crops or livestock on the and was rented our, sold, or for enother.	then space. The stand in 1965	Acres Persons Acres O or if the answer
1. Land owned  2. Land rented or leased from others - Incropped for others; leased Federal, Shiftee. (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inclion shares or share-cropped by others.  4. Total acres - Please ABD acres of SUBTRACT acres fanted to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee. 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and if those working land on shares.  8. How many acres of the land you rented you subrent or subleage to others? - which was worked on shares by others.	clude land worked on shares or share- te, and railroad land, and land used ren eer-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked  would land subleased and land worked  would litem 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this: LACE" for this census report.  diverted under soil bank or other Nord ed grains, wheat, etc.?  deeds of trust, or land purchase puildings you own?  of for leased from others (item 2) did include land rented or leased by you  not but had no crops or livestock on the and was rented out, sold, or for another in, complete section 13, and return this in  leased from others (item 2)	then space. It is a standard in 1969 reason, pleas form.	Acres  Acres  Acres  Acres  O or if the answer e skip to page 4,
1. Land owned  2. Land rented or leased from others - Incropped for others; leased Federal, Stiffee. (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inclion shares or share-cropped by others.  4. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres fented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee. 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and to those working land on shares.  8. How many acres of the land you rented you subrent or subleage to others? - which was worked on shares by others to item 4 was "O" because the item 4 was "O" bec	clude land worked on shares or share- te, and railroad land, and land used ren eer-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked  would land subleased and land worked  would litem 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this: LACE" for this census report.  diverted under soil bank or other Nord ed grains, wheat, etc.?  deeds of trust, or land purchase puildings you own?  of for leased from others (item 2) did include land rented or leased by you  not but had no crops or livestock on the and was rented out, sold, or for another in, complete section 13, and return this in  leased from others (item 2)	then space. It is a standard in 1969 reason, pleas form.	Acres  Acres  Acres  Acres  O or if the answer e skip to page 4,
1. Land owned 2. Land rented or leased from others - Incropped for others: leased Federal, Stiffee. (Do not include land used on a gas 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inclion shares or share-cropped by others.  4. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and in those working land on shares.  5. How many persons rented or leased lathose working land on shares.  6. How many acres of the land you renter you subtent or sublease to others? - I which was worked on shares by others to item 4 was "O" because the it oxigant in the "Remarks" section 3 - LOCATION of agricultural operations.	clude land worked on shares or share- te, and railroad land, and land used ren teer-head basis under a grazing permit.).  ude land subleased and land worked  sweed (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this stack.  LACE'' for this census report.  diverted under soil bank or other Nord grains, wheat, etc.?  deeds of trust, or land purchase puildings you own?  defrom you in 1969? — Include North and from you in 1969? — Include North and rented or leased by you  at but had no crops or livestock on the and was rented out, sold, or for another in, complete section 13, and return this intentity in 1969	then space. It is a standard in 1969 reason, pleas form.	Acres  Acres  Acres  Acres  O or if the answer e skip to page 4,

## Short Report Form-Continued

Section 4 - CROPS harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969 - Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.

				,	**
		Acres harvested			intity rested
	•	820	1	121	
	Field corn for grain – Report quantity on a shelled basis and in one unit only – either bushels or hundredweight			or —	Bushels
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Hundred- weight
•	751.11	823	1		
2.	Field com for silage, cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or		12	<i>777777777</i>	
	grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1)				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	824	- 1	<i>ELLELIIII</i> 325	
3.	Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in	06.4	ľ	159.	Bushels
	one unit only—either bushels or pounds	Ì	T	26	
	·		- 1		Pounds
		<u></u>	ш.		
Á	Sorghums for silage, cut for dry forage or hay, or hogged or	827	- 12		///////////////////////////////////////
4.		1 '	- 12		///////////////////////////////////////
	grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 3.)				
		828	T;	929	·····
_		1	l,		
5.	Wheat for grain		- {		Bushels
		830	-6	mmmm.	מתחוווווווו
_		830	19		
6.	Other small grains for grain - oats, barley, rye, rice, etc	İ	10		
			_2		
		831	18	332	
7	Soybeans for beans				Bushels
٠.	boyband for beard, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		- 1		pusners
		833	1	934	
8.	Hay - all kinds except sorghum hay (If two or more cuttings		1	,	
	were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE	J	- 1		Tons,
	but report total tons of all cuttings.)	1	- 1		dry
	out report total value of any valuingor,				
		835	- 14	836	
9.	Cotton	1	- 1		Bales
					Dures
		837	- 1	936	
••	The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon	İ			
w,	Peanuts for nuts	i .	ŀ		Pounds
			2		····
		. !	enths	,	
		1 ·· ì,	اق		
N	OTE: For items 11 through 16, report whole acres and tenths		-		
		839	- 14	840	5
11.	Tobacco - all types	l i	<u> </u>		Pounds
	7,		10	mmmm	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		841			
12	Trich possesses and emperatores	i i	/V		
12.	Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes	1/	10		
		842	70		
**	**	!			
13.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale		10		
		843		//////////////////////////////////////	
			-6		
14.	Berries for sale	i /	10		
15	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other	844			
13.	groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages - Include land on	1	- 12		
		į.			
	which the fruit crop failed. (Do not include abandoned plantings.)		10		
		845	-6		
16.	All other crops - Include field seeds, sugar crops, garden,				
	nursery and greenhouse products, sod, etc	[	1619		
		<u> </u>	102		
			1.	146	
17.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square		l.°	,	Square
	feet were under glass or other protection?		• 1	٠,	feet
			بلي		
ecti	on 5 - Land USE in 1969 - The purpose of this section is to di	stribute all acres in	r th	is place	
	among items 1 through 5.				
1	Cropland harvested - Include all land from which crops were h	arvested or hav	1.		
٠.	was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, an	d marsern and	` l a	160	
	was cut, and all and of ordinas, circus groves, binegards, and	ma land in 1060	: i^		
	greenhouse products. (If two crops were harvested from the sa	me ound on 1000,	- 1		
	report the acres only once.)		٠,۲		Acres
	· .	,	18	161	
_					A
2.	Cropland used only for pasture or grazing		, T		Acres
_			. 8	62 :	
3.	All other cropland - Include cropland used for soil-improvemen	t crops, crop			
	failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland		<1		Acres
			a	63	
	,	4	ľ		
4.	Woodland - Include woodland pasture		٠ [	,	Acres
			1	64	
5.	All other land - Include pastureland other than cropland and w	oodland pasture,	14		
	rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, was	steland, etc	.		Acres
			Į,		
6	Total acres in this place - Please add the acres reported in it	ems 1	8	65	
٥.	through 5 and enter the total in this		. I		T-1-1
	(This total should be the same as the total in section 2, item 4		Į		Total acres
	I wished and the mistalines and side desiring and side desiring an empowers of should a		L		24165
			8	66	
7.	How much of the total land reported in item 6 was irrigated in	1969?	·L		Ácres

## **Short Report Form-Continued**

Section 6 - LIVESTOCK and POULTRY - Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them. - Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1969.

