APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct

enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list. which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations—particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company. Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural

establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and

Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the required information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities
Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks
Futures market
Contracts
Payroll and employment
Injuries and illnesses
Farm credit
Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data. and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

Cullman, Alabama—revised broilers sold and related data.

Inyo, California—revised land in farms and related data.

Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii—revised number of fattened cattle and related data.

Spencer, Indiana—revised cattle and calves inventory.

Harford, Maryland—revised acreage of total cropland.

Marshall, Minnesota—revised acreage of land in farms.

Dodge, Nebraska-revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Rusk, Texas—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for non-agricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only

of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves farms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income—In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported, State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the month-to-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool—For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products—For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and green-house products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract labor workers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses—Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude

debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity-Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources—An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Black-operated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups.

Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were in-

cluded in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm—A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for

partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation—Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type—Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields.

Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by— Standard industrial classification Debt status.

Race or origin.

Age of farm operator.

Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 81 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 97 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

Item	Percent of total
Number of farms	12.0
Land in farms	8.3
Value of products sold	3.2
Harvested cropland	7.5
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	6.4
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	1.0
Hogs and pigs	3.5

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources—the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment—were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that

would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given.

As calculated for this report, the

standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Land in farms		Value of land and buildings		Harvested cropland		Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	
Massachusetts,		1									
total	601 734	.7	578 024	.8	188 015	.7	49 390	.4	92 464	.4	
Barnstable	4 495	6.5	12 264	7.1	1 435	5.9	854	6.7	116	.3	
Berkshire	73 110	2.3	51 621	2.7	21 199	1.9	1 106	3.6	8 779	1.9	
Bristol	42 074	3.3	53 563	4.6	14 901	2.5	3 090	2.4	10 324	1.5	
Dukes	9 116	.9	7 848	.3	418	.7	70	1.2	41	.1	
Essex	28 868	2.6	45 239	3.4	11 984	2.2	1 944	1.2	4 401	1.4	
Franklin	72 909	1.8	48 177	2.3	20 937	1.7	6 264	1.2	8 372	1.8	
Hampden	42 123	2.9	35 498	2.8	13 667	3.7	7 280	.6	4 495	2.3	
Hampshire	64 891	2.1	48 097	1.7	23 221	1.3	6 674	1.1	9 263	1.3	
Middlesex	42 974	2.2	84 360	2.0	18 088	2.0	5 249	1.5	13 836	.4	
Nantucket	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
Norfolk	11 965	2.8	23 015	4.1	3 309	3.4	409	6.4	1 958	2.3	
Plymouth	77 404	1.3	65 120	1.4	17 642	.8	9 743	.7	7 425	.4	
Suffolk	(D)	(D)	(D)	(0)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
Worcester	130 746	1.9	100 134	1.8	40 945	2.4	6 583	1.2	23 451	1.0	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974—Con.

	Cattle and c farm		Chickens 3 n and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay ha	rvested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Massachusetts,										
total	103 938	.7	1 956 434	.8	43 229	.7	37 409	.8	110 327	1.1
Barnstable	134	.0	1 023	4.8	16	(¹)	10	.0	260	(¹)
Berkshire	14 235	1.8	74 173	.6	277	7.7	5 042	3.1	16 041	1.7
Bristol	10 789	2.7	153 44 1	.1	8 830	2.2	3 791	3.2	7 103	4.6
Dukes	158	.9	300	1.4	7	.0	29	.0	283	.0
Essex	5 246	2.9	106 811	.3	5 435	1.6	1 250	3.2	8 434	3.1
Franklin	14 923	3.0	37 255	.5	246	1.1	5 310	1.8	13 238	2.3
Hampden	6 829	2.4	52 474	3.3	1 147	4.4	3 134	2.4	6 921	6.6
Hampshire	11 619	2.0	223 822	.2	2 011	2.5	5 872	1.4	11 736	2.2
Middlesex	6 592	2.1	464 282	.2	7 414	1.3	1 775	3.6	10 106	3.3
Nantucket	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Norfolk	1 867	2.5	38 727	11.0	1 276	3.2	297	.6	2 326	3.4
Plymouth	7 598	.8	107 402	1.4	3 202	.5	3 097	.9	4 615	2.8
Suffolk	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Worcester	23 918	1.5	696 662	2.1	13 368	1.5	7 802	2.3	29 234	2.8

