APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct

enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger. more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company. Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural

establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and

Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville. Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products

such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the reguired information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities
Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks
Futures market
Contracts
Payroll and employment
Injuries and illnesses
Farm credit
Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

Cullman, Alabama—revised broilers sold and related data.

Inyo, California—revised land in farms and related data.

Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii—revised number of fattened cattle and related data.

Spencer, Indiana—revised cattle and calves inventory.

Harford, Maryland—revised acreage of total cropland.

Marshall, Minnesota—revised acreage of land in farms.

Dodge, Nebraska—revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Rusk, Texas—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture,

Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for non-agricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only

of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves farms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income—In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported. State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available. Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the month-to-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool—For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products—For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus

groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract labor workers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude

debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity—Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources—An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Black-operated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups.

Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were in-

cluded in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm—A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for

partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation—Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type—Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.
Fuel storage capacity.
Grain storage capacity.
Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by— Standard industrial classification Debt status.

Race or origin.

Age of farm operator.

Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 85 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 95 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

İtem	Percent of total
Number of farms	13.2
Land in farms	7.7
Value of products sold	3.2
Harvested cropland	4.2
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	10.6
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	1.6
Hogs and pigs	6.4
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources—the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment—were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that

would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given.

As calculated for this report, the

standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi	,	Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of liv	
County		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	error
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)
Arkansas,										
total	14 641 677	.1	6 134 552	.2	6 639 182	.1	1 023 003	.1	847 135	.1
Arkansas	429 558	.2	223 780	.2	321 666	.2	84 286	.2	1 264	1.4
Ashley	160 126	1.0	66 252	1.1	103 936	.7	20 836	.7	1 057	2.6
Baxter	87 37 1	1.8	30 721	2.2	5 698	2.5	102	3.4	3 584	1.8
Benton	281 845	.7	185 737	.6	48 23 2	.8	2 101	1.2	82 627	.3
Boone	24 1 618	1.0	80 100	1.1	16 377	1.4	280	5.2	7 358	.7
Bradley	45 509	5.3	18 078	2.4	4 861	1.9	1 718	1.8	7 664	.7
Calhoun	29 684	2.9	10 451	2.9	3 105	4.8	97	5.7	1 399	1.4
Carroll	223 360	1.0	80 170	1.1	21 301	1.5	299	3.0	24 472	.8
Chicot	277 844	.5	133 662	.4	214 882	.4	37 189	.3	2 102	1.7
Clark	129 374	2.0	38 478	1.7	35 269	1.5	3 479	1.9	2 727	1.6
Clay	305 898	.7	135 815	.7	226 344	.6	30 781	.6	3 178	.8
Cleburne	129 309	2.9	44 808	2.7	13 884	3.1	477	6.9	16 705	.8
Cleveland	56 590	1.4	16 979	1.2	5 039	4.5	337	11.2	4 879	8.
Columbia	91 030	1.8	29 151	1.5	8 206	2.8	251	3.1	8 471	1.1
Conway	175 804	1.1	60 986	1.0	47 176	1.5	4 622	1.7	12 960	1.0
Craighead	355 385	.6	203 122	2.9	290 124	.5	46 701	.5	2 376	.8
Crawford	133 864	1.5	72 432	1.7	37 876	2.2	5 688	2.0	13 060	1.2
Crittenden	350 704	.6	172 811	.5	300 664	.5	44 366	.4	610	3.2
Cross	338 073	.7	161 565	.7	262 628	.6	51 013	.4	857	1.4
Dallas	39 946	4.7	13 062	5.9	5 567	2.9	299	4.4	1 224	2.8
Desha	284 046	.5	117 733	.6	212 184	.6	36 745	.5	1 070	1.7
Drew	160 844	1.0	59 612	1.5	68 300	1.0	10 289	1.0	1 788	2.0
Faulkner	226 914 171 413	.8	80 570	1.0	42 654	2.0	2 526	3.8	9 128	.8
Franklin Fulton	211 889	2.2 1.3	49 462	1.8	28 647 9 934	1.9	1 596	1.5	16 018	.9
Garland	45 332	2.1	46 780 27 213	1.6 2.0	3 296	1.6 3.6	148 59	.7 3.9	4 488 7 360	1.4 1.2
Grant	41 248	2.9	19 329	4.2	6 685	3.8	216	3.9 4.4	2 260	4.3
Greene	249 310	.9	106 198	.9	174 702	.9	21 742	.9	1 922	2.1
Hempstead	180 650	1.1	70 737	1.3	35 784	1.9	2 379	3.3	46 448	.3
Hot Spring	68 058	1.7	26 608	1.6	9 153	1.6	509	1.4	6 667	1.1
Howard	98 244	1.5	39 798	1.1	13 995	1.6	646	2.0	27 090	.6
Independence .	288 717	1.0	94 248	1.2	79 243	1.1	9 069	1.3	20 610	.5
Izard	177 983	1.4	42 613	1.2	8 248	2.9	268	8.5	6 284	2.0
Jackson	351 202	.7	151 994	.7	273 760	.6	41 285	.6	3 271	.4
Jefferson	297 293	.7	136 402	.8	185 207	.7	38 027	.5	4 026	1.0
Johnson	115 145	2.2	38 356	2.8	21 920	2.8	1 637	4.3	9 563	1.1
Lafayette	120 631	1.8	42 057	1.6	36 657	1.5	4 970	1.5	5 708	1.5
Lawrence	275 659	.8	96 983	.9	154 908	.7	20 695	.6	2 666	2.9
Lee	289 520	.5	114 921	.5	220 187	.6	34 077	.5	953	1.5
Lincoln	221 012	.7	101 950	.9	125 729	.7	22 401	.6	4 9 7 6	.2
Little River	160 583	1.4	50 880	1.7	41 062	1.4	3 663	1.3	3 675	2.0
Logan	196 986	1.2	71 843	1.3	31 815	1.5	1 817	3.1	17 639	.8
Lonoke	423 124	.7	232 109	.6	260 439	3	57 120	.3		.7

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974—Con.

	Cattle and c		Chickens 3 m and older c	,	Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay har	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Arkansas,										
total	1 959 725	.2	19 160 812	.3	238 505	.6	29 183	2.2	717 557	.3
Arkansas	10 820	1.0	1 226	5.2	2 738	1.7	257	.0	1 932	1.6
Ashley	12 229	2.0	751	7.7	309	8.0	363	3.5	2 436	3.2
Baxter	16 904	1.9	2 158	4.8	1 567	6.1	449	2.5	4 774	2.7
Benton	110 294	.7	1 282 007	1.4	17 773	1.6	621	6.2	37 609	.8
Boone	53 854	.8	15 318	22.5	5 615	3.3	250	1.7	15 171	1.2
Bradley	8 320	2.1	322 650	.0	(D)	(D)	395	5.5	3 247	2.8
Calhoun	7 057	4.0	69 379	.1	408	13.6	509	6.0	2 325	5.7
Carroll	59 132	1.0	327 174	2.2	5 393	9.0	340	16.7	19 474	1.6
Chicot	18 934	2.3	2 935	2.1	1 040	17.1	399	3.5	5 765	2.7
Clark	25 104	2.0	70 223	.2	1 185	2.2	434	4.8	8 064	1.7
Clay	16 860	1.1	90 517	.1	8 154	3.0	2 627	3.0	4 539	2.0
Cleburne	28 707	3.5	187 138	.1	1 030	4.6	595	10.8	11 031	2.2
Cleveland	9 498	1.9	1 03 7	7.6	396	13.1	184	18.3	3 564	2.9
Columbia	21 169	1.6	214 035	.0	615	4.0	316	8.1	7 023	2.6
Conway	34 532	1.3	66 300	23.1	2 928	5.9	625	11.7	18 637	2.3
Craighead	11 271	2.3	136 816	.1	4 658	1.7	667	3.4	3 614	2.9
Crawford Crittenden	30 171 3 889	1.6 3.7	73 453 1 119	12.3 8.8	3 577 524	2.9 1.7	207 356	6.1 10.0	11 860 4 516	3.6 .4
Cross	12 724	2.8	859	2.9	1 879	3.1	1 709	11.1	2 173	3.3
Dailas	6 725	4.9	63 758	1.7	390	(¹)	104	17.8	2 373	6.6
Desha	10 687	1.5	983	6.8	660	8.4	382	1.9	2 298	3.6
Drew	18 734	2.0	4 472	10.7	1 663	6.3	207	7.7	6 783	2.4
Faulkner	54 960	.9	115 401	.1	1 331	5.3	622	7.3	23 542	1.6
Franklin	37 849	1.9	27 052	.5	814	3.3	159	6.5	21 617	2.5
Fulton	35 711	1.1	4 883	3.3	7 461	1.8	380	1.8	8 776	1.8
Garland	11 964	2.3	310 789	7.3	757	1.9	65	11.5	31 703	3.7
Grant	12 038	3.3	110 181	7.4	1 435	18.3	393	3.9	5 383	3.4
Greene	13 683	1.7	3 535	2.7	5 013	3.4	1 519	3.8	4 642	1.8
Hempstead	47 606	1.3	3 375 775	.3	1 499	2.7	196	11.6	19 913	2.2
Hot Spring	17 009	1.9	340 479	2.0	657	4.5	138	17.2	5 458	2.8
Howard	29 733	1.5	170 040	2.4	562	3.5	63	7.1	10 435	1.5
Independence .	47 602	1.2	992 967	2.2	6 638	.6	244	3.9	13 484	2.6
Izard	25 924	1.3	13 033	1.2	2 490	11.8	309	8.4	6 3 1 6	2.5
Jackson	15 247	2.0	89 212	.0	2 680	6.3	399	7.2	4 007	4.6
Jefferson	16 161	2.0	115 511	.1	(D)	(D)	162	.8	4 636	1.7
Johnson	23 665	2.1	59 078	12.3	1 674	9.2	81	22.2	14 560	2.9
Lafayette	27 922	1.2	548	9.6	2 138	.0	117	11.6	5 778	2.0
Lawrence	21 558	1.7	2 623	4.2	5 640	2.7	494	2.8	7 229	3.1
Lee	13 793	1.2	3 242	6.1	1 093	5.1	719	3.9	5 211	1.4
Lincoln	16 524	1.2	55 633	.2	2 002	2.8	895	.5	4 403	3.0
Little River	31 749	2.3	614	10.3	271	19.6	326	20.5	8 704	1.6
Logan	47 723	1.0	70 286	.2	694	8.6	288	8.7	23 951	1.5
Lonoke	36 250	.9	428 856	.0 \	3 335	2.6	261	9.0	13 644	1.8

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested o	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of liv	
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error
	70163	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Actes	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)
Madison	220 716	1.0	70 993	1.1	22 266	1.3	374	2.8	31 309	.6
Marion	132 756	1.4	37 786	2.2	7 617	3.6	144	12.1	2 594	1.7
Miller	178 423	.8	63 706	.5	58 826	.7	6 033	.5	7 858	.3
Mississippi	508 299	.3	290 516	.3	448 390	.3	61 734	.3	1 029	.6
Monroe	225 904	.8	88 731	.9	160 382	.9	27 351	.5	433	.9
Montgomery	73 524	1.6	28 062	2.0	8 259	2.4	203	3.2	8 375	1.2
Nevada	105 520	3.0	38 395	3.3	14 282	3.4	892	6.9	11 908	.6
Newton	98 638	3.0	29 393	3.4	5 692	2.1	61	10.9	2 048	1.2
Ouachita	55 645	3.0	19 162	2.1	7 711	1.7	431	2.6	8 498	.8
Perry	76 833	1.6	30 592	1.5	19 077	2.8	1 873	3.1	5 018	1.5
Phillips	347 204	.5	177 571	.5	279 278	.4	40 835	.4	1 575	1.1
Pike	68 68 1	2.2	28 486	2.3	8 013	3.2	488	8.6	16 343	.8
Poinsett	390 534	.7	195 587	.7	329 503	.6	62 705	.4	687	3.6
Polk	104 647	.9	49 413	1.5	11 253	1.9	172	2.8	31 228	.5
Pope	181 938	1.7	67 747	1.5	33 380	2.4	2 149	4.2	32 899	.6
Prairie	310 252	.4	150 021	.7	232 096	.5	51 689	.3	2 538	1.4
Pulaski	138 601	.9	76 922	1.2	64 956	.8	9 142	.6	2 948	2.2
Randolph	231 606	.9	71 089	.8	80 929	.8	8 304	.8	5 033	.7
St. Francis	309 060	.7	134 533	.7	226 163	.6	36 761	.6	768	3.0
Saline	54 766	2.5	26 393	2.5	8 890	3.2	293	4.3	1 529	.9
Scott	121 036	3.3	39 860	3.1	16 408	2.2	198	6.5	9 269	1.4
Searcy	170 747	1.3	38 868	1.5	8 968	1.6	162	3.2	2 943	1.7
Sebastian	139 677	1.6	56 286	1.5	18 630	2.7	996	3.1	8 068	1.3
Sevier	118 108	1.1	46 095	1.0	11 817	1.3	541	.8	16 507	.8
Sharp	186 901	1.8	42 073	1.9	7 543	3.0	246	5.4	2 242	1.8
Stone	126 011	1.8	37 822	1.7	7 774	2.6	191	4.1	12 453	1.3
Union	39 807	3.0	15 659	2.9	3 940	2.4	122	1.1	7 927	.6
Van Buren	124 686	1.5	33 384	1.8	11 255	2.7	227	3.2	7 948	2.1
Washington	334 828	.8	194 895	1.0	50 725	1.6	1 953	3.1	126 040	.3
White	420 487	1.0	165 928	.9	171 858	.8 .	17 892	1.1	23 798	.6
Woodruff	293 457	.6	118 428	.7	241 664	.6	38 982	.5	990	1.0
Yell	213 690	1.7	73 602	1.9	44 293	4.2	3 051	4.3	37 291	.5

