



Volume I Part 20

# Maryland State and County Data

Issued March 1977



U.S. Department of Commerce Juanita M. Kreps, Secretary

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Robert L. Hagan, Acting Director

#### **BUREAU OF THE CENSUS**

Robert L. Hagan, Acting Director
Shirley Kallek, Associate Director for Economic Fields
Melvin A. Hendry, Acting Assistant Director for Economic Censuses

AGRICULTURE DIVISION
Orvin L. Wilhite, Chief

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS—Many persons participated in the various activities of the 1974 Census of Agriculture. Primary direction was by Shirley Kallek, Associate Director for Economic Fields. Her predecessor, James W. Turbitt, now Associate Director for Administration and Field Operations, directed the early stages of planning for the census.

This report was prepared in the Agriculture Division under the general supervision of J. Thomas Breen, Chief (to February 1976), and Orvin L. Wilhite, his successor. Arnold L. Bollenbacher, assisted by Thomas D. Monroe, Donald R. Jahnke, John A. Blackledge, William A. Harlan, and John C. Womack, was directly responsible for review and analysis of the data and for clerical and computer edit and tabulation specifications. Kenneth R. Norell, assisted by Albert W. Graybill, coordinated the organization and content of the publication tables. Robert S. Taylor, assisted by John E. Adkins, Stephen M. Schobel, Loyd C. Brown, Jack H. Margolis, Edward J. James, and William R. Adams, was directly responsible for the operational aspects of data collection, processing, and tabulation, including preparation of control systems, clerical procedures, and computer programs. Janet W. Hall provided editorial services and coded the Linotron table formats of this report for publication via the Linotron computer system. J. Jack Ingram (to September 1974) and Charles E. Rogers, his successor, assisted by Darrell D. Prochaska and Harold V. Edwards, were directly responsible for mailing list acquisition and unduplication, design of sampling procedures for data collection, monitoring of processing, and evaluation of coverage. J. Thomas Miller, Consultant, assisted in the design and content of the data collection forms and followup letters, specifications for publication tables, and preparation of text. O. Bryant Benton, Chief, Data Preparation Division, Jeffersonville, Indiana (to March 1976), and Don L. Adams, his successor, assisted by Robert L. Allen, Rebecca Nesbit, and Darrell L. Farabee, were directly responsible for clerical and data-encoding operations.

The computer processing facilities used were under the general supervision of James R. Pepal, Chief, Computer Services Division (to May 1976), and Thomas C. DiNenna, his successor.

Forms design was accomplished under the general supervision of Cecil B. Matthews, Chief, Administrative Services Division (to September 1975), and Henry J. Husmann, his successor, assisted by Gladys S. Potts and Cathern S. Kline.

Within the Publications Services Division, many individuals made significant contributions in the areas of publication planning and design, editorial review, composition, and printing procurement.

Important contributions were made by the members of the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics in establishing data needs and priorities for collection and publication of the information. Other representatives of both public and private organizations also made significant recommendations and suggestions.

Members of various agencies of the U.S. Department of Agriculture provided advice and counsel during the planning, data collecting, and processing phases of the census and assisted farmers and ranchers who requested help in completing the report form.

The press, farm magazines, and radio and television stations, were most helpful in publicizing the census and encouraging cooperation of farm and ranch operators. Dean L. Quirin, Agriculture Division, and Dorothy W. Whitson, Public Information Office, were primarily responsible for developing and coordinating the public relations program.

Special tribute is paid to the millions of farm and ranch operators and other agriculture-associated people who furnished the information requested in the census. Only through their cooperation was it possible to collect and publish the data in this report.

## Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

United States. Bureau of the Census. 1974 census of agriculture.

CONTENTS: v. 1. State reports. v.-v.2. Statistics by subject. v.-v.3. Agricultural services. v.-v.4. Special reports. v.

1. Agriculture—Économic aspects—United States—Statistics—Collected works. I. Title. II. Title: Census of agriculture. HD1753 1974.B87 1977 338.1'0973

76-608387

For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, or any U.S. Department of Commerce district office. Postage stamps not acceptable; currency submitted at sender's risk. Remitances from foreign countries must be by international money order or by draft on a U.S. bank. Price \$0.00. S/N 003-24-01333-9

#### REPORTS OF 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

Preliminary Reports. Four pages of data published separately for each county having 10 farms or more, and for each State, the four geographic regions, and the United States. The statistics printed in these reports are superseded by those in the final reports, Volumes I through IV.

Volume I. State and County Data. One for each State, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands, covering the area and its subdivisions. The reports for the States contain data for all farms and farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Chapter I contains detailed data at the State level classified by size of farm, tenure and age of farm operator, type of organization, value of products sold, and major type of farm; Chapter II, county data summarized by subject; Chapter III, county data by subject for miscellaneous crop and livestock items found in relatively few counties; Chapter IV, county data by county.

Volume II. Statistics by Subject. Chapters containing total data for the United States, geographic regions and divisions, and States, for all farms and farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Volume III. Agricultural Services. Data by county for each State covering establishments whose primary activities are providing agricultural services. Data at the U.S., State, and county levels for all establishments are presented for selected four-digit standard industrial classification codes by size and type of organization. Data shown include dollar volume of business, gross receipts from products provided, gross receipts, labor and payroll by type of service performed, capital expenditures, and expenditures for electricity, gasoline, petroleum, and other fuels.

#### Volume IV. Special Reports.

Part 1. Graphic Summary. Profiles the Nation's agricultural system in a series of U.S. maps, a number of which are printed in color. The characteristics of America's farms in 1974 are illustrated for crops, livestock, and many other characteristics.

Part 2. Ranking Counties and States. Reports on the top ranking 100 counties and 10 States in descending order of importance for 88 selected items for 1974 with comparative data for 1969.