	Number on this place December 31, 1969	Number sold in 1969
	870	871
1. Cattle and calves of all ages		L
a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had calved	872	
	873	<b>V</b> ////////////////////////////////////
(1) Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were kept for milk production? — Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved		
	874	875
2. Hogs and pigs of all ages		
		876
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as feeder pigs for	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	3
further feeding?		
· '.	877	878
3. Sheep and lambs of all ages		
	679	880
4. Horses and ponies of all ages		
7		882
5. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.)	861	882
	883	884
6. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, capons, started pullets)	883	
	885	886
7. Broilers and other meat-type chickens less than 3 months old		
<i>"</i>		
<ol> <li>Other livestock and poultry - goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, hives of bees, etc.</li> </ol>	887	868
What kind?		
•	887	688
•		
9. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between -		Number of litters
		889
c. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969		
		890
b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969		

Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in 1969 - Report expenses paid by you and by others - your landlord, contractors, buyers, etc. - for crops, livestock, or livestock products produced on this place. Use estimates if exact figures are not available.

	F						
	•					CENTS NOT R	EQUIRED
						Dollars	Cents
1.	Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calve- lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, start			·,		900 S	
2	Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - mixed feeds, concentrates, etc		lage,			901	
	a. Commercial mixed formula feeds purchased - complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include	Tons purchased	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
	ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	902	10	903 \$			
						904	!
	Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased		• • • •			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
4,	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, increased phosphate and gypsum					905	į
	rock phosphate and gypsum					S	
5	Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or	lime for sanit	tation	.)		90e S	
6	All insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other chemicals, and defolients used for crops, livest place in 1969—Include any of these materials p and by custom operators	ock, and poult aid for by you	ry on	this		\$ \$	I I I I
7	Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil business - diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propant fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc	e, piped gas, l	teros	ene,		908	1
_						S	<u>i</u> _
8	Hired farm labor — Include all money paid in car payments to family members, and for Social Sec- housework, customwork, and contract work.)	urity taxes. (l	Do no	t include		909	1
9	Contract labor, machine hire, and customwork - performed on a contract basis by a contractor, a and expenditures for use of equipment and for cu	crew leader.	a coo	perative, et		910	1
10	All other production expenses – Include current and depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, ins for the farm business	urance, repair	s, etc			911	1
٠,	The section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the se					912	<del></del>
11.	Total production expenses - Add dollars for ite and enter total her	ms 1 through 1	10				1
1	ana enter total ner	E			-	\$	i
•		Page 3					

## **Short Report Form-Continued**

Section 8 - MARKET VALUE, before toxes and expenses, of agricultural products according to livestock, livestock products, etc Include market value of land	lord's t	ind co	place in 19 ntractor's s S NOT REQ	hare.
			Sollars	
1. Livestock, poultry, and their products		920		
1. Divestock, pountry, and men products	10 m m	921		<del>!                                    </del>
2. Crops including nursery products and hay sold	4.4.6	8		1
<ol> <li>Forest products - firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc.</li> </ol>		922 \$		
4. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 3 and enter total here		923 S		Ì
Section 9 - FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1969 - Report amount received be	fore to	CENT	S NOT REQ	UIRED
Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others—plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, erc.		930 S	Dollars.	Cents
2. Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		931 S		<del> </del>
3. Payments you received for participation in government farm programs (Do not include redeemable logns.)	2 200	932		
Section 10 - MACHINERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1969, wh				<u> </u>
others - Include only equipment used in 1968 or 1969.			nutactured in	
Selected machinery and equipment on this place December 31, 1969	-	or later		
	940		941	
Automobiles     Motortrucks - Include pickups	942		949	
3. Tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	944		945	:
	946		947	
4. Riding garden tractors 7 hp. and over	948		949	
5. Grain and bean combines - self-propelled only	950		951	
6. Compickers and picker-shellers, including com heads for combines	952		953	
7. Pickup balers	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	منب	1	
8. Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment usually kept on this place and used for the farm business - Include the items listed above and any other machinery and equipment			TS NOT REC	Cents
Section 11 - VALUE of land and BUILDINGS on this place	:	CEN	TS NOT REG	UIRED
1. Please enter your estimate of the current marker value of			Dollars	Cents
the acres you operated (owned and rented acres in section 2, item 4) and the buildings on them		960 S		:
Section 12 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS				,
1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations - live on this place?	Yes		2 🔲 No	
2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place		Yea	ar	
3. Operator's age		Yes	ars old	
4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1 White 2 Negro or black, 3	Indi	an (A	mer.) 4 [	Other
5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfa			ess or prof	ession,
or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) Mark (X) the appro			days or mo	re
or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) mark (x) the appro	5 🗀	1 200		
1 None 2 1-49 days 3 50-99 days 4 100-199 days  Section 13 - SIGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your	Area c	7	alaphone	
Section 13 - SIGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your		7	alaphone	

# AN IMPORTANT LETTER



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233

January 1970

It is time for the 1960 Census of Agriculture, and your help in completing It is time for the 1909 beneate of Agriculture, and your neith in completely vital record of America's farms and ranches is very much needed.

Nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since 1840, have nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since lower, nave provided a continuing flow of statistical information, increasingly needed

by government, tusiness, and education. And the rapid changes going on in agriculture today make the 1969 Census

Great changes are taking place in the use of farm machines, chemicals, of very special importance. fertilizers, and new plant varieties, and in the management of farms and ranches. These changes are having an enormous impact on farm people, runranches. These changes are naving an enormous impact on raim people, funding all the way from the varieties and amounts of crops and livestock you ning all the way from the varieties and amounts of crops and fivestock you and your neighbors are producing, to the planning of Federal programs for

Agriculture and its problems must be understood if our agricultural people both farm and nonfarm people. Agriculture and its problems must be understood it out agricultural performed programs and more are to prosper. Decisions that will lead to improved programs and more responsible action must be based on reliable facts. Our farms and ranches responsible action must be based on reliable lacts. Our larms and ranches nearly 3 million independent businesses—are scattered all across the land of America. A nationwide census of all farms and ranches is the only means of cotaining an up-to-date and accurate inventory of our agricultural

Please fill out the enclosed form and mail it back to us as soon as you can, riesse : 111 out the enclosed form and mail to mack to us as soon as you can preferably not later than February 15th. Use the enclosed envelope which

Your report will be held in complete confidence. It can be seen only by four report will be need in complete confidence. It can be seen only by Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law requires no postage. (Title 13, U.S. Code) provides that it cannot be shown to or used by anyone outside the Bureau for any purpose whatsoever.

