Appendix A. Explanatory Materials

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. HISTORY OF THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

The 1969 census is the 19th nationwide census of agriculture. The first agricultural census was taken in 1840 as part of the Sixth Decennial Census. From 1840 to 1920, an agricultural census was taken every 10 years as part of each decennial census.

With increased application of scientific findings and growing use of mechanization in agriculture, farming practices were changing so rapidly that early in this century it was evident that facts collected at 10-year intervals were no longer adequate. Aware of the need for more accurate and timely information, the Congress, in 1909 (36 Stat. 10, Sec. 31), provided for a census of agriculture to be taken in 1915 and every 10 years thereafter, in addition to the census of agriculture taken at the time of the decennial census. However, the census was not taken in 1915 because of the abnormal conditions created by World War I. Beginning in 1920, a national agricultural census has been taken every five years.

2. HOW THE 1969 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE WAS TAKEN

Enumeration Method

For the first time in a nationwide census of agriculture, farmers were asked to fill out and mail back their census forms. In earlier censuses, enumerators called on all farm operators. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration starting date and farmers were asked to fill them out and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up. The enumerators going from door to door in rural areas would pick up and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete forms for those places classified as farms which did not have forms ready for review.

Use of the mailout/mailback approach had been considered earlier and some aspects had been included in pretests for the 1964 Census of Agriculture as well as in the evaluation surveys measuring the accuracy of the earlier censuses. A coverage check of the 1964 census was especially pertinent in the final decision to adopt the mailout/mailback method for the 1969 census. A brief description of the study, called the "EPA-IRS Match" appears on page 38 of volume III, part 7, Evaluation Surveys, of the 1964 Census of Agriculture.

The Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1969 Census of Agriculture was a mailing list comprised of all persons and organizations that could be readily identified as associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were used initially.

The list was assembled primarily from the records of other Government agencies and from the 1964 Census of Agriculture lists of addresses. Internal Revenue Service records were particu-

larly significant in developing the mailing list, since most farm operators of any importance could be identified in these records. Specifically, the IRS supplied lists of people and organizations who filed Form 1040, Schedule F (farm operators and farm landlords). The IRS also supplied lists of businesses showing, on Form 1040—Schedule C, Form 1065 (partnerships), and Form 1120S (small business corporations), that more than 50 percent of their income was from agriculture. A listing of employers of agricultural workers filing agriculture employment tax reports on Social Security Administration Form 943 was also used. The Bureau supplemented these lists with the names of Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service participants in the south and selected States in the remainder of the country where there appeared to be a significant number of persons with limited agricultural operations who had not filed IRS Schedule F.

The Bureau amended the basic list by conducting a precanvass early in 1969, covering about 100,000 of the larger more complex farms. The precanvass identified separate farm units of multifarm operations, farms with significant acreages in more than one county, and abnormal operations such as Indian reservations and farms operated by institutions.

The master list, constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employer Identification numbers, contained the names and addresses of persons or organizations associated with agricultural operations, and an indication of the size of the operation so that the Bureau could determine which of two versions of the census form to send.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler operations, which might not be identified in the administrative records as associated with agricultural operations were obtained and a supplemental mailing was made to the names and addresses on these lists.

Duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were removed during office processing.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution

The regular 12-page form (A1) was sent to farms with an expected volume of sales of agricultural products in 1969, of \$2,500 or more.

A four-page form (A2) was sent to a 50-percent sample of operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. This form covered all major items—land use, crops, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and income—but omitted much of the detail found in the regular form.

Both forms are reproduced in appendix B.

Why the two forms? Emphasis in this census was placed on obtaining more detailed information for those farms with annual sales of farm products of \$2,500 or more. In 1964, the 1,817,000 farms in this group, which made up 58 percent of the total farms, accounted for more than 96 percent of the total value of all farm products sold.

It was agreed that the operators of the smaller places need not be burdened with the extensive detail required from the operators who are responsible for virtually all of our commercial farm production. Hence, the short form was developed for the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to be less than \$2,500.

The Initial Mailings

During the last week of December 1969, the report forms were mailed to all farm operators on the mailing list. Approximately 3,700,000 forms were mailed at this time—2,900,000 regular forms (A1) and 800,000 short forms (A2).

The A2 form was *not* used in Alaska and Hawaii; A1's were mailed to all names on the address list. The A1 form used in Alaska was the same as the one used in the other continental States. The A1 form used in Hawaii differed primarily in the crops section, since Hawaiian agriculture has significant differences from the mainland in the crops produced.

During the first part of 1970, lists of persons or firms filing 1969 tax returns showing agricultural operations were obtained from the Internal Revenue Service. The Bureau checked these names against the original mailing list to find individuals and organizations who had not reported agricultural operations in their 1968 income tax reports or who, for some other reason, had not been included in the December 1969 mailing. These operators were sent the appropriate regular or short form in a supplementary mailing in July 1970.

All potential farm operators who were sent the regular form, received with it a Leaflet Guide which carried on the cover a letter from the Chief of the Agriculture Division explaining the purpose of the census and asking the recipient to fill out the form and return it in the envelope enclosed. The leaflet provided descriptions and definitions for the various items in more detail than was shown on the form, as well as instructions regarding some of the more common problem situations that were anticipated and lists of what should be included or excluded in reporting the more complex items.

A reproduction of this Leaflet Guide appears in appendix B.

Potential operators who received the short form were sent the cover letter, but not the leaflet. Instructions for this relatively simple form were provided on the form itself.

It was intended that the regular form would be filled out by the operators of all farms with \$2,500 or more in sales of farm products. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1969 substantially above this breaking point, it was necessary to go back to them for the additional detail needed for the regular form. If the recipient of the regular form reported less than \$2,500 in sales, data were tabulated for only those items which were on the short form.

Coverage of Outlying Areas

The mailout/mailback procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. Discussion of the methods used appears in the reports for the outlying areas.

Followup Procedures

In the United States, a reminder card dated January 10, 1970, was sent to all recipients of the regular form, urging prompt

response and expressing thanks "if your response is already in the mail."

The first followup letter was mailed early in March to all those on the original mailing list from whom we had not received either the completed form or other correspondence by February 25th.

After the first mail followup, telephone and field followup was started early in March to be sure that data were collected from the previously identified very large and/or very complex operations.

Over a period of the next three months, three other followup letters were sent to the other nonrespondents to achieve a response over the 90-percent level by July 1, 1970.

After the mailing of the fourth followup letter, data collection efforts continued, but on a selective basis. Field enumeration by personal interview was used to collect the data from non-respondents in 371 counties where response rates were below acceptable limits.

The collection of missing reports continued, as necessary, into the office processing phase. Lists of farms with substantial production of specific farm products had been obtained from various sources. These lists were used during data review as a check in counties having significant differences between the expected and the tabulated amounts of one or more agricultural products. Farms appearing on the lists for which a report was not found in the file of census reports being processed were contacted, usually by telephone. If it was determined that a farm had indeed been missed, a report was obtained.

The processing system provided for the possibility of incorporating reports as late as the final tabulation of county data for each State.

The telephone and field followup was performed either by the permanent staff of the Bureau's regional field offices assisted by staff held over from the population census enumeration or, in the case of the very large and complex agricultural operations, by Agriculture Division staff members.

3. STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Report forms were completed and tabulated for all the indentifiable larger places. In a few instances where the required information could not be obtained from the operator, data were obtained from secondary sources.

The smaller operations for which data were not obtained are represented in the statistics by replication of reports for farms having similar characteristics in the same county.

The majority of the farms represented by replication are among those having a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of less than \$5,000. For Georgia, data were imputed for about 6 percent of the State's farms, accounting for about 4 percent of the State's total value of agricultural products sold.

All report forms were subjected to a computer edit where adjustments using detailed programed specifications were made for incomplete or internally inconsistent data. The procedures provided for printouts of the computer changes for those farm reports if the change exceeded specified limits for the item. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by Agriculture Division staff members.

4. OFFICE PROCESSING

The reports for all farms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tape. Records for large agricultural operations, including all places of 50,000 acres or more, or having \$100,000 sales of agricultural products or more in 1969, were reviewed by a professional employee (agricultural statistician or economist). Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent. Reports for smaller operations were subjected to a clerical editing review, during which significant problems were referred to the professional analysts for solution.

During processing, the data for each report form were subjected to a detailed review which required almost the full capacity of one of the very large electronic computers. The program provided comprehensive tests and instructions which were used to correct data found to be in error or inconsistent, to supply missing data, and to make classifications of the farm necessary for tabulation of data.

5. COMPLETENESS OF THE CENSUS

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farm land, and farm production is the aim of each general, nationwide census of agriculture, it has never been reached. The causes of incompleteness and inaccuracies are a part of the complex structure of America's agriculture. Among the elements involved are the large number of places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land they operate, the expiration of leases and the making or renewal of other leases, the problems of obtaining a complete unduplicated listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulties of locating and identifying places that might be farms, the absence from their farms of some farmers during the period of the mail effort and followup procedures, the opinions of some operators that some or all of their agricultural operations should not be included in the census, etc.

Preliminary results of a check of coverage in the State indicate that about 92 percent of the farms with a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of \$2,500 and over, are included in the census. The 1969 coverage of part-time, part-retirement, and other low-income operations is probably less complete than for 1964 and earlier censuses. These types of operations are most likely to have been missing in the administrative records used in assembling the basic mailing list. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 95 percent of the total value of agricultural production for the State.

A more detailed statement regarding the differences in coverage between the 1969 and 1964 censuses of agriculture is provided in the Introduction to volume II of the reports for the 1969 and 1964 censuses. In addition, a detailed report on coverage of the 1969 census is scheduled to be published separately.

6. COMPARABILITY OF DATA

A factor affecting comparability, in addition to those mentioned in the introduction, was the procedure for assigning a farm to a specific geographic area.

For 1964 and earlier censuses, each enumerator was assigned to enumerate all farms in a specific geographic area, and farms were allocated to the area in which their "headquarters" was located.

Each of the 1969 farms was assigned to a "most probable" county and that county name was listed on the mailing label before the form was sent to the address on the mailing list. The assignment was based upon factors such as records of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the location of the post office, and county of location of the majority of rural route patrons. The respondent was asked to check if all his agricultural operations were located in the county shown on the address label, otherwise to identify the "principal" county in which his agricultural operations were conducted, and to name all other counties in which he had agricultural operations. If he failed to do this correctly, and especially if the preassigned "most probable" county was incorrect, the acres in the farm may have been tabulated for a different county than in 1964 and earlier censuses. In addition, even when the respondent replied correctly, if two counties or more were involved, his concept of the principal county where his agricultural operations were located might well have differed from the location of his "headquarters" as determined by the enumerator in the earlier census

7. THE "SEE TEXT" REFERENCES AND OTHER NOTES FOR THE TABLES

Those items in the State tables which carry the note "see text" are identified in this section by being enclosed in quotation marks. Explanations and notes are shown for additional items.

Table 1

Total cropland may be overstated for 1969 as compared to earlier censuses due largely to the respondent (in most cases the farm operator) reporting his land in a different classification than that reported by the enumerators in earlier censuses.

Cropland used only for pasture and grazing may be overstated for 1969, due in part to a tendency of operators to report all pasture in replying to the first question regarding pasture (item 1b in section 3 of the regular form, and item 2 in section 5 of the short form).

"All other cropland" includes cropland used for soilimprovement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 2

Irrigation. Data on method of irrigation and source of water, along with additional irrigation data will be available in chapter 14, volume II, U.S. Summary, and in volume IV, Irrigation, 1969 Census of Agriculture.

Table 3

The 1964 and 1959 data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include the farms of all nonwhite operators.

Users may notice that data for managers are not shown separately in the report of farm operators by tenure. Discussion of this change from the 1964 and earlier reports will be found in section 8, immediately following this section.

Tenure data for 1964 and 1959 do not include farms operated by managers, and to this extent are not comparable to the 1969

figures in which the managers have been distributed according to the reported ownership of the land.

Additional information regarding farm operators will be reported in volume II. This volume will include data reporting year the operator began operation, detailed data regarding race, and average date the census form was completed.

Data on ownership of land rented from others, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits will be reported in volume II, with totals for each State.

Table 4

"Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlords' and contractors' shares.

Table 5

Farm production expenses, total—both farms and dollars. These figures for 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of the reporting of "all other expenditures." The 1964 and 1959 totals are reported only for the items specifically covered in all three censuses.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. Feed ingredients purchased separately which were included for 1964 and 1959 are excluded for 1969; they are reported separately for 1969 (table 14) for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Commercial fertilizer. Data for 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum; these items were not included in the 1964 or 1959 figures.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year.

All other production expenses. This item is subject to some errors in reporting. Operators failed, in some cases, to follow the instructions as to the types of expenditures which were to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution.

Table 7

The 1964 and 1959 figures on broilers and other meat-type chickens are based on questions which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8

Farms reporting acres and quantity harvested for soybeans for beans are underreported. The format of the regular report form (the A1) provided for related crops to be grouped in one of 12 sections each of which had an introductory general question and instructions for the respondent to skip the entire section whenever he answered "No." The introductory question to section 11, where soybeans for beans should have been reported, was "Were any dry beans, dry peas, or peanuts harvested from this place in 1969?" A limited number of respondents who had harvested soybeans apparently did not classify soybeans as dry beans and skipped the entire section. Some of these reported the crop in section 23, "Other crops," while others failed to report them. In instances where there was a sizeable difference on an individual report form between the acres of cropland harvested and the sum of the acres reported for individual crops harvested, telephone calls made to check on the difference determined that it was frequently due to failure to report either soybean or hay acreages. The missing data were then obtained and the reports corrected. Consequently such underreporting tends to be limited to smaller acreages. Studies of available check data indicate the shortages to be about 5 percent or less for farms reporting and somewhat lower for acres and quantity harvested.

Hay, excluding sorghum hay. There was also underreporting for hay since the introductory general question for section 14 on the regular form which reads "Was any hay or grass silage harvested from this place in 1969?" was misunderstood in some instances. Additionally, it has always been difficult to obtain correct reporting of acreage cut for hay involving, as it frequently does, two or more cuttings from the same acreage, hay cut and seed harvested from the same acreage, or a hay crop following some other crop harvested.

"Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9

"All other cropland." See note for table 1.

"All other land." See note for table 1.

"Farms by type." Explanation of this classification is shown in section 8.

Livestock ranches. See classification of farms in section 8.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

Forest products sold. As in previous censuses, the data obtained in the 1969 census relate only to the forest products cut on farms. Commercial logging, timber operations, and forest products cut and sold from nonfarm places are excluded.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 10

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Table 13

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 30, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. Some operators may not have clearly distinguished these two types of farm labor. Some reported expenditures for contract labor although the workers were not hired through a contractor, a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.

Number working less than 150 days. Some of these workers may have worked on more than one farm during the year, and therefore be reported by two or more operators. The number of workers reported here is likely to exceed the actual number of agricultural workers.

Table 16

"Chickens 4 months old or older" for 1964 and 1959. Note the age break at 4 months for these earlier censuses. This was changed to "3 months old or older" for the 1969 census.

Table 21

Grass silage. 1964 and 1959 figures include grass silage and hay cut green.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

All hay. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 22

Forest products. See note for table 9.

Table 24

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Artificial drainage. Only total drained acres and number of farms having such acres are reported here. More detailed data will be available in volume II, chapter 14, Irrigation and Drainage, and in volume VI, Drainage.

Farms by type. Definitions for the various types of farms are given in section 8.

"\$1 to \$2,499." See note for table 13.

Forest products sold. See note for table 9.

Farm production expenses, total. See note for table 5.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. See note for table 5.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. See note for table 14.

Number of persons working less than 150 days. See note for table 14.

All other production expenses. See note for table 5.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Tables 25 to 30

See notes for table 24. The items in the left-hand margin (stub) of these tables are identical to the items in table 24, therefore the notes for this table apply to tables 25 through 30.

8. DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND CLASSIFICATION OF FARMS

Definitions and Explanations

For exact wording of the questions and instructions in the two census forms (A1 and A2) and in the Leaflet Guide which accompanied the A1 form, see the reproductions of these three items in appendix B.

An analysis of the questions asked in the 1969 census forms and of the data obtained will be given in volume II, General Report, Statistics by Subject, Census of Agriculture, 1969.

Definitions of items and terms which may require additional explanation as they are used in the census are presented here. In general, processing steps and procedures were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are noted here.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "Land in farms" consists primarily of "agricultural" land—that is, land used for crops or pasture or grazing. It also includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, the acreage of woodland and wasteland owned or rented by farm operators as part of their agricultural operations is included as land in farms. Large acreages of land held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted in the processing steps if identified as such.

All grazing land except for open range and grazing land used under government permit was to be included as land in farms provided the place of which it was a part was a farm. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported in the name of the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included. Land in Indian reservations that was not reported by individual Indians and that was not rented to non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate total land area of States and counties as reported for 1969 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated to January 1, 1970. Differences between the land area in the 1969 and 1964 reports reflect changes in the number or size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in two or more counties—With but few exceptions, each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county, usually the county in which he reported all or the largest proportion of his total land.

Some of the exceptions developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This study identified about 1,000 operations having more than one separately reportable farm unit. For these, individual census reports were obtained for each location. Reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties, for which the data would significantly affect the county totals, were separated into two or more reports which were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—Data on the value of land and buildings are presented as totals and in terms of average per farm and average per acre. The value of land and buildings reported for the census was supposed to represent market value—that is, the price for which the land and buildings would sell at the time of the census.

The value of land in buildings for farms for which the value was not completely reported was estimated during office processing by using the average value per acre of land and buildings for farms of approximately the same size having similar characteristics in the same area.

Type of organization—The 1969 census is the first in which information was collected on the type of organization under which the farm operated. This information was collected for class 1-5 farms in response to the demand for data more descriptive of current farm organizational structure than the traditional tenure of farm operator classification. See State table 24.

Farm managers—In 1969, the term "manager" was dropped as a tenure concept because it was no longer descriptive of a distinct type of farm management. Farms of the kind that would have qualified as managed according to the 1964 definition were distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place. Tables in this report showing 1964 tenure data do not include managed farms in the 1964 figures used, and to this extent the 1964 data are not comparable to the 1969 data.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" is used to designate a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered as operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of a partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms.

For 1969, the respondent classified his own status by his answers to the acreage and ownership questions. Data on the characteristics of farm operators were obtained in section 38 of the report form where the operator was defined as the person in charge of the farm or ranch operation. In some cases the operator was not the individual named on the address label. Sometimes informa-

tion was reported for a family member, a partner, or an operator more closely connected with the farm or ranch operations.

In the 1964 census, the farm operator was located and defined by the enumerator who generally obtained the report from the person in charge at the farm or ranch location.

Farms or farms reporting—Figures for farms or farms reporting for a specified item represent the number of farms for which the item was reported. For example, if there were 1,922 farms in a county and 465 had chickens 3 months old and over on hand December 31, 1969, the figure for farms or farms reporting for the item "Chickens 3 months old and over" would be 465.