Part 3. Coverage Evaluation. Shows the completeness of the agriculture census for States, geographic divisions, and the United States. Data also show the characteristics of farms missed by value of sales and by selected standard industrial (type-of-farm) classifications. Sampling reliability of the estimate of coverage is shown by value of sales classifications.

Part 4. Procedural History. A comprehensive summary of the procedures used in conducting the 1974 Census of Agriculture in the 50 States, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. The history explains the procedures used from early planning and testing through tabulation and publication of the final reports.

## **CONTENTS**

		Р
Table—Fari Comparab	on	_
	1969	
	of the State's Agriculture: 1974 and 1969	X
	nanges in the State's Agriculture: 1974 from 1969	Х
	ofile of the State's Agriculture: 1974	Х
	ber of Farms: 1974	XV
	in Farms: 1974	ΧV
	e of Crops Sold: 1974	ΧV
	e of Livestock, Poultry, and Their Products Sold: 1974	ΧV
	e and Calves: 1974	X
	e of Dairy Products Sold: 1974	Х
	e of Poultry and Poultry Products Sold: 1974	Х
	Harvested for All Purposes: 1974	X
State Map	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
CHAPTE	R I. State Data	
All Farms		
TABLE	1. Farms, Land in Farms, and Land Use: 1940 to 1974	
	2. Farms, Land in Farms, and Land Use, by Size of	
	Farm: 1974, 1969, and 1964	
	3. Farm Operators—Tenure and Characteristics: 1974, 1969.	
	and 1964	
	4. Farm Income and Sales: 1974, 1969, and 1964	
	5. Farm Production Expenses: 1974, 1969, and 1964	
	6. Selected Machinery and Equipment on Place: 1974, 1969, and 1964	
,	7. Livestock and Poultry—Inventory and Sales: 1974, 1969,	
	and 1964	
	and 1964	
	9. Summary by Occupation and Age: 1974	
Farms With	Sales of \$2,500 and Over	
TABLE	10. Farms, Land in Farms, and Land Use: 1974, 1969, and	
	1964	1.
	1974, 1969, and 1964	Į.
	12. Irrigation, Artificial Drainage, and Artificial Ponds:	1-
	1974 and 1969	Į.
	13. Agricultural Chemicals Used: 1974 and 1969	ŀ

Farms With	Sales of \$2,500 and Over Continued	Page
TABLE	14. Farm Operators—Tenure and Characteristics: 1974, 1969,	
	and 1964	I-13
	15. Value of Agricultural Products Sold: 1974 and 1969	I-13
	16. Income From Sources Other Than Sale of Agricultural	
	Products: 1974 and 1969	1-14
	17. Farm Production Expenses: 1974, 1969, and 1964	1-14
	18. Farm Payroll and Employment: 1974, 1969, and 1964	I-16
	19. Machinery and Equipment on Place: 1974, 1969, and 1964 .	1-16
	20. Poultry—Inventory and Sales: 1974 and 1969	1-17
	21. Cattle and Calves—Inventory and Sales: 1974 and 1969	I-18
	22. Hogs and Pigs—Inventory and Sales: 1974 and 1969	I-20
	23. Sheep and Lambs—Inventory and Sales: 1974 and 1969	I-21
	24. Other Livestock and Livestock Products-Inventory and	
	Sales: 1974 and 1969	1-21
	25. Selected Crops Harvested: 1974, 1969, and 1964	1-22
	26. Value of Agricultural Products Sold by Commodity	
	Group and Total Value of Sales: 1974	1-25
	27. Contracts: 1974	1-26
	28. Summary by Tenure of Farm Operator and Type of	
	Organization: 1974	1-28
	29. Summary by Age and Principal Occupation of Farm	
	Operator: 1974	1-36
	30. Summary by Size of Farm: 1974	1-52
	31. Summary by Value of Agricultural Products Sold: 1974	1-68
	32. Summary by Standard Industrial Classification of Farms:	
	1974	1-76
	33. Summary by Standard Industrial Classification of Farms	
	by Value of Sales: 1974	
	Cash grain farms	1-92
	Cotton farms(Not sh	
	Tobacco farms	I-100
	Sugar crop, Irish potato, hay, peanut, and other field	
	crop farms(Not sl	nown
	Vegetable and melon farms (Not si	nown
	Fruit and tree nut farms (Not si	nown
	Horticultural specialty farms	1-108
	General farms, primarily crop(Not sl	hown
	Livestock farms, except dairy, poultry, and animal	
	specialty	1-116
	Dairy farms	1-124
	Poultry and egg farms	I-132
	Animal specialty farms (Not s	
	General farms, primarily livestock (Not s	
	Farms not classified by SIC (Not s	hown
CHAPTE	R II. County Summary Data	
TABLE	1. Number, Land, and Value of Farms: 1974 and 1969	11-
IADLE	2. Land Use: 1974	11-
	3. Irrigation: 1974	11-3
	4. Tenure of Farm Operators and Type of Organization of	
	Farms: 1974	11-2
	5 Characteristics of All Farm Operators: 1974	11-3

