Appendix A. Explanatory Materials

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. HISTORY OF THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

The 1969 census is the 19th nationwide census of agriculture. The first agricultural census was taken in 1840 as part of the Sixth Decennial Census. From 1840 to 1920, an agricultural census was taken every 10 years as part of each decennial census.

With increased application of scientific findings and growing use of mechanization in agriculture, farming practices were changing so rapidly that early in this century it was evident that facts collected at 10-year intervals were no longer adequate. Aware of the need for more accurate and timely information, the Congress, in 1909 (36 Stat. 10, Sec. 31), provided for a census of agriculture to be taken in 1915 and every 10 years thereafter, *in addition* to the census of agriculture taken at the time of the decennial census. However, the census was not taken in 1915 because of the abnormal conditions created by World War I. Beginning in 1920, a national agricultural census has been taken every five years.

2. HOW THE 1969 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE WAS TAKEN

Enumeration Method

For the first time in a nationwide census of agriculture, farmers were asked to fill out and mail back their census forms. In earlier censuses, enumerators called on all farm operators. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration starting date and farmers were asked to fill them out and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up. The enumerators going from door to door in rural areas would pick up and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete forms for those places classified as farms which did not have forms ready for review.

Use of the mailout/mailback approach had been considered earlier and some aspects had been included in pretests for the 1964 Census of Agriculture as well as in the evaluation surveys measuring the accuracy of the earlier censuses. A coverage check of the 1964 census was especially pertinent in the final decision to adopt the mailout/mailback method for the 1969 census. A brief description of the study, called the "EPA-IRS Match" appears on page 38 of volume III, part 7, Evaluation Surveys, of the 1964 Census of Agriculture.

The Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1969 Census of Agriculture was a mailing list comprised of all persons and organizations that could be readily identified as associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were used initially.

The list was assembled primarily from the records of other Government agencies and from the 1964 Census of Agriculture lists of addresses. Internal Revenue Service records were particularly significant in developing the mailing list, since most farm operators of any importance could be identified in these records. Specifically, the IRS supplied lists of people and organizations who filed Form 1040, Schedule F (farm operators and farm landlords). The IRS also supplied lists of businesses showing, on Form 1040–Schedule C, Form 1065 (partnerships), and Form 1120S (small business corporations), that more than 50 percent of their income was from agriculture. A listing of employers of agricultural workers filing agriculture employment tax reports on Social Security Administration Form 943 was also used. The Bureau supplemented these lists with the names of Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service participants in the south and selected States in the remainder of the country where there appeared to be a significant number of persons with limited agricultural operations who had not filed IRS Schedule F.

The Bureau amended the basic list by conducting a precanvass early in 1969, covering about 100,000 of the larger more complex farms. The precanvass identified separate farm units of multifarm operations, farms with significant acreages in more than one county, and abnormal operations such as Indian reservations and farms operated by institutions.

The master list, constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employer Identification numbers, contained the names and addresses of persons or organizations associated with agricultural operations, and an indication of the size of the operation so that the Bureau could determine which of two versions of the census form to send.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler operations, which might not be identified in the administrative records as associated with agricultural operations were obtained and a supplemental mailing was made to the names and addresses on these lists.

Duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were removed during office processing.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution

The regular 12-page form (A1) was sent to farms with an expected volume of sales of agricultural products in 1969, of \$2,500 or more.

A four-page form (A2) was sent to a 50-percent sample of operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. This form covered all major items—land use, crops, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and income—but omitted much of the detail found in the regular form.

Both forms are reproduced in appendix B.

Why the two forms? Emphasis in this census was placed on obtaining more detailed information for those farms with annual sales of farm products of \$2,500 or more. In 1964, the 1,817,000 farms in this group, which made up 58 percent of the total farms, accounted for more than 96 percent of the total value of all farm products sold.

It was agreed that the operators of the smaller places need not be burdened with the extensive detail required from the operators who are responsible for virtually all of our commercial farm production. Hence, the short form was developed for the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to be less than \$2,500.

The Initial Mailings

During the last week of December 1969, the report forms were mailed to all farm operators on the mailing list. Approximately 3,700,000 forms were mailed at this time-2,900,000 regular forms (A1) and 800,000 short forms (A2).

The A2 form was *not* used in Alaska and Hawaii; A1's were mailed to all names on the address list. The A1 form used in Alaska was the same as the one used in the other continental States. The A1 form used in Hawaii differed primarily in the crops section, since Hawaiian agriculture has significant differences from the mainland in the crops produced.

During the first part of 1970, lists of persons or firms filing 1969 tax returns showing agricultural operations were obtained from the Internal Revenue Service. The Bureau checked these names against the original mailing list to find individuals and organizations who had not reported agricultural operations in their 1968 income tax reports or who, for some other reason, had not been included in the December 1969 mailing. These operators were sent the appropriate regular or short form in a supplementary mailing in July 1970.

All potential farm operators who were sent the regular form, received with it a Leaflet Guide which carried on the cover a letter from the Chief of the Agriculture Division explaining the purpose of the census and asking the recipient to fill out the form and return it in the envelope enclosed. The leaflet provided descriptions and definitions for the various items in more detail than was shown on the form, as well as instructions regarding some of the more common problem situations that were anticipated and lists of what should be included or excluded in reporting the more complex items.

A reproduction of this Leaflet Guide appears in appendix B.

Potential operators who received the short form were sent the cover letter, but not the leaflet. Instructions for this relatively simple form were provided on the form itself.

It was intended that the regular form would be filled out by the operators of all farms with \$2,500 or more in sales of farm products. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1969 substantially above this breaking point, it was necessary to go back to them for the additional detail needed for the regular form. If the recipient of the regular form reported less than \$2,500 in sales, data were tabulated for only those items which were on the short form.

Coverage of Outlying Areas

The mailout/mailback procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. Discussion of the methods used appears in the reports for the outlying areas.

Followup Procedures

In the United States, a reminder card dated January 10, 1970, was sent to all recipients of the regular form, urging prompt

response and expressing thanks "if your response is already in the mail."

The first followup letter was mailed early in March to all those on the original mailing list from whom we had not received either the completed form or other correspondence by February 25th.

After the first mail followup, telephone and field followup was started early in March to be sure that data were collected from the previously identified very large and/or very complex operations.

Over a period of the next three months, three other followup letters were sent to the other nonrespondents to achieve a response over the 90-percent level by July 1, 1970.

After the mailing of the fourth followup letter, data collection efforts continued, but on a selective basis. Field enumeration by personal interview was used to collect the data from non-respondents in 371 counties where response rates were below acceptable limits.

The collection of missing reports continued, as necessary, into the office processing phase. Lists of farms with substantial production of specific farm products had been obtained from various sources. These lists were used during data review as a check in counties having significant differences between the expected and the tabulated amounts of one or more agricultural products. Farms appearing on the lists for which a report was not found in the file of census reports being processed were contacted, usually by telephone. If it was determined that a farm had indeed been missed, a report was obtained.

The processing system provided for the possibility of incorporating reports as late as the final tabulation of county data for each State.

The telephone and field followup was performed either by the permanent staff of the Bureau's regional field offices assisted by staff held over from the population census enumeration or, in the case of the very large and complex agricultural operations, by Agriculture Division staff members.

3. STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Report forms were completed and tabulated for all the indentifiable larger places. In a few instances where the required information could not be obtained from the operator, data were obtained from secondary sources.

The smaller operations for which data were not obtained are represented in the statistics by replication of reports for farms having similar characteristics in the same county.

The majority of the farms represented by replication are among those having a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of less than \$2,500. For Maryland, data were imputed for about 11 percent of the State's farms, accounting for about 6 percent of the State's total value of agricultural products sold.

All report forms were subjected to a computer edit where adjustments using detailed programed specifications were made for incomplete or internally inconsistent data. The procedures provided for printouts of the computer changes for those farm reports if the change exceeded specified limits for the item. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by Agriculture Division staff members.

4. OFFICE PROCESSING

The reports for all farms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tape. Records for large agricultural operations, including all places of 50,000 acres or more, or having \$100,000 sales of agricultural products or more in 1969, were reviewed by a professional employee (agricultural statistician or economist). Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent. Reports for smaller operations were subjected to a clerical editing review, during which significant problems were referred to the professional analysts for solution.

During processing, the data for each report form were subjected to a detailed review which required almost the full capacity of one of the very large electronic computers. The program provided comprehensive tests and instructions which were used to correct data found to be in error or inconsistent, to supply missing data, and to make classifications of the farm necessary for tabulation of data.

5. COMPLETENESS OF THE CENSUS

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farm land, and farm production is the aim of each general, nationwide census of agriculture, it has never been reached. The causes of incompleteness and inaccuracies are a part of the complex structure of America's agriculture. Among the elements involved are the large number of places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land they operate, the expiration of leases and the making or renewal of other leases, the problems of obtaining a complete unduplicated listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulties of locating and identifying places that might be farms, the absence from their farms of some farmers during the period of the mail effort and followup procedures, the opinions of some operators that some or all of their agricultural operations should not be included in the census, etc.

Preliminary results of a check of coverage in the State indicate that about 91 percent of the farms with a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of \$2,500 and over, are included in the census. The 1969 coverage of part-time, part-retirement, and other low-income operations is probably less complete than for 1964 and earlier censuses. These types of operations are most likely to have been missing in the administrative records used in assembling the basic mailing list. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 94 percent of the total value of agricultural production for the State.

A more detailed statement regarding the differences in coverage between the 1969 and 1964 censuses of agriculture is provided in the Introduction to volume II of the reports for the 1969 and 1964 censuses. In addition, a detailed report on coverage of the 1969 census is scheduled to be published separately.

6. COMPARABILITY OF DATA

A factor affecting comparability, in addition to those mentioned in the introduction, was the procedure for assigning a farm to a specific geographic area.

For 1964 and earlier censuses, each enumerator was assigned to enumerate all farms in a specific geographic area, and farms were allocated to the area in which their "headquarters" was located.

Each of the 1969 farms was assigned to a "most probable" county and that county name was listed on the mailing label before the form was sent to the address on the mailing list. The assignment was based upon factors such as records of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the location of the post office, and county of location of the majority of rural route patrons. The respondent was asked to check if all his agricultural operations were located in the county shown on the address label, otherwise to identify the "principal" county in which his agricultural operations were conducted, and to name all other counties in which he had agricultural operations. If he failed to do this correctly, and especially if the preassigned "most probable" county was incorrect, the acres in the farm may have been tabulated for a different county than in 1964 and earlier censuses. In addition, even when the respondent replied correctly, if two counties or more were involved, his concept of the principal county where his agricultural operations were located might well have differed from the location of his "headquarters" as determined by the enumerator in the earlier census.

7. THE "SEE TEXT" REFERENCES AND OTHER NOTES FOR THE TABLES

Those items in the State tables which carry the note "see text" are identified in this section by being enclosed in quotation marks. Explanations and notes are shown for additional items.

Table 1

Total cropland may be overstated for 1969 as compared to earlier censuses due largely to the respondent (in most cases the farm operator) reporting his land in a different classification than that reported by the enumerators in earlier censuses.

Cropland used only for pasture and grazing may be overstated for 1969, due in part to a tendency of operators to report all pasture in replying to the first question regarding pasture (item 1b in section 3 of the regular form, and item 2 in section 5 of the short form).

"All other cropland" includes cropland used for soilimprovement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 2

Irrigation. Data on method of irrigation and source of water, along with additional irrigation data will be available in chapter 14, volume II, U.S. Summary, and in volume IV, Irrigation, 1969 Census of Agriculture.

Table 3

The 1964 and 1959 data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include the farms of all nonwhite operators.

Users may notice that data for managers are not shown separately in the report of farm operators by tenure. Discussion of this change from the 1964 and earlier reports will be found in section 8, immediately following this section.

Tenure data for 1964 and 1959 do not include farms operated by managers, and to this extent are not comparable to the 1969

figures in which the managers have been distributed according to the reported ownership of the land.

Additional information regarding farm operators will be reported in volume II. This volume will include data reporting year the operator began operation, detailed data regarding race, and average date the census form was completed.

Data on ownership of land rented from others, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits will be reported in volume II, with totals for each State.

Table 4

"Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlords' and contractors' shares.

Table 5

Farm production expenses, total—both farms and dollars. These figures for 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of the reporting of "all other expenditures." The 1964 and 1959 totals are reported only for the items specifically covered in all three censuses.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. Feed ingredients purchased separately which were included for 1964 and 1959 are excluded for 1969; they are reported separately for 1969 (table 14) for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Commercial fertilizer. Data for 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum; these items were not included in the 1964 or 1959 figures.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year.

All other production expenses. This item is subject to some errors in reporting. Operators failed, in some cases, to follow the instructions as to the types of expenditures which were to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution.

Table 7

The 1964 and 1959 figures on broilers and other meat-type chickens are based on questions which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8

Farms reporting acres and quantity harvested for soybeans for beans are underreported. The format of the regular report form (the A1) provided for related crops to be grouped in one of 12 sections each of which had an introductory general guestion and instructions for the respondent to skip the entire section whenever he answered "No." The introductory question to section 11, where soybeans for beans should have been reported, was "Were any dry beans, dry peas, or peanuts harvested from this place in 1969?" A limited number of respondents who had harvested soybeans apparently did not classify soybeans as dry beans and skipped the entire section. Some of these reported the crop in section 23, "Other crops," while others failed to report them. In instances where there was a sizeable difference on an individual report form between the acres of cropland harvested and the sum of the acres reported for individual crops harvested, telephone calls made to check on the difference determined that it was frequently due to failure to report either soybean or hay acreages. The missing data were then obtained and the reports corrected. Consequently such underreporting tends to be limited to smaller acreages. Studies of available check data indicate the shortages to be about 5 percent or less for farms reporting and somewhat lower for acres and quantity harvested.

Hay, excluding sorghum hay. There was also underreporting for hay since the introductory general question for section 14 on the regular form which reads "Was any hay or grass silage harvested from this place in 1969?" was misunderstood in some instances. Additionally, it has always been difficult to obtain correct reporting of acreage cut for hay involving, as it frequently does, two or more cuttings from the same acreage, hay cut and seed harvested from the same acreage, or a hay crop following some other crop harvested.

"Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9

"All other cropland." See note for table 1.

"All other land." See note for table 1.

"Farms by type." Explanation of this classification is shown in section 8.

Livestock ranches. See classification of farms in section 8.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

Forest products sold. As in previous censuses, the data obtained in the 1969 census relate only to the forest products cut on farms. Commercial logging, timber operations, and forest products cut and sold from nonfarm places are excluded.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 10

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Table 13

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 30, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and *Contract labor*. Some operators may not have clearly distinguished these two types of farm labor. Some reported expenditures for contract labor although the workers were not hired through a contractor, a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.

Number working less than 150 days. Some of these workers may have worked on more than one farm during the year, and therefore be reported by two or more operators. The number of workers reported here is likely to exceed the actual number of agricultural workers.

Table 16

"Chickens 4 months old or older" for 1964 and 1959. Note the age break at 4 months for these earlier censuses. This was changed to "3 months old or older" for the 1969 census.

Table 21

Grass silage. 1964 and 1959 figures include grass silage and hay cut green.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

All hay. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 22

Forest products. See note for table 9.

Table 24

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Artificial drainage. Only total drained acres and number of farms having such acres are reported here. More detailed data will be available in volume II, chapter 14, Irrigation and Drainage, and in volume VI, Drainage.

Farms by type. Definitions for the various types of farms are given in section 8.

"\$1 to \$2,499." See note for table 13.

Forest products sold. See note for table 9.

Farm production expenses, total. See note for table 5.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. See note for table 5.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. See note for table 14.

Number of persons working less than 150 days. See note for table 14.

All other production expenses. See note for table 5.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Tables 25 to 30

See notes for table 24. The items in the left-hand margin (stub) of these tables are identical to the items in table 24, therefore the notes for this table apply to tables 25 through 30.

8. DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND CLASSIFICATION OF FARMS

Definitions and Explanations

For exact wording of the questions and instructions in the two census forms (A1 and A2) and in the Leaflet Guide which accompanied the A1 form, see the reproductions of these three items in appendix B.

An analysis of the questions asked in the 1969 census forms and of the data obtained will be given in volume II, General Report, Statistics by Subject, Census of Agriculture, 1969.

Definitions of items and terms which may require additional explanation as they are used in the census are presented here. In general, processing steps and procedures were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are noted here.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "Land in farms" consists primarily of "agricultural" land—that is, land used for crops or pasture or grazing. It also includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, the acreage of woodland and wasteland owned or rented by farm operators as part of their agricultural operations is included as land in farms. Large acreages of land held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted in the processing steps if identified as such.

All grazing land except for open range and grazing land used under government permit was to be included as land in farms provided the place of which it was a part was a farm. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported in the name of the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included. Land in Indian reservations that was not reported by individual Indians and that was not rented to non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm. Land area—The approximate total land area of States and counties as reported for 1969 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated to January 1, 1970. Differences between the land area in the 1969 and 1964 reports reflect changes in the number or size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in two or more counties—With but few exceptions, each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county, usually the county in which he reported all or the largest proportion of his total land.

Some of the exceptions developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This study identified about 1,000 operations having more than one separately reportable farm unit. For these, individual census reports were obtained for each location. Reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties, for which the data would significantly affect the county totals, were separated into two or more reports which were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—Data on the value of land and buildings are presented as totals and in terms of average per farm and average per acre. The value of land and buildings reported for the census was supposed to represent market value—that is, the price for which the land and buildings would sell at the time of the census.

The value of land in buildings for farms for which the value was not completely reported was estimated during office processing by using the average value per acre of land and buildings for farms of approximately the same size having similar characteristics in the same area.

Type of organization—The 1969 census is the first in which information was collected on the type of organization under which the farm operated. This information was collected for class 1-5 farms in response to the demand for data more descriptive of current farm organizational structure than the traditional tenure of farm operator classification. See State table 24.

Farm managers—In 1969, the term "manager" was dropped as a tenure concept because it was no longer descriptive of a distinct type of farm management. Farms of the kind that would have qualified as managed according to the 1964 definition were distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place. Tables in this report showing 1964 tenure data do not include managed farms in the 1964 figures used, and to this extent the 1964 data are not comparable to the 1969 data.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" is used to designate a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered as operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of a partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms.

For 1969, the respondent classified his own status by his answers to the acreage and ownership questions. Data on the characteristics of farm operators were obtained in section 38 of the report form where the operator was defined as the person in charge of the farm or ranch operation. In some cases the operator was not the individual named on the address label. Sometimes information was reported for a family member, a partner, or an operator more closely connected with the farm or ranch operations.

In the 1964 census, the farm operator was located and defined by the enumerator who generally obtained the report from the person in charge at the farm or ranch location.

Farms or farms reporting—Figures for farms or farms reporting for a specified item represent the number of farms for which the item was reported. For example, if there were 1,922 farms in a county and 465 had chickens 3 months old and over on hand December 31, 1969, the figure for farms or farms reporting for the item "Chickens 3 months old and over" would be 465.

Value of crops harvested—Data for value of crops harvested were developed by applying estimated unit values to the operators' reports of acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (bushels, bales, etc.) when reported, were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. In some instances only acres harvested were reported, and these were multiplied by State estimates of value of production per acre. A combination of the two calculations was used when only acres harvested were reported by small farms, but units of production were supplied by larger farms. The State average production price and production value per acre figures used in these calculations, were supplied by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

For vegetables and for nursery and greenhouse products, value of sales were obtained from farm operators and used in the calculation of total value of crops harvested.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of each class of livestock or poultry on hand by the State average price for 1969 as furnished by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The 1964 and 1959 data were developed in similar fashion.

Value of farm products sold—Data for the value of farm products sold in 1969 were obtained by direct questioning in both the regular and short forms.

This is a departure from the method used in previous censuses, in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and by estimation for others. A discussion of the methods used in the 1964 census will be found on pages A7 to A9 of the appendix in each State report (volume I) of the 1964 census.

