APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census. copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct

enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list. which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company, Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and

Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the required information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities
Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks
Futures market
Contracts
Payroll and employment
Injuries and illnesses
Farm credit
Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

Cullman, Alabama—revised broilers sold and related data.

Inyo, California—revised land in farms and related data.

Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii-revised number of fattened cattle and related data.

Spencer, Indiana—revised cattle and calves inventory.

Harford, Maryland—revised acreage of total cropland.

Marshall, Minnesota—revised acreage of land in farms.

Dodge, Nebraska-revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Rusk, Texas—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for non-agricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included asland in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only

of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves farms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income—In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported, State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the month-to-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool—For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products—For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and green-house products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract labor workers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Iniuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude

debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity—Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made. however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources-An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational · services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Black-operated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups.

Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were in-

cluded in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm—A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for

partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation—Incormation was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type—Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various 'agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by—

Standard industrial classification Debt status.

Race or origin.

Age of farm operator.

Days worked off-tarm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 97 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 98 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

ltem	Percent of total
Number of farms	10.4
Land in farms	6.3
Value of products sold	3.6
Harvested cropland Inventory:	6.1
Cattle and calves	5.5
older	2.8 5.2

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources—the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment—were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that

would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given.

As calculated for this report, the

standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Land in fa	ərms	Value of la buildi	,	Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	error
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)
Kansas, total	47 945 722	0.2	14 210 626	0.2	19 870 535	0.2	1 783 910	0.2	1 886 980	0.1
Allen	310 669	2.9	97 133	2.3	136 979	2.6	9 334	2.6	8 746	1.2
Anderson	345 891	1.2	115 010	1.5	153 283	1.4	10 424	1.6	9 982	.8
Atchison	245 997	1.5	91 599	1.6	129 296	1.3	11 005	1.3	9 553	2.2
Barber	685 852	.8	177 403	1.1	196 217	.9	15 955	1.0	13 971	.4
Barton	563 963	1.1	168 522	1.6	316 047	1.2	24 086	1.6	67 079	.1
Bourbon	348 484	1.4	103 613	1.3	116 334	1.8	6 551	2.5	11 732	1.2
Brown	351 1 41	2.4	157 631	2.1	218 858	2.0	20 425	2.7	16 898	1.4
Butler	763 858	2.1	263 541	2.6	225 995	3.2	13 830	4.3	67 107	.4
Chase	427 038	2.0	94 381	4.6	61 005	10.2	3 935	14.2	13 492	1.8
Chautauqua	348 872	2.3	81 194	2.9	41 369	4.9	(D)	(D)	7 160	1.6
Cherokee	292 445	2.3	104 044	1.9	177 468	2.5	15 273	2.5	3 993	1.2
Cheyenne	599 232	1.1	129 085	1.0	200 898	1.0	23 918	1.0	7 009	1.8
Clark	652 612	2.1	88 010	1.9	120 250	1.2	9 240	1.5	20 499	.7
Clay	382 483	1.2	110 576	1.0	195 383	.8	16 699	.9	14 410	.5
Cloud	429 991	1.5	120 275	1.2	232 222	1.6	20 913	1.7	8 065	1.0
Coffey	383 983	1.8	110 626	2.1	158 218	2.8	10 532	4.0	10 341	2.1
Comanche	514 491	.7	83 758	.8	125 405	1.0	8 678	.8	9 807	.3
Cowley	630 835	2.2	214 094	1.9	204 895	1.2	17 520	.7	32 387	.9
Crawford	311 459	1.1	103 089	1.2	147 731	1.4	11 096	1.2	8 098	1.1
Decatur	533 152	2.3	123 588	2.0	157 537	1.5	15 048	1.5	18 950	1.4
Dickinson	560 011	1.7	158 280	1.8	310 796	1.7	24 596	2.1	26 132	.7
Doniphan	231 760	1.5	99 704	1.4	136 479	1.1	20 278	1.2	10 316	2.6
Douglas	242 972	4.3	119 357	5.0	106 773	3.6	8 006	5.4	10 829	1.2
Edwards	378 710	.9	120 111	1.2	175 496	1.8	15 580	1.5	10 430	.6
Elk	317 166	.7	73 495	.6	45 275	.6	2 224	1.0	7 773	.7
Ellis	542 543	1.4	117 249	1.4	174 401	1.9	10 484	2.0	16 766	.3
Ellsworth	407 174	3.6	95 338	3.7	151 235	2.1	9 382	2.9	7 195	5.5
Finney	669 155	1.7	224 192	1.9	315 943	.7	43 645	.6	80 523	.1 .2
Ford	667 776 307 486	1.6 1.6	170 438 125 510	1.5 2.0	286 580 142 165	1.6 1.8	28 106 8 772	1.3 2.0	52 269 12 220	.2 2.4
l										
Geary	169 547	1.2	44 962	1.2	58 252	2.3	(D)	(D)	4 688	1.0
Gove	641 947	.6	130 027	.8	184 678	.7	17 284	.4	29 935	.6
Graham	544 231	6.0	111 491	8.4	159 337	5.3	13 257	4.0	(D)	(D)
Grant	321 398	1.6	115 069	.4	168 807	.5	24 406	.3	13 914	.1
Gray	519 931	1.4	192 108	1.3	279 155	1.2	43 233	.8	52 465	.1
Greeley	451 628	.8	105 557	.9	194 678	.7	19 508	.8	21 979	.2
Greenwood	682 747	1.6	155 886	1.8	83 564	1.4	3 870	1.8	15 811	1.4
Hamilton	550 473	2.8	96 796	2.4	193 490	2.1	16 177	1.6	16 815	.1
Harper	512 931	1.5	222 065	2.1	311 680	1.7	26 608	1.4	14 089	1.2
Harvey	314 114	1.5	161 977	1.6	220 963	1.5	17 369	.9	18 746	3.6
Haskell	365 903	1.8	170 007	1.3	237 692	1.7	48 264	.7	73 633	.4
Hodgeman	495 559	2.0	105 573	1.9	155 905	1.6	13 880	1.5	31 869	.5
Jackson	351 583	1.7	103 115	2.0	134 931	1.9	7 812	2.2	9 977	2.7
Jefferson	273 793	1.3	112 247	1.4	122 465	.9	9 756	.8	9 816	2.0

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and ca		Chickens 3 m and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harves purp		Hay har	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Kansas, total	5 590 628	0.2	2 728 432	1.1	1 520 269	0.6	1 975 682	0.3	2 066 168	0.4
Allen	47 381	2.0	11 906	(¹)	10 530	4.5	13 244	7.9	31 863	2.7
Anderson	46 989	1.8	45 445	1.3	18 152	2.9	27 087	3.1	39 463	1.5
Atchison	37 958	1.7	28 540	1.7	20 997	3.6	39 085	1.2	17 493	1.8
Barber	89 847	.5	1912	1.0	5 810	1.0	1 784	.0	11 868	1.1
Barton	79 427	.8	10 036	4.2	10 509	4.7	13 454	.1	35 471	1.4
Bourbon	63 640	.8	5 033	3.7	13 603	2.2	10 872	2.5	36 168	3.3
Brown	51 230	2.3	7 353	5.5	30 439	1.0	93 070	1.7	18 063	2.6
Butler	147 424	1.5	21 396	14.9	38 668	1.0	4 643	1.6	61 137	1.7
Chase	50 830	4.1	(D)	(D)	8 872	5.7	7 697	11.5	16 457	1.2
Chautauqua	52 298	2.4	2 452	5.3	8 077	5.3	747	10.1	16 003	5.5
Cherokee	34 949	1.5	7 553	5.8	7 382	1.8	5 185	2.1	17 894	2.0
Cheyenne	34 992	1.8	2 156	5.6	8 252	6.5	29 386	.9	9 14 1	2.4
Clark	57 093	1.4	1 595	(¹)	651	3.7	1 192	.0	6 021	2.2
Clay	46 723	.7	(D)	(D)	33 247	2.0	15 919	2.6	18 851	1.2
Cloud	40 993	2.0	3 266	14.2	13 629	1.4	14 208	2.8	18 821	1.2
Coffey	48 747	1.8	43 315	.9	11 741	5.6	16 042	1.4	39 295	5.0
Comanche	49 933	.7	629	7.0	2 593	.1	431	.0	11 745	2.1
Cowley Crawford	88 918 49 864	2.6 .9	9 948 6 602	4.4	41 505 11 957	1.0	1 139 11 546	2.9	35 262 22 113	6.3 2.0
Decatur	51 602	3.1	15 828	8.4 1.5	10 914	1.0 1.6	8 273	1.3 .6	11 217	2.0
Dickinson	68 076	1.2	143 831	.5	28 188	15.9	13 244	4.0	30 057	1.5
Doniphan	28 375	1.1	15 322	2.9	24 045	2.4	88 943	1.6	6 420	1.2
Douglas	39 482	3.6	6 287	6.3	17 754	1.0	24 540	5.9	25 378	1.5
Edwards	35 309	1.8	2 080	19.0	1 713	5.5	11 929	.0	14 748	3.9
Elk	51 312	.8	3 314	10.7	12 775	.7	757	1.9	20 394	.8
Ellis	52 101	.8	7 940	3.5	5 261	1.5	5 435	2.4	15 298	1.3
Ellsworth	39 916	4.2	6 664	21.9	6 495	.9	2 317	(¹)	17 388	4.5
Finney	122 554	.3	1 056	2.7	5 176	1.5	66 246	.6	28 110	1.2
Ford	78 198	.7	3 508	9.7	12 475	1.4	21 107	.3	12 227	2.6
Franklin	49 887	1.8	10 028	6.0	18 278	3.1	23 411	1.5	31 592	3.0
Geary	20 118	1.1	3 224	5.0	9 976	.7	2 811	1.3	15 194	3.5
Gove	84 716	2.7	2 733	5.4	8 122	7.2	12 003	.6	13 274	7.6
Graham	43 031	8.5	3 771	9.8	3 472	13.8	5 921	9.5	13 425	4.6
Grant	24 331	1.7	1 376	.8	4 70 1	.3	38 515	.3	3 923	.0
Gray	59 080	.4	1 384	7.7	2 324	7.9	70 466	.2	12 411	.2
Greeley	36 837	.7	(D)	(D)	2 096	2.4	16 572	1.0	3 120	2.6
Greenwood	100 226	2.2	2 670	1.9	10 255	.5	5 642	1.3	36 820	2.5
Hamilton	30 036	.4	716	3.2	1 893	2.3	9 272	1.0	4 815	1.1
Harper	62 365	1.1	78 159	.4	4 374	.4	370	.0	14 583	3.1
Harvey	42 107	3.5	129 479	4.1	24 109	12.7	6 252	4.1	14 800	1.2
Haskeil	102 885	1.4	239	20.5	1 122	4.7	89 460	.2	5 756	1.8
Hodgeman	63 364	1.4	2 923	8.6	3 805	9.2	8 631	4.0	3 296	3.4
Jackson	58 805	2.1	12 460	7.1	21 608	6.3	25 788	2.1	42 804	3.9
Jefferson	47 379	1.8	9 610	9.5	20 746	8.0	39 509	1.4	28 017	1.5

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974—Con.

	Land in fa	arms	Value of Ia buildir		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)
Jewell	521 962	1.1	135 216	0.8	238 480	1.0	17 979	1.1	17 848	0.6
Johnson	184 365	2.6	194 802	2.9	93 398	4.9	8 1 10	5.3	6 406	3.2
Kearny	495 951	1.3	111 162	1.3	181 435	1.6	22 385	1.3	43 003	.2
Kingman	537 730	3.0	192 706	4.2	280 263	2.0	22 946	2.4	11 190	2.2
Kiowa	456 026	1.8	94 645	1.2	145 360	2.5	12 175	2.3	8 130	1.0
Labette	382 661	1.9	135 249	2.2	156 171	2.0	9 505	1.8	21 000	1.3
Lane	472 497	2.4	95 683	2.0	161 656	3.0	17 705	3.3	20 657	.2
Leavenworth	217 891	3.4	117 201	3.3	98 942	2.7	6 889	2.9	8 773	4.9
Lincoln	464 581	1.5	112 943	1.8	185 655	3.0	13 446	3.4	8 149	1.4
Linn	321 101	2.5	96 478	2.4	117 001	2.1	7 408	2.4	9 598	1.2
Logan	589 876	.9	109 255	1.1	161 968	.8	15 632	.7	5 829	1.2
Lyon	461 195	2.8	129 467	4.1	159 996	1.0	9 508	1.6	26 592	.7
McPherson	553 412	1.1	259 123	1.1	353 380	1.5	32 793	1.3	21 332	1.1
Marion	549 331	1.4	183 210	1.7	289 938	1.6	19 943	2.1	20 265	.6
Marshall	561 863	1.4	181 239	1.5	272 735	1.3	21 136	1.4	17 573	1.2
Meade	674 923	1.0	164 422	1.0	212 402	1.0	24 019	.6	14 608	.5
Miami	302 431	1.4	161 155	1.5	130 010	1.1	8 982	1.1	9 987	1.2
Mitchell	470 496	2.0	142 038	1.8	247 579	1.1	20 703	8.	15 281	.5
Montgomery	334 840	2.4	116 247	3.0	121 646	3.4	7 348	5.2	10 934	.8
Morris	410 654	3.0	104 146	2.9	133 779	3.3	7 270	2.3	21 093	1.5
Morton	447 232	.5	90 943	.6	182 026	.7	13 883	.5	3 085	.9
Nemaha	423 134	1.8	134 968	1.7	208 258	1.3	11 137	1.4	24 738	1.5
Neosho	320 657	3.0	107 379	3.3	134 495	3.2	9 154	2.6	10 784	2.4
Ness	688 656	1.4	149 946	1.4	220 850	1.7	17 526	1.6	10 458	2.0
Norton	487 098	.7	99 225	1.0	152 466	.8	13 422	.9	7 965	1.3
Osage	386 896	.9	120 847	2.2	158 419	1.1	10 490	1.6	10 597	1.1
Osborne	564 515	3.1	121 652	3.3	195 834	2.2	14 366	1.0	10 767	6.9
Ottawa	415 642	1.9	115 850	.8	199 481	2.1	17 191	2.5	18 315	.5
Pawnee	480 352	2.3	145 682	2.1	256 697	2.3	24 295	3.0	16 914	.9
Phillips	567 052	3.5	111 824	3.9	174 265	3.0	13 094	2.5	10 835	2.9
Pottawatomie .	467 108	4.1	128 066	5.0	141 674	3.7	8 479	4.2	15 163	3.5
Pratt	422 933	1.1	131 202	1.3	238 292	1.0	21 305	.9	21 058	.4
Rawlins	652 163	1.4	133 675	1.1	190 939	1.9	18 023	2.2	7 619	2.4
Reno	726 831	1.5	286 724	1.8	458 109	1.0	39 353	.9	17 799	.6
Republic	428 584	1.5	140 727	1.3	246 930	.9	24 426	1.0	21 178	.4
Rice	457 726	3.8	159 411	2.8	253 006	2.0	23 258	1.5	15 691	1.0
Riley	262 783	3.2	84 326	2.4	96 911	2.5	6 659	2.9	9 440	3.9
Rooks	550 969	.7	105 931	.9	158 010	.8	10 410	1.1	6 832	.8
Rush	444 061	2.2	116 545	1.6	182 504	.7	12 355	.7	5 517	1.3
Russell	484 074	3.9	102 479	3.5	166 589	1.8	9 055	1.8	(D)	(D)
Saline	429 719	1.7	129 504	1.8	204 970	2.4	16 290	2.1	16 443	.5
Scott	498 931	.7	152 247	1.7	223 523	1.0	26 994	.8	52 207	.1
Sedgwick	565 118	1.9	316 468	1.8	392 337	2.2	35 317	2.2	22 612	1.5

