APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the apportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct

enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company, Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and

Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the required information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities
Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks
Futures market
Contracts
Payroll and employment
Injuries and illnesses
Farm credit
Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keving the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

Cullman, Alabama—revised broilers sold and related data.

Inyo, California—revised land in farms and related data.

Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii—revised number of fattened cattle and related data.

Spencer, Indiana—revised cattle and calves inventory.

Harford, Maryland—revised acreage of total cropland.

Marshall, Minnesota—revised acreage of land in farms.

Dodge, Nebraska—revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Rusk, Texas—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained. . .

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, **Statistics by Subject**, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for non-agricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included asland in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only

of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calvesfarms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income—In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported, State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the month-to-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold--Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool—For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products—For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and green-house products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract labor workers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit—The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude

debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity-Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources—An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Black-operated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups.

Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were in-

cluded in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm—A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for

partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation—Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type—Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual. are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by-

Standard industrial classification Debt status.

Race or origin.

Age of farm operator.

Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 77 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 98 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

Item	Percent of total
Number of farms	18.9
Land in farms	9.0
Value of products sold	4.4
Harvested cropland	6.1
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	12.8
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	3.0
Hogs and pigs	11.4

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the

sources—the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment—were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that

would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given.

As calculated for this report, the

standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Land in f	arms	Value of la	1	Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live	
Parish	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)
Louisiana,					-					
total	9 133 275	0.2	4 678 672	0.3	3 628 199	0.2	919 402	0.1	260 305	0.2
Acadia	335 658	.9	187 909	1.0	201 848	.8	53 438	.5	4 735	1.3
Allen	149 060	.9	64 547	1.0	88 046	.9	20 106	1.0	719	2.3
Ascension	56 446	1.1	50 460	1.7	18 345	1.2	14 086	.9	942	5.3
Assumption	76 634	.5	41 832	.5	39 366	.2	36 997	.2	120	.9
Avoyelles	261 261	.7 {	134 519	.7	146 604	.8	30 765	.6	3 382	2.3
Beauregard	159 518	2.1	69 760	2.1	41 164	1.1	6 863	1.3	3 568	1.2
Bienville	60 979	2.6	20 330	3.2	7 180	2.0	639	2.0	2 991	8.
Bossier	130 397	2.2	67 962	1.4	28 675	2.4	2810	2.2	2 779	2.1
Caddo	251 413	2.1	104 988	2.7	60 106	1.4	7 565	1.3	7 704	1.5
Calcasieu	408 088	.9	206 188	5.3	126 428	.7	30 269	.5	2 604	.9
Caldwell	60 419	1.9	23 796	1.5	22 727	3.2	3 649	2.2	825	1.7
Cameron	245 323	1.8	89 908	.8	23 217	1.4	5 971	1.6	1 260	1.3
Catahoula	206 581	.9	85 646	1.9	124 953	1.0	19 953	1.0	1 480	.9
Claiborne	90 191	1.9	27 567	2.5	7 938	1.8	316	3.4	4 700	.8
Concordia	219 190	.8	88 473	.8	112 630	.9	18 758	.9	1 361	1.7
De Soto	187 547	1.3	63 324	1.4	12 786	1.7	341	3.9	11 124	.8
East Baton		i						i		
Rouge	123 485	2.1	120 432	1.7	18 687	2.0	1 668	2.6	5 004	.5
East Carroll	228 719	.6	118 119	.6	171 168	.7	32 608	.5	448	1.8
East Feliciana .	155 047	1.2	71 503	1.2	19 316	1.1	1 308	.5	5 33 1	1.4
Evangeline	206 803	1.1	110 105	.9	104 911	1.0	25 539	1.0	2 560	3.1
Franklin	304 928	1.1	145 752	1.2	180 600	1.0	27 009	.9	3 4 1 7	1.8
Grant	55 498	1.9	31 942	10.3	13 755	2.6	1 749	2.8	1 861	2.1
lberia	110 391	.8	76 217	.7	53 328	.5	42 304	.4	2 392	2.2
lberville	110 719	2.1	65 218	1.7	38 312	1.0	25 508	.9	786	1.9
Jackson	38 449	12.0	14 139	5.0	2 533	3.7	65	4.1	3 99 1	1.4
Jefferson	7 606	.0	7 56 1	.0	1 333	.0	484	.0	270	.2
Jefferson									1	
Davis	328 212	.4	164 653	.3	215 277	.4	57 383	.3	1 403	2.8
Lafayette	111 550	1.2	108 529	1.6	54 515	1.8	16 482	1.1	6 197	2.8
Lafourche	203 876	.5	108 349	.8	44 104	.5	34 438	.4	1 094	1.0
La Salle	17 382	5.4	7 699	5.3	3 266	14.8	314	17.4	636	4.2
Lincoln	65 011	2.6	27 773	2.4	6 229	2.8	685	2.2	12 939	.3
Livingston	43 336	3.0	43 488	2.8	4 269	3.5	377	6.8	8 528	1.3
Madison	238 239	.7	118 416	.5	167 970	.5	31 860	.4	1 924	.5
Morehouse	280 722	.7 }	133 386	.7	170 220	.6	37 049	.5	2 886	.7
Natchitoches	251 628	1.4	114 413	1.4	61 283	.9	7 196	.6	8 123	2.3
Orleans	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Ouachita	90 754	2.2	62 094	1.4	35 465	1.6	5 118	1.8	2 327	1.2
Plaquemines	38 169	1.8	20 493	1.6	1 102	5.3	605	7.9	608	8.1
Pointe Coupee.	196 567	3.8	89 311	.7	59 829	.7	15 236	.5	2 843	3.8
Rapides	213 628	1.1	127 001	1.0	82 335	1.2	17 847	.7	6 670	1.7
Red River	119 984	.9	43 484	1.0	25 284	1.0	2 505	1.4	2 677	1.2
Richland	274 107	.8	113 559	.8	148 533	.8	21 461	.8	5 053	.8
Sabine	64 414	1.9	23 752	1.7	6 085	2.0	159	3.4	10 254	.8
St. Bernard	7 488	.0	4 324	.0	379	ا 0.	49	.0	(a)	(D)

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and c		Chickens 3 n and older o	ľ	Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay har	vested
Parish		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error
_	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	Acres	(percent)
Louisiana,										
total	1 515 509	0.3	3 657 907	0.8	72 365	1.1	54 468	0.6	328 109	0.4
Acadia	36 526	1.2	6 140	5.7	1 871	4.4	791	10.1	2 279	2.1
Allen	11 831	1.7	2 809	5.2	321	10.5	187	5.9	1 883	3.5
Ascension	9 869	1.9	(D)	(D)	109	11.1	466	3.1	2 877	5.8
Assumption	429	5.8	268	8.2	36	.0	40	.0	28	9.4
Avoyelles	43 033	1.5	10 529	2.6	3 562	2.8	4 286	1.7	10 131	2.0
Beauregard	28 469	1.4	57 062	.2	796	4.5	1 064	5.1	6 919	2.1
Bienville	15 208	2.3	52 383	.3	407	4.7	801	4.9	4 711	2.7
Bossier	40 534	1.6	1 790	7.0	329	7.3	453	4.7	9 271	2.6
Caddo	60 704	1.6	93 607	.1	835	6.0	509	7.4	15 875	1.9
Calcasieu	43 602	1.2	31 213	1.6	889	3.7	85	2.6	3 199	2.7
Caldwell	10 409	1.9	1 601	7.9	1 039	17.0	232	12.2	2 074	3.9
Cameron	31 764	1.3	1 457	9.4	141	6.3	33	8.8	1 850	5.0
Catahoula	15 147	2.3	1 634	6.4	2 885	2.2	1 936	2.5	3 071	2.5
Claiborne	22 529	1.3	4 957	4.1	506	13.8	690	3.8	6 356	2.1
Concordia	16 058	2.0	892	8.9	1 000	5.3	1 118	2.3	2 125	4.8
De Soto	52 654	1.2	125 536	.1	252	8.0	231	7.7	10 812	2.1
East Baton		İ				1		ì		
Rouge	30 556	1.2	34 612	.3	629	1.3	1 587	3.4	7 828	1.4
East Carroll	7 773	1.0	1 092	10.3	45'1	8.1	148	1.0	2 322	.6
East Feliciana .	40 268	1.2	13 704	1.2	1 124	4.4	2 136	1.3	9 739	2.1
Evangeline	29 821	1.4	6 403	4.0	1 370	12.2	912	3.8	3 321	7.0
Franklin	42 908	2.4	3 928	4.1	1 213	3.8	1 054	5.0	7 081	2.2
Grant	14 713	1.7	(D)	(D)	1 964	2.0	132	9.1	3 867	2.6
Iberia	10 888	2.7	1 565	12.7	1 082	15.7	780	2.3	3 744	6.7
Iberville	18 226	1.9	599	8.1	22	17.1	1 126	3.6	2 505	4.5
Jackson	8 717	3.1	148 650	.1	478	12.6	152	9.6	2 318	4.0
Jefferson	1 454	.0	361	.0	146	.0	_	.0		.0
Jefferson	10.000	4.5						1		
Davis	18 899	1.5	1 646	9.3	1 4 1 5	1.1	52	12.5	1 677	5.3
Lafayette Lafourche	28 029 20 862	1.5	8 515	3.0	1 499	2.4	2 000	2.9	7 086	1.9
1		.9	2 842	19.6	45	22.1	468	5.5	4 701	2.2
La Salle	7 987	4.8	12 775	5.2	638	6.8	153	11.3	1 328	4.8
Lincoln	18 297	2.1	63 734	.2 \	275	7.5	435	10.1	4 671	3.2
Livingston	15 382	4.1	767 381	3.0	1 322	15.6	278	3.9	3 452	4.1
Madison	9 192	1.0	4 964	.7	1 638	.7	647	4.0	482	8.2
Morehouse	22 050	1.4	1 350	8.4	1 017	4.5	748	2.0	6 836	2.3
Natchitoches	72 267	2.2	2 724	5.4	178	4.9	536	3.4	16 919	2.7
Orleans	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Ouachita	15 493 3 775	2.9	27 726	.3	1 757	.7	741	6.9	3 717	3.4
Plaquemines Pointe Coupee.	3 775 38 909	4.8	68	.0	- 010	.0	_	.0	90	19.7
- 1		1.9	9 259	1.7	616	5.2	2 730	2.4	7 789	2.8
Rapides	50 266	1.4	263 355	1.4	4 570	5.5	3 449	1.6	10 014	2.2
Red River	39 83 1	1.3	(D)	(D)	974	21.9	479	1.3	9 466	1.4
Richland	35 107	1.3	2 540	4.4	1 762	9.0	510	2.7	5 5 1 1	1.6
Sabine	18 160	1.5	14 100	.6	687	3.1	224	2.2	5 300	1.9
St. Bernard	768	.0	98	.0	6	.0	_	.0	153	.0