Your help in completing this important census is most appreciated.

Sincerely

J. Thomas Breen, Chief

NOTE: If you write to us, please use the Census File Number shown on the address label. Agriculture Division

THIS IS YOUR LEAFLET GUIDE Through the 1969 Census of Agriculture **Need Help?** Use These Leaflet Notes

## Leaflet Introduction

## FIRST, SOME GENERAL INFORMATION

- The enclosed Census report form is being used by farms and ranches throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and inquiries which do not apply to you. Where this is the case, you can simply mark the "No" box and go on to the next section.
- If a section contains inquiries that apply to you, it may be helpful to read all the items in the section before you start to supply the information. A look at the section as a whole will show what is to be reported and where it should be written.
- You will also find that there are items within sections you may not need to read. beyond noting the subject with which they deal. For instance, item 9 in section 1 asks several questions about landlords. If you did not rent any land from others, you can skip all of the detail in item 9 and go to item 10.
- There is a possibility that you may receive more than one envelope containing a census report form for this place (a duplicate, or in your wife's name, your partner's name, etc.). If this should happen, please fill out one form only. Mark the extra form or forms with the Census File Number of the form you complete (for example. "Extra-See No. 86312 09812") and return the extras in the envelope with the completed report. There is a "File Copy" enclosed in each envelope; this is for your use and should not be returned to the Bureau of the Census.

If your wife, or a partner, runs a separate agriculture operation of her or his own, it should be reported on a separate form.

## HOW TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS

- Please put your answers only in the unshaded answer spaces. Write any explanations and comments in the shaded areas to the left of the answer spaces or in the "Remarks" space on page 12 or on a separate sheet.
- If your answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer spaces blank: except for the few places where a small answer box is provided, as for "None" in section 1. Please mark an answer of "Yes," "No," or "None" with an X in the box.
- If you do not have exact figures available, please report your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for "estimated") if you wish,
- For all dollar items, we need only whole dollars, although a "cents" column is provided for those who wish to use it. If you prefer to report both dollars and cents, be sure to write the cents in the "cents" column to avoid the risk that they be mistaken for dollars. For example \$1714.45 should be reported as CENTS NOT REQUIRED

Dollers Cents 1 17/4

CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dellers 1714:45

but not as

CENTS NOT REQUIRED Delfere Conts 17714.45

- 3 -

Do not include fractions in your answers except where called for. Where fractions are called for, report the fraction in tenths of the whole number, and enter the fraction in the "tenths" part of the answer space. Some common fractions which you can report in "tenths" are:

Report 1/8 as 1/10 3/8 as 4/10 5/8 as 6/10 1/6 as 2/10 5/6 as 8/10 1/4 as 2/10 3/4 as 8/10 1/3 as 3/10 2/3 as 7/10

Example for 3½ tons of fertilizer

If you prefer, report to the nearest whole number; fractions are not required.

#### • HOW TO USE THIS LEAFLET

This leaflet is for your use; do not return it with your Census of Agriculture report. It gives answers to the questions that come up most often when the report is being prepared.

Like the form, this leaflet is being used in all parts of the United States, and it contains much information that will not apply to your place. For example, section 4 of this leaflet gives additional information about reporting irrigation water in section 4 of the report. If you did not irrigate in 1969, you should answer the first two questions and you'll not need to read the corresponding page of this leaflet.

The rest of this leaflet is information to help you, organized by sections to correspond with the sections of the census report form.

Now you will want to start filling out the report form. As you answer the items in each section, you will find substantial help in the corresponding section of this leaflet

#### SECTION 1 ACREAGE IN 1969, OWNERSHIP, AND LAND VALUE

#### Part A

Use items 1, 2, and 3 to arrive at the acres of land for which you should complete the Census report form. Include all agricultural land with which you were associated in 1969, regardless of where the land was located. Do not include holdings of residential or commercial properties not associated with agricultural operations. Report all land in whole acres; if you had less than one acre report it as one acre.

Places no longer operated on December 31, 1969 - If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1969, complete the report, giving information on the land you operated and your 1969 crop and livestock production and sales from that land. Normally you would not be expected to report inventories of poultry, livestock, machinery, or equipment. Please explain in the "Remarks" section on page 12 or on a separate sheet that you quit farming or ranching during 1969 and give the approximate date.

Other changes in land operated during 1969 - If part of the land you used during 1969 was no longer in your possession on December 31, 1969, include that land and your 1969 crop and livestock operations on that land in your report. If you acquired land during 1969 for your own use but did not use it for crops or livestock that year, do not include that land in your report.

Please explain the change in acres during 1969 by making a notation in the "Remarks" section on page 12, or on a separate sheet. Statements such as the following can be used:

My report includes\_\_\_\_\_\_acres I used in 1969 but which I did not have on December 31, 1969.

or

My report does not include\_\_\_\_\_\_acres acquired before January 1, 1970, but not used by me in 1969.

- Item 1 Land owned Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1969, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnerships or organizations for which you are reporting. This acreage is considered in figuring the size of 'This Place' (item 4, section 1).
- Item 2 Land rented or leased from others If you rented land from others or worked land on a share basis in 1969, you should report this land as rented by you even though the landlord may have supplied equipment, fertilizer or other materials, and some supervision of your work. Include Federal lands rented or leased by the acre in this item, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis (see "Grazing permit" on page 6).

#### Item 3 Land rented or leased to others

Include in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of the crops or livestock.
- Land which you rented from others and then subleased to others in 1969.
- Land rented out for residential or other nonfarm purposes (if it was included in item 1 or 2).
- Land worked for you by someone else on a share-of-the-crop basis.

Do not include in item 3:

• Land on which you yourself had any crops or livestock during 1969, even though it was rented to others for part of the year.

In the remaining sections of the questionnaire, do not report any crops or livestock on land reported in item 3 as rented or leased to others.

