Appendix A. Explanatory Materials

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. HISTORY OF THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

The 1969 census is the 19th nationwide census of agriculture. The first agricultural census was taken in 1840 as part of the Sixth Decennial Census. From 1840 to 1920, an agricultural census was taken every 10 years as part of each decennial census.

With increased application of scientific findings and growing use of mechanization in agriculture, farming practices were changing so rapidly that early in this century it was evident that facts collected at 10-year intervals were no longer adequate. Aware of the need for more accurate and timely information, the Congress, in 1909 (36 Stat. 10, Sec. 31), provided for a census of agriculture to be taken in 1915 and every 10 years thereafter, in addition to the census of agriculture taken at the time of the decennial census. However, the census was not taken in 1915 because of the abnormal conditions created by World War I. Beginning in 1920, a national agricultural census has been taken every five years.

2. HOW THE 1969 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE WAS TAKEN

Enumeration Method

For the first time in a nationwide census of agriculture, farmers were asked to fill out and mail back their census forms. In earlier censuses, enumerators called on all farm operators. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration starting date and farmers were asked to fill them out and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up. The enumerators going from door to door in rural areas would pick up and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete forms for those places classified as farms which did not have forms ready for review.

Use of the mailout/mailback approach had been considered earlier and some aspects had been included in pretests for the 1964 Census of Agriculture as well as in the evaluation surveys measuring the accuracy of the earlier censuses. A coverage check of the 1964 census was especially pertinent in the final decision to adopt the mailout/mailback method for the 1969 census. A brief description of the study, called the "EPA-IRS Match" appears on page 38 of volume III, part 7, Evaluation Surveys, of the 1964 Census of Agriculture.

The Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1969 Census of Agriculture was a mailing list comprised of all persons and organizations that could be readily identified as associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were used initially.

The list was assembled primarily from the records of other Government agencies and from the 1964 Census of Agriculture lists of addresses. Internal Revenue Service records were particu-

larly significant in developing the mailing list, since most farm operators of any importance could be identified in these records. Specifically, the IRS supplied lists of people and organizations who filed Form 1040, Schedule F (farm operators and farm landlords). The IRS also supplied lists of businesses showing, on Form 1040—Schedule C, Form 1065 (partnerships), and Form 1120S (small business corporations), that more than 50 percent of their income was from agriculture. A listing of employers of agricultural workers filing agriculture employment tax reports on Social Security Administration Form 943 was also used. The Bureau supplemented these lists with the names of Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service participants in the south and selected States in the remainder of the country where there appeared to be a significant number of persons with limited agricultural operations who had not filed IRS Schedule F.

The Bureau amended the basic list by conducting a precanvass early in 1969, covering about 100,000 of the larger more complex farms. The precanvass identified separate farm units of multifarm operations, farms with significant acreages in more than one county, and abnormal operations such as Indian reservations and farms operated by institutions.

The master list, constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employer Identification numbers, contained the names and addresses of persons or organizations associated with agricultural operations, and an indication of the size of the operation so that the Bureau could determine which of two versions of the census form to send.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler operations, which might not be identified in the administrative records as associated with agricultural operations were obtained and a supplemental mailing was made to the names and addresses on these lists.

Duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were removed during office processing.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution

The regular 12-page form (A1) was sent to farms with an expected volume of sales of agricultural products in 1969, of \$2,500 or more.

A four-page form (A2) was sent to a 50-percent sample of operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. This form covered all major items—land use, crops, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and income—but omitted much of the detail found in the regular form.

Both forms are reproduced in appendix B.

Why the two forms? Emphasis in this census was placed on obtaining more detailed information for those farms with annual sales of farm products of \$2,500 or more. In 1964, the 1,817,000 farms in this group, which made up 58 percent of the total farms, accounted for more than 96 percent of the total value of all farm products sold.

It was agreed that the operators of the smaller places need not be burdened with the extensive detail required from the operators who are responsible for virtually all of our commercial farm production. Hence, the short form was developed for the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to be less than \$2,500.

The Initial Mailings

During the last week of December 1969, the report forms were mailed to all farm operators on the mailing list. Approximately 3,700,000 forms were mailed at this time-2,900,000 regular forms (A1) and 800,000 short forms (A2).

The A2 form was *not* used in Alaska and Hawaii; A1's were mailed to all names on the address list. The A1 form used in Alaska was the same as the one used in the other continental States. The A1 form used in Hawaii differed primarily in the crops section, since Hawaiian agriculture has significant differences from the mainland in the crops produced.

During the first part of 1970, lists of persons or firms filing 1969 tax returns showing agricultural operations were obtained from the Internal Revenue Service. The Bureau checked these names against the original mailing list to find individuals and organizations who had not reported agricultural operations in their 1968 income tax reports or who, for some other reason, had not been included in the December 1969 mailing. These operators were sent the appropriate regular or short form in a supplementary mailing in July 1970.

All potential farm operators who were sent the regular form, received with it a Leaflet Guide which carried on the cover a letter from the Chief of the Agriculture Division explaining the purpose of the census and asking the recipient to fill out the form and return it in the envelope enclosed. The leaflet provided descriptions and definitions for the various items in more detail than was shown on the form, as well as instructions regarding some of the more common problem situations that were anticipated and lists of what should be included or excluded in reporting the more complex items.

A reproduction of this Leaflet Guide appears in appendix B.

Potential operators who received the short form were sent the cover letter, but not the leaflet. Instructions for this relatively simple form were provided on the form itself.

It was intended that the regular form would be filled out by the operators of all farms with \$2,500 or more in sales of farm products. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1969 substantially above this breaking point, it was necessary to go back to them for the additional detail needed for the regular form. If the recipient of the regular form reported less than \$2,500 in sales, data were tabulated for only those items which were on the short form.

Coverage of Outlying Areas

The mailout/mailback procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. Discussion of the methods used appears in the reports for the outlying areas.

Followup Procedures

In the United States, a reminder card dated January 10, 1970, was sent to all recipients of the regular form, urging prompt

response and expressing thanks "if your response is already in the mail."

The first followup letter was mailed early in March to all those on the original mailing list from whom we had not received either the completed form or other correspondence by February 25th.

After the first mail followup, telephone and field followup was started early in March to be sure that data were collected from the previously identified very large and/or very complex operations.

Over a period of the next three months, three other followup letters were sent to the other nonrespondents to achieve a response over the 90-percent level by July 1, 1970.

After the mailing of the fourth followup letter, data collection efforts continued, but on a selective basis. Field enumeration by personal interview was used to collect the data from non-respondents in 371 counties where response rates were below acceptable limits.

The collection of missing reports continued, as necessary, into the office processing phase. Lists of farms with substantial production of specific farm products had been obtained from various sources. These lists were used during data review as a check in counties having significant differences between the expected and the tabulated amounts of one or more agricultural products. Farms appearing on the lists for which a report was not found in the file of census reports being processed were contacted, usually by telephone. If it was determined that a farm had indeed been missed, a report was obtained.

The processing system provided for the possibility of incorporating reports as late as the final tabulation of county data for each State.

The telephone and field followup was performed either by the permanent staff of the Bureau's regional field offices assisted by staff held over from the population census enumeration or, in the case of the very large and complex agricultural operations, by Agriculture Division staff members.

3. STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Report forms were completed and tabulated for all the indentifiable larger places. In a few instances where the required information could not be obtained from the operator, data were obtained from secondary sources.

The smaller operations for which data were not obtained are represented in the statistics by replication of reports for farms having similar characteristics in the same county.

The majority of the farms represented by replication are among those having a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of less than \$5,000. For Oregon, data were imputed for about 9 percent of the State's farms, accounting for about 4 percent of the State's total value of agricultural products sold.

All report forms were subjected to a computer edit where adjustments using detailed programed specifications were made for incomplete or internally inconsistent data. The procedures provided for printouts of the computer changes for those farm reports if the change exceeded specified limits for the item. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by Agriculture Division staff members.

4. OFFICE PROCESSING

The reports for all farms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tape. Records for large agricultural operations, including all places of 50,000 acres or more, or having \$100,000 sales of agricultural products or more in 1969, were reviewed by a professional employee (agricultural statistician or economist). Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent. Reports for smaller operations were subjected to a clerical editing review, during which significant problems were referred to the professional analysts for solution.

During processing, the data for each report form were subjected to a detailed review which required almost the full capacity of one of the very large electronic computers. The program provided comprehensive tests and instructions which were used to correct data found to be in error or inconsistent, to supply missing data, and to make classifications of the farm necessary for tabulation of data.

5. COMPLETENESS OF THE CENSUS

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farm land, and farm production is the aim of each general, nationwide census of agriculture, it has never been reached. The causes of incompleteness and inaccuracies are a part of the complex structure of America's agriculture. Among the elements involved are the large number of places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land they operate, the expiration of leases and the making or renewal of other leases, the problems of obtaining a complete unduplicated listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulties of locating and identifying places that might be farms, the absence from their farms of some farmers during the period of the mail effort and followup procedures, the opinions of some operators that some or all of their agricultural operations should not be included in the census, etc.

Preliminary results of a check of coverage in the State indicate that about 94 percent of the farms with a total value of agricultural products sold in 1969 of \$2,500 and over, are included in the census. The 1969 coverage of part-time, part-retirement, and other low-income operations is probably less complete than for 1964 and earlier censuses. These types of operations are most likely to have been missing in the administrative records used in assembling the basic mailing list. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 96 percent of the total value of agricultural production for the State.

A more detailed statement regarding the differences in coverage between the 1969 and 1964 censuses of agriculture is provided in the Introduction to volume II of the reports for the 1969 and 1964 censuses. In addition, a detailed report on coverage of the 1969 census is scheduled to be published separately.

6. COMPARABILITY OF DATA

A factor affecting comparability, in addition to those mentioned in the introduction, was the procedure for assigning a farm to a specific geographic area.

For 1964 and earlier censuses, each enumerator was assigned to enumerate all farms in a specific geographic area, and farms were allocated to the area in which their "headquarters" was located.

Each of the 1969 farms was assigned to a "most probable" county and that county name was listed on the mailing label before the form was sent to the address on the mailing list. The assignment was based upon factors such as records of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the location of the post office, and county of location of the majority of rural route patrons. The respondent was asked to check if all his agricultural operations were located in the county shown on the address label, otherwise to identify the "principal" county in which his agricultural operations were conducted, and to name all other counties in which he had agricultural operations. If he failed to do this correctly, and especially if the preassigned "most probable" county was incorrect, the acres in the farm may have been tabulated for a different county than in 1964 and earlier censuses. In addition, even when the respondent replied correctly, if two counties or more were involved, his concept of the principal county where his agricultural operations were located might well have differed from the location of his "headquarters" as determined by the enumerator in the earlier census.

7. THE "SEE TEXT" REFERENCES AND OTHER NOTES FOR THE TABLES

Those items in the State tables which carry the note "see text" are identified in this section by being enclosed in quotation marks. Explanations and notes are shown for additional items.

Table 1

Total cropland may be overstated for 1969 as compared to earlier censuses due largely to the respondent (in most cases the farm operator) reporting his land in a different classification than that reported by the enumerators in earlier censuses.

Cropland used only for pasture and grazing may be overstated for 1969, due in part to a tendency of operators to report all pasture in replying to the first question regarding pasture (item 1b in section 3 of the regular form, and item 2 in section 5 of the short form).

"All other cropland" includes cropland used for soilimprovement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 2

Irrigation. Data on method of irrigation and source of water, along with additional irrigation data will be available in chapter 14, volume II, U.S. Summary, and in volume IV, Irrigation, 1969 Census of Agriculture.

Table 3

The 1964 and 1959 data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include the farms of all nonwhite operators.

Users may notice that data for managers are not shown separately in the report of farm operators by tenure. Discussion of this change from the 1964 and earlier reports will be found in section 8, immediately following this section.

Tenure data for 1964 and 1959 do not include farms operated by managers, and to this extent are not comparable to the 1969

figures in which the managers have been distributed according to the reported ownership of the land.

Additional information regarding farm operators will be reported in volume II. This volume will include data reporting year the operator began operation, detailed data regarding race, and average date the census form was completed.

Data on ownership of land rented from others, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits will be reported in volume II, with totals for each State.

Table 4

"Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlords' and contractors' shares.

Table 5

Farm production expenses, total—both farms and dollars. These figures for 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of the reporting of "all other expenditures." The 1964 and 1959 totals are reported only for the items specifically covered in all three censuses.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. Feed ingredients purchased separately which were included for 1964 and 1959 are excluded for 1969; they are reported separately for 1969 (table 14) for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Commercial fertilizer. Data for 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum; these items were not included in the 1964 or 1959 figures.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year.

All other production expenses. This item is subject to some errors in reporting. Operators failed, in some cases, to follow the instructions as to the types of expenditures which were to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution.

Table 7

The 1964 and 1959 figures on broilers and other meat-type chickens are based on questions which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8

Farms reporting acres and quantity harvested for soybeans for beans are underreported. The format of the regular report form (the A1) provided for related crops to be grouped in one of 12 sections each of which had an introductory general question and instructions for the respondent to skip the entire section whenever he answered "No." The introductory question to section 11, where soybeans for beans should have been reported, was "Were any dry beans, dry peas, or peanuts harvested from this place in 1969?" A limited number of respondents who had harvested soybeans apparently did not classify soybeans as dry beans and skipped the entire section. Some of these reported the crop in section 23, "Other crops," while others failed to report them. In instances where there was a sizeable difference on an individual report form between the acres of cropland harvested and the sum of the acres reported for individual crops harvested, telephone calls made to check on the difference determined that it was frequently due to failure to report either soybean or hay acreages. The missing data were then obtained and the reports corrected. Consequently such underreporting tends to be limited to smaller acreages. Studies of available check data indicate the shortages to be about 5 percent or less for farms reporting and somewhat lower for acres and quantity harvested.

Hay, excluding sorghum hay. There was also underreporting for hay since the introductory general question for section 14 on the regular form which reads "Was any hay or grass silage harvested from this place in 1969?" was misunderstood in some instances. Additionally, it has always been difficult to obtain correct reporting of acreage cut for hay involving, as it frequently does, two or more cuttings from the same acreage, hay cut and seed harvested from the same acreage, or a hay crop following some other crop harvested.

"Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9

"All other cropland." See note for table 1.

"All other land." See note for table 1.

"Farms by type." Explanation of this classification is shown in section 8.

Livestock ranches. See classification of farms in section 8.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

Forest products sold. As in previous censuses, the data obtained in the 1969 census relate only to the forest products cut on farms. Commercial logging, timber operations, and forest products cut and sold from nonfarm places are excluded.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 10

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Table 13

"Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 30, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. Some operators may not have clearly distinguished these two types of farm labor. Some reported expenditures for contract labor although the workers were not hired through a contractor, a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.

Number working less than 150 days. Some of these workers may have worked on more than one farm during the year, and therefore be reported by two or more operators. The number of workers reported here is likely to exceed the actual number of agricultural workers.

Table 16

"Chickens 4 months old or older" for 1964 and 1959. Note the age break at 4 months for these earlier censuses. This was changed to "3 months old or older" for the 1969 census.

Table 21

Grass silage. 1964 and 1959 figures include grass silage and hay cut green.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

All hay. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 22

Forest products. See note for table 9.

Table 24

"All other land." See note for table 1.

Artificial drainage. Only total drained acres and number of farms having such acres are reported here. More detailed data will be available in volume II, chapter 14, Irrigation and Drainage, and in volume VI, Drainage.

Farms by type. Definitions for the various types of farms are given in section 8.

"\$1 to \$2,499." See note for table 13.

Forest products sold. See note for table 9.

Farm production expenses, total. See note for table 5.

Commercially mixed formula feeds. See note for table 5.

"Other agricultural chemicals." See note for table 5.

Hired farm labor and Contract labor. See note for table 14.

Number of persons working less than 150 days. See note for table 14.

All other production expenses. See note for table 5.

Soybeans for beans. See note for table 8.

"Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Tables 25 to 30

See notes for table 24. The items in the left-hand margin (stub) of these tables are identical to the items in table 24, therefore the notes for this table apply to tables 25 through 30.

8. DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND CLASSIFICATION OF FARMS

Definitions and Explanations

For exact wording of the questions and instructions in the two census forms (A1 and A2) and in the Leaflet Guide which accompanied the A1 form, see the reproductions of these three items in appendix B.

An analysis of the questions asked in the 1969 census forms and of the data obtained will be given in volume II, General Report, Statistics by Subject, Census of Agriculture, 1969.

Definitions of items and terms which may require additional explanation as they are used in the census are presented here. In general, processing steps and procedures were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are noted here.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "Land in farms" consists primarily of "agricultural" land—that is, land used for crops or pasture or grazing. It also includes considerable areas of land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, the acreage of woodland and wasteland owned or rented by farm operators as part of their agricultural operations is included as land in farms. Large acreages of land held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted in the processing steps if identified as such.

All grazing land except for open range and grazing land used under government permit was to be included as land in farms provided the place of which it was a part was a farm. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported in the name of the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included. Land in Indian reservations that was not reported by individual Indians and that was not rented to non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate total land area of States and counties as reported for 1969 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated to January 1, 1970. Differences between the land area in the 1969 and 1964 reports reflect changes in the number or size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in two or more counties—With but few exceptions, each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county, usually the county in which he reported all or the largest proportion of his total land.

Some of the exceptions developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This study identified about 1,000 operations having more than one separately reportable farm unit. For these, individual census reports were obtained for each location. Reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties, for which the data would significantly affect the county totals, were separated into two or more reports which were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—Data on the value of land and buildings are presented as totals and in terms of average per farm and average per acre. The value of land and buildings reported for the census was supposed to represent market value—that is, the price for which the land and buildings would sell at the time of the census.

The value of land in buildings for farms for which the value was not completely reported was estimated during office processing by using the average value per acre of land and buildings for farms of approximately the same size having similar characteristics in the same area.

Type of organization—The 1969 census is the first in which information was collected on the type of organization under which the farm operated. This information was collected for class 1-5 farms in response to the demand for data more descriptive of current farm organizational structure than the traditional tenure of farm operator classification. See State table 24.

Farm managers—In 1969, the term "manager" was dropped as a tenure concept because it was no longer descriptive of a distinct type of farm management. Farms of the kind that would have qualified as managed according to the 1964 definition were distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place. Tables in this report showing 1964 tenure data do not include managed farms in the 1964 figures used, and to this extent the 1964 data are not comparable to the 1969 data.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" is used to designate a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered as operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of a partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms.

For 1969, the respondent classified his own status by his answers to the acreage and ownership questions. Data on the characteristics of farm operators were obtained in section 38 of the report form where the operator was defined as the person in charge of the farm or ranch operation. In some cases the operator was not the individual named on the address label. Sometimes informa-

tion was reported for a family member, a partner, or an operator more closely connected with the farm or ranch operations.

In the 1964 census, the farm operator was located and defined by the enumerator who generally obtained the report from the person in charge at the farm or ranch location.

Farms or farms reporting—Figures for farms or farms reporting for a specified item represent the number of farms for which the item was reported. For example, if there were 1,922 farms in a county and 465 had chickens 3 months old and over on hand December 31, 1969, the figure for farms or farms reporting for the item "Chickens 3 months old and over" would be 465.

Value of crops harvested—Data for value of crops harvested were developed by applying estimated unit values to the operators' reports of acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (bushels, bales, etc.) when reported, were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. In some instances only acres harvested were reported, and these were multiplied by State estimates of value of production per acre. A combination of the two calculations was used when only acres harvested were reported by small farms, but units of production were supplied by larger farms. The State average production price and production value per acre figures used in these calculations, were supplied by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

For vegetables and for nursery and greenhouse products, value of sales were obtained from farm operators and used in the calculation of total value of crops harvested.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of each class of livestock or poultry on hand by the State average price for 1969 as furnished by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The 1964 and 1959 data were developed in similar fashion.

Value of farm products sold—Data for the value of farm products sold in 1969 were obtained by direct questioning in both the regular and short forms.

This is a departure from the method used in previous censuses, in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and by estimation for others. A discussion of the methods used in the 1964 census will be found on pages A7 to A9 of the appendix in each State report (volume I) of the 1964 census.

Total value of farm products sold—For 1969, this item excludes income which the farm operator and members of his family received from providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational services on his farm; for 1964, the total included such income.

The total value of farm products sold does not include government payments received by farm operators for participation in wheat, feed grains, and other government programs. As indicated by the data in State table 4, farm operators receive considerable farm-related income from sources other than the farm operated. Data in State table 27 indicate, for the various economic classes of farms, the number of farms on which the farm operator received income from specified sources other than the farm operated, and the amount of such income.