CHAPTER	11	Continued	Page
TABLE	6.	Farms by Standard Industrial Classification for Farms	
		With Sales of \$2,500 and Over: 1974	11-3
	7.	Farms by Value of Agricultural Products Sold: 1974	11-4
	8.	Market Value of Agricultural Products Sold: 1974	11-4
		Farm Production Expenses: 1974	11-5
		Farm Production Expenses by Item Purchased: 1974	11-6
		Machinery and Equipment: 1974	11-7
		Cattle and Calves—Inventory and Sales: 1974	11-8
		Hogs and Pigs—Inventory and Sales: 1974	11-9
		Sheep and Lambs—Inventory and Sales: 1974	11-10
		Poultry—Inventory and Sales: 1974	11-11
		Horses and Ponies—Inventory and Sales: 1974	11-13
		Field Corn for All Purposes: 1974	11-13
		Field Corn for Grain: 1974	11-14
		Sorghums for All Purposes, Except Sirup: 1974	11-14
		Sorghums for Grain: 1974	11-14
		Wheat for Grain: 1974	II-15
		Soybeans: 1974	II-15
		Hay, Excluding Sorghum Hay: 1974	II-16
		Peanuts for Nuts: 1974	11-16
		Cotton: 1974	II-16
		Tobacco: 1974	11-17
		Irish Potatoes: 1974	II-17
		Vegetables, Sweet Corn, or Melons: 1974	11-17
		Berries: 1974	_
		Land in Orchards: 1974	II-18
		Farm Operator Debt for Farms With Sales of \$2,500 and	11-18
	J 1.	Over: 1974	40
	32	Grain Storage Capacity for Farms With Sales of \$2,500	11-19
	JZ.	and Over: 1974	
	33	Characteristics of Farms and Specified Excluded Agricultural	II-19
	<b>55.</b>		
		Operations: 1974	11-20
CHAPTER	2 11	II. County Miscellaneous Data	
O11741   E1			
TABLE	1.	Miscellaneous Poultry: 1974	111-1
	2.	Miscellaneous Livestock and Animal Specialties: 1974	111-1
	3.	Mink: 1974 (Not s	hown)
	4.	Colonies of Bees: 1974	111-2
	5.	Angora Goats: 1974 (Not s	hown)
	6.	Milk Goats: 1974	111-2
	7.	Fish: 1974	hown)
	8.	Hay, Field Seeds, Other Specified Field Crops, and	,
		Berries: 1974	111-2
	9.	Grains, Dry Beans and Peas, Sweetpotatoes, and Sugar	111-2
		Crops: 1974	111-5
	10.	Vegetables Harvested for Sale: 1974	111-6
	11.	Fruits and Nuts: 1974	111-8
	12.	Forest Products—Sales: 1974	111-9
	13.	Nursery and Greenhouse Products: 1974	111-9
	14.	Farm Operators by Selected Racial and Ethnic Group:	111-10
		1974	111.40
			III-10

CHAPIE	H IV	7. County Data		ollowing tables are common to county)	Pag
TABLE				and Use: 1974 and 1969	IV-
	2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Characteristics: 1974 and	
					IV-
	3.			Products Sold: 1974	
					IV-
	4.			Than Sale of Agricultural	•••
	_				IV-
			•	1974 and 1969	IV-:
		•		n Place: 1974 and 1969	IV-
				and Sales: 1974 and 1969	1 V -
	<b>შ</b> .			ses—Inventory and Sales:	IV-
	0			: 1974 and 1969	IV-
				: 1974 and 1969	IV-1
				ertilizer on Pastureland and	10-
	11.	•		With Sales of \$2,500 and	
		•		the state of the s	13.7.1
	10			and Cost of Materials for	IV-!
	12.	•		and Over: 1974 and 1969	IV-
	13.			e, and Artificial Ponds	10-
	13.	•	-	500 and Over: 1974 and	
			•		IV-
	1.1			Sales of \$2,500 and Over:	1 V -
	14.				IV-
	15			Farms With Sales of \$2,500	
	15.				IV-
		and Over. 1974 at	iu 1909 .		
Maryland.			IV-1	Harford	IV-7
Allegany .			IV-7	Howard	IV-7
_			IV-13	Kent	IV-8
Baltimore.			IV-19	Montgomery	IV-9
Calvert			IV-25	Prince Georges	IV-9
Caroline			IV-31	Queen Annes	IV-10
Carroll			IV-37	St. Marys	IV-10
Cecil			IV-43	Somerset	IV-11
Charles			IV-49	Talbot	IV-12
Dorchester			IV-55	Washington	IV-12
${\it Frederick.}$			IV-61	Wicomico	IV-13
Garrett			IV-67	Worcester	IV-13

### **APPENDIXES**

A.	. General Explanation	Α-
	Taking the Census	Α-
	Enumeration Method	<b>A</b> -1
	Mailing List	<b>A</b> -1
	Report Forms	<b>A-</b> 1
	Initial Mailing	A-2
	Followup Procedures	A-2
	Major Changes in Data Collected	A-2
	Office Processing	A-3
	1969 Data Corrections	A-3
	Definitions and Explanations	A-3
	Farm Classifications	A-9
	Unpublished Data	A-11
	Nonsampling Errors	A-11
	Census Coverage	A-12
	Statistical Adjustments	A-12
	Nonresponse	A-12
	Sampling	A-12
	Reliability of Adjustment for Nonresponse and Sampling	A-12
В.	Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition but Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969	B-1
C.	Report Forms	
	Regular Report Form	C-1
	Short Report Form	C-23
		- 20
ND	EY .	

## INTRODUCTION

## Authority, Area Covered, and History

The 1974 Census of Agriculture was taken in accordance with the provisions of Title 13, United States Code, reaffirmed by section 818 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (Public Law 93-86). Sections 142(a) and 191 of Title 13 provide for a census of agriculture every 5 years in each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.

The 1974 census is the 20th nation-wide census of agriculture and the second conducted primarily by mail. The first agricultural census data were collected in 1840 as part of the sixth decennial census. Since that time, a census of agriculture has been a part of each decennial census program, and since 1920 a national census of agriculture has been taken every 5 years.

#### **Farm Definition**

For each of the 20 censuses of agriculture except the first, taken in 1840, the agency responsible for conducting the census has established minimum criteria which define a farm for the purpose of the census. As the Nation has developed and grown, agriculture also has changed and grown, and from time to time the minimum criteria for the definition of a farm have been changed.