Item 4 Acres in this place - This is the sum of the land you owned in 1969 plus the land you rented from others, minus the land you rented to others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since the remainder of the form applies only to the resulting net figure - the "Acres in this place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on "Acres in this place," as reported in item 4.

#### Item 10

Grazing permit - In some States, government lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, payment being made on a per-head or animal-unit basis. This land should not be included as part of item 2. "Land rented or leased." or item 4, "Acres in this place." Report it only in item 10. But if any of your livestock were located on such land in 1969, they should be included in your report.

#### SECTION 1 SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM?

#### PART C YES, if at any time during 1969 there were on this place:

- Any livestock or poultry or their products.
- Any corn, sorghums, small grains, hay, cotton, tobacco, soybeans, peanuts. potatoes, or sugar crops.
- Any vegetables, melons, or berries grown for sale.
- A combined total of 20 or more fruit trees (including citrus), nut trees, and
- Any nursery or greenhouse products, mushrooms, or sod.
- Any other crops
- Any other agricultural products horses, fur-bearing animals in captivity. bees, honey, maple products, naval stores, Christmas trees or timber for sale, etc.

#### NO, if -

- You reported an acreage in section 1, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1969, on that land, or
- All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper and hence the entry in section 1, item 4 is "0."

In either case, you should:

- 1. Skip to page 12 and complete section 39.
- 2. Explain briefly in the "Remarks" space. For example, "All land rented out;" "Sold farm in 1968;" "House lot only-no crops or livestock."
- 3. Mail the form in the return envelope provided.

SECTION 2 For item 2 of this section we need the name of the geographic area or political subdivision (within the county or parish) where your principal agricultural operations are located. Some examples of the type of area or subdivision we mean are shown on the report form; some other term may be used in your State such as:

> Borough City Civil district Civil township Election precinct

Militia district National park Patent Plantation

Grant Indian reservation Judicial township

Purchase School district Surplus Town

Justice precinct Location

Unorganized township

Magisterial district

Tract

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## SECTION

#### LAND USE IN 1969

These land-use items apply only to the land you reported as "Acres in this place" in section 1, item 4. If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1969. report such land only on the line for the first item which fits one of the purposes. and not on the line for the second purpose. For example, if you harvested a grain crop and later let cattle graze on the stubble, report the land as harvested cropland. but not as cropland used only for pasture or grazing. Please report in whole acres.

#### Item 1a

Cropland harvested - This includes acreage from which you cut either wild or tame hav, land in greenhouses, nurseries, or sod, and land in orchards, groves, and vineyards (both bearing and nonbearing) unless the trees or plantings have been abandoned.

Item 1b

Pastureland - Cropland from which you did not take a crop or cut hay in 1969, but which you used for pasture is to be reported in item 1b. Woodland in which livestock were allowed to graze in 1969 is to be reported as woodland pastured in item 2a

Report in item 3 land (other than cropland or woodland) that could be used as pastureland or rangeland, whether or not livestock actually grazed on it in 1969.

Item 1d

Crop failure - If all of a crop failed (except fruit or nuts in an orchard, grove, or vineyard being maintained for production) and you did not harvest any other crop from this land, and did not pasture or graze it, report the acres in item 1d "crop failure." If only part of the acreage of a crop was harvested, be sure to report only the harvested acreage in item 1a of section 3 and for the appropriate crop in sections

Item 1e

Cultivated summer fallow - Report as fallow all cropland that was plowed and cultivated or on which the growth of weeds was controlled through the use of herbicides, but which was left unseeded for 1969 harvest for the purpose of conserving moisture. Include such cropland as cultivated summer fallow even if during 1969 it was planted to wheat for harvest in 1970.

#### SECTION 4 IRRIGATION

Item 4

Source of water in 1969 - Most irrigators will have received water from only one source. If this is true in your case, enter 100 percent on the proper line, If you obtained water from two of the three sources, an approximate figure for each source is acceptable, for example, 30 percent, 70 percent, etc. One way of making such an estimate is to figure your acreage irrigated from each source as a percent, For example, 20% of the cropland harvested irrigated from your own well; 80% of the cropland harvested irrigated with water from a water supply organization.

Estimated quantity of water used in 1969 - If you can estimate the total quantity of irrigation water used by any one of the methods shown, report only by that method - in item a, b, or c. If it is easier for you to estimate part of the water used by one method and part by another, use the lines which apply.

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts measure water in acre-feet and the amount used is shown in acre-feet on their bills. Where you are not billed for water in this manner, you may prefer to give the depth applied in inches during the full season and the acres covered, as called for in item 5c. We will compute the acre-feet from this information. (Item 5 discussion continued on next page.)

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Gallons - Estimates in gallons must usually be figured if you have your own pump. If you know the rate of flow through your pump, use that. Otherwise, use the manufacturer's rated capacity for the pump. This is given in gallons per minute.

To make an estimate of gallons for the season, you can substitute in the following example, the rated capacity of your pump, the approximate number of hours you pumped per day, and the estimated number of days the pump operated during the

#### EXAMPLE

Step 1. Compute gallons per hour -

100 gallons per minute times 60=

6,000 gallons per hour

Step 2. Compute gallons per day -

20 hours pumped times 6,000=

120,000 gallons per day

Step 3. Compute gallons per season - 96 days pump operated times 120,000=

11,520,000 gallons per year

Step 4. Enter 11.520,000 for item 5b.

When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate depth of water applied during the season in inches and report acres covered.

Other methods of reporting total quantity - In some areas miners inches are used to measure water use. In other areas cubic feet per second (second feet) are a common measure of flow. If you use either of these measures, please report this information in the "Remarks" section at the end of the form, or on a separate sheet, rather than in item 5. If you report in either miners inches or cubic feet per second, please don't forget to report also how many hours or days water was delivered at the given rate.

If you are not able to report the actual amount or an estimate of the water quantity, please give as many facts as you can in the "Remarks" section (page 12) or on an attached sheet of paper. Following are examples of helpful items: number of wells. their depth, diameter and measured rate of flow; allowable diversion rate from streams; capacity of pump or diameter of pump outlet; days operated per season or number of times irrigated; whether land is irrigated before planting; and so on.

#### SECTION 5 ARTIFICIAL DRAINAGE

Acreages reported in this section should be your estimate of the amount of land on this place in 1969 which was benefited to some extent by artificial drainage facilities. Even though your whole place may be in a drainage district, report only that part which is artificially drained. Acres drained by more than one system should be reported only once, for the most important one. However, if different parts of this place had different types of drainage systems, you will have entries in more than one item.