Total value of farm products sold—For 1969, this item excludes income which the farm operator and members of his family received from providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational services on his farm; for 1964, the total included such income.

The total value of farm products sold does not include government payments received by farm operators for participation in wheat, feed grains, and other government programs. As indicated by the data in State table 4, farm operators receive considerable farm-related income from sources other than the farm operated. Data in State table 27 indicate, for the various economic classes of farms, the number of farms on which the farm operator received income from specified sources other than the farm operated, and the amount of such income.

Total income the farm operator and members of his family received from sources other than the farm operated is not available from the 1969 Census of Agriculture. Tabulations are being made from the 1970 Census of Population to provide such

information which may be useful in this regard in a separate report.

Differences in totals for some items—The totals given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given for the same item in another table because of the rounding of fractions for the several groups of farms, counties, etc.

Floating point system—In preparation for showing comparative figures from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the 1964 published figures were keyed to magnetic tape using a floating point system. The system used provides for showing the first five digits of a number, the sixth is rounded to a five and all subsequent digits are shown as zero. Thus, the figure 17,256,423 would appear as 17,256,500. Differences from the 1964 published figures may appear in the least significant digits for any number having six or more digits as a result of using this procedure.

Classification of Farms

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected economic class groups; State tables 24 to 29 present detailed data for class 1-5 farms classified by tenure of operator, type of organization, age of operator, size (in acres), economic class, and type. In addition, the report contains a number of counts of farms according to various characteristics as well as frequency distribution of farms classified by size of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—As mentioned earlier in this section, the term "manager" as a tenure concept, is not used in the 1969 census. Information regarding managers was not obtained separately as the concept has become increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the change to enumeration by mail. The classifications by type of organization should provide more meaningful information. Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 24.

The classifications of tenure as used in this census are-

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others, or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—This is the first census of agriculture in which the classification by type of organization has been used. The classifications used are—

- a. Individual or family farms, excluding partnership and corporation,
- b. Partnership,
- c. Corporation, including family owned-With 10 or fewer shareholders, With more than 10 shareholders,
- d. Other-includes estates, trusts, cooperatives.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 on the A1 form. Thus there may be data shown for corporate farms in States where there are regulations affecting the extent to which corporations are permitted to engage in farming operations.

Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization are institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal" and consequently are not included in the tabulations for class 1-5 farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm. Detailed data by size of farm are presented for class 1-5 farms in State table 26. The same classification was used for all States. According to definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of a landlord who has assigned land to other tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm even though the landlord may consider the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by economic class—Data from the 1969 census are reported for "All farms" and for "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over (economic classes 1 to 5)."

In the 1964 and earlier censuses a classification called "commercial farms" was used which included the first six economic classes; this grouping is not comparable to the "class 1-5" grouping used in the 1969 report.

To help bridge this gap, State table 9 shows data for the "class 1-6" group, in addition to data for all farms, class 6 farms, part time, part retirement, and abnormal farms.

The economic classes used in this report are defined as follows:

Class 1 \$40,000 or more of farm product sales

Class 1a \$100,000 or more of farm product sales

- Class 1b \$40,000 to \$99,999 of farm product sales
- Class 2 \$20,000 to \$39,999 of farm product sales
- Class 3 \$10,000 to \$19,999 of farm product sales
- Class 4 \$5,000 to \$9,999 of farm product sales
- Class 5 \$2,500 to \$4,999 of farm product sales or having a value of products sold of less than \$2,500 provided they had the acreage or livestock operations which normally would have had sales in excess of \$2,500. These would include new farm operations, farms having crop failure, and farms with large inventories and small 1969 sales. For a count of these farms, see county table 13 or State table 22.
- Class 6 \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- Part time \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- Part retirement. . \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years old or over.
- Abnormal Includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

Large-scale farms—Farms with a value of farm products sold of \$100,000 or more (class 1a) have been designated as large-scale farms. Data for these farms classified by type of farm are presented in State table 30.

Change in the classification of farms by economic classes—The above definitions of economic classes apply to the 1964 census as well as to 1969. There was a change from 1959 to 1964 which affected only class 6 and part-time farms. Discussion of this change can be found on page A14 of appendix A of volume I of the 1964 census. In 1959, a farm was classified as class 6 if it had a value of sales of \$50 to \$2,499, the operator was under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year, and the income from sources other than the farm operated did not exceed the value of farm products sold. Other conditions being the same, if the income from other sources exceeded the value of farm products sold, the farm was classified as part-time.

Farms by type—The type of farm represents a description of the major source of income from farm sales. To be classified as a particular type, a farm must have sales of a particular product or group of products amounting in value to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold during the year.

The count of farms by type is shown in State table 9, for all farms, for several groups of farms with sales of less than \$2,500, and for abnormal farms. It is shown by county for class 1-5 farms in chapter 3 of section 1 of this volume.

Type-of-farm breakdowns are reported in detail for class 1-5 farms in State tables 28 and 29.

The types of farms, together with the products (value of sales reported representing 50 percent or more of total value of all farm products sold during the year) on which type classification is based, are as follows:

Cash-grain—Corn, sorghums, small grains, soybeans for beans, cowpeas for peas, dry field and seed beans and peas.

Tobacco-Tobacco.

Cotton-Cotton and cottonseed.

Other field crop-Peanuts, potatoes (Irish and sweet), sugarcane for sugar or sirup, sweet sorghums for sirup, broomcorn, popcorn, sugar beets, mint, hops, sugar beet seed, and pineapples.

Vegetable-Vegetables.

Fruit and nut-Berries, other small fruits, tree fruits, grapes, nuts, and coffee.

Poultry—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, and other poultry products.

Dairy-Dairy products-milk, cream, etc. The criterion of 50 percent of total sales was modified in the case of dairy farms. A farm having value of sales of dairy products amounting to less than 50 percent of the total value of farm products sold was classified as a dairy farm, if-

- a. Dairy products sold accounted for more than 30 percent of the total value of products sold, and
- b. Milk cows represented 50 percent or more of total cows, and
- c. The value of dairy products sold plus the value of cattle and calves sold amounted to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold.

Livestock other than dairy and poultry—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, wool, and mohair except for farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska that qualified as livestock ranches.

Livestock ranches—Farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska were classified as livestock ranches if the sales of livestock, wool, and mohair represented 50 percent or more of the total value of farm products sold, and if pastureland or grazing land amounted to 100 acres or more and was 10 times or more the acreage of cropland harvested.

General—Field seed crops, hay, grass, and silage. A farm was also classified as general if it had cash income from three or more sources and did not meet the criteria for any other type.

Miscellaneous—Nursery and greenhouse products, forest products, mules, horses, colts, ponies, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold. Also all institutional farms and Indian reservations.

Stability in the classification of farms by type of farm—The type of farm classification for the 1964 census was the same as in 1969. Only one minor change was made from 1959 to 1964. In the 1959 listing of miscellaneous farms, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold were not listed as a part of this group.

Detailed comparative data for farms classified by type of farm for 1959 may be obtained from State table 18 of volume I of the reports for the 1959 Census of Agriculture.

9. DATA BASED ON REPORTS FOR A SAMPLE OF FARMS

Published data for all farms combine the data for the 50-percent sample of small farms, weighted by "2," with the data for larger farms. Small farms are generally those with a total value of farm products sold in the year of less than \$2,500. In addition to economic class 6, they include those farms classified as part time and part retirement,

Farms orginally defined as "small" by the mailing list sources, but reporting a total value of farm products sold in 1969 of \$10,000 and over, were tabulated with a weight of "1."

For Maryland, about 24 percent of the total farms were subjected to sampling. By final census classification, about 61 percent of the small farms, as defined above, were subjected to sampling.

For economic classes 4 and 5, the percentages subject to sampling were 7 and 13 percent, respectively. The remaining farms in these economic classes as well as all farms in economic classes 1, 2, and 3 were selected with certainty.

The proportion of total value of farm products sold from farms which were represented in the census by the sample was less than 2 percent.

All of the published data are subject to sampling and/or nonsampling error. Sampling errors, in general, do not significantly affect totals since a very large proportion of the data were reported for economic classes 1 to 3 farms, for which there is no sampling error.

Nonsampling errors, resulting from incomplete coverage, response errors, processing errors, and other sources are discussed in section 10.

The sampling error for any published estimate can be approximated through the use of tables A, B, and C.

Table A indicates a "level" of sampling error for the number of farms reporting an item, and for magnitude items in broad categories for State and county tables. This table is used to determine sampling errors for State estimates.

Table B classifies each county within the State as having "high," "medium," or "low" sampling errors, for the county as a whole and for small farms within the county. This table must be consulted first to determine sampling errors for county estimates.

Table C presents the relative standard errors for estimated totals by number of farms reporting the item, according to the levels determined from tables A and B.

Table C shows percentage limits such that the chances are 68 out of 100 that the difference between an estimate based wholly or in part on a sample of farms and the figure that would have been obtained if the information had been collected and tabulated for all farms would be no more than the percentage specified. The chances are about 99 out of 100 that the difference would be less than 2 1/2 times the percentage given in table C. The percentage given in table C takes into account the fact that data for the items listed were collected for all farms with a value of farm products sold of \$10,000 or more. The use of the tables may be illustrated by the following example: In a hypothetical State, 1,900 farms reported 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain on 62,100 acres. Table A shows that, for the State, measures for cropland harvested and for bushels of corn harvested have sampling reliability at level "1."

Since table C for our hypothetical State doesn't show a value for 1,900 farms reporting, we use straight-line interpolation to obtain a relative standard error of 7/10 percent. The standard error of the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels is then about 36,000 bushels. For the number of acres of corn harvested, the standard error is about 435 acres for an estimate of 62,100 acres. The number of farms reporting corn harvested is also a sample estimate, and its level from table A ("Farms having the item") is level "2," so that the standard error on an estimate of 1,900 farms is about 9/10 percent (using the line for 2,000 farms) or 17 farms.

At the 99-percent confidence level, the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain may have an error of as much as 90,000 bushels (2 1/2 times 36,000) which means that the production determined in a complete census would most likely be between 4,978,000 and 5,158,000 bushels. For the number of farms reporting corn harvested, the 99-percent level corresponds to an estimate with a standard error of 42 farms, so that the number of farms actually having corn harvested is probably between 1,858 and 1,942.

Table A. Level of Sampling Reliability of State and County Totals for Selected Items

			State	tables	s					Cour	ity tables		
		1		E	Conom	ic class		1	ota! farms	_	S	inall farms	
	Total farms	Small farms	4	5	6	Part time	Part retire- ment	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
Farms having the itemall farms large farms	-1 3	5	2 -	3	4	5	5 -	4 1	3 1	2 1	4	3 -	2 -
Land in farmsacres Value of land and buildingsdollars Owned and rented landacres Croplandacres. Harvested croplandacres. Yoodlandacres. Irrigated landacres.	1 1 1 1 1	7 7 7 6 8 7	4 6 3 4 2	7 7 6 5 7 3	7 6 7 6 8 6	7 7 7 6 7 7	7 7 7 6 8 7	8 8 7 6 8 6	7 7 6 5 7 5	6 6 5 1 6	7 7 7 6 8 7	6 6 5 7 6	5 5 5 1 6 5
Total value of products solddollars Cropsdollars Forest productsdollars Livestock productsdollars.	1 1 1 1	6 6 7 6	2 2 3 3	3 3 4 -1	5 5 5 5	6 6 7 6	6 6 6	5 6 6	4 5 5 5	3 4 -1 4	6 6 7 6	5 5 6 5	4 4 5 4
Farm production expenses	1 1 1 1	6 7 6 6 7	3 5 3 3 3	1 5 4 5 4	5 6 5 5 6	6 6 6 7	6 7 6 7	6 7 6 7 6	5 6 5 6 5	-4 5 1 5 -1	6 7 6 6	5 6 5 5 5	-1 -1 -1 -1
Machinery and equipmentBachinery and equipmentBachinery and equipmentBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachineryBachin	1 1	5 7	2 4	3 5	4 6	5 7	5 6	- 1 6	3 5	2 -1	-1 7	3 6	2 5
Livestock: Cattle and calvesnumber Hogs and pigs Poultrynumber	1 1 1	6 7 6	3 1 6	6 6 5	5 6 6	6 7 6	6 7 6	7 7 7	6 6 6	5 5 5	6 7 6	5 6 5	4 5 4
Crops harvested: Corn for grainbushels Soybeansbushels. Potatoesbushels.	1 1 1	7 6 8	3 4 5	3 -1 7	6 5 7	7 6 8	6 6 9	6 6 8	5 5 7	4 -1 6	7 6 8	6 5 7	5 1 6

Table B. Classification of Counties Into Sampling-Error Category

	All farms			Small farms	
High	Medium	Low	High	M	edium
Allegany Anne Arundel Baltimore Calvert Carroll	Caroline Cecil Dorchester Frederick Marford	Kent Somerset Wicomico	Garrott	Allegany Anne Arundel Baltimore Calvert Caroline	Harford Howard Kent Montgomery Prince Georges
Charles Garrett Howard Montgomery Prince Georges	Queen Annes Talbot Washington			Carroll Cecil Charles Dorchester Frederick	Queen Annes St. Marys Somerset Talbot Washington
St. Marys Worcester					, Wicomico Worcester

Table C. Sampling Reliability Based on Number of Farms in Sample and Level of Reliability

				Relative s	tandard error (perc	ent)			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	Level 8	Level 9
Number of farms for item:									
10 farms	10	13	18	24	32	43	56	75	100
20 farms	7.1	9.0	13	17	22	30	40	53	71
50 farms	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14	19	25	33	45
100 farms	3.2	4.2	5.6	7.5	10	13	18	24	32
200 farms	2.2	3.0	1.0	5,3	7.1	9.0	13	17	22
500 faims	1.4	1.8	2.6	3.4	1.5	6.0	8.0	11	14
1,000 farms	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3,2	4,3	5.6	7.5	10
2,000 farms	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2	3.0	4.0	5,3	7.1
5,000 farms	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.5	3.3	4.5
10,000 farms	0.3	0.4	0.6	0,8	1.0	1.3	1.8	2,4	3.2
20,000 farms	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0,9	1.3	1.7	2.2
50,000 farms	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4

10. NONSAMPLING ERRORS IN THE REPORT

Errors from causes other than those related to sampling are present in any census or survey. These can arise from a variety of reasons, such as inability to obtain any response from some farmers on the mailing list, incorrect reporting, processing errors, etc.

One source of nonsampling error is present in the failure of some respondents to provide all the information requested. Special studies using a small national sample indicate that, on questions such as total value of farm products sold, the nonresponse rate may be of the order of 12 percent. It is usually possible to develop a figure for value of sales based on other entries such as production of crops, livestock sold, etc., but the figure so produced may not be as reliable as a direct report from the farmer.

There is considerable undercoverage of small farms, due to the fact that a large number of these were either not included or not identified as associated with agricultural operations in any of the administrative records and consequently were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some farms were on the mailing list more than once, and while duplication was eliminated to a very large extent in the processing, some duplication remains, particularly for new farms or farms whose ownership status changed during the period when the list was being developed.

te that, on questions the nonresponse rate s usually possible to other entries such as but the figure so ect report from the

error

Summary data for the United States, regions, divisions, and States will be shown in volume II.

The total error of the census is a combination of the sampling and nonsampling errors. When the sampling errors are small, as in the case of economic classes 1 to 3 which have no sampling error,

or for the whole State, for most counties, and for most magnitude

items, the nonsampling error is usually the larger part of the total

Unpublished tabulations of some of the data in State tables 24 through 29 can be obtained for State parts of 99 agricultural subregions to which the counties in the conterminous States have been allocated. A charge will be made for the cost of review for consistency and disclosure of data for individual farms. Information regarding the availability of unpublished data may be obtained by writing to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.



1969 Census of Agriculture

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

COUNTY REPORT TEXT

PLEASE KEEP THIS SHEET. It provides background information, definitions, and explanations including those for the "see text" notes in the tables.

Individual County Reports

Separate eight-page reports are published for all counties in the United States with 10 farms or more. Data are reported for the year 1969, with inventory (on place) figures as of December 31, 1969. Comparable figures from the 1964 census are also reported.

Information covering all farms in the county is presented in the first eight tables.

Information covering farms with sales of farm products in 1969 amounting to \$2,500 or more (economic classes 1 to 5) is reported in substantially greater detail in tables 9 through 26.

The same format is used for every county and State, the crop and livestock items reported in these tables are those which are relatively important in a majority of the counties in the United States.

County Data for Miscellaneous Crop and Livestock Items

Data for additional crop and livestock items, not common to a large number of counties, are reported in a separate set of county tables for each State.

State Reports (Volume I)

State totals of the data in the county reports are published for each State.

In addition, data for each State are shown in a separate report consisting of one book or more. Chapter 1 of section 1 presents findings at the State level in much more detail than is published at the county level.

County data appear in the State reports as follows:

- A limited amount of county data are reported in summary form in chapter 2 of section 1. These tables list the counties in alphabetical order and report selected items for each.
- The county data for miscellaneous crop and flivestock items and the number of farms by "type of farm" for all class 1-5 farms are reported in chapter 3 of section 1.

How the 1969 Census of Agriculture Was Taken

The Mailing List—During the last week of December 1969, the 1969 Census of Agriculture forms were mailed to a list representing, as nearly as possible, all persons and firms associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. The list included land owners, tenants, renters, sharecroppers, and hired managers, but excluded hired farm laborers.

The mailing list was assembled from various administrative records including names and addresses from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, and the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

The final list was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists. Additional duplicates not identified in this process were removed during data processing. Coverage is more fully discussed in the text for volume I.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution—A standard 12-page form was sent to all operators expected to have 1969 sales of all agricultural products of \$2,500 and over.

A four-page form went to a 50 percent sample of the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. Data in the "All Farms" tables are, consequently, subject to a small sampling variation. Tables of sampling variation will be included in volume 1.

Followup Procedures—A series of followup letters brought response to well over the 90 percent level by July 1, 1970. At this point, field followup enumeration was conducted in 370 counties having low response rates to complete the collection of data for those counties.

To insure receiving reports from all large operations, telephone and field followup was started early in March. This work was continued until reports were obtained.

Standard statistical procedures were used, when possible, to deal with inconsistencies or inadequate information in filled-out forms, including any short forms reporting sales of \$2,500 or more. When these methods were not adequate, letters and phone calls were used to secure the needed information.

A more detailed description of procedures and definitions will appear in volume 1.

A complete set of county reports makes up section 2.

For sale by the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233 or any U.S. Department of Commerce field office. Price, including 8-page county report, 25 cents.

Comparability of Data

This is the first census of agriculture conducted primarily by mail. The mailings were made just before January 1, 1970, and the information collected was intended to cover the full year, 1969. The data collection phase lasted through September 1970.

Prior censuses were taken by enumerators, the field work for 1964 was largely completed in November and December of the census year.

These two differences (use of mail and timing) affect the comparability of data from the 1969 census with data from earlier censuses. In a number of tables, 1969 inventory figures are shown; respondents were asked to report these as of December 31, 1969. Where similar figures from the 1964 census are shown, they are as of the time of enumeration.

"Farms," defined in the 1969 census exactly as in 1964, are places on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time during the census year under the control of an individual management. Places of less than 10 acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$250. Places of 10 or more acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$50.

Farms in the top five economic classes (separately reported in tables 9 through 26) are those for which the sales of farm products in 1969 amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$2,500. Abnormal farms are excluded.

Abbreviations and Symbols

The following abbreviations and symbols may occur in the tables.

- X Not applicable.
- NA Not available.
- Z Reported in small fractions.
- Data withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms

The "See Text" References in the Tables

Table 1. "All other cropland" includes cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 3 for Southern States. For 1964, the data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include all nonwhite operators.

Table 4. "Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlord's and contractor's shares.

