Appendix A. Explanatory Materials

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. HISTORY OF THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

The 1969 census is the 19th nationwide census of agriculture. The first agricultural census was taken in 1840 as part of the Sixth Decennial Census. From 1840 to 1920, an agricultural census was taken every 10 years as part of each decennial census.

With increased application of scientific findings and growing use of mechanization in agriculture, farming practices were changing so rapidly that early in this century it was evident that facts collected at 10-year intervals were no longer adequate. Aware of the need for more accurate and timely information, the Congress, in 1909 (36 Stat. 10, Sec. 31), provided for a census of agriculture to be taken in 1915 and every 10 years thereafter, in addition to the census of agriculture taken at the time of the decennial census. However, the census was not taken in 1915 because of the abnormal conditions created by World War I. Beginning in 1920, a national agricultural census has been taken every five years.

2. HOW THE 1969 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE WAS TAKEN

Enumeration Method

For the first time in a nationwide census of agriculture, farmers were asked to fill out and mail back their census forms. In earlier censuses, enumerators called on all farm operators. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration starting date and farmers were asked to fill them out and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up. The enumerators going from door to door in rural areas would pick up and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete forms for those places classified as farms which did not have forms ready for review.

Use of the mailout/mailback approach had been considered earlier and some aspects had been included in pretests for the 1964 Census of Agriculture as well as in the evaluation surveys measuring the accuracy of the earlier censuses. A coverage check of the 1964 census was especially pertinent in the final decision to adopt the mailout/mailback method for the 1969 census. A brief description of the study, called the "EPA-IRS Match" appears on page 38 of volume III, part 7, Evaluation Surveys, of the 1964 Census of Agriculture.

The Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1969 Census of Agriculture was a mailing list comprised of all persons and organizations that could be readily identified as associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were used initially.

The list was assembled primarily from the records of other Government agencies and from the 1964 Census of Agriculture lists of addresses. Internal Revenue Service records were particu-

larly significant in developing the mailing list, since most farm operators of any importance could be identified in these records. Specifically, the IRS supplied lists of people and organizations who filed Form 1040, Schedule F (farm operators and farm landlords). The IRS also supplied lists of businesses showing, on Form 1040—Schedule C, Form 1065 (partnerships), and Form 1120S (small business corporations), that more than 50 percent of their income was from agriculture. A listing of employers of agricultural workers filing agriculture employment tax reports on Social Security Administration Form 943 was also used. The Bureau supplemented these lists with the names of Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service participants in the south and selected States in the remainder of the country where there appeared to be a significant number of persons with limited agricultural operations who had not filed IRS Schedule F.

The Bureau amended the basic list by conducting a precanvass early in 1969, covering about 100,000 of the larger more complex farms. The precanvass identified separate farm units of multifarm operations, farms with significant acreages in more than one county, and abnormal operations such as Indian reservations and farms operated by institutions.

The master list, constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employer Identification numbers, contained the names and addresses of persons or organizations associated with agricultural operations, and an indication of the size of the operation so that the Bureau could determine which of two versions of the census form to send.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler operations, which might not be identified in the administrative records as associated with agricultural operations were obtained and a supplemental mailing was made to the names and addresses on these lists.

Duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were removed during office processing.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution

The regular 12-page form (A1) was sent to farms with an expected volume of sales of agricultural products in 1969, of \$2,500 or more.

A four-page form (A2) was sent to a 50-percent sample of operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. This form covered all major items—land use, crops, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and income—but omitted much of the detail found in the regular form.

Both forms are reproduced in appendix B.

Why the two forms? Emphasis in this census was placed on obtaining more detailed information for those farms with annual sales of farm products of \$2,500 or more. In 1964, the 1,817,000 farms in this group, which made up 58 percent of the total farms, accounted for more than 96 percent of the total value of all farm products sold.

It was agreed that the operators of the smaller places need not be burdened with the extensive detail required from the operators who are responsible for virtually all of our commercial farm production. Hence, the short form was developed for the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to be less than \$2,500.

The Initial Mailings

During the last week of December 1969, the report forms were mailed to all farm operators on the mailing list. Approximately 3,700,000 forms were mailed at this time—2,900,000 regular forms (A1) and 800,000 short forms (A2).

The A2 form was *not* used in Alaska and Hawaii; A1's were mailed to all names on the address list. The A1 form used in Alaska was the same as the one used in the other continental States. The A1 form used in Hawaii differed primarily in the crops section, since Hawaiian agriculture has significant differences from the mainland in the crops produced.

During the first part of 1970, lists of persons or firms filing 1969 tax returns showing agricultural operations were obtained from the Internal Revenue Service. The Bureau checked these names against the original mailing list to find individuals and organizations who had not reported agricultural operations in their 1968 income tax reports or who, for some other reason, had not been included in the December 1969 mailing. These operators were sent the appropriate regular or short form in a supplementary mailing in July 1970.

All potential farm operators who were sent the regular form, received with it a Leaflet Guide which carried on the cover a letter from the Chief of the Agriculture Division explaining the purpose of the census and asking the recipient to fill out the form and return it in the envelope enclosed. The leaflet provided descriptions and definitions for the various items in more detail than was shown on the form, as well as instructions regarding some of the more common problem situations that were anticipated and lists of what should be included or excluded in reporting the more complex items.

A reproduction of this Leaflet Guide appears in appendix B.

Potential operators who received the short form were sent the cover letter, but not the leaflet. Instructions for this relatively simple form were provided on the form itself.

It was intended that the regular form would be filled out by the operators of all farms with \$2,500 or more in sales of farm products. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1969 substantially above this breaking point, it was necessary to go back to them for the additional detail needed for the regular form. If the recipient of the regular form reported less than \$2,500 in sales, data were tabulated for only those items which were on the short form.

Coverage of Outlying Areas

The mailout/mailback procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. Discussion of the methods used appears in the reports for the outlying areas.

Followup Procedures

In the United States, a reminder card dated January 10, 1970, was sent to all recipients of the regular form, urging prompt

response and expressing thanks "if your response is already in the mail."

The first followup letter was mailed early in March to all those on the original mailing list from whom we had not received either the completed form or other correspondence by February 25th.

After the first mail followup, telephone and field followup was started early in March to be sure that data were collected from the previously identified very large and/or very complex operations.

Over a period of the next three months, three other followup letters were sent to the other nonrespondents to achieve a response over the 90-percent level by July 1, 1970.

After the mailing of the fourth followup letter, data collection efforts continued, but on a selective basis. Field enumeration by personal interview was used to collect the data from non-respondents in 371 counties where response rates were below acceptable limits.

The collection of missing reports continued, as necessary, into the office processing phase. Lists of farms with substantial production of specific farm products had been obtained from various sources. These lists were used during data review as a check in counties having significant differences between the expected and the tabulated amounts of one or more agricultural products. Farms appearing on the lists for which a report was not found in the file of census reports being processed were contacted, usually by telephone. If it was determined that a farm had indeed been missed, a report was obtained.

The processing system provided for the possibility of incorporating reports as late as the final tabulation of county data for each State.

The telephone and field followup was performed either by the permanent staff of the Bureau's regional field offices assisted by staff held over from the population census enumeration or, in the case of the very large and complex agricultural operations, by Agriculture Division staff members.

3. STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Report forms were completed and tabulated for all the indentifiable larger places. In a few instances where the required information could not be obtained from the operator, data were obtained from secondary sources.

The smaller operations for which data were not obtained are represented in the statistics by replication of reports for farms having similar characteristics in the same county.

The majority of the farms represented by replication are among those having a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of less than \$2,500. For Indiana, data were imputed for about 7 percent of the State's farms, accounting for about 5 percent of the State's total value of agricultural products sold.

All report forms were subjected to a computer edit where adjustments using detailed programed specifications were made for incomplete or internally inconsistent data. The procedures provided for printouts of the computer changes for those farm reports if the change exceeded specified limits for the item. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by Agriculture Division staff members.

4. OFFICE PROCESSING

The reports for all farms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tape. Records for large agricultural operations, including all places of 50,000 acres or more, or having \$100,000 sales of agricultural products or more in 1969, were reviewed by a professional employee (agricultural statistician or economist). Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent. Reports for smaller operations were subjected to a clerical editing review, during which significant problems were referred to the professional analysts for solution.

During processing, the data for each report form were subjected to a detailed review which required almost the full capacity of one of the very large electronic computers. The program provided comprehensive tests and instructions which were used to correct data found to be in error or inconsistent, to supply missing data, and to make classifications of the farm necessary for tabulation of data.

5. COMPLETENESS OF THE CENSUS

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farm land, and farm production is the aim of each general, nationwide census of agriculture, it has never been reached. The causes of incompleteness and inaccuracies are a part of the complex structure of America's agriculture. Among the elements involved are the large number of places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land they operate, the expiration of leases and the making or renewal of other leases, the problems of obtaining a complete unduplicated listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulties of locating and identifying places that might be farms, the absence from their farms of some farmers during the period of the mail effort and followup procedures, the opinions of some operators that some or all of their agricultural operations should not be included in the census, etc.

Preliminary results of a check of coverage in the State indicate that about 96 percent of the farms with a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of \$2,500 and over, are included in the census. The 1969 coverage of part-time, part-retirement, and other low-income operations is probably less complete than for 1964 and earlier censuses. These types of operations are most likely to have been missing in the administrative records used in assembling the basic mailing list. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 96 percent of the total value of agricultural production for the State.

A more detailed statement regarding the differences in coverage between the 1969 and 1964 censuses of agriculture is provided in the Introduction to volume II of the reports for the 1969 and 1964 censuses. In addition, a detailed report on coverage of the 1969 census is scheduled to be published separately.

6. COMPARABILITY OF DATA

A factor affecting comparability, in addition to those mentioned in the introduction, was the procedure for assigning a farm to a specific geographic area.

For 1964 and earlier censuses, each enumerator was assigned to enumerate all farms in a specific geographic area, and farms were allocated to the area in which their "headquarters" was located.

Each of the 1969 farms was assigned to a "most probable" county and that county name was listed on the mailing label before the form was sent to the address on the mailing list. The assignment was based upon factors such as records of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the location of the post office, and county of location of the majority of rural route patrons. The respondent was asked to check if all his agricultural operations were located in the county shown on the address label, otherwise to identify the "principal" county in which his agricultural operations were conducted, and to name all other counties in which he had agricultural operations. If he failed to do this correctly, and especially if the preassigned "most probable" county was incorrect, the acres in the farm may have been tabulated for a different county than in 1964 and earlier censuses. In addition, even when the respondent replied correctly, if two counties or more were involved, his concept of the principal county where his agricultural operations were located might well have differed from the location of his "headquarters" as determined by the enumerator in the earlier census.

7. THE "SEE TEXT" REFERENCES AND OTHER NOTES FOR THE TABLES

Those items in the State tables which carry the note "see text" are identified in this section by being enclosed in quotation marks. Explanations and notes are shown for additional items.

Table 1

Total cropland may be overstated for 1969 as compared to earlier censuses due largely to the respondent (in most cases the farm operator) reporting his land in a different classification than that reported by the enumerators in earlier censuses.

Cropland used only for pasture and grazing may be overstated for 1969, due in part to a tendency of operators to report all pasture in replying to the first question regarding pasture (item 1b in section 3 of the regular form, and item 2 in section 5 of the short form).

"All other cropland" includes cropland used for soilimprovement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 2

Irrigation. Data on method of irrigation and source of water, along with additional irrigation data will be available in chapter 14, volume II, U.S. Summary, and in volume IV, Irrigation, 1969 Census of Agriculture.

Table 3

The 1964 and 1959 data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include the farms of all nonwhite operators.

Users may notice that data for managers are not shown separately in the report of farm operators by tenure. Discussion of this change from the 1964 and earlier reports will be found in section 8, immediately following this section.

Tenure data for 1964 and 1959 do not include farms operated by managers, and to this extent are not comparable to the 1969

figures in which the managers have been distributed according to the reported ownership of the land.

Additional information regarding farm operators will be reported in volume II. This volume will include data reporting year the operator began operation, detailed data regarding race, and average date the census form was completed.

Data on ownership of land rented from others, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits will be reported in volume II, with totals for each State.

Table 4

"Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlords' and contractors' shares.

Table 5

Farm production expenses, total—both farms and dollars. These figures for 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of the reporting of "all other expenditures." The 1964 and 1959 totals are reported only for the items specifically covered in all three censuses.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. Feed ingredients purchased separately which were included for 1964 and 1959 are excluded for 1969; they are reported separately for 1969 (table 14) for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Commercial fertilizer. Data for 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum; these items were not included in the 1964 or 1959 figures.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year.

All other production expenses. This item is subject to some errors in reporting. Operators failed, in some cases, to follow the instructions as to the types of expenditures which were to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution.

Table 7

The 1964 and 1959 figures on broilers and other meat-type chickens are based on questions which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8

Farms reporting acres and quantity harvested for soybeans for beans are underreported. The format of the regular report form (the A1) provided for related crops to be grouped in one of 12 sections each of which had an introductory general question and instructions for the respondent to skip the entire section whenever he answered "No." The introductory question to section 11, where soybeans for beans should have been reported, was "Were any dry beans, dry peas, or peanuts harvested from this place in 1969?" A limited number of respondents who had harvested soybeans apparently did not classify soybeans as dry beans and skipped the entire section. Some of these reported the crop in section 23, "Other crops," while others failed to report them. In instances where there was a sizeable difference on an individual report form between the acres of cropland harvested and the sum of the acres reported for individual crops harvested. telephone calls made to check on the difference determined that it was frequently due to failure to report either soybean or hay acreages. The missing data were then obtained and the reports corrected. Consequently such underreporting tends to be limited to smaller acreages. Studies of available check data indicate the shortages to be about 5 percent or less for farms reporting and somewhat lower for acres and quantity harvested.

Hay, excluding sorghum hay. There was also underreporting for hay since the introductory general question for section 14 on the regular form which reads "Was any hay or grass silage harvested from this place in 1969?" was misunderstood in some instances. Additionally, it has always been difficult to obtain correct reporting of acreage cut for hay involving, as it frequently does, two or more cuttings from the same acreage, hay cut and seed harvested from the same acreage, or a hay crop following some other crop harvested.

"Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9

"All other cropland." See note for table 1.

"All other land." See note for table 1.

"Farms by type." Explanation of this classification is shown in section 8.

Livestock ranches. See classification of farms in section 8.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

Forest products sold. As in previous censuses, the data obtained in the 1969 census relate only to the forest products cut on farms. Commercial logging, timber operations, and forest products cut and sold from nonfarm places are excluded.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 10

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Table 13

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 30, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. Some operators may not have clearly distinguished these two types of farm labor. Some reported expenditures for contract labor although the workers were not hired through a contractor, a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.

Number working less than 150 days. Some of these workers may have worked on more than one farm during the year, and therefore be reported by two or more operators. The number of workers reported here is likely to exceed the actual number of agricultural workers.

Table 16

"Chickens 4 months old or older" for 1964 and 1959. Note the age break at 4 months for these earlier censuses. This was changed to "3 months old or older" for the 1969 census.

Table 21

Grass silage. 1964 and 1959 figures include grass silage and hay cut green.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

All hay. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 22

Forest products. See note for table 9.

Table 24

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Artificial drainage. Only total drained acres and number of farms having such acres are reported here. More detailed data will be available in volume II, chapter 14, Irrigation and Drainage, and in volume VI, Drainage.

Farms by type. Definitions for the various types of farms are given in section 8.

"\$1 to \$2,499." See note for table 13.

Forest products sold. See note for table 9.

Farm production expenses, total. See note for table 5.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. See note for table 5.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. See note for table 14.

Number of persons working less than 150 days. See note for table 14.

All other production expenses. See note for table 5.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Tables 25 to 30

See notes for table 24. The items in the left-hand margin (stub) of these tables are identical to the items in table 24, therefore the notes for this table apply to tables 25 through 30.

8. DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND CLASSIFICATION OF FARMS

Definitions and Explanations

For exact wording of the questions and instructions in the two census forms (A1 and A2) and in the Leaflet Guide which accompanied the A1 form, see the reproductions of these three items in appendix B.

An analysis of the questions asked in the 1969 census forms and of the data obtained will be given in volume II, General Report, Statistics by Subject, Census of Agriculture, 1969.

Definitions of items and terms which may require additional explanation as they are used in the census are presented here. In general, processing steps and procedures were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are noted here.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "Land in farms" consists primarily of "agricultural" land—that is, land used for crops or pasture or grazing. It also includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, the acreage of woodland and wasteland owned or rented by farm operators as part of their agricultural operations is included as land in farms. Large acreages of land held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted in the processing steps if identified as such.

All grazing land except for open range and grazing land used under government permit was to be included as land in farms provided the place of which it was a part was a farm. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported in the name of the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included. Land in Indian reservations that was not reported by individual Indians and that was not rented to non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate total land area of States and counties as reported for 1969 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated to January 1, 1970. Differences between the land area in the 1969 and 1964 reports reflect changes in the number or size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in two or more counties—With but few exceptions, each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county, usually the county in which he reported all or the largest proportion of his total land.

Some of the exceptions developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This study identified about 1,000 operations having more than one separately reportable farm unit. For these, individual census reports were obtained for each location. Reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties, for which the data would significantly affect the county totals, were separated into two or more reports which were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—Data on the value of land and buildings are presented as totals and in terms of average per farm and average per acre. The value of land and buildings reported for the census was supposed to represent market value—that is, the price for which the land and buildings would sell at the time of the census.

The value of land in buildings for farms for which the value was not completely reported was estimated during office processing by using the average value per acre of land and buildings for farms of approximately the same size having similar characteristics in the same area.

Type of organization—The 1969 census is the first in which information was collected on the type of organization under which the farm operated. This information was collected for class 1-5 farms in response to the demand for data more descriptive of current farm organizational structure than the traditional tenure of farm operator classification. See State table 24.

Farm managers—In 1969, the term "manager" was dropped as a tenure concept because it was no longer descriptive of a distinct type of farm management. Farms of the kind that would have qualified as managed according to the 1964 definition were distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place. Tables in this report showing 1964 tenure data do not include managed farms in the 1964 figures used, and to this extent the 1964 data are not comparable to the 1969 data.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" is used to designate a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered as operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of a partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms.

For 1969, the respondent classified his own status by his answers to the acreage and ownership questions. Data on the characteristics of farm operators were obtained in section 38 of the report form where the operator was defined as the person in charge of the farm or ranch operation. In some cases the operator was not the individual named on the address label. Sometimes informa-

tion was reported for a family member, a partner, or an operator more closely connected with the farm or ranch operations.

In the 1964 census, the farm operator was located and defined by the enumerator who generally obtained the report from the person in charge at the farm or ranch location.