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and c		Chickens 3 m and older o		Hogs and farm	. •	Corn harve: purp	1	Hay hai	rvested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Madison	52 380	.9	539 430	.8	3 971	2.4	328	7.6	19 908	1.4
Marion	25 774	1.3	2 165	3.9	2 493	2.1	47	(¹)	7 103	3.7
Miller	35 331	1.2	37 857	.0	596	3.5	720	.4	12 538	1.6
Mississippi	6 449	1.3	5 200	1.4	2 181	1.7	331	4.2	3 387	.0
Monroe	3 173	3.7	683	4.1	702	.3	74	1.5	564	5.4
Montgomery	18 745	1.8	275 112	4.5	1 731	2.6	21	13.5	7 995	2.5
Nevada	27 887	3.5	491 223	.0	618	12.2	617	5.8	8 883	3.8
Newton	19 143	2.6	3 158	4.7	6 49 6	6.6	124	8.1	5 350	2.2
Ouachita	9 056	2.4	293 545	.0	421	1.8	236	13.0	4 683	2.7
Perry	16 869	1.4	39 753	.3	1 025	2.0	76	15.8	9 274	2.0
Phillips	16 603	1.3	1 815	6.3	1 555	6.2	412	3.2	2 426	2.3
Pike	19 918	2.0	627 952	1.8	532	3.3	185	3.5	5 017	3.0
Poinsett	6 427	3.2	2 195	7.2	843	11.4	501	3.6	1 167	3.1
Polk	30 415	1.0	134 367	.1	1 856	2.3	91	8.6	10 986	1.8
Pope	35 463	1.3	1 027 535	.9	10 607	1.3	356	12.3	17 330	1.7
Prairie	10 820	1.4	18 628	.6	521	8.8	192	.1	4 096	2.6
Pulaski	17 934	1.5	(D)	(D)	1 793	4.0	218	.6	6 629	2.8
Randolph	30 022	1.0	56 503	.2	18 174	.7	162	7.5	12 459	1.5
St. Francis	10 719	2.9	1 577	6.0	1 989	6.9	151	5.2	3 131	3.8
Saline	12 954	2.8	7 857	1.3	2 392	.6	180	21.3	7 955	5.3
Scott	28 757	1.3	309 522	2.5	1 711	5.0	279	16.3	15 514	2.1
Searcy	29 579	1.1	2 23 1	3.1	3 352	4.7	183	6.2	8 233	1.8
Sebastian	31 291	1.6	116 488	.1	448	7.5	79	8.1	15 136	3.1
Sevier	35 824	1.1	48 424	.2	278	8.6	179	16.8	10 426	1.4
Sharp	23 905	1.7	2 352	4.9	6 307	10.0	657	12.8	5 723	2.1
Stone	22 555	1.9	2 097	5.1	2 140	4.8	146	(1)	7 117	2.7
Union	10 600	2.9	47 928	.3	1 037	4.2	111	8.5	3 505	2.7
Van Buren	23 416	1.7	2 472	8.6	1 381	5.4	195	21.0	10 226	2.8
Washington	113 552	.9	2 995 548	.5	14 686	.8	1 072	(¹)	42 43 1	1.1
White	62 267	1.5	1 641 172	.5	5 77 1	12.3	813	6.7	28 828	2.5
Woodruff	7 864	2.0	45 008	.0	1 770	.6	347	.5	2 272	9.4
Yell	51 747	1.2	1 126 531	1.1	5 310	7.0	274	7.6	23 198	2.8

¹Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

	ſ		Specified exclud	ed agricultural	operations, 197	4	Farm	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 19	69
	-				nd age of operat					
Farm or Farms in the dota line captions below means agriculturo operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)			Occupatio		Occupation	other than				
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Closs 6	Part time	Pari retirement
Forms and Land in Forms										
Forms	number	3 092	545	349	1 848	350	15 088	3 263	8 386	3 439
Land in forms	percent	100.0 174 149	17.6 48 628	11.3 19 197	59.8 89 139	11.3 17 185	100.0 1 342 215	21.6 296 413	55.6 751 016	22.8 294 786
Average size of farm	acres	56	48 028 89	55	48	49	89	91	90	86
Value of land and buildings		93 538	21 541	9 278	53 772	8 947	280 784	62 439	161 140 19 215	57 205 16 634
Average per farmAverage per acre		30 252 537	39 525 443	26 584 483	29 097 603	25 562 521	18 610 209	19 135 211	215	194
Farms by value of form: \$1 to \$9,999		723	141	82	398	102	5 333	1 239	2 761	1 333
\$10,000 to \$19,999		778	121	94	470	93	4 869	963	2 745 2 085	1 161 713
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999		884 453	128 85	110 39	548 295	98 34	3 531 983	733 230	583	170
\$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over		121 133	24 46	11	74 63	12	209 163	48 50	123 89	38 24
Owned and rented lands by form operators:		,,,,	40						-	
Land owned		2 968	521	342	1 772	333	14 172	3 013 301 749	7 837 715 737	3 322 319 642
Land rented or leased from athers		198 908 251	58 742 49	21 513 21	99 052 161	19 601	1 337 128 2 147	498	1 342	307
Land rented ar leosed to others	acres farms	15 624 448	7 162 140	1 555 t	6 289 214	618 45	155 127 1 744	35 649 428	103 253 830	16 225 486
	acres	40 383	17 276	3 871	16 202	3 034	150 040	40 985	67 974	41 081
Land in Farms According to Use	1									
Tatal cropland	forms	2 084	356	224	1 235	269	12 775	2 759	6 993	3 023
	acres	40 152	8 837	5 559	21 087	4 669	602 747	127 149	334 007 3 376	141 591 1 710
Harvested cropland	ocres	672 3 135	122 480	95 473	359 1 743	96 439	6 654 85 151	1 568 19 744	43 820	21 587
Farms by acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres]	554	109	73	291	81	2 971	723	1 481	767
10 to 19 acres		118	13	22	68	15	2 244	509	1 154	581
20 to 29 ocres		-	_	- 1	_	-{	836 505	184 134	439 244	213 127
50 to 99 acres 100 acres and over			_		_	-	97 1	17 1	58	22
Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	1	1 429	220	132	888	189	9 376	1 823	5 349	2 204
	acres	25 212	4 205 81	2 444	15 259	3 304	443 134	89 456	254 101	99 577
Other crapland (see text)	acres	325 11 80 5	4 152	2 642	155 4 085	38 926	2 448 74 462	538 17 949	1 210 36 086	700 20 427
Woodland, including woodland pasture		1 425	271	141	856	157	8 530	1 774	4 872	1 884
Other land (see text)	acres farms	73 645 2 184	18 847 404	6 483 262	39 447 1 308	8 868 210	470 415 9 354	102 032 2 039	271 479 5 119	96 904 2 196
Irrigated land	acres	60 352 41	20 944	7 155	28 605 21	3 648	269 053 260	67 232 72	145 530 127	56 291
migured tollo-	acres	126	16	47	60	3	3 859	1 347	1 860	61 652
Race and Tenure of Operator										
All farm operators:]					{				
Full owners		2 845 115	496	328	1 690	331	12 998	2 777	7 076	3 145
Part awners Tenants		132	24 25	10 11	79 79	17	1 128 962	225 261	746 564	157 137
White form operators: Full owners		2 577	439	281	1 573	284	11 863	2 449	6 710	2 704
Port owners		96 112	15 20	8 8	73	- 8	968	190	661	117
Black and other races (see text):					76		729	175	479	/5
Full owners Part owners		268 19	57 9	47 2	117	47	1 135 160	328 35	366 85	441 40
Tenants		20	5	3	3	9	233	86	B 5	62
Form Operator Characteristics	ŀ									
Form operators by age group:	ŀ									
Under 25 years 25 to 34 years		82 (360)	10 35	-	72 325	-	207 1 413	61 194	146 1 219	_
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years		537 673	83 173	-	454 500	-	2 623 3 507	466	2 157	_
55 to 64 years		741	244	-	497		3 899	927 1 6 15	2 580 2 284	_
65 years and overAverage age		699 52.0	50.9	349 71.3	45.2	350 70.6	3 439 53.1	51.7	46.2	3 439 71.3
Form operators by place of residence:	•						=	J	70.2	, 1.3
On form operatedOn another form		1 389 93	144 57	146	901 26	198	9 541	1 949	5 192	2 400
In a rural area not an a farm In a city, town, ar urban area		76 247	9 24	13	53 181	12	2 895	643	1 833	419
Form operators reporting days of work off farm		2 768	383	243	1 802	340	ل د			
None		787	234	204	169	180	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Any		1 981 157	149 32	39 B	1 633	160 29	10 891 1 098	1 142 650	8 386	1 363
50 to 99 dáys 100 to 149 days		116 117	27 37	18 10	55 52	16	708	492	-	448 216
150 to 199 days		157	15	2	131	18	1 781	-	1 560	221
200 days and over		1 434	38	1	1 307	88	7 304	~	6 826	478
Form operators by principal occupation:					1	1				

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sale proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