#### SECTIONS 8-23

#### CROPS HARVESTED IN 1969-GENERAL INFORMATION

How and where to report - You will find it easier to report your crops if you glance through pages 3 to 8 of the reporting form and read the paragraphs on pages 9 to 11 of this leaflet, before you begin to fill in your answers.

## CROPS. Continued

Report in each section only the crops called for there. For example, field corn is to GENERAL- be reported in section 8, wheat in section 10, Irish potatoes in section 13, and vegetables for sale in section 21. Section 23 is the place to report any crop not asked for in sections 8-22.

> Do not include in your report any crops on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others or worked on shares by others. Your report should cover only the crops on the "acres in this place," as reported in item 4 of section 1. The next 6 pages of this leaflet contain general information about the reporting of crops, and a discussion of some special crop reporting problems. Table 1, at the end of this leaflet provides a listing of conversion factors for the crops most commonly grown.

#### . HOW TO REPORT CROPS HARVESTED - AN EXAMPLE

A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 200 tons. Using a corn head on his combine, he harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized, using 7 8/10 tons of dry fertilizer.

His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Section 8 - Was any FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969 Yes - Complete this section 7,000 Bushel Field corn for grain - Report quarity harrested in one unit only - either bushels or hundreducight of shelled corn 80 20 2. Field corn for silage Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hagged o grazed (Do not include here acres already repor-ta-tiem I or 2). 100

- a. Item 1 calls for grain or seed, so he entered 80 in the "Acres harvested" column and 7,000 in the bushels space in the "Quantity harvested" column. The 80 acres for grain were not irrigated so he made no entry in the "Acres irrigated"
- b. For item 2, Corn for silage, he entered 20 acres harvested, 200 tons quantity harvested, and 20 acres irrigated.
- c. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, he did not make any entry in item 3.
- d. In item 4, he entered 100 for "Acres fertilized," entered 7 for whole tons, and 8 for tenths in the "Dry" space.

#### CROPS, GENERAL Continued

#### COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER

For each crop, report the number of acres fertilized in 1969, and report the total tons and tenths of tons used in all applications. Report the total weight of the fertilizer, including filler. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

If you bought fertilizer on an analysis basis and do not know the total tons used, the following example will show you how to estimate the total tons of fertilizer.

Example 1: A farmer fertilized 70 acres of corn at the rate of 100 pounds of N (nitrogen) per acre and used an analysis of 33-0-0, as recommended by the fertilizer dealer.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used including filler:

- Divide the 100 pounds of nitrogen by the percent of nitrogen in the analysis, in this case 33, to get the total pounds of fertilizer per acre.
- Multiply the pounds per acre (obtained in step 1) by 70 acres to get total pounds of fertilizer used.
- 3. Convert pounds to tons by dividing by 2,000.
  - (1)  $\frac{100}{.33}$  (% of N in analysis)  $\frac{10,000}{.33}$  = 303 (lbs. per acre)
- (2) 303 x 70 (acres) = 21,210 pounds.
- (3)  $21,210 \pm 2,000 = 106/10$  tons.

If you don't know the percent analysis of nitrogen, but do know the phosphorus ( $P_2O_5$ ) or potash ( $K_2O$ ), work the estimate in the same way as when nitrogen is the known factor.

If you know how much fertilizer was applied per acre, but don't know the total tons, use the method in this example.

Example 2: Sixty-five acres of corn were fertilized with 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used, multiply the 65 acres fertilized times the 150 pounds of fertilizer used per acre. This gives the total pounds of fertilizer used. Then divide by 2,000 to get the total tons.

- a. Multiply 65 acres fertilized by 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre to get 9,750.
- b. Divide 9,750 total pounds of fertilizer by 2,000 to get 4.875.
- c. Enter 4 9/10 tons.

#### • TWO OR MORE CROPS HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

Example 1. A farmer had a 20-acre field:

- a. He harvested oats from the 20 acres in 1969.
- b. He then planted the 20 acres in soybeans and harvested them during the same year.

He should report:

- 1. The 20 acres of oats in section 10, item 4.
- 2. The 20 acres of soybeans in section 11, item 1.

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#### CROPS, GENERAL— Continued

In such a case the acres of crops harvested may be greater than the acres of land reported in item 1a of section 3 (land use).

Example 2: A 10-acre field of red clover was cut for hay in 1969.

The same 10 acres was later harvested for seed.

- 1. Ten acres for hay should be reported in section 14, item 2.
- 2. Ten acres for seed should be reported in section 15, item 1.

#### • INTERPLANTED CROPS AND "SKIP-ROW" PLANTING

If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, report for each crop the part of the field used for that crop.

Example 1: If a 40-acre tract of land was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans for beans, 20 acres should be reported for beans in section 11, item 1, and 20 acres should be reported for cotton in section 12, item 1.

Example 2: If you planted "skip" rows in soil-improvement crops, report the harvested portion of the field in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the soil-improvement acreage in section 3, item 1c.

Example 3: If you left "skip" rows idle, report the harvested portion of the acres in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the idle acres in section 3, item 1f.

#### • CROPS HARVESTED IN ORCHARDS

If approximately 4 acres of tomatoes were grown among the trees in a 10-acre apple orchard, you'd still report all 10 acres as orchard acres in section 16, item 1, and also as apple acreage in section 17, item 1. Report the 4 acres of tomatoes in section 21, item 1.

#### • REPORTING UNIT FOR QUANTITY HARVESTED

The units of measure given on the report form for quantity of each crop harvested are, in general, those most commonly used throughout the country. For corn, grain sorghums, rice, grapes, prunes, and figs, a choice of two or more units is provided.

If you happen to use in your records a unit different from what is printed on the form, please convert your figure on quantity harvested, to the unit shown. For your convenience, we have printed table 1 at the end of this leaflet, showing approximate weight per unit for the crops most frequently reported. Use these if you do not have more accurate information available.

Now you will want to start filling out the crops sections of the report form, referring to this leaflet, if necessary.

#### SECTION 14

## HAY AND SILAGE HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

If you made one cutting of alfalfa for hay and another cutting for green feed, report the acres for the alfalfa cut for hay in item 1 of section 14, and report the acres again for hay crops cut and fed green in item 9 of the same section.

