APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct

enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations—particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company. Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural

establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and

Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products

such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the required information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities
Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and
earthen tanks
Futures market
Contracts
Payroll and employment
Injuries and illnesses
Farm credit
Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

Cullman, Alabama—revised broilers sold and related data.

Inyo, California—revised land in farms and related data.

Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii-revised number of fattened cattle and related data.

Spencer, Indiana—revised cattle and calves inventory.

Harford, Maryland—revised acreage of total cropland.

Marshall, Minnesota—revised acreage of land in farms.

Dodge, Nebraska—revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Rusk, Texas—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for non-agricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion. some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only

of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calvesfarms.... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income-In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultura sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported. State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the month-to-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—in all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool—For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products—For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals—These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey—Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with

data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract labor workers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses—Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude

debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity—Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources-An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses. depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Black-operated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups.

Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were in-

cluded in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm—A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for

partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation—Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type-Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual. are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by-Standard industrial classification Debt status.

Race or origin.

Age of farm operator.

Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 89 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 98 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

Item	Percent of total
Number of farms	10.1
Land in farms	2.6
Value of products sold	8.
Harvested cropland	1.8
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	2.7
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	.1
Hogs and pigs	5.7

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources—the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment—were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that

would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given.

As calculated for this report, the

standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live	_
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)
California,										
total	33 386 307	0.2	21 958 127	0.2	8 307 766	0.2	4 331 896	0.1	2 661 776	0.1
Alameda	269 622	3.7	202 227	4.5	27 825	2.4	9 951	.4	7 052	2.7
Alpine	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Amador	197 910	1.1	46 277	2.0	5 161	4.6	1 187	3.2	1 560	1.1
Butte	475 121	1.0	406 688	1.0	212 231	.9	91 206	.9	8 224	1.5
Calaveras	254 626	15.3	79 900	19.6	3 716	12.8	298	3.5	3 304	4.0
Colusa	441 866	.4	276 071	.2	244 588	.2	98 238	.1	3 130	1.3
Contra Costa	258 652	1.2	264 346	1.3	47 636	1.3	20 998	.7	23 014	.2
Del Norte	17 924	7.2	11 694	1.9	3 210	2.7	253	 .9	2 045	1.3
El Dorado	197 619	.5	67 037	1.1	4 66 1	1.2	2 208	1.3	3 682	 6.
	.0, 0.0		0,00,	•••			2 200	1.0	0 002	.0
Fresno	2 030 250	.3	1 780 190	.3	1 100 980	.3	605 390	.2	172 444	.1
Glenn	629 061	.8	354 417	1.8	223 429	1.1	73 612	1.7	16 429	.6
Humboldt	771 157	.6	185 925	.8	17 148	1.4	1 697	1.0	15 521	.6
Imperial	513 381	.3	562 639	.1	447 949	.3	263 805	.2	307 125	.0
Inyo	455 078	.2	59 019	3.3	3 555	10.4	482	17.7	2 471	.7
Kern	3 122 486	.2	1 579 453	.3	781 386	.2	436 145	.2	116 792	.1
Kings	734 696	.5	445 525	1.0	453 026	.2	161 163	.2	74 191	.2
Lake	181 370	11.6	121 175	4.2	25 022	1.2	12 344	.5	1 353	2.9
Lassen	631 268	1.0	94 977	1.0	59 750	1.1	1 939	1.0	5 699	1.0
Los Angeles : .	400 500	1.6	409 721	1.0	64 806	2.3	26 298	.4	72 144	.1
Madera	749 723	1.2	496 207	2.4	226 833	1.8	90 220	.7	59 483	.2
Marin	140 748	1.0	93 377	1.2	4 199	1.3	335	.2	19 739	.2
Mariposa	231 755	2.0	50 950	2.1	1 055	1.0	145	1.2	5 933	.3
Mendocino	674 907	.9	203 635	1.5	23 952	.8	13 986	.3	4 664	1.0
Merced	1 018 709	.7	732 599	.9	326 476	.5	146 967	.9	203 072	.1
Modoc	653 185	2.5	149 291	2.9	109 088	.9	16 299	.5	10 273	2.8
Mono	74 419	.1	28 246	.3	5 269	.2	674	.4	1 057	.1
Monterey	1 423 926	.8	761 969	.6	254 998	.4	283 842	.0	85 675	.1
Napa	225 415	1.3	276 776	1.4	28 915	4.3	15 181	.6	8 336	.2
Nevada	91 483	2.2	31 448	4.0	1 217	4.3	186	1.9	1 519	.7
Orange	166 805	2.9	75 700	.3	35 225	.4	47 938	.2	15 984	.1
Placer	167 705	2.5	106 804	3.9	32 875	1.8	7 511	1.1	9 646	2.0
Plumas	133 033	7.3	31 156	8.9	9 219	(¹)	366	16.9	1 047	22.8
Riverside	560 733	1.3	760 943	1.2	232 811	2.6	131 345	1.0	237 368	.0
Sacramento	448 080	1.3	340 982	1.8	162 51 1	2.0	69 399	1.3	43 557	.2
San Benito	682 777	.7	237 610	1.5	52 443	1.4	32 690	.6	17 745	.2
San Bernardino	2 386 013	.1	818 589	.3	53 738	1.9	19 917	1.7	227 013	.2
San Diego	687 047	.3	870 539	.8	70 754	.3	73 924	.2	85 692	.1
San Francisco .	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
San Joaquin	851 899	.5	1 022 671	.5	483 483	.5	265 243	.5	105 476	.2
San Luis Obispo	1 624 526	1.8	551 371	2.0	188 674	.4	47 246	.2	33 940	.8
San Mateo	78 699	7.3	90 446	6.0	10 198	12.8	3 424	2.9	2 321	2.6
Santa Barbara .	966 803	7.5 .5	611 803	3.7	93 421	.9	66 190	.4	68 629	.1
Santa Clara	395 093	1.2	463 288	.8	48 209	.8		.4		.1

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and cattle farms		Chickens 3 n and older o		Hogs and farm	. •	Corn harve purp		Hay harvested		
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard erroi (percent)	
California											
total	4 425 359	0.3	44 808 323	0.1	139 815	0.8	354 228	0.5	1 545 344	0.6	
Alameda	41 077	3.8	2 268	3.2	2 582	.0	1	.0	13 650	4.7	
Alpine	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
Amador	17 190	1.4	24 562	.1	121	2.1	55	.0	2 376	9.4	
Butte	36 322	6.4	248 784	.0	6 465	8.9	2 809	.4	13 710	11.1	
Calaveras	25 769	11.8	27 390	1.3	283	7.5	_	.0	2 929	16.2	
Colusa	16 819	1.1	666	4.8	1 384	6.0	3 655	.0	12 51 1	.4	
Contra Costa	56 980	1.3	3 89 1	4.3	1 849	1.5	5 210	.2	11 789	4.5	
Del Norte	6 403	2.0	616	2.8	229	.3	_	.0	2 615	3.3	
El Dorado	12 732	1.0	81 998	.2	953	13.3	121	.0	1 235	1.3	
Fresno	253 603	.4	796 587	.7	9 234	1.5	18 202	.4	103 341	.2	
Glenn	59 940	1.0	116 181	.1	1 807	2.1	10 768	.2	30 881	.5	
Humboldt	63 478	.9	14 336	9.6	377	3.5	179	.9	15 356	1.6	
Imperial	353 195	.2	815	5.8	1 068	5.7	606	6.8	140 537	.3	
Inyo	23 355	2.1	264	.0	3	(¹)	4	.0	3 558	10.4	
Kern	227 716	.4	276 727	.0	3 242	4.9	5 3 7 8	.0	127 342	1.0	
Kings	106 614	.8	78 482	.3	1 650	6.7	15 305	1.0	48 088	.7	
Lake	11 082	2.3	30 586	.2	378	5.5	204	14.0	6 404	3.8	
Lassen	62 399	1.0	6 697	.0	405	(¹)	408	.0	52 651	1.2	
Los Angeles	53 655	.4	456 375	.6	3 864	1.1	220	4.2	23 554	.9	
Madera	124 962	.7	108 457	.1	870	3.8	13 342	.6	54 651	.9	
Marin	39 535	1.0	71 881	.0	690	(¹)	_	.0	3 786	1.5	
Mariposa	27 144	1.7	238	(¹)	1 509	.0	80	.0	395	2.5	
Mendocino	27 058	2.0	3 394	7.6	84 2	4.6	266	3.6	9 302	1.9	
Merced	274 203	.7	1 908 323	.4	14 756	.4	35 950	1.2	87 405	.8	
Modoc	122 715	8.4	2 058	4.3	1 453	5.5	2	.0	76 708	1.4	
Mono	6 405	.2	162	20.7	84	19.9	_	.0	5 392	.2	
Monterey	133 607	.9	52 733	.2	8 678	1.1	1 811	.0	16 631	2.9	
Napa	23 353	.7	220 881	.0	894	5.2	140	.9	6 461	19.2	
Nevada	5 189	3.1	8 325	.3	129	8.7	_	.0	1 007	5.2	
Orange	14 928	1.2	890 477	.0	142	.9	7	.0	1 296	1.6	
Placer	30 819	5.0	365 203	.1	806	3.8	412	.2	6 868	6.5	
Plumas	13 781	13.6	486	11.2	187	.0		.0	8 489	22.8	
Riverside	212 563	.1	7 377 270	.0	5 780	5.8	2 500	.2	44 598	2.0	
Sacramento	94 648	1.0	526 833	.8	1 652	8.1	35 777	4.3	34 107	1.7	
San Benito	56 513	.7	173 649	.3	313	9.2	1 080	8.0	12 656	1.7	
San Bernardino	186 941	.6	5 432 266	.1	7 165	5.4	2 247	.7	22 436	4.4	
San Diego	58 566	.3	7 648 845	.1	4 716	6.2	59	.0	9 453	.8	
San Francisco .	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
San Joaquin San Luis	166 652	.4	4 071 537	.2	7 275	1.2	73 475	.9	78 192	.8	
Obispo	147 873	1.8	443 04 1	1.8	4 909	.6	786	1.9	24 013	1 1	
San Mateo	7 587	4.6	679	(¹)	46	21.6	1	.0	4 077	1.3	
Santa Barbara .	116 856	.7	392 792	.0	1 737	9.6	1 306	.0	4 077 18 350	(¹)	
Santa Clara	48 349	.4	833 108	.0	657	3.0	1 300	U,	10 300	.9	