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

	ſ		Specified exclud	ed agricultural	Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969					
	<u> </u>		В	y occupation an	d age of operat	or				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultu operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but exclude 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)			Occupatio	n farming		other than ning				
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years ald and over	Total	Class 6	Port time	Par retiremen
forms and land in Farms										
Forms		630	76	58 9.2	419 66.5	77 12.2	1 356 100.0	193 14.2	893 65.9	270 19.9
Land in farms		100.0 29 018 46	12.1 3 100 41	3 313 57	19 411 46	3 194 41	83 932 62	10 386 54	55 459 62	18 087 67
Value of land and buildings	dollars	37 075 58 849 1 278	4 435 58 359 1 431	2 185 37 680 660	26 036 62 137 1 341	4 418 57 383 1 383	51 111 37 692 609	9 185 47 592 884	33 898 37 960 611	8 027 29 730 444
Farms by value of farm: \$1 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999		63 80	14 10	12 9	26 49	11 12	277 292	28 45	169 179	80 68
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over		163 168 64 92	16 19 3	21 5 5 6	111 122 52 59	15 22 4 13	382 237 70 98	59 23 7 31	259 169 59 58	64 45 4
Owned and rented lands by farm operators: Land owned	farms	612	73	58	404	77	1 313	180	863	270
Land rented or leased from others	acres	29 070 61 1 169	3 074 7 192	3 415	19 318 48 891	3 263 6 86	84 758 156 2 7 64	9 709 45 1 027	56 435 99 1 550	18 614 12 187
Land rented or leased to others	ocres	73 1 221	12 166	102	50 798	5 155	168 3 590	19 350	111 2 526	38 714
Land in Farms According to Use	1									
Total cropiand	ocres	519 5 652 315	52 509 41	46 685 33	361 3 912 203	60 546 38	1 216 22 809 933	163 3 728 133	813 14 828 614	240 4 253 186
Farms by acres harvested:	acres	1 320	171	102	871 179	176	9 872 521	1 555 71	6 306 334	2 011
10 to 19 acres		38	6	1	24	7	229	35	165	29 27
20 ta 29 acres 30 ta 49 acres		-	_	~	_	- 1	114 56	11	76 37	8
50 to 99 ocres		-	-	~	-	-]	13	5	2	6
100 acres and over	i	-	-	~	-	-	-	-		_
Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	acres	292 2 760 81	15 102 8	19 291	231 2 087	27 280	643 9 454 219	78 1 536 31	473 6 610 145	92 1 308 43
Other cropland (see text)	acres	1 572	236	292 28	66 954 277	90	3 483 845	637 96	1 912	934 137
Woodland, including woodland posture	acres	16 354	1 796	1 012	12 327	1 219	47 209	4 658	33 320	9 231
Other land (see text)	acres forms	467 7 012 29 53	47 795 7	38 1 616 -	322 3 172 16 30	60 1 429 6	912 13 914 85 214	133 2 000 9 63	597 7 311 62 122	182 4 603 14 29
Race and Tenure of Operator	acres	33	· · ·	~	30		214	03	122	29
All farm operators:		569	69	58	371	71	1 205	152	794	259
Port owners		43 18	4	-	33 15	6	107	27	69	11
Tenants	i i	564	3 69	58	366	71	1 204	14 152	30 794	258
Part owners Tenants		43 18	4 3	<u>-</u>	33 15	6	106 44	27 14	68 30	11
Black and other races (see text): Full awnersPort owners		5 -	- -	<u>-</u>	5	-	1	<u>-</u>	-	1
TenantsFarm Operator Characteristics1		-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-
Farm operators by age group:	}					1				
Under 25 years25 to 34 years		17 63	12	-	17 51	-	24 128	4 14	20 114	~
35 to 44 years		116	12	-	104	_	259	28	231	_
45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years		159 140	18 34	-	141 106	-	358 317	79 68	279 249	-
65 years and over		135	-	58	-	77	270	-	-	270
Average age Farm operators by place of residence:		51.7	49.6	71.9	45.8	70.8	52.1	50.0	46.8	71.2
On farm operatedOn another form		474 1	52 1	30	330 -	62	7 1 012	137	679	196
In a rural area not on a form		17 22	3	1 2	13 16	2	162	19	113	30
Farm operators reporting days of work aff form		593 126	62 34	50 36	408 23	73 33	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Any		467 25	28 2	14 2	385 15	40	1 118 79	67 46	893	156
50 to 99 days		25 25	9	4	11	1	36	21	-	33 15
100 to 149 days 150 to 199 days 200 days and over		34 40 343	7 1 9	4	26 24 309	1 11 21	115 688	-	93 800	22 88
Form operators by principal accupation:	1	134	76	58			(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA

¹⁾⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text,

(pecified exclude	d agricultural a	perations, 1974		Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969				,
Form or forms in the data line anations below to the		Ву	occupation and	d age of operato	r					
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupation	n farming	Occupation form						
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Te	otal (lass 6	Part time	Part retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹ — Continued										
Farm operators by off-farm incame:										İ
Reporting anyOff-farm income equal to or greater than value of farm	247	35	20	159	33		NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
products sold	219 28	30 5	20	138 21	31 2	(NA) NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Farms by Size	383	41	38	260	44	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1 to 9 acres	122	18	19	70	15		250	42	143	65
10 to 49 acres 50 to 69 acres	346 53	40	20 5	242 29	44		540 137	73 30	378 86	89 21
70 to 99 acres 100 to 139 acres	34 29	3	8 2	18	5		142 149	13 23	103 91	26 35
140 to 179 acres	12 18	3	2	9	1 2		69 15	7	54 7	8 7
220 to 259 acres	7	-	-	7 3	-		21 22	1	14 8	6 13
500 acres and over	6	1	2	2	1		11	2	9	-1
Value of Products Sold		1		1						ł
Market value of all agricultural products sold (see text)\$1,000 Average per formdallars	179 284	23 299	18 315	118 282	20 259		480 354	70 361	315 352	96 356
Farms by value of agricultural products sald: Under \$250	330	41	23	225	41		563	80	364	119
\$250 to \$499 \$500 to \$999	138 162	14 21	22 13	85 109	17 19		351 442	46 67	239 290	66 85
formsforms	159 69	20 8	21 9	98 42	20 10	-	671 302	88 43	431 199	152 60
Nursery and greenhouse productsfarms	34 12	6 2	2 1	23	3 1					
Forest products	37 7	(Z)	5	26	3	_	82 13	10	45 4	27
Livestack and livestack products	272 79 44	28 9 9	17 7 3	201 57 22	26 5 10		471 165	66 26	318 111	87 29
\$1,000_	12	3	1	5	3					ļ
Production Expenses										1
Totol farm production expensesforms \$1,000_	622 545	75 71	53 35	417 387	77 53	1	356 718	193 354	893 1 049	270 316
Farms with expenditures of — \$1 to \$499	241	19	27	156	39		364	48	230	86
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,999	207 120	38 10	17 5	130	22 11	רו	321 671	23 122	237 426	123
\$2,000 and over	54	8	4	37	5	٦				
Livestock and poultry purchosedfarms	234 46	32 7	19 4	163 32	20 3	l	360 106	37 10	271 75	20
Feed for livestock and poultry	436 140 295	52 16 41	28 10 28	307 98 185	49 16 41		713 240 NA)	101 48 (NA)	512 146 (NA)	100 45 (NA)
tans \$1,000	521 78	80	53 8	299 47	89 12	(NA) NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Seeds, bulbs, plonts, and treesfarms	215	35	30	133	17		424 26	45 3	283 18	96
\$1,000 Commercial fertilizer	13 241 15	38 2	2 27 1	156	20		680 72	101 14	446 46	133
Other agricultural chemicals (see text)	142	16 (Z)	, (Z)	105	12		634 47	81	456 34	97
Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil far the farm businessfarms \$1,000_	535 65	64	45 4	363 46	63 7		272 145	187 32	827 84	258 29
Hired farm loborfarms	80 39	14	5 (Z)	46 24	15 5		442 193	71 64	271 84	100 45
Contract labor	28 7	3 (Z)	1 (Z)	20	4 2		366 61	42 9	267 44	57
Machine hire and custamworkfarms \$1,000_	80 7	8	4 (Z)	58 5	10 2					
Other production expensesforms \$1,000_	490 207	64 25	40 13	329 153	57 16		009 830	141 167	677 517	191 146
Farm-Related Income and Expenses										
Farm-related incomefarms	96 133	16 32	1 (Z)	72 89			NA) NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Customwork and other agricultural servicesfarms \$1,000_	25 54	4 24	-	19 27	2 3		80 102	24 41	46 52	10
Recreational servicesfarms \$1,000_	11 36	-		11 36			34 88	3 10	30 74	4
Government farm programsfarms \$1,000_	26 6	(Z)	1 (Z)	20 6	(Z)		183 40	24 9 (NA)	123 25	36 5 (NA)
Rent of farmland or from lease or sale of allotmentsforms \$1,000	43 24	3	-	32 14 4	2 7	(NA) NA) NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Other farm-related sources	8 13 25	3 5 3	-	7 7 20	2	(NA) NA) NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Expenses for form-related income sourcesfarms \$1,000	59 59	7	(Z)	52	(Z)		NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

¹⁹⁷⁴ data apply only to individual or family operations (sale proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	Г		specified exclude	ed agriculturol (perations, 1974	Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969				
	<u> </u>		Ву	occupation an	d age of operate	or				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agriculture operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)	ıl İby		Occupation		Occupation farm	other than				
	į	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years ald	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobiles	farms	426	45	40	286	55	819	123	542	154 170
Motortrucks, including pickups	number farms	533 (434)	52 53	46 34	367 298	68 49	1 118 740	166 128	782 488	124
Tractors, excluding garden troctors and motor tillers	number	494 447	62 53	35 32 35	344 302	53 60	963 847	186 121	615 555	162 171 232
Wheeltroctors, excluding gorden tractors and motor tillers _	number farms	531 436	70 53	32	353 293	73 58	1 220 (NA)	183 (NA)	805 (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Crowler troctors	number farms	502 29	69 1	34 1	332 21	67 6	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)
Groin and bean combines, self-propelled	number farms number	29 - -	1 - -	1 -	21 - -	6 - -	(NA) 2 2	(NA) - -	(NA) 2 2	(NA) - -
Cornpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers	farms	1	1	-	-	-	16 16	4	9	3 3
Corn heads for combines	number farms	2	2 -	-	-	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Other cornpickers and picker-shellers		1	1	-	_	-	(NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Mower conditioners		2 12	2	2	8	1	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup balers		14 54	1	2	10 38	8	(NA) 207	36	134 135	37 37
Windrowers, pull and self-propelled		54 22	6	2	38 15	8	210 (NA)	38 (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Field forage horvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	number farms number	22 6 8	3 2 4	1 - -	15 4 4	3 : - -	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment	farms \$1,000	598 4 111	70 479	47 318	407 2 713	74 601	1 272 3 918	185 725	833 2 594	254 599
Farms by value of mochinery and equipment:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24	3	2	18	1	218	28	135	55
\$1,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999		195 286	18 42	11 30	148 177	18 37	792 216	96 52	528 137	168 27
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999		73 18	5 2	3	49 13	16	-T	7	27	4
\$30,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 and over		2	-	- 1	2	-	- 8	2	6	- [
Livestock and Poultry				_	_		_3			
Livestock and poultry inventory:										!
Cattle and caives	forms number	127 425	20 58	12 42	86 286	9 39	358 2 332	56 406	258 1 691	44 235
Cows and heifers that had calved	farms number	79 218 63	15 43 13	6 17 4	51 139 45	7 19 1	250 807 179	36 147 26	184 576 137	30 84 16
Milk cows	number	170 29	36	8	121 10	5	629 90	94 17	474 56	61
MIIK 6043	number	48	7	9	18	14	178	53	102	23
Hogs and pigs	farms number	44 189	5 28	-	37 137	2 24	52 367	_	42 347	10 20
Litters of pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding year and November 30		19	3	_	14	2	8	1	7	_
Sheep and lambs	number	53 90	14	6	31	8 14	44 188	1 24	43 119	45
Horses and ponies	number	858 221	103 14	34	603 176	118 22	3 515 364	570 60	1 843 262	1 102
•	number	900	69	32	692	107	1 700	427	1 094	179
Chickens 3 months old or older	farms number	102 2 974	16 559	6 296	64 1 569	16 550	150 5 915	9 89	105 3 752	36 2 074
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	99 : 2 654	16 511	6 296	61 1 347	16 500	131 4 215	8 68	88 2 794	35 1 353
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	number	9 82	-	_	9 82	-	1 200	-	-	200
Other livestack and poultry	forms	129	19	2	100	8	151	14	111	26
Livestock and poultry sold: Cattle and calves		53	.6	.8	36	3	194	27	142	25
Hogs and pigs		144 20	15 3	14 -	106 15	9 2	693 15	137	430 12	126
Feeder pigs sold		204	75 1	-	89 6	40 2	123	2	116	5 -
Sheep and lambs		174 50	67 5	-	67 37	40 8	140	22	8D	38
Horses and ponies	number farms number	371 67 118	34 5 8	3	282 55 94	55 4 6	1 583 70 127	219 15 19	813 50 96	551 5 12
Chickens 3 months old or older	forms number	16 540	2 32	2 141	6 137	6 230	19 7 360	4 2 641	11 2 371	4
Hens and pullets of loying age		15 438	32 2 30	41	137	230 6 230	7 360 16 4 990	2 641 4 2 641	2 3/1 11 2 331	2 348
Broilers and other meat-type chickens		3 831	1 800	1 25	1 6	-	4 970 4 408	2 041 -	2 331 4 408	18
Other livestock and poultry		62	ii	3	41	7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Crops Harvested										
Field corn for all purposes	acres	1 3	_	-	1 3	-	59 375	11 110	42 180	6 85
For grain or seed	forms acres	_	-	-	[· _	17 122	Ì 4	12 46	72
Cut for silage, green chop, ar dry fodder, or hogged	bushels	-	-	-	-	-	5 160	220	1 340	3 600
or grazed	forms ocres	1 1 3		-	1 3	-	48 253	10 1 0 6	36 134	2 13
	•	-			. •		. 250	100	134	13 }