Total income the farm operator and members of his family received from sources other than the farm operated is not available from the 1969 Census of Agriculture. Tabulations are being made from the 1970 Census of Population to provide such

information which may be useful in this regard in a separate report.

Differences in totals for some items—The totals given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given for the same item in another table because of the rounding of fractions for the several groups of farms, counties, etc.

Floating point system—In preparation for showing comparative figures from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the 1964 published figures were keyed to magnetic tape using a floating point system. The system used provides for showing the first five digits of a number, the sixth is rounded to a five and all subsequent digits are shown as zero. Thus, the figure 17,256,423 would appear as 17,256,500. Differences from the 1964 published figures may appear in the least significant digits for any number having six or more digits as a result of using this procedure.

Classification of Farms

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected economic class groups; State tables 24 to 29 present detailed data for class 1-5 farms classified by tenure of operator, type of organization, age of operator, size (in acres), economic class, and type. In addition, the report contains a number of counts of farms according to various characteristics as well as frequency distribution of farms classified by size of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—As mentioned earlier in this section, the term "manager" as a tenure concept, is not used in the 1969 census. Information regarding managers was not obtained separately as the concept has become increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the change to enumeration by mail. The classifications by type of organization should provide more meaningful information. Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 24.

The classifications of tenure as used in this census are—

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others, or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—This is the first census of agriculture in which the classification by type of organization has been used. The classifications used are—

- a. Individual or family farms, excluding partnership and corporation,
- b. Partnership,
- c. Corporation, including family owned— With 10 or fewer shareholders, With more than 10 shareholders,
- d. Other-includes estates, trusts, cooperatives.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 on the A1 form. Thus there may be data shown for corporate farms in States where there are regulations affecting the extent to which corporations are permitted to engage in farming operations.

Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization are institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal" and consequently are not included in the tabulations for class 1-5 farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm. Detailed data by size of farm are presented for class 1-5 farms in State table 26. The same classification was used for all States. According to definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of a landlord who has assigned land to other tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm even though the landlord may consider the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by economic class—Data from the 1969 census are reported for "All farms" and for "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over (economic classes 1 to 5)."

In the 1964 and earlier censuses a classification called "commercial farms" was used which included the first six economic classes; this grouping is not comparable to the "class 1-5" grouping used in the 1969 report.

To help bridge this gap, State table 9 shows data for the "class 1-6" group, in addition to data for all farms, class 6 farms, part time, part retirement, and abnormal farms.

The economic classes used in this report are defined as follows:

Class 1 \$40,000 or more of farm product sales
Class 1a \$100,000 or more of farm product sales
Class 1b \$40,000 to \$99,999 of farm product sales
Class 2 \$20,000 to \$39,999 of farm product sales
Class 3 \$10,000 to \$19,999 of farm product sales
Class 4 \$5,000 to \$9,999 of farm product sales

Class 5 \$2,500 to \$4,999 of farm product sales or having a value of products sold of less than \$2,500 provided they had the acreage or livestock operations which normally would have had sales in excess of \$2,500. These would include new farm operations, farms having crop failure, and farms with large inventories and small 1969 sales. For a count of these farms, see county table 13 or State table 22.

Class 6 \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part time \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

Part retirement. . \$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years old or over.

Abnormal Includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

Large-scale farms—Farms with a value of farm products sold of \$100,000 or more (class 1a) have been designated as large-scale farms. Data for these farms classified by type of farm are presented in State table 30.

Change in the classification of farms by economic classes—The above definitions of economic classes apply to the 1964 census as well as to 1969. There was a change from 1959 to 1964 which affected only class 6 and part-time farms. Discussion of this change can be found on page A14 of appendix A of volume I of the 1964 census. In 1959, a farm was classified as class 6 if it had a value of sales of \$50 to \$2,499, the operator was under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year, and the income from sources other than the farm operated did not exceed the value of farm products sold. Other conditions being the same, if the income from other sources exceeded the value of farm products sold, the farm was classified as part-time.

Farms by type—The type of farm represents a description of the major source of income from farm sales. To be classified as a particular type, a farm must have sales of a particular product or group of products amounting in value to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold during the year.

The count of farms by type is shown in State table 9, for all farms, for several groups of farms with sales of less than \$2,500, and for abnormal farms. It is shown by county for class 1-5 farms in chapter 3 of section 1 of this volume.

Type-of-farm breakdowns are reported in detail for class 1-5 farms in State tables 28 and 29.

The types of farms, together with the products (value of sales reported representing 50 percent or more of total value of all farm products sold during the year) on which type classification is based, are as follows:

Cash-grain—Corn, sorghums, small grains, soybeans for beans, cowpeas for peas, dry field and seed beans and peas.

Tobacco-Tobacco.

Cotton-Cotton and cottonseed.

Other field crop—Peanuts, potatoes (Irish and sweet), sugarcane for sugar or sirup, sweet sorghums for sirup, broomcorn, popcorn, sugar beets, mint, hops, sugar beet seed, and pineapples.

Vegetable-Vegetables.

Fruit and nut—Berries, other small fruits, tree fruits, grapes, nuts, and coffee.

Poultry-Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, and other poultry products.

Dairy—Dairy products—milk, cream, etc. The criterion of 50 percent of total sales was modified in the case of dairy farms. A farm having value of sales of dairy products amounting to less than 50 percent of the total value of farm products sold was classified as a dairy farm, if—

- a. Dairy products sold accounted for more than 30 percent of the total value of products sold, and
- b. Milk cows represented 50 percent or more of total cows,
- c. The value of dairy products sold plus the value of cattle and calves sold amounted to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold.

Livestock other than dairy and poultry—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, wool, and mohair except for farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska that qualified as livestock ranches.

Livestock ranches—Farms in the 17 western States, Louisiana, Florida, Hawaii, and Alaska were classified as livestock ranches if the sales of livestock, wool, and mohair represented 50 percent or more of the total value of farm products sold, and if pastureland or grazing land amounted to 100 acres or more and was 10 times or more the acreage of cropland harvested.

General—Field seed crops, hay, grass, and silage. A farm was also classified as general if it had cash income from three or more sources and did not meet the criteria for any other type.

Miscellaneous—Nursery and greenhouse products, forest products, mules, horses, colts, ponies, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold. Also all institutional farms and Indian reservations.

Stability in the classification of farms by type of farm—The type of farm classification for the 1964 census was the same as in 1969. Only one minor change was made from 1959 to 1964. In the 1959 listing of miscellaneous farms, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat milk, and farms with no value of farm products sold were not listed as a part of this group.

Detailed comparative data for farms classified by type of farm for 1959 may be obtained from State table 18 of volume I of the reports for the 1959 Census of Agriculture.

9. DATA BASED ON REPORTS FOR A SAMPLE OF FARMS

Published data for all farms combine the data for the 50-percent sample of small farms, weighted by "2," with the data for larger farms. Small farms are generally those with a total value of farm products sold in the year of less than \$2,500. In addition to economic class 6, they include those farms classified as part time and part retirement.

Farms orginally defined as "small" by the mailing list sources, but reporting a total value of farm products sold in 1969 of \$10,000 and over, were tabulated with a weight of "1."

For Oregon, about 28 percent of the total farms were subjected to sampling. By final census classification, about 63 percent of the small farms, as defined above, were subjected to sampling.

For economic classes 4 and 5, the percentages subject to sampling were 6 and 8 percent, respectively. The remaining farms in these economic classes as well as all farms in economic classes 1, 2, and 3 were selected with certainty.

The proportion of total value of farm products sold from farms which were represented in the census by the sample was less than 2 percent.

All of the published data are subject to sampling and/or nonsampling error. Sampling errors, in general, do not significantly affect totals since a very large proportion of the data were reported for economic classes 1 to 3 farms, for which there is no sampling error.

Nonsampling errors, resulting from incomplete coverage, response errors, processing errors, and other sources are discussed in section 10.

The sampling error for any published estimate can be approximated through the use of tables A, B, and C.

Table A indicates a "level" of sampling error for the number of farms reporting an item, and for magnitude items in broad categories for State and county tables. This table is used to determine sampling errors for State estimates.

Table B classifies each county within the State as having "high," "medium," or "low" sampling errors, for the county as a whole and for small farms within the county. This table must be consulted first to determine sampling errors for county estimates.

Table C presents the relative standard errors for estimated totals by number of farms reporting the item, according to the levels determined from tables A and B.

Table C shows percentage limits such that the chances are 68 out of 100 that the difference between an estimate based wholly or in part on a sample of farms and the figure that would have been obtained if the information had been collected and tabulated for all farms would be no more than the percentage specified. The chances are about 99 out of 100 that the difference would be less than 2 1/2 times the percentage given in table C. The percentage given in table C takes into account the fact that data for the items listed were collected for all farms with a value of farm products sold of \$10,000 or more.

The use of the tables may be illustrated by the following example: In a hypothetical State, 1,900 farms reported 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain on 62,100 acres. Table A shows that, for the State, measures for cropland harvested and for bushels of corn harvested have sampling reliability at level "1."

Since table C for our hypothetical State doesn't show a value for 1,900 farms reporting, we use straight-line interpolation to obtain a relative standard error of 7/10 percent. The standard error of the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels is then about 36,000 bushels. For the number of acres of corn harvested, the standard error is about 435 acres for an estimate of 62,100 acres. The number of farms reporting corn harvested is also a sample estimate, and its level from table A ("Farms having the item") is level 2," so that the standard error on an estimate of 1,900 farms is about 9/10 percent (using the line for 2,000 farms) or 17 farms.

At the 99-percent confidence level, the estimate of 5,068,000 bushels of corn harvested for grain may have an error of as much as 90,000 bushels (2 1/2 times 36,000) which means that the production determined in a complete census would most likely be between 4,978,000 and 5,158,000 bushels. For the number of farms reporting corn harvested, the 99-percent level corresponds to an estimate with a standard error of 42 farms, so that the number of farms actually having corn harvested is probably between 1.858 and 1.942.

Table A. Level of Sampling Reliability of State and County Totals for Selected Items

	_		State	e tables	S		1			Coun	ty tables		
				6	conom	ic class	_	T	otal farms	_	S	mall farms	
	Total farms	Small farms	4	5	<u>6</u>	Part time	Part retire- ment	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
Farms having the itemall farms	2	4	1	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	4	3	2
large farms	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
Land in farmsacres	1	7	2	2	7	7	7	7	6	5	7	6	5
Value of land and buildingsdollars	1	6	2	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Owned and rented landacres	1	7	2	3	7	7	7	7	6	5	7	6	5
Croplandacres	1	7	1	2	7	7	7	7 6	6 5	5	7	6	5
Harvested cropland,acres	1	6 7	1	_	5 7	6 6	6	6 7	5 6	4	6 7	5	4
Woodlandacres.	1	5	1	2 1	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	6 4	5 3
Irrigated landacres	1	5	1	1	3	3	3	3	4	3	5	4	3
Total value of products solddollars	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Cropsdollars	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Forest productsdollars	1	6	1	1	5	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	4
Livestock productsdollars	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Farm production expensesdollars	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Commercial feeddollars	1	6	1	3	5	6	5	6	5	4	6	5	4
Commercial fertilizerdollars	1	5	2	2	6	5	5	7	6	5	5	4	3
Fueldollars	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Hired labordollars	1	6	2	2	6	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	4
Machinery and equipmentnumber.	1	4	1	1	4	4	4	4	3	2	4	3	2
Estimated market valuedollars	1	5	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Livestock:]			
Cattle and calvesnumber	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Hogs and pigsnumber	1	6	1	1	6	6	5	6	5	4	6	5	4
Poultrynumber.	1	5	3	2	5	6	5	6	5	4	6	5	4
Crops harvested:										Ì			
Haybushels	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Vegetablesbushels	1	5	1	1	5	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	3
Wheatbushels	1	5	1	1	5	5	6	6	5	4	5	4	4

Table B. Classification of Counties Into Sampling-Error Category

	AI	l farms	_	1	Small f	arms	
High	Me	edium	Low	-	ligh	Medium	Low
Clatsop Columbia Lane Lincoln	Baker Benton Clackamas Coos Crook Curry Deschutes Douglas Grant Hood River Jackson Josephine	Klamath Lake Linn Marion Multnomah Polk Tillamook Umatilla Union Wasco Washington Yamhill	Gilliam Harney Jefferson Malheur Morrow Sherman Wallowa Wheeler	Baker Benton Clackamas Clatsop Columbia Coos Crook Curry Deschutes Douglas Grant Harney Hood River Jackson Jefferson Josephine Klamath	Lake Lane Lincoln Linn Malheur Marion Morrow Multnomah Polk Sherman Tillamook Umatilla Union Wallowa Wasco Washington Yamhill	Wheeler	Gilliam

Table C. Sampling Reliability Based on Number of Farms in Sample and Level of Reliability

				Relative s	tandard error (perce	ent)			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	Level 8	Level 9
Number of farms for item:									
10 farms	10	13	18	24	32	43	56	75	100
20 farms	7.1	9.0	13	17	22	30	40	53	71
50 farms	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14	19	25	33	45
100 farms	3.2	4.2	5.6	7.5	10	13	18	24	32
200 farms	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1	9.0	13	17	22
500 farms	1.4	1.8	2.6	3.4	4.5	6.0	8.0	11	14
1,000 farms	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3.2	4.3	5.6	7.5	10
2,000 farms	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2	3.0	4.0	5.3	7.1
5,000 farms	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.5	3.3	4.5
10,000 farms	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.4	3.2
20,000 farms	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.2
50,000 farms	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4

10. NONSAMPLING ERRORS IN THE REPORT

Errors from causes other than those related to sampling are present in any census or survey. These can arise from a variety of reasons, such as inability to obtain any response from some farmers on the mailing list, incorrect reporting, processing errors, etc.

One source of nonsampling error is present in the failure of some respondents to provide all the information requested. Special studies using a small national sample indicate that, on questions such as total value of farm products sold, the nonresponse rate may be of the order of 12 percent. It is usually possible to develop a figure for value of sales based on other entries such as production of crops, livestock sold, etc., but the figure so produced may not be as reliable as a direct report from the farmer.

There is considerable undercoverage of small farms, due to the fact that a large number of these were either not included or not identified as associated with agricultural operations in any of the administrative records and consequently were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some farms were on the mailing list more than once, and while duplication was eliminated to a very large extent in the processing, some duplication remains, particularly for new farms or farms whose ownership status changed during the period when the list was being developed.

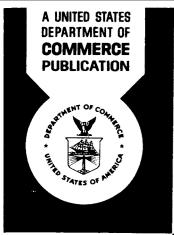
The total error of the census is a combination of the sampling and nonsampling errors. When the sampling errors are small, as in the case of economic classes 1 to 3 which have no sampling error, or for the whole State, for most counties, and for most magnitude items, the nonsampling error is usually the larger part of the total error.

11. AVAILABILITY OF DATA FOR AREAS OTHER THAN COUNTIES AND STATES

This report presents data only for the State and for counties within the State.

Summary data for the United States, regions, divisions, and States will be shown in volume II.

Unpublished tabulations of some of the data in State tables 24 through 29 can be obtained for State parts of 99 agricultural subregions to which the counties in the conterminous States have been allocated. A charge will be made for the cost of review for consistency and disclosure of data for individual farms. Information regarding the availability of unpublished data may be obtained by writing to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.



1969 Census of Agriculture

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

COUNTY REPORT TEXT

PLEASE KEEP THIS SHEET. It provides background information, definitions, and explanations including those for the "see text" notes in the tables.

Individual County Reports

Separate eight-page reports are published for all counties in the United States with 10 farms or more. Data are reported for the year 1969, with inventory (on place) figures as of December 31, 1969. Comparable figures from the 1964 census are also reported.

Information covering all farms in the county is presented in the first eight tables.

Information covering farms with sales of farm products in 1969 amounting to \$2,500 or more (economic classes 1 to 5) is reported in substantially greater detail in tables 9 through 26.

The same format is used for every county and State; the crop and livestock items reported in these tables are those which are relatively important in a majority of the counties in the United States.

County Data for Miscellaneous Crop and Livestock Items

Data for additional crop and livestock items, not common to a large number of counties, are reported in a separate set of county tables for each State.

State Reports (Volume I)

State totals of the data in the county reports are published for each State.

In addition, data for each State are shown in a separate report consisting of one book or more. Chapter 1 of section 1 presents findings at the State level in much more detail than is published at the county level.

County data appear in the State reports as follows:

- A limited amount of county data are reported in summary form in chapter 2 of section 1. These tables list the counties in alphabetical order and report selected items for each.
- The county data for miscellaneous crop and 'tivestock items and the number of farms by "type of farm" for all class 1-5 farms are reported in chapter 3 of section 1.
- A complete set of county reports makes up section 2.

How the 1969 Census of Agriculture Was Taken

The Mailing List—During the last week of December 1969, the 1969 Census of Agriculture forms were mailed to a list representing, as nearly as possible, all persons and firms associated with the direction of agricultural operations in 1969. The list included land owners, tenants, renters, sharecroppers, and hired managers, but excluded hired farm laborers.

The mailing list was assembled from various administrative records including names and addresses from the 1964 Census of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, and the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

The final list was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists. Additional duplicates not identified in this process were removed during data processing. Coverage is more fully discussed in the text for volume I.

The Census Forms and Their Distribution—A standard 12-page form was sent to all operators expected to have 1969 sales of all agricultural products of \$2,500 and over.

A four-page form went to a 50 percent sample of the operators whose 1969 sales were expected to total less than \$2,500. Data in the "All Farms" tables are, consequently, subject to a small sampling variation. Tables of sampling variation will be included in volume 1.

Followup Procedures—A series of followup letters brought response to well over the 90 percent level by July 1, 1970. At this point, field followup enumeration was conducted in 370 counties having low response rates to complete the collection of data for those counties.

To insure receiving reports from all large operations, telephone and field followup was started early in March. This work was continued until reports were obtained.

Standard statistical procedures were used, when possible, to deal with inconsistencies or inadequate information in filled-out forms, including any short forms reporting sales of \$2,500 or more. When these methods were not adequate, letters and phone calls were used to secure the needed information.

A more detailed description of procedures and definitions will appear in volume I.

Comparability of Data

This is the first census of agriculture conducted primarily by mail. The mailings were made just before January 1, 1970, and the information collected was intended to cover the full year, 1969. The data collection phase lasted through September 1970.

Prior censuses were taken by enumerators; the field work for 1964 was largely completed in November and December of the census year.

These two differences (use of mail and timing) affect the comparability of data from the 1969 census with data from earlier censuses. In a number of tables, 1969 inventory figures are shown; respondents were asked to report these as of December 31, 1969. Where similar figures from the 1964 census are shown, they are as of the time of enumeration.

"Farms," defined in the 1969 census exactly as in 1964, are places on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time during the census year under the control of an individual management. Places of less than 10 acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$250. Places of 10 or more acres were counted as farms if the sales of agricultural products for the year amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$50.

Farms in the top five economic classes (separately reported in tables 9 through 26) are those for which the sales of farm products in 1969 amounted, or normally would amount, to at least \$2,500. Abnormal farms are excluded.

Abbreviations and Symbols

The following abbreviations and symbols may occur in the tables.

- X Not applicable.
- NA Not available.
 - Z Reported in small fractions.
 - D Data withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual farms.

The "See Text" References in the Tables

Table 1. "All other cropland" includes cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.

"All other land" includes pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 3 for Southern States. For 1964, the data reported in the columns headed "Negro operated farms" include all nonwhite operators.

Table 4. "Class 6 farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-time farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and a farm operator under 65 years of age who worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.

"Part-retirement farms" have a value of farm products sold of \$50 to \$2,499 and an operator 65 years old or over.

"Abnormal farms" include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc.

"Market value of all agricultural products sold" represents the market value, before taxes and expenses, of all agricultural products sold in the census year, including livestock and poultry and their products, crops including nursery products and hay, forest products, and all miscellaneous farm products. The figures include landlord's and contractor's shares.

Table 5. "Farm production expenses, total" for 1964 is the sum of specified expenditures and does not include those listed as "NA" in the table.

"Other agricultural chemicals" includes all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth-control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, and insecticides for livestock and poultry in the census year, including any of these materials paid for by landlords, contractors, and custom operators.

Table 7. 1964 figures on sales of broilers are based on a question which had no specification regarding age.

Table 8. "Land in orchards" includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which the fruit crop failed. It does not include acres in abandoned plantings or data for places with less than 20 fruit or nut trees.