Table 5. "Farm production expenses, total" for 1964 is the sum of specified expenditures and does not include those listed as "NA" in the table.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth-control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year, including any of these materials paid for by landlords, contractors, and custom operators.

 Table 7. 1964 figures on sales of broilers are based on a question which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8. "Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9. "All other land" includes house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

 Table 13. "Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 26, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14. "Farm production expenses, total" and "Other agricultural chemicals," See notes for table 5.

In 1964, contract labor was included with machine hire and customwork.

Table 16. See note for table 7.

Table 20. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 24. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Budger Burgan No. (1-868075, Approval Lapares December 1970

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on shares by others		• • • • •	•••••				··· L_	020	These are th	e ACRES in
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 Were there any real estate on any part of the land an How many persons rented working land on shares. How many acres of the lan subrent or sublease to oth was worked on shares by 	d buildings y or leased la nd you rented ers? - Includ	rou own nd from for least le land	n? you in 196 ased from o rented or 1	69? – In thers (in leased b	tem 2) d	hose id you hich	None 	023F 024A	C No Persons Acres	
 If you rented land from oth information by type of lan 			the following	ng		ş	be able to	••• skip most of this fo	rm if –	
			ental arrange			a. /	All the land	you own or rent is t to crops or livestoc	ented to someor	
Ownership of land you rented from others	Acres	Share	vith X all be Share of	Cash	Other	r	eported in i	tem 4 lease read ''SHOUI		
(Account for all acres reported in item 2)	025	of	livestack a products	rent 3	arrange- ment			, Section 1, Part C.		
a. Individuals, partner- ships, estates						1. Are al	l of your ag	of agricultural activi ricultural operations r right corner of the	s located in the	county
b. Corporations - include	026	1	2	3	4		Complete t	-		
railroad land	027			3	4		Write nam	e and acres for prin	cipal county on	the first line;
c. State lands - school lands, etc.						Go to	provided.	les and acres for a If necessary, cont	inue in Remarks	on page 12.
d. Indian lands - tribal	028	1	2	3	4	item belov	Principal	Nome of count	y State	Ácres 033
or reservation, leased							county			
 Federal lands - include leased acreage of Taylor Grazing lands (See Leaflet) 	029			3		4 4	Other counties			
) 1				1				
0. Any grazing permits on a per-head basis - Forest service, Taylor Grazing, etc.	030 1 [] Yes 2 [] No	OS1 Acres,		032 Number (of head	2. Locat		acres (Must equal a section 1, its		operations.
a series and a series of a		conti	nuing Plea	40 nead	1			district, procinct, et		

,

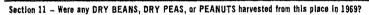
	The purpose of this section is to distribute all actes in this place among items I through 4. Please read Leaflet, section 3, before answering item 1a.		•
	and the second	<u></u>	
inder: e same land	 Chopland a. Cropland harvested – Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and preenhouse products 	041	
used for two		042	Aere
ore purposes, rt that land	b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	043	Acre
once – in first item	c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured		Acr
applies.	d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards, and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in them fa.)	044	Acr
	and setted and on betreft and bigh fanters and a colle of the state and a reference of a reference of a reference of the setted and the setted an	045	
	e, Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	046	Acr
	f. Cropland idle		Acr
	2. Woodland - Include here all woodlots and timber tructs and cutover and	047	
	deforested land with young timber growth. a. Woodland pastured		Ác
		048	
ose check: le acres	 b. Woodland not pastured 3. Other pasture land and rangeland - Include here any pasture other than croptand and woodland pasture 	•	Aci
item 5 iot agree	a. Pastureland and rangeland improved by liming, fertilizing, seeding, irrigating	049	
the acres	draining, or controlling weeds and brush	050	Ac
wn in tion 1, item 4,	b. Pastureland and rangeland not improved		Ac
ise read flet, section 3,	 4. All other land - Include here any land not reported above. a. Land in bouse lots, bain lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. 	051	Ac
check your ies.	ar rune m nange, nasi nan nesi fanasi kanasi mare musi an a fara a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	552	
les.	5. Total acres in this place - Please add the acres in thems 1 through 4 and enter the total in this space	s.	To
No. 4 No. Any	ter ne se	<u> </u>	acı
liuli 4 - Ads ally	LAND in this place been IRRIGATED at any time during the 5 years since January 1, 1965?	· ·,	
1 🛄 Yes - Co	mplete this section		• •
2 No -	Land irrigated in 1969 1. How many acres of land in this place were irrigated at any time in 1969?	054	
Go to Section 5	If "None," go to Section 5	055	Ac
JECHON J	 a. Cropland harvested (reported in section 3, them 10) were irrigated? 	•	Ac
		056	
	b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (reported in section 3, item 1b) were irrigated?	057	Ac
	c. Other pastureland (reported in section 3, item 3a) were irrigated?	•	Ac
	d. Any other lands were irrigated? - Specify land use	058	Ac
,	Method of irrigation in 1969	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	3. How many acres were irrigated in 1969 by each of the following methods - (1) more than one	059	
	method was used on the same field the total of these acres will be greater than item 1 above ; a. Sprinklers?		Ac
		060	
	b. Furrows or ditches?	061	Ac
	c. Flooding?		Ac
	d. Subirrigation? (Water applied below ground surface, or withfield control of ground water)	062	Ac
	[1] - 영어, [1] - 이상,		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	Source of water in 1969 4. What percent of irrigation water used in 1969 was - Please by sure the total percentages reported	QE3	
	in questions a through c equal 100%. For other ways of estimating quantity of water, sec Leaflet, section 4.1		
	 a. From a well or spring on this place? b. From a surface supply not controlled by a water supply organization (stream, 	064	Perc
	drainage ditch, lake, pond, or reservoir on or adjacent to this place)?		Perc
	c. From water suppliers? (Mutual, private, cooperative of neighborhood ditches, irrigation district, commercial company, municipal or community water system, or another farm)	065	Perc
	Give name and address of each water supplier.	· •	
	(Use ''Remarks,'' page 12 if more space is needed.)		
	<u>1.</u> <u>2.</u> <u>7</u>		
			. 1
	Estimated quantity of water used in 1969		
	5. Please estimate the quantity of water used for intigation in 1969 - (Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you. See Leaflet, section 4.)	Acre-f	eet ^I Ten
	a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers one acre, one foot deep)	ś	
	1 - 11 - Martin and and the and and the O AA material of barres and an about the addression	067	Gall
	 b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute × 60 minutes × hours operated in season). c. If acre-fest or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give both inches applied and acres covered. 	06B	001
	(1) Depth applied		Inch

FORM 64-A1134: 15-9-691

70 1 🖂 Yes + Ce	mplete this section		·	4		ially draine	
	Please estimate the acces drained by each of the foll			Toto		By system	
2 No Go to Section 6	do not include the same acreage as drained by more r		stem.	071	·	since Jan 072	<i>i</i> ory 1, 1
Sacurdu D	1. A faim system which is independent of an organize drainage district or other public agency					074	
	2. A farm system which drains into the system of an a drainage district or other public agency						
	3. A system installed entirely by an organized draina	ge		075		076	
	district or other public agency	697	•••••	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	include land from which crops were harvested or hay c splete this section	cut.)	, .				
csve			Acres	Dry		zer used	d or gas
Go to			fertilized	Whale tons	Tenths	Whole tor	
Section 7	1. Cropland used only for pasture (reported in		077	078		079	i
	section 3, item 1b) fettilized	• • • • • • • • •	080	081	10	082	
	2. Other pastureland (reported in section 3, item 3a) fertilized			<u> </u>	10	1	,
	ITOUR PLANTING, STRIPCROPPING, or TERRACING IN #	ise on this pl	ace in 1969?				
UYes - Can	plete this section [083		
Go to	1. Grain or row crops farmed on the contour		•••••	••••			
Section 8	2. Stripcrepping systems to control crosion	• • • • • • • • •					
	3. Cropland and pastureland having terraces Space is provided in the next 6 pages for repo						
	crops in a section, you can mark (X) the 'N only whole acres and whole units of production 8-23,'' provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1	on except w	here space is	provided for rep	orting ten	section. Plaths. Leafle	ease r
🖂 Yes - Con	only whole acres and whole units of production 8-23," provides additional information and an	on except w n example s 959? Acr harve	here space is howing how to sted	provided for rep	orting ten vers.	A irri	cros gated
Ves - Con	only whole acces and whole units of production 8-23," provides additional information and an RIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1 splete this section	on except w in example s 1959?	here space is howing how to es sted 087	provided for replo enter your answ Quantity harve	orting ten vers.	ths. Leafle	et, "Se
Yes - Con	only whole acces and whole units of productions and an environment of the state of	on except w n example s 959? Acr harve 086	here space is showing how to es sted 087 088	provided for rep p enter your answ Quantity harve orB	orting ten vers.	A A irri	et, "Se
Ves - Con	only whole acres and whole units of productic 8-23," provides additional information and as FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1 splete this section 1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn	on except w n example s 969? Acr harve 085	here space is howing how to es sted 087	provided for repi s enter your answ Quantity harve or H Tr	sted ushels undredweij	A A irri 069 ght 092	et, ''Se
Ves - Con	 only whole acres and whole units of productions and a production and a section and a section and a section Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . Field corn for silage	on except w on example s 969? Acr barve 086 090 093	here space is showing how to es sted 087 088	provided for repi s enter your answ Quantity harve or H Tr	orting ten vers, sted ushels undredwelg	A A irri 069 ght 092	et, "Se
Ves - Con	only whole acres and whole units of producti, 8-23," provides additional information and an FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1 splete this section 1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or	on except w on example s 969? Acr barve 086 090 093	here space is showing how to es sted 087 088	provided for repi s enter your answ Quantity harve or H Tr	sted ushels undredwe in pas, een we igh	A A irri 069 ght 092 t 094	et, "Se
Ves - Con	 only whole acres and whole units of productions and a production and a section and a section and a section Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . Field corn for silage	on except w on example s 969? Acr barve 086 090 093	here space is showing how to es sted 087 088	provided for repl enter your answ Quantity harve orB H gr	sted ushels undredweij	A A irri 069 ght 092 t 094	et, "Se
Ves - Con	 only whole acres and whole units of productions and a production and a section and a section and a section Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . Field corn for silage	on except w n example s 959? Acr harve 085	here space is showing how to es sted 087 088 091 091	provided for repl enter your answ Quantity harve or	sted ushels undredwe in pas, een we igh	A irri 089 ght 092 t 094 er used Liquid Whole ton	cros gated
Yes - Com Giro Section 9	only whole arres and whole units of productions and a second a secon	on except w n example s 953? Acr harve 085 090 093	here space is showing how to as sted 087 088 091 089 091 Acres fertilized	provided for repiperent of the second	sted ushels undredwe ignors, Fertiliz	A irri 089 ght 092 t 094 er used Liquid Whole ton 097	cros gated
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 vection 9 - Ware, any	only whole arres and whole units of productic 8-23," provides additional information and as FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1 plete this section 1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.).	on except w n example s 953? Acr harve 085 090 093	here space is showing how to as sted 087 088 091 089 091 Acres fertilized	provided for repiperent of the second	sted ushels undredwe ignors, Fertiliz	A irri 089 ght 092 t 094 er used Liquid Whole ton 097	cros gated
Yes - Com Gi to Section 9 Section 9 ction 9 - Ware any Do not 7	only whole acres and whole units of productions -23," provides additional information and as FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1 splete this section 1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn 5. SORGHUMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 195	on except w on example s 1959? Acr harve DB5 090 093	here space is showing how to es sted 087 098 091 091 Acres fertilized 095	provided for reply enter your answ Quantity harve or B H Tr gr Whole tons Op5	sted ushels undredwe in pors, een we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i 10 S.	A irri 089 ght 092 t 094 er used Liquid Whole ten 097	or gas s 1 Tr
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Ves - Com Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and a section and a sect	on except w n example s 953? Acr harve 085 090 093	here space is howing how to es sted 087 038 091 091 Acres fertilized 095 both grain an	provided for repiperent of the second	sted ushels undredwe in pors, een we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i 10 S.	A irri 069 ght 092 r 094 er used Liquid Whole ton 097	cros gated
Yes - Con Go to Section 9 Section 9 ction 9 - Wars any Do not 7	only whole acres and whole units of productic 8-23," provides additional information and as FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1 plete this section 1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn . 2. Field corn for silage 3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.) . 4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn . SORCHIMS harvested for any purpose from this place in 195 eport sorghum-sudan crosses in this section.) plate this section 1. Sarghyms for grain or seed - Report quantity	on except w n example s 1959? Acr DB5 090 090 093 59? (Include	here space is howing how to es sted 087 088 091 091 Acres fertilized 095 both grain an es sted	provided for repipering enter your answer answer your answer answer your answer	sted ushels undredwe in pors, een we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i 10 S.	A irri	cres gated or gas s 1 Tr
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Cotion 9 - Wate any Do not 7 Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and a product of the section and a sec	on except w n example s 1959? Acr 085 090 093 093 59? (Include	here space is howing how to es sted 087 088 091 091 Acres fertilized 095 both grain an es ated 099 100	provided for repla enter your answ Quantity harve or B OF H Tr Tr Whole tons 095 d sweet varietie Quantity harve	sted ushels undredwe in pors, een weigh Fertiliz i Tentha i 10 S.	A irri 089 ght 092 f 094 Liquid Whole ton 097	cres gated or gas s 1 Tr
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Cotion 9 - Wate any Do not 7 Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and a solution of the section and a se	on except w in example s 1969? DB5 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 093	here space is howing how to sted 087 098 099 Acress fertilized 095 both grain an es sted 099 100 103	provided for reply enter your answ Quantity harve or B Or H Tr gr Whole tons Og6 of sweet varietie Quantity harve	sted ushels undredwe in pons, een we igh Fertiliz i Tentha i 10 s. sted 3ushe/s	A irri 089 ght 092 t 094 er used Liquid Whole ton 097 101 104	cres gated or gas s 1 Tr
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Cotion 9 - Wate any Do not 7 Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and a solution of the section and a solution and	on except w n example s 1959? Acr 085 090 093 093 59? (Include	here space is howing how to es sted 087 088 091 091 Acres fertilized 095 both grain an es ated 099 100	provided for repp penter your answ Quantity harve or	sted ushels undredwe i pors, een we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i Tenths s. sted Bushels Paunds Tons, green we ig Tons, Tons,	A irri 069 6 092 f 094 094 er used Liquid Whole tan 097 101 104 pht 104	cres gated or gas s 1 Tr
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Cotion 9 - Wate any Do not 7 Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and an array of the section and an array purpose from this place in a section and an array of the section are unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn are unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn are unit on green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)	on except w in example s 1969? DB5 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 090 093 093	here space is howing how to sted 087 098 099 Acress fertilized 095 both grain an es sted 099 100 103	provided for repp penter your answ Quantity harve or	sted sted ushels undredwe in pors, een we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i Tonths sted Bushels Pounds Tons, green weigh	A irri 069 6 092 f 094 094 er used Liquid Whole tan 097 101 104 pht 104	cres gated or gas s 1 Tr
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Cotion 9 - Wate any Do not 7 Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and an end of the	on except w n example s 1969? Acr DB6 090 093 093 59? (Include Acr harve 098 105 105	here space is howing how to sted 087 098 099 Acress fertilized 095 both grain an es sted 099 100 103	provided for repp penter your answ Quantity harve or	sted ushels undredwe i pors, een we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i Tenths s. sted Bushels Paunds Tons, green we ig Tons, Tons,	A A irri 069 ght 092 r 094 er used Liquid Whole ton 097 A irri 101 104 ght	cres gated or gas s 1 Te ;
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Cotion 9 - Wate any Do not 7 Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and an array of the section and an array purpose from this place in a section and an array of the section are unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn are unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn are unit on green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)	on except w n example s 1969? Acr DB6 090 093 093 59? (Include Acr harve 098 105 105	here space is howing how to as sted 087 038 091 091 091 091 091 091 091 091	provided for replanding provides for the second second provides for the second	sted ushels undredwe in ons, sen we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i 10 S. sted Bushels Pounds Tons, green we ight	A irri 069 ght 092 r 094 er used Liquid Whole ton 097 A irri 101 104 pht 107 109 zer used	cres gated or gas s 1 Te ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
Yes - Com No - Go to Section 9 Section 9 Cotion 9 - Wate any Do not 7 Yes - Com	only whole acres and whole units of productions and an array of the section and an array purpose from this place in a section and an array of the section are unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn are unit only - either bushels or hundredweight of shelled corn are unit on green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)	on except w n example s 1969? Acr DB6 090 093 093 59? (Include Acr harve 098 105 105	here space is howing how to sted 087 098 099 Acress fertilized 095 both grain an es sted 099 100 103	provided for repp penter your answ Quantity harve or	sted ushels undredwe in ons, sen we igh Fertiliz i Tenths i 10 S. sted Bushels Pounds Tons, green we ight	A irri 069 ght 092 r 094 er used Liquid Whole ton 097 A irri 101 104 pht 107 109 zer used	cres gated or gas s 1 Te igated

L_j res - Con	nplete this section		1		1	Commerci	al fertilize	r used	
No		Acres harvested	Quantity	Acres	Acres	Dry		Liquorg	
Go to Section 11			ilui testivu	1111 Julied	fertilized	Whole tens	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
		113	1	4	5	6	1	7	1
	1. Winter wheat		Bushels		1		10		10
	 Spring wheat other than durum 	114	1 Bushels	4	5	6	10	7	10
		115	1	4	5	6		7	·
	3. Durum wheat		Bushels				10		10
		116	1	4	5	6	1	7	· /
I	4. Oats for grain		Bushels		1		10		10
1		117	1	4	5	6	1 /	7	1 /
	5. Barley for grain		Bushels				10		10
		118	1	4	5	6		7	
	6. Rye for grain		Bushels				10		10
		119	T	4	5	6	1	7	1 /
	7. Mixed grains		Bushels		L		10		10
		120	1	4	5	6		7	· /
	8. Flaxseed		Bushels			+	10		10
	9. Buckwheat	121	1	4	5	6	10	7	10
	7. Duckwilear	122	Bushels	4	+				10
	10. Proso millet	122	Bushels	1	5	6	10	7.	10
	io. Ploso milet	123		4	5	6			· · · · ·
	11. Emmer and spelt	163	Bushels		1	l'	! 10	/	! 10
	the maner and open it it it	124		4	5	6	1 10	7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			100-1b. bags		Ĩ		·	•	1
	12. Rice – Report quantity harvested in one unit		2 or	ŕ	ł		1		· ·
	only - either 100-lb. bags,		Bushels		1				10
	bushels, or barrels	·	3 or		1	1	i 10		1 10
		}	Barrels	1	1 .		1		1
		125	1	4	5	6	· · · ·	7	· · ·
	13. Safflower] ·	Pounds	ŀ		·	1 10		1 10
	2 · · ·	126	1	4	5	6		7	1
	14. Mustard seed		Pounds		1	1	10		10

Section 10 - Were any SMALL GRAINS harvested for grain from this place in 1969?



Yes - Com	plete this section	1		Į.	1	Commercia	l fertiliza	used.	
		Acros	Quantity harvested, i	Ácres irrigated	Acres	Dr	y	Liquid or gas	
Go to Section 12		101403100	narvasiac	triguine	fertilized	Whole tans	¹ Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
		130	1	2	3	4	1	5	
	1. Soybeans for beans		Bushels	1	1		10		! 10
		131	1	2	3	4		5	· /
	2. Peanuts for nuts,	ł	Pounds		1		1 10		10
		132	1 100-lb.	2	3	4		5	
	3. Dry field and seed beans	ł	baga			с. с. 	10		10
		133	1 100-16.	2	3	4	· /	5	· /
	4. Dry lima beans		bags	- N.			10		10
		184	1	2	з	4		5	1 /
	5. Dry field and seed peas		Pounds		<u>.</u>		1 10		1 10
		195	1	2	3	4		5	
	6. Cowpeas for dry peas		Bushels	l	1		10.		10
		136	1	2	3	4	- /	5	1 /
	7. Velvetbeans for beans		Bushela				10	<u></u>	10
		137	1	2	3	4		5	
	8. Mungbeans for beans		Pounds	h	1		10		10

Section 12 - Was any COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPCORN, BROOMCORN, or MINT FOR OIL barvested from this place in 1969?