		ipecified exclude	d agricultural o	perations, 1974		Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969			
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural		Ву	occupation an	d age of operate	or				
operotions qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition)		Occupation	n farming	Occupation farm					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Crops Harvested — Continued									
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirupfarms	1	_	_	1	_	10	_	6	4
acres For grain or seedfarms	3	-	-	3	-	32	-	28	4
ocres		1 .	_	1 -			Ī	_	
bushets	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
Cut for silage, green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazedfarms	,	İ		Ι,		10		6	اه
ocres_	3		_	3	_	32	_	28	4
	, and			•					
Wheat for grainfarms	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3 17	-
acres bushels	_	-	-	-	_	300	_	300	- 1
Other small grains for grainfarms	1 -]	_		_	7	_	7	- 1
acres	-	-	-	-	-	41	-	41	-[
Soybeans for beansfarms acres	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-1
bushels	I -]	-	! [_	! -	_	_	- !
						1			
Hay and grass silage, excluding sorghum hay (see text)forms	210	27	23	136	24	611	86	405	120
ocres	1 191	150	23 90	789	162	8 344	1 331	5 340	1 673
tons	1 642	196	159		212	10 215	1 818	6 402	1 995
Cottonforms_	-	-	-	j -	-	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
acres bales	-	-	-	_	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Peanuts for nuts forms]	1 [_	1 - 1	_	(11/4)	-	(11/2)	-
acres	-	-	-	- 1	_	-	_	-	- [
pounds	1 -) ~	-	-	-	-	-	-	- [
Tobaccofarms	_	! _	_	_	_		-	_	_ [
ocres	_	_	_	-		_	-	-	-
pounds	=	i -	=	1 -	-	i	-	20	-
Irish potatoesfarms acres	7	2	3	(Z)	_	37	8 10	20 20	3
hundredweight	221	90	108		_	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Sweetpotatoesfarms		-	_	_	-	11			1
ocres	-	-	_	1 -	_				
bushelsfarmsfarms	46	9	5	1 -	- 8	150	20	92	38
acres	25	5	2	12	6	271	36	189	47
Berries for salefarms_	36		7	18	9		11	100 222	31 46
acres Land in orchordsfarms	19 28		3	11 25	5 1	282 119	15 3	222 81	35
tang in orchorastarms	18		_	15	i	441	37	237	167
All other cropsforms	29	6	3		2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
ocres_	3		ו	13	(Z)	87 10	16	62 10	2
Greenhouse products under gloss or other protectionfarms square feet_	15 10 848		-	10 290	120		_	3 484	-

APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation—for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

to us in the envelope provided.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