Farms or farms reporting—Figures for farms or farms reporting for a specified item represent the number of farms for which the item was reported. For example, if there were 1,922 farms in a county and 465 had chickens 3 months old and over on hand December 31, 1969, the figure for farms or farms reporting for the item "Chickens 3 months old and over" would be 465.

Value of crops harvested—Data for value of crops harvested were developed by applying estimated unit values to the operators' reports of acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (bushels, bales, etc.) when reported, were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. In some instances only acres harvested were reported, and these were multiplied by State estimates of value of production per acre. A combination of the two calculations was used when only acres harvested were reported by small farms, but units of production were supplied by larger farms. The State average production price and production value per acre figures used in these calculations, were supplied by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

For vegetables and for nursery and greenhouse products, value of sales were obtained from farm operators and used in the calculation of total value of crops harvested.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of each class of livestock or poultry on hand by the State average price for 1969 as furnished by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The 1964 and 1959 data were developed in similar fashion.

Value of farm products sold—Data for the value of farm products sold in 1969 were obtained by direct questioning in both the regular and short forms.

This is a departure from the method used in previous censuses, in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and by estimation for others. A discussion of the methods used in the 1964 census will be found on pages A7 to A9 of the appendix in each State report (volume I) of the 1964 census.

Total value of farm products sold—For 1969, this item excludes income which the farm operator and members of his family received from providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational services on his farm; for 1964, the total included such income.

The total value of farm products sold does not include government payments received by farm operators for participation in wheat, feed grains, and other government programs. As indicated by the data in State table 4, farm operators receive considerable farm-related income from sources other than the farm operated. Data in State table 27 indicate, for the various economic classes of farms, the number of farms on which the farm operator received income from specified sources other than the farm operated, and the amount of such income.

Total income the farm operator and members of his family received from sources other than the farm operated is not available from the 1969 Census of Agriculture. Tabulations are being made from the 1970 Census of Population to provide such

information which may be useful in this regard in a separate report.

Differences in totals for some items—The totals given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given for the same item in another table because of the rounding of fractions for the several groups of farms, counties, etc.

Floating point system—In preparation for showing comparative figures from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the 1964 published figures were keyed to magnetic tape using a floating point system. The system used provides for showing the first five digits of a number, the sixth is rounded to a five and all subsequent digits are shown as zero. Thus, the figure 17,256,423 would appear as 17,256,500. Differences from the 1964 published figures may appear in the least significant digits for any number having six or more digits as a result of using this procedure.

Classification of Farms

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected economic class groups; State tables 24 to 29 present detailed data for class 1-5 farms classified by tenure of operator, type of organization, age of operator, size (in acres), economic class, and type. In addition, the report contains a number of counts of farms according to various characteristics as well as frequency distribution of farms classified by size of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—As mentioned earlier in this section, the term "manager" as a tenure concept, is not used in the 1969 census. Information regarding managers was not obtained separately as the concept has become increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the change to enumeration by mail. The classifications by type of organization should provide more meaningful information. Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 24.

The classifications of tenure as used in this census are-

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others, or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—This is the first census of agriculture in which the classification by type of organization has been used. The classifications used are—

- Individual or family farms, excluding partnership and corporation,
- b. Partnership,
- Corporation, including family owned— With 10 or fewer shareholders, With more than 10 shareholders,
- d. Other-includes estates, trusts, cooperatives.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 on the A1 form. Thus there may be data shown for corporate farms in States where there are regulations affecting the extent to which corporations are permitted to engage in farming operations.

Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization are institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal" and consequently are not included in the tabulations for class 1-5 farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm. Detailed data by size of farm are presented for class 1-5 farms in State table 26. The same classification was used for all States. According to definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of a landlord who has assigned land to other tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm even though the landlord may consider the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by economic class—Data from the 1969 census are reported for "All farms" and for "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over (economic classes 1 to 5)."

In the 1964 and earlier censuses a classification called "commercial farms" was used which included the first six economic classes; this grouping is not comparable to the "class 1-5" grouping used in the 1969 report.

To help bridge this gap, State table 9 shows data for the "class 1-6" group, in addition to data for all farms, class 6 farms, part time, part retirement, and abnormal farms.

The economic classes used in this report are defined as follows:

Class 1 \$40,000 or more of farm product sales	Class 1.
Class 1a \$100,000 or more of farm product sales	Class

Class 1b \$40,000 to \$99,999 of farm product sales

Class 2 \$20,000 to \$39,999 of farm product sales

Class 3 \$10,000 to \$19,999 of farm product sales

Class 4 \$5,000 to \$9,999 of farm product sales

Class 5 \$2,500 to \$4,999 of farm product sales or having a value of products sold of less than \$2,500 provided they had the acreage or livestock operations which normally would have had sales in excess of \$2,500. These would include new farm operations, farms having crop failure, and farms with large inventories and small 1969 sales. For a count of these farms, see county table 13 or State table 22.

Class 6 \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part time \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part retirement. . \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years old or over.

Abnormal Includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

Large-scale farms—Farms with a value of farm products sold of \$100,000 or more (class 1a) have been designated as large-scale farms. Data for these farms classified by type of farm are presented in State table 30.

Change in the classification of farms by economic classes—The above definitions of economic classes apply to the 1964 census as well as to 1969. There was a change from 1959 to 1964 which affected only class 6 and part-time farms. Discussion of this change can be found on page A14 of appendix A of volume I of the 1964 census. In 1959, a farm was classified as class 6 if it had a value of sales of \$50 to \$2,499, the operator was under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year, and the income from sources other than the farm operated did not exceed the value of farm products sold. Other conditions being the same, if the income from other sources exceeded the value of farm products sold, the farm was classified as part-time.

Farms by type—The type of farm represents a description of the major source of income from farm sales. To be classified as a particular type, a farm must have sales of a particular product or group of products amounting in value to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold during the year.

The count of farms by type is shown in State table 9, for all farms, for several groups of farms with sales of less than \$2,500, and for abnormal farms. It is shown by county for class 1-5 farms in chapter 3 of section 1 of this volume.

Type-of-farm breakdowns are reported in detail for class 1-5 farms in State tables 28 and 29.

The types of farms, together with the products (value of sales reported representing 50 percent or more of total value of all farm products sold during the year) on which type classification is based, are as follows:

Cash-grain—Corn, sorghums, small grains, soybeans for beans, cowpeas for peas, dry field and seed beans and peas.

Tobacco-Tobacco.

Cotton-Cotton and cottonseed.

Other field crop—Peanuts, potatoes (Irish and sweet), sugarcane for sugar or sirup, sweet sorghums for sirup, broomcorn, popcorn, sugar beets, mint, hops, sugar beet seed, and pineapples.

Vegetable-Vegetables.

Fruit and nut-Berries, other small fruits, tree fruits, grapes, nuts, and coffee.

Poultry—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, and other poultry products.

Dairy—Dairy products—milk, cream, etc. The criterion of 50 percent of total sales was modified in the case of dairy farms. A farm having value of sales of dairy products amounting to less than 50 percent of the total value of farm products sold was classified as a dairy farm, if—

- Dairy products sold accounted for more than 30 percent of the total value of products sold, and
- Milk cows represented 50 percent or more of total cows, and
- c. The value of dairy products sold plus the value of cattle and calves sold amounted to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold.

Livestock other than dairy and poultry—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, wool, and mohair except for farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska that qualified as livestock ranches.

Livestock ranches—Farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska were classified as livestock ranches if the sales of livestock, wool, and mohair represented 50 percent or more of the total value of farm products sold, and if pastureland or grazing land amounted to 100 acres or more and was 10 times or more the acreage of cropland harvested.

General—Field seed crops, hay, grass, and silage. A farm was also classified as general if it had cash income from three or more sources and did not meet the criteria for any other type.

Miscellaneous—Nursery and greenhouse products, forest products, mules, horses, colts, ponies, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold. Also all institutional farms and Indian reservations.

Stability in the classification of farms by type of farm—The type of farm classification for the 1964 census was the same as in 1969. Only one minor change was made from 1959 to 1964. In the 1959 listing of miscellaneous farms, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold were not listed as a part of this group.

Detailed comparative data for farms classified by type of farm for 1959 may be obtained from State table 18 of volume I of the reports for the 1959 Census of Agriculture.

9. DATA BASED ON REPORTS FOR A SAMPLE OF FARMS

Published data for all farms combine the data for the 50-percent sample of small farms, weighted by "2," with the data for larger farms. Small farms are generally those with a total value of farm products sold in the year of less than \$2,500. In addition to economic class 6, they include those farms classified as part time and part retirement.

Farms orginally defined as "small" by the mailing list sources, but reporting a total value of farm products sold in 1969 of \$10,000 and over, were tabulated with a weight of "1."

For Indiana, about 22 percent of the total farms were subjected to sampling. By final census classification, about 57 percent of the small farms, as defined above, were subjected to sampling.

For economic classes 4 and 5, the percentages subject to sampling were 4 and 11 percent, respectively. The remaining farms in these economic classes as well as all farms in economic classes 1, 2, and 3 were selected with certainty.

The proportion of total value of farm products sold from farms which were represented in the census by the sample was less than 2 percent.

All of the published data are subject to sampling and/or nonsampling error. Sampling errors, in general, do not significantly affect totals since a very large proportion of the data were reported for economic classes 1 to 3 farms, for which there is no sampling error.

Nonsampling errors, resulting from incomplete coverage, response errors, processing errors, and other sources are discussed in section 10.

The sampling error for any published estimate can be approximated through the use of tables A. B. and C.

Table A indicates a "level" of sampling error for the number of farms reporting an item, and for magnitude items in broad categories for State and county tables. This table is used to determine sampling errors for State estimates.

Table B classifies each county within the State as having "high," "medium," or "low" sampling errors, for the county as a whole and for small farms within the county. This table must be consulted first to determine sampling errors for county estimates.

Table C presents the relative standard errors for estimated totals by number of farms reporting the item, according to the levels determined from tables A and B.

Table C shows percentage limits such that the chances are 68 out of 100 that the difference between an estimate based wholly or in part on a sample of farms and the figure that would have been obtained if the information had been collected and tabulated for all farms would be no more than the percentage specified. The chances are about 99 out of 100 that the difference would be less than 2 1/2 times the percentage given in table C. The percentage given in table C takes into account the fact that data for the items listed were collected for all farms with a value of farm products sold of \$10,000 or more.

The use of the tables may be illustrated by the following example: In a hypothetical State, 1,900 farms reported 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain on 62,100 acres. Table A shows that, for the State, measures for cropland harvested and for bushels of corn harvested have sampling reliability at level "1."

Since table C for our hypothetical State doesn't show a value for 1,900 farms reporting, we use straight-line interpolation to obtain a relative standard error of 7/10 percent. The standard error of the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels is then about 36,000 bushels. For the number of acres of corn harvested, the standard error is about 435 acres for an estimate of 62,100 acres. The number of farms reporting corn harvested is also a sample estimate, and its level from table A ("Farms having the item") is level "2," so that the standard error on an estimate of 1,900 farms is about 9/10 percent (using the line for 2,000 farms) or 17 farms.

At the 99-percent confidence level, the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain may have an error of as much as 90,000 bushels (2 1/2 times 36,000) which means that the production determined in a complete census would most likely be between 4,978,000 and 5,158,000 bushels. For the number of farms reporting corn harvested, the 99-percent level corresponds to an estimate with a standard error of 42 farms, so that the number of farms actually having corn harvested is probably between 1,858 and 1,942.

Table A. Level of Sampling Reliability of State and County Totals for Selected Items

	_		State	tables	S					Coun	ty tables		
		1			conom	ic class	_	Т	otal farms	_ 1		Small farms	_
	Total farms	Small farms	4	5	6	Part time	Part retire- ment	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
Farms having the itemall farms	2	4	1	1	4	4	4	3	2	1	4	3	-
large farms	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- [-	-	-
Land in farmsacres	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	4	3	2	5	4	_
Value of land and buildingsdollars	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	4	3	2	5	4	-
Owned and rented landacres	1	5	1	2	6	6	5	5	4	3	6	5	-
Croplandacres	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	4	3	2	5	4	-
Harvested croplandacres	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	4	3	2	5	4	-
Woodlandacres	1	6	1	2	5	6	6	5	4	3	6	5	-
Irrigrated landacres	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	4	3	2	5	4	-
Total value of products solddollars	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	-
Cropsdollars	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	6	5	-
Forest productsdollars	1	5	1	2	6	5	5	5	4	3	6	5	-
Livestock productsdollars	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	-
Farm production expensesdollars	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	_
Commerical feeddollars	1	6	1	3	6	6	5	5	4	3	6	5	-
Commercial fertilizerdollars	1	6	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	6	5	-
Fueldollars	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	-
Hired labordollars	1	6	1	3	6	6	6	5	4	3	6	5	-
Machinery and equipmentnumber	1	4	1	1	4	4	4	3	2	1	4	3	_
Estimated market valuedollars	1	5	1	2	6	5	5	5	4	3	6	5	-
Livestock:													
Cattle and calvesnumber	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	-
Hogs and pigsnumber	1	6	1	2	6	6	5	5	4	3	6	5	-
Poultrynumber	1	5	2	2	6	6	5	5	4	3	6	5	~
Crops harvested:													
Corn for Grainbushels	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	-
Soybeansbushels	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	4	3	2	5	4	_
Potatoesbushels	1	6	1	· 2	5	6	5	5	4	3	6	5	_

Table B. Classification of Counties Into Sampling-Error Category

	All farms			Small farms	
High	Medium	Low	н	ligh	Medium
Brown	Adams	Benton	Adams	Madison	Benton
Clark	Allen	Carroll	Allen		
Clay	Bartholomew			Marion	Rush
Dearborn		Jasper	Bartholomew	Marshall	
	Blackford	Knox	Blackford	Martin	
Delaware	Boone	Montgomery	Boone	Miami	
Floyd	Cass	Newton	Brown	Monroe	
Franklin	Clinton	Pulaski	Carroll	Montgomery	
Greene	Crawford	Rush	Cass	Morgan	
Harrison	Daviess	Tipton	Clark	Newton	
Jackson	Decatur	Union Warren	Clay	Noble	
Jefferson	De Kalb		Clinton	Ohio	
Jennings	Dubois		Crawford	Orange	
Lawrence	Elkhart		Daviess	Owen	
Madison	Fayette		Dearborn	Parke	
Marion	Fountain		Decatur	Perry	
Martin	Fulton		De Kalb	Pike	
Monroe	Gibson		Delaware	Porter	
Morgan	Grant		Elkhart	Posey	
Ohio	Hamilton		Fayette	Pulaski	
Orange	Hancock		Floyd	Putnam	
Owen	Hendricks		Fountain	Randolph	
Pike	Henry		Franklin	Ripley	
Porter	Howard		Fulton	St. Joseph	
Ripley	Huntington		Gibson	Scott	
St. Joseph	Jay		Grant	Shelby	
Scott	Johnson		Greene	Spencer	
Starke	Kosciusko		Hamilton	Starke	
Switzerland	Lagrange		Hancock	Steuben	
Vigo	Lake		Harrison	Sullivan	
Warrick Washington	La Porte		Harrison Hendricks	Switzerland	
Hashing con	Marshall		nendricks	Tippecanoe	
	Miami		Henry	Tipton	
	Noble		Howard	Union	
	Parke		Huntington	Vanderburgh	•
	Posey		Jackson	Vermillion	
	Putnam		Jasper	Vigo	
	Randolph		Jay	Wabash	
	Shelby		Jefferson	Warren	
	Spencer		Jennings	Warrick	
	Steuben		Johnson	Washington	
			Knox		
	Sullivan			Wayne	
	Tippecanoe		Kosciusko	Wells	
	Vanderburgh		Lagrange	White	
	Vermillion		Lake	Whitley	
	Wabash		La Porte Lawrence		
	Wayne				
	Wells		1		
	White		1		
	Whitley		1		

Table C. Sampling Reliability Based on Number of Farms in Sample and Level of Reliability

				Relative s	tandard error (perc	ent)			
•	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	Level 8	Level 9
Number of farms for item:					 -				
10 farms	10	13	18	24	32	43	56	75	100
20 farms	7.1	9.0	13	17	22	30	40	53	71
50 farms	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14	19	25	33	45
100 farms	3.2	4.2	5.6	7.5	10	13 .	18	24	32
200 farms	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1	9.0	13	17	22
500 farms	1.4	1.8	2.6	3,4	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14
1,000 farms	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3.2	4.3	5.6	7.5	10
2,000 farms	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1
5,000 farms	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.5	3.3	4.5
10,000 farms	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3.2
20,000 farms	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2,2
50,000 farms	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4

10. NONSAMPLING ERRORS IN THE REPORT

Errors from causes other than those related to sampling are present in any census or survey. These can arise from a variety of reasons, such as inability to obtain any response from some farmers on the mailing list, incorrect reporting, processing errors, etc.

One source of nonsampling error is present in the failure of some respondents to provide all the information requested. Special studies using a small national sample indicate that, on questions such as total value of farm products sold, the nonresponse rate may be of the order of 12 percent. It is usually possible to develop a figure for value of sales based on other entries such as production of crops, livestock sold, etc., but the figure so produced may not be as reliable as a direct report from the farmer.

There is considerable undercoverage of small farms, due to the fact that a large number of these were either not included or not identified as associated with agricultural operations in any of the administrative records and consequently were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some farms were on the mailing list more than once, and while duplication was eliminated to a very large extent in the processing, some duplication remains, particularly for new farms or farms whose ownership status changed during the period when the list was being developed.

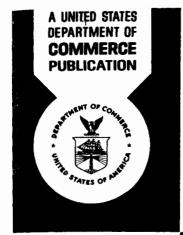
The total error of the census is a combination of the sampling and nonsampling errors. When the sampling errors are small, as in the case of economic classes 1 to 3 which have no sampling error, or for the whole State, for most counties, and for most magnitude items, the nonsampling error is usually the larger part of the total error.

11. AVAILABILITY OF DATA FOR AREAS OTHER THAN COUNTIES AND STATES

This report presents data only for the State and for counties within the State.

Summary data for the United States, regions, divisions, and States will be shown in volume II.

Unpublished tabulations of some of the data in State tables 24 through 29 can be obtained for State parts of 99 agricultural subregions to which the counties in the conterminous States have been allocated. A charge will be made for the cost of review for consistency and disclosure of data for individual farms. Information regarding the availability of unpublished data may be obtained by writing to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.



1969 Census of Agriculture

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

COUNTY REPORT TEXT

PLEASE KEEP THIS SHEET. It provides background information, definitions, and explanations including those for the "see text" notes in the tables.

Individual County Reports

Separate eight-page reports are published for all counties in the United States with 10 farms or more. Data are reported for the year 1969, with inventory (on place) figures as of December 31, 1969. Comparable figures from the 1964 census are also reported.

Information covering all farms in the county is presented in the first eight tables.