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and ca		Chickens 3 m and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harve: purp	1	Hay har	vest e d
County		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error
	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	Acres	(percent)
Jewell	65 180	1.0	8 972	11.0	42 63 1	0.8	13 690	0.9	23 570	2.5
Johnson	26 750	2.5	12 779	.3	11 735	16.6	28 178	7.5	18 856	1.8
Kearny	63 846	.4	1 249	2.8	2 782	1.2	30 589	.1	8 729	.7
Kingman	55 571	2.1	18 012	1.6	15 579	2.0	1 894	16.6	22 154	3.4
Kiowa	37 704	1.3.	40 928	.2	7 784	5.8	5 424	.0	7 152	1.4
Labette	87 424	2.4	6 253	3.7	10 432	7.3	11 231	2.9	28 735	4.8
Lane	42 483	.2	2 061	3.7	2 660	9.2	9 722	.0	3 342	.6
Leavenworth	39 098	2.0	61 076	(¹)	11 54 1	5.8	28 687	2.8	27 789	4.8
Lincoln	50 450	1.9	4 518	6.9	10 585	3.3	2 131	1.6	28 129	12.9
Linn	49 489	2.6	5 384	5.4	20 273	1.4	13 163	6.2	31 547	2.2
Logan	31 058	1.6	1 523	6.9	3 816	5.4	7 628	1.5	5 293	1.6
Lyon	75 497	1.4	145 40 1	.8	16 915	1.1	22 516	1.1	41 368	1.0
McPherson	64 160	.7	113 852	5.7	22 010	2.9	10 636	.8	22 276	5.4
Marion	71 739	1.5	152 202	.8	36 368	5.6	8 578	2.4	35 019	1.4
Marshall	64 370	1.9	39 829	2.2	45 953	1.9	19 815	1.8	29 958	2.0
Meade	51 011	.9	1 407	3.6	3 481	2.4	28 651	.3	13 300	1.8
Miami	56 527	1.4	34 445	3.4	15 489	2.9	28 001	1.7	35 223	2.0
Mitchell	42 972	1.1	2 161	5.0	22 014	1.3	4 154	1.0	10 836	2.6
Montgomery	50 304	1.1	6 790	4.8	35 202	1.6	7 479	3.2	26 580	3.4
Morris	65 663	5.2	5 623	4.9	27 129	1.5	8 587	4.0	33 215	3.4
Morton	18 114	1.8	774	.0	582	14.5	18 834	1.0	3 105	.0
Nemaha	65 527	1.2	68 582	1.1	56 678	2.7	42 604	1.5	29 035	1.3
Neosho	52 828	2.8	15 371	1.8	20 064	15.0	11 711	3.3	24 064	2.0
Ness	51 496	1.9	58 159	1.0	4 466	(¹)	3 216	2.3	10 601	1.6
Norton	47 43 1	1.6	4 110	5.9	8 970	5.8	5 352	2.5	12 699	2.0
Osage	52 858	1.5	8 003	8.7	19 075	2.0	13 459	1.0	36 760	1.1
Osborne	55 24 1	5.2	4 503	5.8	11 000	1.5	7 130	1.1	17 173	11.3
Ottawa	48 959	1.0	5 262	5.1	12 979	3.4	4 0 3 0	3.8	14 462	2.2
Pawnee	36 052	1.1	3 172	(1)	10 805	1.5	23 237	4.1	29 101	4.9
Phillips	68 722	5.2	9 510	11.5	26 319	2.3	6 379	7.5	26 583	2.9
Pottawatomie .	67 129	6.0	44 014	1.9	32 663	1.9	21 056	9.1	43 814	5.8
Pratt	38 960	.7	34 632	2.1	15 256	1.5	10 726	1.7	9 730	1.0
Rawlins	45 213	2.0	13 587	4.1	9 872	3.1	8 940	1.0	12 057	3.3
Reno	69 167	1.8	256 125	.1	35 403	2.2	5 417	1.1	29 847	2.9
Republic	50 945	.9	13 307	5.1	29 641	1.0	47 219	1.2	18 443	1.9
Rice	41 287	3.1	3 361	10.2	13 488	2.9	4 881	.3	15 984	11.9
Riley	37 505	1.6	11 288	1.3	22 260	2.3	8 117	4.1	17 680	3.3
Rooks	46 145 35 514	1.0	3 880	4.9	5 840	1.5	1 338	4.9	14 838	1.0
Rush		2.7 3.0	16 883	2.1 4.0	1 891 3 079	7.3	4 785	3.3	8 000	3.4
Russell	37 110 54 826	3.0 1.0	5 831 8 935	14.5	13 029	1.7 1.2	884 4 527	2.5	16 032	3.8
Saline Scott	72 282	.2	1 225	6.4	9 017	1.2	43 537	2.6	14 198	2.1
Sedgwick	54 311	.7.		.2	21 937	1.0	9 262	.4	5 815	1.2
Jengwick	J4 J I I	./-	150 044	.2 }	Z1 33/	1.0	J 202	1.5	37 04 1	3.3

¹Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Land in farms		Value of la buildir	1	Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
County		Standard	······································	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	
1		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	error	
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	
Seward	325 563	2.6	122 747	4.0	150 223	0.8	17 043	0.6	32 762	0.1	
Shawnee	244 947	1.2	107 414	1.7	113 409	1.4	10 102	1.1	7 44 1	.7	
Sheridan	494 027	.6	122 449	.6	174 104	.5	21 246	.5	29 159	.2	
Sherman	617 347	1.6	176 597	1.4	263 277	1.9	42 516	1.4	14 400	.2	
Smith	558 298	1.1	132 514	1.1	216 733	.6	16 503	.6	17 596	.7	
Stafford	456 845	2.9	146 651	2.5	246 327	3.3	21 912	2.1	8 478	1.7	
Stanton	506 449	1.1	148 400	.6	259 799	1.2	38 116	1.1	31 547	.2	
Stevens	455 916	1.6	154 853	2.1	278 321	1.6	27 776	1.5	14 487	.3	
Sum ner	719 466	1.3	349 964	1.6	512 857	1.1	46 888	1.2	11 951	.6	
Thomas	728 330	2.6	231 308	3.4	308 210	3.2	33 109	2.6	21 177	.2	
Trego	500 330	2.0	108 316	2.4	142 140	1.1	10 443	1.0	5 795	1.5	
Wabaunsee	428 562	1.1	109 768	1.3	103 642	1.1	5 850	1.0	13 866	.8	
Wallace	507 271	1.5	98 896	3.7	150 332	3.6	21 094	3.4	7 576	.9	
Washington	553 043	1.0	170 62 1	.9	274 181	1.1	18 268	1.4	29 252	1.0	
Wichita	420 293	.5	134 064	.4	205 131	.3	30 450	.2	48 022	.1	
Wilson	331 879	1.0	99 806	1.0	129 091	.8	9 349	1.0	6 922	.6	
Woodson	292 058	2.4	76 208	2.4	84 375	1.5	4 611	1.3	10 985	1.2	
Wyandotte	26 09 2	1.9	30 317	1.4	13 874	1.7	2 878	1.0	2 034	2.1	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974—Con.

	Cattle and c		Chickens 3 n and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay harvested		
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	
Seward	54 143	0.4	896	7.4	8 9 1 4	1.7	24 940	0.7	5 492	0.8	
Shawnee	29 579	1.4	41 703	1.3	11 375	1.3	28 716	2.3	27 479	4.4	
Sheridan	58 044	.8	5 195	2.7	10 393	10.9	35 971	.3	8 217	2.4	
Sherman	38 199	.7	3 146	2.4	4 698	1.0	51 415	.4	6 858	.9	
Smith	73 916	.8	5 694	4.8	25 769	2.9	8 3 18	1.9	26 134	1.8	
Stafford	42 912	2.3	2 254	9.8	5 902	2.1	13 243	.8	22 228	3.1	
Stanton	50 406	3.0	544	22.8	2 012	2.9	75 643	1.4	2 730	1.2	
Stevens	31 580	2.0	1 640	11.7	3 698	7.3	35 618	.6	5 635	2.6	
Sumner	53 923	.9	15 199	1.5	13 970	2.4	3 013	7.5	25 734	3.2	
Thomas	47 020	.7	2 076	5.5	10 680	.1	41 974	.9	4 781	2.0	
Trego	40 673	2.0	4 926	6.9	2 132	2.2	3 362	14.3	7 891	2.2	
Wabaunsee	. 60 666	1.0	181 766	.3	14 708	8.0	13 531	2.2	34 456	2.0	
Wallace	31 777	1.1	950	4.0	3 114	9.1	34 764	8.3	7 346	2.5	
Washington	86 313	1.3	27 258	9.2	73 370	1.7	22 320	1.1	30 180	1.8	
Wichita	51 681	.4	860	2.7	1 761	1.3	66 309	.3	3 796	.5	
Wilson	42 011	1.1	(D)	(D)	11 633	1.3	5 986	1.1	25 615	1.6	
Woodson	42 983	2.0	2 744	1.6	8 202	5.5	4 263	2.3	30 618	1.3	
Wyandotte	4 556	2.6	5 807	6.4	954	5.2	4 756	2.1	2 649	5.6	