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Land in farms		Value of land and buildings		Harvested cropland		Value of c	rops sold	Value of liv		
Parish		Standard	Standard		Standard		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Standard		Standard	
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	error	
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	
St. Charles	57 073	9.1	23 063	8.0	2 522	1.3	(D)	(D)	707	3.2	
St. Helena	68 008	1.5	35 937	1.4	9 368	1.9	299	5.7	9 802	1.0	
St. James	46 997	.3	50 315	.4	26 471	.5	25 271	.6	47	4.6	
St. John				1							
the Baptist	26 881	.6	34 517	.5	11 618	.4	9 398	.6	110	4.9	
St. Landry	309 073	1.5	159 517	1.3	178 424	1.0	34 069	.9	4 9 1 1	1.7	
St. Martin	91 458	2.0	51 466	2.1	39 944	1.0	19 633	1.1	1 040	3.1	
St. Mary	117 530	.3	57 967	.2	50 181	.1	41 242	.1	47	1.1	
St. Tammany .	64 969	2.7	64 652	2.7	7 943	2.2	269	2.5	3 282	2.0	
Tangipahoa	149 800	1.6	107 250	1.4	25 293	1.9	1 556	5.4	36 733	.6	
Tensas	228 876	.8	100 411	1.1	116 169	.7	22 584	.6	2 188	2.0	
Terrebonne	60 392	1.0	33 225	.8	21 923	.9	14 373	.4	203	6.4	
Union	76 064	4.2	32 483	2.6	8 178	2.5	264	2.8	14 249	1.3	
Vermilion	374 523	.6	206 978	.8	172 154	.5	52 886	.4	3 202	.9	
Vernon	91 337	1.0	39 917	1.2	8 905	2.2	388	3.8	4 626	.7	
Washington	125 926	1.4	81 159	1.5	27 094	2.1	1 136	5.3	18 757	1.3	
Webster	82 648	1.7	29 062	1.9	9 937	2.8	332	7.1	3 175	1.0	
West Baton				Í					Į		
Rouge	37 498	.8	31 412	1.5	18 448	.5	14 172	.4	445	2.0	
West Carroll	184 493	1.3	78 912	1.3	124 080	1.4	18 289	1.2	3 317	1.8	
West Feliciana.	125 109	2.2	51 334	1.8	15 194	1.2	2 9 1 9	1.6	2 318	4.2	
Winn	29 165	3.6	9 903	4.3	2 225	6.3	48	7.4	611	2.5	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and o		Chickens 3 months old and older on farms		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay ha	rvested
Parish	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
St. Charles	7 844	3.6	20	0.0	4	0.0	40	(¹)	1 387	5.0
St. Helena	26 760	1.2	127 457	12.3	879	3.2	1 216	6.0	7 621	2.0
St. James St. John	750	2.4	286	10.1	17	.0	81	10.5	80	.0
the Baptist	918	5.6	_	.0	511	2.8	131	4.3	391	.0
St. Landry	45 252	1.6	17 94 1	2.6	2 854	4.6	7 820	2.0	7 647	2.2
St. Martin	10 671	2.8	5 595	4.4	584	8.0	2 952	3.3	4 753	3.4
St. Mary	827	1.7	656	11.4	69	10.4	51	(¹)	70	.1
St. Tammany .	22 176	3.3	79 566	5.3	940	15.4	553	3.7	4 934	3.6
Tangipahoa	71 892	2.2	1 229 839	.6	1 047	13.7	821	3.6	19 693	1.2
Tensas	24 011	1.4	676	9.3	5 065	9.6	866	1.0	5 093	.9
Terrebonne	4 224	1.9	564	17.7	12	.0	45	.0	1 717	6.4
Union	24 199	1.8	76 422	.2	728	1.9	353	6.5	7 015	2.8
Vermilion	49 403	1.0	7 992	2.9	633	4.5	881	5.1	5 952	2.9
Vernon	25 054	1.7	12 808	1.6	496	14.4	550	6.5	6 022	1.7
Washington	56 048	1.3	5 582	4.6	2 768	2.7	1 550	6.0	19 930	1.8
Webster West Baton	25 872	2.2	66 343	.3	1 910	5.0	378	10.1	8 188	3.0
Rouge	4 264	3.5	845	13.3	34	6.2	250	7.8	1 194	5.7
West Carroll	22 807	2.2	81 344	.2	9 222	.4	252	5.5	5 938	2.9
West Feliciana.	23 479	2.2	952	10.9	(D)	(D)	1 233	3.5	2 982	4.1
Winn	9 644	4.1	11 519	1.1	445	14.5	46	23.6	2 114	6.6

¹Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

	Specified excluded agricultural aperations, 1974					Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969				
		В	occupation on	d age of aperat	or	<u> </u>				
Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)		Occupatio	n farming		ather than					
	Total	Less than 65 years ald	65 years ald and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Tatal	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement	
Farms and Land in Farms									;	
Farms number	2 711	538	362	1 495	316	14 287	3 601	7 884	2 802	
Land in forms percent acres Average size of form acres	100.0 104 221 38	19.8 18 068 34	13.4 12 547 35	55.1 57 572 39	11.7 16 034 51	100.0 877 009 61	25.2 202 326 56	55.2 482 802 61	19.6 191 881 68	
Value af land and buildings\$1,000	73 076 26 955	12 166 22 613	8 319 22 980	43 140 28 856	9 451 29 909	331 072 23 173	80 123 22 250	187 084 23 730	63 865 22 793	
Average per acre dollars_ Forms by value of farm: \$1 to \$9,999	701	673 216	663	749 382	589 89	378 5 058	396 1 476	387 2 522	333	
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999	689 687	143 103 43	92 86 31	378 409 221	76 89 35	3 990 3 158 1 362	972 669 309	2 280 1 895 802	738 594 251	
\$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 ond over	. 84	16 17	8	45 60	15 12	358 361	74 101	196 189	88 71	
Owned and rented lands by farm operators: Land awnedfarms	2 573	505	346	1 427	295	12 805	3 079 198 077	7 086 430 613	2 640 212 757	
ocres	147 071 319 11 091	30 269 65 3 845	19 092 33 861	77 059 182 5 253	20 651 39 1 132	841 447 3 200 179 480	923 47 852	1 945 112 836	332 18 792	
Land rented or leosed to othersformsacres	611 53 941	209 16 046	77 7 406	276 24 740	49 5 749	2 387 143 918	715 43 6 03	1 048 60 647	624 39 668	
Land in Farms According to Use	1									
Total croplandfarms	1 834 26 124	351 4 666	257 3 057	1 013 15 262	213 3 139	11 928 396 919	3 068 105 168	6 509 208 731	2 351 83 020	
Harvested croplandfarms_ acres_	26 124 646 2 280	143 541	103 344	316 1 159	3 139 84 236	6 743 68 028	1 953 20 807	3 523 35 054	1 267 12 167	
Forms by acres harvested:		128	100	287	78	3 883	1 055	2 043	785	
10 to 19 acres 20 to 29 ocres		15	3	29	6	1 957 654	607 218	1 025 326	325 110	
30 to 49 acres	.] -	-	-	-	-	212	69	106	37	
50 to 99 acres		-	-	-	- [37	4	23	10	
	1 273	214		754	166	8 229	1 912	4 644	1 673	
Cropland used only for pasture ar grozingforms ocres	18 856 249	3 280 52	150 2 351 38	10 976	155 2 249 45	267 188 2 474	62 286 730	146 916 1 217	57 986 527	
acres Woodland, including woodland pastureforms	4 988 931	845 126	362 121	3 127 572	654 112	61 703 5 542	22 075 1 174	26 761 3 217	12 867	
Other land (see text)farms_	38 321 1 903	4 626 388	2 794 256	24 669 1 027	6 232 232	277 961 8 932	46 711 2 207	171 345 4 945	59 905 1 780	
	39 776 51 938	8 776 23 757	6 696 9 61	17 641 17 109	6 663 2 11	202 129 478 5 649	50 447 123 1 497	102 726 251 2 795	48 956 104 1 357	
Race and Tenure of Operator						00.,		2 // 0	. 337	
All form operators:	0.400		222		001		0.404			
Full ownersPart owners	2 400 163	473 31	329 17	1 317 101	281 14	11 131 1 628	2 695 370	5 956 1 105	2 480 153	
Tenants		34	16	77	21	1 528	536	823	169	
White farm operators: Full owners	1 977	369	235	1 174	199	9 144	2 059	5 212	1 873	
Part owners	126 98	22	13	82 60	9 11	1 373 932	268 252	982 591	123 89	
Black and other roces (see text):	İ									
Full ownersPart owners	423 37	104	94 4	143 19	82 5	1 987 255	636 102	744 123	607 30	
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹	. 50	16	7	17	10	596	284	232	80	
Form operators by age graup:										
Under 25 years25 ta 34 years	31 308	3 52	-	28 256	-	215	85	130	-	
35 to 44 years	471	120	-	351	_	1 185 2 489	274 467	911 2 022	_	
45 to 54 years	562	130 233	-	432	-	3 572	996	2 576	_	
55 ta 64 years65 years and over	678	-	362	428	316	4 024 2 802	1 779	2 245	2 802	
Average age	52.8	49.5	70.5	46.0	70.6	52.7	51.2	46.9	70.9	
farm operators by place of residence: On farm aperoted On onother farm	1 059 134	134 86	135 14	627 26	163 8	8 877	2 176	4 821	1 880	
In o rural area not an a farm In a city, town, ar urban area	108	28 16	15	62 174	3 19	2 788	698	1 734	356	
Form operators reporting days of work off farm	2 425	385 206	291 236	1 460 1 44	289 165	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	
Any	1 674	179	55	1 316	124	10 117	1 267	7 884	(NA) 966	
1 to 49 days 50 ta 99 days	139	43 40	18 14	84 60	18 25	953 740	652 615	-	301 125	
100 to 149 days	103	22	6	59	16	1 907	013	1 809	98	
	1 088	12 62	3 14	151 962	15 50	6 517	_			
150 to 199 days	1 000	02	1-4	1 702	UT.			6 075	AAT	
200 days and over	Į.	538	362	702	30	0 317	_	6 075	442	

¹⁷⁹⁷⁴ data apply anly to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

ſ		pecified exclude	ed agricultural a	perations, 1974		Fe	arms with sales u	nder \$1,000, 196	9
		Ву	accupation and	d age of operato	r	·			
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupation	n forming	Occupation form					
	Tatal	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years ald and over	Toto	Closs 6	Part time	Port retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹ — Continued									
Farm operators by off-form income: Reporting any	1 517	325	196	801	195	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Off-form income equal to ar greater than value of form products sald	1 463	310	193	767	193	(NA		(NA)	(NA)
Off-form income less than value of form products sold Not reporting or reporting none	54 1 194	15 213	3 166	34 694	121	(NA (NA	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Farms by Size									
1 to 9 acres	589 1 661	134 323	92 226	303 925	60 187	1 322 8 048		744 4 421	214 1 426
50 to 69 ocres 70 to 99 ocres	156 127	35 18	14 14	83 81	24 14	1 417	288	764 750	365 255
100 to 139 acres140 to 179 acres	68 45	11 3	2 8	43 27	12 ⁷	886 486	6 167 8 82	490 282	229 124
180 to 219 ocres	22 8	5 2	3	10	4 2 2	250 16	7 31	140 96	62 40 59
260 to 499 acres	18 17	3	1 2	11 8	2	256	62 2 34	137 60	59 28
Value of Products Sold									ļ
Market value of all agricultural products sold (see text)\$1,000 Average per formdallars	537 198	117 218	69 191	303 203	48 151	5 643 393		3 112 395	1 067 381
Forms by value of agricultural praducts sold: Under \$250 \$250 to \$499	1 846 407	352 76	248 60	1 014 222	232 49	5 285 3 39	855	2 864 1 963	1 154 573 1 075
\$500 to \$999	458 372	110	54 56	259 178	35 36	5 61		3 057 1 985	824
\$1,000_ Nursery and greenhouse productsfarms_	172 49	52 10	30 11	76 22	14 6	1 73		813	300
\$1,000_ Forest productsfarms	24 29	7 4	5	9	3	32	57	212	52
\$1,000 Livestock and livestack productsforms	4 950	(Z) 165	105	598	2 82	万 8 63	1 8 7 1 916	35 5 053	8 1 668
\$1,000 Poultry and poultry products	327 97 10	56 21 2	34 12 (Z)	209 54 6	27 10 1	3 85	7 835	2 263	759
Production Expenses	10		(2)		,	,			į
Total form production expensesfarms\$1,000	2 566 1 816	488 336	331 207	1 444	303 182	14 28 13 33		7 884 8 046	2 802 2 143
Forms with expenditures of — \$1 to \$499	1 061	209	174	530	148	5 498		2 688	1 305
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,999	1 048 375	203 59	110 39	619 242	116 35	4 191		2 331 2 865	833 664
\$2,000 and over	82	17	8	53	4	-			1
Livestock and poultry purchasedfarms	988 244 2 063	205 46 355	114 37 249	551 136 1 224	118 26 235	4 650 1 540 10 130	329	2 773 1 003 5 804	780 [208 [1 999]
Feed for livestack and poultry	537 1 457	88 298	64 191	336 800	50 168	2 98 (NA	7 616	1 836 (NA)	535 (NA)
tons \$1,000	2 225 265	423 47	301 38	1 265 153	237 27	(NA (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarms \$1,000_	639 32	86 5	99 4	362 19	92 4	5 6 0	106	3 073 203	934 56
Commercial fertilizerfarms \$1,000_	ì 227 92	227 15	170 11	672 55	158 11	8 776 1 187	7 297	4 973 699	1 572 190
Other agricultural chemicals (see text)forms \$1,000	258 17	52 6	30 1	155 8	21	4 758	94	2 771 181	743
Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and ail for the farm businessfarms \$1,000	2 271 269	436 52	280 32	1 287 149	268 35	13 05: 1 870		7 308 1 015	2 461 347
Hired form laborfarms \$1,000_	212 66	31 15	20 4	140 43	21 4	4 502 1 10	314	2 584 612	768 175
Cantract laborforms \$1,000	34 4	6	3 (Z)	24	(Z)	3 372 546		1 975 336	547 75
Machine hire and customwork	196 24 1 837	39 10 366	20 2 225	108 10 1 034	29 2 212	7 575	5 1 781	4 455	1 339
Other production expensesfarms \$1,000_	532	98	54	331	49	3 42		2 160	516
Farm-Related Income and Expenses	970	95	24	143	17	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Form-reloted income	279 629 38	364 11	55	128 128 24	82 3	(NA 461	(NA)	(NA) 239	(NA) 65
Customwark and other agricultural servicesfarms \$1,000 Recreational servicesforms	62 1	49	-	9	4	413 70	126 17	262 32	25 21
\$1,000 Gavernment form programsfarms	i 55	- 6	- 6	i 40	3	2 849	9 884	10 1 433	532
\$1,000 Rent of formland ar fram lease or sole of allotmentsfarms_	17 209	3 81	(Z) 23	12 93	3 12	1 010 (NA) 392) (NA)	470 (NA)	148 (NA)
\$1,000 Other form-related sourcesforms_	526 22	311 1	41 8	100 12	74 1	(NA (NA) (NA)) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
\$1,000 Expenses for farm-related income sourcesforms	23 75	1 29	14	7 31	1 12	(NA (NA	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
\$1,000	105	29	13	21	42	(NA	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply anly to individual ar family aperations (sale proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