Table 9. "All other land" includes house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Table 13. "Market value of all agricultural products sold." See note for table 4.

"\$1 to \$2,499." In the processing, certain farms were identified whose operations would normally have a sale of farm products of \$2,500 or more, but had actual sales of less than \$2,500 in 1969. These farms are grouped with class 1-5 farms for the more detailed tabulations reported in tables 9 through 26, and are included in class 5 whenever figures are shown separately by class. They are included in the appropriate value groups having sales of less than \$2,500, in table 4.

Table 14. "Farm production expenses, total" and "Other agricultural chemicals." See notes for table 5.

In 1964, contract labor was included with machine hire and customwork.

Table 16. See note for table 7.

Table 20. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

Table 24. "Land in orchards." See note for table 8.

FORM 60-A1 .34 Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Cenaus employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are innoune from legal process. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE - 1969 Please read ? Please mention the Census File Number (the ten-digit number in the upper left corner of the address label) if you write to us about this report Please answer the questions on this form and return it in the enclosed envelope as soon as you can, preferably not later than February 15, 1970. 34 · Only one report is required for your agricultural operations. If more than one report is received, please write "Extra Copy" across the top of the first page of each additional report and return it along with the report you complete. Please give the best answers you can Make an estimate if you do not have the actual number. • The enclosed leaflet illustrates how to enter your answers and contains helpful information about the questions. Please read the Leaflet Introduction, then use the leaflet, as needed, while you are completing your report. CENSUS USE ONLY DIO 013 011 012 Section 1 - ACREAGE in 1969, OWNERSHIP, and LAND VALUE Your estimate of the current market value of these acres and the buildings on them ng 1969, see Leallet, section 1, part A.) Acres CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dollars Cents 014 015 1. Land owned 2. Land rented or leased from others - Include land worked on shares, leased Federal, State, and railroad land, and land used rent tree. (Do not include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.) 3. Land rented or leased to others - Include land subleased and land worked None on shares by others These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE" for this census report Total acres - Please ADD acres owned (Item 1) to acres rented (Item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (Item 3), and enter your answer in this space 5. How many acres in THIS PLACE were diverted under soil bank or other Federal programs such as shose for feed grains, wheat, etc.? 021 Acres 6. Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on any part of the land and buildings you own? 1 Yes 2 No 7. How many persons tented or lessed land from you in 1969? - Include those working land on shares. 029 Persons 8. How many acres of the land you rented or leased from others (item 2) did you subrent or sublests to others?—Include land rented or leased by you which was worked on shares by others. None 024 Acres Please read... 9. If you rented land from others (item 2), give the following information by type of land ownership. You may be able to skip most of this form if a. All the land you own or rent is rented to someone else Rental pregnament in 1969 b. There were no crops or livestock in 1969 on the land Ownership of land you rented from others (Account for all acres reported in Item 2) ark with X all boxes which apply reported in item 4 Acres Share of Cash livestock or as praducts rent Share of crops Other Before continuing please read "SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THIS FORM?" in Leaflet, Section 1, Part C. ment Section 2 - LOCATION of agricultural activity in 1969 g. Individuals, partner-I. Are all of your agricultural operations located in the county shown in the upper right corner of the address label? 1 ships, estated b. Corporations—include railroad land No - Complete this item Write name and acres for principal county on the first line; write names and acres for additional counties in spaces provided. If necessary, continue in Remarks on page 12. e. State lands - Solpal Go to lands, etc. item 2 below Name of county State d. Indian lands — tribul or reservation, trassed Ácres Principal Federal lands - include laused gereuge of Paylor Grazzin lands See Leaflot; Other Total acres (Must equal acres in . Location within county of your principal agricultural operations. Township, district, presinct, etc. - See Leaflet, section 2. Balara continuing Pla

Section 3 - Land USE in 1969

Section 5 - Cand Ost	The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in this place among items 1 through 4. Places read Leaflet, section 3, before answering item fa.	· · ·
Reminder: If the same land	1. Cropland a. Cropland harvested - Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products	Q41 Acres
was used for two or more purposes,	b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	G42 Acres
report that land only once - in the first item	c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured	043. Acres
that applies.	d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyurds on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 1a.)	044 Acres
	e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow.,	045 Acres
	f. Cropland idle	046 Acres
	2. Woodland - Include here all woodlots and timber tracts and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.	047
Please check:	g. Woodland pastured	O48
If the acres for item 5	b. Woodland not pastured 3. Other pastureland and rangeland - Include here any pasture other than cropland and woodland pasture.	Acres 049
do not agree with the acres	Pastureland and rangeland improved by liming, fertilizing, seeding, irrigating draining, or controlling weeds and brush	Acres 050
shown in section 1, item 4, please read	b. Pastureland and rangeland not improved. 4. All other land — Include here any land not reported above.	Acres
Leaflet, section 3, and check your	a. Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.	. Acres
entries.	5. Total acres in this place.—Please add the acres in items 1 through 4 and enter the total in this space.—(This total should be the same as the total in section 1, item 4.)	Total acres
Section 4 - Has any	LAND in this place been IRRIGATED at any time during the 5 years since January 1, 1965?	
053 1 Yes - Co	omplete this section	
2 □ No − Go to	Land irrigated in 1969 None How many acres of land in this place were irrigated at any time in 1969? If "None," yo to Section 5	Q54 Acres
Section 5	2. How many acres of - 5. Cropland harvested (réported in section 3, item 1a) were irrigated?	095 Acres
	b. Cropland used only for passure or grazing (reported in section 3, item 1b) were irrigated?	056 Acres
	c. Other pastureland (reported in section 3, item 3a) were irrigated?	057 Acres
,	d. Any other lands were irrigated? - Specify land use	058
1	Method of irrigation in 1969	Acres
	3. How many acres were irrigated in 1969 by each of the following methods — (If more than one method was used on the same field the total of these acres will be greater than item 1 above.) a. Sprinklers?	059 Acres
	b. Farrows or ditches?	060 Acres
	c. Flooding?	O61. Acres
	d. Subirrigation? (Water applied below ground surface, or artificial control of ground water)	062 Acres
	Source of water in 1969	· ·
,	4. What percent of irrigation water used in 1969 was — (Please be sure the total percentages reported in questions a through e equal 100%. For other ways of estimating quantity of water, see Leaflet, section 4.) a. From a well or spring on this place? 	063 Percent
	b. From a surface supply not controlled by a water supply organization (stream, drainage dirch, lake, pond, of reservoir on or adjacent to this place)?	964 Percent
	c. From water suppliers? (Mutual, private, cooperative or neighborhood disches, irrigation district, commercial company, municipal or community water system, or another farm)	065 Percent
,	Give name and address of each water supplier. (Use "Remarks," page 12 if more space is needed.)	
	1. '2.	
		`
	Estimated quantity of water used in 1969	
	Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you. See Leaflet, section 4.)	Acre-feet Tenths
	a. Acre-feet (One core-foot covers one core, one foot deep)	086
4	b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60 minutes X hours operated in season)	Gallons OBB
	c. If agre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give both inches applied and acres covered (1) Depth applied.	Inches
	(2) Area covered	069 Acres

Section 5 - Is any L	AND in this place ARTIFICIALLY DRAINED? (Include dit to control water, Exclude drainage solely for the remo	ches, unde	erground di	rains, gr ste wat	rading for drain er. See Leafle	age, dik t. section	es, or n.5.)	
070	mplefe this section						ally drained	
2 No -	Please estimate the acres drained by each of the follo do not include the same acreage as drained by more th				Total		By systems in since January	
Go to Section 6	A farm system which is independent of an organized drainage district or other public agency	1			071	ľ	072	
	2. A farm system which drains into the system of an ordrainage district or other public agency	ganized			073	(074	
	3. A system installed entirely by an organized drainag			- 1	075		076	
	district or other public agency commercial FERTILIZER applied on PASTURELAND in 196 include land from which crops were harvested or hay or	9?					<u> </u>	
	plete this section	u.,	ı		1	5 (c		
			Acr	06	Dry	Fertiliz	er used Liquid or	
□No -			fertili		Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
Go to Section 7	la tradicional state of the sta		077		078		079	
	I. Cropland used only for pasture (reported in section 3, item 1b) fertilized					10		10
			080		081		082	; , , ,
***************************************	2. Other passureland (reported in section 3, item 3a) fertilized				<u></u>	10		10
	ITOUR PLANTING, STRIPCROPPING, or TERRACING in us	e on this pl	lace in 196	9?				
Yes - Com	plete this section					083		
No −	1. Grain or row crops farmed on the contour			· · · · ·				Acres
Go to Section 8	2. Stripcropping systems to control erosion					084		Acres
	3. Cropland and pastureland having terraces					085		Acres
	Space is provided in the next 6 pages for repo	rting almos	st all the	Crops e	own in any par	t of the	United States	. Similar
Please nead	crops in a section, you can mark (X) the 'No only whole acres and whole units of productio 8-23," provides additional information and an	o'' box for a except we example	the first othere space	e is pro	and skip to the wided for repor	e next so ting tent	ection. Pleas	se report
	FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 19	169?						
Yes - Com	plete this section		rés		Quantity harves	tad	Acre	
□ No -		086	sted	087			irrigat 089	<u>ed</u>
Go to Section 9	1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight			088	or Bus	the Is	-	
	of shelled corn	090		091	Hur Tor	ndredweig	h t 092	
	2. Field corn for silage	093				en weight	094	
	3. Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 1 or 2.)							
						Fertiliza	er used	-
			Acr fertili	es zed	Dry		Liquid or	
* *			095		Whole tens	Tenths	Whole tons 097	Tenths
Santian O. Ware and	4. Commercial fertilizer used on field corn		. 1041			10		10
	eport sorghym-sudan crosses in this section.)	ot (Include	e ooin gra	in ana s	weet varieties	•		
Yes - Com	plete this section	Ac		l			1 .	
□ No -		harve 098		099	Quantity harves	ted	Acre irrigat	
Go to Section 10	1. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity	W36		100	- or - Bu	shels	101	
	harvested in one unit only - either bushels or pounds				P	ounds		
	2. Sorghums for sitage	102		109	т	ons,	104	
		105		106		een weigi ons,	107	
	Sorghums cut for dry forage or hay Sorghums hogged or grazed (Do not include here					y weight	109	
	Ĺ							
					1	Fertilie	er used	_
			Acr	8	Dry		Fertilizer used	
		,	fortil	1200	Whale tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
	5. Commercial fertilizer used on sorghums		110		111		112	1 /

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] Yes — Con	y SMALL GRAINS harvested for a applete this section							
-						Commercial fertiliz	12	·
No - Go to		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Dry.	Liq or ; Whole	da .
Section 11		1/18	1	7 4	5	Whole Tenths	tons	Tenth
	1. Winter wheat		Bushels			10		10
,	2. Spring wheat other than durum	114	Bushels	.4 5	\$	10	7	1 10
	3. Durum wheat	115	1 Bushels	4	5	10	7	10
	4. Oats for grain	116	1 Bushels	4	.5	5 10	7	10
	5. Barley for grain	117	Bushela	4	5	5 10	7	1 10
		118	1	4	5	· ·	7	7
	6. Rye for grain	119	Bushels	4	5	6 10	7	10
	7. Mixed grains	120	Bushels 1	4	5	6 10	7	10
	8. Flaxseed ,	121	Bushels 1	4	5	i 10	7	1 10
,	9. Buckwheat	122	Bushels	à	5	10	7	10
	10. Proso millet	<u></u>	Bushels	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	10	<u>[</u>	10
	11. Emmer and spelt	123	Bushels	4	5	6 10		10
	12. Rice - Report quantity	124	1 1.00-/b- bags	4	5	6	7	1
	harvested in one unit only - either 100-lb. bags,		2 Bushels		ľ.			
	bushels, or barrels		3 Barrels			10		1 10
	No. of the control of	125		4	5	6	7	1 /
	13. Safflower	126	Pounds	4	5.	6 10	7	1 10
	NV DRY BEANS, DRY PEAS, or P		Pounde		<u> </u>	10	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
No -		Acres	Quantity.	Acres		Commercial fertiliz	Lie	lni4
No Go to		Acres harvested	Quentity horeasted	Acres irr(gated	Acres fertilized	Day Whole 1 +2-1	Lie or Whole	gos
No - Go to Section 12	1. Sovheans for heans		harvästed	Aores irr(gated)		Dex Whole Tenths fors	Lic or Whole tons	gos Tantha
Go to	1. Soybeans for beans	harvested	forwared foshels	Acres irr(gared	Acres fertilized	Mole Tenths form	Liv or Whele tans	gos Faniha
Go to	2. Peanuts for nuts	harvested	Bushels Paunds 1 Pounds	Acres Irrigated	Acres fertilized	Pey Whole Teintha fann 10	Lic or Whele tons	Tantha
Go to		harvested	Paulds 1 Paulds 1 Paulds 1 100-lb. bugs	Acres trrigated	Acres fertilized	Rey Whole Tensta tons	Lic or Whele tons	Janih.
Go to	2. Peanuts for nuts	130 131	Bushels Paunds 1 Pounds	Acres tri(gared)	Acres fartilizad	Per Tentha Tentha 10	Uncle by Whole tons	Taniha 10
Go to	Peanute for nuts	130 131 132 133	Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb.	trr(gared)	Acres (contilizado	Whole Tenths fens 100	Lic or Whele tens 5	Fanika
Go to	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans	130 131 132 134 135	Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb. bags 1 100-lb. bags	trr(gared)	Acres (nertil) zud a	Whole Teinther tens 100	Lite of whole tans	
Go to	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas.	130 131 132 133 134	Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Painds 1 100-lb. bugs 1 100-lb.	trr(gared)	Acres (contilizado	Whole Teinthatten 10	Lite or Whole tans	
Go to Section 12	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	130 131 132 133 134 135	Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb. bugs 1 100-lb. bugs 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres de ferrill x de la serie	Whole Tenths feins 100	Lice or whole tank	Faniha 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Go to Section 12	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans	130 131 132 133 134 135	Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb. bugs 1 100-lb. bugs 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres de ferrill x de la serie	Whole Tenths feins 100	Lice or whole tank	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Go to Section 12	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans	130 131 132 133 134 135	Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb. bugs 1 100-lb. bugs 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Acres fortilized 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Whole Tenths feins 100	Lite of Whiele I took S	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Go to Section 12 12 - Was an Yes - Com	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, FOR	130 131 132 133 134 135 135 137 CORN, BROOM(Bushels Pounds Pounds Pounds Pounds Bushels Bushels Bushels Pounds Bushels Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 Agrees	Acres (acril) xud 3 3 3 (Mis. plage 1	Whole Tenths Tenths Ten 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Lic ov. Whitele same S	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Go to Section 12 12 - Was an	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, FOR	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM(Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb. bugs 1 100-lb. bugs 1 Pounds 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irr(gated) 2 2 2 2 3 A A A A A A A A A A A A	Acres fortilized 3 3 3 4 5 6 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Whole Tenths fons Tenths 4 10 4 10 5 10 6 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7	Lic or Whiele I and S	### 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Go to Section 12 12 - Was an Yes - Com	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, FOR	130 131 132 133 134 135 135 137 CORN, BROOM(Bushels Pounds Pounds Pounds Pounds Bushels Bushels Bushels Pounds Bushels Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 Agrees	Acres (acril) xud 3 3 3 (Mis. plage 1	Whole Tenths fons Tenths 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Lic ov. Whole fans S	### 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Go to Section 12 Yes — Com No ~ Go to	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans 9 COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, FOR	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM(Bushels Paunds Paunds Pounds Pounds Bushels Pounds Bushels CRN, or MINT FOR OLL in Anyested	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 Agrees	Acres (acril) xud 3 3 3 (Mis. plage 1	Whole Tenths fens. Tenths for 10 4 10 4 10 5 10 6 10 7	Lic or Whole tans	Taniha
Go to Section 12 12 - Was an Yes - Com	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPupleta this section 1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar	130 131 132 133 134 135 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM(Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb-bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 Agrees	Acres (acril) xud 3 3 3 (Mis. plage 1	Whole Tenths	Lic or	Taniha
Go to Section 12 Yes — Com No ~ Go to	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPuplete this section 1. Corron. 2. Sugar bears for seed	130 131 132 133 134 135 137 CORN, BROOMS Acres Acres	Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb-bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 Agrees	Acres (acril) xud 3 3 3 (Mis. plage 1	Whole Tenths fons Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Lic or Whole so	
Go to Section 12 Yes — Com No ~ Go to	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas. 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPupleta this section 1. Cotton 2. Sugar beets for sugar	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 CORN, BROOM(Acres harvested	Bushels Paulods Poulods 100-lb-bags 100-lb-bags Pounds Pounds Pounds Bushels Pounds Roykels Pounds Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 Irrigated From	Acres (acril) xud 3 3 3 (Mis. plage 1	Whole Tenths	Lic or	Tanihari III
Go to Section 12 Yes — Com No ~ Go to	2. Peanute for nuts 3. Dry field and seed beans 4. Dry lima beans 5. Dry field and seed peas 6. Cowpeas for dry peas 7. Velvetbeans for beans 8. Mungbeans for beans y COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, POPuplete this section 1. Corron. 2. Sugar bears for seed	130 131 132 134 135 135 137 CORN, BROOMS harvested 138	Bushels Paunds 1 Paunds 1 100-lb-bags 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Bushels 1 Pounds 1 Bushels 1 Pounds	irrigated 2 2 2 2 2 Irrigated From	Acres fortilized 3 3 3 3 3 4 Acres fartilized	Whole Tenths fons Tenths 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Lic or	Taniha