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

	Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974					Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969				
		·		id age of operat						
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupatio			other than					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement	
Forms and Land in Forms										
formsnumber_	2 837	567	373	1 669	228	7 886	1 368	4 746	1 772	
percent_ Land in farms	100.0 227 431 80	20.0 84 104 148	13.1 55 181 148	58.8 74 454 45	8.0 13 692 60	100.0 755 727 96	17.3 184 066 135	60.2 368 957 78	22.5 202 704 114	
Value of land and buildings \$1,000 - Average per farm - dollars - Average per acre dollars	102 065 35 976 449	26 705 47 099 318	18 409 49 353 334	50 659 30 353 680	6 292 27 598 460	193 143 24 492 256	40 334 29 484 219	107 930 22 741 293	44 879 25 327 221	
Farms by value of farm: \$1 to \$9,999	844 618	178 133	101 53	476 390	89 42	2 291 2 318	395 370	1 387 1 434 1 274	509 514 500	
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over	722 318 145 190	110 55 22 69	104 40 33 42	459 203 68 73	49 20 22 6	2 097 752 223 205	323 163 53 64	432 125 94	157 45 47	
Owned and rented lands by farm operators:	170)		/3		200				
Land owned	2 635 262 675 353	510 81 753 104	365 66 175 35	1 538 92 414 201	222 22 333 13	6 878 900 633 1 676	1 169 205 185 347	4 035 413 431 1 111	1 674 282 017 218	
acres Land rented or leased to others	63 819 877 99 063	35 382 254 33 031	11 073 138 22 067	16 254 421 34 214	1 110 64 9 751	165 315 1 925 310 221	53 551 357 74 670	88 552 1 040 133 026	23 212 528 102 525	
Land in Farms According to Use	,, 003	33 031	12 00,	34 214	, , , , ,	575 2-7	.,			
Total croplandfarms	1 637	320	193	967 18 310	157 4 774	6 036 403 013	958 90 077	3 646 204 592	1 432 108 344	
acres Harvested croplandfarms acres	55 520 794 4 091	22 617 108 442	9 819 85 481	503 2 742	98 426	4 188 98 717	623 17 112	2 569 56 151	996 25 454	
Farms by acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres	684	96	67	429	92	997	112	700	185	
10 to 19 acres	110	12	18	74	6	1 216 795	176 114	748 481	292 200	
30 to 49 ocres	~	_	_	-	- [786	129	427	230	
50 to 99 acres	_	_	_	1 1	_	333 61	75 17	188 25	70 19	
Cropland used only for pasture or grazingforms	758	146	63	498	51	2 729	404	1 715	610	
Other cropland (see text)	11 883 365 39 546	2 626 109 19 549	1 232 66 8 106	7 166 148 8 402	859 42 3 489	125 867 2 839 178 429	24 737 495 48 228	64 220 1 646 84 221	36 910 698 45 980	
Woodland, including woodland pasturefarms_	474	87	50	300	37	1 421	202	901	318	
Other land (see text)acresacres	12 348 2 334 159 563	2 546 501 58 941	2 547 336 42 815	6 173 1 341 49 971	1 082 156 7 836	46 284 5 889 306 430	7 640 1 018 86 349	26 910 3 517 137 455	11 734 1 354 82 626	
Irrigoted landfarms acres	29 92	5	1	23 85	1 1	95 1 561	18 436	56 574	21 551	
Race and Tenure of Operator All farm operators:										
Full owners	2 488	464	338	1 471	215	6 235	1 027	3 644	1 564	
Part owners Tenants	130 219	38 65	26 9	61 137	8	57B 1 073	119 222	365 737	94 114	
White farm operators:	2 471	457	220	1 442	21.4					
Full ownersPart owners	128	38	338 - 24	1 462 61	214 5	6 206 577	1 023 119	3 631 364	1 552 94	
TenantsBlack and other races (see text):	217	65	9	136	7	1 064	222	728	114	
Full owners Port owners	17 2	7	2	9	1	29 1	4	13	12	
Tenants Farm Operator Characteristics'	2	_	-	ī	ī	9	-	ý	-	
Farm operators by age group:					[
Under 25 years	99	34		65	_	438	167	271	~	
25 to 34 years	367 607	57 107	_	310 500	-[806 1 427	107 220	699 1 2 07	-	
45 to 54 years	578	147	Ξ:	431	-	1 741	322	1 419	_	
55 to 64 years 65 years and over	585 601	222	373	363	228	1 702 1 772	552	1 150	1 772	
Average age	50.5	47.6	71.4	43.7	73.2	51.1	47.1	44.6	71.9	
Farm operators by place of residence: On tarm operated On another form	1 169 201	98 135	101 15	848 43	122 8	3 866 7	524	2 335	1 007	
In a rural area not an a farmIn a city, town, or urban area	54 325	4 66	4 17	43 219	3 23	2 499	434	1 621	444	
Farm operators reporting days of work off farmNone	2 411 530	320 159	253 193	1 627 62	211 116	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Any 1 to 49 days	1 881 137	161 35	60 21	1 565 55	95 26	6 091 652	580 349	4 746	765 303	
50 to 99 days 100 to 149 days	62 66	10 6	10	36 37	6 19	٦ ³²⁶	231	-	95	
155 to 199 days	98 1 518	28 82	4 4 21	58 1 379	8 36	796 4 317	-	680	116	
Farm operators by principal occupation:		62	21	1 3/9	36	4 31/	_	4 066	251	
FormingOther	940 1 897	567	373	1 669	228	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

		Specified exclude	d agricultural o	operations, 1974		Form	ns with sales un	der \$1,000, 196	9
		Ву	occupation an	d age of aperato	or .	-			
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition)		Occupation	n forming	Occupation form					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years ald and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Closs 6	Port time	Port retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹ — Continued									
Farm operators by off-farm income: Reporting any Off-farm income equal to or greater than value of farm products sold Off-farm income less than value of farm products sold Not reporting or reporting nane	1 433 1 356 77 1 404	302 296 6 265	242 237 5 131	795 738 57 874	94 85 9 134	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(AA) (AA) (AA) (AA)
Farms by Size									,
1 to 9 acres	882 1 281 93 198 42 107 18 16 102 98	183 186 20 51 9 23 5 5 5 36 49	101 132 19 200 8 27 2 5 30 29	522 873 45 116 24 30 9 5 28 17	76 90 9 11 1 27 2 1 1 8 3	1 300 2 653 590 1 274 493 720 153 143 377 183	318 325 76 224 87 119 28 31 85 75	785 1 830 375 735 268 356 78 76 181	197 498 139 315 138 245 47 36 111
Morket value of all agricultural products sold (see text) \$1,000	787	159	73	480	75	3 524	574	2 129	821
Average per farm	278 1 543 541 753	280 328 69 170	196 240 67 66	288 882 334 453	329 93 (71 64	2 452 1 774 3 660	419 468 306 594	1 449 1 087 2 210	463 535 381 856
Crops and hay soldfarms	621	97	69	365	90	7- 3 529	535	2 157	837
\$1,000_ Nursery and greenhouse productsforms	289 13	49	32 2	164	43 !	1 689	253	1 011	425
\$1,000_ Forest products	6 29 13	14	1 1 (Z)	14	-	28 3	2 (Z)	19	7
Livestock and livestock products	1 029 456	198 96	83 35	686 297	62 28	3 540 1 832	607 320	2 194 1 116	739 396
Poultry and poultry productsfarms \$1,000_	124 23	13	14 4	87 13	10 2]			[
Production Expenses									
Total farm production expensesfarms_	2 654	513	314	1 611	216	7 886	1 368	4 746	1 772
\$1,000_ Farms with expenditures of \$1 to \$499	2 149 967	335	229 130	1 441	144	8 626 2 461	1 526 455	5 200 1 463	1 899
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,999	990 547	188 90	134 37	591 389	77 31	2 320	400 513	1 374	546 683
\$2,000 and over	ľ	13	13	117	7	٦			}
Livestock and poultry purchasedfarms	961 303 1 734	162 42 278	69 19 161	671 228 1 165	59 15 130	2 441 964 3 789	419 154 586	1 555 645 2 457	467 164 746
\$1,000 Commercially mixed formula feedsforms	497 1 102	74 223	38 115	352 674	33 90	1 144 (NA)	174 (NA)	770 (NA)	200 (NA)
tans \$1,000_	1 655 241	249 39	164 25	1 164 . 167	78 10	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarms	650 35	104	48 3	444 23	54 2	2 435 161	369 28	1 534 98	532 35
Commercial fertilizer	676 60	123	75 8	430 41	48 4	2 828 395	436 61	1 746 242	646 92
Other agricultural chemicals (see text)farms	163 6 2 350	13	15 1 302	127 4 1 424	8 (Z) 188	1 408 84 7 257	198 15 1 259	904 48 4 350	306 21 1 648
Gosoline and other petroleum fuel and oil for the farm businessfarms \$1,000	371	436 67	58	215	31	1 236	245	708	283
Hired form laborforms \$1,000_	184 40	34	23 10	114 22	13	1 568	277 72	899 202	392 84
Contract labor	42 15 345	2 1 28	4 8 36	35 7 235	(Z) 46	2 950 532	503 105	1 712 292	735 135
\$1,000 Other production expensesfarms	58 1 833	12 326	11 186	27 1 192	8 129	5 272	913	3 148	1 211
\$1,000	763	118	73	522	49	3 750	671	2 193	885
Farm-Related Income and Expenses									
Farm-related incomefarms \$1,000	433 786	92 216	48 88	266 375	27 108	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) 70
Custamwork and other agricultural servicesfarms \$1,000_ forms	92 178 15	8 26 -	13 15 7	61 90 8	10 47 -	420 591 58	105 119 4	245 385 38	87 16
Recreational servicesfarms	8 62	20	2 5	6 33	- 4	57 2 395	22 344	30 1 444	607
\$1,000 Rent of formland or from lease or sale of allotmentsfarms	36 290	9 18	3 29	21 166	3 14	1 531 (NA)	263 (NA)	815 (NA)	452 (NA)
\$1,000 Other farm-related sourcesforms	548 10 17	181	68 -	241 10 17	58 - -	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
\$1,000 Expenses for farm-related income sourcesfarms \$1,000	184 219	50 35	13 24	108 141	13 19	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(AA) (AA)

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	ſ		Specified exclude	ed agricultural	operations, 197	1	Farm	s with soles un	der \$1,000, 19	69
	<u> </u>		·		id age of operat					
Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultur operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)			Occupatio		 	other than				İ
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years ald and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobiles		2 183	441	247	1 300	195	5 522 7 236	969 1 197	3 319 4 603	1 234 1 436
Motortrucks, including pickups		2 510 2 175	474 408	276 250	1 538 1 345	172	5 091	859	3 138 3 835	1 094
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers		2 452 1 933	449 349	293 227	1 517 1 178	193	6 232 5 207	1 091 843 1 175	3 119 4 107	1 245
Wheeltractors, excluding gorden tractors and motor tillers .		3 102 1 927	588 349	344 227	1 875 1 172	295 179	6 895 (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Crawler tractors		3 077 24	587	337 6	1 861 14	292 3 3	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	number farms number	25 72 78	23 24	7 14 16	14 26 29	9	443 478	94	262 286	87 92
Cornpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers	farms number	15 15	6	3	6	-	164 167	24 24	103 104	37 39
Carn heads for combines		7	3	1	3 3	-1	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Other cornpickers and picker-shellers		8 8	3	2	3	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Mower conditioners		77 83	10	11 15	53 55	3	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup balers		85 90	11 12	10	49 53	15 15	435 447	70 72	283 290	82 85
Windrowers, pull and self-propelled		16 17	4	1	11	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	number	13 13	3	3	7	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(AA) (AA)
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment	farms \$1,000	2 564 20 874	484 4 279	290) 3 107	1 579 11 605	1 883	7 119 24 038	1 225 4 445	4 277 14 958	1 617 4 635
Farms by value of machinery and equipment: \$1 to \$999		65	24	2	34	5	1 362	241	710	411
\$1,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999		541 1 302	81 223	42 116	380 848	38 115	4 445 854	751 128	2 730 569	964 157
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999		554 64	130 12	110 11	270 37	44	333	75	184	74
\$30,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 ond over		30 8	11 3	7 2	8 2	4	125	30	84	11
Livestock and Poultry	ŀ					1				
Livestock and poultry inventory:		017	160	22	503		0.040	400	1 050	(0)
Cattle and colves	number	817 4 123	150 714 90	83 457	523 2 625	327	2 960 32 375 2 027	489 5 295	1 850 19 397 1 270	7 683
	number	534 1 910	340 78	59 210	352 1 233	33 127	12 322	353 2 230	7 235	404 2 857
8eef cows	number	454 1 702	308	48 175	301 1 102	117	1 746 11 361	297 1 988	1 086 6 715	363 2 658
Milk cows	number	114 208	19 32	13 35	76 131	10	466 96 1	95 242	282 520	89 199
Hogs and pigs	forms number	145 728	20 98	12 60	103 534	10 36	701 9 284	107 1 211	483 6 638	111
Litters of pigs forrowed between December 1 of preceding year and November 30	i	84	15	5	59	5	498	79	351	68
Sheep and lambs	number	270 127	43 34	20	188 81	19	1 939 354	299 55	1 396 236	244
Horses and ponies	number farms	2 325 536	656 37	74 25	1 481 451	114	6 892 1 598	1 329 187	4 403 1 206	1 160
	number	2 041	159	133	1 682	67	5 434	670	4 032	732
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	275 10 643	46 1 820	31 1 369	181 6 734	17 720	1 141 59 333	184 12 976	645 29 174	312 17 183
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	261 9 954	44 1 740	1 292	171 6 210	17 712	1 080 51 85ì	174 10 764	609 25 397	297 15 690
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	number	21 373	117	2 36	15 220	-	38 6 709	7 306	26 6 124	5 279
Other livestock and poultry	tarms	201	27	17	152	5	418	51	325	42
Cattle and calves	farms	562 1 793	132 408	56 189	333 1 054	41 142	2 353 9 738	417 1 773	1 404 5 672	532
Hogs and pigs		140	24 288	9 151	97 1 283	10	9 738 679 12 817	1 7/3 106 1 889	5 6/2 478 9 193	2 293 95
Feeder pigs sold	number number	59 1 133	12 177	5 91	38 799	4 66	12 817 314 7 226	1 889 32 726	238	1 735 44
Sheep and lambs	farms number	113	33 576	4 59	71 71 982	5 48	7 226 294 3 892	726 42 591	5 330 197	1 170 55
Harses and ponies	number	153 337	10 39	3	136 287	48 4 8	253 590	32 95	2 525 184 399	776 37 96
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	33 1 159	2 112	5 246	22 693	108	127 13 512	23 3 527	69 6 153	35 3 832
Hens ond pullets of laying age	farms number	30 1 091	2 112	5 246	19 645	4 88	111 10 753	23 2 467	55 5 068	33 3 218
Brailers and other meat-type chickens	number	9 352	1 5	1 40	7 307	-	7 3 040		7 3 040	-
Other livestack and poultry	farms	95	7	2	86	-	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Crops Harvested						Į				
Field corn for all purposes	acres	36 94	4 9	2 2	29 80	1 3	416 3 866	58 485	244 2 336	114 1 045
For grain or seed	acres	36 94	4 9	2 2 2 2	29 80	1 3	379 3 451	51 401	218 2 077	110 973
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fadder, or hogged or grazed	bushels	3 898	446	50	3 322	80	125 202	11 995	80 776	32 431
9.7204	acres	Ξ,		-	-	_{	45 415	7 84	31 259	7 72

		Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974					Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969			
Farm or Farms in the data line analysis below to the state of		89	occupation an	d age of operato	or					
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupation	ı forming	Occupation form						
	Total	Less than 65 yeors old	65 years old ond over	Less thon 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement	
Crops Harvested — Continued	i									
Sorghums for all purpases, except sirupfarms_	88	8	8	56	16	707	136	385	186	
ocres For grain or seedfarms acres	357 55 203	36 6 28	22 8 22	248 26 106	51 15 47	11 226 576 9 339	2 345 100 1 862	5 739 319 5 006	3 142 157 2 471	
bushels Cut for silage, green chap, dry foroge or hoy, or hogged or grazedforms	9 028 33	1 031	1 422	3 403	3 172	300 764 156	50 167 38	172 912 79	77 685 39	
acres	154	8	_	142	4	1 887	483	733	671	
Wheat for grainfarms acres	292 1 347	39 194	41 203	139 643	73 307	2 292 50 155	383 9 417	1 332 28 090	577 12 648	
bushels Other smoll groins for grainforms	33 246 13	5 048	4 463	16 160 12	7 575	1 041 812 198	189 850 23	580 189 115	271 773 60 702	
Saybeans for beonsacres farms ocres bushels_	88 57 269 5 335	5 9 24 536	- 6 16 349	+ 83 42 229 4 450	-	2 545 531 5 752 96 961	328 62 696 11 586	1 515 337 3 820 62 684	132 1 236 22 691	
Hay and grass siloge, excluding sorghum hoy			•							
(see text)forms ocres tons	310 1 986 2 708	38 199 386	28 231 313	227 1 459 1 886	17 97 123	1 725 24 710 35 968	221 3 760 5 178	1 079 14 376 21 713	425 6 574 9 077	
Cottanfarms acres	2 706 -	300	313 		123	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
bales	-		-	=	=	(NA) - -	(NA) - -	(NA) 	(NA) - -	
pounds	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Tobaccofarms acres	-		_	-		-	_		-	
pounds Irish potatoes	15	2	6 2		- 1 (Z)	67	10	36 17	21	
hundredweight_ Sweetpotataesforms_	252 3	-	138	2	20 -	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
acres bushels Vegetables, sweet corn, or melans for saletrrms - tarms_	62 36	-	(Z) 2 4	60	- - 5	66	9	42	15	
vegeraties, sweet corn, or metals for sale	12	3	2		4	79 23	15 3	44 16	21	
acres Land in orchardsfarms	3 29	1 15	2	1 12	_	9 131	1 12	100	5 19	
ocres	13 16 2	i	2 2 (Z)		1 (Z)	489 (NA) 530	58 (NA) 91	385 (NA) 287	47 (NA) 151	
Greenhouse products under glass or other protectionfarms_ squore feet	9 8 028	_	1 800	7	-	13 5 189	3 27	6 4 152	1 010	

APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA **BUREAU OF THE CENSUS**

1974 **CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE**

PLEASE remove the envelope and instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely.

ment P Banella VINCENT P. BARABBA

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same YOUR REPORT THE CENSUS law BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are from legal immune process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

2 4 2:1		2							
Section 1 Did you receive m	ore than one report form) ?	Г	T	T	П			1
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2	,	Enter extra file number(s) here		-					-
Section 2 FARMING, RANG	CHING OPOTHER AGE	OLCIU TUDAI	ACTI	VITIE	SIN	107			<u> </u>
Section 2 FARIVING, RANG	FINING, OR OTHER AGE	IICOLIONAL	LACII	VIIIE	3 IIV		YES	NO	
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise.	, produce, or sell ANY amount o	of any of the item	ns listed	below?				-]
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlot Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farm 	•	Greenho nursery p Fish in ca Fur-bear in captivi Other an	product aptivity ing anir	nals	ties			
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed compani	or produce any agricultural proes, processors, or packers?	oducts for					YES	NO 2	ן
Did you raise or produce any agric a partnership, share arrangement,	cultural products for others or w or other rental agreement in 1	vith others under 974?					1 🔲	2	נ
4. Did you own any land that was us	ed by someone else for agricul	tural purposes in	1974?.				۱ 🗆	2 🗀]
Did you own any livestock or poul under a share agreement or custo	try that was cared for by someom arrangement in 1974?	one else	· • • • •				1 🔲	2 🗆	נ
► If you answered YES to ANY	of these questions, go to Sec	tion 3.							
If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provide		ar off this front	cover a	nd ma	il it l	back			

						T			
Se	ection 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and I	AND VALUE		Nur	nber of	1	Your estim	rket value	
	Include all cropland, pasturelan	d, rangeland,			cres	1	of these ac the buildin		m
	woodland, wasteland, idle land	, house lots, etc.	None				Dollars		Cents
_				040		1		i	
1.	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • • • •	LJ	050		\$			
2.	ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad la (Do NOT include land used on a per-head ba	and: and land used i	rent free.			s		1	
3.	All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, inclus shares by others and land subleased	ding land worked or	-	060		1 \$		i	
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (1) (Place (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUI others (item 3), and enter your answer in the (1) "THIS PLACE" means your farm or rail	ease ADD acres ow BTRACT acres rente is space.)	ed to	070		\mathbb{R}^{-1}	nese are "THIS or this ce	PLACE	1
_	greenhouses, and/or any other agricul	·							
5.	If you rented land FROM OTHERS (iter	n 2 above), pleas	e enter the fol	lowing in			each lar		
	Name (No and stro	Address	Number of		Ma	rk (X) all	that apply		
	(No. and stree	et, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of live or produ		Cash as rent	Oth arrange	
			081	1 1	2 🔲		3 □	4 []
			082	1 🗆	2 □		3 □	4 []
			083	1	2 🗀		3 🗌	4 []
	List additional landlords on back cover.		······································	d_ · · · ·	·		<u></u>	·	
6.	If you rented land TO OTHERS (item-	3 above), please	enter the folio	wina int	formation	for e	each ren	ter	
	Name		and street, city, Stat				o. of acres		1
						085			
						086	3	\dashv	015
						087	,		
				<u>.</u>					
	List additional renters on back cover.							_	014
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others acres did you subrent or sublease to others?				of acres		urrent ket value	_][
	leased by you which was worked on shares			088	1				
	You may be able to skip mos	······				·		-4	013
I	a. All the land you own	ed or rented was wo	orked on shares	or rentea	to someo	ne els	e .		
	PLEASE b. There were no crops c. The land you operate If a, b, or c apply to your	d prior to 1974 has	been sold to so	meone el	s <i>e</i> .				12
_	this report.								0
Se	ction 4 LOCATION OF AGRICUI	TURAL ACTIV	ITY						
	to the same of the language of the same of		County name		State	1	No. of acres		-
	In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal county			1	0	91		011
	(Enter county name, State, and number	Other			 -	Ö	92		
	of acres on the "Principal county" line. If you have agricultural operations in	counties			-	-	93	-	
	any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for		······································				94		010
	"Other counties.")	Name of location			<u> </u>			NSUS	ONLY
	county entered above. (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)							CEI	-0

READ AND ANSWER
THIS QUESTION

During 1974 did you produce any <u>crops;</u> cut any <u>hay;</u> have any nursery or <u>greenhouse</u>

☐ YES —	Go to Section 5 below
□ NO —	Skip to page 8 and
	COMPLETE Section 1

THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS		or specialty rds, groves,			y land			IPLETE Sed	
Section 5 $>$ Was any FIE	LD CORN h	arvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	lace in 19	974?		
YES — Complete this sectio	n •	Report swee when you rea			2 and popcori	n in Section	16		
NO — Go to Section 6		•	Acres	harvested	Quant	tity harvested		Acres irri	gated
1. Field corn for grain or seed (either bushels	or	101		1	Bushel shelled	-	2	
hundredweight. 70 lbs. e shelled corn = 1 bushel she		os. • • • • • • •			6 OR-	Hundre shelled	dweight		
2. Field corn for silage or green	a chon		102		1	Tons, green v	veight	2	
Field corn cut for dry fodder include acres already report	, hogged or gra	zed (Do not	103					2	
				Acres	Dry fert	tilizer	Lio	uid or gas fert	tilizer
				rtilized	Whole ton			nole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used o	n field corn .		109		1	/10	2		/10
Section 6 Were any SO (Include both gra TES — Complete this section	in and sweet va	arieties. Do no Report sorgh	ot repor num-sud	t s <mark>orghu</mark> m-s lan crosses	•	in this sect ation 10 and		ım for	
NO — Go to Section 7		snup m secu		harvested		ity harvested		Acres irri	gated
Sorghums (milo) for grain o harvested in either bushels			111	{	0R-	Busi	nels	2	
naivested in either busileis	or pourius.	• • • • • • •			Ŭ	Pour		J	
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	n chop		112		1	Tons gree	s. n weight	2	
3. Sorghums cut for dry forage	or hav		113		1	Ton: dry :	s, weight	2	
4. Sorghums hogged or grazed acres already reported in ite	d (Do n ot includ	le .	114					2	
				Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Liq	uid or gas fert	ilizer
				rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths
5. Commercial fertilizer used of	on sorghums .		119		1	į / ₁₀	2		/10
Section 7 Were any SO from this place YES — Complete this section	YBEANS, Poe in 1974?		DRY	BEANS, (or DRY PE		sted		<u> </u>
NO — Go to Section 8	<u></u>				T	Commercia	ıl fertilize	used	
	Acres harvested	Quantit harveste		Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
_				2	fertilized 3	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Soybeans for beans	121		Bushels				/10	5	/10
2. Peanuts for nuts 3	122	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Dry field and seed beans	123	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Dry lima beans	124	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	1 /10	5	/10
5 . Dry field and seed peas 4	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Cowpeas for dry peas	126	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
② Soybean hay is to be re	ported in Secti	on 10 and soy	beans l	nogged or g	razed, cut for	silage, or pl		nder in Sec	

- 3 Peanut hay is to be reported in Section 10.
- Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.
- (5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

Section 8

SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

	ſ		T	1	Commercia	al fertilize	r used	
	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
Nor	е			fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat	131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat	132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat	133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat	134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat	135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Oats for grain	137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
7. Barley for grain	138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain	139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
9. Mixed grains	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed	141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat	142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet	143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either	144	1 100-lb. bags	2	3	4	, , ,	5	
100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)		7 OR Bu.				/10		/10
2 14/2	TTON TOR	Barrels	,	<u> </u>	DOTATO		\D	

Section 9 Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

	YES	Complete	this	section
--	-----	----------	------	---------

\square NO $-$ G	ao to	Section	10 on	next	page
--------------------	-------	---------	-------	------	------

Report tenths of	1						Commercial fertilizer used						
acres where	Acres harvested			Quantity harvested		cres gated	Γ	Acres	Dry		Liquid or gas		
indicated.							fertilized		Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
1 Camaa	151	***************************************	1	Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
1. Cotton	152	1,	1		2	ī,	3	Ι,	4	1,	5	i ,	
2. Tobacco — all types		1/10		Pounds		1/10	_	<u> /10</u>		/10		/10	
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153	/10	1	Hundred- weight	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	 /10	
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1	Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10	
5. Sugar beets for sugar	155		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
6. Sugar beets for seed	156		1	Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
7. Sugarcane for sugar 6	157		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
9. Sugarcane for seed	159				2		3		4		5	/10	

6 In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10 Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAG			GREEN C	HOP cu	t or harv	ested
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 11						
If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "ha report the acreage in the appropriate items under Part A —	aylage," – Hay a	or "green cho _l nd Part B —	p" from the sa Grass Silage	me fields, below.		
mPart A DRY HAY	ſ		Ouganity	harvested		
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)		Acres harvested	(Repor	t either en weight, icated)	Acre	
Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating		172	1	Tons dry	. 2	
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay		173	1	Tons	. 2	
,	1	174	1	dry Tons	. 2	
3. Småll grain hay		175	1	dry Tons	. 2	
4. Lespedeza for hay				dry		
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay		176	1	Tons dry	. 2	
6. Wild hay		177	1	Tons dry	. 2	
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc		178	1	Tons dry	. 2	
■Part B — GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AND GREEN CH (If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)		181	1		2	
8. Grass silage and haylage	1	. •		Tons gre e r	-	
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)		182	1	Tons		
orting diopologicality is a grount (grount one p// 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				green	<u>' </u>	
		Acres ertilized	Dry fertilize		Liquid or gas fe Whole tons	Tenths
	189	ertilized	Whole tons	2	vviiote toris	
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above				/10		/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legu	me, cl	over, etc.) I	narvested fi	rom this	placein	1974?
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 12		Acres	Quantity ha		Acre	
NO - Go to Section 12	101	harvested	clean se		irrigat	ted
1. Red clover seed	191			Pound	s 2	
2. Alfalfa seed	192	ļ	1	Pound	2 s	
3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. from list below.)	'					
Crop nameNo			1	Pound	s 2	
			1	Pound	2	
Crop name No List additional field seed crops harvested on back cover.				 -	<u> </u>	
Crop name Austrian winter peas . 193 Birdsfoot trefoil seed . 194 Fescue seed: Alta . 195 Chewings . 196 KY 31 197 Red 198 Other 199 Bahia grass seed 201 Bentgrass seed 202 Bromegrass seed 203 Orchardgrass seed 204 Crop name Ryegrass seed: Alta 195 Sudan grass seed. Timothy	erennial.	. 206 . 207 . 208 . 209 . 211 . 212 . 213 . 214	Crimson clover Ladino clover Sweetclover's White clover's Red top seed Hairy vetch see Vetch seed, of All other seed	r seed seed eed eed ed ed ther than hai s — millet (farygrass, etc	o. .	. 217 . 218 . 219 . 221 . 222 . 223 . 224
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds		Acres	Dry fertiliz		Liquid or gas fo	
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same acreage was reported in Section 10.)	235	fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths 2	Whole tons	Tenths
acreage was reputed in acciding to be ever ever ever				1 /10		1 /10

Section 12 Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this place in 1974?

☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 13 on next j	nane								
·	•		. 1		Acres h	arvested (7)		Acres	
For Florida, report for the Septen August 31, 1974 harvest season				For fres	h market		essing (8)	irrigate	
report for calendar year 1974. (S				Whole acr	es Tenths	 		Whole acres	Tenths
for additional guidelines on filling 1. Sweet corn	this section	n.)	1	241	/10	1	1/10	2	/10
			Ī	242	/10	1	10	2	1 /10
2. Tomatoes			ſ	243	,	1	1 /10	2	1 /10
3. Cucumbers and pickles 4. Watermelons				244	/10	1	1 /10	2	1/10
				245	1/10	1	1	2	1/10
5. Green peas, including English, ex			Ī	246	1 ,	i	/10	2	† ,
6. Snap beans, bush and pole			<u> </u>		/10	ļ	/10		/10
7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable crops is the below.)						1		2	
Vegetable name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No		·	/10	1	/10	2	/10
Vegetable name		_ No		<u></u>	/10	1	/10	2	1/10
Vegetable name		_ No			/10	1	/10	2	/10
Vegetable name		_ No			/10	1	/10	2	1/10
Vegetable name		No		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/10	1	/10	2	/10
Vegetable name		No	}		/10	1	/10	2	/10
Vegetable name		No	}		/10	1	/10	2	1 /10
Vegetable name List additional vegetables h					! /10		1 /10	<u> </u>	1/10
Artichokes	egetable nam hicory ollards owpeas (black other green co ggplant ndive scarole arlic oneydew melo ale ettuce, head .	eye and wpeas).	262 263 265 266 267 268 269 270	Lettuce, of Lime bear Muskmek Mustard of Onions, d Onions, g Okra • Peppers, s Peppers, s	e name omaine ther ns greens ry sweet		Radishes . Rhubarb . Shallots . Spinach . Squash . Turnips . Turnip greer Other veget:	ns ables	285 286 287 288 289 290 291
	Acre	es	Ad	res	Acres		Commerc	cial fertilizer used	<u> </u>
8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even	harves	T	irrig Whole	pated	fertilize Whole	W	Dry nole	Liquid o	
though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres or the same acres were	acres	Tenths	acres	Tenths	acres 2		ns Ten	ths tons	Tenths
irrigated or fertilized twice. Report all fertilizer used.)		/10		10	i	/10	<u> </u>	10	/10

① When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

⁸ Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13	Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fruit trees, including citrus, grape-
	vines, and nut trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 14

Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported

in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

	Acres in tree	Acres in trees and			Commercial fertilizer used							
	vines of all	vines of all ages		irrigated		Acres fertilized			Liquid or gas			
1.Land in bearing and nonbearing	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths		
fruit orchards, citrus or other	301		1		2		3	i ,	4	,		
groves, vineyards, and nut trees		/10		/10		/10		/10		/10		

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hail, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	of bearing	ng age) 8	Bearing a	ig e	
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Quantity harvested (Report tenths where specified)
	302		1	2		3	4
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		1/10			/10		Pounds
	303		1	2		3	4
3. Apples, standard		i /10			1/10		Pounds
	304		1	2		3	4
4. Peaches, clingstone		i /10			/10		Pounds
	305		1	2	_	3	4
5. Peaches, freestone		1/10			1/10		Pounds
•	306		1	2	1,	3	4
6. Pears, Bartlett		i /10			1/10		Pounds
	307		1	2	1	3	4
7. Pears, other than Bartlett		i /10			1/10		Pounds
	308		1	2	1	3	4
8. Cherries; tart		1/10			i /10		Pounds
	309		1	2		3	4
9. Cherries, sweet	.L	i /10			1/10		Pounds
	310	1	1	2		3	4 Tons.
10 . Grapes		/10	•	*	1/10		1 /10 fresh
To Grapes	•	1 /10			710	{	10 Tons.
	314]	1	2	i .	3	4
11 . Plums		/10			1/10		/10 fresh
_	315		1	2	i	3	4 Tons.
12 . Prunes		/10		-	1/10	}	/10 fresh
,		1 /10			1 / 10		5 Tons.
■ For citrus, report quantity harvested in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.	320		1	2		3	4
13. Valencia oranges		1/10			1/10		Boxes
and the second of the second o	321		1	2	1	3	4
14. Navel oranges		1/10		[1/10		Boxes
-	322		1	2	1	3	4
15 . Temple oranges		1/10			i /10		Boxes
16. Other oranges — Hamlin,	323		1	2	1	3	4
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc		/10			/10		Boxes
	324		1	2		3	4
17 . Grapefruit		/10			/10		Boxes
(9) Report quantity harvested in eit				<u> </u>			3

9 Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col.(f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list below		Not	Not of bearing age (c)			Bearing age (d)			Quantity harvested		Unit of measure Mark (X) one		
Name (a)	No. (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		(e)	Lbs.	(f) Tons	Boxes	of boxes in pounds (g)
	l		/10	1	2	1 /10	3	4		51	2	3 🗌	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51□	2	3 🗌	6
	ı		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51	2	3 🔲	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51	2	3 🗌	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🔲	6
	İ		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🗌	6
• CITRU	S CROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No		• NUT CR	IOPS		N	о.
1973—7. Kumquats Lemons Limes (11 Tangelos Tangerine	uantity harve 4 from blood bushel = 50 s and manda as fruit trees	m of 1973.)	325 326 327 328 329	Avoca Dates Figs Mang Necta Pome Olives	ados (See li See Instruct oes prines pgranates .	nstructions;		2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Filberts an Pecans, im Pecans, wi Pistachio Tung nuts Walnuts (E Walnuts, p	d hazelnuts aproved ild and seed (in husk) inglish or Polanted black trees	ling	3 3 3 3 3 3	41 42 43 44 45 46 47

Section 14 Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section					Value of					
			Square feet under glass			Acres in the	open	sales during 1974(1)		
☐ NO — Go to Section 15 on nex	t page		0	r other prote	ction 🔞	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
1. Nursery products — trees, shr	ubs, vines, etc	D	371			1	/10	2 \$		
2. Sod harvested			372			1	/10	2 \$		
3. Bulbs			373			1	/10	2 \$		
4. Cut flowers, florist greens; and other florist plants			374			1	/10	2 \$		
5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds, and vegetable plants (Report sweet corn for seed in Section 16.)			384			1	/10	\$	<u> </u>	
6. Vegetables, including	a. Tomatoes		385		-			2 \$	<u> </u>	
mushrooms, grown under glass or other protection	b . Cucum	bers	386	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				2 \$	-	
	c. Lettuce d. Mushrooms		388)	\$	<u>i</u>	
			389				j ;	\$	 	
	e. Other v	egetables .	391				!	\$	l Stanonia	
7. Area irrigated (Include items	1 through 6e.)		331			<u> </u>	/10			
			Area fe	ertilized		Dry fertilia	zer	Liquid or gas	ertilizer	
		Square fee	et	Acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
8. Commercial fertilizer used on the crops listed above		399		1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	

Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.

(1) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested fo	or sale	e fro	m this	pl:	ace	in 19	74?				
☐ YES — Complete this section			Α.	cres ha	rvested	\neg		Ouan	tity harv	ested		Acres in	rigated
NO — Go to Section 16				e acres		25	(= 1 1/2		s)	Whole acres	
			402	e acres	1 10		1					2	1 ,
1. Strawberries			403		+ /	10	1			P	ounds	2	1 /10
2. Cranberries			403		1/	10					00-lb. parrels		/10
list below.)						, 1	l				1	2	/10
Crop name	No	D	-		1 /	10				P	ounds	2	1
Crop name			L		/	10				- Р	ounds		1 /10
List additional berry crops ha Crop name No Blackberries and dewberries 40 Blueberries, tame 40 Blueberries, wild 40	Boysen Currant Gooset			408	Raspl	nberr berrie	ies . es, rec	١	No. . 411 . 412 . 413	<u>!</u> !	All othe (Write of in item	perries er berries	415
			-		cres fertili	-			Ory ferti	_		iquid or gas	
			-	Whol 429	e acres	Ter	, 	Whol	e tons	Ten	ths 2	Whole tons	
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be	erries		· · · · · <u>· · </u>			!	/10			1	/10		1 /10
Section 16 Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted f	from	this p	lac	e in	197	4?				
YES — Complete this section	_								Com	mercia	l fertilize	erused	
☐ NO — Go to Section 17	Acres harvested		uantity rvested		Acres	-	1	cres		Dry		Liquid o	, -
	101							tilized	 	tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Popcorn	431	1		ounds, heiled			3		4		/10		/10
2 . Safflower	432	1	Р	ounds	2		3		4	1	_/10	5	/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1	P	ounds	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1	В	ushels	2	-	3		4		/10	5	/10
5. Mint for oil	435	1		ounds f oil	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
6. Broomcorn	436	1		ons of rush	2		3		4	ļ	/10	5	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop nameNo					2		3		4	1	/10	5	/10
Crop					2		3		4	- + 1		5	1 ,
nameNo List additional crops harvested on	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1		Ĺ		L	1	/10	<u> </u>	/10
Crop name No. Castor beans 437 Chufas for nuts 438 Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage 439 Crambe 441 Dill for oil 442	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans for Mustard seed. Rapeseed	r beans.	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447 . 448	F S S S S S	Crop nam doot crops desame fo dorghum f doybeans grazed or doybeans	s for f or see for sin hagg cut t plow	ed rup led or for sila led un	age	450 451 452 453	Sw Tri Ve Wi Wi All (W	ticale . lvetbear ld rice ormseed other c	n for seed	455 456 457 458 458
Section 17 Were any FOR	EST PRO	DUCTS	sold	from	this p	lac	e in	197	4?				
YES — Complete this section												ue of sales	<u> </u>
□ NO — Go to and COMPLETE Set									-	491	Dolla	ırs	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees										\$ 492			1
2. Firewood and fuelwood									<u> </u>	\$ 493			
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs									-	\$ 494			1
4. Pulpwood5. Other forest products (bark, bolt for naval stores, fence posts, ma	s, Christmas	trees, gu	m						F	\$ 495 \$			1

1. Copy acres in "Th	is Place" from Section 3, iter	501		^		
		e use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND	0.00// V	А	cres	
ONC	${}^{m{\mathcal{E}}}$ — in the first use listed bei	low that applies. For example, croplate reported only as "Cropland harves"	nd that	ac	ber of res	Acres irrigated in 1974
a. Cropland had and all land	rvested (Include all land from in orchards, citrus groves, vin	n which crops were harvested or hay eyards, and nursery and greenhouse	was cut, products.)	502		1
b . Cropland use land that cou	ed only for pasture or grazing uld have been used for crops	(Include rotation pasture and grazing without additional improvements.) .	9 • • • • • •	503		1
c. Cropland use grasses, but	ed for cover crops, legumes, a not harvested and not pastur	and soil-improvement		505		1
d. Cropland on	which all crops failed (Excep	tion: Do not report here land in orch uch acreage is to be reported in item	ards n 2a.)	506	•	1
e. Cropland in o	cultivated summer fallow			507		1
f. Cropland idle	e			509		1
3. Woodland (Inclu	ide all woodlots and timber	a. Woodland pastured		511		
tracts and cutover young timber grow	r and deforested land with with.)	b. Woodland not pastured		512		
	nd and rangeland (Include ar	ny pastureland				
a. Pastureland and	nd and woodland pasture.) d rangeland on which you ap			514		1
		of weeds and brush	• • • • • •	515		
•	Land in house lots, barn lots	nonde roade	• • • • • •	516		
wasteland, etc. (/	Include any land not reported	above.)				
5. TOTAL ACRES		ed in items 2a through 5 and enter did be the same as item 1 above.)	\rightarrow	IN"THIS 517	PLACE	IRRIGATED
	grazing permits on a per-heac (X) all boxes which apply Section 19	. 🗀 . 5.552 55.7.55		4 🗍 Othe 5 🗍 Othe		al or State
ection 19 Wa	s any of the LAND in th	nis place IRRIGATED in 1974	₹? ☐ YES	— Answe	er items	1 and 2 belov
			□ №	— Answe		
	were irrigated in 1974 by eac			None	Acres i	rrigated in 1974
b . Flooding	hes		• • • • • •	· · □	524	
b. Hooding						
- 0 1 1 1 1				🗆	525	
Ü				🗆		
d. Self-propelled s	sprinkler system (center pivot	, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc		_	525	
d. Self-propelled s	sprinkler system (center pivot			_	525 526	
d. Self-propelled s e. All other sprinkl Estimated quanti	sprinkler system (center pivot	, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc sipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)		· · □	525 526 527	
d. Self-propelled s e. All other sprinkl Estimated quanti additional informa Please estimate th	sprinkler system (center pivot ler systems (solid set, move p ity of water used in 1974 (S ation on estimating quantity of the fa. Acre-feet (One	, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc. pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) acre-foot covers		🗖	525 526 527	1974 https://lo
d. Self-propelled s e. All other sprinkl Estimated quanti additional informa Please estimate th quantity of water u for irrigation in 193	sprinkler system (center pivot ler systems (solid set, move p ity of water used in 1974 (Solion on estimating quantity of the a. Acre-feet (One one acre, one for the one one of the one of	traveling guns, traveling booms, etc. ipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) acre-foot covers oot deep)	531	· · □	525 526 527	nths
d. Self-propelled s e. All other sprinkl Estimated quanti additional informa Please estimate th quantity of water u	sprinkler system (center pivot ler systems (solid set, move p ity of water used in 1974 (Solid set) ition on estimating quantity of the second set one acre, one for the second set of the second seco	, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc. pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) acre-foot covers foot deep)	531	Wa Acre-feet	525 526 527	nths /10
d. Self-propelled s e. All other sprinkl Estimated quanti additional informa Please estimate th quantity of water u for irrigation in 193 (Report in the unit units of measure m convenient for you. If no land was irrig	sprinkler system (center pivot ler systems (solid set, move p ity of water used in 1974 (Solid set) ition on estimating quantity of the second set one acre, one for the second set of the second seco	traveling guns, traveling booms, etc. ipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) See separate Instructions for of water used.) acre-foot covers foot deep)	531 532 533	Wa Acre-feet	525 526 527 ter used in	Gallons Total

