Table 15. Leading Vegetable Crops by Acres Harvested: 1974 and 1969

| Sales of | 1974 |  | 1969 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| and Over | Farms | Acres | Farms | Acres |
| Sweet corn. | 24,173 | 640,740 | 25,876 | 631,067 |
| Tomators. | 16,584 | 421,386 | 21,418 | 387,838 |
| green peas..... | 11,078 | 398,817 | 11,263 | 392,432 |
| Snap beans, bush and pole. | 9,704 | 320,158 | 10,865 | 268,667 |
| Lettuce and romaine....... | 2,417 | 235,424 | 3,718 | 228,618 |
| Watermelons. | 8,985 | 135,876 | 12,648 | 203,165 |

## Table 16. Acres Harvested of Selected Vegetables for Fresh Market and Processing: 1974

| Farms With $\$ 2.500$ and Over | Acreo herrested |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{\text {Rot }}^{\text {Rof }}$ | Por freat |  |
| Soet or | citit | ${ }_{\substack{25,4,68 \\ 3,788}}$ |  |
| Smemp | cont | cile | cin |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {ckiches }}$ | ${ }_{\text {d, }}^{6,4}$ |
| coin |  |  | coile |
| cismos | cin | cism | coilit |
| neet |  | cion | , 3 , 36 |
| comele | cis |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Steme |  |  | 5 |
| Tuseos sprout |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1,686}$ | l, ${ }_{\text {log }}$ | (192 |
|  |  |  | cosk |
| andeame.e. |  |  |  |

## Vegetables for Processing

Sweet corn -In 1974, sweet corn was first among the vegetable crops in the number of acres harvested for processing with 415,000 acres, or 65 percent of the total acreage harvested from farms with sales of $\$ 2,500$ and over. The production for processing was concentrated in two StatesWisconsin and Minnesota. These States harvested 205,395 acres, or 49 percent of the total acreage for processing. Other States with sizeable acreages were Illinois, with 49,000 acres; Oregon, with 40,000 acres; and Washington with 37,000 acres.

Green peas, including English, but excluding green compeas-In 1974, green peas were second among the vegetable crops in number of acres harvested for processing, with 367,000 acres, or 92 percent of the total acreage harvested from farms with sales of $\$ 2,500$ and over. Wisconsin led all States with 107,779 acres, followed by Washington, with 81,152 acres harvested for processing. These States accounted for 51 percent of the acreage harvested for processing. Other States with sizeable acreages harvested were Minnesota, with 53,000 acres; Oregon, with 41,000 acres; and illinois, with 26,000 acres.

Tomatoes-In 1974, tomatoes were third among the vegetable crops in number of acres harvested for processing, with 302,000 acres or 72 percent of the total acreage harvested from farms with sales of $\$ 2,500$ and over. California led all States in production for processing, with 224,000 acres, or nearly three-quarters of the total U.S. acreage for processing. Ohio was a distant second, with 22,000 acres, or 7 percent of the U.S. acreage.

Snap beans, bush and pole-In 1974, snap beans, bush and pole, were the fourth
most important vegetable crop harvested for processing from farms with sales of $\$ 2,500$ and over. The production for processing was concentrated in three States-Wisconsin, New York, and Oregon. These States harvested 57 percent of the acreage for processing. The total U.S. acreage for processing, 255,000 acres, represented 80 percent of the total acreage harvested.

Berries for sale-There were 10,188 farms with sates of $\$ 2,500$ and over reporting 114,152 acres of berries harvested for sale in 1974. These farms represented 66 percent of all farms reporting and accounted for 94 percent of the total acres harvested from all farms in 1974. Based on average prices, the value of berries produced in 1974 was $\$ 211$ million compared with $\$ 163$ million in 1969.

Strawberries-Strawberries were the most important berry crop. The value harvested from farms with sales of $\$ 2,500$ and over in 1974 was $\$ 139$ million compared with $\$ 95$ million in 1969. Strawberries, were reported in almost all of the States. However, the production was concentrated in the States of Cali-

## Table 17. Berries Harvested: 1974 and 1969

Farms With Sales of \$2,500 and Over