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SECTION 15 FIELD SEEDS

The acres of land harvested for field seeds often will have been reported in section 14 because hay also was cut from the same land. If you fertilized the fields for the general purpose of getting better production of both hay and seed, report the "acres fertilized" and the quantity of fertilizer used only in section 14, item 10. But if you applied fertilizer especially for the benefit of the seed crop, report in item 9 of section 15 the "acres fertilized" and the weight (in tons) of fertilizer applied for the

SECTIONS 16-19, GENERAL

Item 9

ORCHARDS FRUIT TREES, NUT TREES, AND GRAPEVINES

In counting the combined total of trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production.

Include land in trees that, because of weather damage, did not bear in 1969. Also include orchard and grove acreage from which the crop was not harvested because of unsatisfactory prices, labor shortage, etc. Do not include acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned.

If fruit and nut trees were planted in borders or were interplanted among other crops, estimate the orchard acreage by dividing the total number of such trees by the usual number of such trees per acre in your locality.

When you need to estimate the acres in fruit and nut trees, first find the planting distance between trees, then divide the total number of trees by the number per acre that corresponds with the planting distance, as given in the following table. The result represents the approximate acreage. For example, 700 trees planted 25 feet x 25 feet apart, (70 trees per acre) would represent 10 acres.

Number of fruit and nut trees per acre					
Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre	Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre		
8 x 8	680	22 x 24	8		
8 x 10	545	24 x 24	7		
8 x 12	454	25 x 25	7		
9 x 9	538	26 x 26	6		
10 × 10	436	27 × 27	6		
10 x 12	363 }	28 x 28	5		
12 x 12	302	28 x 30	5		
12 x 14	259	30 x 30	4		
14 x 14	222	32 x 32	4		
15 x 15	194	35 x 35	3		
16 x 16	170	36 x 36	3		
18 x 18	134	40 x 40	2		
18 x 20	121	40 x 45	2		
18 x 22	110	45 x 45	2		
20 x 20	109	45 x 50	1		
20 x 22	99	50 x 50	1		
20 x 24	91	55 x 50	1		
22 x 22	90	60 x 60	1		

SECTION NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES OR GRAPEVINES

17 Item 8

Avocados - In California, report the quantity harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969. In Florida, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested between July 1, 1969, and February 28, 1970.

Items 10 and 11

Grapes · Report raisin grapes on either a fresh-weight or dry-weight basis, according to how you sold them. If you sold raisin grapes by both methods, please convert to one basis. One pound of raisins usually equals about 4 3/10 pounds of fresh grapes. Report all other grapes on a fresh-weight basis.

Please separate the European-type grapes among items 11a, 11b, and 11c of section 17 on the basis of variety and **not** on the basis of use. Some of the common varieties are as follows:

- 11a. Raisin varieties Black Corinth, Muscat, Sultana, and Thompson Seedless.
- 11b. Table varieties Emperor, Malaga, Red Malaga, Ribier, and Tokay.
- 11c. Wine varieties Alicante Bouschet, Carignane, Grenache, Mission, Palomino, Petite Sirah, and Zinfandel.
- Olives In California and Arizona, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested from the bloom of 1969 for the 1969-70 harvest season September 15, 1969, to about February 28, 1970. In all other States report the total 1969 crop.

SECTION 19 **NUT TREES** 

Pecans - Improved pecans refer to pecan trees that have been budded, grafted or top worked. Consider all other pecan trees as wild or seedling, whether grown in orchards, pastures, etc.

Item 6 For quantity of tung nuts harvested, report pounds in the husk. For all other tree nuts, report quantity in the shell.

Item 7 Report planted black walnuts in item 7. Do not report wild black walnuts.

SECTION 21 VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS

Report vegetable crops harvested in the calendar year 1969 for all States except Florida. For Florida, report any vegetable crops that were harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969.

Report the entire acreage of each vegetable crop harvested. For example, if you harvested three acres of radishes from a field in 1969, then replanted the field to radishes and harvested the three acres again, report 6 acres harvested in section 21, item 15, No. 350. (If crops are grown, such as radishes, which are included in the "Other vegetable crops" list, below item 15 in section 21, write the name of the crop and the code number (Radishes....350) in the spaces provided in item 15.) If each crop of radishes was fertilized, report only 3 acres fertilized but report the total tons of all fertilizer used.

## SECTION

#### NURSERY OR GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS GROWN FOR SALE

22 Item 6

Mushrooms - Report the square feet of bed space used in 1969, multiplied by the number of times it was harvested. Do not report the total floor space of the building or other area where the mushrooms were grown. For example, if you harvested two crops of mushrooms from an area of 20,000 square feet of bed space, report 40,000 square feet of area used.

## SECTION

#### OTHER CROPS

In addition to the crops named in this section, also use section 23 to report any crops harvested that have not been accounted for in sections 8-22.

Sugarcane - The sugarcane growing season differs in each of the three growing areas in the United States. Report acres harvested (or to be harvested) during the current cutting season, as follows:

In Florida, November 1969 through April 1970. In Louisiana, October 1969 through December 1969. In Hawaii, October 1, 1968, through September 30, 1969.

In Florida and Louisiana, report acres of sugarcane planted for harvest later than the current cutting season, as cropland idle, in section 3, item 1f. For Hawaii, special provision is made on the form for reporting sugarcane planted for future harvest.

#### SECTION 24

#### FOREST PRODUCTS SOLD

Report here, all forest products sold from this place in 1969, regardless of who made the sales. For example, sales made by the landlord should be included.

#### SECTIONS 25-29, GENERAL

#### POULTRY, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, OTHER LIVESTOCK

These items deal with the livestock and poultry on this place or sold from this place in 1969, regardless of ownership. If livestock or poultry were fed on this place on a contract or on a custom basis, report them as sold if they were taken from this place in 1969. Animals or poultry owned by you that were not on this place at any time in 1969 because they were fed for you by someone else, such as in a feedlot or poultryhouse, are not to be included in this report; they should be accounted for on the agriculture census report for the feedlot, poultryhouse, etc.

Count as being on this place, animals that were owned by you or kept by you for others, but which on December 31, 1969, were on land used on a permit basis (national forestland; grazing district land; or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management). See "Grazing permit," page 6 of this leaflet.

Do not include in your report any livestock or poultry on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others. Your report should cover only the livestock and poultry on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in item 4 of section 1.

#### SECTION

## CHICKENS, TURKEYS, OTHER POULTRY

For each item, report the number on this place December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them, and the number of poultry sold from this place, or taken from this place during 1969, including those raised or fed under a contract. Do not include any sales of baby chicks or poults.

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Item 1a Hens and pullets of laving age - Include hens in most with the other hens and pullets of laying age. In the "sold" column include any old or cull hens sold during 1969.