No -	ана стана стана Стана стана стан	Acres	Quantity	Actes	Acres	Dr	y	Liquid.	
Go to Section 13		harvested	harvested	irrigated	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole	i I Tenth
	1	138	1	2	3	4	1	5	1
	1. Cotton		Bales :		1		1 10		1 1
2. Sugar beets for sugar		139	1	2	3	4		5	1
	ŀ	Tons				10	:	<u>`</u>	
		140	1	2	3	4	1	5	۱
	3. Sugar beets for seed	ł.	Pounds		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	10	••••	1 /
		141	1 Pounds,	2	3	4		5	i
	4. Popcorn		ear com	<u> </u>			1 10		1
		142	1 Tons	2	3	4		6	۱ ۱
	5. Broomcorn		of brush				10	, 	
	· · ·	143	1	2	3	4.	.	Ş.	1
	6. Mint for oil		Pounds of oil	ļ,		ŀ	10		¦ 1

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	Section 13 - Were an	IV IRISH POTATOES, SWEETP	OTATOES, or 1	гов	ACCO harvested from the	his place in 1	969?						
			1			1		-	Comm	rcial fert	ilízer (used	
	Yes - Com	plete this section	Acres		Quantity	Acres				Dry	,	Liquid o	gas
	Ga to		harvested 1	Tenths	, horvæsted	irrigated	Tenths	Acres fertilized	Tenths	Whole tons	Tonths	Whole tons	Tenths
	Section 14		160		1 Hundred-	2		3		4		5	
		1. Irish potatoes		10	weight		10		. 10		10		, 10
	· · ,	* 	161		1	2		3		4	. /	5	· /
	· · · ·	2. Sweetpotatoes		10	Bushels		10		10		10		10
۰.	ter at the		162		1	2		3		4		5	
		3. Tobacco - all types		10	Pounds		10		. 10		10		10_

Section 14 - Was any HAY or GRASS SILAGE harvested from this place in 1969?

No - Go to	If two or more cuttings were made from the same field, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.	Acres hervested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated
Section 15	1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating		1 Ton: dry	
	2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay	171	1 Ton: dry	2
	3. Small grain hay		1 Tons dry	r, 2
	4. Lespedeza for hay	173	1 Ťons dry	2
	5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay	174	1 Tons dry	2
	6, Wild hay	175	1 Tons dry	, 2
	7. Other hay - Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, courpea, peanut, etc	176	1 Ton: dry	2
	8. Grass silage	177	1 Tons gree	
	9. Hay crops cut and fed green	178	1 Tons gree	

		Fertilizer used				
	Acres	Dry	Liquid or gas			
	fertilized	Whole c tons b	Whole the tons			
	179	180	181			
10. Commercial fertilizer used on these crops		10	10			

Section 15 - Were any FIELD SEEDS harvested from this place in 1969? (See Leaflet, section 15.)

, uom,	lete this section			Acres harveste	a b	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated
No — Ga to	1. Red clover seed			190	1	Pounds, clean se	2.
Section 16	2. Alfalfa seed			191	1	Pounds, clean see	2
	3. Lespedeza seed			192	1	Pounds, clean see	2
	4. Timothy seed				1	Pounds, clean see	2
	5. Bromegrass seed				1	Pounds, clean see	
	6. Orchardgrass seed			195	1	Pounds, clean see	
	7. Sweetclover seed				1	Pounds, cleon see	
	8. Other field seeds - En	ter name and No. from	list below.]	Pounds.	2
	Name		No			clean see	d 2
	Name		No	_ L		Pounds, clean see	d
	-1	No. Name	No.	Name	No.	Name	No.
-	Bahia gress seed,	197 White clover see 198 Fescue seed: 199 Chewings	205	Kentucky bluegr other than Meri Lupine seed	ion 21		her
	Birdsfoot trefoil seed Alsike clover seed		d alta) 207	Redtop seed Ryegrass seed .	21:	All other seeds	s 21
	Crimson clover seed	202 Merion Kentucky		Sudan grass see Hairy vetch see	d 214	bluestern, con	
· .		• •		1	,		
- 1 · 1							ter used
					Acres ertilized	Ury Whole	Liquid or g Whole
						tons 5	tons
	9. Commercial fertilizer u			219		220	221

FORM 69-41(34) (5-9-69)

	ot include abandoned trees or plantings	ees, including of See Lea/let, se	aeron 10%		C ENTER CONTRACTOR CONT	Sector States and the sector of the sector o
🔄 Yes – Con	plete this section	Acres in			Comn	ercial fertilizer geed Dry Liquid or gas
No -		traies and vines of	12	Acres tigated i 🛓	Acres	a second and a second
Go to Section 20,		all ages	主義と教		forfilized 1 2	Whale I Whele I where I where I where I where I where I where I was a second state I was a
on page 7	1. Land in bearing and nonbearing	290	231	21		33 234
	fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees		10	10	10	10
ion 17 - Were th	ere any NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES or GRAI	EVINES on this		9697		
	plete this section	1. +		r vines of all ag		
		Acres	Tenths	Number net of bearing age	Number of bearing age	Quantity harvested
No	1. Apples	240	¦ 10	1	3	3. Pounds
Go to Section 18	2. Peaches, clingstone	241	; 10	.1	2	3 Pounds
	3. Peaches, freestone	242	1 10	1	3	3 Pounds
	4. Pears, Bartlett	243	10	1	2	3
	5. Pears, other than Bartlett	244	- 10	1	2	- Pounds
	6. Cherries, tart	245	10	1	2	3 Pounds
	7. Cherries, sweet	246	10	1	2	Bounds 3
	8. Avocados (See Leaflet, section 17)	247		1	2	3 Pounds
	9. Dates	248	, 10	1	2	Pounds 3
		249		1	2	3 Pounds
	10. Grapes, American type 11. Grapes, European type	250	10	1	2	Bounds
	a. Raisin varieties – Report quantit harvested in one unit only – eithe		10			3 4 or Tons, 10 <u>fresh</u> 10 <u>fresh</u> 10 <u>fresh</u>
	tons fresh or tons dry			1	2	8
	b. Table varieties	252	10	1	2	10 Tons
	c. Wine varieties	253	10	1	2	i 10 Tons 3 Pounds
	12. Plums	254	10	1	2	fresh 3 Pounds
	 Prunes - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry 		10			4 or fresh To ns, 10 dry
	14. Apricots	255	10	1	2	3 10 Tons
				1		
	15. Olives (See Leaflet, section 17)	256	10	•	2	3 10 Tons
	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds	255	10	1	2	3 Pounds fresh
	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257	10	1	2	10 Tons 3 Pounds fresh
ion 18 - Were t	 Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	the space prop	vided at th		2	10 Tons 3 Pounds fresh
	 16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place 	the space prop	vided at the Leaflet,		2	3 Pounds A or fresh A To Tons, 10 Tons, 10 Tons,
	 Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	the space prop	vided at the Leaflet,	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19.	10 Tons 3 Pounds fresh
	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place applete this section	257 ,	vided at th e Lea/let, Trs i Tonths	section 18.) es of all ages	2 n. 19.	Quantity harvested fram 1968-69 fram bloam of 1968
Yes - Con No - Go to	 16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space prov in 1969? (Se Acres	10 prided at the e Leaflet, t Tenths 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19. Number of bearing age	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 fram bloom of 1968
Yes - Con	 16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds jresh or tons dry	257 the space prov in 1969? (Se Acres	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Tres Tonths 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19. Number of bearing age	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 fram bloom of 1968 Field boxe Field boxe
Yes - Con No - Go to	 16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space prov in 1959? (Se Acres 270 271	pided at the e Leaflet, i Tonths 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n. 19. Number of bearing age 2 2	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 from bloom of 1968 Field boxe Field boxe Guantity harvested in 1968-69 from bloom of 1968 Field boxe Field boxe
Yes - Con No - Go to	 16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space prov in 1969? (Se Acres 270 271 272	10 pided at th e Leaflet, Ter 1 Tonths 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n. 19. Number of bearing age 2 2	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 from blocm of 1968 3 Field boxe 3 Field boxe 3 Field boxe 3 Field boxe
Yes - Con No - Go to	 16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space prop in 1969? (Se Acres 270 271 271 272 273	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Trenths 10 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19. Number of bearing age 2 2 2	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 from blocm of 1968 3 Field base 3 Field base
Yes - Con No - Go to	 16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space prov in 1959? (Se Acres 270 271 272 273 274	10 vided at th e Leaflet, Tenths 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19. Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 fram bloom of 1968 3 Field boxe 3 Field boxe
Yes - Con No - Go to	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space prov in 1969? (Se Acres 270 271 272 273 275	10 rided at th e Leaflet, Tenthe 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19. Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 from bloom of 1968 Generation of 1968 Field base Field base
Yes - Con No - Go to	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place oplete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons.	257 the space prov in 1959? (Se Acres 270 271 272 273 275 276 276	rided at th e Leaflet, Ten i Tonthe 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19. Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 10 Tans 3 Pounds 4 Tons, 10 Tons, Tons,
Yes - Con No - Go to	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place on this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangetines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes.	257 the space prov in 1969? (Se Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277	10 prided at 11 e Lea/let, Trotha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) es of all ages Number not of	2 n 19. Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 10 Tons 3 Pounds 4 or 4 Tons, 10 Tons, Tons, 11 Tons, Tons, 12 Tons, Tons, 13 Told Tons, Tons, 11 Tons, Tons, 12 Tons, Tons, 13 Told Tons, Tons, 14 Tons, Tons,
Yes - Con No - Go to	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place oplete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats.	257 the space prov in 1969? (Se Acres 270 271 272 273 275 276 276 276 277 278 278	10 prided at 11 e Leaflet, Troths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity harvested in 1968-69 from bloom of 1968 Guantity harvested in 1968-69 from bloom of 1968 Field boxe Field boxe
Yes - Con Go to Section 19	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place oplete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangetines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the	257 the space prov in 1959? Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 279 space provide	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Tranha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of boaring age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 10 Tons 3 Pounds 4 or 4 Tons, 10 Tons, Tons, 11 Tons, Tons, 12 Tons, Tons, 13 Told Tons, Tons, 11 Tons, Tons, 12 Tons, Tons, 13 Told Tons, Tons, 14 Tons, Tons,
Yes - Con Go to Section 19	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place oplete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats.	257 the space prov in 1959? Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 279 space provide	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Troths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of bearing age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 10 Tons 3 Pounds 4 or 4 Tons, 10 Tons, Tons, 11 Tons, Tons, 12 Tons, Tons, 13 Told Tons, Tons, 11 Tons, Tons, 12 Tons, Tons, 13 Told Tons, Tons, 14 Tons, Tons,
Yes - Con Go to Section 19	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place oplete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangetines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the	257 the space prov in 1969? Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 279 space provide (See Leaflet, s) Acres	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Troths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 Number of boaring age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 10 Tans. 3 Pounds 4 0r 7 Tans. 10 Tans. 11 Tans. 12 Tans. 13 Field boxe 13 Field boxe 13 Pounds 13 Pounds 13 Pounds 14 Paunds
Yes - Con Go to Section 19 Yes - Con No -	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place oplete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the here any NUT TREES on this place in 19687	257 the space provide Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 279 4 space provide (See Leaflet, S Acres 280	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Trenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of boaring age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity harvested Guantity harvested fresh Guantity harvested in 1968-69 fram bloam of 1968 Field baxe Field Field baxe Field baxe Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Fie
Yes - Con Go to Section 19 Yes - Con Yes - Con Go to	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place of this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the here any NUT TREES on this place in 19687 nplete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian. 2. Almonds.	257 the space prot in 1969? Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 space provide (See Leaflet, s Acres 280 281	10 prided at the e Leaflet, Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of boaring age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity harvested Guantity harvested frash A Quantity harvested fram bloam of 1968 Field baxe Field Field baxe Field baxe Field baxe Field Field Field Field Field
Yes - Con Go to Section 19 Yes - Con , No -	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space prot in 1969? Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 (See Leaflet, s Acres 280 281 282 283	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of boaring age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantity harvested Guantity harvested in 1968-69 fram bloom of 1968 Guantity harvested in 1968-69 fram bloom of 1968 Field baxe Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Field Fi
Yes - Con Go to Section 19 Yes - Con Yes - Con Go to	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place oplete this section 1. Valencia oranges. 2. Navel oranges. 3. Temple oranges. 4. Other oranges. 5. Tangerines and mandarins. 6. Tangelos. 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons. 9. Limes. 10. Kumquats. Report any other citrus fruit trees in the here any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? nplete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian. 2. Almonds. 3. Pecans, wild and seedling.	257 the space provide in 1969? (Se Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 279 t space provide (See Leaflet, s Acres 283 283 283	10 prided at the e Leaflet, Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of boaring age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 10 Tans. 3 Pounds 4 0 6 Tans. 10 Tans. 3 Field baxe 3 Pounds 3 Pounds 3 Pounds 4 10 Tans 3 Pounds 3 Pounds
Yes - Con Go to Section 19 Ion 19 - Were th Yes - Con Go to	16. Figs - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either pounds fresh or tons dry	257 the space provide in 1969? (Se Acres 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 277 276 279 t space provide (See Leaflet, s Acres 283 283 283	10 prided at th e Leaflet, Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	section 18.) ses of all ages Number not of bearing age 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 n 19. Number of boaring age 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 10 Tons. 3 Pounds 4 0r 7 Tons. 10 Tons. 10 Tons. 10 Tons. 10 Tons. 10 Tons. 10 Tons. 3 Field boxe 3 Pounds 3 Pounds 3 10 Tons 3 Pounds

FORM 69-A1.14) (8-9-89)

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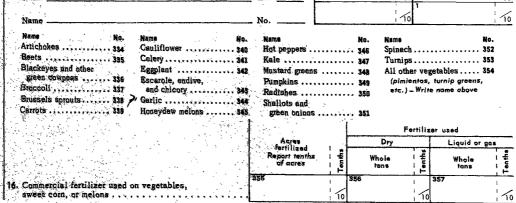
6. Tung nuts

7. Other fruit and nut trees - Give name

Pounds Pounds in husk

Pounds

	plete this section	Acres harvested Report tenths of ocres	Tenths	Quantity hor (1 quart = 1½	vested pounds)	Acres irrigated Report tenths of acres	Tenths
Go to	1. Strawberries	. 200	10		Pounds		10
Section 21	2. Raspberries, red	291	10		Pounds	2	10
		292	10		Pounds	2	· 10
5 e . 8	3. Raspberries, black	293	1		100-16.	2	10
	4. Cranberries	·	10		barrels	2	10
			10		Pounds		10
	Name		10			2	10
	Name No		10		Pounds	L	; 10
	Name No. Name No. Blackberries and Blueberries, wild	Hame Gooseberries Loganberries Youngberries		300 Write	her berrie name ob	ove 302	
•		Acres		Dry		Liquid or go	\$
		fortilized Report tenths of acres		Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
		303		304	1	305	
	6. Commercial fertilizer used on berries	<u>. </u>	1	10	10)	10
Yes - Com	plete this section			res harvested port tenths of acres	Tenths	Acres irrigoted Report tenths of acres	Tenths
Go to Section 22	1. Tomatoes	•••••••••••	311		10		10
	2. Sweet com						. /
	3. Cucumbers and pickles		312		10		10
	, by Cuchanders and pickles		312		10		10
	4. Watermelons		313		10		
		•••••••	313 314		10		10
	4. Watermelons	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	313 314 315				10
	4. Watermelons	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	313 314 315 316				10
	 Watermelons Snap beans, bush and pole Dry onions 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	313 314 315 316 317				10 10 10 10
	 4. Watermelons		313 314 315 316 317 318				
	 Watermelons. Snap beans, bush and pole Dry onions. Lettuce and romaine Asparagus. 		313 314 315 316 317 318 318 319				
	 4. Watermelons. 5. Snap beans, bush and pole . 5. Dry onions. 7. Lettuce and romaine . 8. Asparagus . 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons . 10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos . 		313 314 315 316 317 318		1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
	 4. Watermelons. 5. Snap beans, bush and pole 6. Dry onions. 7. Lettuce and romaine 8. Asparagus 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons 10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos 11. Green peas 		313 314 315 316 317 318 318 319		1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		
	 4. Watermelons. 5. Snap beans, bush and pole . 5. Dry onions. 7. Lettuce and romaine . 8. Asparagus . 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons . 10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos . 11. Green peas . 12. Cabbage . 		313 314 315 316 317 318 919 919		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
	 4. Watermelons. 5. Snap beans, bush and pole 6. Dry onions. 7. Lettuce and romaine 8. Asparagus 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons 9. Cantaloups, except pimientos 10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos 11. Green peas 12. Cabbage 13. Squash 		313 314 315 316 317 318 319 920 321				10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	 4. Watermelons. 5. Snap beans, bush and pole . 5. Dry onions. 7. Lettuce and romaine . 8. Asparagus . 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons . 10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos . 11. Green peas . 12. Cabbage . 		313 314 315 316 317 318 317 318 919 920 321 322		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
	 4. Watermelons. 5. Snap beans, bush and pole 6. Dry onions. 7. Lettuce and romaine 8. Asparagus 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons 9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons 10. Sweet peppers, except pimientos 11. Green peas 12. Cabbage 13. Squash 14. Green lima beans 		313 314 315 316 317 318 317 318 919 920 321 322		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10



FORM 69-A1(34) (5-9-69)