Section 20 W	as any land o	n this place ARTIFI	CIALLY DRAIN	NED?			
☐ YES — Complete	this section						
□ NO Go to Sec	ction 21						ertificially
underground tile o	drains, grading f	re artificially drained? (In or drainage, dikes, or pun moval of irrigation waste	nping to control wat	er.	Nor	541	eined
2. How many acres	were artificially	drained by systems instal	led since January 1	, 1974?	[542	
	as any COM this place in	MERCIAL FERTILIZ 1974?	ZER applied to F	PASTURE	LAND	- 4,-	
☐ YES — Complete							
NO Continue	with NOTE belo		Acres fertilized	Dry fertiliz		iquid or gas	fertilizer Tenths
1. How many acres of pasture in 1974 (item 2b) were fert	reported in Sect	ion 18,	551 1	Whole tons	Tenths 2	Whole tons	1 /10
2. How many acres of (reported in Section)		eland in 1974 were fertilized?	552 1		/10 2		/10
	ON ere there any	Did you or anyone els poultry, or animal spe in 1974? (Include fish POULTRY such as any time in 1974?	cialties on this pla h raised in captivi	ty.)		to page 13 PLETE Sec	and
☐ YES — Complete	-	any time in 1374:					
NO - Go to Sec							
• Rep		erations such as baby chi n Section 26.	cks,		ENTORY on this place	Total nun	
1. HENS, PULLETS,	ROOSTERS for	table eggs and hatching e	egg production	Decemb	per 31, 1974	birds sold	n 1974
a. Hens and pull	ets of laying age	e kept for TABLE or MAI	RKET egg production	on		1	
b. Hens and pulle	ets of laying age	kept for HATCHING egg	production			1	
c. Pullets 3 monti	hs old or older n	ot yet of laying age					
d. Pullet chicks	and pullets und	ler 3 months old (Exclud	de commercial broil	lers.) 606 607		1	
e. Roosters and n	nale chickens (al	male breeding stock)					
2. BROILERS, fryers	, and other mear	type chickens, including	capons and roaster	s 608		1	
3. TURKEYS a. Heavy breed tu	rkevs for slaught	er (Exclude breeaers.).	<i></i>	611		1	
•	,	er (Exclude breeders.)		612		1	
-		(Include both heavy and		613		1	
		ity (Enter fowl name and	d Ño. from list below			1	
Fow! name			No			1	
Fowl name			No			1	
Fowl name	onal poultry on back		No				
Fowl name Ducks	No. Fow 614 Pige	rl name No. ons or squab 616	Fowl name	No. 618			
Geese	615 Phea	asants 617	All other poultry	619 (Write		e in item 4 ab	ove./
6 \M/hat was the wal-	io hafara tayaa a	and expenses of poultry a	nd noulen	1	Dollar		ot s
sold from this place	ce in 1974? (In	clude estimated value of ors or others.)	f poultry and poult	ry products	Ĺ.	- 1	

YES Complete this section				ſ			
NO Go to Section 24				i I	Number	entory on this place per 31, 1974	
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974				ţ	631		
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b,	c, and d below.)			<u>,</u>			
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that ha	d calved l				632		
a. deel cows (melade beel hellers that ha	u carveu./				633		
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and	d milk heifers that had calved.)						
	(1) For beef purposes and beef	cow rei	nlacement		634		
c. Heifers and heifer calves (Exclude heifers that had calved.)	` '	t	635				
	(2) For milk cow replacement.			L	636		
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calv	es				030		
				L			
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this				т			
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a co Also, report cattle moved from this place			Total number		Value of sales before taxes and expens		
feeding as sold; report both the number a See separate Instructions.)		ne	sold in 1974		Dollars	Cents	
	_	641		1			
2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds		642		1		+	
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 pour	nds or more]		s		-	
 a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were grain or concentrates for 30 days or me 		643) s			
■DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this pla	ace in 1974		Va	lue of			
• Report goat dairy products in Section 2	6 when you reach that section.		dairy pro	ducts s	old		
4. What was the gross value of sales of dairy from this place in 1974, before taxes and			Dollar 649	s	Cents		
Section 24 Did you or anyone else	have any HOGS or PIGS on	this	olace in 19	74?	<u> </u>	·	
TYES Complete this section				_			
NO Go to Section 25 on next page						NTORY on this place	
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974				-		er 31, 1974	
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b	below.)			1	001		
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for br				1	652		
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bi					653	 	
			· · · · · · · · ·	• • • [-	
b . Other hogs and pigs							
b. Other hogs and pigs		None	Number of In	iters			
■LITTERS FARROWED 2. Litters farrowed on this place between —			Number of Ir	iters			
■LITTERS FARROWED			<u></u>	iters			
■LITTERS FARROWED 2. Litters farrowed on this place between —		. 🗆	654	tters			
■LITTERS FARROWED 2. Litters farrowed on this place between — a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974			655		/alue of sal		
■Litters FARROWED 2. Litters farrowed on this place between — a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974			654		taxes and e	xpenses	
■Litters FARROWED 2. Litters farrowed on this place between — a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974			654 655 otal number				
 Litters farrowed on this place between — a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 b. June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 	None		654 655 otal number		taxes and e	xpenses	

Section 25 $>$ Did you or anyone else have any SF	HEEP or LAMBS o	n this place in 19	/4/	
YES - Complete this section		INVENTORY Number on this place	Total nu	mber sold 974
NO Go to Section 26		December 31, 197		
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c below.)		661		
		662		
a. Lambs under 1 year old				
		663		
b. Ewes 1 year old or older	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	664		
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older				
	None (665 Number shorn	1 Pounds of wo	ol shorp
2. Sheep and lambs shorn	1	oos Humber short	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.0.0
				7
		Value of Dollars	of sales Cents	1
3. What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lambs, and		669	j	1
wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses?			<u> </u>	<u> · </u>
Section 26 Did you or anyone else have any OT	HER LIVESTOCK	or ANIMAL SPE	CIALTIES	on this
place in 1974? YES — Complete this section	INVENTORY		Value o	f sales
NO — Go to Section 27	Number on this place	Total number sold in 1974	Dollars	Cents
4.0. (.0. (.0. ()	Dec 31, 1976 671	1	2	
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)	672	1	2	
2. Ponies of all ages	673	1	\$	+
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages	674	1	\$	1
4. Mink and their pelts	= · · ·	<u> </u>	\$	i
a. Mink:females used for breeding	\- · -			
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry hatched (Enter name and No. from list below.)				1
		1	2 \$	1
NameNo .		1	2	1
NameNo		1	2	-
NameNo	\		S	_i
Other Livestock in Captivity	•			
	No	Name Foxes and their pelts. Poultry hatched All other livestock	68	13 14
	Acres under water	Total quantity sold	Value of	sales
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	for fish production	in 1974	Dollars	Cents
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter name and No. from "List A" below.)	-	Pounds Pounds	2	
Name No		Gallons	\$	1
7. Fish in captivity (Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)	Tenths	1 Pounds	2	
Name No	/10 -	3 Number	S S	1
List A — Livestock Products	List B — Fish	in Captivity		
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-			
Name No. Name Mohair sold 687 Catfish	No. 691	Name Tropical fish	N	

Page 12

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.) Section 27

~	O	Λ/1	DI	E	TE	TI	115	C	c	\sim	_,	\sim		f
•	v	w	rı	. E.	16	11	11.5	. `	- 1		•	()	תי	4

-	Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974	,		
1	. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and impleme	ents usually kept	Estimated mark	et value
	on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, traplows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment, and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	ictors, combines, ipment including	Dollars 701 \$	Cents
	SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31 , 1974	Of the tota HOW MAN manufactu the last 5 y (1970 · 197 (Numb	VY were red in ears (4)?
2	Automobiles	703	1	
3	Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	704	1	
4	. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	705	1	
	Crawler tractors	706	1	
	Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	707	1	
	Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1	
	Mower conditioners	709	1	
10	Pickup balers	710	1	
11	. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1	
12	Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	/12	1	
	ction 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTIO	· M		
1	this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	ne der 1.000 bushels 00-4,999 bushels 00-9,999 bushels 000-24,999 bushe 000-49,999 bushe	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tons) Is (250-624 tons) Is (625-1,249 t	ons)
2.	How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.)	None 722	Number of ponds, pits	
	a. Area covered when filled to capacity	[/10
3.	futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm 2 \square So commodities which you produce? 3 \square So 1 \square YES — Mark which commodities 4 \square WI 2 \square NO — Go to Section 29 on next page 5 \square Co	3	Cattle (live Hogs (live) Other — Sp	

				BINDING AGRE 7 (Include oral and wr		
☐ YES —Comple	ete this section			prior to delivery.)		
\square NO — Go to .						
1. Mark (X) as n	nany products a	s vou prod	uced and/or marke	ted under contract.		
	Product name		roduot name	No. Product nam	e No. Pro	duct name
1 🗆	Broilers	7 🔲 Fe	eder cattle and/or	13 Field and seed	dicorn 19 🔲 Frui	t, citrus, nuts-for
2 🔲	Started pullets	st	ocker cattle	14 Soybeans	fres	h market
=	Chicken eggs	_	eeding cattle	15 Wheat		t, including citrus,
=	Turkeys	=	aughter hogs	16 Cotton		processing
	Milk and other dairy products	=	eeder pigs eeding hogs	17 Vegetables fo fresh market	= 1	ar beets er crops, such as hops,
6 🗍	Fattened cattle	=	ther livestock and/or	18 Vegetables fo	-	corn, potatoes, safflower,
		pc	oultry (Write product name	processing	Sug	arcane, etc. (Write product e on line A1-below.)
2. For each pro	oduct marked a		•	No. in the column he		
			B through G) for th			·
			FIRST CONTRACT	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT
A. Product(s) under o		1. Product				
Enter name and No item 1 above	. Irom	name	731	732	733	734
		2. No.	/31	/32	/33	/34
B. Type of contract	1. Production (2	1 1 🗆	1 1	1 1	1 1
Mark (X) one of these items for	2. Marketing (3)	2 🗌	2 🔲	2 🔲	2 🔲
each product	3. Production, i feeding, and		3 □	3 □	3 □	3 □
under contract	4. Other	marketing	4 🗆	4 🗆	4 🗆	4 🗆
C. Type of contractor			2 1	2 1 🗆	2 1 🗍	2 1 🗆
Mark (X) one of these items for each product	2. Feed compar	nv		2 🗆		2
	3. Packer	,	3 ∐	3 🗆	3 🗆	3 🗆
under contract	4. Processor		4 🗆	4 🗔	4 🗀	4 🗍
	5. Other		5 🗌	5 🗍	5 🗌	5 🗌
D. Items furnished	1. Feed		3 1 🗍	3 1 🗍	3 1	3 1
by contractor under terms of	2. Chicks, pullet	ts, cattle.				
contract	feeder pigs, e	etc.	2 📙	2 📙	2 📙	2 📗
Mark (X) for as many items as	3. Seed		3 🗍	3 📙	3 []	3 📙
apply for each	4. Fertilizer		4 [] 5 []	4 [] 5 []	4 📙	4 📙
product under contract	5. Chemicals 6. Labor		6 🗆	6 🗆	5 LJ 6 D	5 [_] 6 []
	7. Machinery, e	quinment	° Ш		٥	°
	or buildings	quipinent.	7 🔲	7 🔲	7 🔲	7 🔲
	8. Harvesting		8 🔲	8 🔲	8 🔲	8 🔲
	9. Transportation	on	9 📗	9 📗	9 🗌	9 🗌
	10. Processing/p	acking	4 10 🔲	4 10 🔲	4 10 🗌	4 10 🗌
	11. Credit		11 📙	11 🔲	11 🔲	11 🔲
	12. Technical ass	sistance	12 🔲	12 🔲	12 🔲	12 🔲
	13. Other		13 📙	13 📙	13 📙	13 📙
	14. None		14 📙	14 📗	14 🔲	14 📙
E. What percent of the total production of this produc was sold under contract?		this product	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent
F. 1 Amount inspired	from contractors		6 Dollars Cent	s 6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents
 Amount received product covered b 			s	\$	\$	s
	2. Did this payment represent the total			7 0 1 Yes 2 No	7	7
	market value of the product?			+	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No
G. Did the contract	Exact price? Method of		8 1 🗌	8 1 🗌	8 1 🔲	8 1 🗌
specify —	determining price	e?	2 🔲	2 🔲	2 🔲	2 🔲
Mark (X) one	3. Neither price no	r method?	3 🗌	3 🗆	3 🗌	3 🔲

⁽²⁾ Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor.

⁽³⁾ Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.