Information covering farms with sales of farm products in 1969 amounting to \$2,500 or more (economic classes 1 to 5) is reported in substantially greater detail in tables 9 through 26.

The same format is used for every county and State; the crop and livestock items reported in these tables are those which are relatively important in a majority of the counties in the United States

County Data for Miscellaneous Crop and Livestock Items

Data for additional crop and livestock items, not common to a large number of counties, are reported in a separate set of county tables for each State.

State Reports (Volume I)

State totals of the data in the county reports are published for each State.

In addition, data for each State are shown in a separate report consisting of one book or more. Chapter 1 of section 1 presents findings at the State level in much more detail than is published at the county level.

County data appear in the State reports as follows:

- A limited amount of county data are reported in summary form in chapter 2 of section 1. These tables list the counties in alphabetical order and report selected items for each.
- The county data for miscellaneous crop and 'livestock items and the number of farms by "type of farm" for all class 1-5 farms are reported in chapter 3 of section 1.
- A complete set of county reports makes up section 2.

How the 1969 Census of Agriculture Was Taken

The Mailing List—During the last week of December 1969, the 1969 Census of Agriculture forms were mailed to a list representing, as nearly as possible, all persons and firms associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. The list included land owners, tenants, renters, sharecroppers, and hired managers, but excluded hired farm laborers.

The mailing list was assembled from various administrative records including names and addresses from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, and the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

The final list was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists. Additional duplicates not identified in this process were removed during data processing. Coverage is more fully discussed in the text for volume I.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution—A standard 12-page form was sent to all operators expected to have 1969 sales of all agricultural products of \$2,500 and over.

A four-page form went to a 50 percent sample of the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. Data in the "All Farms" tables are, consequently, subject to a small sampling variation. Tables of sampling variation will be included in volume 1.

Followup Procedures—A series of followup letters brought response to well over the 90 percent level by July 1, 1970. At this point, field followup enumeration was conducted in 370 counties having low response rates to complete the collection of data for those counties.

To insure receiving reports from all large operations, telephone and field followup was started early in March. This work was continued until reports were obtained.

Standard statistical procedures were used, when possible, to deal with inconsistencies or inadequate information in filled-out forms, including any short forms reporting sales of \$2,500 or more. When these methods were not adequate, letters and phone calls were used to secure the needed information.

A more detailed description of procedures and definitions will appear in volume 1.

Comparability of Data

This is the first census of agriculture conducted primarily by mail. The mailings were made just before January 1, 1970, and the information collected was intended to cover the full year, 1969. The data collection phase lasted through September 1970.

Prior censuses were taken by enumerators; the field work for 1964 was largely completed in November and December of the census year.

These two differences (use of mail and timing) affect the comparability of data from the 1969 census with data from earlier censuses. In a number of tables, 1969 inventory figures are shown; respondents were asked to report these as of December 31, 1969. Where similar figures from the 1964 census are shown, they are as of the time of enumeration.

"Farms," defined in the 1969 census exactly as in 1964, are places on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time during the census year under the control of an individual management. Places of less than 10 acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$250. Places of 10 or more acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$50.

Farms in the top five economic classes (separately reported in tables 9 through 26) are those for which the sales of farm products in 1969 amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$2,500. Abnormal farms are excluded.

Abbreviations and Symbols

The following abbreviations and symbols may occur in the tables.

- X Not applicable.
- NA Not available.
- Z Reported in small fractions.
- D Data withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms.

The "See Text" References in the Tables

Table 1. "All other cropland" includes cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 3 for Southern States. For 1964, the data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include all nonwhite operators.

Table 4. "Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlord's and contractor's shares.

Table 5. "Farm production expenses, total" for 1964 is the sum of specified expenditures and does not include those listed as "NA" in the table.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth-control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year, including any of these materials paid for by landlords, contractors, and custom operators.

Table 7. 1964 figures on sales of broilers are based on a question which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8. "Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9. "All other land" includes house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 13. "Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 26, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14. "Farm production expenses, total" and "Other agricultural chemicals." See notes for table 5.

In 1964, contract labor was included with machine hire and customwork.

Table 16. See note for table 7.

Table 20. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 24. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

FORM 69-A1-34

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE — 1969

Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

Please mention the Cansus File Number (the ten-digit number in the upper left corner of the address label) if you write to us about this report	Please read Z
	 Please answer the questions on this form and return it in the enclosed envelope as soon as you can, preferably not later that
94	F-1 16 1070

					34	and return i	ver the question t in the enclose can, preferably , 1970.	ed envelope as
						cultural oper is received, across the additional re	port is required ations. If more please write top of the first eport and return you complete.	than one report "Extra Copy" page of each
							the best answinder.	
(Plance		in nome and addr	ess including 71	P rode)		enter your a information read the Lea	ed leaflet illus answers and co about the quest iflet Introduction eeded, while yo	ntains helpful ions. Please , then use the
CENSUS USE ONLY 010	011	012	013			ing your rep		
Section 1 - ACREAGE in 19	59, OWNERSHIP, change in acrea	and LAND VALI	JE g 1969, see Leaj	ilet, section 1,	part A.)	Acres	Your estim current market acres and the bu CENTS NOT Dollars	value of those ildings on them
1 7 1 1					None	014	015 S	
Land owned Land rented or leased !	,				لسا ٠٠٠	016	017	
Federal, State, and rail land used on a per-head	road land; and	land used rent !	free. (Do not i	nclude	None		s	1
3. Land rented or leased on shares by others				orked	None	018	019 S	
4. Total acres - Plea SUBTRACT acres	se ADD acres rented to others	owned (item 1) t s (item 3), and e	o acres rented nter your answ	(item 2), then er in this spa	·. →	020	These are the	LACE"
5. How many acres in TH					None	021		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
programs such as those 6. Were there any real est on any part of the land	ate mortgages,	deeds of trust,	or land purchas	e contracts		022 1 Yes 2	Cres No	
7. How many persons rent working land on shares	ed or leased la	nd from you ia 1	969? Include	those	None	023	Persons	
8. How many acres of the subrent or sublease to was worked on shares	land you rented	d or leased from de land rented or	others (item 2	did you	None	024	icres	
9. If you rented land from information by type of			ring	You may		skip most of this fo		
**	.]		gement in 1969	b. '		you own or rent is 1 10 crops or livestoc		
Ownership of land you rented from others	Acres	Share Share o		Pafore	eported in i			
(Account for all gares reported in item 2)	025	of livestock	cor as arron			, Section 1, Part C.		LEIE MIS
c. Individuals, partner-	·			. 1		of agricultural activition		County
ships, estates	026	1 2	3 4			r right corner of the		
b. Corporations - inclu- ratificad land	de			No -	Complete :	his item ne and acres for prin	cipal county on	the first line:
e. State lands - schoo				Yes Go f	provided.	nes and acres for a If necessary, con	dditional counti	es in spaces
d. Indian lands — triba or reservation, leased	OSB		3 4	item belo		Name of coun	ty State	Ácres 033
e. Federal lands - incl	029 ude		3 4	=	Other			
leased acreage of Taylor Grazing land (See Leaflet)]				
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	4					
10. Any grazing permits on a per-head basis — Forest service	080 4	031 Agres, if known	OSZ Number of hea		<u> </u>	l acres (Must equal of section), it	en 4)	apareti
Taylor Graving, etc.		e continuing Pu		7		district, precinct, e		
	0.0707	A MOUSINATUR INC	THE MARK					

Section 3 - Land US	E Til 1969.	14.3	
	The surpose of this section is highembure all sets is directed from their inches thin is send to him high at Productional Labell, subjects to their increasing from in		
	J. Croppost		
Reminder: If the same land	 Chapterd herresed — include all base from puller grows the bit designed of they was our, any all land in exchange certain process, strangulars, and hispore, and greenfacture products. 		Acres.
was used for two or more purposes.	b. Cropland used only for passing of grading.	042	Acres
report that land only once — in the first item	s. Gropfand used for cover stops, legumes, and wall improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured	1043	Annes
that applies.	d. Cropland on which all crops tailed (Exception). Do not reportable land in distances and exceptions on which the crop tailed. Such acroage is to be reported in seem tail.	10 MA	Acres
	Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	GAS	Acres
	f, Coopland idle	046	\$20 cost
	2. Woodland - Include here all woodlots and timber tracks and curviver and	007	Acres
	de/orested land with young timber groups. a. Woodland pastured.		Acres
Please check:	b. Woodland not pastured	0.48	Adres
If the acres for item 5 do not agree	3. Other pastureland and rangeland Include here dry pasture other than confund and woodland pasture a. Pastureland and rangeland improved by himing, fertilizing, according, origining	049	
with the acres shown in	draining, or controlling weeds and brigh	050	Acres
section 1, item 4,	Pastureland and rangeland not improved All other land — Include here any und not reported appre.	051	Acres
Leafler, section 3, and check your	s. Land in house lots, basis lots, pends, roads, westeland, etc.	052	Acres
entries.	5. Total acres in this place.—Please and the cures in teems I through 4 and enter the total in this space (This total should be the same, as the total in section 1, item 4.)		Total
Section 4 - Hes any	LAND in this place been IRRIGATED at any line during the 5 years since January 1, 1965?		
053'	mplets this section		
2 [] No -	Land irrigated in 1969 None 1. How many acres of land in this place were irrigated at any time in 1969.	954	
Go to Section 5	(f' None)' go to Section i	085	Acres
	a. Cropland harvested (reported in section 3, item (a) were irrigated)	056	Acres
	h. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (reported in section 3, item 10) were irrigated?	057	Acres
	c. Other passure and (reported in section I. them Id. were prigated)	058	Acres
	d: Any other lands were itrigated? - Specify land use	8 0	Acres
	Method of trigation in 1969. 3. How many scree were intigated in 1969 by each of the following methods: — (# more than one	089	
	method was used on the same field the total of these deres will be greater than item i abore.) a. Spilnklers:		Acres
	h. Furrows of disches	060	Acres
	e. Flooding?	38 1	Acres
	d. Sablingacion: (Water applied below ground surface, or artifical control of ground dates)	062	Acres
	Source of water in 1969.		
	 What percent of intigation water used in 1969 was - /Flease be sure the total percentages reported in questions a through a equal 1992. For other ways of settmating quantity of mater, see Legiter, section 4.). 	063	
	o. From a well of spring on this place? b. From a surface supply not controlled by a water supply organization (stream,	084	Percent
	drainage ditch, lake, pand, or reservoir on or adjacent to this place); c. From weter suppliers: [Mulual, private, cooperative or netphiomood ditches, irrigation	065	Percent
	district, commercial communy, municipal or community water system, or another farm? Give name and address of each water supplier.		Percent
	(Use Remarks: page 12-il more space is headed. j		
	Estimated quantity of water used in 1969		
	 Please estimate the quantity of water used for intigation in 1969. (Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you. See Leaflet, section 4.) 	966	Acre lead Tenihs
	e. Acre-lest (One. acre-loot, coness one cone. one loot deep).	067	10
	 b. Gallene (Pumping capacity per mitude & 80 mitudes & down operated in Septem) c. (Karge-free or gallene years) be systmated in a or b above, give both inches applied and seres covered. 	CEN.	Ge/(orte
	(1) Depth applied,	C00	<u> Hefter</u>
	(2) Area covered	<u> </u>	Agras.
FORM 69-A1(14) (8-0-69)	wind は、、中国では、自身ではために、AMP といわないでは、また人間である。 Page 2	e the soin Sex 199.	Adam Take Alakak Marak Alaka Taka

z∷No- Gots Sestim 6				artificially drained
Go fo	Please estimate the acres drained by each of the follo	owing systems but	Total	By systems insta
	do not include the same accease as drained by more it I. A facil system which is independent of an organize		071	since January 1, 1
	drainage district or other public agency		073	074
	 A fain system which drains into the system of an orderinge district or other public agency: 	rganized		
	I. A system installed entitely by an organized drainar		075	076
	ommercial FERTILIZER applied on PASTURELAND in 195 metude land from which crops were hardested or key c	H		
	lyta this section			
		Apre	Dry	Fertilizer used Liquid or gas
□ No - Go to		077	Whole tons	Cenths Whole tons Te
Section 7	L. Cropland used only for pasture treported in section 3, item (b) festilized			10
	2. Other pastureland (reported in section 3) item 3a) fertilized	080	081	10
ction 7 - Was CON	OUR PLANTING, STRIPCHOPPING, or TERRACING IN A	e on this place in 1969	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	101
☐ Yes - Comp	late this section			foea
□No	I. Gigin or row crops farmed on the contour			A
Go to	2. Striporopping systems to control stosion			084
				085
lease nead.	3. Cropland and pastureland having retraces		ops grown in any part	of the United States. Sin
□ No - Go to Section 9	I. Field corn for grain — Report quantity harvested	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	87 Bush	irrigated 089
	in one unit only - either bushels of hundredweight of shelled corn	[88 Hynd	redwe ight
	2. Field com for silage	1	91 Tons green	weight
	3. Field com rur for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)	093		094
		1		Fertilizer used
		Acres	ed Lucy	Liquid or gas
		. joss	096	097
	I Commercial fertilizer used on field corn		and sugar pariation	
the state of the s				
etian 9 – Were any S	ORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 196 port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)	97 (Include both grain	The subset the sectors.	
elion 9 – Were any s Do not re	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this Section.) Original sudan crosses in this Section.)			A
olian 9 - Were Any 1 Do niot ye Yes - Comp	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.)	Acres figryegrad	Quantity harveste	d Acres irrigated
etion 9 - Were any S Do not re Yes - Comp	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) here this exciton. 	Atres fiorvegrad	Quantity harveste	irrigated
etian 9 - Were Any 9 Do not re Yes - Comp No Go to	port surghum-sudan crosses in this section.) like this excitor	Acres figures for the control of the	Quantity harveste	irrigated 101 heis
etion 9 - Were any Do not re Yes - Comp No Go to Section 10	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) (lefe this excitation.) 1. Dorghums for grain of seed — Report quantity knowled in one unit only — either bushels.	Agres figures reid	Quantity harveste	irrigated 101 hels inda 104 s, 104
etion 9 - Were any Do not re Yes - Comp No Go to Section 10	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) lete this exciton. 1. Sorghums for grain at seed. Apport quality harvested in one unit only — either bushels or pounds.	Acres forvegred 096	Quantity harveste 99 Bus 00 For 03 For yre 06 Tot	irrigated 101 hels inds 104 ss, 104 ss, 107
etion 9 - Were any Do not re Yes - Comp No Go to Section 10	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) (his this section. 1. Dorghums for grain of seed.—Report quantity harvested in one unit only.—either bushels or pounds. 2. Sorghums for situage. 3. Sorghums cub for dry forage or hay. 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (ho not include here.	Agres figures reid	Quantity harveste 99 Bus 00 For 03 For yre 06 Tot	irrigated 101 hels sinds 104 ss. 104 sn. weight 107
etion 9 - Were any Do not re Yes - Comp No Go to Section 10	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) (her this exciton.) 1. Sorghums for grain of seed. — Report quantity harvested in one unit only — either bushels or founds. 2. Sorghums for situage. 3. Sorghums cub for dry forage or hay.	Acres forvegred 096	Quantity harveste 99 Bus 00 For 03 For yre 06 Tot	irrigated 101 their ands 104 107 weight 107
etion 9 - Were any Do not re Yes - Comp No Go to Section 10	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) (his this section. 1. Dorghums for grain of seed.—Report quantity harvested in one unit only.—either bushels or pounds. 2. Sorghums for situage. 3. Sorghums cub for dry forage or hay. 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (ho not include here.	Acres forvered 096 102 103	Quantity harveste	irrigated 101 hels inds 104 strings 107 weight 107 weight 109
iction 9 - Were any 1 Do not re Yes - Comp No - Go to 5 - Section 10	port sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) (his this section. 1. Dorghums for grain of seed.—Report quantity harvested in one unit only.—either bushels or pounds. 2. Sorghums for situage. 3. Sorghums cub for dry forage or hay. 4. Sorghums hogged or grazed (ho not include here.	Acres forvegred 096	Quantity harveste	irrigated 101 hels inds 104 son weight 107 weight 109

Page 3

Section 10 - Were any SMALL GRAINS harvested for grain from this place in 1969?

