APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct

enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations—particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases. these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company, Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and

Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the reguired information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks
Futures market
Contracts
Payroll and employment
Injuries and illnesses
Farm credit
Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

Cullman, Alabama—revised broilers sold and related data.

Inyo, California—revised land in farms and related data.

Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii-revised number of fattened cattle and related data.

Spencer, Indiana—revised cattle and calves inventory.

Harford, Maryland—revised acreage of total cropland.

Marshall, Minnesota—revised acreage of land in farms.

Dodge, Nebraska—revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Rusk, Texas—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for non-agricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only

of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calvesfarms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income—In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported, State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available. Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the month-to-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool—For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products—For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus

groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with

data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge. on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract labor workers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses—Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separaté finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude

debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity—Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources-An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Black-operated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups.

Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods,

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were in-

cluded in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm—A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for

partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation—Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type—Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields.

Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by— Standard industrial classification Debt status.

Race or origin.

Age of farm operator.

Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 92 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 99 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications. adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the básis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

ltem	Percent of total
Number of farms	9.7
Land in farms	4.1
Value of products sold	1.7
Harvested cropland	4.5
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	3.4
Chickens 3 months old or	
old er	.9
Hogs and pigs	4.7

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources—the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment—were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that

would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given.

As calculated for this report, the

standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildir	I	Harvested o	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of liv poultr	
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D oliars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)
Colorado,										
total	35 902 165	.3	6 733 933	.4	5 956 865	.4	644 706	.4	1 287 162	.1
Adams	802 278	2.7	265 717	2.1	229 151	4.4	20 881	2.6	27 151	.2
Alamosa	296 096	2.7	58 869	2.2	72 578	1.5	11 545	.6	2 797	2.8
Arapahoe	415 704	1.2	110 966	.8	63 428	.8	3 657	.4	2 593	.9
Archuleta	139 798	3.8	29 854	3.9	5 138	11.3	65	1.5	1 457	4.4
Baca	1 399 629	1.9	183 837	2.0	414 731	2.9	24 472	2.1	20 042	.3
Bent	790 933	1.6	78 072	1.9	74 101	1.0	6 380	1.2	15 356	.4
Boulder	122 805	2.0	108 554	3.0	39 996	2.4	5 591	1.6	14 260	.9
Chaffee	91 581	4.7	18 235	3.1	8 974	8.7	216	2.3	1 515	14.9
Cheyenne	904 578	2.4	98 594	2.9	195 815	4.0	13 433	6.4	6 120	2.7
0,0										
Clear Creek	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Conejos	332 880	1.6	71 742	2.3	83 226	3.0	6 522	3.8	7 665	.9
Costilla	399 741	.5	39 365	1.0	23 421	1.1	3 937	.5	604	1.7
Crowley	436 493	1.0	53 075	.8	50 436	2.0	3 882	1.9	30 241	.1
Custer	242 290	4.3	37 612	19.0	12 613	6.0	411	1.9	2 358	5.1
Delta	281 506	1.9	108 809	3.2	50 017	2.4	9 221	1.9	9 817	2.5
Denver	510	.0	5 367	.0	151	.0	15	.0	1	.0
Dolores	176 588	2.3	30 286	2.5	69 761	1.3	3 951	1.0	699	8.6
Douglas	273 393	9.8	101 169	12.7	18 078	11.1	721	8.5	2 962	7.4
Eagle	312 491	.9	129 903	.7	17 546	1.9	479	2.7	2 807	1.0
Elbert	1 080 532	.7	136 539	.7	94 521	1.3	4 310	1.5	10 854	.5
El Paso	934 253	1.8	147 000	1.5	46 592	6.2	1 183	5.5	9 020	1.7
Fremont	405 264	2.2	55 212	3.1	8 627	3.5	458	21.6	3 946	.9
Garfield	396 938	1.8	107 451	1.8	38 951	3.8	1 214	5.2	7 536	.6
Gilpin	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Grand	305 976	1.5	71 846	1.6	35 294	1.7	653	4.1	2 176	.9
Gunnison	262 070	1.1	64 560	6.4	35 595	.4	482	.4	4 457	.2
Hinsdale	7 903	.0	3 145	.0	1 250	.0	12	.0	225	.0
Huerfano	710 431	1.0	77 713	1.8	18 085	2.5	375	7.4	3 187	8.
Jackson	470 485	.4	79 259	.4	75 332	.1	1 423	.3	4 101	.1
Jefferson	86 863	4.2	80 937	5.5	7 944	4.2	445	5.1	1 812	2.9
Kiowa	1 002 073	2.6	111 869	4.3	240 627	3.4	16 367	2.1	6 608	.6
Kit Carson	1 373 716	.8	240 968	1.2	402 652	1.6	50 979	1.9	46 445	.8.
Lake	16 892	.0	1 504	.0	952	.0	6	.0	287	.0
La Plata	591 082	2.9	156 399	5.9	55 399	10.1	1 662	13.4	6 134	5.3
Larimer	721 867	1.0	260 518	1.1	98 402	1.3	14 729	.8	38 114	.2
Las Animas	2 118 270	2.3	124 860	7.5	25 825	5.9	974	1.8	7 148	2.4
Lincoln	1 614 592	.5	132 146	.4	185 486	.4	11 631	.5	15 378	.3
Logan	1 149 769	1.1	219 364	1.0	284 267	1.6	32 671	3.0	112 304	.5
Mesa	504 162	4.0	192 331	1.9	61 854	6.1	11 761	1.8	14 728	3.5
Mineral	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Moffat	1 146 394	1.3	123 321	2.5	61 711	1.8	2 738	3.2	6 702	1.2
Montezuma	831 196	1.1	100 345	2.1	83 342	7.8	5 103	10.0	2 786	3.1
Montrose	_	1.1	136 155	1.3	60 546	1.0	8 992	1.0		.6

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and c		Chickens 3 n and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay har	vested
County		Standard		Standard error		Standard	A	Standard error	A	Standard error (percent)
	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	Acres	(percent)
Colorado,										_
total	3 087 884	.4	2 253 086	.3	291 342	1.1	762 422	.6	1 345 920	.7
Adams	48 284	1.0	518 455	.0	26 921	.4	9 672	4.1	19 672	9.5
Alamosa	19 283	2.1	1 3 1 3	5.4	1 034	19.4	150	18.3	44 880	2.0
Arapahoe	15 805	1.9	3 212	14.5	563	6.3	297	.0	8 054	6.0
Archuleta	9 819	6.0	572	5.0	205	(¹)	19	.0	4 744 11 907	12.1 1.1
Baca	78 988	1.0	3 166	11.8	2 494	2.9	31 844	1.9	28 792	1.0
Bent	53 184	1.0	1 402	18.3	7 461	3.8	3 603	1.7	26 792 16 382	5.1
Boulder	24 558	3.3	308 467	.0	2 840	6.9	7 238	1.8	8 847	5. i 8.8
Chaffee	7 209	2.7	10 723	.6	76 2.491	2.3	5 9 028	.0 6.8	8 315	6.8
Cheyenne	42 549	2.6	2 026	(-)	2 481	.0	9 020	0.0	0313	0.0
Clear Creek	(D)	(a)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Conejos	36 295	1.1	3 615	2.4	9 019	4.0	355	.0	57 871	4.1
Costilla	9 3 7 5	3.1	485	4.1	668	9.3		.0	13 687	1.8
Crowley	53 204	.6	3 828	19.9	3 979	3.7	10 461	2.1	14 865	2.4
Custer	14 628	7.2	460	.0	7	.0	66	.0	12 482	6.1
Delta	47 263	2.7	8 193	5.3	3 335	2.0	7 528	8.8	24 388	1.8
Denver		.0	205	.0	_	.0	_	.0	91	.0
Dolores	5 211	11.0	861	13.7	44	.0	118	7.8	2 443	6.8
Douglas	16 663	18.7	1 617	5.7	166	3.8	346	.0	9 518	7.6
Eagle	17 183	1.5	1 408	21.1	15	13.3	103	.0	16 887	1.9
Elbert	53 901	1.0	44 026	.2	5 006	.1	2 044	2.6	24 626	.9
El Paso	51 906	3.3	13 533	1.6	14 814	2.2	4 933	1.9	22 313	12.1
Fremont	17 171	1.7	13 636	7.0	1 486	13.0	465	11.3	7 236	2.9
Garfield	45 236	1.0	4 373	6.7	1 047	5.7	1 483	.9	33 495	2.5
Gilpin	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Grand	23 748	.9	466	10.9	2	.0	-	.0	35 031	1.7
Gunnison	44 270	.6	306	10.1	15	.0	206	.0	34 434	.5
Hinsdale	1 218	.0	37	.0		.0	_	.0	1 260	.0
Huerfano	30 820	1.2	1 293	1.5	539	1.6	107	(1)	15 043	2.4
Jackson	40 412	.2	316	.0	6	.0	_	.0	75 332	.1
Jefferson	6 624	3.0	5 545	.5	189	2.8	161	4.3	3 802	3.0
Kiowa	42 155	1.3	88 1	3.5	470	1.6	3 604	4.6	5 074	3.4
Kit Carson	135 959	.6	6 560	9.3	6 684	6.0	78 446	3.5	19 561	1.9
Lake	2 311	.0	5	.0	-	.0	_	.0	952	.0
La Plata	39 740	13.5	9 488	3.3	1 888	2.7	2 034	(¹)	32 968	14.0
Larimer	83 700	.7	35 976	3.2	18 243	1.6	23 549	.7	37 285	2.4
Las Animas	58 915	5.0	2 608	18.4	471	1.7	818	1.8	9 817	10.3
Lincoln	73 904	.7	3 388	10.2	5 068	4.7	1 876	8.3	16 464	3.9
Logan	159 498	.8	6 175	5.1	24 627	7.3	46 407	2.3	41 864	6.1
Mesa	77 432	7.4	10 351	18.7	9 862	2.2	13 366	3.4	34 828	9.4
Mineral	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Moffat	35 972	1.6	5 160	(¹)	149	5.4	154	(¹)	22 978	1.0
Montezuma	27 090	2.5	3 368	15.0	341	14.4	594	13.4	16 445	3.9
Montrose	62 083	1.5	9 045	7.1	8 347	6.8	9 721	1.4	28 714	1.5

¹Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Land in farms		Value of la buildii		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
County		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	D ollars	error	
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	
Morgan	748 407	.9	207 776	1.4	197 084	1.1	35 665	1.2	112 873	.2	
Otero	637 396	1.8	87 772	2.6	55 720	2.2	10 764	3.5	44 297	.4	
Ouray	157 300	.7	27 809	2.3	13 206	3.1	370	.7	1 178	1.3	
Park	366 281	.8	44 016	1.8	17 645	2.5	185	.2	1 392	1.7	
Phillips	467 309	3.1	150 244	3.7	217 896	.6	33 829	.2	11 188	1.8	
Pitkin	48 785	16.6	22 553	19.4	5 822	(¹)	69	.0	879	16.3	
Prowers	1 020 856	.6	159 711	.9	283 164	.7	24 973	.5	49 954	.4	
Pueblo	1 229 066	1.5	111 897	2.8	71 762	1.4	7 670	1.4	23 023	.7	
Rio Blanco	479 603	1.8	76 94 1	1.2	33 002	3.6	967	8.9	4 695	1.1	
Rio Grande	211 224	.4	64 974	.7	86 890	.3	24 448	.1	3 390	.4	
Routt	650 385	1.4	131 404	1.6	70 369	2.3	3 189	2.7	6 048	.9	
Saguache	473 399	1.5	63 969	2.6	75 596	5.2	8 182	6.7	3 669	.7	
San Juan	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
San Miguel	174 496	1.1	25 073	3.6	10 262	12.7	325	14.8	1 681	1.4	
Sedgwick	341 713	.8	91 494	1.0	121 076	.9	15 603	.5	12 500	.1	
Summit	25 702	2.8	6 441	6.9	3 253	4.3	31	18.0	270	.1	
Teller	110 216	.0	19 919	.0	4 055	.0	216	.0	505	.0	
Washington	1 381 515	2.1	228 127	1.9	380 293	1.0	31 944	1.2	17 266	.9	
Weld	2 351 902	2.0	750 295	1.0	590 627	.8	107 026	1.0	489 696	.1	
Yuma	1 433 473	1.7	306 373	1.8	365 958	2.2	55 684	.9	35 142	1.2	

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974—Con.