			pecified exclude	d agricultural (perations, 1974		Farm	s with soles un	der \$1,000, 196	9
			8y	accupation on	d age of aperato	or				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)	,		Occupation	n forming	Occupation form					
		Total	Less than 65 years aid	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years ald and over	Tatal	Class 6	Part time	Port retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobilesn	.forms umber	1 869 2 049	357 389	260 276	1 040 1 168	212 216	8 103 9 773	2 033 2 426	4 568 5 632	1 502 1 715
	umber	1 914	362 384	241 247	1 096 1 123	215 220	8 707 9 526	2 048 2 245	5 179 5 712	1 480
	umber	1 796 1 929	311 349	229 253	1 060 1 113	196 214	8 529 10 145	2 076 2 558	5 057 5 979 (NA)	1 396 1 608 (NA)
	umber	1 778 1 896	310 348	228 252	1 051	189 203	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
	umber	29 33	1	1	20 20	11	(NA) (NA) 103	(NA) 41	(NA) 49	(NA) 13
	umber	9	8 8	-	i	-	120	48 34	57 53	15
	umber	2 2	-	_ _ i	2 2	-	101	35 (NA)	54 (NA)	14 (NA)
	umber	2 2	_	_	2 2	-	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
	umber	-	-	_		13	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)
Mower conditionersn Pickup bolersn	umber I	70 70 15	6 6 2	11	40 40 13	13	(NA) (NA) 480	(NA) 109	(NA) 321	(NA) 50
	umber	15 15	2 2 1	_ _ _	13	-	498 (NA)	109 (NA)	335 (NA)	54 (NA)
n Field farage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	umber	10 8 8	1 3 3	1	9 4 4	- - -	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment		2 453	452	307	1 407	287	12 925	3 218	7 254 24 974	2 453 6 228
Forms by value of machinery and equipment:	\$1,000	15 904	3 281	2 066 9	8 761 37	1 796	42 414 2 518	11 212 717	1 126	675
\$1 ta \$999 \$1,000 ta \$4,999 \$5,000 ta \$9,999	j	65 733 1 427	14 124 262	78 : 187	430 818	101	8 021 1 749	1 913 373	4 648 1 122	1 460 254
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999		200	40 5	28 5	115	17	471	149	275	47
\$30,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 and over	-	5	5 2	-	-		166	66	83	17
Livestock and Poultry			-]	~			
Livestack and poultry inventory:										1
	umber	1 164 5 931	182 972	126 597	715 3 660	141 702	10 278 137 706	2 404 28 870	5 852 82 811	2 022 26 025
	umber	768 3 113	116 500	87 348	470 1 938	95 327	7 994 62 006	1 904 13 450	4 544 36 946	1 546 11 610
	umber	600 2 458	90 391	66 260	383 1 608	61 199	6 738 56 329	1 546 11 959	3 956 34 099	1 236 10 271
Milk cowsn	.farms umber	318 655	50 109	39 88	174 330	128	2 888 5 677	792 1 491	1 433 2 847	1 339
Hags and pigs	farms umber	260 837	60 219	30 84	122 374	48 160	2 626 16 861	793 4 656	1 336 8 988	497 3 217
Litters of pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding year and Navember 30	ł	94	26	11	45	12	1 117	344	557	216
	umber	198 69	48 26	15	105	30	2 467 416	693 100	1 338 231	436 85
Horses and paniesn	umber forms umber	758 484 1 570	335 56 124	20 41 160	243 353 1 218	160 34 68	5 543 3 752 9 430	1 644 791 1 749	3 080 2 429 6 513	819 532 1 168
Chickens 3 months old ar alder	forms	540 11 490	107 2 418	83 2 025	262 5 308	88 1 739	4 550	1 355	2 088	1 107
Hens and pullets of laying age		486 9 573	91 1 948	70 1 487	243 4 694	82 1 444	128 503 4 266 102 999	40 130 1 249	58 561 1 972	29 812
Brailers and ather meat-type chickens	forms	82 833	34 281	7 104	25 304	16	257 6 398	30 362 57 1 573	47 965 129 3 563	24 672 71 1 262
Other livestack and poultry		250	46	34	145	25	1 982	605	943	434
Livestock and paultry sold: Cattle and colves	forms	556	85	60	357	54	7 580	1 632	4 475	1 473
Hags and pigs		1 905 78	284 18	219 11	1 051 43	351 6	35 588 918	7 608 252	20 893 488	7 087 178
Feeder pigs sold		740 26	160 6	40 -	440 14	100	9 299 243	2 585 69	5 099 134	1 615
Sheep and lombs		263 36	28 16	ī	135	100	3 261 195	775 46	1 974 123	512 (26)
Horses and ponies	umber forms umber	316 120 230	196 11 19	10 35	72 95 172	42 4 4	2 138 304 542	626 48 85	1 321 226 403	191 30 54
Chickens 3 months old or older	forms	46	8	6	29	3	122	27	60	35
Hens and pullets of laying age		1 775	898 8 898	100 6 100	676 24	101	8 193 108	2 424 24	4 247 53	1 522 31
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	umber .forms umber	1 579 15 1 154	8 8 52	100	530 7	51 -	7 301 4	2 162	3 749 2	1 390
Other livestock and paultry		81	3	13	1 102 63	2	110 (NA)	(NA)	98 (NA)	12 (NA)
Crops Harvested										
Field corn for all purposes	farms	116 250	24 55	32 76	39 83	21 36	2 757 17 257	930	1 227	600
For grain or seed	forms ocres	106 228	24 55	26 62	39 83	17 28	2 653 16 492	6 029 887 5 726	7 352 1 183 7 044	3 876 583 3 722
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fodder, or hogged	ushels	8 280	2 145	2 084	3 249	802	362 285	120 918	170 810	70 557
or grozed	acres	10 22	-	14		4 8	139 765	57 303	55 308	27 154

l		Specified excluded agricultural aperations, 1974					Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969			
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural		Ву								
aperations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)		Occupation	n forming	Occupation form						
	Tatal	Less than 65 years ald	65 years ald and over	Less than 65 years ald	65 years aid and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement	
Crops Harvested — Continued										
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirupfarms	_	_	_	_	_	87	28	45	14	
ocres For grain ar seedfarms	-		_	_	-	992 11	169 4	527 7	296	
acres bushels Cut for silage, green chop, dry farage ar hay, or hagged	=		_		-	105 2 724	23 450	82 2 274	-	
or grazedfarms ocres				-	-	76 887	24 146	38 445	14 296	
Wheat for grainforms acres	5 41	_	-	5 41	-	17 1 3 7	4 24	11 111	2 2	
bushels Other small grains for grain	684 27 182	18	- 4 28	684 4 12	- 1 10	2 782 173 1 798	174 48 517	2 584 104 1 067	24 21 214	
Saybeans for beans	53 194 3 696	28 84 1 804	3 8 230	18 90 1 294	10 12 368	670 8 121 110 452	207 2 506 33 538	352 4 440 60 459	111 1 175 16 455	
Hay and grass silage, excluding sorghum hay (see text)farms	226	31	25	139	31	2 374	509	1 434	431	
acres tons	1 185 1 725	166 241	155 200	727 1 132	137 152	23 222 29 758	5 051 6 132	14 276 18 767	3 895 4 859	
Cottan farms acres bales_	81 230 191	28 82 72	16 43 34	32 88 75	5 17 10	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	
Peanuts for nuts	5 5 4 400		- - -	5 5 4 400	- :	153 176 77 891	35 43 18 509	62 64 26 950	56 69 32 432	
Tabacca	_	_	-	_	_	<u>-</u>	Ξ	Ξ	_	
pounds trish potataesfarms	25 5	2 (Z)	6	15	2	7- 1 089 1 882	407 864	422 659	260 359	
ocreshundredweight Sweetpotatoesforms	301 35	12	35 13	178	76 3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
acres bushels Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for saleforms	1 683 54	263 12	5 690 10	5 565 29	1 165 3	596	201	255	140	
acres Berries far sale	36 13	6 -	7 9 3	20 2 (Z)	2 2 1	981 122 145	392 24 33	396 56 69	193 42 43	
acres Land in orchardsacres acres	18 12	1	3 3 1	9	5	145 447 1 539	33 70 179	302 1 131	75 229	
All other crapsfarms ocres	49 3	10	11	22 1	6 (Z)	(NA) 1 313	(NA) 471	(NA) 631	(NA) 211	
Greenhouse products under glass or ather protectionfarms square feet	35 22 110	6 194	3 424	16 9 428	3 064	22 6 797	1 613	8 2 348	10 2 836	

APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation—for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

to us in the envelope provided.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE — Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-**DENTIAL**. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section	1 Did you receive mo	re than one report forn	n?		r · 1	7	-			
	– See separate Instructions - Go to Section 2		Enter extra file number(s) here							-
Section	2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AG	RICULTURA	AL ACT	IVIT	ES II	N 19	174		
1. At an	— y time in 1974 did you raise, _l	produce, or sell ANY amount	of any of the ite	ems li st e	d belov	w?		YES	NO 2 [
	 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlo Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farm 		 Greent nursen Fish in Fur-bein capt Other a 	y produ captivi aring a ivity	icts ity nimals				
2. Did ye contra	ou at any time in 1974 raise o actors such as feed companie	or produce any agricultural pros, processors, or packers? .	oducts for					YES	NO 2 [
3. Did ye a part	ou raise or produce any agricu (nership, share arrangement, c	ultural products for others or vor other rental agreement in 1	with others und	er · · · · · ·			• • • •	. 1 🗆] 2[⊐
4. Did ye	ou own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricu	Itural purposes	in 1974	7			. 1 🗆	2 [
5. Did ye under	ou own any livestock or poult ra share agreement or custon	ry that was cared for by some narrangement in 1974?	one else	• • • • • •	• • • • •		· · ·	. 1 🗆] 2[
▶ #1	you answered YES to ANY o	of these questions, go to Se	ction 3.							
▶11	VOU Answered NO to All	five of these questions to	ar off this from	nt cover	and r	mail is	haci	۵		

