Appendix A. Explanatory Materials

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. HISTORY OF THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

The 1969 census is the 19th nationwide census of agriculture. The first agricultural census was taken in 1840 as part of the Sixth Decennial Census. From 1840 to 1920, an agricultural census was taken every 10 years as part of each decennial census.

With increased application of scientific findings and growing use of mechanization in agriculture, farming practices were changing so rapidly that early in this century it was evident that facts collected at 10-year intervals were no longer adequate. Aware of the need for more accurate and timely information, the Congress, in 1909 (36 Stat. 10, Sec. 31), provided for a census of agriculture to be taken in 1915 and every 10 years thereafter, in addition to the census of agriculture taken at the time of the decennial census. However, the census was not taken in 1915 because of the abnormal conditions created by World War I. Beginning in 1920, a national agricultural census has been taken every five years.

2. HOW THE 1969 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE WAS TAKEN

Enumeration Method

For the first time in a nationwide census of agriculture, farmers were asked to fill out and mail back their census forms. In earlier censuses, enumerators called on all farm operators. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration starting date and farmers were asked to fill them out and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up. The enumerators going from door to door in rural areas would pick up and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete forms for those places classified as farms which did not have forms ready for review.

Use of the mailout/mailback approach had been considered earlier and some aspects had been included in pretests for the 1964 Census of Agriculture as well as in the evaluation surveys measuring the accuracy of the earlier censuses. A coverage check of the 1964 census was especially pertinent in the final decision to adopt the mailout/mailback method for the 1969 census. A brief description of the study, called the "EPA-IRS Match" appears on page 38 of volume III, part 7, Evaluation Surveys, of the 1964 Census of Agriculture.

The Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1969 Census of Agriculture was a mailing list comprised of all persons and organizations that could be readily identified as associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were used initially.

The list was assembled primarily from the records of other Government agencies and from the 1964 Census of Agriculture lists of addresses. Internal Revenue Service records were particu-

larly significant in developing the mailing list, since most farm operators of any importance could be identified in these records. Specifically, the IRS supplied lists of people and organizations who filed Form 1040, Schedule F (farm operators and farm landlords). The IRS also supplied lists of businesses showing, on Form 1040—Schedule C, Form 1065 (partnerships), and Form 1120S (small business corporations), that more than 50 percent of their income was from agriculture. A listing of employers of agricultural workers filing agriculture employment tax reports on Social Security Administration Form 943 was also used. The Bureau supplemented these lists with the names of Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service participants in the south and selected States in the remainder of the country where there appeared to be a significant number of persons with limited agricultural operations who had not filed IRS Schedule F.

The Bureau amended the basic list by conducting a precanvass early in 1969, covering about 100,000 of the larger more complex farms. The precanvass identified separate farm units of multifarm operations, farms with significant acreages in more than one county, and abnormal operations such as Indian reservations and farms operated by institutions.

The master list, constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employer Identification numbers, contained the names and addresses of persons or organizations associated with agricultural operations, and an indication of the size of the operation so that the Bureau could determine which of two versions of the census form to send.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler operations, which might not be identified in the administrative records as associated with agricultural operations were obtained and a supplemental mailing was made to the names and addresses on these lists.

Duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were removed during office processing.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution

The regular 12-page form (A1) was sent to farms with an expected volume of sales of agricultural products in 1969, of \$2,500 or more.

A four-page form (A2) was sent to a 50-percent sample of operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. This form covered all major items—land use, crops, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and income—but omitted much of the detail found in the regular form.

Both forms are reproduced in appendix B.

Why the two forms? Emphasis in this census was placed on obtaining more detailed information for those farms with annual sales of farm products of \$2,500 or more. In 1964, the 1,817,000 farms in this group, which made up 58 percent of the total farms, accounted for more than 96 percent of the total value of all farm products sold.

It was agreed that the operators of the smaller places need not be burdened with the extensive detail required from the operators who are responsible for virtually all of our commercial farm production. Hence, the short form was developed for the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to be less than \$2,500.

The Initial Mailings

During the last week of December 1969, the report forms were mailed to all farm operators on the mailing list. Approximately 3,700,000 forms were mailed at this time—2,900,000 regular forms (A1) and 800,000 short forms (A2).

The A2 form was *not* used in Alaska and Hawaii; A1's were mailed to all names on the address list. The A1 form used in Alaska was the same as the one used in the other continental States. The A1 form used in Hawaii differed primarily in the crops section, since Hawaiian agriculture has significant differences from the mainland in the crops produced.

During the first part of 1970, lists of persons or firms filing 1969 tax returns showing agricultural operations were obtained from the Internal Revenue Service. The Bureau checked these names against the original mailing list to find individuals and organizations who had not reported agricultural operations in their 1968 income tax reports or who, for some other reason, had not been included in the December 1969 mailing. These operators were sent the appropriate regular or short form in a supplementary mailing in July 1970.

All potential farm operators who were sent the regular form, received with it a Leaflet Guide which carried on the cover a letter from the Chief of the Agriculture Division explaining the purpose of the census and asking the recipient to fill out the form and return it in the envelope enclosed. The leaflet provided descriptions and definitions for the various items in more detail than was shown on the form, as well as instructions regarding some of the more common problem situations that were anticipated and lists of what should be included or excluded in reporting the more complex items.

A reproduction of this Leaflet Guide appears in appendix B.

Potential operators who received the short form were sent the cover letter, but not the leaflet. Instructions for this relatively simple form were provided on the form itself.

It was intended that the regular form would be filled out by the operators of all farms with \$2,500 or more in sales of farm products. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1969 substantially above this breaking point, it was necessary to go back to them for the additional detail needed for the regular form. If the recipient of the regular form reported less than \$2,500 in sales, data were tabulated for only those items which were on the short form.

Coverage of Outlying Areas

The mailout/mailback procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. Discussion of the methods used appears in the reports for the outlying areas.

Followup Procedures

In the United States, a reminder card dated January 10, 1970, was sent to all recipients of the regular form, urging prompt

response and expressing thanks "if your response is already in the mail."

The first followup letter was mailed early in March to all those on the original mailing list from whom we had not received either the completed form or other correspondence by February 25th.

After the first mail followup, telephone and field followup was started early in March to be sure that data were collected from the previously identified very large and/or very complex operations.

Over a period of the next three months, three other followup letters were sent to the other nonrespondents to achieve a response over the 90-percent level by July 1, 1970.

After the mailing of the fourth followup letter, data collection efforts continued, but on a selective basis. Field enumeration by personal interview was used to collect the data from non-respondents in 371 counties where response rates were below acceptable limits.

The collection of missing reports continued, as necessary, into the office processing phase. Lists of farms with substantial production of specific farm products had been obtained from various sources. These lists were used during data review as a check in counties having significant differences between the expected and the tabulated amounts of one or more agricultural products. Farms appearing on the lists for which a report was not found in the file of census reports being processed were contacted, usually by telephone. If it was determined that a farm had indeed been missed, a report was obtained.

The processing system provided for the possibility of incorporating reports as late as the final tabulation of county data for each State.

The telephone and field followup was performed either by the permanent staff of the Bureau's regional field offices assisted by staff held over from the population census enumeration or, in the case of the very large and complex agricultural operations, by Agriculture Division staff members.

3. STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Report forms were completed and tabulated for all the indentifiable larger places. In a few instances where the required information could not be obtained from the operator, data were obtained from secondary sources.

The smaller operations for which data were not obtained are represented in the statistics by replication of reports for farms having similar characteristics in the same county.

The majority of the farms represented by replication are among those having a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of less than \$5,000. For Connecticut, data were imputed for about 19 percent of the State's farms, accounting for about 5 percent of the State's total value of agricultural products sold.

All report forms were subjected to a computer edit where adjustments using detailed programed specifications were made for incomplete or internally inconsistent data. The procedures provided for printouts of the computer changes for those farm reports if the change exceeded specified limits for the item. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by Agriculture Division staff members.

4. OFFICE PROCESSING

The reports for all farms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tape. Records for large agricultural operations, including all places of 50,000 acres or more, or having \$100,000 sales of agricultural products or more in 1969, were reviewed by a professional employee (agricultural statistician or economist). Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent. Reports for smaller operations were subjected to a clerical editing review, during which significant problems were referred to the professional analysts for solution.

During processing, the data for each report form were subjected to a detailed review which required almost the full capacity of one of the very large electronic computers. The program provided comprehensive tests and instructions which were used to correct data found to be in error or inconsistent, to supply missing data, and to make classifications of the farm necessary for tabulation of data.

5. COMPLETENESS OF THE CENSUS

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farm land, and farm production is the aim of each general, nationwide census of agriculture, it has never been reached. The causes of incompleteness and inaccuracies are a part of the complex structure of America's agriculture. Among the elements involved are the large number of places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land they operate, the expiration of leases and the making or renewal of other leases, the problems of obtaining a complete unduplicated listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulties of locating and identifying places that might be farms, the absence from their farms of some farmers during the period of the mail effort and followup procedures, the opinions of some operators that some or all of their agricultural operations should not be included in the census, etc.

Preliminary results of a check of coverage in the State indicate that about 94 percent of the farms with a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of \$2,500 and over, are included in the census. The 1969 coverage of part-time, part-retirement, and other low-income operations is probably less complete than for 1964 and earlier censuses. These types of operations are most likely to have been missing in the administrative records used in assembling the basic mailing list. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 96 percent of the total value of agricultural production for the State.

A more detailed statement regarding the differences in coverage between the 1969 and 1964 censuses of agriculture is provided in the Introduction to volume II of the reports for the 1969 and 1964 censuses. In addition, a detailed report on coverage of the 1969 census is scheduled to be published separately.

6. COMPARABILITY OF DATA

A factor affecting comparability, in addition to those mentioned in the introduction, was the procedure for assigning a farm to a specific geographic area.

For 1964 and earlier censuses, each enumerator was assigned to enumerate all farms in a specific geographic area, and farms were allocated to the area in which their "headquarters" was located.

Each of the 1969 farms was assigned to a "most probable" county and that county name was listed on the mailing label before the form was sent to the address on the mailing list. The assignment was based upon factors such as records of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the location of the post office, and county of location of the majority of rural route patrons. The respondent was asked to check if all his agricultural operations were located in the county shown on the address label, otherwise to identify the "principal" county in which his agricultural operations were conducted, and to name all other counties in which he had agricultural operations. If he failed to do this correctly, and especially if the preassigned "most probable" county was incorrect, the acres in the farm may have been tabulated for a different county than in 1964 and earlier censuses. In addition, even when the respondent replied correctly, if two counties or more were involved, his concept of the principal county where his agricultural operations were located might well have differed from the location of his "headquarters" as determined by the enumerator in the earlier

7. THE "SEE TEXT" REFERENCES AND OTHER NOTES FOR THE TABLES

Those items in the State tables which carry the note "see text" are identified in this section by being enclosed in quotation marks. Explanations and notes are shown for additional items.

Table 1

Total cropland may be overstated for 1969 as compared to earlier censuses due largely to the respondent (in most cases the farm operator) reporting his land in a different classification than that reported by the enumerators in earlier censuses.

Cropland used only for pasture and grazing may be overstated for 1969, due in part to a tendency of operators to report all pasture in replying to the first question regarding pasture (item 1b in section 3 of the regular form, and item 2 in section 5 of the short form).

"All other cropland" includes cropland used for soilimprovement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 2

Irrigation. Data on method of irrigation and source of water, along with additional irrigation data will be available in chapter 14, volume II, U.S. Summary, and in volume IV, Irrigation, 1969 Census of Agriculture.

Table 3

The 1964 and 1959 data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include the farms of all nonwhite operators.

Users may notice that data for managers are not shown separately in the report of farm operators by tenure. Discussion of this change from the 1964 and earlier reports will be found in section 8, immediately following this section.

Tenure data for 1964 and 1959 do not include farms operated by managers, and to this extent are not comparable to the 1969

figures in which the managers have been distributed according to the reported ownership of the land.

Additional information regarding farm operators will be reported in volume II. This volume will include data reporting year the operator began operation, detailed data regarding race, and average date the census form was completed.

Data on ownership of land rented from others, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits will be reported in volume II, with totals for each State.

Table 4

"Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlords' and contractors' shares.

Table 5

Farm production expenses, total—both farms and dollars. These figures for 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of the reporting of "all other expenditures." The 1964 and 1959 totals are reported only for the items specifically covered in all three censuses.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. Feed ingredients purchased separately which were included for 1964 and 1959 are excluded for 1969; they are reported separately for 1969 (table 14) for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Commercial fertilizer. Data for 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum; these items were not included in the 1964 or 1959 figures.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year.

All other production expenses. This item is subject to some errors in reporting. Operators failed, in some cases, to follow the instructions as to the types of expenditures which were to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution.

Table 7

The 1964 and 1959 figures on broilers and other meat-type chickens are based on questions which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8

Farms reporting acres and quantity harvested for soybeans for beans are underreported. The format of the regular report form (the A1) provided for related crops to be grouped in one of 12 sections each of which had an introductory general question and instructions for the respondent to skip the entire section whenever he answered "No," The introductory question to section 11, where soybeans for beans should have been reported, was "Were any dry beans, dry peas, or peanuts harvested from this place in 1969?" A limited number of respondents who had harvested soybeans apparently did not classify soybeans as dry beans and skipped the entire section. Some of these reported the crop in section 23, "Other crops," while others failed to report them. In instances where there was a sizeable difference on an individual report form between the acres of cropland harvested and the sum of the acres reported for individual crops harvested, telephone calls made to check on the difference determined that it was frequently due to failure to report either soybean or hay acreages. The missing data were then obtained and the reports corrected. Consequently such underreporting tends to be limited to smaller acreages. Studies of available check data indicate the shortages to be about 5 percent or less for farms reporting and somewhat lower for acres and quantity harvested.

Hay, excluding sorghum hay. There was also underreporting for hay since the introductory general question for section 14 on the regular form which reads "Was any hay or grass silage harvested from this place in 1969?" was misunderstood in some instances. Additionally, it has always been difficult to obtain correct reporting of acreage cut for hay involving, as it frequently does, two or more cuttings from the same acreage, hay cut and seed harvested from the same acreage, or a hay crop following some other crop harvested.

"Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9

"All other cropland." See note for table 1.

"All other land." See note for table 1.

"Farms by type." Explanation of this classification is shown in section 8.

Livestock ranches. See classification of farms in section 8.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

Forest products sold. As in previous censuses, the data obtained in the 1969 census relate only to the forest products cut on farms. Commercial logging, timber operations, and forest products cut and sold from nonfarm places are excluded.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 10

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Table 13

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 30, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. Some operators may not have clearly distinguished these two types of farm labor. Some reported expenditures for contract labor although the workers were not hired through a contractor, a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.

Number working less than 150 days. Some of these workers may have worked on more than one farm during the year, and therefore be reported by two or more operators. The number of workers reported here is likely to exceed the actual number of agricultural workers.

Table 16

"Chickens 4 months old or older" for 1964 and 1959. Note the age break at 4 months for these earlier censuses. This was changed to "3 months old or older" for the 1969 census.

Table 21

Grass silage. 1964 and 1959 figures include grass silage and hay cut green.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

All hay. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 22

Forest products. See note for table 9.

Table 24

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Artificial drainage. Only total drained acres and number of farms having such acres are reported here. More detailed data will be available in volume II, chapter 14, Irrigation and Drainage, and in volume VI, Drainage.

Farms by type. Definitions for the various types of farms are given in section 8.

"\$1 to \$2,499." See note for table 13.

Forest products sold. See note for table 9.

Farm production expenses, total. See note for table 5.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. See note for table 5.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. See note for table 14.

Number of persons working less than 150 days. See note for table 14.

All other production expenses. See note for table 5.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Tables 25 to 30

See notes for table 24. The items in the left-hand margin (stub) of these tables are identical to the items in table 24, therefore the notes for this table apply to tables 25 through 30.

8. DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND CLASSIFICATION OF FARMS

Definitions and Explanations

For exact wording of the questions and instructions in the two census forms (A1 and A2) and in the Leaflet Guide which accompanied the A1 form, see the reproductions of these three items in appendix B.

An analysis of the questions asked in the 1969 census forms and of the data obtained will be given in volume II, General Report, Statistics by Subject, Census of Agriculture, 1969.

Definitions of items and terms which may require additional explanation as they are used in the census are presented here. In general, processing steps and procedures were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are noted here.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "Land in farms" consists primarily of "agricultural" land—that is, land used for crops or pasture or grazing. It also includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, the acreage of woodland and wasteland owned or rented by farm operators as part of their agricultural operations is included as land in farms. Large acreages of land held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted in the processing steps if identified as such.

All grazing land except for open range and grazing land used under government permit was to be included as land in farms provided the place of which it was a part was a farm. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported in the name of the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included. Land in Indian reservations that was not reported by individual Indians and that was not rented to non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate total land area of States and counties as reported for 1969 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated to January 1, 1970. Differences between the land area in the 1969 and 1964 reports reflect changes in the number or size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in two or more counties—With but few exceptions, each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county, usually the county in which he reported all or the largest proportion of his total land.

Some of the exceptions developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This study identified about 1,000 operations having more than one separately reportable farm unit. For these, individual census reports were obtained for each location. Reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties, for which the data would significantly affect the county totals, were separated into two or more reports which were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—Data on the value of land and buildings are presented as totals and in terms of average per farm and average per acre. The value of land and buildings reported for the census was supposed to represent market value—that is, the price for which the land and buildings would sell at the time of the census.

The value of land in buildings for farms for which the value was not completely reported was estimated during office processing by using the average value per acre of land and buildings for farms of approximately the same size having similar characteristics in the same area.

Type of organization—The 1969 census is the first in which information was collected on the type of organization under which the farm operated. This information was collected for class 1-5 farms in response to the demand for data more descriptive of current farm organizational structure than the traditional tenure of farm operator classification. See State table 24.

Farm managers—In 1969, the term "manager" was dropped as a tenure concept because it was no longer descriptive of a distinct type of farm management. Farms of the kind that would have qualified as managed according to the 1964 definition were distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place. Tables in this report showing 1964 tenure data do not include managed farms in the 1964 figures used, and to this extent the 1964 data are not comparable to the 1969 data.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" is used to designate a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered as operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of a partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms.

For 1969, the respondent classified his own status by his answers to the acreage and ownership questions. Data on the characteristics of farm operators were obtained in section 38 of the report form where the operator was defined as the person in charge of the farm or ranch operation. In some cases the operator was not the individual named on the address label. Sometimes informa-

tion was reported for a family member, a partner, or an operator more closely connected with the farm or ranch operations.

In the 1964 census, the farm operator was located and defined by the enumerator who generally obtained the report from the person in charge at the farm or ranch location.

Farms or farms reporting—Figures for farms or farms reporting for a specified item represent the number of farms for which the item was reported. For example, if there were 1,922 farms in a county and 465 had chickens 3 months old and over on hand December 31, 1969, the figure for farms or farms reporting for the item "Chickens 3 months old and over" would be 465.

Value of crops harvested—Data for value of crops harvested were developed by applying estimated unit values to the operators' reports of acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (bushels, bales, etc.) when reported, were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. In some instances only acres harvested were reported, and these were multiplied by State estimates of value of production per acre. A combination of the two calculations was used when only acres harvested were reported by small farms, but units of production were supplied by larger farms. The State average production price and production value per acre figures used in these calculations, were supplied by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

For vegetables and for nursery and greenhouse products, value of sales were obtained from farm operators and used in the calculation of total value of crops harvested.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of each class of livestock or poultry on hand by the State average price for 1969 as furnished by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The 1964 and 1959 data were developed in similar fashion.

Value of farm products sold—Data for the value of farm products sold in 1969 were obtained by direct questioning in both the regular and short forms.

This is a departure from the method used in previous censuses, in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and by estimation for others. A discussion of the methods used in the 1964 census will be found on pages A7 to A9 of the appendix in each State report (volume I) of the 1964 census.

Total value of farm products sold—For 1969, this item excludes income which the farm operator and members of his family received from providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational services on his farm; for 1964, the total included such income.

The total value of farm products sold does not include government payments received by farm operators for participation in wheat, feed grains, and other government programs. As indicated by the data in State table 4, farm operators receive considerable farm-related income from sources other than the farm operated. Data in State table 27 indicate, for the various economic classes of farms, the number of farms on which the farm operator received income from specified sources other than the farm operated, and the amount of such income.

Total income the farm operator and members of his family received from sources other than the farm operated is not available from the 1969 Census of Agriculture. Tabulations are being made from the 1970 Census of Population to provide such

information which may be useful in this regard in a separate report.