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🛄 Yes - Com	plate this section				1000		Value	of sales, "	1969
		1	·····	a'used in				t approxim amount	
🗔 No -			Square feet und glass or other	er Acres Rej	in the op port tenths f acres	en iĝ	CENTS	NOT REQU	JIRE
Go to Section 23			protection	370	facres	15	Dol 371	lars	I Ce
	1. Nursery products-trees, shrubs, vines,	etc				10	s		1
×				372			379		
	2. Sod	***********		375		10	\$ 376	····	+
	3. Bulbs					10	s		1
	4. Cut flowers, florist greens, and potted,		377	378			379		1
	bedding, or other florist plants		400	401		10	S 402		<u>.</u>
	5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds, and		400	1.01			402		i i
	végetable plants	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	403			'10 ////////////////////////////////////	\$ 404		
	6. Mushrooms						s		1
	7. Vegetables grown under glass or other	protection:	405				406		; ;
	a. Tomatoes	• • • • • • • • • • • • •					· <u>s</u>		
	b. Cucumbers	•	407				408		:
			409	-\(///			410		
	c. Lettuce		411	_////			\$ 412		
	d. Other vegetables		1				-114 S		1
			413	414			///////////////////////////////////////		
	8. Area irrigated - Include items 1 throug	1 7	L			10			
			1			, 1 ·		•	
			Area	fortilized			rertiji Drý	zer used Liquid a	or ga
			6		1	Whol	• 2	Whole	
			Square feet	Acre	Ten fri	tons		tons	i
	9. Commercial fertilizer used		415	416	t	417	1	418	
🔄 Yes - Can	ny OTHER CROPS harvested from this place in pplete this section 1. Root crops fot feed	1969? (See Leafle	et, section 23.)	· · · · · · ·	Acres 420 421	harvéste	rd 1	Acres irrig	oted
∑ Yes - Can No - Go to	1. Root crops for feed 2. Sorghums for sirup		et, section 23.)		420	harvéste	rd 1	Acres îrrig	beta
Yes - Con	1. Root crops for feed 2. Sorghums for sirup	····	et, section 23.)	· · · · · · · ·	420	harvéste	rd 3 1	Acres irrig	ated
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	 applete this section 1. Root crops fot feed 2. Sorghums for sirup 	ilage ,	et, section 23.)	· · · · · · ·	420	harvéste	1 1 1 1	Acres irrig	beta
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	 Root crops for feed	ilage ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · ·	420	harvöste	rd 3 1 1 1	Acres irrig	beta
∑ Yes - Can No - Go to	 Provide this section Root crops for feed Sorghums for sirup Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for sirup 	ilage ,	et, section 23.)	· · · · · · · ·	420	harvöste	rd 1 1 1 1	Acres irrig	beta
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No ~ Go to	 Root crops for feed	ilage ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································	420	harvéste	1 1 1 1 1	Acres irrig	beta
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	 Root crops for feed	ilage ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	420		1 1 1 1	Acros irrig	beta
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	Name Name </td <td>ilage list below ame entils</td> <td>No. No. No. No. No. No. Name</td> <td>wer seed,</td> <td>420 421 422</td> <td>No. N 433 C</td> <td>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2ame Chufas for</td> <td>nuts</td> <td></td>	ilage list below ame entils	No. No. No. No. No. No. Name	wer seed,	420 421 422	No. N 433 C	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2ame Chufas for	nuts	
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No ~ Go to	Name Name Name Name Name No. No. No. Castor beans	ilage list below ame esame for seed oy beans plowed und	No	corn for s	420 421 422 	No. N 433 C	1 1 1 1 1 1 Chufas for UI other of	nuts	
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	Name Yes Name Yes Name Yes Name Yes No. No. Yes Yes No. Yes	ilage list be low ame entils oybeans plowed und ugarcane for :	No. No. No. Name 	corn for s or peas a nixed	420 421 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 &	1 1 1 1 1 1 Chufas for UI other of	nuts rops –	
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut for side Solution Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Solution Name Name <	ame entilsesame for seed yo beans plowed und ugarcane for . Sugar Strup	No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil	420 421 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 <i>d</i> 435 436	1 1 1 1 1 1 Chufas for UI other of	nuts rops –	
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	Name Yes Name Name Name Yes Name Yes No. No. Yes Yes No. Yes Yes <td>ame entilsor seed oybeans plowed und ugarcane for : Sugar,</td> <td>No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f</td> <td>corn for s or peas a nixed</td> <td>420 421 422 eed</td> <td>No. N 433 C 434 <i>d</i> 435 436</td> <td>i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i</td> <td>nuts rops – rme above .</td> <td></td>	ame entilsor seed oybeans plowed und ugarcane for : Sugar,	No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed	420 421 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 <i>d</i> 435 436	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	nuts rops – rme above .	
∑ Yes – Can ∑ No – Go to	Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut for side Solution Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Solution Name Name <	ame entilsesame for seed yo beans plowed und ugarcane for . Sugar Strup	No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil	420 421 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	nuts rops – rime above , zer used	
∐ Yes – Con □ No – Go to	Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut for side Solution Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Solution Name Name <	ame entilsesame for seed yo beans plowed und ugarcane for . Sugar Sirup	No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil	420 421 422 eed	No. N 433 C 435 436 437 D	inne hufas for Ul other of Write ac	nuts props – me above , zer used Liquid e	
∑ Yes - Con No - Go to	Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut for side Solution Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Solution Name Name <	ame entilsesame for seed yo beans plowed und ugarcane for . Sugar Sirup	No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437	inne hufas for Ul other of Write ac	nuts props – me above , zer used Liquid e	
∐ Yes – Con □ No – Go to	Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut for side Solution Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Solution Name Name <	ame entilsesame for seed yo beans plowed und ugarcane for . Sugar Sirup	No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 Whol	iame Fertills i'y e i e	nuts props – me above , zer used Liquid e	
∑ Yes – Con ∑ No – Go to	Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut for side Solution Name Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Name Name Name Quest to grazed or cut side Solution Solution Name Name <	ilage list below esame for seed oybeans plowed und ugarcane for: Sugar, Strup Steed	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch 01 1. 431 Dill [corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	inne hufas for Ul other of Write ac	nuts rops – rme above , Liguid e Whole tons 442	
Yes - Can No - Go to Section 24	Name Name Name Name Name Name Quarter of the state Name Action beans Yes Outpace of cut State Action beans Yes Name Action beans Yes Name Action beans Yes Action beans Action	ilage list below ame esame for seed Sugar Sugar Strup Seed	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch or 1. 431 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertill	nuts rops – ime above , zer used Liquid e tons 442	
Yes - Con Go to Section 24	Name Name Name Name Name Name Sorybeans hogged or grazed or cut for si A. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Sorybeans hogged or grazed or cut for Segrazed or cut for Segrazed or cut for Segrazed or cut for side or	ilage list below ame esame for seed Sugar Sugar Strup Seed	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch or 1. 431 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertils ry 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	nuts rops – rme above , Liguid e Whole tons 442	
Yes - Con Go to Section 24	Name Solution Name Name Solution Solution <	ilage list below ame esame for seed Sugar Sugar Strup Seed	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch or 1. 431 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertills	nuts props – me above , Liquid e Whole tons 442	
Yes - Con Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Were a Yes - Con	1. Root crops for feed 2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for si 4. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Name Quarter of the side of	ilage list below ame esame for seed Sugar Sugar Strup Seed	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch or 1. 431 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertilli try CENTS Do 450	nuts rops – rome above . zer used Liquid c Whole tons 442 hue of sale	
Yes - Con Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Were a Yes - Con Go to	Name Name Name Name Name Name Sorybeans hogged or grazed or cut for si A. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Sorybeans hogged or grazed or cut for Segrazed or cut for Segrazed or cut for Segrazed or cut for side or	ilage list below ame esame for seed Sugar Sugar Strup Seed	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch or 1. 431 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertills	nuts rops – rome above . zer used Liquid c Whole tons 442 hue of sale	
Yes - Can No - Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Were a Yes - Con No -	1. Root crops for feed 2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for si 4. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Name Quarter of the side of	ilage list below ama entils soybeans plowed und ugarcane for: Sugar Sirup Seed pps 1989? (See Leafl	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Name 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweet er. 429 Vetch or 1. 431 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertills T Vo CENTS 451 S	nuts rops – rome above . zer used Liquid c Whole tons 442 hue of sale	
Yes - Con Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Were a Yes - Con Go to	1. Root crops for feed 2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for si 4. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Name Sorghums hogged or grazed or cut for si A. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Gastor beans 423 Lowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage grazed or cut for silage 424 Stadom state Guar 425 Hops 426 5. Commercial fertilizer used on these croon ny FOREST PRODUCTS sold from this place in the section 1. Standing timber or trees 2. Firewood and fuelwood	ilage list below ame entils ssame for seed Sugar Sugar Sirup Seed pps 1969? (See Leafl	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweeter. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertills T Fertills T CENTS CENTS A51 S	nuts rops – rome above . zer used Liquid c Whole tons 442 hue of sale	
Yes - Con Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Were a Yes - Con Go to	1. Root crops for feed 2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for si 4. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Name Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage Name Name Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for silage Guar	ilage list below ama entils essame for seed sugarcane for: Sugar, Sirup Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed See	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweeter. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertillitry CENTS 450 453 453	nuts rops – rome above . zer used Liquid c Whole tons 442 hue of sale	
Yes - Con Go to Section 24 Section 24 - Were a Yes - Con Go to	1. Root crops for feed 2. Sorghums for sirup 3. Soybeans hogged or grazed or cut for si 4. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Name Sorghums hogged or grazed or cut for si A. Other crops - Enter name and No. from Name Name Name Gastor beans 423 Lowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage grazed or cut for silage 424 Stadom state Guar 425 Hops 426 5. Commercial fertilizer used on these croon ny FOREST PRODUCTS sold from this place in the section 1. Standing timber or trees 2. Firewood and fuelwood	ilage list below ama entils essame for seed sugarcane for: Sugar, Sirup Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed See	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. 427 Sunfla. 428 Sweeter. 429 Vetch 430 Dill f	corn for s or peas a nixed or oil eed oil A fert	420 421 422 422 eed	No. N 433 C 434 & 435 436 437 D Whol ton	Fertili Ty CENTS 450 450 5 452 5	nuts rops – rome above . zer used Liquid c Whole tons 442 hue of sale	

Please read	ucts, whisther owned by you or someone else. Please read Leaflet, "Sect at anyone else have any CHICKENS, TURKEYS, or OTHER POULTRY on this place on		
BIEM IC	any and the rise have any Chickers, i Dirkers, of Chick Foot, it's on this place on any and from this place in 1969? (See Leaflet, section 25.) lefe this section	Number on this place December 31, 19	Total number sold in 1969 Include poultry fed an a contract basis and taken
			from this place
Go to	 Chickens 3 months old or older: hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for set 	455	456
Section 26	b. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age -	457	458
1	Include started pullets being raised for sale or sold	459	460
	included above-roosters, capons, etc	461	462
	2. Broilers and other meat-type chickens less than 3 months old		
	3. Furkeys of all ages: a. Turkey hens kept for breeding	463	464
		465	466
	b. Other turkeys - Include fryers	467	458
	4. Ducks	469	470
	5. Geese		
	6. Other poultry - Include game birds raised in captivity - Specify	471	472
Section 26 - Did you	or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place on December 31, 1969, or we	re any sold from this pl	ace in 1969?
(See L	eaflet, section 26.)		
Yes - Com	lete this section		Number on this place December 31, 1969
<u>No</u> –	I. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, and c)		480
Go to Section 27	a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had calved		481
	b. Heifers and heifer calves (Do not include heifers that had calved)		482
	c. Bulls, buil calves, steers, and steer calves		483
	•		Number of milk cows
			on this place December 31, 1969
	 Milk cows - Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were milk cows include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved		484
			485
	3. Was any whole milk sold to plants or dealers in 1969?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 Yes 2 No
an		Total number sold	Number fattened on grain or concentrates
2	4. Cartle and calves sold from this place in 1969 - Include those	10101 101000 \$210	30 days or more and sold for slaughter (See Leaflet)
a far a construction of the second	fed on this place on contract or custom basis.	5	487
	a. Calves sold	1	489
Section 27 Did you	b. Cattle other than calves sold	ald from this place in 1	
	or anyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any a a/let, section 27.)	iolo from this place in 1	
Yes - Com	lete this section		Number on this place December 31, 1969
			490
	1. Hogs and pigs of all ages		
Go ta	(Total of a and b)		491
	(Total of a and b)		492
Go to	(Total of a and b)		
Go to	(Total of a and b)		492 Number of litters
Go to	(Total of a and b)	· · · ·	492 Number of litters 493
Go to	 (Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs 2. Litters farrowed on this place between - 	· · · ·	492 Number of litters
Go to	 (Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs 2. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 	•	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder
Go to	 (Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs 2. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 	Tatal number sold	492 Number of litters 493 494
Go ta Section 28	(Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs 2. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969	Total number sold	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding 496
Go ta Section 28 Section 28 – Did you	(Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs c. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c. June 1, 1969	Tatal number sold 5 Iny sold from this place	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding 496 in 1969?
Go ta Section 28 Section 28 – Did you	(Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs 2. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 or anyone else have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were a lete this section	Total number sold 5 Iny sold from this place Number on this place December 31, 1969	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding 496 in 1969? Number sold in 1969
Go ta Section 28 Section 28 - Did you Yes - Comp	(Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs c. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c. June 1, 1969	Total number sold 5 Iny sold from this place Number on this place December 31, 1969	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding 496 in 1969?
Go ta Section 28 Section 28 - Did you Yes - Comp	(Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs 2. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 a. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 a. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c.	Total number sold 5 Iny sold from this place Number on this place December 31, 1969	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding 496 in 1969? Number sold in 1969
Go ta Section 28 Section 28 - Did you Yes - Comp Go to	(Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs 2. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c. Total pigs sold from this place in 1969 a. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 a. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c. Total of a, b, and c) b. June 1, 1969, and complete this section b. June 1, 1969, and complete the section for the se	Total number sold 5 Number on this place Number on this place December 31, 1969	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding 496 in 1969? Number sold in 1969
Go ta Section 28 Section 28 - Did you Yes - Comp Go to	(Total of a and b) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding b. Other hogs and pigs c. Litters farrowed on this place between - a. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969 b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c. Jane 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969 c. June 1, 1969, and Soft for this place in 1969 c. June 1, 1969, and c. June 1, 1969, or were a lette this section 1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c) c. Lambs under 1 year old	Total number sold 5 Inny sold from this place Number on this place December 31, 1969	492 Number of litters 493 494 Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding 496 in 1969? Number sold in 1969

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门 Yes - Com	plete this section	Number a Decemb	er 31, 1969	Number	sold in 1969
□No -	1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies)			511	
Go to	2. Ponies of all ages	512		513	
Section 30	3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages	514		515	· ·
	4. Angora goats	516	`````	517	
	5. Milk goats	518		519	
	6. Other goats	\$20		521	
	7. Hives of bees on this place and honey sold	522		523	Pounds of hancy
	8. Mink	524		\$25	Mink and pelts
		526	····	527	Rabbits and pelts
	10. Chinchillas	\$2B	· · ·	329	Chinchillas and pelts
	11. All other livestock - Specify	530		\$31	
		530		591	

Se

Section 30 - Did you have any CONTRACT or BINDING AGREEMENT to produce or market any farm products from this place in 1969? (See Lea/let, section 30.)

Dee Le	suffer, section July																	
🗌 Yes Com	plete this section For each group of products, mark (X) the column which best describes the purpose	cor	duct trac	t or	01	sale sale stract	or		M	ork (X) as ipply ied b	for a	ny co arch	lumr item	15		Amount rea	aivad
□ No – Go to Section 31	of the contract or agreement and the type of contractor. If both production and marketing for the product, mark under production. Also mark the items furnished and report the amount received.	Co-op	Processor		Marketing association a		Other		Credit.	Lober	Equipment 0	r	Feed	Other	Nothing furnished	CEI	fram contr for such pr NTS NOT R Dollars	actor oduct
	1. Poultry and eggs			3	4	5		541	ĩ	2	3	4	5	6	3	542	\$	
	2. Dairy products	1	2	3	4	5	6	544	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	545	¢	1
	3. Cattle	1	2	3	4	5	6	547	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	548	s	1
	4. Hogs and other livestock	1	2	3	4	5	6	550	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	651 ·	\$	1
	5. Vegetables - melons, etc	1	2	3	4	5	6	553	1	2	ş	4	5	6	7	564	s	
	6. Fruits, citrus, nuts, or berries	T	2	3	4	5	6	556	1	2	3	4	ş	6	7	557	<u> </u>	
	550 7. Other crops - sugar beets, peanuts, etc.	1	2	Э	4	5	6	359	3	2	3.	4	5	6	7	560	\$	1
						·			h		<i></i>				W:	ten	Oral	Both
	 For each product for which you had a contract or agreement, 																-	
	write the name of the product and indicate whether the con- Name of	 	·											561.			2	э [_]
	tract was written, oral, or both. produc	'\{ ²	·										,	562	1		2	3
Section 21 MBGHU	NERV and FOURPRENT on this place on December	- 21	100	0 //	- lu	de or		oaui	57) <i>a</i> 7			- (563	1	<u></u>	2	3
section 31 - machin used in	NERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on Decembe n 1968 or 1969. See Leaflet, section 31.)	1 21	130	9. (17	10.10	16 04	uy e	CY 16 L	UNL D I		•		1	۲	lumb	er ma	nufactured	in _
	Selected machinery and equipment on this p	lace	, De	cem	ber	31, 1	969	1					570		or l	ater	1964 0	r earlier
	1. Automobiles	•.•		•••	•••		•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	572				573	
	2. Motortrucks - Include pickups	•••	• • •	• • •	••	•••	• • •	• •	• • •	• • •	· · ·	• • •	574				575	
	3. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors	and	mot	or tì	ilers		• • •		• • •	<i>.</i>	•••		576				577	
	4. Crawler tractors										•••	•••	578	<u>`</u>			579	
	5. Riding garden tractors, 7 hp. and over	•••	•••			•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	. • •	580			·	581	- 1990-0
	6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	only	•••		• •	•••	••••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	582				583	
	7. Corn heads for combines												584				585	
	8. Other compickers and picker-shellers												586		·		587	
	9. Pickup balers												568				589	
•	10. Windrowers - pull and self-propelled (Ex				con	ditio	ner	s).		• • •	•••	• • •	590				591	
	11. Field forage harvesters, shear bar only .	•••		•••	••		• • •	••,	•••	• • •	• • •	•••						
		ζ.								÷						102	NTS NOT R Dollars	Cents
	12. Estimated market value of all machinery for the farm business - Include the items	and liste	equi ed al	pme ove	nt u and	suall any	y ke oth	ept o er m	n th achi	is p neri	lace	and equ	use upm	d ent.		592	\$	1
Section 32 - Were an	WIRED WORKERS employed to do farm or ranch	Wor	k on	this	plac	e in 1	969	2 (D	0 10	t in	c lud	e						
employ	yees of labor contractors who performed custo	mwc	rk fo	or yo	ou.	See .	Lea	llet,	sec	tion	32,)				1		
Yes - Com	plete this section															600	Number of 1	vorkers
	1. Of the hired workers, how many worked -	-	J			ays					•			••	• • •	801		
Section 33			C	b. Ц	,ess	theo	15	0 da	ys o	n th	is pl	ace	• • •	•••	•••			

FORM 69-A1(34) (8-9-6 9)

Section 33 - INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME and OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1969.