	Cattle and calves on farms		Chickens 3 n and older o		Hogs and farm	, -	Corn harve purp		Hay harvested	
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Morgan	150 927	.5	58 055	.7	43 964	4.4	68 680	2.0	31 977	3.1
Otero	70 329	1.5	9 208	4.7	8 215	1.4	18 487	1.6	23 248	1.4
Ouray	11 347	1.8	1 038	2.2	50	(¹)	76	.0	12 698	3.2
Park	16 177	2.5	557	(¹)	10	(¹)	_	.0	17 634	2.5
Phillips	33 170	3.7	3 443	4.7	5 186	.7	47 676	1.1	10 118	.2
Pitkin	6 758	(¹)	(D)	.0	87	.0	10	.0	5 656	(¹)
Prowers	109 870	.9	3 406	14.1	8 272	1.0	17 267	1.7	54 717	.8
Pueblo	79 36 1	2.0	3 845	16.7	3 048	2.9	7 999	3.9	18 686	2.0
Rio Blanco	36 758	.5	686	3.6	32	.0	350	.0	22 477	1.3
Rio Grande	20 818	.8	3 925	.2	3 23 1	.0	18	.0	28 509	.7
Routt	34 488	1.7	2 137	1.2	288	9.2	320	12.7	43 306	3.7
Saguache	38 163	.9	698	9.0	2 121	1.3	68	.0	48 611	2.4
San Juan	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
San Miguel	11 032	4.8	268	11.4	18	.0	122	.0	6 209	18.4
Sedgwick	32 637	.2	2 023	1.3	1 750	1.8	20 134	.7	8 505	.8
Summit	2 530	.6	102	(1)	_	.0	_	.0	3 253	4.3
Teller	3 723	.0	208	.0	60	.0	35	.0	4 020	.0
Washington	72 538	2.2	8 311	12.7	13 81 1	1.9	16 647	1.6	32 221	7.3
Weld	605 720	.5	1 092 412	.0	31 859	2.9	164 478	.7	115 120	8.
Yuma	136 755	3.0	6 44 1	1.6	8 778	13.3	129 254	1.7	34 838	4.3

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

		Specified exclud	ed agricultural	operations, 1974	1	Farm	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 19	69
				nd age of aperat					
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupatio		Occupation	other than ning				
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Port retirement
forms and Land in Farms									
Farms	1 626	249	176	1 067	134	3 585	571	2 420	594
percent	100.0	15.3	10.8	65.6	8.2	100.0 617 066	15.9 152 771	67.5 329 981	16.6 134 314
Land in forms acres acres acres acres	260 632 160	68 561 275	72 849 414	96 358 90	22 864 171	172	268	136	226
Value of land and buildings\$1,000	100 844	17 118	14 522	61 050	8 155	130 606	23 448	86 567	20 592 34 666
Average per farm dollars Average per ocre dollars	62 020 387	68 746 250	82 511 199	57 216 634	60 855 357	36 431 212	41 064 153	35 771 262	153
Forms by value of farm: \$1 to \$9,999	265	50	17	177	21	686	102	448	136
\$10,000 to \$19,999	209	30	25	133	21 32	982 1 012	145 139	682 717	155 156
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999	408 389	66 31	34 44	276 280	34	546	110	357	79 39
\$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over	130 225	22 50	12 44	82 119	14	172 187	32 43	101 115	29
Owned and rented lands by farm operators:	1								
Land ownedformsforms	1 512 282 760	236 66 051	168 76 661	976 106 427	132 33 621	3 189 604 453	505 144 711	2 138 303 731	546 156 011
Land rented or leased from othersfarms	212	32	24	148	5 090	789 168 398	149 39 075	552 96 013	88 33 310
ocres_ Land rented or leased to othersforms_	44 402 258	14 726 49	11 876 34	12 710 146	29	438	82	249	107
gcres	66 530	12 216	15 688	22 779	15 847	155 785	31 015	69 763	55 007
Land in Farms According to Use									451
Tatal craplandforms_ acres_	943 25 678	112 3 069	116 7 408	625 11 811	3 390	2 761 237 454	421 53 599	1 889 139 586	451 44 269
Harvested craplandfarms acres	472 2 806	54 337	48 261	309 1 795	61 413	1 773 35 747	264 6 588	1 201 22 087	308 7 072
Forms by acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres	367	35	39	250	43	705	84	505	116
10 to 19 ocres	105	19	9	59	18	469	64 43	336 128	69 41
20 to 29 ocres	_	_	-	_	-	212 223	34	142	47
50 to 99 acres	_	-	-	_	_[127 37	31 8	72 18	24 11
Cropland used only for posture or grazingforms	511	58	55	367	31	1 569	220	1 137	212
Other cropiond (see text)	7 169 169 15 703	1 171 36 1 561	1 269 29 5 878	4 290 89 5 726	439 15 2 538	95 368 809 106 339	21 593 115 25 418	60 418 523 57 081	13 357 171 23 840
Waodland, including waodland posturefarms_	134	25	12	79	18	320	53	223	44
Other land (see text)farms_	15 399 1 323	4 057 218	1 667 143	4 686 854	4 989 108	41 432 2 536	5 475 406	25 209 1 711	10 748 419
acres trrigated landforms_	219 555 551	61 435 51	63 774 57	79 861 393	14 485	338 180 1 495	93 697 183	165 186 1 084	79 297 228
acres	5 655	995	691	3 476	493	29 261	4 109	20 942	4 210
Race and Tenure of Operator					}				
All farm aperators: Full owners	1 416	217	152	921	126	2 806	423	1 872	511
Part awners Tenants	92 118	19 13	13 11	55 91	5	360 419	74 74	252 296	34 49
White form operators:	1 390	215	151	899	125	2 783	420	1 855	508
Full awnersPort awners	92	19	13	55	5	351	71	246	34
TenantsBlack and other races (see text):	116	13	11	89	3	415	72	294	49
Full awnersPart awners	26 -	2	1	22	1	23 9	3 3	17 6	3
Tenants	2	-	-	2	-1	4	2	2	-
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹				İ					
Farm operators by age group: Under 25 years	42	17	-	25	_	95	23	72	_
25 to 34 years	247 344	17 45	-	230 299	-	473 735	72 98	401	-
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	370	56	-	314	-	878	149	637 729	_
55 to 64 years65 years and over	313 310	114	176	199	134	810 594	229	58 1	594
Average age	49.9	49.1	72.2	43.7	71.1	50.0	48.3	45,1	71.4
Form operators by place of residence: On form operated	980	87	79	717	97	2 256	320	1 572	364
On another farm	48 27	36 5	1	8 21	3	794	119		
In a rural orea not on a farm In a city, tawn, or urbon area	131	10	9	99	13] /74	117	551	124
Farm operators reporting days of work off form	1 447 262	175 86	108 82	1 043	121	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Nane	1 185	89	26	46 997	48 73	(NA) 2 921	(NA) 241	(NA) 2 420	(NA) 260
1 to 49 doys 50 to 99 doys	76 35	21 6	11	30 19	14	217 151	131 110	=	86 41
	49	13	7	26 101	3	423	-	390	33
100 to 149 days	177								
150 to 199 doys	133 892	23 26	7	821	38	2 130	_	2 030	100
150 to 199 doys			7			2 130 (NA)	- (NA)	2 030 (NA)	100 (NA)

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sale proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

Specified excluded paricultural operations 1974 Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969 By accupation and age of operator Form or Forms in the data line coptions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition) Occupation other than farming Occupation forming 65 years old and over Less than 65 years old Less thon 65 years old 65 years old and over Por Toto Total Class 6 Port time retirement Farm Operator Characteristics - Continued Form operators by off-form income: eporting ony _____ Off-form income equal to ar greater than value of form 136 102 390 56 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) products sold.
Off-form income less than value of form products sold...... 353 37 677 130 97 52 4 5 74 113 78 Not reporting or reporting none_____ (NA) Farms by Size 1 to 9 ocres 56 50 5 7 425 479 30 26 18 34 9 5 17 24 102 520 932 127 202 72 174 41 30 175 147 126 96 64 30 62 270 171 281 116 270 78 51 180 22 38 28 34 25 158 22 41 16 62 12 13 78 66 8 27 140 to 179 ncres 13 313 287 60 74 40 12 Value of Products Sold Morket value of all agricultural products sold (see text)_____\$1,000_ 59 239 45 256 1 416 395 211 369 46 345 Average per form 294 307 Farms by value of agricultural products sold: 149 50 50 104 24 48 237 131 226 1 341 829 66 21 47 \$250 to \$499 \$500 to \$999 1 415 218 445 300 29 12 2 198 101 33 16 36 18 126 80 Nursery and greenhouse products \$1,000 Forest products . farms. \$1,000. (Z) (Z) 104 (Z) 62 Livestock and livestock products 826 605 55 692 817 223 239 599 230 108 27 5 (Z) \$1,000 27 237 Poultry and poultry products \$1,000. 13 **Production Expenses** 594 694 129 94 2 420 3 092 Total form production expenses..... 510 437 215 184 138 1 028 571 810 Forms with expenditures of -297 351 50 52 20 7 162 136 190 190 \$1 to \$499 \$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,999 513 43 22 6 275 1 636 273 1 149 214 \$2,000 and over _____ 138 20 105 1 351 502 1 972 104 27 140 58 75 136 17 498 187 1 010 154 Livestock and paultry purchased ______ 28 7 74 21 50 72 11 34 11 78 22 38 50 6 182 792 271 75 248 84 380 480 499 48 244 69 228 084 Feed for livestock and poultry ______forms. 653 \$1,000 372 592 429 770 103 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) Commercially mixed formula feeds ______forms. (NA) (NA 028 (NA \$1,000. (NA) 121 12 102 13 95 921 645 317 44 22 233 18 155 Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees 13 147 12 71 54 565 62 607 17 18 2 7 783 86 841 24 Commercial fertilizer_____forms 206 17 \$1,000. 11 forms. \$1,000 Other ogricultural chemicals (see text) 139 (Z) 111 19 27 235 386 (Z) 177 901 133 6 523 120 561 109 Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil for the farm business 318 129 \$1,000. 28 614 115 27 27 142 55 193 39 154 46 218 41 15 15 11 923 280 627 179 Hired form lobor _______ \$1,000_ 46 29 302 243 891 163 \$1,000 (Z) 31 19 206 32 25 281 Machine hire and customwork _forms_ \$1,000_ 150 91 37 805 379 76 31 418 424 352 1 122 2 522 2 100 1 680 \$1,000_ Farm-Related Income and Expenses (NA) (NA) 40 42 19 30 Form-related income 151 31 37 (NA) (NA) (NA) 137 294 236 42 72 9 (NA) 219 374 626 58 129 273 9 32 3 (Z) 17 38 27 80 5 20 2 4 4 3 20 46 1 7 42 38 11 13 Customwork and other agricultural services ____ \$1,000 14 39 54 164 399 22 31 74 71 44 28 Recreational services \$1,000. 15 10 90 3 3 27 634 665 (NA) 86 131 (NA) 404 385 (NA) 144 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) Government form programs..... _forms. \$1,000. Rent of formland or from leose or sole of ollotments 134 16 11 67 97 (NA) 28 1 2 \$1,000. 191 Other form-related sources _forms. \$1,000. 11 16 24 14 30 (NA) (NA) Expenses for form-related income sources \$1,000__

