GENERAL EXPLANATIONS Continued

Table 6. Specified Livestock—Inventory by Age and Sex Groups: 1840 to 1974-Continued

	Farms	Number		Farms	Number
POULTRYContinued		-	POULTRY Continued		
1959 (Oct,-Nov.)			1900 (June 1)		
Chickens 4 months old and over	2,172,264 51,745	351,029,294 2,917,209	Chickens, including guinea fowls, over 3 months old Turkeys over 3 months old ¹	(NA) (NA)	233,598,085 6,594,695
1954 (OctNov.) Chickens 4 months old and over	3,418,204	375,800,447	Geese over 3 months old ¹ . Ducks over 3 months old ¹ . Other and unspecified ¹ .	(NA) (NA) (NA)	5,676,788 4,785,850 884
Turkey hens on hand kept for breeding in 1955. Light breeds. Heavy breeds.	83,532 44,852	2,277,825 746,877	1890¹ (June 1)		
	39,516	1,530,948	Chickens on hand, June 1	(NA)	258,871,125
1950 (Apr. 1)			Turkeys on hand, June 1	(NA) (NA)	10,754,060 8,440,175
Chickens 4 months old and over Turkeys 4 months old and over ¹	4,218,857 131,801	342,956,055 2,848,880	Ducks on hand, June 1	(NA)	7,544,080
1945¹ (Jan. 1)			1880¹ (June 1)		
Chickens over 4 months old	4,900,948	433,110,674	Barnyard poultry, excluding spring hatchOther poultry, excluding spring hatch	(NA) (NA)	102,272,135
1940 (Apr. 1)				(/	,,
Chickens over 4 months old. Turkeys over 4 months old ¹ . Ducks over 4 months old ¹ .	5,152,354 443,410 257,729	338,240,109 4,361,752 2,460,087	BRES		
Geese over 4 months old1	131,368	634,868	1974 (Dec. 31)		
Guineas over 4 months old¹. Pigeons over 4 months old¹. Quail over 4 months old¹.	127,306 2,305 274	841,016 257,594 53,017	Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over: Colonies of bees.	6,459	1,708,383
Pheusants over 4 months old ¹	952 14,330	153,359 83,971	1969 (Dec. 31)		
	14,550	05,571	Class 1-5 farms:		
1935 ¹ (Jan. 1) Chickens over 3 months old	5,833,079	371,603,136	Hives of bees	12,745	1,424,360
Turkeys over 3 months old	676,114	5,381,912	1959 (NovDec.) Hawaii only		
1930 (Apr. 1)			Hives of bees owned in 1959	89	5,026
Chickens over 3 months old	5,375,559	379,159,783	1950 (Apr. 1)		
1925¹ (Jan. 1)			Hives of bees owned last year	258,244	2,403,379
Chickens	5,505,617	409,290,849	nives of bees owned fast year.	230,244	2,403,373
1920 (Jan. 1)			1940 (Apr. 1)		
Chickens	5,839,489	359,607,148	Total Owned by farm operator	265,221 254,480	2,286,695 1,939,990
Turkeys ¹ Ducks ¹	670,834 461,363	3,627,028 2,817,624	Owned by others	13,614	346,705
Geese 1	527,836	2,939,203			
Guinea fowls ¹	383,632 77,769	2,410,421 1,493,630	1930 (Apr. 1)		
	,	-,,	Hives of bees owned on farms or elsewhere	459,803	3,120,251
1910 (Apr. 15) Chickens over 3 months old	5,580,758	280,410,531	1920 (Jan. 1)		
Turkeys over 3 months old ¹	871,123 503,704	3,688,708 2,906,525	Hives of bees	540,996	3,482,024
Geese over 3 months old ¹	662,324 339,538	4,431,980 1,765,031	1910 (Apr. 15)		
Pigeons over 3 months old ¹	109,407 1,807	2,730,994 6,458	Swarms, hives, or colonies	586,021	3,457,627
Ostriches over 3 months old ¹	29 99	5,361 4,171	1900 (June 1)		
India jungle fowls ¹	1	3	Swarms or hives of bees	707,261	4,109,626

¹Alaska and Hawaii not included.

Table 7. Livestock and Poultry Sales: 1974 and 1969

Farms With Sales of	Farms		Sales		
\$2,500 and Over	1974	1969	1974	1969	
Cattle and calves	1,071,913 210,725 393,280 75,113 31,407 4,407	1,188,529 226,663 536,351 120,829 32,348 5,425	67,253,373 26,070,304 78,600,277 11,997,422 2,517,720,192 124,738,212	71,101,419 25,915,433 86,770,765 17,149,332 2,427,378,308 103,454,667	

Production cycles vary for meat-type animals. For some types of animals the cycle is usually fixed, while for others it is quite flexible. Farmers or ranchers with cow herds usually sell calves as feeder animals, frequently to specialized cattle feeders who then fatten them to slaughter weights. Calves also may be slaughtered for veal, or they may be pastured for various periods of time or

go to warm up lots before eventually being placed in finishing feedlots. Thus, cattle and calves when slaughtered may range in age from a few months to 2 or 3 years.

Hog producers have fewer options. A hog producer either sells feeder pigs to others who feed them to market weight or he raises them himself as market hogs. In either case, most market hogs are sold

for slaughter within 6 months of farrowing. Sheep raisers have several production alternatives. Some lambs are marketed when only a few months old, some are first pastured then marketed for slaughter, others are pastured then fattened in feedlots or on specialized sheep feeding farms and then marketed. Broiler production is confined to a fixed cycle with almost all broilers slaughtered at 6 to 10 weeks of age. Most turkeys are grown to a matured market weight in 5 to 7 months, but some young turkeys are sold as fryers when less than 16 weeks old. To a large degree, turkey production is seasonal; most of the annual slaughter takes place between August and February.