Section 30 YES — Comp NO — Go to	labor, employees o working on this place lete this section	MPLOYMENT - Did you had been did not be find the first force of the fi	nave any ew lead	paid workers ers, or other	s doing agric salaried emp	ultural Noyees	
Please rea answering and 3 belo	items 1, 2, 🔪	Hired farm or ranch workers — In addition to farm workers and paid family members, include such persons as bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance people, etc., whose employment is primarily associated with agricultural production on this place even though they may not be doing agricultural labor. Do not include unpaid family workers or the proprietors or partners of unincorporated places.					
		Cash wages paid — Report before deductions for Social Include all wages, salaries, casick leave pay. Do not includitems paid in kind.	Security, ta ommission	exes, insurance pi is, paid bonuses,	remiums, etc. vacation and		
	e following groups, report						
cash wages p	workers were employed a aid to them.		Number of workers	Cash wage			
1. Of the hired fa	rm or ranch workers, how	many worked—		751	Dollars 1	Cents	
	more?				\$		
	_			752	1		
b . 25–149 day	/s?			753	1		
c. Less than 2	5 days?				\$! 	
2. Contract work	ers hired through a crew le	eader or contractor			754	1	
a. What was th	ne cost of contract labor?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		755	() \$ 		
		furnish? (Estimate if necessary.,)				
	ration officers tion is incorporated, how red in 1974?			756			
b 18/h asa al					757	l I	
					[]\$	<u>i </u>	
Section 31	Were there any wo or work connected (Do not include deat	LLNESSES CONNECTED THE CONNECT	at require orkers or	ed more than n this place in	first aid trea n 1974?		
					Hired wor		
LINU - Goto	Section 32 on next page			tor and unpaid nily workers	and paid me of operator's	mbers	
1. Non-fatal in	1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses		761		1		
a. How man	y workers had injuries or i	Ilnesses without lost workdays?	762	Workers	1	Workers	
h How man	v workers had injuries or i	Ilnesses with lost workdays?	10%	Workers	•	Workers	
	nany days were lost as a r		763		1		
	nesses?		304	Days	1	Days	
2 No	doothe		764	Number	1	Number	
Z. Number of €	deaths		ł	, vusitoet			

Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGIO or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974		ER PESTICID	ES, LIM
☐ YES — Complete this section			
□ NO — Go to Section 33			
Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors, it cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpot treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.	each item listed	d, report acres on	ly once,
1 Carron duras arrandas funcionas es librariaido barbicido	Number of acres	Cost of ch (Do not if cost of ap	nclude
1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide, insecticide, nematocide) to control —	on which used	Dollars	Cents
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)	771	1 \$	į
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)	772	1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops	773	1 \$	[
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)	774	1 \$	
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.)	775	1 \$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture	776	1 \$	Ť-
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sides, etc.)	777	1	<u> </u>
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit	778	\$ 1	
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry.		\$ 	-
including treatment of buildings		\$	
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	782	1 \$	ļ
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanitation,		783	!
pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc		\$ 784	
total here and in Section 34, item 10.)		\$	
Section 33 > FARM CREDIT			
 DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.) 			
YES — Answer a, b, and c NO — Go to item 2 No lar	nd owned — Ga	to item 2	
		Amount (principal of December 31,	
		Dollars	Cents
 Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit associatio 	_ i	791 \$	1
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	<u> </u>	792	-
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above		\$	
others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)		\$	
2. DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business?			
YES — Answer a, b, and c NO — Go to Section 34			
	. [Amount (principal of December 31.	
		Dollars	Cents
 Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies 	1	795 \$	
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	<u> </u>	796	
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)	-	797	1
			-

Section 34

Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services, and household expenses not related to the farm business.

					Production ex	penses
					Dollars	Cents
1. Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho	gs, pigs, shee	p,				i
				• • • • • • •		
						į
reeds, concentrates, etc. Total dollars for a, b, c, and						l www.linki.com
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased —	!	Tentns	1 Dolla	rs Cent		
complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not		I I		 		
		į ,		į		
•	804	/10	\$			
	804	1	1	ļ		
milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.)		/10	s	i		
c. Whole grains purchased — such as corn. oats.	805		1	-		
barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc.				į		
		1 /		l		
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started put. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — gr. feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased — complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.). b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.) c. Whole grains purchased — such as corn, oats, barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. (Include cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds or other milling byproducts, or green chop.) d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc. 3. Animal health costs for livestock and poultry (Include services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) 5. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased 6. Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, include and gypsum (Report custom application costs in ite.) 6. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchic Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerogrease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.) a. Gasoline for the farm business c. LP gas, butane, propane for the farm business (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon) d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and fuel oil for the farm business c. LP gas, butane, propane for the farm business (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon) d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and fuel oil for the farm business c. Contract labor (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customwork such as grinding and equipment and for customy or such as grinding and	806	/10	\$			
d Hay groop abop cilago etc	ses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc. sed for livestock and poultry — grain, hay, silage, mixed ses, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.) mixed formula feeds purchased — colement, concentrates (Do not ients purchased separately, such al, cortonseed meal, and urea.) crchased — such as soybean meal, all, urea, etc., millfeeds or other cucts (Do not include whole grains.) courchased — such as corn, oats, orghum, wheat, rye, etc. ed grain. Do not include millfeeds grain. Do not include millfeeds graphyroducts, or green chop.) sts for livestock and poultry (Include veterinarian vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) nts, and trees purchased dother petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business — is, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, dollars for a, b, c, and d below.) Storage capacity for farm use (Galloss) Bala Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 813 1 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 814 1 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 814 1 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 814 1 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 815 816 817 818 818 819 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 810 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 811 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 812 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 813 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 814 Storage capacity for farm use in 15 (Galloss) Dollars 815	!				
	L	1 /10	3		807	
• •						İ
services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) .					808	
4. Seeds builbs plants and trees purchased					. \$	1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		hate			809	<u> </u>
					. s	ĺ
Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, keros	sene, fuel o il, i	motor oil	,		- (\$	
			Estimated expenditures for farm use in 1974			
	(Gallons	.)	Dolla	rs Cents		
a Casalina for the form business	812			1		
	813					
b . Diesel fuel for the farm business	014					
c. LP gas, butane, propane for the	814		·	I		
farm business (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon) \cdots			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		
		Section Sect				
fuel oil for the farm business	Entered et et et et et et et et et et et et et	<u> </u>			821	<u> </u>
7. Hired farm labor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1a, 1b,	and 1 c,	and enter t	otal here.) .	. \$	l I
					823	i
				• • • • • • •	• \$	- 1
9. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures	for this place	for use o	f		824	1
equipment and for customwork such as grinding and	mixing reea, p dustina. fertili.	nowing, zina. etc.			. \$	i I
					826	
10. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars repor	ted in Section	32, iten	16.)	• • • • • •		301 \$ 302 \$ 302 \$ 307 \$ 308 \$ 309 \$ 311 \$ 323 \$ 324 \$ 324 \$ 326 \$ 326 \$ 327 \$ 329
11. All other production expenses (Include OTHER current	nt operating e.	xpenses	such		827	
as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, purchase of water etc. for the farm business	repairs, electr	icity,			\$	
,				801 \$ 802 \$ Dollars Cents 807 \$ 808 \$ 809 \$ \$ 809 \$ \$ 811 \$ Estimated expenditures for farm use in 1974 Dollars Cents 15 4 enter total here.)		
12. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including expe	enses paid by	landlor	ds, contra	ctors,		1
or others (Add dollars in items 1 through 11 and enter total here.)						i

Section 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	e in	1974, befor	e taxes
COMPLETE	and expenses (See separate Instructions.)			· - · · · -
THIS PAGE	Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Estimated va products	sold
	·		Dollars	Cents
	corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, hums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		\$32	!
2. Cotton and	dicottonseed		833	
3. Tobacco .			834	<u> </u>
4. Field seed	s, hay, forage, and silage		835	<u>i</u>
Vegetable	s, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)		836	
sweetpota	crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, itoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, nint for oil, hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>		837	!
7. Fruits, nut	s, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,		838	1
	ecans, pears, pineapples, etc		\$	i
8. Nursery ar	nd greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in 1, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)		839	1 1
	ducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)		849	
10. Poultry and	d poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks,		\$ 852	
•	c. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)		\$ 853	<u> </u>
	calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — clude item 3a — and enter the total here.)		\$	1
	ucts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4. at dairy products in item 15 below.)		854 \$	
13. Hogs and p	pigs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)		855 \$ 856	
14. Sheep, lan	nbs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)		\$	[]
	tock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, c.(Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)	. <i>.</i> .	857 \$	
	ALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or r's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)	>	859 \$	i I
Section 36	INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES I	N 19	74	
■ Part A	INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES Report amount received before taxes and expenses.	None	Farm-related : Dollars	Cents
	rk and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing, oraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (// custom-		871	
	eparate business, see separate Instructions.)		\$ 872	-
	nd lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		\$!
	you received for participation in Government farm programs elude redeemable loans.)		873 \$	
received fr	rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments om lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock in a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		874 \$	
conducted	ness or source of income which is on or CLOSELY RELATED to the URAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		875 \$	
■ Part R	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related e	xpenses
		None	Dollars	Cents
the total es	elated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter stimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not		876	
	penses already reported in Section 34.)		\$	t 1

Section 37 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION, OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS, and related information

COMPLETE	THIS PAGE							
	Type of Organization							
1. Mark (X) th	ne one box which best de	scribes the way this place wa	s operated in 197	4.				
901 1	INDIVIDUAL or FAMILY excluding partnership as	Y operation (sole proprietorsh nd corporation	ip),	C	omplet	e Parts	B and C	
2	PARTNERSHIP operation (See separate Instruction)	on, including family partnershins.) — Enter number of partn	ps ⁹⁰² ers		elow			
3 🔲	CORPORATION, includi	ing family corporations — $_{\mathcal{S}k}$	up to Section 38					
	OTHER, such as cooper	ative, estate or trust, prison fa — <i>Specify type then skip to S</i>	rm, grazing assoc	iation.				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
■ Part B		eristics and Related Inform			y, or Pa	rtnersl	nip Opera	ations
1. Residence	e — Where does the open charge, or senior partner or or ranch operation live?	rator, 903 1 🗌 On	this place	On ano In a rur In a cit	4			
(or senior p	the earliest year the oper partner, if partnership) be any part of this place?	gan	_ Year					
	the operator (or senior partnership)?	905	_ Years old					
4 . Operator's <i>Mark (X) a</i>	race — 906 ppropriate box	1 White 4 C 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian	Mexican Amer Chicano Mexican (Mexi Puerto Rican Cuban Central or Sout American Other Spanish	cano)	5 11	Japan Chine: Filipin Other Specif	se o	^{oce} Z
the majorit	ty (50 percent or more) o	occupation did the operator sp f his work time in 1974? bers of the partnership togeth		907 1 2	_	ming er		
	Work — How many ach member of the	Mark (X) one for each applicable line	None	-)-99 1 lays	00 –149 days	150-199 days	200 days or more
family wor	k OFF the place	a. Operator or senior partner.	911 1 🗆 🕹	2 🗍 3		4 🔲	5 🗍	6 🔲
nonfarm jo	Include work at a b, business,	b . Spouse	912 1 🗆 🗀	2		4	5 🔲	6 🔲
	. or on someone . Do not include	c . Other	913		=+	4 🔲	5 🗌	6
	farm work.)	d. Other	914 1 1	2 3		4 []	5 📗	6
(Report am		-Farm Sources in 1974 of your family received in 1974 ort should be for the senior pai			s. None		Income fro ff-farm sour oilars	
		siness (not reported in Section fter expenses.)			. 🗆	921 \$		1
2. Cash wage	es, salaries, commissions,				. 🗆	922 \$		
4. Federal So	cial Security, pensions, re	etirement pay, veterans payments ation, and old age and other	ents, annuities, ur	employ-	. 🗆	923 \$ 924 \$		
		(Report NET after deduction o			1	925 \$		
Section 38		ETING THIS REPORT	<u></u>	- · <u>.</u> , · . , · · · · · · · ·				•
	Name		Date		0.00		ephone	
PRINT			931 Month	Day	932 Are	a Code	Number	

Enter remarks on back cover.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlor, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms—Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74–A1) and a brown form (74–A2) fill out the green form Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity v/as a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE—

(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;
(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle;" and

(3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) The Same Report Form Is Used For All States Except Hawali. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ron, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates
(e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished
Go to the next section indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would self for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested.

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage, he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration

	t carn in Section I ich those sections	2 and papeurn m 5	iection 16			
	Aures Newesled	Quantity ha	Quantity havegues			
Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity of shelled corn harvested in either buckeds or hundredweight. 70 lbs ear corn or 56 lbs	101 80	7,000	Bushes	,		
shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corn)	00	6	Hundredweight shelled	•		
2. Field corn for sitage or green chop	1º 20	400	ton	20		
 Field corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed IDa not include acres already reported in items 1 or 21, 	163	7.00	& acu worky)	200		
	Acres	Dry (genduer		od or yas belowe		
	Specialization	Whole tons	lenths 347	we have ten		
4. Commercial tertilizer used on field corn	109 / 00	17	8/10 2	-		

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

▶ Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit

Approximate Box Weight — Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

^{*}Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acre-feet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons - Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal/minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal/minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11,520,000 gallons.

Total inches — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season

▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold - Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations -Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974

Animals bought and sold - Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cettle seles — Do not include on the fattened cattle line: (a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or

- (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold (further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known. give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place — Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere. fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lambs shorn - In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

▶ Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

▶ Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both Production contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor Marketing contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations. to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural

▶ Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate -(1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

▶ Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C, item 1).