¹Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Land in f	arms	Value of land and buildings		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D oilars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	
Santa Cruz	53 948	1.3	106 204	1.9	16 969	2.4	34 987	2.2	5 121	0.2	
Shasta	386 479	1.7	112 412	4.3	24 717	9.7	2 386	1.1	7 064	1.1	
Sierra	77 511	.5	18 602	.7	6 431	4.4	167	15.0	908	.5	
Siskiyou	806 860	4.3	197 966	3.5	107 830	7.3	17 004	2.4	10 453	1.2	
Solano	377 704	6.3	262 889	1.7	154 393	5.7	76 383	.8	14 397	2.1	
Sonoma	588 718	.9	535 562	.9	84 594	1.2	25 351	1.6	81 574	.2	
Stanislaus	750 565	.8	874 091	.7	281 125	.6	149 189	1.0	163 499	.2	
Sutter	366 679	1.0	359 507	1.3	248 366	.7	128 474	.7	3 516	4.7	
Tehama	1 256 010	.5	357 429	.5	68 296	.6	17 127	.6	21 894	.6	
Trinity	94 668	2.0	16 960	4.0	987	9.9	20	8.0	401	5.4	
Tulare	1 400 885	1.0	1 353 618	.7	600 848	1.1	326 871	.5	164 076	.3	
Tuolumne	122 532	.9	37 183	2.1	1 172	1.5	52	.0	2 009	1.2	
Ventura	309 808	1.5	663 275	1.0	103 648	1.0	169 217	.6	57 835	0.	
Yolo	581 313	.6	470 389	1.0	369 637	.2	168 639	.1	10 363	1.7	
Yuba	190 005	1.3	153 278	1.0	56 392	.7	35 175	.6	6 175	.8	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and calves on farms		Chickens 3 months old and older on farms		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay harvested		
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	
Santa Cruz	5 163	2.1	94 726	0.1	306	1.4	21	0.0	997	2.2	
Shasta	46 385	5.3	5 284	11.0	1 666	10.0	162	22.1	18 797	12.8	
Sierra	8 982	1.1	24	.0	_	.0	_	.0	5 989	2.7	
Siskiyou	85 973	2.2	9 142	2.3	1 195	4.2	1 053	.9	64 9 16	9.2	
Solano	29 958	1.1	82 244	.1	244	2.1	18 172	.4	17 280	11.0	
Sonoma	113 003	1.3	1 978 766	.2	3 445	2.7	1 485	6.5	32 615	1.9	
Stanislaus	235 293	.5	5 533 630	.0	5 957	1.9	33 787	.7	58 928	8.	
Sutter	15 135	4.3	20 612	11.1	705	3.9	5 931	.5	12 665	3.4	
Tehama	99 408	1.1	13 635	3.6	1 868	1.9	2 853	.1	19 225	1.7	
Trinity	5 754	1.0	4 305	(1)	141	2.0	2	.0	916	10.0	
Tulare	306 402	.9	200 897	.0	17 525	1.0	28 814	.3	101 668	5.7	
Tuolumne	16 050	1.2	22 513	.3	14	6.2	_	.0	1 083	1.4	
Ventura	32 720	.7	4 130 315	.0	892	2.1	550	.0	3 582	3.0	
Yolo	24 927	2.0	11 455	1.5	2 670	16.0	26 787	.0	54 586	.6	
Yuba	29 640	1.6	912	6.3	2 003	2.2	2 119	.0	4 190	3.0	

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)					Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974				
operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by	By occupation and age of operator			d age of operati	or				-
		Occupatio	n farming	Occupation farm					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Farms and Land in Farms									
Farms number	6 281	601	358	4 736	586	15 727	2 367	10 536	2 824
percent Lond in forms acres	100.0 207 758	9.6 38 963	5.7 26 306	75.4 124 071	9.3 18 418	100.0 817 875	15.1 170 29 7	67.0 488 814	18.0 158 764
Average size of form acres	33	65	73	26	31	52 769 206	72 144 012	46 478 313	56 146 881
Value of land and buildings \$1,000 Average per farm dollars	335 946 53 486	45 025 74 917	24 521 68 496	235 043 49 629	31 356 53 509	48 910	60 841 846	45 398 979	52 012 925
Average per acre dollars Farms by value of farm:	1 617	1 156	932	1 894	1 702	940	275	1 103	317
\$1 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999	531 905	72 72	37 49	370 663	121	1 695 2 971	446	2 024 3 720	501 869
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999	2 015 1 652	173 134	107 9 5	1 599 1 251	136 172	5 289 3 293	700 462	2 207	624
\$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over	560 618	58 92	31 39	422 431	49 56	1 055 1 424	178 306	649 833	228 285
Owned and rented lands by farm aperators:	6.711		244	4.247	544	14 474	2 178	9 547	2 751
Land awnedfarms acres	5 711 197 214	532 39 656	346 22 711	4 267 109 895	566 24 952	14 476 778 010	153 344	411 039 1 771	213 627 189
Land rented or leased from othersfarms acres	873 50 450	106 6 544	28 7 158	33 671	28 3 077	2 327 228 064	367 51 378	153 950	22 736 246
Land rented or leased to othersfarms acres	451 39 906	63 7 237	35 3 563	249 19 495	104 9 611	1 152 188 199	230 34 425	676 76 175	77 5 99
Land in Farms According to Use									
Total craptandfarms	3 452	288	215	2 604 20 655	345 3 015	12 270 275 406	1 780 54 525	8 114 165 022	2 376 55 859
acres Harvested croplandfarms	29 602 1 703	3 544 136	2 388 118	1 241	208	8 504	1 219 8 686	5 513 36 392	1 772 10 177
Farms by acres harvested:	4 233	414	296	2 964	559	55 255			1 467
1 to 9 acres10 to 19 acres	1 605 98	127 9	110 8	1 172 69	196 12	6 663 1 449	915 246	4 281 965	238
20 to 29 ocres		-		-	-	202 151	22 23	141 107	39 21
50 to 99 acres	-		_	-	-	37 2	13	18 1	6
Cropland used only for posture or grazing farms	1 852	144	101	1 449	158	4 658	670	3 251	737
acres_ Other cropland (see text)acres acres	18 371 343 6 998	1 826 46 1 304	1 332 20 760	13 214 254 4 477	1 999 23 457	181 388 1 490 38 763	37 437 207 8 402	104 617 1 013 24 013	39 334 270 6 348
Woodland, including woodland posturefarms	545	57	38	406	44	1 300	174	878	248
Other land (see text)farms	28 745 4 340	4 388 449	2 087 239	18 812 3 292	3 458 360	103 662 9 216	16 263 1 478	65 656 6 204	21 743 1 534
ocres Irrigated landfarms acres	149 411 2 126 9 691	31 031 158 1 070	21 831 127 792	84 604 1 643 7 029	11 945 198 800	438 807 7 281 51 323	99 509 994 8 182	258 136 5 024 35 341	81 162 1 263 1 7 800
Race and Tenure of Operator				i					
All farm operators:	5 418	499	330	4 031	558	13 418	2 004	8 776	2 638
Part owners Tenants	278 585	28 74	16 12	226 479	8 20	1 020	167 196	747 1 013	106
White farm operators:	5 257	487	310	3 914	1				- 1
Full ownersPart owners	273	27	16	222	546 8	13 081 1 008	1 933 164	8 575 738	2 573 106
Tenants	566	71	10	468	17	1 257	187	994	76
Full ownersPart owners	161 5	12	20	117 4	12	337 12	71 3	201 9	65
Tenants	19	3	2	11	3	32	9	19	4
Form operators by age group:									
Under 25 years	125 924	23 73	_	102 851	-	209	64	145	~
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 477	99	_	1 378	-	1 487 3 237	169 360	1 318 2 877	_
45 to 54 years55 to 64 years	1 614 1 197	153 253	-	1 461	-	4 236 3 734	640 1 134	3 596 2 600	
65 years and overAverage age	944 48.7	48.8	358 72.2	44.2	586 70.8	2 824 51.4	50.8	46.3	2 824 71.3
Farm operators by place of residence:	4 252	201	100	0 400					
On farm operatedOn another farm	4 359 65	321 20	193	3 432 37	413 5	10 182	1 431	6 784	1 967
In a rural area not on a form In a city, town, or urban area	120 600	11 39	2 17	100 487	7 57	3 235	462	2 357	416
Form operators reporting days of work off farm	5 986 1 001	493 252	282 213	4 658 232	553 304	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Any	4 985	241 68	69 31	4 426 180	249	12 661	919	(NA) 10 536	(NA) 1 206
50 to 99 days	178	26	6	118	30 28	921 552	547 372	_	374 180
100 to 149 days	242 461	44 18	15 4	167 410	16 29	- 1 734	_	1 593	141
200 days and over	3 795	85	13	3 551	146	9 454	-	8 943	511
farm operators by principal occupation: Forming	959 5 322	601	358	4 736	586	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	Γ	S	pecified exclude	d agricultural a	perations, 1974		For	Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969			
			Ву	occupation and	age of operato	ır					
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)	,		Occupation	n farming	Occupation farm						
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Port retirement	
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹ — Continued						!					
Farm aperators by off-farm income: Reporting any		1 915	222	157	1 332	204	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Off-farm income equal to or greater than value of farm products sold		1 599	200	146	1 065	188	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Off-farm income less than value of farm products sald Not reporting or reporting none		316 4 366	22 379	11 201	267 3 404	16 382	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Farms by Size	1	ļ									
1 to 9 acres	1	3 715 2 097	286 238	165 149	2 969 1 464	295 246	7 442 5 913	1 049 835 78	5 047 4 090	1 346 988	
50 to 69 acres 70 to 99 acres 100 to 139 acres		92 71 63	7 11 11	3	70 50 41	6 7 9	443 458 320	78 75 6 2	273 284 190	92 99	
140 to 179 acres		65 24	9 2	1 5	49 13	6	328 144	81	199 80	48	
220 to 259 acres 260 to 499 acres		25 65	5 15	9	38	4 2 4	100 272	23 52 76	46 161	68 48 28 31 59	
500 acres and over		64	17	7	33	7	307	76	166	65	
Value of Products Sold											
Market value of all agricultural products sold (see text) Average per farm Forms by value of agricultural products sold:	\$1,000 dollars	2 248 358	198 330	106 297	1 755 371	188 320	5 230 333	766 323	3 574 339	890 315	
Under \$250\$250 to \$499		2 082 2 305	264 161	169 88	1 393 1 888	256 168	6 734 4 091	1 096 514	4 360 2 843	1 278 734	
\$500 to \$999	1	1 894 1 098	176	101	1 455	162 142	4 902 7- 5 404	757 776	3 333 3 450	812 1 178	
	\$1,000	428 163	32 19	76 34 10	300 118	62 16	2 273	351	1 404	518	
	\$1,000	73 86	12	5	47	9	105	18	71	16	
	\$1,000	14 3 944	3 339	1 144	9 3 175	(Z) 286	17 - 6 308	2 889	12 4 620	3 799	
Poultry and poultry products	\$1,000 _farms \$1,000	1 661 510 73	145 33 7	60 24 7	1 346 433 53	110 20 6	2 940	413	2 157	370	
Production Expenses	¥1,00011	,,	j ´	,	30	Ü					
Total farm production expenses	_farms	6 123	549	316	4 681	577	15 727	2 367	10 536	2 824	
Farms with expenditures of -	\$1,000	6 729	675	373	5 147	535	23 601	3 783	15 949	3 869	
\$1 to \$499 \$500 to \$999		1 768 1 827	177 128	89 84	1 292 1 436	210 179	3 800 3 650	562 511	2 467 2 450	771 689	
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 and over		1 677 85°	150 94	92 51	1 288 665	147 41	8 277	1 294	5 619	1 364	
Livestock and poultry purchosed	_farms \$1.000	2 706 855	213 75	79 23	2 221 701	193 56	4 509 1 866	632 269	3 417 · 1 432	460 165	
	\$1,000	4 646 1 604	371 138	188 69	3 712 1 259	375 139	7 133 2 611	956 355	5 285 1 972	892 284	
Commercially mixed formula feeds	tans	2 546 5 024	250 478 66	129 248 36	1 937 3 764 501	230 534 68	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees	\$1,000 _farms	1 282	131	54	987	110	3 048	361	2 220	467	
Commercial fertilizer		70 1 318	150	3 80	55 951	137	234 6 355	33 900	171 4 204	30 1 251	
Other agricultural chemicals (see text)		85 813	78 78	29	57 649 30	57 3	584 5 102 398	108 665 59	368 3 498 265	108 939 74	
Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and ail for the farm business	\$1,000 _forms \$1,000	42 5 005 711	468 72	282 41	3 808 538	447 60	13 747 1 977	2 057 334	9 305 1 306	2 385 337	
Hired form lobor	_farms \$1,000	1 004 400	92 75	65 3 6	744 255	103 34	5 112 2 146	826 447	3 251 1 231	1 035 468	
Contract labor		240 56	29 13	14 10	177 28	20 5	7 5 240 1 326	729 241	3 503 827	1 008 258	
Machine hire and customwork	_forms \$1.000	885 104	79 14	52 7	702 76	52 7					
Other production expenses	_farms \$1,000	4 939 2 802	448 266	260 172	3 780 2 146	451 219	11 667 12 459	1 739 1 9 37	7 805 8 377	2 123 2 146	
Farm-Related Income and Expenses							1				
	\$1,000	854 1 262	74 201	42 76	652 801	86 184	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
	\$1,000	279 446	28 124	10	230 303	15 9	666 1 084	127 182 28	455 780 133	84 122 18	
	\$1,000	60 110 58	6 11 10	(Z) 10	50 97 36	2 2	179 223 522	28 44 109	163 163 324	16	
Government farm programsRent of farmland or from lease or sale of allotments	\$1,000	22 464	1 10	12 24	339	(Z) 70	289 (NA)	66 (NA)	177 (NA)	47 (NA)	
Other farm-related sources	\$1,000	601 81	49 7	54 2	331 68	167 4	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Expenses for farm-related income sources	\$1,000 forms	83 334	16 30	1 9	61 265	5 30	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
	\$1,000	529	110	21	339	59	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA) i	