		Specified exclude	ed agricultural (perations, 1974		Fo	rms with sales u	nder \$1,000, 196	9
		Ву	occupation an	d age of operato	r				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupatio	n farming	Occupation form					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹ — Continued									
Farm operators by off-farm income:]
Reporting any Off-farm incame equal to or greater than volue of form	_	336	199	955	185	(NA)		(NA)	(NA)
products sold	1 106	316 20 209	177 22	897 58 893	179 6	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Forms by Size	1 417	209	150	893	165	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1 to 9 acres	565	88	79	348	50	1 014	291	468	255
10 to 49 acres 50 to 69 acres	237	255 44	161 32	1 002 134	210 27	5 560 1 603	322	3 103 902	1 237 379
70 to 99 acres	[143	34 38	26 14	155 77	28 14	2 436 1 700	353	1 410 972	565 375
140 to 179 acres	[53	23 17	8 9	56 23	10 4	1 084 610	115	582 356	275 139
220 to 259 acres	63	20	8 12	11 28	1	330 599	153	198 3 <u>1</u> 7	61 129
500 acres and over Value of Products Sold	37	20	-	14	3	152	50	78	24
Market value of all agricultural products sold (see text)\$1,00	651	1115	73	393	70	6 268		3 521	1 401
Average per form dollar Forms by value of agricultural products sold:	ì	211	210	213	201	415		420	407
Under \$250 \$250 to \$499 \$500 to \$999	489	80	221 66 62	1 192 293 363	237 50 63	5 208 3 411 6 469	708	2 804 1 921 3 661	1 228 782 1 429
Crops and hoy soldform	446	91	66	220	69	7- 3 958	1 024	1 848	1 086
\$1,000 Nursery ond greenhouse products	1 7	2	28 2 1	92	23	1 631	464	746	421
Forest products\$1,00	57	13	2	39	- 3 1	452		266 36	112
Livestock and livestock productsfarm \$1,00	1 140	175	107 41	741 290	117 45	7 9 129	1 720	5 422 2 738	1 987 968
Poultry and poultry productsform \$1,00			24 3	60 5	14 2	֡֡֝֞֜֞֜֡֡֡֡֝֞֜֜֡֡֡			
Production Expenses		i							
Total farm production expensesfarm \$1,00	2 881 2 141		298 191	1 779 1 369	342 215	15 084 14 432		8 386 8 601	3 439 2 651
Forms with expenditures of — \$1 to \$499	1 135		139	646	152	5 546		2 666	1 582
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,999	490		109 44	733 315	134 55	4 486 - 5 052		2 580 3 140	1 006 851
\$2,000 and over		1	6	85	1	1 -			}
Livestock and poultry purchasedfarm \$1,00	278	35	82 18	676 203	101 22	4 899 2 186	466	3 086 1 418	880) 302
Feed for livestack and poultry	650	92	220 55 166	1 507 434 971	276 69 188	10 302 3 230 (NA)	608	6 125 2 023 (NA)	2 211 599 (NA)
Commercially mixed formula feeds	2 202		240 29	1 348 178	249 34	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarm \$1,00	745 34	112	60	473 21	100	4 760 293		2 570 158	1 119
Commercial fertilizerfarm	881	128	91	552 45	110	7 249 837	1 609	3 925 479	1 715
Other agricultural chemicals (see text)form \$1,00	225	49	19	132 8	25 1	4 230 271	924	2 481 157	825
Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil for the farm business _ farm \$1,00	2 634	430	274 41	1 618 212	312 41	13 766 1 880	2 984	7 723 1 022	3 059 411
Hired farm laborfarm \$1,00	234 62	47 17	19	142 31	26 5	3 939 860	224	2 170 461	848 175
Contract loborfarm \$1,00	6	. 1	6 (Z)	32 4	7	- 4 231 705		2 542 420	876 131
Machine hire and customworkfarm \$1,00	32	2	35 6	161 19	41 5	0.056	1 016	5 10/	, , , ,
Other praduction expensesform \$1,00	2 065 633		198 53	1 278 393	249 59	9 055 4 170		5 196 2 463	1 944 752
Farm-Related Income and Expenses									
Farm-related incomefarm \$1,00	279	89 89	43 41	185 132	30 18	(NA) (NA) 572	(NA)	(NA) (NA) 301	(NA) (NA)
Customwork and other agricultural servicesfarm \$1,000	78	23 35	13 7 -	59 35 4	1 2	572 516 84		301 288 31	118 85 24
Recreational servicesfarm \$1,000 Government farm programsfarm.	25	(Z) 10	- - 0	24 52	1 5	93 2 854	60	23 1 427	11 772
\$1,000 Rent of farmland or from lease or sale of allotmentsfarm		5 64	2 23	19 89	22	932 (NA)	273 (NA)	418 (NA)	241 (NA)
\$1,000 Other form-reloted sourcesfarm:	145 16	47 6	32 -	51 10	15	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
\$1,000 Expenses for form-related income sources	4 99	2 26	11	2 51	11	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
\$1,000	78	23	5	43	61	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

¹¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	ſ		Specified exclude	ed agricultural	operations, 1974		Farm	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 196	9
	T I		By	occupation an	d age of operato	ır				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)	by		Occupation		Occupation form	other thon				
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobiles		2 025	309	194	1 265	257	7 801	1 605	4 605	1 591 1 827
Motortrucks, including pickups	number	2 292 2 266	340 338	229 225	1 451 1 440	272 } 263	9 138 10 369	1 872 2 204	5 439 5 965	2 200
	number	2 383 1 968	368 320	236 193	1 507 1 232	272 223	11 355 9 023	2 465 1 893	6 569 5 313	2 321 1 817
	number	2 097 1 957	363 316	205 191	1 297 1 230	232 220	10 350 (NA)	2 224 (NA)	6 033 (NA)	2 093 (NA)
	number	2 072	356	203	1 284	229	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
	number	25	7	2 3	13	3	(NA) 155	(NA) 56	(NA) 77	(NA) 22
Grain and bean combines, self-propelled Cornpickers, carn heads, and picker-shellers	number	20 21 5	12 13	3	3 3 4	2	178 56	66 10	83 33	29
	number	5	į	-	4	-	68 (NA)	14 (NA)	41 (NA)	13 (NA)
	number	i	i	-	-	-((NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Other cornpickers and picker-shellers	number	4	- -	-	4	=	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	number	52 67	3 3	8 19	34 37	7 8	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
	number	34 36	12 12	4	14 14	4 4	579 587	130 131	368 373	81 83
Windrowers, pull and self-propelled	forms number	19	3	2 2	10 10	4	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	_forms number	11 13	-	-	6 7	5	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment	farms \$1,000	2 751 17 706	421 3 150	277 1 810	1 721 10 630	332 2 115	13 701 35 527	2 954 8 250	7 682 20 487	3 065 6 790
Farms by value of machinery and equipment: \$1 to \$999	1	113	14	10	74	15	3 186	771	1 433	982
\$1,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999		863 1 501	106 238	82 I	576 923	99 187	8 957 1 160	1 787 281	5 350 684	1 820 195
\$10,000 to \$19,999		246	51	29	137	29	295	80	163	52
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999	[19	5 4	3	9 2	2	103	35	52	16
\$50,000 and over		3	3	-	-	-1	J			
Livestock and Poultry	ì									
Livestack and poultry inventory: Cattle and calves	forms	1 284	157	132	847	148	9 969	1 900	5 849	2 220
	number	6 509 833	843 122	610 78	4 324 545	732 88	126 879 7 302	23 617 1 390	78 044 4 328	25 218 1 584
	number	3 095 638	444 89	283 54	2 054 426	314 69	53 740 6 337	10 298 1 176	33 400 3 879	10 042
	number	2 597	375	226	1 738	258	50 024	9 400	31 684	8 940
Milk cows	number	306 498	43 69	32 57	194 316	37 56	1 982 3 716	406 898	1 022 1 716	554 1 102
Hogs and pigs	farms number	265	61 240	29 119	158	17	1 908	403	1 109	396
Litters of pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding		1 034			620	55	13 031	3 054	7 560	2 417
	number	145 329	29 58	18 (40)	91 219	12	944 2 605	203 612	557 1 599	184 394
	number	16 159	30		13 119	10	60 1 016	7 158	35 658	18 200
Horses and ponies	forms number	576 1 639	68 212	31 79	422 1 237	55 111	3 473 8 569	598 1 493	2 229 5 838	646 1 238
Chickens 3 months ald ar older	farms number	506 9 735	72 1 198	74 2 030	295 5 392	65 1 115	3 072	666	1 503	903
Hens and pullets of laying age	farms	478	65	70	280	63	70 756 2 835	14 751 618	35 579 1 375	20 426 842
Broilers and other meat-type chickens		8 415 61	1 081	1 700 14	4 667 30	967	58 910 128	13 093 28	28 003 67	17 814 33
Other livestock and paultry	number farms	552 329	48 49	101 34	275 208	128 38	6 358 1 436	2 573 323	3 346 778	439 335
Livestock and poultry sold:		3,,	0.			_				
	number	710 2 293	91 322	77 241	467 1 506	75 224	8 160 38 668	1 499 7 210	4 859 23 089	1 802 8 369
	number	195 2 299	54 519	14 186	114 1 401	13 193	1 002 13 936	220 3 240	611 8 668	171 2 028
	number	1 273	17 263	8 87	58 879	3 44	483 8 592	108 2 338	297 5 086	78 1 168
	number	5 64	1 30	-	4 34	-	45 574	8 148	29 348	8 78
	number	94 241	10 17	5 11	74 202	5 11	289 523	44 77	211 370	34 76
	number	32 823	3 65	7 186	17 512	5 60	113 8 293	27 1 239	62 5 852	1 202
	number	30 695	2 23	7 186	16 426	5 60	96 5 955	27 1 239	47 3 554	1 162
	number	1 076	3 176	1 75	3 805	1 20	13 669	102	10 517	50
Other livestock and poultry		122	18	15	77	12	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Crops Harvested										
Field corn for all purposes	ocres	44 79	8 12	9 17	21 38	6	948 4 908	248 1 266	410 2 184	290
for grain ar seed		41 74	8 12	9 17	18 33	6	911	234	394	1 458 283
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fadder, or hagged	bushels	1 733	370	133	998	232	4 638 94 559	1 168 23 741	2 041 41 893	1 429 28 925
or grazed	_farms acres	3 5	-	-	3 5	-	50 270	24 98	17 143	9 29

Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974 Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969 By accupation and age of aperator Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition) Occupation other than Occupation farming Less than 65 years old 65 years old and over Less thon 65 years old Port Total Total Class 6 Part time retirement Crops Harvested -- Continued 214 1 554 72 665 18 580 65 498 19 207 7 031 Sorghums for all purposes, except sirup_____ 98 749 32 291 7 410 51 307 21 167 4 139 6 23 16 4 16 600 acres_ __farms_ Far grain or seed_____ 16 600 Cut far silage, green chap, dry forage or hay, or hagged 68 458 31 140 46 291 acres_ 889 20 221 6 133 17 74 22 82 1 072 23 191 3 834 Wheat for grain forms. 11 47 9 29 315 3 27 74 301 363 7 345 52 363 605 8 146 109 280 775 17 312 111 92 665 bushels 3 834 42 268 391 4 790 60 831 Other small grains for grain_____ 10 73 117 forms acres. _forms. 705 1 338 17 251 342 4 315 52 283 26 acres bushels 7 848 1 393 656 5 446 353 222 394 Hay and grass silage, excluding sarghum hay (see text) 2 081 27 585 34 824 (NA) (NA) 727 9 507 10 932 (NA) (NA) 295 35 52 3 774 farms. 42 166 295 098 872 75 183 130 12 592 14 285 (NA) (NA) 227 288 20 41 338 431 19 47 33 49 684 60 041 (NA) (NA) (NA) 125 187 346 492 farms. 29 82 52 6 7 13 13 ocres. (NA) 25 37 16 370 (NA) 28 36 20 281 32 72 77 41 911 __forms_ acres_ 7 000 11 726 550 4 176 78 562 pounds_ 2 (Z) 256 165 102 (NA) __ forms (Z) 80 312 146 (NA) acres_ paviids_ _forms_ 336 669 392 (NA) 5 1 62 4 1 80 192 144 (NA) Irish potataes _____ 36 3 (Z) 24 6 385 19 7 601 234 9 2 318 hundredweight_ ____forms_ acres_ bushels_ acres Sweetpatataes _____ (Z) 31 17 11 2 (Z) 5 3 2 (Z) 158 9 2 2 (Z) 193 275 127 201 27 11 103 330 63 36 6 1 121 203 43 53 79 175 Vegetables, sweet carn, or melans far sale _____ _ forms_ 25 17 1 (Z) 18 7 3 (Z) 441 680 112 112 369 1 065 (NA) 708 42 48 187 559 Berries for sale 33 16 7 (Z) Lond in orchords 2 (Z) (NA) 136 10 1 807 (NA) 206 (NA) 366 All other crops Greenhouse products under glass or other protection _____forms 5 640 15 2 771 7 1 433 280 360 6 011

APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation—for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

to us in the envelope provided.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

(news Pharello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-**DENTIAL**. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also pro-vides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	re than one report form?		<u> </u>	ГТ		
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2	En nu	nter extra file mber(s) here				
Section 2 FARMING, RANCI	HING, OR OTHER AGRIC	CULTURAL A	CTIVITIES	S IN 19	174	<u> </u>
					YES	NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, p	produce, or sell ANY amount of	any of the items lis	ted below?		1 🔲	2 🔲
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots) Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	nurs • Fish • Fur-l in ca	enhouse and ery products in captivity bearing anim ptivity er animal spe	nals	V50	
Did you at any time in 1974 raise o contractors such as feed companies	r produce any agricultural produs, processors, or packers?	icts for			YES	NO 2 🔲
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, o					. 1 🗆	2 🔲
4. Did you own any land that was used	d by someone else for agricultur	ral purposes in 197	74?	. .	1 🗆	2 🔲
Did you own any livestock or poultr under a share agreement or custom					. 1 🗆	2 🔲
If you answered YES to ANY o	-		ver and mai	l it back	k	