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1347 Jun 18 361 377 18	plate this section			·			rcial fe		Liquid	or g
□ n r÷		Acres harvested 1 2	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated 2	Acres fertilize	Tenths	Whole	1 7	Whole	1
Go to Section 14	1. Irish pëtatoes	160	Hundred- weight	10	3	, 10	4	1/1	5	
	2. Sweetpomtoca	161	1	2	3	10	4	1	5	
	3. Tobacco - all types.	162	1 Pounds	2	3	, 10	4	1	5	
ition 14 – Was an	Y HAY or GRASS SILAGE harv	المستحدث		6,						
Yes - Com	plata this section				,					
□Ne ~ Go to	If two or more cuttings we REPORT ACRES ONLY C all cuttings.			Acres harvested		Quant	téd		Acres irrigate	
Section 15	1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixt	tures for hay or de	hydrating	170	<u>'</u>		7	lry	2	
	2. Clover, timothy, and mi	extures of clover	and grasses for hay	. 171			d	lry		
	3. Small grain hay	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		172	1		d	ry	2	
	4. Lespedeza for hay		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	173	1		d	ry	2	_
	5. Coastal Bermuda grass	for hay	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	174	<u> </u>		d	יא	2	_
XXXXX	6. Wild hay	,		175	1,			lry	<u>z</u>	
	7. Other hay - Sudan gras soybean, coupea, pean		crosses,		ľ			ons,		
	8. Grass silage			. 177	1			ons, reen	2	
	9. Hay crops cut and fed	green		178	1			ons, reen	2	
				1	1		Fert	ilizer	used	
					res		Dry		Liquid or	ga
				terf	ilized	Who	le i	Tenths	Whole	1
				179		180		10	61	_
				1	1			- 1		
	10. Commercial fertilizer							10		
	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro							10		
						Quant	itv	10	Acre: trrigate	
□y•s-com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro			Acres harvested		Quant	itv	ıs,		
□ Yes - Com	FIELD SEEDS harvested fro			Acres harvested	1	Quant	ity ited	is, seed	irrigate	
□y•s-com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this section 1. Red clover seed			Acres harvested 190	<u> </u>	Quant	ity ted Pound clean	ls, seed s, seed	irrigate 2	
□yes-Cen	FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this rection 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed			Acres harvested 190 191 192 193	1	Quant	Pound clean Pound clean	s, seed s, seed s, seed s, seed s, seed	irrigate 2 2 2 2	
□y•s-com	FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed	m this place in 196		Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194	1	Quant	Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean	seed s, seed s, seed s, seed s, seed	trrigate 2 2 2 2 2	
□y•s-com	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this rection 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed	m this place in 196		Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194	1	Quant	Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean	s, seed s,	irrigate 2 2 2 2	
□ Yes - Cem □ N6 - Go 19 Section 16	FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Leepedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed	m this place in 196	92 (See Leaflet, secti	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1	Quant	Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean Pound clean	s, seed	1rrigate 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
□ Yes - Cem □ No - Go to Section 16	FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this section 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — En	m this place in 196	92 (See Leaflet, secti	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1	Quant	Pound clean	s, seed s, s, seed s,	trrigate 2 2 2 2 2	
□ Yes - Cem □ No - Go ye Sendon 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this rection 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed	m this place in 196	92 (See Leaflet, secti	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1	Quant	Pound clean	seed s, seed	1rrigate 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
□ Yes - Cem □ No - Go ye Sendon 16	y Fig.LD SEEDS harvested fro plate this rection 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — En Name Name	m this place in 196	from list below. No.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	harves	Pound clean	s, seed	irrigate 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ed
□ Yes - Cem □ No - Go ye Sendon 16	y FigLD SEEDS harvested fro plate this rection 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — En	m this place in 196 ter name and No.	from list below. No. No.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Nam	Pound clean	s, seed	irrigate 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ed
□ Yes - Cem □ No - Go ye Sendon 16	y FIELD SEEDS harvested fro plate this rection 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 81 Other field seeds — En Name Name Hants Austrian winter peas Battal grass seed	m this place in 196 the name and No. No. Name 197 White places	from list below. No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 196 tame tentucky bluegras other than Merior	1	Name Ver	Pound clean	s, seed s, see	irrigate 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	lo.
□ Yes - Cem □ No - Go ye Sendon 16	y Fig.LD SEEDS harvested fro plate this rection 1. Red clover seed 2. Alfalfa seed 3. Lespedeza seed 4. Timothy seed 5. Bromegrass seed 6. Orchardgrass seed 7. Sweetclover seed 8. Other field seeds — En Name Name Name Hans Austrian winter peas Beingrass seed Gentgrass seed Bridstoot trefoil seed Bridstoot trefoil seed	m this place in 196 ter name and No. No. Name 197 White place 198 Charles see 199 Charles are 200 Red	from list below. No. No. No. 205	Acres harvested 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Nam Vet Ut White	Pound clean	ds, seed seed s, seed seed s, seed seed	irrigate 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ed 10.
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To not set use a changes of weak or plantings. She challed; section 20 Section	16 - Was the	e a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fourthe	és including cit	tus; grape	vines; and mut	trees on this pla	ce in 1969	
No - Go to G	(Do no	include abandoned trees or plantings. S	ee Leallet, sec 1	tion 16.)				
So action 20 on page 7 1. Land in breating and anotherwise in the special property of the prop	jies – Çom	HALL WITH SECTION	Agres (n		Acces			y e Liquideor gas
Section 20 on page 7 1. Land in beating and anotherpring finit orphaeles, intents or other grown, high-pick, and not recent funit orphaeles, intents or other grown, high-pick, and not recent funit orphaeles, intents or other grown, high-pick, and not recent funit orphaeles, intents or other grown, high-pick, and not recent funit orphaeles, intents or other grown, high-pick, and not recent funit orphaeles, intents or other grown, high-pick, and not recent funit orphaeles, intents or other grown, high-pick, and high-pick grown, high-pick, and high-pick grown, high-pick, and high-pick grown, high-			The series of	1.	rigated 🌋	Acres E	Whole	€ Whele €
The process of the pr	Section 20			200 10 20 10 20 20		7 P	tons	The state of the s
100 17 - Were there any RÜNCIYRUS FREUT TREES or GRAPEUNES on this process. The window of all ages. Yes - Complete dits section No - 1. Applies	on page 7	fruit orchards, citrus or other	240				233	
Yes - Complete this section	17 - Were the	the state of the s	EVINES on this	The second second	(44-4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	The Control of		100
No -				Mark Comment	1. 1	iges		
No	Yes - Comp	lete mis section	Apres	Jak Britain Street	Number not o	Number o		Quantity harvested
Section 18 2. Peaches, clingstone 16 2 3 3 4	No -	1 40.00	240	1	1			No.
3. Peaches, freestone 4. Pears, Dartlett 5. Peacs, other than Bartlett 6. Cherries, tat 7. Cherries, sweet 8. Avocados (See Leaflet, section 17) 9. Dates 10. Grapes, American type 11. Grapes, European type 11. Grapes, European type 11. Grapes, European type 11. Grapes, European type 12. January 13. Princes 14. Princes 15. Table varieties 16. Wire varieties 17. Leaflett 18. Table varieties 18. Table varieties 18. Table varieties 19. Table varieties 19. Table varieties 11. Plums 11. Prunces — Report quantify Atriacated in one unit only — either pounds fresh or tons dry 14. Apricots 15. Olives (See Leaflet, section 17) 16. Figs — Report quantify pravested in one unit only— either pounds 17. Table varieties 18. Report any other sonoctrus fruit trees in the space provisied at the end of saction 18. 19. Trees of all agas Acres Tenths Number of all search of the	Go to		241	1	1	2.	9.	Pounds
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4. Pears, Other than Bartlett 5. Pears, other than Bartlett 6. Cherries, sate 7. Cherries, sweet 8. Avocados (See Leallet, section 17) 9. Dates 10. Grapes, American type 11. Grapes, Buropean type 11. Grapes, Buropean type 12. Grapes, Buropean type 13. Fall varieties 14. Fall varieties 15. Table varieties 16. Wine varieties 17. Thus respect quantity armeated in one muti-only either pounds fresh or tons dry 18. Pears, other than an order to the space propised at the end of section 19. 14. Apricots 15. Olives (See Leallet, section 17) 16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry 18. Pears and clirus fruit trees in the space propised at the end of section 19. 19. No— 10. Capes, American type 10. Capes, Buropean type 11. Valencia oranges 12. Plums 13. Temple oranges 14. Apricots 15. Olives (See Leallet, section 17) 16. Figs — Report quantity harvested in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry 17. Trees of ellipses 18. Trees of ellipses 18. Trees of ellipses 19. No— 10. Capes, Buropean type 10. Trees of ellipses 10. Valencia oranges 10. Trees of ellipses 10. Valencia oranges 10. Trees of ellipses 10. Valencia oranges 10. Trees of ellipses 10. Valencia oranges 10. Trees of ellipses 10. Valencia oranges 10.	, ;		243	10	1		9	Pounds
6. Cherries, other than Partiett 7. Cherries, sweet 8. Avocados (See Ledilet, sections 17) 9. Dates 10. Grapes, American type 11. Grapes, European type 11. Grapes, European type 11. Grapes, European type 11. Grapes, European type 12. Plans 12. Plans 13. Prunes — Report quantity 15. In b. Table varieties 12. Plans 13. Prunes — Report quantity Americand 13. Prunes — Report quantity Americand 13. Prunes — Report quantity Americand 14. Apricots 15. Olives (See Ledilet, section 17) 16. Figs — Report quantity Americand 17. Apricots 18. Complete this section 18. Were there any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1989? (See Ledilet, section 18.) 19. Area here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1989? (See Ledilet, section 18.) 19. Area here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1989? (See Ledilet, section 18.) 19. Trapes of all quast 19. Area here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1989? (See Ledilet, section 19.) 10. Trapes of all quast 19. Area here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1989? (See Ledilet, section 19.) 10. Trapes of all quast 19. Area here any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1989? (See Ledilet, section 19.) 10. Section 19 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats — Trapes in the space provided at the end of section 19. 10. Lunguats —		4. Pears, Bartlett	4833	<u>i</u> 10				Pounds
6. Cherties, tatt 7. Cherties, sweet 8. Avocados fise Leaflet, section 17) 9. Dates 10. Grapes, American type 11. Grapes, European type a. Ratisin varieties — Report quantity Annealed in one band only — either tone pass be rions day b. Table varieties 282 10. Leaflet in the band only — either tone pass be rions day b. Table varieties 283 10. 2 3 11. Plums 12. Plums 13. Prunes — Report quantity Armested is one insti only — either pounds fresh or tons day 14. Apricots 15. Olives (See Leaflet, section 17) 16. Figs — Report quantity Armested is one unit only — either pounds fresh or tons day 17. The section 18 — New there any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1989? (See Leaflet, section 18) Yes — Complete this section No — 1. Valencia cranges 272 3 Temple oranges 3 Temple oranges 3 Temple oranges 4 Onle 2 3 Fis 6 Tangelos 7 Grapefruit 8 Lemons 9 Limes 10 Limes	٠,	5. Pears, other than Bartlett		1 10				Pounds
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8. Avocados (See Lostlet, section 17) 9. Dates 10. Grapes, Anatican type 11. Grapes, European type Raisin varieties — Report quantity harvested its one unit only—either tons fresh or tons stry b. Table varieties 282 10 23 360 47 10 6. Wine varieties 283 10 23 360 12 23 360 12 23 360 12 23 360 12 23 360 12 23 360 12 23 360 12 23 360 13 24 360 14 25 360 15 260 15 260 260 15 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 260		7. Cherries, sweet		1 10	1			Pounds
9. Dates 10. Grapes, American type 11. Grapes, European type 12. Grapes, European type 12. Grapes, European type 13. Grapes, European type 14. Grapes, European type 15. Grapes, European type 16. Raisin varieties — Report quantity 17. Arrested in one with only – either 17. Total expert quantity 18. Total evaluaties — Report quantity Representation in one with only – either pounds press or tons dry — 18. Total evaluation for the construction of		8. Avocados (See Leaflet, section 17)		10	1	2	3	Pounds
10. Grapes, American type 249 10 2 3 3 10 2 3 10 10 2 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		9. Dates	248	-	1	2	3	Pounds
11. Grapes, European type a. Raisin varieties. Report quantity harvested in one unit onty—either tons fresh or tons dry b. Table varieties c. Wine varieties		10. Grapes. American type	249		1.	2	3	
### Antiposted in one unit onty - either tools frees had forms stry 251 10 2 3 10 12 10 12 10 10 12 10 10		11. Grapes, European type		1	1	2	3	Pounds Tons, or 10 fresh
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22 3 10 2 3 10 12 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			251	+	1	2	3	J 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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in one unit only—either pounds fresh or tons dry On 18 - Were there any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place in 1969? Yes - Complete this section 1. Valencia oranges 3. Temple oranges 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 9. Limes 10. Acres in the space provided at the end of section 19. Oudritty harvastee In 1968-69. Free Section 19 2. Navel oranges 270 271 273 3. File 274 4. Other oranges 5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the space provided at the end of section 19. Trees of all ages File 10			257	7 10	1	. 2	3	Pounds
No - 1. Valencia oranges 270 10 2 3 Fig.		in one unit only—either pounds		10			ă	or fresh Tons,
Yes - Complete this section		Report any other noncitrus fruit trees in	the space prov	ided at th	e end of sect	ion 19.		
No -	n 18 – Were th	ere any CITRUS FRUIT TREES on this place	in 1969? (See	Leaflet,	section 18.)			
No -	Yes - Com	plete this section		Tre	es of all ages	**************************************		Quantity harvested
1. Valencia oranges 271 10 2 3 File	-		Acres	Tenths	Number not o bearing age	Number of bearing og		from bloom of 1968
Section 19 2. Navel oranges 272 10 2 3 File		1. Valencia oranges	270	1 10	1	2	3	Field boxe
3. Temple oranges		2. Navel oranges	271	10	1	2	3	Field boxe
4. Other oranges			272		1	2	3	Field boxe
5. Tangerines and mandarins 6. Tangelos 7. Grapefruit 8. Lemons 9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the space provided at the end of section 19. Yes - Complete this section No - Go to Go to 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 278 10		_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	273		1	2	3	Field box
6. Tangelos			274		1	2	3	
7. Grapefruit 276 10 2 3 Fie 8. Lemons 277 10 2 3 Fie 9. Limes 278 10 2 3 Pou 10. Kumquats 279 10 2 3 Pou Report any other citrus fruit trees in the space provided at the end of section 19. on 19 - Were there any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? (See Leaflet, section 19.) Yes - Complete this section Agres Tenthe Number not of bearing age bearing age Dearing		,	275		1	2	9	Field boxe
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Yes - Complete this section Agrees Tenths Number of bearing age bearing age Control of bearing age Control of		9. Limes	279		nd of section	19.		
No 1. Walnuts, English or Persian	n 19 – Were th	9. Limes	279 space provided	d at the e		19.		
No - Go to Section 20 2. Almonds		9. Limes	279 space provided	d at the e	.) ees of all ages			
Go to Section 20 2. Almonds		9. Limes	space provided See Leaflet, se	d at the e ection 19 Tr	ees of all ages Number not a	f Number o		Quantity harvested
Section 20	Yes - Com	9. Limes	278 space provided See Leaflet, 86 Agres	i at the e ection 19 Trothe	ees of all ages Number not a	f Number of bearing ag	•	Quantity harvested
	Yes - Com No - Go to	9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the pre any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? (plete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian	space provided See Leaflet, so Agres 280 281	at the ection 19. Tropthe	ees of all ages Number not a	f Number of bearing ag	3	```````````````````````````````
	Yes - Com No - Go to	9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the pre any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? (plete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian	space provided See Leaflet, so Agres 280 281	at the ection 19. Tenthe	ees of all ages Number not a	f Number of bearing ag	3 3	10 Tons
3. Pilberts and nazelinuts	Yes - Com No - Go to	9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? (plete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved	space provided See Leaflet, so Agres 280 281 282 283	at the e ection 19. Trophs 10 10	ees of all ages Number not a	f Number of bearing ag	3 3	10 Tons 10 Tons Pound
6. Tung nuts	Yes - Com No - Go to	9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the pre any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? (plete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved 4. Pecans, wild and seedling	space provided See Leaflet, see Agree 280 281 282 283	Tenthe	ees of all ages Number not a	f Number of bearing ag	3 3 3	10 Tons 10 Tons Pound Pound
7. Other fruit and nut trees - Give name	Yes - Com No - Go to	9. Limes 10. Kumquats Report any other citrus fruit trees in the ere any NUT TREES on this place in 1969? (colete this section 1. Walnuts, English or Persian 2. Almonds 3. Pecans, improved 4. Pecans, wild and seedling 5. Filberts and hazelnuts	space provided Spec Leaflet, so Agres 280 281 282 283 284 285	Tenthe	ees of all ages Number not a	f Number of bearing ag 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3	10 Tons 10 Tons Pound

Section 20 - Were an	y BERRIES harvested for sale from this place in 1969?						1	.	
Yes - Com	plate this section	Acres harvested Report tenths of acres	Tenths	(1	luantity har quart = 1½	vested pound:	.)	Acres irrigated Report tenths of acres	Tenths
□ No - Go to Section 21	1: Strawberries	290	10	1		Pou	ınds	2	10
3#C37GH 21	2. Raspberries, réd	291	10	1		Pou	nds	2	, 10
		292		1		Pou		2	10
	3. Raspberries, black	293	10	1		100		2	
*	4. Cranberries		10	1		bari		2	10
	5. Other berries - Enter name and No. from list below					_			1/2
	Name No.	-	10	1		Pou	nds	2	: 10
*	Name No	L	10			Pou	nds		10
	Name No. Name No. Blackberries and dewberries Blueberries, wild	Name Gooseberries Loganberries Youngberries		300	All of Write	her be e nome		No. ~ ve 302	
					D-		tiliza	er used	
		Acres fertilized		2	Dry		ş	Liquid or ga	
		Report tenths of acres	:	Tenths	Whole tons	! !	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
		303	3		304	1	1	305	: ! /
Continue Di Mono en	6. Commercial fertilizer used on berries	en this place in 10	602	10			10		10
	e crops harvested for fresh market, canning, freezing, or other proce			tion	21.)				
Yes - Com	plete this section			Separ	harvested t tenths	Tenths		Acres (rrigated Report tenths	Tenths
□ No		•	310	OT 6	cres	٦ ,	1	of acres	1 /
Go to Section 22	1. Tomatoes		311			10	1		10
	2. Sweet com		312			10	1		<u>, 10</u>
	3. Cucumbers and pickles		L			10			10
	4. Watermelons		313			10	1		10
	5. Snap beans, bush and pole		314			10	1		10
	6. Dry onions		315			10	3	-	10
	7. Lettuce and comaine		316			10	1		10
	8 Asparagus		317			10	1	***	10
	9. Cantaloups, Persians, and muskmelons		318				1		
			319			10	1		
A. William	10. Sweet peopless, except pimientos		920			10	1		 10
	11. Green peas	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	321			10	1		10
	12 Cabbage	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	322			10	1		10
	13. Squash		929			10			10
	14. Green lime beans		323			10			10
	15. Other vegetable crops - Enter name and No. from list be	elow				1			į
	Name	No	-				1		10
	Name	No				¦ 10			10
	Name No. Name Name Artichokes 334 Cauliflower 34 Beets 235 Celery 34 Blackeyes and other green cowpean Sap Escarole, endive, and chicory 34 Broccoil 337 and chicory 34 Brossels sprouts 338 Garlic 34 Carrots 339 Honeydew melons 34	Hot peppers Kale Wastard gree Pumpkins Redishes Shallots and	ņs	 	345 S 347 T 348 A 349	urnips 11 othe (pimie	r vel	No	2 3
						Fe	rtilia	er used	
		Acres Fertilized	. 4		Dr		1 14	Liquid or go	
		Report tenth of acres	14 14 14	Tenths	Whole	•	Tenths	Whale tons	Tenths
	15. Commercial fertilizer used on vegetables,	355			356			357	+-