Differences in totals for some items—The totals given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given for the same item in another table because of the rounding of fractions for the several groups of farms, counties, etc.

Floating point system—In preparation for showing comparative figures from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the 1964 published figures were keyed to magnetic tape using a floating point system. The system used provides for showing the first five digits of a number, the sixth is rounded to a five and all subsequent digits are shown as zero. Thus, the figure 17,256,423 would appear as 17,256,500. Differences from the 1964 published figures may appear in the least significant digits for any number having six or more digits as a result of using this procedure.

Classification of Farms

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected economic class groups; State tables 24 to 29 present detailed data for class 1-5 farms classified by tenure of operator, type of organization, age of operator, size (in acres), economic class, and type. In addition, the report contains a number of counts of farms according to various characteristics as well as frequency distribution of farms classified by size of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—As mentioned earlier in this section, the term "manager" as a tenure concept, is not used in the 1969 census. Information regarding managers was not obtained separately as the concept has become increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the change to enumeration by mail. The classifications by type of organization should provide more meaningful information. Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 24.

The classifications of tenure as used in this census are-

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own:
- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others, or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—This is the first census of agriculture in which the classification by type of organization has been used. The classifications used are—

- a. Individual or family farms, excluding partnership and corporation,
- b. Partnership,
- Corporation, including family owned— With 10 or fewer shareholders, With more than 10 shareholders,
- d. Other-includes estates, trusts, cooperatives.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 on the A1 form. Thus there may be data shown for corporate farms in States where there are regulations affecting the extent to which corporations are permitted to engage in farming operations.

Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization are institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal" and consequently are not included in the tabulations for class 1-5 farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm. Detailed data by size of farm are presented for class 1-5 farms in State table 26. The same classification was used for all States. According to definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of a landlord who has assigned land to other tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm even though the landlord may consider the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by economic class—Data from the 1969 census are reported for "All farms" and for "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over (economic classes 1 to 5)."

In the 1964 and earlier censuses a classification called "commercial farms" was used which included the first six economic classes; this grouping is not comparable to the "class 1-5" grouping used in the 1969 report.

To help bridge this gap, State table 9 shows data for the "class 1-6" group, in addition to data for all farms, class 6 farms, part time, part retirement, and abnormal farms.

The economic classes used in this report are defined as follows:

| Class 1 \$40,000 or more of farm product sales |
|---|
| Class 1a ' \$100,000 or more of farm product sales |
| Class 1b \$40,000 to \$99,999 of farm product sales |
| Class 2 \$20,000 to \$39,999 of farm product sales |
| Class 3 \$10,000 to \$19,999 of farm product sales |
| Class 4 \$5,000 to \$9,999 of farm product sales |
| Class 5 \$2,500 to \$4,999 of farm product sales or having a value of products sold of less than \$2,500 provided they had the acreage or livestock operations which normally would have had sales in excess of \$2,500. These would include new farm operations, farms having crop failure, and farms with large inventories and small 1969 sales. For a count |

Class 6 \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

table 22.

of these farms, see county table 13 or State

Part time \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part retirement. . \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years old or over.

Abnormal Includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

Large-scale farms—Farms with a value of farm products sold of \$100,000 or more (class 1a) have been designated as large-scale farms. Data for these farms classified by type of farm are presented in State table 30.

Change in the classification of farms by economic classes—The above definitions of economic classes apply to the 1964 census as well as to 1969. There was a change from 1959 to 1964 which affected only class 6 and part-time farms. Discussion of this change can be found on page A14 of appendix A of volume I of the 1964 census. In 1959, a farm was classified as class 6 if it had a value of sales of \$50 to \$2,499, the operator was under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year, and the income from sources other than the farm operated did not exceed the value of farm products sold. Other conditions being the same, if the income from other sources exceeded the value of farm products sold, the farm was classified as part-time.

Farms by type—The type of farm represents a description of the major source of income from farm sales. To be classified as a particular type, a farm must have sales of a particular product or group of products amounting in value to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold during the year.

The count of farms by type is shown in State table 9, for all farms, for several groups of farms with sales of less than \$2,500, and for abnormal farms. It is shown by county for class 1-5 farms in chapter 3 of section 1 of this volume.

Type-of-farm breakdowns are reported in detail for class 1-5 farms in State tables 28 and 29.

The types of farms, together with the products (value of sales reported representing 50 percent or more of total value of all farm products sold during the year) on which type classification is based, are as follows:

Cash-grain—Corn, sorghums, small grains, soybeans for beans, cowpeas for peas, dry field and seed beans and peas.

Tobacco-Tobacco.

Cotton-Cotton and cottonseed.

Other field crop—Peanuts, potatoes (Irish and sweet), sugarcane for sugar or sirup, sweet sorghums for sirup, broomcorn, popcorn, sugar beets, mint, hops, sugar beet seed, and pineapples.

Vegetable-Vegetables.

Fruit and nut-Berries, other small fruits, tree fruits, grapes, nuts, and coffee.

Poultry—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, and other poultry products.

Dairy—Dairy products—milk, cream, etc. The criterion of 50 percent of total sales was modified in the case of dairy farms. A farm having value of sales of dairy products amounting to less than 50 percent of the total value of farm products sold was classified as a dairy farm, if—

- a. Dairy products sold accounted for more than 30 percent of the total value of products sold, and
- Milk cows represented 50 percent or more of total cows, and
- c. The value of dairy products sold plus the value of cattle and calves sold amounted to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold.

Livestock other than dairy and poultry—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, wool, and mohair except for farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska that qualified as livestock ranches.

Livestock ranches—Farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska were classified as livestock ranches if the sales of livestock, wool, and mohair represented 50 percent or more of the total value of farm products sold, and if pastureland or grazing land amounted to 100 acres or more and was 10 times or more the acreage of cropland harvested.

General—Field seed crops, hay, grass, and silage. A farm was also classified as general if it had cash income from three or more sources and did not meet the criteria for any other type.

Miscellaneous—Nursery and greenhouse products, forest products, mules, horses, colts, ponies, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold. Also all institutional farms and Indian reservations.

Stability in the classification of farms by type of farm—The type of farm classification for the 1964 census was the same as in 1969. Only one minor change was made from 1959 to 1964. In the 1959 listing of miscellaneous farms, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold were not listed as a part of this group.

Detailed comparative data for farms classified by type of farmfor 1959 may be obtained from State table 18 of volume I of the reports for the 1959 Census of Agriculture.

9. DATA BASED ON REPORTS FOR A SAMPLE OF FARMS

Published data for all farms combine the data for the 50-percent sample of small farms, weighted by "2," with the data for larger farms. Small farms are generally those with a total value of farm products sold in the year of less than \$2,500. In addition to economic class 6, they include those farms classified as part time and part retirement.

Farms orginally defined as "small" by the mailing list sources, but reporting a total value of farm products sold in 1969 of \$10,000 and over, were tabulated with a weight of "1."

For Connecticut, about 24 percent of the total farms were subjected to sampling. By final census classification, about 64 percent of the small farms, as defined above, were subjected to sampling.

For economic classes 4 and 5, the percentages subject to sampling were 9 and 6 percent, respectively. The remaining farms in these economic classes as well as all farms in economic classes 1, 2, and 3 were selected with certainty.

The proportion of total value of farm products sold from farms which were represented in the census by the sample was less than 1 percent.

All of the published data are subject to sampling and/or nonsampling error. Sampling errors, in general, do not significantly affect totals since a very large proportion of the data were reported for economic classes 1 to 3 farms, for which there is no sampling error.

Nonsampling errors, resulting from incomplete coverage, response errors, processing errors, and other sources are discussed in section 10.

The sampling error for any published estimate can be approximated through the use of tables A, B, and C.

Table A indicates a "level" of sampling error for the number of farms reporting an item, and for magnitude items in broad categories for State and county tables. This table is used to determine sampling errors for State estimates.

Table B classifies each county within the State as having "high," "medium," or "low" sampling errors, for the county as a whole and for small farms within the county. This table must be consulted first to determine sampling errors for county estimates.

Table C presents the relative standard errors for estimated totals by number of farms reporting the item, according to the levels determined from tables A and B.

Table C shows percentage limits such that the chances are 68 out of 100 that the difference between an estimate based wholly or in part on a sample of farms and the figure that would have been obtained if the information had been collected and tabulated for all farms would be no more than the percentage specified. The chances are about 99 out of 100 that the difference would be less than 2 1/2 times the percentage given in table C. The percentage given in table C takes into account the fact that data for the items listed were collected for all farms with a value of farm products sold of \$10,000 or more.

The use of the tables may be illustrated by the following example: In a hypothetical State, 1,900 farms reported 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain on 62,100 acres. Table A shows that, for the State, measures for cropland harvested and for bushels of corn harvested have sampling reliability at level "1."

Since table C for our hypothetical State doesn't show a value for 1,900 farms reporting, we use straight-line interpolation to obtain a relative standard error of 7/10 percent. The standard error of the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels is then about 36,000 bushels. For the number of acres of corn harvested, the standard error is about 435 acres for an estimate of 62,100 acres. The number of farms reporting corn harvested is also a sample estimate, and its level from table A ("Farms having the item") is level "2," so that the standard error on an estimate of 1,900 farms is about 9/10 percent (using the line for 2,000 farms) or 17 farms.

At the 99-percent confidence level, the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain may have an error of as much as 90,000 bushels (2 1/2 times 36,000) which means that the production determined in a complete census would most likely be between 4,978,000 and 5,158,000 bushels. For the number of farms reporting corn harvested, the 99-percent level corresponds to an estimate with a standard error of 42 farms, so that the number of farms actually having corn harvested is probably between 1,858 and 1,942.

Table A. Level of Sampling Reliability of State and County Totals for Selected Items

| | _ | | State | tables | S | | 1 | | | Count | ty tables | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | | E | conom | c class |) | Т | otal farms | _ | S | inall farms | |
| | Total farms | Small farms | 4_ | <u>5</u> | 6 | Part time | Part retire- ment | High | Medium | Low | High | Medium | Low |
| Farms having the itemall farms large farms | 2 | 4 - | 1 - | 1 - | 4 | 4 - | 4 | 3 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 - | 3 | 2 |
| Land in farms | 1 1 1 | 5 6 5 | 1 3 1 | 3 2 2 | 5 6 5 | 5 6 5 | 6 6 | 5 6 5 | 4 5 4 | 3 4 3 | 6 6 6 | 5 5 5 | 4 4 |
| Cropland | 1 1 1 | 6 5 | 1 1 1 | 2 2 3 | 5 5 6 | 5 5 6 | 6 5 | 5 5 | 4 4 4 | 3 3 | 6 5 6 | 5 4 5 | 4 3 4 |
| Irrigated landacres | 1 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| Total value of products solddollars Cropsdollars Forest productsdollars | 1 1 1 | 5 5 5 | 1 1 1 | 1 1 2 | 5 5 5 | 5 5 6 | 5 5 5 | 5 5 | 4 4 5 | 3 3 4 | 5 5 | 4 4 5 | 3 |
| Livestock productsdollars | 1 | 5 | î | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| Farm production expensesdollars Commercial feed,dollars | 1 1 1 | 5 5 | 2 | 2 | 5 5 5 | 5 5 | 5 5 | 5 5 | 4 | 3 | 5 5 | 4 | 3 3 |
| Commercial fertilizerdollars Fueldollars Hired labordollars | 1 | 5 5 6 | 2 1 2 | 3 2 3 | 5 5 5 | 6 5 6 | 6 6 | 6 5 6 | 5 4 5 | 4 3 4 | 6 6 | 5 5 5 | 4 4 4 |
| Machinery and equipmentnumber Estimated market valuedollars | 1 | 4 5 | 1 | 1 2 | 4 6 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 3 4 | 2 3 | 4 | 3 5 | 2 4 |
| Livestock: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cattle and calvesnumber Hogs and pigsnumber Poultrynumber | 1 1 1 | 5 6 5 | 1 1 2 | 1 2 2 | 5 6 6 | 5 6 5 | 6 5 5 | 4 6 6 | 3 5 5 | 2 4 4 | 5 6 6 | 4 5 5 | 3 ·1 4 |
| Crops harvested: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corn bushels Hay bushels bushels bushels | 1 | 4 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 5 4 | 4 3 | 3 2 | 5 5 | 4 | 3 3 3 |
| Haybushels Vegetablesbushels | 1 | 5 | 1 1 | 1 | 5 5 | 5 5 | 5 5 | 4 7 | 3 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | |

Table B. Classification of Counties Into Sampling-Error Category

| | All farms | | 1 | Small farms | |
|------|---|----------------------|---|-------------|-----|
| High | Medium | Low | High | Medium | Low |
| | Fairfield Hartford Litchfield New Haven New London Windham | Middlesex Tolland | Fairfield Hartford Litchfield Middlesex New Haven New London Tolland Windham | | |

Table C. Sampling Reliability Based on Number of Farms in Sample and Level of Reliability

| | | | | Relative s | tandard error (perce | ent) | | | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Level 6 | Level 7 | Level 8 | Level 9 |
| Number of farms for item: | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 farms | 10 | 13 | 18 | 24 | 32 | 43 | 56 | 75 | 100 |
| 20 farms | 7.1 | 9.0 | 13 | 17 | 22 | 30 | 40 | 53 | 71 |
| 50 farms | 4.5 | 6.0 | 8.0 | 11 | 14 | 19 | 25 | 33 | 45 |
| 100 farms | 3.2 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 7.5 | 10 | 13 | 18 | 24 | 32 |
| 200 farms | 2.2 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 7.1 | 9.0 | 13 | 17 | 22 |
| 500 farms | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 3,4 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 8.0 | 11 | 14 |
| 1,000 farms | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 7.5 | 10 |
| 2,000 farms | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 7.1 |
| 5,000 farms | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 4.5 |
| 10,000 farms | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.2 |
| 20,000 farms | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| 50,000 farms | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.4 |

10. NONSAMPLING ERRORS IN THE REPORT

Errors from causes other than those related to sampling are present in any census or survey. These can arise from a variety of reasons, such as inability to obtain any response from some farmers on the mailing list, incorrect reporting, processing errors, etc.

One source of nonsampling error is present in the failure of some respondents to provide all the information requested. Special studies using a small national sample indicate that, on questions such as total value of farm products sold, the nonresponse rate may be of the order of 12 percent. It is usually possible to develop a figure for value of sales based on other entries such as production of crops, livestock sold, etc., but the figure so produced may not be as reliable as a direct report from the farmer.

There is considerable undercoverage of small farms, due to the fact that a large number of these were either not included or not identified as associated with agricultural operations in any of the administrative records and consequently were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some farms were on the mailing list more than once, and while duplication was eliminated to a very large extent in the processing, some duplication remains, particularly for new farms or farms whose ownership status changed during the period when the list was being developed.

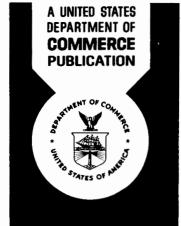
The total error of the census is a combination of the sampling and nonsampling errors. When the sampling errors are small, as in the case of economic classes 1 to 3 which have no sampling error, or for the whole State, for most counties, and for most magnitude items, the nonsampling error is usually the larger part of the total error.

11. AVAILABILITY OF DATA FOR AREAS OTHER THAN COUNTIES AND STATES

This report presents data only for the State and for counties within the State.

Summary data for the United States, regions, divisions, and States will be shown in volume II.

Unpublished tabulations of some of the data in State tables 24 through 29 can be obtained for State parts of 99 agricultural subregions to which the counties in the conterminous States have been allocated. A charge will be made for the cost of review for consistency and disclosure of data for individual farms. Information regarding the availability of unpublished data may be obtained by writing to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.



1969 Census of Agriculture

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

COUNTY REPORT TEXT

PLEASE KEEP THIS SHEET. It provides background information, definitions, and explanations including those for the "see text" notes in the tables.

Individual County Reports

Separate eight-page reports are published for all counties in the United States with 10 farms or more. Data are reported for the year 1969, with inventory (on place) figures as of December 31, 1969. Comparable figures from the 1964 census are also reported.

Information covering all farms in the county is presented in the first eight tables.

Information covering farms with sales of farm products in 1969 amounting to \$2,500 or more (economic classes 1 to 5) is reported in substantially greater detail in tables 9 through 26.

The same format is used for every county and State; the crop and livestock items reported in these tables are those which are relatively important in a majority of the counties in the United States.

County Data for Miscellaneous Crop and Livestock Items

Data for additional crop and livestock items, not common to a large number of counties, are reported in a separate set of county tables for each State.

State Reports (Volume I)

State totals of the data in the county reports are published for each State.

In addition, data for each State are shown in a separate report consisting of one book or more. Chapter 1 of section 1 presents findings at the State level in much more detail than is published at the county level.

County data appear in the State reports as follows:

- A limited amount of county data are reported in summary form in chapter 2 of section 1. These tables list the counties in alphabetical order and report selected items for each.
- The county data for miscellaneous crop and livestock items and the number of farms by "type of farm" for all class 1-5 farms are reported in chapter 3 of section 1.
- A complete set of county reports makes up section 2.

How the 1969 Census of Agriculture Was Taken

The Mailing List—During the last week of December 1969, the 1969 Census of Agriculture forms were mailed to a list representing, as nearly as possible, all persons and firms associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. The list included land owners, tenants, renters, sharecroppers, and hired managers, but excluded hired farm laborers.

The mailing list was assembled from various administrative records including names and addresses from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, and the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

The final list was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists. Additional duplicates not identified in this process were removed during data processing. Coverage is more fully discussed in the text for volume I.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution—A standard 12-page form was sent to all operators expected to have 1969 sales of all agricultural products of \$2,500 and over.

A four-page form went to a 50 percent sample of the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. Data in the "All Farms" tables are, consequently, subject to a small sampling variation. Tables of sampling variation will be included in volume 1.

Followup Procedures—A series of followup letters brought response to well over the 90 percent level by July 1, 1970. At this point, field followup enumeration was conducted in 370 counties having low response rates to complete the collection of data for those counties.

To insure receiving reports from all large operations, telephone and field followup was started early in March. This work was continued until reports were obtained.

Standard statistical procedures were used, when possible, to deal with inconsistencies or inadequate information in filled-out forms, including any short forms reporting sales of \$2,500 or more. When these methods were not adequate, letters and phone calls were used to secure the needed information.

A more detailed description of procedures and definitions will appear in volume I.

Comparability of Data

This is the first census of agriculture conducted primarily by mail. The mailings were made just before January 1, 1970, and the information collected was intended to cover the full year, 1969. The data collection phase lasted through September 1970.

Prior censuses were taken by enumerators; the field work for 1964 was largely completed in November and December of the census year.

These two differences (use of mail and timing) affect the comparability of data from the 1969 census with data from earlier censuses. In a number of tables, 1969 inventory figures are shown; respondents were asked to report these as of December 31, 1969. Where similar figures from the 1964 census are shown, they are as of the time of enumeration.

"Farms," defined in the 1969 census exactly as in 1964, are places on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time during the census year under the control of an individual management. Places of less than 10 acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$250. Places of 10 or more acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$50.

Farms in the top five economic classes (separately reported in tables 9 through 26) are those for which the sales of farm products in 1969 amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$2,500. Abnormal farms are excluded.

Abbreviations and Symbols

The following abbreviations and symbols may occur in the tables.

- X Not applicable.
- NA Not available.
- Z Reported in small fractions.
- Data withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms.

The "See Text" References in the Tables

Table 1. "All other cropland" includes cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 3 for Southern States. For 1964, the data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include all nonwhite operators.

Table 4. "Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlord's and contractor's shares.

Table 5. "Farm production expenses, total" for 1964 is the sum of specified expenditures and does not include those listed as "NA" in the table.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth-control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year, including any of these materials paid for by landlords, contractors, and custom operators.

Table 7. 1964 figures on sales of broilers are based on a question which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8. "Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9. "All other land" includes house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 13. "Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 26, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14. "Farm production expenses, total" and "Other agricultural chemicals." See notes for table 5.

In 1964, contract labor was included with machine hire and customwork.

Table 16. See note for table 7.

Table 20. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 24. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

TORN 69-A1-14

U & DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Response to this inquiry is required by law (1 tile 1), U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sween Census employees and may be used only for attainanced purposes. The law also provides that copies returned in your files are unnoted from legal process.

CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE - 1969

Please mention the Congus File Humber (the ten-digit number in the upper left corner

Please read

Please answer the questions on this form and return it in the enclosed envelope as soon as you can, preferably not later than February 15, 1970.