_							V	-4	
Se	oction 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LA	ND VALUE		Nun	nber of	'	Your estima current mai of these aci	rket valu	
	Include all cropland, pastureland, r	angeland,			cres	1	the building		m
	woodland, wasteland, idle land, ho	ouse lots, etc.	None				Dollars		Cents
_	***			040		1		l	
1.	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • •		050		\$		 -	
2.	ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, incl shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis	; and land used i	rent free.			\$		1	
3.	All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including		,	060		1		- i-	
	shares by others and land subleased			222		\$		i_	
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" ① (Pleas (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTH others (item 3), and enter your answer in this s. ① "THIS PLACE" means your farm or ranch	RACT acres rente pace.)	ed to	070		11	nese are t "THIS for this ce	PLACE	E" ①
	greenhouses, and/or any other agriculture	·							
5.	If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item	2 above), pleas	e enter the following	owing in					
		dress	Number of				nents in 19 <i>that apply</i>	74	
	Name (No. and street, c	ity, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of liv		Cash as rent	Oth	
			081	1 🗆	2 🗆		3 🗆	 4[_
			082	1 _				ļ	
			000	1 🔲	2 🔲		3 🔲	4	<u></u>
			083	'ı 🗖	2 🔲	İ	3 🔲	4 []
	List additional landlords on back cover.							L	
6.	If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3	above), please	enter the follo	wina int	ormation	for e	each ren	ter	
	Name	····	and street, city, State				lo. of acres		
						085	5	\exists	
						086	 		15
						1086	,		10
			·····			087	,	1	
			<u> </u>						4
	List additional renters on back cover.						urrent		014
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (it acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (//			L	of acres		ket value	_	1
	leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	,	1 \$			
_	You may be able to skip most o		·						013
	PLEASE a. All the land you owned on the series of the ser	or rented was we							
	READ c. The land you operated p	rior to 1974 has	been sold to sor	neone el:	se.		·		
ı	If a, b, or c apply to your ope this report.	eration, please i	read the Instruc	tions be	fore cont	inuing	with		012
<u>_</u>	ction 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	URAL ACTIV	/ITY						H
	ction 4 / LOOA HOLL OF AGING OF L								
1.	In what county was the largest value of your	Principal	County name		State		No. of acres	<u>: </u>	011
	agricultural products raised or produced?	county]	0	91		
	(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties			ſ	0	92		
	If you have agricultural operations in					0	93	- 	0
	any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for	 			+	lo	94	┦—	010
	"Other counties.")				1			_ տ	
2.	Location of place within principal county entered above. (Give name	Name of location					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- NSN	USE
	of township, district, precinct, etc., or							2	١

READ AND ANSWER	
THIS QUESTION	-
THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS	
Section 5 Was any FIE	
Section 5 / was any Fig	LU

During 1974 did you produce any crops; cut any hay; have any nursery or greenhouse

☐ YES —	Go to Section 5 below
□ NO —	Skip to page 8 and
	COMPLETE Section 17

YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 6	.n								
NO — Go to Section 6	111	Report swee when you re			2 and popcori	n in Section	16		
		W.70,7,700.70		harvested	Quant	ity harvested		Acresia	rigated
Field corn for grain or seed of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight.	(Report quanti either bushe l ear corn or 56	ls or	101		1 OR-	Bushe shelled		2	
shelled corn = 1 bushel she					6	Hundr shelled	edweight I		
2. Field corn for silage or gree	n chon		102		1	Tons, green	weight	2	
3. Field corn cut for dry fodder include acres already report	, hogged or gr	azed (Do not	103			<u> </u>		2	
				Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Liq	uid or gas fe	rtilizer
				rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	W	nole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used of	n field corn .	· • • • • • • • •	109		1	/10	2		/10
(Include both gra ☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 7		Report sorgh	ion 16 v	lan crosses	for hay in Sec ach those sec	tion 10 and		Acres in	rigated
1. Sorghums (milo) for grain o harvested in either bushels			111	{ }	0R—	Bus		2	
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	n ahan		112		1	Ton	5,	2	
			113		1	Ton	n weight s.	2	
 Sorghums cut for dry forage Sorghums hogged or grazed acres already reported in ite 	d (Do not inclu	de	114			dry	weight	2	
					Dry ferti	lizer	Lio	uid or gas fe	rtilizer
				Acres rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths
5. Commercial fertilizer used of	n sorahums .		119		1	/10	2		/10
Section 7 Were any SO from this place YES — Complete this section	YBEANS, I ce in 1974?	PEANUTS,	DRY	BEANS, d	or DRY PE		sted		
NO — Go to Section 8	<u></u>	T			T	Commercia	I fertilize	used	
	Acres harvested	Quantit		Acres irrigated	Acres	Dr	/	Liquid c	or gas
_	·	ļ			fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole ton	s Tenths
1. Soybeans for beans 2	121	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Peanuts for nuts 3	122	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Dry field and seed beans	123	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Dry lima beans	124	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. Dry field and seed peas 4.	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
 □. Dry field and seed peas ∴ . 				2	3	+		L	

- 4 Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.
- (5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

				1	Commercia	al fertilize	r used	
	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat	131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat	132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat	133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat	134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat	135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Oats for grain	137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
7. Barley for grain	138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain	139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
9. Mixed grains	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed	141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat	142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet	143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either	144	1 100-lb. bags	2	3	4	•	5	
100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)		OR Bu. Barrels				/10		/10

Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR Section 9 SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

	YES	_	Complete	this section
--	-----	---	----------	--------------

4	$\overline{}$		_		A	_	_			
	11	MO	 (in	to	Section	n 1	0	nn	next	naae

Report tenths of					1				Commercial	fertilizer	used	
acres where		Acres harvested		Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated		Acres		Dry		Liquid or	gas
indicated.			!	Haivested		inigated		fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Cotton	151			1 Baies	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
2. Tobacco — all types	152	İ	/ ₁₀	1 Pounds	2	1/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153		/10	1 Hundred- weight	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	- i	/10	1 Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
5. Sugar beets for sugar	155	-	, 10	1 Tons	2	7,10	3		4	/10	5	/10
6. Sugar beets for seed	156			1 Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
7 . Sugarcane for sugar [©]	157			1 Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10
9. Sugarcane for seed	159				2		3		4	/10	5	/10

6 In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

from this place in 1974? (Include h	ay cut no	m pastures.)				vested
YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 11						
If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, report the acreage in the appropriate items under Part A	"haylage, A — Hay	″ or ″green ch and Part B —	op" from the s - Grass Silage	ame fields, below.		
■Part A DRY HAY			Quantity	harvested	T	
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)		Acres harvested	dry or gr as in	ort either een weight, dicated)	ırrıg	res ated
Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating		172	1	Tons, dry	. 2	
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for	hav	173	1	Tons. dry	, 2	
•		174	1	Tons	2	
3. Small grain hay		175	1	dry Tons	. 2	
4. Lespedeza for hay		176		dry Tons,	12	
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay		•		dry		
6. Wild hay		. 177	1	Tons. dry	2	
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc		178	1	Tons dry	2	
■Part B GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AND GREEN	І СНОР					
(If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" were made from the same acres, report ac only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)	res					
8. Grass silage and haylage		181	1	Tons.		
		182	1	greer Tons,		
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)	• • • • •	· 🗀	<u>L</u>	green		
		Acres	Dry fertili	zer	iquid or gas	fertilizer
		fertilized	Whole tons		Whole tons	Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above ,	189		1	10 2		/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, le	gume,	clover, etc.	harvested	from this	placein	1974
YES — Complete this section					,	·
NO — Go to Section 12		Acres harvésted	Quantity h (Report in clean	pounds,	irrig	res ated
1. Red clover seed		91	1	Pound	2 s	
2. Alfalfa seed	19	92	1	Pound	2	
3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. from list below	w.£					
Crop name No.			1	Pound	2	
			1	Pound	2	
Crop name No		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		r Odija:	-1	
Crop name No. Crop name Austrian winter peas 193 Ryegrass seed Birdsfoot trefoil seed 194	Perennia	206		seed		
Fescue seed: Alta 195 Sudan grass se	eed			rseed seed		
Chewings . 196 Timothy			White clover	seed		221
Chewings. 196 Timothy KY 31, 197 Wheatgrass se					 	223
Chewings. 196 Timothy	grass seed:					224
Chewings 196 KY 31 197 Wheatgrass se Red 198 Other 199 Bahia grass seed 201 Bentgrass seed 202 Other	grass seed:	212	Vetch seed, and All other see	other than hai ds — millet (f	ry oxtail),	
Chewings 196 Timothy	grass seed:	212 213 214	Vetch seed, All other see bluestem, ca	other than hai	ry oxtail),	
Chewings 196 KY 31 197 Red 198 Other 199 Bahia grass seed 201 Bentgrass seed 202 Bromegrass seed 203 Orchardgrass seed 204 Chewings 196 Wheatgrass se Merion	grass seed:	212 213 214 215	Vetch seed, All other see bluestem, ca	other than hai ds — millet (f narygrass, etc on line in iten	ry oxtail),	225
Chewings 196 KY 31 197 Wheatgrass se Red 198 Other 199 Bahia grass seed 201 Bentgrass seed 202 Bromegrass seed 203 Bromegrass seed 203 Bromegrass seed 203	grass seed:	212 213 214	Vetch seed, All other see bluestem, ca (Write name	other than hai ds — millet (f narygrass, etc on line in iten izer	oxtail), c	225

Section 12 Were any VEGE place in 1974?	TABLES	S, SWE	ET CC	ORN, O	R MELO	NS ha	arvesto	ed for	sale fron	n this
YES — Complete this section										
☐ NO — Go to Section 13 on next p	age		_							
For Florida, report for the Septem						arvested (~	_	Acres irrigate	
August 31, 1974 harvest season,				Whole acr	h market		processin			
report for calendar year 1974. (Se for additional guidelines on filling			-	241	es Tenths	1 vvnoie	acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths
1. Sweet corn			1		1 /10	1 '	į	10	-	1/10
2. Tomatoes			[:	242	lo	1	ļ	/10	2	1/10
3. Cucumbers and pickles			[:	243	/10	1	1	/10	2	1 /10
o. Cacambers and pickies			P-	244		1	+		2	+ / (
4. Watermelons					/10	<u> </u>	- 1	10		į /10
E Cross page instudios English au	atdl=======		, ,	245	ho	1	Ì	/10	2	1/10
5. Green peas, including English, ex-	ciuaing gre	en cowp	,	246	710	1			2	1 /10
6. Snap beans, bush and pole					1 /10		į	10		1/10
7. Other vegetable crops (Enter veg			г	•			į		_	
from list below.)					10	1	į	/10	2	1/10
Vegetable name		No			1 /10	1	-		2	1 /10
Vegetable name		_ No	-		10	i	i i	/10	2	1/10
Vegetable name		No	L		1/10	i '		/10		Иo
					1 /10	1	į į	10	2	1 /10
Vegetable name		_ No			1 710	1	- i		2	1 710
Vegetable name		No	-		/10	1	<u>†</u>	/10	2	1 /10
Vegetable name		No			/10	1 '	} }	/10		/10
•					1/10	1	i	10	2	1/10
Vegetable name	*	_ No	—		710	1	<u>i</u>	\longrightarrow	2	1 /10
Vegetable name	· · · · · ·	No	L		1/10		İ	/10		/10
. List additional vegetables ha	rvested for sa	le on back	cover.							
Artichokes	agetable nam nicory	eye and wpeas).	. 262 . 263 . 265 . 266 . 267 . 268 . 269 . 270	Lettuce, o Lima bear Muskmek Mustard g Onions, dr Onions, gr Okra • • Peppers, s Peppers, h	e name omaine		Pun Rad Rhu Sha Spir Squ Turr Turr Oth	lishes libarb lilots nach nash nips nip green er vegeta	s	285 286 287 288 289 290 291
6	Acre		Ac		Acres		C	Commerci	ial fertilizer used	d
8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even though two or more crops were	harves Whole	Tenths	irrig Whole	ated Tenths	fertilize Whole	Tenths	Whole)ry Tentl	Liquid o	r gas Tenths
harvested from the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice.	acres 299		acres 1		acres 2		tons 3		tons 4	,
Report all fertilizer used.)		1/10		1 /10	<u>I</u>	/10		1 /1	0 !	/10