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	٦		pecified exclude	d agricultural	operations, 1974	Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969				
			Ву	accupation an	d age of operato	or				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultura operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)			Occupation	farming	Occupation farm					
		Total	Less thon 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobiles	farms	1 013	159	99	654	101	2 337	357	1 585 2 208	395 481
Motortrucks, including pickups	number forms	1 227	178 167	119 100	817 837	113 98	3 138 2 613	449 430	1 770	413
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	number	1 401 993	207 151	122 93	963 658	109 91	3 333 2 240	586 347	2 232 3 501	515 3 9 2
Wheeltractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	number	1 533 974	249 149	140	998 645	146 91	3 047 (NA)	504 (NA)	2 018 (NA)	525 (NA)
	number	1 491	243	132 8	974 21	142	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Crawler tractors	number	39 42	6	8	24	4	(NA) 122	(NA) 27	(NA) 81	(NA) 14
Groin and bean combines, self-propelled	number	19 21 7	2 2	8 8	6 8 5	3 3	134 53	28 8	92 38	14
Cornpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers	number	9	-	3	6	-	60	8 (NA)	44 (NA)	8 (NA)
Corn heads for combines	number	4 5	-	2 2	2 3	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other carnpickers and picker-shellers	number	4 4		1	3 3		(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Mower conditioners	farms	45 45	4	5 5	23 23	13	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup balers		73 75	22 22	6	37 39	8	302 308	56 58	211 215	35 35
Windrowers, pull and self-propelled		30 30	3 3	5	20 20	2 2	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Field forage horvesters, shear bor or flywheel type		10	4	-	6	- -	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment	farms \$1,000	1 431 10 181	201 1 624	121 1 036	984 6 534	125 987	3 255 11 518	512 2 212	2 193 7 637	550 1 669
Forms by value of machinery and equipment:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1 036	44	767 [4]	494	67	307	120
\$1 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$4,999	j	55 441	6 43	32	334	32	2 125	319	1 472	334 75
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999		675 213	110 32	49 30	460 126	56 25	130	76 32	295 81	17
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999		34 12	5 5	7 2	14 5	8 -	- 60	18	38	4
Livestock and Poultry Livestock ond poultry inventory: Cottle and colves		466	72	34	325	35	1 362	191	998	173
Cows and heifers that had calved	number farms	2 006 284	325 48	173 26	1 342 186	166 24	12 938 934	2 042 130	9 238 685	1 658
8eef cows	number]	914 216	174 33	99 22	555 141	86 20	5 066 723	755 94	3 647 528	664 101
Milk cows	number	755 100	125 18	93 6	460 70	77	4 535 331	667 44	3 263 256	605 31
	number	159	49	6	95	9	531	88	384	59
Hogs and pigs	farms number	119 558 :	15 66	2 11	100 471	10	354 3 797	39 578	287 3 013	28 206
Litters of pigs forrowed between December 1 of preceding yeor ond November 30	f	63	7		54	2	202	25	168	9
Sheep and lambs	number	172 164	15 21	11	151	6	658 292	82 37	546 206	30 49
	number	2 360 625	437 82	104	1 754 478	65 33	5 836 1 257	853 149	3 962 1 002	1 021
Harses and ponies	number	2 785 281	403	137	2 073	172	5 566 627	711 62	4 416	439
	number	7 577	1 205	537	5 467 199	368	21 054	3 252	14 246	3 556
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	265 6 100	26 595	502	4 66B	16 335	572 16 140	53 1 318	420 11 859	99 2 963
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	number	29 765	2 30	2	23 557	3 176	17	2 600	9 610	18
Other livestock and poultry	forms	224	21	15	175	13	405	35	341	29
Livestock and poultry sold: Cattle and colves		295	49	29	186	31	1 034	145	741	148
Hogs and pigs	number	791 113 1 193	129 13 158	97 2 11	481 95 977	84 3 47	3 974 291 4 349	563 24 537	2 889 244 3 376	522 23 436
Feeder pigs sold	number :	43 708	4 83	_	38 599	1 26	131 2 311	16 347	108 1 B20	7
Sheep and lambs	forms	143 4 520	16 2 549	- 7 94	112 1 802	B 75	235 3 698	35 526	15B 2 421	42 751
Horses and ponies	forms number	251 523	25 46	17 24	201 436	8 17	261 505	24 46	216 421	21 38
Chickens 3 months old or older	farms	40 2 267	9 1 124	2 60	27 1 052	2 31	45 2 966	9 1 429	27 1 208	9 329
Hens and pullets of laying age		34 1 119	3 74	2 60	27 954	2	31 1 743	5 465	19	7
Broilers and other meat-type chickens		18 461	157	1 24	12 276	1	1 340	403	1 069	209
Other livestock and poultry		88	9	6	70	3	(NA)	(NA)	340 (NA)	(NA)
Crops Harvested										
Field corn for oll purposes	forms ocres	16 42	1 2	4 10	10 26	1 4	179 1 642	31 494	122 941	26
For grain or seed	forms ocres	16 42	1 2	4 10	10 26	1 4	139 1 049	22 321	97 613	207 20 115
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fodder, or hagged	bushels	1 523	60	148	1 226	89	41 597	8 421	27 526	5 650
or grazed	ocres	-	Ξ.	-		-	49 593	9 173	30 328	10 92

Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale

Greenhouse products under glass or other protection ____

Berries for sale

All other crops.....

By accupation and age of operator Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Deflaition) Occupation other than forming Occupation farming Less than 65 years old 65 years old ond over Less than 65 years old 65 years old and over Part Toto! Total Class 6 Part time retirement Crops Harvested -- Continued 135 3 509 46 1 357 21 062 Sorghums for all purposes, except sirup_____farms_ 24 715 9 240 5 265 1 3 2 7 2 264 28 876 13 352 10 530 For grain or seed 241 2 445 3 129 129 Cut for silage, green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed forms 94 2 152 15 475 71 1 388 1 8 289 359 12 013 158 694 161 2 502 55 2 172 28 917 25 476 Wheat for grain_____ 32 196 3 376 20 71 3 21 430 26 165 2 504 213 6 906 88 371 101 forms 1 42 ---2 935 41 406 acres. bushels. 400 Other small grains for grain_____ 8 37 __forms 10 35 30 1 273 753 Soybeans for beans_____ bushels Hoy and grass silage, excluding sorghum hay (see text)_____ 245 549 131 _farms_ 386 43 41 759 172 57 1 086 155 2 553 3 976 (NA) (NA) (NA) 759 9 932 15 756 (NA) (NA) (NA) 2 476 4 679 234 432 410 732 14 939 23 929 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) forms_ acres_ bales_ forms. acres_ _forms_ -3 (Z) 20 acres_ pounds. __forms. 11 (Z) 19 (Z) 6 ocres. hundredweight. ____farms. 45 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)

> _ 2 (Z)

2 220

18 7

21 11

8 (Z)

4 168

14

2 900

(Z)

2 (Z)

1 048

acres.

acres_

ocres_

____ farms_

square feet_.

hushels

Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974

Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969

13 31

32 97

(NA) 62

(NA) 203

19 42

(NA) 13

APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation—for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely

VINCENT P. BARABBA

men & Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-**DENTIAL**. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also pro-vides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

neip.									
Section 1 Did you receive m	ore than one report forn	n?							
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2		Enter extra file number(s) here							+
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AG	RICULTURAL	ACTIV	TIES	IN	197	74		
At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount	of any of the item	ns listed be	low?			YES	NC 2 [
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedle Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on fare 	• { • { •	Greenhous nursery pro Fish in cap Fur-bearing in captivity Other anim	ducts tivity g anim	als	ies			
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed companie	or produce any agricultural pres, processors, or packers?.	oducts for					YES 1 🔲	N(] 2 [_
3. Did you raise or produce any agric a partnership, share arrangement,							1 🔲	2 [
4. Did you own any land that was us	ed by someone else for agricu	Itural purposes in	1974?				1 🔲	2	
 Did you own any livestock or poul- under a share agreement or custo 			• • • • • •				1 🔲] 2	
If you answered YES to ANY	of these questions, go to Se	ction 3.							
If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provided		ar off this front	cover and	d mai	l it L	ack			

Se	ection 3 ACREAGE in	1974 and LAI	ND VALUE			Num	ber of	4	our estima	ket value	
	Include all cropla	nd, pastureland, ra	angeland,				cres	1	of these acr the building		n
	woodland, waste	land, idle land, ho	use lots, etc.		None				Dollars	C	ents
						040		1		į	
1.	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • •	⊔	050		\$			
2.	ALL land rented or leased FRG shares; leased Federal, State, (Do NOT include land used or	and railroad land;	and land used	d rent f	free	050		\$		 	
3.	All land rented or leased TO C shares by others and land sub	THERS, including	land worked	• ,	🗆	060		1			
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS P (item 1) and acres rented (iten others (item 3), and enter you 1) "THIS PLACE" means y greenhouses, and/or an	m 2), then SUBTR ur answer in this sp our farm or ranch,	PACT acres ren pace.) . feedlots, poul	nted to		070		1 (ese are t "THIS or this ce	PLACE	" ①
5.	If you rented land FROM	OTHERS (item 2	above), plea	ase er	nter the follo	owing in	formation	for e	each lan	dlord.	
							Rental a	rrangen	nents in 19		
	Name	(No. and street, ci	lress ty, State, ZIP code	e)	Number of acres	Share	Share of live	stock	Cash	Othe	
					081	of crops	or produ	CES	as rent	arrange	ments
					082	1 🔲 j	2 🗀	i	3 🗌	4	<u> </u>
					083	10	2 🔲	 	3 □	4	<u></u>
					003	י 🗖	2 🔲	ļ 	3 🔲	4 🗀	
	List additional landlords on back co	ver.				L		1			
6.	If you rented land TO OT	HERS (item 3 a	above), please	e ente	er the follow	wina inf	ormation	for e	ach ren	ter.	
	Name				treet, city, State				o. of acres		
								085		7	
									15		
								086			-
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				087		1	
										_	4
	List additional renters on back cover	r.				l			urrent		5
7.	Of the land you rented or least acres did you subrent or suble					Number			et value	_	
	leased by you which was work					088	1				
	You may be a	ble to skip most of	this form if -	_						-	013
ı	PLEASE a. All the	land you owned o were no crops or li	r rented was v	worked	on shares	or rented	to someo	ne else	9. 20.40 l		
	READ c. The lar	nd you operated pi	rior to 1974 ha	as bee	n sold to son	neone els	e.				
ı	If a, b, or c a this report.	pply to your ope	ration, please	e read	the Instruct	tions bei	ore conti	nuing	with		012
Se	ction 4 LOCATION O	F AGRICULT	JRAL ACTI	IVITY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		 -		
٠	To the Arms of the	Avalva - Free-			County name		State		lo. of acres	\neg	<u>-</u>
1.	In what county was the larges agricultural products raised or	t value of your produced?	Principal			-	 	09	91	7]	0
	(Enter county name, State, an	d number	Other				<u> </u>	09	92	-	
	of acres on the "Principal could you have agricultural operated		counties				 	09	12	_	
	any other county(ies), enter th	e county								∐	010
	name(s), etc., on the lines prov "Other counties.")							09	} 4		
2.	Location of place within princi									Sus	,≥
	county entered above. (Give r of township, district, precinct, Township – Range numbers.)	Name of location					CENSUS	8			