Se	oction 3 ACREAGE in	n 1974 and LA	ND VALUE			nber of		Your estimourrent ma	rket value	
	Include all cropl	and, pastureland, r	angeland,			cres		of these ac the building		m
	woodland, wast	eland, idle land, ho	ouse lots, etc.	None				Dollars		Cents
				_	040		1		Ī	
1.	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • • • •			050		\$			
2.	ALL land rented or leased FF shares; leased Federal, State (Do NOT include land used of	e, and railroad land	; and land used r	ent free.	050		1 \$			
3.	All land rented or leased TO	•		,	060	_				
-	shares by others and land su	bleased	• • • • • • • • • • •	·			\$			
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS (item 1) and acres rented (ite others (item 3), and enter you "THIS PLACE" means greenhouses, and/or at	em 2), then SUBTI our answer in this s your farm or ranch	RACT acres rente pace.) , feedlots, poultr	ed to	070	- 11 - 11	R	nese are t "THIS for this ce	PLACE	" ①
5.	If you rented land FROM	OTHERS (item :	2 above), pleas	e enter the follow	owing in	formation	for	each lan	dlord.	
		Ade	dress	Number of				nents in 19 that apply	74	
	Name		ity, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share Share of live			Cash	Oth	
				081	of crops	or produ	icts	as rent	arrange	ments
					1 🗆	2 🔲		3 □	4 []
				082	֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֖֡	2 🗆		3 🔲	4 [
		I	083 1					- 0	ļ	
					ם י	2 🔲		4 []	
	List additional landlords on back of	over.								
6.	If you rented land TO O	THERS (item 3	above), please	enter the follo	wing inf	ormation	for e	ach ren	ter.	
	Name		Address (No.	and street, city, State	. ZIP code			o. of acres		
							085	5		
							086			12
		ŀ								0
							087			}
									_	4
	List additional renters on back cov	rer.						urrent	-	0
7 .	Of the land you rented or leasures did you subrent or subl				L	of acres		ket value	_	1 1
	leased by you which was wo			,	088	1				1 1
-	You may be	able to skip most o	f this form if —		<u> </u>				-4	013
ſ	a. All the	e land vou owned o	or rented was wo	rked on shares	or rented	to someo	ne els	e .	İ	
		were no crops or land you operated p					m 4 a	oove).		
Ł	If a, b, or c	apply to your ope	eration, please r	ead the Instruc	tions be	fore cont	inuing	with		012
_	this report.	F AGRICULT	IDAL ACTIV	ITV						H
<u>5e</u>	ction 4 > LOCATION C	F AGRICULI	URALACIIV	111					į	{
1	in what county was the large	est value of vour	Bringing	County name		State		No. of acres		=
١.	agricultural products raised of	or produced?	Principal county				0	91	7)	5
	(Enter county name, State, as of acres on the "Principal cost		Other			 	Ö	92	- 	
	of acres on the Principal cool If you have agricultural opera	•	counties			 		93		
	any other county(ies), enter t	he county	<u> </u>			<u> </u>				010
	name(s), etc., on the lines pro "Other counties.")	oviaea for 					0	94		
ż	Location of place within princ	cipal				·····			Sus	ו באָי
	county entered above. (Give of township, district, precinct Township - Range numbers	name t, etc., or	Name of location						CEN	ONLY

Page 1

READ AND ANSWER
THIS QUESTION
THEN FOLLOW THE
INSTRUCTIONS

During 1974 did you produce any <u>crops</u>; cut any hay; haye any nursery or greenhouse

☐ YES — Go to Section 5 below	
☐ NO — Skip to page 8 and	
COMPLETE Section 1	

THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS		ts or specialty ards, groves,			ny land			to page 8 IPLETE Se		
Section 5 $>$ Was any FIE	LD CORN	narvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	lace in 1	974?			
YES — Complete this section	on	Report swee				n in Section	16			
☐ NO — Go to Section 6		when you rea				Na. 1		A	ringted.	
1. Field corn for grain or seed	(Report quanti	ity	Acres	harvested	1	tity harvested Bushe		Acres irrigated		
of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight. 70 lbs.			101	J	OR	shelle		2		
shelled corn = 1 bushel sh					6	shelle	edweight d	jht		
2. Field corn for silage or gree	n chop	. <i></i>	102		1	Tons, green	weight	2		
3. Field corn cut for dry fodde include acres already repor	r, hogged or gr	azed (Do not	103			2				
				Acres	Dry fer	tilizer	Liq	uid or gas fe	rtilizer	
			fe	rtilized	Whole ton	s Tenths	+	nole tons	Tenths	
4. Commercial fertilizer used	on field corn		109		1	/10	2		1/10	
Section 6 Were any SO (Include both gra YES — Complete this section	ain and sweet v	varieties. Do no Report sorgh	ot repor num-sud	t sorghum Ian crosses	sudan crosses	in this sec ation 10 and		ım for		
□ NO — Go to Section 7		shup in Secti		harvested	·····	ity harvested		Acres irrigated		
1. Sorghums (milo) for grain o	111		1		t	2				
harvested in either bushels	1'''	1	6 OR-		hels	}				
_			112		1	Pou Ton	nds s.	2		
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	en chop		113		green weight 1 Tons. 2					
3. Sorghums cut for dry forag			114				weight	2		
4. Sorghums hogged or graze acres already reported in ite			114							
				Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Liq	uid or gas fe	rtilizer	
			119	rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Wh.	ole tons	Tenths	
5. Commercial fertilizer used						/10	<u> </u>		/10	
Section 7 Were any SO from this pla	ce in 19747		DRY	BEANS,	or DRY PE	AS harve	sted			
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 8		T		T	<u> </u>	Commerci	al fertilize	used		
_	Acres harvested	Quantit		Acres irrigated	Acres	Dr	у	Liquid (or gas	
				2	fertilized 3	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole ton	Tenths	
1. Soybeans for beans ②	121	1	Bushels			4	/10	5	/10	
2. Peanuts for nuts 3	122	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
3. Dry field and seed beans	123	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
4. Dry lima beans	124	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	1/10	5	/10	
5. Dry field and seed peas 4.	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	1 /10	
6. Cowpeas for dry peas	126	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
② Soybean hay is to be re	eported in Sect	ion 10 and sov		nogged or a	razed out for	silage or n		ndos in Ca		

- eanut hay is to be reported in Section 10.
- (4) Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.
- (5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

Section 8

> SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain ha	y in S	Section 10 w	hen you reach	that section	on.						
		<u> </u>				TT	Commercia	al fertilize	er used		
		Acres harvested	Quar		Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas	
	None					fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
1. Hard red winter wheat		131	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
2. Soft red winter wheat		132	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
3. Hard red spring wheat		133	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
4. Durum wheat		134	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
5. White wheat		135	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1 /10	
6. Oats for grain	ats for grain		1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
7. Barley for grain		138	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
8. Rye for grain		139	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
9. Mixed grains		140	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
10. Flaxseed	_	141	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
11. Buckwheat		142	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10	
12. Proso millet		143	1	Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either		144	1 6 OR	100-lb. bags	2	3	4		5	 	
100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)			7 OR-	Bu. Barrels			1	/10		/10	
Section 9 Were any SUGAR C			BACCO, IR ed from thi				POTATO	ES, C)R		
☐ YES — Complete this se	ction										
□ NO — Go to Section 10	on n	ext page									
Report tenths of		1	0 - 4		\	Commercial fertilizer used					
acres where	h	Acres arvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or gas			
indicated.		harvested				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	

Report tenths of									Commercial	fertilizer	used	
acres where	Acre harves	-	Quar			res		Acres	Dry	,	Liquid o	r gas
indicated.			harvested		irrigated :			rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1 Cotton							3		4	/10	5	/10
1. Cotton	152	1 /	1		2	1/	3	1,	4	,	5	1 ,
2. Tobacco — all types		1 /10		Pounds		1 /10		/10		/10	<u></u>	/10
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153	/10	1	Hundred- weight	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1	Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
·	155		1	7	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
5. Sugar beets for sugar	450			Tons	2		3		4		5	1/10
6. Sugar beets for seed	156			Pounds	4				4	/10		/10
7. Sugarcane for sugar (6)	157		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10
8. Sugarcane for sirup	159				2		3		4		5	/10

6 In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10 Was any DRY HAY, from this place in 197									
☐ YES — Complete this section☐ NO — Go to Section 11									
If cuttings were made for both dry hay an report the acreage in the appropriate iten	nd grass silage, "hay ns under Part A —	ylage," • Hay a	or "green cho nd Part B —	p" froi Grass	m the sa : Silage	me field below.	ds,		
■Part A DRY HAY		Γ		$\neg \top$	Quantity	harveste	d T		
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were the same acres, report acres only once, I total tons from all cuttings.)			Acres harvested	(Report either dry or green weigh as indicated)				Acr irriga	
Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or de-	hydrating		172	1			ons.	2	
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover a	nd grasses for hav	[173	1		To di	ons.	2	
3. Small grain hay	-	T T	174	1		To	ons.	2	
			175	1			ons.	2	
4. Lespedeza for hay	• • • • • • • • • •	-	176	1		- di	$\stackrel{\cdot}{\longrightarrow}$	2	
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay	• • • • • • • • • • •					dı	ry	2	
6. Wild hay	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	177 			dı	у		
Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sud soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc			178	1		To di	ons, [2	
■Part B — GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE (If two or more cuttings of grass silage, " "green chop" were made from the same only once, but repart total tons from all co	'haylage,'' or acres, report acres		181	1				2	
8. Grass silage and haylage		[ons. reen		
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)	[182	1			ons, een	2	
	r			1	D. Carilla				
		f	Acres ertilized		Dry fertilize le tons	Tenths	<u> </u>	uid or gas f hole tons	Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed	d above	189	*	1		/10	2		1/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEL		me, cl	over, etc.)	harve	ested f		nis p	lacein	
YES — Complete this section	., .,			,	Quantity ha				
NO — Go to Section 12			Acres harvésted	(Report in clean se	oounds,		Acr irriga	
1. Red clover seed		191		1		Pot	ınds	2	
2. Alfalfa seed		192		1		Poi	unds	2	
3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and N	o. from list below.)								
Crop name	No			1		Pot	unds	2	
			-	1		Pou	unds	2	
Crop name	No ed on back cover.			1			303		
Crop name No. Austrian winter peas . 193 Birdsfoot trefoil seed . 194 Fescue seed: Alta . 195 Chewings . 196 KY 31 197 Red 198 Other 199 Bahia grass seed 201 Bentgrass seed 202 Bromegrass seed 203 Orchardgrass seed 204	Crop name Ryegrass seed: An Pe Sudan grass seed Timothy Wheatgrass seed Kentucky Bluegrass Merion Proprietary Other Lespedeza Lupine seed	erennial.	206 207 208 209 211 212 213 214	Als Crif Lad Sw Wh Red Hai Vet All blu	mson clover lino clover setclover s ite clover s top seed ry vetch se ch seed, o other seed	er seed. seed. seed. seed. ther than s — milks	hairy et (fox		. 217 . 218 . 219 . 221 . 222 . 223 . 224
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds	, [Acres		Dry fertiliz	er	Lic	uid or gas	fertilizer
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same	·		fertilized	+	ole tons	Tenths		hole tons	Tenths
acreage was reported in Section 10)		235		1		/10	2		1 /10