Other turkeys - In the "sold" column, report turkeys sold for slaughter and those Item 3b that were brooded and then moved to another place for further feeding.

#### SECTION

#### CATTLE AND CALVES

26 Item 2

Milk cows - Include cows of any breed milked for home use or for sale.

Item 4

In the "Total number sold" answer spaces, include the cattle and calves sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals fed on this place under contract or on a custom basis if they were taken from this place in 1969. Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such transactions are considered to be "dealer" purchases and sales.

In the "Number fattened ..." answer spaces, report the number of head that were sold for slaughter after being fattened in the manner described, provided they were expected to produce carcasses that would grade "USDA Good" or better. Do not report in this column yeal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold; do not include cattle or calves that have been fed grain or concentrates and sold for further feeding.

## SECTION

27 Item 1a Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding - Include bred sows and bred gilts. other sows and gilts intended for breeding, and boars and young males to be used for breeding.

Item 3

Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 - Include all pigs born on this place that were sold for slaughter or taken from this place for further feeding.

#### SECTION 30

#### CONTRACT OR BINDING AGREEMENT

Many farm products are produced under a contract or binding agreement made between the producer and the person who buys or uses the farm product. These contracts or agreements usually specify the kind and amount of the farm product to be produced, where or to whom it is to be delivered, what price the producer is to be paid or how the price is to be determined. The contracts may specify the variety of crop or breed of animal or poultry to be produced, and may provide for services such as spraying, dusting, fertilizing, harvesting, packing, and selling. The contractor may supply seed, fertilizer, or feed. He may also provide financing and a field man to give advice and to inspect the product while it is being produced. Include contracts for the growing of heifers for dairy farms, contracts involving cow pools. milking pools, and cow-leasing agreements.

In this section, include under the "Co-op" item, production contracts with a cooperative processor. Do not include contracts made by you to have someone else provide a service to you or grow or produce something for you.

Report sales contracts or agreements providing just for the marketing or sale of a product, such as milk, as "Marketing or sales contracts or agreements." Also report under this same heading, marketing contracts and agreements with marketing associations and cooperatives. Usually very few or no services or supplies are provided by the buyer of the farm product under a sales contract or agreement.

If the sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor or equipment, report it as a production contract.

Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural products. Some *examples* of agreements or contracts not to be reported here are:

Rental of land

Hauling

Purchase of feed, fertilizer or other farm supplies

Labor wage agreements and financing of farm operations

Government program agreements

Agricultural services

Customwork

Farm machinery rentals

#### SECTION 31

#### MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The items in this section refer to machinery and equipment kept on this place and used for the farm business in 1968 or 1969, regardless of ownership.

#### Item 12

Item 12 refers to the market value of all machinery and equipment, not just the items listed on the report form. The value you report should be your estimate of how much the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition - not the replacement cost or the depreciated value.

# SECTION 32

#### HIRED WORKERS

Do not include workers who did only contruction work or other work not related to the production of crops or livestock. Do not include employees of a labor contractor, cooperative, processor, or dealer who performed contract work on this place. Report all other hired workers, including members of your family if they were paid wages, who did farm or ranch work on this place. Report each person only once even though he may have worked several different times during the year.

## SECTION 33

# INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME AND OTHER CHEMICALS

For each item report only once the total acres treated, but give the total cost of materials used in all treatments. If you used a dual purpose chemical, report the total acres treated for each item (insect, disease, etc.), and divide the cost of materials between the items. If the same acreage was treated separately for two purposes, give acres and cost of materials for each item. For example, if cotton was treated for insects and then treated for defoliation, the acres and material cost for insect treatment would be reported under item 2b and the acres and material cost for defoliation would be reported in item 3.

Do not include the cost of chemically treated seed or the cost of chemicals used by you to treat seed prior to planting.

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#### SECTION PRODUCTION EXPENSES

#### 34

Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For example, if you grew broilers or fed cattle for others, include in the production expenses, item 1, your best estimate of the value of the baby chicks or cattle at the time they were brought to this place. Also include, in item 2, the value and amount of all feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place.

Do not include expenses (or sales) related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities).

#### İtem

Livestock and poultry - Report the total amount spent by you and by your landlord or by others for all livestock and poultry bought during 1969 for production, including feeding, on this place. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time they came on this place.

Do not include the purchase cost of livestock or poultry bought and then resold within 30 days.

#### Item .

Feed - Report the cost of all feed for livestock and poultry during 1969. When feed was supplied by others, as in broiler contracts, estimate the cost of the feed used on this place. Do not include the cost of feed for livestock fed off this place, but do include the cost of feed fed to cattle or sheep while they are on "permit" grazing land (see "Grazing permit," on page 6 of this leaflet).

#### Item 2a

Commercially mixed formula feeds - Include all complete feeds, concentrates, feed additive supplements, base mixes and premixes fed in 1969. Include your best estimate of tons and value of feed furnished by others for livestock and poultry that were grown or fed on this place for others under contract.

#### Item 10 All other production expenses

#### Include-

Purchase of irrigation water
Costs of operating and maintaining irrigation systems
Farm electricity
Veterinary services and medicine
Hauling and other marketing charges
Farm supplies
Farm taxes

Do not include-

Interest on farm debts

All other farm-related expenditures

Value of the landlord's share of crops or livestock produced on this place Purchase of long-term assets, such as tractors and machinery, land, or new buildings

Expenditures for construction of major improvements, such as drainage canals, irrigation systems, etc.

Income taxes

Interest on nonfarm loans

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#### SECTION 35

#### MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD

These questions are asked to obtain a measure of the agricultural productivity of your county, State, and the entire United States. Information given in this report will be combined with that for other farms in your county and only totals will be published. By Federal law, the information you give in this report is confidential. Your report is to be used for statistical purposes only, and cannot be revealed to anyone who is not a Census employee. Census employees are under oath (with penalty for violation) not to reveal such information.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1969, regardless of the year they were produced; and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place any time in 1969. Do not report your net income. Do not report value of sales from land which you rented to others. If you rent land from others or work land on shares for others, include the value of the landlord's share of any products removed from this place. If you operate as a partnership, include the total value of all products sold from this place for all partners. Include the value of crops you have placed under government loan or seal in 1969 along with the value of all crops sold.

Sales from nonfarm-related activities (such as trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities) should **not** be included.