READ AND ANSWER

During 1974 did you produce any crops; cut any hay; have any nursery or greenhouse

YES -	Go to Section 5 below
□ NO —	Skip to page 8 and
	COMPLETE Section 17

THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS		ts or specialty ards, groves,			y land		-	1PLETE Se		
Section 5 Was any FIE	LD CORN	harvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	lace in 1	974 ?			
YES — Complete this section	on	Report swee when you re			2 and popcori	n in Section	16			
NO — Go to Section 6		,		s harvested	Quant	tity harvested		Acres irri	gated	
Field corn for grain or seed of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight.	n either bushe	ls or	101	J	1 OR-	Bushel shelled				
shelled corn = 1 bushel sh					6	Hundre shelled Tons,	edweight I			
2. Field corn for silage or gree	en chop		102		1	weight	2			
3. Field corn cut for dry fodde include acres already report	r, hogged or g		103			2				
				Acres	Dry fert	tilizer	Lic	uid or gas fer	tilizer	
			1	rtilized	Whole ton:	s Tenths	W	nole tons	Tenths	
4. Commercial fertilizer used	on field corn		109	:	1	/10	2		/10	
☐ YES — Complete this section☐ NO — Go to Section 7	on	Report sorgh sirup in Secti	ion 16 v	vhen you re	ach those sec	tions.	sorghu		gated	
NO — Go to Section 7 1. Sorghums (milo) for grain or seed (Report quantity)			Acres	harvested	Quantity harvested Bushels		hole	Acres irri	gated	
harvested in either bushel				11	6 OR-			}		
		÷	112		1	Pour Tons		2		
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	en chop	• • • • • • • •	113		1	2				
 Sorghums cut for dry forag Sorghums hogged or graze acres already reported in it 	d (Do not inclu	de	114			Ton: dry v	weight	2		
			<i>A</i>	Acres	Dry ferti	lizer	Liq	uid or gas fert	ilizer	
				rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths	
5. Commercial fertilizer used	on sorghums .		119		1	1 /10	2		/10	
Section 7 Were any SC from this pla YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 8	ce in 19747	· T	_		or DRY PE	AS harve		used		
	Acres harvested	Quantit harveste		Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Dry	 	Liquid or	, 	
.	121	1		2	3	Whole tons	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	Whole tons	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
1. Soybeans for beans	122	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	1 /10	
2. Peanuts for nuts 3	123	1	Pounds 100-lb.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10	
3. Dry field and seed beans.		bags				<u> </u>	/10		/10	
4. Dry lima beans	124	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	1 /10	
5. Dry field and seed peas 4.	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
6 . Cowpeas for dry peas $\stackrel{\textcircled{5}}{\cdot}$	L		Bushels			4	/10	5	/10	
② Soybean hay is to be re	ported in Sect	ion 10 and soy	beans h	ogged or a	razed, cut for	silage, or nl		nder in Sec		

- 3 Peanut hay is to be reported in Section 10.
- Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.
- (5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS **SECTION**

Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

		S Quantity			Commerci	al fertilize	r used	
	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat	131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat	132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat	133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat	134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat	135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Oats for grain	137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
7. Barley for grain	138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain	139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
9. Mixed grains	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed	141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat	142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet	143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either 100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)	144	1 100-lb. bags 6 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
		Barrels	J	<u> </u>				

Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR Section 9 SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

	YES	Complete	this	section
--	-----	----------	------	---------

	NO		Goto	Section	10	on	next	page
--	----	--	------	---------	----	----	------	------

Report tenths of	ľ		1		1		L		Commercial	l fertilizer	used	
acres where		Acres harvested		Quantity harvested		Acres rigated	Г	Acres	Dry	,	Liquid o	gas
indicated.	i '	1.01463160		1				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Cotton	151		1	1 Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
	152	1/	10	1 Pounds	2	1/10	3	1/10	4	1 /10	5	/10
2. Tobacco — all types	153		٦	1	2	1	3		4		5	
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)		1/	10	Hundred- weight		/10		/10		/10		/10
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154		10	1 Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
	155			1 Tons	2		3	1	4	/10	5	/10
5. Sugar beets for sugar	156		1	1	2		3		4	,	5	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
6. Sugar beets for seed	453			Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	1 /10
7. Sugarcane for sugar ⁶	157			Tons	_		,		•	/10		/10
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10
9. Sugarcane for seed	159				2		3		4	/10	5	/10

⁶ In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10 Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAG			СНОР си	t or harvested
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 11	,			
If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "ha report the acreage in the appropriate items under Part A	nylage," or "green - Hay and Part B	chop" from the s — Grass Silag	same fields, 9 below.	
■Part A DRY HAY .	<u></u>			T
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)	Acres harvest	ed dry or g	ty harvested nort either reen weight, ndicated)	Acres irrigated
Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating	172	1	Tons dry	. 2
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay	173	1	Tons dry	. 2
	174	1	Tons	. 2
3. Small grain hay	175	1	dry Tons	. 2
4. Lespedeza for hay	176	1	dry Tons	12
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay	• • • •		dry Tons	
6. Wild hay		1	dry	
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc	178	1	Tons. dry	2
■Part B — GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AND GREEN CI (If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)	181	1		2
8. Grass silage and haylage	1		Tons. greer	
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)	182	1	Tons, green	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			green	<u> </u>
	Acres	Dry fertil		iquid or gas fertilizer
	fertilized 189	Whole tons	Tenths 2	Whole tons Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above			/10	1/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legu-	me, clover, etc	:.) harvested	from this	place in 1974?
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 12	Acres harvested	Quantity (Report in clean	n pounds,	Acres irrigated
5. Radislavanasad	191	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
1. Red clover seed	192	1	Pounds	2
2. Alfalfa seed	•		Pounds	;
C. Other hald seed (Erner brop hame and he, how het below,		1		2
Crop name No	-	1	Pounds	2
Crop name No			Pounds	;
List additional field seed crops harvested on back cover. Crop name Austrian winter peas . 193 Ryegrass seed: Ar Birdsfoot trefoil seed . 194 Fescue seed: Alta . 195 Sudan grass seed. Chewings . 196 Fimothy	erennial 206 207 208 209 s seed: 211 212 213	Crimson do Ladino clove Sweetclovel White clove Red top see Hairy vetch Vetch seed, All other see bluestem, ca	ver seed	225
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds	Acres	Dry ferti		Liquid or gas fertilizer
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same	fertilized 235	Whole tons	Tenths 2	Whole tons Tenths
acreage was reported in Section 10		1.	1/10/2	1/10

Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this Section 12 place in 1974? ☐ YES — Complete this section □ NO — Go to Section 13 on next page Acres harvested (7) Acres' For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 through For fresh market irrigated For processing (8) August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other States Whole acres report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructions Tenths Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Tenths for additional guidelines on filling this section.) 241 Λo Λo /10 242 /1o /10 /10 243 hο /10 /10 hο Λo /10: 245 2 /10 /10 5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpeas. Λo 246 /1o /10 **/**10 7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and No. from list below.) /10 /10 /10 Vegetable name___ /10 /10 /10 Vegetable name_ /1o /10 /10 Vegetable name /10 /1o /1o Vegetable name_ 2 /1o /1o /10 Vegetable name_ /1o /10 /10 Vegetable name_ 2 /10 /10 Λo Vegetable name ____ No. Λo /1o /10 No. Vegetable name_ List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover. Vegetable name Vegetable name Vegetable name Vegetable name No. Pumpkins Lettuce, romaine. . 284 . 249 Artichokes Chicory Lettuce, other 273 Radishes 285 Asparagus 250 . 262 Lima beans 274 . 286 Beets 251 Cowpeas (blackeye and Rhubarb 263 Shallots 252 . 275 Muskmelons. . . . Broccoli. other green cowpeas). . 288 Brussels sprouts. 253 Eggplant 265 Mustard greens 277 Endive 278 Squash 289 . 266 Onions, dry Cabbage 290 Cantaloups and . 267 Onions, green 279 Turnips Persian melons. 256 . 266 Turnip greens 269 Other vegetables . . . Carrots 257 Honeydew melons. . . . Peppers, hot . 282 (Write vegetable name on Lettuce, head Pimientos 283 line in item 7 above.) Commercial fertilizer used Acres Acres Acres irrigated 8. Land used for vegetable crops harvested fertilized Liquid or gas (Report acres only once even Whole Whole Whole though two or more crops were Whole Whole Tenths Tenths Tenths Tenths Tenths tons acres acres tons harvested from the same acres or the same acres were 299

/10

irrigated or fertilized twice.

Report all fertilizer used.)

/10

/10

/10

/10

⁽⁷⁾ When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

[®] Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13 Was there a C												
vines, and nut YES — Complete this section	trees on tl	nis pla	ice in 197	47 (D	o NOT	inclu	de ab	andone	d tre	es or p	lantings.)	'
□ NO — Go to Section 14												
Report the total acres, acres irri and nut trees on this place. Acre in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland I	age in aban											
	Acres in tre	es and	Acres		·		С	ommercia	al fert	ilizer use	ed	
	vines of all		irrigate		Acre	es fertil	ized		Dry		Liquid	or g a s
1.Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees	Whole acres 301	Tenths	1	Tenths	Whole	acres	Tenths /10	Whole t	ons	Tenths /10	Whole ton	s Tenths
For each item, report the acres a age and quantity harvested. Tre from hail, frost, etc., should be see separate Instructions. (Also s	es or vines reported in a	of trees of bear ocres in	or vines no ing age that trees of be	t yet o t were aring a	not h ige. Fo	arves ir inte	e, acre ted be rplant	cause	of Id	s or vin	e or dam	ring age
	Not	of bearing	ng age		Ве	earing a	ge					
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)		hole cres	Tenths	tr	ber of ees		(F	tity harvest eport tenths ere specified,	
	302	1	1	2		 	3		4			
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		/10	,	2		/10	3		4			Pounds
3. Apples, standard	303	j /10	•	2		1/10	3		4			Pounds
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	304	1,	1	2	•	Ι,	3		4			•
4. Peaches, clingstone	305	1 /10	1	2		1/10	3		4		 	Pounds
5. Peaches, freestone		1/10		_		/10						Pounds
_	306	/.	1	2		/	3		4			Pounds
6. Pears, Bartlett	307	1 /10	1	2		/10	3		4			
7. Pears, other than Bartlett		/10				/10						Pounds
8. Cherries; tart	308	/10	ı	2		/10	3		4			Pounds
o. Chemes, tart,	309	7,10	1	2		, ,	3	- 1	4			
9. Cherries, sweet	•	1/10			į	/10			4			Pounds
9	310	1 / 1	1	2	į		3	JĮ			/1	Tons, 0 fresh
10. Grapes	•	/10				/10			5		/1	Tons. O dry
1. Piums	314	/10	1	2	l i	/10	3	ľ	4		/1	Tons.
_	315		1	2		710	3	1	4		<u> </u>	Tons
2 . Prunes		/10		_	 	/10	_	} ⊦	5		/1	Tons
■ For citrus, report quantity harvested	320	┼	1	2			3	<u> </u>	4		<u>j</u> /1	0 dry
in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973. 3. Valencia oranges		/10				/10						Boxes
· ·	321		1	2		/	3	1	4			
4. Navel oranges	322	1 /10	1	2		/10	3		4			Boxes
5. Temple oranges		/10				/10						Boxes
6. Other oranges — Hamlin, Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc	323	/10	ı	2		/10	3	1	4			Pa
ғшеарріс, ғатsоп втоwп, etc	324		1	2		710	3	 ,	4			Boxes
7. Grapefruit		/10				/10				 -		Boxes
Report quantity harvested in either	ther or both u	ınits, de	ependina on	the wa	av the	fruit v	vas so	ld				