Page 7

		section			1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Aren	pand in 19	169				facies, 1	
No -						eet under or other	Acres	n the open	1 Hr	1		appraximo mount OT REQU	
Go to Section 23					minimized the state of the stat	ection	0f	acrès	1.1-	371	Dolla	19	Ce
rection 23	1. Nurser	y products-	trees, shrubs,	vines, etc.						s			
	2. Sod .						372		10	373			1
	3. Bulbs						375		10	376			1
			greens, and	potted.	377		378		10	379			ı
	beddin	g, or other fl	lotist plants		400		401		10	402			<u> </u>
			etable seeds,	and					10		,		!
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		403					404			-
			ander place or	other protection:	405					406	3		!
	1 7.	-	glass or		[3	3		
	b. Cur	umbers			407					408			
					409					410			;
	c. Let	tuće ,	• • • • • • • • • •		411					412	<u> </u>		_
	d. Oth	er vegetable:	s ,	**********	413		414						7//
	8. Area i	rrigated - In	clude items 1	through 7		,			10				
		. •						1	53		.,,ev		
					12.	Area fe	dilized .		~	Fer Dry	ulize	r used Liquid o	r ga
					Squa	e feet	Acres	4	Who		# # F	Whole	1
					416	199	416	1	17	·• . 1	, S 4	70ns	
		ercial fertilis		ts.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.1			10		1	10		- 1
 to	1. Root o	rops for feed ms for sirup	and the second					420			1		
(o –	1. Root o	rops for feed ms for sirup		r for silage							1		
No	1. Root of 2. Sorghu	rops for feed ms for sirup ans hogged o	r grazed or cu	it for silageo. from list below				421			1		
No	1. Root of 2. Sorghu	rops for feed ms for sirup ans hogged o	r grazed or cu			No		421			1	-	
lo –	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soyber 4. Other	rops for feed ms for sirup ans hogged o	r grazed or cu			No		421			1		
No	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	nops for feed ms for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente	r grazed or cu	o. from list below		No		421 422		Name	1		3
No - Go to	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	rops for feed ms for sirup ans hogged o ctops — Ente	it grazed or cu er name and N	o. from list below Name Lentils Sessme for see	No. 427	No Name Sunflow	61 3864	421	3	Chufas		uts	
Yes — Can No — Go to Section 24	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	ms for sirup ans hogged o ctops — Ente Name Caster bean grazed or	or grazed or cu	o. from tist below e. Name 23 Lentits	No. 427 6d 428 red undet 429	No	er seed, our for se	421 422 No. 4	3 4	Chufas All oth	er cro		ί.,
No - Go to	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	ms for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar	r grazed or cu	o. from list below Name Lenkis Sesame for see Soybeans plow Sugarcane for: Sugar. Sing.	No. 427 6d .428 ecd under .429 430	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min	er seed, our for se i peas alt	421 422 432 443 443 443 443 443 443 443 443	13 14 15 16	Chufas All oth	er cro	ops –	٠.
No - Go to	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	ms for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage	r grazed or cu	o. from tist below Name Lentils Sesame for see Soy beans plow Sugarcane for: Sugar	No. 427 6d .428 ecd under .429 430	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min	er seed, our for se r peas alo	421 422 432 443 443 443 443 443 443 443 443	13 14 15 16	Chufas All oth Write	e nam	ops –	·
lo –	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	ms for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar	r grazed or cu	o. from list below Name Lenkis Sesame for see Soybeans plow Sugarcane for: Sugar. Sing.	No. 427 6d .428 ecd under .429 430	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min	er seed, our for se r peas alo ked	421 422 80 90 90 1	13 14 15 16 17	Chufas All oth Write	er cro	ops –	
o	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	ms for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar	r grazed or cu	o. from list below to Mame 25 Lentils Sesame for see Soybeans plow 24 Sugarcane for: Sugar	No. 427 6d .428 ecd under .429 430	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min	er seed, our for se i peas alt	421 422 Ned 43 44 45 46 47	18 14 15 16 17	Chufas All oth Write Far	er cro	ops = e above trused truste Whole	
- to	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	ms for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar	r grazed or cu	o. from list below to Mame 25 Lentils Sesame for see Soybeans plow 24 Sugarcane for: Sugar	No. 427 6d .428 ecd under .429 430	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min	er seed our for se r peas alc sed oil	421 422 432 443 444 444 444 444 444 444 444	18 14 15 16 17	Chufas All oth Write Far	e nam	ops = le above i used Liquid c	
o	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name	nas for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar	at grazed or cuer name and N	o. from list below e. Name 23 Lentils Sessme for see Soybeans plow Sugarcane for: Sugar. Sing. Sing. Sing.	No. 427 428 ed under 429 430 432	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min	er seed, out for se is peas alo ked oil ed oil farti	421 422 432 443 444 444 444 444 444 444 444	18 14 15 16 17 Who	Chufas All oth Write Far	e nam	Liquid of Whole	
No Go to Section 24	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name Name	name for sirup name for sirup name for sirup name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar Hops	at grazed or cuer name and N	o. from list below o. Name 23 Lentils Sessame for see Soybeans plow Sugarcane for: Sugar Sirup Company Sirup Company	No. 427 ed 428 red under 429 430 432	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min Dill for Wormse	er seed, our for se peas alc di ad oil Act	421 422 432 443 444 444 444 444 444 444 444	18 14 15 16 17 Who	Chufas All oth Wyll	er cro	ops used Liquid c Whele tens.	# M
No - Go to Section 24	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name Name 5. Comme	nops for feed ms for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar Hops	or grazed or cut or name and N ss. sgged or cut 4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	o. from list below e. Name 23 Lentits	No. 427 sid 428 red under. 429 430 431 432 432	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch o or min Dill for Wormse	er seed, our for se peas alc di ad oil Act	421 422 432 8d 9d 9d 1124 41	18 14 15 16 17 Who	Chufas All oth Write Par Dry	er cross name	r used tone tone tone tone tone tone tone tone	JIR.
No Go to Section 24	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soyber 4. Other Name Name S. Comme	name for sirup name for sirup name for sirup name for sirup Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar Hops recial fertilis PRODUCTS section	r grazed or cuer name and N	o. from tist below e. Name 23 Lenkils Sesame for see Soybeans plow 24 Sugarcane for: 35 Sings 26 Seed 26 Seed eas crops liage in 19692 Mee	No. 427 428 red under 429 430 431 432	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch Of mi Dill for Wormse	er seed, our for se r peas alt ted oil er oil Ad	421 422 432 44 44 44 44 44	13 14 15 16 17 17 Who	Chufas All oth Write Par Dry	er cross name	r used tone tone tone tone tone tone tone tone	JIR.
No - Go to Section 24 4 - Were a Yes - Con	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name Name 5. Common professional professio	name for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar Hops PRODUCTS section	r grazed or cuer name and N	o. from tist below de. Name 23 Lentils	No. 427 428 red under. 429 430 430 432	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Ort mit Dill for Wormse	er seed, our for se pees alt sed of oil Ado	421 422 432 443 444 444 444 444	13 14 15 16 17 17 Who	Chufas All oth Write Dry	er cross name	ops - ve above in used the tens tens tens tens tens tens tens ten	gradient de la company de la c
No — Go to Section 24 A — Were 3	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name Name 5. Common professional professio	name for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar Hops PRODUCTS section	r grazed or cuer name and N	o. from tist below de. Name 23 Lentils	No. 427 428 red under. 429 430 430 432	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Ort mit Dill for Wormse	er seed, our for se pees alt sed of oil Ado	421 422 432 443 444 444 444 444	13 14 15 16 17 17 Who	Chufas Ali oth Writer CEA	Value	ops - ve above in used the tens tens tens tens tens tens tens ten	9
io io to section 24 4 Were a Yes Con	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soybee 4. Other Name Name Sorghu 5. Common of the sorghus	name for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar Hops PRODUCTS section ag timber or	r grazed or cuer name and N ss. ss. sgged or cut dissold from this p	o. from tist below 10. Name 23. Lentits. Sesame for see Soybeans plow 24. Sugar. 25. Singo 26. Seed 27. Seed 28. Seed 29. Seed 29. Seed 29. Seed	No. 427 428 ed under. 429 430 431 432	No	er seed, our for se pees alt sed of oil	421 422 432 443 444 444 444 444	13 14 15 16 17 17 Who	Chufas All oth With With All oth A	or crown and the control of the crown and th	ops - ve above in used the tens tens tens tens tens tens tens ten	g go
- Were a	1. Root of 2. Sorghu 3. Soyber 4. Other Name Name Name 1. Standi 2. Firew 3. Sawlo	name for sirup ans hogged o crops — Ente Name Castor bean Cowpeas ho grazed or for silage Guar Hops PRODUCTS swetton ang timber or cood and fuely gs and venes	at grazed or cuer name and N is	o. from tist below de. Name 23 Lentils	No. 427 428 ed under 429 430 431 432 432	No. Name Sunflow Sweet c Vetch of min Dill for Wormse	er seed, our for se pees alc di Aci	421 422 432 442 453 454 454 454 454 454 454 454 454 454	Who 44	Chufas All oth With With All oth A	tilize	ops - ve above in used the tens tens tens tens tens tens tens ten	g go

Please read	The snewers you give in Sections 25 through 29 will provide the information the information will be written owned by you or someone else. Please read Leaflet, "Sections of the contract of th	on needed for livestock tion 25-29," before con	, poultry, and their prod- pleting these sections.
Section 25 - Did you	of anyone blee X we any CHIENERS, TURKEYS, or OTHER POULTRY on this place on	December 31, 1969.	Total number
270.XLIGD7611799	any solution this place in 19691 (See Leaflet, section 25.) Ince This satisfier	Number on this place December 31, 196	sold in 1969 Include poultry fed on a contract basis and taken
□No -	1. Chickens 3 months old of older:	455	from this place
Go to Section 26	a, Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for s	(457	458
	b. Phillets I months old in gilder not yet of laying age — include started pullets being raised for sale or sold	459	460
	e. Any other chickens 3 months old or older not moluded above-rooters, capons, etc.		
	2. Bioliers and other meat-type chickens less than 3 months old	461	462
	3. Turkeys of all ages: a. Turkey hens kept for breeding	463	464
	h. Other turkeys — Include fryers	465	466
		467	468
	4. Dukks,	469	470
	5. Gersch 6. Other poultry - Include game birds	471	472
	raised in captivity - Specify		I- 10002
Section 26 - Did you	or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place on December 31, 1969, or we callet, section 26,)	ere any solo from this pla	ICE IN 1363?
Yes - Com	viete this section		Number on this place December 31, 1969
□No -	l. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, and c)		480
Go to Section 27	a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had calved		481
	b. Heilers and heiler calves (Do not include heilers that had calved)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	483
	c. Bulls, bull calves, steers, and steer calves		463
			Number of milk cows on this place
125	2. Milk cows - Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how many were milk cow	ar l	December 31, 1969 484
	Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	485
	3. Was any whole milk sold to plants or dealers in 1969?		1 Yes 2 No
	4. Cattle and calves sold from this place in 1969 - Include those	Total number sold	Number fattened on grain or concentrates 30 days or more and sold for slaughter (See Leafler)
	jed on this place on contract or custom basis. 9, Calves sold	96	487
		88	489
Section 27 - Did you	or anyone size have any HOGS or PIGS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were any	sold from this place in 1	969?
(See Li	uslet, section 27.)	i	Number on this place
res — com	plate this section. 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages		December 31, 1969 490
□ No - Go to	(Total of a and b)	************	491
Section 28	a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding		492
	b. Other hogs and pigs		
	2. Litters farrowed on this place between -		Number of litters 493
	g. December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	494
	b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Total number sold	Number sold as feeder pigs for further feeding
	3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969	95	496
	or anyone size have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place on December 31, 1969, or were		in 1969?
Yes - Com	plete this section	Number on this place December 31, 1969	Number sold in 1969
N o →	7. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c)	00	501
Go to Section 29	a. Lambs under I year old	02	
	b. Ewes I year old or older	03	
	c. Rains and wethers 1 year old or older	04	

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Yes - Com	plete this section	٠, ،		**	· : ·			``.	. :	· · Ŋ	umbe	non	this	place 1940	•	Νυ	mber sold	ia 1969
	1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponte		٠.,	``.`	,					510		107,04	.0.17			511		
□ No - Go to	2. Ponies of all ages.	-								512	-\					513		
Section 30	3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages .				· · ·				·	514						515		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	4. Angora goats							-		517.								
	5. Milk goats						• • •			518						519		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	6. Other goats									520					`	521		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	7. Hives of bees on this place and honey so	i. da		: ' :		ζ.		100 T		522						523		Pounds of honey
	8. Mink		,	```		٠, .				324					٠	525		Mink
	9. Rabbits	```		```	• • •					526					·····	527		and pelts Rabbits
	10. Chinchillas	•••					•	•		528					٠.	529		and pelts Chinchill
	11. All other livestock - Specify		• • •			••		• • •	•	530					٠.	533		and pelts
	The All Other Investors — specify					`					. !					.;		
	`								_	530	-					531		
tion 30 - Did vo	u have any CONTRACT or BINDING AGREEMENT	to n	rodu	ce or	mar	ket a	ny f	irm (rodu	cte f	rom 1	his	nlace	in in	1960	7		- ,
	eaflet, section 30.)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4,	, ,	,	ery in	******	,		15(11)		P144	, 111	430		` .'	
Yes - Con	plete this section For each group of products, mark (X) the	Pro	duct	ion	. 00	rket sal	3		W	ork (X) as	mar	17 50	lumi	15	ļ		
□ No -	column which best describes the purpose		tract		ag	roem	tror ent		fu	as a	pply ad b	for e	con	item	tor.		Amount re	ceixed
Go to	of the contract or agreement and the type of contractor. If both production and		ior	,	ng tion			٠.	``		eat.	. ,		1,5	,		for each	
Section 31	marketing for the product, mark under production. Also mark the items furnished	ą.	Process	je.	Marketin associat	8	`. E		ä	Ď	Equipme	,	70		hing	CEN	ITS NOT	REQUIRE
	and report the amount received.	ß		Othe	SSO 4	<u>ئ</u> 5	8	541	Credit	Labo		Seed	Feed	Other	Nothi		Dollars	Ce
	1. Poultry and eggs	<u></u>		3	4	5		544	-		~.	4	5	6	7	542	<u> </u>	
	2. Dairy products	1		3	4	5	6	547			3	4	5	6	2	548	<u> </u>	i
	3. Cattle	-		3	4	5	Ľ.	550	<u></u>		3	4	5	6	,	551	3	
	4. Hogs and other livestock	<u> </u>		3	4	5		553	Ļ		3	4	5	6	<u>_</u>	554	<u> </u>	
	5. Vegetables - melons, etc	Ŀ	2	3	4	5	L	556	,	2	9	4	5	6.	7	557	8	!_
	6. Fruits, citrus, nuts, or berries	Ĺ	2	9	4	5		559	,	2	3	4	5	6	,	560	5	
	7. Other crops - sugar beets, peanuts, etc.			لبا		L	Ľ		Ĺ				,	_	Ľ.	1	<u> </u>	
	8. For each product for which you		`.												Wri	tten .	Oral	Both
	had a contract or agreement, write the name of the product	0											`ı	561	1		2 🗀	3 [
	and indicate whether the con- tract was written, oral, or both												_	62	1		2	3 🗆
		Į,											_ \$	63	1	_	2	э 🗆
	NERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on Decembe	r 31,	196	9. (In	c lu	le o	rly e	qui	omen	t		: :						***************************************
usea t	n 1968 or 1969. See Leaflet, section 31.)		_		ıt .				,					بتسيين	or i		nufactured	in -
	Selected machinery and equipment on this p	lace	, De	cem	ber.	31, 1	969			٠.	. ,	- 1	570		<u>v.</u>		571	Or Julia
	2. Motortrucks - Include pickups		• • •		• • •		• • •			• • •		' '	572				573	
	3. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors							, • •	• •		•••		574				575	
	4. Crawler tractors	anu	more	, ci	1412	• • •		• • •			•••	١,	576				577	
	5. Riding garden tractors, 7 hp. and over		· ·		`.'		• • •				• • •	•	578			•••••	579	
	1 D. Riding garden tractors, / np. and over	• • • •		• • •			• • •	• • •	• • •	, . <i>.</i>		•	580				561	
	4 Crain and have numbered and managed					• • •	• • •		• •	٠.,	• • •	'	582				563	
	6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	;		, ce				• • •		• • •	• • •		584			· .	585	
	7. Corn heads for combines	•••	•	• • •	• • •	,												
	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picket-shellers	•••	•	• • •	• • •		• • • •				٠.]	586				587	
	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers. 9. Pickup balers.	•••	(• , •)	• • •	• • •	an air	• • • • • • •				• • •		586 588				587	
	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers. 9. Pickup balers. 10. Windrowers — pull and selfspropelied (Ex	c lud	e mo	wer	con	drtic	mers	• ia i	, ,				,			``.		
	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers. 9. Pickup balers.	c lud	e mo	wer	con	ditio	mers)				• • •	58B			I CFA	589 591	REQUIRE
	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers 9. Pickup balers 10. Windrowers — pull and self-propelied (Ex. 11. Field forage harvesters, shear bar only	c lud	e mo	wer	con	•	•••	• • •					588 590				589	REQUIRE ; Car
	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers 9. Pickup balers 10. Windrowers pull and self-propelled (Ex 11. Field forage harvestats, sheaf har only 12. Estimated market value of all machinery	c lud	e mo	ower	con	ual	y ke	pt o	n thi	is pl	ace	and ensu	588 590	d ent		592	591 TS NOT Dollars	-
tion 22 . Ware o	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picket-shellers. 9. Pickup balers. 10. Windrowers pull and self-propelled (Ex 11. Field forage harvestets, shear har only . 12. Estimated market value of all machinery for the farm business- include the items	c lud	e mo	wer pmer	con	ual) any	y ke	pt o	achi	пету	and	equ	588 590	d ent.		592	589 591	-
ilan 32 – Were ar emploj	7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other compickers and picker-shellers 9. Pickup balers 10. Windrowers pull and self-propelled (Ex 11. Field forage harvestats, sheaf har only 12. Estimated market value of all machinery	e lud	e mo	pmer	con it us and	any	y ke othe	pt o	o no	nery t inc	lude	equ	588 590	d ent.		592	591 TS NOT Dollars	-
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FORM 69-A1(34) (6-0-6

Section 33 - INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME and OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1969.

Include any of		Tor		Acres which u		Estimated (Do not incost of applicants NOT RE	clude lying) EQUIRED
these materials paid for by your		610		611		Dollars 612	Cents
landlord and by custom operators. For each item	1. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum orlime for sanitation.) 2. Sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc. to control -	·		613		\$ 614	
listed, report acres only once,	g. Insects on hay crops			615		S	
but report cost of all such materials	b. Insects on other crops (corn, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees,	vínes, et	c.)	617		S 618	
used on these acres in 1969. (See Leaflet,	c. Nematodes in crops			619		\$	
section 33.)	d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)		• • • •	621		\$ 622	
	e. Weeds or grass in crops - include both pre-emergence and post-	emergence	e)	623		<u>S</u> 524	
. • •	f. Weeds or brush in pasture			625		\$ 626	
	3. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning	g of fruit	• • • •			<u>\$</u>	
	4. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry	• • • • • •				\$	
Section 34 - Product	ion EXPENSES for this place in 1969.					CENTS NOT R	50, "DED
,,,,						Dollars	Cents
Include your best	1. Livestock and poultry purchased - cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, she		•			630	
estimate of expenses paid by	lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc.					631	
landlord, con-	2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — grain, hay, silage feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total of dollars for a, b, c, and d)					3	,,,,,,,,,,,
etc for crops,	1.5 % X	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
livestock or livestock products produced on this place.	a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased – complete, supplement, concentrates. (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and wea.)	32	10	633			
(See Leaflet, section 34.)	b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal, cotton- seed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling	34		635	4 5		
	grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. Include cracked grain. (Do not include millfeeds or other milling	36		637	1		
	byproducts, or green chop.)	38		639 S	ī		
	d. Hay, green chap, silage, etc.		10	\$	· · · · ·	640	
	3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased			· · · · · ·		S 641	
	 Commercial fertilizer purchased - all forms, including rock phosp Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, mon (Total of a, b, c, and d) 	farm busi	ness -	Diesel		5 642 S	; ; ;
			643	Dollars	Cents		
	a. Gasoline for the farm business		. s		<u>:</u>		
	b. Diesel fuel for the farm business				! !		
	c. LP gas, butane, and propage for the farm business		-		1		
	d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and tuel oil for the farm business		. S		, 		
	6. Hired farm labor - Include all money paid in cash for farm labor in payments to family members, and for Social Security taxes. (Do not housework, customwork, and contract work.)	ot includ	e			647 S	1
	7. Contract labor — Include expenditures primarily for labor, such as of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis a crewleader, a cooperative, etc.	by a contr	ractor,	• • • • • •		648 S	
	8. Machine hire and customwork — Include expenditures primarily to and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, co pleking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, etc.	ombining.	corn			649 \$	
	7. Agricultural chemicals purchased - Add dollars reported in section					650 S	:
	10. All other production expenses — Include current operating expensions, tures, interest, each rent, insurance, repairs, etc., for the farm by (See Leaflet, section 34)	es, and d usiness	eprecia	tion,		65 1	:
	11. Total production expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 10 a					652	!

Section 35 - MARKET VALUE, before taxes and expenses, of agricultural products sold from this place in 1969-props, livestock products, etc.