 $[\]bigcirc$ When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

⁽⁸⁾ Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13	Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fruit trees, including citrus, grape-
	vines, and nut trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

☐ YES — Complete this section

□ NO - Go to Section 14

Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

Commercial fertilizer used Acres in trees and Acres vines of all ages irrigated Acres fertilized Drv Liquid or gas Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Tenths Whole tons Tenths Whole tons Tenths 1. Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other /10 groves, vineyards, and nut trees

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hall, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	of bearing	ng age	E	Bearing a	3ge]	
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)		Quantity harvested (Report tenths where specified)
	302	1	1	2	1.	3	4	
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf	·	1/10			1/10			Pounds
	303	Ι,	1	2	ί,	3	4	
3. Apples, standard	<u> </u>	1 /10			1/10			Pounds
_	304	1,	1	2	Ι,	3	4	
4. Peaches, clingstone	·	1 /10		<u> </u>	1/10		ļ	Pounds
	305	i,	1	2	i,	3	4	
5. Peaches, freestone		1 /10			1/10	<u> </u>		Pounds
•	306	i ,	1	2	,	3	4	
6. Pears, Bartlett	307	1 /10			1/10		ļ	Pounds
	307	1 /	1	2	! /	3	4	
7. Pears, other than Bartlett	308	1 /10	•	2	1 /10	3	4	Pounds
0.0	300	1/	•	2	i,	3	14	
8. Cherries; tart	309	1 /10	1	2	/10	3	4	Pounds
9 Charries awast	303	! /	•	*	! /	3	4	
9. Cherries, sweet		1 /10		<u></u>	1/10		4	Pounds
(0)	310	1	1	2	į	3	4	1 /10 fresh
0 . Grapes		/10			1/10	1	5	, Tons
	314	+	1	2	<u> </u>	3	4	/10 dry
1. Plums	314	/10	1	*	17.	3	4	/ Tons
		1 / 10			/10		4	/10 fresh
(9)	315	1,	1	2	1,	3	~	/10 Fresh
2. Prunes		1/10			/10)	5	/ Tons
For citrus, report quantity harvested	320		1	2	+	3	4	/10 dry
in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.		1/10		_	1/-	3	•	_
3. Valencia oranges	321	+ /10	1	2	1/10	3	4	Boxe
4. Navel oranges		1/10	•	_	1/10	3	•	_
ivaver oranges	322	1 / 10	1	2	+/10	3	4	Вохе
5. Temple oranges		/10			/10	ι,	} ~	
	323	† ' ' ' '	<u> </u>	2	1/10	3	4	Boxe
6. Other oranges — Hamlin, Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc		1/10			1/10	-	ĺ .	Вохе
i meappie, i aison biown, etc.,	324	† , , ,	1	2	† / 10	3	4	Boxe
7. Grapefruit		1/10			1/10	-	ļ [*]	_
Report quantity harvested in eit	L			L			L	Boxe

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col.(f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list b	elow	Not	of bearing (c)	g age		Bearing a	age	Quantity	ν <i>Μ</i>	of meas		Averag capacit of boxe
Name (a)	No. (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	(e)	·	(f)	Boxes	in pound
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4	5₁□	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	51	2 🔲	3 🗌	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	⁵ 1] 2 	з 🔲	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	51□	2	з 🔲	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	51	2	3 🔲	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	⁵ 1	2	3 🔲	6
• CITRU	SCROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No	. • NU	T CROPS		N	o.
1973—7 Kumquats Lemons Limes (1 Tangelos Tangerine	uantity harve 4 from blood 5 bushel = 50 s and mandous fruit trees	m of 1973.)	325 326 327 328 329	Avoca Dates Figs Mang Necta Pome Olives	ados (See In See In See Instruction of See Instruct	nstructions)		2 Filber 3 Pecal 4 Pecal 5 Pista 6 Tung 7 Waln 8 Waln	onds	ling ersian)	34 34 34 34 34	41 42 43 44 45 46 47

Section 14 Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

☐ YES — Complete this section		Area used	l in 1974		Value of	
		Square feet under glass	Acres in the	open	sales during	1974(1)
NO — Go to Section 15 on next	page	or other protection 10	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents
1. Nursery products — trees, shru	ıbs, vines, etc.	371	1	/10	2 \$	
2. Sod harvested		372	1	/10	2 \$	
3 . Bulbs	·	373	1	/10	2 \$	[
4. Cut flowers, florist greens; and other florist plants		374	1	/10	2 \$	
5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds, plants (Report sweet corn for s		384	1	/10	\$	
6. Vegetables, including	a. Tomatoes	385			2 \$	
mushrooms, grown under glass or other protection	b. Cucumbers	386		!	2 \$	
glass of other protection	c. Lettuce	387			2 \$	1
	d. Mushrooms	388		J 1	2 \$	<u> </u>
	e. Other vegetables	389) [2 \$	1
7. Area irrigated (Include items 1	through 6e.)	391	1	/10		.

11) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Square feet

399

Area fertilized

Acres

Dry fertilizer

Tenths

Whole tons

Tenths

Liquid or gas fertilizer

Tenths

/10

Whole tons

8. Commercial fertilizer used on

YES — Complete this section			Acres harvested				Quantity harvested				Acres irrigated			
NO — Go to Section 16			Whole acr		[Tenth	15	(1 quart = 1			1 1/3 pounds)		Whole acres	Tenths	
1. Strawberries			402			10	1				ounds 2	2	/10	
1. Strawbernes			403		+ /		1				1	2	7.10	
2. Cranberries			-		/	10		_ .			00-lb parrels		/10	
list below.)						١,	1					2		
Crop name	No				/	10				F	ounds		/10	
Crop name	No				i /	10				F	ounds	<u>. </u>	/10	
List additional berry crops had			ver.							•				
Crop name No Blackberries and dewberries 40 Blueberries, tame 40 Blueberries, wild 40	Boysent Currants Goosebo	operries erries		408	Raspt	berr berrie	ries . es, red		No. 411 412 413		All othe (Write ci	erries r berries rop name on 3 above.)	415	
			1		res fertiliz				ry fertil			iquid or gas fe		
				Whol 429	e acres	! Ter	,	Whoi	e tons	Ter	ths V	Vhole tons	i ,	
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be				£		<u> </u>	/10	107	42		/10		/10	
Section 16 Were any OTH	EN CROPS	5 narve	stea	trom	tnis þ	iac	e in	197						
□ NO — Go to Section 17			luantity		Acres irrigated		Acres fertilized				ercial fertilizer used Dry Liqui		d or gas	
_			rvested						Whole	—,	Tenths	Whole tons		
1. Popcorn	431	1		Pounds, shelled	2		3		4		/10	5	/10	
2 . Safflower	432	1	1	Pounds	2		3		4		/10	5	/10	
3. Sunflower seed	433	1		Pounds	2		3		4		/10	5	/10	
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1		Bushels	2		3	· —	4	7	/10	5	/10	
5. Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds of oil	2		3		4	1	/10	5	/10	
6. Broomcorn	436	1	-	Tons of brush	2		3		4		/10	5	/10	
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop					2		3		4	 	/10	5	/10	
nameNo Crop					2	_	3		4			5		
nameNo List additional crops harvested on t	201 00100				:		L		L		/10		/10	
Crop name No. Castor beans	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans for Mustard seed. Rapeseed	beans	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447 . 448	F 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	Crop name doot crops desame fo dorghum fo doybeans l grazed or doybeans l	for see or sin hogg cut plow	rup oged or for sila red und	ige	450 451 452 453	Sv Tr Ve W W Al	iticale elvetbean fild rice formseed I other cr	of for seed	455 456 457 458	
Section 17 Were any FORI	ST PROD	UCTS	sold	from	this p	lac	e in	197	47 _					
YES — Complete this section	ation 10								-		Valu	ue of sales	l Cents	
NO — Go to and COMPLETE Sec1. Standing timber or trees										491 5		13	Cents	
2. Firewood and fuelwood										492 \$			 	
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs									· · ·	493 \$			 	
4 . Pulpwood			. .							494 \$		·	 	
Other forest products (bark, bolt for naval stores, fence posts, ma	s, Christmas ple products	trees, gu s, etc.) . .	ım							495 \$			1	

Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, iter	501		
		Acres	
		Number of acres	Acres irrigated in 1974
(a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from	n which crops were harvested or hay was cut, beyards, and nursery and greenhouse products.)	502	1
b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing		503	1
c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, a grasses, but not harvested and not pasture.	and soil-improvement	505	1
d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Excep		506	1
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow .		507	1
f. Cropland idle		509	1
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber tracts and cutover and deforested land with	a. Woodland pastured	511	
young timber growth.)	b. Woodland not pastured	512	
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include a other than cropland and woodland pasture.)	ny pastureland		
a. Pastureland and rangeland on which you ap	unlied lime fortilizer seed	514	1
	of weeds and brush	515	
b . Other pastureland and rangeland			
 All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported 	516		
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres report the total in this space. Show	ed in items 2a through 5 and enter all de the same as item 1 above.)	IN"THIS PLACE" 517	IRRIGATED
7. Do you have any grazing permits on a per-hea TYES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply —	d basis? 1 Torest Service	4 Other Federa	al or State
NO — Go to Section 19	2 Taylor Grazing (BLM) 3 Indian Land	5 Other — Sp.	
NO — Go to Section 19	3 Indian Land		ecify 🔽
NO — Go to Section 19	3 ☐ Indian Land hiş place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES	S—Answer items	ecify 2
\square NO — Go to Section 19 Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t	3 ☐ Indian Land hiş place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES	6—Answer items Answer item 3	ecify 2
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea	3 ☐ Indian Land his place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO ch of these methods?	6—Answer items — Answer item 3	1 and 2 below
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	3 ☐ Indian Land his place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO ch of these methods?	S—Answer items Answer item 3 None Acres	1 and 2 below
NO — Go to Section 19 Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	3 ☐ Indian Land his place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO ch of these methods?	S—Answer items — Answer item 3 None	1 and 2 below
NO — Go to Section 19 Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	a Indian Land his place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES NO ch of these methods?	S—Answer items — Answer items None	1 and 2 below
NO — Go to Section 19 Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	a Indian Land his place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES NO NO ch of these methods? t, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)	S—Answer items — Answer items 523	1 and 2 below
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	his place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES NO ch of these methods? t, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) See separate Instructions for inf water used.	S—Answer items — Answer items None 523 524 525 526 527 Water used in	1 and 2 below 3 below pringated in 1974
DNO — Go to Section 19 Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	Indian Land his place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES NO NO ch of these methods? t, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) e acre-foot covers	S—Answer items — Answer items None 523 524 525 526 527 Water used in	1 and 2 below 3 below pringated in 1974
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	his place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES NO Ch of these methods? t, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) e acre-foot covers foot deep). ping capacity per minute X 60	None Acres 1523 None 524 Solution 526 Mater used in 1 Acres feet 1 Acres feet 1 Te	1 and 2 below 3 below progated in 1974 nths /10
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	his place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES NO NO Ch of these methods? t, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) e acre-foot covers foot deep). ping capacity per minute X 60 urs operated in season). gallons cannot be estimated in 8 or	Answer items Answer items None Acres 523 524 525 526 527 Water used in Acre-feet Te	1 and 2 below 3 below surrigated in 1974
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	his place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES NO NO Ch of these methods? t, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) e acre-foot covers foot deep). ping capacity per minute X 60 urs operated in season). gallons cannot be estimated in a or depth in inches of all water applied. a. What was the most recer	Answer items Answer items None Acres item 3 None 523 524 525 526 527 Water used in 1 Acre-feet Te	1 and 2 below 3 below ringated in 1974 1 1974 1 10 Gallons Total inches
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in t 1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by ea a. Furrows or ditches	his place IRRIGATED in 1974? NO ch of these methods? t, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) e acre-foot covers foot deep). joing capacity per minute X 60 urs operated in season). gallons cannot be estimated in a or depth in inches of all water applied. a. What was the most recer in which acres were irriging the How many acres were	Answer items Answer items None Acres item 3 None 523 524 525 526 527 Water used in 1 Acre-feet Te	1 and 2 below 3 below pringated in 1974 1 1974 1 10 Gallons Total