¹¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietarships) and partnerships; see text.

		Specified exclud	ed agricultural	operations, 1974	1	Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969				
		`		d age of operate						
farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)			n farming	Occupation farm	other than					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement	
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobilesfar		328 403	183 220	2 903 3 669	411 477	7 899 10 898	1 156 1 564	5 301 7 477	1 442 1 857	
numb Motortrucks, including pickupsfor	ns 4 591	379	197	3 597	418	9 462	1 355	6 630 7 909	1 477 1 818	
numb Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillersfar	ns 3 364	553 279	282 174 262	5 180 2 558	635 353 557	11 428 7 801 9 808	1 238 1 703	5 166 6 354	1 397	
numb Wheeltractors, excluding garden troctors and motor tillersfar	ns 3 149	442 257	151	3 962 2 398	343	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
numb Crawler tractorsfar	ns 358	389 44	222 35	3 681 261	539 18	(NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Grain and bean combines, self-propelledfar	ns 10	53 3 3	40 - -	281 7 7	18	(NA) 51 65	(NA) 4 5	31 44	16	
Cornpickers, corn heods, ond picker-shellersfor		1 5	2 2	2 2	-	26 29	2	23 26	1	
Corn heads for combinesfarm	ns	-	-	-	=	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Other cornpickers and picker-shellersfor- numb	ms 5	1 5	2 2	2 2	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Mower conditionersfari	ns 124	9	6	94 110	15 15	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Pickup balers far	ns 67	8	6	44	9	335	65	227 236	43	
numb Windrowers, pull and self-propelledfar	ns 46	10	6	48 35	11 2	351 (NA)	68 (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	
numb Field forage horvesters, sheor bar or flywheel typefor numb	ns 13	2 2	3	35 11 11	2 - -	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	
Estimated market value of all mochinery and equipmentfor \$1.0		475 3 325	271 1 806	4 442 27 144	528 3 431	13 416 43 047	2 002 7 521	9 086 28 280	2 328 7 246	
Farms by value of machinery ond equipment:		29	6	266	17	2 672	362	1 757	553	
\$1,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 983	162 188	90 126	1 570 2 054	161 278	8 505 1 582	1 235 272	5 884 1 048	1 386	
\$10,000 to \$19,999	671	80	43	482	66	488	91	305	92	
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999	22	10	6 -	50 18	6 -	169	42	92	35	
\$50,000 and over	4	2	-	2	- [J			ĺ	
Livestock and Poultry	1									
Livestock and poultry inventory: Cottle and calvesfari	ns 2 252	166	107	1 811	168	4 569	615	3 351	603	
numb	er 9 963	830 89	600 71	7 731 1 152	802 105	42 774 2 657	5 621 355	31 359 1 914	5 794 388	
numb Beef cowsfor	er 4 759	312 75	254 62	3 839 1 027	354 92	12 970 2 199	1 756 307	9 040 1 552	2 174 340	
numt Milk cowsfar:	er 4 283	274 25	233 13	3 454 253	322 20	11 779 659	1 597 62	8 146 515	2 036	
numl		38	21	385	32	1 191	159	894	138	
Hogs ond pigsfari		29 94	8 37	528 ! 897	10 27	669 4 019	75 557	546 3 204	48 258	
Litters of pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding year and November 30fari		12	1	178	1	272	43	205	24	
numb	er 360	21	1 40	337 586	i 131	814 1 211	129 148	603 874	82 189	
numb Horses and poniesname numb	er 10 533 ns 2 571	1 581 197 1 044	663 70 348	6 791 2 167 9 656	1 498 137 580	22 023 4 254 18 354	3 328 534 2 558	14 323 3 347 14 152	4 372 373	
Chickens 3 months old or olderfor	ns 1 196	82	46	1 010	58	1 619	188	1 211	220	
numb Hens and pullets of laying agefari	ns 1 066	1 781 73	1 382 45	21 396 893	1 252	49 214 1 460	6 798 168	34 600 1 093	7 816 199	
numb Broilers and other meat-type chickensfan	er 20 828	1 440	1 101	17 267 92	1 020	35 773 67	5 125 10	24 672 56	5 976	
Other livestack and poultryfari	er 1 376	43 110	36 37	1 272 1 063	25 62	1 428 1 652	258 208	1 145 1 269	25 175	
Livestock and poultry sold:	ļ		-			. 002	200	. 207	',3	
Cattle and calvesfari	er 3 898	103 358	63 211	1 105 3 046	109 283	3 482 13 850	463 1 790	2 540 10 178	479 1 882	
Hogs and pigsfari	er 2 761	136	5 34	389 2 529	9 62	454 4 502	55 643	362 3 283	37 576	
Feeder pigs soldfari	er 1 287	8 82	1 2	128 1 196	1 7	146 2 237	19 407	110 1 588	17 242	
Sheep and lombsfari	er 6 374	1 109	31 365	439 3 962	101 938	895 10 629	121 1 842	612 6 356	162	
Harses and poniesfari	ns 1 438	117 205	28 39	1 222 2 291	71 116	1 567 2 686	238 397	1 233 2 133	96	
Chickens 3 months old or olderfore	J.	11	5	166	7	177	24	131	22	
numb Hens and pullets af laying agefari	ns 167	2 424 10	343 5	5 707 145	2 096	26 525 136	5 498 19	15 932	5 095	
numb Broilers and other meat-type chickensfari	er 9 502	2 414	302 2	4 725 36	2 061	21 083 15	4 819	11 576 14	4 688	
Other livestock and poultryfarm	er 1 787	70	278 18	1 509 658	43	1 053 (NA)	350 (NA)	703 (NA)	(NA)	
Crops Harvested					~	MACA	ww	(IIA)	(NA)	
Field corn for all purposesfari	ns 27			23		115	•	٠,		
	es 42		-	23 38 13	-	115 631	21 86	74 431	20 114	
	es 20	4 354	-	16	-	85 457	14 43	55 304	16 110	
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fodder, or hogged or grazedfari	4	334	-	1 277	- 1	22 529	1 737	16 011	4 781	
	es 22	1 -	- 1	11 22	-	30 174	7 43	19 1 2 7	4 4	

By accupation and age of operator Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition) Occupation other than Occupation farming Less than 65 65 years old years old and over Less than 65 years old Part retirement Total Class 6 Total Part time Crops Harvested - Continued Sorghums for all purposes, except sirup_____farms_ 4B 37 526 14 267 7 805 14 2 10 857 410 11 247 6 412 37 37 102 For groin or seed. 10 536 B 182 182 bushels... Cut for silage, green chap, dry forage or hay, or hagged or grazed _____ forms 34 259 26 163 6 29 6 92 6 29 10 244 3 345 32 509 Wheat for grain_____farms_ 60 81 2 784 30 153 72 ۱n 11 177 16 109 567 8 327 188 167 1 728 14 429 156 3 254 142 120 100 27 5 35 112 Other small grains for grain_____ _ _ forms_ 336 39 3 272 2 334 Soybeans for beans_____ 10 46 991 hushels 107 884 Hoy and gross silage, excluding sorghum hay (see text)____ 572 2 679 5 719 288 2 791 4 556 (NA) (NA) (NA) 59 290 _forms_ 37 411 1 151 1 682 243 65 319 617 2 6 8 411 1 882 4 100 23 47 49 3 084 5 051 (NA) (NA) (NA) 18 072 29 516 (NA) 197 909 (NA) acres_ tons_ forms_ 25 53 57 acres... boles... farms... (NA) (NA) 72 194 (NA) (NA) 48 130 133 288

1 750

(Z) 10

11 7 3

34 22 19

15 8 120

12 581

173

86 35 19

78 32 988

58 40 10

984

acres...

ocres_

hundredweight_

farms... acres... bushels...