Inews Pharello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT
TO THE CENSUS
BUREAU IS CONFIDENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

noip.									
Section 1 Did you receive m	ore than one report for	m?					T T		
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2		Enter extra file number(s) her	e e			-			
Section 2 FARMING, RANG	HING, OR OTHER AG	RICULTUR	AL ACT	IVIT	IESI	V 19	74		
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount	t of any of the it	tems liste	d belov	w?		YES	NO 2 [_
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedle Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on far 		 Greenh nursery Fish in Fur-bea in capt Other a 	producaptivi aring a ivity	icts ity nimals	ties			
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed compani	or produce any agricultural pees, processors, or packers?.	roducts for					YES	NO 2 [_
Did you raise or produce any agric a partnership, share arrangement,	cultural products for others or or other rental agreement in	with others und 1974?	der • • • • • •				1 🗆	2	3
4. Did you own any land that was us	ed by someone else for agricu	ultural purposes	s in 1974	?			1 🗆	2	J
Did you own any livestock or poul under a share agreement or custo	try that was cared for by som marrangement in 1974?	eone else			· • • • •		1 🗆	2 [כ
► If you answered YES to ANY	of these questions, go to Se	ection 3.							
▶If you answered NO to ALL	five of these questions, to	ear off this fro	ont cover	and r	nail it	back			

	ACREAGE in 1974 and LA		ND VALUE		Nun	nber of	4	Your estimate current market of these acres		
	Include all cropia	and, pastureland, r	angeland,			cres	1	he building		m
	woodland, waste	eland, idle land, ho	ouse lots, etc.	None				Dollars		Cents
					040		1		1	
1. /	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		050	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$		- -	
5	ALL land rented or leased FR shares; leased Federal, State Do NOT include land used o	. and railroad land	: and land used			s				
3. /	All land rented or leased TO shares by others and land su	OTHERS, including	ling land worked on				1 \$		1	
1	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS I (item 1) and acres rented (ite others (item 3), and enter yo	em 2), then SUBTF	RACT acres ren	wned ted to	070		1 (ese are t "THIS" or this ce	PLACE	"①
	1 "THIS PLACE" means greenhouses, and/or an			try houses,			• `			
5. 1	f you rented land FROM	OTHERS (item :	2 above), plea	se enter the foll	owing ir	formation	for	each lan	dlord.	
		A di	dress	Number of				nents in 19 that apply	74	
	Name		sity, State, ZIP code	e) acres	Share of crops	Share of live or produ	estock	Cash as rent	Oth arrange	
				081	1 0	2 🔲		3 🗌	4 [1
				082	1 0	2 🗖		3 🔲	4 []
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	····	083	1 🗆	2 🔲	 ! !	3 🗌	4	
	List additional landlords on back c	over.								
6. 1	f you rented land TO O	THERS (item 3							ter.	
•	Name		Address (N	o. and street, city, State	, ZIP code)	085	o. of acres	-	
							000	•		
	•						086	i		015
	//						087			
	List additional renters on back cov	er.	·							014
	Of the land you rented or lea acres did you subrent or subl				Number 088	of acres	marl	urrent cet value	4	
	eased by you which was wo					\$			4	013
•	A II A I	able to skip most o		- vorked on shares	or renter	to someo	ne els	e.		0
1/	DLEASE b. There	were no crops or i	livestock in 191	74 on the acres in	"THIS PI	LACE" (ite	m 4 a	bove).	İ	
Ľ				as been sold to son a read the Instruc			inuing	with		2
	this report.	···········		· ·	,				_	012
Sec	tion 4 LOCATION C	F AGRICULT	URAL ACTI	VITY						
				County name		State		No. of acres	7	-
1.	n what county was the large gricultural products raised o	st value of your or produced?	Principal county			†·		91	-	0
1	Enter county name, State, a	nd number	Other			+	0	92	-	
	of acres on the "Principal cou f you have agricultural opera		counties			ļ		93	_	
é	any other county(ies), enter t	he county						93		010
′,	name(s), etc., on the lines pro 'Other counties.'')	ovided for					0	94		
	ocation of place within principle		L				1		, us	<u> </u>
(county entered above. (Give of township, district, precinc	name , etc., or	Name of location						CENS	ONLY

READ AND ANSWER THIS QUESTION

in Section 16.

During 1974 did you produce any crops: cut any hay: have any nursery or greenhouse products or specialty crops; or have any land

YES	Go to Section 5 below
□ NO —	Skip to page 8 and
	COMPLETE Section 1

Section 5 $>$ Was any FIEL	LD CORN ha	rvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	place in 19	9747		
YES — Complete this section		Report swee when you rea			2 and popcor	n in Section	16		
□ NO — Go to Section 6	·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		harvested	Quan	tity harvested		Acres	rrigated
Field corn for grain or seed (of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight. 70 lbs. e	either bushels (or	101		1 OR-	Bushel shelled		2	
shelled corn = 1 bushel she					6 Hundredweigh shelled			2	
2. Field corn for silage or green	n chop		102		green weight				
3. Field corn cut for dry fodder, include acres already reports			103					2	
				Acres	Dry fer	tilizer	Liq	uid or gas fo	ertilizer
			ļ	rtilized	Whole ton	s Tenths		ole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used o	n field corn		109		1	/10	2		/10
☐ YES — Complete this section☐ NO — Go to Section 7	• •		ion 16 v		for hay in Sec ach those sec Quan		sorghu	, <u></u>	rrigated
Sorghums (milo) for grain or harvested in either bushels		111	{	OR Bushels			2		
			112		1	Pour Ton		2	
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	n chop	• • • • • • •	113		1	gree	n weight	2	
3. Sorghums cut for dry forage	•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		weight	2	
4. Sorghums hogged or grazed acres already reported in ite.			114						
				Acres	Dry fert			uid or gas fe	
			119	rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Who	ole tons	Tenths
5. Commercial fertilizer used o					·	/10	l		/10
Section 7 Were any SO from this place YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 8	e in 1974?	EANUTS,	DRY	BEANS, 6	or DRY PE	AS harve		used	·
	Acres harvested	Quantit harveste		Acres irrigated	Acres	Dr	Y	Liquid	or gas
					fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths		s Tenths
1. Soybeans for beans 2	121		Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Peanuts for nuts 3	122	I	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Dry field and seed beans	123		100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Dry lima beans	124	l	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. Dry field and seed peas 4.	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Cowpeas for dry peas	126	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
② Soybean hay is to be repo ③ Peanut hay is to be repo ④ Austrian winter peas are	rted in Section	10.	beans l	nogged or g	razed, cut for	silage, or pl		nder in Se	