_	y SMALL GRAINS harvested for g			,	•				: `
		,				Commercia			ادا
□ No - Go to Section 11	,	Acres harvested	Quantity horvested	Acres	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Y Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
	1. Winter wheat	113	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7,	10
	2. Spring wheat other than durum	114	1. Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10:
	3. Durum wheat	115	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	,	10
	4. Oats for grain	116	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
	5. Barley for grain	117	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	ž	10
	6. Rye for grain	118	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
	7. Mixed grains	119	1	4	5	6	10	7	10
	8. Flaxseed	120	Bushels 1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
		121	1	4	5	5		7.	١ .
	9. Buckwheat	122	Bushels 1	4	5	6	10	7	10
	10. Proso millet	123	Bushels		5	6	10		10
	11. Emmer and spelt		Bushels				10	,	10.
	12. Rice - Report quantity	124	1 100-lb. bags		5 .	5	1.	,	1
	harvested in one unit only – either 100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels		Bushels				10		10
	,		Barrels				1.	ž.	! L
	13. Safflower	125	Pounds :	4,	5	6	10	7	10
	14. Mustard seed	126	1 Pounds	4	5	6	10	7.	10
Section 11 - Were a	ny DRY BEANS, DRY PEAS, or P	EANUTS harvest			!,				· · · · · · ·
Yes - Com	plete this section				erika in Alba. Manada in Alba.	•			
Yes - Com	plete this section					Commercia	* ()		uid.
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 12	plete this section	Acres härvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres farti lizad	Ďì	* ()	Liqu or g	
No – Go to			harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dr Whole	y Teiths	Liqu or g Whole	Tenths
No – Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	harvested	harvested 1 Bushels	irrigated	Acres fartilized	Dr Whole	Y Tenths	Liqu or g Whole	Tenths
No – Go to		hàrvested	harvested 1 Bushels Pounds	irrigated	Acres fartilized	Dr Whole tons	y Teiths	Liqu or g Whole	Tenths
No – Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	130	fushels Pounds 1 100-lb, bags	irrigated 2 2	Adres fartilized 3	Dr Whole tons 4	Y Tenths	Liqu or g Whole	1 Tenths 1 10 10
No – Go to	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Pesnuts for duts	130 131 132	Bushels Pounds 1 100-lb.	irrigatéd Z	Acres fartilized	Dr Whole tons 4	7 Tenths 10 10 10 10	Ulan of a Whole Fons 5	Tenths
No – Go to	 Soybeans for beans Peanurs for nuts Dry field and seed beans 	130 131 192 133	1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags - 1 100-lb.	irrigated	Acres fartilized 3 3 3	Dr. Whole tons. 4.	Y :	Liquida of g	1 Tenths 1 10 10
No – Go to	 Soybeans for beans Peanuts for nuts Dry field and seed beans Dry lima beans 	130 131 132 133 134	1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb.	irrigated 2 2	Acres fartilized	Dr Whole tons 4	Y :	Ulan of a Whole Fons 5	100 Tenths 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
No – Go to	 Soybeans for beans Peanuts for nuts Dry field and seed beans Dry lima beans Dry field and seed peas 	130 131 192 133	Bushels Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds	irrigated	Acres fartilized 3 3 3	Dr. Whole tons. 4.	7 Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Liquida of g	10s Teniths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
No – Go to	 Soybeans for beans Peanuts for nuts Dry field and seed beans Dry lima beans Dry field and seed peas Cowpeas for dry peas Velvetbeans for beans 	130 131 132 133 134	Bushels 1 Bushels 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels	irrigated	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3	Dr. Whote tons. 4	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Liques of S Whole forms 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
No — Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	130 131 192 133 134 135 136	harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigoted	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 3	Dr. Whote tons 4	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Liques of S Whole forms 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	10s Teniths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
No — Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanurs for duts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POP	130 131 192 133 134 135 136	harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigoted	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 1this place i	Dr. Whole fond 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid of a second	1 Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
No — Go to Section 12	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	130 131 192 133 134 135 136	harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigoted	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 1this place i	Dr. Whole fond 4 4 4 4 4 Commercia	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquof 6 of 6 Mines of 6 of	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
No - Go to Section 32 Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanurs for duts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POP	130 131 192 133 134 135 136	harvested 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigoted	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 this place i	Dr. Whole fons. 4 4 4 4 4 Commission of the comm	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquor son	105 Tenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
No - Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanurs for duts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POP	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	Bushels 1 Bushels 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Acres	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 1this place i	Dr. Whole tons 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquor s Whole Fons 5 5 5 5 6 Cused	105 Tenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
No - Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanurs for duts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POP	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	Bushels 1 Bushels 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Acres	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8	Dr. Whole fona 4 4 4 4 4 Whole fona 4 Whole fona Whole fona 7 9 8	1 Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Liquid State of the state of th	105 Tenths 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
No - Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanurs for duts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POP	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	l Bushels l 100-lb. bugs l 100-lb. bugs l 100-lb. bugs l Pounds l Bushels l Bushels l Pounds l Bushels l Bushels l Pounds l Bushels l Pounds l Bushels l Bushels l Bushels l Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Acres	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 Acres fartilized 3 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8	Dr. Whole tona 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid State of the state of th	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
No - Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 9. COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPuplete this section	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	Pounds 1 Bushels 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Acres	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8	Dr. Whole fona 4 4 4 4 4 Whole fona 4 Whole fona Whole fona 7 9 8	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid State of the state of th	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
No - Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 9. COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POP plete this section 1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar 3. Sugar beets for seed	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	Pounds 1 Bushels 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Acres	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 Acres fartilized 3 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8	Dr. Whole tona 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid State of the state of th	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
No - Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPuplete this section 1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar 3. Sugar beets for seed 4. Popcom	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	l Bushels 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Tons 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Acres	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 5 6 Acres fertilized 8	Dr. Whole tons. 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid State of the state of th	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
No - Go to Section 12 - Was an Yes - Com	1. Soybeans for beans 2. Peanuts for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 9. COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POP plete this section 1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar 3. Sugar beets for seed	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOMC	Pounds 1 Bushels 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bales 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Acres	Acres fartilized 3 3 3 3 4 Acres fertilized 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9	Dr. Whole fond 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liquid State of the state of th	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1

	y IRISH POTATOES, SWEETP	1	ı	,,,	. 1	,	Comme	rcial fort	ilizer	us ed	
Yes - Com	lete this section	Acres	Quantity	Acres			1	Dry	,	Liquid	or ga
		harvested :	harvested	irrigated	1 ई	Acres	਼ ਾਂ ਵੈ	Whole	Tenths	Whole	
□ No - Go to		harvested : 4			Tenths	16(1)11120	Tenths	tons	¦ 🗜	fons 5	
Section 14	To think account	160	Hundred-	2		3	. /20	4	10	3	
	l. Irish potatoes	161	weight 1	2		3		4		5	
	2. Sweetpotatoes	10	Bushels		10		10		, 10		_, _
	2 T-b all tunos	162	·	2	. 10	3	10	4	10	5	
Saction 14 Was any	3. Tobacco - all types	1	Pounds e in 1969?		. 19					·	
		OSCILL HOW THIS PIZZE									
Yes - Comp	lete this section If two or more cuttings we	ere made from the s	same field.	1		1					
□No -	REPORT ACRES ONLY O			harve	res ested		Quanti harvest			Acre irrigat	
Go to	all cuttings.			170		1			ns, 2		
Section 15	1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixt	tures for hay or del	hydrating	171		1,		dry	- 12		
	2. Clover, timothy, and mi	ixtures of clover at	nd grasses for hay			Ĭ		To			
	3. Small grain hay			172		1		To	ns, 2		
				173		1		Ťo	ns, 2		
Ç	4. Lespedeza for hay			174		1		dry	ns, 2		
	5. Coaștal Bermuda grașs	for hay		-				dr	,,,,		
	6. Wild hay			175		1		To			
	7. Other hay - Sudan gras		crosses.	176		1		To	2		
	soybean, cowpea, pean			1		1		dry	1		
	8. Grass silage			177		1		To gre	ns, 2		
		•		178		1		To	ns, 2	`	
	9. Hay crops cut and fed g	green		.F——				gre	en		
				1		1		Fertil	izer u:	bea	
	•				Ac	res	D	ry		iguid or	gas
					ferti	lized	Whol	e 4		Whole	1 -
13.5	ef h			1			mno.				
				Ļ	70		ton	s ,	!	tons	
	10.00		_		79				181	tons	
	10, Commercial Tertilizer				79		ton		181	tons	· •
Section 15 – Were an	10. Commercial Terrilizer of FIELD SEEDS harvested fro				79		ton		181	tons	
3 d.				on 15.)	79 :res		ton 180	tv	181	Acre	· s
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro			ОП 15.)			180	ty	0 181		· s
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro			On 15.)	rės	1	ton 180	tv	0 181	Acre	15
☐ Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed			ОП 15.)	rės	1	ton 180	ty ted Pounds clean s	0 2	Acre	· s
☐ Yes — Cam	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section			on 15.) Ac harv	rės	1	ton 180	Pounds clean s Pounds clean s	, 2 eed 2	Acre	
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☐ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed			On 15.) Ac harv	rės	1 1 1	ton 180	Pounds clean s Pounds clean s	2 eed 2 eed 2 eed 2	Acre	· s
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☐ Yes — Cam	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed	m this place in 1969)? (See Leaflet, secti	On 15.) Ac hory 190 191 192 193 194	rės	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ton 180	Pounds clean si Pounds	181 0 2 eed 2 eed 2	Acre	
☐ Yes — Cam	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed	m this place in 1969)? (See Leaflet, secti	On 15.) Ac hory 190 191 192 193 194	rės	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ton 180	Pounds clean s Pounds clean s Pounds clean s Pounds clean s Pounds clean s	181 0 2 eed 2 eed 2 eed 2	Acre	15
☐ Yes — Comp	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed	m this place in 1969	? (See Leaflet, secti	190 191 192 193 194 195 196	rės	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ton 180	Pounds clean si Pounds	181 0 2 eed 2 eed 2 eed 2 eed 2	Acre	15
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☐ Yes — Cam	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — En	m this place in 1969	(See Leaflet, section of the list below. No.	190 191 192 193 194 195 196	rės	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ton 180	Pounds clean s	2 2 eed 2 eed 2 eed 2 eed 2 eed 2	Acre	· s
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Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweerclover seed 8. Other field seeds — En Name Name Name Austrian winter peas . Behig grass seed Behig grass seed Behig grass seed Behig grass seed Behigsass seed Behigsass seed	No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings: 200 Red	from list below. No. No. No. 1 seed	non 15.) Achory 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 Kentucky bl other than Lupine seek	uegras:	No. s seed 211	Quantiharves Nam Vett Utha	Pounds clean s	181 181 181 181 181 181 181 181	Acre	No.
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Yes - Com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plete this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — En Name Name Name Name Austrian winter peas Behita grass seed Beritgrass seed Alstike clover seed Alstike clover seed Crimson clover seed Crimson clover seed	No. Name 197 White clover 198 Fescue seed 199 Chewings: 199 Red 200 Red 201 Other	from list below. No. No. No. 1 seed	Achory 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 4ame (entucky bloother than Lupine seed extra seed ex	uegras: Merion iseed	No. s seed	Quantiharves Nam Vete the Whee All Mee All Hole Free All Hole Hole All Hole Hole Hole Hole Hole Hole Hole Ho	Pounds clean s	181 7 2 182 183 184 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acre irrigat grass, above Liquid o	No. 216 217 218

	plete this section	AND SERVICE A			Comm	erciul ferriliyer va	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		Acres in		Acres		Oly T	Prania oi das
No - Ga to		trees and vines of all ages	1		Actes entitled	Whole 👯	Whole !
Section 20,		*	11 H. 100	4.8	r e	tons 🧯	100%
on page 7	I. Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, cirrus or other	230	23	t 23	g.		X
	groves, vineyards, and nut trees		10		10	10	N :1
on 17 - Were th	ere any NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES or GRAP	EVINES on this	place in 1				7478 W. 53
	그 살아가 그 것이 아니라 하지 않아 다시		6. / A	r vines of all age			
res _ com	plete this section	Acres	Tensha	Number not of hearing age	Number of	Quantity	bet sevrer
¬No		240		nedering age	bearing age	3	
Go to	1. Apples	241	1 10	1.	2.	à	Pound
Section 18	2. Peaches, clingstone	1	10	VI			Paund
, ,	3. Peaches, freestone	242	10	30	2	3	Pound
, , ,	4. Pears, Bartlett	243	1 10	1;	2	3	Pound
	5. Pears, other than Barriett	244	10	1	2	3	1.25
,	6. Cherries, tart	245	1 /	1	2	3	Pound
4		246	1 10	1	2	3	Pound
<u>.</u>	7. Cherries, sweet	247	1 10	1	2	3	Pound
	8. Avocados (See Leaflet, section 17).	248	10	<u></u>	2	3	Pound
	9. Dates		10	1			Pound
	10. Grapes, American type	249	10	1	2	3	Pound
	11. Grapes, European type a. Raisin varieties - Report quantity	250	1	1	2	3	10 Toris,
,	harvested in one unit only - either	1.	10			4	10 dry
1 .	b. Table varieties	251	10	1.,	2	13:	/ 10 20
		252	1-10	i	2	3	10 Tens
•	c. Wine varieties	253	10	1	2	3.	1 10 Tons
	12. Plums		1 10			<u>L</u>	fresh
	13. Prunes – Report quantity harvested in one unit only – either pounds	254	1 /	1	Ž	3	Pound: fresh
ž ,	fresh or tons dry		10		ļ	ă. or	10 Tons,
	14. Apriçots	255	1 10	1	2	3	10 Tens
11 s		256		1	2	3	1 / 1
` .	15. Olives (See Leaflet, section 17).	257	10	1 :	Ž	- i	10 Tons Pound
s	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds		10	,		or	fresh .
• .	fresh or tons dry	ينتر بنائلا	1 10			<u> </u>	10 000
	Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in	the space prov		ومعالم والمراجع أوالم المنتوي وأ			
ion 18 - Were th		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	idea at th	e end of section	t 19.		
	ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place	in 1969? /See	****		1/09		
*	ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place place this section	in 1969? /See	Leaflet,	section 18.)		Quantity	arvegted
* .		in 1969? (See	Leaflet,	section 18.)	Number of bearing age	Quantity In 194 from bless	afyegyed B-69 n. of 1968
Yes - Com	plote this section		Lewflet, Tranha	section 18:) eas of all ages Number not of	Number of	Quantity I In 199 from blees	n of 1968
Yes - Com	plote this section 1. Valencia oranges	Agrea	Leaflet, Tu	section 18:) eas of all ages Number not of	Number of	from blook	r et 1968 Fleid box
Yes - Com	plote this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges.	Agres 270	Leaflet, Tenths	section 18:) ees of all ages Number ast of bearing age	Number of bearing age	3	Field box
Yes - Com	plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges.	Acres 9270	Leaflet, Tenths 10 10	section 18:) ees of all ages Number ast of bearing age	Number of bearing age	a .	Fleid box Field box Field box Fleid box
Yes - Com	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges	Actes: 270 221 272 278	Leastet, Tenths 10 10 10	section 18:) ees of all ages Number ast of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2	3 3 3	Field box
Yes - Com	plete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges.	270 271 272 278 274	Leaflet, Tenths 10 10	section 18:) ees of all ages Number ast of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2	iron black	Fleid box Field box Field box Fleid box
Yes - Com	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges	Acres 270 271 272 278 274	Leastet, Tenths 10 10 10	section 18:) ees of all ages Number ast of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3	Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box
Yes - Com	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandacine 6. Tangelos	270 271 272 278 274	Tenths 10 10 10 10	section 18:) ees of all ages Number ast of bearing age	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2	iron black	Field boxs Field boxs Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box
Yes - Com	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit	Acres 270 271 272 278 274	Tentle: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section is: ex. of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3	Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box
Yes - Com	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons	270 271 272 273 274 275	Tentis 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section is: ex. of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Field boxs Field boxs Field box
Yes - Com	1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit. 8. Lemons. 9: Limes.	270 271 272 273 274 275 276	Tenshe: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section is: ex. of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1	Number of braining age 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	3 3 3 3	Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box
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Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kunquata	270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 278 278	Tenths To 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.1 ear of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box
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Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarine 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kunquara Report any other crims fruit trees in the	270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 278 278	Tenths To 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.1 ear of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2	s trom bles.	Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box Field box
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Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 Ves - Com	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kunquata Report any other crims fruit trees in the ete any NUT TREES on this place in 1985; plate this section	Acres 270 271 272 278 274 275 276 277 278 279 snace provided Acres Acres	Leastlet. Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18:) Ann of all ages Number not of bearing age 1: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 Mumber of services age 4 Mumber of services age 4 Mumber of services age 4	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Field born Field box
No - Go to Section 19 Ves - Cam No - Go to Section 19	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kunquata Report any other crimis fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1983; plate this section 1. Walmura, English of Persian 2. Almonda	270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	Tennis Tono 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18:) Ann of all ages Number not of bearing age 1: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 Mumber of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Field boxy
No - Go to Section 19 Ves - Cam No - Go to Section 19	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemore 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1983; plate this section 1. Walnurs, English of Persian 2: Almonds 3. Persias improved 4. Pecgris, wild and geeding	Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	Tentie To 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18:) ear of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 3 Number of searing age 4 A searing age 5 Number of searing age 7 Number of searing age 8	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Field born Field box Founds Pounds To box Pounds Founds Founds Founds Founds Founds Founds Founds
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 Yes - Cam No - Go to	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquata Report any other orinus fruit trees in the etc any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? plete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonda 3. Peccans, improved 4. Peccans, wild and seedling 5. Filberia and nazelung	270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270	Tenths To 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	section 18:) ear of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 3 Number of searing age 4 A searing age 5 Number of searing age 7 Number of searing age 8	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Field boxy
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 19 Yes - Cam No - Go to	1. Valencia oranges 2. Navel oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemore 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1983; plate this section 1. Walnurs, English of Persian 2: Almonds 3. Persias improved 4. Pecgris, wild and geeding	Acres 270 271 272 278 274 275 276 277 278 278 279 278 279 280 280 280 280 280 280	Tenths Tonths T	section 18:) ear of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Field boxe Field boxe Field boxe Field box Foxels Foxel

Page 6

The state of the s	y AERIKIES harvoktod for sale, tram	this place in 1969?		Acres				Acres	
□ (ca – Co m	(lete this section			harvested Report tenths of acres	Tenths	Quantity hard	résted oquids)	irrigated Report tenths of ocres	Tenths
□ No Ge te	l. Strawberries			290	10		Pounds	2	1/10
Section 21	2. Raspberries, red			291	10		Pounds	2	10
	3. Raspberries, black			292	10		Pounds	2	1 10
				293	1		100-lb.	2	10
	4. Cranberries	and No. from list below	w	,	10		barreis	2	:
	Name	No			10		Pounds		10
	Name				10		Pounds	2	10
	Name Ho.	Name	No.	Name	· .	io. Name		No	
	Plackberries and dewberries 294 Slueberries, tame 295	Blueberries, wild Boysenberries Currants		Gooseberries Loganberries Youngberries	3	100 Write	name obo		!
						L	Fertiliz	er used	
				Acres fertilized	1	Dry	- L	Liquid or ga	1 40
				Report tenths of acres			Tent	Whole tons	Tenth
	6 Communication for the second			303	1	304	10	305	10
Section 21 - Were an	6. Commercial ferrilizer used of VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN. of			this place in 19		0	j 10		10
(Include	crops harvested for fresh market, c				t, sectio				
Yes - Com	plete this section	•			Rep	ort tenths		cres irrigated Report tenths of acres	Tenths
□ No - Go to	1. Tometoes	,			310		10		10
Section 22	2. Sweet com				311		10 1		10
	3. Cucumbers and pickles				912		10		10
	4. Watermelons	,			313		10		10
	5. Snap beans, bush and pole				314		10		10
	6. Dry onions				315		10		10
	7. Lettuce and romaine		*		316		10		10
	3	******			317		10		10
	9. Cantaloups, Persians, and I	nuskmelons			318		10		10
	10. Sweet peppers, except pimic				319		10 1		10
	II. Green peas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			320		10 1		10
	12. Cabbage				321		10 1		10
	13. Squash				322		10		10
	14. Green lima beans				323		10		10
	15. Other vegetable crops - En	ter name and No. from	list bel	aw	-		1		i.
	Name	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		No	<u> </u>		10		10
	Name			No	L_		10		10
	Name No. Artichokes 344 Beets 335 Bliotheyes and other green cowpees 346 Broccoll 397 Brossels sprouts 388 Carrots 345	Nama Centiflower Cetery: Eggplant Escarole, endive, and chicory Gettle Honeydew melons	341 342 343 343	Kele Mustard green Pumpking Radishes Shallots and	*****	345 Tu	inach rnips I other ver pimientos, tc.) – Writ	No	2 3
				Acres fertifized Report renth		Dry		Liquid or go	
				of acres		Whole	Teaths	Whole tons	Tenths
	16. Commercial fertilizer used sweet/com, or melons	m vegerables.		355	! <	0 356	10	357	10
FORM 69-A1(34) (5-9-69)		Page				<u> </u>	1 10		1 10