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col.(f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark"Boxes,"enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list be	low	Not	of bearing (c)	g age		Bearing (d)	age		Quantity harvested		Unit of measure Mark (X) one (f)		Average capacity of boxes
Name (a)	No. (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		(e)	Lbs.	Tons	Boxes	in pound (g)
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5,0	2	3 🗆	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3 🗌	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		⁵ ₁□	2	3 🗆	6
	!		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	т	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51□	2	3 🗆	6
• CITRUS	SCROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No		• NUT CRO	PS		N	0.
1973—74 Kumquats Lemons . Limes (1 b Tangelos . Tangerines	antity harvi 4 from blood bushel = 50 s and mand as fruit trees	m of 1973., O lbs.)	325 326 327 328 329	Avoci Dates Figs Mang Nects Pome Olive	ados (See li S (See Instruct goes	nstructions,		2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Almonds Filberts and I Pecans, imprecans, wild Pistachio Tung nuts (ir Walnuts (En Walnuts, pla Other nut tre	hazeinuts roved and seed husk) glish or P nted blac	ding	3	41 42 43 44 45 46 47

Section 14 Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

☐ YES — Complete this section					Area used	in 1974		Value of		
_			Sau	are feet und	er glass	Acres in the	open	sales during	1974W	
NO — Go to Section 15 on next	t page			r other prote		Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
Nursery products — trees, shre	ubs, vines, et	c. .	371			1	/10	2 \$		
2. Sod harvested			372 373			1	/10	2 \$	1	
3. Bulbs			374			1	/10	\$ 3	 	
4. Cut flowers, florist greens; and other florist plants			3/4			<u>'</u>	/10	<u> </u>	1	
5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds plants (Report sweet corn for			384			1	/10	\$		
6. Vegetables, including		oes	385					2 \$		
mushrooms, grown under glass or other protection	b. Cucum	bers	386		_		1	\$ \$	 	
•	c. Lettuce	e	387 388				1	\$ 2	<u> </u>	
	d. Mushro	ooms	389				j.	\$	<u> </u>	
	e. Other v	egetables .	391			1		<u>\$</u> \$100000000000000000000000000000000000	<u> </u>	
7. Area irrigated (Include items 1	through 6e.)						/10			
			Area fe	rtilized		Dry fertili	zer	Liquid or gas f	ertilizer	
		Square fee	et	Acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
8. Commercial fertilizer used on the crops listed above		399		1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	

- (iii) Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.
- (1) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested f	or sal	le fro	m this	pl	ace	in 19	74?					
YES — Complete this section				\ b o		-		0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			Т	Acres irri	nated
□ NO — Go to Section 16				Acres ha		15	(tity harve 1 分 p		s)	卜	Whole acres	
1. Strawberries			402			_+	1		····		ounds	2		1 /10
			403		- j ′		1					2		
2. Cranberries					+ /	10					100-lb barrels			/10
					į	. 1	I					2	:	i I ,
Crop name	N)			/	10				F	ounds	-		/10
Crop name	No	,			/	10	l			F	ounds	2		/10
List additional berry crops ha Crop name No Blackberries and dewberries 40 Blueberries, tame 40 Blueberries, wild 40	Boysen Currant Goosel			408	Raspl	nberr berrie	ries . es, red	٠	No. • 411 • 412 • 413		All of	gbe her	rries berries op name on i	415
					res fertili				Dry fertil				quid or gas fe	
				Whol 429	e acres	Tei	nths	Whol	le tons	Ter	nths 2		/hole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be	erries			429		<u> </u>	/10			<u>į </u>	/10	_		/10
Section 16 > Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted	from	this p	lac	e in	197	47					
YES — Complete this section					· · · · · ·				Comr	nercia	ıl fertili	zer	used	
NO — Go to Section 17	Acres harvested		uantity rvested		Acres			cres		Dry Whole tons Tenths			Liquid or	gas
								tilized						Tenths
1. Popcorn	431	1		Pounds, shelled	2		3		4		. /1	0	5 	/10
2 . Safflower	432	1	1	Pounds	2		3		4		/1	0	5	/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1		Pounds	2		3		4	_	/1	0	5	/10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1		Bushels	2		3		4		/1	0	5	/10
5 . Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds of oil	2		3		4	ļ	/1		5	/10
6 . Broomcorn	436	1		Tons of brush	2		3		4	į	/1		5	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop name					2		3		4	 		0	5 !	/10
Crop					2		3		4				5	
nameNo List additional crops harvested on	hack cover	<u> percente</u>		<u> </u>	<u></u>		L		L	1		0	i	/10
Crop name No. Castor beans	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans fo Mustard seed Rapeseed	r beans	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447	F S S	crop name loot crops lesame fo orghum f loybeans l grazed or oybeans l	for f r see or sii hogg cut	rup ped or for sila	ige	450 451 452	Sv Tr Ve W W AI	iticale elvetbe ild rice ormse l other	ed cro	for seed	455 456 457 458
Section 17 Were any FOR	EST PRO	OUCTS	sold	from	this p	lac	e in	197	47					
YES — Complete this section									F			_	e of sales	
NO — Go to and COMPLETE Set									4	191	Do	ııar	s	Cents
 Standing timber or trees Firewood and fuelwood 									- 7	492			- 1	
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs										5 193 5				
4. Pulpwood									4	194 5			i	
Other forest products (bark, bolt for naval stores, fence posts, ma	s, Christmas	trees, gu	m							495 8		-		

1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4, page 1				
		Δς	res	
► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ON ONCE — in the first use listed below that applies. For example, cropland to was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	hat [Numb acre	er of	Acres irrigated in 1974
a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse produces.)	cut.	502		1
b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Include rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.)		503		1
c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured	[505		1
d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 2a.	, [506		1
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	[507		1
f. Cropland idle		509		1
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber tracts and cutover and deforested land with	• • •	511		
young timber growth.) b. Woodland not pastured	• • • • [12	_	
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.)		_		
Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied lime, fertilizer, seed,	15	514		1
improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of weeds and brush				
b . Other pastureland and rangeland		15		
5. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported above.)	• • • •	516	·	
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported in items 2a through 5 and enter the total in this space. Should be the same as item 1 above.)		N"THIS F	PLACE"	IRRIGATED
☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply ———————————————————————————————————	5	Othe	r — Spe	ecity -
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974?	7 VEC-	- Answa	r itams	and 2 below
		– Answei	ritem 3	
1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods?		- Answei		
How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? Surrous or ditables.		- Answei None		below
a. Furrows or ditches			Acres	below
a. Furrows or ditches			Acres in	below
a. Furrows or ditches			Acres 17 523 524	below
a. Furrows or ditches		None	Acres 17 523 524 525 526	below
a. Furrows or ditches		None	Acres in 523 524 525	below
a. Furrows or ditches		None	Acres in 523 524 525 526 527 er used in	below ngated in 1974
a. Furrows or ditches	531	None	Acres in 523 524 525 526 527 er used in	below ngated in 1974
a. Furrows or ditches b. Flooding c. Subirrigation d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.) 2. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 Section 2. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers one acre, one foot deep). b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60)		None	Acres in 523 524 525 526 527 er used in	pelow rigated in 1974
a. Furrows or ditches b. Flooding c. Subirrigation d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.) 2. Please estimate the quantity of water used a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers one acre, one foot deep).	531	None	Acres in 523 524 525 526 527 er used in	pelow rigated in 1974 1974 Iths
a. Furrows or ditches b. Flooding c. Subirrigation d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.) 2. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (Report in the unit or units of measure most c. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or	531 • 532 • 533	None None None	Acres in 523 524 525 526 527 er used in Ter	ngated in 1974 1974 ths /10 Gallons Total

Section 20 Was any land on this place ARTI	FICIALLY DRAI	NED?	
YES Complete this section			
[] NO Go to Section 21			Acres artificially
1. How many acres in this place were artificially drained? (underground tile drains, grading for drainage, dikes, or po Exclude drainage solely for the removal of irrigation was	umping to control w	ater.	None drained 541
2. How many acres were artificially drained by systems inst	talled since January	1, 1974?	542
Section 21 Was any COMMERCIAL FERTIL on this place in 1974?	IZER applied to	PASTURELAND)
YES - Complete this section			
NO - Continue with NOTE below	Acres	Dry fertilizer	Liquid or gas fertilizer
1. How many acres of cropland used only for	one fertilized	Whole tons Tenths	Whole tons Tenths
pasture in 1974 (reported in Section 18,	331	i,	j ,
item 2b) were fertilized?	552	1 /10	2 /1
(reported in Section 18, item 4a) were fertilized?		/10	' /
NOTE: READ AND ANSWER THIS OUESTION Did you or anyone of poultry, or animal spin 1974? (Include for section 22) Were there any POULTRY such as	pecialties on this p ish raised in caption s CHICKENS, T	lace NO — Si	o to Section 22 below kip to page 13 and OMPLETE Section 2 (S, etc. ,
on this place at any time in 1974?	•		
YES — Complete this section			
NO — Go to Section 23			
 Report hatchery operations such as baby c turkey poults, etc., in Section 26. 	hicks,	INVENTORY	Total number of
1. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTERS for table eggs and hatching	g egg production	Number on this pl December 31, 19	
a. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for TABLE or M.	ARKET egg product	602	1
b. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for HATCHING eg	g production	603	1
c. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age		605	1
d. Pullet chicks and pullets under 3 months old (Excl		606	1
		607	1
e. Roosters and male chickens (all male breeding stock)2. BROILERS, fryers, and other meat type chickens, including		608	1
3. TURKEYS	ig capons and roaste	rs	
a. Heavy breed turkeys for slaughter (Exclude breevers.)		611	1
b. Light breed turkeys for slaughter (Exclude breeders.)		612	1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		613	1
c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding (Include both heavy at 4. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity (Enter fowl name a			
			1
Fowl name	No		1
Fowl name	No		
Fowl name	No		
List additional poultry on back cover.	_		
Fowl name No. Fowl name No. Ducks 614 Pigeons or squab 616	Fow! name Quail		
Geese	All other poultry .	619 (Write name on	
5. What was the value before taxes and expenses of poultry	and souls		Value of sales
sold from this place in 1974? (Include estimated value moved from this place by contractors or others)	of poultry and poul	try products 629	Cents

Section 23 Did you or anyone else h	ave any CATTLE or CALVE	S on this place	in 1974?	
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 24			Number	/ENTORY
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			631	ber 31, 1974
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, c,	and d below.)		1	
			632	
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had o	alved.)		633	
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and r	nilk heifers that had calved.)			
			634	
c. Heifers and heifer calves	(1) For beef purposes and beef co		635	
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacement			
			636	
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calves			[
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this p			Value o	
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a cont Also, report cattle moved from this place to		Total number	before taxes a	
feeding as sold; report both the number and See separate Instructions.)	estimated value. None	<u> </u>	Dollars	Cents
		641	1	
2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds		642	1	
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 pound	s or more		\$	
a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were fagrain or concentrates for 30 days or more		643	\$	
■DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	s in 1974			<u> </u>
• Report goat dairy products in Section 26 v		l l	ue of ducts sold	
· ·	then you reach that section.	Dollars	Cents	-
What was the gross value of sales of dairy p from this place in 1974, before taxes and ex		649		
Section 24 Did you or anyone else h	ave any HOGS or PIGS on	this place in 19	74?	
YES — Complete this section				
NO Go to Section 25 on next page			Number	on this place
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			651	ber 31, 1974
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b be	elow.)		1	
			652	
 a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bree 	aing		653	
b . Other hogs and pigs			· · · L	
LITTERS FARROWED		None Number of little	ters	
2. Litters farrowed on this place between -		654		
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 .		655		
b . June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974				
	Г		Value of sa	iles before
		Total number sold in 1974	taxes and	
HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	None	656	Dollars	Cents
2 No. 1 and also said from this place in 1074	_	830	S	<u> </u>
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974		657	1	
a. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many were sold as EFEDER PIGS for further feeding?			s	i