Page 2

⁽⁵⁾ Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage

Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

				T	Commercia	al fertilize	r used	
	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat	131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat	132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat	133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat	134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat	135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Oats for grain	137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
7. Barley for grain	138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain	139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
9. Mixed grains	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed	141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat	142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet	143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either	144	1 100-lb. bags 6	2	3	4		5	
100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)		OR Bu. 7 Barrels				/10		/10

Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR Section 9 SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

ı	\Box	YES	Complete	this	section
		163	COMBRE	ums	Secuon

L	NO		Go to	Section	10	on	next	page
---	----	--	-------	---------	----	----	------	------

Report tenths of									Commercial	fertilizer	used	
acres where		Acres arvested	Quantit harveste	•		res ated	Г	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
indicated.	"	aivesteu	Haivest	gu	ung	ateu		fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Cotton	151		1	Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
2. Tobacco — all types	152	1/10	1	Pounds	2	1/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	! /10
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153	/10	1	Hundred- weight	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1	Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
_	155	. 710	1	Tons	2	. 710	3	1 /10	4	/10	5	/10
 Sugar beets for sugar Sugar beets for seed 	156 .		1	Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
7. Sugar beets for seed	157		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10
	159				2		3		4	/10	5	/10
9. Sugarcane for seed				4070			40	74 04	<u> </u>	لتنتا	74	

⁶ In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10 Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAG			r GREEN C	HOP cut	or harvested
YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 11					
If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "ha report the acreage in the appropriate items under Part A —	ylage, - Hay	" or "green cho and Part B —	p" from the sa Grass Silage	me fields, below.	
■Part A DRY HAY			0	h	T
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report		Acres harvested	(Report	harvested rt either ren weight, licated)	Acres irrigated
total tons from all cuttings.)		172	1	Tons.	2
Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating		173	1	dry Tons.	2
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay	• • • •	174	- 	dry Tons.	2
3. Small grain hay				dry	
4. Lespedeza for hay		175	1	Tons, dry	2
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay		176	1	Tons. dry	2
6. Wild hay		177	1	Tons,	2
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses,		178	 1	dry	2
soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc				Tons. dry	
■Part B GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AND GREEN CI	НОР				
(If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)		181	1	Tons,	2
8. Grass silage and haylage				green	
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)		182	1	Tons. green l	2
		Acres fertilized	Dry fertilize Whole tons		quid or gas fertilizer Vhole tons Tenths
	189	TOTALIZED	1	, 2	Alloic tolis Telitris
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	L	<u> </u>		/10]	/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legu	me, c	lover, etc.)	harvested to	rom this	place in 1974?
YES — Complete this section		Acres	Quantity ha		Acres
NO — Go to Section 12	<u> </u>	harvested	clean se		irrigated
1. Red clover seed	19	1	1	Pounds	2
2. Alfalfa seed	192	2	1		2
3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. from list below.)				Pounds	
			1		2
Crop name No			1	Pounds	2
Crop name No	_		<u> </u>	Pounds	
List additional field seed crops harvested on back cover. Crop name No. Crop name Austrian winter peas 193 Ryegrass seed: A Birdsfoot trefoil seed 194 Fescue seed: Alta 195 Sudan grass seed Chewings . 196 Timothy KY 31 197 Wheatgrass seed .	erennial.	. 206 . 207 . 208	Crimson clove Ladino clover Sweetclover s	rseed seed	No
Red198 Kentucky Bluegras Other199 Merion	s seed:		Red top seed	.	
Bahia grass seed 201 Proprietary		. 212	Vetch seed, of	ther than hairy	·
Bentgrass seed 202 Other Lespedeza		. 214	All other seed bluestem, can		xtail).
Orchardgrass seed 204 Lupine seed	• • • •	. 215	(Write name o		
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds		Acres	Dry fertiliz	er Li	quid or gas fertilizer
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same	205	fertilized			Vhole tons Tenths
acreage was reported in Section 10.)	235		\$ 1 	/10 2	/10

☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 13 on next page For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 through August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other States Acres For fresh market For processing ® Acres irrigated For fresh market For processing ® For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For processing B For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh market For fresh m	Section 12 Were any VEGE place in 1974?	TABLES,	SWEET (CORN, O	R MELO	NS har	vested fo	r sale fron	n this
□ NO — Go to Section 13 on next page For Florids, report for the September 1, 1973 through August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other States report for calendary year 1974. [See separate Instructions for additional guidelines on filling this section.] 1. Sweet corn	<u> </u>								
August 31, 1974 harvest seaton. for all other States report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructions for additional guidelines on filling this section.) 1. Sweet corn. 241		age							
August 31, 1974 harvest season: for all other States report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructions for additional guidelines on filling this section.) 1. Sweet corn	For Florida, report for the Septemb	her 1 - 1973 ti	brough		Acres h	arvested 🕖		Acres	5 [†]
1. Sweet corn.				For fres	h market	For pr	ocessing (8)	irrigate	ed
1. Sweet corn.	report for calendar year 1974. (Se	e separate In	structions	Whole acre	es Tenths	Whole ac	res Tenths	Whole acres	Tenth
2. Tomatoes				1	1 /	1	1 /		1 /
2. Tomatoes	1. Sweet corn				/10	+	/10		/10
3. Cucumbers and pickles	2 Tomatasa				1 40		1 /2		1 4
3. Cucumbers and pickles	2. formatoes						- + /10	+	-
4. Watermeions	3. Cucumbers and pickles				1 /10	1.	1 /10	I -	1 /10
5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpeas. 246					+	 	1		1
5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpeas .	4. Watermelons		<i></i>	.[į /10		/ ₁ 0	ļ	1 /10
6. Snap beans, bush and pole				245	1 ,	1	1 ,	1-	,
6. Snap beans, bush and pole	5. Green peas, including English, exc	luding green	cowpeas.		/10		/10		/10
7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and No. from list below.) Vegetable name					į ,	1	! /	1 -	! ,
Vegetable name				•	/10		/10	ļ	/10
Vegetable name		etable name a	and No.	ĺ	l I	,		,	-
Vegetable name	·			Ì	į / ₁₀]	1 /10	1	1 /10
Vegetable name	vegetable name		No						1 719
Vegetable name	Vegetable name		No	!	1 /10		. /1o	ļ	1 /10
Vegetable name	v ogotobio ilatilo				- 	1	1 .	2	1
Vegetable name	Vegetable name		No		1 /10		<u> </u>		1/10
Vegetable name No.					1 ,	1 -		II.	1
Vegetable name	Vegetable name		No		/10		/10		/10
Vegetable name No. Vegetable No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable No. Vegetable No. Vegetable No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable No. Veg				1	/.	1	1 /-	f ⁻	1 /-
Vegetable name No.	Vegetable name	 -	No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 /10	 			1 /10
Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Artichokes 249 Chicory 260 Lettuce, romaine 272 Pumpkins 284 Asparagus 250 Collards 262 Lettuce, other 273 Radishes 286 Beets 251 Cowpeas (blackeye and broccoli 252 other green cowpeas). 263 Mustard greens 275 Shallots 287 Spinach 288 Cabbage 256 Endive 266 Onions, dry 278 Squash 289 Cantaloups and Escarole 267 Onions, green 279 Turnips 290 Parsian melons 256 Garlic 268 Okra 280 Okra 280 Turnip greens 291 Caulfillower 258 Kale 270 Peppers, sweet 281 (Write vegetable name on line in item 7 above.) 8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres or the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice.				1	1 /10] '	1 /10	, —	1 /10
Vegetable name No. List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Artichokes . 249 Chicory	Vegetable name		No	·	+ ///				+ /10
Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Artichokes	Venetable name	1	No		; /1o		1 /10		1 /10
Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Artichokes .249 Chicory .260 Lettuce. romaine .272 Pumpkins .284 Asparagus .250 Collards .262 Lettuce. other .273 Radishes .285 Beets .251 Cowpeas (bleckeye and Broccoli .252 other green cowpeas) .263 Muskmelons .274 Rhubarb .286 Supplant .265 Endive .266 Onions, dry .278 Squash .289 Cabbage .255 Endive .266 Onions, dry .278 Squash .289 Cantaloups and Escarole .267 Onions, green .279 Turnips .290 Carrots .257 Honeydew melons .268 Califower .258 Kale .270 Peppers, awert .281 (Write vegetable s .294 Califower .258 Kale .270 Peppers, hott .282 (Write vegetable s .294 (Write vegetable s .294 (Write vegetable s .294 (Write vegetable name on line in item 7 above.) 8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice.	Vegetable hame				 	1.		2	1
Vegetable name No. Vegetable name 285 Acres Calling name No. Vegetable name 285 Acres No. Vegetable name 286 Nations 277 Spinach 288 286 Nations Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name No. Vegetable name <td>Vegetable name</td> <td></td> <td>No</td> <td>Ĺ</td> <td>/10</td> <td>L</td> <td>1 /10</td> <td></td> <td>/10</td>	Vegetable name		No	Ĺ	/10	L	1 /10		/10
Artichokes	List additional vegetables had	rvested for sale o	n back cover.						
8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice. Acres harvested irrigated fertilized Dry Liquid or gas Whole acres Tenths	Artichokes	icory	260 262 and eas) 263 265 266 267 268 269 269 270	Lettuce, n Lettuce, o Lima beai Muskmek Musterd g Onions, d Onions, g Okra Peppers, s	omaine other ons ons greans ry sweet		Pumpkins Radishes Rhubarb Shallots Spinach Squash Turnips Turnip gree Other vege (Write vege	nns	. 284 . 285 . 286 . 287 . 288 . 289 . 290 . 291
Report acres only once even though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice. Tenths Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Tenths							Comme	rcial fertilizer use	d
though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice. Whole acres Tenths whole acres Tenths acres Te		hervested	i	rrigated	tertilize	30	Dry	Liquid o	or gas
irrigated or fertilized twice.	though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres				acres	renths		tons	Tenths
Report all fertilizer used.)		299	1	i 7	2	3	į	4	İ .
	rrigated or rertilized twice. Report all fertilizer used 1		/10	10	i	10	į.	/10	/10