Section 12 Were any VEG place in 1974? I YES — Complete this section		-,		, C			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	i duid iidi	5	
☐ NO — Go to Section 13 on next	page									
For Florida, report for the Septem		73 through	. [Acres ha	arvested (7)	· 	Acres'		
August 31, 1974 harvest seasor	n; for all oth	er States	L	For fres	h market	For p	rocessing (8)	irrigat	ed	
report for calendar year 1974. (S	See separate	e Instruction	ons	Whole acr	es Tenths	Whole a	res Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	
for additional guidelines on filling 1. Sweet corn			1	241	10	1	/10	2	/10	
2. Tomatoes			1	242	/10	1	/10	2	/10	
3. Cucumbers and pickles			2	243	/10	1	/10	2	1/10	
4. Watermelons			7	244	/10	1	/10	2	/10	
_			1	245	1 ,	1		2	/10	
5. Green peas, including English, ex		·	[2	246	/10	1	/10	2	1	
6. Snap beans, bush and pole		• • • • • •	• • • •		1 /10		1/10		/10	
7. Other vegetable crops (Enter ve from list below.)	_					1		2		
Vegetable name		No			/10	1	/10	2	/10	
Vegetable name		No	-		/10	1	/10	2	1/10	
Vegetable name		No	}		/10	1	/10	2	1/10	
Vegetable name		No	-		/10	1	/10	2	/10	
Vegetable name		No			/10	1	/10	2	/10	
Vegetable name		No			/10	1	/10	2	/10	
Vegetable name		No	_		/10	1	/10	2	/10	
Vegetable name			L		10		/10		/10	
List additional vegetables h	arvested for sa	ale on back c	over.							
Artichokes	regetable name thicory	keye and bwpeas)	262 263 265 266 267 268 269 270	Lettuce, of Lima bear Muskmek Mustard of Onions, do Onions, go Okra • Peppers, s Peppers, s	e name omaine other os ors ors oreen reen other oreen oreen oreen		Radishes • Rhubarb • Shallots • Spinach • Squash • Turnips • Turnip greet Other veget	ns ables	. 285 . 286 . 287 . 288 . 289 . 290 . 291	
8. Land used for vegetable crops	Acres Land used for vegetable crops harvested		Act irriga		Acres			cial fertilizer use		
(Report acres only once even though two or more crops were	Whole	Tenths	Whole	Tenths	Whole		Dry Whole Ten	Liquid whole	or gas Tenths	
harvested from the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice.	acres 299	1 1	acres		acres	3	tons	tons 4	, 	
Report all fertilizer used.)		10		i /10	<u>i</u>	/10	<u> </u>	10	i /10	

① When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

[®] Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13	Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 pr more fruit trees, including citrus, grape-
	vines, and put trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

☐ YES — Complete this section

□ NO — Go to Section 14
 Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported.

in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

	Acres in trees and vines of all ages		Acres		Commercial fertilizer used								
			irrigated		Acres fertilized		Dry		Liquid or	gas			
1. Land in bearing and nonbearing	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths			
fruit orchards, citrus or other	301		1		2	,	3	,	4				
groves, vineyards, and nut trees		/10		/10		/10		/10		/10			

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hail, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	of bearin	ıg age	8	earing a	ge	
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Quantity harvested (Report tenths where specified)
	302	1 ,	1	2		3	4
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		1/10			1/10		Pounds
	303	i ,	1	2	Ι,	3	4
3. Apples, standard		1 /10			1/10		Pounds
	304	١, ١	1	2	i, i	3	4
4. Peaches, clingstone		1 /10		ļ <u>.</u>	1/10		Pounds
	305	i ,	.1	2	1,	3	4
5. Peaches, freestone	ļ	1 /10			/10		Pounds
	306	i ,	1	2	i ,	3	4
6. Pears, Bartlett	-	1 /10		2	/10		Pounds
	307	i ,	1	2	! <i>,</i>	3	4
7. Pears, other than Bartlett	308	1 /10	<u> </u>	2	1 /10	3	Pounds 4
	308	i ,	1	2	i ,	3	•
8. Cherries, tart		/10	<u> </u>	2	1/10		Pounds
0.00	309	i ,	1	2	i ,	3	4
9. Cherries, sweet		1 /10	<u> </u>		/10		Pounds
	310	i	1	2	i	3	4 Tons
10. Grapes	Į.	1/10]	1/10	1	5 , Tons
		<u>i </u>		<u> </u>		(/10 dry
11. Plums	314	¦ /]	1	2	¦ ,	3	4 / Tons
TI. Fluitis		/10			/10		/10 fresh
	315	!	1	2		3	4 Tons.
12 . Prunes		/10		•	1/10	1	5 I Tons
= 6				2	-		/10 dry
For citrus, report quantity harvested in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.	320	į ,	1	2	i /	3	4
13. Valencia oranges	<u> </u>	/10		ļ	1/10		Boxes
	321	,	1	2	į, [3	4
14. Navel oranges		1 /10		2	1 /10		Boxes
48 -	322	/	1	2	i ,	3	4
15 . Temple oranges		/10	 		1 /10		Boxes
16. Other oranges — Hamlin,	323	i ,	1	2	i,	3	4
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc		1 /10		 	1 /10		Boxes
	324	i ,	1	2	i , i	3	4
17. Grapefruit	L	/10		L	1/10		Boxes

Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

lacktriangle If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page. \Box

Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col. (f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list be	low	Not	of bearin (c)	g age	e Bearing age (d)				Quantity harvested		Unit of measure Mark (X) one (f)		
Name (a)	No. (b)	Toothe		Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		e)	Lbs.		Boxes	of boxes in pound (g)
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🗆	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		⁵ 1	2	3 🗆	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🔲	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		⁵ 1	2	3 🔲	6
	į .		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3 🔲	6
• CITRU	SCROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No		NUT CRO	ROPS No.			
(Report qui 19737 Kumquats Lemons Limes (1) Tangelos Tangerine Other citro	Avoca Dates Figs Mang Necta Pome Olive	ados (See li See Instruct poes arines egranates	nstructions;		2	Almonds Filberts and Pecans. imp Pecans, wild Pistachio	hazelnuts roved d and seed n husk) eglish or Po ented blac	ling	3.	41 42 43 44 45 46 47			

Section 14 Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

☐ YES — Complete this section			A	rea used	in 1974		Value of		
		Sq	uare feet under	glass	Acres in the	open	sales during	1974(1)	
□ NO — Go to Section 15 on nex	t page		or other protect	tion 🕡	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
1. Nursery products — trees, shr	ubs. vines, etc.	371			1	/10	2 \$	1	
2. Sod harvested		372			1	/10	2 \$		
3. Bulbs					1	/10	2 \$		
4. Cut flowers, florist greens; and other florist plants			•		1	/10	2 \$		
5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds plants (Report sweet corn for	384			1	/10	\$	 		
	- T	385	j				2	1	
Vegetables, including mushrooms, grown under	a. Tomatoe	386				1:::::::	2	1	
glass or other protection	b. Cucumbe	ers		-		1	2	1	
	c. Lettuce	100.				1	\$	1	
	d. Mushrod				! 	<u> </u>	\$	ļ	
	e. Other ve						\$	i donono	
7. Area irrigated (Include items	7. Area irrigated (Include items 1 through 6e.)					/10		1 1	
	Г	Area f	fertilized		Dry fertili	zer	Liquid or gas fertilizer		
	Square feet	Acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths		

Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.

399

11) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

/10

8. Commercial fertilizer used on

the crops listed above

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested fo	or sa	le fro	m th	is p	lace	in 19	974?				
☐ YES — Complete this section			Γ.	Acres ha	rvested	1	1	Ouan	tity harv	ested	1	Acres	rigated
□ NO — Go to Section 16			-	ole acres		nths	1		= 1 1/2		s)	Whole acres	
1. Strawberries			402		1		1				ounds	2	/10
1. Strawbernes			403		- -	/10	1					2	1
2. Cranberries				· · · - ·	1	/10	-				00-lb. barrels		/10
list below.)						,	1					2	¦ ,
Crop name	Nc)	ļ		-	/10	1			F	ounds	2	/10
Crop name	No)	l	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		/10				F	ounds		/10
Crop name No Blackberries and dewberries 40 Blueberries, tame 40 Blueberries, wild 40	Crop no Boysen Currant Gooseb			408	Lo Ra	spber	erries ries, re	d	No. 411 412 413		All other	ame perries per berries prop name on 3 above.)	415
				<u> </u>	cres fer				Dry fertil	-		iquid or gas f	
				429	e acres	\$ T	enths	1	le tons	ler	ths 2	Whole tons	i ,
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be							/10		:	ļ	/10		/10
Section 16 Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted	from	this	pla	ice ii	n 197	4?				
YES — Complete this section									Com		l fertilize		
□ NO — Go to Section 17	Acres harvested		uantity rvested			cres gated		Acres rtilized	10/6-01-	Dry	T	Liquid o	.
	431	1	<u> </u>	Pounds,	2		3		4	tons	rentns	5	rentins
1. Popcorn	432	1,		shelled	2		3		4	i	/10	7-	/10
2. Safflower		<u> </u>		Pounds					<u> </u>		/10	<u> </u>	/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1		Pounds	2	·	3		4		/10		/10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1		Bushels	2		3		4	1	/10	5	! /10
5. Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds of oil	2		3		4	!	/10	5	/10
6 . Broomcorn	436	1		Tons of brush	2		3		4		/10	Te	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop nameNo					2		3		4	1	/10	5	 /10
Crop					2		3		4	- 1	/10	5	/10
nameNo List additional crops harvested on	back cover.		*,*.*.*.*	<u></u>	·			··	1		/10	L	/10
Crop name No. Castor beans	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans fo Mustard seed. Rapeseed	r beans	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447 . 448	F 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Sesame Sorghui Soybea grazed Soybea	ops for e for so m for ns ho d or cu ns plo	eed sirup gged o ut for si owed u	lage nder	450 451 452 453	Sv Tr Ve W AI	iticale . elvetbear ild rice ormseed I other c	n for seed	455 456 457 458
Section 17 > Were any FOR	EST PRO	DUCTS	sold	from	this	pla	ce ir	197	4?				
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to and COMPLETE Sec	ntion 10								}		Val Dolla	ue of sales	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees									-	491			
2. Firewood and fuelwood										\$ 492 \$			
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs									· · ·	\$ 493 \$			i -
•									· · ·	494			
4. Pulpwood5. Other forest products (bark, bolt for naval stores, fence posts, ma	s, Christmas	trees, gu	m						<u> </u>	\$ 495 \$			

Section 18 LAND USE IN 1974 — COM	PLETE THIS SECTION			
1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4,	page 1	Acres		
NOTE: If the same land had more than one us ONCE — in the first use listed below	se in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY that applies. For example, cropland that	Number of acres	Acres irrigated	
was harvested and pastured is to be re	nich croos were harvested or hav was cut.	502	1	
and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyal b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Inc.	clude rotation pasture and grazing	503	1	
c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and	soil-improvement	505	1	
grasses, but not harvested and not pastured d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such	: Do not report here land in orchards	506	1	
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow		507	1	
f. Cropland idle			1	
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber tracts and cutover and deforested land with	Woodland pastured	511		
young timber growth.)	Woodland not pastured	512		
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any p other than cropland and woodland pasture.)	astureland	514	1	
 Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of we 				
b. Other pastureland and rangeland		515		
5. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots, po wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported about	516			
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported in the total in this space. Should be	n items 2a through 5 and enter e the same as item 1 above.)	IN"THIS PLÁCE 517	IRRIGATED	
7. Do you have any grazing permits on a per-head base YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply ———————————————————————————————————	, — . s. cot co	4 ☐ Other Fede 5 ☐ Other — S		
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in this	place IRRIGATED in 1974?			
1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of		- Answer item	3 below s irrigated in 1974	
a. Furrows or ditches		523		
b . Flooding			*****	
c. Subirrigation		🗆 525		
d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, tra	veling guns, traveling booms, etc.)			
e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe,	wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)			
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See additional information on estimating quantity of water	ater used.)	Water used		
2. Please estimate the quantity of water used a. Acre-feet (One acre, one foot	53		enths 10	
	capacity per minute X 60 perated in season)		Gallons	
	ns cannot be estimated in a or n in inches of all water applied	·	Total inches	
3. If no land was irrigated in 1974, was there any lar in this place irrigated at any time in 1970-1973?	nd a. What was the most recer in which acres were irrigated	,	Year	
YES — Complete a and b ———————————————————————————————————	b. How many acres were irrigated in that year?		Acres	