Section 20 Was any land on this place ARTIFIC	CIALLY DRAIN	NED?			
YES — Complete this section					
NO - Go to Section 21					rtificially
1. How many acres in this place were artificially drained? (Inc. underground tile drains, grading for drainage, dikes, or pum.	ping to control wat		Nor	541	ained
Exclude drainage solely for the removal of irrigation waste		10742		542	
Section 21 Was any COMMERCIAL FERTILIZ on this place in 1974?	ER applied to I	PASTURE	LAND		
YES — Complete this section					
NO — Continue with NOTE below	Acres fertilized	Dry fertiliz Whole tons		iquid or gas f Whole tons	Tenths
1. How many acres of cropland used only for pasture in 1974 (reported in Section 18,	551		1 /10	Whole tons	/10
item 2b) were fertilized?	552		710		1 /10
(reported in Section 18, item 4a) were fertilized?			/10		/10
ANSWER THIS poultry, or animal spection 22 Were there any POULTRY such as 0 on this place at any time in 1974?	raised in captivi	ity.)		PLETE Sed	
YES — Complete this section					
NO — Go to Section 23					
• Report hatchery operations such as baby chic	rks				
turkey poults, etc., in Section 26.		Number	ENTORY on this place er 31, 1974	Total num birds sold i	
1. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTERS for table eggs and hatching e		602	er 31, 1974	1	
a. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for TABLE or MAR	KET egg production	on		1	
b. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for HATCHING egg p	production	605		1	
c. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age					
d. Pullet chicks and pullets under 3 months old (Exclud	e commercial broi		··	1	<u>.</u>
e. Roosters and male chickens (all male breeding stock)		607		1	
2. BROILERS, fryers, and other meat type chickens, including of	c ap ons and roaster	s 608		1	
3. TURKEYS a. Heavy breed turkeys for slaughter (Exclude breewers.)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	611		1	
b. Light breed turkeys for slaughter (Exclude breeders.)		612		1	
c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding (Include both heavy and 4. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity (Enter fowl name and	light breeds.)	613		1	
				1	
Fowl name	No			1	
Fowl name	No			1	
Fowl name	No	L			
List additional poulity on back cover. Fowl name No. Fowl name No.	Facilities				
Fowl name No. Fowl name No. Ducks 614 Pigeons or squab 616 Geese 615 Pheasants 617	Fowl name Quail All other poultry	No. 618 619 (Write	name on line	ın item 4 ab	ove)
E 140				e of sales	
What was the value before taxes and expenses of poultry are sold from this place in 1974? (Include estimated value of	nd poultry products	(eggs, etc.)	Dollar 629	s Cer	nts
moved from this place by contractors or others.)	,		\$	1	

] YES — Complete this section] NO — Go to Section 24			INVEN	TORY	
			Number on December		
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			631		
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b,	c, and d below.)		632		
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that ha	nd calved.)		}		
h Milk source (Include day will source and	d with boilers about bod out out?		633		
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and	u miik neileis that hau calveu.)		634		
c. Heifers and heifer calves	(1) For beef purposes and beef co	ow replacement			
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacement			635	
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and buil calv	100		636		
d. Steers, Steer Calves, buils, and buil Calv	es		• • • •	-	
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this			<u> </u>		
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a co Also, report cattle moved from this place		Total number	Value of sales before taxes and expenses		
feeding as sold; report both the number a See separate Instructions.)	and estimated value. None		Dollars	Cent	
 Calves weighing less than 500 pounds 	п	641	1 \$	į	
Laves weighing less than 500 pounds		642	1	-	
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 pour	ınds or more		\$	<u> </u>	
 a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were grain or concentrates for 30 days or m 		643	\$	<u> </u>	
■DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this pla	ace in 1974		lue of		
 Report goat dairy products in Section 2 	6 when you reach that section.	<u> </u>	oducts sold		
4. What was the gross value of sales of dair from this place in 1974, before taxes and		649 \$	s Cents		
ection 24 Did you or anyone else	e have any HOGS or PIGS on t	his place in 19	74?		
YES — Complete this section					
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page			INVENT Number on	this place	
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			December 3	31, 1974	
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b	below.)		1		
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for br	reeding				
b . Other hogs and pigs			653		
■LITTERS FARROWED		None Number of In	"ore		
2. Litters farrowed on this place between —		654			
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974		655			
b. June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974					
	Г		Value of sales	before	
		Total number sold in 1974	taxes and exp		
■HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	None	656	Dollars 1	Cent	
	1.7	~~~	1 '	1	
3. Hope and nine cold from this place in 197	4		s	į	
 Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 197 Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many w 	y a	657	1		

	ction ${f 25}$ ${f D}$ id you or anyone el	se have any Si	1EEP 0	LAMBS	วท เกเร	place iii ii	9/41		
	YES — Complete this section					INVENTORY Number on this pl		number	sold
	NO Go to Section 26					December 31, 1974		111 137 7	
		,			66	61	1		
1	. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a	a, b, and c below.)			66	2	555550		
					1	52			
	a. Lambs under 1 year old	• • • • • • • • • • •			66	33			
	b. Ewes 1 year old or older								
	D. EWGS 1 Year old of older				66	14			
	c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or olde	er							
							T		
_				None	665 N	umber shorn	1 Pounds of	wool sho	orn
2	Sheep and lambs shorn	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · 📙	L		1		
						Value	of sales		
						Dollar	S Cen	ts	
3.	What was the gross value of sales of s	•	_			6 69	ļ	1	
	wool from this place in 1974, before to								
Sec	ction 26 Did you or anyone el	se have any O1	THER L	IVESTOC	K or Al	NIMAL SPE	CIALTII	E S on	this
\Box	place in 1974? YES Complete this section			INVENTOR			Valu	e of sale:	
	NO — Go to Section 27			Number on this place		otal number sold in 1974	Dollars	····· 1	Cents
لــا	THO OB TO Section 27			Dec 31.19	74		2	-	
1.	Horses of all ages (Do not include poni	es.)					s		
2.	Ponies of all ages			672	1		2 S	1	
_				673	1		2 \$	İ	
3.	Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages			674	1	<u></u>	2	 	
4.	Mink and their pelts			675		3,575,31,31,51,51,51,41,51,61,61,61,61,61,61,61,61,61,61,61,61,61	s		
	a. Mink females used for breeding	<i></i> .		0/5					
5.	Other livestock in captivity, bees, and p	oultry hatched						İ	
	(Enter name and No. from list below.)				l,		2	1	
	Name	No					S		
	Name	No			11.		2 \$	į	
	Name			_	1		2		
	Name		W Rees ar	d Poultry Hatch			\$		
	Name No.	Name	.y. D003, ar	No.	Nar			No.	
	Colonies of bees 676	Other goats		679	Fox	es and their pelts.		.683	
	Angora goats 677 Milk goats	Rabbits and their pi Chinchillas and thei				itry hatched other livestock			
					T		Value	e of sales	
				inder water production	lota	quantity sold in 1974			
6	Livestock or animal products (Enter na	ame and	********		,		Dollar	s (Cents
Ū	No. from "List A" below.)	inc and			1	Pounds	2	į	
	Name	No		>	3	DR		1	
٠,						Gallons	<u> </u>		
. 7	, Fish in captivity <i>(Enter name and No. from "List B" bel</i> d	ow.)		Tenths	1	Pounds	2	į	
		No		/10	3)R	1	ļ	
	Name	. NO			<u> </u>	Number	\$		
	List A — Livestock Products			. • List B — Fisi	h in Capti	vity		_	
	Name No.	/ Name		No.	Nan	ne		No.	
	Mohair sold 687	Catfish		691	Trop	oical fish		694	
	Goats milk sold 688	Trout		602	O.L	erfish			

Page 12

Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

COMPL	FTF	THIS	SE	CTI	ΩM

■ Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 19	974			
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and im	nlaments usually kont	Estimated market val		
on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, truck plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, e	ks, tractors, combines, i equipment including	Dollars 701	Cents	
Thinkers and bulk taliks, livestock reeders, grinding and mixing equipment, e	etc.)	3	<u> </u>	
■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 199 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31 . 1974	Of the total HOW MAN manufactur the last 5 y (1970-197	Y were ed in ears 4)?	
	702	1		
2. Automobiles				
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1		
	704	1		
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	705	1		
5. Crawler tractors				
6 Crain and have combined call available only	706	1		
6 . Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	707	1		
7. Corn heads for combines	708	1		
0.04		'		
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	709	1		
9. Mower conditioners	[* ***			
	710	1		
10. Pickup balers				
, ,	711	1		
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)				
	712	1		
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type				
Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SEC				
this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	None Under 1,000 bushels 1,000-4,999 bushels 5,000-9,999 bushels 10,000-24,999 bushels 25,000-49,999 bushels 50,000 bushels and or	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tons) els (250-624 tons) els (625-1,249 to	ons)	
2. How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.)	None 722	Number of artificial ponds, pits, etc		
•	700	Whole acres	Tenths	
a Associated when filled to consolity	723		1 /	
a. Area covered when filled to capacity		·····	/10	
3. FUTURES MARKET — Did you utilize the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities which you produce? 1 YES — Mark which commodities 4	Sorghums (grain) Soybeans (grain) Wheat (grain) Cotton	Cattle (live) Hogs (live) Other — Sp	ecify 🔫	

Section 29 Did you have any CONTRACT or BINDING AGREEMENT to produce or market any farm products on this place in 1974? (Include oral and written agreements made more than 30 days													
☐ YES —Comple	ete this section		o piaco iii i			r to delive			-g				,
_													
	nany products a		luced and/or n roduet name	narkete	a un N		act. luct name	_	No.	O.o.	duct n	2000	
_	Product name Broilers		roquot name eeder cattle and/o		1.	_	and seed		19 19	_		s, nuts for	
	Started pullets		ocker cattle	,,	14	=	eans	Com	13	_	h mark		
=	Chicken eggs	8 ∏ в	reeding cattle		1.5	=			20	Frui	t, inclu	ding citrus	S,
=	Turkeys	=	aughter hogs		16	=	on				oroces		
	Milk and other	10 🔲 Fe	eder pigs		17		etables for	r	21	☐ Sug	ar bee	ts	
_	dairy products		reeding hogs			_	market		22	_		s, such as	
6 📙	Fattened cattle	po	ther livestock and outtry (<i>Write produc</i> i <i>line A1-below.)</i>		18		etables for essing	•		suga	arcane	iotatoes, s , etc.(<i>Write</i> e A1 below.	product
2. For each pro		bove, ent	er the Name				ımn hea	ading	where i	ndicate	ed an	d comp	lete the
remaining en	tries in the colu	mn (items											
A. Dandonski store dan -			FIRST CONT	RACT	SEC	CONDCON	ITRACT	TH	IRD CONT	RACT	FOL	JRTH CO	NTRACT
A. Product(s) under of Enter name and No		1. Product			l			İ					
item 1 above			731		732			733			734		
	<u>,</u>	2. No.			<u> </u>						<u> </u>		
B. Type of contract	1. Production (1 1 🗆		1	1 🔲		1	1 🔲		1	1 🔲	
Mark (X) one of these items for	2. Marketing (1	_	2 🗌		1	2 🔲		l	2 🔲			2 🔲	
each product under contract	3. Production, i feeding, and		3 □			3 🔲			3 🔲			3 🔲	
dilder Contract	4. Other	marketing	4 🗆		İ	4 □		i	4 □		İ	₄☐	
C. Type of contractor	+		2 1		2	1 🗆		2	1 🗍		2	1 🗆	
Mark (X) one of	2 Feed compar	יר	2 □		l	2 ∐			2 🖂			2 🗆	
these items for each product	3. Packer	•	3 🗆		l	₃ □		ł	3 🗆			3 □	
under contract 4. Processor			4 🗆			4 🗆		l	4 🗆		ľ	4 🗔	
	5. Other		5 🗆		l	5 🗖		1	5 ☐			5 □	
D. Items furnished	1. Feed		3 1 🗆		3	1 🗍		3	1 🗆		3	1 🗆	
by contractor under terms of	2. Chicks, pullet	ts, cattle.			ĺ				' 🗀			· ⊔	
contract	feeder pigs, e	etc.	2 🔲		l	2 🔲			2 🔲			2 🔲	
Mark (X) for as many items as	3. Seed		3 🔲		İ	3 🔲			3 🔲			3 🔲	
apply for each	4. Fertilizer		4 🗆		ŀ	4 🔲			4 □			4 🔲	
product under contract	5. Chemicals		5 🗆			5 📙			5 🗌			5 🔲	
COMPLET	6. Labor		6 🗆			6 🔲			6 🔲			6 📙	
	7. Machinery, e or buildings	quipment,	7 🗆		1	7 🔲			7 □			7 🗖	
	8. Harvesting		8 🗆			8 🔲	:		8 □			∗ □	
	9. Transportation	on	9 🗆			9 🔲			9 🔲		1	9 🗆	
	10. Processing/p	acking	4 10 🗍		4	10 🗍		4	10 🗆		4	10 🗆	
	11. Credit	5	11			11 🗀			11 🖂			11 🗆	
	12. Technical ass	sistance	12 🔲			12 🔲			12 🔲			12 🗖	
	13. Other		13 🗌			13 🔲	:		13 🔲			13 🗌	
	14. None		14 🗌			14 🔲			14 🔲			14 🔲	
E. What percent of the was sold under cont		this product	5 Percent		5	Percent		5	Percent		5	Percent	
F.			6 Dollars	Cents	6	Dollars	T C	-	De"			D. "	1
 Amount received 				Cents	İ	Dollars	Cents	6	Dollars	Cents	6	Dollars	Cents
product covered b	<u> </u>		\$	<u>i </u>	\$		<u>. </u>	\$		<u> </u>	\$		<u> </u>
Did this payment represent the total market value of the product?			7 1 Yes 2	□ No	7	Yes 2	□ No	7 1 [Yes 2	□ No	71] Yes	2 🔲 No
G.	1. Exact price?		8 1 🗌		8	1 🔲		8	1 🔲		8	1 🔲	
Did the contract specify —	2. Method of determining price	۲۵۰	2 🔲			2 🔲			2 □		Ì	2 🗆	
Mark (X) one	3. Neither price no		3 □			3 🗆			3 □			=	
(2) Production cont				kind a	nd/or	_	fore		_		<u> </u>	3 [
variety or breed.	(2) Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor												