Prior to 1974, the eighth and most recent change in minimum criteria was for the 1959 Census of Agriculture, when the definition of a farm was based primarily on a combination of acres in the place and value of agricultural products sold.

The word "place" was defined to include all land on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time in the census year under the day-to-day control or supervision of one person or partnership. Control may have been exercised through ownership or management or through a lease, rental, or cropping arrangement.

Places of less than 10 acres in the census year were counted as farms if the estimated sales of agricultural products for the year amounted to at least \$250. Places of 10 or more acres in the census year were counted as farms if the estimated sales of agricultural products for the year amounted to at least \$50. Places having less than the \$50 or \$250 minimum estimated sales in the census year were also counted as farms if they could normally be expected to produce agricultural products in sufficient quantity to meet the requirements of the definition.

Using the 1959 definition, the 1969 census reported about 571,000 farms in the United States having sales of less than \$1,000; these farms comprised 20.9 percent of all farms but contributed less than 1 percent of total sales. In 1974 there were only about 152,000 such farms, accounting for less than 6 hundredths of 1 percent of total sales. Between censuses many of these small farms had ceased operations, while many others had sales of \$1,000 or more in the census year, either because of increased agricultural activity or because of increases in the per unit value of agricultural products sold.

In view of increases in price levels and other changes in the structure of agricultural operations, various individuals and organizations, including members of the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, the Office of Management and Budget, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture, agreed that a change in the definition of a farm was justified. The Department of Commerce announced on August 12, 1975, that the census definition of a farm, for purposes of publishing the 1974 census data, was any establishment which during the census year had or normally would have had sales of agricultural products of \$1,000 or more.

In the next 10 months, Congress held four hearings on the appropriateness of changing the definition. During this time, Public Law 94-229, enacted March 15, 1976, included a provision requiring the statistical classification of farms in effect on January 1, 1975, to be continued in effect through June 30, 1976, and that any statistical report issued on or before June 30, 1976, should reflect such classification, but could also include additional classifications as deemed appropriate by the Secretary of Commerce.

Definition for preliminary reports. Publication of the preliminary county reports began in April 1976, and these reports for all counties and States, the four regions, and the United States were tabulated and published in accordance with the same farm definition used for the 1959, 1964, and 1969 censuses.

Definition for final reports. For all final reports, the 1974 statistics are in accordance with the 1974 definition, which differs from the earlier definition in only two respects:

#### INTRODUCTION Continued

- 1. The criterion for number of "acres in place" has been deleted.
- 2. The criterion for minumum value of agricultural products sold has been changed to \$1,000.

Thus for 1974, a farm was defined to include all land on which agricultural operations were conducted at any time in the census year under the day-to-day control of an individual management. and from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold during the census year. Control may have been exercised through ownership or management, or through a lease, rental, or cropping arrangement. Places having less than the minimum \$1,000 sales in the census year were also counted as farms if they could normally be expected to produce agricultural products in sufficient quantity to meet the requirements of the definition.

Three tables in this report provide users with measures of the effect of the change in definition: The table following this introduction shows farms and sales, by county, for 1974 and 1969, for both the old and the new definitions, and also for those places excluded by the 1974 but not by the 1959 definition. In chapter II, table 33 presents data by county for 1974 showing comparisons between farms (1974 definition) and agricultural operations that would have been farms under the 1959 definition. The table that comprises appendix B presents data by State for 1974 and 1969 showing characteristics of 1974 agricultural operations excluded by the new definition and of 1969 farms having less than \$1,000 total value of sales.

The 1974 "all farms" data shown in State tables 1 through 9 and county tables 1 through 10 are for those agricultural operations with at least \$1,000 in total (or potential) sales of farm products. All other tables in this report are limited to farms with sales of \$2,500 or more (see the paragraphs in appendix A that describe the report forms and the enumeration method).

#### Comparability of Data

In general, data for 1974 and earlier

censuses are comparable with data from earlier censuses only for farms with \$2,500 or more total value of sales, because the data for farms with \$2.500 or more value of sales are not affected by the change in farm definition. Data for all farms for 1974 are based on the new definition so they are not directly comparable to earlier censuses. It is also important to note that in addition to the difference in farm definition used in this report from that in the preliminary version, this final report contains 1974 figures which will not agree with figures in the preliminary reports because of corrections, additions, and deletions.

Even for farms with \$2,500 or more value of sales, the difference in timing and the change from personal interview to mail enumeration affect the comparability between the data for 1974 and 1969 and that for earlier censuses. Both 1974 and 1969 censuses were taken by mail; all earlier censuses were taken by direct interview.

Dramatic changes in rates of farm expenditure and unit prices of products sold between the 1969 and 1974 censuses affect the comparability of some census data. During the period between the two censuses, prices paid by farmers greatly increased. Prices received by farmers also increased but with wide fluctuations among commodities at different times during the census year of 1974.

Crop and livestock production data are for the calendar year 1974, except for a few crops (such as citrus) for which the production year overlaps the calendar year. Expenditures, crops irrigated, usage of agricultural chemicals and fertilizers, and sale of farm products were all asked for the calendar year. Respondents were instructed to report inventory numbers of livestock, poultry, and other specified items as of December 31, 1974. The reporting period and inventory data are the same as for the 1969 census.

Censuses prior to 1969 were taken by enumerators, each assigned to a specific geographic area. Field work for the 1964 and 1959 censuses was completed largely in October, November, and December of the reference year. Livestock and poultry inventories for those two censuses were as

of the time of enumeration. Other variations in time of enumeration occurred in censuses prior to 1959.

#### **Graphics**

On the following pages, there is a graphic presentation of selected agricultural statistics for this State. The first four dot maps are being published for all States. The second four dot maps have been selected to present data of particular importance to this State.