Value of crops harvested—Data for value of crops harvested were developed by applying estimated unit values to the operators' reports of acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (bushels, bales, etc.) when reported, were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. In some instances only acres harvested were reported, and these were multiplied by State estimates of value of production per acre. A combination of the two calculations was used when only acres harvested were reported by small farms, but units of production were supplied by larger farms. The State average production price and production value per acre figures used in these calculations, were supplied by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

For vegetables and for nursery and greenhouse products, value of sales were obtained from farm operators and used in the calculation of total value of crops harvested.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of each class of livestock or poultry on hand by the State average price for 1969 as furnished by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The 1964 and 1959 data were developed in similar fashion.

Value of farm products sold—Data for the value of farm products sold in 1969 were obtained by direct questioning in both the regular and short forms.

This is a departure from the method used in previous censuses, in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and by estimation for others. A discussion of the methods used in the 1964 census will be found on pages A7 to A9 of the appendix in each State report (volume I) of the 1964 census.

Total value of farm products sold—For 1969, this item excludes income which the farm operator and members of his family received from providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational services on his farm; for 1964, the total included such income.

The total value of farm products sold does not include government payments received by farm operators for participation in wheat, feed grains, and other government programs. As indicated by the data in State table 4, farm operators receive considerable farm-related income from sources other than the farm operated. Data in State table 27 indicate, for the various economic classes of farms, the number of farms on which the farm operator received income from specified sources other than the farm operated, and the amount of such income.

Total income the farm operator and members of his family received from sources other than the farm operated is not available from the 1969 Census of Agriculture. Tabulations are being made from the 1970 Census of Population to provide such

information which may be useful in this regard in a separate report.

Differences in totals for some items—The totals given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given for the same item in another table because of the rounding of fractions for the several groups of farms, counties, etc.

Floating point system—In preparation for showing comparative figures from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the 1964 published figures were keyed to magnetic tape using a floating point system. The system used provides for showing the first five digits of a number, the sixth is rounded to a five and all subsequent digits are shown as zero. Thus, the figure 17,256,423 would appear as 17,256,500. Differences from the 1964 published figures may appear in the least significant digits for any number having six or more digits as a result of using this procedure.

Classification of Farms

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected economic class groups; State tables 24 to 29 present detailed data for class 1-5 farms classified by tenure of operator, type of organization, age of operator, size (in acres), economic class, and type. In addition, the report contains a number of counts of farms according to various characteristics as well as frequency distribution of farms classified by size of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—As mentioned earlier in this section, the term "manager" as a tenure concept, is not used in the 1969 census. Information regarding managers was not obtained separately as the concept has become increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the change to enumeration by mail. The classifications by type of organization should provide more meaningful information. Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are-shown in State table 24.

The classifications of tenure as used in this census are-

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others, or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—This is the first census of agriculture in which the classification by type of organization has been used. The classifications used are—

- a. Individual or family farms, excluding partnership and corporation,
- b. Partnership,
- Corporation, including family owned— With 10 or fewer shareholders, With more than 10 shareholders,
- d. Other-includes estates, trusts, cooperatives.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 on the A1 form. Thus there may be data shown for corporate farms in States where there are regulations affecting the extent to which corporations are permitted to engage in farming operations.

Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization are institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal" and consequently are not included in the tabulations for class 1-5 farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm. Detailed data by size of farm are presented for class 1-5 farms in State table 26. The same classification was used for all States. According to definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of a landlord who has assigned land to other tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm even though the landlord may consider the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by economic class—Data from the 1969 census are reported for "All farms" and for "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over (economic classes 1 to 5)."

In the 1964 and earlier censuses a classification called "commercial farms" was used which included the first six economic classes; this grouping is not comparable to the "class 1-5" grouping used in the 1969 report.

To help bridge this gap, State table 9 shows data for the "class 1-6" group, in addition to data for all farms, class 6 farms, part time, part retirement, and abnormal farms.

The economic classes used in this report are defined as follows:

Class 1	\$40,000	or more of	farm	product	sales
---------	----------	------------	------	---------	-------

Class 1a \$100,000 or more of farm product sales

Class 1b \$40,000 to \$99,999 of farm product sales

Class 2 \$20,000 to \$39,999 of farm product sales

Class 3 \$10,000 to \$19,999 of farm product sales

Class 4 \$5,000 to \$9,999 of farm product sales

Class 5 \$2,500 to \$4,999 of farm product sales or having a value of products sold of less than \$2,500 provided they had the acreage or livestock operations which normally would have had sales in excess of \$2,500. These would include new farm operations, farms having crop failure, and farms with large inventories and small 1969 sales. For a count of these farms, see county table 13 or State table 22.

Class 6 \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part time \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part retirement. . \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years old or over.

Abnormal Includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

Large-scale farms—Farms with a value of farm products sold of \$100,000 or more (class 1a) have been designated as large-scale farms. Data for these farms classified by type of farm are presented in State table 30.

Change in the classification of farms by economic classes—The above definitions of economic classes apply to the 1964 census as well as to 1969. There was a change from 1959 to 1964 which affected only class 6 and part-time farms. Discussion of this change can be found on page A14 of appendix A of volume I of the 1964 census. In 1959, a farm was classified as class 6 if it had a value of sales of \$50 to \$2,499, the operator was under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year, and the income from sources other than the farm operated did not exceed the value of farm products sold. Other conditions being the same, if the income from other sources exceeded the value of farm products sold, the farm was classified as part-time.

Farms by type—The type of farm represents a description of the major source of income from farm sales. To be classified as a particular type, a farm must have sales of a particular product or group of products amounting in value to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold during the year.

The count of farms by type is shown in State table 9, for all farms, for several groups of farms with sales of less than \$2,500, and for abnormal farms. It is shown by county for class 1-5 farms in chapter 3 of section 1 of this volume.

Type-of-farm breakdowns are reported in detail for class 1-5 farms in State tables 28 and 29.

The types of farms, together with the products (value of sales reported representing 50 percent or more of total value of all farm products sold during the year) on which type classification is based, are as follows:

Cash-grain—Corn, sorghums, small grains, soybeans for beans, cowpeas for peas, dry field and seed beans and peas.

Tobacco-Tobacco.

Cotton-Cotton and cottonseed.

Other field crop—Peanuts, potatoes (Irish and sweet), sugarcane for sugar or sirup, sweet sorghums for sirup, broomcorn, popcorn, sugar beets, mint, hops, sugar beet seed, and pineapples.

Vegetable-Vegetables.

Fruit and nut-Berries, other small fruits, tree fruits, grapes, nuts, and coffee.

Poultry-Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, and other poultry products.

Dairy—Dairy products—milk, cream, etc. The criterion of 50 percent of total sales was modified in the case of dairy farms. A farm having value of sales of dairy products amounting to less than 50 percent of the total value of farm products sold was classified as a dairy farm, if—

- a. Dairy products sold accounted for more than 30 percent of the total value of products sold, and
- Milk cows represented 50 percent or more of total cows, and
- c. The value of dairy products sold plus the value of cattle and calves sold amounted to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold.

Livestock other than dairy and poultry—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, wool, and mohair except for farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska that qualified as livestock ranches.

Livestock ranches—Farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska were classified as livestock ranches if the sales of livestock, wool, and mohair represented 50 percent or more of the total value of farm products sold, and if pastureland or grazing land amounted to 100 acres or more and was 10 times or more the acreage of cropland harvested.

General—Field seed crops, hay, grass, and silage. A farm was also classified as general if it had cash income from three or more sources and did not meet the criteria for any other type.

Miscellaneous—Nursery and greenhouse products, forest products, mules, horses, colts, ponies, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold. Also all institutional farms and Indian reservations.

Stability in the classification of farms by type of farm—The type of farm classification for the 1964 census was the same as in 1969. Only one minor change was made from 1959 to 1964. In the 1959 listing of miscellaneous farms, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold were not listed as a part of this group.

Detailed comparative data for farms classified by type of farm for 1959 may be obtained from State table 18 of volume I of the reports for the 1959 Census of Agriculture.

9. DATA BASED ON REPORTS FOR A SAMPLE OF FARMS

Published data for all farms combine the data for the 50-percent sample of small farms, weighted by "2," with the data for larger farms. Small farms are generally those with a total value of farm products sold in the year of less than \$2,500. In addition to economic class 6, they include those farms classified as part time and part retirement.

Farms orginally defined as "small" by the mailing list sources, but reporting a total value of farm products sold in 1969 of \$10,000 and over, were tabulated with a weight of "1."

For Georgia, about 31 percent of the total farms were subjected to sampling. By final census classification, about 61 percent of the small farms, as defined above, were subjected to sampling.

For economic classes 4 and 5, the percentages subject to sampling were 15 and 23 percent, respectively. The remaining farms in these economic classes as well as all farms in economic classes 1, 2, and 3 were selected with certainty.

The proportion of total value of farm products sold from farms which were represented in the census by the sample was less than 7 percent.

All of the published data are subject to sampling and/or nonsampling error. Sampling errors, in general, do not significantly affect totals since a very large proportion of the data were reported for economic classes 1 to 3 farms, for which there is no sampling error.

Nonsampling errors, resulting from incomplete coverage, response errors, processing errors, and other sources are discussed in section 10.

The sampling error for any published estimate can be approximated through the use of tables A, B, and C.

Table A indicates a "level" of sampling error for the number of farms reporting an item, and for magnitude items in broad categories for State and county tables. This table is used to determine sampling errors for State estimates.

Table B classifies each county within the State as having "high," "medium," or "low" sampling errors, for the county as a whole and for small farms within the county. This table must be consulted first to determine sampling errors for county estimates.

Table C presents the relative standard errors for estimated totals by number of farms reporting the item, according to the levels determined from tables A and B.

Table C shows percentage limits such that the chances are 68 out of 100 that the difference between an estimate based wholly or in part on a sample of farms and the figure that would have been obtained if the information had been collected and tabulated for all farms would be no more than the percentage specified. The chances are about 99 out of 100 that the difference would be less than 2 1/2 times the percentage given in table C. The percentage given in table C takes into account the fact that data for the items listed were collected for all farms with a value of farm products sold of \$10,000 or more.

The use of the tables may be illustrated by the following example: In a hypothetical State, 1,900 farms reported 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain on 62,100 acres. Table A shows that, for the State, measures for cropland harvested and for bushels of corn harvested have sampling reliability at level "1."

Since table C for our hypothetical State doesn't show a value for 1,900 farms reporting, we use straight-line interpolation to obtain a relative standard error of 7/10 percent. The standard error of the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels is then about 36,000 bushels. For the number of acres of corn harvested, the standard error is about 435 acres for an estimate of 62,100 acres. The number of farms reporting corn harvested is also a sample estimate, and its level from table A ("Farms having the item") is level "2," so that the standard error on an estimate of 1,900 farms is about 9/10 percent (using the line for 2,000 farms) or 17 farms

At the 99-percent confidence level, the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain may have an error of as much as 90,000 bushels (2 1/2 times 36,000) which means that the production determined in a complete census would most likely be between 4,978,000 and 5,158,000 bushels. For the number of farms reporting corn harvested, the 99-percent level corresponds to an estimate with a standard error of 42 farms, so that the number of farms actually having corn harvested is probably between 1,858 and 1,942.

Table A. Level of Sampling Reliability of State and County Totals for Selected Items

		100.00	tables			Cou			unty tables				
				E	conom	c class	}		otal farms			mall farms	
	Total farms	Small farms	4	5	6	Part time	Part retire- ment	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
Farms having the itemall farms	4	5	2	3	4	5	5	4	3	2	4	3	2
large farms	3	-	-	-	-	-	- {	1	1	1	-	-	-
Land in farmsacres	1	7	4	7	7	7	7	8	7	6	7	6	5
Value of land and buildingsdollars	1	7	6	7	6	7	7	8	7	6	7	6	5
Owned and rented landacres	1	7	6	7	7	7	7	8	7	6	7	6	5
Croplandacres	1	7	3	6	6	7	7 }	7	6	5	7	6	5
darvested croplandacres	1	6	3	5	6	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	4
Woodlandacres	1	8	4	7	8	7	8	8	7	6	8	7	6
Irrigated landacres	1	7	2	3	6	7	7	6	5	4	7	6	5
Total value of products solddollars	1	6	2	3	5	6	6	5	4	3	. 6	5	4
Cropsdollars	1	6	2	3	5	6	6 1	6	5	4	6	5	4
Forest productsdollars	1	7	3	4	5	7	6	6	5	4	7	6	5
Livestock productsdollars	1	6	3	4	5	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	4
Farm production expensesdollars	1	6	3	4	5	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	4
Commercial feeddollars	1	7	5	5	6	6	7	7	6	5)	7	6	5
Commercial fertilizerdollars	1	6	3	4	5	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	
Fueldollars.	i	6	3	5	5	6	6	7	6	5	6	5 5	4
Hired labordollars	1	7	3	4	6	7	7	6	5	4	6	5	4
Machinery and equipmentnumber.	1	5	2	3	4	5	5	4	3	2	4	3	2
Estimated market valuedollars	1	7	4	5	6	7	6	6	5	4	7	6	5
Livestock:			}				1						
Cattle and calvesnumber	1	6	3	6	5	6	6	7	6	5	6	5	
Hogs and pigsnumber.	1	7	4	6	6	7	7	7	6	5	7	6	41
Poultrynumber	1	6	6	5	6	6	6	7	6	5	6	5	4
Crops harvested:													
Corn for grainbushels.	1	7	. 3	3	6	7	6	6	5	4	7	6	
Soybeansbushels.	1	6	4	4	5	6	6	6	5	4	6	-	5
Cottonbushels.	1	6	4	5	5	6	6	6	5	4	6	5 5	4

Table B. Classification of Counties Into Sampling-Error Category

		All farms					Small farms		
High	Med	ium		.ow	Н	igh	Med	ium	Low
Clayton Cobb Columbia Dade DeKalb	Baldwin Banks Barrow Bartow Bibb	Johnson Jones Lamar Liberty Lincoln	Appling Atkinson Bacon Baker Ben Hill	Lanier Laurens Lee Lowndes Lumpkin	Appling Atkinson Bacon Baker Baldwin	Lee Long Lowndes Macon Marion	Banks Barrow Bartow Bibb Brantley	Henry Houston Jackson Jasper Jones	Forsyth
Douglas Fannin Glynn Heard	Brantley Bryan Butts Camden	Long McDuffie Madison Meriwether Monroe	Berrien Bleckley Brooks Bulloch	Macon Marion Miller Mitchell	Ben Hill Berrien Bleckley Bryan	Meriwether Miller Mitchell Montgomery	Brooks Camden Carroll Catoosa	Lamar Liberty Lincoln Lumpkin	
McIntosh Rabun Rockdale Towns	Carroll Catoosa Charlton Chatham Chattahoochee Chattooga	Morgan Murray Muscogee Newton Oconee	Burke Calhoun Candler Clay Clinch Coffee	Montgomery Peach Pierce Pulaski Quitman Randolph	Bulloch Burke Butts Calhoun Candler Chattooga	Morgan Oconee Oglethorpe Peach Pierce Pike	Charlton Chatham Chattahoochee Cherokee Clayton Clinch	McIntosh McIntosh Madison Monroe Murray Muscogee	
	Cherokee Clarke Coweta Crawford Dodge	Oglethorpe Paulding Pickens Pike Polk	Colquitt Cook Crisp Dawson Decatur	Screven Seminole Sumter Tattnall Telfair	Clark Clay Coffee Colquitt Cook	Pulaski Quitman Randolph Schley Screven	Cobb Columbia Dade Dawson DeKalb	Newton Paulding Pickens Polk Putnam	
	Dougherty Echols Effingham Elbert Emanuel	Putnum Richmond Schley Spalding Stephens	Dooly Early Evans Grady Hall	Terrell Thomas Tift Toombs Turner	Coweta Crawford Crisp Decatur Dodge	Seminole Sumter Tattnall Taylor Telfair	Dougherty Douglas Effingham Fannin Fayette	Rabun Richmond Rockdale Spalding Stephens	
	Fayette Floyd Forsyth Franklin Fulton	Stewart Talbot Taliaferro Taylor Treutlen	Irwin Jackson Jeff Davis Jenkins	Webster Wheeler Wilcox Worth	Dooly Early Echols Elbert Emanuel	Terrell Thomas Tift Toombs Treutlen	Floyd Franklin Fulton Gilmer Glynn	Stewart Talbot Taliaferro Towns Troup	
	Gilmer Glascock Gordon Greene Gwinnett	Troup Twiggs Union Upson Walker			Evans Glascock Gordon Hancock Hart	Turner Twiggs Walton Ware Warren	Grady Greene Gwinnett Habersham Hall	Union Upson Walker Wheeler Whitfield	
	Habersham Hancock Haralson Harris Hart	Walton Ware Warren Washington Wayne			Irwin Jeff Davis Jefferson Jenkins Johnson	Washington Wayne Webster White Wilcox	Haralson Harris Heard	Wilkes Wilkinson	
	Henry Houston Jasper Jefferson	White Whitfield Wilkes Wilkinson			Lanier Laurens	Worth			

Table C. Sampling Reliability Based on Number of Farms in Sample and Level of Reliability

				Relative s	tandard error (perc	ent)			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	Level 8	Level 9
Number of farms for item:									
10 farms	10	13	18	24	32	43	56	75	100
20 farms	7.1	9.0	13	17	22	30	40	53	71
50 farms	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14	19	25	33	45
100 farms	3.2	4.2	5.6	7.5	10	13	18	24	32
200 farms	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1	9.0	13	17	22
500 farms	1.4	1.8	2.6	3.4	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14
1,000 farms	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3.2	4.3	5.6	7.5	10
2,000 farms	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1
5,000 farms	0.5	0.6	0.8	1,1	1.4	1.9	2.5	3.3	4.5
10,000 farms	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3,2
20,000 farms	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2
50,000 farms	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4

10. NONSAMPLING ERRORS IN THE REPORT

Errors from causes other than those related to sampling are present in any census or survey. These can arise from a variety of reasons, such as inability to obtain any response from some farmers on the mailing list, incorrect reporting, processing errors, etc.

One source of nonsampling error is present in the failure of some respondents to provide all the information requested. Special studies using a small national sample indicate that, on questions such as total value of farm products sold, the nonresponse rate may be of the order of 12 percent. It is usually possible to develop a figure for value of sales based on other entries such as production of crops, livestock sold, etc., but the figure so produced may not be as reliable as a direct report from the farmer.

There is considerable undercoverage of small farms, due to the fact that a large number of these were either not included or not identified as associated with agricultural operations in any of the administrative records and consequently were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some farms were on the mailing list more than once, and while duplication was eliminated to a very large extent in the processing, some duplication remains, particularly for new farms or farms whose ownership status changed during the period when the list was being developed.

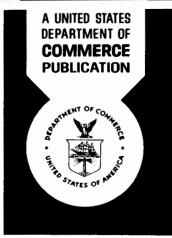
The total error of the census is a combination of the sampling and nonsampling errors. When the sampling errors are small, as in the case of economic classes 1 to 3 which have no sampling error, or for the whole State, for most counties, and for most magnitude items, the nonsampling error is usually the larger part of the total error.

11. AVAILABILITY OF DATA FOR AREAS OTHER THAN COUNTIES AND STATES

This report presents data only for the State and for counties within the State.