Tobacco _____forms_

Sweetpatataes

Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale

All other crops

Greenhouse products under glass or other protection ____

11 14 331

183

Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974

Forms with sales under \$1,000, 1969

40

36 494

(NA)

3 167

(NA)

33 14 095

196 560

47 20

(NA)

18 264

6 30

10 5 **6**74

24 26 778

10

(NA)

55 99

1 002

B 4	California

APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41-S74085; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation—for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

meers P Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT
TO THE CENSUS
BUREAU IS CONFIDENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are from legal immune process

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	ore than one report form	?				1			I
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2	,	Enter extra file number(s) here							_
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGR	CULTURA	AL ACT	IVIT	IES IN	119	74		
							YES		NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount o	of any of the ite	ems li ste	d belov	w?		1 🗀]	2 🔲
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlot Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farm 		 Greenh nursery Fish in Fur-bea in capti Other a 	producaptive pring a vity	icts ity nimals	ties			
Did you at any time in 1974 raise of contractors such as feed companies.	or produce any agricultural proes, processors, or packers?	ducts for					YES	_	NO 2 🔲
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement,							1 []	2 🔲
4. Did you own any land that was use	ed by someone else for agricult	tural purposes	in 1974	?			1]	2 🔲
Did you own any livestock or poult under a share agreement or custor							1 [נ	2 🔲
► If you answered YES to ANY o	of these questions, go to Sec	tion 3.							
If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provided	five of these questions, tea		nt cover	and n	nail it	back			

Se	ection 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LA				nber of		Your estima current mai of these act	ket value es and	
	Include all cropland, pastureland, woodland, wasteland, idle land,	rangeland, house lots etc		1	CIES	<u> </u>	the building		
	woodidiid, wasteraria, lale laria,	nouse iots, etc.	None				Dollars		ents
			_	040		1		-	
1.	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • •	⊔			\$			
2.	ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, in shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad lar	d: and land used r	rent free.	050		1			
_	(Do NOT include land used on a per-head bas			060		\$		<u> </u>	
	All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, includi shares by others and land subleased	• • • • • • • • • • • •	⊔	070	-	\$			
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN 'THIS PLACE' () (Pleatitem 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUB others (item 3), and enter your answer in this	TRACT acres rente space.)	ed to		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11	nese are t THIS' for this ce	PLACE	"①
	"THIS PLACE" means your farm or range greenhouses, and/or any other agricultude.	ıral operations.							
5.	If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item	2 above), pleas	e enter the fol	lowing in					
							nents in 19 that apply	74	
		ddress , city, State, ZIP code)	Number of acres	Share	Share of li		Cash	Othe	er
				of crops	or proc	ucts	as rent	arrange	
			081	1 0	2		3 🗌	4 🗆]
			082	ا ا	2		3 🔲	4 🗀)
			083	1 🗆	2		3 🗆	4 🗆]
	List additional landlords on back cover.			<u> </u>					
_									
Ь.	If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3	· 						ter.	
	Name .	Address (NO.	and street, city, Stat	e, ZIP code		085	lo. of acres		
						000	,]
						086	`		015
								Ш	P-1
						087	, 	∃	
								П	
	List additional renters on back cover.	·				1		-	014
7	Of the land you rented or leased from others (item 2 above) hov	w manv None	Number	of acres		urrent	7)	
•.	acres did you subrent or sublease to others?			088		mari 1	ket value	41	1 1
	leased by you which was worked on shares by			000		\$			
_	You may be able to skip most	of this form if —							013
1	a. All the land you owned	for rented was we	orked on shares	or rented	to some	one els	e .	1	
	PLEASE b. There were no crops of the land you operated c. The land you operated	r livestock in 1974 prior to 1974 bac	f on the acres in	"THIS PL	ACE" (it	em 4 ai	bove).		
	READ c. The land you operated If a, b, or c apply to your o					tinuina	with		2
_	this report.							_	012
Se	ction 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	FURAL ACTIV	'ITY						
				····				_	1
1.	In what county was the largest value of your	Principal	County name		Stat	e 1	No. of acres	_	011
••	agricultural products raised or produced?	county			1	0	91	11	PH
	(Enter county name, State, and number	Other				0	92	-	
	of acres on the "Principal county" line. If you have agricultural operations in	counties			-			4	
	any other county(ies), enter the county					0	93		010
	name(s), etc., on the lines provided for					0	94	7	10
	"Other counties.")	·						ي الــ	
2.	Location of place within principal	Name of leastion						- Is	Ę
	county entered above. 'Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township - Range numbers	Name of location						CEN	ONLY

Page 1

READ AND ANSWER
THIS QUESTION
THEN FOLLOW THE
INSTRUCTIONS

During 1974 did you produce any crops; cut any hay; have any nursery or greenhouse

YES -	Go to Section 5 below
□ NO —	Skip to page 8 and
	COMPLETE Section 1

THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS	product	ts or specialty ards, groves,	crops;	or have ar	y land	∐ NO -		to page 8 a IPLETE Sec			
Section 5 Was any FIE	LD CORN H	arvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	lace in 19	974?				
YES — Complete this section	on •	Report swee when you rea			2 and popcorr	in Section	16				
□ NO — Go to Section 6		,		harvested	Quant	ity harvested		Acres irri	gated		
1. Field corn for grain or seed of shelled corn harvested in			101	[1	Bushel shelled		2			
hundredweight. 70 lbs. of shelled corn = 1 bushel she			101		6 OR-	OR———Hundredweig shelled			- ∤}		
2. Field corn for silage or gree	n chon		102		1	Tons, green v	weight	2			
3. Field corn cut for dry fodder include acres already report	r, hogged or gr	azed (Do not	103					2			
				Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Lig	uid or gas fen	tilizer		
				rtilized	Whole tons			noie tons	Tenths		
4. Commercial fertilizer used of	on field corn .		109		1	/10	2		/10		
Section 6 > Were any SO	RGHUMS	or MILO ha	rveste	d from ti	nis place in		^				
(Include both gra							ion.)				
YES — Complete this section	on •	Report sorgh					l sorghu	ım for			
□ NO — Go to Section 7		sirup in Secti			ach those sec						
-			Acres	harvested	Quantity harvested			Acres irrigated			
1. Sorghums (milo) for grain o			111	-	OR-	6 Bushel					
harvested in either bushels	or pounds.) .	• • • • • • •			6	Poul	nds				
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	n chan		112		1	2					
2. Sorgitality for shage or gree	archop	• • • • • • • •			1						
3. Sorghums cut for dry forage	•		114			2	,				
4. Sorghums hogged or grazed acres already reported in ite								_			
					Dry fert	ilizer	Lio	uid or gas fert	ilizer		
				Acres rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths		
5. Commercial fertilizer used of	on sorahums		119		1	/10	2		/10		
Section 7 Were any SO from this plan	YBEANS, I	PEANUTS,	DRY	BEANS,	or DRY PE		sted		/10		
☐ YES — Complete this section											
NO — Go to Section 8						Commercia	ıt fertilizer	used			
	Acres harvested	Quantit harveste		Acres irrigated	Acres	Dn	+	Liquid or	, 		
	121	1		2	fertilized 3	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths		
1. Soybeans for beans			Bushels			<u> </u>	/10		10		
2. Peanuts for nuts 3	122	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
3. Dry field and seed beans	123	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
4. Dry lima beans	124	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	1 /10		
5 . Dry field and seed peas $\stackrel{\textcircled{4}}{\cdot}$.	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
6 . Cowpeas for dry peas	126	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
② Soybean hay is to be re	ported in Sect	ion 10 and soy	beans t	nogged or g	razed, cut for	silage, or pl		nder in Sec			

- 3 Peanut hay is to be reported in Section 10.
- 4 Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.
- (5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

	1				<u> </u>	Commercia	al fertilize	er used	
		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
r	None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat		131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat		132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat		133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat		134	1 Bu,	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat		135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Oats for grain		137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
7. Barley for grain		138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain		139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
9. Mixed grains		140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed		141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat		142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet		143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either 100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)		144	1 100-lb. bags 6 Bu. 7	}2	3	4	/10	5	/10
UI Darreis)		<u> </u>	Barrels	J					

Were any COTTON, TOBAÇCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR Section 9 SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

	VEC	C	this section
1 I	YES -	Complete	this section

□ NO — Go to Section 10	on next page
-------------------------	--------------

Report tenths of	į							Commercial fertilizer used						
acres where	Acres harvested		Quantity harvested		Acres irrigated			Acres	Dry		Liquid or gas			
indicated.	"	3. 103.00	110. 403100		,,,,gstee			fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths		
1. Cotton	151		1 Bales		2		3		4 /10		5 /10			
1. Cotton	152	! /	1	Pounds	2	1/1	3	1 /10	4	,	5	,		
2. Tobacco — all types		1 /10		Pounds		1/10		1 /10		/10		/10		
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153	1/10	1 -	Hundred- weight	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10		
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1	Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10		
,	155		1		2		3		4	,	5	,		
5. Sugar beets for sugar				Tons						/10		/10		
6. Sugar beets for seed	156		1	Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	/10		
7. Sugarcane for sugar [©]	157		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10		
B. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10		
9. Sugarcane for seed	159				2		3		4	/10	5	/10		

⁶ In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10 Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAGE, H from this place in 1974? (Include hay cut from	IAYLAGE, O	r GREEN C	HOP cut	or harvested
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 11				
If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "haylage, report the acreage in the appropriate items under Part A — Hay	." or "green cho and Part B —	p" from the sa Grass Silage	me fields, below.	
■Part A DRY HAY			harvested	
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)	Acres harvested	(Repor	t either en weight, icated)	Acres irrigated
Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating	172	1	Tons. dry	2
· · · ·	173	1	Tons,	2
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay	174	1	dry Tons,	2
3. Small grain hay	٠		dry	
4. Lespedeza for hay	175] 1	Tons. dry	2
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay	176	1	Tons, dry	2
6. Wild hay	177	1	Tons,	2
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc.	178	1	Tons.	2
■Part B — GRASS SILAGE. HAYLAGE. AND GREEN CHOP	`		dry	
(If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)	181	1	Tons.	2
8. Grass silage and haylage,		1	green	
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)	182		Tons, green	2
		D (1-1)		
	Acres			
· ·	fertilized	Dry fertilize Whole tons		iquid or gas fertilizer Whole tons Tenths
10 Commercial facilities used an group listed above			Tenths V	Whole tons Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths V	Whole tons Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths V	Whole tons Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	fertilized	Whole tons 1 harvested fr Quantity ha	Tenths V /10 /om this	Whole tons Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	fertilized	Whole tons 1 harvested fi	Tenths V 10 2 com this rvested pounds,	vhole tons Tenths / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀ / ₁₀
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	clover, etc.)	Whole tons 1 harvested fr Quantity ha (Report in p	Tenths V 10 2 Tom this rvested counds, eed)	Phole tons Tenths /10 place in 1974? Acres irrigated 2
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	clover, etc.) I	Whole tons 1 harvested fr Quantity ha (Report in p	rvested pounds, eed)	Phole tons Tenths /10 place in 1974? Acres irrigated 2
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	clover, etc.) Acres harvésted	Whole tons 1 harvested fi Quantity ha (Report in p	Tenths V 10 2 Tom this rvested counds, eed)	Phole tons Tenths /10 place in 1974? Acres irrigated 2
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	clover, etc.) Acres harvésted	Whole tons 1 harvested fi Quantity ha (Report in p	rvested pounds, eed)	place in 1974? Acres irrigated 2
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	clover, etc.) Acres harvésted	Whole tons 1 harvested fr Quantity ha (Report in p clean se 1	rvested pounds, eed)	Phote tons Tenths /10 /1
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legume, or section) YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 12 1. Red clover seed	clover, etc.) Acres harvésted	Whole tons 1 harvested fr Quantity ha (Report in parties of the color of the col	rvested counds, red) Pounds Pounds	Phole tons Tenths /10 /1
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legume, or section) YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 12 1. Red clover seed	clover, etc.) Acres harvésted	Whole tons 1 harvested fr Quantity ha (Report in p clean se 1 1	rvested pounds, and Pounds Pounds Pounds	Acres irrigated 2 2 2
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	No	Whole tons 1 Cuantity ha (Report in particular sections) Crop name Alsike clover s Crimson clove Ladino clover s Sweetclover s White clover s Red top seed thairy vetch seed of All other seed.	Pounds	No
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above Section 11	No	Whole tons 1 Cuantity ha (Report in a clean see 1) Crop name Alsike clover s Crimson clover s Sweetclover s White clover s Red top seed, of All other seed, bluestem, can	Pounds	No
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legume, or section) YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 12 1. Red clover seed	No 205 206 207 208 209 211 212 213 214 215	Whole tons 1 Cuantity ha (Report in Aclean set) Crop name Alsike clover so Crimson clove Ladino clover so White clover so Red top seed. Hairy vetch see Vetch seed. of All other seed bluestem. can (Write name of Dry fertilized)	Pounds	No

Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this Section 12 place in 1974? ☐ YES — Complete this section ■ NO — Go to Section 13 on next page Acres harvested (7) Acres For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 through irrigated For fresh market For processing (8) August 31, 1974 harvest season, for all other States report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructions Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Tenths for additional guidelines on filling this section.) 241 Λo Λo /10 242 2 /10 /10 Λo 243 /10 /1o Λo 244 2 /10 Λo /10· 245 Λo /1o /10 5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpeas. 246 /10 /10 /10 7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and No. from list below.) /1o /10 /10 Vegetable name No. 2 /10 10 /10 2 Λo /10 /10 2 Λo 10 /10 Vegetable name_ 2 110 /10 lο Vegetable name_ No /1o /10 /10 No. Vegetable name___ /10 /1o /10 Vegetable name_ No 2 /10 Λo /10 Vegetable name. List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover. Vegetable name Vegetable name Vegetable name Vegetable name No Artichokes 284 249 Chicory 260 Lettuce, romaine. . 272 Pumpkins Radishes 285 Asparagus 250 Collards. 262 . 251 Cowpeas (blackeye and Lima beans Rhubarb other green cowpeas). 263 Muskmelons. 275 Shallots.... 287 Brussels sprouts.....253 265 Mustard greens 277 Spinach.... . 288 . 289 . 255 266 Onions, dry Onions, green 278 Cabbage Endive279 Escarole. 267 Turnips Cantaloups and Okra 280 . 256 Garlic Turnip greens . . Persian melons. Honeydew melons. . . . 269 Peppers, sweet . 281 Other vegetables . . . 294 Carrots 257 Cauliflower 258 270 Peppers, hot... . 282 (Write vegetable name on Lettuce, head 271 Celery 259 Pimientos line in item 7 above.) Commercial fertilizer used Acres Acres Acres 8. Land used for vegetable crops fertilized harvested irrigated Dry Liquid or gas (Report acres only once even Whole Whole Whole Whole Whole though two or more crops were Tenths Tenths Tenths Tenths Tenths tons acres acres acres harvested from the same acres or the same acres were 299 2 irrigated or fertilized twice.

/10

Report all fertilizer used.)

/1o

/1o

/10

10

⁽²⁾ When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

B Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

$\overline{}$	
Section 13	Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fruit trees, including citrus, grape-
	vines, and nut trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

☐ YES — Complete this section

NO - Go to Section 14

Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

	Acres in tree	s and	Acres		Commercial fertilizer used							
	vines of all	ages	irrigated		Acres fertilized		Dry		Liquid or	gas		
1. Land in bearing and nonbearing	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths		
fruit orchards, citrus or other	301		1	İ ,	2	,	3	,	4	,		
groves, vineyards, and nut trees		/10		/10		/10		/10		/10		

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hail, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	of bearin	ng age	В	earing a	ige	
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Quantity harvested (Report tenths where specified)
	302	1 ,	1	2	1,	3	4
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		1 /10		ļ	1/10	<u> </u>	Pounds
_	303	i ,	1	2	i ,	3	4
3. Apples, standard		1 /10	- <u>-</u>	<u></u>	1/10		Pounds
4. Peaches, clingstone	304	/10	1	2	/10	3	4 Pounds
	305	1	1	2	1	3	4
5. Peaches, freestone		/10			/10		Pounds
	306	1	1	2	+	3	4
6. Pears, Bartlett		1/10		j	1/10		Pounds
	307		1	2	1 ,	3	4
7. Pears, other than Bartlett)	1/10			j /10		Pounds
	308		1	2	,	3	4
8. Cherries, tart	L	/10			i /10		Pounds
	309	¦ ,	1	2	١, ١	3	4
9. Cherries, sweet		1/10			i /10		Pounds
	310	1 1	1	2		3	4 Tons
10. Grapes	Ì	1/10		1	1/10	·	5 Tons
							/10 dry
11 Diame	314	1/	1	2	! /	3	4 / Tons
11. Plums	ļ	/10		ļ. ———	/10		/10 fresh
@	315		1	2		3	7 Tons
12 . Prunes		/10			/10		5 Tons
For citrus, report quantity harvested	320		1	2		3	4
in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973. 13. Valencia oranges		/10			/10		Вохе
	321		1	2	1	3	4
14. Navel oranges		/10			1/10		Boxe
	322] , [1	2		3	4
15. Temple oranges		j /10			i /10		Вохе
16. Other oranges — Hamlin,	323	1 / 1	1	2	1 ,]	3	4
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc		1/10			1/10		Вохе
	324	١, ١	1	2		3	4
17. Grapefruit		1/10			10		Boxe

(9) Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

▶ If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page. _

Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col.(f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list be	Not of bearing age (c)				Bearing a	age		Quantity Mark		t of mea: fark (X) or (f)			
Name (a)	No. (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees]	(e)			Boxes	in pounds
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3 🗌	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51□	2	3 🗌	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🗌	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	з 🗌	6
• CITRU	SCROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No		• NUT CR	OPS		N	lo.
1973—7 Kumquats Lemons Limes (1) Tangelos Tangerine	uantity harve 4 from blood bushel = 50 s and mand us fruit trees	m of 1973.	325 326 327 328 329	Avoca Dates Figs Mang Necta Pome Olives	ados (See li See Instructions irines	nstructions)		2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Almonds . Filberts and Pecans, im Pecans, wi Pistachio s Tung nuts Walnuts (E Walnuts, p Other nut t	d hazelnuts proved Id and seed (in husk) English or P lanted blace	ling	3.	41 42 43 44 45 46 47

Section 14 Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

☐ YES — Complete this section	Area used	Value of					
-		Square feet under glass	Acres in the	open	sales during 1974 (1)		
NO. — Go to Section 15 on nex	t page	or other protection 10	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
Nursery products — trees, shr.	ubs, vines, etc.	371	1	/10	2 \$	1	
2. Sod harvested		372	1	/10	2 \$!	
		373	1	/10	2 \$		
		374	1	/10	2		
		384	1	/10	\$		
6. Vegetables, including	a. Tomatoes	385			2 \$		
mushrooms, grown under glass or other protection	b. Cucumbers	386		j	2 \$		
glass of other protection	c. Lettuce	387			2 \$		
	d. Mushrooms	388		j	2 \$	1	
e. Other vegetables		389		1	2 \$!	
. 7. Area irrigated (Include items)		 391	1	/10		•	

(ii) Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.

Square feet

399

11) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Area fertilized

Acres

Tenths

Liquid or gas fertilizer

Tenths

/10

Whole tons

Dry fertilizer

Whole tons

Tenths

8. Commercial fertilizer used on

the crops listed above

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested f	or sa	le fro	m this	pl	ace	in 19	74?				
☐ YES — Complete this section				Acres ha	rvasted	Т		Quantity harvested				Acres irr	rigated
NO — Go to Section 16					Tenth	ns l	(= 1 1/2 1		s)	Whole acres	
1 Carrieda aria-			402		1	,	1					2	1/10
1. Strawberries	• • • • • • •	• • • • •	403		+ /	10	1				Pounds	2	1 /10
2. Cranberries			403	<u>-</u>	1/	10					00-lb. barrels		/10
list below.y						,	1					2	!
Crop name	No	o			/	10				F	ounds	2	1 /10
Crop name	Ne	o			/	10				, F	ounds	2	1 /10
List additional berry crops ha			rer.		····								
Crop name Blackberries and dewberries 44 Blueberries, tame 44 Blueberries, wild 44	04 Currant O5 Gooset	ame berries · · ts · · · · berries · ·		408	Raspt	nberi Derri	ries . es, rec	١	No. • 411 • 412 • 413		All othe	erries r berries rop name on . 3 above.)	415
				A	res fertili	zed			Dry fertil			iquid or gas fe	
					e acres	Ter	nths	Whol	e tons	Ter		Whole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used on b	erries			429		İ	/10	1		į	/10 2		/10
Section 16 Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted	from	this p	lac	e in	197	4?				
YES — Complete this section									Comr	nercia	I fertilize	rused	
☐ NO — Go to Section 17	Acres harvested		uantity rvested		Acres			cres		Dry		Liquid o	
		ļ						tilized		tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Popcorn	431	1		Pounds, shelled	2		3		4	- I	/10	5	/10
2. Safflower		'		Pounds					-		/10	3	/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1		Pounds	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1		Bushels	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
5 . Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds of oil	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
6. Broomcorn	436	1		Tons of brush	2		3		4	j	/10	5	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop nameNo					2		3		4	! ! !	/10	5	/10
Crop					2		3		4	 ∔		5	
nameNo					l				<u> </u>	i	/10		/10
List additional crops harvested on Crop name No. Castor beans	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans fo Mustard seed. Rapeseed	r beans	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447	R S S	crop name oot crops esame for orghum for oybeans i grazed or oybeans i	for for for sile to see the se	ed rup . ged or for sile		450 451 452	Sv Tr Ve W W Al	iticale . Evetbear ild rice ormseed I other cr	of for seed	455 456 457 458 459
Section 17 Were any FOR	EST PRO	DUCTS	sold	from	this p	lac	e in	197	4?				
YES — Complete this section									_			ue of sales	
NO — Go to and COMPLETE Se									<u> </u>	191	Dolla	rs	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees									٤٠٠ ع	492	-		<u> </u>
2. Firewood and fuelwood									1	493			
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs									• • • •	193 194			<u> </u>
4. Pulpwood	ts, Christmas	trees, gu	m						5	495 5	·	i	

Section 18 LAND USE IN 1974 — COMPLETE THIS SECTION			
1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4, page 1		Acre	95
► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONCE — in the first use listed below that applies. For example, cropland was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harveste	d that	Number acres	,
Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay we and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse p	as cut.	502	1
b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Include rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.).		503	1
c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement		505	1
grasses, but not harvested and not pastured	rds	506	1
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow		507	1
f. Cropland idle		509	1
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber a. Woodland pastured		511	
tracts and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.) b. Woodland not pastured		512	
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any pastureland			
other than cropland and woodland pasture.)		514	1
a. Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied lime, fertilizer, seed, improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of weeds and brush		314	
b. Other pastureland and rangeland		515	
5. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported above.)		516	
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported in items 2a through 5 and enter the total in this space. Should be the same as item 1 above.)	→	IN"THIS P	LACE" IRRIGATED
7. Do you have any grazing permits on a per-head basis? \[\begin{array}{cccccc} YES &to Mark (X) all boxes which apply &to 2 &to Taylor Grazing (BLM 3 &to Indian Land \end{array} \] \[\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc			Federal or State — Specify
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974	? ☐ YES	—Answer	items 1 and 2 below
	□ №	— Answer	item 3 below
1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods?		None	Acres irrigated in 1974
a. Furrows or ditches		🖒	523
b . Flooding		🗆 🖡	525
c. Subirrigation		\cdots \sqcap \sqcup	526
d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)		🗖	527
e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)			
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.)			used in 1974
2. Please estimate the a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers	531	Acre-feet	Tenths /10
quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (Report in the unit or fine	532		Gallons
(Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you.) minutes X hours operated in season) c. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give depth in inches of all water applied	533		Total inches
3. If no land was irrigated in 1974, was there any land in this place irrigated at any time in 1970-1973?	ost recent		Year
b. How many acres	were	536	
NO — Go to Section 20 on next page irrigated in that ye	ear?	• • • • •	Acres