			_				Estimati (Do not	include
Include any of			Toi		Acres which a		cost of a CENTS NOT I	
these materials							Dallars	Cen
paid for by your	ł	. 1	610		611		612	
landlord and by custom operators.		Line (Do not include land plaster or gypsum orline for sanilation.)	ſ				5 614	
For each item	2.	Sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc. to control -			613		514	
listed, report actes only once,		a. Insects on hay crops			615		<u>5</u>	
but report cost of		b. Insects on other crops (corn, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees,	vines, etc	.)			s	
all such materials used on these	3				617	F	618	
acres in 1969.		c. Nematodes in crops	<i></i>	• • • •	619		\$ 620	
(See Leaflet. section 33.)	1	d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)			619	ľ	520	
		ar macases in crops and orenards (singues, sures, rosis, every		••••	621		622	
		e. Weeds or grass in crops - include both pre-emergence and post-	emergence				\$	
		the second se			623	19	624	
		f. Weeds or brush in pasture	• • • • • • •		625		526	
·	3	Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinnin	e of fruit		1	ľ	5	
	1	enemients for determine of for growth control of crops of artitum	5 01 11011	••••	L.,		527	
	4.	Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry	<u></u>	. <i>.</i>	<u></u>	<u></u>	3	
Section 34 - Produc	ction f	EXPENSES for this place in 1969.						
	1						CENTS NOT	REQUIR
	1						Dollars	, Cer
Include your best	1,	Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, she					630	
estimate of	1	lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc.					s	
expenses paid by others - your		Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - grain, hay, silage	n mired				631	
landlord, con-		feeds, concentrates, erc. (Total of dollars for a, b, c, and d)					3	
tractors, buyers, erc for crops,		·	1		I .	1	7//////////////////////////////////////	777777
livestock or		a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased - complete,		Tenths	Dollars	Cents	<i>\////////</i>	
livestock products		supplement, concentrates. (Do not include ingredients	32 1		633	•		
produced on this place,	· · .	purchased separately such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and ureu.)		10	s			
See Leaflet.			34		635	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X////////	
section 34.)		seed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling						
	1	byproduces. (Do not include whole grains.)		10		·		
	ŀ	c. Wholegrains purchased – such as corn, oats, barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. Include cracked	96		637	1		
		grain. (Do not include millfeeds or other milling	:	/				
		byproducts, or green chop.)	38	10	S 639		\$//////////////////////////////////////	
	1			1		*		
· . ·	·	d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc		10	S			
	3.	Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					s	
,							641	
	4.	Commercial fertilizer purchased - all forms, including rock phosp	hate and	gypsun	•••••	• • • • •	S	
		Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the					642	:
		fuel; LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, mou (Total of a, b, c, and d)		ase, el			s	
	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,		m'nm
					Doliers	Cents		
	ř.	- Constinue for the form harmon		649			<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>	///////
	1.	a. Gasoline for the farm business	• • • • • • •	· S		1	\$ <i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	///////
	ļ	b. Diesel fuel for the farm business		. s			<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>	///////
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1			645			\$/////////////////////////////////////	///////
· · · ·		c. LP gas, butane, and propane for the farm business	• • • • • •	×		1	Y/////////////////////////////////////	///////
	1.	d. Motor oll, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and		646		1	<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>	///////
		fuel oil for the farm business	• • • • • •	·s		1	647	<u> </u>
		Hired farm labor — Include all money paid in cash for farm labor i: payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do n					04/	
		housework, customwork, and contract work.)			<i></i> .		S	,
	1			n .			648	í
	2 1 1 1 1	Contract labor - Include expenditures primarily for labor, such as	harvesti				L	,
	7.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis l	by a contr	actor,				
	7.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis t a grewleader, a cooperative, etc.	by a contr	actor,		• • • • •	5	· · ·
	7.	of fruit, vegetables, herries, etc., performed on a contract basis t a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork — Include expenditures primarily fo	by a contr	actor,	nt,	• • • • • •	5 549	
	7. 8.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis t a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork - Include expenditures primarily fo and for customwork such as grinding and mixing jeed, plowing, co	y a contr r use of e mbining,	actor, quipme corn	nt,	••••	5 649 S	
	7.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis t a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork.— Include expenditures primarily fo and for customwork such as grinding and mixing jeed, plowing, co picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, etc.	r use of e mbining,	actor, quìpme corn		••••	5 649 5 650	
	7.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis t a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork - Include expenditures primarily fo and for customwork such as grinding and mixing jeed, plowing, co	r use of e mbining,	actor, quìpme corn		· · · · · ·	\$ 650 S	
	7. 8. 9.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis l a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork – Include expenditures primarily fo and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, co picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, etc. Agricultural chemicals purchased – Add dollars reported in sectio All other production expenses – Include current operation expenses	by a contr ruse of e mbining, om 33 and es and d	actor, quìpme corn enter l	otal here	• • • • • •	s	, , , ,
	7. 8. 9. 10.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis t a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork Include expenditures primarily fo and for ouetomwork such as grinding and mixing jeed, plowing, co ploking, silo filling, straying, dusting, etc. Agricultural chemicals purchased - Add dollars reported in section All other production expenses - Include current operating expense taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repuirs, etcfor the form bi	r use of e mbining, on 33 and es, and dusiness.	actor, quipme corn enter l eprecia	otal here	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 650 \$ 651	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	7. 8. 9. 10.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis l a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork – Include expenditures primarily fo and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, co picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, etc. Agricultural chemicals purchased – Add dollars reported in sectio All other production expenses – Include current operation expenses	r use of e mbining, on 33 and es, and dusiness.	actor, quipme corn enter l eprecia	otal here	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 650 S	· · · · ·
	7. 9. 10.	of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis t a crewleader, a cooperative, etc. Machine hire and customwork Include expenditures primarily fo and for ouetomwork such as grinding and mixing jeed, plowing, co ploking, silo filling, straying, dusting, etc. Agricultural chemicals purchased - Add dollars reported in section All other production expenses - Include current operating expense taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repuirs, etcfor the form bi	r use of e mbining, on 33 and es, and du isiness.	actor, quipme corn enter t eprecia	otal here tion.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 650 651 5	

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		CENTS NOT REQUIRED
		Dollars Cents
Include market value of	1. Grains – corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, grain sorghums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas	660
landlord's and		661
contractor's share. (See Lea/let,	2. Tobacco ,	s
section 35.)	3. Cotton and cottonseed	662
		663
×	4. Field seeds, hay, forage, and silage	<u> </u>
	5. Other field crops - peanuts. Irish potatoes, sweet- potatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, pineapples, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc Specify	- 8
	6. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irisk potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)	665
	7. Fruits, nuts, and berries – apples, berries, citrus, grapes, peaches, pecans, pears, etc.	666
	8. Poultry and poultry products - broilers, other chickens, eggs,	667
	ducks, turkeys, etc.	S
	9. Daíry products – milk, cream, etc. (Report goat dairy products in item 13.)	668 S
	10. Dairy cattle and calves	669
		\$ 670
	11. Other cattle and calves	<u>\$</u> 671
	12. Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include pigs, lambs, wool, and mohair.	S I
	13. Other livestock and livestock products - horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees,	672
	honey, goat dairy products, etc Specify	. \$
	14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold – Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here.	673 g
		674
	 Forest products sold - Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here	\$ 675
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here	- \$
Section 36 - FARM-	RELATED INCOME received in 1969	
		CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents
Report amount received before	1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing, planting,	680
taxes and	spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc	681
expenses.	boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place,	\$
	3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans. See Leaflet, section 36.)	8
Section 37 - Type o	ORGANIZATION	
	1. Mark (X) the box which best describes this operation.	
	Corporation, including family .5 [] Other - S (Do not include co-ops.)	lpecify
	1 🛄 Individual or family farm, 3 🛄 10 or fewer shareholders	
		ile: Estate or trust, Indian n, prison form, grazing
		n, co-operative, etc.
Section 38 - FARM	DPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS	
	1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm or 691	
	ranch operations - live on this place? 1 Yes 692	2 🛄 No
	2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place	'ear
		ears old
		an (Amer.) 4 🛄 Other
	5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfarm job, business profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) - Mark (X) the appropriate the propriot of the propriet of the pr	or ale box.
	695 1 [] None 2 [] 1-49 days 3 [] 50-99 days 4 [] 100-199 days 5 [] 200) days or more
Section 39 - SIGNAT	URE of person lilling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below.	Telephone
	700 701	code Number
Name	Date	
	,	

Section 35 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products sold from this place in 1969 - crops, livestock, livestock products, etc.

Remarks - Atlach separate sheet, if needed.

FORM 69-41-341 1 5-9-691

Short Report Form

CENSUS OF AGRIC	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ULTURE - 1969	Budget Bureau No. 41-568075 Approval Expires December 1970
Please mention the Census File Number (the te of the address label) if you write to us about th	n-digit number in the upper left corner	Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employ- ees and may be used only for statistical purposes.
		CENSUS USE ONLY
		801 802
		603 804
, (Please correct any error in name		1
Please nead	Section 1 - AGRICULTURAL ACTIVI	TY in 1969
This form is being used in all parts of the United States. Please answer the ques- tions that apply to your operations and	1. At any time during 1969, did you h	Yes No
return this form in the enclosed envelope. Please put your answers in the unshaded	a. Livestock, poultry, or their prod	
answer spaces. Explanations and com- ments may be written in the shaded areas	b. Corn, sorghums, small grains, the soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, or	sugar crops?
to the left of the answer spaces or in the "Remarks" space on page 4.	c. Vegetables, sweet com, melons	, or berries for sale?
If you do not have exact figures, please	d. A combined rotal of 20 or more citrus), nut trees, and grapeving	
give your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for estimate), if you	e. Nursery or greenhouse products	
wish.	f. Any other crops?	
Do not include fractions in your answers except in section 4, items 11 through 16.	g. Other agricultural products - ho	
For dollar items, cents are not required.	animals, bees, honey, maple pro Christmas trees or timber for sa	
If you prefer to report both dollars and cents, please write the cents in the "Cents" column.	What products?	
If the answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer space blank, unless a small answer box is provided, as in section 1. Please mark answers of "Yes," "No," or "None" by placing an X in the small answer box.	2. At any time in 1969, did you own a used by someone else for agricult If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete sec	of the guestions above,
Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNER	RSHIP	Acres
1. Land owned		None 810
2. Land gented or leased from others - In cropped for others; leased Federal, Sta	clude land worked on shares or share- ite, and railroad land; and land used rem	B 11
	er-head basis under a grazing permit.).	
 tree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Incluon shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres of the share share	ude land subleased and land worked would (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), th (item 3), and enter your answer in this s	None B12
 tree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres o SUBTRACT acres rented to others 	ude land subleased and land worked wned (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), t (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE'' for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Non	None B12 □ hen pace. →
 tree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres o SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PI How many acres in THIS PLACE were 	ude land subleased and land worked (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), to (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Non d grains, wheat, etc.?	None B12 □ ben pace. → B13 0 B15
 tree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres o SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PI How many acres in THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and b How many persons rented or leased lan those working land on shares. 	ude land subleased and land worked (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), to (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Non d grains, wheat, etc.?	None B12 hen B13 pace. B13 • B15 - Acres B16 1 □ Yes 2 □ No
 tree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres o SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PI How many acres in THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and b How many persons rented or leased land 	ude land subleased and land worked woned (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), th (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Non id grains, wheat, etc.?	None B12 None B12 B13 B13 B15 Acres B16 1 □ Yes 2 □ No B17 Persons
 Interference in the second seco	ude land subleased and land worked woned (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), th (item 3), and enter your answer in this s ACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Non d grains, wheat, etc.?	None B12 hen B13 pace. B13 • B15 • Acres B15
 tree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres o SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PI How many acres in THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and b How many acress of the land and b How many persons rented or leased lan those working land on shares. How many acres of the land you rented you subsent or sublense to others? - J which was worked on shares by others 	ude land subleased and land worked (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), th (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE" for this census report. diverted ander soil bank or other Non d grains, wheat, etc.?	None B12 None B12 Parce. → B13 B13 B13 B13 B13 B13 Constant State B13 Constant State Constant State B14 Constant State Constant State Constate Constate Constate Constate Con
 tree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres o SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PI How many acres in THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and b How many persons rented or leased lan those working land on shares. How many acres of the land you rented you subscrit or sublease to others? - T which was worked on shares by others How many acres of the land you rented you subscrit or sublease to others? - T which was worked on shares by others How many acres of the land you rented you subscrit or sublease to others? - T which was worked on shares by others How any acres of the land acreage in item capital in the "Remarks" sectio Section, 3 - LOCATION of agricultural acr 1, Are your principal agricultural operations 	ude land subleased and land worked (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), to (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Non d grains, wheat, etc.?	None B12 None B12 Parce. → B13 B13 B13 B13 B13 B13 Constant State B13 Constant State B14 Constant State Constant State B18 Constant State Constant State Constate Constate Constate Constant
 Iree. (Do not include land used on a p Land rented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others. Total acres - Please ADD acres o SUBTRACT acres rented to others These are the ACRES in "THIS PI How many acres in THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee Were there any real estate mortgages, contracts on any part of the land and b How many acress of the land and b How many access of the land you rented you subsent or sublense to others I which was working land on shares. How many acress of the land you rented you subsent or sublense to others I which was worked on shares by others Figure If you reported an acreage in item to item 4 was "0" because the li axplain in the "Remarks" sectio Section 3 - LOCATION of agricultural acr 	ude land subleased and land worked (item 1) to acres rented (item 2), th (item 3), and enter your answer in this s LACE" for this census report. diverted ander soil bank or other Non d grains, wheat, etc.?	None B12 None B12 Parce. → B13 B13 B13 B13 B13 B13 Constant State B13 Constant State B14 Constant State Constant State B18 Constant State Constant State Constate Constate Constate Constant

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Short Report Form-Continued

	Acres			Quantity
	620	na d	A21	
1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity on a shelled basis and		. ()		Bushels
in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight			822 07	Hundred-
				weight
9 Riald norm for allow for to 6.30. To 6.40.	823		1///////	///////////////////////////////////////
 Field corn for silage, cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1). 				///////////////////////////////////////
	824		825	
3. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in			l.	Bushels
one unit only - either bushels or pounds	1. 1. 1. 1.		826 °	r <u> </u>
			ł	Pounds
4. Sorghums for silage, cut for dry forage or hay, or hogged or	827			777777777777777777777777777777777777777
grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 3.)	ľ		<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>	
	828		829	
5. Wheat for grain	1		-	Bushels
	830			
6. Other small grains for grain - oats, barley, rye, rice, etc	1 ·		<i>\///////</i>	7//////////////////////////////////////
	831		832	nannahnna
7. Soybeans for beans				Bushels
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	839		834	
8. Hay - all kinds except sorghum hay (1) two or more cuttings				
were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)	1			Tans, dry
- ··· ································	835		836	
9. Cotton				Bales
	837		838	
10. Peanuts for nuts	1			Pounds
	Į	ş. w		rounds
	ł	enth	1 · · ·	2 × 1
NOTE: For items 11 through 16, report whole acres and tenths	1	F	1	
11 m-1	839		-840	<u> </u>
1]. Tobacco-all types	<u> </u>	10	m	. Pounds
	841	1		111111111111
2. Irish poratoes and sweetporatoes		10		7//////////////////////////////////////
	842	i	V//////	<i>())))))))))))</i>))))))))))))))))))))))))
3. Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale	<u></u>	10	0//////	(1)))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))
	843	1	VIIIIII	MMMMMM
14. Berries for sale , , ,		10		1111111111111
15. Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other	844	1		977777777777777777777777777777777777777
groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages - include land on which the fruit crop failed. (Do not include abandoned plantings.)	k.	1	V//////	UMMMMM,
	645	10		1111111111
6. All other crops - Include field seeds, sugar crops, garden, nursery and greenhouse products, sod, etc.		1		7//////////////////////////////////////
indicant Rise Streets and Lichard and and and and a state of the state	Ļ	1 10		uunnaanna.
		,		
17. If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square		- e 2	846	Square
feet were under glass or other protection?	·			feet
ction 5 - Land USE in 1969 - The purpose of this section is to di	stribute all acres	s in t	his place	
among items 1 through 5.	1 		e.	
1. Cropland harvested - Include all land from which erops were h			l i	er singer
was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and	d nursery and	:	860	~
greenhouse products. (If two crops were harvested from the sa report the acres only once.)	те цли т 1969,			Acres
			851	
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	·		Ь., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acres
			562	
3. All other cropland - Include cropland used for soll-improvement	t crops, crop			
failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	π. n. γ. 	863	Acres
A Wandland Include monthing marking			1. 	
4. Woodland - Include woodland pasture	, * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	• •	864	Acres
5. All other land - Include pastureland other than cropland and w	oodland pasture.		004	
rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, was		,	1	Acres
6. Total acres in this place - Please add the acres reported in it	ems 1	2	865	
through 5 and enter the total in this (This total should be the same as the total in section 2, item 4	spuce	*		Tatal ocres
I a men honne a stamme na star amilia ma stan anema ste francaste es seaste a		1	868	
		· ·		
7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was irrigated in 1	19697		090	Acres

Section 4 - CROPS harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969 - Report all crops harvested . Include crops

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Short Report Form-Continued

	Number on this place December 31, 1969	Number sold in 1969
Cattle and calves of all ages	870	871
Attie and calves of all ages	872	
Cows - Include dry cows and heiters that had calved		
(1) Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were kept for milk production? - Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.	673	
logs and pigs of all ages	874	675
Of the total sold, how many were sold as feeder pigs for further feeding?		876
eep and lambs of all ages	877	878
	879	860
rses and ponies of all ages	681	882
ns and pullers of laying age (Exclude started pullets being sed for sale.)		
other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, capons, red pullers)	583	884
ilers and other mear-type chickens less than 3 months old	885	896
ther livestock and poultry – goats, mules, fur-bearing nimals, turkeys, ducks, geese, hives of bees, etc.	887	888
Vhet kind?		
	887	889
itters of pigs farrowed on this place between -		Number of litters
. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969		889
June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969		890
on 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in 1969 - Report expr landlord, contractors, buyers, etc for crops, livestock, or place, Use estimates if exact figures are not available.	nses paid by you and	by others - your duced on this

and the second product of the second s					Dollars	Cents
4. Livestork and poultry purchased - cattle, cal- lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, st					900	
	•			• • • • •	\$	
 Total feed purchased for livestock and poultr mixed feeds, concentrates, etc. 	y – grain, hay, si	lage,			901 S	1
a. Commercial mixed formula feeds purchased - complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include	Tons purchased	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal and urea.)	902	10	903 S	l		
			•		904	1
3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					\$	1
4. Commercial fertilizer purchased-all forms,	including				905	1
rock phosphate and gypsum					S	
					906	
5. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum	or time for sanit	ation	.)	••••	s	
 All insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, oth chemicals, and definitions used for crops, live place in 1969—Include any of these materials and by custom operators. 	estock, and poult	ry on	this		\$	
 Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and o business - diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, prop 	ane, piped gas, l				908	
fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc		• • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • ;	\$	
 Hired farm labor - Include all money paid in payments to family members, and for Social S housework, customwork, and contract work.) 	ecurity taxes. (1				909	
tionsenoin, customorn, and consider work?		••••	•••••••		S	
 Contract labor, machine hire, and customwork performed on a contract basis by a contractor 	, a crew leader,				910	1
and expenditures for use of equipment and for		•••	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •	\$	
10. All other production expenses – Include currand depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, for the farm business.	ent operating exp insurance, repair	ense s, etc	s. 		911	1
you see you me underlood a constraint the constraint		•••	• • • • • • • •		\$	
11. Total production expenses - Add dollars for and enter total	items 1 through ;	10			912	
					\$	1

Short Report Form-Continued

crops, livestock, livestock products, etc Include market value of land		CENTS	NOT REC	
	ي. من من من	920	ligrs	Cents
1. Livestock, poultry, and their products	8 e. e.	\$		1
2. Crops including nursery products and hay sold		921		i
3. Forest products - firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees,		922		
gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc.		<u> </u>		
4. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before raxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 3 and enter total here		923 S		
ection 9 - FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1969 - Report amount received b	efore to	ixes and	l expens	38.
	· · · · ·	CENTS	NOT RE	UIRED
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing,		.930	ohidib	Cents
planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc		. \$		
 Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place 	.* 	931. S		1
3. Payments you received for participation in government farm programs		932		
(Do not include redeemable loans.)		5		
ection 10 – MACHINERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1969, wh others – Include only equipment used in 1968 or 1969.	2 °	· ·		-
			factured	
Selected machinery and equipment on this place December 31, 1969	1965	or later	941	eorlier
1. Automobiles	Ľ.		<u> </u>	
2. Motortrucks - Include pickups	942		943	
	944		945	
3. Tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	946		947	
4. Riding garden tractors 7 hp. and over				
6 Crain and have combined and framework a sub-	948		949	
5. Grain and bean combines - self-propelled only	950	· ·····	951	
6. Compickers and picker-shellers, including corn heads for combines	<u> </u>			
7 Disloy below	952		953	
7. Pickup balers	ļ		<u>{</u>	
	、 ·		S NOT RE allars	OUIRED
 Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment usually kept on this place and used for the farm business - Include the items listed above 		954	011013	i compa
and any other machinery and equipment	`	\$		
ection 11 - VALUE of land and BUILDINGS on this place		CENTS	NOT RE	QUIRED
1. Please enter your estimate of the current market value of			ollars	Cents
the acres you operated (owned and rented acres in section 2,		960		
item 4) and the buildings on them		\$		1
Section 12 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS				
1. Does the operator - the person in charge of the farm 970				
or ranch operations – live on this place? 1] Yes		2 📋 No	
2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place		Year		
972 .		¥	14	
3. Operator's age		Year	s old	
	🗌 Ind	ian (Am	er.) 4	🗋 Othe
			ss ar pro	fession
		oox.		
 4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box [] White 2] Negro or black 3 5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfactor of the second sec	opriate		ays or m	ore
 4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1 [] White 2 [] Negro or black 3 5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfoor on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) Mark (X) the appropriate set of the set of t	opriate] 200 di	ays or me	ore
 4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1] White 2 Negro or black 3 5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfa or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) Mark (X) the approximate of the approximate of the solution of the solutio	5] 200 da Te	lephone	ore

Section 8 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural graducts sold from this place in 1969 -

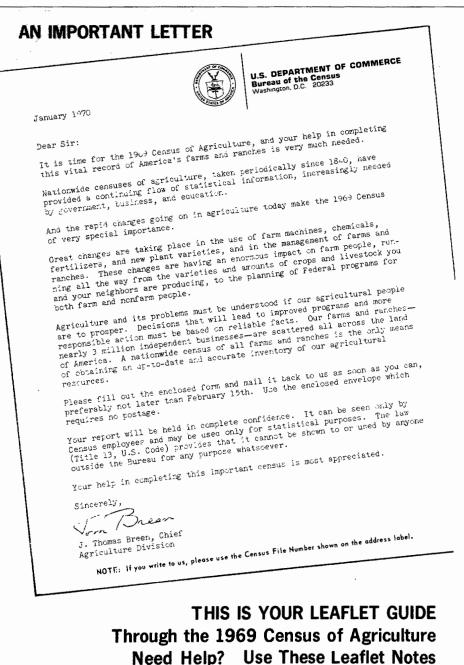
Remarks - Attach separate sheet, if needed.