	plete this section		used in 1969				of sales,	
		Square feet under	Acres in th	e open	ے ا		t approxim amount NOT REQU	
Go to		glass or other protection	Report to		-	Doll		10
Section 23	1. Nursery products-trees, shrubs, vines, etc	.//////////////////////////////////////	370	!	10 37	s S		
	2. Sod		372		37 10			1
		· <i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	375		37	5		
	3. Bulbs	· ////////////////////////////////////	378	`	10 37	\$		+
	4. Cut flowers, florist greens, and potted, bedding, or other florist plants				10	s		1
	5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds, and	450	401	1	40			1
	vegetable plants	403	VIIIIIII		10	\$ 4		-i-
	7. Vegetables grown under glass or other protection:	405	- ////////		40	§ 16		+
	a. Tomatoes					s		
	b. Cucumbers	407			40	3		
		409			41	ō		1
	c. Lettuce	411	<i>-{////////</i>		41	<u>ş</u>		ـــاـــ ا
	d. Other vegetables	413	414					, []]
	8. Area irrigated - Include items 1 through 7	•	1		10//			
		1		1	,	Fertiliz	er used	
		Area fe		g 1311	Dry		Liquid	or (
		Square feet	Acres		ole ens	Tenths	Whole tons	
	9. Commercial fertilizer used on nursery or greenhouse products	415	416	10 417		-	418	
□ No -	1. Root crops for feed		421			1		
□ No − Go ta Section 24	2. Sorghums for sirup		421			1		
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage					1		
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage 4. Other crops - Enter name and No. from list below					1		
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage 4. Other crops — Enter name and No. from list below Name	No				1		
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage , 4. Other crops — Enter name and No. from list below Name Name	No No			* ***	1		
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunflow	422 er seed			las for	nuts	
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet oder. 429 Verch o	er seedorn for seedorn for seed	433	Chu All	las for other c	nuts	·
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet of the control of mix	er seedom for seed .	434	Chu All	las for other c	rops -	·
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet of der. 429 Verch of 50 mil. 431 Dill for	er seed om for seed r peak alone	433 434 435	Chu All	las for other c	rops -	
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet of 429 Verch o 507 mills 431 Dill for	er seed	433 434 435	All	las for other c rite no	rops -	
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet of 429 Verch o 507 mills 431 Dill for	er seed	433 434 435 436	Chu All W	las for other c rive nu	tops	or i
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet of 429 Verch o 507 mills 431 Dill for	er seed. orn for seed . r peak alone ed . oil	433 434 435 435	All	las for other c rite no	tops — me above ter used Liquid Whole tons	or c
Go to	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet c Veron of min 431 Dill for 432 Wormser	er seed	433 434 435 436	Chu AII W	las for other contract number of the contract	rops me above ter used Liquid Whole tons	or
Go to Section 24	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet o 430 Or nit 431 Dill for 432 Wormset	er seed. orn for seed . r peak alone ed . oil	433 434 435 435	Chu AII W	las for other c rive nu	rops me above ter used Liquid Whole tons	or i
Go to Section 24	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet o 430 Or nit 431 Dill for 432 Wormset	er seed. orn for seed . r peak alone ed . oil	433 434 435 435	Chu All W	las for other contract no	rops me above ter used Liquid Whole tons	or
Go to Section 24	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet o 430 Or nit 431 Dill for 432 Wormset	er seed. orn for seed . r peak alone ed . oil	433 434 435 435	Chu Mi	fas for other contribution of the contribution	rops	or
Go to Section 24 Section 24 — Were at Yes — Com	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. No. No. 1427 Sunflow 428 Sweet of Verch of of mill 430 Dill for 431 Wormset 432 Wormset	er seed orn for seed ped salone ed ori Acres artilized	433 434 435 435	Ohu All W	las for other contier no other contier n	rops	or
Go to Section 24 Section 24 — Were an	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet c Vetch of init 431 Dill for 432 Wormser	er seed orn for seed r peak alone sed sid oil Acres serilized	433 434 435 435	Chu All W	las for other contribution of the contribution	rops	or i
Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Wers all Yes - Com	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. No. 10. Name 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet of 428 Verch of 61 Off in 430 Dill for 431 Wormser 432 Wormser	er seed		Chu All W	fas for other contries in	rops	or i
Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Wers all Yes - Com	2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage	No. No. No. 427 Sunflow 428 Sweet o 430 Vefch o 431 Dill for 431 Wormset No. No. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	er seed		Chu M	fes for other contribution of the contribution	rops	or i

Please read	The answers you give in Sections 25 through 29 will provide the information needed for livestock, poultry, and their prod-
	ucts, whether owned by you or someone else. Please read Leaflet, "Section 25-29," before completing these sections.

	lete this section	Number	sold in 196 include poultry on a contract b
		on this plac December 31, 1	969 and taken
No -	1. Chickens 3 months old or older:	455	from this place
Go to Section 26	u. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale)		
30071011 20	b. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age Include started pullets being raised for sale or sold	457	458
	c. Any other chickens 3 months old or older not	459	460
	included above-roosters, capons, etc	461	
	2. Broilers and other meat-type chickens less than 3 months old		462
	3. Turkeys of all ages:	463	464
,	a. Turkey hens kept for breeding	465	466
	b. Other turkeys - Include fryers		
, ,	4. Ducks	467	468
· ` :		469	470
	5. Geese.	471	472
1	6: Other poultry - Include game birds raised in captivity - Specify		
iection 26 - Did you	or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place on December 31, 1969, or were a	ny sold from this pl	ace in 1969?
	affet, section 26.)		Number on this pla
res Comp	lete this section		December 31, 196
No -	1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, and c)		480
Go to Section 27	a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had calved		481
			482
	b. Heifers and heifer calves (Do not include heifers that had calved)		483
	e. Bulls, bull calves, steers, and steer calves		L
			Number of milk con on this place
,	2. Milk cows - Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were milk cows?		December 31, 196 484
	Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved		
	3. Was any whole milk sold to plants or dealers in 1969?		485
	As any whose milk sold to plants of dealers in 1909/1		1 Yes 2
	T-	tal number sold	Number fattened of grain or cancentrated 30 days or more ar
	A Cattle and calves sold from this place in 1969 - Include those	101 11011200 3014	sold for slaughter (See Leaflet)
	fed on this place on contract or custom basis.		487
	a. Calves gold		489
	h. Cattle other than calves sold		<u> </u>
ection 27 - Did you (See Le	reanyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any sold vitet, section 27.)	from this place in 1	969?
	lete this section		Number on this pla
			December 31, 196
□ 1 70 - \	(Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b)		
Go to Section 28	n. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding		491
	b. Other hoge and pige		492
			Number of litters
	2. Litters farrowed on this place between -		
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		493
	ss. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969	•••••••	493
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		·
	a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969	tal number sold	494 Number sold as fee
	a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 a. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To	tal number sold	494 Number sold as fee
	a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To 485 Moga and pigs sold from this place in 1969.		Number sold as fee Pige for further feed 496
nection 28 — Cliq yall	e. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 6. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To ASE 3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969. 10 anyone side have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any	sold from this place	Number sold as fee Pige for further feed 496
See the Hollings of Marie Barrell	e. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 6. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To ASE 3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969. 10 anyone side have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any	sold from this place	Number sold as fee pige for further feed 496 in 1969?
	o. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 6. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To A88 3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969. 1. Sheep and pigs sold from this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP or LEMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP or LEMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP and LEMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP and LEMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP and LEMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP and LEMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP and LEMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any continue that have any SNEEP and SNEEP a		Number sold as fee pigs for further feed 496 in 1969?
	o. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To 485 S. Higgs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 Desnyons his have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any States and this seation.	sold from this place	Number sold as fee pigs for further feed 496 in 1969?
See the Hollings of Marie Barrell	o. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To 485 Stiffers and piga sold from this place in 1969. Stanyone this have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or ware any the season December 31, 1969, or ware any this season December 31, 1969, or ware any December 31, 1969, or ware an	sold from this place	Number sold as fee pige for further feed 496 in 1969?
□Yes - Com	o. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 To 486 S. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 prayone the have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any set this section S. Sheep and lambs of all ages Total of u, v, und o)	sold from this place	Number sold as fee pige for further feed 496 in 1969?

	or anyone else have any DTHER L	VESTOCK .	n dhia	pja		Dec		. 31	Tac			And	1	1 1				n lasas	4.00
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ilete fils section						PAR		1 114	Y	N	umbe	r on	abia.	y au place				d in 1 7 69
Ties - comi											510) P.C. O.	iber	31,	969		20 T	muer po	W.111.140A
. □No -	I. Horses of all ages (Do not i	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Sugar	4. 15	3 3					512	æ			33	200	513		
Go to Section 30	2. Ponies of all ages.	B. W. S. A	1, 100 3	くんとう	7/ 1/2/19	15. W . W					504	<u> </u>			100		515		
	3. Mules, burros, and donkeys					s ()					316	<u> </u>			- 1/3		817		4.8.
	4. Angora gonts	4 " 14			0.00		1000				518	· .			14/2		519		
1	5. Milk goats	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		۲					**		520	<u> </u>					521		
	6. Other goats			• •	émir, e	4. * *					522	<u> </u>			- (3)	4	529		Pounds
	7. Hives of bees on this place	and honey s	old		\$ * (\$		• •••	. 47.	* * *		524	<u>.</u>			- 🚉	1.70	525		of honey
· .	8. Mink		<u>;</u>			*		·	· · · ·						:3:	·			Mink and pelts
1	9. Rabbits		۰۰: ۱					3		(*). • • •	526				51,	- ;}	527		Rabbits and politi
	10. Chinchillas							γ 			528		_			, ``	529		Chinchil and palts
1	11. All other livestock - Specif			• • •	•	. ,	.	,	4.1	•	530	,`			10.		531		did paris
									`	,							Ľ		
				`							530	:			ì.,	. ` . ` .	531		1788
ction 30 - Did you	have any CONTRACT or BINDING	AGREEMEN	T to r	orodu	ce or	mari	et a	ny f	arm D	rodu	cts f	rom t	his	place	in 1	969	2		
(See Le	eaflet, section 30.)	4.				.,					,	٠.		٠,,	-3	:	17		
Yes - Com	plete this section. For each group of products, ma	rk (X) the		oduc		ăr.	sale			M	iik (i	K) as	mάι	ý co	Úmn	s .			
□ No -	column which best describes to	ne purpose		rtrac			trac som			fu	os v mish	ed b	tor o	con	ract	or.		Amount from co	nece(ved
Go to Section 37	of contractor. If both producti	on and		ig		of tion				,	7	t i			. 61	9		for wach	product
Section 31	marketing for the product, mark production. Also mark the item	s furnished	8	Proces	ě	Marketing associatio	Co-op	300		Credit	abbr	Equipme	10	Feed	Office	dhim Tish	CE		REQUIRE
	and report the amount received		ۇ 1 ھ	2	1 E	2 8 4	ပိ	e Off	541	ů	N La	ъй 3	Sead	5	6	2.2	542	Dollars	Ce
	1. Poultry and eggs	54	Ŀ	2	3	4	5	,		1	2	,	4	5	6	7	545	<u>s</u>	
	2. Dairy products	5 . 1	L	2	a			<u>`</u>	547		2		4	-	6	· -		<u>\$</u>	
	3. Cattle	4 4 je v 3°7 x 1	9 1	2	3				134	<u>. </u>	2		4		6	7		<u> </u>	
	4. Hogs and other livestock, .	وأفرقه فالماؤة أو	21	2	3		6				v		4		6	7		\$	
	5. Vegetables - melons, etc.	\$44 + 10 5 e.	5 1	2	3	3.			556		2	3.	Δ		6	7		\$	
	6. Fruits, citrus, nuts, or berri	es	8 1	2	3	4		6	559		2		4	5	6	7		\$	
	7. Other crops - sugar beets, p			Γ,	<u></u>	لبا		Ļ	I. I	-	لـــا		-			** ; ;		\$,
	S. For each product for which		٠.	2			e d		`	•		4.4			ľ	Wei	tten	Ora)	Bosh
		. :	. ,											5	61	1		2 🗀	3
	had a contract or agreement write the name of the produ-	at .	- 1																
	had a contract or agreement write the name of the produ- and indicate whether the co-	st 1- Name		2								- ;		s	62	্ৰণ	_		. ∋ ⊑
	had a contract or agreement write the name of the produ-	st 1- Name		2, 3								. , .		1	62 63	્ મેં _્ય		2 <u></u>	_] € e
ection 31 - MACHI	had a contract or agreement write the name of the produ- and indicate whether the co- tract was written, oral, or bo terry and EQUIPMENT on this pla	th. Produ	"	3. <u> </u>	9. (1)	ic luc	le o	ıly e	cqui _I	men	ıt.		-	1	63	1		2	e
ection 31 – MACHIE used to	had a contract or agreement write the name of the produ and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or bottom and EQUIPMENT on this plant 1968 or 1969. See Leaflet, see	Name th. Produ te on Decemi ction 31.)	per 31				,	`,		men	it .			_ 5	63 N		or me	2 _	g _ nd ∂n _
ection 31 – MACHII used to	had a contract or agreement write the name of the product and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or bottom and EQUIPMENT on this plant 1968 or 1969. See Leadlet, see Selected machinery and equipment of the product of the contract of the con	Name th. Produ te on Decemi ction 31.)	per 31				,	`,		imen	it .			_ 5	63 N			2 _	e
uction 31 – MACHIF used to	had a contract or agreement write the name of the produced and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or both the contract whether the contract was written, or with the contract whether the contract was written, or with the contract was written, or whether the contract was written, or with the contract was written, or whether the contract was written and	Name th. produ te on Decemi ction 31.)	place	, De	cem	ber 3	,	`,		men	t .			_ 5	63 N		or me	2 inufacture 196	g _ nd ∂n _
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ction 31 – MACHII used tr	had a contract or agreement write the name of the produced and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or bottler was written, or bottl	Name production 31.) tent on this support tractor	places	, De	cem	ber 3	1, 1	969		men	***			572 574	63 N 965		or me	2	d in -
ction 31 – MACHIP used tr	had a contract or agreement write the name of the product and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or botten and EQUIPMENT on this plant 1968 or 1969. See Leaflet, see Selected machinery and equipm 1. Automobiles. 2. Motortrucks - Include pickit 3. Wheel tractors other than gas 4. Crawler tractors.	Name production 31.) nent on this state tractor.	places and	mot	or ti	ber	1, 1	969		om en	**************************************			572 574 576	63 N 965		or me	2	d in -
ction 31 – MACHIP used in	had a contract or agreement write the name of the product and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or both the contract whether the contract was contract whether the contract was contract to contract whether the contract contract contract was contract to contract was contract to contract the contract contra	Name the Name the production 31.) sent on this tractor tractor. and over.	places and	mot	or ti	ber	1, 1	969		imen	はい シー・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・			572 574 576 578	63 N 965		or me	2 [196 571 573 575 577 579	d in -
ction 31 – MACHIE used to	had a contract or agreement write the name of the product and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or both the contract whether the contract was contract whether the contract or contract cont	Name the Production 31.) nent on this right tractor and over and over the propellection.	places and	mot	orti	ber	1, 1	969		imen				870 872 874 876 578	965		or me	2 196 571 579 577 579 591	d in -
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used in used in cities 32 – Wers an employ	had a contract or agreement write the name of the product and indicate whether the contract was written, oral, or both the contract was contract or co	Name production 31.) hent on this start on this start on this start on this start of the start o	places and i only return to the work to th	motion motion and more and mor	omer ti	com	in the same of the	969 oth 109 Lea	per office and office	in the second on		lude 32.)	.e q1	970 572 574 576 576 580 592 984 585 590	965		or min	2 196 571 196 577 579 581 563 266 587 589 581 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589	d in —

Page 1

Section 34 4 UNSECTICIDES, MERRICIDES, FUNCICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME and OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1969.