Only one report is required for your agricultural operations. If more then one report is received, please write "Esta Copy" across the top of the first page of each additional report and return it along with the report you complete. Please give the best answers you can Make an estimate if you do not have the actual number. The enclosed leaflet illustrates how to enter your answers and contains helpful information about the questions. Please read the Leafler Introduction, then use the leaflet, as needed, while you are completcorrect any error in name and address including ZIP code ing your report CENSUS USE ONLY DIG 011 012 013 Section 1 - ACREAGE in 1969, OBBERSHIP, and LARD VALUE
If there into any change in acreage operated during 1969, see Leatlet, section 1, part A. Your estimate of the correct market value of these acres and the buildings on the CENTS NOT REQUIRED A Dellare Cents 200 ... Land rented or leased from others — Incitate land worked on shares, leaved Federal, State, and rational land, and land used rest tree. (Do not include land used on a per-kead basis under a grantey permit.) 019 3. Land sensed or leaved to others - Include land subleased and land worked 210 These are the ACRES in Tatal acres - Please ADD acres awned (Hem 1) to acres rented (Hem 2), the SUBTRACT acres rented to others (Hem 3), and eather your answer in this spe for this consus report 5. How many scree in THIS PLACE were diverted under soil bank or other Federal progresse such as those for feed grains, wheat, etc.? 6. Yere there any mel estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on any part of the land and buildings you own? 1 Yes 2 No How many persons tented or leased land from you in 1969? - Include those
 uniting land on wheres. Persons 8. How many acres of the land you zented or leased from others (item 2) did you subtent or sublease to others? - Include land rested or leased by you which was worked on showed by others. Please read ... If you rented land from others (item 2), give the following information by type of land ownership. You may be able to skip most of this form if a. All the land you own or rent is cented to someone else 2001 of town b. There were no crops or livestock in 1969 on the land reported in item 4 ok with X oil boxes which an Ownership of land you rented from others (Account for all across reported in tem 2) 7 Before continuing please read "SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THIS FORW" in Leaflet, Section 1, Part C. ** Section 2 - LOCATION of agricultural activity in 1969 e. Individuale, partner-ships, estates . . . Are alt of your agricultural operations located in the county shown in the upper right corner of the address label? Trite came and acres for principal county on the first line;
Yes
Go to principal county on the first line;
Yes
Go to principal county on the first line;
Ifm 2
tone of tourly
Final
tone of tourly

Tournel
To b. Corporations - tactude religion tend No - Complete this tree e. State lands - achool lands, etc. d. Indian Isada – tribai or reservation, e. Pedaral lands - tacks teamed acreage of Taylor Grazing lands (See Leaflet) Total acres (Hust equal scres in ... I Ves 2. Location within county of your principal agricultural operations. Township, district, procinct, etc. - See Leaflet, section 2.

| Section 3 - Land USI | E in 1969 | |
|--|--|--|
| | The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in this place among items 1 through 4. Please read Leaflel, section 3, before answering item 1a. | 45-400-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-0 |
| Reminder: If the same land | 1. Cropland a. Cropland harvested — Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products | 041 Acres |
| was used for two or more purposes, report that land | b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing | 042 Acres |
| only once — in the first item | c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured | Acres |
| that applies. | d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here tand in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 1a.) | O44 Acres |
| | e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow | Acres |
| | f. Cropland idle | Acres |
| | 2. Woodland — Include here all woodlots and timber tructs and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth. a. Woodland pastured | 047 |
| Please check: | b. Woodland not pastured | O48 Acres |
| If the acres for item 5 do not agree with the acres | 3. Other pasture and and range land - Include here any pasture other than cropland and woodland pasture. a. Pasture land and range land improved by liming, fertilizing, seeding, irrigating draining, or controlling weeds and brush | 049 Acres |
| shown in section 1, item 4, | b. Pastureland and rangeland not improved | OSO Acres |
| please read Leaflet, section 3, and check your | 4. All other land - Include here any land not reported above. a. Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. | 051 Acres 052 |
| entries. | 5. Total acres in this place — Please add the ucres in items 1 through 4 and enter the total in this space | Total ocres |
| Section 4 – Hes any | LAND in this place been IRRIGATED at any time during the 5 years since January 1, 1965? | 4 |
| 053 1 | omplete this section | • |
| 2 No - Go to | Land irrigated in 1969 None 1. How many acres of land in this place were irrigated at any time in 1969? | 054 Acres |
| Section 5 | 2. How many acres of - a. Cropland harvested (reported in section 8, item ta) were irrigated? | 055 Acres |
| | b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (reported in section 3, item 1b) were irrigated? | 056 Acres |
| | c. Other pastureland (reported in section 3, them 3a) were irrigated? | Acres 058 |
| · | d. Any other lands were intigated? - Specify land use | Acres |
| | Method of irrigation in 1969 3. How many acres were irrigated in 1969 by each of the following methods — (If more than one method was used on the same field the total of these acres will be greater than tiem 1 above.) | ose |
| | a. Sprinklers? | Acres 060 |
| | b. Furrows or ditches? | Acres 061 Acres |
| | d. Subirrigation? (Water applied below ground swiface, or artificial control of ground water) | 062 Acres |
| er. | Source of water in 1969 | |
| • | 4. What percent of irrigation water used in 1969 was - (Please be sufe the total percentages reported in questions a through c equal 100%. For other plays of estimating quantity of water, see Leaflet, section 4.) a. From a well of spring on this place? | 068 Percent |
| | b. From a surface supply not controlled by a water supply organization (stream, drainage dirch, lake, pond, or reservoir on or adjacent to this place)? | 064 Pergent |
| : : | e. From water suppliers? (Mutual, private, cooperative or metablorhood disches, virigation district, commercial company, municipal or community water system, or another larm) | 065 Percent |
| | Give name and address of each water supplier. (Use "Remarks." page 12 if more space is needed.) | |
| | 1. 2. | |
| · | | |
| | Estimated quantity of water used in 1969 | |
| | 5. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1969 (Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you. See Leaflet, section 1.) 5. Acre-feet (One acre-foot vovers one acre, one loof deep) | Acre-feet Tenths |
| | | 067 Gd7/6/s |
| The second secon | b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X fit intrutes X hours operated in season). c. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give both inches applied and acres covered. (1) Depth applied. | 000 000 Inches |
| , | (2) Area covered | 089 Acres |

FORM 69-A1(34) (8-9-69)

| 070 1. 🗀 Yes — Co | mplete this section | | | : 1 | Acre | es artific | ially drois | hen |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|
| 2 No - | Please estimate the acres drained by each of the follo do not include the same acreage as drained by more th | | | | Total | | By syst | ems installed |
| Go to Section 6 | 1. A farm system which is independent of an organize | đ | | 971 | | | 072 | |
| | 2. A farm system which drains into the system of an o | | | 073 | · | | 074 | |
| | drainage district or other public agency | ge | | 075 | | | 076 | |
| | commercial FERTILIZER applied on PASTURELAND in 196 include land from which crops were hardested or hay c | 9? | | | * | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | plete this section | , | | | | | | |
| | | | Acre | | Dry | L SUSTIN | er used | uíd ar gas |
| No - | | | fectilis | red | Whole tons | Tenths | Whole t | |
| Go to Section 7 | 1. Cropland used only for pasture (reported in | | 077 | 07 | 18 | 10 | 079 | 1 |
| | section 3, item 1b) fertilized | | 080 | OE | 11 | . / | 082 | 1 |
| iection 7 – Was COI | NTOUR PLANTING, STRIPCROPPING, or TERRACING in us | se on this p | lace in 1969 | | | 1 10 | | 11 |
| Yes - Con | plete this section | | | | | 083 | | |
| _No - | 1. Grain or row crops farmed on the contour | | | | | | | Acre |
| Go to Section 8 | 2. Striperopping systems to control erosion | | ! | : . | • • • • • • • | 085 | | Acre |
| | 3. Cropland and pastureland having terraces | | | | | | IIn ian J C | Acre |
| Please nead | crops such as small grains, bay crops, vege crops in a section, you can mark (X) the 'N, only whole acres and whole units of production 8-23," provides additional information and at | tables, etc o'' box for on except v | c., are grow the first quite space | uped in se uestion ar e is provid | ctions. If d skip to the led for repor | you did ne next s rting ten | not harve | est any of th Please repo |
| Section 8 - Was any | FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1 | 969? | | | | | | |
| Yes - Con | i vita di la casa di l | | | | | | | |
| | milete this section | | | | | | | |
| | plate this section | | res | ·Qu | antity harves | ted | 1 . | Acres |
| □ No - Go 10 | | Ac harve | ested | -Qui | | | 089 | Acres irrigated |
| | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight | horve | ested | | Bu: | sheis | 089 | |
| Go to | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested | horve | ested | 087 | Hu: | shels ndredwei | 089 ght 092 | |
| Go to | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or greed (Do not include here acres already reported) | 086 | ested | 087 088 | Hu: | shels ndredwei | 089 ght 092 | |
| Go to | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or | 086 086 | ested | 087 088 | Hu: | shels ndredwei | 089 ght 092 | |
| Go to | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or greed (Do not include here acres already reported) | 086 086 | Acre | 087 | Hu: | shels ndredwei ns, en weigh | 089 ght 092 t 094 er used | |
| Go to | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) | 086 086 | ested | 087 088 ° | Hu Too gre | shels ndredwei ns, en weigh | 089 ght 092 t 094 er used | uid or gas |
| Go to Section 9 | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or greed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.). | 086 090 093 | Acre fortiliz | 087 088 ° | Hu To gre Dry Whole tons | shels ndredweins, ns, sen weigh Fertiliz , Tenths | OB9 OB9 OB4 OB4 Liqu Whole | uid or gas |
| Go to Section 9 Section 9 — Were any Do not 1 | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field com for silage 3. Field com cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grezed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.). 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn. SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 195 epoint sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) | 086 090 093 | Acre fortiliz | 087 088 ° | Hu To gre Dry Whole tons | shels ndredweins, ns, sen weigh Fertiliz , Tenths | OB9 OB9 OB4 OB4 Liqu Whole | uid or gas |
| Go to Section 9 Section 9 — Were any Do not 1 | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field com for silage 3. Field com cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn. SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 | 096 090 093 97 (Includ | Acre fortiliz | 088 ° 088 ° 081 ° | Hu To gre Dry Whole tons | shels ndredwein ns, sen weigh Fertiliz Tenths | OBS | uid or gas tons j Tenth |
| Go to Section 9 Were any Do not: Yes - Con | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn | 096 090 093 97 (Includ | Acreferrilia 095 e both grai | 087 088 ° 091 091 06 06 06 06 06 099 | Bu. Hu Togre Dry Whole tons et varieties | shels ndredwein ns, sen weigh Fertiliz Tenths | OBS | uid or gas tons i Tenth |
| Go to Section 9 Section 9 Were any Do not 1 Yes - Con | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn | 090 093 97 (Includ | Acre ferriliz | 088 ° 088 ° 081 ° | Dry Whole tons et varieties antity harves | ndredweinnen weighen weigh | OBS OBS OSS OSS OSS OSS OSS OSS | uid or gas tons j Tenth |
| Go to Section 9 Were any Do not: Yes - Con | i. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn. SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels | 096 090 093 9? (Includ Acharvi 098 | Acre ferriliz | 088 ° 091 | Bu. Hu Too gre Dry Whole tons to antity harves B | rentilizing ted | OBS | uid or gas tons j Tenth |
| Go to Section 9 Were any Do not Yes - Con | 1. Field com for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn. 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.). 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn. SORCHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 195 report sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or pounds. | 096 090 093 97 (Includ Acharve 098 | Acre ferriliz | 088 ° 088 ° 081 ° | Bu. Hu Togre Dry Whole tons et varieties Antity harves | retilizione de la constanta de | 089 094 092 er used Liqu Whole 097 | uid or gas tons j Tenth |
| Go to Section 9 Were any Do not: Yes - Con | 1. Field com for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn 2. Field com for silage 3. Field com cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 2. Sorghums for silage | 096 090 093 9? (Includ Acharvi 098 | Acre ferriliz | 088 ° 091 | Bu. Hu Togre Dry Whole tons et varieties Antity harves | Fertiliz Tenths oushels ounds ons, reen weis | 089 092 094 094 er used Liqu Whole 097 | uid or gas tons j Tenth |
| Go to Section 9 Were any Do not Yes - Con | 1. Field com for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 195 epoirt sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here | 096 090 093 97 (Includ Acharve 098 | Acre ferriliz | 088 ° 091 | Bu. Hu Togre Dry Whole tons et varieties Antity harves | Fertiliz Tenths ted counds cons, creen weight | 089 094 092 er used Liqu Whole 097 | uid or gas tons j Tenth |
| Section 9 - Were any Do not 1. | 1. Field com for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 195 epoirt sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here | 096 090 093 97 (Includ Acharve 098 | Acrefertiliz | 088 ° 091 | Bu. Hu Togre Dry Whole tons et varieties Antity harves | Fertiliz Tenths ted counds cons, creen weight | oes os | uid or gas tons j Tenth |
| Section 9 - Were any Do not 1. | 1. Field com for grain — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 195 epoirt sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here | 096 090 093 97 (Includ Acharve 098 | Acre ferriliz | 088 ° 088 ° 091 ° 091 ° 099 ° | Bu. Hu To gre gre gre Whole tons be et varieties antity harves | Fertiliz Tenths ted counds cons, creen weight | oes os | aid or gas tons , Tenth Acres irrigated |

Section 10 - Were any SMALL, GRAINS harvested for grain from this place in 1969?

| - | nplete this section | | 1 | ľ | 1 | Commercia | al fertilize | rused | |
|---------------------|--|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|-------------|
|] No - | | Acres harvested | Quantity harves ted | Acres irrigated | Acres | Di | y | Liqu | vid jas |
| Go to Section 11 | | 113 | 110.703102 | migares | fertilized | Whole tons | Tenths | Whole tons | Tenths |
| | 1. Winter wheat | 113 | 1 Bushels | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 1 10 |
| | 2. Spring wheat other than durum | 114 | 1 Bushels | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 10 |
| | | 115 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | |
| | 3. Durum wheat | 116 | Bushels 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | | 10 |
| | 4. Oats for grain | 117 | Bushels | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | | 10 |
| | 5. Barley for grain | | Bushels | 1." | | | 10 | <i>,</i> | 10 |
| | 6. Rye for grain | 118 | 1 Bushels | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 10 |
| | 7. Mixed grains | 119 | 1 Bushels | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 10 |
| | 8. Flaxseed | 120 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | - | 10 |
| | | 121 | Bushels 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | 1 |
| | 9. Buckwheat | 122 | Bushels 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | _ | 10 |
| | 10. Proso millet | 123 | Bushels | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | ······································ | 10 |
| | 11. Emmer and spelt | | Bushels | | <u> </u> | <u></u> | 10 | , | 10 |
| | 12. Rice - Report quantity | 124 | 1 100-lb. bags | 4 | 5 | 6 | | 7 | 1 . |
| | harvested in one unit only - either 100-lb. bags, | , | 2 Bushels | 1 | | | | , | |
| | bushels, or barrels | | 3 or | 1 | | | 10 | | 10 |
| | | 125 | Barrels 1 | 4 | 5. | 6 | ' '' | 7 | |
| | 13. Safflower | 126 | Pounds | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | ~ | 10 |
| | 14. Mustard seed | | Pounds | | 1 | | 10 | | 10 |

Section 11 - Were any DRY BEANS, DRY PEAS, or PEANUTS harvested from this place in 1969?

| Yes - Com | plete this section | , | 1 | 1 | 1. | Commercia | ıl fertilize | rused | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|----------|
| No - | , | Acres harvested | Quantity harvested | Acres | Acres | Dry | | Liquid or gas | |
| Go to Section 12 | | ngrvesies | 110/1408/00 | THEIGHT | fortilland | Whole tons | Tenths | 41/ | Tenths |
| | _ | 130 | . 1 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 1 | \$ | 1 |
| | 1. Soybeans for beans | | Bushels | | | | ! 10. | | 10 |
| | • | 131 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | |
| | 2. Peanuts for nuts | | Pounds | 1_ | | L | 1 10 | | 1 10 |
| | 3. Dry field and seed beans | 132 | 1 1,00-lb. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 5 | 10 |
| | 3. Dry Held and seed beans | 133 | bags. | 2 | | | | | J |
| | 4. Dry lima beans | | 100-lb. bags | - | * | " | 10 | 2 | 10 |
| | • | 184 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | ! | 5 | |
| | 5. Dry field and seed peas | | Pounds | i | | | 10. | | 10 |
| | | 135 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 | |
| į | 6. Cowpeas for dry peas | | Bushels | | | | 10 | | 10 |
| | | 196 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | 1 |
| | 7. Velvetbeans for beans | | Bushela | | | | 1 10 | | 10 |
| | | 137 | li | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 5 | <u> </u> |
| | 8. Mungbeans for beans | | Pounds | ď. | | ļ | 10 | ς | 10 |

Section 12 - Was any COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPCORN, BROOMCORN, or MINT FOR Oil harvested from this place in 1969?

| Yes - Com | plate this section | İ. I | | | i . | Commercia | fortiliza | er gand | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| No ~ | | Acres | Quantity | Acres | Acres | Dr | y | Liq | uld jas |
| No - Go to Section 13 | , | harvested | harvested | Irrigated | fertilized | Whole tons | Tenths | Whole tons | Tontha |
| | | 138 1 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 4 | 5 | 1 / |
| | 1. Cotton | | Bules | l | ľ | | 10 | | 10. |
| | | 139 1 | | 3 | 9 | 4 | 1 . | 5 | T |
| 1 | 2. Sugar beets for sugar | | Tons | | į, | * | 10 | , | 10 |
| | | 140 1 | - N | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 | |
| | 3. Sugar beets for seed | | Paunds | ' | 1 | | 10 | | 10 |
| | _ | 141 1 | Pounds, | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 / | 5 | / |
| | 4. Popcom | | ear corn | | 1 | j | 1 10 | | 10 |
| | • | 142 1 | Tons | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 8 | |
| | 5. Broomcorn | l f | Tons of brush | 1 | <u>}</u> ; | | ¦ 10 | | 10: |
| | | 143 | * | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 | i |
| | 6. Mint for oil | | Pounds of all | | | , | ¦ 10 | | 10 |