Summary data for the United States, regions, divisions, and States will be shown in volume II.

Unpublished tabulations of some of the data in State tables 24 through 29 can be obtained for State parts of 99 agricultural subregions to which the counties in the conterminous States have been allocated. A charge will be made for the cost of review for consistency and disclosure of data for individual farms. Information regarding the availability of unpublished data may be obtained by writing to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.



1969 Census of Agriculture

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

COUNTY REPORT TEXT

PLEASE KEEP THIS SHEET. It provides background information, definitions, and explanations including those for the "see text" notes in the tables.

Individual County Reports

Separate eight-page reports are published for all counties in the United States with 10 farms or more. Data are reported for the year 1969, with inventory (on place) figures as of December 31, 1969. Comparable figures from the 1964 census are also reported.

Information covering all farms in the county is presented in the first eight tables.

Information covering farms with sales of farm products in 1969 amounting to \$2,500 or more (economic classes 1 to 5) is reported in substantially greater detail in tables 9 through 26.

The same format is used for every county and State; the crop and livestock items reported in these tables are those which are relatively important in a majority of the counties in the United States.

County Data for Miscellaneous Crop and Livestock Items

Data for additional crop and livestock items, not common to a large number of counties, are reported in a separate set of county tables for each State.

State Reports (Volume I)

State totals of the data in the county reports are published for each State.

In addition, data for each State are shown in a separate report consisting of one book or more. Chapter 1 of section 1 presents findings at the State level in much more detail than is published at the county level.

County data appear in the State reports as follows:

- A limited amount of county data are reported in summary form in chapter 2 of section 1. These tables list the counties in alphabetical order and report selected items for each.
- The county data for miscellaneous crop and livestock items and the number of farms by "type of farm" for all class 1-5 farms are reported in chapter 3 of section 1.
- A complete set of county reports makes up section 2.

How the 1969 Census of Agriculture Was Taken

The Mailing List—During the last week of December 1969, the 1969 Census of Agriculture forms were mailed to a list representing, as nearly as possible, all persons and firms associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. The list included land owners, tenants, renters, sharecroppers, and hired managers, but excluded hired farm laborers.

The mailing list was assembled from various administrative records including names and addresses from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, and the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

The final list was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists. Additional duplicates not identified in this process were removed during data processing. Coverage is more fully discussed in the text for volume I.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution—A standard 12-page form was sent to all operators expected to have 1969 sales of all agricultural products of \$2,500 and over.

A four-page form went to a 50 percent sample of the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. Data in the "All Farms" tables are, consequently, subject to a small sampling variation. Tables of sampling variation will be included in volume 1.

Followup Procedures—A series of followup letters brought response to well over the 90 percent level by July 1, 1970. At this point, field followup enumeration was conducted in 370 counties having low response rates to complete the collection of data for those counties.

To insure receiving reports from all large operations, telephone and field followup was started early in March. This work was continued until reports were obtained.

Standard statistical procedures were used, when possible, to deal with inconsistencies or inadequate information in filled-out forms, including any short forms reporting sales of \$2,500 or more. When these methods were not adequate, letters and phone calls were used to secure the needed information.

A more detailed description of procedures and definitions will appear in volume ${\bf I}.$

Comparability of Data

This is the first census of agriculture conducted primarily by mail. The mailings were made just before January 1, 1970, and the information collected was intended to cover the full year, 1969. The data collection phase lasted through September 1970.

Prior censuses were taken by enumerators; the field work for 1964 was largely completed in November and December of the census year.

These two differences (use of mail and timing) affect the comparability of data from the 1969 census with data from earlier censuses. In a number of tables, 1969 inventory figures are shown; respondents were asked to report these as of December 31, 1969. Where similar figures from the 1964 census are shown, they are as of the time of enumeration.

"Farms," defined in the 1969 census exactly as in 1964, are places on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time during the census year under the control of an individual management. Places of less than 10 acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$250. Places of 10 or more acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$50.

Farms in the top five economic classes (separately reported in tables 9 through 26) are those for which the sales of farm products in 1969 amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$2,500. Abnormal farms are excluded.

Abbreviations and Symbols

The following abbreviations and symbols may occur in the tables.

- X Not applicable.
- NA Not available.
- Z Reported in small fractions.
- Data withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms.

The "See Text" References in the Tables

Table 1. "All other cropland" includes cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 3 for Southern States. For 1964, the data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include all nonwhite operators.

Table 4. "Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlord's and contractor's shares.

Table 5. "Farm production expenses, total" for 1964 is the sum of specified expenditures and does not include those listed as "NA" in the table.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth-control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year, including any of these materials paid for by landlords, contractors, and custom operators

Table 7. 1964 figures on sales of broilers are based on a question which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8. "Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9. "All other land" includes house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 13. "Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 26, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14. "Farm production expenses, total" and "Other agricultural chemicals." See notes for table 5.

In 1964, contract labor was included with machine here and customwork.

Table 16. See note for table 7.

Table 20. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 24. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

PORM 69-A1-34-

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE — 1969

Please mention the Census File Number (the ten-digit number in the upper left corner of the address label) if you write to us about this report 34 Please read **2** Please answer the questions on this form and return it in the enclosed envelope as soon as you can, preferably not later than February 15, 1970.

- Only one report is required for your agricultural operations. If more than one report is received, please write "Extra Copy" across the top of the first page of each additional report and return it along with the report you complete.
- Please give the best answers you can

(Please	orrect any erro	or in name and	address inch	oding ZIF	code)			The encidenter your information read the Leafler, as	ber. sed leafle answers about the	et illus and co e quest oduction	trates ho ntains he ions. Pl , then use	w to lpfu ease the
CENSUS USE ONLY 010	011	012	013					ing your r	eport.	•		
Section 1 - ACREAGE in 196	9, OWNERSHI change in acre	P, and LAND V eage operated d	ALUE wing 1969, t	see Leafl	et, section 1	i, part A.	J	Acres	current acres at	t market nd the bu	ote of the value of the ildings on REQUIRED	then
1 1							lone	014	015		1	
 Land owned Land rented or leased in Federal, State, and rail 	rom others -	Include land	worked on s	hares, le			ione	016	017			
land used on a per-head	l basis under	a grazing per	mit.;					018	019			
 Land rented or leased to on shares by others 							lone	1018	S		, t	
4. Total acres - Plea SUBTRACT acres i	se ADD acres	owned (item	1) to acres	rented (i	item 2), the	en s	>	020	- ₹ . "	THIS P		
			•		•		lone	021	Tor	mis cen	sus report	
 How many acres in THI programs such as those 									Acres			
6. Were there any real esti on any part of the land	and buildings	you own?							2 No			
How many persons tents working land on shares.							one	023	_Persons	,		
8. How many acres of the subrent or sublease to was worked on shares i	thers? - Incl	ude land rente	d or leased	by you t	which		one	024	_Acres			
				,		se re	201					
If you rented land from information by type of !			llowing		1			skip most of this	form if -			
	1	Rantal	irrungeman) i	n 1060	A.	All the	land	yoù own or rent is	s rented to			
Ownership of land			all boxes w			There v		io crops or livesto tem 4	ock in 1969	on the	land	
you rented from others (Account for all acres reparted in Hom 2)	Acres	of lives	re of Cast tock or as ducts cant	arrange	betote	continu in L	ing p	lease read 'SHO , Section 1, Part	ULD YOU C.	COMP	LETE TH	IS
	025	1 2	35	4	Section 2	- LOCA	TION	of agricultural act	ivity in 196	9		
a. Individuals, partner- ships, estates					1. Are a	all of yo	ur ag	ricultural operation	ons located	d in the	county	
A Harriston Walter	026	1 2	3.	4		'. ·		r right corner of t	ne address	s label?		
b. Corporations - include railroad land					∐ No ·			his item				
c. State lands - school	027		/// 3	•	☐ Yes Go	to prov	e nan	e and acres for pr les and acres for If necessary, co	additional	Countie	es in spar	
lands, etc	(A2B		3	4	item belo		cipal	Name of co.	inty	State	Àcres	
or reservation, leased	4		= -			coun	ty				033	
. Federal lands - inch	029			4		Cour						
leased acreage of Taylor Grazing lands						. 1						
(See Leaflet)				UЦ								
l. Any grazing permits on a per-head basis – Forest service.	030 1 Yes	OSI Acres, if kn	OS2	r of head				acres (Must equa section),				
Taylor Grazing, etc	. 2 No	<u> </u>			Z. Loca	crou wit	nin e	ounty of your prin	cipal agric	ultural	operat ion	s.
	Balo	re continuing	Plane		Maria di	low	nship,	district, precinct,	etc. – See	Leaflet,	section 2.	
		A STATE OF THE STA				. L		······································				

' 1			
T	Please tead Leaflet, section 3, before answering tiem Ja.	· 	``~ \~``
	1. Cropland	041	5
inder: e same land used for two	a. Ctopland barvested – Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products		Acre
ore purposes,	b. Cropland used only for passure or grazing	042	Acre
rt that land once - in	c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement orasses	043	
first item	but not harvested and not pastured	044	Acre
applies.	d. Cropland on which all crops falled (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the orop falled. Such acreage is to be reported in item 1a.)		Acre
	그런 그는 그는 사람들은 그는 그 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 바다 가장 사람들이 되었다. 그 없는 것이 없다.	045	
ļ	e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow.	046	Acr
	f. Cropland idle		Acr
٠.	2. Woodland - Include here all woodlots and timber tracts and cutober and	047	,
	deforested land with young timber growth. a. Woodland pastured	1	4
		048	Acr
ise check: e acres	b. Woodland not pastured	· 	Acr
tem 5 ot agree	 Other pastureland and rangeland - Include here any posture other than cropland and woodland pasture. Pastureland and rangeland improved by liming, fertilizing, seeding, irrigating 	049	
the acres	draining, or controlling weeds and brush		Acr
vn in ion 1, item 4,	b. Pastureland and rangeland not improved	050	Acr
se read	4. All other land - Include here any land not reported above.	051	7,00
flet, section 3, check your	u. Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.	052	Acr
ies.	5. Total acres in this place - Please add the acres in items 1 through 4 and enter the total in this space		4
	(This total should be the same as the total in section 1, item 4.)	<u></u>	Tot
ion 4 - Has any i	AND in this place been IRRIGATED at any time during the 5 years since January 1, 1965?		
_			
1 Yes - Co	nplete this section Land irrigated in 1969 None	làna	
2 🗌 No –	1. How many acres of land in this place were irrigated at any time in 1969?	054	
Go to Section 5	2. How many acres of —	055	Acr
	a. Cropland harvested (reported in section 3, item 1a) were irrigated?	, Luas	Acr
		0.56	
`.	b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (reported in section 3, item 1b) were irrigated?	057	Acr
	c. Other pastureland (reported in section 3, item 3a) were irrigated?	, , ,	Acr
		05é	
` {	d. Any other lands were irrigated? - Specify land use	-	Acr
	Method of irrigation in 1969 3. How many acres were irrigated in 1969 by each of the following methods — (If more than one	059	
• • •	method was used on the same field the total of these acres will be greater than item 1 above.)		
	a. Sprinklers?	060	Acr
	b. Furrows or ditches?	080	Acr
		0 61	
	c. Flooding?	062	Acr
	d. Subirrigation? (Water applied below ground surface, or artificial control of ground water)	UPZ	Acr
	Source of water in 1969		
	4. What percent of irrigation water used in 1969 was - Please be sure the total percentages reported	063	
	in questions a through c equal 100%. For other ways of estimating quantity of water, see Leaflet, section 4.1	1	
•	or. From a well or spring on this place? b. From a surface supply not controlled by a water supply organization (stream,	064	Perc
	drainage ditch, lake, pond, or reservoir on or adjacent to this place)?		Perce
	c. From water suppliers? (Mutual, private, cooperative or neighborhood ditches, irrigation district, commercial company, municipal or community water system, or another farm)	065	Perce
-	Give name and address of each water supplier.	<u> </u>	- 6161
	(Use "Remarks," page 12 if more space is needed.)		
	1.		140
	Facility of angelow of marks world in 1000		
-	Estimated quantity of water used in 1969. 5. Please estimate the quantity of water used for intigation in 1969.	1 1 3	
*	(Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you. See Leaflet, section 4.)	Acre-	-feet Teni
	a. Acre-leet (One acre-loot dovers one acre, one loot deep)	4	
ŀ	b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute x 60 minutes x hours operated in season)	067	Gallo
: {	c. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b shove, give both inches applied and sores covered	Des	
		1	linche
	(1) Depth applied and a single of the contraction o	069	

1 Yes - Cor	たきんとうと みがとう ファースケ オー・・・・・ こんぞんぞうりんきしょう こうしんきょう 一人 さんこう							
	mplats this section			1	Acr	es artifíc	ially drained	
2	Please estimate the acres drained by each of the follo do not include the same acreage as drained by more th				Total		By systems i	
Go to Section 6	1. A farm system which is independent of an organized drainage district of other public agency.	.	, ,	07			072	
	2. A farm system which drains into the system of an or drainage district or other public agency			07	3		074	
	3. A system installed entirely by an organized drainag	je		07	5		076	
	commercial FERTILIZER applied on PASTURELAND in 196 include land from which crops were harvested or hay co	9?		······································				
Yes - Com	plete this section			1		Fertili	zer used	
		1	Acres fertiliz		Dry		Liquid o	
□ No - Go to		ŀ	077	1	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenth
Section 7	1. Cropland used only for pasture (reported in section 3, item 1b) fertilized					10	5	!
	2. Other pastureland (reported in section 3, item 3a) fertilized		080		81	10	082	1
Section 7 - Was CON	ITOUR PLANTING, STRIPCROPPING, or TERRACING in us	e on this pla	ace in 1969	?				
Yes - Cam	plete this section					083		
□No - Go to	1. Grain or row crops farmed on the contour					084		Acre
Section 8	Striperopping systems to control erosion					085		Acre
	Space is provided in the next 6 pages for repo						United States	
	8—23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 15 plete this section	· · · · · ·	,				1 .	
□No -	•	harve	sted	-Q:	antity harves	ted	Acre	
Go to Section 9	1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested						089	
	in one unti only — etther bushels or hunareaweight		-	088	or Bu	shels	089	
. `	in one unit only — either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn	090			Hu	ndredwei		
. `	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or	090		088	or Hu To		ight 092	
	of shelled corn			088	or Hu To	ndredwei	ight 092	
	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported)		c	991	Hu To gray	indredwei	092 ht 094	
	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported)			991	To To gra	ndredwei ns, sen weigh Fertili	ogh og2 ht og4 zer used	
	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported)	093	Acres	988 991	Hu To gray	Fertili	oght O92 ht O94 zer used Liquid or Whole tons O97	Tentl
	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196	093	Acres fertiliz	991 991 5	To green to the second	Fertili:	oght O92 ht O94 zer used Liquid or Whole tons O97	Tentl
Do not to	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn	093	Acres fertiliz	991 991 5	To green to the second	Fertili:	oght O92 ht O94 zer used Liquid or Whole tons O97	Tent
Do not to	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 198 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)	093	Acres fortiliz	1991 Seed Control of the control	To green to the second	Fertili:	oper used Liquid or whole tons 097	Tent
Do not re	of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 198 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)	9? (Include	Acres ferbiliz	sed cand sw	Dry Whole tons	Fertili:	oght O92 ht O94 zer used Liquid or Whale tans O97	Tenth
Do not to	2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 198 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or pounds	9? (Include	Acres fortiliz	sed cand sw	Dry Whole tons eet varieties	Fertili: Tenths ushels	oper used Liquid or whole tons 097	Tenth
Do not to	2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) plete this section 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage	9? (Include	Acres fertiliz	oed coo	Dry Whole tons	Fertili: Tenths insted Sounds Tons, reen weight	oght O92 oght O94 zer used Liquid or Whole tons O97 Acre irrige 101	Tent
Do not to	2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn 5. ORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) plete this section 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here	9? (Include Acre 098	Acres fertiliz	991 sed cand sw Q 999	Dry Whole tons	Fertili: Tenths sted Counds Cons, preen weight	oght O92 oght O94 zer used Liquid or Whole tons O97 Acre irrige 101	Tent
Do not to	2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn 5. ORCHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay	9? (Include Acre 098	Acres fertiliz	991 sed cand sw Q 999	Dry Whole tons	Fertili: Tenths insted Sounds Tons, reen weight	oght O92 ht O94 Zer used Liquid or Whole tons O97 Acre irriga 101	Tentl
Do not to	2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn 5. ORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) plete this section 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here	9? (Include Acre 098	Acres fertiliz	2009 2009 2009	Dry Whole tons 196 eet varieties 197 198 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	Fertili: Tenths ted founds cons, weight	oght O92 ht O94 Zer used Liquid or Whole tons O97 Acre irriga 101	Tent
Do not to	2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn 5. ORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) plete this section 1. Sorghums for grain or seed — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds 2. Sorghums for silage 3. Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here	9? (Include Acre 098	Acres fertiliz	291	Dry Whole tons	Fertili: Tenths ted founds cons, weight	oght O92 Liquid or Whole tons O97 Acre irrige 101 104 ght 107 1109 Liquid o	Tenth:

	y SMACL GRAINS harvested for g	rain from this pla	ice in 1969?						," ii
	. ***					Cammerola	ابزنمنين	Liqu	rid
No - Go to Section 11	- Z	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Tonths	Whole tons	Tenths
	1. Winter wheat	113	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
	2. Spring wheat other than durum	114	t Boshels	Ā	5	6	10	7.	10
	3.00	115	1	4	5	6		7	
	4. Oats for grain	116	Bushels 1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
	5. Barley for grain	117	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7.	10
	6. Rye for grain	118	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
	7. Mixed grains	119	Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
	8. Flaxseed	120	1 D. J. J.	4	5	6	10	7	10
	9. Buckwheet	121	Bushels Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
		122	1	4	5	6		7	
	10. Proso millet	123	Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
	11. Emmer and spelt	124	Bushels	4	5	6	10		10
	12. Rice - Report quantity harvested in one unit		100-lb. bags 2				*	ì	F.
	only — either 100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels		Bushels				10		10
		125	Barrels 1	4	5	6	<u> </u>	7	
	13. Safflower		Pounds				10	·	10
	14. Mustard seed	126	Pounds	4	5	6	10	7	10
Section 11 - Were a	ny DRY BEANS, DRY PEAS, or P	EANUTS harves	ted from this place in 1969?	1, 1		,	, ,		٠.
Yes - Con	ny DRY BEANS, DRY PEAS, or P oplete this section	Acres	Quantity	Acres		Çommerci o	ıl fertilize	Liq	uid
	nplete this section	Acres harvested		Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	1	ıl fertilize	Liq	uid
Yes Con No Go to	nplete this section	Acres harvested	Quantity	Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	ıl fertilize	Liq gr Whole	ui d áos
Yes Con No Go to	nplete this section	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Whole	of fertilizery Tenths	Liq gr Whole	uid gas Tenths
Yes Con No Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested 1 Bushels	Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Liq or Whole tons	uid gos Tenths
Yes Con No Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested Bushels Pounds 1 100-lb.	Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Lid or Whols tons. 5	Tenths
Yes Con No Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts	Acres harvested 130 131 132	Quantity harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags	Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized 3 3 3	Whole tons 4 4	Tenths	Liquida of Whole tons.	uid ges. Tenths
Yes Con No Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133	Quantity harvested Bushels Pounds 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags	Acres irrigoted	Acres fortilized 3 3 3	Whole tons 4 4 4 4	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Liq of Whole tons . 5	Tenths 10 10
Yes Con No Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas.	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135	Quantity harvested Bushels Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acces fertilized 3 3 3	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4	Tentha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquer Whole tons . 5	utd ges
Yes - Con Oo - Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135	Quantity harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 2	Access fertilized 3 3 3 3	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tenths	Liquid Whole tons	Tenths
Yes - Con Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135	Quantity harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 2	Access fertilized 3 3 3 3	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tentha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid Whole tons	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Yes - Con Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135	Quantity harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 2	Acces fortilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 This place	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tentha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid Mhole tons	uid gos
Yes - Con No - Go to Section 12 Section 12 - Was at	1. Soybeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM	Quantity harvested Bushels Pounds 100-lb. bags Pounda Bushels Bushels Pounds Pounds CORN, or MINT FOR OIL hi	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 Acres Acres	Acces fertilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Tenha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Liquid Mhole tons	uid gos
Yes - Con No - Go to Section 12 Section 12 - Was at Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137	Quantity harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acces fortilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 This place	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 Commenced	Tenha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Liquid Whole tona	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Yes - Con No - Go to Section 12 - Was at Yes - Con	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 19 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POF	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM	Quantity harvested Bushels Pounds 100-lb. bags Pounds Bushels Bushels Pounds CORN, or MINT FOR Ollahi	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 Acres Acres	Acces fertilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 Commenced	Tenths	Liquid Whole tona	uid gos Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Yes - Con No - Go to Section 12 Section 12 - Was at Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM Acres harvested	Quantity harvested 1	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 Acres Acres	Acces fertilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 Commenced	Tenths	Liquid Whole tona	uid ges 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Yes - Con No - Go to Section 12 Section 12 - Was at Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM harvested	Quantity harvested 1	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 Acres Acres	Acces fertilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 Commenced	Tenths	Liquid Minister of the Control of th	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Yes - Con No - Go to Section 12 Section 12 - Was at Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 10 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, Pornplete this section 1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar 3. Sugar beets for seed	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM	Quantity harvested 1	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 Acres Acres	Acres fertilized 3 3 3 4 Acres fertilized	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 Commenced	Tentha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid Whole tona 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Yes - Con No - Go to Section 12 Section 12 - Was at Yes - Con No - Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	Acres harvested 130 131 132 133 134 136 137 CORN, BROOM harvested 138	Quantity harvested 1	Acres irrigated 2 2 2 2 Acres Acres	Acres fertilized 3 3 3 3 4 Acres fertilized 5 3 3	Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tenths	Liquid Minole tona	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1