Section 25 Did you or anyone e	ise have any or			Г	INVENTORY			
YES Complete this section				Number on this place		Total number sold in 1974		
NO — Go to Section 26			-	December 31, 1974 661				
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of	a, b, and c below.) +							
,			1	662				
a. Lambs under 1 year old								
				6	563			
b. Ewes 1 year old or older	b . Ewes 1 year old or older							
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or old	lor			- 1	664			
c. Nams and wethers I year old or old	iei		· · · · · · · ·	L				
			None	665	Number shorn	1 P	ounds of woo	ol shorn
2. Sheep and lambs shorn								
								1
						e of s	Cents	-
3. What was the cross value of sales of	3. What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lambs, and				Dollar 669		Cents	ŀ
wool from this place in 1974, before t	•						į	ĺ
ection 26 Did you or anyone e	Ise have any OT	HERLI	VESTOCE	Cor A	NIMALSP	ECI	ALTIES	on thi
place in 1974?	,							
YES Complete this section			INVENTOR' Number or		Total number sold		Value of	sales
NO Go to Section 27			this place Dec 31, 197		in 1974		Dollars	Cents
4.11. (1). (6)		ŀ	671	1		2		
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include pon	ies.)		672	1		\$		
2. Ponies of all ages			673			S		<u> </u>
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages		1	0/3	1		\$		}
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(674	1		2		
4. Mink and their pelts			375			S		
a. Mink females used for breeding			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 1				
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and (Enter name and No. from list below.)	poultry hatched	İ		İ				1
Tanto mana ana man nama anavi,				1		2		į
Name	No _			1		S 2		
Name	No _					\$		<u> </u>
Name	Al-			1		2 \$		
	No _ er Livestock in Captivity	, Bees, and	Poultry Hatch	ed				
/ Name No.	Name		No.	Na	ime		No).
Colonies of bees 676 Angora goats 677	Other goats Rabbits and their pe		679		xes and their pelts.		68	3
Milk goats 678	Chinchillas and their				ultry hatched other livestock			
		Acres under water for fish production		Tot	Total quantity sold in 1974		Value of sales	
				'0'			Dollars	Cana
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter no	ame and	1400000000		1		-	Dollars	Cents
No. from "List A" below.)					Pounds		2	
Name	No			3	-OR	1	\$	į
7. Fish in captivity			Tenths	1	Gallons	+		
(Enter name and No. from "List B" bei	low.)		1	'	Pounds		2	1
Name	No		/10	3	-OR	\dashv	\$	į
				L.,	Numbe	<u> </u>		
List A Livestock Products			⊕ List B — Fisf	n in Cap	tivity			
Name No.	Name		No.		me		No	
Mohair sold 687 Goats milk sold 688	Catfish				ipical fish ner fish		69	4
Honey sold 689	Other food-type fish			ψti				5

Page 12

Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

COMPL	FTF	THIS	SEC	TION

COMPLETE THIS SECTION			
Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974			
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including			rket value
			Cents
			1
milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)		\$	į
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		L	
		Of the to	
	Total number	HOW MA	ANY were
■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974	on this place on December 31, 197	1	
(Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	December 31, 197	(1970-1	974)?
(Heport only II used III 1973 of 1974.)		(Nur	mber)
	702	1	
2 . Automobiles			
	703	1	
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	704	1	
	704	'	
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers			
	705	1	
5. Crawler tractors			
	706	1	
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only			
	707		
	1.07	1.	
7. Corn heads for combines			
	708	1	
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers			
	709	1	
9. Mower conditioners			
	710		
	1,10		
10. Pickup balers			
	711	1	
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)]	
	712	1	· · ·
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type			
O .: 20 MACOFIL ANEQUOTERAS CONTRACTOR VIVO CONTRACTOR			
Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTION	<i>)</i>		
721 .			
. 1. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show			
the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on $2 \square \cup_{N}$	der 1.000 bushels	(Under 25 tons	s)
this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	00-4,999 bushels	(25-124 tons)	
	00-9,999 bushels		
<u> </u>	,000-24,999 bush		
<u></u>			
	.000-49,999 bush		
7 ∐ 50	,000 bushels and o	ver (1,250 ton	s and over)
2. How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN	None 722		
TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits,	None /22		of artificial
strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.)	LJ	ponds. p	its, etc
		Whole acres	[Tenths
	723		i
a. Area covered when filled to capacity			/10
arrando dotordo trada ambo to daposar y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y			1 /10
3. FUTURES MARKET — Did you utilize the commodity 725 1 C	orn (grain)	7 Cattle (liv	e)
	orghums (grain)	8 Hogs (live	e)
and the state of t			Specify
724	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	o Ciliei c	Decily 7
1 \square YES — Mark which commodities — 4 \square W	heat (grain)		
2 NO = 00 to Section 25 on next page	otton		
6 🔲 Pc	otatoes	*****	

				(Include oral and wri		uce or market any de more than 30 days
☐ YES —Comple☐ NO — Go to S				prior to delivery.)		
1. Mark (X) as m			uced and/or markete	d under contract. No. Product name	. N o. Pro	duct name
1 🔲 🛭	rollers	7 🔲 Fe	eder cattle and/or ocker cattle	13 Field and seed		t, citrus, nuts-for h market
3 🔲 C	hicken eggs urkeys	=	eeding cattle aughter hogs	15 Wheat		t, including citrus, processing
5 🗍 N	filk and other airy products	10 🔲 Fe	eder pigs	17 Vegetables for fresh market	= -	ar beets
_	attened cattle	12 Ot	eeding hogs ther livestock and/or oultry (Write product name line A1 below.)	18 Vegetables for processing	pop suga	er crops, such as hops, corn, potatoes, safflower, arcane, etc.(Write product e on line A1 below.)
			er the Name and No B through G) for that		ading where indicate	ed and complete the
A D to A/-> to			FIRST CONTRACT	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT
A. Product(s) under co Enter name and No.		1. Product name				İ
item 1 above		2. No.	731	732	733	734
B. Type of contract Mark (X) one of	1. Production (_	1 1 📙	1 1 🖳	1 1 🛮	1 1 🔲
these items for	2. Marketing (3. Production, ii		2 🗌	2 🗌	2 🔲	2 🗌
each product under contract 3. Production, including feeding, and marketing 4. Other			3 🔲 4 🔲	3	3 🔲 4 🔲	3 🗍 4 🗍
C. Type of contractor	1. Co-op	. –	2 1	2 1 🗆	2 1 🗆	2 1 🗆
Mark (X) one of these items for	Feed company Recker		2 🗀	2 🗆	2 🔲	2 🗍
each product			3 🔲	3 🔲	3 🔲	3 🔲
under contract	4. Processor		. 4 🔲	4 🔲	4 🔲	4 🔲
	5. Other		5 📗	5 📙	5 📙	5 📗
D. Items furnished by contractor under terms of	1. Feed 2. Chicks, pullet		' 🗀	3 1 🗆	3 1 🗆	3 1 🗆
contract Mark (X) for as	feeder pigs, e	tc.	2 <u> </u>	² ∐ 3 □	2 <u> </u> 3	2 [_] 3 []
many items as	4. Fertilizer		4 🗆	4 □	4 □	4 □
apply for each product under	5. Chemicals		5 🗌	5 🗍	5 🗌	5 🗌
contract	6. Labor		6 🔲	6 🗆	6 🔲	6 🔲
	7. Machinery, e or buildings	quipment,	7 🔲	7 🔲	7 🗆	7 🗆
	8. Harvesting		8 🔲	8 🔲	8 🔲	8 🔲
	9. Transportation	n	9 🔲	9 🔲	9 🔲	9 🗌
	10. Processing/p	acking	4 10 🔲	4 10 🔲	4 10 🔲	4 10 🔲
	11. Credit		11 📙	11 📙	11 📙	11 📙
	12. Technical ass	stance	12 LJ 13 П	12 📙 13 🔲	12 LJ 13 D	12 <u> </u> 13 <u> </u>
	14. None		14 🔲	14 🗆	14 🗆	14 🗍
E. What percent of the was sold under conti	•	this product	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent
F. 1. Amount received for product covered by			6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents
Did this payment remarket value of the			7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 Yes 2 No
G.	1. Exact price?		8 1	8 1	8 1	8 1 🗍
	2. Method of determining price	۵۲	2 □	2 □	2 🗍	2 □
	3. Neither price no	r method?	3 🔲	3 🗆	3 □	3 🔲
(2) Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor						

(3) Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.

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Section 30 PAYROLL AND labor, employees working on this p	EMPLOYMENT - Did you has of labor contractors or crollace in 1974?	ew lead	ers, or other	s doing agrici salaried empl	oyees
□ NO — Go to Section 31					
Please read before answering items 1, 2, and 3 below	Hired farm or ranch work- paid family members, include workers, maintenance people associated with agricultural they may not be doing age family workers or the proprie	de such pe e, etc., wh production ricultural l	ersons as bookke nose employment n on this place abor. Do not inc	eepers, office t is primarily even though clude unpaid	
	Cash wages paid — Report before deductions for Social Include all wages, salaries, consict leave pay. Do not include items paid in kind.	Security, to ommission	axes, insurance pi is, paid bonuses,	remiums, etc. vacation and	
For each of the following groups, rep farm or ranch workers were employe cash wages paid to them.			Number of	Cash wages	paid
- '			workers 751	Dollars	Cents
 Of the hired farm or ranch workers, h a. 150 days or more? 	•			\$!
b . 25–149 days?			752	1	
			753	1	1
c. Less than 25 days?2. Contract workers hired through a cre				\$ 754	!
a. What was the cost of contract laborate				\$ \$	
b . How many workers did the contra	ctor furnish? (<i>Estimate if necessary</i> .	1	755		
 Salaried corporation officers If this operation is incorporated, he 	ow many corporation officers		756		
were salaried in 1974?				757	<u>I</u>
b. What was the amount paid?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	\$	
Were there any or work connect	DILLNESSES CONNECTED Work connected injuries that ted illnesses or death to we eaths, injuries, or illnesses to be	at require orkers or	ed more than n this place ir	first aid treat n 1974?	
Section YES — Complete this section					
□ NO — Go to Section 32 on next pa	nge		itor and unpaid nily workers	Hired work and paid mer of operator's	nbers
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses		761		1	
a. How many workers had injuries	or illnesses without lost workdays?	762	Workers	1	Workers
b. How many workers had injuries	or illnesses with lost workdays?		Workers	1	Workers
(1) How many days were lost as	a result of all injuries	763	Davs	ı	Davs

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764

Number

Number

Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGIC or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974	IDES, OTHE	R PESTICIDE	S, LIMI
☐ YES — Complete this section			
□ NO — Go to Section 33			
Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. I cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpot treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.	each item listed,	report acres onl	y onc e ,
	Number of acres	Cost of che (Do not inc	lude
Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide, insecticide, nematocide) to control —	on which used	Dollars	Cents
- hard and hard all all a simple and hard hard hard hard hard hard hard har	771	1 \$	-
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.) b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton,	772	1	
tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)		\$	<u>i</u>
c. Nematodes in crops	773	1 \$	1
·	774	1 \$	1
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)	775	1	ij
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.)	776	\$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture		\$ 1	
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sides, etc.)	777	\$	İ
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit	778	1 \$	
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings		779 \$	I I
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	782	1 \$	1
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanitation,		783	
pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc		\$ 784	-
total here and in Section 34, item 10.)	$\overline{}$	\$	
Section 33 > FARM CREDIT			
 DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.) 			
☐ YES — Answer a, b, and c ☐ NO — Go to item 2 ☐ No lar	nd owned — Go	to item 2	
		Amount (principal or December 31,	
		Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit associatio 		91	
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	1	92	-
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above			
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the propert others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)	,	93	[
2. DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business?			
YES — Answer a, b, and c NO — Go to Section 34			
		Amount (principal of December 31,	
	-	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit	1	95	1
association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies		96	
 Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies) 			!
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals	7	97	

Section 34

Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services, and household expenses not related to the farm business.