FORM 69 ATTJ4) (6 9 69)

| | INISH POTATOES, SWEETP | ļ | | | . 1 | | Commer | cial ferti | lizer | ised | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|------------------|---|----------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|---------|
| Yes — Com | plate this section | Acres | Quantity | Acres | | | | Dry | | Liquid | or |
| □ No - Go to | | harvested % | harvested | irrigated | Tenths | Acres fertilized | Tenths | Whole tons | Tenths | ₩hole tons | |
| Section 14 | I. Irish potatoes | 10 | Hundred- weight | 2 | 10 | | . 10 | | 10 | 5 | |
| | 2. Sweetpotatoes | 161 10 | Bushels | 2 | 10 | | 10 | | 10 | 5 | |
| . 1 | 3. Tobacco - all types. | 10 | Pounds | | 10 | | 10 | | 10 | | |
| on 14 – Was an | y HAY or GRASS SILAGE harve | sted from this place | in 1969? | | | | | | | | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section | | | ı | | ı | | | 1 | | |
| □ No Go to | If two or more cuttings wer REPORT ACRES ONLY Of all cuttings. | | | Acre harves | | | Quantit harveste | | | Acres | d |
| Section 15 | 1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtu | ures for hay or deh | ydrating | 170 | | 1 | | Tor dry | 1, | | |
| | 2. Clover, timothy, and mis | xtures of clover and | d grasses for hay | 172 | | 1 | | Tor dry Tor | | | |
| · | 3. Small grain hay | | | 173 | | 1 | | dry Ťor | 5, 2 | | |
| • , | 4. Lespedeza for hay | | | 174 | | 1 | | dry Tor | | | |
| | 5. Coastal Bermuda grass 6. Wild hay | • | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 175 | | 1 | | Ton dry | s, 2 | | |
| | 7. Other hay - Sudan grass soybean, cou pea, peans | s, sorghum-sudan c | | 176 | | 1 | | Tor | 2 | | |
| | 8. Grass silage | .,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | 177 , | - | 1 | · · · · · | Tor gree | | | |
| | 9. Hay crops cut and fed g | reen | | 178 | | 1 | | Tor gre | | | |
| • | | | | 1 | | 1 | | Fertili | zer us | ed | |
| | | | | 1 | Acr | h | Dr | | | iquid or | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | fertil | zed | Whole | , ¦¥ | | Whole | |
| | | | | 170 | | | Whole tons | | 181 | Whole tons | |
| | 10. Commercial fertilizer u | ised on these crops | S | 17: | | | | | 181 | | _ |
| on 15 – Were an | 10. Commercial festilizer u | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | <u></u> | | | tons | Tenths | - | | |
| | y FIELD SEEDS harvested from | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | <u></u> | | | tons | | - | | _ |
| | <u> </u> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | <u></u> | 9 | | tons | 1 11 | - | | |
| Yes - Com No - | ry FIELD SEEDS harvested from | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | on 15.) | 9 | | tons | y ed Pounds, | 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | y FIELD SEEDS harvested from | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | on 15.) | 9 | | tons | y ed Pounds, cleon se | 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | ry FIELD SEEDS harvested from | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | Acre 190 | 9 | | tons | y ed Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se | 2 ed 2 ed | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | 15.) Acre 190 191 191 | 9 | | tons | y ed Pounds, clean se | 2 ed 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed | n this place in 1969? | See Leaflet, section | Acre 190 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, | 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | nn 15.) Acre harve 190 191 192 193 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se Pounds, | 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | Acreharve 190 191 192 193 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se | 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | Acre 190 191 192 193 194 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se Pounds, | 2 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | Acreharve 190 191 192 193 194 195 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se Pounds | 2 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | Acreharve 190 191 192 193 194 195 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se Pounds, clean se | 2 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? | (See Leaflet, section | Acreharve 190 191 192 193 194 195 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se Pounds | 2 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? | om list below. | Acreharve 190 191 192 193 194 195 | 9 | | tons | Pounds, clean se | 2 ed | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? | om list below. No. | Acres 190 191 192 193 194 195 | 9 | 1 | Quantitharvest | y sd Pounds, clean se | 2 ed | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? Her name and No. fr | om list below. No. No. | Acres 190 191 192 193 194 195 | 9 essisted | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Quantiti harvest | Pounds, clean se | 2 ed | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? Ver name and No. fr No. Name 197 White clover: | om list below. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. | Acres 190 191 192 193 194 195 | es sted | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Quantitharvest | y sd Pounds, clean se | 2 2 ed 2 | Acres | |
| Yes - Com | 1. Red clover seed | n this place in 1969? Ver name and No. fr No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings. | Om list below. No. No. No. No. 204 K | 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Iame | es sted | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Quantitharvest | Pounds, clean se | 2 2 ed 2 | Acres irrigate | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings Red | Om list below. No. No. No. 204 K 1. 205 L 206 R | Acres 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Imme centucky blu other than hupine seed dedop seed | egrass Merion | No. seed 210 211 212 | Name Vetci thas Whee | Pounds, clean se the seed, on heiry | 2 ed | Acres irrigote | lo |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings. 200 Red | Om list below. No. No. No. 204 K 205 L and also) | Acre harve 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 198 198 199 198 198 199 198 199 198 199 199 | egrass derion | No. seed 210 211 212 213 | Name Vetci that Whee All c | Pounds, clean se pounds | 2 ed | Acres irrigate | 100 |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings 200 Red 201 Other | No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 Rand alta). 207 Rcky | Acre harve 190 191 192 193 194 196 196 Lentucky blu other than hupine seed deltop seed del | egrass Merion | No. Seed 210 211 212 213 214 | Name Vetci thai Whee All c | Pounds, clean se the seed, on heiry | 2 ed | Acresirrigate N2 | 100 |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings 200 Red 201 Other | No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 Rand alta). 207 Rcky | Acre harve 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 198 198 199 198 198 199 198 199 198 199 199 | egrass Merion | No. Seed 210 211 212 213 214 | Name Vetci thai Whee All c | Pounds, clean se to the seed, on hairy tgrass so ther seed the seed, on hairy tgrass so the seed, on hairy tgrass so the seed, on hairy | ed 2 | Acresirrigote N22 grass, obove | lo |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings 200 Red 201 Other | No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 Rand alta). 207 Rcky | Acre harve 190 191 192 193 194 196 196 Lentucky blu other than hupine seed deltop seed del | egrass Merion | No. Seed 210 211 212 213 214 | Name Vetci thas When All c | Pounds, clean se tiean se Pounds, clean | 2 ed | Acres irrigots N 2 2 2 2 2 2 | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings 200 Red 201 Other | No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 Rand alta). 207 Rcky | Acre harve 190 191 192 193 194 196 196 Lentucky blu other than hupine seed deltop seed del | egrass Merion | No. seed 210 211 212 213 214 215 | Name Vetci thai Whee All o | Pounds, clean se Pounds | 2 ed | Acresirrigate N | lo citi |
| Yes - Com | plete this section 1. Red clover seed | No. Name 197 White clover: 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings 200 Red 201 Other | No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 Rand alta). 207 Rcky | Acre harve 190 191 192 193 194 196 196 Lentucky blu other than hupine seed deltop seed del | egrass derion | No. seed 210 211 212 213 214 215 | Name Vetci thas When All c | Pounds, clean se tigrass set ther seed, on hairy t tgrass set ther seed, on hairy T tgrass set | 2 ed | Acres irrigots N 2 2 2 2 2 2 | |

| (100 πο | t include abandoned trees or plantings. S | ee Leaflet, se | ction 16. | | | in 1969? |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| | plete this section | Acres in | | 4 | Camin | ercial festilizationen. Dry Libertorgae |
| No - Go to Section 20. | | Trees and kines of all ages | | Acres rrigoted £ | Acres | Whole # Whole tons |
| on page 7 | I. Land in bearing and nonbearing from orchards, citrus or office groves, vineyards, and nut trees | 290 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| ection 17 - Were th | ere any NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES or GRAP | EVINES on this | | 9697 | | |
| Yes - Com | lete this section | | Traes | or vines of all ag | | |
| Ì | | Acres | Tenths | Number not of bearing age | Number of bearing age | Quality harvested |
| □No - Go to | 1. Apples | 240 | 1 10 | 1. | 2 | 3 Pour |
| Section 18 | 2. Peaches, clingstone | 241 | 1 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pount |
| | 3. Peaches, freestone | 242 | 1 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Paune |
| | 4. Pears, Bartlete | 243 | 1 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pound |
| | 5. Pears, other than Bartlett | 244 | 1 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pouns |
| | 6. Cherries, tart | 245 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Poun |
| | 7. Cherries, sweet | 246 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pound |
| į | 8. Avocados (See Leaflet, section 17) | 247 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pouni |
| | 9. Dates | 248 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pound |
| | 10. Grapes, American type | 249 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pount |
| | 11. Grapes, European type o. Raisin varieties - Report quantity | 250 | 1 | i | 2 | 3 Tens, |
| | harvested in one unit only - either tons fresh or tons dry | | 10 | | | 4 or Tons |
| | b. Table varieties | 251 | 10 | T | 2 | 3 10 Tons |
| | c. Wine varieties | 252 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 10 Tons |
| | 12. Plums | 253 | 1 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 Pound fresh |
| | 13. Prunes - Report quantity harvested | 254 | <u>'</u> - | 1 | 2 | 3 Pound |
| | in one unit only - either pounds | 1. | 10 | | | Tons, |
| | fresh or tons dry | 255 | | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| | 14. Apricots | 256 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 10 Tons |
| | 15. Olives (See Leaflet, section 17)16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds | 257 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 10 Tons Pount fesh Tons Tons Pount fesh Tons Tons Tons |
| | fresh or tons dry | 4 | | L | | dey. |
| ection 18 - Were th | Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in | the space prov | | ne ena of section | | |
| | | in 19697 /See | | section 18 | m 19. | in the second se |
| | ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place | in 1969? (See | Leaflet | , section 18.) | и 19. | Quantity harvested |
| La Tes - Com | plete this section | in 1969? (See | Leaflet | Number not of | Number of | Quantity harvested In 1968-69 from bloom of 1968 |
| No - | plete this section | - | Leaflet, Tr | Number not of bearing age | | from bloom of 1968 |
| No – Go to | plete this section 1. Valencia oranges | Acres | Tenths | Number not of bearing age | Number of bearing age | from bloom of 1968 3 Field bo |
| No - | 1. Valencia oranges | Acres 270 | Trunths | Number not of bearing age | Number of bearing age | from bloom of 1968 Field bo Field bo |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges | Acres 270 | Tenths | Number not of bearing age | Number of bearing age | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo Field-bo |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges | Acres 270 | Trenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1 | Number not of bearing age | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo Field bo Field bo |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandatins | Acres 270 271 272 279 | Leaflet, Tr Tenths | Number not of bearing age | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Field bo. Field bo. Field bo. Field bo. |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos | Acres 270 271 272 273 274 | Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit | 270 271 272 273 274 275 | Tenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10 | Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges | Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 | Tenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1 | Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes | Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 | Tentha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo Pounds |
| No – Go to | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandatins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats | Acres 270 271 272 279 274 275 276 277 278 | Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo Peunds |
| No – Go to Section 19 | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the | 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 space provide | Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo Pounds |
| No — Go to Section 19 | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandatins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? | 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 space provide | Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo Pounds |
| No - Go to Section 19 | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the | 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 space provide | Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 Number of | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo Field bo Pounds |
| No - Go to Section 19 ection 19 - Were th Yes - Com | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? | 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 space provide (See Leaflet, s | Leaflet, Trenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 9 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Pounds |
| Cotion 19 - Were th Yes - Com | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandatins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? | 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 space provide (See Leaflet, s | Tenths To 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 Number of bearing age | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Pield bo. Pield bo. Pield bo. Committee bo. Comm |
| Co to Section 19 - Were th | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? applete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian | 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 8 pace provide (See Leaflet, s Acres 280 281 | Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Tield |
| ection 19 – Were th | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? applete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds | Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 Space provide See Leaflet, s Acres 280 281 282 283 | Leaflet, Trenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Tield bo. Field bo. Tield |
| ection 19 – Were th | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? a plete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved | Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 Space provide (See Leaflet, S 260 281 282 283 284 | Leaflet, Trenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Tield bo. Field bo. Tield |
| No - Go to Section 19 - Were th Yes - Com | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? applete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved 4. Pecans, wild and seedling | Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 Space provide See Leaflet, s Acres 280 281 282 283 284 285 | Leaflet, Trenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Trield |
| ection 19 – Were th | 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? plete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved 4. Pecans, wild and seedling 5. Filberts and hazelnuts | Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 space provide (Sec Leaflet, 8 Acres 280 281 282 283 284 285 296 | Leaflet, Trenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | Number not of bearing age Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | from bloom of 1968 Field-bo. Field bo. Tounds Quantity harvested To Tons Pounds Pounds |

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| Section 20 - Were an | y BERRIES harvested for sale from this place in 1969? | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|------------|------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---|-------------|
| Yes - Com | plete this section | Acres harvested Report tenths of acres | Tenths | | luantity harvest quart = 1½ pour | | Acres irrigated Report tenths of acres | Tenths |
| □ No - Go to | | 290 | 1/10 | 1 | | | 2 | . 10 |
| Section 21 | 1. Strawberries | 291 | 1 / | 1 | | ounds | 2 | |
| , | 2. Raspberries, red | 292 | 10 | 1 | | ounds | 2 | 10 |
| | 3. Raspberries, black | 293 | 1 10 | _ | | ounds | | 10 |
| | 4. Cranbergies | 293 | 10 | | | 00-1b. arre1s | | 10 |
| | 5. Other berries - Enter name and No. from list below | | | 1 | | | 2 | |
| | Name No | | 10 | 1 | F | ounds | 2 | 10 |
| | Name No | <u></u> | 10 | | F | ounds | | 10 |
| | Name No. Name No. Blackberries and Blueberries, wild | Name Gooseberries Loganberries Youngberries | | 300 | All other Write no | me aba | 302 | |
| | | Acres | | - | Dry | ertiliz | er used Liquid or ga | 15 |
| | | fertilized Report tenths | : : | ~ 1 | Whole | Tenths | Whole | Tenths |
| | | of acres | | | tons | <u> </u> | tons 305 | <u> </u> |
| | 6. Commercial fertilizer used on berries | | | 10 | | 10 | | 10 |
| | y VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, or MELONS harvested for sale fro | | | | | | | |
| | crops havested for fresh market, canning, freezing, or other proce | ssing. See Leafle | | | • | .1 . | Acres Irrigated | |
| Yes — Com | plete this section | | | epor | t tenths | | Report tenths of acres | Tenths |
| □ No − Go to | 1. Tomatoes | | 310 | | | 1 | | 10 |
| Section 22 | 2. Sweet corn | | 311 | | ; 1 | 0 1 | | 10 |
| | 3. Cucumbers and pickles. | | 312 | | 1 | 1 | | 10 |
| | | | 313 | | | 1 | | |
| | 4. Watermelons | | 914 | | | 0 1 | | |
| | 5. Snap beans, bush and pole | | 315 | | <u>'1</u> | 0 1 | ························ | 10 |
| | 6. Dry onions | | 316 | | | 0 | | |
| | 7. Lettuce and romaine | | 317 | | | 0 1 | | 10 |
| | 8. Asparagus | | 318 | | | <u> </u> | | 10 |
| | 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons | | 319 | | | 1 | | |
| | 10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos | | 320 | | | 0 | | . 10 |
| | 11. Green peas | | | | | ó ' | | 10 |
| | 12. Cabbage | | 921 | | | 6 | | 10 |
| , , | 13. Squash | | 322 | | : : 1 | 0 1 | | , 10 |
| | 14. Green lima beans | | 323 | | :1 | 0 1 | | 1 10 |
| ` ` ` | 15. Other vegetable crops - Enter name and No. from list be | low | | | | 1 | | 1 |
| | Name | _ No | <u></u> | | | 6 | | 10 |
| , . | Name | No | Ĺ | | 14 | 6 | | 10 |
| | Name No. Name No | . Name | | | No. Name | | No. | D. |
| , , , | Artichokes | Mot peppers . | | | . 346 Spine | | 35 | 52 |
| | Blackeyes and other Eggplant34 | 2 Mustard green | ıs | | . 348 All of | her ve | getables 35 | |
| , | Broccoli 337 and chicory 34 | Pumpkins Redishes | | | . 444 | | , turnip greens, e name above | |
| | Brussels sprouts 338 Garlic | 4 Shellots and | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | erti li: | ter used | |
| | | Acres fertilized | 1 | , | Dry | | Liquid or g | |
| | | Report tenth | 4 1 | | Whole tons | Tenths | Whole tons | enths |
| | 16. Commercial fertilizer used on vegetables. | 858 | | | 356 | 1 | 357 | |
| | sweet corn, or melons | | 1 | 10 | | 110 | | 10 |

| Section 22 - Were an | Y NURSERY or GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS | grown for sale on this | place in 1969? (Se | e Leaflet, section | n 22.) | | | |
|----------------------|---|------------------------|---|--|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Yes - Com | olete this section | | | used in 1969 | , , | Repor | of sales, 1 | ate |
| □ No − Go to | | | Square feet under glass or other protection | Report tenths of acres | | Dall | omount NOT REQU | IRED Cents |
| Section 23 | 1. Nursery products-trees, shrubs, via | nes, etc. | | 370 | 10 | 371 | | |
| | 2. Sod | | | 372 | 10 | 373 \$ | | |
| | 3. Bulbs | | | 975 | | 976 | | 1 |
| | 4. Cut flowers, florist greens, and pot | ted. | (///////////////////////////////////// | 378 | 110 | 379 | | 1 |
| | bedding, or other florist plants | | 400 | 401 | 10 | \$ 402 | | 1 |
| | 5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds, and vegetable plants | d | | | 10 | | | i . |
| | | | 403 | | | 404 | | |
| | Mushrooms | her protection: | 405 | -~ | | 406 | | - |
| | a. Tomatoes | ' | | _////////////////////////////////////// | | \$ | | : . |
| | b. Cucumbers | | 407 | | | 408 | | |
| | c. Lettuce | | 409 | | | 410 S | | ; |
| | • | | 411 | <i>-\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i> | | 412 | | ! |
| | d. Other vegetables | , | 413 | 414 | | | | |
| | 8. Area irrigated - Include items 1 th | rough 7 | | <u> </u> | 10 | | | |
| | | | Area fe | ortilîzed - | <u> </u> | Fertiliz Ory | er used Liquid o | r gas |
| | | | Square feet | Acres stra | Who! | | Whole tans | Tenths |
| | 9. Commercial fertilizer used on nursery or greenhouse products | | 415 | 416 | 417 | 10 | 418 | 10 |
| Section 23 - Were an | y OTHER CROPS harvested from this place | in 1969? (See Leafle | t, section 23.) | ///////////////////////////////////// | • | | | |
| | plete this section. 1. Root crops for feed | | ********* | 420 | harveste | od A | Acres (relgo | sted |
| □ No − Go to | 2. Sorghums for sirup | | | 421 | | 1 | | |
| Section 24 | 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for | or silage | | | | 1 | | |
| | 4. Other crops - Enter name and No. | from list below | | | | 1 | | |
| | Name | | No | | | | | |
| | Name | | No | | | | | |
| | Nams No. | Namê . | No. Name | | | lame. | | No. |
| | Castor beans | Lentils | 428 Sweet of Vetch of mi | ver seed | 434 <i>A</i> | All other c | nuts rops me above . | |
| | Guar | Sirup Seed | 113 704 | ed oil | | * * | | |
| | | | • | . ` | | | er used | |
| | , | | • | Acres fertilized | Who | | Liquid o | Tenths and a |
| • | | | | 440 | 441 | | 442 | 1 |
| A 11 A 11 | 5. Commercial fertilizer used on these | | | <u> </u> | L | 10 | <u> </u> | 10 |
| | y FOREST PRODUCTS sold from this plac plate this section | s in 1969? (See Leafu | et, section 24.) | | | CENTS | lue of sale: NOT REQU | JIRED |
| | | , • | | | | .Dol | iars | 1 Cents |
| □ No − Go to | 1. Standing timber or trees | | | | • • • • • | \$ 451 | | 1 |
| Section 25 | 2. Firewood and fuelwood | | | | • • • • • | \$ 452 | | 1 |
| | 3. Sawlogs and veneer logs | | | | | s | | 1 |
| | 4. Pulpwood | | | | | 453 \$ | | 1 |
| | 5. Other forest products (bark, bolts, | Christmas trees, gum | for naval | | | 454 g | | 1 |
| | stores, fence posts, maple products | i, etc.) | | | | <u> </u> | | |