▶ Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) - Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filling of income tax forms by husband and wife on not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives.

Other - Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation.

FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41 S74065. Approval Expires December 31, 1975.

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

ment P Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive m	ore than one report form?			
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2	Ent. num	ter extra file nber(s) here	_	
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGRIC	CULTURAL ACTIVITIES IN 197	4	
			YES	NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount of a	ny of the items listed below?	1 🔲	2
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots) Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	 Greenhouse and nursery products Fish in captivity Fur-bearing animals in captivity Other animal specialties 		
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed companie		cts for	YES	NO 2 🔲
Did you raise or produce any agric a partnership, share arrangement,	ultural products for others or with or other rental agreement in 1974	others under 4?	1 🔲	2 🔲
4. Did you own any land that was use	ed by someone else for agricultura	al purposes in 1974?	1 🔲	2
5. Did you own any livestock or poult under a share agreement or custor		else	1 🔲	2 🔲
► If you answered YES to ANY	of these questions, go to Section	n 3.		
	five of these questions, tear o	off this front cover and mail it back		

Sec	etion 3 ACREAGE in	n 1974 and LA	ND VALUE		Nur	nber of	1	Your estim	rket value	
		and, pastureland, r				icres		of these ac the buildin		m
	woodland, wast	eland, idle land, ho	ouse lots, etc.	None	1			Dollars		Cents
					040		1		İ	
1. /	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			1050		\$			
S	ALL land rented or leased FF shares; leased Federal, State Do NOT include land used o	e, and railroad land	: and land used r	ent free.	050		S		 	
3 . /	All land rented or leased TO shares by others and land su	OTHERS, including	gland worked or	· 1	060		1 8		-	
4 . (TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS (item 1) and acres rented (it others (item 3), and enter yo (1) "THIS PLACE" means greenhouses, and/or a	PLACE" () (Pleas em 2), then SUBTI our answer in this s your farm or ranch	e ADD acres ow RACT acres rente pace.) , feedlots, poultr	ened ed to	070		{ T⊦	nese are i "THIS for this ce	PLACE	11 1
5 . l	f you rented land FROM		,	e enter the fol	lowing ir	nformatio	n for	each lar	ıdlord.	
	No		tress	Number of				arrangements in 197 wk (X) all that apply		
	Name	(No. and street, c	ity, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of liv or prod		Cash as rent	Oth arrange	
				081	' ' 🗆	2 🗆		3 🗀	4 🗆]
				082	1 🗆	2 🗆		з 🔲	4 []
		!		083	1 🗆	2 🗆		3 🔲	4 []
	List additional landlords on back of	ov· r							·	
6. I	f you rented land TO O	THERS (item 3	above), please	enter the folio	wing in	formation	for e	ach ren	ter	
	Name	T		and street, city, State				o. of acres		
							085		7	
	 									22
							086			0
							087			
	List additional renters on back cov	er.							_	014
	of the land you rented or lea				Number	of acres		urrent (et value		
	cres did you subrent or subl			_	088		1			
16	eased by you which was wo			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		\$		_4	013
		able to skip most o e land you owned o		rkad an charas	or ronton	l to some	ono ols	0		10
	D. There	were no crops or l	ivestock in 1974	on the acres in	"THIS PL	LACE" (ite				1 1
R	READ c. The la	ind you operated plapply to your ope	rior to 1974 has	been sold to sor	neone el	se.				2
-	this report.	appry to jour ope	Tation, prease n	eau the mstruc	tions be	ore cont	ınuıng	With		013
Sec	tion 4 LOCATION C	FAGRICULT	JRAL ACTIV	ITY	-					
				County name		State		lo of acres	\neg	-
	n what county was the large gricultural products raised o		Principal county	······································			09	31	1	011
(2	Enter county name, State, a	nd number	Other			 	09	12	-	1
	f acres on the "Principal cou you have agricultural opera		counties						_	
a. n.	ny other county(ies), enter t ame(s), etc., on the lines pro	he county ovided for				-	09			010
	Other counties.")		L			Д	L_		آ ار آ	
0	ocation of place within princ ounty entered above. (Give f township, district, precinct ownship – Range numbers.	name , etc., or	Name of location			····	····		CENSI	ONLY

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.		Acres		T .	
		None	harvest		Quantil	y harvested
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled		101	}	1 OR	Bushels shelled
	basis in either bushels or hundredweight . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)				6	Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder,		104			
	hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 1.)					
3	. Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report		111	\	1	Bushels
	quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds .)			{	6 OR-	Pounds
4	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage		115			
	or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 3.)					
			121		1	
5.	Soybeans for beans		122		1	Bushels
6.	Peanuts for nuts					Pounds
7	Wheat for grain		130		1	Bushels
	Other small grains for		136			Busileis
	grain — oats. barle y for rye, rice, etc. — <i>Specify</i>					
		_	151		1	
9.	Cotton		152	<u>.</u>	1	Bales
10.	Tobacco — all types			/10		Pounds
11	Irish potatoes (excluding home use)		153	/10	1	Umdendunch
	man potatoes (excluding nome use)		154	/10	1	Hundredweight
	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10		Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE,	_	170		1	
	but report total tons of all cuttings.)		240	,		Tons, dry
14.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale		240	1/10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing			!		
	fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages					
	(Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned		301			
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify		401	/10		
16.	Berries for sale — Specify		401	1 /10		
17.	Ali other crops (Include field		430			
	seeds; sugar crops; nursery products; flowers, etc., grown in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify			/10		
						<u> </u>
1Ω	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square		460		are feet	
10,	feet were under class or other protection?	•				

Section 6	\geq	LAND	USE	IN	1974

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5.

>	NOTE:	If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPOR in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that w	RT THAT L vas harves	AND ONe	LY <u>ONCE</u> — astured		
		is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."				١	Number of acres
	and a	and harvested (Include all land from which crops were ha all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery a ocrops were harvested from the same land in 1974, repoi	nd greenh	ouse prod	fucts.	502	
						503	
		land used only for pasture or grazing		· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
		ther cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.)				504	
	4 . Wood	dland (Include woodland pasture.)				510	
		ther land (Include pastureland other than cropland and wo eland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wa				513	
	6. TOT	AL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres re through 5 and enter the (This total should be the same as the total in Sec	total in thi	is space.)	\rightarrow	517	
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	1		
		much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATE		528	Acres irrigated		
Sec	ction 7	LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY					
		ure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on Dec ade as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or co					
				None	INVENTORY Number on this plan December 31, 197		Number sold in 1974
		and pullets of laying age (Exclude started ts being raised for sale.)		🗆	601	1	
		other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capon		:.) - 🔲	604	1	
	and r	roasters)		🗆			
	4. Cattle	e and calves of all ages		🗆	631	<u> </u>	
	a. Be	eef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)		🗆	633	- 100	
	b. Mi	lk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that h	ad calved	U. 🗆 ,	651	1	
	5. Hogs	and pigs of all ages		🗆			
		the total sold, how many were sold as EDER PIGS for further feeding?		🗆		2	
	b . Lit	ters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None	Number 654	of litters			
		December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974	655				
	(2)) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974		None	661	1	
	6. Shee	p and lambs of all ages		🗆	670	1	
	7. Horse	es and ponies of all ages		🗆			
	turke	r livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing anima ys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in vity except at fish hatcheries, etc		🗆	698	1	
	Spec	ify what kind			699	1	
						- 1	

Section 8

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974

(Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

	Value of All		ad amiliamana an Abia mbasa	Dana-har 21	1074
77.0	value of ALL	. macninerv a	nd equipment on this place	. December 31.	. 19/4

1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

rket value
Cents
1

■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total, HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)		
2 . Automobiles	702	1		
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1		
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1		
5. Crawler tractors	705	1		
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1		
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1		
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1		
9. Mower conditioners	709	1		
10 . Pickup balers	710	1		
	711	1		
	712	1		

Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services and household expenses not related to the farm business.

2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds,

Production exp	nenses
Dollars	Cents
801	1
 s]
802	

- a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not
 - include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.). .

Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
803	i	1		
	1/10	s	1	
				808

- 4. Commercial fertilizer purchased all forms, including rock phosphate

1. Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep,

5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business — Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease, et

3. Hired farm labor															

8. Machine hire and customwork	(Include expenditures for this place for use of equipment
and for customwork such as grit	nding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn
picking, silo filling, spraying, dus	sting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)

9. Agricultural chemicals purchased	(Include lime, insecticides, etc. Exclude fertilizer.)

TU.	All other production expenses. (Include other current operating expenses such as	5
	depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, electricity, purchase	
	of water, etc., for the farm business.)	

11. TOTAL PRODUCTION	N EXPENSES includ	ling expense	s paid by landlord:	5,
contractors, or others	(Add dollars for itern	s 1 through 1	O and enter total hi	ere.)

	808	
	808 \$	
	809	
	S	
	811	
tc	S	
	821 S	
	823	
	S	
nt	824	
	s	l 1
	826 \$	
	\$	
	827	
		ļ
	\$	1
٠.		ļ
	829	1
	\$	i

Section 10

Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

before taxes and expenses			
Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of			
products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Estimated v products	
		Dollars	Cents
		831	1
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)		s	i I
		839	-
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold			į
2. Nuisery and greenhouse products sold		\$ 849	-
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum			[
for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc		\$	l F
		852	!
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold		s	i I
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		858	1
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold		\$	į
3. Livestock and investock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold		859	
		829] [
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or		l	į
contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)		S	
Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES	IN 1	974	
·			
■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related	ıncome
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)	None	Dollars	Cents
	NONE	871	Cents
Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others —		871	į
plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.	_		i
(If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		\$ 872	
		872	İ
2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,			i i
boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		\$	
		873	į
3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs			1
(Do not include redeemable loans.)		\$	1
		874	ĺ
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock)			į
pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		s	
5. Other business or source which		875	1
is conducted on or CLOSELY			į
RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL			l I
OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind	١	S	
■ Part B — EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related e:	
	None	Dollars	Cents
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5.		876	į
enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974		1	1
(Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.	<u></u>		Î 1
Do NOT include expenses already reported in Section 9.)	ليا	S	

		903				
1. Where does the op	perator, person in n or ranch live?		¹ On this pla			,
charge, or this rain	TO TORIGINATE		Non on this sla	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$)n another	tarm
			Not on this pla	ce — \ 3 🔲 11	n a rurar are n a city, tov	farm ea, not on a farm vn, or urban area
2 . Year operator bega	an to operate	904				
	ce		Ye	ar		
3 On		905	· Va	ars old		
3. Operator's age	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		те	ars old		
4. Operator's race —		☐ White		ican American ano	5 🗌	Japanese Chinese
Mark (X) appropria	te box 2	□ Negro or Black	-	ican (Mexicano))	Filipino
	3	☐ American	Pue Cub	rto Rican	11 🔲	Other —
		Indian		tral or South		Specify what race
				nerican er Spanish		
			Ott.	,, opu		
5. Principal Occupat						
	spend the majority k time in 1974? (For			907		
partnerships, consi	ider all members of ti	he			1 🗌 Farmi	ng
	er I				2 🔲 Other	
partnership togethe						
. , ,		s 911				
5. Number of days op place in 1974 (/nc	perator worked off this	rm	1		4 □ 100-	
5. Number of days op place in 1974 <i>(Inc. job, business, or pr</i>	perator worked off thi clude work at a nonfa ofession, or on some	rm one	1		4	-149 days
5. Number of days op place in 1974 (Inc job, business, or pri else's farm. Do not	perator worked off this	rm one rm	_	;	5 🔲 150 -	-149 days
5. Number of days op place in 1974 (Inc job, business, or pri else's farm. Do not	perator worked off thi clude work at a nonfa ofession, or on some include exchange fa	rm one rm	2 1-49 day	ys (5 🔲 150 -	-149 days -199 days
 Number of days op place in 1974 (Inc. job, business, or predicts farm. Do not work.) — Mark (X) Was the income w 	perator worked off thi clude work at a nonfa ofession, or on some include exchange fa the appropriate box. which you and your fa	rm cone rm mily received fro	2	ys 920	5 150 - 6 20 0 d	-149 days -199 days
5. Number of days op place in 1974 (Inc. job, business, or pr. else's farm. Do not work.) — Mark (X) 7. Was the income woff the farm and from	perator worked off thi clude work at a nonfa ofession, or on some include exchange fa the appropriate box.	rm cone rm mily received fro ater than the to	2	ys (920	5 🔲 150 -	-149 days -199 days
 Number of days op place in 1974 (Inc. job, business, or preelse's farm. Do not work.) — Mark (X) Was the income woff the farm and froof agricultural produce. 	perator worked off this clude work at a nonfa ofession, or on some include exchange fa the appropriate box. which you and your fa tom other sources gre	rm cone rm mily received fro ater than the to	2	ys (920	□ 150 - □ 200 d	-149 days -199 days
 Number of days op place in 1974 (Inc. job, business, or pr. else's farm. Do not work.) — Mark (X) Was the income woff the farm and from the farm and	perator worked off this lude work at a nonfactories include exchange factories the appropriate box. Thich you and your factories sold from this policies.	rm cone rm mily received fro ater than the to	2	ys 920	□ 150 - □ 200 d	-149 days -199 days days or more Telephone

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside backcover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- ▶ (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (ɔ) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "O." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle;" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

➤ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

APPENDIX C Continued

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock, include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other nart.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place." as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 6 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and cuetom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

▶ Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1574 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

▶ Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs. Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974 Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for land-lords and others in payment for services or products, any products raised and sold under contract, any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place, crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for landlords and others.

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, share renards.

► Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

▶ Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the —

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

▶ (2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).