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			CCO harvested from th				Comm	ercial	fertiliz	er use	d	
Yes — Comp	plete this section	1		Acres					Dry	L	quid o	r g
		harvested 1 2	Quantity harvested	Acres	۽ ا	Acre	s : £	Who	le !	Tenths	Whole	1
□ No - Go to		harvested 1 E			Tenths p	fertili	Ted 1 to	to	ns		tons	<u>:</u>
Section 14		160	Hundred-	2		3		4	;	5		:
	l. Irish potatoes	161 1	weight	2		3		4		10 5		_;_
	2. Sweetpotstoes	10	Bushels	-	10		10	5		10		
		162		2		3		4	'	5		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	3. Tobacco - all types	1 70	Pounds		10		, 10	2		10		-
on 14 » Was any	HAY or GRASS SILAGE bary	ested from this place	IN 1969?									
Yes - Com	plete this section			1		1				1		
	If two or more cuttings we REPORT ACRES ONLY O	ore made from the so ONCE, but report to	ame field, tal tons of		cres vested		Quan harve	tity sted		Ι,	Acres	
Go to	all cuttings.			170		-			Tons,	2		-
Section 15	1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mix	tures for hay or deb	ydrating			<u> </u>			dry	<u></u>		_
81 1	2. Clover, timothy, and m	intures of clover an	d grasses for hav	171		1			Tons, dry	2		
		atures of clover an	a grasses for day , .	172		1			Tons,	2		_
Îr : 1	3. Small grain hay			173		1			Tons,	2		_
	4. Lespedeza for hay		<i></i>	,					dry	<u> </u>		_
	5. Coastal Bermuda grass	for hav		174		,			Tons, dry	2		
3		•		175		1			Tons,	2		
	6. Wild hay			176		1			dry	2		
	7. Other hay - Sudan gras soybean, coupea, pean								Tons, dry			
		,		177		1			Tons,	2		
	8. Grass silage		,	178		1			green Tons,	2		_
	9. Hay crops cut and fed	green	<i></i>						green			_
· .								_				
JE 1								Fe Dry	rtilize		id or g	
						res lized			Tenths			ga
							l Wh	ol e	1 = 1		ole	
.: / 1				- 1							ons	
- 1					179			ons		161	ons	_
	10. Commercial fertilizer	used on these crops	s		179		to				ons	_
on IS Were an	10. Commercial fertilizer				179		to				ons	_
	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro				179		to				ons	
	<u> </u>			on 15.)		-	180 Quan	tity		161	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro			on 15.)		1	180	tity sted	10	181		
□ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro			on 15.)		1	180 Quan	tity sted	10	161	Acres	
□ Yes — Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed			on 15.)		1	180 Quan	tity sted Paul cleo	nds, in seed	181	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fron plete this section 1. Red clover seed			on 15.)		1	180 Quan	tity sted Pour clea	nds, in seed	161	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp □ No — Ga to	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed			on 15.)		1 1 1	180 Quan	Pour clea	nds, in seed nds, n seed	2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp □ No — Ga to	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fron plete this section 1. Red clover seed			190 191 192		1 1 1 1	180 Quan	tity sted Pour clea Pour clea	nds, in seed nds, n seed	2 2 2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp □ No — Ga to	y FIELD SEEDS harvested front plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed	om this place in 19693	? (See Leaflet, section	n 15.)		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	tity sted Pour clea Pour clea Pour	nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed	2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from this section 1. Red clover seed	om this place in 1969?	? (See Leaflet, section	190 191 192 193 194 195		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	Pour clear	nds, in seed nds, n seed nds, n seed nds, n seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested front plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed	om this place in 1969?	? (See Leaflet, section	190 191 192 193 194 195		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	Pour clear	nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp □ No — Ga to	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from this section 1. Red clover seed	om this place in 19693	? (See Leaflet, section	190 191 192 193 194 195 196		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	tity sted Pour clea Pour clea Pour clea Pour clea	nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed nds, in seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from this section 1. Red clover seed	om this place in 19693	R (See Leaflet, section	190 191 192 193 194 195 196		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	Pour clea	nds, nn seed ds, n seed dds, n seed nds, n seed nds, n seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp □ No — Ga to	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from this section 1. Red clover seed	om this place in 19693	? (See Leaflet, section)	190 191 192 193 194 195 196		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	Pour clear	nds, nn seed ds, n seed dds, n seed nds, n seed nds, n seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
□ Yes — Comp □ No — Ga to	plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed	om this place in 19693	rom list below.	190 191 192 193 194 195 196		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	Pour clear	nds, nn seed nds, nn seed nds nds, nn seed nds nds nds nds nds nds nds nds nds nd	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
Yes — Comp No — Ga to Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	om this place in 19693	? (See Leaflet, section)	190 191 192 193 194 195 196		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	180 Quan	Pour clea	nds, on seed day, on seed ads, on seed ands, on seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	om this place in 1969? ther name and No. fr	rom list below. No. No.	190 191 192 193 194 195	cres		Quan harve	Pour clea	nds, n seed ads, n seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	ter name and No. fr	rom list below. No. No. No. No. Seed 204 K	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 lame	cres	s seed	Quanharve	Pour clea	nds, in seed dds, in seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres	o.
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	nn this place in 1969? Iter name and No. fr No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed	om list below. No. No. No. Seed 204 K	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Lame Centucky other the	bluegras	s seed	Quanharve	Pour clear	nds, n seed dds, n seed dds, n seed dds, n seed nds, n seed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres rrigate	o. 16
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed	name and No. fr No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings 200 Red	rom list below. No. No. No. Seed	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 197 198 198 1996 1996 1996 1996 1996 1996 1	bluegras n Merion	s seed	Quon harve	Pour clear	nds, n seed ds, n seed dds, n seed ds, seeds seeds	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres rrigate	o. 16
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed	name and No. fr No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings 200 Red 701 (Ky. 31	rom list below. No. No. No. Seed	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Lentucky other the Lentucky selectop s	bluegras a Merion ed ed seed	s seed	Quan harve	Pour clear	nds, in seed dds, in seed seed, others, in seed seed seed seed seed seed seed see	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	No	o. 16
Yes — Comp No — Go to Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed	No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings 199 Tall (Ky. 3) 201 Merion Kents	No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 and ata). 207 Scky	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 197 198 198 1996 1996 1996 1996 1996 1996 1	bluegras n Merion ed seed	s seed	Quanharve	Pour clear	nds, n seed dds, n seed fds, n seed fds, n seed fds, n seed fds, n seed ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ff	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1	Acres rrigate	o. 16
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings 199 Tall (Ky. 3) 201 Merion Kents	No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 and ata). 207 Scky	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Lame Lentucky other the Lupine settly egrass udan grass udan grass	bluegras n Merion ed seed	s seed	Quanharve	Pour clear	nds, n seed dds, n seed dfs, n seed ffs tailin, can seed ffs tailing, can se	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	No21	o. 16
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings 199 Tall (Ky. 3) 201 Merion Kents	No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 and ata). 207 Scky	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Lame Lentucky other the Lupine settly egrass udan grass udan grass	bluegras n Merion ed seed	s seed	Quanharve	Pour clear	nds, n seed dds, n seed fds, n seed fds, n seed fds, n seed fds, n seed ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ffs ff	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	No21	o. 16 17 18
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings 199 Tall (Ky. 3) 201 Merion Kents	No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 and ata). 207 Scky	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Lame Lentucky other the Lupine settly egrass udan grass udan grass	bluegras n Merion ed seed	s seed	Quomharve 180 Quomharve 210 Rel Ve 2210 Rel Ve 2211 Wh 2212 Al 2213 C 2214 E 2215	Pour clear	nds, n seed dds, n seed dd, oth y	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	No21	o. 16 17 18
™Yes — Comp No — Gailo Section 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested from plete this section 1. Red clover seed	No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings 199 Tall (Ky. 3) 201 Merion Kents	No. No. No. No. No. No. 205 L. 205 L. 206 and ata). 207 Scky	190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Lame Lentucky other the Lupine se telytopses vidan grass	bluegras n Merion ed seed	s seed	180 Quan harve	Pour clear	nds, n seed dds, n seed dfs, n seed ffs tailin, can seed ffs tailing, can se	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	No21	o. 16 17

accing ac and title	re a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 gr more fruitite	es, including oil	rus; grape	vines; and nut to	ies on this place i	19697	
100.10	t include abandoned trees or plantings. So plete this section	e Leaflet, so	tion 16.)			rold) factilizet gen	
		Acres in trees and		Acres 1			iquid or gae
□ No - Go to		vines of all ages		rigored (\$	Acres 12 erilized 2	Whole I	Whele #
Section 20, on page 7	1. Land in bearing and nonbearing	230	1 231			100	
	four orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and out trees		1				
Section 17 - Were th	ere any NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES of GRAPE	VINES on this	10 - 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Name of the Control o	10	10	, 10
	plate this section		8 1923 Y 1938 I 18	r vines of all ágr			
		Acres	Tentha	Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age	Quantity he	livested
□No -	L. Apples	240	1 10	f	2	3.	Pounds
Go to Section 18	2. Peaches, clingstone	241	10	Ĭ.	2	9	Paynds
	3. Peaches, freestone	242	1 10	1	2	9	Pounds
	4. Pears, Bartlett	243	1 10	1	2	3 .	Pounds
	5. Pears, other than Barriett	244	1 10	•	2	3.	Pounds
	6. Chemies, tart	245	1 10	1	2	3	Povnds
	7. Chercies, sweet	246	10	a .	2	3	Poynds.
	8. Avocados (See Leaflet, section 17)	247	10	ă.	2	3	Pounds
	9. Dates	248	10	1	2	3	Pounds
	10. Grapes, American type	249	10	1	2	3 ,	Pounds
	11. Grapes, European type a. Raisin varieties — Report quantity	250	1	1	2	9.	Tons,
	harvested in one unit only—either tons fresh or tons dry		10	3		4 or	10 dry
	b. Table varieties	251	10	1	2	3 ,	10 Tons
	c. Wine varieties	252	10	ī	2	3	10 Tons
	12. Plums	253	1 10	1	2	3	Pounds, fresh
•	13. Prunes - Report quantity harvested	254	1 2	1	2	3	Pounds, fresh
	in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry		10			4	10 Tons;
*	14. Apricots	255	1 10	T.	2	3	10 Tens
,	15. Olives (See Leaflet, section 17)	256	10	1	2	3	10 Tons
	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested	257	1	1 ,	2 , `	3	Pounds,
	in one unit only - either pounds	T					
			10			a or	
	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t	he space prov	بنسب	e end of section	n 19	a or	10 Tons,
Section 18 - Were th	fresh or tons dry	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	ided at th	i (james ar 1981) ar 1981 (james ar 1	n 19.	or or	
	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	ided at th Leastet,	section 18.)		Quantity, ha	Tons, dry
	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i	n 1969? (See	ided at th Leastet,	section 18.)	Number of bearing age	Quantity ha in 1968 from bloom	Tons, dry
Yes - Com	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i	n 1969? <i>(See</i> Acres 270	ided at th Leaflet,	section 18.) ou of all ages Number not of	Number of bearing age	Quantity have in 1988 from bloom	Tons, dry
Yes - Com	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i plete this section	n 1969? (See	ided at the Leaflet,	section 18.) ou of all ages Number not of	Number of bearing age	Quantity ha in 1968 from bloom	10 Tons, dry
Yes - Com	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i plete this section 1. Valencia oranges.	Acres 270 271	Leaflet,	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2	Quantity has in 1968 from bloom	10 Tons, dis
Yes - Com	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i plete this section 1. Valencia orangee 2. Navel oranges	Acres 270 271 272 273	ided at the Leaflet, Transhs	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2	Quantity has in 1968 from bloom 3. 3.	10 Tons, of dry rested 69 61 1968 Field boxes
Yes - Com	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i plete this section 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges	n 19698 /See Acres 270 271 272 273	Leaflet, Tranths 10 10	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity has in 1968 from bloom 3 3 3 3	To Tons. To Tons. Tyrested 169 1968 Field boxes Field boxes
Yes - Com	fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges.	Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275	Leaflet, Tonths	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his from bloom 3 3 3 3	yvested 1.69 of 1968 Field boxes Field boxes Field boxes
Yes - Com	Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plate this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins.	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276	ided at the Leaflet, Transhs 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his in 1988 from bloom 3 3 3 3 3 3	To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, Tield boxes Field boxes Field boxes Field boxes
Yes - Com	resh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in t ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place i plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos.	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277	teaflet, Transha 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity has less 1968 from bloom 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. To diff To diff To 1968 Field boxes Field boxes Field boxes Field boxes Field boxes
Yes - Com	resk or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7, Grapefruit	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277	Leaflet, Transparente 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity has fine 1968 from bloom 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. Tyested 169 161968 Field boxes
Yes - Com	resk or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in tee any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7, Grapefruit 8. Lemons	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ex of all ages Number not of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity has less 1968 from bloom 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. To diff. To diff. Field boxes
Yes - Com	Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in tee any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit. 8. Lemons. 9. Limes.	Acres 270 271 272 275 276 279 279	Tenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	section 18.) ex a all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity has fine 1968 from bloom 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, To dity Field boxes
Yes — Com No — Go to Section 19	resk or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in tee any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7, Grapefruit. 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats.	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 2pace provides	Leaflet, Trenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of searing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity has fine 1968 from bloom 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, To Tons, To dity Field boxes
Yes - Com Oo to Section 19 Section 19 - Were the	resh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in tee any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the section in the sec	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 279 279 279 279 279	Tenths To 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) es a all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his in 1968 from bloom 3 3 3 3 3 3	vested -69 of 1968 Field boxes Pield boxes Pounds
Yes - Com Oo to Section 19 Section 19 - Were the	resh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19692 (Applete this section)	Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 pace provider section, section and section acres are acres acr	ided at the escation 19	section 18.) es a all ages Number not of searing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quantity his from bloom 5 5 3 3 3 3 9 Quantity his from bloom A A A A A A A B A A B A A	To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. Tyrested L-99 of 1968 Field boxes
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 - Were th Yes - Com	resk or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit. 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19692 (Spiete this section.)	Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 pace provider see Leaflat, si Acres 280	Tentha To	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Number not of bearing age Number not of	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his from bloom 3 3 3 3 4 Country his from bloom A A A A A A A A A A A A A	To Tons. Field boxes Founds: Pounds To Tons
Yes - Com Section 19 - Were th Yes - Com	resh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit. 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19692 (Applete this section). 1. Walnuts, English or Persian. 2. Almonds.	Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 pace provider section, section and section acres are acres acr	Tenths 1 Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Number not of bearing age Number not of	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Quantity his from bloom 5 5 3 3 3 3 9 Quantity his from bloom A A A A A A A B A A B A A	To Fons To Fons To Fons To Fons To Gry Treated To Field boxes Founds To Fons To Tons
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 Section 19 - Were th Yes - Com No - Go to	resk or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in tere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19692 (Splete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian. 2. Almonds. 3. Pecans, improved	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 pace provide: se Leaflet, S Acres. 286	Tentha To	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Number not of bearing age Number not of	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his line 1968 from bloom 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3	To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. Field boxes To Tons To Tons Pounds
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 Section 19 - Were th Yes - Com No - Go to	resh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit. 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19692 (Applete this section). 1. Walnuts, English or Persian. 2. Almonds.	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 277 276 279 276 279 260 281 282	Tenths 1 Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Number not of bearing age Number not of	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his from bloom 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 9	To Fons To Fons To Fons To Fons To Gry Treated To Field boxes Founds To Fons To Tons
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 Section 19 - Were th Yes - Com No - Go to	resh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in tere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19692 (Splete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian. 2. Almonds. 3. Pecans, improved 4. Pecans, wild and seedling.	19698 (See Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 pace provide: see Leaflet, si 286 281 282	Tenths 1 Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Number not of bearing age Number not of	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his from bloom 3 3 3 3 3 3 9 Quantity his	To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. To Tons. Field boxes Founds: Pounds 10 Fons 10 Tons Pounds Rounds
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 - Were th Yes - Com No - Go to	resk or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in the ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit. 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 19692 (Splete this section) 1. Walnuts, English or Persian. 2. Almonds. 3. Pecans, improved. 4. Pecans, wild and seedling. 5. Filberts and bazelnuts	Acres. 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 279 276 279 260 281 282 283 284	Tentha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Number not of bearing age Number not of	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity his from bloom 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Tons To Tons To Tons To Tons To Tons Field boxes Founds Pounds Tons Pounds Pounds Pounds Pounds Pounds