FORM 60-A1 (34) (6-9-70)

| ction 25 - Did you | or anyone else have any CHICKENS, TURKEYS, or OTHER POULTRY on this place o | n December 31, 1969, | 1 7 |
|---------------------|---|--|---|
| and the second | any sold from this place in 1969? (See Leaflet, section 25.) | Number on this plac December 31, 1 | Total number sold in 1969 Include poultry fed on a contract basis and taken |
| | | | from this place |
| Oo to | 1. Chickens 3 months old or older: a. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for | 455 sale) | 456 |
| Section 26 | b. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age — Include started pullets being raised for sale or sold | 457 | 459 |
| | c. Any other chickens 3 months old or older not included above-roosters; capons, etc. | 459 | 460 |
| | 2. Broilers and other meat-type chickens less than 3 months old | 461 | 462 |
| | 3. Turkeys of all ages: a. Turkey hens kept for breeding | 463 | 464 |
| | b. Other turkeys - Include fryers | 465 | 466 |
| | 4 Ducks | 467 | 468 |
| | 5. Geese | 469 | 470 |
| | 6. Other poultry - Include game birds | 471 | 472 |
| | raised in captivity - Specify | | |
| | or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place on December 31, 1969, or eaflet, section 26.) | were any sold from this p | lace in 1969? |
| Yes - Com | plete this section | | Number on this place December 31, 1969 |
| □No Go to | f. Cattle and calves of all ages. (Total of a, b, and c) | | 480 |
| Section 27 | a. Cows - include dry cous and heifers that had calved | | 481 |
| | b. Heifers and heifer calves (Do not include heifers that had calved) | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | |
| | c. Bulls, bull calves, steers, and steer calves | | 483 |
| • | | | Number of milk cows on this place December 31, 1969 |
| | 2. Milk cows - Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were milk cow Include dry milk cous and milk heifers that had calved | | 484 |
| . 8, | 3. Was any whole milk sold to plants or dealers in 1969? | | 485 |
| | or was any whole milk sold to plants of dealers in 1709; | | 1 Yes 2 N |
| , | 4. Cattle and calves sold from this place in 1969 - Include those | Total number sold | grain or concentrates 30 days or more and sold for slaughter (See Leaflet) |
| | | 86 | 487 |
| | [, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 188 | 489 |
| ction 27 - Did you | or anyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were an | y sold from this place in | 1969? |
| (See Le | eaflet, section 27.) | • | 1 |
| Yes - Com | lete this section 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages | | Number on this place December 31, 1969 |
| □No - | (Total of a and b) | | |
| Go to Section 28 | a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding | | 491 |
| | b. Other hogs and pigs | | 492 |
| | 2. Litters farrowed on this place between — | | Number of litters |
| 1. | a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 | | |
| | b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 | | 494 |
| , | | Total number sold | Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding |
| | 3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 | 495 | 496 |
| ction 28 - Did von | or anyone else have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were | any sold from this place | in 1969? |
| | plete this section | Number on this place | Number sold in 1969 |
| | 1 L | December 31, 1969 | 501 |
| | (Total of a, b, and c) | | |
| □ No ÷ | | | 77777777777 |
| Go to Section 29 | a. Lambs under 1 year old | 502 | |
| Go to | a. Lambs under 1 year old | 503 | |

| Spetion 20 - Did you | or anyone else have any OTHER LIVESTOCK on | is in | nlàs | | Dane | | . 21 | 100 | | WAPE | | | i fen | | | ana fe | anena. | .; `. | |
|----------------------|--|----------|-------------|-------------|---------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|---|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|--------------|---------|----------|--|------------------|----------------|
| | plete this section | ınıs | hine | e on | Den | cia de | er 94 ₇ | Í | 13, UI | | | | this 31, | | | ř. | mber sol | dián 19 | |
| res = com | | 1 | <u>.</u> :. | ` . | | | | | | 510 | ecer | nber | 31, | 1969 | | 511 | intrati sor | | |
| □ No | 1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies | , | | * * * | 500 | | | • • | • • | 512 | <u>.</u> | | | - | (| 513 | | - | |
| Go to Section 30 | 2. Ponies of all ages | | ٠, ، | • • • | 4 • 4 | | • • • | • 4 | • • • | 514 | | | | | | 515 | | | |
| - | 3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages | 9.4 | | | • 16.4 | | ٠٠,٠ | ••. | • • • | 516 | | | | | | 517 | | | |
| Į | 4. Angora goats | • • | | | • • • | <u></u> | ••• | • • | • • • | 518 | | | | | | 519 | | | |
| | 5. Milk goats | ٠. | · · · | | .•** • | • | , , , | • • | • • • | 520 | | | | | | 521 | | | |
| | 6. Other goats | • • | • • | • • • | ••• | • • • | • • • | ٠. | • • • | 522 | | | | | | 523 | | | |
| | 7. Hives of bees on this place and honey so | ld | • • | ٠٠; | | | ٠., | ٠. | • • • | 524 | | | | | | 525 | | Pound of hon | ioy |
| | 8. Mink | | | | | · · · | | ٠. | . | | | | | | | | | Mink and pe | :115 |
| | 9. Rabbits | | | | · · | | | | . . . | 526 | | | | | | 527 | | Rabbit | |
| | 10. Chinchillas | | ٠, | | | | | | | 52B | | | | | | 529 | | Chinci and pe | hillas |
| | 11. All other livestock - Specify | • • • | • • • | | • • • | • • | | | | 530 | | _ | ~ | | | 531 | | und bo | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | .,. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 530 | | | | | | 531 | | • | |
| Section 30 - Did you | have any CONTRACT or BINDING AGREEMENT | to o | rodu | ce o | mar | ket a | any fa | arm | orodu | cts f | rom f | hìs | olace | in | 1969 | ? | | | |
| | eaflet, section 30.) | , | | | | | , | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | -10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Yes - Com | plete this section For each group of products, mark (X) the | | duc | |) 01 | rketi sal | es | | M | ark () | | | | | | | | | |
| | column which best describes the purpose | | reen | | | ntrac reem | | | fu | as aj rnish | ed b | for e y the | each e con | item trac | tor |] | Amount of | | |
| □ No - Go to | of the contract or agreement and the type of contractor. If both production and | | 0 | | ting | | | | | | ţ | | | ٠, | - | | for each | broone | 1 |
| Section 31 | marketing for the product, mark under production. Also mark the items furnished | Co-op | Processor | 5 | Marketi | ģ | 5 | | Credit | ١ | Equipment | Ā | ا ت | ě | Nothing | CEN | ITS NOT | REQU | IRED |
| | and report the amount received. | | 2 | Other | Mos | 9 9 | o Person | 541 | 13 | Lobor | | Seed | Peed L | Other | Ž | 542 | Dallars | | Cents |
| | 1. Poultry and eggs | <u>'</u> | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 544 | <u> </u> | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | <u>s</u> | | |
| | 2. Dairy products | 1 | L | | Ľ | <u>L</u> . | <u> </u> | 1 | <u> </u> | | | | <u> </u> | | 7 | 548 | \$ | · · · | |
| | 3. Cattle | <u>'</u> | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 547 | <u>'</u> | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | <u> </u> | t | |
| | 4. Hogs and other livestock | <u>'</u> | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 550 | 1 | | _ | 4 | 5 | 6 | L | 551 | \$ | + | |
| | 5. Vegetables - melons, etc | <u>'</u> | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 553 | 1 | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | s | | |
| | 6. Fruits, citrus, nuts, or berries | Ľ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 556 | L | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | | \$ | 1 | |
| | 7. Other crops - sugar beets, peanuts, etc. | Ľ | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 559 | Ľ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | <u></u> | 560 | 8 | i | |
| | 8. For each product for which you | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | Wri | tten | Oral | В | oth |
| | had a contract or agreement, write the name of the product | | ١ | | | | | | | | | | : | 56.1 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | [] |
| | and indicate whether the con- | |) | | | | | | | | | | | 62 | 1 | L-i | 2 | Э. | |
| | tract was written, oral, or both. produc | `] | . —— | | | | | | | | | | | 63 | , | <u>г</u> | 2 | 3 | |
| Section 31 _ MACHI | NERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on Decembe | r 31 | . 196 | 9. (1 | nc lu | de o | nlv | eaui | pme | nt | | | | ,03 | | | <u> </u> | ٠٠٠٠ | <u></u> |
| | n 1968 or 1969. See Leaflet, section 31.) | | , | | | | | • | • | | | | | | Numb | er ma | nufacture | | |
| | Selected machinery and equipment on this p | lace | , D | ecen | ber | 31, | 1969 | 1 | | | | | 570 | | or l | ater | 571 | 4 or ear | rlier |
| | 1. Automobiles | ٠. | | | • • • | | • • • | ٠. | • • • | • • • | • • • | •• | 572 | | | | 573 | | |
| | 2. Motortrucks - Include pickups | | | | | | | ٠. | • • • | | | • • | 574 | | | | 575 | | |
| | 3. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors | and | mot | or ti | llers | s | • • • | ٠. | • : .• | • • • | • • • | • • | 576 | | | | 577 | | |
| | 4. Crawler tractors | | | | | | | ٠. | | • • • | • • • | • • • | 578 | | | | 579 | | |
| | 5. Riding garden tractors, 7 hp. and over | | | | | | | | • • • | · · · | | • • | 580 | | | | 581 | | |
| | 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled | | | | | | | | | • • • | • • • | • • • | 582 | | | | 583 | | |
| | 7. Corn heads for combines | • • | | | | ٠ | ٠., | • • | • • • | • • • | • • • | • • | 584 | | | | 585 | | |
| · | 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers | ٠. | | • • • | ٠., | • • • | • • • | ٠. | | · · · | | • • | 586 | | | | 587 | | |
| | 9. Pickup balers | | | | | | • • • | • • | | • • • | | • • | 588 | | | | 589 | | |
| | 10. Windrowers - pull and self-propelled (Ex | c luc | ie m | owei | con | iditi | oner | s). | • • • | • • • | | • • | 590 | | | | 591 | | |
| | 11. Field forage harvesters, shear bar only . | ٠. | | • • • | | • • • | • • • | ٠. | | , | • • • | • • | | | | | ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CEI | 75 NO7 Dollars | | IIRED Cents |
| | 12. Estimated market value of all machinery | and | equ | ipme | nt u | sual | ly k | ept | on th | is p | lace | and | use | d | | 592 | | | -31119 |
| | for the farm business - Include the items | list | ed a | bove | ana | anz | oth | er n | nacn | inery | ana | equ | i pm | ent. | -: | <u> </u> | \$ | | |
| Section 32 - Were an | ny HIRED WORKERS employed to do farm or ranch yees of labor contractors who performed custo | WOT | k on | this | plac | e in See | 1969 Lea | ? (l flet | Do no , sec | ot inc | 32. | e) | | | | | | | |
| | yees of tabor contractors who performed caste plete this section | | | y | | | | | | | / | | | | | 1 | Number | of work | ers |
| □ No - | | | (| a. 1 | 150 d | lays | or n | nore | on t | t sid: | place | e?. | | | | 600 | | | |
| Go to Section 33 | 1. Of the hired workers, how many worked - | • | { | | | • | | | | n thi | | | | | | 601 | | ,,,, | |

1 ORM 69-A1(34) (5-0-6 9)

| | | | | | 18.00 | | : (- ³) | | | | | ,#r *** | · · : | Ì | ٠. | | | | | 1 | Estimate (Do not | includ | fe |
|--|------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|---------------------|--------|-------|
| | | | | | | | 110 | | | | | 5.2 | | | Tons | | | cres ch u | | | TS NOT F | oplyin | g) |
| oclude any of hese materials | | | | 5.43 | | | and Johann | | | | | | ٠. | .1 - 17 | | • | | | | | Dollars | | Cent |
| aid for by your andlord and by | | 100 | | 200 | a la cara | land | r estan | *** | Avanosiáta | | time for | e const | ntion 1 | 510 | | | 611 | | | 612 | | | |
| ustom operators. or each item | | | | | | | | | utrol – | | cence 10 | i outes | uu vii. j | | | | 613 | | | 614 | <u></u> - | | |
| isted, report cres only once, | | a. I | nects | on ha | y cro | ps . | | هر هژ ښه و د | | • • • • | <i>.</i> • • • | e +5 + + | • • • • | **** | | • • • | 615 | | | 616 | <u> </u> | | |
| ut report cost of Il such materials | 1 | 6. 1 | isects | on ot | her cı | tops (| jeorn, | cotto | on, tok | bacco | , potat | oes, t | rees, | vines, | etc. |) | 617 | | | 618 | ; | | |
| sed on these cres in 1969. | | ç., N | lemato | des in | crop | | 999. | | ا ماموسر) | | | | | | | | 517 | | | \$ 18 | | | |
| See Leaflet, ection 33.) | 37 | d. r | liseas | e in c | tons | and a | orchai | rds (b | diohts | ១៣វា | ıts, rus | ars. er | c.) | | | | 619 | | | 620 | | | |
| | 13 | şî e î | | | £., | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | 621 | | | 622 | | | |
| | | oos ¥ | eeds | or gras | 5 IA | crops | Inci | tude b | ioth pr | re-em | ergenc | e and | post-6 | merge | nce) | | 623 | | | 624 | | | |
| | | f, V | eeds | or brus | h in | pastu | je . , | | | | | | · · · · | • • • • | • • • | · · · | 625 | | | 626 | | | |
| | 3. | Che | micals | for de | folia | třon c | or for | grow | th con | itrol c | of crop | s or th | innin | g of fr | uit . | 2 | 1 | | | ŝ | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | · · | * | | | | • | | | | | | | | | 627 3 | | | |
| ection 34 - Produc | | | | | | | 7. | | | | . F-411 | ·, · · | | | | · | | • • • | | <u> </u> | | | |
| | 1 | | , , | | , | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CEN | TS NOT | REQU | IIRED |
| | | | ή. | , | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | 630 | Dollars | | Cents |
| stimate of | 1. | Liv. | stock s, go | and po | oultry rses. | y purci baby | :hased | d – co ks, p | attle, oults. | calve start | es, hog ed pul | s, pig lets, e | s, she | e p, | | | | | | | s | | |
| xpenses paid by thers - your | 1 | | , T. | | | | | - | | | grain | | | | d | | | · | • | 631 | | | |
| andlord, con- ractors, buyers, | | | | | | | | | | | ı, b, c, | | | | | · · · | | · · · | | | s mmm | 77777 | m |
| c. – for crops, vestock or | | a. C | omme | cially | mixe | d form | mula i | feeds | porch | iesed | – com | niete | L | Tons | ;T | enths | | rs | Селі | <u>. ////</u> | | | |
| vestock products roduced on this | | ` : \$ | upplen | ient, c | once | ntrate: | es. (L | Do noi | t inclu | ude in | igredie cotton | nts | 6 | 32 | | | 639 | | ı | | | | |
| lace. See Leaflet. | | | | nd we | | | , | | • • • • | | | | | | · | 10 | 1 . | | : | | | | |
| ection 34.) | ľ | s | sed me | al, ur | ea, el | tc., m | nilifec | eds or | oybea rother e grain | r milli | | ton- | 6 | 34 | | 10 | 635 S | | 1 | | | | |
| | | c. V | holegi | ainsp | urcha | sed - | - sucl | h as c | | oats, | barley. | , | 63 | 6 | 1 | | 637 | | Ţ | <i>-{///</i> | | | |
| • * * | ŀ | 8 | rain, | (Do no | t inc | tude n | millfe | eds o | or othe | er mill | ling | | | | - 1 | 10 | s | | | | | | |
| | | · | 90.040 | , | y. y. | .,, 0,,,0 | ,,,,, | | • • • • | ••• | | • • • • | 6: | 88 | | | 639 | | i i | -/// | | | |
| | | d. H | ay, gr | een ch | op, s | ilage, | , etc. | | | | • • • • • | | ـ ا | | | 10 | s | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | 3. | See | ls, bul | bs, ph | ants, | and t | trees | purch | ased | | | | | | | | | | | | s | | |
| | 4. | Com | mercia | ıl ferti | lizer | purch | hased | - all | l form: | s, inc | luding | rock | phosp | hate a | nd es | vosun | D | | | 641 | s | | |
| *, | 1 | Tora | l gas | oline a | nd ot | her pe | etrole | eum fu | uel and | d oil | purcha | sed fo | or the | farm b | usine | - ess | Diese | l | | 642 | | | |
| | | (To | al of a | as, bu i, b. c. | tane, , and | d) | ane, | piped | gas, | keros | ene, f | uel oi | i, moto | r oil, | grea | se, e | tc. | | | | s | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ļ | Dollars | | i Cent | , //// | | | |
| , | | | aac1:- | . 6 • | h_ f. | L | ••i | | | | | | | | | 643 | | | | -\///. | | | |
| v. | | u, G | a50110 | e ror t | ne ra | rm DU: | sines | 1S | | • • • | • • • • | | | • • • • | • • • | 644 | <u> </u> | | 1 | -{/// | | | |
| w | | b. D | iesel | uel fo | r the | farm ! | busin | 1ess | | • • • • | | | | | | 645 | | | | _{/// | | | |
| | | c. L | P gas | , butar | ie, an | id proj | pane | for th | ne fam | m bus | iness . | , | | | | s | <u>:</u> | _ | | | | | |
| * | | | | | | | | | sene, i | | | | | | | 646 | : | | | | | | |
| | 6. | Hire pay: | d farm nents | labor to fami | – Inc | clude emberi | all m | noney id for | paid i | in' cas l Seci | sh for urity to | res. | (Do n | ot inc. | ude | | <u>'</u> | | 1 | 647 | | | |
| | 7. | Con | ract l | abor - | Inch | ude er | xpend | ditures | s prim | arily | for lat | bor, st | ick as | harve | stina | 7 | • • • • • | • • • | | 648 | <u>\$</u> | | |
| | 8. | a cr Mac | ew <i>lead</i> hine h | ire and | coope l cust | erative tomwo | e, etc ork – | c Inclu | ide exj | pendi | tures | primar | ···· ily for | use c | · · · | uipme | ?nt, | | | 649 | \$ | | |
| | 1 | pick | ing, s | но ли | ing, s | sprayi | ing, d | dustin | ıg, etc | 2 | jeed, | | | • • • • | | • • • | total he | | | 650 | <u>s</u> | | |
| | 1 ** | | + +x++ | | ,.ca | | ~いれるむ | | 244 HC | ucuts | | cu in | arcm(| | | | total he ition, | 1B . | | 651 | S | | |

Section 35 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products sold from this place in 1969 - crops, livestock, livestock products, etc.