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Leaflet Guide



Leaflet Introduction

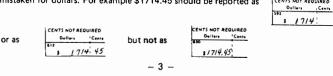
FIRST, SOME GENERAL INFORMATION

- The enclosed Census report form is being used by farms and ranches throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and inquiries which do not apply to you. Where this is the case, you can simply mark the "No" box and go on to the next section.
- If a section contains inquiries that apply to you, it may be helpful to read all the items in the section before you start to supply the information. A look at the section as a whole will show what is to be reported and where it should be written.
- You will also find that there are items within sections you may not need to read, beyond noting the subject with which they deal. For instance, item 9 in section 1 asks several questions about landlords. If you did not rent any land from others, you can skip all of the detail in item 9 and go to item 10.
- There is a possibility that you may receive more than one envelope containing a census report form for this place (a duplicate, or in your wife's name, your partner's name, etc.). If this should happen, please fill out one form only. Mark the extra form or forms with the Census File Number of the form you complete (for example, "Extra-See No. 86312 09812") and return the extras in the envelope with the completed report. There is a "File Copy" enclosed in each envelope; this is for your use and should not be returned to the Bureau of the Census.

If your wife, or a partner, runs a separate agriculture operation of her or his own, it should be reported on a separate form.

HOW TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS

- Please put your answers only in the unshaded answer spaces. Write any explanations and comments in the shaded areas to the left of the answer spaces or in the "Remarks" space on page 12 or on a separate sheet.
- If your answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer spaces blank; except for the few places where a small answer box is provided, as for "None" in section 1. Please mark an answer of "Yes," "No," or "None" with an X in the box.
- If you do not have exact figures available, please report your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for "estimated") if you wish,
- For all dollar items, we need only whole dollars, although a "cents" column is provided for those who wish to use it. If you prefer to report both dollars and cents, be sure to write the cents in the "cents" column to avoid the risk that they be mistaken for dollars. For example \$1714.45 should be reported as [CENTS NOT AEOUIAED



Do not include fractions in your answers except where called for. Where fractions are called for, report the fraction in tenths of the whole number, and enter the fraction in the "tenths" part of the answer space. Some common fractions which you can report in "tenths" are:

```
        Report
        1/8 as
        1/10
        3/8 as
        4/10
        5/8 as
        6/10

        1/6 as
        2/10
        5/6 as
        8/10
        1/4 as
        2/10
        3/4 as
        8/10

        1/4 as
        2/10
        3/4 as
        8/10
        1/3 as
        7/10

        Example for 3½ tons of fertilizer
```

If you prefer, report to the nearest whole number; fractions are not required.

. HOW TO USE THIS LEAFLET

This leaflet is for your use; do not return it with your Census of Agriculture report. It gives answers to the questions that come up most often when the report is being prepared.

Like the form, this leaflet is being used in all parts of the United States, and it contains much information that will not apply to your place. *For example*, section 4 of this leaflet gives additional information about reporting irrigation water in section 4 of the report. If you did not irrigate in 1969, you should answer the first two questions and you'll not need to read the corresponding page of this leaflet.

The rest of this leaflet is information to help you, organized by sections to correspond with the sections of the census report form.

Now you will want to start filling out the report form. As you answer the items in each section, you will find substantial help in the corresponding section of this leaflet.

SECTION 1 ACREAGE IN 1969, OWNERSHIP, AND LAND VALUE

Part A Use items 1, 2, and 3 to arrive at the acres of land for which you should complete the Census report form. Include all agricultural land with which you were associated in 1969, regardless of where the land was located. Do not include holdings of residential or commercial properties not associated with agricultural operations. Report all land in whole acres; if you had less than one acre report it as one acre.

Places no longer operated on December 31, 1969 - If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1969, complete the report, giving information on the land you operated and your 1969 crop and livestock production and sales from that land. Normally you would not be expected to report inventories of poultry, livestock, machinery, or equipment. Please explain in the "Remarks" section on page 12 or on a separate sheet that you quit farming or ranching during 1969 and give the approximate date.

Other changes in land operated during 1969 - If part of the land you used during 1969 was no longer in your possession on December 31, 1969, include that land and your 1969 crop and livestock operations on that land in your report. If you acquired land during 1969 for your own use but did not use it for crops or livestock that year, do not include that land in your report.

- 4 -

Please explain the change in acres during 1969 by making a notation in the "Remarks" section on page 12, or on a separate sheet. Statements such as the following can be used:

My report includes_____acres I used in 1969 but which I did not have on December 31, 1969.

or

My report does not include_____acres acquired before January 1, 1970, but not used by me in 1969.

- Item 1 Land owned Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1969, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnerships or organizations for which you are reporting. This acreage is considered in figuring the size of 'This Place'' (item 4, section 1).
- Item 2 Land rented or leased from others If you rented land from others or worked land on a share basis in 1969, you should report this land as rented by you even though the landlord may have supplied equipment, fertilizer or other materials, and some supervision of your work. Include Federal lands rented or leased by the acre in this item, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis (see "Grazing permit" on page 6).

item 3 Land rented or leased to others

Include in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of the crops or livestock.
- Land which you rented from others and then subleased to others in 1969.
 Land rented out for residential or other nonfarm purposes (if it was included in item 1 or 2).
- Land worked for you by someone else on a share-of-the-crop basis.

Do not include in item 3:

• Land on which you yourself had any crops or livestock during 1969, even though it was rented to others for part of the year.

In the remaining sections of the questionnaire, do not report any crops or livestock on land reported in item 3 as rented or leased to others.

Item 4 Acres in this place - This is the sum of the land you owned in 1969 plus the land you rented from others, minus the land you rented to others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since the remainder of the form applies only to the resulting net figure - the "Acres in this place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on "Acres in this place." as reported in item 4.

น b i1 พ	Grazing permit - In some States, governm under permit or special license, payment basis. This land should not be included as p tem 4, "Acres in this place." Report it on were located on such land in 1969, they sho SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THE REST	being made on a per-head or animal-unit art of item 2, "Land rented or leased," or ly in item 10. But if any of your livestock buld be included in your report.	SECTION 3	LAND USE IN 1969 These land-use items apply only to the land you reported as "Acres in this place" in section 1, item 4. If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1969, report such land only on the line for the first item which fits one of the purposes, and not on the line for the second purpose. For example, if you harvested a grain crop and later let cattle graze on the stubble, report the land as harvested cropland, but not as cropland used only for pasture or grazing. Please report in whole acres.
PART C Y	YES, if at any time during 1969 there were • Any livestock or poultry or their pro • Any corn, sorghums, small grains,	•	item 1a	Cropland harvested - This includes acreage from which you cut either wild or tame hay, land in greenhouses, nurseries, or sod, and land in orchards, groves, and vineyards (both bearing and nonbearing) unless the trees or plantings have been abandoned.
	 potatoes, or sugar crops. Any vegetables, melons, or berries gr A combined total of 20 or more fr grapevines. Any nursery or greenhouse products 	uit trees (including citrus), nut trees, and	item 1b	Pastureland - Cropland from which you did not take a crop or cut hay in 1969, but which you used for pasture is to be reported in item 1b. Woodland in which livestock were allowed to graze in 1969 is to be reported as woodland pastured in item 2a.
	Any other crops. Any other agricultural products -	horses, fur-bearing animals in captivity, val stores, Christmas trees or timber for		Report in item 3 land (other than cropland or woodland) that could be used as pastureland or rangeland, whether or not livestock actually grazed on it in 1969.
N	sale, etc. NO, if -		item 1d	Crop failure - If all of a crop failed (except fruit or nuts in an orchard, grove, or vineyard being maintained for production) and you did not harvest any other crop from this land, and did not pasture or graze it, report the acres in item 1d "crop failure." If only part of the acreage of a crop was harvested, be sure to report only
	 You reported an acreage in sect operations in 1969, on that land, o 	ion 1, item 4, but had no agricultural r		the harvested acreage in item 1a of section 3 and for the appropriate crop in sections 8 through 23.
	 All your land was operated by a rer in section 1, item 4 is "0." In either case, you should: 	nter or sharecropper and hence the entry	item 1e	Cultivated summer fallow - Report as fallow all cropland that was plowed and cultivated or on which the growth of weeds was controlled through the use of herbicides, but which was left unseeded for 1969 harvest for the purpose of conserving moisture. Include such cropland as cultivated summer fallow even if
	 Skip to page 12 and complete se 	nation 20		during 1969 it was planted to wheat for harvest in 1970.
	2. Explain briefly in the "Remark	s" space. For example, "All land rented buse lot only-no crops or livestock."	SECTION 4	IRRIGATION
su	3. Mail the form in the return enve or item 2 of this section we need the n ubdivision (within the county or par perations are located. Some examples of re shown on the report form; some other	lope provided. ame of the geographic area or political ish) where your principal agricultural the type of area or subdivision we mean	Item 4	Source of water in 1969 - Most irrigators will have received water from only one source. If this is true in your case, enter 100 percent on the proper line. If you obtained water from two of the three sources, an approximate figure for each source is acceptable, for example, 30 percent, 70 percent, etc. One way of making such an estimate is to figure your acreage irrigated from each source as a percent. For example, 20% of the cropland harvested irrigated from your own well; 80% of the cropland harvested irrigated with water from a water supply organization.
	Borough City Civil district Civil township Election precinct	Militia district National park Patent Plantation Purchase	Item 5	Estimated quantity of water used in 1969 - If you can estimate the total quantity of irrigation water used by any one of the methods shown, report only by that method - in item a, b, or c. If it is easier for you to estimate part of the water used by one method and part by another, use the lines which apply.
	Grant Indian reservation Judicial township Justice precinct Location Magisterial district	School district Surplus Town Tract Unorganized township		Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts measure water in acre-feet and the amount used is shown in acre-feet on their bills. Where you are not billed for water in this manner, you may prefer to give the depth applied in inches during the full season and the acres covered, as called for in item 5c. We will compute the acre-feet from this information. (Item 5 discussion continued on next page.)
	- 6 -			- 7 -

Gallons - Estimates in gallons must usually be figured if you have your own pump. If you know the rate of flow through your pump, use that. Otherwise, use the manufacturer's rated capacity for the pump. This is given in gallons per minute.

To make an estimate of gallons for the season, you can substitute in the following example, the rated capacity of your pump, the approximate number of hours you pumped per day, and the estimated number of days the pump operated during the year.

	EXAMPLE
Step 1. Compute gallons per hour -	100 gallons per minute times 60=
	6,000 gallons per hour
Step 2. Compute gallons per day -	20 hours pumped times 6,000=
	120,000 gallons per day
Step 3. Compute gallons per season -	96 days pump operated times 120,000=
	11,520,000 gallons per year
Step 4. Enter 11,520,000 for item 5b	

When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate depth of water applied during the season in inches and report acres covered.

,Other methods of reporting total quantity - In some areas miners inches are used to measure water use. In other areas cubic feet per second (second feet) are a common measure of flow. If you use either of these measures, please report this information in the "Remarks" section at the end of the form, or on a separate sheet, rather than in item 5. If you report in either miners inches or cubic feet per second, please don't forget to report also how many hours or days water was delivered at the given rate.

If you are not able to report the actual amount or an estimate of the water quantity, please give as many facts as you can in the "Remarks" section (page 12) or on an attached sheet of paper. Following are examples of helpful items: number of wells, their depth, diameter and measured rate of flow; allowable diversion rate from streams; capacity of pump or diameter of pump outlet; days operated per season or number of times irrigated; whether land is irrigated before planting; and so on.

SECTION 5 ARTIFICIAL DRAINAGE

Acreages reported in this section should be your estimate of the amount of land on this place in 1969 which was benefited to some extent by artificial drainage facilities. Even though your whole place may be in a drainage district, report only that part which is artificially drained. Acres drained by more than one system should be reported only once, for the most important one. However, if different parts of this place had different types of drainage systems, you will have entries in more than one item.

SECTIONS CROPS HARVESTED IN 1969—GENERAL INFORMATION 8-23

How and where to report - You will find it easier to report your crops if you glance through pages 3 to 8 of the reporting form and read the paragraphs on pages 9 to 11 of this leaflet, before you begin to fill in your answers.

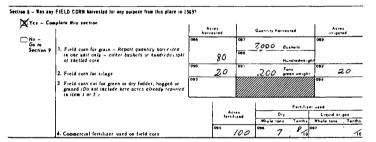
CROPS, GENERAL-Continued Report in each section only the crops called for there. For example, field corn is to be reported in section 8, wheat in section 10, Irish potatoes in section 13, and vegetables for sale in section 21. Section 23 is the place to report any crop not asked for in sections 8-22.

Do not include in your report any crops on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others or worked on shares by others. Your report should cover only the crops on the "acres in this place," as reported in item 4 of section 1. The next 6 pages of this leaflet contain general information about the reporting of crops, and a discussion of some special crop reporting problems. Table 1, at the end of this leaflet provides a listing of conversion factors for the crops most commonly grown.

• HOW TO REPORT CROPS HARVESTED - AN EXAMPLE

A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 200 tons. Using a corn head on his combine, he harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized, using 7 8/10 tons of dry fertilizer.

His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.



- a. Item 1 calls for grain or seed, so he entered 80 in the "Acres harvested" column and 7,000 in the bushels space in the "Quantity harvested" column. The 80 acres for grain were not irrigated so he made no entry in the "Acres irrigated" column.
- b. For item 2, Corn for silage, he entered 20 acres harvested, 200 tons quantity harvested, and 20 acres irrigated.
- c. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, he did not make any entry in item 3.
- d. In item 4, he entered 100 for "Acres fertilized," entered 7 for whole tons, and 8 for tenths in the "Dry" space.

CROPS,	COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER	CROPS, In such a case the acres of crops harvested
GENERAL Continued	For each crop, report the number of acres fertilized in 1969, and report the total tons and tenths of tons used in all applications. Report the total weight of the fertilizer, including filler. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas"	GENERAL reported in item 1a of section 3 (land use). Continued Example 2: A 10-acre field of red clover was c
	column. If you bought fertilizer on an analysis basis and do not know the total tons used, the	The same 10 acres was later harvested for seed 1. Ten acres for hay should be reported in 2. Ten acres for hay should be reported in
	following example will show you how to estimate the total tons of fertilizer.	2. Ten acres for seed should be reported i
		INTERPLANTED CROPS AND "SKIP-ROW"
	<i>E xample</i> 1: A farmer fertilized 70 acres of corn at the rate of 100 pounds of N (nitrogen) per acre and used an analysis of 33-0-0, as recommended by the fertilizer dealer.	If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the for each crop the part of the field used for the field used
	To find the total tons of fertilizer used including filler:	Example 1: If a 40-acre tract of land was plat rows of cotton followed by an area of the sam 20 acres should be reported for beans in sect
	 Divide the 100 pounds of nitrogen by the percent of nitrogen in the analysis, in this case 33, to get the total pounds of fertilizer per acre. 	reported for cotton in section 12, item 1.
	Multiply the pounds per acre (obtained in step 1) by 70 acres to get total pounds of fertilizer used.	Example 2: If you planted "skip" rows in
	3. Convert pounds to tons by dividing by 2,000.	harvested portion of the field in the proper or the soil-improvement acreage in section 3, item
	(1) 100 (pounds of N) = $10,000$ = 303 (lbs. per acre)	Example 3: If you left "skip" rows idle, repo
	.33 (% of N in analysis) 33 (2) 303 x 70 (acres) = 21,210 pounds.	the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1
	(3) 21,210 ÷ 2,000 = 10 6/10 tons.	1f.
	If you don't know the percent analysis of nitrogen, but do know the phosphorus	• CROPS HARVESTED IN ORCHARDS
	(P_2O_5) or potash (K_2O), work the estimate in the same way as when nitrogen is the known factor.	If approximately 4 acres of tomatoes were gro
		orchard, you'd still report all 10 acres as orcha as apple acreage in section 17, item 1. Report
	If you know how much fertilizer was applied per acre, but don't know the total tons, use the method in this example.	item 1.
	Example 2: Sixty-five acres of corn were fertilized with 150 pounds of	• REPORTING UNIT FOR QUANTITY HAP
	fertilizer per acre.	The units of measure given on the report for
	To find the total tons of fertilizer used, multiply the 65 acres fertilized times the 150 pounds of fertilizer used per acre. This gives the total pounds of fertilizer used.	are, in general, those most commonly used th sorghums, rice, grapes, prunes, and figs, a choice
	Then divide by 2,000 to get the total tons. a. Multiply 65 acres fertilized by 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre to get 9,750.	If you happen to use in your records a unit
	b. Divide 9,750 total pounds of fertilizer by 2,000 to get 4.875.	form, please convert your figure on quantity
	c. Enter 4 9/10 tons.	convenience, we have printed table 1 at the er weight per unit for the crops most frequently
	• TWO OR MORE CROPS HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND	more accurate information available.
	Example 1. A farmer had a 20-acre field:	Now you will want to start filling out the crop to this leaflet, if necessary.
	a. He harvested oats from the 20 acres in 1969. b. He then planted the 20 acres in soybeans and harvested them during the	to this realiet, it necessary.
	same year.	SECTION HAY AND SILAGE HARVESTED FROM
		14 If you made one cutting of alfalfa for hay and
	He should report: 1. The 20 acres of oats in section 10, item 4.	the acres for the alfalfa cut for hay in item again for hay crops cut and fed green in item 9
	2. The 20 acres of soybeans in section 11, item 1.	
		- 11 -

- 10 -

d may be greater than the acres of land

cut for hay in 1969.

- ed.
 - in section 14, item 2.
 - in section 15, item 1,

V" PLANTING

the same field at the same time, report hat crop.

lanted in cotton and soybeans, with two me width planted in soybeans for beans, ction 11, item 1, and 20 acres should be

in soil-improvement crops, report the crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and em 1c.

port the harvested portion of the acres in 1a, and the idle acres in section 3, item

grown among the trees in a 10-acre apple hard acres in section 16, item 1, and also ort the 4 acres of tomatoes in section 21,

RVESTED

orm for quantity of each crop harvested throughout the country. For corn, grain oice of two or more units is provided.

it different from what is printed on the / harvested, to the unit shown. For your end of this leaflet, showing approximate ly reported. Use these if you do not have

ops sections of the report form, referring

THE SAME LAND

nd another cutting for green feed, report em 1 of section 14, and report the acres 9 of the same section.