4	그는 그리는 아이지, 그들은 음악을 걸었다고 살아왔다.	CENTS NOT REQUIRED
		Dollars Cents
Include market value of	1. Grains - com for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, grain sorghums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas	850
landlord's and		661
(See Leaflet,	2. Tobacco	. s
section 35.)	3 Command command	862
	3. Cotton and cottonseed	663
	4. Field seeds, hay, forage, and silage	s
ĺ	5. Other field crops - peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweet-	664
	potatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, pineapples, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. — Specify	
	6. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes	665
ļ	and sweetpotatoes.)	\$
	7. Fruits, nuts, and berries - apples, berries, citrus, grapes, peaches, pecans, pears, etc.	666 \$
	8. Poultry and poultry products - broilers, other chickens, eggs,	667
	ducks, turkeys, etc	8 668
	9. Dairy products - milk, cream, etc. (Report goat dairy products in item 13.)	
	10. Dairy cattle and calves	669 \$
	11. Other cattle and calves	670
		671
	12. Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include pigs, lambs, wool, and mohair.	672
	13. Other livestock and livestock products - horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees,	
	honey, goat dairy products, etc Specify	8
	14 November and according to the control of the con	673
	14. Nursery and greenhouse products sold - Add dollars reported in section 22 and enter total here.	674
	15. Forest products sold - Add dollars reported in section 24 and enter total here. ,	s :
	16. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes	675
Cartier on PADR	and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 15 and enter total here	13
Section 36 - PARM	RELATED INCOME received in 1969	CENTS NOT REQUIRED
		Dollars Cents
Report amount	1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others - plowing, planting,	680
received before taxes and	spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.	581
expenses.	Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	.8
	3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans. See Leaflet; section 36.)	682 \$
Santian OZ Tura of		1
Section 37 - Type of	I • · · · · · · · ·	,
	1. Mark (X) the box which best describes this operation.	
	Corporation, including family s Other - S (Do not include co-ops.)	pecify
	1 Individual or family farm, 3 10 or fewer shareholders	
		le: Estate or trust, Indian n, prison farm, grazing
		n, co-operative, etc.
	including family	
Section 38 - FARM	OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS	
	1. Does the operator — the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations — live on this place?	2 No
	2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place Y	ear
	3. Operator's age	ears old
	4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box White 2 Negro or black 2 India	an (Amer.): A C Other
-	, —	,
	5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonfarm job, business profession, or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) - Mark (X) the approprise 1995	ite box.
	1 None 2 1-49 days s 30-99 days 4 100-199 days s 200	days or more
Section 39 - SIGNAT	TURE of person filling this report - Please check your answers, then sign below.	Telephone code Number
	700 701	
Name .	Date	
Domesta Attack o	enorate sheet if needed	

Remarks - Attach separate sheet, if heede

FORM 69-A 1: 54: 1 5-9-69:

Short Report Form

CENSUS OF AGRIC	u.s. department of commerce ULTURE - 1969	Budget Bureau No. 41-568075 Approval Expires December 1970
Please mentign the Census File Number (the te of the address label) if you write to us about th	n-digit number in the upper left corner is repart.	Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes.
		CENSUS USE ONLY
	•	801 802
	•	
		803 804
	*	
	,	
Place carrent any error in name	and address Including ZIP code)	
Please nead	Section 1 - AGRICULTURAL ACTIVI	TY in 1969
This form is being used in all parts of the inited States. Please answer the ques- tions that apply to your operations and etun, this form in the enclosed envelope.	1. At any time during 1969, did you h	Yas No
lease put your answers in the unshaded	b. Com, sorghums, small grains, i	
nswer spaces. Explanations and com- tents may be written in the shaded areas	soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, or	
the left of the answer spaces or in the Remarks" space on page 4.	c. Vegetables, sweet corn, melons	
f you do not have exact figures, please	d. A combined total of 20 or more citrus), nur trees, and grapevin	
ive your best estimate. You may mark he answer "est." (for estimate), if you	e. Nursery or greenhouse products	
ish.	f. Any other crops?	
to not include fractions in your answers accept in section 4, items 11 through 16.	g. Other agricultural products - ho	
or dollar items, cents are not required.	animals, bees, honey, maple pro Christmas trees or timber for sa	
f you prefer to report both dollars and ents, please write the cents in the Conts, column	What products?	
f the answer to an item is "No" or	<u> </u>	
"None," please leave the answer space plank, injess a small answer box is	The state of the s	
provided as in section 1. Please mark answers of "Yes," 'No," or "None" by placing at X in the small answer box.	2. At any time in 1969, did you own used by someone else for agricult if you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4, complete see	of the guestions above,
provided as in section A. Please mark answers of "Yes," 'No," or "None" by placing an X in the small answer box.	used by someone else for agricult If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4; complete se	of the questions above, ction 13, and return this form.
provided, as in section 1. Please mark inswers of "Yes," 'No," or 'None" by placing an X in the small inswer box. Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNER	used by someone else for agricult If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4; complete sec	of the questions above, ction 13, and return this form. Acres
provided, as in section 1. Please mark inswers of "Yes," "No," or "None" y placing an 1. In the small inswer box. Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE 1. Land sented 2. Land sented or leased from others - In cropped for others, leased Federal, St	used by someone else for agricult If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4; complete see ISHIP Island land worked on chares or share- ties, and ratiroad land; and land used ren in-haad basts under a grazing permit.). ude land subleased and land worked	of the questions above, crion 13, and return this form. Acres None 811
invided, as in section 1. Please mark inswers of "Yes," 'No," or "None" y placing an 1. In the small inswer box. Lection 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNER 1. Land cented Land cented Land cented or leased from others - In cropped for others, leased Federal, Stiffee (Do not include land used on a place on shares or share-cropped by others. Land cented or leased to others - Inch on shares or share-cropped by others.	used by someone else for agricult If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4; complete see ISHIP Alude land worked on chares or share- tie, and ratiroad land; and land used ren in-head basts under a grazing permit.). alle land subleased and land worked	of the questions above, critical Jural purposes?
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rovided, as in section 1. Please make inswers of "Yes," No," or "None" y Placing an A in the small inswer box. Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE! 1. Land owned. 2. Land served or leased from others - in cropped for others, leased federal, Stiffee. (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land served or leased to others - Include on slares or share cropped by others. 4. Total acres - Please ADD dores of SUBTRACT acres remed to others. 5. How many acres in THIS PLACE were	used by someone else for agricult If you answered "No" to ALL please skip to page 4; complete see RSHIP alude land worked on chares or share- tes, and railroad land; and land used ren en-head basis under a grazing permit.). under land subleased and land worked worked (item 1) to access rented (item 2), to (item 3), and arise your answer in this a ACE" for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other d grains, wheat, etc.?	of the questions above, critical Jurial purposes?
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rovided, as in section 1. Please mark answers of "Yes," No," or "None" by placing an X in the small unswer box. Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE! 1. Land sented on leased from others - In cropped for others, leased Federal, Stines (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inch on slidies or share-cropped by others. 4. Tatel uses - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres resided to others. 5. How many acres in TRIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee. 6. Were there any real estate moragages, courages on any part of the land and if those working land on shares. 7. How many acres of the land you rented you subsent or sublesse to others? - which was worked on shares by others? - which was worked on shares by others? Please If you reported an acresage in iter to term 4 was "9" because the here to ter	used by someone else for agricult If you answered 'No' to ALL please skip to page 4; complete see RSHIP alude land worked on shares or share- tie, and railroad land; and land used ren in-head basis under a grazing permit.). uite land subleased and land worked where litem 13 to acres rented (item 2), if (item 1), and anim your answer in this a ACE for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other Nor d grains, wheat, etc.? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own? deeds of sust, or land purchase uildings you own?	of the questions above, fron 13, and return this form. Acres None 811 None 812 Acres 815 Acres 1 Yes 2 No None 817 Persons Acres 1 Land in 1969 or if the answer reuson, please skip to page 4.
rovided, as in section 1. Please mark answers of "Yes," No," or "None" by placing an X in the small unswer box. Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE! 1. Land sented on leased from others - In cropped for others, leased Federal, Stines (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land rented or leased to others - Inch on slidies or share-cropped by others. 4. Tatel uses - Please ADD acres of SUBTRACT acres resided to others. 5. How many acres in TRIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee. 6. Were there any real estate moragages, courages on any part of the land and if those working land on shares. 7. How many acres of the land you rented you subsent or sublesse to others? - which was worked on shares by others? - which was worked on shares by others? Please If you reported an acresage in iter to term 4 was "9" because the here to ter	used by someone else for agricult If you answered 'No' to ALL please ship to page 4; complete sec 28HIP Alude land worked on chares or share- tie, and ratiroad land; and land used ren else land basis under a grazing permit.). alte land subleased and land worked wheel lim II to access rented (item 2), to (item II), and anier your answer in this a ACE for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other had deeds of this, or land purchase mildings you own?. If from you in 1969? — Include Not leased from others (item 2) did no late land rented or leased by you with hat had no crops or livestock on the and was rented out, sold, or for another in, complete section 13, and return this f Wity in 1269	of the questions above, crion 13, and return this form. Acres None None None 10 11 1 None S12 Acres 1 Yes 2 No None S17 Persons The sta Acres 1 Land in 1969 or if the answer reason, please skip to page 4, orm.
provided, as in section 1. Please mark inswers of "Yes," 'No," or "None" y placing as X. In the small inswer box. Section 2 - ACREAGE in 1969 and OWNE! 1. Land owned. 2. Land served or leased from others - In cropped for others, leased Federal. Stifee. (Do not include land used on a p. 3. Land served or leased to others Include on shares or share-cropped by others. 4. Tatal acres - Please ABB acres of SUBTRACT acres rented to others. These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee. 5. How many acres in THIS PLACE were Federal programs such as those for fee. 6. Were there any real estate morranges, contracts on any part of the land and those working land on shares. 7. How many acres of the land you rented you subject to really lease to others which was worked on shares by others to item 4 was "0" because the 1 explain in the Remarks" section Section 3. LOCATION of agricultural acres on the contract of the land was section of the Remarks of the land with the seplant in the Remarks of the land states.	used by someone else for agricult If you answered 'No' to ALL please ship to page 4; complete sec 28HIP Alude land worked on chares or share- tie, and ratiroad land; and land used ren else land basis under a grazing permit.). alte land subleased and land worked wheel lim II to access rented (item 2), to (item II), and anier your answer in this a ACE for this census report. diverted under soil bank or other had deeds of this, or land purchase mildings you own?. If from you in 1969? — Include Not leased from others (item 2) did no late land rented or leased by you with hat had no crops or livestock on the and was rented out, sold, or for another in, complete section 13, and return this f Wity in 1269	of the questions above, crion 13, and return this form. Acres None None None 10 11 1 None S12 Acres 1 Yes 2 No None S17 Persons The sta Acres 1 Land in 1969 or if the answer reason, please skip to page 4, orm.

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 4 - CROPS harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969 - Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.

	Acres harvested	Quan harve	
1. Field corn for grain - Report quantity on a shelled basis and	820	821	Bushels
in one unit only - either bushels or hundredweight		822	Hundred- weight
2. Field corn for silage, cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1)	823		
3. Sorghums for grain or seed - Report quantity harvested in one unit only - either bushels or pounds	824	825°	Bushels
		826	Pounds
4. Sorghums for silage, cut for dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include here acres already reported in item 3.)	827		
5. Wheat for grain		www.	Bushels
6. Other small grains for grain - oats, barley, tye, rice, etc	830		
7. Soybeans for beans	031	832	Bushels
8. Hay - all kinds except sorghum hay (If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE	833	834	Tons,
but report total tons of all cuttings.)	635	836	dry
9. Cotton	837	836	Bales
10. Peanuts for nuts			Pounds
NOTE: For items 11 through 16, report whole acres and tenths			
11. Tobacco - all types have a service and the	839	840	Pounds
12. Irish potatoes and sweetpotages	841;		
13. Vegetables, sweet com, or melons for sale	842		
	693		
 Berries for sale Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages. Include land on which the fruit crop fatled. (Do not include abandoned plantings.) 	984		
16. All other crops - Include field seeds, sugar crops, garden, nursery and greenhouse products, sod, etc.	045		
17. If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass of other protection?		846	Square feet
Section 5 – Land USE in 1969 – The purpose of this section is to a among items 1 through 5.	istribute all acres in	this place	
1. Cropland harvested — include all land from which crops were was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, an greenhouse products. (If two crops were hurvested from the sc	d nursery and	860	
report the acres only once.)		951	Acres
2. Cropland used only for pasture of grazing		862	Acres
3. All other cropland - Include cropland used for soil-improvement failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.		863	.Aores
4. Woodland - Include woodland pasture			Acres
 All other land - Include pastureland other than exopland and a rangeland, and land in house lots, burn lots, ponds, rodds, wa 	yoodland pasture, steland, etc	964	Agres
6. Total acres in this place - Please add the acres reported in the through 5 and enter the total in this (This total should be the same as the total in section 2. item	s space	aeb	Total acres
7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was irrigated in		866	Acres
Page 2			

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 6 - LIVESTOCK and POULTRY - Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them. - Include as sold all livestock and poultry jed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1969.

		this place 31, 1969	969 Number sold n 1969					
1	Cattle and calves of all ages			870		871		
1,,				872				
	a. Cows - Include dry cows and heifers that had		• • •	873				
	(1) Of the total cows reported in item 1a, how kept for milk production? - Include dry mi			873				
	milk helfers that had calved							
2	. Hogs and pigs of all ages	<i></i>		874		875		
_						876		
	a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as feed further feeding?							
2	Sheep and lambs of all ages ,	·		877		876		
•	:			879		880		
4	. Horses and ponies of all ages	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •					
5	. Hens and pullers of laying age (Exclude started raised for sale.)	861		862				
- 6	Any other chickens 3 months old or older (rooste started puliets)			883		884		
	started purieto,		• • • •	885		886		
7	Broilers and other mear-type chickens less than	3 months old.	• • •	ļ				
8	Other livestock and poultry - goats, mules, fur-b animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, hives of bees, e	earing		887		888		
				1				
	What kind?			887		888		
				ļ				
				<u> </u>				
9	Litters of pigs fatrowed on this place between -					Number of li	tters	
	a, December 1, 1968, and May 31, 1969			<i></i> .		. 889		
`						890		
	b. June 1, 1969, and November 30, 1969	*, * * * * * * * * * *	,	• • • • • • •	· · · · ·	<u></u>		
ect	ion 7 - Production EXPENSES for this place in I landlord, contractors, buyers, etc.—for cre- place. Use estimates if exact figures are	ps, livestock,	or liv				ır	
					1	CENTS NOT REQ		
1	. Livestock and poultry purchased - carrie, calves	have nice o	heen		-	Dollars 00	Cents	
·	lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, starte			, 		s		
2	Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry - mixed feeds, concentrates, etc.	grain, hay, sil	age,		9	01	-	
	a. Commercial mixed formula feeds		·					
	purchased - complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include	Tons purchased	Tenths	Dollars	Cents			
	ingredients purchased separately,	902		903	; [
	such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal and usea.)		1					
		meal, and urea.)						
	. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased		101	\$	- 1	//////////////////////////////////////		
						04 S 05		
	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, increased phosphare and gypsum	luding .				s		
5	. Commercial fertilizer purchased-all forms, inc	luding	••••		s	\$ \$ \$		
	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, increased phosphate and gypsum	luding lime for sanita	ution.)	5	\$ 005 \$		
	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, inc. rock phosphate and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livesu place in 1969—Include any of these materials p	luding lime for sanito pesticides, gro	ution.	ontrol	5	\$ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		
6	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, inc. rock phosphate and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, hebicides, fungicides, other chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livest place in 1969—Include any of these materials pand by custom operators.	luding lime for sanita pesticides, gro ock, and poultr aid for by your	wth c	ontrol this	S	\$		
6	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, inc. rock phosphate and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livesu place in 1969—Include any of these materials p	lime for sanito pessicides, gro ock, and poultr aid for by your purchased for to to piped gas, k	wth c	ontrol this ford	S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		
7	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, incrock phosphare and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, hebicides, fungicides, other, chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livest place in 1969—Include any of these materials purchased by custom operators. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil pusiness—diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc. Hired farm labor—Include all money paid in cas payments to family members, and for Social Sec.	lime for sanita pesticides, gro ock, and poultr aid for by your purchased for t t, piped gas, k th for farm labo with taxes. (D	wth construction. wth construction in the factor of the construction in the construct	ontrol this ord tm ne, luding include	\$	\$		
7	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, incrock phosphare and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other, chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livesty place in 1969—Include any of these materials purchased in 1969—Include all money paid in case payments to family members, and for Social Security of the 1969—Include all money paid in case payments to family members, and for Social Security of the 1969—Include all money paid in case housework, customwork, and contract work.) Contract labor, machine hire, and customwork—performed on a contract basis by a contractor, a	lime for sanito pesticides, gro ock, and poultr aid for by your purchased for to piped gas, k the for farm labourity taxes. (D Include expen- crew leader, a	wth c y on landli	ontrol this ord uding include s for labor erative, etc	S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		
7 8	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, incrock phosphare and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, hespicides, fungicides, other chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livester place in 1969—Include any of these materials pand by custom operators. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil business—diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc. Hired farm labor—Include all money paid in cas payments to family members, and for Social Sect housework, customwork, and contract work.) Contract labor, machine hire, and customwork—performed on a contract basis by a contractor, a and expenditures for use of equipment and for cut. All other production expenses—Include current	lime for sanite pesticides, gro pesticides, gro pesticides, gro pesticides, gro porch, and poultr aid for by your purchased for r piped gas, k h for farm labe with taxes. (D Include expen crew leader, a stomwork.	with con. with condition. landilandilandilandilandilandilandilandi	ontrol this tord mane, luding include s for labor erative, etc	S S	\$ 1005 \$ 5 1000 \$ 5 1		
6 7 8 9	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, incrock phosphare and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, hebicides, fungicides, other chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, lives place in 1969—Include any of these materials pand by custom operators. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil business—diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc. Hired farm labor—Include all money paid in cas payments to family members, and for Social Secundousework, customwork, and contract work.) Contract labor, machine hire, and customwork—performed on a contract basis by a contractor, a and expenditures for use of equipment and for custom and depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, inster the farm business	lime for sanita pesticides, gro pesticides, gro pesticides, gro pesticides, gro porch, and poultr grid for by your purchased for tr piped gas, k h for farm labo purty taxes. (D Include expen crew leader, a stomwork. operating expe urance, repairs	wth con wth con landt	ontrol this tord mane, luding include s for labor erative, etc	S S	\$ 1005		
6 7 8 9	Commercial fertilizer purchased—all forms, incrock phosphare and gypsum Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or All insecticides, hebicides, fungicides, other; chemicals, and defoliants used for crops, livest place in 1969—Include any of these materials purand by custom operators. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil; business—diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc. Hired farm labor—Include all money paid in cas payments to family members, and for Social Secundousework, customwork, and contract work.) Contract labor, machine hire, and customwork—performed on a contract basis by a contractor, a and expenditures for use of equipment and for cu. All other production expenses—Include current and depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent. ins.	lime for sanite pesticides, gro pesticides, gro pesticides, gro pesticides, gro porck, and poultr grid for by your purchased for tr piped gas, k h for farm labo purty taxes. (D Include expen crew leader, a stomwork. operating expen urance, repairs ms 1 through 1	wth con wth con landt	ontrol this tord mane, luding include s for labor erative, etc	5 5	\$ 1005		

Short Report Form-Continued

Section 8 — MARKET VALUE, before toxes and expenses, of agricultural products a crops, livestock, livestock products, etc. — Include market value of land	old from	this p	ace in 19	69
crops, westock, westock products, etc memice market votes of the	iora s c	CENTS	NOT REQ	
		****	llars	Cents
1. Livestock, poultry, and their products		\$ \$\$0		<u>.</u>
2. Crops including nursery products and hay sold		921		
3. Forest products - firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees,		922		
gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc.	x * 4 * *			i
4. Total market value of all agricultural products sold, before taxes and expenses - Add dollars for items 1 through 3 and enter total fiere	-	923 8		1
Section 9 - FARM-RELATED INCOME received in 1969 - Report amount received b	efore ta			
			NOT REQ	UIRED ! Cents
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for others plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, erc.		930		i ,
2. Recreational services - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		931 S		
3. Payments you received for participation in government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans)		932		-
Section 10 - MACHINERY and EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1969, what others - Include only equipment used in 1968 or 1969.	Part Star	, ,	you or by	•
Selected machinery and equipment on this place December 31, 1969	7 10 (10.0)	r läter	1964 or	earlier
1. Automobiles	940		,941	
	942		943	
2. Motortrucks - Include pickups	944		945	-
3. Tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers				:
4. Riding garden tractors 7 hp. and over	946		947	*
	948		949	
5. Grain and bean combines - self-propelled only	950		951	
6. Compickers and picker-shellers, including corn heads for combines				
7. Pickup balers	952		953	
	1.2. ·			A : (10 mm
8. Estimated marker value of all machinery and equipment usually kept on	1.		S NOT REG	Cents
this place and used for the farm business — Include the items listed above and any other machinery and equipment		954 \$		
Section 11 - VALUE of land and BUILDINGS on this place	*********		NOT REG	
1. Please enter your estimate of the current market value of	. G. 12.	960	ollars	Cents
the acres you operated (owned and rented acres in section 2, item 4) and the buildings on them		\$		1
Section 12 - FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS				
1. Does the operator—the person in charge of the farm or ranch operations—live on this place?] Yes		2 <u> </u> No	
2. Year operator began to operate any part of this place		Year	× .	
3. Operator's age	. ,	Year	s old	
4. Race - Mark (X) the appropriate box 1 White 2 Negro of black 3	Indi	an (Am	er) 4[Othe
5. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1969 - Include work at a nonly or on someone else's farm. (Do not include exchange work.) Mark (X) the approximation of the contract of th			ss or prof	ession,
974 1 None 2 11-49 days s 50-99 days 4 100-199 days	· .		ays or mo	re .
Section 13 - SIGNATURE of person filling this report - Please check your		Te	lephone	
answers, then sign below. 976 976	Area c	Nun	nber	
Name Date	1			

Romarks - Attach separate sheet, if needed.

AN IMPORTANT LETTER



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233

January 1070

It is time for the 1909 Census of Agriculture, and your help in completing this vital record of America's farms and ranches is very much needed.

Nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since 1840, nave Nationwide censuses of agriculture, taken periodically since for nave provided a continuing flow of statistical information, increasingly needed

by government, tusiness, and education.