| Deliver Center Deliver Deli | | | | | CENTS NOT RE | QUIRÈD |
|--|---------------------|---|---|---|--------------------|-----------|
| value of search and se | Include market | I Grains - core for senin amall amina | | | | Cents |
| A Field seeds, how, fossigs, and silage | value of | sorghums, cowpeas for peas, dry bean | soybeans for beans, grain | | | 1 |
| Section 33.) 3. Cotton and containseed 4. Field seeds, hay, fenage, and silage 5. Other field crops — penutus, Irish potatoes, awate-potatoes, agapt beets, sugarcane, plinasples, potatoes, and areateototoes, 1. 6. Vegarablas, sweet corn, and benies of the not include trish potatoes 6. A vegarablas, sweet corn, and benies of the not include trish potatoes 6. Poultry and points products - broilers, other chickens, eggs, 6. Poultry and points products - broilers, other chickens, eggs, 6. Poultry and points of the sugarcane, etc. (Report goat darry products in item 13.) 6. Poultry and potatoes — silk, cream, etc. (Report goat darry products in item 13.) 6. Dairy castle and calves 7. Dairy postocts — silk, cream, etc. (Report goat darry products in item 13.) 7. Other castle and calves 7. Legs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wood, and mohair. 7. Legs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wood, and mohair. 7. Legs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wood, and mohair. 8. Legs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wood, and mohair. 9. Legs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wood, and mohair. 1. A. Nursery and greenbouse products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 1. Legs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wood, and mohair. 1. Legs, sheep, and calves — S 8. Section 36 — FARR FELIATED INCORE received in 1889 8. Section 36 — FARR FELIATED INCORE received in 1889 8. Section 37 — Type of ORGANIZATION 1. Calcanmout and sheep agricultural services provided for where — ploving, planting, speying, have single pigs, or other cereations facilities on this place. 9. Payments you received for participation in Coverment farm programs | | | | * * * * | 66.1 | 1 |
| 3. Cotton and connesseed 4. Field seeds, hay, forage, and silage 5. Other field crops — peanuts. Irish potatoes, aweyet- poratoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, pinespeles, popeon, mint for foil, hops, etc. — Specify. 6. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (Do not facular Irish potatoes and sweet/potatoes.) 7. Fruite, nuts, and berrie — apples, berries, circius, gappes, peaches, pe | (See Leaflet, | 4. lopacco | e Dianger e la managan seria na engana na anagana. California | * | \$ | |
| 4. Field seeds, hay, foringe, and silage | section 35.7 | 3. Cotton and cottonseed | | | S | 1 |
| S. Other field crops - peanuts. Irish potatoes, week- potatoes, sugar betes, sugarene, pineapples, popocon, nin for oil, hops, etc Specify | | 4. Field seeds, hay, forage, and silage | | | | 1 |
| peoperan, mint for oil, hops, eec.—Specify. A. Vegerables, sweet corn, and melons (Do not sinclude Irish polatores and sweetportatoes.). 7. Fruits, nuts, and berries—apples, betries, citrus, grapes, peaches, pecane, peaches, pecane, peaches, etc. 8. Poultry and poultry products — broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, tutleys, etc. 9. Dairy products — milk, cream, etc. (Report goad dairy products in titem 13.) 10. Dairy cattle and calves. 11. Other cattle and calves. 12. Hogs, sheep, and goats — include pips, lambs, wool, and mohair. 13. Other livestock and livestock products — horses, mules, surbearing sainals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, etc.—Specify. 14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 15. Forest produces sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 16. Total maket value of all agricultural products acids, before taxes and expenses.—Add dollars for titems 1 through 15 and enter total here. 779 Section 36 — FARR-RELATED INCOME received in 1858 1. Customwick and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.— spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.— 2 Recreational services—providing hunting, falsing, picnicking, comping, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 1 Customwick and other agricultural services growided for others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.— 2 Recreational services—providing hunting, falsing, picnicking, comping, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.— 2 Recreational services—providing hunting, falsing, picnicking, comping, servicing, or providing hunting, falsing, picnicking, comping, servicing, preparation of products for market, etc.— 2 Parametry value received for participation in Galling, picnicking, comping, servicing, comping, servicing, preparation — in this place — services of t | | 5. Other field crops - peanuts, Irish pot | atoes, sweet- | | | 1 |
| and street/poistones | | popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc Sp | ecifŷ | | | |
| 8. Poutry and poultry products - broilers, other chickens, eggs, 9. Dairy products - milk, cream, ecc. (Report goat dairy products in item 13.) 10. Dairy cattle and calves. 11. Other cattle and calves. 12. Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include pips, lambs, wool, and mohair. 13. Other livestock and livestock products - borses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees borsey, goat dairy products, etc Specify 14. Nursery and greenbouse products sold - Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 15. Forest products sold - Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here. 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expresses - Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here. 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expresses. Section 36 - FARB-RELATED INCOME received in 1569 Section 37 - Type of ORGANIZATION 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing, planting, spaying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc | | 6. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (and sweetpotatoes.) | Do not include Irish potatoes | | s | 1 |
| 8. Poultry and poultry products - broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, unteys, etc | • | 7. Fruits, nuts, and berries - apples, b peaches, pecans, pears, etc | erries, citrus, grapes, | | 666 S | i |
| 9. Dairy products — milk, cream, etc. (Report gout dairy products in item 13.) 10. Dairy cattle and celves. 11. Other cattle and celves. 12. Hogs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wool, and mohair. 13. Other livestock and livestock products — horses, mules, furbening animals, bees, honey, goar dairy products, etc. — Specify. 14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 15. Forest products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 16. Total marker value of all aggicultural products sold before taxes and expenses — Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here. 16. Total marker value of all aggicultural products sold before taxes and expenses — Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here. 17. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 28. Receptational services — providing hunting, fishing, plancing, camping, bearding and loging, or other recreations including family (Do not include redeemable loans, See Leaflet, section 36.) 19. Payments your received for participation in Government famp programs (Do not include redeemable loans, See Leaflet, section 36.) 10. Individual or family farm, a 10 or fewer shareholders excluding partnership and corporation = Corporation, including family (Do not include co-ops.) 10. Individual or family farm, a 10 or fewer shareholders 29. Payments your received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include reservoire, prison form, grating and corporations — ive on this place — 10 partnership and corporations — 10 partnership and corporations — 10 partnership and corporation — 10 partnership — 10 par | | 8. Poultry and poultry products - broile | rs, other chickens, eggs, | | 667 | 1 |
| 9. Dairy products — milk, cream, etc. (Report goal dairy products in item 13.) \$ 10. Dairy cattle and calves . \$ 11. Other cattle and calves . \$ 12. Hogs, sheep, and goats — Include pigs, lambs, wool, and mohatr. \$ 13. Other livestock and livestock products . \$ 14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. \$ 15. Forest products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. \$ 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses — Add dollars for terms 1 through 15 and enter total here. \$ 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses — Add dollars for terms 1 through 15 and enter total here. \$ 17. Castomwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spaying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. — \$ 17. Castomwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spaying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. — \$ 18. Castomwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spaying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. — \$ 2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, plencking, camping, beacing and loging, or other events in facilities on sits place — \$ 2. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs 1. Corporation, including family 2. Partnership 2. Partnership 3. Individual or family farm, and 10 of fewer shareholders 3. Operator's age — \$ 3. Operator's age — \$ 4. Race — Mark (X) the day roperate any part of this place — \$ 5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 — Include vork at a now/arm job, business or profession, or on someone else's farm. [On ont include exchange work 1.] — Mark (X) the appropriate box | | ducks, turkeys, etc | | | | <u> </u> |
| 10. Dairy cattle and calves 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | | 9. Dairy products - milk, cream, etc. (1 | Report gout dairy products in item 13.) | | 8 | 1 |
| 11. Other cattle and calves | | 10. Dairy cattle and calves | | | s | 1 |
| 12. Hogs, sheep, and goats = Include pigs, lambs, wool, and mohatr. S | | 11. Other cattle and calves | | ,,,,,,,,, | | 1 |
| 13. Other livestock and livestock products horses, mules, furbearing animals, bees, honey, goat daily products, etc Specify 14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold - Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 15. Forest products sold - Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here. 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here 17. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc | | 12. Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include pio | s, lambs, wool, and mohair. | | s | 1 |
| 14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 15. Forest products sold — Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here. 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses — Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here Section 36 — FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1969 CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc | | | | | 672 | 1 |
| 14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold — Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here. 15. Forest products sold — Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here. 16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses — Add dollars for items I through 15 and enter total here. Section 36 — FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1953 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, received before taxes and expenses. 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, service taxes and expenses. 2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, cumping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place. 2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, cumping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place. 3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans. See Leaflet, section 36.) Section 37 — Type of ORGANIZATION 1. Mark (X) the bor which best describes this operation. Corporation, including family (Do not include co-ops.) 1 | | honey, goat dairy products, etc Sp. | eci/y | | <u> </u> | 1 |
| 15. Forest products sold - Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here. \$ | | 14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold | d - Add dollars reported in section 22 and er | nter total here. | \$ | 1 |
| 16. Total masket value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses – Add dollars for items I through 15 and enter total here Section 36 - FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1969 CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents Not Required | | 15. Forest products sold - Add dollars re | eported in section 24 and enter total here. | | 8 | 1 |
| Section 36 - FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1959 CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollers Cents Cent | | 16. Total market value of all agricultural | products sold, before taxes | | 675 | i |
| Report amount received before taxes and expenses. 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc | | | 1 through 15 and enter total here | | 18 | l |
| Report amount received before taxes and expenses. 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others – plowing, planting, 580 | Section 36 - FARM- | RELATED INCOME received in 1969 | | | CENTS NOT BE | OUIDED |
| Composition of the presentation of products for market, etc. Section 37 - Type of ORGANIZATION | | | | | 1 | |
| 2. Recreational services – providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, cumping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place | | | | | | 1 |
| Section 37 - Type of ORGANIZATION 1. Mark (X) the bor which best describes this operation. Corporation, including family (Do not include co-ops.) 1 Individual or family farm, all 10 or fewer shareholders excluding partnership and corporation and corporative, etc. Section 38 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS 1. Does the operator — the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations — live on this place? | expenses. | boarding and lodging, or other recreat | ional facilities on this place | | 8 | į. |
| 1. Mark (X) the bor which best describes this operation. Corporation, including family (Do not include co-ops.) | | | | | | ! |
| Corporation, including family (Do not include co-ops.) Individual or family farm, excluding partnership and corporation 2 Partnership, including family 4 More than 10 shareholders For example: Estate or trust, Indian reservation, prison form, grazing association, co-operative, etc. Section 38 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS 1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations - live on this place? 1 Yes 2 No | Section 37 - Type o | f ORGANIZATION | | | 4 | |
| Corporation, including family (Do not include co-ops.) Individual or family farm, excluding partnership and corporation 2 Partnership, including family 4 More than 10 shareholders For example: Estate or trust, Indian reservation, prison form, grazing association, co-operative, etc. Section 38 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS 1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations - live on this place? 1 Yes 2 No | • | La | s this operation. | | | |
| Individual or family farm, excluding partnership and corporation | | | | 5 Other - S1 | oecify | |
| excluding partnership and corporation 2 | | 690 | (Do not include co-ops.) | | | |
| 2 Partnership, 4 More than 10 shareholders reservation, prison farm, grazing association, co-operative, etc. 2 Partnership, 1 More than 10 shareholders reservation, prison farm, grazing association, co-operative, etc. 3. Does the operator – the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations – live on this place? | | excluding partnership | 3 10 or fewer shareholders | For exampl | e: Estate or trus | t, Indian |
| Section 38 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS 1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations - live on this place? | | 2 Partnership, | 4 [] More than 10 shareholders | raservation | ,prison farm, graz | ing |
| 1. Does the operator — the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations — live on this place? | Carling Co. PACE | • | | | | |
| ranch operations — live on this place? | section 38 - FARM | † | | | | |
| 2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place | | | | 1 Tyes | 2 [] No | |
| 3. Operator's age | | 2. Year operator began to operate any pa | art of this place | Y | ear | |
| 4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1 White 2 Negro or black 3 Indian (Amer.) 4 Other 5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonjarm job, business or profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) - Mark (X) the appropriate box. 695 1 None 2 1-49 days 3 50-99 days 4 100-199 days 5 200 days or more Section 39 - SIGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below. | | 3. Operator's age | | Ye | ears old | |
| profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) - Mark (X) the appropriate box. None 2 1-49 days 3 50-99 days 4 100-199 days 200 days or more | • | 4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box. | | ck 3 🔲 India | n (Amer.) 4 | Other |
| Section 39 - SiGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below. Telephone | | 5. Number of days operator worked off the profession, or on someone else's farm | his place in 1969 – Include work at a nonfar m. (Do not include exchange work.) – Mark (| m job, business 'X) the appropria | or te box. | |
| Section 39 - Signature of person filling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below. | | 695 | | | | |
| Area code Number | Section 39 - SIGNA | <u> </u> | | | | |
| 700 701 | Section 33 - Stally | inter at betaen strong and taket - I tongs ou | | | ode Number | |
| Name Date | Name | | | | | |
| Remarks - Atlach separate sheet, if needed. | | eparate sheet, if needed. | | | | |

FORM 69-41134) 1 5-1-691

Short Report Form

| CENSUS OF AGRICA | U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ULTURE - 1969 | Budget Bureau Approval Expire | No. 41-568075 s December 1970 |
|---|--|--|--|
| Please mention the Consus File Number (the to If the address label) it you write to us about th | n-digit number in the upper left corner | required by law Code). By the report to the Co confidential. only by sworn | this inquiry is (Title 13, U.S. same law your mous Bureau is tray be seen Census employer used only for ses. |
| | | CENSUS L | ISE ONLY |
| | | 801 | 802 |
| | | | 1 |
| | | 803 | 804 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 18 7 | and address (and address 71P and a) | | |
| (Please correct any error in name of | | TV := 1969 | 1 |
| Please read | Section 1 - AGRICULTURAL ACTIVI | 1 1 IN 1707 | |
| his form is being used in all parts of the inited States. Please answer the ques- | 1. At any time during 1969, did you b | nave or produce a | ny: Yes No |
| ions that apply to your operations and eturn this form in the enclosed envelope. | a. Livestock, poultry, or their pro- | ducts? | |
| lease put your answers in the unshaded | b. Corn, sorghums, small grains, I | | |
| nswer spaces. Explanations and com- nents may be written in the shaded areas | soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, o | | |
| the left of the answer spaces or in the | c. Vegetables, sweet corn, melons | s, or berries for s | sale? |
| 'Remarks'' space on page 4. f you do not have exact figures, please | d. A combined total of 20 or more citrus), nut trees, and grapevin | | |
| ive your best estimate. You may mark be answer "est." (for estimate), if you | e. Nursery or greenhouse products | | |
| ish. | f. Any other crops? | | |
| o not include fractions in your answers | g. Other agricultural products – ho | | |
| xcept in section 4, items 11 through 16. | animals, bees, honey, maple pr | oducts, naval sto | res, |
| for dollar items, cents are not required. f you prefer to report both dollars and ents, please write the cents in the 'Cents'' column. | Christmas trees or timber for sa | ale, etc.: | a u |
| 'None,'' please leave the answer space plank, unless a small answer box is provided, as in section 1. Please mark miswers of "Yes," "No," or "None" by placing an X in the small miswer box. | 2. At any time in 1969, did you own used by someone else for agricult If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se | ural purposes? . of the guestions | aboye, |
| Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNER | | 1 | , |
| rection 2 - ACREAGE IN 1707 and Office | Contr | None 810 | Acres |
| 1. Land owned | | 🗆 📐 | |
| 2. Land rented or leased from others - In cropped for others; leased Federal, States, (Do not include land used on a n | | # None | |
| mos, the not enclude dand asca on a b | | | |
| 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inch | er-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked | | |
| | er-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked | 🗆 🔼 | |
| 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres - Please ADD acres of the share of the | er-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked | None 812 | |
| 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres - Please ADD acres of the share of the | when desire under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked when ditem 1) to acres rented (item 2), it (item 3), and enter your answer in this stace. LACE" for this census report. | None 812 | Acres |
| Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were. How many acres in THIS PLACE were. | er-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked | None 812 | Acres |
| 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, | wer-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked | None 812 then 815 816 1 | |
| Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for feed. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and be those working land on shares How many acres of the land you rented you subrent or sublease to others? - I | wer-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked would (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), a (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other wid grains, wheat, etc.? deeds of trust, or land purchase and from you in 1969? — Include No | None 812 then 815 816 1 Youne 817 | es 2 🔲 No |
| Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for feed. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and by the state of the land and shares. How many persons rented or leased latthose working land on shares. How many acres of the land you rented you subrent or sublease to others? - I which was worked on shares by others. Please If you reported an acreage in item to item 4 was "0" because the latter the latter of the shares the latter to the share the latter th | were-head basis under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked wered (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), it (item 3), and enter your answer in this: LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Nord grains, wheat, etc.? | None 812 then 815 816 1 Years and 1969 or reason, please s | Persons Acres |
| 3. Land rented or leased to others — Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres — Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and by those working land on shares | wined (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), is (item 3), and enter your answer in this stack. ACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Nord grains, wheat, etc.? | None 812 then 815 816 1 Years and 1969 or reason, please s | Persons Acres |
| 3. Land rented or leased to others — Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres — Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS Place were Federal programs such as those for fee 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and b. 7. How many persons rented or leased latthose working land on shares | with the desire and the desired and subleased and land worked with the land subleased and land worked land enter your answer in this subject to the land subleased with the land subleased with the land subleased with land land rented or leased by you have and was rented out, sold, or for another in, complete section 13, and return this stirity in 1969 | None 812 then 815 816 1 Young 817 one 818 at land in 1969 or reason, please s form. | Persons Acres if the answer kip to page 4, |
| 3. Land rented or leased to others — Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres — Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for feed. Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and by the same of the land and by the same of the land you rented you subrent or sublease to others? — I which was worked on shares by others Please If you reported an acreage in item to item 4 was "0" because the least of the land and the same of the land and shares. — I which was worked on shares by others. Section 3 — LOCATION of agricultural act. 1. Are your principal agricultural operations. | with the desire and the desired and subleased and land worked with the land subleased and land worked land enter your answer in this subject to the land subleased with the land subleased with the land subleased with land land rented or leased by you have and was rented out, sold, or for another in, complete section 13, and return this stirity in 1969 | None 812 then 815 816 1 Years 817 at land in 1969 or reason, please s form. | Persons Acres if the answer kip to page 4, |

Township, district, precinct, etc.

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 4 - CROPS harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969 - Report all crops harvested. Anclude crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.

| | Acres harvested | Quanti harvest | |
|--|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Field com for grain — Report quantity on a shelled basis and in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight | (40 | or | Bushels Hundrade weight |
| 2. Field corn for silage, cut for green or dry folder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in tien 1) | 923 | | |
| 3. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds | | 01 | Bushels Pounds |
| 4. Sorghums for silage, cut for dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 3.) | 823 | 929 | |
| 5. Wheat for grain | 630 | | Bushels |
| 6. Other small grains for grain - oats, barley, tye, rice, etc | #31 | 832 | |
| 7. Soybeans for beans | 833 | 834 | Bushels |
| 8. Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.) | | | Tons, dry |
| 9, Cotton , , | 635 | 936 | Bales |
| 10. Peanuts for nuts | 937 | 636 | Pounds |
| NOTE: For items 11 through 16, report whole acres and tenths | 839 | 840 | |
| 11. Tobacco-all types | 841 | | Pounds |
| 12. Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes, | 842 | | |
| 13. Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale | 843 | | |
| 14. Berries for sale | 1 | | |
| 15. Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages — Include land on which the fruit crop failed. (Do not include abandoned plantings.) | 844 | | |
| 16. All other crops—Include field seeds, sugar crops, garden, nursery and greenhouse products, sod, etc | 1048 | | |
| 17. If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection? | | 846 | Square feet |
| Section 5 - Land USE in 1969 - The purpose of this section is to di among items 1 through 5. | stribute all acres in | this place | |
| 1. Cropland harvested — Include all land from which crops were h was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and greenhouse products. (If two crops were harvested from the sa report the acres only once.) | l nursery and me land in 1969, | 860 | Acres |
| 2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing | | 861 | Acres |
| 3. All other cropland - Include cropland used for soil-improvement failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland | | 862 | Acres |
| 4. Woodland - Include woodland pasture | · | 863 | Acres |
| 5. All other land — Include pastureland other than cropland und w rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, was | teland, etc | 864 | Acres |
| 6. Total acres in this place — Please add the acres reported in it through 5 and enter the total in this (This total should be the same as the total in section 2, item 4 | space | 866 | Total acres |
| 7. How much of the total fand reported in item 6 was irrigated in 1 | 1969? | | Acres |

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 6 - LIVESTOCK and POULTRY - Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them. - Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1969.

| | Number on this place December 31, 1969 | Number sold in 1969 |
|---|---|------------------------|
| 1. Cattle and calves of all ages | 870 | 871 |
| a. Cows - Include dry cows unit hellers that had calved | 872 | |
| (1) Of the total cowe reported in item 1a, how many were kept for mile production? — Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had paloed | 873 | |
| 2. Hogs and pigs of all ages | 874 | 875 |
| n. Of the rotal sold, how many were sold as feeder pigs for further feeding? | | 876 |
| 3. Sheep and lambs of all ages | 877 | 878 |
| 4. Horses and ponies of all ages | 879 | 880 |
| 5. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.) | 881 | 882 |
| 6. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, capons, started pullets) | 883 | 884 |
| 7. Broilers and other meat-type chickens less than 3 months old | 885 | 886 |
| Other livestock and poultry - goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, hives of bees, etc. | 887 | 888 |
| What kind? | 887 | 888 |
| | | Number of litters |
| 9. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between - | | Ba9 |
| a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 | • | |
| b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 | | 890 |

Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in 1969 - Report expenses paid by you and by others - your landlord, contractors, buyers, etc. - for crops, livestock, or livestock products produced on this place. Use estimates if exact figures are not available.

| . Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, | Dollars | i- |
|---|------------|----------|
| . Livestock and poultry muchased - cartle calves hope nine sheep | | Cents |
| mittotten and pouttry paretimoed - carries, tages, pige, oncep, | 900 | |
| lambs, goars, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc. | S | |
| . Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds, concentrates, etc | 901 | 1 1 |
| a, Commercial mixed formula feeds purchased—complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include | | |
| ingredients purchased separately. such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.) | | |
| * · | 904 | 1 |
| . Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased | s | |
| . Commercial fertilizer purchased-all forms, including | 905 | |
| rock phosphate and gypsum | \$ | |
| Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.) | 906 | |
| the to have successed the process of gypount of time for suntations, | \$ | |
| All insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livestock, and poultry on this place in 1969 - Include any of these materials paid for by your landlord and by custom operators. | 907 | 1 |
| . Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business - diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, | 908 | |
| fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc | \$ | <u> </u> |
| . Hired farm labor — Include all money paid in cash for farm labor including payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do not include housework, customwork, and contract work.) | 909 | 1 |
| | ' <u> </u> | |
| . Contract labor, machine hire, and customwork - Include expenditures for labor performed on a contract basis by a contractor, a crew leader, a cooperative, etc., | 910 | 1 |
| and expenditures for use of equipment and for customwork | . \$ | 1 |
| All other production expenses — Include current operating expenses, and depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, etc., for the farm business | 911 | i i |
| | . 8 | 1 |
| . Total production expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 10 | 912 | 1 |
| and enter total here | S | |

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 8 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products sold from this place in 1969 crops, livestock, livestock products, etc. - Include market value of landlord's CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents 921 2. Crops including nursery products and hay sold 3. Forest products - firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc. 4. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 3 and enter total here Section 9 - FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1969 - Report amount received before taxes and expenses. CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. . . 930 Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place . . . 931 3. Payments you received for participation in government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.) Section 10 - MACHINERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1969, whether awned by you or by -Include only equipment used in 1968 or 1969. Number manufactured in -1965 or later 1964 or earlier Selected machinery and equipment on this place December 31, 1969 940 941 1. Automobiles 942 943 2. Motortrucks - Include pickups 944 945 3. Tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers 946 947 5. Grain and bean combines - self-propelled only 950 6. Compickers and picker-shellers, including corn heads for combines 7. Pickup balers..... CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars 8. Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment usually kept on this place and used for the farm business - Include the items listed above and any other machinery and equipment Section 11 - VALUE of land and BUILDINGS on this place CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars 1. Please enter your estimate of the current marker value of the acres you operated (owned and rented acres in section 2, item 4) and the buildings on them....... Section 12 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS 1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations - live on this place? ı 🗀 Yes 2 No 2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place . . . 3. Operator's age Years old 4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1 White 2 Negro or black 3 Indian (Amer.) 4 Other 5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfarm job, business or profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) Mark (X) the appropriate box. 1 None 2 1-49 days 3 50-99 days 4 100-199 days 5 200 days or more Telephone Section 13 - SIGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your 976 Area code Number answers, then sign below.