Include any of		Tor		Acres which	on ised	Estimated ((Do not inc cost of apply CENTS NOT REC	lude ying)
these materials		610		611		Dollars 612	Cents
landlord and by custom operators.	1. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum orline for sanitation.	1				\$	
For each item listed, report	2. Sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc. to control -			613		614 S	,
acres only once, but report cost of				615		616	
all such materials	b. Insects on other crops (corn, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees,	vines, etc	e.)	617		S 618	
acres in 1969. (See Leaflet,	c. Nematodes in crops	• • • • • • •		619		\$	
section 33:)	d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)					\$S	
	. Veeds or grass in crops Include both pre-emergence and post-	-emeraence		621		622 S	
			,	623		624	
	f. Weeds or brush in pasture			625		626	
	3 Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinnin	ng of fruit	• • • •			\$ 627	
	4. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry		<u></u>	· · · · · · ·		\$	
Section 34 - Product	ion EXPENSES for this place in 1969.	,					
						CENTS NOT RE	QUIRED Cents
Include your best	t. Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sh	eep.				630	
estimate of expenses paid by	lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc					5	
others - your landlord, con-	2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - grain, hay, silag	ge, mixed				S	
tractors, buyers, erc. – for crops,				1	1		
livestock or livestock products	n. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased - complete, supplement, concentrates. (Do not include ingredients	Tons 1	Tenths	Dallers 633	Cents		
produced on this	purchased separately such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)		10	s			
(See Leaflet, section 34.)		534		635	1		
20011011	seed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling byproducts. (Do not include whole grains.)	;	10	s			
		36		637	1		
	grain. (Do not include militeeds or other milling byproducts, or green chop.)	1	10		1		
		38	<u>:</u>	639	+		
	d. Hay, green chop, silege, erc.		10	s	·	<u> </u>	
	3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased	· · · · · ·		. ,		\$:
	4. Commercial fertilizer purchased - all forms, including rock phosp	phate and	gypsun	1		S S	1
	5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the fuel, LP gas, burane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, mor (Total of u, b, c, and d).	farm busin tor oil, gre	ness -	Diesel		642 S	
			1	Dallars	Cents		
			643		. Conts		
	6. Gastoline for the farm business		- S		1		
	b. Diesel fuel for the farm business		. S		1		
	T. E.P. gas, butane, and propage for the farm business		· s		! 		
		1	646		1		
	d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, keroseπe, and tuel oil for the farm business					<i>\</i>	<i>wall</i>
	d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and fuel oil for the farm business	including				647	:
	6. Hired form labor – include all money paid in cash for farm labor in gayments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do. n	not include	· [647 S	:
	6. Hired ferm labor - include all money paid in cash for farm labor to payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do n housework, customwork, and contract work.) 3. Contract labor - include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of inact tentiables, berries, who, performed on a contract basis.	not include s harvestir	ig Retor			5 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	1
	 b. Hired from labor - Include all money paid in cash for farm labor to gayments, to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do n housework, customwork, and contrast work.) Contract labor - Include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of Jourt, verytables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis a crewileaser, a cooperative, etc. 	not include s harvestir by a contr	ig actor,		****	5 648 3 649	: 1 1 1 1
	d. Bired ferm lebot - Include all money paid in cash for farm labot to gayments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do n housework, customwork, and contract work.) 7. Contract labot - Include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of frust, ventrables, permiss, etc.; performed on a contract basis to crewleader, a cooperative, etc. 8. Machine hire and customwork - Include expenditures primarily for and for further work was artifulting and mixing least playing one	not include s harvestir by a contr r use of e	ig netor, quipme			s	
	 d. Hired farm labor - include all money paid in cash for farm labor in payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do n housework, customwork and contract work.) T. Contract labor - include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of fruit, very tables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis to crewleader, a cooperative, etc. B. Machine hire and customwork - include expenditures primarily found for customwork such as granding and mixing feed, playing, copicking sto litting, spraying, dusting, etc. 	not include s harvestir by a contr r use of er ombining	actor, actor, quipme corn	nt.		\$ 649 \$ 650	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	6. Hired farm labor - include all money paid in cash for farm labor to payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do n housework, customwork and contract work.) 7. Contract labor - include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of fruit, verytables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis to crewleader, a cooperative lete. 8. Machine hire and customwork - include expenditures primarily for and for customwork such as granding and mixing feed, ploying, contributed in filling, spraying, dusting, etc. 9. Agricultural chemicals purchased - Add-valides reported in section.	not include s harvestir by a contr r use of e modifying, on 13 and	ig actor, quipme corn	nt.		S 649 S	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	6. Hired farm labor — include all money paid in cash for farm labor to gaments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do no housework, customwork, and contract work.) 7. Contract labor — include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of frust, venytables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis to crewleader, a cooperative, etc. 8. Machine hire and customwork—include expenditures primarily for and for customwork such as granding and maring feed, ploying, consisting site litting spraying, dusting, etc. 9. Agricultural chemicals purchased — Add vallars regarded in secial life. All other pigdantion expense — lineide current depending expense taxes whereast cash real taxbased, remains only for the form he form	not include s harvestir by a contro or use of e ombining on 33 and onsides	actor, autor, autorna corn enter i	nt.		\$ 649 \$ \$550	: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	6. Hired ferm labor - include all money paid in cash for farm labor in payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do n housework, customwork, and contract work.) 7. Contract labor - include expenditures primarily for labor, such us of Just, verytables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis to crevileader, a cooperative, etc. 8. Machine hire and customwork - include expenditures primarily found for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, copicking sito litting spraying, disting, etc. 9. Agricultural chemicals purchased - Add dollars tegoried in section. 10. All other production expenses - Include current overating expensity.	not include s harvestir by a contro or use of e ombining on 33 and onsides	actor, autor, autorna corn enter i	nt.		\$ 649 \$ \$550	
	6. Hired farm labor — include all money paid in cash for farm labor to gaments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do no housework, customwork, and contract work.) 7. Contract labor — include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of frust, venytables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis to crewleader, a cooperative, etc. 8. Machine hire and customwork—include expenditures primarily for and for customwork such as granding and maring feed, ploying, consisting site litting spraying, dusting, etc. 9. Agricultural chemicals purchased — Add vallars regarded in secial life. All other pigdantion expense — lineide current depending expense taxes whereast cash real taxbased, remains only for the form he form	or include s harvesti by a contr r use of e mbining on 33 and ies, and d usiness ind enter i	ig actor, quipme corn enter i	nt, otal here		\$ 5649 \$ 5550 \$ 5551	

Section 35 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products-sold from this place in 1969 - crops, livestock, livestock products, etc.

			2.0	CENTS NOT REC	QUÌRED
Include market) Grains and for and a small and	and the second s		Dollars 660	Cents
value of	 Grains - corn for grain, small grains, sorghums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans 	soybeans for beans, grain s, and dry peas		8	1
landlord's and contractor's share.				661	
(See Leaflet,	2. Tobacco			\$	1
section 35.)	3. Cotton and cottonseed			662 \$	1
	A Riold and how from and william	•		663	1
	_		*******	\$ 664	1
	 Other field crops - peanuts, Irish pota potatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, pine popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc Spe 	apples,			i I
	6. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (L			\$ 665	-
	and sweetpotatoes.)	*******************		s	
	7. Fruits, nuts, and berries - apples, be peaches, pecans, pears, etc	rries, citrus, grapes,		666	1
	8. Poultry and poultry products - broilers			667	

	9. Dairy products - milk cream erc : (R.	eport goat dairy products in item 13.)		668	i
	,, sail, broaders mile; electri, elec (it	:		659	
	10. Dairy cattle and calves	,		\$ 670	1
	11. Other cattle and calves			s	1
				671	1
		, lambs, wool, and mohair	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 672	-
	 Other livestock and livestock products horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, be- 			J	1
	honey, goat dairy products, etc Spe-			S	1
	Id Nursery and prophenes seedungs seld	(Add dollars accounted in postion 99 and set	4.4 \$	673	ì
	14. Hursery and greenhouse products sold	- Add dollars reported in section 22 and ent	ei totai nere.	674	
	15. Forest products sold - Add dollars reg	ported in section 24 and enter total here			1
	16. Total market value of all agricultural p	products sold, before taxes		675	1
	and expenses - Add dollars for items	1 through 15 and enter total nere		13	
Section 36 - FARM-	RELATED INCOME received in 1969	•		CENTS NOT RE	OUIDED
				Dollars	1 Cents
Report amount received before	1. Customwork and other agricultural serv	rices provided for others - plowing, planting		680	1
taxes and expenses.	2. Recreational services - providing hund			681	-
•	3. Payments you received for participation	on in Government farm programs		\$ 682	<u> </u>
	**************************************	Leaflet, section 36.)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	
Section 37 - Type of	ORGANIZATION				
	1. Mark (X) the box which best describes	this operation.			
	690	Corporation, including family (Do not include co-ops.)	s [Other - S	pecify	
	·				
	1 Individual or family farm, excluding partnership and corporation	3 10 or fewer shareholders	For exampl	e: Estate or trust	, Indian
	a Partnership, including family	4 More than 10 shareholders		, prison farm, grazi 1, co-operative, etc	
Section 20 EAPM	OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SECTION 3D - LAKIN	,	re of the farm or 691			
	1. Does the operator - the person in char ranch operations - live on this place?		1 🗀 Yes	2 🔲 No	
	2. Year operator began to operate any par	t of this place	Y	ear	
	3. Operator's age	693		ears old	
-	4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box	694 1 White 2 Negro or blac	k a 🛅 India	n (Amer.) 4	Other
	profession, or on someone else's farm	is place in 1969 – Include work at a nonfarm . (Do not include exchange work.) – Mark (X	job, business) the appropria	ot te box.	
	695 1 None 2 1-49 day	s a 50-99 days 4 100-199 day	s 5 200	days or more	
Section 39 - SIGNAT	TURE of person filling this report - Please che	ck your answers, then sign below.	-A	Telephone	
		700	701 Area	code Number	
Name .		Date			
Remarks - Attach s	eparale sheet, i/ needed.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Short Report Form

FORM 69-A2(8) CENSUS OF AGRIC	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ULTURE — 1969	Budget Bureau No. 41-568075 Approval Expires December 1970
Please mention the Census File Number (the te of the address label) if you write to us about th		Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes.
		CENSUS USE ONLY
		801 1802
		803 804
	`	
· 1		1
(Please correct any error in name		1000
Please read	Section 1 - AGRICULTURAL ACTIV	11 T IN 1707
This form is being used in all parts of the United States. Please answer the ques- tions that apply to your operations and	1. At any time during 1969, did you l	have or produce any: Yes No
return this form in the enclosed envelope.	a. Livestock, poultry, or their pro	ducts?
Please put your answers in the unshaded answer spaces. Explanations and com-	b. Corn, sorghums, small grains, soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, o	
ments may be written in the shaded areas to the left of the answer spaces or in the	c. Vegetables, sweet corn, melons	
"Remarks" space on page 4.	d. A combined total of 20 or more	
If you do not have exact figures, please	citrus), nut trees, and grapevin	
give your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for estimate), if you	e. Nursery or greenhouse products	or sod?
wish.	f. Any other crops?	
Do not include fractions in your enswers except in section 4, stems 11 through 16.	g. Other agricultural products – ho animals, bees, honey, maple pr	oducts, naval stores,
For dollar items, cents are not required: if you peefer to report both dollars and cents, please write the cents in the Cents' column.	Christmas trees or timber for sa What products?	ale, etc.?
If the answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer space blank, unless a small answer box is provided, as in section I. Please mark answers of "Yes," "No," or "None" by placing an X in the small answer box.	2. At any time in 1969, did you own used by someone else for agricult if you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete se	of the questions above,
Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNER		Acres
1.5.4		None 810
1. Land owned an langual from ashare 2	Minda Triand annuland and alarman and alarman	611
	ctuae tand wormed on snares or snare- ite, and railroad land; and land used ren er-head basis under a grazing permit.).	
3. Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others.		None B12
	whed (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), t (item.3), and enter your answer in this s ACE'' for this census report.	
5. How many acres in THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee		a 815 Acres
6. Were there any real estate mertgages, contracts on any part of the land and b		B16 1 Yes 2 No
7. How many persons rented or leased land those working land on shares.		Persons
8. How many acres of the land you cented you subrent or sublease to others? — h which was worked on shares by others.	iclude land rented or leased by you. No	ne 818Acres
to item 4 was "0" because the la	4, but had no crops or livestock on tha nd was rented out, sold, or for another a, complete section 13, and return this f	reason, please skip to page 4
Section 3 - LOCATION of agricultural act 1. Are your principal agricultural operations i	lviiy in 1969	
도 2일 : 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
No - Give county	and State	
Translan winds course of your private	المستقالية الم	
2. Location within country of your princip	er effections Lower	ship, district, precinct, etc.

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 4 - CROPS harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969 - Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.

그 그 그는 사람이 되었다면 하다	Acres	Quantity horvested	
	820	821	
1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity on a shelled basis and		Bushels	٠,
in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight		822 Hundred-	,
		weight	
2 Pints and to attend one to have be described by	823		
2. Field com for silage, cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1)			
	824	825	
3. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in		Bushels'	. `
one unit only - either bushels or pounds		826 or	•
		Pounds	Ì
4. Sorghums for silage, cut for dry forage or hay, or hogged or	827		,
grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 3.)			
	828	829	4
5. Wheat for grain	·.	Bushela	
	830		
6. Other small grains for grain - oats, barley, rye, rice, etc	,		
	831	832	
7. Soybeans for beans		Bushels	
	833	834	•
 Hay - all kinds except sorghum hay (If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE. 			
but report total tons of all cuttings.)	1	Tons, dry	
	835	836	•
9, Cotton		Bales	
	637	636	•
10. Peanuts for nuts	, ,	Pounds	
		1000 may 100 m	•
	Tearlity		
NOTE: For items 11 through 16, report whole acres and tenths	839	840	,
11. Tobacco - all types	10	Pounds	
	841		
12. Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes	10		
	842		,
13. Vegerables, sweet com, or melons for sale	10		4
	043		,
14. Berties for sale	10		
15. Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other	B44		Š
groves, vineyarde, and nut trees of all ages. Include land on which the fruit crop failed. (Do not include abandoned plantings.)			
which the little clob latters, (no his factors continued themsings)	10		
16. All other crops - Include field seeds, sugar crops, darden, nursery and greenhouse products, sod, etc.	845		1
hursery and meenhouse produces, sod, etc.	1/10		
		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	3
17. If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?		Square Square	
The second of th		feet	4
Section 5 - Land USE in 1969 - The purpose of this section is to di	stribute all acres in	his place	
amony items 1 through 5.			
1. Cropland harvested - include all land from which crops were h	urvested or hav	aeq	
was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, in greenhouse products. (If two crops were harvested from the sa	a nursery and me land in 1969.		
report the acres only once.)		Acres	
		961	100
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing		Avies	
3. All other cropland -Include cropland used for soft-improvemen	t crops, crop	862	
failure, outtivated summer fallow, and dule cropland.	ene rasa i conscen	Acres	10
		863	1
4. Woodland - Include woodland pasture	(Acres	
5. All other land - Include pastureland other than crapland and a	oddiana pasturė, 🖈	BGA	
rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wa	telata, etc.	Acres	
6. Total acres in this place - Please and the acres reported in a	ems I f	865	37.0
through 5 and enter the total in this (This total should be the same as the total in Eschiol 2, Nem .	100	Total same	
As used theirs distribution for the dames and their matter as the second		34.6	
7. How much of the total land reported in from 6 was in isofad in	1969)	Acres	8
TO THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF		THE SHALL SHOW SELLEN STATE OF THE SHALL SHOW SHOWS	30

Short Report Form-Continued

Section to - LIMESTOCK and POULTRY - De oute- December 31, 1769 ; no matter who better set on a compact or custom basts and so	o repost all livess Hism. – Include	is sold all liv	estock and	i poultry	
ted of a contract in custom baste and tal	ken from this plac		this place 31, 1969		sold 9
1. Carrie and colves of all ages		870	7.	871	
		872	: :		
a; Cows — include dry cows and helfets that ha (1) Of the coral cows reported in tism is, how		673			
kept for milk production? — Include dry m milk helfeis that had calved	ilk cows and				
		874		875	
2. Hogs and pigs of all ages o. Of the total sold, how many were sold as fee				876	
further feeding?		877		878	
3. Sheep and lambs of all ages	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	879		880	
4. Horses and ponies of all ages	• <u></u>	861	~~~	882	
5. Hens and pullers of laying age (Exclude started raised for sale.)	d pullets being	•			
6. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roost staired pullets)		. 883		884	
7/ Breilers and other meat-type chickens less than	3 months old	885		886	
8. Other livestock and poultry - goars, mules, fur- animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, hives of bees,		887		888	
What kind?		887		888	
				Number of li	*****
9. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between				889	
g. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969				890	
L 7-2 T 1000 3 N 20 1000				890	
b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969				-	
Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in isndiord, contractors, buyers, etc. for cr	1969 - Report exprops, livestock, or	enses paid by	you and b	y others – you	ur
Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in	1969 - Report exprops, livestock, or	enses paid by	ducts prod	y others - you uced on this	
Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in landlord, contractors, buyers, etc for cr place. Use estimates if exact figures ar	1969 - Report exprops, livestock, or e not available.	enses paid by livestock pro	ducts prod	y others you uced on this ENTS NOT REQ Dollars	
Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in indiord, contractors, buyers, etc. for cr place. Use estimates if exact figures are lamba, goats, berses, baby chicks, poults, start	1969 - Report exprops, livestock, or e not available. es, hogs, pigs, she ted pullets, etc.	enses paid by livestock pro	ducts prod	y others you uced on this ENTS NOT REQ Dollars	UIRED
Section 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in individual contractors, buyers, etc. for cr place. Use estimates if exact figures are likely to the contract of the contract	1969 - Report exprops, livestock, or e not available. es, hogs, pigs, she ted pullets, etc.	enses paid by livestock pro	ducts prod	y others you uced on this ENTS NOT REQ Dollars	UIRED
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Short Report Form-Continued

Section 8 — MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products s crops, livestock, livestock products, etc. — Include market value of land	old from	n this p	ace in 1)69 - -
crops, treates, treasuck plausers, etc Include market occur of tand	2014 8.0		NOT REG	
	, , ,		ollars	Cents
1. Livestock, poultry, and their products		920		ļ
2. Crops including nursery products and hay sold		921		ŀ
3. Forest products - firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber of trees, maple products, etc.		922		
4. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 3 and enter total here	-	923 \$		
Section 9 - FARM RELATED INCOME received in 1989 - Report amount received b	efore to	ixes and	i expense	s.
		CENTS	NOT REG	
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.		930 S	oriars	Cons
2. Recreational services – providing hunting, fishing, pienicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		931 S		-
3. Payments you received for participation in government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans).		932		+
		1 8		
Section 10 - MACHINERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1969, who others - Include only equipment used in 1968 or 1969.			you or i ufactured	•
Selected machinery and equipment on this place December 31, 1969		or later	1964 or	
1. Automobiles	940		941	: .
2. Motortrucks - Include pickups	942	,	943	
3. Tractors other than garden tractors and moror tillers	944		945	`
4. Riding garden tractors 7 hp. and over	946		947	,
5. Grain and bean combines - self-propelled only	948		949	
6. Compickers and picker-shellers, including com heads for combines	950		951	
7. Pickup balers	952		953	,
	***************************************	CENT	S NOT RE	OURE
8. Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment usually kept on this place and used for the farm business — Include the items listed above			ol lars	Cent
and any other machinery and equipment		\$!
Section 11 - VALUE of land and BUILDINGS on this place	, (CENTS	NOT RE	QUIRED
1. Please enter your estimate of the current market value of		D	allars	Cents
the acres you operated (owned and rented acres in section 2, item 4) and the buildings on them		960 \$		i
Section 12 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS	***************************************		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations - live on this place?] Yes	· · · · ·	2 ☐ No	
2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place	,	Year	. (3)	
3. Operator's age		Year	s old	
4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box i White 2 Negto or black 3	Indi	an (Am	er.)	Cthe
5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1959 - Include work at a nonly or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) Mark (X) the appre			ss or pro	fession
974 1 None 2 1-49 days 2 50-99 days 4 100-199 days	وويرته بكراه	1,3,1	ays or mo	ite
Section 13 - SiGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below.	Area c	territoria in the 1986.	lephone nber	
NameDate				
	 	ب برا	,,	

Page

AN IMPORTANT LETTER



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233

January 1970

It is time for the 1969 Census of Agriculture, and your help in completing It is time for the 1909 behaus of Agriculture, and your neity in compar-this vital record of America's farms and ranches is very much needed. Dear Sir:

Nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since 18-0, have nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since 10-0, have provided a continuing flow of statistical information, increasingly needed

by government, business, and education. And the rapid changes going on in agriculture today make the 1969 Census

Great changes are taking place in the use of farm machines, chemicals, of very special importance. ores, charles are carried place in the use of farm machines, chemicals, fertilizers, and new plant varieties, and in the management of farms and ranches. These changes are having an enormous impact on farm people, runranches. These changes are having an enormous impact on rarm people, for ning all the way from the varieties and amounts of crops and livestock you and your neighbors are producing, to the planning of Federal programs for

Agriculture and its problems must be understood if our agricultural people both farm and nonfarm people. Agriculture and its problems must be understood in our agricultural peoplers to prosper. Decisions that will lead to improved programs and more are to prosper. Decisions that will lead to improved programs and more responsible action must be based on reliable facts. Our farms and ranchesresponsible action made be pased on reliable facts. Our rarms and ranches nearly 3 million independent businesses—are scattered all across the land nearly marrical independent outsinesses—are scattered and across the land of America. A nationwide census of all farms and ranches is the orly means of cotaining an up-to-date and accurate inventory of our agricultural

Please fill out the enclosed form and mail it back to us as soon as you can, Flease 1111 out the encrosed 10TH and Hell It back to us as soon as you ca preferably not later than February 15th. Use the enclosed envelope which

Your report will be held in complete confidence. It can be seen only by four report will be need in complete confidence. It can be seen only by Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law Critic 13, U.S. Code) provides that it cannot be shown to or used by anyone outside the Bureau for any purpose whatsoever.