And the rapid changes going on in agriculture today make the 1969 Census

Oreat changes are taking place in the use of farm machines, chemicals, fertilizers, and new plant varieties, and in the management of farms and ranches. These changes are having an enormous impact on farm people, rurning all the way from the varieties and amounts of crops and livestock you and your neighbors are producing, to the planning of Federal programs for

Agriculture and its problems must be understood if our agricultural reople Agriculture and its problems must be understood it our agricultural propagate are to prosper. Decisions that will lead to improved programs and more responsible action must be based on reliable facts. Our farms and ranchesresponsible action must be based on reliable laces. Our larms and ranches nearly 3 million independent businesses—are scattered all across the land of America. A nationwide census of all farms and ranches is the only means of obtaining an up-to-date and accurate inventory of our agricultural

Please fill out the enclosed form and mail it back to us as soon as you can, riesse till out the enclosed form and mail it back to us as soon as you ca preferably not later than February 15th. Use the enclosed envelope which

Your report will be held in complete confidence. It can be seen only by Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law Census emproyees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law (Title 13, U.S. Code) provides that it cannot be shown to or used by anyone outside the Bureau for any purpose whatsoever.

Your help in completing this important census is most appreciated.

Sincerely

J. Thomas Breen, Chief

Agriculture Division

NOTE: If you write to us, please use the Census File Number shown on the address label.

THIS IS YOUR LEAFLET GUIDE Through the 1969 Census of Agriculture **Need Help?** Use These Leaflet Notes

Leaflet Introduction

FIRST, SOME GENERAL INFORMATION

- The enclosed Census report form is being used by farms and ranches throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and inquiries which do not apply to you. Where this is the case, you can simply mark the "No" box and go on to the next section.
- If a section contains inquiries that apply to you, it may be helpful to read all the items in the section before you start to supply the information. A look at the section as a whole will show what is to be reported and where it should be written.
- You will also find that there are items within sections you may not need to read, beyond noting the subject with which they deal. For instance, item 9 in section 1 asks several questions about landlords. If you did not rent any land from others, you can skip all of the detail in item 9 and go to item 10.
- There is a possibility that you may receive more than one envelope containing a census report form for this place (a duplicate, or in your wife's name, your partner's name, etc.). If this should happen, please fill out one form only. Mark the extra form or forms with the Census File Number of the form you complete (for example, "Extra-See No. 86312 09812") and return the extras in the envelope with the completed report. There is a "File Copy" enclosed in each envelope; this is for your use and should not be returned to the Bureau of the Census.

If your wife, or a partner, runs a separate agriculture operation of her or his own, it should be reported on a separate form.

HOW TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS

- Please put your answers only in the unshaded answer spaces. Write any explanations and comments in the shaded areas to the left of the answer spaces or in the "Remarks" space on page 12 or on a separate sheet.
- If your answer to an item is "No" or "None," please leave the answer spaces blank; except for the few places where a small answer box is provided, as for "None" in section 1. Please mark an answer of "Yes," "No," or "None" with an X in the box.
- If you do not have exact figures available, please report your best estimate. You may mark the answer "est." (for "estimated") if you wish.
- For all dollar items, we need only whole dollars, aithough a "cents" column is provided for those who wish to use it. If you prefer to report both dollars and cents, be sure to write the cents in the "cents" column to avoid the risk that they be mistaken for dollars. For example \$1714.45 should be reported as I CENTS NOT REQUIRED

\$ 17/4:

CENTS NOT REQUIRED 1714.45

but not as

CENTS NOT REQUIRED Dellare | Cents \$ 1714.45

- 3 -

Do not include fractions in your answers except where called for. Where fractions are called for, report the fraction in tenths of the whole number, and enter the fraction in the "tenths" part of the answer space. Some common fractions which you can report in "tenths" are:

Report 1/8 as 1/10 3/8 as 4/10 5/8 as 6/10 1/6 as 2/10 5/6 as 8/10 1/4 as 2/10 3/4 as 8/10 1/3 as 3/10 2/3 as 7/10

Example for 3% tons of fertilizer

Whele ions Tunihs

If you prefer, report to the nearest whole number; fractions are not required.

• HOW TO USE THIS LEAFLET

This leaflet is for your use; do not return it with your Census of Agriculture report. It gives answers to the questions that come up most often when the report is being prepared.

Like the form, this leaflet is being used in all parts of the United States, and it contains much information that will not apply to your place. For example, section 4 of this leaflet gives additional information about reporting irrigation water in section 4 of the report. If you did not irrigate in 1969, you should answer the first two questions and you'll not need to read the corresponding page of this leaflet.

The rest of this leaflet is information to help you, organized by sections to correspond with the sections of the census report form,

Now you will want to start filling out the report form. As you answer the items in each section, you will find substantial help in the corresponding section of this leaflet

SECTION 1 ACREAGE IN 1969, OWNERSHIP, AND LAND VALUE

Part A

Use items 1, 2, and 3 to arrive at the acres of land for which you should complete the Census report form. Include all agricultural land with which you were associated in 1969, regardless of where the land was located. Do **not** include holdings of residential or commercial properties not associated with agricultural operations. Report all land in whole acres; if you had less than one acre report it as one acre.

Places no longer operated on December 31, 1969 - If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1969, complete the report, giving information on the land you operated and your 1969 crop and livestock production and sales from that land. Normally you would not be expected to report inventories of poultry, livestock, machinery, or equipment. Please explain in the "Remarks" section on page 12 or on a separate sheet that you quit farming or ranching during 1969 and give the approximate date.

Other changes in land operated during 1969 - If part of the land you used during 1969 was no longer in your possession on December 31, 1969, include that land and your 1969 crop and livestock operations on that land in your report. If you acquired land during 1969 for your own use but did not use it for crops or livestock that year, do not include that land in your report.

Please explain the change in acres during 1969 by making a notation in the "Remarks" section on page 12, or on a separate sheet. Statements such as the following can be used:

My report includes______acres I used in 1969 but which I did not have on December 31, 1969.

OΓ

My report does not include______acres acquired before January 1, 1970, but not used by me in 1969.

- Item 1 Land owned Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1969, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnerships or organizations for which you are reporting. This acreage is considered in figuring the size of "This Place" (item 4, section 1).
- Item 2 Land rented or leased from others If you rented land from others or worked land on a share basis in 1969, you should report this land as rented by you even though the landlord may have supplied equipment, fertilizer or other materials, and some supervision of your work. Include Federal lands rented or leased by the acre in this item, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis (see "Grazing permit" on page 6).

Item 3 Land rented or leased to others

Include in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of the crops or livestock.
- Land which you rented from others and then subleased to others in 1969.
- Land rented out for residential or other nonfarm purposes (if it was included in item 1 or 2).
- Land worked for you by someone else on a share-of-the-crop basis.

Do not include in item 3:

 Land on which you yourself had any crops or livestock during 1969, even though it was rented to others for part of the year.

In the remaining sections of the questionnaire, do not report any crops or livestock on land reported in item 3 as rented or leased to others.

Item 4 Acres in this place - This is the sum of the land you owned in 1969 plus the land you rented from others, minus the land you rented to others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since the remainder of the form applies only to the resulting net figure - the "Acres in this place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on "Acres in this place," as reported in item 4.

Item 10 Grazing permit - In some States, government lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, payment being made on a per-head or animal-unit basis. This land should not be included as part of item 2, "Land rented or leased," or item 4, "Acres in this place." Report it only in item 10. But if any of your livestock were located on such land in 1969, they should be included in your report.

SECTION 1 SHOULD YOU COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM?

PART C YES, if at any time during 1969 there were on this place:

- Any livestock or poultry or their products.
- Any corn, sorghums, small grains, hay, cotton, tobacco, soybeans, peanuts, potatoes, or sugar crops.
- Any vegetables, melons, or berries grown for sale.
- A combined total of 20 or more fruit trees (including citrus), nut trees, and grapevines.
- Any nursery or greenhouse products, mushrooms, or sod.
- Any other crops.
- Any other agricultural products horses, fur-bearing animals in captivity, bees, honey, maple products, naval stores, Christmas trees or timber for sale, etc.

NO, if -

- You reported an acreage in section 1, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1969, on that land, or
- All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper and hence the entry in section 1, item 4 is "0."

In either case, you should:

- 1. Skip to page 12 and complete section 39.
- Explain briefly in the "Remarks" space. For example, "All land rented out;" "Sold farm in 1968;" "House lot only—no crops or livestock."
- 3. Mail the form in the return envelope provided.

SECTION 2 For item 2 of this section we need the name of the geographic area or political subdivision (within the county or parish) where your principal agricultural operations are located. Some examples of the type of area or subdivision we mean are shown on the report form; some other term may be used in your State such as:

Militia district Borough National park City Civil district Patent Civil township Plantation Election precinct Purchase Grant School district Indian reservation Surplus Judicial township Town Justice precinct Tract

Unorganized township

Location Magisterial district

- 6 -

SECTION LAND USE IN 1969

These land-use items apply only to the land you reported as "Acres in this place" in section 1, item 4. If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1969, report such land only on the line for the first item which fits one of the purposes, and **not** on the line for the second purpose. For example, if you harvested a grain crop and later let cattle graze on the stubble, report the land as harvested cropland, but **not** as cropland used only for pasture or grazing. Please report in whole acres.

Item 1a Cropland harvested - This includes acreage from which you cut either wild or tame hay, land in greenhouses, nurseries, or sod, and land in orchards, groves, and vineyards (both bearing and nonbearing) unless the trees or plantings have been abandoned.

Item 1b Pastureland - Cropland from which you did not take a crop or cut hay in 1969, but which you used for pasture is to be reported in item 1b. Woodland in which livestock were allowed to graze in 1969 is to be reported as woodland pastured in item 2a.

Report in item 3 land (other than cropland or woodland) that could be used as pastureland or rangeland, whether or not livestock actually grazed on it in 1969.

Item 1d Crop failure - If all of a crop failed (except fruit or nuts in an orchard, grove, or vineyard being maintained for production) and you did not harvest any other crop from this land, and did not pasture or graze it, report the acres in item 1d "crop failure." If only part of the acreage of a crop was harvested, be sure to report only the harvested acreage in item 1a of section 3 and for the appropriate crop in sections 8 through 23.

Item 1e

Cultivated summer fallow - Report as fallow all cropland that was plowed and cultivated or on which the growth of weeds was controlled through the use of herbicides, but which was left unseeded for 1969 harvest for the purpose of conserving moisture. Include such cropland as cultivated summer fallow even if during 1969 it was planted to wheat for harvest in 1970.

SECTION 4 IRRIGATION

Source of water in 1969 - Most irrigators will have received water from only one source. If this is true in your case, enter 100 percent on the proper line. If you obtained water from two of the three sources, an approximate figure for each source is acceptable, for example, 30 percent, 70 percent, etc. One way of making such an estimate is to figure your acreage irrigated from each source as a percent. For example, 20% of the cropland harvested irrigated from your own well; 80% of the cropland harvested irrigated with water from a water supply organization.

tem 5 Estimated quantity of water used in 1969 - If you can estimate the total quantity of irrigation water used by any one of the methods shown, report only by that method - in item a, b, or c. If it is easier for you to estimate part of the water used by one method and part by another, use the lines which apply.

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts measure water in acre-feet and the amount used is shown in acre-feet on their bills. Where you are not billed for water in this manner, you may prefer to give the depth applied in inches during the full season and the acres covered, as called for in item 5c. We will compute the acre-feet from this information. (Item 5 discussion continued on next page.)

- 7 -

Gallons - Estimates in gallons must usually be figured if you have your own pump. If you know the rate of flow through your pump, use that. Otherwise, use the manufacturer's rated capacity for the pump. This is given in gallons per minute.

To make an estimate of gallons for the season, you can substitute in the following example, the rated capacity of your pump, the approximate number of hours you pumped per day, and the estimated number of days the pump operated during the year.

EXAMPLE

Step 1. Compute gallons per hour -

100 gallons per minute times 60= 6,000 gallons per hour

Step 2. Compute gallons per day -

20 hours pumped times 6,000=

120,000 gallons per day

Step 3. Compute gallons per season - 96 days pump operated times 120,000=

11,520,000 gallons per year

Step 4. Enter 11,520,000 for item 5b.

When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate depth of water applied during the season in inches and report acres covered.

Other methods of reporting total quantity - In some areas miners inches are used to measure water use. In other areas cubic feet per second (second feet) are a common measure of flow. If you use either of these measures, please report this information in the "Remarks" section at the end of the form, or on a separate sheet, rather than in item 5. If you report in either miners inches or cubic feet per second, please don't forget to report also how many hours or days water was delivered at the given rate.

If you are not able to report the actual amount or an estimate of the water quantity, please give as many facts as you can in the "Remarks" section (page 12) or on an attached sheet of paper. Following are examples of helpful items: number of wells, their depth, diameter and measured rate of flow; allowable diversion rate from streams; capacity of pump or diameter of pump outlet; days operated per season or number of times irrigated; whether land is irrigated before planting; and so on.

SECTION 5 ARTIFICIAL DRAINAGE

Acreages reported in this section should be your estimate of the amount of land on this place in 1969 which was benefited to some extent by artificial drainage facilities. Even though your whole place may be in a drainage district, report only that part which is artificially drained. Acres drained by more than one system should be reported only once, for the most important one. However, if different parts of this place had different types of drainage systems, you will have entries in more than one item.

SECTIONS 8-23

CROPS HARVESTED IN 1969-GENERAL INFORMATION

How and where to report - You will find it easier to report your crops if you glance through pages 3 to 8 of the reporting form and read the paragraphs on pages 9 to 11 of this leaflet, before you begin to fill in your answers.

CROPS GENERAL-

Report in each section only the crops called for there. For example, field corn is to be reported in section 8, wheat in section 10, Irish potatoes in section 13, and vegetables for sale in section 21. Section 23 is the place to report any crop not asked for in sections 8-22.

Do not include in your report any crops on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others or worked on shares by others. Your report should cover only the crops on the "acres in this place," as reported in item 4 of section 1. The next 6 pages of this leaflet contain general information about the reporting of crops, and a discussion of some special crop reporting problems. Table 1, at the end of this leaflet provides a listing of conversion factors for the crops most commonly grown.

■ HOW TO REPORT CROPS HARVESTED - AN EXAMPLE

A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 200 tons. Using a corn head on his combine, he harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized, using 7 8/10 tons of dry fertilizer.

His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Section 8 - Was any FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1969? Yes - Complete this section 7,000 BUNNI Field corn for grain - Report quantity karrevied in one unit only - either bushels or kundreducing of shelled corn 80 200 7003 20 2. Field corn for silage Field corn cut for green or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not raciate here acres already reputs in item 1 or 2)... 100 Commercial femilizer used on field corn

- a. Item 1 calls for grain or seed, so he entered 80 in the "Acres harvested" column and 7,000 in the bushels space in the "Quantity harvested" column. The 80 acres for grain were not irrigated so he made no entry in the "Acres irrigated" column.
- b. For item 2, Corn for silage, he entered 20 acres harvested, 200 tons quantity harvested, and 20 acres irrigated.
- c. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, he did not make any entry in item 3.
- d. In item 4, he entered 100 for "Acres fertilized," entered 7 for whole tons, and 8 for tenths in the "Dry" space.

CROPS, GENERAL Continued

• COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER

For each crop, report the number of acres fertilized in 1969, and report the total tons and tenths of tons used in all applications. Report the total weight of the fertilizer, including filler. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

If you bought fertilizer on an analysis basis and do not know the total tons used, the following example will show you how to estimate the total tons of fertilizer.

Example 1: A farmer fertilized 70 acres of corn at the rate of 100 pounds of N (nitrogen) per acre and used an analysis of 33-0-0, as recommended by the fertilizer dealer.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used including filler:

- Divide the 100 pounds of nitrogen by the percent of nitrogen in the analysis, in this case 33, to get the total pounds of fertilizer per acre.
- Multiply the pounds per acre (obtained in step 1) by 70 acres to get total pounds of fertilizer used.
- 3. Convert pounds to tons by dividing by 2,000.
- (1) 100 (pounds of N) = 10,000 = 303 (lbs. per acre) .33 (% of N in analysis) 33
- (2) 303 x 70 (acres) = 21,210 pounds.
- (3) $21,210 \pm 2,000 = 106/10$ tons.

If you don't know the percent analysis of nitrogen, but do know the phosphorus (P_2O_5) or potash (K_2O) , work the estimate in the same way as when nitrogen is the known factor.

If you know how much fertilizer was applied per acre, but don't know the total tons, use the method in this example.

Example 2: Sixty-five acres of corn were fertilized with 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre.

To find the total tons of fertilizer used, multiply the 65 acres fertilized times the 150 pounds of fertilizer used per acre. This gives the total pounds of fertilizer used. Then divide by 2,000 to get the total tons.

- a. Multiply 65 acres fertilized by 150 pounds of fertilizer per acre to get 9,750.
- b. Divide 9,750 total pounds of fertilizer by 2,000 to get 4.875.
- c. Enter 4 9/10 tons.

• TWO OR MORE CROPS HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

Example 1. A farmer had a 20-acre field:

- a. He harvested oats from the 20 acres in 1969.
- b. He then planted the 20 acres in soybeans and harvested them during the same year.

He should report:

- 1. The 20 acres of oats in section 10, item 4.
- 2. The 20 acres of soybeans in section 11, item 1.

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CROPS, GENERAL— Continued

In such a case the acres of crops harvested may be greater than the acres of land reported in item 1a of section 3 (land use).

Example 2: A 10-acre field of red clover was cut for hay in 1969.

The same 10 acres was later harvested for seed.

- 1. Ten acres for hay should be reported in section 14, item 2.
- 2. Ten acres for seed should be reported in section 15, item 1.

• INTERPLANTED CROPS AND "SKIP-ROW" PLANTING

If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, report for each crop the part of the field used for that crop.

Example 1: If a 40-acre tract of land was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans for beans, 20 acres should be reported for beans in section 11, item 1, and 20 acres should be reported for cotton in section 12, item 1.

Example 2: If you planted "skip" rows in soil-improvement crops, report the harvested portion of the field in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the soil-improvement acreage in section 3, item 1c.

Example 3: If you left "skip" rows idle, report the harvested portion of the acres in the proper crop item and in section 3, item 1a, and the idle acres in section 3, item 1f

CROPS HARVESTED IN ORCHARDS

If approximately 4 acres of tomatoes were grown among the trees in a 10-acre apple orchard, you'd still report all 10 acres as orchard acres in section 16, item 1, and also as apple acreage in section 17, item 1. Report the 4 acres of tomatoes in section 21, item 1.

REPORTING UNIT FOR QUANTITY HARVESTED.

The units of measure given on the report form for quantity of each crop harvested are, in general, those most commonly used throughout the country. For corn, grain sorghums, rice, grapes, prunes, and figs, a choice of two or more units is provided.

If you happen to use in your records a unit different from what is printed on the form, please convert your figure on quantity harvested, to the unit shown. For your convenience, we have printed table 1 at the end of this leaflet, showing approximate weight per unit for the crops most frequently reported. Use these if you do not have more accurate information available.

Now you will want to start filling out the crops sections of the report form, referring to this leaflet, if necessary.

SECTION 14

HAY AND SILAGE HARVESTED FROM THE SAME LAND

If you made one cutting of alfalfa for hay and another cutting for green feed, report the acres for the alfalfa cut for hay in item 1 of section 14, and report the acres again for hay crops cut and fed green in item 9 of the same section.

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SECTION 15

FIELD SEEDS .

The acres of land harvested for field seeds often will have been reported in section 14 because hay also was cut from the same land. If you fertilized the fields for the general purpose of getting better production of both hay and seed, report the "acres fertilized" and the quantity of fertilizer used only in section 14, item 10. But if you applied fertilizer especially for the benefit of the seed crop, report in item 9 of section 15 the "acres fertilized" and the weight (in tons) of fertilizer applied for the seed crop.

SECTIONS 16-19, GENERAL

ORCHARDS - FRUIT TREES, NUT TREES, AND GRAPEVINES

In counting the combined total of trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production.

Include land in trees that, because of weather damage, did not bear in 1969. Also include orchard and grove acreage from which the crop was not harvested because of unsatisfactory prices, labor shortage, etc. Do not include acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned.

If fruit and nut trees were planted in borders or were interplanted among other crops, estimate the orchard acreage by dividing the total number of such trees by the usual number of such trees per acre in your locality.

When you need to estimate the acres in fruit and nut trees, first find the planting distance between trees, then divide the total number of trees by the number per acre that corresponds with the planting distance, as given in the following table. The result represents the approximate acreage. For example, 700 trees planted 25 feet x 25 feet apart, (70 trees per acre) would represent 10 acres.