Remarks - Attach separate sheet, if needed.

AN IMPORTANT LETTER



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C 20233

January 1970

It is time for the 1900 Census of Agriculture, and your help in completing this vital record of America's farms and ranches is very much needed.

Nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since 1840, have Nationwide censuses on agriculture, taken periodically since 10-0, maye provided a continuing flow of statistical information, increasingly needed

by government, cusiness, and ecucation. And the rapid changes going on in agriculture today make the 1969 Census

Great changes are taking place in the use of farm macnines, chemicals, of very special importance. fertilizers, and new plant varieties, and in the management of farms and ranches. These changes are having an enormous impact on farm people, runrainers. These changes are having an endingues impact on rain people, running all the way from the varieties and amounts of crops and livestock you and your neighbors are producing, to the planning of Federal programs for both farm and nonfarm people.

Agriculture and its problems must be understood if our agricultural people Agriculture and its problems must be understood it out agricultural people are to prosper. Decisions that will lead to improved programs and more responsible action must be based on reliable facts. Our farms and ranches responsible accounting to the page of reliable facts. Our raims and raintenance rearry 3 million independent businesses—are scattered all across the land of America. A nationwide census of all ferms and ranches is the only means of obtaining an up-to-date and accurate inventory of our agricultural

Please fill out the enclosed form and mail it back to us as soon as you can, riesse : lil out the enclosed lorm and mail to back to us as soon as you can preferably not later than February 15th. Use the enclosed envelope which rescurces.

Your report will be held in complete confidence. It can be seen only by Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law (Title 13, U.S. Code) provides that it cannot be shown to or used by anyone outside the Bureau for any surpose whatsoever.

Your help in completing this important census is most appreciated.

J. Thomas Breen, Chief

Agriculture Division

NOTE: If you write to us, please use the Census File Number shown on the address label.

THIS IS YOUR LEAFLET GUIDE Through the 1969 Census of Agriculture Need Help? Use These Leaflet Notes

Leaflet Introduction

FIRST, SOME GENERAL INFORMATION

- The enclosed Census report form is being used by farms and ranches throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and inquiries which do not apply to you. Where this is the case, you can simply mark the "No" box and go on to the next section.
- If a section contains inquiries that apply to you, it may be helpful to read all the items in the section before you start to supply the information. A look at the section as a whole will show what is to be reported and where it should be written.
- You will also find that there are items within sections you may not need to read, beyond noting the subject with which they deal. For instance, item 9 in section 1 asks several questions about landlords. If you did not rent any land from others, you can skip all of the detail in item 9 and go to item 10.
- There is a possibility that you may receive more than one envelope containing a census report form for this place (a duplicate, or in your wife's name, your partner's name, etc.). If this should happen, please fill out one form only. Mark the extra form or forms with the Census File Number of the form you complete (for example, "Extra-See No. 86312 09812") and return the extras in the envelope with the completed report. There is a "File Copy" enclosed in each envelope; this is for your use and should not be returned to the Bureau of the Census.

If your wife, or a partner, runs a separate agriculture operation of her or his own, it should be reported on a separate form.

HOW TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS

- Please put your answers only in the unshaded answer spaces. Write any explanations and comments in the shaded areas to the left of the answer spaces or in the "Remarks" space on page 12 or on a separate sheet.
- If your answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer spaces blank; except for the few places where a small answer box is provided, as for "None" in section 1. Please mark an answer of "Yes," "No," or "None" with an X in the box.
- If you do not have exact figures available, please report your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for "estimated") if you wish.
- For all dollar items, we need only whole dollars, although a "cents" column is provided for those who wish to use it. If you prefer to report both dollars and cents. be sure to write the cents in the "cents" column to avoid the risk that they be mistaken for dollars. For example \$1714.45 should be reported as Dollars Conta

: 1714 CENTS NOT BEQUIRED

Dellers Cents 1714:45

but not as

Dellers Cents \$1714.45

- 3 -

Do not include fractions in your answers except where called for. Where fractions are called for, report the fraction in tenths of the whole number, and enter the fraction in the "tenths" part of the answer space. Some common fractions which you can report in "tenths" are:

Report 1/8 as 1/10 3/8 as 4/10 5/8 as 6/10 1/6 as 2/10 5/6 as 8/10 1/4 as 2/10 3/4 as 8/10 1/3 as 3/10 2/3 as 7/10

Example for 3½ tons of fertilizer

If you prefer, report to the nearest whole number; fractions are not required.

. HOW TO USE THIS LEAFLET

This leaflet is for your use; do not return it with your Census of Agriculture report. It gives answers to the questions that come up most often when the report is being prepared.

Like the form, this leaflet is being used in all parts of the United States, and it contains much information that will not apply to your place. For example, section 4 of this leaflet gives additional information about reporting irrigation water in section 4 of the report. If you did not irrigate in 1969, you should answer the first two questions and you'll not need to read the corresponding page of this leaflet.

The rest of this leaflet is information to help you, organized by sections to correspond with the sections of the census report form.

Now you will want to start filling out the report form. As you answer the items in each section, you will find substantial help in the corresponding section of this leaflet

SECTION 1 ACREAGE IN 1969, OWNERSHIP, AND LAND VALUE

Part A

Use items 1, 2, and 3 to arrive at the acres of land for which you should complete the Census report form. Include all agricultural land with which you were associated in 1969, regardless of where the land was located. Do not include holdings of residential or commercial properties not associated with agricultural operations. Report all land in whole acres; if you had less than one acre report it as one acre.

Places no longer operated on December 31, 1969 - If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1969, complete the report, giving information on the land you operated and your 1969 crop and livestock production and sales from that land. Normally you would not be expected to report inventories of poultry, livestock, machinery, or equipment. Please explain in the "Remarks" section on page 12 or on a separate sheet that you quit farming or ranching during 1969 and give the approximate date.

Other changes in land operated during 1969 - If part of the land you used during 1969 was no longer in your possession on December 31, 1969, include that land and your 1969 crop and livestock operations on that land in your report. If you acquired land during 1969 for your own use but did not use it for crops or livestock that year, do not include that land in your report.

Please explain the change in acres during 1969 by making a notation in the "Remarks" section on page 12, or on a separate sheet. Statements such as the following can be used:

My report includes______acres I used in 1969 but which I did not have on December 31, 1969.

ОГ

My report does not include______acres acquired before January 1, 1970, but not used by me in 1969.

- Item 1 Land owned Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1969, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnerships or organizations for which you are reporting. This acreage is considered in figuring the size of "This Place" (item 4, section 1).
- Item 2 Land rented or leased from others If you rented land from others or worked land on a share basis in 1969, you should report this land as rented by you even though the landlord may have supplied equipment, fertilizer or other materials, and some supervision of your work. Include Federal lands rented or leased by the acre in this item, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis (see "Grazing permit" on page 6).

Item 3 Land rented or leased to others

Include in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of the crops or livestock.
- Land which you rented from others and then subleased to others in 1969.
- Land rented out for residential or other nonfarm purposes (if it was included in item 1 or 2).
- Land worked for you by someone else on a share-of-the-crop basis.

Do not include in item 3:

 Land on which you yourself had any crops or livestock during 1969, even though it was rented to others for part of the year.

In the remaining sections of the questionnaire, do **not** report any crops or livestock on land reported in item 3 as rented or leased to others.

Item 4 Acres in this place - This is the sum of the land you owned in 1969 plus the land you rented from others, minus the land you rented to others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since the remainder of the form applies only to the resulting net figure - the "Acres in this place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on "Acres in this place." as reported in item 4.

Item 10 Grazing permit - In some States, government lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, payment being made on a per-head or animal-unit basis. This land should not be included as part of item 2, "Land rented or leased," or item 4, "Acres in this place." Report it only in item 10. But if any of your livestock were located on such land in 1969, they should be included in your report.

SECTION 1 SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM?

PART C YES, if at any time during 1969 there were on this place:

- Any livestock or poultry or their products.
- Any corn, sorghums, small grains, hay, cotton, tobacco, soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, or sugar crops.
- Any vegetables, melons, or berries grown for sale.
- A combined total of 20 or more fruit trees (including citrus), nut trees, and grapevines.
- Any nursery or greenhouse products, mushrooms, or sod.
- Any other crops.
- Any other agricultural products horses, fur-bearing animals in captivity, bees, honey, maple products, naval stores, Christmas trees or timber for sale, etc.

NO, if -

- You reported an acreage in section 1, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1969, on that land, or
- All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper and hence the entry in section 1, item 4 is "0."

In either case, you should:

- 1. Skip to page 12 and complete section 39.
- Explain briefly in the "Remarks" space. For example, "All land rented out;" "Sold farm in 1968;" "House lot only—no crops or livestock."
- 3. Mail the form in the return envelope provided.
- SECTION 2 For item 2 of this section we need the name of the geographic area or political subdivision (within the county or parish) where your principal agricultural operations are located. Some examples of the type of area or subdivision we mean are shown on the report form; some other term may be used in your State such as:

Borough Militia district City National park Civil district Patent Civil township Plantation Election precinct Purchase School district Grant Indian reservation Surplus Judicial township Town

Justice precinct Tract
Location Unorganized township

Magisterial district

- 6 -

SECTION LAND USE IN 1969

3

item 1d

These land-use items apply only to the land you reported as "Acres in this place" in section 1, item 4. If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1969, report such land only on the line for the first item which fits one of the purposes, and not on the line for the second purpose. For example, if you harvested a grain crop and later let cattle graze on the stubble, report the land as harvested cropland, but not as cropland used only for pasture or grazing. Please report in whole acres.

Item 1a Cropland harvested - This includes acreage from which you cut either wild or tame hay, land in greenhouses, nurseries, or sod, and land in orchards, groves, and vineyards (both bearing and nonbearing) unless the trees or plantings have been ahandoned.

Item 1b Pastureland - Cropland from which you did not take a crop or cut hay in 1969, but which you used for pasture is to be reported in item 1b. Woodland in which livestock were allowed to graze in 1969 is to be reported as woodland pastured in item 2a

Report in item 3 land (other than cropland or woodland) that could be used as pastureland or rangeland, whether or not livestock actually grazed on it in 1969.

Crop failure - If all of a crop failed (except fruit or nuts in an orchard, grove, or vineyard being maintained for production) and you did not harvest any other crop from this land, and did not pasture or graze it, report the acres in item 1d "crop failure." If only part of the acreage of a crop was harvested, be sure to report only the harvested acreage in item 1a of section 3 and for the appropriate crop in sections 8 through 23.

Item 1e Cultivated summer fallow - Report as fallow all cropland that was plowed and cultivated or on which the growth of weeds was controlled through the use of herbicides, but which was left unseeded for 1969 harvest for the purpose of conserving moisture. Include such cropland as cultivated summer fallow even if during 1969 it was planted to wheat for harvest in 1970.

SECTION 4 IRRIGATION

Source of water in 1969 - Most irrigators will have received water from only one source. If this is true in your case, enter 100 percent on the proper line. If you obtained water from two of the three sources, an approximate figure for each source is acceptable, for example, 30 percent, 70 percent, etc. One way of making such an estimate is to figure your acreage irrigated from each source as a percent. For example, 20% of the cropland harvested irrigated from your own well; 80% of the cropland harvested irrigated with water from a water supply organization.

Item 5 Estimated quantity of water used in 1969 - If you can estimate the total quantity of irrigation water used by any one of the methods shown, report only by that method - in item a, b, or c. If it is easier for you to estimate part of the water used by one method and part by another, use the lines which apply.

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts measure water in acre-feet and the amount used is shown in acre-feet on their bills. Where you are not billed for water in this manner, you may prefer to give the depth applied in inches during the full season and the acres covered, as called for in item 5c. We will compute the acre-feet from this information. (Item 5 discussion continued on next page.)

Gallons - Estimates in gallons must usually be figured if you have your own pump. If you know the rate of flow through your pump, use that. Otherwise, use the manufacturer's rated capacity for the pump. This is given in gallons per minute.

To make an estimate of gallons for the season, you can substitute in the following example, the rated capacity of your pump, the approximate number of hours you pumped per day, and the estimated number of days the pump operated during the year.

EXAMPLE

Step 1. Compute gallons per hour - 100 gallons per minute times 60= 6,000 callons per hour

Step 2. Compute gallons per day -

20 hours pumped times 6,000=

120,000 gallons per day

Step 3. Compute gallons per season - 96 days pump operated times 120,000=

11,520,000 gallons per year

Step 4. Enter 11,520,000 for item 5b.

When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate depth of water applied during the season in inches and report acres covered.

Other methods of reporting total quantity - In some areas miners inches are used to measure water use. In other areas cubic feet per second (second feet) are a common measure of flow. If you use either of these measures, please report this information in the "Remarks" section at the end of the form, or on a separate sheet, rather than in item 5. If you report in either miners inches or cubic feet per second, please don't forget to report also how many hours or days water was delivered at the given rate.

If you are not able to report the actual amount or an estimate of the water quantity, please give as many facts as you can in the "Remarks" section (page 12) or on an attached sheet of paper. Following are examples of helpful items: number of wells, their depth, diameter and measured rate of flow; allowable diversion rate from streams; capacity of pump or diameter of pump outlet; days operated per season or number of times irrigated; whether land is irrigated before planting; and so on.

SECTION 5 ARTIFICIAL DRAINAGE

Acreages reported in this section should be your estimate of the amount of land on this place in 1969 which was benefited to some extent by artificial drainage facilities. Even though your whole place may be in a drainage district, report only that part which is artificially drained. Acres drained by more than one system should be reported only once, for the most important one. However, if different parts of this place had different types of drainage systems, you will have entries in more than one item

SECTIONS

CROPS HARVESTED IN 1969-GENERAL INFORMATION

How and where to report - You will find it easier to report your crops if you glance through pages 3 to 8 of the reporting form and read the paragraphs on pages 9 to 11 of this leaflet, before you begin to fill in your answers.

CROPS. Continued

Report in each section only the crops called for there. For example, field corn is to GENERAL- be reported in section 8, wheat in section 10, Irish potatoes in section 13, and vegetables for sale in section 21. Section 23 is the place to report any crop not asked for in sections 8-22.

> Do not include in your report any crops on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others or worked on shares by others. Your report should cover only the crops on the "acres in this place," as reported in item 4 of section 1. The next 6 pages of this leaflet contain general information about the reporting of crops, and a discussion of some special crop reporting problems. Table 1, at the end of this leaflet provides a listing of conversion factors for the crops most commonly grown.

. HOW TO REPORT CROPS HARVESTED - AN EXAMPLE

A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 200 tons. Using a corn head on his combine, he harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized, using 7 8/10 tons of dry fertilizer.

His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

| Go to Section 9 | |
|--|--------------------|
| Go to Section 9 Secti | Sec |
| 2. Field corn lor silage 3. Field corn cut lor green or dry looder, hogged or grazed flow out tackede Acre acres already reported | 20 2CO Tenansph 20 |
| 3. Field corn cut for green or dry lodder, hogged or grazed iDo not include here acres already reported | d of control |
| it ilem 1 or 2) | Fertilizer used |
| | |
| Acres fertilized Dry | |

- a. Item 1 calls for grain or seed, so he entered 80 in the "Acres harvested" column and 7,000 in the bushels space in the "Quantity harvested" column. The 80 acres for grain were not irrigated so he made no entry in the "Acres irrigated" column
- b. For item 2, Corn for silage, he entered 20 acres harvested, 200 tons quantity harvested, and 20 acres irrigated.
- c. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, he did not make any entry in item 3.
- d. In item 4, he entered 100 for "Acres fertilized," entered 7 for whole tons, and 8 for tenths in the "Dry" space.

CROPS. GENERAL Continued

• COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER

For each crop, report the number of acres fertilized in 1969, and report the total tons and tenths of tons used in all applications. Report the total weight of the fertilizer, including filler. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

If you bought fertilizer on an analysis basis and do not know the total tons used, the following example will show you how to estimate the total tons of fertilizer.

Example 1: A farmer fertilized 70 acres of corn at the rate of 100 pounds of N (nitrogen) per acre and used an analysis of 33-0-0, as recommended by the fertilizer dealer.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used including filler:

- 1. Divide the 100 pounds of nitrogen by the percent of nitrogen in the analysis, in this case 33, to get the total pounds of fertilizer per acre.
- 2. Multiply the pounds per acre (obtained in step 1) by 70 acres to get total pounds of fertilizer used.
- 3. Convert pounds to tons by dividing by 2,000.
- (1) $\underline{100}$ (pounds of N) = $\underline{10,000}$ = 303 (lbs. per acre) .33 (% of N in analysis)
- (2) 303 x 70 (acres) = 21,210 pounds.
- (3) $21,210 \div 2,000 = 106/10$ tons.

If you don't know the percent analysis of nitrogen, but do know the phosphorus (P2O5) or potash (K2O), work the estimate in the same way as when nitrogen is the known factor.

If you know how much fertilizer was applied per acre, but don't know the total tons, use the method in this example.

Example 2: Sixty-five acres of corn were fertilized with 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used, multiply the 65 acres fertilized times the 150 pounds of fertilizer used per acre. This gives the total pounds of fertilizer used. Then divide by 2,000 to get the total tons.

- a. Multiply 65 acres fertilized by 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre to get 9,750.
- b. Divide 9,750 total pounds of fertilizer by 2,000 to get 4.875.
- c. Enter 4 9/10 tons.

• TWO OR MORE CROPS HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

Example 1. A farmer had a 20-acre field:

- a. He harvested oats from the 20 acres in 1969.
- b. He then planted the 20 acres in soybeans and harvested them during the same year.

He should report:

- 1. The 20 acres of oats in section 10, item 4.
- 2. The 20 acres of sovbeans in section 11, item 1.

_ 10 _

CROPS. Continued

In such a case the acres of crops harvested may be greater than the acres of land GENERAL- reported in item 1a of section 3 (land use).

Example 2: A 10-acre field of red clover was cut for hay in 1969.

The same 10 acres was later harvested for seed.

- 1. Ten acres for hay should be reported in section 14, item 2.
- 2. Ten acres for seed should be reported in section 15, item 1.

• INTERPLANTED CROPS AND "SKIP-ROW" PLANTING

If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, report for each crop the part of the field used for that crop.

Example 1: If a 40-acre tract of land was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans for beans, 20 acres should be reported for beans in section 11, item 1, and 20 acres should be reported for cotton in section 12, item 1.

Example 2: If you planted "skip" rows in soil-improvement crops, report the harvested portion of the field in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the soil-improvement acreage in section 3, item 1c.

Example 3: If you left "skip" rows idle, report the harvested portion of the acres in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the idle acres in section 3, item

• CROPS HARVESTED IN ORCHARDS

If approximately 4 acres of tomatoes were grown among the trees in a 10-acre apple orchard, you'd still report all 10 acres as orchard acres in section 16, item 1, and also as apple acreage in section 17, item 1. Report the 4 acres of tomatoes in section 21,

REPORTING UNIT FOR QUANTITY HARVESTED

The units of measure given on the report form for quantity of each crop harvested ere, in general, those most commonly used throughout the country. For corn, grain sorghums, rice, grapes, prunes, and figs, a choice of two or more units is provided.

If you happen to use in your records a unit different from what is printed on the form, please convert your figure on quantity harvested, to the unit shown. For your convenience, we have printed table 1 at the end of this leaflet, showing approximate weight per unit for the crops most frequently reported. Use these if you do not have more accurate information available.

Now you will want to start filling out the crops sections of the report form, referring to this leaflet, if necessary.

SECTION 14

HAY AND SILAGE HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

If you made one cutting of alfalfa for hay and another cutting for green feed, report the acres for the alfalfa cut for hay in item 1 of section 14, and report the acres again for hay crops cut and fed green in item 9 of the same section.

- 11 -

SECTION 15

FIELD SEEDS

The acres of land harvested for field seeds often will have been reported in section 14 because hay also was cut from the same land. If you fertilized the fields for the general purpose of getting better production of both hay and seed, report the "acres fertilized" and the quantity of fertilizer used only in section 14, item 10. But if you applied fertilizer especially for the benefit of the seed crop, report in item 9 of section 15 the "acres fertilized" and the weight (in tons) of fertilizer applied for the seed crop.

Item 9

SECTIONS

16-19.

GENERAL

ORCHARDS · FRUIT TREES, NUT TREES, AND GRAPEVINES

In counting the combined total of trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production.

Include land in trees that, because of weather damage, did not bear in 1969. Also include orchard and grove acreage from which the crop was not harvested because of unsatisfactory prices, labor shortage, etc. Do not include acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned

If fruit and nut trees were planted in borders or were interplanted among other crops, estimate the orchard acreage by dividing the total number of such trees by the usual number of such trees per acre in your locality.