⁽³⁾ Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.

Section 30 PAYROLL AND EMPLOY labor, employees of labor working on this place in 1 YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 31	r contractors or cr	nave any ew leade	paid workers ers, or other	s doing agric salaried emp	cultural ployees			
Please read before answering items 1, 2, and 3 below paid work associthey	Hired farm or ranch workers — In addition to farm workers and paid family members, include such persons as bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance people, etc., whose employment is primarily associated with agricultural production on this place even though they may not be doing agricultural labor. Do not include unpaid family workers or the proprietors or partners of unincorporated places.							
befor Inclui sick I	wages paid — Report e deductions for Social S de all wages, salaries, c eave pay. Do not includ s paid in kind.	Security, ta ommission	xes, insurance pr s, paid bonuses,	emiums, etc. vacation and				
For each of the following groups, report how ma farm or ranch workers were employed and the a								
cash wages paid to them.			Number of workers	Cash wage	Cents			
Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how many worked—			751	1	Cents			
a. 150 days or more?			752	\$ 1				
b . 25–149 days?	b . 25–149 days?			\$	<u> </u>			
c. Less than 25 days?			753	\$: 754				
a. What was the cost of contract labor?				\$ \$				
b . How many workers did the contractor furnish	7 (Estimate if necessary	1	755					
3. Salaried corporation officers a. If this operation is incorporated, how many cowere salaried in 1974?	rporation officers		756					
b. What was the amount paid?				757				
Section 31 NJURIES AND ILLNES Were there any work con or work connected illnes (Do not include deaths, inju	SES CONNECTED nnected injuries that ses or death to wo) WITH it require orkers or	ed more than I this place in	first aid trea n 1974?				
YES — Complete this section								
. □ NO — Go to Section 32 on next page		Operator and unpaid Hired workers and paid membe family workers of operator's fam			embers			
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses		761		1				
a. How many workers had injuries or illnesses	without fost workdays?		Workers		Workers			
. b. How many workers had injuries or illnesses	with lost workdays?	762	Workers	1	Workers			
(1) How many days were lost as a result of	all injuries	763	Days	1	Dave			
and Binesses?	and illnesses?				Oays			

Number

Number

Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGIC or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974		R PESTICIDE	S, LIME
☐ YES — Complete this section			
□ NO — Go to Section 33			
Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. I cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpot treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.	each item listed,	report acres only	y once,
	Number of acres	Cost of cher (Do not inc	lude
 Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide, insecticide, nematocide) to control — 	on which used	Dollars	Cents
- have been described as a short of	771	1 \$	
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)	772	1 \$	
	773	1 \$	1
c. Nematodes in crops	774	1	
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)	775	\$	
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.)		\$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture	776	1 \$	<u> </u>
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sides, etc.)	777	1 \$	ļ
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit	778	1 \$	
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings		779 \$	
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	782	1 \$	
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc		∵ 783 ∵ \$	
6. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1 a through 5 and enter total here and in Section 34, item 10.)	\longrightarrow	784 \$	į
Section 33 > FARM CREDIT	····	_ L	 -
DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.)			
\square YES — Answer a, b, and c \square NO — Go to item 2 \square No lar	nd owned — Go	to item 2	
		Amount (principal on December 31, 1	
	<u> </u>	Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit associatio 		91	
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	<u> </u>	92	
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above			<u> </u>
 Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the property others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.) 		93	į
2. DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business?			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
☐ YES — Answer a, b, and c ☐ NO — Go to Section 34			
		Amount (principal on December 31, 1	
		Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies 		95	1
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed		96	+
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)			
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	97	i

Section 34

Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services, and household expenses not related to the farm business.

					Production ex	penses
					Dollars	Cents
1. Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, h					801	1
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pu				• • • • • • • •	802	1
Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — gr feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, an					• \$	1
	Tons	i Tenths	Doll	ars Cents	- 	
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased — complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.).	803	/10	1			
 b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.) 	804	/10	1	1		
c. Whole grains purchased — such as corn, oats, barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. (Include cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds or other milling byproducts, or green chop.)	805	/10	\$		_	
d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc.	806	/10	,	I		
, ,	•		3		807	<u> </u>
3. Animal health costs for livestock and poultry (Include services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.)	de veterinariar	,			\$	
services, estamo, vaesmos, temos, meaternes, etc.,					808	
4. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					. \$	<u> </u>
5. Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, includ	ling rock phos	phate			809	!
and gypsum (Report custom application costs in ite	m 9 below.)			• • • • • • •	811	
 Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil puro Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kere grease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.). 	osene, fuel oil,	, motor oil		• • • • • • •	• \$	1 1
	Storage ca for farm	use		ed expenditures m use in 1974		
	(Galloi	ns) 	Doll	ars Cents		
a. Gasoline for the farm business	812		1 \$	ļ		
b. Diesel fuel for the farm business	813		1 \$			
c. LP gas, butane, propane for the farm business (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon)	814		1			
d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and			815 \$			
fuel oil for the farm business			4		821	
7. Hired farm labor (Add dollars reported in Section 30	0, items 1 a, 1 b	b, and 1 c,	and enter	total here.) .	823	- -
8. Contract labor (Copy dollars reported in Section 30,	item 2a.)				· s	į
 Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditure equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying. 	s for this place d mixing feed,	for use of plowing,	f		824 \$ 826	
0. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars repo	orted in Sectio	n 32, iten	n 6.)		. s	ļ ļ
1. All other production expenses (Include OTHER curr	ent operating	expenses		•	827	
as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance	e, repairs, elect	tricity,			\$	l l
purchase of water, etc., for the farm business.)					829	
2. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including ex or others (Add dollars in item	penses paid b	o <mark>y landlo</mark> r 11 and e	ds, contr	actors, here.)	S .	1

	tion 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place and expenses (See separate Instructions.)	e in	1974, befo	ore taxes
THIS PAG	=	Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or		Estimated product	
		contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Dollars	Cents
1.	Grains — o grain sorgl	corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, nums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		832 \$!
2.	. Cotton and	I cottonseed		833 \$	1
3.	. Tobacco .			834 \$	
4.	. Field seeds	s, hay, forage, and silage		835 '\$	<u> </u>
5.	. Vegetable:	s, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)		836 \$	1
6.	sweetpota	crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, toes, sugar beets, sugarcane, nint for oil, hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>		837	
7.	Fruits, nuts	s, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,		838	1
	peaches, p	ecans, pears, pineapples, etc		\$	i
8.		d greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in I, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)		839 \$	
9.	Forest prod	ducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)		849 \$	
10.		d poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, c. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)		852 \$	
11.	Cattle and	calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 —		853 \$	
12.	Dairy produ	ucts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4.		854	
13	, ,	oigs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)		855 \$	
				856	
	•	theep, lambs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)		\$ 857	
13.		tock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, .(Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)		\$	_
16.		ALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or 's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)	>	8 59 \$	
Sect	tion 36	INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES I	N 19	74	
	Part A	INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-relate	d income
		Report amount received before taxes and expenses.	None	Dollars	Cents
1.	planting, sp	rk and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing, oraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (<i>If custom-</i>		871	
2		al services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,		\$ 872	-
		nd lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		\$	
3.	Payments (Do not inc	you received for participation in Government farm programs Jude redeemable loans J		873 \$	l
4.	received fro	rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments om lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock naper-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		874 \$	1
5.	Other busin	ness or source of income which is on or CLOSELY RELATED to the		875	
		URAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		\$	<u> </u>
•	Part B —	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related	expenses
6	For farmers	elated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter	None	Dollars	Cents
J .	the total es	stimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not		876	!
	include exp	penses already reported in Section 34.)		\$	i !

Section 37 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION, OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS, and related information

COMPLETE	THIS PAGE							
■ Part A—	Type of Organization							
1. Mark (X) th	ne one box which best de	scribes the way this place was	operated	d in 1974	4.			
901 1 INDIVIDUAL or FAMILY operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation						omplete Par	s B and C	
2 🔲		on, including family partnershipns.) — Enter number of partne		2	\int be	elow		
3 🔲	CORPORATION, includi	ng family corporations — Ski	n to Sect	ion 38				
	OTHER, such as coopera	ative, estate or trust, prison far Specify type then skip to S	m, grazin	ng associ	iation,			
■ Part B —		eristics and Related Informa			ıal, Family	, or Partner	ship Opera	tions
person in o	Where does the oper charge, or senior partner of or ranch operation live?	of	·	l a L	On ano In a rur	ther farm al area, not c y, town, or u	on a farm ban area	
(or senior	the earliest year the oper partner, if partnership) be any part of this place?	gan	_ Year					
	s the operator (or senior partnership)?	905	_ Years ol	d				
4. Operator's Mark (X) a	s race — 906 appropriate box	1 White 4 2 Negro or Black . 3 American Indian	Puerto Cuban Central Amer	o in (Mexid Rican For Sout	cano)	Chir Filip	ino	^{ce} Z
the majori	ty (50 percent or more) o	occupation did the operator sp f his work time in 1974? bers of the partnership togeth	end		907 1 [☐ Farming ☐ Other		
	Work — How many ach member of the	Mark (X) one lor each applicable line.	N	lone i	- 1	0-99 100-14 lays days	9 150-199 days	200 days or more
family wor in 1974? (nonfarm jo profession	rk OFF the place Include work at a ob, business, i, or on someone in Do not include	a. Operator or senior partner.b. Spouse	912	1	2 3	4	5	6
	farm work.)	d . Other	914	1 🔲 📜 2	2 🔲 3	<u> 4 </u>	5	6 📋
(Report ar For partne	rship operations, the repo	f-Farm Sources in 1974 of your family received in 1974 ort should be for the senior par siness (not reported in Section	tner and	e followi his famil	ng source: ly.)	None 921	Income from off-farm sour Dollars	
profession	nal practice (Report NET a es, salaries, commissions,	fter expenses.)				. S 922 . S 923		
3. Interest, dividends, or royalties								
5. Rental income of nonfarm property (Report NET after deduction of expenses.)								
Section 38	Tillebras							
PLEASE PRINT	Name		931 Mor	Date	Day	932 Area Coo	Telephone e Number	

Enter remarks on back cover.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available—for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions

- (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE—

(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock." "All land rented out." "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle:" and

(3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) The Same Report Form Is Used For All States Except Hawali. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested: i.e., dollars, bushels tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates

(e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished. Go to the next section indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or eouivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Ranted (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage: he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration

Section 5 Was any FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1974 X YES - Complete this section Report sweet corn in Section 12 and popular in Section 16 when you reach those sections □ NO Go to Section 6 Acres Navested Quantity Navested 7,000 " 80 107 20 Freid corn for silage or green chop . . . 400 20 3. Finid corn cut for dry fodder, hopped or grazed (Da not include acres already reported in items 1 or 2). 100 /00 4. Commercial fertilizer used on freld com

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting - If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field: later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

▶ Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box Weight — Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

^{*}Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

▶ Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, itern 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 19 -- Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acre-feet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons - Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal./minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal./minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11,520,000 gallons.