#### **Tabular Presentation**

State data—In chapter I, State tables 1 through 27 show detailed State level data generally accompanied by historical data for one or more censuses. Tables 28 through 33 provide 1974 State data cross-tabulated by various farm classifications.

County summary data—A summary of selected data items for each county of the State is presented in chapter II of this publication. In these tables the counties are listed in alphabetical order with the State total at the beginning of each table.

County miscellaneous data—In chapter III, data for additional crop and livestock items not common to a large number of counties are reported in a separate set of tables by county for each State. Some of these items, even though reported in only a few counties of the State, are sufficiently important to account for a significant proportion of the agricultural production.

Counties not having the subject item of a given table, or with only a very limited number of farms reporting the item, are not listed separately; their data are combined with other counties and presented as "All other."

Final county data—Six pages of data are presented in chapter IV for each county with 10 farms or more in 1974. The tables include final data for each county and are more comprehensive than those in the preliminary reports. Data are for the year 1974 with inventory (on place)

#### **INTRODUCTION** Continued

figures as of December 31, 1974. Information covering all farms and farms with sales of \$2,500 and over are presented for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses. A State level six-page report like the county report is published at the beginning of the chapter.

Preliminary county data—Preliminary reports have been published separately for all counties in the United States with 10 farms or more in 1974. This four-page series provided, at the earliest possible date, usable information on a limited number of major data items, with comparative final figures from the 1969 census.

The reports were issued on a flow basis, with a State report following the release of the last county report for each State. Tables showing regional and U.S. totals were also prepared as a part of this series.

For all States, the same table format was used to present the data except data for six selected crops shown in table 7. These crops were varied by State depending upon their relative importance.

For major items at the county level differences between the preliminary and final figures are in general less than 5 percent. At the State level, differences are significantly less.

#### "See Text" Reference

The remark "See text" in the tables refers to explanations, definitions, and classifications in sections 5 and 6 of appendix A.

#### **Abbreviations and Symbols**

The following abbreviations and symbols are used throughout the tables:

- Represents zero.
- D Data withheld to avoid disclosing information for individual farms.
- X Not applicable.
- Z Less than half of the unit reported.
- NA Not available.

## **INTRODUCTION Continued**

FARMS AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD BY 1974 AND 1959 DEFINITIONS, WITH COMPARABLE DATA FOR AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS EXCLUDED BY 1974 DEFINITION: 1974 AND 1969

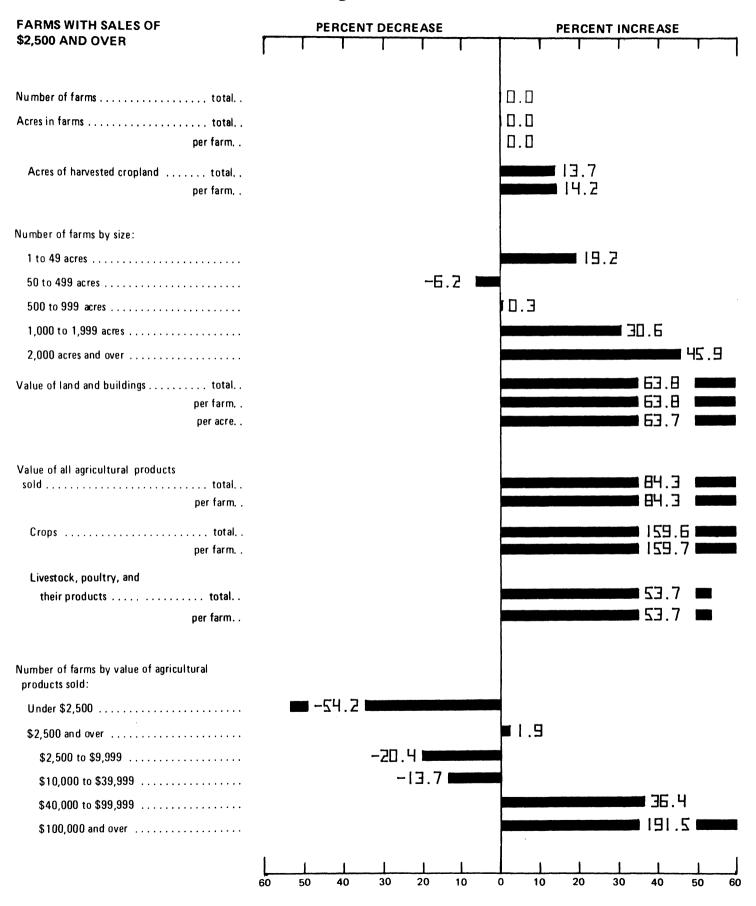
	BY 1974 DEFINITION			BY 1959 DEFINITION				AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS EXCLUDED BY 1974 DEFINITION BUT NOT BY 1959 DEFINITION				
COUNTY	NUMBER		VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD (\$1,000)		NUMBER		VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD (\$1,000)		NUMBER		VALUE OF AGRICUL- TURAL PRODUCTS SOLD (\$1,000)	
	1974	1969	1974	1969	1974	1969	1974	1969	1974	1969	1974	1969
MARYLAND, TOTAL	15 163	13 986	619 947	338 444	16 312	17 181	620 298	339 597	1 149	3 195	351	1 154
ALLEGANYANNE ARUNDELBALTIMORECALYERTCAROLINE	196 603 886 658 740	133 551 730 581 704	2 107 7 506 21 253 6 731 43 243	1 583 5 567 13 720 4 029 23 160	213 659 1 017 701 764	235 678 996 677 817	2 111 7 522 21 280 6 744 43 251	1 618 5 607 13 803 4 063 23 208	17 56 131 43 24	102 127 266 96 113	3 16 27 14 8	35 39 83 34 48
CARROLL CECIL CHARLES DORCHESTER FREDERICK	1 215 480 689 456 1 384	1 051 436 616 457 1 230	37 590 17 201 9 221 29 912 50 768	22 284 9 839 4 951 13 203 32 079	1 334 543 731 468 1 485	1 398 541 738 516 1 486		22 406 9 872 4 992 13 229 32 169	119 63 42 12 101	347 105 122 59 256	45 15 17 6 27	122 33 41 25 90
GARRETT HARFORD HOWARD KENT MONTGOMERY	653 722 356 352 580	537 660 322 433 452	11 200 19 009 11 376 28 290 17 412	7 382 12 360 6 573 13 059 10 150	710 792 412 374 658	781 839 445 488 654	19 029 11 390 28 298	7 482 12 423 6 620 13 080 10 212	57 70 56 22 78	244 179 123 55 202	15 20 14 8 28	100 62 47 21 62
PRINCE GEORGES. QUEEN ANNES	710 497 829 435 374	622 504 789 438 344	9 365 31 621 13 653 40 917 30 597	5 698 14 072 6 625 24 935 11 003	768 519 870 444 387	810 551 862 470 419	31 625 13 667 40 921	5 774 14 091 6 651 24 952 11 031	58 22 41 9	188 47 73 32 75	19 5 15 5 5	76 19 25 17 28
WASHINGTON	856 851 641	790 912 694	30 187 85 810 64 982	19 071 43 968 33 130	904 882 677	958 1 037 785	85 822	19 128 44 018 33 167	48 31 36	168 125 91	14 12 13	57 50 37