Leaflet Guide-Continued

SECTION 15	FIELD SEEDS				SECTION	NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES OR GRAPEVINES
item 9	14 because hay also was c general purpose of getting fertilized" and the quantit applied fertilizer especial	but from the same better product ty of fertilizer u y for the bene	Is often will have been repor me land. If you fertilized the ion of both hay and seed, rep used only in section 14, item fit of the seed crop, report weight (in tons) of fertilizer a	fields for the ort the "acres 10. But if you in item 9 of	Item 8 Items 10 and 11	 Avocados - In California, report the quantity harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969. In Florida, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested between July 1, 1969, and February 28, 1970. Grapes - Report raisin grapes on either a fresh-weight or dry-weight basis, according to how you sold them. If you sold raisin grapes by both methods, please convert to one basis. One pound of raisins usually equals about 4 3/10 pounds of fresh grapes.
SECTIONS 16-19,	ORCHARDS - FRUIT TR	EES, NUT TR	EES, AND GRAPEVINES			Report all other grapes on a fresh-weight basis. Please separate the European-type grapes among items 11a, 11b, and 11c of section
GENERAL	In counting the combined as those maintained for sal		nd vines, include those for ho stion.	me use as well		17 on the basis of variety and not on the basis of use. Some of the common varieties are as follows:
	include orchard and grove unsatisfactory prices, labo have been abandoned.	acreage from w r shortage, etc.	eather damage, did not bear hich the crop was not harvest Do not include acres in tree	ted because of s or vines that		 Raisin varieties - Black Corinth, Muscat, Sultana, and Thompson Seedless. Table varieties - Emperor, Malaga, Red Malaga, Ribier, and Tokay. Wine varieties - Alicante Bouschet, Carignane, Grenache, Mission, Palomino, Petite Sirah, and Zinfandel.
	crops, estimate the orchard ysual number of such trees	d acreage by div s per acre in you	porders or were interplanted viding the total number of suc ur locality. fruit and nut trees, first fine	h trees by the	Item 15	Olives - In California and Arizona, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested from the bloom of 1969 for the 1969-70 harvest season - September 15, 1969, to about February 28, 1970. In all other States report the total 1969 crop.
	distance between trees, the that corresponds with the	en divide the to e planting dista	ntal number of trees by the nu ance, as given in the followi e. For example, 700 trees pla	mber per acre ng table. The	SECTION 19	NUT TREES
	25 feet apart, (70 trees per	acre) would re			Item 4	Pecans - Improved pecans refer to pecan trees that have been budded, grafted or top worked. Consider all other pecan trees as wild or seedling, whether grown in orchards, pastures, etc.
	Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre	Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre	item 6	For quantity of tung nuts harvested, report pounds in the husk. For all other tree
			00			nuts, report quantity in the shell.
	8 x 8	680 545	22 x 24 24 x 24	82 75		A second state of the s
	8 x 12	454	25 x 25	70	Item 7	Report planted black walnuts in item 7. Do not report wild black walnuts.
	9 x 9	538	26 x 26	64		
	10 x 10	436	27 x 27	60	SECTION	VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS
	10 x 12	363	28 × 28	56	21	
	12 x 12	302	28 x 30	52		Report vegetable crops harvested in the calendar year 1969 for all States except
	12 × 14	259	30 x 30	48		Florida. For Florida, report any vegetable crops that were harvested between
	14 x 14	222	32 x 32	43	i	October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969.
	15 x 15	194	35 x 35	35		
	16 x 16	170	36 x 36	34		Report the entire acreage of each vegetable crop harvested. For example, if you
	18 x 18	134	40 x 40	27	1	harvested three acres of radishes from a field in 1969, then replanted the field to
	18 x 20	121	40 x 45	24		radishes and harvested the three acres again, report 6 acres harvested in section 21,
	18 x 22	110	45 x 45	22	1	item 15, No. 350. (If crops are grown, such as radishes, which are included in the
	20 × 20	109	45 x 50	19		"Other vegetable crops" list, below item 15 in section 21, write the name of the
	20 x 22	99	50 x 50	17		crop and the code number (Radishes
	20 x 24	91	55 x 50	16		
		• •				each crop of radishes was fertilized, report only 3 acres fertilized but report the total
	22 × 22	90	60 × 60	12		each crop of radishes was fertilized, report only 3 acres fertilized but report the total tons of all fertilizer used.

SECTION 22	NURSERY OR GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS GROWN FOR SALE	Item 1a	Hens and pullets of laying age - include hens in molt with the other hens and pullets of laying age. In the "sold" column include any old or cull hens sold during 1969.
Item 6	Mushrooms - Report the square feet of bed space used in 1969, multiplied by the number of times it was harvested. Do not report the total floor space of the building or other area where the mushrooms were grown. For example, if you harvested two crops of mushrooms from an area of 20,000 square feet of bed space, report 40,000	Item 3b	Other turkeys - In the "sold" column, report turkeys sold for slaughter and those that were brooded and then moved to another place for further feeding.
	square feet of area used.	SECTION 26	CATTLE AND CALVES
SECTION 23	OTHER CROPS	Item 2	Milk cows - Include cows of any breed milked for home use or for sale.
	In addition to the crops named in this section, also use section 23 to report any crops harvested that have not been accounted for in sections 8-22.	Item 4	In the 'Total number sold'' answer spaces, include the cattle and calves sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods and
	Sugarcane - The sugarcane growing season differs in each of the three growing areas in the United States. Report acres harvested (or to be harvested) during the current cutting season, as follows:		services. Include animals fed on this place under contract or on a custom basis if they were taken from this place in 1969. Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such transactions are considered to be "dealer" purchases and sales.
	In Florida, November 1969 through April 1970. In Louisiana, October 1969 through December 1969. In Hawaii, October 1, 1968, through September 30, 1969.		In the "Number fattened" answer spaces, report the number of head that were sold for slaughter after being fattened in the manner described, provided they were expected to produce carcasses that would grade "USDA Good" or better. Do not report in this column veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or dairy
	In Florida and Louisiana, report acres of sugarcane planted for harvest later than the current cutting season, as cropland idle, in section 3, item 1f. For Hawaii, special provision is made on the form for reporting sugarcane planted for future harvest.		cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold; do not include cattle or calves that have been fed grain or concentrates and sold for further feeding.
SECTION 24	FOREST PRODUCTS SOLD	SECTION 27 (tem 1a	Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding - Include bred sows and bred gilts, other sows and gilts intended for breeding, and boars and young males to be used for breeding.
2.1	Report here, all forest products sold from this place in 1969, regardless of who made the sales. For example, sales made by the landlord should be included.	Item 3	Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 - Include all pigs born on this place that
SECTIONS	POULTRY, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, OTHER LIVESTOCK		were sold for slaughter or taken from this place for further feeding.
25-29, GENERAL	These items deal with the livestock and poultry on this place or sold from this place in 1969, regardless of ownership. If livestock or poultry were fed on this place on a	SECTION 30	CONTRACT OR BINDING AGREEMENT
	in 1905, regardless of ownership. In Nestock of pounty were read on this place on a contract or on a custom basis, report them as sold if they were taken from this place in 1969. Animals or poultry owned by you that were not on this place at any time in 1969 because they were fed for you by someone else, such as in a feedlot or poultryhouse, are not to be included in this report; they should be accounted for on the agriculture census report for the feedlot, poultryhouse, etc.		Many farm products are produced under a contract or binding agreement made between the producer and the person who buys or uses the farm product. These contracts or agreements usually specify the kind and amount of the farm product to be produced, where or to whom it is to be delivered, what price the producer is to be paid or how the price is to be determined. The contracts may specify the variety
	Count as being on this place, animals that were owned by you or kept by you for		of crop or breed of animal or poultry to be produced, and may provide for services such as spraying, dusting, fertilizing, harvesting, packing, and selling. The contractor
	others, but which on December 31, 1969, were on land used on a permit basis (national forestland; grazing district land; or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management). See "Grazing permit," page 6 of this leaflet.		may supply seed, fertilizer, or feed. He may also provide financing and a field man to give advice and to inspect the product while it is being produced. Include contracts for the growing of heifers for dairy farms, contracts involving cow pools, milking pools, and cow-leasing agreements.
	Do not include in your report any livestock or poultry on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others. Your report should cover only the livestock and poultry on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in item 4 of section 1.		In this section, include under the "Co-op" item, production contracts with a cooperative processor. Do not include contracts made by you to have someone else provide a service to you or grow or produce something for you.
SECTION 25	CHICKENS, TURKEYS, OTHER POULTRY		Report sales contracts or agreements providing just for the marketing or sale of a
10	For each item, report the number on this place December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them, and the number of poultry sold from this place, or taken from this place during 1969, including those raised or fed under a contract. Do not include any sales of baby chicks or poults.		product, such as milk, as "Marketing or sales contracts or agreements." Also report under this same heading, marketing contracts and agreements with marketing associations and cooperatives. Usually very few or no services or supplies are provided by the buyer of the farm product under a sales contract or agreement.
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	If the sales contract or agreement provides also seed, labor or equipment, report it as a productior	
	Do not report contracts or agreements which d production or marketing of agricultural products contracts not to be reported here are:	o not provide specifically for the Some <i>examples</i> of agreements or
	Rental of land	Hauling
	Purchase of feed, fertilizer or other farm supplies	Labor wage agreements and financing of farm operations
	Government program agreements	Agricultural services
	Customwork	Farm machinery rentals
SECTION 31	MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	
	The items in this section refer to machinery and used for the farm business in 1968 or 1969, regard	
Item 12	tem 12 refers to the market value of all machi items listed on the report form. The value you how much the machinery and equipment would se the replacement cost or the depreciated value.	report should be your estimate of
SECTION 32	HIRED WORKERS	
	Do not include workers who did only contruction the production of crops or livestock. Do no contractor, cooperative, processor, or dealer who place. Report all other hired workers, including ma paid wages, who did farm or ranch work on this pl even though he may have worked several different	t include employees of a labor performed contract work on this embers of your family if they were ace. Report each person only once
SECTION 33	INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, AND OTHER CHEMICALS	OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME
	For each item report only once the total acres materials used in all treatments. If you used a or total acres treated for each item (insect, disea materials between the items. If the same acreag purposes, give acres and cost of materials for each treated for insects and then treated for defoliation insect treatment would be reported under item 21 for defoliation would be reported in item 3.	dual purpose chemical, report the se, etc.), and divide the cost of le was treated separately for two in item. For example, if cotton was in, the acres and material cost for
	Do not include the cost of chemically treated see you to treat seed prior to planting. $-16 -$	d or the cost of chemicals used by

SECTION PRODUCTION EXPENSES

Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For example, if you grew broilers or fed cattle for others, include in the production expenses, item 1, your best estimate of the value of the baby chicks or cattle at the time they were brought to this place. Also include, in item 2, the value and amount of all feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place.

Do not include expenses (or sales) related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities).

Item 1 Livestock and poultry - Report the total amount spent by you and by your landlord or by others for all livestock and poultry bought during 1969 for production, including feeding, on this place. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time they came on this place.

Do not include the purchase cost of livestock or poultry bought and then resold within 30 days.

- Item 2 Feed Report the cost of all feed for livestock and poultry during 1969. When feed was supplied by others, as in broiler contracts, estimate the cost of the feed used on this place. Do not include the cost of feed for livestock fed off this place, but do include the cost of feed fed to cattle or sheep while they are on "permit" grazing land (see "Grazing permit," on page 6 of this leaflet).
- Item 2a Commercially mixed formula feeds Include all complete feeds, concentrates, feed additive supplements, base mixes and premixes fed in 1969. Include your best estimate of tons and value of feed furnished by others for livestock and poultry that were grown or fed on this place for others under contract.

Item 10 All other production expenses

Include--

Purchase of irrigation water Costs of operating and maintaining irrigation systems Farm electricity Veterinary services and medicine Hauling and other marketing charges Farm supplies Farm taxes Interest on farm debts All other farm-related expenditures

Do not include-

Value of the landlord's share of crops or livestock produced on this place Purchase of long-term assets, such as tractors and machinery, land, or new buildings Expenditures for construction of major improvements, such as drainage canals, irrigation systems, etc. Income taxes Interest on nonfarm loans - 17 -

		1	
SECTION 35	 MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD These questions are asked to obtain a measure of the agricultural productivity of your county, State, and the entire United States. Information given in this report will be combined with that for other farms in your county and only totals will be published. By Federal law, the information you give in this report is confidential. Your report is to be used for statistical purposes only, and cannot be revealed to anyone who is not a Census employee. Census employees are under oath (with penalty for violation) not to reveal such information. Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1969, regardless of the year they were produced; and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place any time in 1969. Do not report your net income. Do not report value of sales from land which you rented to others. If you rent land from others or work land on shares for others, include the value of the landlord's share of any products removed from this place. If you operate as a partnership, include the total value of all products sold from this place for all partners. Include the value of all crops sold. Sales from nonfarm-related activities (such as trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities) should not be included. Value of products harvested by others - If crops were harvested by cooperatives or by others, and you received for your product a price which did not include the cost of harvesting, hauling, etc., please report the gross value which includes these costs before they were deducted. If your records do not show such figures separately, please estimate the cost of such services and include these with the value of the product. Also be sure that the cost of these services has been included in the proper production expense items in section 34. Livestock or crops under contract. For livestock or crops, including vegetables and fruits, produced by	Item 11 Item 12 SECTION 36 Item 3	 Other cattle and calves - Report the value of sales of all cattle and calves other than dairy animals sold from this place in 1969. Be sure to include the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, or cost of hauling and selling, etc. If the sales price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. The value of sales of cattle and calves bought and kept on this place less than 30 days before removal should not be included. Do not report the value of sales of livestock owned by you but held on and sold, from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place. For cattle moved from your place to a feedlot for further feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include the value of all hogs and pigs, sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair sold or taken from this place during 1969. Report the value (or give your best estimate) of animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared the receipts. Include animals fed under contract or on a custom basis on this place if the animals were sold or taken from this place during 1969. FARM RELATED INCOME RECEIVED IN 1969 Report all government payments received by you from any of the following direct-payment programs: Feed grain diversion and price support Wheat diversion and marketing certificate Upland cotton diversion and price support Emergency conservation Eropland adjustment Conservation reserve (soil bank) Appalachian Land Stabilization and Conservation Sugar Wool and mohair This total amount may have been furnished to you recently in a "Report of Payment to Producer" (notice sent to you by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service). If so, you may copy this figure on your Census report.
Item 8	Poultry and poultry products - Report the value of all eggs, broilers, hens and roosters, started pullets, ducks, turkeys, and other poultry and their eggs sold or moved from this place during 1969. If the sale price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. For example, if you produced 10,000 pounds of poultry on a contract basis and you estimate the market price at 20 cents per pound, then you should report \$2,000 as the market value.		
Item 9	Dairy products - Include the gross value of all milk and cream sold from this place. Report the total value before hauling costs and Co-op dues are subtracted.		
Item 10	Dairy cattle and calves - Report the total value of sales of all dairy cattle and calves (including heifers, bulls, and bull calves) sold from this place. - 18 -		- 19 -
	- 10 -		

Sec- tion No.	ltem No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
8	1	Field corn for grain: Shelled	Bushel	56
9	1	Sorghums for grain or seed	Bushel	56
10 10 10	1.3 4 5	Wheat	Bushel Bushel	60 32 48
10	6	Rye	Bushel	56
10	8	Flaxseed	Bushel	56
10	9	Buckwheat	Bushel	48
10	10	Proso millet	Bushel	50
10	11	Emmer and spelt	Bushel	40
10	13		Bushel	40
10	14	Mustard seed	Bushel	60
11	' 1		Bushel	60
11	2			
		Virginia type	Bushel	17
		Runners, S.E	Bushel	21
11	3	Spanish	Bushel	25 60
11	4	Dry field and seed beans	Bushel	56
11	5	Dry field and seed peas	Bushel	60
ii	6	Cowpeas for dry peas	Bushel	60
11	7	Velvetbeans for beans (hulled)	Bushel	60
11	8	Mungbeans for beans	Bushel	60
12	1	Cotton: Gross (seed cotton)	Bale	500
		Net (lint cotton)	Bale	480
		(1,500 lb. seed cotton = 1 bale)		400
12	4	Popcorn:		1
		Ear, husked	Bushel	70
		Shelled	Bushel	56
		(70 lb. ear corn, husked = 1 bu.	1]
	-	shelled com)		
12 13	5			333
13	1	Irish potatoes		60
		(1 bag = 1 hundredweight = 100 lb.)	Barrel	165
13	2	Sweetpotatoes	Bag Bushel	55
	-			1 00

ion No.	ltem No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
4	1-7	Hay (3 tons green = 1 ton dry)		
5	1	Red clover seed	Bushel	60
5	2	Alfalfa seed	Bushel	60
5	3	Lespedeza seed	Bushel	30
5	4	Timothy seed	Bushei	4
5	5	Bromegrass seed	Bushel	14
5	6	Orchardgrass seed	Bushel	14
5	7	Sweetclover seed	Bushel	6
7	1	Apples	Bushel	4
			Northwest box Fibreboard box	44
			cell pack	4(
7	2-3	Peaches	Bushel	48
			Lug box	20
			California	
.	4.5		fruit box	18
7	4-5	Pears:	Duchal	48
				50
		Other	Bushel	
. I		Western	Box	46
7	6-7	Cherries	Lug	
_ 1			Campbell lug	16
,	8	Avocados	Lug	13
1	10	Grapes, American type	4-quart climax	
			basket	6
,	11a		12-quart basket	20
_		(1 lb. dried = 4 3/10 lb. fresh)		
7	11b	Grapes, European type-table varieties	Lug	28
			4-basket crate .	20
7	12-13	Plums and prunes:		
1		California	4-basket crate	30
7	13	Other	½-bushel basket	28
		(California: 1 lb. dried = 2 7/10 lb. fresh)		
		(Other: 1 lb. dried = 3 to 4 lb. fresh)		
7	14	Apricots	Lug	
			(Brentwood) .	24
			4-basket crate .	26
7	15	Olives	Lug	28
7	16	Figs, fresh	Box, single-	6
7	10	Fire	layer	0
'	16	Figs (California: 1 lb. dried = 3 lb. fresh)		

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Leaflet Guide-Continued

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Table 1	 Approximate 	Net Weight	Per Unit-	-Continued

Sec- tion No.	item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
18	1	Valencia oranges:		
		California and Arizona	Field box	55
		Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	2	Navel oranges	Field box	52
18	3		Field box	90
18	4			
		California and Arizona		52
		Florida, Texas, and Louisiana	Field box	90
18	5	· signification structure in the structure in the structure is the structure in the structure is structure in the structure in the structure is structure in the structure is structure in the structure is structure in the structure in the structure in the structure is structure in the structure in the structure in the structure is structure in the structure in the structure in the structure is structure in the structure in the structure in the structure is structure in the structure in th		
		California and Arizona	Field box	75
		Florida	Field box	90
		Texas	Field box	100
18	6		Field box	90
18	7	Grapefruit:		
			Field box	50
		Other California	Field box	52
1	_		Field box	80
18	8	Lemons:		
		California and Arizona	Field box	52
		Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	9	Limes	Bushel	55
19	1	Walnuts	Bushel	50
20		Characteria	0	1%
20 20	1 2-3	Strawberries		11/2
/				
20	4	Cranberries	¼-barrel box	25
20	5	Other berries	Quart	11/2

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Acres in this place	Land not operated on December 31, 1969 4
Artificial drainage	Land owned 5
Avocedos 13, 21	Land rented or leased from others
Black walnuts	Land rented or leased to others 5
5 aux wainuts	Land worked on shares
Cattle and calves	Land use
Cattle and calves fattened for slaughter	Land value
Cents not required	Lime
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Chickens	Location of agricultural activity 6
Citrus fruit and trees	
Commercial feeds	Machinery and equipment
Commercial fertilizer	Market value of agricultural products sold
Contracts or agreements	Melons
Cropland harvested	Milk cows
Crop failure	Miscellaneous crops
Crops harvested	
Crops in orchards	Mushrooms
Crops, miscellaneous	Noncitrus fruit and fruit trees
	Nonfarm activities
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Nursery products
Crops or livestock under contract	Nuts and trees
Cultivated summer failow 7	
Dairy cattle and calves 18	Olives
Dairy products	Orchards
Drøinage, artificial	Other crops
	Ownership of land
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Expenses paid by others	Pastureland
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V U S GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1984 (0 - 358-84)

公GPO 1972 448-855 50