When you need to estimate the acres in fruit and nut trees, first find the planting distance between trees, then divide the total number of trees by the number per acre that corresponds with the planting distance, as given in the following table. The result represents the approximate acreage. For example, 700 trees planted 25 feet x 25 feet apart. (70 trees per acre) would represent 10 acres.

| Nur | mber of fruit an | d nut trees per acre | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Planting distance (feet) | Number per acre | Planting distance (feet) | Number per acre |
| 8 x 8 | 680 | 22 x 24 | 82 |
| 8 x 10 | 545 | 24 x 24 | 75 |
| 8 x 12 | 454 | 25 x 25 | 70 |
| 9 x 9 | 538 | 26 x 26 | 64 |
| 10 x 10 | 436 | 27 x 27 | 60 |
| 10 x 12 | 363 | 28 x 28 | 56 |
| 12 x 12 | 302 | 28 x 30 | 52 |
| 12 x 14 | 259 | 30 x 30 | 48 |
| 14 x 14 | 222 | 32 x 32 | 43 |
| 15 x 15 | 194 | 35 x 35 | 35 |
| 16 x 16 | 170 | 36 x 36 | 34 |
| 18 x 18 | 134 | 40 x 40 | 27 |
| 18 x 20 | 121 | 40 x 45 | 24 |
| 18 x 22 | 110 | 45 x 45 | 22 |
| 20 x 20 | 109 | 45 x 50 | 19 |
| 20 x 22 | 99 | 50 x 50 | 17 |
| 20 x 24 | 91 | 55 x 50 | 16 |
| 22 x 22 | 90 | 60 x 60 | 12 |
| | 1 1 | | |

SECTION 17

NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES OR GRAPEVINES

Item 8

Avocados · In California, report the quantity harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969. In Florida, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested between July 1, 1969, and February 28, 1970.

Items 10 and 11

Grapes - Report raisin grapes on either a fresh-weight or dry-weight basis, according to how you sold them. If you sold raisin grapes by both methods, please convert to one basis. One pound of raisins usually equals about 4 3/10 pounds of fresh grapes. Report all other grapes on a fresh-weight basis.

Please separate the European type grapes among items 11a, 11b, and 11c of section 17 on the basis of variety and **not** on the basis of use. Some of the common varieties are as follows:

11a. Raisin varieties - Black Corinth, Muscat, Sultana, and Thompson Seedless.

11b. Table varieties - Emperor, Malaga, Red Malaga, Ribier, and Tokay.

11c. Wine varieties - Alicante Bouschet, Carignane, Grenache, Mission, Palomino, Petite Sirah, and Zinfandel.

Item 15

Olives - In California and Arizona, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested from the bloom of 1969 for the 1969-70 harvest season - September 15, 1969, to about February 28, 1970. In all other States report the total 1969 crop.

SECTION

19

Item 4

NUT TREES

Pecans - Improved pecans refer to pecan trees that have been budded, grafted or top worked. Consider all other pecan trees as wild or seedling, whether grown in orchards, pastures, etc.

Item 6 For quantity of tung nuts harvested, report pounds in the husk. For all other tree nuts, report quantity in the shell.

Item 7 Report planted black walnuts in item 7. Do not report wild black walnuts.

SECTION 21

VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS

Report vegetable crops harvested in the calendar year 1969 for all States except Florida. For Florida, report any vegetable crops that were harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969.

Report the entire acreage of each vegetable crop harvested. For example, if you harvested three acres of radishes from a field in 1969, then replanted the field to radishes and harvested the three acres again, report 6 acres harvested in section 21, item 15, No. 350. (If crops are grown, such as radishes, which are included in the "Other vegetable crops" list, below item 15 in section 21, write the name of the crop and the code number (Radishes...350) in the spaces provided in item 15.) If each crop of radishes was fertilized, report only 3 acres fertilized but report the total tons of all fertilizer used.

Leaflet Guide - Continued

SECTION

NURSERY OR GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS GROWN FOR SALE

22 Item 6

Mushrooms - Report the square feet of bed space used in 1969, multiplied by the number of times it was harvested. Do not report the total floor space of the building or other area where the mushrooms were grown. For example, if you harvested two crops of mushrooms from an area of 20,000 square feet of bed space, report 40,000 square feet of area used.

SECTION 23

OTHER CROPS

In addition to the crops named in this section, also use section 23 to report any crops harvested that have not been accounted for in sections 8-22.

Sugarcane - The sugarcane growing season differs in each of the three growing areas in the United States. Report acres harvested (or to be harvested) during the current cutting season, as follows:

In Florida, November 1969 through April 1970. In Louisiana, October 1969 through December 1969. In Hawaii, October 1, 1968, through September 30, 1969.

In Florida and Louisiana, report acres of sugarcane planted for harvest later than the current cutting season, as cropland idle, in section 3, item 1f. For Hawaii, special provision is made on the form for reporting sugarcane planted for future harvest.

SECTION 24

FOREST PRODUCTS SOLD

Report here, all forest products sold from this place in 1969, regardless of who made the sales. For example, sales made by the landlord should be included.

SECTIONS 25-29, GENERAL

POULTRY, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, OTHER LIVESTOCK

These items deal with the livestock and poultry on this place or sold from this place in 1969, regardless of ownership. If livestock or poultry were fed on this place on a contract or on a custom basis, report them as sold if they were taken from this place in 1969. Animals or poultry owned by you that were not on this place at any time in 1969 because they were fed for you by someone else, such as in a feedlot or poultryhouse, are not to be included in this report; they should be accounted for on the agriculture census report for the feedlot, poultryhouse, etc.

Count as being on this place, animals that were owned by you or kept by you for others, but which on December 31, 1969, were on land used on a permit basis (national forestland; grazing district land; or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management). See "Grazing permit," page 6 of this leaflet.

Do **not** include in your report any livestock or poultry on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others. Your report should cover only the livestock and poultry on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in item 4 of section 1.

SECTION

CHICKENS, TURKEYS, OTHER POULTRY

25

For each item, report the number on this place December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them, and the number of poultry sold from this place, or taken from this place during 1969, including those raised or fed under a contract. Do **not** include any sales of baby chicks or poults.

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Item 1a Hens and pullets of laying age - Include hens in most with the other hens and pullets of laying age. In the "sold" column include any old or cull hens sold during 1969.

Item 3b Other turkeys - In the "sold" column, report turkeys sold for slaughter and those that were broaded and then moved to another place for further feeding.

SECTION

Item 4

CATTLE AND CALVES

Item 2 Milk cows - Include cows of any breed milked for home use or for sale.

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In the "Total number sold" answer spaces, include the cattle and calves sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals fed on this place under contract or on a custom basis if they were taken from this place in 1969. Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such transactions are considered to be "dealer" purchases and sales.

In the "Number fattened ..." answer spaces, report the number of head that were sold for slaughter after being fattened in the manner described, provided they were expected to produce carcasses that would grade "USDA Good" or better. Do not report in this column veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold; do not include cattle or calves that have been fed grain or concentrates and sold for further feeding.

SECTION

27 Item 1a Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding - Include bred sows and bred gilts, other sows and gilts intended for breeding, and boars and young males to be used for breeding.

Item 3 Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 - Include all pigs born on this place that were sold for slaughter or taken from this place for further feeding.

SECTION

CONTRACT OR BINDING AGREEMENT

Many farm products are produced under a contract or binding agreement made between the producer and the person who buys or uses the farm product. These contracts or agreements usually specify the kind and amount of the farm product to be produced, where or to whom it is to be delivered, what price the producer is to be paid or how the price is to be determined. The contracts may specify the variety of crop or breed of animal or poultry to be produced, and may provide for services such as spraying, dusting, fertilizing, harvesting, packing, and selling. The contractor may supply seed, fertilizer, or feed. He may also provide financing and a field man to give advice and to inspect the producet while it is being produced. Include contracts for the growing of heifers for dairy farms, contracts involving cow pools, milking pools, and cow-leasing agreements.

In this section, include under the "Co-op" item, production contracts with a cooperative processor. Do not include contracts made by you to have someone else provide a service to you or grow or produce something for you.

Report sales contracts or agreements providing just for the marketing or sale of a product, such as milk, as "Marketing or sales contracts or agreements." Also report under this same heading, marketing contracts and agreements with marketing associations and cooperatives. Usually very few or no services or supplies are provided by the buyer of the farm product under a sales contract or agreement.

If the sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor or equipment, report it as a production contract.

Do **not** report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural products. Some *examples* of agreements or contracts **not** to be reported here are:

Rental of land

Hauling

Purchase of feed, fertilizer or other farm supplies

Labor wage agreements and financing of farm operations

Government program agreements

Agricultural services

Customwork

Farm machinery rentals

SECTION 31

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The items in this section refer to machinery and equipment kept on this place and used for the farm business in 1968 or 1969, regardless of ownership.

Item 12

Item 12 refers to the market value of **all** machinery and equipment, not just the items listed on the report form. The value you report should be your estimate of how much the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition - **not** the replacement cost or the depreciated value.

SECTION

HIRED WORKERS

Do **not** include workers who did only contruction work or other work not related to the production of crops or livestock. Do **not** include employees of a labor contractor, cooperative, processor, or dealer who performed contract work on this place. Report all other hired workers, including members of your family if they were paid wages, who did farm or ranch work on this place. Report each person only once even though he may have worked several different times during the year.

SECTION 33

INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME AND OTHER CHEMICALS

For each item report only once the total acres treated, but give the total cost of materials used in all treatments. If you used a dual purpose chemical, report the total acres treated for each item (insect, disease, etc.), and divide the cost of materials between the items. If the same acreage was treated separately for two purposes, give acres and cost of materials for each item. For example, if cotton was treated for insects and then treated for defoliation, the acres and material cost for insect treatment would be reported under item 2b and the acres and material cost for defoliation would be reported in item 3.

Do not include the cost of chemically treated seed or the cost of chemicals used by you to treat seed prior to planting.

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SECTION PRODUCTION EXPENSES

Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For example, if you grew broilers or fed cattle for others, include in the production expenses, item 1, your best estimate of the value of the baby chicks or cattle at the time they were brought to this place. Also include, in item 2, the value and amount of all feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place.

Do not include expenses (or sales) related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities).

Item 1 Livestock and poultry - Report the total amount spent by you and by your landlord or by others for all livestock and poultry bought during 1969 for production, including feeding, on this place. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time.

fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time they came on this place.

Do **not** include the purchase cost of livestock or poultry bought and then resold within 30 days.

Item 2 Feed - Report the cost of all feed for livestock and poultry during 1969. When feed was supplied by others, as in broiler contracts, estimate the cost of the feed used on this place. Do **not** include the cost of feed for livestock fed off this place, but **do** include the cost of feed fed to cattle or sheep while they are on "permit" grazing

include the cost of feed fed to cattle or sheep while they are on "permit" grazing land (see "Grazing permit," on page 6 of this leaflet).

Commercially mixed formula feeds - Include all complete feeds, concentrates, feed

additive supplements, base mixes and premixes fed in 1969. Include your best estimate of tons and value of feed furnished by others for livestock and poultry that were grown or fed on this place for others under contract.

Item 10 All other production expenses

Include-

Item 2a

Purchase of irrigation water

Costs of operating and maintaining irrigation systems

Farm electricity

Veterinary services and medicine

Hauling and other marketing charges

Farm supplies

Farm taxes

Interest on farm debts

All other farm-related expenditures

Do not include-

Value of the landlord's share of crops or livestock produced on this place Purchase of long-term assets, such as tractors and machinery, land, or new

buildings
Expenditures for construction of major improvements, such as drainage canals,

irrigation systems, etc.

Income taxes

Interest on nonfarm loans

SECTION 35

MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD

These questions are asked to obtain a measure of the agricultural productivity of your county, State, and the entire United States. Information given in this report will be combined with that for other farms in your county and only totals will be published. By Federal law, the information you give in this report is confidential. Your report is to be used for statistical purposes only, and cannot be revealed to anyone who is not a Census employee. Census employees are under oath (with penalty for violation) not to reveal such information.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1969, regardless of the year they were produced; and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place any time in 1969. Do not report your net income. Do not report value of sales from land which you rented to others. If you rent land from others or work land on shares for others, include the value of the landlord's share of any products removed from this place. If you operate as a partnership, include the total value of all products sold from this place for all partners. Include the value of crops you have placed under government loan or seal in 1969 along with the value of all crops sold.

Sales from nonfarm-related activities (such as trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities) should not be included.

Value of products harvested by others - If crops were harvested by cooperatives or by others, and you received for your product a price which did not include the cost of harvesting, hauling, etc., please report the gross value which includes these costs before they were deducted. If your records do not show such figures separately, please estimate the cost of such services and include these with the value of the product. Also be sure that the cost of these services has been included in the proper production expense items in section 34.

Livestock or crops under contract - For livestock or crops, including vegetables and fruits, produced by you under contract, report the gross value before deductions for any feed, seeds, plants, fertilizer, sprays, dusts, and labor or equipment furnished by the contractor. For example, if you received \$1,000 cash and you estimate that the contractor furnished \$500 in seeds, production and harvesting costs, report \$1,500 as the gross sales value of the crops grown under contract. The value of materials furnished or paid for by others also should be included in the proper items in section 34

- Poultry and poultry products Report the value of all eggs, broilers, hens and roosters, started pullets, ducks, turkeys, and other poultry and their eggs sold or moved from this place during 1969. If the sale price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. For example, if you produced 10,000 pounds of poultry on a contract basis and you estimate the market price at 20 cents per pound, then you should report \$2,000 as the market value.
- Item 9 Dairy products Include the gross value of all milk and cream sold from this place.

 Report the total value before hauling costs and Co-op dues are subtracted.
- **Item 10** Dairy cattle and calves Report the total value of sales of all dairy cattle and calves (including heifers, bulls, and bull calves) sold from this place.

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Item 11

Other cattle and calves - Report the value of sales of all cattle and calves other than dairy animals sold from this place in 1969. Be sure to include the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, or cost of hauling and selling, etc. If the sales price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. The value of sales of cattle and calves bought and kept on this place less than 30 days before removal should not be included.

Do not report the value of sales of livestock owned by you but held on and sold, from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place. For cattle moved from your place to a feedlot for further feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Item 12

Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include the value of all hogs and pigs, sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair sold or taken from this place during 1969. Report the value (or give your best estimate) of animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared the receipts. Include animals fed under contract or on a custom basis on this place if the animals were sold or taken from this place during 1969.

SECTION 36 Item 3

FARM RELATED INCOME RECEIVED IN 1969

Report all government payments received by you from any of the following direct-payment programs:

- Feed grain diversion and price support
- Wheat diversion and marketing certificate
- Upland cotton diversion and price support
- Agricultural conservation
- Emergency conservation
- Cropland adjustment
- Conservation reserve (soil bank)
- Appalachian Land Stabilization and Conservation
- Sugar
- Wool and mohair

This total amount may have been furnished to you recently in a "Report of Payment to Producer" (notice sent to you by the Agricultural Stablization and Conservation Service). If so, you may copy this figure on your Census report.

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Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit

| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Section No. | Item No. | Сгор | Unit | Pounds |
| 8 | 1 | Field corn for grain: Shelled | Bushel | 56 |
| 9 | 1 | Sorghums for grain or seed (1-ton heads = 25 bu. grain) | Bushel | 56 |
| 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | 1-3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 13 | Oats Barley Rye Flaxseed Buckwheat Proso millet Emmer and spelt Safflower | Bushel | 60 32 48 56 56 48 50 40 40 |
| 11 | 1 2 | Soybeans for beans | Bushel | 60 17 21 25 |
| 11 | 3 | Spanish | Bushel | 60 |
| 11 | 4 | Dry lima beans | Bushel | 56 |
| 11 | 5 | Dry field and seed peas | Bushel | 60 |
| 11 | 6 | Cowpeas for dry peas | Bushel | 60 |
| 11 | 7 8 | Velvetbeans for beans (hulled) | Bushel | 60 60 |
| 12 | 1 | Cotton: Gross (seed cotton) Net (lint cotton) (1,500 lb. seed cotton = 1 bale) | Bale | 500 480 |
| 12 | 4 | Popcorn: Ear, husked Shelled (70 lb. ear corn, husked = 1 bu. shelled corn) | Bushel Bushel | 70 56 |
| 12 | 5 | | Bale | 333 |
| 13 | i | Irish potatoes | Bushel | 60 165 100 |
| 13 | 2 | Sweetpotatoes | | 55 |

Table 1 · Approximate Net Weight Per Unit-Continued

| Sec- tion No. | Item No. | Сгор | Unit | Pounds |
|---------------------|-------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| 14 | 1-7 | Hay (3 tons green = 1 ton dry) | | |
| 15 | 1 | Red clover seed | Bushel | 60 |
| 15 | 2 | Alfalfa seed | Bushel | 60 |
| 15 | 3 | Lespedeza seed | Bushel | 30 |
| 15 | 4 | Timothy seed | Bushel | 45 |
| 15 | 5 | Bromegrass seed | Bushel | 14 |
| 15 | 6 | Orchardgrass seed | Bushel | 14 |
| 15 | 7 | Sweetclover seed | Bushel | 60 |
| 17 | 1 | Apples | Bushel Northwest box Fibreboard box, | 45 44 |
| | | | cell pack | 40 |
| 17 | 2-3 | Peaches | Bushel | 48 |
| `` | | | Lug box | 20 |
| | | | California fruit box | 18 |
| 17 | 4-5 | Pears: | fruit box | |
| | | California | Bushel | 48 |
| | | Other | Bushel | 50 |
| - 1 | | Western | Box | 46 |
| 17 | 6-7 | Cherries | Lug | 20 |
| ľ | | | Campbell lug | 16 |
| 17 | 8 | Avocados | Lug | 13 |
| 17 | 10 | Grapes, American type | 4-quart climax | 6 |
| ì | | | basket 12-guart basket | 20 |
| 17 | 11a | Grapes, European type-raisin varieties | 12-quart basket | 20 |
| - 1 | | (1 lb. dried = 4 3/10 lb. fresh) | | |
| 17 | 11b | Grapes, European type-table varieties | Lug | 28 |
| 17 | 12-13 | Plums and prunes: | 4-basket crate . | 20 |
| '' | 12.13 | California | 4-basket crate . | 30 |
| 1 | | Other | ½-bushel basket | 28 |
| 17 | 13 | Prunes | 72 Daditer Danket | |
| " | ,,, | (California: 1 lb. dried = 2 7/10 lb. fresh) | | |
| - 1 | | (Other: 1 lb. dried = 3 to 4 lb. fresh) | | |
| 17 | 14 | Apricots | Lug | |
| į | | | (Brentwood) . | 24 |
| 1 | | | 4-basket crate . | 26 |
| 17 | 15 | Olives | Lug | 28 |
| 17 | 16 | Figs, fresh | Box, single- layer | 6 |
| 17 | 16 | Figs | ,01 | |
| | | (California: 1 lb. dried = 3 lb. fresh) | | |
| | | (Other: 1 lb. dried = 4 lb. fresh) | | |

| Sec- tion No. | Item No. | Сгор | Unit | Pounds |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| 18 | 1 | Valencia oranges: | |] |
| | | California and Arizona | Field box | 55 |
| - 1 | | Florida and Texas | Field box | 90 |
| 18 | 2 | Navel oranges | Field box | 52 |
| 18 | 3 | Temple oranges | Field box | 90 |
| 18 | 4 | Other oranges: | | |
| | | California and Arizona | Field box | 52 |
| ı | | Florida, Texas, and Louisiana | | 90 |
| 18 | 5 | | | |
| 1 | | California and Arizona | Field box | 75 |
| - 1 | | Florida | | 90 |
| - 1 | | Texas | Field box | 100 |
| 18 | 6 | Tangelos | Field box | 90 |
| 18 | 7 | Grapefruit: | | |
| | | California, desert valleys | Field box | 50 |
| - 1 | | Other California | Field box | 52 |
| - 1 | | Florida and Texas | Field box | 80 |
| 18 | 8 | Lemons: | | |
| | - | California and Arizona | Field box | 52 |
| ľ | | Florida and Texas | Field box | 90 |
| 18 | 9 | Limes | Bushel | 55 |
| | _ | | | |
| 19 | 1 | Walnuts | Bushel | 50 |
| | | | | |
| 20 | 1 | Strawberries | Quart | 11/2 |
| 20 | 2-3 | Raspberries | | 11/2 |
| 20 | 4 | Cranberries | | 25 |
| 20 | 5 | Other berries | Quart | 1½ |

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