					Production exp	enses
					Dollars	Cents
1. Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho	gs, pigs, shee	p,			801	
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul	lets, etc				\$	1
2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — gra	in, hay, silage	, mixed			802	1
feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and					\$	1
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased —	Tons 803	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	803	/10	1			
b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.)	804	/10	1			1
c. Whole grains purchased — such as corn, oats, barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. (Include cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds or other milling byproducts, or green chop.)	805	/10	\$			
d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc.	000	/10	' e	i i		
	L	1 /10	12		807	<u> </u>
 Animal health costs for livestock and poultry (Include services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) 					\$ 808	
4. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					\$	 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
 Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, includir and gypsum (Report custom application costs in iten 					809	į
Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, keros grease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.)					\$	
	Storage cap for farm	use	for farm use i	1974		
	812	<i>,,</i>	Dollars 1	Cents		
a. Gasoline for the farm business	812		\$	1		
b. Diesel fuel for the farm business	813		1 \$			
c. LP gas, butane, propane for the	814		1	1		
farm business $(4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon) \dots$			\$ 815			
d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and fuel oil for the farm business			\$			
	itams 12 15	and 1c	and enter total	hara !	821 \$	
7. Hired farm labor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,				nere./	823	+
8. Contract labor (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, in					\$	<u> </u>
9. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, corn picking, drying, spraying, corn picking, spraying, sp	mixing feed, p	olowing,			824 \$	1
compiling, com picking, drying, silo minig, spraying, c	uusiniy, itilili	Ling, GIG.	,		826	1
10. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars report	ted in Section	32, item	n 6.)		\$	1
11. All other production expenses (Include OTHER currer as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, in the content of the content			such		827	
purchase of water, etc., for the farm business.)					\$	
12. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including experience or others (Add dollars in items	enses paid by 1 through 1	landlor	ds, contractors	· -	829 8	

Sec	tion 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	in	1974, befor	e taxes
	IPLETE	and expenses (See separate Instructions.)			
PAG		Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or		Estimated va products	
		contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Dollars	I Cents
1.	Grains — c	corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans,		832	1
	grain sorgh	nums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		\$	
2.	Cotton and	cottonseed		833 \$	Í
				834 \$	+ -
				835	
4.	Field seeds	, hay, forage, and silage		' \$	
5.	Vegetables	s, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)		836 \$	<u> </u>
6.	sweetpota	crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, toes, sugar beets, sugarcane,		837	1
	popcorn, m	nint for oil, hops, etc. — Specify	—	s	
7.		, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,		838	į
	peaches, p	ecans, pears, pineapples, etc	• • •	\$	-
8.		d greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in		839	į
	Section 14	, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)	• •	\$	
9.	Forest prod	ducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)		849 \$	i
10.	Poultry and	poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks,		852	
	turkeys, et	urkeys, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)		\$	<u>i</u>
11.		calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — clude item 3a — and enter the total here.)		853 \$	1
12.	Dairy produ	Dairy products — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4.		854	
	Report goa	t dairy products in item 15 below.)		\$	
13.	Hogs and p	igs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)	• •	855 \$ 856	
14.	Sheep, lam	bs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)		\$	ļ
15.		tock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, . (Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)		857 \$	
16.		ALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or 's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)		859 \$	į į
Sec		INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES II	V 19	74	
	Part Δ	INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related i	ncome
_	raitA —	On the second se	None	Dollars	Cents
1.		rk and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing.		871	
		praying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-		_	į
_		eparate business, see separate Instructions.)		\$	1
2.		al services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		872 \$	-
_	ŭ	,	_	873	-
3.		vou received for participation in Government farm programs **Iude redeemable loans.**		\$!
4.	received fro	rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments om lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock	_	874	
	pastured or	n a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		\$!
5.		ness or source of income which is		875	
		on or CLOSELY RELATED to the URAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		\$	
•	Part B 1	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related e	xpenses
6.	For farm-re	elated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter	None	Dollars	Cents
J .	the total es	stimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not		876] †
		penses already reported in Section 34.)			i

Section 37 TYPE OF ORGA	NIZATION, OPERATOR	R CHARA	CTE	RISTIC	S, and	l relat	ed info	rmatior
COMPLETE THIS PAGE								
■ Part A— Type of Organization								
1. Mark (X) the one box which best de	escribes the way this place was	s operated in	1974) .				
901 1 INDIVIDUAL or FAMILY operation (sole proprietorship). excluding partnership and corporation Complete Parts B and C								
PARTNERSHIP operation, including family partnerships (See separate Instructions.) — Enter number of partners								
3 CORPORATION, includ	ing family corporations — Skl	ip to Section	38					
4 🔲 OTHER, such as cooper	rative, estate or trust, prison fa — Specify type then skip to S	rm, grazing i	ssocia	ation,				
■ Part B— Farm Operator Charac				al, Famil	y, or Pa	rtnersh	nip Opera	ations
 Residence — Where does the oper person in charge, or senior partner this farm or ranch operation live? What was the earliest year the operation. 	of Not on thi	·	2] On and] In a rur] In a cit	other far ral area, y, town,	m not on or urba	a farm an area	
(or senior partner, if partnership) be to operate any part of this place?	gan	_ Year						
3. How old is the operator (or senior partner, if partnership)?	905	_ Years old						
4. Operator's race 906 Mark (X) appropriate box	White 4 C Negro or Black Merican Indian	Mexican A Chicano Mexican (Puerto Ric Cuban Central or America Other Spa	Mexic an South	ano)	5 11	Japan Chines Filipine Other Specif	se o	^{oce} Z
5. Principal Occupation — At what of the majority (50 percent or more) of (For partnerships, consider all memory).	f his work time in 1974?	end			☐ Farn	•		
6. Off-Farm Work — How many days did each member of the	Mark (X) one for each applicable line.	None		1	0-99 10 days	00-149 days	150 - 199 days	200 days or more
family work OFF the place in 1974? (Include work at a nonfarm job, business, profession, or on someone else's farm. Do not include exchange farm work.)	a. Operator or senior partner.b. Spouse	912 1 2	2	3		4	5	6
■ Part C — Family Income from Of (Report amount you and members for partnership operations, the repo	of your family received in 1974 ort should be for the senior par	tner and his			s . None	of De	Income fro If-farm sour ollars	
1. Operation of a non-farm-related business (not reported in Section 36) or professional practice (Report NET after expenses.)								
 Interest, dividends, or royalties Federal Social Security, pensions, rument insurance, workmen's compet 	etirement pay, veterans payme	ents, annuitie	es, une		. 🗆	924 \$		
5. Rental income of nonfarm property	•	•				925 \$		1
Section 38 PERSON COMP	LETING THIS REPORT							
PLEASE PRINT		931 Month	Date	Оау	932 Are		ephone Number	

Enter remarks on back cover.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Heve Multiple Ferming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74–A1) and a brown form (74–A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

► EITHER 4

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report for also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle," and
- (3) Mail back the two tom-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) The Same Report Form Is Used For All States Except Hawaii. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section.
- ▶ (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.
(e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished.

Go to the next section indicated. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 -- Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or eouivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Lessed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned for rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other not

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled com. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage: he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

	t corn in Section I ich those sections	2 and papeurn in Section 16	;
	Acres Navested	Quality Repressed	Acres engaged
Field com for grain or seed (Report quantity of shelled com harvested in either Besitets or hundredweight, 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs.	··· 80	7000	
shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corn!	00	6 Hundred	
2. Field corn for silage or green chop ,	1º 20	400 100	20
 Field corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in items 1 or 2) 	103	30.00	1
	Acres	Dry forskape	Legand Or gas forcinger
	- Inches	Whole tone Tenths	Whole rons Tand
4. Commercial ferroizer used on field com	109 / 00	1 17 19/10	

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column. Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

▶ Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box Weight — Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

▶ Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted, to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 19 -- Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acrefeet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal/minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal/minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day/season = 11.520,000 gallons.

Total inchee — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season.

▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animels sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold — Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle sales — Do not include on the fattened cattle line:

- (a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or
- (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold () further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place — Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lambs shorn — In the first answer space report the number shorn, in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

▶ Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

▶ Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. Production contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor Marketing contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural products.

▶ Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

▶ Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C, item 1).

▶ Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filling of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does **not** include cooperatives.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

O.M.B. No. 41 S74065. Approval Expires December 31, 1975.

FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

ment P Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13. US Code) By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	ore than one report form?				T 1	
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2	Enter numb	extra file er(s) here				
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGRICU	ILTURAL ACT	TIVITIE:	S IN 19	374	
					YES	NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount of any	of the items liste	d below?	. <i>.</i>	. 1 🗀	2 🔲
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots) Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	nurser • Fish in • Fur-be in capt	nouse and y products captivity aring anim ivity animal spe	nals		
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise of contractors such as feed companies	or produce any agricultural products s, processors, or packers?	s for			YES	NO 2 🔲
Did you raise or produce any agricular partnership, share arrangement,	iltural products for others or with o or other rental agreement in 1974?				. 1 🗀	2 🗌
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricultural p	ourposes in 1974	?		. 1 🗀	2 🔲
Did you own any livestock or poult under a share agreement or custor	ry that was cared for by someone en arrangement in 1974?				. 1 🗀	2 🗆
► If you answered YES to ANY o	f these questions, go to Section (3.				
► If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provided	five of these questions, tear off	this front cover	and mai	I it back	r	