Value of products harvested by others - If crops were harvested by cooperatives or by others, and you received for your product a price which did not include the cost of harvesting, hauling, etc., please report the gross value which includes these costs before they were deducted. If your records do not show such figures separately, please estimate the cost of such services and include these with the value of the product. Also be sure that the cost of these services has been included in the proper production expense items in section 34.

Livestock or crops under contract - For livestock or crops, including vegetables and fruits, produced by you under contract, report the gross value before deductions for any feed, seeds, plants, fertilizer, sprays, dusts, and labor or equipment furnished by the contractor. For example, if you received \$1,000 cash and you estimate that the contractor furnished \$500 in seeds, production and harvesting costs, report \$1,500 as the gross sales value of the crops grown under contract. The value of materials furnished or paid for by others also should be included in the proper items in section 34.

Poultry and poultry products - Report the value of all eggs, broilers, hens and roosters, started pullets, ducks, turkeys, and other poultry and their eggs sold or moved from this place during 1969. If the sale price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. For example, if you produced 10,000 pounds of poultry on a contract basis and you estimate the market price at 20 cents per pound, then you should report \$2,000 as the market value.

Item 9 Dairy products - Include the gross value of all milk and cream sold from this place.

Report the total value before hauling costs and Co-op dues are subtracted.

Item 10 Dairy cattle and calves - Report the total value of sales of all dairy cattle and calves (including heifers, bulls, and bull calves) sold from this place.

Item 11

Other cattle and calves - Report the value of sales of all cattle and calves other than dairy animals sold from this place in 1969. Be sure to include the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, or cost of hauling and selling, etc. If the sales price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. The value of sales of cattle and calves bought and kept on this place less than 30 days before removal should not be included.

Do not report the value of sales of livestock owned by you but held on and sold, from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place. For cattle moved from your place to a feedlot for further feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Item 12

Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include the value of all hogs and pigs, sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair sold or taken from this place during 1969. Report the value (or give your best estimate) of animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared the receipts. Include animals fed under contract or on a custom basis on this place if the animals were sold or taken from this place during 1969.

#### SECTION 36 Item 3

#### FARM RELATED INCOME RECEIVED IN 1969

Report all government payments received by you from any of the following direct-payment programs:

- Feed grain diversion and price support
- Wheat diversion and marketing certificate
- Upland cotton diversion and price support
- Agricultural conservation
- Emergency conservation
- Cropland adjustment
- Conservation reserve (soil bank)
- Appalachian Land Stabilization and Conservation
- Sugar
- Wool and mohair

This total amount may have been furnished to you recently in a "Report of Payment to Producer" (notice sent to you by the Agricultural Stablization and Conservation Service). If so, you may copy this figure on your Census report.

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Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit

Section No.	item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
8	1	Field corn for grain: Shelled	Bushel	56
9	1	Sorghums for grain or seed (1-ton heads = 25 bu. grain)	Bushel	56
10	1-3	Wheat	Bushel	60
10	4	Oats	Bushel	32
10	5	Barley	Bushel	48
10	6	Rye	Bushel	56
10 l	8	Flaxseed		56
10	9	Buckwheat	Bushel	48
10	10	Proso millet		50
10	11			40
10	13	Safflower		40
10	14	Mustard seed	Bushel	60
11 11	1 2	Soybeans for beans	Bushel	60
		Virginia type	Bushel	17
		Runners, S.E	Bushel	21
		Spanish	Bushel	25
11	3	Dry field and seed beans	Bushel	60
11	4	Dry lima beans		56
11	5	Dry field and seed peas	Bushel	60
11	6	Cowpeas for dry peas		60
11	7	Velvetbeans for beans (hulled)		60
11	8	Mungbeans for beans	Bushel	60
12	1	Cotton:		
12	4	Gross (seed cotton)	Bale	500 480
		Ear, husked		70 56
••	_	shelled corn)	١, .	
12	5	Broomcorn		333
13	1	Irish potatoes		60
		(1 bag = 1 hundredweight = 100 lb.)	Barrel	165
	_		Bag	100
13	2	Sweetpotatoes		55
	i		Crate	50

Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit-Continued

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Crop	Unit	Pound
14	1-7	Hay (3 tons green = 1 ton dry)		
15	1	Red clover seed	Bushel	
15	2	Alfalfa seed	Bushel	
15	3	Lespedeza seed	Bushel	
15	4	Timothy seed	Bushel	
15	5	Bromegrass seed	Bushel	
15 (	6	Orchardgrass seed	Bushel	1
15	7	Sweetclover seed	Bushel	
17	1	Apples	Bushel Northwest box . Fibreboard box .	
			cell pack	
17	2-3	Peaches	Bushel	
	i		Lug box	
			California fruit box	
17	4-5	1		
İ		California	Bushel	
		Other	Bushel	
17	6.7	Western	Lug	
''	0.7	Gliernes	Campbell lug	
17	8	Avocados	Lug	
17	10	Grapes, American type	4-quart climax	
.,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	basket	
- 1			12-quart basket	
17	11a	Grapes, European type-raisin varieties (1 lb. dried = 4 3/10 lb. fresh)		
17	116	Grapes, European type-table varieties	Lug	
1			4-basket crate .	
17	12-13	Plums and prunes:		
- 1		California	4-basket crate .	
17	••	Other	½-bushel basket	
17	13	Prunes (California: 1 lb. dried = 2 7/10 lb.		
		fresh)		
		(Other: 1 lb. dried = 3 to 4 lb. fresh)		
17	14		Lug	
		·	(Brentwood) .	
		}	4-basket crate .	
17	15		Lug	
17	16	Figs, fresh	Box, single-	
17		Fi	layer	
'' [	16	Figs (California: 1 lb. dried = 3 lb. fresh)		
		(California: 11b. dried = 3 lb. fresh)	J	

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
18	1	Valencia oranges:		
	-	California and Arizona	Field box	55
	ŀ	Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	2	Navel oranges	Field box	52
18	3	Temple oranges		90
18	4	Other oranges:		
		California and Arizona	Field box	52
		Florida, Texas, and Louisiana		90
18	5	Tangerines and mandarins:		
	1	California and Arizona	Field box	75
		Florida		90
		Texas	Field box	100
18	6	Tangelos	Field box	90
18	7	Grapefruit:		
		California, desert valleys	Field box	50
		Other California	Field box	52
		Florida and Texas	Field box	80
18	8	Lemons:		
		California and Arizona		52
		Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	9	Limes	Bushel	55
19	1	Walnuts	Bushel	50
20	1	Strawberries		
20	2-3	Raspberries		
20	4	Cranberries		25
20	5	Other berries	Quart	11/2

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