•

	y BERRIES haryested for sale from this place in 1969?	Acres harvested Report tenths of acres	Tenths	Quantity hore (1 quart = 1½)		Acres irrigated Report tenths of acres	Tenths
□ No - Go to	1. Strawberries	200	10		Pounds	2	10
Section 21		291	10		Pounds	2	10
	2. Raspberries, red	292	1			2	10
	3. Raspberries, black	293	10		Pounds 100-lb.	2	10
	4. Cranberries		10		barrels	2	10
	Name No		10		Pounds		10
			10		Pounds	2	10
	Name No. Name No. Bluckberries and Blueberries, wild 296	Name Gooseberries	;	14/	ner berrie		
	dewberries 294 Boysenberries 297 Blueberries, tame 295 Currants 298	Loganberries Youngberries			name ob	ove 302	:
		Acres fertilized	1	Dry		Liquid or go	5
		Report tenths of acres			Tenths	Whole tons	Tenth
	6, Commercial fertilizer used on berries	303	:	0 304	10	305	10
Section 21 - Were an	VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, or MELONS harvested for sale fro	m this place in 19	69?		1 10	·	
	crops harvested for fresh market, canning, freezing, or other proce elefe this section	ssing. See Leaflet	Acre	s harvested	- #	Acres irrigated Report tenths	<u>۽</u> ا
				of acres	Tenths	of acres	Tenths
□ No → Go fp. Section 22	1. Tomatoes		311		10		10
Section 22	2. Sweet com		312		10	7	10
	3. Cucumbers and pickles		313		10		10
	4. Watermelons		314		10		10
	5. Snap beans, bush and pole		315	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10		10
	6. Dry onions	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	316		10		10
	7. Lettuce and romaine		317		10		10
	8. Asparagus		318		10		10
	9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskwelons	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	319		10		10
	10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos		320	-	10		10
	11. Green peas		321		10		10
		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	322		10		10
	13. Squash	*	323		10		10
	14. Green lima beans 15. Other vegetable crops — Enter name and No. from list be		-		10		10
	Name	No.			10		10
	Name	No			10		10
	Name NG Name			No. Na	me	N	-
	Artichokes 334 Cauliflower 38 Beets 335 Celety 34	Hot peppers .		346 Sp	inach	35	52
	Blackeyes and other Eggplant	2 Mustard green	ıs	348 Al	l other ve	35 egetables 35	
	Broccoli	Radishes				te name above	
	Brussels sprouts 338 Geffic 34 Garrots 339 Honeydew melons 34			351			
			1		Fertill	zer used :	
		Agres fertilized	. 1	Dry		Liquid or g	
		Report tenth	S 1	Whole tons	Tenths.		Tenths
	if. Commercial fertilizer used on segetables, sweet coth, or melons.	355	1	956		357	- 1
		1	i	0	11	O[10
FORM 59-A1(34) (5-9-59)	Page 7						

168 - 6011	plete this s	ection	`				Arec	used in 196	ģ · ·				f sales, 1	
					-	miara fi	tebau tee	Acres In		n) 2	R	aport	approximo imount OT REQU	ate
No - Go to]	*		*		glass o	r other	Report	tenths	Tenths	CEN	Dolla Dolla	*	i Cents
ection 23								370		1	371			
	1. Nursery	products-trees, shru	abs, vin	es, etc				372			373	\$		ļ
	2. Sod			.						10		s		:
		•						375			376			1
					37			378		10	379	\$		<u> </u>
	4. Cut flo	wers, florist greens, a g, or other florist plan	and pott	ed,						10		s		1
	· `				40	10		401			402			
		seeds, vegetable sée ble plants								10		8		
	, , ,				40	3					404	_		!
		oms,			40	55		- ////////			405	S		1
	1 -	bles grown under glas atoes		-							`	e		2
	4. 1011	atoes			40	77					408	<u>-</u>		
	b. Cuc	umbers			40	70					410	\$:
	c. Lerr	uce				,,,					1	s		1
					41	11					412	<u></u> -		1
	d. Othe	er vegetables , .				19		414			7777	\$ 77///		
	8. Area ir	rigated - Include iter	ns 1 thr	ough 7	1.					10				//////.
					_				.,		1222	ui.		<i></i>
							Area fe	arl: had '				erfî fi z	er used	
					-		WL06-19	77111240	1		Dry		Liquid	
						Square	a faet	Acres	enths	Who		Tenths	Whole	enths
	1			,	4	15		416	<u>, F</u>	417			418	÷Ë
		ercial fertilizer used sery or greenhouse pro	nducts		`				10	1		10		10
	1. Root c			in 1969? (Se	e Leaflet,	section	n 23.)	42	0	harvest	ed	1 1	cres irrig	ated
o –	1. Root co	section				· · · · ·	, , , , , , ì	42	1	harvest	ed	1 1	cres irrig	ated
es – Con o – o to ection 24	1. Root co 2. Sorghus 3. Soybea	section rops for feed	or cut fo	or silage ,	······	· · · · ·	, , , , , , ì	42	1	horvest	ed	1 1	cres irrig	ated
o – o to	2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of	section rops for feed	or cut fo	or silage ,	······	· · · · ·		42	1	harvest	ed	1 1	cres irrig	ated
- to	1. Root co 2. Sorghus 3. Soybea	section rops for feed	or cut fo	or silage ,	······	· · · · ·	, , , , , , ì	42	1	horvest	ed	1 1	crea irrig	a ted
	2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of	section rops for feed	or cut fo	or silage ,	······	· · · · ·		42	1	horvest	ed	1 1	crea irrig	a ted
_ to	2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of	section rops for feed	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soy beans pl Sugarcane for Signr. Sirup	w seedowed under	No. 427 428 429 430 431	No Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or miii Dill for	42	2	No. 433 434 435 436	Name Chufa All ot	i i i s for i	nuts ops - ne above .	No 438
_ to	2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of	ms for sirup	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soy beans pl Sugarcane for Signr. Sirup	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431	No	er seed ootn for seed r peas alont wed	2	No. 433 434 435 436	Name Chuía All ot Wri	s for it	nutsops -	No 438
- to	2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of	ms for sirup	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soy beans pl Sugarcane for Signr. Sirup	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431	No	er seed ootn for seed r peas alont wed	2	No. 4333 4334 435 436 437	Name Chuía All ot Wri	s for i	nuts ops -	No 439
	2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of	ms for sirup	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soy beans pl Sugarcane for Signr. Sirup	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431	No	er seed orn for seed r peas alons ared oil	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who	Name Chuía All ot Wei	s for i	nuts ops – ne above . er used Liquid	No 439
	2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of	ms for sirup	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soy beans pl Sugarcane for Signr. Sirup	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chuía All ot Wei	s for i	nutsops ne above. er used Liquid a Whole	No 439
	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed or crops — Enter name an Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soybeans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under or:	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed oom for seed r peas along yed oil ed oil	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who	Name Chuía All ot Wei	s for the name	nuts ops – ne above . er used Liquid	No 439
on 24	1. Root of 2. Sorghur 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed of crops — Enter name and crops — Enter name and crops — Guardon of the crops of the cr	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soybeans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chuía All ot Wei	s for i	nutsops ne above. er used Liquid a Whole	No 439
 to fion 24	1. Root of 2. Sorghur 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soybeans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chufa All ot Wei	s for i	ops - ne above . er used Liquid Whole tons 442	No 438
 to fion 24	1. Root of 2. Sorghur 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 5. Comme	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed of crops — Enter name and crops — Enter name and crops — Enter name and crops in the crops in the crops in the crops — Enter name and crops in the crops — Enter name and crops in the crops — Enter name and crops —	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soybeans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chufa All of Wri	s for :	ops - ne above . er used Liquid Whole tons 442	No 438 439
Were a	1. Root of 2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name 5. Comme	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed or crops — Enter name an Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	No423424425426	Name Lentils Sesame for Soybeans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chufa All ot Wei	s for it	ops - ne above . er used Liquid Whole tons 442	No 438 439
to to 24 tion 24 Were a	1. Root of 2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name 5. Comme	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed of crops — Enter name and crops — Enter name and crops — Enter name and crops in the crops in the crops in the crops — Enter name and crops in the crops — Enter name and crops in the crops — Enter name and crops —	No423424425426	Name Lentils Sesame for Soybeans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chuía All ot Wri	s for interior representation of the second	ops - ne above . er used Liquid Whole tons 442	No 438 439
Were a	1. Root of 2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 1. Standii 2. Firewoo	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed or crops — Enter name an Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soy beans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chuía All ot Wri	s for interior representation of the second	ops - ne above . er used Liquid Whole tons 442	No 438 439
Were a	1. Root of 2. Sorghui 3. Soybea 4. Other of Name Name Name 1. Standii 2. Firewoo	ms for sirup ms for sirup ms hogged or grazed of crops — Enter name and Name Castor beans Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	No	Name Lentils Sesame for Soy beans pl Sugarcane for Sirup Seed	w seed owed under.	No. 427 428 429 430 431 , 432	No	er seed 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	2	No. 433 434 435 436 437 Who tof	Name Chufa All ot Wri	s for interior retributes to the control of the con	ops - ne above . er used Liquid Whole tons 442	No 438 439

Page 8

The answers you give in Sections 25 through 29 will provide the information needed for livestock, poultry, and their products, whether owned by you or someone else. Please read Leaflet, "Section 25-29," before completing these sections.

Section 75 Did one	or anyone else have any CHICKEMS, TURKEYS, or OTHER POULTRY on this place of	December 31, 1969.	
or Age	any sold from this place in 1969? (See Leaflet, section 25.)	1	Total number sold in 1969
Yes - Com	lets this section	Number on this place	Include poultry fed
		December 31, 19	
□No ÷	1. Chickens 3 months old or older:	455	456
Go to Section 26	th. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for b. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age -	457	458
	include started pullets being raised for sale or sold	459	460
	included above-roosters, capons, etc.	461	462
	2. Broilers and other mest-type chickens less than 3 months old		
	3. Turkeys of all ages: q. Turkey hens kept for breeding	463	464
	b. Other turkeys — Include tryers	465	466
		467	468
	4. Ducks	469	470
	5. Geese.	471	472
	6. Other poultry — Include game birds raised in captivity — Specify ————————————————————————————————————		
Section 26 - Did you	or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place on December 31, 1969, or	vere any sold from this pl	ace in 1969?
	eaflet, section 26.) plete this section		Number on this place
المسابع والمسابع			December 31, 1969
□No - Go to	1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, and c)		481
Section 27	a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had calved		
	b. Heifers and heifer calves (Do not include heifers that had calved)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	482
	c. Bulls, bull calves, steers, and steer calves		
			Number of milk cows on this place December 31, 1969
	2 Milk cows - Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were milk cow		484
	Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	485
	3. Was any whole milk sold to plants or dealers in 1969?		1 Yes 2 No
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Number fattened on
	4. Cattle and calves sold from this place in 1969 - Include those	Total number sold	grain or concentrates 30 days or more and sold for slaughter (See Leaflet)
	fed on this place on contract or custom basis.	186	487
		188	489
Section 27 - Old von	b. Cattle other than calves sold	y sold from this place in 1	969?
(See Le	eaflet, section 27.)	y doing this place in I	1
Yes - Com	olete this section		Number on this place December 31, 1969
□ Ma	I. Hogs and pigs of all ages		490
Go to	a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	491
Section 28	b. Other hogs and pigs		492
			L
	2. Litters farrowed on this place between -		Number of litters
	a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969		494
	b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		Total number sold	Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding
•	3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969	195	496
Section 28 - Did you	or anyone else have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or wen	any sold from this place	in 1969?
	plete this section	Number on this place	Number sold in 1969
	1 :	December 31, 1969	501
□ No - Go to	(Total of a, b, and c)	502	
Section 29	g. Lambs under 1 year old	503	
	b. Ewes 1 year old or older		
	c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older	504	

Section 29 - Did you	or anyone else have any OTHER LIVESTÖCK on	this	piac	e òn	Dec	embe	r 31	196	9, or	Weti	any	sal	d fro	m th	is pi	ace ir	1969?		
Yes - Com	plete this section	,		• •		, v.				Ņ	umbe Dece	r on	this 31,	plac	•	No	mber sold	in 1969	9
	1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponte					1			,	510		7.72				511			,
□ No - Go to	2. Ponies of all ages			•	• •	13			Č.,	512			-		. ,,,	513	-	-	
Section 30								814				•	516						
		• • •			:::		, la	3.5		516	<u> </u>					517			
	4. Angora goats			• • •	•	• • •	* * * *			518				· .		519	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
	5. Milk goats		• • •		• •	•	• • •	`.`		520		_		- ; ·	•	521			
- 1	6. Other goats	• • •	• • •	• • •			• •	• •	* * * * *	522	 -	—		- ; ,	•	523		Pounds	
	7. Hives of bees on this place and honey so	ıld	.,	٠.	٠,٠	• • • •	ه (ه) ه د			524				-		525		f hone	<u>y</u>
	8. Mink	• • •	```	٠.,	• • •	:		• •	• •	526						527		and pel Rabbits	
	9. Rabbits		• :	·. ·	••.	• • •	• • •	• * •	• •,	528	-					529		and pel Chinchi	illas
	10. Chinchillas	•••	* * *		• •	• • •	÷ ≩.¥	• • •	. •	530	·				-	531		and pel	fs.
	11. All other livestock - Specify						. `	• ;	'n										
										530					. :	531			
Section 30 - Did vou	have any CONTRACT OF BINDING AGREEMENT	to p	rodù	ce o	r ma	rket a	inv f	erm .	produ	cts f	rom	this	nlace	in	969	17:			
(See L	eaflet, section 30.)			,			-	1	r,,							i .	, i. 41		;*
Yes - Com	plete this section For each group of products, mark (X) the	Pro	duc	lon	1 4	arket e sal	es -		. W	ark (X) as	war	.)	lym	3		7 5-		e.
□No -	column which best describes the purpose of the contract or agreement and the type		resm			green			fu	rhish			con				Amount re		
Go to Section 31	of contractor. If both production and		2		B				·: '		en t		. 11		. 7	13.	for each p	roduct	
Section 31	marketing for the product, mark under production. Also mark the items furnished and report the amount received.	Copp	Processo	Ofher	Market	Co-op	Other		Credit	Labor	Eguipme	Seed.	Feed	Other	Nothing	CEA	Dollars	· · · · · ·	RED ents
	1. Poultry and eggs	1	2	3	4	5	6	541 544	1		3	4	5	6	7	542	s	1	
	2. Dairy products	L	2	3	4	5	6	547	1.	2	3.	4	5	6	7	548	<u> </u>	<u>;</u>	
	3. Cartle	L	2	3	4	5	6	550	Ļ		3	4	5	6	7	551	8		
	4. Hogs and other livestock	L	_	L	1			1	Ļ.			<u> </u>		L.	<u> </u>	1	8		
	5. Vegetables - melons, etc		2	3	4	5	6	553		2	3	4	5	6	7		\$		
,	6. Fruits, citrus, nuts, or berries	L	2	3	4	5	6	556	Ĺ	2	3	4	5	6	7		s		
	7. Other crops - sugar beets, peanuts, etc.	Ľ	2	3	4	5	6	559	1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	560	<u>\$</u>	,	
	8. For each product for which you														Wri	tten	Oral	Bot	th
	had a contract or agreement, write the name of the product	0											!	561	.1		2	3 (L
	and indicate whether the con- tract was written, oral, or both.		· •										_ 5	552	. 1		2	.3 □	
	tract was written, oral, or both.	Ί,	3											63	1	<u> </u>	2	3	
Section 31 - MACHI	NERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on Decembe	r 31	196	9. (1	ncli	ide o	nly	equi	pmer	ıt								1	
used i	n 1968 or 1969. See Leaflet, section 31.)				٠.	,							Ĺ				nufactured		
	Selected machinery and equipment on this p	lace	, De	ecen	sber	31,	1969	1					570	1965	or 1	pter	571	or earl	ier_
	1. Automobiles							• `	• • •	• • •		• •	572			 	573		
	2. Motortrucks - include pickups			*				٠.	,		• • •	٠.	574		_		575		
	3. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors	and	mot	or t	iller	s	• • •	٠.		• • •	•••	• •	576				577		
	4. Crawler tractors		٠.,	• •	• • •		• • •	• •			• • •	• • •	578			· .	579		
	5. Riding garden tractors, 7 hp. and over .	٠.,	• •	***	• • •	• • •	٠	٠.			٠.,	• •	580				581		
	6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	only	٠.,		<i>.</i>			٠.	٠.,	• • •			582				583		
	7. Corn heads for combines			• • •	<i>.</i>	• • •		٠٠,	٠.,	• • •	,	• • •	584				585		
	8. Other compickers and picker-shellers .	· ·	•.••	• •				• •	• • •	٠.,		• • •	586			`	587		,
	9. Pickup balers	• • •	.,	• • •			• • •	٠,	٠. ٠	• • •	, ÷ ,	• •	588				589		
	10. Windrowers - pull and self-propelled (Ex	c lua	le m	awei	co	nditi	oner	s).	٠.,			• • •	3			·			
	11. Field forage harvesters, shear bar onlyse		٠.,	• • •	٠.;	٠.,	٠.,٠	٠.	, , ,		ί,	٠.	590			;	591		
				,			. ``		,	•	ē.		, ,			CEN	Dollars	_	
	12. Estimated market value of all machinery	and	equ	pme	nt (sual	ly k	ept (on th	is p	lace	and	use	ď	٠,	592	e politica	- 1	ents
	for the farm business - Include the items	-								-344 1-1-4		4466.3	upm	enc.	*,	<u>K</u>	*		
Section 32 – Were an employ	y HIRED WORKERS employed to do larm or ranchives of labor contractors who performed customes	mwc	rk f	or y	ou.	See	Lea	i (L flet,	sec	n uni tion	32.)	į	· :	: '	``.	·			
Yes - Com	plete this section						•	`.			÷.			130	٠.	500	Number of	worker	5
□ No - Go to	1. Of the hired workers, how many worked	_	زر	, '		days tha			,	. "				* :		601			

Page 10

FORM 69-A1(34) (5-9-6 9)

Section.33 - INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME and OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1969.