Section 20 Was any land on this place ART	IFICIALLY DRA	INED?	
YES — Complete this section			
NO Go to Section 21			Acres artificially
1. How many acres in this place were artificially drained?	(Include open ditch	es,	None drained
underground tile drains, grading for drainage, dikes, or p Exclude drainage solely for the removal of irrigation wa			541
2. How many acres were artificially drained by systems ins			542
Section 21 Was any COMMERCIAL FERTI		·	
on this place in 1974?	LIZEN applied to	JI AGI GILELA	10
YES Complete this section			
NO - Continue with NOTE below	Acres	Dry fertilizer	Liquid or gas fertilizer
1. How many acres of cropland used only for	None fertilized	 	oths Whole tons Tenths
pasture in 1974 (reported in Section 18,	551	1	2
item 2b) were fertilized?	552	1	/10 /10
(reported in Section 18, item 4a) were fertilized?		1	/10 /10
NOTE: READ AND Did you or anyone	else have any lives	stock, YES -	- Go to Section 22 below
ANSWER THIS poultry, or animal s	•	place	- Skip to page 13 and
QUESTION in 1974? (Include	fish raised in capt	!ivity.)	COMPLETE Section 27
Section 22 Were there any POULTRY such a		TURKEYS, DU	CKS, etc.,
on this place at any time in 1974	.7		
TYES — Complete this section			
NO — Go to Section 23			
 Report hatchery operations such as baby turkey poults, etc., in Section 26. 	chicks,		
tarkey pounds, etc., in Section 20.		INVENTO Number on th	us place Total number of
1. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTERS for table eggs and hatching	ng egg production	December 31	
a. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for TABLE or N	MARKET egg produc	ction.	1
b. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for HATCHING e	egg production		1
c. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age		605	1
d. Pullet chicks and pullets under 3 months old (Exc	clude commercial b	roilers.)	1
e. Roosters and male chickens (all male breeding stock)	607	1
2. BROILERS, fryers, and other meat type chickens, includ		ters 608	1
3. TURKEYS	5 12pt - 1 2.12 - 2.12		
a. Heavy breed turkeys for slaughter (Exclude breevers	J		1
b. Light breed turkeys for slaughter (Exclude breeders.)	·	612	1
c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding (Include both heavy)	and light breeds)	613	1
4. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity (Enter fowl name			
Fowl name	No		1
			1
Fowl name	No		1
Fowl name	No		
Fowl name No. Fowl name No.	Fowl name	No.	
Ducks 614 Pigeons or squab 616 Geese 615 Pheasants	Quail	618	ne on line in item 4 above.)
George	An other poultry		Value of sales
5. What was the value before taxes and expenses of poultr	ry and poultry pròdu	cts (eags etc.)	Dollars Cents
sold from this place in 1974? (Include estimated value moved from this place by contractors or others.)	e of poultry and po	ultry products 629	

YES Complete this section				NVENTORY		
NO — Go to Section 24			Numt	per on this place ember 31, 1974		
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			631			
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b,	c, and d below.)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	632			
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had	d calved.)					
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and	d milk heifers that had calved)		633			
			634			
c. Heifers and heifer calves	(1) For beef purposes and beef c	ow replacement.	635			
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)						
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calve	as.		636			
a. Steers, steer calves, builts, and built calves	55	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this	place in 1974					
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a co Also, report cattle moved from this place t		Total number		e of sales s and expenses		
feeding as sold, report both the number a		e sold in 1974	Dollar	s Cents		
See separate Instructions.)		641	1			
2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	642	\$ 1			
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 pour	nds or more		s	ļ		
 a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were grain or concentrates for 30 days or mo 		643	1 \$			
■DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this pla	ce in 1974	V	alue of	7		
 Report goat dairy products in Section 26 	5 when you reach that section.	dairy pr	oducts sold			
4. What was the gross value of sales of dairy from this place in 1974, before taxes and	products (milk, cream, etc.) expenses?	649 ••• \$	rs Cents			
ection 24 Did you or anyone else	have any HOGS or PIGS on	this place in 19	974?	-		
YES Complete this section						
]NO — Go to Section 25 on next page			3	VENTORY er on this place		
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			Decen 651	nber 31, 1974		
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b	below.)					
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bre	eeding , , , , ,	. .	652			
b. Other hogs and pigs			653			
■LITTERS FARROWED						
2. Litters farrowed on this place between –		None Number of II	tters			
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974						
b. June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974		655				
5. Julie 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974	г	<u> </u>				
		Total number	1	sales before d expenses		
■HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	None	sold in 1974	Dollars	Cents		
		656	s			
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974	Í	657	1			
 a. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many we sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding 			\$	i		

Page 11

Section 25 $>$ Did you or anyone else have any SH	EEP or LAMBS or	n this place in 197	74?	
YES Complete this section		INVENTORY		mber sold
NO , Go to Section 26		Number on this place December 31, 1974		
		661	1	
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c below.)		• •	<u> </u>	
		662		
a. Lambs under 1 year old				
		663		
b. Ewes 1 year old or older				
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older		664		
C. Nams and Wethers 1 year old of order		•••		<u>'unung tunung pagan</u>
	None 6	665 Number shorn 1	Pounds of wo	ol shorn
2. Sheep and lambs shorn				
·				
		Value o	f sales]
2 Marie de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya de		Dollars	Cents	
3. What was the gross-value of sales of sheep, lambs, and wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses?		669		[
			1017150	
Section 26 Did you or anyone else have any OTI place in 1974?	HER LIVESTOCK	or ANIMAL SPEC	MALITES	on this
YES — Complete this section	INVENTORY		Value of	sales
NO — Go to Section 27	Number on this place	Total number sold in 1974	Dollars	Cents
J NO - Go to Section 27	Dec 31, 1974		2	
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)			\$_	
2. Ponies of all ages	672		2 \$	i
•	673	1	2	
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages	674		\$ 2	
4. Mink and their pelts			\$	1
a. Mink females used for breeding	675			
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry hatched				<u> </u>
(Enter name and No. from list below.)		1	•	-
Name No		1	\$ \$	į
			2 S	
Name No _			2	-
Name No	L		\$	<u> </u>
Other Livestock in Captivity,	Bees, and Poultry Hatched	1		
Name No. Name Colonies of bees 676 Other goats	No. 679	Name Foxes and their pelts	No	
Angora goats 677 Rabbits and their pelt	ts681	Poultry hatched	68	4
Milk goats	pens	All other livestock		5
	Acres under water	Total quantity sold	Value of	sales
	for fish production	IN 1974	Dollars	Cents
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter name and	1		2	1
No. from "List A" below.)		OR Pounds	} ~	į
Name No	3 3	Gallons	\$	l I
7. Fish in captivity	Tenths [1		<u>) </u>	+
(Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)	, ,	Pounds Pounds	2	
Name No	10 3	Number	\$	1
Land A. Historia D. et et	1: 5 - 5: - 1		λ	
List A — Livestock Products	e List B — Fish i	n captivity		
Name No. Name Mohair sold	No.	Name Transport (set	No	o .
Goats milk sold 688 Trout	692	Tropical fish Other fish	69	14 15
Honey sold 689 Other food-type fish .	693			

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Section 27

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

COM	PIF	TE	THIS	SE	CTI	ΩM

Om LETE IMOS	JEC 11018				
■ Value of ALL m	achinery and equipment on this place, De	ecember 31, 1974	•		<u> </u>
1. What is the esting	mated market value of ALL machinery, equ	pment, and impler	ments usually kent	Estimated ma	rket value
on this place an plows, disks, ha	nd used for the farm or ranch business? (Inc. arrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation ec c tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixin	lude cars, trucks, t juipment, dairy eg	ractors, combines, uipment including	Dollars 701 \$	Cents
	chinery and equipment on this place, Dec sed in 1973 or 1974.)	ember 31, 1974	Total number on this place on December 31, 197	manufac the last ! (1970-1	ANY were stured in 5 years
2. Automobiles		• • • • • • • • • •	702	1	
3. Motortrucks (Inc	clude pickups.)		703	1	
4 Wheel tractors of	other than garden tractors and motor tillers .		704	1	
_			705	1	
5. Crawler tractors			706	1	
6. Grain and bean of	combines, self-propelled only		707		
7. Corn heads for c	combines		1		
9 044	d -istory stadton		708	1	
	ers and picker-shellers		709	1	
9. Mower condition	ners		710	1	
0. Pickup balers			711	1	
11. Windrowers —	pull and self-propelled (Exclude side deliver	y rakes.)		1	
2. Field forage harv	vesters, shear bar or flywheel type			1	
	SCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPL		-/		·
the total grain st	GE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show torage capacity, including ear corn, on eart include temporary structures.	3	one nder 1,000 bushels 000-4,999 bushels 000-9,999 bushels 0,000-24,999 bush 5,000-49,999 bush 0,000 bushels and c	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tonsels (250-624 tolsels (625-1,245)	s) ons)) tons)
TANKS are on th	FICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and Enis place? (Do not report natural lakes, grave flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure	l pits,	None 722	Number ponds.p	of artificial
			723	Whole acres	Tenths
a. Area covered	when filled to capacity				/10
futures market in commodities wh	KET — Did you utilize the commodity in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm lich you produce? S — Mark which commodities O — Go to Section 29 on next page	2	Corn (grain) Gorghums (grain) Goybeans (grain) Wheat (grain) Cotton	7 Cattle (live 8 Hogs (live 9 Other —	e)
_		6 🔲 P	otatoes		

Section 29	Did you hav farm product	e any C	ONTRACT or Esplace in 1974?	(Include oral and write	EMENT to produ	ice or market any de more than 30 days
☐ YES —Comple				prior to delivery.)		
1. Mark (X) as n		No. Pro	uced and/or markete oduot name eder cattle and/or ocker cattle	d under contract. No. Product name 13 Field and seed 14 Soybeans	corn 19 🗌 Frui	duct name t, citrus, nuts-for h market
4	Chicken eggs Turkeys Wilk and other dairy products Fattened cattle	9 Sta 10 Fe 11 Bra 12 Ot po	eeding cattle aughter hogs eder pigs eeding hogs her livestock and/or ultry (Write product name line A1 below.)	15 Wheat 16 Cotton 17 Vegetables for fresh market 18 Vegetables for processing	for p 21 Sug 22 Othe popy suga	t, including citrus, processing ar beets er crops, such as hops, corn, potatoes, safflower, ercane, etc (Write product e on line A1 below.)
			B through G) for that			
			FIRST CONTRACT	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT
A. Product(s) under of Enter name and No		1. Product name				
item 1 above		2. No.	731	732	733	734
B. Type of contract Mark (X) one of these items for each product under contract	1. Production (2. Marketing (3. Production, in feeding, and 4. Other	ncluding	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1 2 1 3 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
C. Type of contractor Mark (X) one of these items for each product under contract	+	ıy	2 1	2 1	2 1	2 1 2 3 4 5 5 C
D. Items furnished by contractor under terms of contract Mark (X) for as many items as apply for each product under contract	 Feed Chicks, pullet feeder pigs, e Seed Fertilizer Chemicals Labor Machinery, e or buildings 	etc.	1	1	3 1	2
	8. Harvesting 9. Transportation 10. Processing/p		8	8	8	8
	11. Credit 12. Technical ass 13. Other 14. None	_	11	11	11	11
E. What percent of the was sold under con		this product	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent
f. 1. Amount received product covered to	y contract?		6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents
Did this payment market value of the			7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 Yes 2 No
G. Did the contract specify — Mark (X) one	1. Exact price? 2. Method of determining price 3. Neither price no		8 1	8 1	8 1	8 1

⁽²⁾ Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor.

Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.

Section 30 PAYROLL AND EMPI labor, employees of laworking on this place in YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 31	abor contractors or cr	ave any ew lead	paid workers ers, or other	s doing agric salaried emp	ultural loyees
Please read before answering items 1, 2, and 3 below	dired farm or ranch worker aid family members, includivers, maintenance people sociated with agricultural ney may not be doing agramily workers or the propriet cash wages paid — Report efore deductions for Social Sociated all wages, salaries, coick leave pay. Do not includents paid in kind.	e such perece, etc., who production icultural later or part gross pay Security, tackmission	ersons as bookke lose employment on this place abor. Do not indiners of unincorpo rements in 1974 to exes, insurance prosentials, paid bonuses,	repers, office t is primarily even though clude unpaid orated places. o employees emiums, etc. vacation and	
For each of the following groups, report how				T	
farm or ranch workers were employed and to cash wages paid to them.	the amount of		Number of	Cash wages	paid
-			workers	Dollars	Cents
1. Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how man	•		751	1	į
a . 150 days or more?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		752	\$	
b. 25–149 days?			7.52	\$	i
b. 25-149 days:		• • • • • •	753	1	
c. Less than 25 days?				\$	
2. Contract workers hired through a crew leader	er or contractor			754	1
a. What was the cost of contract labor?				:∮ :∫\$	į
	•		755		
b. How many workers did the contractor fur	nish? (Estimate if necessary.)		750		
 Salaried corporation officers If this operation is incorporated, how man 	y corporation officers		756		
were salaried in 1974?				757	
b. What was the amount paid?					1
Section 31 INJURIES AND ILLN Were there any work or work connected ill (Do not include deaths,	NESSES CONNECTED connected injuries that nesses or death to wo	WITH t require orkers or	ed more than this place in	first aid treat n 1974?	
□ NO — Go to Section 32 on next page			tor and unpaid nily workers	Hired work and paid mer of operator's	nbers
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses		761		1	
a. How many workers had injuries or illne	sses without lost workdays?	·	Workers		Workers
		762		1	
b. How many workers had injuries or illne	1	763	Workers	<u></u>	Workers
(1) How many days were lost as a resul		703	Days	•	Days
and illnesses?		764	Days	1	2073
2. Number of deaths	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Number		Number
(40111001 01 000110					

Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGIO or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974		RESTICIDE	:5, LIM
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 33			
Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. I cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpot treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.	each item listed, I	eport acres onl	у опсе,
Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide,	Number of acres	Cost of che (Do not inc cost of app	lude
insecticide, nematocide) to control —	on which used	Dollars	Cents
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)	771	1 \$	
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)	772	1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops	773	1 \$	
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)	774	1 \$	1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	775	1	-
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.)	776	\$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture	777	1	+
	778	1	_
 Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry. 		779	<u> </u>
including treatment of buildings		\$	j
Lume (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	782	1 \$	
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanitation,		783	
pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc		\$ 784	+
total here and in Section 34, item 10.)		\$	
ection 33 FARM CREDIT			
 DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.) 			
☐ YES — Answer a, b, and c ☐ NO — Go to item 2 ☐ No lar	nd owned — Go to	item 2	
		Amount (principal or December 31, 1	
		Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit associatio 	1	1	Ī
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	n	2	-
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above	<u></u>		-
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the propert others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)		3	į
2. DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business?	-		
\square YES — Answer a, b, and c \square NO — Go to Section 34			
-		Amount (principal or December 31,	,
		Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies 	799	5	İ
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	790	6	+
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)		7	+
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals		•	İ

Section 34

Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-larm activities, businesses or services, and household expenses not related to the farm business.

					Production e	xpenses
					Dollars	Cents
1. Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho	ogs, pigs, shee	p.			801	
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul			• • • • • • • • •		802	
Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — grafeeds, concentrates, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and	iin, hay, silage I d below.) • •	, mixed			\$ \$	i
	Tons	I Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased — complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	803	/10	1 Ss		-	
b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.)	804	/10	1	-		
c. Whole grains purchased — such as corn, oats, barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. (Include cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds or other milling byproducts, or green chop.)	805	/10	\$			
d Hay green chan cilago etc	806	1		1		
d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc.	L	/10	\$	i	807	
3. Animal health costs for livestock and poultry (Include services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.). 4. Seeds bulbs plants and trees purchased.	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		\$ 808 \$	1
4. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased			• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	809	
 Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, includir and gypsum (Report custom application costs in iten 					\$!
6. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purch Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerogrease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.).	sene, fuel oil,	motor oil	Estimated expe		\$	
	for farm (for farm use i	Cents		
	812		1	1		
a. Gasoline for the farm business	212		1	-		
b . Diesel fuel for the farm business	813		\$!		
c. LP gas, butane, propane for the	814		1 \$			
farm business (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon) \dots	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		815			
d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and			\$	į		
fuel oil for the farm business	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	821	
7. Hired farm labor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1a, 1b,	ana 1c,	and enter total	nere.)	\$ 823	
8. Contract labor (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, in					\$	i
	tem 2a.)		. .			
 Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, or 	for this place mixing feed, p	for use or plowing,	f	· • • • • •	824 \$	
equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, o	for this place mixing feed, p dusting, fertili	for use of plowing, zing, etc.,	f)		824 \$ 826	
 equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, o 10. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars report 	for this place mixing feed, p dusting, fertili ted in Section	for use of plowing, zing, etc., 32, item	f 		824 \$ 826 \$	
 equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, of 10. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars reported) 11. All other production expenses (Include OTHER current as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, interest) 	for this place mixing feed, p dusting, fertili ted in Section nt operating e repairs, electr	for use of plowing, zing, etc., 32, item xpenses : icity,	f 		824 \$ 826	
 equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, of 10. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars reported) 11. All other production expenses (Include OTHER current) 	for this place mixing feed, p dusting, fertili, ted in Section nt operating e repairs, electr	for use of olowing, zing, etc., 32, item xpenses icity,	f 1		824 \$ 826 \$ 827	

Section 35 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses (See separate Instructions.) COMPLETE THIS Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups Estimated value of PAGE of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary. Dollars | Cents 1. Grains — corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, 832 grain sorghums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas.... \$ 833 834 835 836 5. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.) 837 6. Other field crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. - Specify 7. Fruits, nuts, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes, 838 peaches, pecans, pears, pineapples, etc. \$ 839 8. Nursery and greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in Section 14, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.) \$ 849 9. Forest products sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.) . . 852 10. Poultry and poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks. turkeys, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.) \$ 11. Cattle and calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — 853 do NOT include item 3a — and enter the total here.)........ \$ 854 12. Dairy products — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4. Report goat dairy products in item 15 below.)......... \$ 855 13. Hogs and pigs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.) 856 14. Sheep, lambs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.) S 15. Other livestock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, 857 mohair, etc. (Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.) . . . \$ 859 16. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here. Section 36 INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1974 ■Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES Farm-related income Report amount received before taxes and expenses. Dollars None 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing, 871 planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see separate Instructions.) \$ 2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, 872 boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place П \$ 873 3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs \$ 874 4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.). . . . £ 5. Other business or source of income which is 875 conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place - Specify kind. \$ **■Part B** — EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES Farm-related expenses Dollars Cents None

6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter

the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not

876

Section 37 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION, OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS, and related information

CC	MPLETE	THIS PAGE						
	Part A	Type of Organization						
1.	Mark (X) t	he one box which best de	escribes the way this place was	s operated in 197	4.			
	901 1 🗌	INDIVIDUAL or FAMIL excluding partnership a	Y operation (sole proprietorshi nd corporation	p).	l c	omplete Parts	B and C	
	2 🗌		on, including family partnershi ons.) — Enter number of partne		\begin{array}{c} b \\ \end{array}	elow		
	3 🔲	CORPORATION, includ	ing family corporations — Ski	in to Section 38				
		OTHER, such as cooper	rative, estate or trust, prison fa — Specify type then skip to S	rm, grazing assoc	iation,			
1	Part B		teristics and Related Informa		ıal, Famil	y, or Partners	nip Opera	tions
		e — Where does the ope				•		
	person in	charge, or senior partner or ranch operation live?.	of	[2[☐ On and	ther farm		
,	tilis laitii (or ranch operation lives.	Not on thi	is place { 3 [_ ∐ Inarur	n another farm a rural area, not on a farm a city, town, or urban area		
				4 [☐ In a cit	y, town, or urb	an area	
2.	(or senior	the earliest year the ope partner, if partnership) be any part of this place?	egan	_ Year				
3.		s the operator (or senior partnership)?	905	_ Years old				
4.	Operator's Mark (X) a	s race — 906 appropriate box	0 1 ☐ White 4 ☐ 2 ☐ Negro or Black	Mexican Ameri Chicano Mexican (Mexi- Puerto Rican		5 Japan Chine Filipin	se o	
			3 ☐ American Indian	Cuban Central or Sout American Other Spanish	h	11 ☐ Other Specia	— fy what rac	^{ce} ₹
5.	the majori	ty (50 percent or more) of	occupation did the operator sp f his work time in 1974? bers of the partnership togethe		907 1	☐ Farming ☐ Other		
6.		Work — How many ach member of the	Mark (X) one for each applicable line.	None		0-99 100-149 days days	150-199 days	200 days or more
		rk OFF the place Include work at a	a. Operator or senior partner.	911 1 🗆 2	2 🔲 3	0 4 0	5 🔲	6
		ob, business,	b. Spouse,	312	2 3		5 🔲	6 🔲
	•	, or on someone n. Do not include	c . Other	913	_=-		5 🔲	6 📗
		farm work.)	d . Other	914 1 1 :	2 3	4	5 📗	6 📙
			f-Farm Sources in 1974	1 from the following			Income from	
	For partne	rship operations, the repo	of your family received in 1974 ort should be for the senior par	tner and his famil	ng source: ly.)	· —	ollars	Cents
1.	Operation	of a non-farm-related bu	siness (not reported in Section	36) or		921		
2.	Cash wage	es, salaries, commissions	after expenses.)			922		† -
	(Report an	nount before deducting t	axes.)			. 🗆 \$		
3. 4	Interest, de	ividends, or royalties	etirement pay, veterans payme	ents, annuities, un	employ-	. □ \$ 924	·	
••	ment insur	ance, workmen's compe	nsation, and old age and other	public assistance		. 🗆 💲		1
5.	Rental inc	ome of nonfarm property	(Report NET after deduction o	f expenses.)		· □ 925 \$		<u> </u>
Se	ction 38	PERSON COMP	LETING THIS REPORT				. —	
		Name ·		Date			ephone	
	PLEASE PRINT		·	931 Month	Day	932 Area Code	Number	

Enter remarks on back cover.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- Section 2.