Section 20	Was any lar	nd on this place AR	TIFIC	CIALLY DRA	INED	17			
YES Com	plete this sectio	n							
NO Gotto	Section 21							Acres	artificially
underground	tile drains, gradi	e were artificially drained ing for drainage, dikes, on the removal of irrigation w	r pum	ping to control w	vater.		No [541	ained
	•	ally drained by systems i				4?	[542	
Section 21	 	OMMERCIAL FERT							
	on this plac			•••			•		
YES - Comp	olete this section	7							
NO Conti	inue with NOTE	below		Acres		Dry fertiliz		Liquid or gas	
1. How many ac	eres of croniand	used only for	None	fertilized 551	+	ole tons	Tenths 2	Whole tons	Tenths
pasture in 19	74 (reported in	Section 18,	_	551	1		,		1 ,
	e fertilized?	 stureland in 1974		552	1		/10		1 /10
		4a) were fertilized?	П	1552	1'		/10		1 /10
	D AND WER THIS STION	Did you or anyon poultry, or anima in 1974? (Include	spec	cialties on this	place		— Skip	o Section 2 to page 13 IPLETE Se	3 and
						EVC I			ction 2)
Section 22		any POULTRY such e at any time in 197		CHICKENS,	IUNK	E15, L	JUCKS,	eτc.,	
	-	-	• •						
YES — Comp		7							
□ NO — Go to				t					
_		y operations such as bab etc., in Section 26.	у спіс	KS,		1817/2	NTORY		
1. HENS, PULLE	ETS, ROOSTERS	S for table eggs and hatc	hing e	gg production		Number of December	NTORY on this place or 31, 1974	Diras soia	
a. Hens and	pullets of laying	g age kept for TABLE or	MAR	KET egg produc	tion	602		1	
b. Hens and p	pullets of laying	age kept for HATCHING	egg p	production		603		1	
c. Pullets 3 m	nonths old or old	der not yet of laying age				605		1	
		under 3 months old (E			roilers	606		1	
					011613.7	607		1	
		ns (all male breeding stoo meat type chickens, inclu				608	· 	1	
3. TURKEYS	yers, and other i	тевстуре спіскенз, піст	iumg (capons and roasi	iers				
_	d turkeys for sla	ughter (Exclude breeae	rs.)			611		1	
·	,	ghter (Exclude breeders				612		1	
J	•	•	•			613		1	
4. OTHER POUL	TRY raised in ca	ding <i>(Include both heav</i> aptivity <i>(Enter fowl nam</i>	y and . e and	light breeds.) No. from list bel	 low.)			-	
						}		1	
Fowl name				No				1	
Fowl name		·		No				1	
				No				<u> </u>	
List a	idditional poultry on	back cover							
Fowl name Ducks	No.	Fowl name No. Pigeons or squab 616		Fowl name		o. 18			
Geese	–	Pheasants 617		All other poultry			name on lin	e in item 4 al	ove.)
								ie of sales	
b. What was the sold from the	value before tax	xes and expenses of pour If Include estimated vai	ltry an	d poultry produc	cts (egg	gs, etc.)	Dolla	rs Ce	nts
moved from to	his place by con	tractors or others 1	ue 01	pounty and po	uitry pr		629 \$	į	1

Section 23 Did you or anyone else h	ave any CATTLE or CALVES	6 on this place	in 1974?			
☐ YES Complete this section						
NO — Go to Section 24			Number o	NTORY n this place r 31, 1974		
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			631			
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, c,	and d below.)					
			632			
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had a	alved.)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	633			
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and n	nilk heifers that had calved.)					
	4		634			
c. Heifers and heifer calves	635					
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacement					
			636			
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calves	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this p (Include those fed on "This Place" on a cont			Value of s	ales		
Also, report cattle moved from this place to	a feedlot for further	Total number sold in 1974	before taxes and	before taxes and expenses		
feeding as sold; report both the number and See separate Instructions.)	estimated value. None	641	Dollars	Cents		
2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds			\$) 		
3		642	1			
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 pound	s or more	643	S 1			
 a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were fagrain or concentrates for 30 days or more 	\$	ļ				
■DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	in 1974	Val	ue of			
 Report goat dairy products in Section 26 w 	then you reach that section.	dairy pro	ducts sold			
4. What was the gross value of sales of dairy p		Dollars 649	Cents			
from this place in 1974, before taxes and ex		<u> 13</u>				
Section 24 Did you or anyone else h	ave any HOGS or PIGS on the	his place in 19	74?			
YES - Complete this section			INVEN	TORY		
NO Go to Section 25 on next page			Number or December			
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			651			
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b be			652			
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for breed	ding		653			
b . Other hogs and pigs						
■LITTERS FARROWED	,	None Number of lit	ters			
2. Litters farrowed on this place between –		654				
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 .		655				
b . June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974						
b. June 1, 1374 and November 30, 1374						
		Total number	Value of sales taxes and exp			
MUGGS AND DIGS SOLD	None	sold in 1974	Dollars	Cents		
■HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	(56	1			
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974	[7]		S	ŀ		
		57	1			

Section 25 $>$ Did you or anyone else have any SF	HEEP or LAMBS o	n this place in 197	47	
YES — Complete this section		INVENTORY Number on this place	Total num	
NO — Go to Section 26		December 31, 1974	ın 19	
		661	1	
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c below.)		• • • •		
		662		
a. Lambs under 1 year old		663		
		003		
b . Ewes 1 year old or older		664		
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older				
G. Harris and Wethers 1 year old or older 111111111			1	
	None	665 Number shorn 1	Pounds of woo	l shorn
2. Sheep and lambs shorn				
		Value of	Cents	
3. What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lambs, and		Dollars 669	Cents	
wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses:	?	1	i i	
Section 26 Did you or anyone else have any OT			IAITIES	on this
place in 1974?				
YES Complete this section	INVENTORY Number on	Total number sold	Value of	sales
NO — Go to Section 27	this place	in 1974	Dollars	Cents
_	Dec. 31, 197	1 2	<u> </u>	+
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)	672	1 2		-
2. Ponies of all ages		5	<u> </u>	
3 Mules burres and dentions of all ages	673	1 2		1
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages	674	1 2		-
4. Mink and their pelts	675	<u> </u>	: *********	
a. Mink females used for breeding				
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry hatched				ĺ
(Enter name and No. from list below.)		1 2	!	i
NameNo				<u> </u>
Name No.				į
No.		1 2		1
NameNo	Page and Poultry Match		•	-
	y, Bees, and Poultry Hatche			`
Colonies of bees 676 Angora goats	No 	Name Foxes and their pelts Poultry hatched All other livestock		3 4
	Acres under water	Total quantity sold	Value of s	sales
	for fish production	in 1974	Dollars	Cents
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter name and No. from "List A" below.)		1 Pounds	2	
Name No		3 OR	> \$	į
7. Fish in captivity	Tenths	Gallons		
(Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)		Pounds	2	!
Name No	/10	Number	\$	
List A — Livestock Products	_line D P:-u			<u> </u>
	• List B — Fish	in Captivity		
	No. 	Name Tropical fish Other fish		4

Page 12

Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

COM	PIF	TE	TH	100	`E	CTI	0	
CUIVI	rll	- , _	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					15

COMPLETE THIS SECTION			
■ Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974	_		
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implem	Estimated market value		
on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, traplows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment, and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	actors, combines, ipment including	Dollars 701 \$	Cents
■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the tot HOW MA manufact the last 5 (1970-19	NY were ured in years 174)?
	702	1	
2. Automobiles	703	1	
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	704	1	
4 . Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	705	1	
5. Crawler tractors			
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1	
	707	1	
7. Corn heads for combines	708	1	
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	709	1	
9. Mower conditioners	710	1	
10. Pickup balers	711		
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)			
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1	
Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTION	ΡM		
this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	ne der 1,000 bushels 00-4,999 bushels 00-9,999 bushels 000-24,999 bushe 000-49,999 bushe	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tons Is (250-624 to Is (625-1,249) ins) tons)
2. How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.)	None 722	Number of ponds, pit	
a. Area covered when filled to capacity			/10
futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities which you produce? 1 YES — Mark which commodities 2 Sc 3 Sc 4 W 2 NO — Go to Section 29 on next page 5 Cc	orghums (grain) 8	Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live Cattle (live)

Section 29	Did you hav farm product	e any C	CONTRACT or E s place in 1974?	(Include oral and write	EMENT to produtten agreements mad	ice or market any de more than 30 days
☐ YES —Comple				prior to delivery.)		
No. 1	Product name Broilers Started pullets Chicken eggs Turkeys Milk and other dairy products Fattened cattle	No. Pr 7	uced and/or markete roduct name eleder cattle and/or ocker cattle eleding cattle aughter hogs eleder pigs eleding hogs ther livestock and/or buttry (Wite product name line A1 below.) er the Name and No B through G) for that	No. Product name 13 Field and seed 14 Soybeans 15 Wheat 16 Cotton 17 Vegetables for fresh market 18 Vegetables for processing o. in the column hea	corn 19 Frui fres 20 Frui for p 21 Sug 22 Oth pop suga	duct name t. citrus, nuts for h market t, including citrus, processing ar beets er crops, such as hops, corn, potatoes, safflower, arcane, etc. (Write product e on line A1 below.) etc. and complete the
Ternaming en	thes in the cold	ini (itenis	FIRST CONTRACT	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT
A. Product(s) under o	ontract	1. Product	THIS CONTINCT	GEGGRE GGREENE	THE CONTINUE	
Enter name and No item 1 above	. from	name				
nem i above		2. No.	731	732	733	734
B. Type of contract Mark (X) one of these items for each product	1. Production (1) 2. Marketing (1) 3. Production, in	2)) ncluding	1 1 2	1 1 <u> </u> 2 <u> </u> 3	1 1 2	1 1 2 3
under contract	feeding, and	marketing	3 <u> </u> 4	3 <u> </u>	3 <u> </u> 4	4 🗆
C. Type of contractor Mark (X) one of these items for each product under contract	4. Other 1. Co-op 2. Feed compan 3. Packer 4. Processor 5. Other	y	2 1 2 3 4 5 5 D	2 1	2 1	2 1
D. Items furnished by contractor under terms of contract Mark (X) for as many items as apply for each product under contract	 Feed Chicks, pullet feeder pigs, e Seed Fertilizer Chemicals Labor Machinery, er or buildings Harvesting 	tc quipment.	3 1	3 1	3 1	3 1
	9. Transportatio 10. Processing/p 11. Credit 12. Technical ass 13. Other 14. None	acking	9	9	9	9
E. What percent of the was sold under con		this product	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent
F. 1. Amount received from contractor for product covered by contract? 2. Did this payment represent the total		6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$	
market value of th			1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No
G. Did the contract specify — Mark (X) one	1. Exact price? 2. Method of determining price 3. Neither price no.		8 1	8 1	8 1	8 1

⁽²⁾ Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor.

⁽³⁾ Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.