Your help in completing this important census is most appreciated.

Sincerely

J. Thomas Breen, Chief

NOTE: If you write to us, please use the Census File Number shown on the address label. Agriculture Division

THIS IS YOUR LEAFLET GUIDE Through the 1969 Census of Agriculture Need Help? Use These Leaflet Notes Leaflet Introduction

FIRST, SOME GENERAL INFORMATION

- The enclosed Census report form is being used by farms and ranches throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and inquiries which do not apply to you. Where this is the case, you can simply mark the "No" box and go on to the next section.
- If a section contains inquiries that apply to you, it may be helpful to read all the items in the section before you start to supply the information. A look at the section as a whole will show what is to be reported and where it should be written.
- You will also find that there are items within sections you may not need to read. beyond noting the subject with which they deal. For instance, item 9 in section 1 asks several questions about landlords. If you did not rent any land from others, you can skip all of the detail in item 9 and go to item 10.
- There is a possibility that you may receive more than one envelope containing a census report form for this place (a duplicate, or in your wife's name, your partner's - name, etc.). If this should happen, please fill out one form only. Mark the extra form or forms with the Census File Number of the form you complete (for example, "Extra-See No. 86312 09812") and return the extras in the envelope with the completed report. There is a "File Copy" enclosed in each envelope; this is for your use and should not be returned to the Bureau of the Census.

If your wife, or a partner, runs a separate agriculture operation of her or his own, it should be reported on a separate form.

HOW TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS

- Please put your answers only in the unshaded answer spaces. Write any explanations and comments in the shaded areas to the left of the answer spaces or in the "Remarks" space on page 12 or on a separate sheet.
- If your answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer spaces blank; except for the few places where a small answer box is provided, as for "None" in section 1. Please mark an answer of "Yes," "No," or "None" with an X in the box.
- If you do not have exact figures available, please report your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for "estimated") if you wish.
- For all dollar items, we need only whole dollars, although a "cents" column is provided for those who wish to use it. If you prefer to report both dollars and cents, be sure to write the cents in the "cents" column to avoid the risk that they be mistaken for dollars. For example \$1714.45 should be reported as I CENTS NOT REQUIRED

1 17/4:

CENTS NOT REQUIRED Deller 1 1714 45

but not as

CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dellers Cents 1774.45

1

3

1

Do **not** include fractions in your answers except where called for. Where fractions are called for, report the fraction in tenths of the whole number, and enter the fraction in the "tenths" part of the answer space. Some common fractions which you can report in "tenths" are:

Report 1/8 as 1/10 3/8 as 4/10 5/8 as 6/10 1/6 as 2/10 5/6 as 8/10 1/4 as 2/10 3/4 as 8/10 1/3 as 3/10 2/3 as 7/10

Example for 3½ tons of fertilizer

If you prefer, report to the nearest whole number; fractions are not required.

• HOW TO USE THIS LEAFLET

This leaflet is for your use; do not return it with your Census of Agriculture report. It gives answers to the questions that come up most often when the report is being prepared.

Like the form, this leaflet is being used in all parts of the United States, and it contains much information that will not apply to your place. For example, section 4 of this leaflet gives additional information about reporting irrigation water in section 4 of the report. If you did not irrigate in 1969, you should answer the first two questions and you'll not need to read the corresponding page of this leaflet.

The rest of this leaflet is information to help you, organized by sections to correspond with the sections of the census report form.

Now you will want to start filling out the report form. As you answer the items in each section, you will find substantial help in the corresponding section of this leaflet.

SECTION 1 ACREAGE IN 1969, OWNERSHIP, AND LAND VALUE

Part A

Use items 1, 2, and 3 to arrive at the acres of land for which you should complete the Census report form. Include all agricultural land with which you were associated in 1969, regardless of where the land was located. Do not include holdings of residential or commercial properties not associated with agricultural operations. Report all land in whole acres; if you had less than one acre report it as one acre.

Places no longer operated on December 31, 1969 - If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1969, complete the report, giving information on the land you operated and your 1969 crop and livestock production and sales from that land. Normally you would not be expected to report inventories of poultry, livestock, machinery, or equipment. Please explain in the "Remarks" section on page 12 or on a separate sheet that you quit farming or ranching during 1969 and give the approximate date.

Other changes in land operated during 1969 - If part of the land you used during 1969 was no longer in your possession on December 31, 1969, include that land and your 1969 crop and livestock operations on that land in your report. If you acquired land during 1969 for your own use but did not use it for crops or livestock that year, do not include that land in your report.

Please explain the change in acres during 1969 by making a notation in the "Remarks" section on page 12, or on a separate sheet. Statements such as the following can be used:

My report includes_____acres I used in 1969 but which I did not have on December 31, 1969.

O

My report does not include______acres acquired before January 1, 1970, but not used by me in 1969.

- Item 1 Land owned Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1969, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnerships or organizations for which you are reporting. This acreage is considered in figuring the size of "This Place" (item 4, section 1).
- Item 2 Land rented or leased from others If you rented land from others or worked land on a share basis in 1969, you should report this land as rented by you even though the landlord may have supplied equipment, fertilizer or other materials, and some supervision of your work. Include Federal lands rented or leased by the acre in this item, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis (see "Grazing permit" on page 6).

Item 3 Land rented or leased to others

Include in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of the crops or livestock.
- Land which you rented from others and then subleased to others in 1969.
- Land rented out for residential or other nonfarm purposes (if it was included in item 1 or 2).
- Land worked for you by someone else on a share-of-the-crop basis.

Do not include in item 3:

 Land on which you yourself had any crops or livestock during 1969, even though it was rented to others for part of the year.

In the remaining sections of the questionnaire, do **not** report any crops or livestock on land reported in item 3 as rented or leased to others.

Item 4 Acres in this place - This is the sum of the land you owned in 1969 plus the land you rented from others, minus the land you rented to others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since the remainder of the form applies only to the resulting net figure - the "Acres in this place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on "Acres in this place." as reported in item 4.

Leaflet Guide—Continued

Grazing permit - In some States, government lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, payment being made on a per-head or animal-unit basis. This land should not be included as part of item 2, "Land rented or leased," or item 4, "Acres in this place." Report it only in item 10. But if any of your livestock were located on such land in 1969, they should be included in your report.

SECTION 1 SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM?

PART C YES, if at any time during 1969 there were on this place:

- Any livestock or poultry or their products.
- Any corn, sorghums, small grains, hay, cotton, tobacco, soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, or sugar crops.
- Any vegetables, melons, or berries grown for sale.
- A combined total of 20 or more fruit trees (including citrus), nut trees, and
- Any nursery or greenhouse products, mushrooms, or sod.
- Any other crops.
- · Any other agricultural products horses, fur-bearing animals in captivity, bees, honey, maple products, naval stores, Christmas trees or timber for sale etc.

NO, if -

- You reported an acreage in section 1, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1969, on that land, or
- All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper and hence the entry in section 1, item 4 is "0,"

In either case, you should:

- 1. Skip to page 12 and complete section 39.
- 2. Explain briefly in the "Remarks" space. For example, "All land rented out;" "Sold farm in 1968;" "House lot only-no crops or livestock."
- 3. Mail the form in the return envelope provided.

SECTION 2 For item 2 of this section we need the name of the geographic area or political subdivision (within the county or parish) where your principal agricultural operations are located. Some examples of the type of area or subdivision we mean are shown on the report form; some other term may be used in your State such as:

> Borough City Civil district Civil township Election precinct Grant

Patent Plantation Purchase School district Indian reservation Surplus Judicial township Town

Militia district

National park

Unorganized township

Justice precinct Location

Magisterial district

- 6 -

SECTION LAND USE IN 1969

3

These land-use items apply only to the land you reported as "Acres in this place" in section 1, item 4, If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1969. report such land only on the line for the first item which fits one of the purposes, and not on the line for the second purpose. For example, if you harvested a grain crop and later let cattle graze on the stubble, report the land as harvested cropland, but not as cropland used only for pasture or grazing. Please report in whole acres.

Item 1a Cropland harvested - This includes acreage from which you cut either wild or tame hay, land in greenhouses, nurseries, or sod, and land in orchards, groves, and vineyards (both bearing and nonbearing) unless the trees or plantings have been abandoned.

Item 1b Pastureland - Cropland from which you did not take a crop or cut hay in 1969, but which you used for pasture is to be reported in item 1b. Woodland in which livestock were allowed to graze in 1969 is to be reported as woodland pastured in item 2a

> Report in item 3 land (other than cropland or woodland) that could be used as pastureland or rangeland, whether or not livestock actually grazed on it in 1969.

Crop failure - If all of a crop failed (except fruit or nuts in an orchard, grove, or Item 1d vineyard being maintained for production) and you did not harvest any other crop from this land, and did not pasture or graze it, report the acres in item 1d "crop failure." If only part of the acreage of a crop was harvested, be sure to report only the harvested acreage in item 1a of section 3 and for the appropriate crop in sections 8 through 23,

Item 1e Cultivated summer fallow - Report as fallow all cropland that was plowed and cultivated or on which the growth of weeds was controlled through the use of herbicides, but which was left unseeded for 1969 harvest for the purpose of conserving moisture. Include such cropland as cultivated summer fallow even if during 1969 it was planted to wheat for harvest in 1970.

SECTION 4 IRRIGATION

Source of water in 1969 - Most irrigators will have received water from only one source. If this is true in your case, enter 100 percent on the proper line. If you obtained water from two of the three sources, an approximate figure for each source is acceptable, for example, 30 percent, 70 percent, etc. One way of making such an estimate is to figure your acreage irrigated from each source as a percent. For example, 20% of the cropland harvested irrigated from your own well; 80% of the cropland harvested irrigated with water from a water supply organization.

Estimated quantity of water used in 1969 - If you can estimate the total quantity of irrigation water used by any one of the methods shown, report only by that method - in item a, b, or c. If it is easier for you to estimate part of the water used by one method and part by another, use the lines which apply.

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts measure water in acre-feet and the amount used is shown in acre-feet on their bills. Where you are not billed for water in this manner, you may prefer to give the depth applied in inches during the full season and the acres covered, as called for in item 5c. We will compute the acre-feet from this information. (Item 5 discussion continued on next page.)

Gallons - Estimates in gallons must usually be figured if you have your own pump. If you know the rate of flow through your pump, use that. Otherwise, use the manufacturer's rated capacity for the pump. This is given in gallons per minute.

To make an estimate of gallons for the season, you can substitute in the following example, the rated capacity of your pump, the approximate number of hours you pumped per day, and the estimated number of days the pump operated during the vear.

EXAMPLE

Step 1. Compute gallons per hour -

100 gallons per minute times 60=

6,000 gallons per hour

Step 2. Compute gallons per day -

20 hours pumped times 6,000=

120,000 gallons per day

Step 3. Compute gallons per season - 96 days pump operated times 120,000=

11,520,000 gallons per year

Step 4. Enter 11,520,000 for item 5b.

When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate depth of water applied during the season in inches and report acres covered.

Other methods of reporting total quantity - In some areas miners inches are used to measure water use. In other areas cubic feet per second (second feet) are a common measure of flow. If you use either of these measures, please report this information in the "Remarks" section at the end of the form, or on a separate sheet, rather than in item 5. If you report in either miners inches or cubic feet per second, please don't forget to report also how many hours or days water was delivered at the given rate.

If you are not able to report the actual amount or an estimate of the water quantity. please give as many facts as you can in the "Remarks" section (page 12) or on an attached sheet of paper. Following are examples of helpful items: number of wells, their depth, diameter and measured rate of flow; allowable diversion rate from streams; capacity of pump or diameter of pump outlet; days operated per season or number of times irrigated; whether land is irrigated before planting; and so on.

SECTION 5 ARTIFICIAL DRAINAGE

Acreages reported in this section should be your estimate of the amount of land on this place in 1969 which was benefited to some extent by artificial drainage facilities. Even though your whole place may be in a drainage district, report only that part which is artificially drained. Acres drained by more than one system should be reported only once, for the most important one. However, if different parts of this place had different types of drainage systems, you will have entries in more than one item.

SECTIONS 8-23

CROPS HARVESTED IN 1969-GENERAL INFORMATION

How and where to report - You will find it easier to report your crops if you glance through pages 3 to 8 of the reporting form and read the paragraphs on pages 9 to 11 of this leaflet, before you begin to fill in your answers.

CROPS GENERAL-Continued

Report in each section only the crops called for there. For example, field corn is to be reported in section 8, wheat in section 10, Irish potatoes in section 13, and vegetables for sale in section 21. Section 23 is the place to report any crop not asked for in sections 8-22.

Do not include in your report any crops on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others or worked on shares by others. Your report should cover only the crops on the "acres in this place." as reported in item 4 of section 1. The next 6 pages of this leaflet contain general information about the reporting of crops, and a discussion of some special crop reporting problems. Table 1, at the end of this leaflet provides a listing of conversion factors for the crops most commonly grown.

• HOW TO REPORT CROPS HARVESTED - AN EXAMPLE

A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 200 tons. Using a corn head on his combine, he harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized, using 7 8/10 tons of dry fertilizer.

His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Section 8 - Was any FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969? Yes - Complete this section 7,000 Bushel . Field cote for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundreducing of shelled corn 80 200 green -20 2. Field core for silage Field corn cut for green or dry lodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reput Commercial fertilizer used on field corn

- a. Item 1 calls for grain or seed, so he entered 80 in the "Acres harvested" column and 7,000 in the bushels space in the "Quantity harvested" column. The 80 acres for grain were not irrigated so he made no entry in the "Acres irrigated" column.
- b. For item 2, Corn for silage, he entered 20 acres harvested, 200 tons quantity harvested, and 20 acres irrigated.
- c. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, he did not make any entry in item 3.
- d. In item 4, he entered 100 for "Acres fertilized," entered 7 for whole tons, and 8 for tenths in the "Dry" space.

CROPS, GENERAL Continued

COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER

For each crop, report the number of acres fertilized in 1969, and report the total tons and tenths of tons used in all applications. Report the total weight of the fertilizer, including filler. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

If you bought fertilizer on an analysis basis and do not know the total tons used, the following example will show you how to estimate the total tons of fertilizer.

Example 1: A farmer fertilized 70 acres of corn at the rate of 100 pounds of N (nitrogen) per acre and used an analysis of 33-0-0, as recommended by the fertilizer dealer.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used including filler:

- Divide the 100 pounds of nitrogen by the percent of nitrogen in the analysis, in this case 33, to get the total pounds of fertilizer per acre.
- Multiply the pounds per acre (obtained in step 1) by 70 acres to get total pounds of fertilizer used.
- 3. Convert pounds to tons by dividing by 2,000.
 - (1) 100 (pounds of N) = 10,000 = 303 (lbs. per acre) .33 (% of N in analysis) 33
 - (2) 303 x 70 (acres) = 21,210 pounds.
- (3) $21,210 \pm 2,000 = 10.6/10$ tons.

If you don't know the percent analysis of nitrogen, but do know the phosphorus (P_2O_5) or potash (K_2O), work the estimate in the same way as when nitrogen is the known factor.

If you know how much fertilizer was applied per acre, but don't know the total tons, use the method in this example.

Example 2: Sixty-five acres of corn were fertilized with 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used, multiply the 65 acres fertilized times the 150 pounds of fertilizer used per acre. This gives the total pounds of fertilizer used. Then divide by 2,000 to get the total tons.

- a. Multiply 65 acres fertilized by 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre to get 9,750.
- b. Divide 9,750 total pounds of fertilizer by 2,000 to get 4.875.
- c. Enter 4 9/10 tons.

• TWO OR MORE CROPS HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

Example 1. A farmer had a 20-acre field:

- a. He harvested oats from the 20 acres in 1969.
- b. He then planted the 20 acres in soybeans and harvested them during the same year.

He should report:

- 1. The 20 acres of oats in section 10, item 4.
- 2. The 20 acres of soybeans in section 11, item 1.

- 10 -

CROPS, GENERAL— Continued

In such a case the acres of crops harvested may be greater than the acres of land reported in item 1a of section 3 (land use).

Example 2: A 10-acre field of red clover was cut for hay in 1969.

The same 10 acres was later harvested for seed.

- 1. Ten acres for hay should be reported in section 14, item 2.
- 2. Ten acres for seed should be reported in section 15, item 1.

• INTERPLANTED CROPS AND "SKIP-ROW" PLANTING

If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, report for each crop the part of the field used for that crop.

Example 1: If a 40-acre tract of land was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans for beans, 20 acres should be reported for beans in section 11, item 1, and 20 acres should be reported for cotton in section 12, item 1.

Example 2: If you planted "skip" rows in soil-improvement crops, report the harvested portion of the field in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the soil-improvement acreage in section 3, item 1c.

Example 3: If you left "skip" rows idle, report the harvested portion of the acres in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the idle acres in section 3, item 1f.

• CROPS HARVESTED IN ORCHARDS

If approximately 4 acres of tomatoes were grown among the trees in a 10-acre apple orchard, you'd still report all 10 acres as orchard acres in section 16, item 1, and also as apple acreage in section 17, item 1. Report the 4 acres of tomatoes in section 21, item 1.

• REPORTING UNIT FOR QUANTITY HARVESTED

The units of measure given on the report form for quantity of each crop harvested are, in general, those most commonly used throughout the country. For corn, grain sorghums, rice, grapes, prunes, and figs, a choice of two or more units is provided.

If you happen to use in your records a unit different from what is printed on the form, please convert your figure on quantity harvested, to the unit shown. For your convenience, we have printed table 1 at the end of this leaflet, showing approximate weight per unit for the crops most frequently reported. Use these if you do not have more accurate information available.

Now you will want to start filling out the crops sections of the report form, referring to this leaflet, if necessary.

SECTION 14

HAY AND SILAGE HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

If you made one cutting of alfalfa for hay and another cutting for green feed, report the acres for the alfalfa cut for hay in item 1 of section 14, and report the acres again for hay crops cut and fed green in item 9 of the same section.

- 11 -

SECTION 15

FIELD SEEDS

The acres of land harvested for field seeds often will have been reported in section 14 because hay also was cut from the same land. If you fertilized the fields for the general purpose of getting better production of both hay and seed, report the "acres fertilized" and the quantity of fertilizer used only in section 14, item 10. But if you applied fertilizer especially for the benefit of the seed crop, report in item 9 of section 15 the "acres fertilized" and the weight (in tons) of fertilizer applied for the seed crop.