	the tribute of the state of	:				-
		İ		1		Estimated cost (Do not include
		1 7	ons	Acres	on	cost of applying)
Toolude our of		- '	used	which	used	CENTS NOT REQUIRED
Include any of these materials]	Dollars Cents
paid for by your		610		611		612
landlord and by	Tire on the sector to the land of the sector	1		1	- 1	
custom operators.	1. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation	٠٠/		613		614
For each item	2. Sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc. to control -			613	- 1	014
listed, report	a. Insects on hay crops	· · · · · ·				<u>s</u>
acres only once,				615	1	616
but report cost of all such materials	b. Insects on other crops (corn, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees	s, vines,	etc.)	L		S
used on these	· · :	*		617	- 1	618
acres in 1969.	c. Nematodes in crops	,		L		S
(See Leaflet.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			619	ĺ	620
section 33.)	d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)		<i></i>	1		s
				621		622
	e. Weeds or grass in crops - Include both pre-emergence and pos	t-emergen	сет	1	- 1	S
				623		624
	f. Weeds or brush in pasture				1	S
	•			625		626
•	3. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinn	ing of fra	ir	1	- 1	\$
	or entitle for detectable or for grown control or crops or mine.	01		L		627
	4. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry				1	ŝ
	The supplemental for instance contact on a restored and postary	7	,		1	
Section 34 - Product	tion EXPENSES for this place in 1969.					
						CENTS NOT REQUIRED
						Dollars Cents
			-			630
Include your best	1. Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, s	heep,				
estimate of	lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc.			<i></i> .		S
expenses paid by						631
others - your	2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - grain, hay, sile		ď			1 .
landlord, con-	feeds, concentrates, etc. [Total of dollars for a, b, c, and d)	• • • • •				3
tractors, buyers, etc for crops,	·	1 -	1	l	ì	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
livestock or	a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased - complete,	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	! Cents	
livestock products	supplement, concentrates. (Do not include ingredients	632	1	633	1	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
produced on this	purchased separately such as soybean meal, cottonseed	1	. /			
place.	meal, and area.		10	S	:	
(See Leaflet,	b. Ingredients purchased - such as soybean meal, cotton-	634	1	635	1	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
section 34.)	seed meal, utea, etc., milifeeds or other milling	1				
	byproducts. (Do not include whole grains.)		10	s		
	c. Whole grains purchased - such as corn, oats, barley,	636	1	637	1	*////////////////////////////////////
13	grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. Include cracked	1				
**	grain. (Do not include millfeeds or other milling		. /		;	
* .	byproducts, or green chop.) 1,		10	-		
		638	1	639	t	
	d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc.	1	10	s	:	
		L			<u> </u>	1640
	3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					s
, i	or decad, butbo, plants, and tiers paretaided				• • • • •	641
	A Commercial fartilizer purchased - all forms including rock -box	bara as				1
	4. Commercial fertilizer purchased - all forms, including rock pho-	•				5
	5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for th					042
	fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, m	otor oil, g	grease, e	tc.		
	(Total of a, b, c, and d)					S
			1		1	
			Ĺ	Dollars	Cents	
1 1			643		-	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
	a. Gasoline for the farm business		· · · \$		i	
			644		1	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
	b. Diesel fuel for the farm business	,	s			
			645		-	Y////////////////////////////////////
	c. LP gas, butane, and propane for the farm business		s		1	
	d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and		646		1	<i>*(////////////////////////////////////</i>
	fuel oil for the farm business		s			<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
	Process of the transfer of the			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1647
	6. Hired farm labor – Include all money paid in cash for farm labor payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do	includin	g			
	housework, customwork, and contract work.)	not incli	tae			
Notific taskes	Particular to the Control of the Con			• • • • • • •		648
	7. Contract labor - Include expenditures primarily for labor, such	as harves	ting			
1. 1. 1. 1.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.	s by a co	uractor.			
	a dismissing, a confermation, sec.					649
	8. Machine hire and customwork - Include expenditures primarily	for use of	equipme	nt.	,	649
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing,	combining	a. corn			
The state of the s	picking, stlo filling, spraying, dusting, etc					\$
The state of the s		`				650
	9. Agricultural chemicals purchased - Add dollars reported in sec	tion 33 a	nd enter i	otal here		S
	10. All other production expenses - Include current operating expen					651
1 1 1	taxes, interest, cash tent, insurance, repairs, etc., for the farm	business				i
	(See Leaflet, section 34.)					s
						652
San	11. Total production expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 10	and				
	With a new Kondanian abbenses we'r normis lot mems i thionay 10	una ente	i iotal he	re	-	S

Section 35 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products sold from this place in 1969 - crops, ilvestock, ilvestock products, etc.

		CENTS NOT REG	UIRED
testude mades		Dollars	Cents
Include market value of	1. Grains — corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, grain sorghums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas	550 \$	i
landiord's and contractor's share.		561	
(See Leaflet,	2. Tobacco	8	 _
section 35.)	3. Cotton and cottonseed	8 \$!
	4. Field seeds, hay, forage, and silage	663	į.
	5. Other field crops - peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweet-	664	-1
	potatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, pineapples,		t I
	popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc Specify 6. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes	\$ 565	-1
	and sweetpotatoes.)	8	
	7. Fruits, outs, and berries - apples, berries, citrus, grapes, peaches, pecans, pears, etc	666 \$	i i
	8. Poultry and poultry products - broilers, other chickens, eggs,	667	
	ducks, turkeys, etc	\$	
	9. Dairy products - milk, cream, etc. (Report goat dairy products in item 13.)	\$ 669	<u> </u>
	10. Dairy cattle and calves	\$ 670	<u> </u>
	11. Other cattle and calves	8	į
		671	1
,	12. Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include pigs, lambs, wool, and mohair.	§ 672	
	13. Other livestock and livestock products — horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees,	0,2	1
	honey, goat dairy products, etc Specify	8	i
	14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold - Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here,	673	ì
		674	1
	15. Forest products sold - Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here	\$	
_	16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here	675 8	l I
Section 36 - FARM-	RELATED INCOME received in 1969	<i></i>	
		CENTS NOT REC	QUIRED
D	1. Constructional order and other and others are considered for others.	Dollars 680	Cents
Report amount received before	Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc	\$	1
taxes and expenses.	2. Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,	681	1
	boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	\$ 682	-i
	(Do not include redeemable loans. See Leaflet, section 36.)	\$	<u> </u>
Section 37 - Type of	ORGANIZATION		
	1. Mark (X) the box which best describes this operation.		
	Corporation, including family 5 Other - S	pecify	
	690 (Do not include co-ops.)		
	1 Individual or family farm, 3 Indoor fewer shareholders excluding partnership	- -	
	and corporation	ie: Estate or trust, , prison farm, grazi	ng
	2 Partnership, 4 More than 10 shareholders ossociation including family	, co-operative, etc	•
Section 38 - FARM (PPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS		
	1. Does the operator – the person in charge of the farm or serious – live on this place?	2	
ř	2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place	ear	
	3. Operator's age	ears old	
	694	п (Amer.) 4 <u></u>	Other
	 Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfarm job, business profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) - Mark (X) the appropria 	or te hor	
	695	days or more	
Santian 20 SIGNAT		Telephone	
SECTION 39 - SIGNA!	URE of person filling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below. Area of 700 701		
Name .	Date		
.,,,,,,,			

Remarks - Atlach separate sheet, if neaded.

Short Report Form

CENSUS OF AGRIC		Response	to this inquiry is
f the address label) If you write to us about th	sia report.	required b	by law (Title 13, U.S by the same law you
		report to t	the Census Bureau in
		only by s	worn Census employ
·**/,	5		may be used only fo I purposes.
		CEN	SUS USE ONLY
		801	802
		l	1
	`	803	804
		503	1
		1	
	d della sa tantadan ZID godoù	l	l
(Please correct any error in name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1000	<u>i</u>
Please read	Section 1 - AGRICULTURAL ACTIV	ITY in 1969	
his form is being used in all parts of the	A A	have or prod	uce ann:
nited States. Please answer the ques-	1. At any time during 1969, did you	nave of prot	Yes No
turn this form in the enclosed envelope.	a. Livestock, poultry, or their pro	ducts?	
lease put your answers in the unshaded	b. Corn, sorghums, small grains,		
ents may be written in the shaded areas	soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, o		
the left of the answer spaces or in the	c. Vegetables, sweet corn, melon	s, or berries	for sale?
Remarks" space on page 4. you do not have exact figures, please	d. A combined total of 20 or more		
ve your best estimate. You may mark	citrus), nut trees, and grapevin		
e answer "est." (for estimate), if you	e. Nursery or greenhouse products		
ish.	f. Any other crops?	• • • • • • •	
o not include fractions in your answers to the section 4, items 11 through 16.	g. Other agricultural products - he		
	animals, bees, honey, maple po Christmas trees or timber for s	roducts, navi ale. etc.?	al stores,
or dollar frems, cents are not required. you prefer to report both dollars and	Charles the or timber for a	,	Ü
ents, please write the cents in the	What products?		
Cents' column.	1.		
f the answer to an item is "No" or	<u> </u>		
None " please leave the answer space	4		
lank, unless a small answer box is	2. At any time in 1969, did you own	any land the	at was
'None,' please leave the answer space blank, unless a small answer box is provided, as in section 1. Please mark to the section 2. "No." or "None."	2. At any time in 1969, did you own used by someone else for agricul		
lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark newers of "Yes." "No." or "None" y placing an X in the small		rural purpose	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is roylded, as in section 1. Please mark nawers of "Yes." "No." or "None"	used by someone else for agricul	rural purpose of the ques	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark neswers of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small newer box.	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se	rural purpose of the ques	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark neswers of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small newer box.	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se	rural purpose of the ques	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark neswers of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small newer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se	rural purpose of the ques ection 13, an	stions above, d return this form. Acres
lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark newers of "Yes," "No," or "None" placing an X in the small swer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP actual land worked on shares or share-	of the questiction 13, an	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark of "Yes," "No," or "None" placing an X in the small pswer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP RSHIP actual land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used rei	of the questiction 13, an	stions above, d return this form. Acres
ank, unless a small answer box is ovided, as in section 1. Please mark swers of "Yes," "No," or "None" placing an X in the small swer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP notice land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.).	of the questiction 13, an	es?
ank, unless a small answer box is ovided, as in section 1. Please mark swers of "Yes," "No," or "None" placing an X in the small swer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP Activitie land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.). Indie land subleased and land worked	of the questiction 13, an	es?
ank, unless a small answer box is ovided, as in section 1. Please mark is were of "Yes," "No," or "None" placing an X in the small swer box. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP Activitie land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.). Indie land subleased and land worked	of the questiction 13, an	es?
ank, unless a small answer box is ovided, as in section 1. Please mark swers of "Yes," "No," or "None" placing an X in the small swer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE. 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul- If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP actual land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- pershead basis under a grazing permit.). lude land subleased and land worked	None None None None	es?
ank, unless a small answer box is ovided, as in section 1. Please mark iswers of "Yes," "No," or "None" placing an X in the small swer box. action 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE! 1. Land owned 2. Land rented or leased from others - in cropped for others, leased Federal, Shifter, (Do not include land used on a shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres - Please ADD acres a share-cropped by others.	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP Activities land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.). Aude land subleased and land worked worked (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), Item 3) and enter your asswer in this	None None None None	es?
ank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark ovided, as in section 1. Please mark of "Yes," "No," or "None" or placing an X in the small swer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE. 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP Activities land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.). Aude land subleased and land worked worked (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), Item 3) and enter your asswer in this	None None None None	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is revided, as in section 1. Please mark may be a small answer of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small asswer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned . 2. Land rented or leased from others - is cropped for others; leased Federal, Shiften, (Do not include land used on a small on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total acres - Please ADD acres SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS P.	used by someone else for agricul- If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP actude land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.). Inde land subleased and land worked worked (Item 1) to acres rented (Item 2), Item 3), and enter your answer in this LACE" for this census report.	None None None None then space.	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark newers of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small newer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE! 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul- If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP actual land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- pershead basis under a grazing permit.). tude land subleased and land worked owned (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), (item 3), and enter your answer in this LACE" for this census report.	None None None None None None None None	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is revided, as in section 1. Please mark may be a small answer of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small asswer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul- If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP actude land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.). Aude land subleased and land worked wound (Item 1) to acres rented (Item 2), (Item 3), and enter your answer in this LACE" for this census report.	None None None None None None None	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is revided, as in section 1. Please mark of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small newer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned	used by someone else for agricul- If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP Activate land worked on shares or share- ate, and railroad land; and land used re- per-head basis under a grazing permit.). Lude land subleased and land worked owned (Item 1) to acres rented (Item 2), (Item 3), and enter your answer in this LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other No ed grains, wheat, etc.?	None None None then space.	es?
lank, unless a small answer box is revided, as in section 1. Please mark sowers of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an X in the small newer box. ection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land owned 2. Land rented or leased from others - Is cropped for others; leased Federal, Shiftes, (Do not include land used on as 3. Land rented or leased to others - Incl. on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Total ocres - Please ADD ocres SUBTRACT ocres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for federal programs such as those for federal programs and estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and	used by someone else for agricultifyou answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP activate land worked on shares or share-ate, and railroad land; and land used retier-head basis under a grazing permit.). Italiand subleased and land worked land subleased and land worked lifem 1) to acres rented (item 2), (lifem 3), and enter your answer in this LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other life string, wheat, etc.?	None None None None None None 1 None 1 None 1 None	es?
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lank, unless a small answer box is rovided, as in section 1. Please mark rowided, as in section 1. Please mark as the small of the smal	If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se RSHIP actual land worked on shares or share-ate, and railroad land, and land used repershead basis under a grazing permit.). Italian land subleased and land worked land subleased and land worked land subleased and land worked land. (Item 1) to acres rented (Item 2), (Item 3), and enter your answer in this LACE" for this census report. diversed under soil bank or other land grains, wheat, etc.? deeds of trust, or land purchase buildings you own?	None None None None None None 1 None 1 None 1 None	es?
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Short Report Form-Continued

Section 4 - CROPS harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969 - Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share:

Acres Quantity

	Acres harvested	Quantity Harvested
	820	621
1. Field com for grain - Report quantity on a shelled basis and		Bushels
in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight		822 Hundred-
		weight
2. Field corn for silage, cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or	823	
grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1) .		
	824	825
3. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in		Bushels
one unit only - either bushels or pounds	* .	826 or
		Pounds
4. Sorghums for silage, cut for dry forage or hay, or hogged or	827	
grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 3.)		
	828	829
5. Wheat for grain		Bushels
	630	
6. Other small grains for grain - oars, barley, rye, rice, etc	1	
	831	832
7. Soybeans for beans		Bushels
A True Class of the Control of the C	833	834
8. Hay - all kinds except sorghum hay (If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE	1	
but report total tons of all cuttings.)] .	Tons, dry
	835	836
9, Cotton	<u>.</u>	Bales
	837	836
10. Peanuts for nuts		Pounds
	enths	
MOTE: P. M. LEWIS AND AND MARKET	يَلِي ا	
NOTE: For items 11 through 16, report whole acres and fenths	839	840
11. Tobacco - all types	10	Pounds
	841	
12. Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes	10	
	842	
13. Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale	10	
	843	
14. Berries for sale	10	
15. Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other	844	
groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages - include land on		
which the fruit crop failed. (Do not include abandoned plantings.)	1 10	
16. All other crops - Include field seeds, sugar crops, garden,	845	
nursery and greenhouse products, sod, etc.	10	
17. If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square		846 Square
feet were under glass or other protection?		feet
Section 5 – Land USE in 1969 – The purpose of this section is to d	stribute all acres in i	his place
among items 1 through 5.		
1. Cropland harvested - Include all land from which crops were I	arvested or hay	r Marchard (A)
was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, an	d nursery and	860
greenhouse products. (If two crops were karvested from the st report the acres only once.)	me lang in 1900.	Acres
		A6)
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	rigida (m. 1925). Marangan kanangan kanangan	Acres
		862
3. All other cropland - Include eropland used for soll-improvement failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.	curous, crop	Agrès
Amount at a married married of the sale and the sale and		863
4. Woodland - Include woodland pasture		Acres
5. All other land - Include pastureland other than cropland and a	Charles to the State of the Control of the	864
rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, was	teland, etc.	Acres
6. Total acres in this place - Please add the gores reported in it	12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	865
through 5 and enter the total in this	space	Total
(This total should be the same as the total in section 2, item		GE COM S.
		866
7. How much of the total land reported in from 6 was irrigated in	LY697	Acres
and the second of the second o		- 1 17

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 6 - LIVESTOCK and POULTRY - Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1969, no laster who award them. - Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1969.

	QK 1. 0 1	٠.	Number on : December	31, 1969	Number so in 1969	
			87.0		871	
1. Cattle and calves of all ages	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	• • •	872			
a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had	ealved	• • •				
(1) Of the total cows reported in item ia, how kept for milk production? - Include dry mi milk heiters that had calved	lk cows and		873			
milk heifels that and carred			874		675	
2. Hogs and pigs of all ages		• ; •			876	
o. Of the total sold, how many were sold as feed further feeding?	er pigs for	. <i>.</i> .				
3. Sheep and lambs of all ages	,	,	877		878	
4. Horses and ponies of all ages		·	879		880	
5. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started raised for sale.)	pullets being	. , .	861		882	
6. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (rooste started pullets)	rs, capons,		883		894	
	6		885		886	
7. Broilers and other mear-type chickens less than			<u> </u>			
 Other livestock and poultry - goats, mules, fur-b animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, hives of bees, e 			887		888	
What kind?			867		888	
9. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between -					Number of lit	ters
a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969		٠			889	
b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969					690	
Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in 1	040 Papar		ses said by	ron and i	w others - von	
landlord, contractors, buyers, etc.—for cre place. Use estimates if exact figures are	ops, livestock,	or li	vestock prod	ucts prod	uced on this	•
				C	ENTS NOT REQU	4 -
1. Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calves	hare pies	-L				
lambe mate horses haby chicks noulte start			,	90	Dollars	Cents
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, start 2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—	ed pullets, etc	• • •	, 	90	\$	Lonis
2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - mixed feeds, concentrates, etc.	ed pullets, etc grain, hay, sil	lage,	,		\$	Lents
Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—mixed feeds, concentrates, etc. Commercial mixed formula feeds purchased—complete, supplement,	ed pullets, etc	lage,	Dollars		\$	Lents
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Short Report Form-Continued

Section 8 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products sold from this place in 1969 - crops, livestack, livestack products, etc. - Include market value of landlord's and contractor's share CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dallars 2. Crops including nursery products and hay sold Forest products - firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc. 4. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before raxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 3 and enter total here Section 9 - FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1969 - Report amount received before taxes and expenses. CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 930 Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place 931 Section 10 - MACHINERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1969, whether owned by you or by others - Include only equipment used in 1968 or 1969 Number manufactured in -1965 of later 1964 or earlier Selected machinery and equipment on this place December 31, 1969 940 941 9.42 9.43 2. Motortrucks - Include pickups 944 945 3. Tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers . . 4. Riding garden tractors 7 hp. and over 948 949 5. Grain and bean combines - self-propelled only 6. Compickers and picker-shellers, including corn heads for combines 952 7. Pickup balers..... CENTS NOT REQUIRED 8. Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment usually kept on this place and used for the farm business - Include the items listed above and any other machinery and equipment 954 Section 11 - VALUE of land and BUILDINGS on this place CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars 1. Please enter your estimate of the current marker value of the acres you operated (owned and rented acres in section 2, item 4) and the buildings on them Section 12 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS 1 TYes 2 No 2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place Year Years old 4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1 White 2 Negro or black 3 Indian (Amer.) 4 Other 5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfarm job, business or profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) Mark (X) the appropriate box. 974 2 1-49 days 3 50-99 days 4 100-199 days 5 [] 200 days or more Section 13 - SIGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your Telephone answers, then sign below. Area code Number Name Date

Remarks - Attach separate sheet, if needed.