 (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agrioulture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74–A1) and a brown form (74–A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if -

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR 4

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

- (c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.
- If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE— (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:
 - (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle," and
 - (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to includé on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) The Same Report Form le Used For All States Except Hawaii. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box end go to the next section.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates

(a) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished. Go to the next section indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested.

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage, he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Section 6) Was any FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1974? | YES - Complete this section | 6 Report sweet corn in Section 12 and popious in Section 16 when you result history section | 1. Fast corn to gen or seed (Report quantity of Insided corn Abresses of in either baseland or shared corn Abresses of in either baseland or shared corn 1 Inside this history corn 35 fbs deleted corn 1 Inside this history corn 1 Inside thistory

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop

▶ Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 \times 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 \times 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

▶ Section 13 -- Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit

Approximate Box Weight -- Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

▶ Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acrefeet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate Gallons — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal/minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal/minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season 11,520,000 gallons.

Total inches — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during

▶ Sections 22-26 -- Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31. 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animels sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations -Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold — Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle sales — Do not include on the fattened cattle line: (a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or

- (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold (further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place - Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lambs shorn - In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

▶ Section 28 -- Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

▶ Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both **Production contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or bred, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor **Marketing contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production. or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, halling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural

▶ Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 - Debts Not Secured by Real Estate - Do not report: Item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

► Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C, item 1).

▶ Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individuel or femily operation (sole proprietorship) - Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incor-porated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or un-incorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation,

FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41 S74065, Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely.

VINCENT P. BARABBA

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive m	ore than one report form	1?				1 1	
☐ YEŞ — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2		Enter extra file number(s) here					
Section 2 FARMING, RANG	CHING, OR OTHER AG	RICULTURAL	CTIVITIE	SIN	1974		
					YES	Ŋ	0
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise	, produce, or sell ANY amount	of any of the items l	isted below?	٠	1] 2	
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlo Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farm 	nui • Fis • Fui in c	eenhouse an rsery product h in captivity r-bearing ani captivity ner animal sp	ts , mals	es		
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed compani					YES 1		0
Did you raise or produce any agric a partnership, share arrangement					1] 2	
4. Did you own any land that was us	ed by someone else for agricu	ltural purposes in 19	974?		1[] 2	
5. Did you own any livestock or poul under a share agreement or custo	try that was cared for by some m arrangement in 1974?	eone else			🗆] 2	
► If you answered YES to ANY	of these questions, go to Sei	ction 3.					
► If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provide		ar off this front co	over and ma	ail it ba	∌ck		

_				Γ			<u> </u>	
S	ection 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LA				mber of		Your estim current ma of these ac	rket value
	Include all cropland, pastureland, woodland, wasteland, idle land,	. rangeland, house lots. etc.	No	j	acres	-	the building	gs on them Cents
			140	040		1	Dollars	Cents
1.	ALL land owned			ן ו		\$		į
2.	ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, in	cluding land w	orked on	050		1		
	shares, leased Federal, State, and railroad lar (Do NOT include land used on a per-head bas	d; and land use	ed rent free.]		\$		
3.	All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including shares by others and land subleased	ng land worked	on	060		1 \$		
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" ① (Plea (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUB others (item 3), and enter your answer in this ① "THIS PLACE" means your farm or rand	TRACT acres re space.)	nted to	070		13	"THIS	the ACRES in PLACE" (1) ensus report
	greenhouses, and/or any other agricultu		miry nouses,					
5 .	If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item	2 above), ple	ease enter the f	ollowing i	nformatio	n for	each lan	dlord.
		ddress	Number of				ments in 19	74
		. city, State, ZIP cod		Share of crops	Share of liv		Cash as rent	Other arrangements
			081	1 0	2 🗆		3 🗆	4 🔲
			082	1	2 🗆		3 🗆	4 🗆
			083	1	2 🗆		3 🗆	4 🗆
	List additional landlords on back cover				L		i	L
_		-1				.		
U.	If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3		No. and street, city, St				lo. of acres	Ter.
					<u> </u>	089	5	
						086		2
		•				1086)	
-						087	,	
	List additional renters on back cover.							7
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (ie Numbe	of acres		urrent ket value	
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	1	1		1
_	You may be able to skip most			<u>' </u>		5		013
1	a. All the land you owned	or rented was	worked on shares	or rented	to some	ne els	e .	1 6
ı	B. There were no crops of c. The land you operated	r livestock in 19 prior to 1974 b	174 on the acres in las been sold to si	n "THIS P. Imeane el	LACE" (ité	em 4 ai	bove).	
ı	If a, b. or c apply to your op	eration, pleas	e read the Instru	ctions be	fore cont	inuina	with	012
_	this report.		DATA.					- -
Se	ction 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	URALACI	IVITY					
1	In what county was the largest value of your	Similar.	County nam	e	State		No of acres	7 =
١.	agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal county				0:	91	1 6
	(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other	······································			0	92	
	If you have agricultural operations in	counties			 		93	- _
	any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for				 		94	010
	"Other counties.")					0	g+	ال ال
2.	Location of place within principal							ISUS SE VLY
	county entered above. (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township — Range numbers.)	Name of location	п					CENSUS USE ONLY
		L						

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None	h	Acres arvested	Quantit	y harvested
_		140,10	101		1	Bushels shelled
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled basis in either bushels or hundredweight. 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)			}	6 OR-	Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1.)		104			
	reported in hem 1.)	ш			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds.)		111	}	6 OR	Bushels
4	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include acres	П	115			rounas
	already reported in item 3.)		121		(1)	
5.	Soybeans for beans					Bushels
6.	Peanuts for nuts		122		1	Pounds
_	AMb and for any	_	130		1	
	Wheat for grain	Ш	136			Bushels
0.	grain — oats, barle ; rye, rice, etc. — Sp. cify					
	Tye, fice, etc. — Sp. city	_	151		<u> </u>	
9.	Cotton		152		1	Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type			/10		Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (excluding home use)		153	1 /10	1	Hundredweight
			154		1	<u></u>
	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10		Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	Ŧ
			240	 !		Tons, dry
14.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale		ļ 	/10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves,					
	vineyards, and nut trees of all ages (Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned		301			
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify			/10		
16.	Berries for sale — Specify		401	1/10		
	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery		430			
	products; flowers, etc., grown in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify			/10		
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?		•	Squ 460	are feet	

Section 6 > LAND USE IN 1974	Section	6>	LAND	USEI	N 1974
------------------------------	---------	----	------	------	--------

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5.

► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY <u>ONCE</u> in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured	- -
is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested." 1. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut,	Number of acres
and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products. If two crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acres only once.)	
2. Crapland wood only for posture or assistant	503
 Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	504
4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture.)	510
5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.)	513
6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 through 5 and enter the total in this space.)	517
(This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.)	
	cres igated
Section 7 LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY	
Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter wh Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this	no owned them. s place in 1974.
INVENT Number on December 3	this place Number sold
1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.)	1
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 608 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters)	1
4. Cattle and calves of all ages	1
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)	
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.).	11
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages	····
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	2
b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None Number of litters 654	
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974	
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974	1
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages	1
7. Horses and ponies of all ages	
8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc	1
Specify what kind	1

Section 8 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

Value of All	machinery :	and equipment	on this place	December 31.	1974

1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

Estimated mai	rket value
Dollars	Cents
701	1
\$	i

■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total, HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)
2 . Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
10. Pickup balers	710	1
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1

Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services and household expenses not related to the farm business.

Production expe	nses
Dollars	Cents
801	i
s	!
802	İ

a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchase complete, supplement, concentrates (Do no include ingredients purchased separately, se

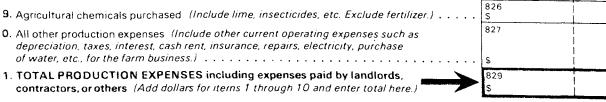
Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased –	Tons	Tenths	Doll
complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not	803		1
include ingredients purchased separately, such		i ,	
as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)		1 /10	S

- 4. Commercial fertilizer purchased all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum (Report custom application costs in item 8.)

1. Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep,

lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc. 2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds.

- 5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc..
- 8. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of equipment and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)......
- 10. All other production expenses (Include other current operating expenses such as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, electricity, purchase
- 11. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including expenses paid by landlords, contractors, or others (Add dollars for items 1 through 10 and enter total here.)



808

809

811

823

824

s

\$

\$ 821

Section 10

Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Estimated value of

products sold

876

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or

contractor's share, estimating if necessary.

		Dollars	Cents
		831	
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)		s	
		839	1
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold		 \$	1
, = = 3, = = = 2, = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		849	
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum			į
for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc		\$	
		852	1
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold		\$	l I
		858	į
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold		\$	İ
•		859	Add described and an artist of the second
			İ
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)	~	s	į
ection 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES	110-1	9/4	
- D. AA INCOME FROM FARM RELATER SOURCES		5	
= Port A INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related i	ncomo
■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)		Farm-related (
	None	Dollars	ncome
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)	None		
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.		Dollars	
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others —	None	Dollars 871	
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.		Dollars 871	
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871	
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.		Dollars 871 \$ 872	
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872	
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872	
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) 1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.) Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.) 		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.) Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.) 		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873 \$ 874	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873 \$ 874	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.) Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.) Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.) Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY 		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873 \$ 874	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873 \$ 874	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.) Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.) Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.) Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY 		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873 \$ 874 \$ 875	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873 \$ 874 \$ 875	
 (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.) Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		Dollars 871 \$ 872 \$ 873 \$ 874 \$ 875	Cents

6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5, enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.

PLEASE PRINT

FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS Section 12 ¹ On this place 1. Where does the operator, person in charge, of this farm or ranch live? 2 On another farm 3 ☐ In a rural area, not on a farm 4 ☐ In a city, town, or urban area 2. Year operator began to operate 904 any part of this place Year 905 Years old 4 Mexican American 5 D Japanese 1 White 4. Operator's race -Chicano Chinese 2 Negro or Mark (X) appropriate box Mexican (Mexicano) Filipino Black Puerto Rican 11 Other — 3 American Cuban Specify what race Indian Central or South American Other Spanish 5. Principal Occupation — At what occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent 907 or more) of his work time in 1974? (For 1 | Farming partnerships, consider all members of the 2 Other 6. Number of days operator worked off this 911 place in 1974 (Include work at a nonfarm 4 100-149 days 1 None job, business, or profession, or on someone 2 1-49 days 5 150 - 199 days else's farm. Do not include exchange farm work.) — Mark (X) the appropriate box. 3 50 -99 days 6 200 days or more 920 7. Was the income which you and your family received from work 1 Yes off the farm and from other sources greater than the total value of agricultural products sold from this place in 1974?..... 2 No Name Date Telephone 8. Person preparing 931 Month Day 932 Area code Number this report

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside backcover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help mey be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- ▶ (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Heve Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74.A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if ---

► EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "O." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one;
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle:" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

APPENDIX C Continued

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any laid you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Lessed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity hervested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 6 -- Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Includa animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

▶ Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

▶ Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs. Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for land-lords and others in payment for services or products; any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place; crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for landlords and others.

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

► Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment. labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.**

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

▶ Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

lacktriangle (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the -

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).