Item 9
SECTIONS

16-19.

GENERAL

ORCHARDS - FRUIT TREES, NUT TREES, AND GRAPEVINES

In counting the combined total of trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production.

Include land in trees that, because of weather damage, did not bear in 1969. Also include orchard and grove acreage from which the crop was not harvested because of unsatisfactory prices, labor shortage, etc. Do not include acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned.

If fruit and nut trees were planted in borders or were interplanted among other crops, estimate the orchard acreage by dividing the total number of such trees by the usual number of such trees per acre in your locality.

When you need to estimate the acres in fruit and nut trees, first find the planting distance between trees, then divide the total number of trees by the number per acre that corresponds with the planting distance, as given in the following table. The result represents the approximate acreage. For exemple, 700 trees planted 25 feet x 25 feet apart, (70 trees per acre) would represent 10 acres.

Nur	nber of fruit an	d nut trees per acre	
Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre	Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre
8 x 8	680	22 x 24	
8 x 10	545	24 x 24	7
8 x 12	454	25 x 25	7
9 x 9	538	26 x 26	6
0 x 10	436	27 x 27	6
0 x 12	363	28 x 28	5
2 x 12	302	28 x 30	5
2 x 14	259	30 x 30	4
4 × 14	222	32 x 32	4
5 x 15	194	35 x 35	3
6 x 16	170	36 x 36	3
8 x 18	134	40 × 40	2
8 x 20	121	40 x 45	2
8 x 22	110	45 x 45	2
0 x 20	109	45 x 50	1
0 x 22	99	50 x 50	1
0 x 24	91	55 x 50	1
22 x 22	90	60×60	1

SECTION 17

NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES OR GRAPEVINES

Item 8

Avocados - In California, report the quantity harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969. In Florida, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested between July 1, 1969, and February 28, 1970.

Items 10 and 11

Grapes - Report raisin grapes on either a fresh-weight or dry-weight basis, according to how you sold them. If you sold raisin grapes by both methods, please convert to one basis. One pound of raisins usually equals about 4 3/10 pounds of fresh grapes. Report all other grapes on a fresh-weight basis.

Please separate the European-type grapes among items 11a, 11b, and 11c of section 17 on the basis of variety and **not** on the basis of use. Some of the common varieties are as follows:

- 11a. Raisin varieties Black Corinth, Muscat, Sultana, and Thompson Seedless.
- 11b. Table varieties Emperor, Malaga, Red Malaga, Ribier, and Tokay.
- Wine varieties Alicante Bouschet, Carignane, Grenache, Mission, Palomino, Petite Sirah, and Zinfandel.

item 15

Olives - In California and Arizona, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested from the bloom of 1969 for the 1969-70 harvest season - September 15, 1969, to about February 28, 1970. In all other States report the total 1969 crop.

SECTION 19

NUT TREES

Item 4

Pecans - Improved pecans refer to pecan trees that have been budded, grafted or top worked. Consider all other pecan trees as wild or seedling, whether grown in orchards pastures, etc.

Item 6

For quantity of tung nuts harvested, report pounds in the husk. For all other tree nuts, report quantity in the shell.

Item 7

Report planted black walnuts in item 7. Do not report wild black walnuts.

SECTION 21

VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS

Report vegetable crops harvested in the calendar year 1969 for all States except Florida. For Florida, report any vegetable crops that were harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969.

Report the entire acreage of each vegetable crop harvested. For example, if you harvested three acres of radishes from a field in 1969, then replanted the field to radishes and harvested the three acres again, report 6 acres harvested in section 21, item 15, No. 350. (If crops are grown, such as radishes, which are included in the "Other vegetable crops" list, below item 15 in section 21, write the name of the crop and the code number (Radishes....350) in the spaces provided in item 15.) If each crop of radishes was fertilized, report only 3 acres fertilized but report the total tons of all fertilizer used.

Leaflet Guide—Continued

SECTION

NURSERY OR GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS GROWN FOR SALE

Item 6

Mushrooms - Report the square feet of bed space used in 1969, multiplied by the number of times it was harvested. Do not report the total floor space of the building or other area where the mushrooms were grown, For example, if you harvested two crops of mushrooms from an area of 20,000 square feet of bed space, report 40,000 square feet of area used.

SECTION

OTHER CROPS

23

In addition to the crops named in this section, also use section 23 to report any crops harvested that have not been accounted for in sections 8-22.

Sugarcane · The sugarcane growing season differs in each of the three growing areas in the United States. Report acres harvested (or to be harvested) during the current cutting season, as follows:

In Florida, November 1969 through April 1970.

In Louisiana, October 1969 through December 1969.

In Hawaii, October 1, 1968, through September 30, 1969.

In Florida and Louisiana, report acres of sugarcane planted for harvest later than the current cutting season, as cropland idle, in section 3, item 1f. For Hawaii, special provision is made on the form for reporting sugarcane planted for future harvest.

SECTION 24

FOREST PRODUCTS SOLD

Report here, all forest products sold from this place in 1969, regardless of who made the sales. For example, sales made by the landlord should be included.

SECTIONS 25-29, GENERAL

POULTRY, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, OTHER LIVESTOCK

These items deal with the livestock and poultry on this place or sold from this place in 1969, regardless of ownership. If livestock or poultry were fed on this place on a contract or on a custom basis, report them as sold if they were taken from this place in 1969. Animals or poultry owned by you that were not on this place at any time in 1969 because they were fed for you by someone else, such as in a feedlot or poultryhouse, are not to be included in this report; they should be accounted for on the agriculture census report for the feedlot, poultryhouse, etc.

Count as being on this place, animals that were owned by you or kept by you for others, but which on December 31, 1969, were on land used on a permit basis (national forestland; grazing district land; or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management). See "Grazing permit," page 6 of this leaflet.

Do not include in your report any livestock or poultry on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others. Your report should cover only the livestock and poultry on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in item 4 of section 1.

SECTION

CHICKENS, TURKEYS, OTHER POULTRY

25

For each item, report the number on this place December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them, and the number of poultry sold from this place, or taken from this place during 1969, including those raised or fed under a contract. Do not include any sales of baby chicks or poults.

_ 14 _

Item 1a Hens and pullets of laying age - Include hens in molt with the other hens and pullets of laying age. In the "sold" column include any old or cull hens sold during 1969.

Other turkeys - In the "sold" column, report turkeys sold for slaughter and those Item 3b that were brooded and then moved to another place for further feeding.

SECTION CATTLE AND CALVES

26

Item 2 Milk cows - Include cows of any breed milked for home use or for sale.

item 4

In the "Total number sold" answer spaces, include the cattle and calves sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals fed on this place under contract or on a custom basis if they were taken from this place in 1969. Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such transactions are considered to be "dealer" purchases and sales.

In the "Number fattened ..." answer spaces, report the number of head that were sold for slaughter after being fattened in the manner described, provided they were expected to produce carcasses that would grade "USDA Good" or better. Do not report in this column yeal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold; do not include cattle or calves that have been fed grain or concentrates and sold for further feeding.

SECTION

27

Item 3

Item 1a

Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding - Include bred sows and bred gilts, other sows and gilts intended for breeding, and boars and young males to be used for breeding.

Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 - Include all pigs born on this place that were sold for slaughter or taken from this place for further feeding.

SECTION 30

CONTRACT OR BINDING AGREEMENT

Many farm products are produced under a contract or binding agreement made between the producer and the person who buys or uses the farm product. These contracts or agreements usually specify the kind and amount of the farm product to be produced, where or to whom it is to be delivered, what price the producer is to be paid or how the price is to be determined. The contracts may specify the variety of crop or breed of animal or poultry to be produced, and may provide for services such as spraying, dusting, fertilizing, harvesting, packing, and selling. The contractor may supply seed, fertilizer, or feed. He may also provide financing and a field man to give advice and to inspect the product while it is being produced, Include contracts for the growing of heifers for dairy farms, contracts involving cow pools, milking pools, and cow-leasing agreements.

In this section, include under the "Co-op" item, production contracts with a cooperative processor. Do not include contracts made by you to have someone else provide a service to you or grow or produce something for you.

Report sales contracts or agreements providing just for the marketing or sale of a product, such as milk, as "Marketing or sales contracts or agreements." Also report under this same heading, marketing contracts and agreements with marketing associations and cooperatives. Usually very few or no services or supplies are provided by the buyer of the farm product under a sales contract or agreement.

If the sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor or equipment, report it as a production contract.

Do **not** report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural products. Some *examples* of agreements or contracts not to be reported here are:

Rental of land

Hauling

Purchase of feed, fertilizer or other farm supplies Labor wage agreements and financing of farm operations

Government program agreements

Agricultural services

Customwork

Farm machinery rentals

SECTION 31

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The items in this section refer to machinery and equipment kept on this place and used for the farm business in 1968 or 1969, regardless of ownership.

Item 12

Item 12 refers to the market value of **all** machinery and equipment, not just the items listed on the report form. The value you report should be your estimate of how much the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition - **not** the replacement cost or the depreciated value.

SECTION 32

HIRED WORKERS

Do not include workers who did only contruction work or other work not related to the production of crops or livestock. Do not include employees of a labor contractor, cooperative, processor, or dealer who performed contract work on this place. Report all other hired workers, including members of your family if they were paid wages, who did farm or ranch work on this place. Report each person only once even though he may have worked several different times during the year.

SECTION 33

INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME AND OTHER CHEMICALS

For each item report only once the total acres treated, but give the total cost of materials used in all treatments. If you used a dual purpose chemical, report the total acres treated for each item (insect, disease, etc.), and divide the cost of materials between the items. If the same acreage was treated separately for two purposes, give acres and cost of materials for each item. For example, if cotton was treated for insects and then treated for defoliation, the acres and material cost for insect treatment would be reported under item 2b and the acres and material cost for defoliation would be reported in item 3.

Do **not** include the cost of chemically treated seed or the cost of chemicals used by you to treat seed prior to planting.

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SECTION PRODUCTION EXPENSES 34

Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For example, if you grew broilers or fed cattle for others, include in the production expenses, item 1, your best estimate of the value of the baby chicks or cattle at the time they were brought to this place. Also include, in item 2, the value and amount of all feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place.

Do not include expenses (or sales) related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities).

Item 1 Livestock and poultry - Report the total amount spent by you and by your landlord or by others for all livestock and poultry bought during 1969 for production, including feeding, on this place. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time.

including feeding, on this place. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time they came on this place.

Do **not** include the purchase cost of livestock or poultry bought and then resold within 30 days.

Item 2 Feed - Report the cost of all feed for livestock and poultry during 1969. When feed was supplied by others, as in broiler contracts, estimate the cost of the feed used on this place. Do not include the cost of feed for livestock fed off this place, but do include the cost of feed fed to cattle or sheep while they are on "permit" grazing land (see "Grazing permit." on page 6 of this leaflet).

Item 2a Commercially mixed formula feeds - Include all complete feeds, concentrates, feed additive supplements, base mixes and premixes fed in 1969. Include your best estimate of tons and value of feed furnished by others for livestock and poultry that were grown or fed on this place for others under contract.

Item 10 All other production expenses

Include-

Purchase of irrigation water

Costs of operating and maintaining irrigation systems

Farm electricity

Veterinary services and medicine

Hauling and other marketing charges

Farm supplies

Farm taxes

Interest on farm debts

All other farm-related expenditures

Do not include-

Value of the landlord's share of crops or livestock produced on this place Purchase of long-term assets, such as tractors and machinery, land, or new

buildings

Expenditures for construction of major improvements, such as drainage canals, irrigation systems, etc.

Income taxes

Interest on nonfarm loans

SECTION 35

MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD

These questions are asked to obtain a measure of the agricultural productivity of your county, State, and the entire United States. Information given in this report will be combined with that for other farms in your county and only totals will be published. By Federal law, the information you give in this report is confidential. Your report is to be used for statistical purposes only, and cannot be revealed to anyone who is not a Census employee. Census employees are under oath (with penalty for violation) not to reveal such information.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1969, regardless of the year they were produced; and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place any time in 1969. Do not report your net income. Do not report value of sales from land which you rented to others. If you rent land from others or work land on shares for others, include the value of the landlord's share of any products removed from this place. If you operate as a partnership, include the total value of all products sold from this place for all partners. Include the value of crops you have placed under government loan or seal in 1969 along with the value of all crops sold.

Sales from nonfarm-related activities (such as trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities) should not be included.

Value of products harvested by others - If crops were harvested by cooperatives or by others, and you received for your product a price which did not include the cost of harvesting, hauling, etc., please report the gross value which includes these costs before they were deducted. If your records do not show such figures separately, please estimate the cost of such services and include these with the value of the product. Also be sure that the cost of these services has been included in the proper production expense items in section 34.

Livestock or crops under contract - For livestock or crops, including vegetables and fruits, produced by you under contract, report the gross value before deductions for any feed, seeds, plants, fertilizer, sprays, dusts, and labor or equipment furnished by the contractor. For example, if you received \$1,000 cash and you estimate that the contractor furnished \$500 in seeds, production and harvesting costs, report \$1,500 as the gross sales value of the crops grown under contract. The value of materials furnished or paid for by others also should be included in the proper items in section

- Item 8 Poultry and poultry products Report the value of all eggs, broilers, hens and roosters, started pullets, ducks, turkeys, and other poultry and their eggs sold or moved from this place during 1969. If the sale price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. For example, if you produced 10,000 pounds of poultry on a contract basis and you estimate the market price at 20 cents per gound, then you should report \$2,000 as the market value.
- Item 9 Dairy products Include the gross value of all milk and cream sold from this place.

 Report the total value before hauling costs and Co-op dues are subtracted.
- Stem 10 Dairy cattle and calves Report the total value of sales of all dairy cattle and calves (including heifers, bulls, and bull calves) sold from this place.
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Item 11

Other cattle and calves - Report the value of sales of all cattle and calves other than dairy animals sold from this place in 1969. Be sure to include the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, or cost of hauling and selling, etc. If the sales price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. The value of sales of cattle and calves bought and kept on this place less than 30 days before removal should not be included.

Do not report the value of sales of livestock owned by you but held on and sold, from someone else's place. For exemple, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place. For cattle moved from your place to a feedlot for further feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Item 12

Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include the value of all hogs and pigs, sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair sold or taken from this place during 1969. Report the value (or give your best estimate) of animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared the receipts. Include animals fed under contract or on a custom basis on this place if the animals were sold or taken from this place during 1969.

SECTION 36

FARM RELATED INCOME RECEIVED IN 1969

36 Item 3

Report all government payments received by you from any of the following direct-payment programs:

- Feed grain diversion and price support
- Wheat diversion and marketing certificate
- Upland cotton diversion and price support
- Agricultural conservation
- Emergency conservation
- Cropland adjustment
- Conservation reserve (soil bank)
- Appalachian Land Stabilization and Conservation
- Sugar
- Wool and mohair

This total amount may have been furnished to you recently in a "Report of Payment to Producer" (notice sent to you by the Agricultural Stablization and Conservation Service). If so, you may copy this figure on your Census report.

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Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
8	1	Field corn for grain: Shelled	Bushel	56
9	1	Sorghums for grain or seed (1-ton heads = 25 bu. grain)	Bushel	56
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1.3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 13	Wheat Oats Barley Rye Flaxseed Buckwheat Proso millet Emmer and spelt Safflower Mustard seed	Bushel	60 32 48 56 56 48 50 40 40
11 11	1 2	Soybeans for beans Peanuts for nuts: Virginia type Runners, S.E	Bushel Bushel Bushel	60 17 21 25
11 11 11 11 11	3 4 5 6 7 8	Dry field and seed beans Dry lima beans Dry field and seed peas Cowpeas for dry peas Velvetbeans for beans (hulled) Mungbeans for beans	Bushel	60 56 60 60 60 60
12	1	Cotton: Gross (seed cotton) Net (lint cotton) (1,500 lb. seed cotton = 1 bale)	Bale	500 480
12	4	Popcorn: Ear, husked	Bushel Bushel	70 56
12 13	, 5 1		Bale	333 60 165 100
13	2	Sweetpotatoes		55

Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit-Continued

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
14	1-7	Hay (3 tons green = 1 ton dry)		
15	1	Red clover seed	Bushel	60
15	2	Alfalfa seed	Bushel	60
15	3	Lespedeza seed	Bushel	30
15	4	Timothy seed	Bushel	45
15	5	Bromegrass seed		14
15	6	Orchardgrass seed	Bushel	60
15	7	Sweetclover seed	Bushel	60
17	1	Apples	Bushel	45 44
			cell pack	40
17	2-3	Peaches	Bushel	48
''	2-3	reacties	Lug box	20
			California	-~
			fruit box	18
17	4-5	Pears:	Bushel	48
		Other	Bushel	50
		Western	Box	46
17	6-7	Cherries	Lug	20
''	٠.		Campbell lug	16
17	8	Avocados	Lug	13
17	10	Grapes, American type	4-quart climax	
		,,	basket	6
i			12-quart basket	20
17	11a	Grapes, European type-raisin varieties (1 lb. dried = 4 3/10 lb. fresh)		
17	11b	Grapes, European type-table varieties	Lug	28
''	110	Grapes, European type-table varieties	4-basket crate .	20
17	12-13	Plums and prunes:	, 540,101 0.415 ,	
''	12-10	California	4-basket crate .	30
- 1		Other	1/2-bushel basket	28
17	13	Prunes	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
"		(California: 1 lb. dried = 2 7/10 lb. fresh)		
- 1		(Other: 1 lb. dried = 3 to 4 lb. fresh)		
17	14	Apricots	Lug (Brentwood) . 4-basket crate .	24 26
.,	15	Olives	Lug	28
17 17	15 16	Figs, fresh	Box, single-	20
''	16	Figs, iresal	layer	6
17	16	Fices	TEYEL	,
''	10	(California: 1 lb. dried = 3 lb. fresh)		
		(Other: 1 lb. dried = 4 lb. fresh)		

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Crop	Unit	Pounds
18	1	Valencia oranges:		
		California and Arizona	Field box	55
_ [Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	2,	Navel oranges	Field box	52
18	3	Temple oranges	Field box	90
18	4	Other oranges:	1	
		California and Arizona	Field box	52
- 1		Florida, Texas, and Louisiana	Field box	90
18	5	Tangerines and mandarins:		
ı		California and Arizona	Field box	75
ľ		Florida	Field box	
		Texas	Field box	100
18	6	Tangelos	Field box	90
18	7	Grapefruit:		i
- 1		California, desert valleys	Field box	50
		Other California	Field box	52
		Florida and Texas	Field box	80
18	8	Lemons:		
		California and Arizona		52
		Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	9	Limes	Bushel	55
19	1	Walnuts	Bushel	50
20	1	Strawberries	Quart	11/2
20	2-3			1%
20	4	Cranberries		25
20	5	Other berries		

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