AN IMPORTANT LETTER



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233

January 1970

It is time for the 196) Census of Agriculture, and your help in completing Dear Sir:

this vital record of America's farms and ranches is very much needed.

Nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since 1840, nave Nationwide censuses of agriculture, taxen periodically since locu, have provided a continuing flow of statistical information, increasingly needed

And the rapid changes going on in agriculture today make the 1969 Census

Great changes are taking place in the use of farm machines, chemicals, of very special importance. orest changes are taking place in the doe of larm machines, changes, or fertilizers, and new plant varieties, and in the management of farms and ranches. These changes are having an enormous impact on farm people, runrainenes. These changes are having an enormous impact on raim proper, running all the way from the varieties and amounts of crops and livestock you and your neighbors are producing, to the planning of Federal programs for

Agriculture and its problems must be understood if our agricultural people Agriculture and its problems must be understood it our agricultural people are to prosper. Decisions that will lead to improved programs and more are to prosper. Decisions that will read to improved programs and more responsible action must be based on reliable facts. Our farms and ranches responsible action must be oused on reliable lacts. Our larms and remember nearly 3 million independent businesses—are scattered all across the land of America. A nationwide census of all farms and ranches is the orly means of cotaining an up-to-date and accurate inventory of our agricultural

Please fill cut the enclosed form and mail it back to us as soon as you can, riease this out the enclosed form and mail it cack to us as soon as you call preferably not later than February 15th. Use the enclosed envelope which

Your report will be held in complete confidence. It can be seen only by four report will be need in complete confidence. It can be seen only by Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law requires no postage.

Census emproyees and may be used only for scatterical purposes. The law (Title 13, U.S. Code) provides that it cannot be shown to or used by anyone outside the Bureau for any purpose whatscever.

Your help in completing this important census is most appreciated.

J. Thomas Breen, Chief

Agriculture Division

NOTE: If you write to us, please use the Census File Number shown on the address label.

THIS IS YOUR LEAFLET GUIDE Through the 1969 Census of Agriculture Need Help? Use These Leaflet Notes

Leaflet Introduction

FIRST, SOME GENERAL INFORMATION

- The enclosed Census report form is being used by farms and ranches throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and inquiries which do not apply to you. Where this is the case, you can simply mark the "No" box and go on to the next section.
- If a section contains inquiries that apply to you, it may be helpful to read all the items in the section before you start to supply the information. A look at the section as a whole will show what is to be reported and where it should be written.
- You will also find that there are items within sections you may not need to read, beyond noting the subject with which they deal. For instance, item 9 in section 1 asks several questions about landlords. If you did not rent any land from others, you can skip all of the detail in item 9 and go to item 10.
- There is a possibility that you may receive more than one envelope containing a census report form for this place (a duplicate, or in your wife's name, your partner's name, etc.). If this should happen, please fill out one form only. Mark the extra form or forms with the Census File Number of the form you complete (for example, "Extra-See No. 86312 09812") and return the extras in the envelope with the completed report. There is a "File Copy" enclosed in each envelope; this is for your use and should not be returned to the Bureau of the Census.

If your wife, or a partner, runs a separate agriculture operation of her or his own, it should be reported on a separate form.

HOW TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS

- Please put your answers only in the unshaded answer spaces. Write any explanations and comments in the shaded areas to the left of the answer spaces or in the "Remarks" space on page 12 or on a separate sheet.
- If your answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer spaces blank; except for the few places where a small answer box is provided, as for "None" in section 1. Please mark an answer of "Yes." "No." or "None" with an X in the box.
- If you do not have exact figures available, please report your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for "estimated") if you wish.
- For all dollar items, we need only whole dollars, although a "cents" column is provided for those who wish to use it. If you prefer to report both dollars and cents, be sure to write the cents in the "cents" column to avoid the risk that they be mistaken for dollars. For example \$1714.45 should be reported as CENTS NOT REQUIRED

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- 3 -

Do **not** include 'fractions in your answers except where called for. Where fractions are called for, report the fraction in tenths of the whole number, and enter the fraction in the "tenths" part of the answer space. Some common fractions which you can report in "tenths" are:

Report 1/8 as 1/10 3/8 as 4/10 5/8 as 6/10 1/6 as 2/10 5/6 as 8/10 1/4 as 2/10 3/4 as 8/10 1/3 as 3/10 2/3 as 7/10

Example for 3½ tons of fertilizer

If you prefer, report to the nearest whole number; fractions are not required.

HOW TO USE THIS LEAFLET

This leaflet is for your use; do not return it with your Census of Agriculture report. It gives answers to the questions that come up most often when the report is being prepared.

Like the form, this leaflet is being used in all parts of the United States, and it contains much information that will not apply to your place. For example, section 4 of this leaflet gives additional information about reporting irrigation water in section 4 of the report. If you did not irrigate in 1969, you should answer the first two questions and you'll not need to read the corresponding page of this leaflet.

The rest of this leaflet is information to help you, organized by sections to correspond with the sections of the census report form.

Now you will want to start filling out the report form. As you answer the items in each section, you will find substantial help in the corresponding section of this leaflet.

SECTION 1 ACREAGE IN 1969, OWNERSHIP, AND LAND VALUE

Part A

Use items 1, 2, and 3 to arrive at the acres of land for which you should complete the Census report form. Include all agricultural land with which you were associated in 1969, regardless of where the land was located. Do not include holdings of residential or commercial properties not associated with agricultural operations. Report all land in whole acres; if you had less than one acre report it as one acre.

Places no longer operated on December 31, 1969 - If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1969, complete the report, giving information on the land you operated and your 1969 crop and livestock production and sales from that land. Normally you would not be expected to report inventories of poultry, livestock, machinery, or equipment. Please explain in the "Remarks" section on page 12 or on a separate sheet that you quit farming or ranching during 1969 and give the approximate date.

Other changes in land operated during 1969 - If part of the land you used during 1969 was no longer in your possession on December 31, 1969, include that land and your 1969 crop and livestock operations on that land in your report. If you acquired land during 1969 for your own use but did not use it for crops or livestock that year, do not include that land in your report.

Please explain the change in acres during 1969 by making a notation in the "Remarks" section on page 12, or on a separate sheet. Statements such as the following can be used:

My report includes______acres I used in 1969 but which I did not have on December 31, 1969.

or

My report does not include______acres acquired before January 1, 1970, but not used by me in 1969.

- Item 1 Land owned Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1969, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnerships or organizations for which you are reporting. This acreage is considered in figuring the size of "This Place" (item 4, section 1).
- Item 2 Land rented or leased from others If you rented land from others or worked land on a share basis in 1969, you should report this land as rented by you even though the landlord may have supplied equipment, fertilizer or other materials, and some supervision of your work. Include Federal lands rented or leased by the acre in this item, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis (see "Grazing permit" on page 6).

Item 3 Land rented or leased to others

Include in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of the crops or livestock.
- Land which you rented from others and then subleased to others in 1969.
- Land rented out for residential or other nonfarm purposes (if it was included in item 1 or 2).
- Land worked for you by someone else on a share-of-the-crop basis.

Do not include in item 3:

 Land on which you yourself had any crops or livestock during 1969, even though it was rented to others for part of the year.

In the remaining sections of the questionnaire, do **not** report any crops or livestock on land reported in item 3 as rented or leased to others.

Item 4 Acres in this place - This is the sum of the land you owned in 1969 plus the land you rented from others, minus the land you rented to others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since the remainder of the form applies only to the resulting net figure - the "Acres in this place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on "Acres in this place." as reported in item 4.

Item 10 Grazing permit - In some States, government lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, payment being made on a per-head or animal-unit basis. This land should not be included as part of item 2, "Land rented or leased," or item 4, "Acres in this place." Report it only in item 10. But if any of your livestock were located on such land in 1969, they should be included in your report.

. ,

PART C YES, if at any time during 1969 there were on this place:

SECTION 1 SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM?

- Any livestock or poultry or their products.
- Any corn, sorghums, small grains, hay, cotton, tobacco, soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, or sugar crops.
- Any vegetables, melons, or berries grown for sale.
- A combined total of 20 or more fruit trees (including citrus), nut trees, and grapevines.
- Any nursery or greenhouse products, mushrooms, or sod.
- Any other crops.
- Any other agricultural products horses, fur-bearing animals in captivity, bees, honey, maple products, naval stores, Christmas trees or timber for sale, etc.

NO, if -

- You reported an acreage in section 1, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1969, on that land, or
- All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper and hence the entry in section 1, item 4 is "0."

In either case, you should:

- 1. Skip to page 12 and complete section 39.
- Explain briefly in the "Remarks" space. For example, "All land rented out;" "Sold farm in 1968;" "House lot only—no crops or livestock."
- 3. Mail the form in the return envelope provided.

SECTION 2 For item 2 of this section we need the name of the geographic area or political subdivision (within the county or parish) where your principal agricultural operations are located. Some examples of the type of area or subdivision we mean are shown on the report form; some other term may be used in your State such as:

Borough Militia district City National park Civil district Patent Civil township Plantation Election precinct Purchase Grant School district Indian reservation Surplus Judicial township Town Justice precinct Tract

Unorganized township

Magisterial district

Location

- 6 -

SECTION LAND USE IN 1969

3

Item 1b

These land-use items apply only to the land you reported as "Acres in this place" in section 1, item 4. If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1969, report such land only on the line for the first item which fits one of the purposes, and not on the line for the second purpose. For example, if you harvested a graze on the stubble, report the land as harvested cropland, but not as cropland used only for pasture or grazing. Please report in whole acres.

Item 1a Cropland harvested - This includes acreage from which you cut either wild or tame hay, land in greenhouses, nurseries, or sod, and land in orchards, groves, and vineyards (both bearing and nonbearing) unless the trees or plantings have been

abandoned.

Pastureland - Cropland from which you did not take a crop or cut hay in 1969, but which you used for pasture is to be reported in item 1b. Woodland in which livestock were allowed to graze in 1969 is to be reported as woodland pastured in item 2a.

Report in item 3 land (other than cropland or woodland) that could be used as pastureland or rangeland, whether or not livestock actually grazed on it in 1969.

Item 1d Crop failure - If all of a crop failed (except fruit or nuts in an orchard, grove, or vineyard being maintained for production) and you did not harvest any other crop from this land, and did not pasture or graze it, report the acres in item 1d "crop failure." If only part of the acreage of a crop was harvested, be sure to report only the harvested acreage in item 1a of section 3 and for the appropriate crop in sections

8 through 23.

Item 1e Cultivated summer fallow - Report as fallow all cropland that was plowed and cultivated or on which the growth of weeds was controlled through the use of herbicides, but which was left unseeded for 1969 harvest for the purpose of conserving moisture. Include such cropland as cultivated summer fallow even if during 1969 it was planted to wheat for harvest in 1970.

SECTION 4 IRRIGATION

Source of water in 1969. Most irrigators will have received water from only one source. If this is true in your case, enter 100 percent on the proper line. If you obtained water from two of the three sources, an approximate figure for each source is acceptable, for example, 30 percent, 70 percent, etc. One way of making such an estimate is to figure your acreage irrigated from each source as a percent. For

example, 20% of the cropland harvested irrigated from your own well; 80% of the cropland harvested irrigated with water from a water supply organization.

Item 5 Estimated quantity of water used in 1969 - If you can estimate the total quantity of irrigation water used by any one of the methods shown, report only by that method - in item a, b, or c. If it is easier for you to estimate part of the water used by one method and part by another, use the lines which apply.

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts measure water in acre-feet and the amount used is shown in acre-feet on their bills. Where you are not billed for water in this manner, you may prefer to give the depth applied in inches during the full season and the acres covered, as called for in item 5c. We will compute the acre-feet from this information. (Item 5 discussion continued on next page.)

Gallons - Estimates in gallons must usually be figured if you have your own pump. If you know the rate of flow through your pump, use that. Otherwise, use the manufacturer's rated capacity for the pump. This is given in gallons per minute.

To make an estimate of gallons for the season, you can substitute in the following example, the rated capacity of your pump, the approximate number of hours you pumped per day, and the estimated number of days the pump operated during the year.

EXAMPLE

Step 1. Compute gallons per hour -

100 gallons per minute times 60=

6,000 gallons per hour

Step 2. Compute gallons per day -

20 hours pumped times 6,000=

120,000 gallons per day

Step 3. Compute gallons per season -

96 days pump operated times 120,000=

11,520,000 gallons per year

Step 4. Enter 11,520,000 for item 5b.

When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate depth of water applied during the season in inches and report acres covered.

Other methods of reporting total quantity - In some areas miners inches are used to measure water use. In other areas cubic feet per second (second feet) are a common measure of flow. If you use either of these measures, please report this information in the "Remarks" section at the end of the form, or on a separate sheet, rather than in item 5. If you report in either miners inches or cubic feet per second, please don't forget to report also how many hours or days water was delivered at the given rate.

If you are not able to report the actual amount or an estimate of the water quantity, please give as many facts as you can in the "Remarks" section (page 12) or on an attached sheet of paper. Following are examples of helpful items: number of wells, their depth, diameter and measured rate of flow; allowable diversion rate from streams; capacity of pump or diameter of pump outlet; days operated per season or number of times irrigated; whether land is irrigated before planting; and so on.

SECTION 5 ARTIFICIAL DRAINAGE

Acreages reported in this section should be your estimate of the amount of land on this place in 1969 which was benefited to some extent by artificial drainage facilities. Even though your whole place may be in a drainage district, report only that part which is artificially drained. Acres drained by more than one system should be reported only once, for the most important one. However, if different parts of this place had different types of drainage systems, you will have entries in more than

SECTIONS CROPS HARVESTED IN 1969-GENERAL INFORMATION 8-23

How and where to report - You will find it easier to report your crops if you glance through pages 3 to 8 of the reporting form and read the paragraphs on pages 9 to 11 of this leaflet, before you begin to fill in your answers.

CROPS. Continued

Report in each section only the crops called for there. For example, field corn is to GENERAL- be reported in section 8, wheat in section 10, Irish potatoes in section 13, and vegetables for sale in section 21. Section 23 is the place to report any crop not asked for in sections 8-22.

> Do not include in your report any crops on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others or worked on shares by others. Your report should cover only the crops on the "acres in this place," as reported in item 4 of section 1. The next 6 pages of this leaflet contain general information about the reporting of crops, and a discussion of some special crop reporting problems. Table 1, at the end of this leaflet provides a listing of conversion factors for the crops most commonly grown.

■ HOW TO REPORT CROPS HARVESTED - AN EXAMPLE

A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 200 tons. Using a corn head on his combine, he harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized, using 7 8/10 tons of dry fertilizer.

His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Section 8 - Was any FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969? Yes - Complete this section □ No -Go to Section 7,000 Bushel Field corn for grain — Report quantity barrested in one unit only — either bushels or hundreduciph of shelled corn 80 20 20 . Field com for silage Freld corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged of grazed (Do not include here acres already report in item 1 or 2 i Liquid or our Commercial fertilizer used on field corn 100

- a. Item 1 calls for grain or seed, so he entered 80 in the "Acres harvested" column and 7,000 in the bushels space in the "Quantity harvested" column. The 80 acres for grain were not irrigated so he made no entry in the "Acres irrigated"
- b. For item 2, Corn for silage, he entered 20 acres harvested, 200 tons quantity harvested, and 20 acres irrigated.
- c. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, he did not make any entry in item 3.
- d. In item 4, he entered 100 for "Acres fertilized," entered 7 for whole tons, and 8 for tenths in the "Dry" space.

CROPS, GENERAL Continued

COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER

For each crop, report the number of acres fertilized in 1969, and report the total tons and tenths of tons used in all applications. Report the total weight of the fertilizer, including filler. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

If you bought fertilizer on an analysis basis and do not know the total tons used, the following example will show you how to estimate the total tons of fertilizer.

Example 1: A farmer fertilized 70 acres of corn at the rate of 100 pounds of N (nitrogen) per acre and used an analysis of 33-0-0, as recommended by the fertilizer dealer.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used including filler:

- Divide the 100 pounds of nitrogen by the percent of nitrogen in the analysis, in this case 33, to get the total pounds of fertilizer per acre.
- Multiply the pounds per acre (obtained in step 1) by 70 acres to get total pounds of fertilizer used.
- 3. Convert pounds to tons by dividing by 2,000.
- (1) 100 (pounds of N) = 10,000 = 303 (lbs. per acre) .33 (% of N in analysis) 33
- (2) 303 x 70 (acres) = 21,210 pounds.
- (3) $21,210 \pm 2,000 = 10 6/10$ tons.

If you don't know the percent analysis of nitrogen, but do know the phosphorus $\{P_2O_5\}$ or potash $\{K_2O\}$, work the estimate in the same way as when nitrogen is the known factor.

If you know how much fertilizer was applied per acre, but don't know the total tons, use the method in this example.

Example 2: Sixty-five acres of corn were fertilized with 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used, multiply the 65 acres fertilized times the 150 pounds of fertilizer used per acre. This gives the total pounds of fertilizer used. Then divide by 2,000 to get the total tons.

- a. Multiply 65 acres fertilized by 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre to get 9,750.
- b. Divide 9,750 total pounds of fertilizer by 2,000 to get 4.875.
- c. Enter 4 9/10 tons.

• TWO OR MORE CROPS HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

Example 1. A farmer had a 20-acre field:

- a. He harvested oats from the 20 acres in 1969.
- b. He then planted the 20 acres in soybeans and harvested them during the same year.

He should report:

- 1. The 20 acres of oats in section 10, item 4.
- 2. The 20 acres of soybeans in section 11, item 1.

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CROPS, GENERAL— Continued

In such a case the acres of crops harvested may be greater than the acres of land reported in item 1a of section 3 (land use).

Example 2: A 10-acre field of red clover was cut for hay in 1969.

The same 10 acres was later harvested for seed.

- 1. Ten acres for hav should be reported in section 14, item 2.
- 2. Ten acres for seed should be reported in section 15, item 1.

• INTERPLANTED CROPS AND "SKIP-ROW" PLANTING

If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, report for each crop the part of the field used for that crop.

Example 1: If a 40-acre tract of land was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans for beans, 20 acres should be reported for beans in section 11, item 1, and 20 acres should be reported for cotton in section 12, item 1.

Example 2: If you planted "skip" rows in soil-improvement crops, report the harvested portion of the field in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the soil-improvement acreage in section 3, item 1c.

Example 3: If you left "skip" rows idle, report the harvested portion of the acres in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the idle acres in section 3, item 1f.

• CROPS HARVESTED IN ORCHARDS

If approximately 4 acres of tomatoes were grown among the trees in a 10-acre apple orchard, you'd still report all 10 acres as orchard acres in section 16, item 1, and also as apple acreage in section 17, item 1. Report the 4 acres of tomatoes in section 21, item 1.

• REPORTING UNIT FOR QUANTITY HARVESTED

The units of measure given on the report form for quantity of each crop harvested are, in general, those most commonly used throughout the country. For corn, grain sorghums, rice, grapes, prunes, and figs, a choice of two or more units is provided.