## HIGHLIGHTS of the State's Agriculture: 1974 and 1969

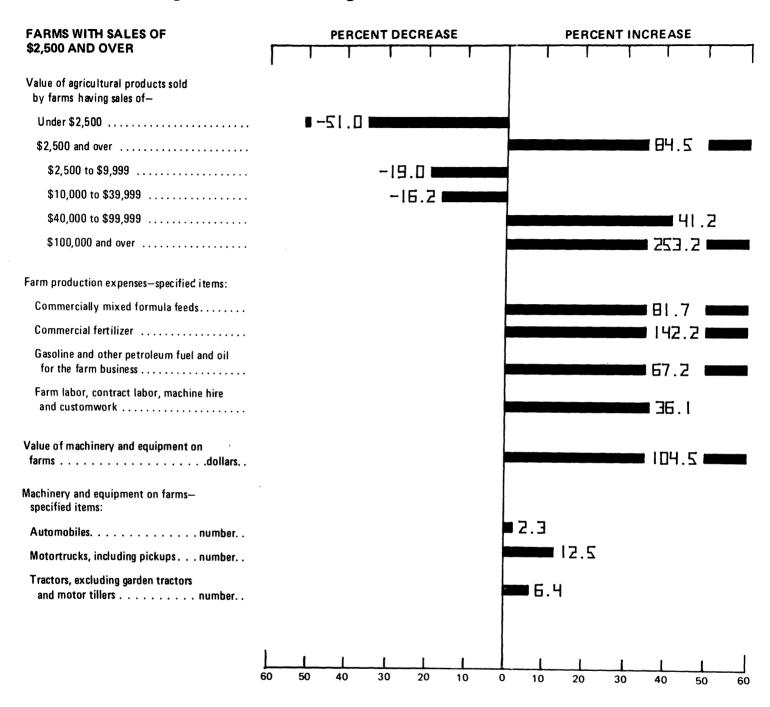
	All Farms		\$2,500	nd over	
A Suggi	1974	1969¹	1974	1969	
Number of farms total	15 163	17 181	11 586	11 590	
Acres in farms total.	2 634 395	2 803 442	2 403 432	2 402 823	
per farm	174	163	207	207	
Acres of harvested cropland total	1 438 842	1 301 450	1 399 778	1 230 975	
per farm	95	76	121	106	
Number of farms by size:					
1 to 49 acres	4 904	5 305	2 767	2 322	
50 to 499 acres	9 258	10 934	7 835	8 356	
500 acres and over	1 001	942	984	912	
1,000 acres and over	285	218	280	210	
Value of land and buildings total	2 791 190 000	1 793 193 000	2 493 482 000	1 522 672 000	
per farm, ,	184 079	104 370	215 215	131 378	
Value of machinery and equipment on farms total	328 574 000	167 938 000	298 331 000	145 903 000	
per farm	21 669	9 775	25 749	12 589	
Machinery and equipment on farms -specified items (number):					
Automo biles	16 276	18 105	13 008	12 712	
Motortrucks, including pickups	21 307	19 506	17 821	15 836	
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	34 705	34 174	29 520	27 735	
Value of all agricultural products sold total	619 947 000	339 597 000	614 507 000	333 464 000	
per farm, .	40 886	19 765	53 039	28 772	
Crops total	255 595 000	100 352 000	252 786 000	97 375 000	
per farm	16 856	5 841	21 818	8 402	
Livestock, poultry, and their productstotal	362 976 000	237 629 000	360 366 000	234 512 000	
per farm	23 938	13 831	31 104	20 234	
Number of farms, excluding abnormal farms, by value of agricultural product sold:					
Under \$2,500	3 739	5 967	179	004	
\$2,500 and over	11 407	11 199		391	
\$2,500 to \$9,999	3 547	4 454	11 407 3 547	11 199	
\$10,000 to \$39,999	3 787	4 388	3 787	4 454 4 388	
\$40,000 to \$99,999	2 461	1 804	2 461	4 300 1 804	
\$100,000 to \$199,999	1 073	417	1 073	417	
\$200,000 and over	539	136	539	136	
		100	330	130	
Value of agricultural products sold by farms, excluding abnormal farms, having sales of—					
Under \$2,500	4 514 000	5 510 000	213 000	420.000	
\$2,500 and over	614 294 000	333 029 000	614 294 000	436 000	
\$2,500 to \$9,999	19 633 000	24 249 000		333 028 000	
\$10,000 to \$39,999	81 163 000		19 633 000	24 249 000	
\$40,000 to \$99,999	156 334 000	96 890 000 110 756 000	81 163 000	96 890 000	
\$100,000 to \$199,999	147 257 000	110730000	156 334 000	110 756 000	
\$200,000 and over	209 908 000	101 134 000 {	147 257 000 }	101 134 000	
Farm production expenses—specified items:			203 300 000 /		
Commercially mixed formula feeds	141 579 000	78 086 000	140 862 000	77 540 000	
Commercial fertilizer	46 601 000	19 665 000	45 961 000	77 512 000	
Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil for the farm business	19 066 000	11 820 000	18 343 000	18 976 000	
Farm labor, contract labor, machine hire and customwork	45 826 000	34 416 000	44 841 000	10 969 000	
<sup>1</sup> Not fully comparable because of change in farm definition; see introduc		O 1 7 10 000	44 04 I UUU	32 955 000	
	doll.			XIII	