Sec	etion 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LAI				nber of		Your estima current ma of these ac	rket valu- res and	е
	Include all cropland, pastureland, ro woodland, wasteland, idle land, ho				cres		the building	gs on the	m
	Woodland, Wasterand, Idle Tand, Inc	use iots, etc.	None	l		ļ	Dollars		Cents
			_	040		[1		-	
1. /	ALL land owned		⊔			\$			
5	ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, incl shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land	and land used	rent free.	050		1		 	
1	Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis	under a grazing	g permit.) 🗀			\$			
	All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including shares by others and land subleased		ⁿ □	060		1 \$			
	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" ① (Pleas (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTF others (item 3), and enter your answer in this s	RACT acres rent pace.)	ed to	070		13	nese are t "THIS or this co	PLACI	E'' ①
	"THIS PLACE" means your farm or ranch greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural		ry houses,						
5.	f you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2	2 above), pleas	se enter the fol	lowing ir	formation	for	each lan	dlord.	
							nents in 19	74	
		iress ity, State, ZIP codel	Number of acres	Share	Share of liv		Cash	7 044	
	(10, 31, 23, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 34, 3		deres	of crops	or produ		as rent	Ott arrange	
			081	י '	2 □		3□	4 [)
			082	1,0	2 🗆		3 🗌	4 []
		<u> </u>	083	1	2 🗆		3 🗌	 4Г	7
	List additional landlords on back cover			1			- (_)		
6 .	f you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 Name		enter the follo			085 086	o. of acres	ter.	015
		•				087	,		
	List additional renters on back cover.								014
7. (Of the land you rented or leased from others (ite	em 2 above), ho	w many None	Number	of acres		urrent ket value	- Ji	
٠ 6	icres did you subrent or sublease to others? (Ir eased by you which was worked on shares by o	clude land rent	ed or	088	1		ACT VOIGE	-	
					19				13
	You may be able to skip most o						_		0
	READ a. All the land you owned of b. There were no crops or l. c. The land you operated p. If a, b. or c apply to your oper this report.	ivestock in 197 rior to 1974 has	4 on the acres in s been sold to sor	"THIS PI meone el	LACE" (ite se.	m 4 ai	bove).		012
Sec	tion 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	JRAL ACTIV	VITY						
								_	
1. !	n what county was the largest value of your	Principal	County name		State		No of acres	<u> </u>	011
á	gricultural products raised or produced?	county			1	0:	91		P-
	Enter county name, State, and number	Other			+	0	92		Ì
_	of acres on the "Principal county" line.	counties	<u>.,</u>					_	Ì
	f you have agricultural operations in my other county(ies), enter the county				1	0	93		010
r	name(s), etc., on the lines provided for 'Other counties.'')		·		†	O:	94	1	
2 . l	ocation of place within principal county entered above. (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or ownship — Range numbers.)	Name of location						CENSUS	ONLY

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under				г	
	contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None		cres vested	Quantity	harvested
1	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled	,,,,,,,,	101		1	Bushels shelled
•	basis in either bushels or hundredweight . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)			{	6 OR	Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1.)		104		· ·	
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report	_	111	\	1 OR-	Bushels
	quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds .)				6	Pounds
4.	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 3.)		115			
_			121		1	Bushels
	Soybeans for beans	_	122		1	
	Peanuts for nuts		130		1	Pounds
	Wheat for grain Other small grains or	Ц	136			Bushels
Ο.	grain — oats, barle ; rye, rice, etc. — Sp. cify		151		1	
9.	Cotton		152	· · ·		Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type		153	/10	1	Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (excluding home use)		154	/10	1	Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10	·	Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	Too do.
		_	240			Tons, dry
	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale			<u> </u>		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages					
	(Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned		301	/10		
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify	_	401	1 /10		
	Berries for sale — Specify	Ц	<u> </u>	1 /10		
17.	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery products; flowers, etc., grown		430			
	in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify		L	/10	<u> </u>	
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?			Sqc 460	uare feet	

Section 6	LAND	USE	IN	1974

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5.

1. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, unevards, and nursery and greenhouse products if two crops were harvested trum the same fand in 1974, report the acres only once 1. 2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing. 3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soit-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idlic cropland). 5. All other land (Include woodland pasture). 5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.). 6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 through 5 and enter the total in this space.) 7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED in 1974) 8. Sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. 1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets design assed for sale.) 2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters started pullets, etc.). 3. Broilers, tryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters). 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. a. Beef cows (Include bed heriters that had calved.). b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heders that had calved.). b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heders that had calved.). 6.51 6.53 6.51 7. Horses and points of all ages. 8. Of the total sold how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between ———————————————————————————————————	NOTE:	If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REF in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that	PORT THAT at was harve	LAND ON sted and p	LY <u>ONCE</u> — astured		
and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vinevards, and nursery and greenhouse products If two cops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acres only once] 2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing		is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."				L	Number of acres
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing 3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops. crop failure, cultivated summer failow, and idle cropland	and a	Ill land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nurser	y and green	house prod	ducts.	502	
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing 3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops. crop failure, cultivated summer failow, and idle cropland						503	
3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer failow, and idle cropland.). 4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture.). 5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.). 6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 through 5 and enter the total in this space.) (This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.) 7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED Be sure to report all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. Be sure to report all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. In Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.). 2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.). 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters). 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. a. Beef cows (Include beef heilers that had calved.). b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heilers that had calved.). c) Broilers from the reading bear were sold as FEEDER PICS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — Name (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974. 654 655 658 1 Number of litters 654 655 6570 1 None 6598 1 Number of litters 6570 1 None 6598 1 Number of litters 6598	2. Crop	land used only for pasture or grazing				100	
5. All other land (Include postureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.). 6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 through 5 and enter the total in this space.) (This total should be the same as the total in this space.) 7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED in 1974? 8. Earthough 5 and enter the total in this space. 1. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED in 1974, no matter who owned them include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. 1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.) 2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters) 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. a. Beef cows (Include beef heilers that had calved.) b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heilers that had calved.) 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages. a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between None Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Se	3 . All ot	her cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improven	nent crops,			504	
6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 through 5 and enter the total in this space.) (This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.) 7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED in 1974? Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. 1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale:) 2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters) 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. a. Beef cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heilers that had calved.) b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heilers that had calved.) ch. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between None (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 (2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 1. Horses and ponies of all ages. 6. Sheep and lambs of all ages. 7. Horses and ponies of all ages. 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.	4. Woo	dland (Include woodland pasture.)				510	
through 5 and enter the total in this space. (This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, Item 4.) 7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED in 1974? Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as solid all livestock and poultry led on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. 1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.) 2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters) 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. a. Beef cows (Include beef heilers that had calved.) b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heilers that had calved.) c. Hogs and pigs of all ages. a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between None (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974. (2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974. 6. Sheep and lambs of all ages. 7. Horses and ponies of all ages. 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.						513	
7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED in 1974? Be sure to report all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. Be sure to report all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. None No	6. TOT				→	517	
Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. None		(This total should be the same as the total in :	Section 3, is	tem 4.)		<u> </u>	
Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. None				528			
Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974. Note	ection 7	LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY					
1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.) 2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters) 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. a. Beef cows (Include beef heilers that had calved.) b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heilers that had calved.) 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 (2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 655 656 6570 1 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.							
1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.) 2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters) 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages 6. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? 6. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 (2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 7. Horses and ponies of all ages. 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.				None	Number on this pla		
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters) 4. Cattle and calves of all ages. 5. Milk cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.) 632 633 633 651 1 632 633 651 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages 633 651 1 635 651 1 636 637 638 639 639 639 640 651 651 651 651 652 653 655 654 655 655 655 656 657 658 658 659 7. Horses and ponies of all ages 659 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.				🗆		<u></u>	
4. Cattle and calves of all ages. a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.) b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.) 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 (2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 655 656 670 7. Horses and ponies of all ages 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.	3. Broil	ers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including cap	oons			1	
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.) b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.) 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 (2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 None 6. Sheep and lambs of all ages 7. Horses and ponies of all ages 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc Specify what kind.	4. Cattl	e and calves of all ages		🗆	631	1	
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.) 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages	a . Be	eef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)		🗆			
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 (2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 None 661 7. Horses and ponies of all ages 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc Specify what kind	b. M	ilk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers tha	t had calve	ed.) . 🔲		_	
b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None Number of litters (1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974	a. Of	the total sold, how many were sold as					2
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974							
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974	(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974]				
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages	(2	June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974] [655		661		
7. Horses and ponies of all ages	6. Shee	p and lambs of all ages					
turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.	7 . Hors	es and ponies of all ages		🗆	670		
Specify what kind	turke	ys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fisl	h in	🗆	698	1	l
	Spec	ify what kind			699	-	

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 Section 8 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

票	Value of ALL machiner	v and equi	pment on this	place. De	cember 31, 1	974

1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

Estimated market value		
Dollars	Cents	
701		
\$	i	

■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total. HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)
2 . Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7 Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
10. Pickup balers	710	1
	711	1
	712	1

Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services and household expenses not related to the farm business.
ivestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, ambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc

Production expenses		
Dollars	Cents	
801		
S	1	

a.	Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased -
	complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not
	include ingredients purchased separately, such
	as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and ureal).

] •
Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
803	ĺ	1	!	
	/10	s	[[
				200

- 3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased..........
- 4. Commercial fertilizer purchased all forms, including rock phosphate

2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds.

5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business — Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc.,

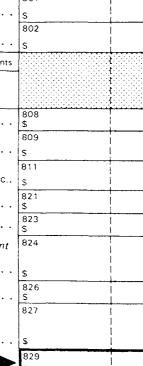
Q.	Hitea	rarm	labor

8.	Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of	equipmei
	and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn	
	picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)	

9. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, insecticides, etc. Exclude fertilizer.) . . .

10.	All other production expenses <i>(Include other current operating expenses such as</i>
	depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, electricity, purchase
	of water, etc., for the farm business.)

11. TOTAL PRODUCTION	N EXPENSES including expenses paid by landl	ords,
contractors, or others	(Add dollars for iterns 1 through 10 and enter tot	al here.



Section 10

Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of

products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Estimated value of products sold		
		Dollars	Cents	
		831	-	
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)		\$	İ	
,		839		
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold		\$	į	
= . Hursery and greenhouse products sold		849		
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum			-	
for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc		\$	1	
		852	1	
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold		\$	į	
		858	1	
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold		s	1	
		859	THE PERSON NAMED IN	
			ļ	
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or	_			
contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)		S		
Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES	IN 1	974		
■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)		Farm-related	income	
Non	None	Dollars	Cents	
		871		
 Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 			į	
(If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		. \$	i	
		872		
			į	
2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	П	s	1	
bounding and rooging, or other rootoutoner teams of an are present and present and are present are present and		873	1	
2. D			į	
3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.)		s	į	
		874		
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments				
received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)	П	s	į	
	Щ	875	+	
5. Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY			ļ	
RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL			į	
OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		\$		
		5		
■ Part B EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related ex		
	None	Dollars	Cents	
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5.		876	į	
enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974		1		
(Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.		s	[

ection 12 FARM OPERA		ISTICS
Where does the operator, per- charge, of this farm or ranch I	903 son in ive?	1 On this place 2 On another farm 3 In a rural area, not on a farm 4 In a city, town, or urban area
2. Year operator began to operation part of this place	te 904	Year
3. Operator's age	905	Years old
4. Operator's race — Mark (X) appropriate box	906 1 White 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian	4 Mexican American Chicano Chicano Mexican (Mexicano) Puerto Rican Cuban Central or South American Other Spanish 5 Japanese Chinese Filipino Other — Specify what race
5. Principal Occupation — At we did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in 1 partnerships, consider all ment partnership together.)	majority (50 percent 974? (For nbers of the	907 1
6. Number of days operator wor place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, oelse's farm. Do not include exwork.) — Mark (X) the approp	at a nonfarm r on someone change farm	1 None 4 100 – 149 days 2 1 – 49 days 5 150 – 199 days 3 50 – 99 days 6 200 days or more
7. Was the income which you ar off the farm and from other so of agricultural products sold for	ources greater than the to	al value
8. Person preparing Name		Date Telephone
this report PLEASE PRINT		931 Month Day 932 Area code Number

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside backcover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- ▶ (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third egricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ► (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74.A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

► EITHER 4

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "O." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock." "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle;" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BESTESTIMATE}}.$

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under precent market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

APPENDIX C Continued

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any larid you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. IMINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 6 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include enimals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

▶ Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

▶ Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for landlords and others in payment for services or products; any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place, crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for landlings and others.

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters

► Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

▶ Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the --

Bureeu of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).