If you happen to use in your records a unit different from what is printed on the form, please convert your figure on quantity harvested, to the unit shown. For your convenience, we have printed table 1 at the end of this leaflet, showing approximate weight per unit for the crops most frequently reported. Use these if you do not have more accurate information available.

Now you will want to start filling out the crops sections of the report form, referring to this leaflet, if necessary.

SECTION 14

HAY AND SILAGE HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

If you made one cutting of alfalfa for hay and another cutting for green feed, report the acres for the alfalfa cut for hay in item 1 of section 14, and report the acres again for hay crops cut and fed green in item 9 of the same section.

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SECTION 15

FIELD SEEDS

FIELD SEEL

The acres of land harvested for field seeds often will have been reported in section 14 because hay also was cut from the same land. If you fertilized the fields for the general purpose of getting better production of both hay and seed, report the "acres fertilized" and the quantity of fertilizer used only in section 14, item 10. But if you applied fertilizer especially for the benefit of the seed crop, report in item 9 of section 15 the "acres fertilized" and the weight (in tons) of fertilizer applied for the seed crop.

Item 9

SECTIONS 16-19,

GENERAL

ORCHARDS - FRUIT TREES, NUT TREES, AND GRAPEVINES

In counting the combined total of trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production.

Include land in trees that, because of weather damage, did not bear in 1969. Also include orchard and grove acreage from which the crop was not harvested because of unsatisfactory prices, labor shortage, etc. Do **not** include acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned.

If fruit and nut trees were planted in borders or were interplanted among other crops, estimate the orchard acreage by dividing the total number of such trees by the usual number of such trees per acre in your locality.

When you need to estimate the acres in fruit and nut trees, first find the planting distance between trees, then divide the total number of trees by the number per acre that corresponds with the planting distance, as given in the following table. The result represents the approximate acreage. For example, 700 trees planted 25 feet x 25 feet apart, (70 trees per acre) would represent 10 acres.

Nun	nber of fruit an	d nut trees per acre	
Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre	Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre
8 x 8	680	22 x 24	82
8 x 10	545	24 x 24	75
8 x 12	454	25 x 25	70
9 x 9	538	26 x 26	64
10 x 10	436	27 x 27	60
10 × 12	363	28 x 28	56
12 x 12	302	28 x 30	52
12 × 14	259	30 x 30	48
14 × 14	222	32 x 32	43
15 x 15	194	35 x 35	35
16 x 16	170	36 x 36	34
18 x 18	134	40 x 40	27
18 x 20	121	40 x 45	24
18 x 22	110	45 x 45	22
20 x 20	109	45 x 50	19
20 x 22	99	50 × 50	17
20 x 24	91	55 x 50	16
22 x 22	90 (60 × 60	12

SECTION 17

NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES OR GRAPEVINES

Item 8

Avocados - In California, report the quantity harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969. In Florida, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested between July 1, 1969, and February 28, 1970.

Items 10 and 11

Grapes - Report raisin grapes on either a fresh-weight or dry-weight basis, according to how you sold them. If you sold raisin grapes by both methods, please convert to one basis. One pound of raisins usually equals about 4 3/10 pounds of fresh grapes. Report all other grapes on a fresh-weight basis.

Please separate the European-type grapes among items 11a, 11b, and 11c of section 17 on the basis of variety and **not** on the basis of use. Some of the common varieties are as follows:

- 11a. Raisin varieties Black Corinth, Muscat, Sultana, and Thompson Seedless.
- 11b. Table varieties Emperor, Malaga, Red Malaga, Ribier, and Tokay.
- 11c. Wine varieties Alicante Bouschet, Carignane, Grenache, Mission, Palomino, Petite Sirah, and Zinfandel.
- Item 15 Olives In California and Arizona, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested from the bloom of 1969 for the 1969-70 harvest season September 15, 1969, to about February 28, 1970. In all other States report the total 1969 crop.

SECTION 19

NUT TREES

Item 4

Pecans - Improved pecans refer to pecan trees that have been budded, grafted or top worked. Consider all other pecan trees as wild or seedling, whether grown in orchards, pastures, etc.

- Item 6 For qua
- For quantity of tung nuts harvested, report pounds in the husk. For all other tree nuts, report quantity in the shell.
- Item 7 Report planted black walnuts in item 7. Do not report wild black walnuts.

SECTION 21

VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS

Report vegetable crops harvested in the calendar year 1969 for all States except Florida. For Florida, report any vegetable crops that were harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969.

Report the entire acreage of each vegetable crop harvested. For example, if you harvested three acres of radishes from a field in 1969, then replanted the field to radishes and harvested the three acres again, report 6 acres harvested in section 21, item 15, No. 350. (If crops are grown, such as radishes, which are included in the "Other vegetable crops" list, below item 15 in section 21, write the name of the crop and the code number (Radishes....350) in the spaces provided in item 15.) If each crop of radishes was fertilized, report only 3 acres fertilized but report the total tons of all fertilizer used.

SECTION

NURSERY OR GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS GROWN FOR SALE

22 Item 6

Mushrooms - Report the square feet of bed space used in 1969, multiplied by the number of times it was harvested. Do not report the total floor space of the building or other area where the mushrooms were grown. For example, if you harvested two crops of mushrooms from an area of 20,000 square feet of bed space, report 40,000 square feet of area used.

SECTION

OTHER CROPS

23

In addition to the crops named in this section, also use section 23 to report any crops harvested that have not been accounted for in sections 8-22.

Sugarcane - The sugarcane growing season differs in each of the three growing areas in the United States. Report acres harvested (or to be harvested) during the current cutting season, as follows:

In Florida, November 1969 through April 1970. In Louisiana, October 1969 through December 1969. In Hawaii, October 1, 1968, through September 30, 1969.

In Florida and Louisiana, report acres of sugarcane planted for harvest later than the current cutting season, as cropland idle, in section 3, item 1f. For Hawaii, special provision is made on the form for reporting sugarcane planted for future harvest.

SECTION 24

FOREST PRODUCTS SOLD

Report here, all forest products sold from this place in 1969, regardless of who made the sales. For example, sales made by the landlord should be included.

SECTIONS 25-29, GENERAL

POULTRY, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, OTHER LIVESTOCK

These items deal with the livestock and poultry on this place or sold from this place in 1969, regardless of ownership. If livestock or poultry were fed on this place on a contract or on a custom basis, report them as sold if they were taken from this place in 1969. Animals or poultry owned by you that were not on this place at any time in 1969 because they were fed for you by someone else, such as in a feedlot or poultryhouse, are **not** to be included in this report; they should be accounted for on the agriculture census report for the feedlot, poultryhouse, etc.

Count as being on this place, animals that were owned by you or kept by you for others, but which on December 31, 1969, were on land used on a permit basis (national forestland; grazing district land; or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management). See "Grazing permit," page 6 of this leaflet.

Do **not** include in your report any livestock or poultry on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others. Your report should cover only the livestock and poultry on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in item 4 of section 1.

SECTION

CHICKENS, TURKEYS, OTHER POULTRY

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For each item, report the number on this place December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them, and the number of poultry sold from this place, or taken from this place during 1969, including those raised or fed under a contract. Do **not** include any sales of baby chicks or poults.

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- Item 1a Hens and pullets of laying age Include hens in molt with the other hens and pullets of laying age. In the "sold" column include any old or cull hens sold during 1969.
- Item 3b Other turkeys In the "sold" column, report turkeys sold for slaughter and those that were broaded and then moved to another place for further feeding.

SECTION CATTLE AND CALVES

26 Item 2

Item 4

Milk cows - Include cows of any breed milked for home use or for sale.

In the "Total number sold" answer spaces, include the cattle and calves sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals fed on this place under contract or on a custom basis if they were taken from this place in 1969. Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such transactions are considered to be "dealer" purchases and sales.

In the "Number fattened ..." answer spaces, report the number of head that were sold for slaughter after being fattened in the manner described, provided they were expected to produce carcasses that would grade "USDA Good" or better. Do not report in this column veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold; do not include cattle or calves that have been fed grain or concentrates and sold for further feeding.

SECTION 27 Item 1a

Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding -Include bred sows and bred gilts, other sows and gilts intended for breeding, and boars and young males to be used for breeding.

Item 3 Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 - Include all pigs born on this place that were sold for slaughter or taken from this place for further feeding.

SECTION 30

CONTRACT OR BINDING AGREEMENT

Many farm products are produced under a contract or binding agreement made between the producer and the person who buys or uses the farm product. These contracts or agreements usually specify the kind and amount of the farm product to be produced, where or to whom it is to be delivered, what price the producer is to be paid or how the price is to be determined. The contracts may specify the variety of crop or breed of animal or poultry to be produced, and may provide for services such as spraying, dusting, fertilizing, harvesting, packing, and selling. The contractor may supply seed, fertilizer, or feed. He may also provide financing and a field man to give advice and to inspect the product while it is being produced. Include contracts for the growing of heifers for dairy farms, contracts involving cow pools, milking pools, and cow-leasing agreements.

In this section, include under the "Co-op" item, production contracts with a cooperative processor. Do **not** include contracts made by you to have someone else provide a service to you or grow or produce something for you.

Report sales contracts or agreements providing just for the marketing or sale of a product, such as milk, as "Marketing or sales contracts or agreements." Also report under this same heading, marketing contracts and agreements with marketing associations and cooperatives. Usually very few or no services or supplies are provided by the buyer of the farm product under a sales contract or agreement.

If the sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor or equipment, report it as a production contract.

Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural products. Some *examples* of agreements or contracts not to be reported here are:

Rental of land

Hauling

Purchase of feed, fertilizer or other farm supplies

Labor wage agreements and financing of farm operations

Government program agreements

Agricultural services

Customwork

Farm machinery rentals

SECTION 31

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The items in this section refer to machinery and equipment kept on this place and used for the farm business in 1968 or 1969, regardless of ownership.

Item 12

Item 12 refers to the market value of all machinery and equipment, not just the items listed on the report form. The value you report should be your estimate of how much the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition - not the replacement cost or the depreciated value.

SECTION 32

HIRED WORKERS

Do not include workers who did only contruction work or other work not related to the production of crops or livestock. Do not include employees of a labor contractor, cooperative, processor, or dealer who performed contract work on this place. Report all other hired workers, including members of your family if they were paid wages, who did farm or ranch work on this place. Report each person only once even though he may have worked several different times during the year.

SECTION 33

INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME AND OTHER CHEMICALS

For each item report only once the total acres treated, but give the total cost of materials used in all treatments. If you used a dual purpose chemical, report the total acres treated for each item (insect, disease, etc.), and divide the cost of materials between the items. If the same acreage was treated separately for two purposes, give acres and cost of materials for each item. For example, if cotton was treated for insects and then treated for defoliation, the acres and material cost for insect treatment would be reported under item 2b and the acres and material cost for defoliation would be reported in item 3.

Do **not** include the cost of chemically treated seed or the cost of chemicals used by you to treat seed prior to planting.

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SECTION PRODUCTION EXPENSES

34

Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For example, if you grew broilers or fed cattle for others, include in the production expenses, item 1, your best estimate of the value of the baby chicks or cattle at the time they were brought to this place. Also include, in item 2, the value and amount of all feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place.

Do **not** include expenses (or sales) related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities).

Item 1

Livestock and poultry - Report the total amount spent by you and by your landlord or by others for all livestock and poultry bought during 1969 for production, including feeding, on this place. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time they came on this place.

Do **not** include the purchase cost of livestock or poultry bought and then resold within 30 days.

Item 2

Feed - Report the cost of all feed for livestock and poultry during 1969. When feed was supplied by others, as in broiler contracts, estimate the cost of the feed used on this place. Do not include the cost of feed for livestock fed off this place, but do include the cost of feed fed to cattle or sheep while they are on "permit" grazing land (see "Grazing permit," on page 6 of this leaflet).

Item 2a

Commercially mixed formula feeds - Include all complete feeds, concentrates, feed additive supplements, base mixes and premixes fed in 1969. Include your best estimate of tons and value of feed furnished by others for livestock and poultry that were grown or fed on this place for others under contract.

Item 10 All other production expenses

Include-

Purchase of irrigation water Costs of operating and maintaining irrigation systems Farm electricity

Veterinary services and medicine Hauling and other marketing charges

Farm supplies

Interest on farm debts

All other farm-related expenditures

Do not include-

Value of the landlord's share of crops or livestock produced on this place Purchase of long-term assets, such as tractors and machinery, land, or new buildings

Expenditures for construction of major improvements, such as drainage canals, irrigation systems, etc.

Income taxes

Interest on nonfarm loans

SECTION

MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD

These questions are asked to obtain a measure of the agricultural productivity of your county, State, and the entire United States. Information given in this report will be combined with that for other farms in your county and only totals will be published. By Federal law, the information you give in this report is confidential. Your report is to be used for statistical purposes only, and cannot be revealed to anyone who is not a Census employee. Census employees are under oath (with penalty for violation) not to reveal such information.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1969, regardless of the year they were produced; and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place any time in 1969. Do not report your net income. Do not report value of sales from land which you rented to others. If you rent land from others or work land on shares for others, include the value of the landlord's share of any products removed from this place. If you operate as a partnership. include the total value of all products sold from this place for all partners. Include the value of crops you have placed under government loan or seal in 1969 along with the value of all crops sold.

Sales from nonfarm-related activities (such as trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities) should not be included.

Value of products harvested by others - If crops were harvested by cooperatives or by others, and you received for your product a price which did not include the cost of harvesting, hauling, etc., please report the gross value which includes these costs before they were deducted. If your records do not show such figures separately, please estimate the cost of such services and include these with the value of the product. Also be sure that the cost of these services has been included in the proper production expense items in section 34.

Livestock or crops under contract - For livestock or crops, including vegetables and fruits, produced by you under contract, report the gross value before deductions for any feed, seeds, plants, fertilizer, sprays, dusts, and labor or equipment furnished by the contractor. For example, if you received \$1,000 cash and you estimate that the contractor furnished \$500 in seeds, production and harvesting costs, report \$1,500 as the gross sales value of the crops grown under contract. The value of materials furnished or paid for by others also should be included in the proper items in section

- Poultry and poultry products Report the value of all eggs, broilers, hens and Item 8 roosters, started pullets, ducks, turkeys, and other poultry and their eggs sold or moved from this place during 1969. If the sale price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. For example, if you produced 10,000 pounds of poultry on a contract basis and you estimate the market price at 20 cents per pound, then you should report \$2,000 as the market value.
- Dairy products Include the gross value of all milk and cream sold from this place. Item 9 Report the total value before hauling costs and Co-op dues are subtracted.
- Dairy cattle and calves Report the total value of sales of all dairy cattle and calves Item 10 (including heifers, bulls, and bull calves) sold from this place.

Other cattle and calves - Report the value of sales of all cattle and calves other than dairy animals sold from this place in 1969. Be sure to include the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, or cost of hauling and selling, etc. If the sales price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. The value of sales of cattle and calves bought and kept on this place less than 30 days before removal should not be included.

Do not report the value of sales of livestock owned by you but held on and sold. from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere. fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place. For cattle moved from your place to a feedlot for further feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include the value of all hogs and pigs, sheep, lambs, wool. goats, and mohair sold or taken from this place during 1969. Report the value (or give your best estimate) of animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared the receipts. Include animals fed under contract or on a custom basis on this place if the animals were sold or taken from this place during 1969.

SECTION

FARM RELATED INCOME RECEIVED IN 1969

36 Item 3

Report all government payments received by you from any of the following direct-payment programs:

- Feed grain diversion and price support
- Wheat diversion and marketing certificate
- Upland cotton diversion and price support
- Agricultural conservation
- Emergency conservation
- Cropland adjustment
- Conservation reserve (soil bank)
- Appalachian Land Stabilization and Conservation
- Sugar
- · Wool and mohair

This total amount may have been furnished to you recently in a "Report of Payment to Producer" (notice sent to you by the Agricultural Stablization and Conservation Service). If so, you may copy this figure on your Census report.

* Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit

Sec- tion No.	item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
8	1	Field corn for grain: Shelled	Bushel	56
9	1	Sorghums for grain or seed (1-ton heads = 25 bu. grain)	Bushel	56
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1-3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 13	Oats Barley Rye Flaxseed Buckwheat Proso millet	Bushel	60 32 48 56 56 48 50 40 40
11 11	1 2	Soybeans for beans Peanuts for nuts: Virginia type Runners, S.E Spanish	Bushel	60 17 21 25
11 11 11 11 11	3 4 5 6 7 8	Dry field and seed beans	Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel	60 56 60 60 60
12	1	Gross (seed cotton) Net (lint cotton) (1,500 lb. seed cotton = 1 bale)	Bale	500 480
12	4	Popcorn: Ear, husked	Bushel Bushel	70 56
12 13	5 1	Broomcorn Irish potatoes (1 bag = 1 hundredweight = 100 lb.)	Bushel	333 60 165
13	2	Sweetpotatoes	Bag	100 55 50

Table 1 · Approximate Net Weight Per Unit-Continued

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
14	1-7	Hay (3 tons green = 1 ton dry)		
15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Red clover seed Alfalfa seed Lespedeza seed Timothy seed Bromegrass seed Orchardgrass seed Sweetclover seed	Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel Bushel	6
17	1	Apples	Bushel Northwest box Fibreboard box,	4
17	2-3	Peaches	cell pack Bushel Lug box California fruit box	4
17	4-5	California	Bushel Bushel	
17	6-7	Western	Lug	
17 17	8 10	Avocados	Lug 4-quart climax basket	
17	11a	Grapes, European type-raisin varieties (1 lb. dried = 4 3/10 lb. fresh)		
17	11b	Grapes, European type-table varieties	Lug 4-basket crate .	
17	12-13	Plums and prunes: California Other	4-basket crate . ½-bushel basket	
17	13	Prunes (California: 1 lb. dried = 2 7/10 lb. fresh) (Other: 1 lb. dried = 3 to 4 lb. fresh)		
17	14	Apricots	Lug (Brentwood) . 4-basket crate .	;
17	15		Lug	:
17	16	Figs, fresh	Box, single- layer	
17	16	Figs (California: 1 lb. dried = 3 lb. fresh) (Other: 1 lb. dried = 4 lb. fresh)		

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
18	1	Valencia oranges:		
		California and Arizona	Field box	55
- 1		Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	2	Navel oranges	Field box	52
18	3	Temple oranges	Field box	90
18	4	Other oranges:		
		California and Arizona	Field box	52
1		Florida, Texas, and Louisiana	Field box	90
18	5	Tangerines and mandarins:		ļ
		California and Arizona	Field box	75
Ī		Florida	Field box	90
	į	Texas	Field box	100
18	6	Tangelos	Field box	90
18	7	Grapefruit:		}
		California, desert valleys	Field box	50
- 1		Other California		52
		Florida and Texas	Field box	80
18	8	Lemons:	1	1
		California and Arizona	Field box	52
- 1		Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	9	Limes	Bushel	55
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19	1	Walnuts	Bushel	50
20	1	Strawberries	Quart	11/2
20	2-3	Raspberries	Quart	11/2
20	4	Cranberries	14-barrel box	25
20	5	Other berries	Quart	11/2

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