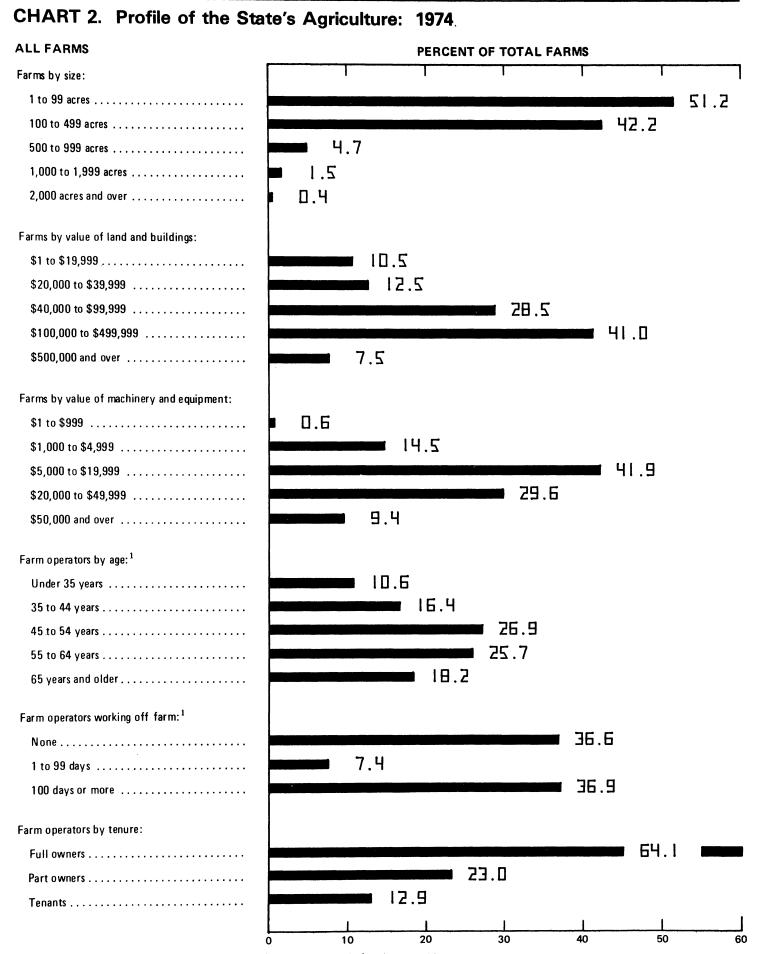
Farms with sales of

CHART 1. Changes in the State's Agriculture: 1974 From 1969

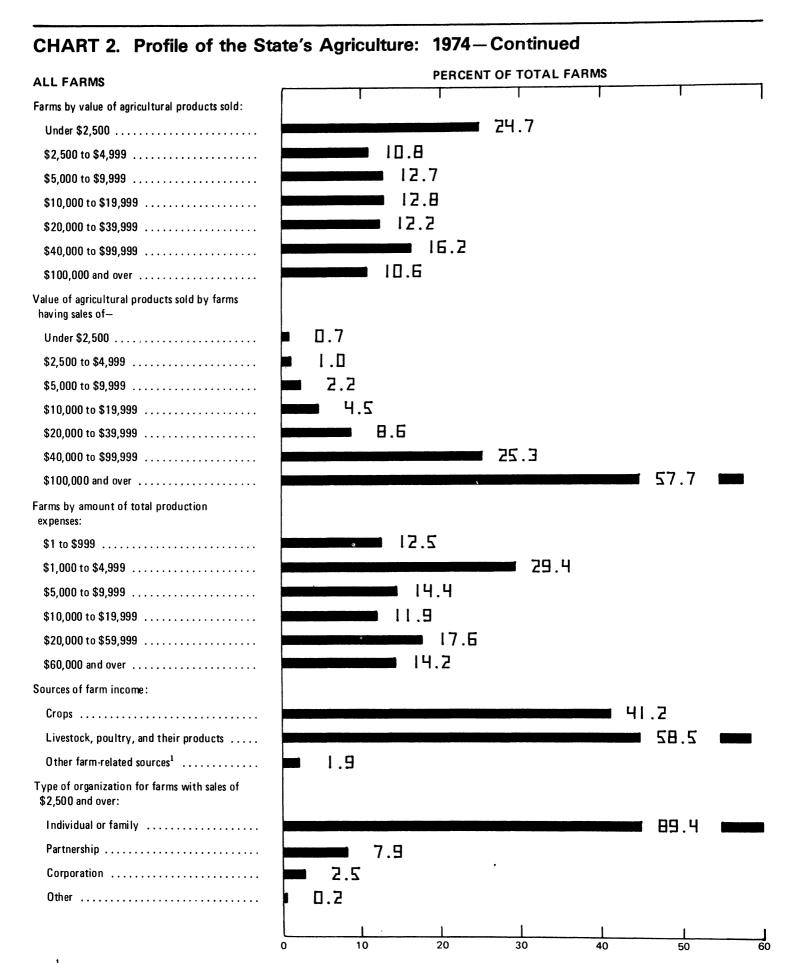


## CHART 1. Changes in the State's Agriculture: 1974 From 1969 - Continued

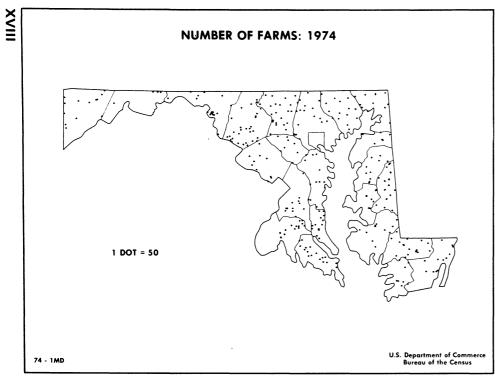


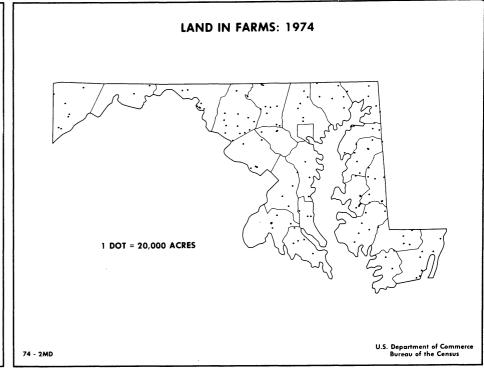


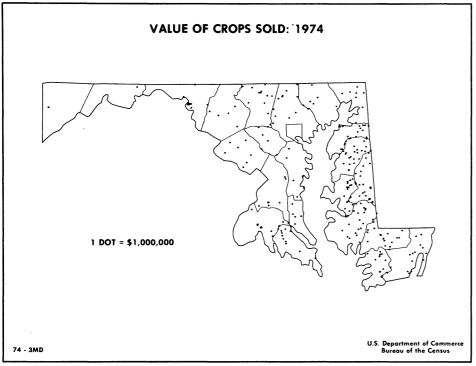
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships.

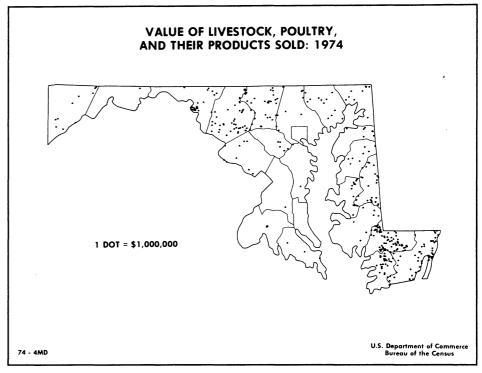


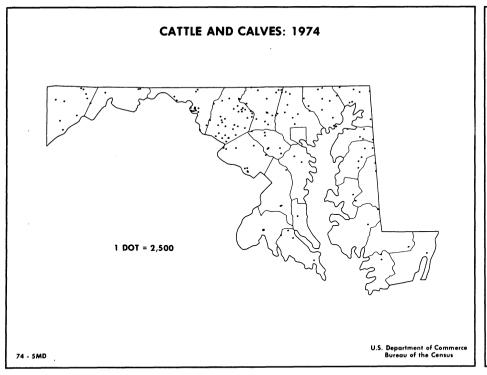