Nur	nber of fruit an	d nut trees per acre	
Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre	Planting distance (feet)	Number per acre
8 x 8	680	22 x 24	82
8 x 10	545	24 x 24	75
8 x 12	454	25 x 25	70
9 x 9	538	26 x 26	64
10 x 10	436	27 × 27	60
10 × 12	363	28 x 28	56
12 × 12	302	28 x 30	52
12 x 14	259	30 x 30	48
14 × 14	222	32 x 32	43
15 x 15	194	35 x 35	35
16 x 16	170	36 x 36	34
18 × 18	134	40 x 40	27
18 x 20	121	40 x 45	24
18 x 22	110	45 x 45	22
20 × 20	109	45 x 50	19
20 × 22	99	50 x 50	17
20 × 24	91	55 x 50	16
22 × 22	90	60 x 60	12

SECTION 17

NONCITRUS FRUIT TREES OR GRAPEVINES

Item 8 Avocados - In California, report the quantity harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969. In Florida, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested between July 1, 1969, and February 28, 1970.

Items 10 and 11

Grapes - Report raisin grapes on either a fresh-weight or dry-weight basis, according to how you sold them. If you sold raisin grapes by both methods, please convert to one basis. One pound of raisins usually equals about 4 3/10 pounds of fresh grapes. Report all other grapes on a fresh-weight basis.

Please separate the European-type grapes among items 11a, 11b, and 11c of section 17 on the basis of variety and not on the basis of use. Some of the common varieties are as follows:

- 11a. Raisin varieties Black Corinth, Muscat, Sultana, and Thompson Seedless.
- 11b. Table varieties Emperor, Malaga, Red Malaga, Ribier, and Tokay.
- 11c. Wine varieties Alicante Bouschet, Carignane, Grenache, Mission, Palomino, Petite Sirah, and Zinfandel.
- Item 15 Olives In California and Arizona, report the quantity harvested or to be harvested from the bloom of 1969 for the 1969-70 harvest season September 15, 1969, to about February 28, 1970. In all other States report the total 1969 crop.

SECTION

NUT TREES

Item 4

Pecans - Improved pecans refer to pecan trees that have been budded, grafted or top worked. Consider all other pecan trees as wild or seedling, whether grown in orchards, pastures, etc.

- For quantity of tung nuts harvested, report pounds in the husk. For all other tree nuts, report quantity in the shell.
- Item 7 Report planted black walnuts in item 7. Do not report wild black walnuts.

SECTION 21

VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS

Report vegetable crops harvested in the calendar year 1969 for all States except Florida. For Florida, report any vegetable crops that were harvested between October 1, 1968, and September 30, 1969.

Report the entire acreage of each vegetable crop harvested. For example, if you harvested three acres of radishes from a field in 1969, then replanted the field to radishes and harvested the three acres again, report 6 acres harvested in section 21, item 15, No. 350. (If crops are grown, such as radishes, which are included in the "Other vegetable crops" list, below item 15 in section 21, write the name of the crop and the code number (Radishes....350) in the spaces provided in item 15.) If each crop of radishes was fertilized, report only 3 acres fertilized but report the total tons of all fertilizer used.

SECTION

NURSERY OR GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS GROWN FOR SALE

22 Item 6

Mushrooms - Report the square feet of bed space used in 1969, multiplied by the number of times it was harvested. Do not report the total floor space of the building or other area where the mushrooms were grown. For example, if you harvested two crops of mushrooms from an area of 20,000 square feet of bed space, report 40,000 square feet of area used.

SECTION 23

OTHER CROPS

In addition to the crops named in this section, also use section 23 to report any crops harvested that have not been accounted for in sections 8-22.

Sugarcane - The sugarcane growing season differs in each of the three growing areas in the United States. Report acres harvested (or to be harvested) during the current cutting season, as follows:

In Florida, November 1969 through April 1970. In Louisiana, October 1969 through December 1969. In Hawaii, October 1, 1968, through September 30, 1969.

In Florida and Louisiana, report acres of sugarcane planted for harvest later than the current cutting season, as cropland idle, in section 3, item 1f. For Hawaii, special provision is made on the form for reporting sugarcane planted for future harvest.

SECTION

FOREST PRODUCTS SOLD

24

Report here, all forest products sold from this place in 1969, regardless of who made the sales. For example, sales made by the landlord should be included.

SECTIONS 25-29. GENERAL

POULTRY, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, OTHER LIVESTOCK

These items deal with the livestock and poultry on this place or sold from this place in 1969, regardless of ownership. If livestock or poultry were fed on this place on a contract or on a custom basis, report them as sold if they were taken from this place in 1969. Animals or poultry owned by you that were not on this place at any time in 1969 because they were fed for you by someone else, such as in a feedlot or poultryhouse, are not to be included in this report; they should be accounted for on the agriculture census report for the feedlot, poultryhouse, etc.

Count as being on this place, animals that were owned by you or kept by you for others, but which on December 31, 1969, were on land used on a permit basis (national forestland; grazing district land; or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management). See "Grazing permit," page 6 of this leaflet.

Do not include in your report any livestock or poultry on land that in 1969 was rented or leased to others. Your report should cover only the livestock and poultry on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in item 4 of section 1.

SECTION

CHICKENS, TURKEYS, OTHER POULTRY

For each item, report the number on this place December 31, 1969, no matter who owned them, and the number of poultry sold from this place, or taken from this place during 1969, including those raised or fed under a contract. Do not include any sales of baby chicks or poults.

Hens and pullets of laying age - Include hens in molt with the other hens and pullets Item 1a of laying age. In the "sold" column include any old or cull hens sold during 1969.

Item 3b Other turkeys - in the "sold" column, report turkeys sold for slaughter and those that were brooded and then moved to another place for further feeding.

SECTION

CATTLE AND CALVES

26

Item 2 Milk cows - Include cows of any breed milked for home use or for sale.

item 4

In the "Total number sold" answer spaces, include the cattle and calves sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals fed on this place under contract or on a custom basis if they were taken from this place in 1969. Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such transactions are considered to be "dealer" purchases and sales.

In the "Number fattened ..." answer spaces, report the number of head that were sold for slaughter after being fattened in the manner described, provided they were expected to produce carcasses that would grade "USDA Good" or better. Do not report in this column yeal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold; do not include cattle or calves that have been fed grain or concentrates and sold for further feeding.

SECTION 27

Item 1a

Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breeding - include bred sows and bred gilts, other sows and gilts intended for breeding, and boars and young males to be used for breeding.

Item 3

Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1969 - Include all pigs born on this place that were sold for slaughter or taken from this place for further feeding.

SECTION

CONTRACT OR BINDING AGREEMENT

Many farm products are produced under a contract or binding agreement made between the producer and the person who buys or uses the farm product. These contracts or agreements usually specify the kind and amount of the farm product to be produced, where or to whom it is to be delivered, what price the producer is to be paid or how the price is to be determined. The contracts may specify the variety of crop or breed of animal or poultry to be produced, and may provide for services such as spraying, dusting, fertilizing, harvesting, packing, and selling. The contractor may supply seed, fertilizer, or feed. He may also provide financing and a field man to give advice and to inspect the product while it is being produced. Include contracts for the growing of heifers for dairy farms, contracts involving cow pools, milking pools, and cow-leasing agreements.

In this section, include under the "Co-op" item, production contracts with a cooperative processor. Do not include contracts made by you to have someone else provide a service to you or grow or produce something for you.

Report sales contracts or agreements providing just for the marketing or sale of a product, such as milk, as "Marketing or sales contracts or agreements." Also report under this same heading, marketing contracts and agreements with marketing associations and cooperatives. Usually very few or no services or supplies are provided by the buyer of the farm product under a sales contract or agreement.

If the sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor or equipment, report it as a production contract.

Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural products. Some examples of agreements or contracts not to be reported here are:

Rental of land

Hauling

Purchase of feed, fertilizer or other farm supplies Labor wage agreements and financing of farm operations

Government program agreements

Agricultural services

Customwork

Farm machinery rentals

SECTION 31

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The items in this section refer to machinery and equipment kept on this place and used for the farm business in 1968 or 1969, regardless of ownership.

Item 12

Item 12 refers to the market value of all machinery and equipment, not just the items listed on the report form. The value you report should be your estimate of how much the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition - not the replacement cost or the depreciated value.

SECTION 32

HIRED WORKERS

Do not include workers who did only contruction work or other work not related to the production of crops or livestock. Do not include employees of a labor contractor, cooperative, processor, or dealer who performed contract work on this place. Report all other hired workers, including members of your family if they were paid wages, who did farm or ranch work on this place. Report each person only once even though he may have worked several different times during the year.

SECTION 33

INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME AND OTHER CHEMICALS

For each item report only once the total acres treated, but give the total cost of materials used in all treatments. If you used a dual purpose chemical, report the total acres treated for each item (insect, disease, etc.), and divide the cost of materials between the items. If the same acreage was treated separately for two purposes, give acres and cost of materials for each item. For example, if cotton was treated for insects and then treated for defoliation, the acres and material cost for insect treatment would be reported under item 2b and the acres and material cost for defoliation would be reported in item 3.

Do **not** include the cost of chemically treated seed or the cost of chemicals used by you to treat seed prior to planting.

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SECTION PRODUCTION EXPENSES

34

Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For example, if you grew broilers or fed cattle for others, include in the production expenses, item 1, your best estimate of the value of the baby chicks or cattle at the time they were brought to this place. Also include, in item 2, the value and amount of all feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place.

Do not include expenses (or sales) related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities).

Item 1

Livestock and poultry - Report the total amount spent by you and by your landlord or by others for all livestock and poultry bought during 1969 for production, including feeding, on this place. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on this place, include your estimate of their value at the time they came on this place.

Do not include the purchase cost of livestock or poultry bought and then resold within 30 days.

Item 2

Feed - Report the cost of all feed for livestock and poultry during 1969. When feed was supplied by others, as in broiler contracts, estimate the cost of the feed used on this place. Do not include the cost of feed for livestock fed off this place, but do include the cost of feed fed to cattle or sheep while they are on "permit" grazing land (see "Grazing permit," on page 6 of this leaflet).

Item 2a

Commercially mixed formula feeds - Include all complete feeds, concentrates, feed additive supplements, base mixes and premixes fed in 1969. Include your best estimate of tons and value of feed furnished by others for livestock and poultry that were grown or fed on this place for others under contract.

Item 10 All other production expenses

Include-

Purchase of irrigation water

Costs of operating and maintaining irrigation systems

Farm electricity

Veterinary services and medicine

Hauling and other marketing charges

Farm supplies

Farm taxes

Interest on farm debts

All other farm-related expenditures

Do not include-

Value of the landlord's share of crops or livestock produced on this place

Purchase of long-term assets, such as tractors and machinery, land, or new buildings

Expenditures for construction of major improvements, such as drainage canals, irrigation systems, etc.

Income taxes

Interest on nonfarm loans

SECTION

MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD

These questions are asked to obtain a measure of the agricultural productivity of your county, State, and the entire United States. Information given in this report will be combined with that for other farms in your county and only totals will be published. By Federal law, the information you give in this report is confidential. Your report is to be used for statistical purposes only, and cannot be revealed to anyone who is not a Census employee. Census employees are under oath (with penalty for violation) not to reveal such information.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1969, regardless of the year they were produced; and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place any time in 1969. Do not report your net income. Do not report value of sales from land which you rented to others. If you rent land from others or work land on shares for others, include the value of the landlord's share of any products removed from this place. If you operate as a partnership, include the total value of all products sold from this place for all partners. Include the value of crops you have placed under government loan or seal in 1969 along with the value of all crops sold.

Sales from nonfarm-related activities (such as trading and speculation, or livestock dealer activities) should not be included.

Value of products harvested by others - If crops were harvested by cooperatives or by others, and you received for your product a price which did not include the cost of harvesting, hauling, etc., please report the gross value which includes these costs before they were deducted. If your records do not show such figures separately, please estimate the cost of such services and include these with the value of the product. Also be sure that the cost of these services has been included in the proper production expense items in section 34.

Livestock or crops under contract - For livestock or crops, including vegetables and fruits, produced by you under contract, report the gross value before deductions for any feed, seeds, plants, fertilizer, sprays, dusts, and labor or equipment furnished by the contractor. For exemple, if you received \$1,000 cash and you estimate that the contractor furnished \$500 in seeds, production and harvesting costs, report \$1,500 as the gross sales value of the crops grown under contract. The value of materials furnished or paid for by others also should be included in the proper items in section 34

- Poultry and poultry products Report the value of all eggs, broilers, hens and roosters, started pullets, ducks, turkeys, and other poultry and their eggs sold or moved from this place during 1969. If the sale price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. For example, if you produced 10,000 pounds of poultry on a contract basis and you estimate the market price at 20 cents per pound, then you should report \$2,000 as the market value.
- Item 9 Dairy products Include the gross value of all milk and cream sold from this place.

 Report the total value before hauling costs and Co-op dues are subtracted.
- Item 10 Dairy cattle and calves Report the total value of sales of all dairy cattle and calves (including heifers, bulls, and bull calves) sold from this place.

Other cattle and calves - Report the value of sales of all cattle and calves other than dairy animals sold from this place in 1969. Be sure to include the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, or cost of hauling and selling, etc. If the sales price is not known, please give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place. The value of sales of cattle and calves bought and kept on this place less than 30 days before removal should not be included.

Do not report the value of sales of livestock owned by you but held on and sold, from someone else's place. For exemple, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place. For cattle moved from your place to a feedlot for further feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

12 Hogs, sheep, and goats - Include the value of all hogs and pigs, sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair sold or taken from this place during 1969. Report the value (or give your best estimate) of animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared the receipts. Include animals fed under contract or on a custom basis on this place if the animals were sold or taken from this place during 1969.

SECTION 36 Item 3

FARM RELATED INCOME RECEIVED IN 1969

Report all government payments received by you from any of the following direct-payment programs:

- Feed grain diversion and price support
- · Wheat diversion and marketing certificate
- Upland cotton diversion and price support
- Agricultural conservation
- Emergency conservation
- Cropland adjustment
- Conservation reserve (soil bank)
- Appalachian Land Stabilization and Conservation
- Sugar
- Wool and mohair

This total amount may have been furnished to you recently in a "Report of Payment to Producer" (notice sent to you by the Agricultural Stablization and Conservation Service). If so, you may copy this figure on your Census report.

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Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit

Sec- tion No.	Item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
8	1		Bushel	56
9	1	Sorghums for grain or seed	Bushel	56
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1-3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 13	Wheat Oats Barley Rye Flaxseed Buckwheat Proso millet Emmer and spelt Safflower Mustard seed	Bushel	60 32 48 56 56 48 50 40 40
11 11	1 2	Soybeans for beans	Bushel Bushel	60 17 21
11	3	Spanish	Bushel	25 60
11	3		Bushel	56
11	5		Bushel	60
11	6	Cowpeas for dry peas	Bushel	60
11	7	Velvetbeans for beans (hulled)	Bushel	60
11	8	Mungbeans for beans	Bushel	60
12	1	Gross (seed cotton) Net (lint cotton) (1,500 lb. seed cotton = 1 bale)	Bale	500 480
12	4	Popcorn: Ear, husked Shelled (70 lb. ear corn, husked = 1 bu. shelled corn)	Bushel Bushel	70 56
12	5		Bale	333
13	1			60 165 100
13	2	Sweetpotatoes		55 50

Table 1 - Approximate Net Weight Per Unit-Continued

Sec- tion No.	No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
14	1-7	Hay (3 tons green = 1 ton dry)		
15	1	Red clover seed	Bushel	60
15	2	Alfalfa seed	Bushel	60
15	3	Lespedeza seed	Bushel	30
15	4	Timothy seed	Bushel	45
15	5	Bromegrass seed	Bushel	14
15	6	Orchardgrass seed	Bushel	14
15	7	Sweetclover seed	Bushel	60
17	1	Apples	Bushel Northwest box . Fibreboard box.	45 44
			cell pack	40
17	2.3	Peaches	Bushel	48
''	2-3	reacties	Lug box	20
i			California	
			fruit box	18
17	4-5	Pears:	Bushel	48
1		California	Bushel	50
i		Other	Box	46
17	6-7	Cherries	Lug	20
''	0-7	Cherries	Campbell lug	16
17	8	Avocados	Lug	13
17	10	Grapes, American type	4-guart climax	'
"		Grapes, American type	basket	6
		İ	12-quart basket	20
17	11a	Grapes, European type-raisin varieties (1 lb. dried = 4 3/10 lb. fresh)	72 44411 200101	
17	11b	Grapes, European type-table varieties	Lug	28
17	110	Grapes, European type-table varieties	4-basket crate	20
17	12-13	Plums and prunes:	4-Dasket Clate .	20
"]	12-13	California	4-basket crate .	30
		Other	½-bushel basket	28
17	13	Prunes	/2-Dusiver basket	
"	13	(California: 1 lb. dried = 2 7/10 lb. fresh)		
		(Other: 1 lb. dried = 3 to 4 lb. fresh)		
17	14	Apricots	Lug	
		1	(Brentwood) .	24
			4-basket crate .	26
17	15	Olives	Lug	28
17	16	Figs, fresh	Box, single-	_
			layer	6
17	16	Figs		
		(California: 1 lb. dried = 3 lb. fresh)		

Sec-	l	<u> </u>		I
tion No.	item No.	Сгор	Unit	Pounds
18	1	Valencia oranges:		
16	'	California and Arizona	Field box	55
		Florida and Texas	Field box	90
18	2	Navel oranges	Field box	52
18	1 3	Temple oranges	Field box	
18	3	Other oranges:	FIEIG DOX	50
10	7	California and Arizona	Field box	52
		Florida, Texas, and Louisiana	Field box	90
18	5		T IEIG DOX	30
	ا ا	California and Arizona	Field box	75
	•	Florida	Field box	90
		Texas	Field box	100
18	6	Tangelos		90
18	7	Grapefruit:	I IEIG DOX	30
10	,	California, desert valleys	Field box	50
		Other California	Field box	52
		Florida and Texas		80
18	8		I leid box	"
		California and Arizona	Field box	52
		Florida and Texas		90
18	9	Limes	Bushel	55
	_			**
19	1	Walnuts	Bushel	50
	-			
20	1	Strawberries	Quart	11/2
20	2-3	Raspberries	Quart	11/2
20	4	Cranberries	14-barrel box	25
20	5	Other berries	Quart	1%

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Acres in this place	Land not operated on December 31, 1969	4
Artificial drainage	Land owned 5	5
Avocados	Land rented or leased from others	5
Black walnuts	Land rented or leased to others	5
	Land worked on shares	-
Cattle and calves		7
Cattle and calves fattened for slaughter		4
Cents not required	Lime	
Changes in operation of land	Livestock-cattle, hogs, sheep, other livestock14, 15, 17, 18	-
Chemicals	Livestock or crops under contract	
Citrus fruit and trees	Location of agricultural activity	6
Commercial feeds	Machinery and equipment	6
Commercial fertilizer	Market value of agricultural products sold	-
Contracts or agreements	Melons	-
Cropland harvested	Milk cows	
Crop failure	Miscellaneous crops	
Crops harvested 8-14	Mushrooms	4
Crops in orchards		
Crops, miscellaneous	Noncitrus fruit and fruit trees	
Crops not listed on the report form	Nursery products	-
Crops or livestock under contract	Nuts and trees	•
Cultivated summer fallow 7	1700 010 1100 1111111111111111111111111	
Dairy cattle and calves	Olives	
Dairy products	Orchards	
Drainage, artificial	Other crops	
Equipment and machinery	Ownership of land	5
Expenses paid by others	Pastureland	7
Expenses, production	Pecans	3
Extra report forms	Pesticides	
Fallow land	Pigs	
Feed	Poultry	8
Field seeds	Production expenses	
Fertilizer	Pullets	8
Forest products	Reporting unit for quantity hervested	1
Fruit and trees		
Fungicides	Sheep	
General information		
Goats		7
Government farm programs	Sweet corn	
Grapes	Swine	
Grazing permit land 6		•
May and silven from some band	"This Place"	5
Hay and silage from same land	Township, district, etc	6
Herbicides	Trees and forest products	
Hired workers	Turkeys	7
Hogs and pigs	Two or more crops from same land	0
How to mark your answers	Value of land and buildings	4
How to use this leaflet		6
	Value of products harvested by others	-
Income, farm related	Value of products sold	
Insecticides	Vegetables	
Irrigation		
7,0	Water used in irrigation	6