Section 30 PAYROLL AND EMPL labor, employees of la working on this place in PYES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 31	bor contractors or cr	ave any ew lead	paid workers ers, or other s	doing agrict alaried empl	iltural oyees		
Please read before answering items 1, 2, and 3 below Hired farm or ranch workers — In addition to farm workers and paid family members, include such persons as bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance people, etc., whose employment is primarily associated with agricultural production on this place even though they may not be doing agricultural labor. Do not include unpaid family workers or the proprietors or partners of unincorporated places. Cash wages paid — Report gross payments in 1974 to employees before deductions for Social Security, taxes, insurance premiums, etc. Include all wages, salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay. Do not include room and board, house rent, or other items paid in kind.							
For each of the following groups, report how farm or ranch workers were employed and the cash wages paid to them.		Number of	Cash wages	paid			
•			workers 751	Dollars	Cents		
1. Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how man a. 150 days or more?	•		/51	Œ	[
a. 130 days of more;			752	1	 		
b . 25–149 days?				\$	<u> </u>		
O Loop than 25 days?			753	1			
c. Less than 25 days?2. Contract workers hired through a crew leader				\$ 754	- 		
a. What was the cost of contract labor?				: \$] }		
a. What was the cost of contract vasor.			755				
b. How many workers did the contractor furn3. Salaried corporation officers	ish? (Estimate if necessary.,	٠	750				
a. If this operation is incorporated, how many	corporation officers		756				
were salaried in 1974?		· • • • • • •		757			
b. What was the amount paid?				\$]		
Section 31 INJURIES AND ILLN Were there any work or work connected illn (Do not include deaths, i	ESSES CONNECTED connected injuries that lesses or death to wo	O WITH of require orkers or	ed more than f n this place in	RANCH WOF irst aid treat 1974?			
YES — Complete this section							
□ NO — Go to Section 32 on next page			tor and unpaid nily workers	Hired work and paid men of operator's f	nbers		
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses		761	1				
a. How many workers had injuries or illnes	ses without lost workdays?	762	Workers 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Workers		
b. How many workers had injuries or illness	ses with lost workdays?	700	Workers	 	Workers		
(1) How many days were lost as a result	of all injuries	763	1	l			

764

Days

Number

Days

Number

Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUN or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1	IGICIDES, OTH 974?	IER PESTICIDI	S, LIME
☐ YES — Complete this section			
□ NO — Go to Section 33			
Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contract cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9, but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multiply treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.	. For each item liste	ed, report acres onl	y once,
	Number of acres	Cost of che (Do not in cost of app	lude
Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide, insecticide, nematocide) to control —	on which use		Cents
insecticide, nematocide) to control —	771	1	1 001113
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)		\$!
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)		1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops	773	1 \$	-
·	774	1	<u> </u>
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)	775	\$	
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emerger		\$	<u> </u>
f. Weeds or brush in pasture	776	1 \$	İ
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sides, etc.)	777	1 \$	
$ \textbf{2. Chemicals for defoliation} \ \ \text{or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit} \ .$	778	1 \$	1
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	779 \$	l l
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	782	1 \$	İ
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as time for sanitation,		783	
pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc		\$	_!
6. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1a through 5 and enter total here and in Section 34, item 10.)		→ 1784 \$	į
Section 33 > FARM CREDIT			
DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgage deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.)			
\square YES — Answer a, b, and c \square NO — Go to item 2 \square 1	No land owned — 6	o to item 2	
		Amount (principal of December 31,	
		Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit associated. 		791	1
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	ciation	\$ 792	-
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above		\$	
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the pro-	operty or to	793	1
others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	
2. DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business?	or		
YES — Answer a, b, and c NO — Go to Section 34			
		Amount (principal of December 31,	
		Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit		795	!
association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending age		\$	
 Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies). 	1	796 \$	1
		797	
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals		1 \$	1

Section 34

Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services, and household expenses not related to the farm business.

					Production	n expenses
					Dollars	Cents
1. Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho					801	
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul					\$	
Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — gra feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and					802 \$	
	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased — complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	803	/10	1			
b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.)	804	/10	1			
c. Whole grains purchased — such as corn, oats, barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc., (Include cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds or other milling byproducts, or green chop.)	805	/10	\$ 1			
d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc.		/10	\$	ļ		
3. Animal health costs for livestock and poultry (Include	veterinarian		L.T	_	807	''''''
services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.).			. <i>.</i>		\$	<u> </u>
					808	1
4. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					\$ 809	
Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, includir and gypsum (Report custom application costs in item	ng rock phosp	hate			\$ \$	į
6. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purch Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kero grease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.).	sene, fuel oil,	motor oil			\$11	
	Storage ca for farm	use	Estimated expe	1974		
	812		Dollars 1	Cents		
a. Gasoline for the farm business			\$			
b. Diesel fuel for the farm business	813		1 \$	į		
c. LP gas, butane, propane for the farm business (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon)	814		1			
d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and fuel oil for the farm business			815 \$			
7. Hired farm labor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1a, 1b,	and 1 c,	and enter total I	here.)	\$	
8. Contract labor (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, i	tem 2a l				823 \$	
 Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures equipment and for customwork such as grinding and combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, 	for this place mixing feed, p	for use o plowing,			824 \$	
• •					826	į
10. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars report11. All other production expenses (Include OTHER current					\$ 827	
as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance,	repairs, electr	icity,	Jacii		1	1
purchase of water, etc., for the farm business.)	• • • • • • • •				\$	
12. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including exportance or others (Add dollars in items	enses paid by	landlor 1 and e	ds, contractors nter total here.	*	829 . S	

	tion 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this plac and expenses (See separate Instructions.)	e in	1974, before	e taxes
THIS PAG		Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Estimated va products s	
		contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Dollars	Cents
1.	Grains — o grain sorgh	corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, nums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		832 \$	1
2.	Cotton and	cottonseed		833 \$	
3.	Tobacco .			834 \$	
4.	Field seeds	, hay, forage, and silage		\\$ \\$	_ i i
5.	Vegetables	s, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)		836	<u> </u>
6.	sweetpota	crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, toes, sugar beets, sugarcane, nint for oil, hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>		837 \$	1 1 1
7.	Fruits, nuts	, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes, ecans, pears, pineapples, etc		838	1
8.	Nursery an	d greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in , items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)		839 \$	1
9.		ducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)		849 \$	
10.	Poultry and turkeys, etc	poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, c. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)		852 \$	
11.	Cattle and	calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — slude item 3a — and enter the total here.)		853 \$	
12.	Dairy produ Report goa	ucts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4. t dairy products in item 15 below.)		854 \$	
13.	Hogs and p	igs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)		855 \$ 856	-
14.	Sheep, lam	bs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)		\$	į
15.		tock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, .(Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)		857 \$	
16.		LUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or 's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)	>	859 \$	1
Sect	tion 36	INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES I	N 19	74	
	Part A —	NCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related ii	ncome
		Report amount received before taxes and expenses.	None	Dollars	Cents
	planting, sp	rk and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing, braying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-eparate business, see separate Instructions.)	П	871	1
	Recreation	al services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,		872	-
		nd lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	Ц	873	-
		lude redeemable loans.)		\$	
	received fro	rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments on lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock or a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)	П	874 \$	i ! !
5 .	Other busin	ness or source of income which is on or CLOSELY RELATED to the		875	
	AGRICULT	URAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		\$	<u> </u>
-	Part B — I	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related ex	
6.		elated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter	None	Dollars 876	Cents
	operating e	expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not	_		
	muidae exp	penses already reported in Section 34)	Ц	\$	1

Section 37 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION, OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS, and related information

COMPLETE	THIS PAGE								
■ Part A—	Type of Organization								
1. Mark (X) t	he one box which best de	scribes the way this	s place was o	perated i	n 1974.				
901 1	INDIVIDUAL or FAMIL excluding partnership a	Y operation (sole prond corporation	oprietorship)			Comple	te Parts	B and C	
2	PARTNERSHIP operation (See separate Instruction)	on, including family ons.) — Enter numb	partnerships er of partner.	902		\[below			
3 🔲	CORPORATION, includ	ing family corporati	ons — _{Skin}	to Section	n 3.8				
	OTHER, such as cooper Indian reservation, etc.	ative, estate or trus	t, prison farm	n, grazing	association	ı, 			
■ Part B—	Farm Operator Charact					amilv. or P	artnersh	nio Opera	ations
	e Where does the ope		1			, , ,			-11-071-0
person in	charge, or senior partner	of		•	[2 🖂 Or	n another fa	ırm		
this farm o	or ranch operation live?.		Not on this	place	2 On another farm 3 In a rural area, not on a farm				
					4 In	a city, towr	n, or urba	an area	
2 What was	the earliest year the ope	rator			(- 🗀	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
(or senior	partner, if partnership) be	egan							
to operate	any part of this place?			rear (
	s the operator (or senior partnership)?	905		ears old					
4. Operator's	s race — 906	5 ₁ ☐ White	4 🗍	Mexican	American	5 [] Japan	ese	
Mark (X) a	appropriate box	2 ☐ Negro or		Chicano		_	Chines		
		Black		Puerto Ri	(Mexicano) can		Filipin		
		з 🔲 American		Cuban	0 1	11] Other Specif	— 'y what ra	ice —
		Indian		Central or America			ороси.	, ,,,,,,,,,,,	~~ Z
				Other Sp					
the majori	Occupation — At what of ity (50 percent or more) of erships, consider all mem	of his work time in 1	974?		907	7 1 ☐ Far 2 ☐ Oth			
•	Work — How many	Mark (X) one for e			1_49	50-99	100-149	150-199	200 days
	ach member of the	applicable line		Non	e days	days	days	days	or more
•	rk OFF the place (Include work at a	a. Operator or sen	or partner.	911 1 [] 2 []	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🗍	6 🗆
nonfarm jo	ob, business,	b . Spouse		912 1		3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🗌	6
,	n, or on someone n. Do not include	c . Other				3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🗌	6 🗆
	farm work.)	d . Other		914 1	2	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🗌	6 🗌
	Family Income from Of	f. Farm Sources in	1974				[Income fro	
	mount you and members			from the f	ollowing so	urces.		ff-farm sou	
•	ership operations, the repo				family.)	None	_	ollars	Cents
	of a non-farm-related bun al practice (<i>Report NET a</i>						921		1
	es, salaries, commissions						922		1
(Report ar	mount before deducting t	'axes.)				⊔	923		-
3. Interest, d	ividends, or royalties						s		1
4. Federal Sc	ocial Security, pensions, r	etirement pay, veter	rans paymen	ts, annuiti	ies, unempl	οу-	924 \$		<u>!</u>
	rance, workmen's compe						925		
5. Rental inc	ome of nonfarm property			expenses	.)	• • • • 📙	\$		<u> </u>
Section 38	> PERSON COMP	LETING THIS F	REPORT						
PLEASE	Name			21 M-at	Date	033.4	Tel rea Code	ephone	
PRINT			9	31 Month] Day	932 A	rea code	Number	
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

Enter remarks on back cover.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle;" and

(3) Mail back the two tom-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) The Same Report Form Is Used For All States Except Hawaii. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

- (a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
- (b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
- (c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.
- (d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.
- (e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished. Go to the next section indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would self for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre; but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Lend Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested.

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage: he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17–3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration

YES - Complete this section • Report swee NO Go to Section 6 when you re	t corn in Section ach those section	12 and popeum m . s	Section 16			
=	Acres Nervessed	Quartery N	Rvested	Acres -	Acres engaged	
 Field corn for grein or seed (Report quantity of shelled corn harvested in either busheds or hundrahmeight. 70 lbs ear corn or 55 lbs. shelled corn ** 1 bushel theiled corn! 	" 80	7,000	Bushes Under	,		
2. Field coin for sitage or green chop	193 2 0	1	Long			
	200	, 400	green wer	,∾i' 22	,0	
3. Field corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in items 1 or 2),	103			2		
	Acres	Acres Dry lettéres		Land or all letter		
	lettered	Without tons	tenms	Whole tons	Lyca	
4. Commercial fernitizer used on held com	109 / 00	1 1/7	8/10 2		1	

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting - If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons age on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing, If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

▶ Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box Weight — Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

^{*}Includes Temples and Tangelos

 Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

▶ Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acre-feet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate Gallons — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal/minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal/minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11 520 000 gallons 11,520,000 gallons

Total inches — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season.

▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold - Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold — Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle sales — Do not include on the fattened cattle line:

(a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or

- (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold f - further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place - Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere. fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lambs shorn — In the first answer space report the number shorn, in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

▶ Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market - Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

▶ Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both.

Production contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor. Marketing contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide specifically for the production or marketing of agricultural

▶ Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Raal Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts: or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C. item 1).

▶ Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership oparations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives.

- Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or un-Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or un-incorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation.

O.M.B. No. 41 S74065, Approval Expires December 31, 1975

FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

ment P Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are ımmune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	re than one report form	?	
☐ YEŞ — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2		Enter extra file pumber(s) here	
Section 2 FARMING, RANCI	HING, OR OTHER AGR	ICULTURAL ACTIVITIES IN 1974	
		YES	s NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, p	produce, or sell ANY amount o	of any of the items listed below? \dots 1 [2
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlot Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farm 	nursery products • Fish in captivity • Fur-bearing animals in captivity	
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise o contractors such as feed companies	r produce any agricultural pro s, processors, or packers?	ducts for YEs	S NO 2
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, c	Itural products for others or w or other rental agreement in 19	ith others under 974?1	2
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricult	ural purposes in 1974? 1 [2 🔲
5. Did you own any livestock or poultr under a share agreement or custom	y that was cared for by someon arrangement in 1974?	one else	2 🗆
► If you answered YES to ANY o	f these questions, go to Sec	tion 3.	
► If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provided.		r off this front cover and mail it back	

Se	ection 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LAI				nber of		Your estimateurrent mai	rket value res and	•	
	Include all cropland, pastureland, ro woodland, wasteland, idle land, ho	angeland, ouse lots etc			Cres	<u> </u>	the building	· -		
	woodiend, wasterand, rare rand, me	, ase 1013, Etc.	None	040			Dollars	iC	ents	
_	A			040		[1		
1.	ALL land owned		⊔	050		\$		i		
2.	ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, incl shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis	and land used	rent free	050		\$				
3.	All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including	land worked o	on .	060		1		- 		
4.	shares by others and land subleased	e ADD acres or	wned	070		S TI	hese are t	the ACF		
	others (item 3), and enter your answer in this s						for this ce			
	 "THIS PLACE" means your farm or ranch greenhouses, and/or any other agricultura 		try houses,	-		- `				
5.	If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2	2 above), plea	ise enter the fol	lowing ir						
							ments in 19	74		
		tress ity, State, ZIP code	code) Number of acres		Share Share of live		ark (X) all that apply vestock Cash		Other	
			081	of crops	or prod	ucts	as rent	arrange	ments	
				1 🗆	2 🗆	 	3 🗆	4 []	
			082	', 🗆	2 🔲		3 🗆	4 []	
			083	ן ם י '	2 🗆		i 3□	4 □)	
6.	If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 and Name		e enter the follo o. and street, city, Stat				No. of acres	ter.	4 015	
	List additional renters on back cover.								0	
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (ite	em 2 above), ho	ow many None	Number	of acres		Current ket value	Ш		
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (In leased by you which was worked on shares by o			088		1		71		
_				1	1	\$		_4	13	
1	You may be able to skip most on a. All the land you owned of b. There were no crops or li	or rented was w	vorked on shares	or rented	to some	one els	e.		0	
	READ c. The land you operated points a, b, or c apply to your ope.	rior to 1974 ha	s been sold to soi	neone els	s e .				2	
	this report.				5 COM				012	
Se	ction 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULTI	JRAL ACTI	VITY							
1.	In what county was the largest value of your	Principal	County name		State		No of acres		011	
	agricultural products raised or produced? (Enter county name, State, and number	county				ľ	<u> </u>	_		
	of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties				0	92			
	If you have agricultural operations in				†	- 0	93			
	any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for	<u> </u>			 		94	-	010	
	"Other counties.")					0	34	#	ł	
2.	Location of place within principal county entered above (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or	Name of location						CENSUS	ONLY	

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under				T	
	contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None		Acres rvested	Quan	tity harvested
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled		101	{	1	Bushels shelled
	basis in either bushels or hundredweight . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)	· 🔲		ĺ	6 OR-	Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already		104			
	reported in item 1.)			-		
3.	. Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report		111	\	1 OR	Bushels
	quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds.)				6	Pounds
4	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include acres	П	115			
	already reported in item 3.)		121		1	
5.	Soybeans for beans		12 1		'	Bushels
		_	122		1	
6.	Peanuts for nuts		130		1	Pounds
7.	Wheat for grain		130] ' 	Bushels
8.	Other small grains or		136			
	grain — oats, barle ·, rye, rice, etc. — Sp ·city					
	Tye, fice, etc. — Sp eny		151,		<u> (1</u>	
9.	Cotton					Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type		152	/10	1	0 4
	3,p.		153	1 /10	1	Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (excluding home use)			/10		Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	П	154	/10	1 	Bushels
	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay,	_				Busiless
	grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	
	sucreport total tons of an eathings, f		240	1		Tons, dry
14.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale			1/10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing			İ		
	fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages		•	1.		
	(Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned		301			
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify			/10		
16.	Berries for sale — Specify	П	401	/10		
	All other crops (Include field			/10		
	seeds; sugar crops; nursery		430	1		
	products; flowers, etc., grown in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify			/10		
10	If any greenhouse products were said to			9qu 460	rare feet	\dashv
10.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?					

Section 6 LAND USE IN 1974

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5.

NOTE: If the same land had more than in the first use that applies. For a						
is to be reported only as "Cropla		• 45 774, • 65	rea ana p	03(0,00	Number of acres	 s
1 Cropland harvested (Include all land fr and all land in orchards, citrus groves, If two crops were harvested from the s	vineyards, and nursery a	ind greenh	ouse proc	lucts.	502	
2. Cropland used only for pasture or graz	ing				503	
3. All other cropland (Include cropland u crop failure, cultivated summer fallow,	sed for soil-improvemer	nt crops,			504	
4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture	.)				510	
5. All other land (Include pastureland other rangeland, and land in house lots, bar	her than cropland and w rn lots, ponds, roads, wa	oodland pa steland, et	asture,		513	
6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE"		eported in i	items 1		517	***
(This total should be the s	· ·		•			
7. How much of the total land reported in 1974?			528	Acres irrigated		
Section 7 LIVESTOCK AND POL	JLTRY	 		<u>.</u>		
Be sure to report all livestock and pou Include as sold all livestock and poult	-					
			None	INVENTORY Number on this pla December 31, 197		<u></u>
1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclud pullets being raised for sale.)			🗆	601	1	
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or c 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type c and roasters)	hickens (including capor	าร	_	608	1	
4. Cattle and calves of all ages			_	631	1	
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that				632		
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows				633		
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages			🗆	651	1	
a. Of the total sold, how many were so FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?			🗆		2	
b . Litters of pigs farrowed on this plac	e between — None	Number	of litters			
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31	. 1974	654				
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30), 1974		None	661	1	
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages					<u></u>	,
7. Horses and ponies of all ages			🗆	670	1	
 Other livestock and poultry — goats, r turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc. 	s, poultry hatched, fish in	1	🗆	698	t	
Specify what kind				699	1	
				0.33		

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 Section 8 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

ment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

■ Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 Estimated market value 1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually Dollars Cents kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, 701 combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equip-\$

■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this pl (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	lace, Decer	nber 3	1	Total nur on this pla December 3	ice on	HOW MAN manufactu the last 5 y (1970-197 (Numl	NY were red in rears (4)?	
2 . Automobiles			7	02		1		
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)			70	03		1		
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and moto			70	04		1		
5. Crawler tractors			7.	05		1		
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only			70	06		1		
7. Corn heads for combines			170	07		1		
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers			7/	08	-	1		
9. Mower conditioners			7.0	09		1		
10. Pickup balers				10		1		
			7	11		1		
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type .	,		7	12		1		
Section 9 \triangleright Production EXPENSES paid by y	ou and ot	hers	for this pla	ce in 19	74			
Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you and others for production of crops, livestock, and o DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performance operation of non-farm activities, businesses or serv	ther agricult orming cust	tural pr omwor	oducts on thi k off this plac	s place. e,	2			
related to the farm business.	nces and no	useno	iu experises ri	O C	ļ	duction exper	Cents	
1. Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, how					801		1	
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pu					s		ļ I	
Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain concentrates, etc.					802		i I	
	r				\$ 			
 a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased — complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not 	Tons 803	Tenths	Dollars	Cents			}	
include in an diagram and annotately such	003	i	١ '	1				

concentrates, etc.,		· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · ·		{ S	i
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such	803		1			
as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	Ĺ	<u>i</u> /10	s	_ i		ı,
3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					808	1

4. Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, including rock phosphate 809 and gypsum (Report custom application costs in item 8.) s 5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business — 811 Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc., \$

821 823 8. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of equipment 824

and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)......

9. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, insecticides, etc. Exclude fertilizer.). 10. All other production expenses. (Include other current operating expenses such as

11. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including expenses paid by landlords. contractors, or others (Add dollars for items 1 through 10 and enter total here.)

depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, electricity, purchase

Section 10 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974

before taxes and expenses				
Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or		Estimated value of products sold		
contractor's share, estimating if necessary.				
		Dollars	Cents	
		831	1	
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)		s	1	
and greening one is a more of market products, it is a second of the sec		839		
2 Nursery and grouph area produces and				
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold	• • • • • • •	\$ 849		
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gui	m	043	i I	
for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc		\$	į	
		852	!	
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold		\$	1	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		858		
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold		S	Ì	
2. Extension and intention products (mining vices), etc., etc., etc.		859	**	
		033	1	
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or			1	
contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)		s		
ection 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOUR	CES IN 1	974		
■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related	income	
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)	None	Dollars	Cents	
		871		
 Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 				
(If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)	🗆	\$	l l	
		872		
			į	
2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	🗆	\$	1	
bostaling and loaging, or other real section at the many passes		873	1	
3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs			1	
(Do not include redeemable loans.)	🗆	s	į	
		874		
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payme	nts		1	
received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)	\square	S	1	
		875		
5. Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY			1	
RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL	П	_	1	
OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind	⊔	\$	i	
		Farm-related ex	oenses	
■ Part B — EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES	None	Dollars	Cents	
	HOUR	876		
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5.			i I	
enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.			1	
(Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.	🗆	s	i	

903 1. Where does the operator, person in charge, of this farm or ranch live?			
charge, of this farm or ranch live?	another farm I rural area, not on a farm I city, town, or urban area		
2. Year operator began to operate 904 any part of this place Year			
3. Operator's age			
4. Operator's race — Mark (X) appropriate box 906 1 White 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian 2 Negro or Chicano Mexican (Mexicano) Puerto Rican Cuban Cuban Cuban Cuban Central or South American Other Spanish 5 Japanese Chicano Chinese Filipino Puerto Rican Cuban Specify what race	; <u> </u>		
5. Principal Occupation — At what occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his work time in 1974? (For partnerships, consider all members of the partnership together.).			
6. Number of days operator worked off this place in 1974 (Include work at a nonfarm job, business, or profession, or on someone else's farm. Do not include exchange farm work.) — Mark (X) the appropriate box. 911 1 None 2 1-49 days 5 150-199 days 6 200 days or more			
7. Was the income which you and your family received from work off the farm and from other sources greater than the total value of agricultural products sold from this place in 1974?			
8. Person preparing Name Date Telephone	Telephone		
this report 931 Month Day 932 Area code Number PLEASE PRINT			

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside backcover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- ▶ (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third egricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one;
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock." "All land rented out." "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle:" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership ferming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BESTESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 6 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

▶ Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

▶ Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs. Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for landlords and others in payment for services or products, any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place, crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for landlords and others.

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place"

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

► Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

▶ Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the --

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).