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes forest products sold, and income from customwork and other agricultural services, recreational services, participation in government farm programs, rental of farm property, and other miscellaneous sources closely related to the agricultural operation.

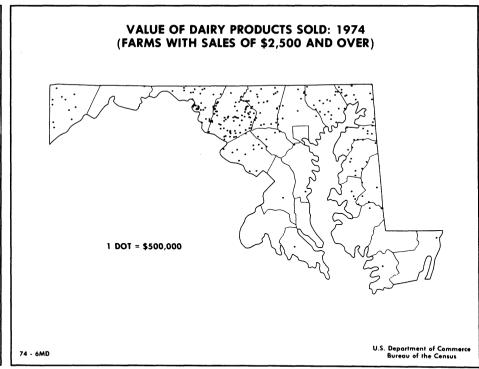


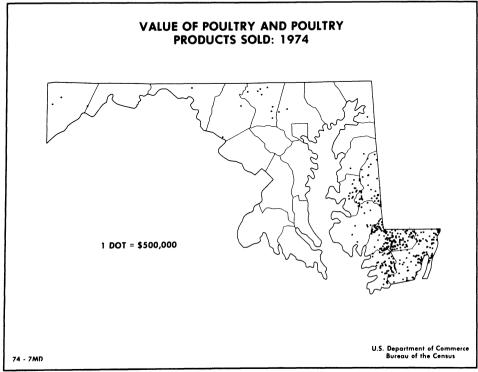


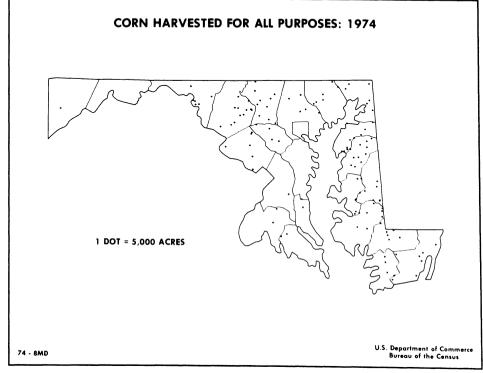












MARYLAND
Counties, County Seats, Mountains, and Rivers