Total inches - When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler vividina sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season.

▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on Animals to be included in the report — Heport all animals on the place on December 31. 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Managepoultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold — Do **not** include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle sales - Do not include on the fattened cettle line:

- a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or
- (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold for further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place - Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lambs shorn—In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

▶ Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

▶ Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. **Production contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor **Marketing contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural

▶ Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

▶ Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources

▶ Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) - Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and not operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations - Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making. profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does **not** include cooperatives.

Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the banefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation,

FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

new P Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive more than one report form?									
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2		Enter extra file number(s) here					-		
Section 2 FARMING, RANG	CHING, OR OTHER AG	RICULTURAL	ACTIV	/ITIE	SIN	197	4		
						,	YES	NO	
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise	, produce, or sell ANY amount	of any of the items	listed b	elow?		1		2 🔲	
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlo Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farm 	n • F • F in	reenhouursery pish in ca ur-beari captivit ther ani	roduct ptivity ng anir ty	nals	ıes			
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed compani	or produce any agricultural proces, processors, or packers?	oducts for					YES	NO 2 🔲	
Did you raise or produce any agric a partnership, share arrangement,								2 🔲	J
4. Did you own any land that was us	ed by someone else for agricu	tural purposes in	1974?,					2 🔲	j
5. Did you own any livestock or poul under a share agreement or custo							י 🗆	2 🗀	ļ
► If you answered YES to ANY	of these questions, go to Sec	ction 3.							
► If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provide		ar off this front o	cover al	nd ma	il it E	ack			

	·									
Se	ction 3 $igwedge$ ACREAGE ir	n 1974 and LA	ND VALUE					Your estim		
					1	nber of	1	of these acres		
	Include all cropi woodland, wast	and, pastureland, eland, idle land, h	rangeland,		1	icres	ļ <u>.</u>	the building	gs on t	
	woodiana, wast	erano, rore rano, r	ouse iots, etc.	None	040		1	Dollars	<u> </u>	Cents
1	ALL land owned				040		1		1	
					050		\$		1	
	ALL land rented or leased FF shares; leased Federal, State (Do NOT include land used of the	e, and railroad land	d: and land used i	rent free.			\$		1	
3.	All land rented or leased TO shares by others and land su	OTHERS, includir	g land worked or	•	060		1		- i	<u>.</u>
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS (item 1) and acres rented (ite others (item 3), and enter yo	em 2), then SUBT	RACT acres rente	ened ed to	070		13	nese are t "THIS for this ce	PLA	CE" ①
	"THIS PLACE" means greenhouses, and/or and	your farm or ranc	h, feedlots, poulti	ry houses,			_			тороп
5.	If you rented land FROM	OTHERS (item	2 above), pleas	e enter the fol	lowina ir	nformatic	n for	each lan	dlord	l
					T	Rental	arranger	nents in 19		
	Name		ldress city, State, ZIP code)	Number of acres	Share	Share of li		stock Cash		ther
					of crops	or proc		as rent		gements
				081	1 1 🗆	2]	3 🗌	4	
				082	1 0	2]	3 🗆	4	
				083	1 🗆	2]	3 🗆	4	
	List additional landlords on back c	over								
6.	If you rented land TO O	THERS (item 3	above), please	enter the folio	wing in	formation	for e	each ren	ter.	
	Name			and street, city, Stat				lo. of acres		
	,						085	5		ł ļ
							086			15
							080)		6
							087	,	-	
	List additional renters on back cov	er.								014
7.	Of the land you rented or leas	sed from others (it	em 2 above), hov	w many None	Number	of acres		urrent ket value		
	acres did you subrent or subl				088 1		1		1	
	leased by you which was wo	<u></u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		\$		_4	013
	A 11 - 1	able to skip most o e land you owned		orked on shares	or rented	to some	one els	P		P
	b. There	were no crops or	livestock in 1974	on the acres in	"THIS P	LACE" (it				
Ľ	READ c. The la	nd you operated p apply to your ope	orior to 1974 has	been sold to sol	meone el	s <i>e</i> .		***		~
	this report.		ration, picase i	ead the mstruc	tions be	ore con	inuing	With		012
Se	ction 4 LOCATION O	F AGRICULT	URAL ACTIV	TITY						
_				 					_,	1
	1. In what county was the largest value of your Principal County no					Stat		No of acres	-11	011
	agricultural products raised o Enter county name, State, a		county				0	91		
	of acres on the "Principal cou		Other counties				0:	92		
If you have agricultural operations in any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for						 	0	93	-	0
						 	0	94	$\dashv \vdash$	010
	"Other counties.")								_ - -	vo
2.	Location of place within princ	cipal	Taller and the series of						_	SE
	county entered above (Give of township, district, precinct Township - Range numbers	name , etc., or	Name of location							CENSUS

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under					
	contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None		cres vested	Quantity	harvested
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled		101	\	0R	Bushels shelled
	basis in either bushels or hundredweight . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)				6	Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1.)		104			
			111	(1	<u> </u>
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds.)			}	6 OR	Bushels Pounds
4.	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 3.)		115			1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	already reported in item 3./		121		<u> 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999</u> 1	
5.	Soybeans for beans		122		1	Bushels
6.	Peanuts for nuts		130		1	Pounds
7.	Wheat for grain					Bushels
	Other small grains or grain — oats, barle ;		136			
	rye, rice, etc. — Sp. cify		151		<u>1</u>	
9.	Cotton		152		1	Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type		153	/10	1	Pounds
1.	Irish potatoes (exc ading home use)		154	/10	1	Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10	<u> </u>	Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)	П	170		1	
	but report total tons of all cuttings./	Ш	240	<u> </u>		Tons, dry
4.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale			/10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages					
	(Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned		301			
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify		401	/10		
16.	Berries for sale — Specify		401	/10		
17.	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery products; flowers, etc., grown		430			
	in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify			/10		
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square			Sq. 460	rare feet	
	feet were under glass or other protection?					

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5.

	-	_	
>	NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY ONCE -	_	
	in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	Г	Number of acres
	1. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut,	5	02
	and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products. If two crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acres only once.)		
			03
	2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	• • •	
	3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.)	5	04
		5	10
	4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture.)	• • • [
	5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.)	5	13
	6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1	5	17
	through 5 and enter the total in this space.) (This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.)		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	
	7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED 528	cres	
		rigated	
Sec	ction 7 > LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY		
	Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter whe Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this		
	INVENT	TORY	N b (d
	None Number on December 3		Number sold in 1974
	1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started		1
	pullets being raised for sale.)		1
	2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.).		
	3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons 608		1
	and roasters)	·	
	4. Cattle and calves of all ages		1
	a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)		
	b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.) .		
	651		1
	5. Hogs and pigs of all ages		2
	FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?		
	b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None Number of litters		
	(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974		
	(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974		
	None 661		1
	6. Sheep and lambs of all ages		1
	7. Horses and ponies of all ages		
	8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals,		1
	turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.		
	30p, 3.33p. 3. 10. 10. 10. 10. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11		
	Specify what kind		1
	699		

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 Section 8 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.) ■ Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974

1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

	Estimated in	arket value
	Dollars	Cents
	701	
L	\$	i

■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total, HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)
2 . Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
10. Pickup balers	710	1
I 1. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1

Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place. operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services and household expenses not related to the farm business.

Production expen	ses
Dollars	Cents
801	
S	l
802	
	t

concentrates, etc.....|s a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.). .

1. Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep.

2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds,

a. Commercially mixed formula feeds parchased —	10/10	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Domens	Cents	
complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such	803		1	i i	
as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.).		/10	s	1	
$oldsymbol{3}.$ Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased	808 \$				
4. Commercial fertilizer purchased - all forms, including	809				

	and gypsum	(Report cust					 	 	
_	-		 						

5.	Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business —	
	Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease, ϵ	etc

Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc	S
Wind form labor	821
Hired farm labor	S

8. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of equipment and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn
picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)

В.	Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of equipme	n
	and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn	
	picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)	

9.	Agricultura	al chemica	als purchased	(Include lime	, insecticides,	etc.	Exclude .	fertilizer.)	
_									

10. All other production expenses (Include other current operation)	ng ex	<i>xper</i>	ıse	SS	uci	h a	as
depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, ele-	ctric	ity.	oui	rch	ase	9	
of water, etc., for the farm business.)							

11.	TOTAL PRODUCTION	N EXPENSES including	expenses paid by landlords,
	contractors, or others	(Add dollars for iterns 1	through 10 and enter total here.

,	808 \$	
	809	
	s	
	811	
С	\$	
	821 \$ 823 \$	
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	823	
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nt	824	
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	826 \$	
	\$	
	827	
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	829	
	\$	

Section 10 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974

before taxes and expenses					
Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.	Estimated value of products sold				
	Dollars	Cents			
	831	Cents			
		į			
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)	839				
		l I			
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold					
2 Forest and assessed financial francisco Chicago Anna Anna Anna	849	į			
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc	. s	Ì			
	852	1			
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold	. \$	1			
4. Foundly and pountry products (eggs, etc./ sold 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	858				
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold		į			
3. Livestock and livestock products (link, wool, etc.) sold	859				
	659	1			
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)	>]			
Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN					
■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES	Farm-related	Farm-related income			
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)	e Dollars	Cents			
·	871	Cents			
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)					
2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	\$ 873	I I			
3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs		1			
(Do not include redeemable loans.)	\$	1			
	874	ĺ			
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock					
pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)	S				
5. Other business or source which	875	. [
is conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL					
OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind	S				
Farm		expenses			
■ Part B — EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES Non	e Dollars	Cents			
	876	+			
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5,	ļ.	.			
enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.					
Do NOT include expenses already reported in Section 9.1	S	!			

ection 12 FARM OP							
Where does the operato charge, of this farm or ra		1 ☐ On th Not on thi		2	n another fa a rural area a city, town	rm , not o , or ur	on a farm ban area
2. Year operator began to cany part of this place	perate 9	004	_ Year				
3. Operator's age		005	_ Years old				
4. Operator's race — Mark (X) appropriate box	906 1 White 2 Negro Black 3 Americ India	or : ::	Mexican A Chicano Mexican (M Puerto Ric Cuban Central or: American Other Span	Mexicano) an South	11 🗆	Chine Filipin Other	se o
or more) of his work time	the majority (50 percents in 1974? (For				1	9	
6. Number of days operato place in 1974 (Include of job, business, or profess else's farm. Do not inclu work.) — Mark (X) the a	vork at a nonfarm on, or on someone de exchange farm	1 None 2 1 1-49 3 50-9	days	Ę	4 100 - 1 5 150 - 1 6 200 da	99 da	ays
7. Was the income which y off the farm and from ot of agricultural products	ou and your family receive ner sources greater than th sold from this place in 197	e total value			1 📗 Yes 2 📗 No		
6. Person preparing			Date	I no.	022 4		phone
this report PLEASE PRINT		931	Month	Day	932 Area co	ae	Number

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside backcover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenents, pertnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- ▶ (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ◆ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions:

- ▶ (4) Complete the Reat of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form--PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one;
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator —only have financial interest in some cattle;" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place." as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorahums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 6 --- Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animels on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

▶ Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

▶ Section 10 - Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for landlords and others in payment for services or products; any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place; crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for landlords and others

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

► Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

▶ Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the —

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

▶ (2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).