① When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

[®] Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13 Was there a C vines, and nut to										ape-
☐ YES — Complete this section☐ NO — Go to Section 14										
Report the total acres, acres irrig and nut trees on this place. Acre in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland in	age in aban	fertilize doned	ed, and the a trees should	amoun not b	t of fertiliz e reported	er used in this	l for all frui section bu	it trees t should	, grapevine d be report	es, ed
1	Acres in tre	es and	Acres			С	ommercial fe	tilizer us	ed	
	vines of all		irrigate		Acres fer	tilized	Dry		Liquid or	gas
1.Land in bearing and nonbearing	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees	301	/10	1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10
For each item, report the acres a age and quantity harvested. Tre from hail, frost, etc., should be r see separate Instructions. (Also s	es or vines reported in a	of bear icres in	ing age tha trees of be	t were aring a	not harve ge. For in	sted be erplant	ecause of l	ow pric	e or dama	ge
	Not	of bearing	g age		Bearing	age				
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)		role ros	tr	nber of eas vines)	a	ntity harveste Report tenths here specified)	d
	302		1	2	1.	3	4			
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf	303	1/10	1	2	1/1	3	4			Pounds
3. Apples, standard	304	/10	1	2	/1	0 3	4			Pounds
4. Peaches, clingstone		1/10			1/1	0				Pounds
5. Peaches, freestone	305	1/10	1	2	/1		4			Pounds
	306	1,	1	2		3	4			•
6. Pears, Bartlett	. 307	1 /10	1	2	/1	3	4			Pounds
7. Pears, other than Bartlett		1/10			/10					Pounds
Charies Assa	308	1	1	2	1	3	4		,	Pounds
8. Cherries; tart	. 309	1 /10	1	2	/1	3	4			rounds
9. Cherries, sweet		/10			/10					Pounds
(9)	310		1	2	,	3	\\ 4		/10	Tons, fresh
10. Grapes		/10			/1		5		/10	Tons, dry
11. Plums	. 314	/10	1	2	/1	3	4		/10	Tons. fresh
(a)	315		1	2		3	14		/10	Tons. fresh
12 . Prunes		/10			/10		5		/10	Tons.
For citrus, report quantity harvested in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.	320	,	1	2	,	3	4		<u> </u>	

17. Grapefruit Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

321

322

323

324

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

/10

/10

/10

/10

/10

13. Valencia oranges

14. Navel oranges

15. Temple oranges

Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc. . .

16. Other oranges — Hamlin,

2

2

2

/10

/10

/10

/10

/10

3

3

3

4

4

4

Boxes

Boxes

Boxes

Boxes

Boxes

Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col.(f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list be	low	Not	of bearing (c)	g age		Bearing (d)	ige		Quantity harvested		t of mea fark (X) o		Average capacity of boxes
Name (a)	[No.] (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		(e)	Lbs.	Tons	Boxes	in pounds (g)
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4	······································	51	1 2	3 🗆	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5 ₁ □	2	3 🗌	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5 1	2	3 🗌	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51	2	3 🗌	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3 🗌	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3 🔲	6
• CITRUS	SCROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No		• NUT CRO	PS		N	o.
1973—74 Kumquats Lemons . Limes (1 b Tangelos • Tangerines	tantity harv from bloo cushel = 50 s and mand as fruit trees	m of 1973. O lbs.) arins	325 326 327 328 329	Avoca Dates Figs Mang Necta Pome Olive	ados (See li See Instructi poes arrines argranates	nstructions)	33' 33' 33' 33' 33' 33' 33'	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Almonds Filberts and he Pecans, impresents, wild Pistachio . Tung nuts (in Walnuts (Eng Walnuts, plar Other nut tree	nazelnuts oved and see husk) ulish or F nted blad	ding	3	41 42 43 44 45 46 47

Section 14 Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

YES - Complete this section		Area used	d in 1974		Value	
		Square feet under glass	Acres in the	open	sales durin	g 1974W
■ NO — Go to Section 15 on nex	t page	or other protection 10	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents
Nursery products — trees, shr	ubs, vines, etc.	371	1	/10	2 \$	
2. Sod harvested			1	/10	2 \$	
3. Buibs		373	1	/10	2 \$	ļ
4. Cut flowers, florist greens; and other florist plants	d potted, bedding, or	374	1	/10	\$	
5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds plants (Report sweet corn for	s, and vegetable seed in Section 16.)		1	/10	\$	
6. Vegetables, including	a. Tomatoes				\$	
mushrooms, grown under glass or other protection	b . Cucumbers	. 386		1	\$	
	c. Lettuce	14) (\$	<u>i</u>
	d. Mushrooms	1		j T	\$	-
	e. Other vegetables	1000	4		\$	l Mariana
7. Area irrigated (Include items	1 through 6e.)	{ ·	<u> </u>	/10		
	<u> </u>	Area fertilized	Dry fertili:	er	Liquid or gas	fertilizer

1 Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Square feet

399

Acres

Tenths

Tenths

/10

Whole tons

Tenths

Whole tons

8. Commercial fertilizer used on

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested fo	or sal	e fro	m this	pla	ace	in 19	747				
YES — Complete this section			A	cres ha	rvested	T		Quant	tity harv	ested		Acres in	rigated
☐ NO — Go to Section 16					Tenth	ns	(= 1 1/2		s)	Whole acres	Tenths
1. Strawberries			402			, 1 10	i				ounds	2	1 /10
. Strawbernes		• • • • •	403		+ /	10						2	710
2. Cranberries					/	10					00-lb. parrels		/10
iist below./						, 1						2	
Crop name	No)			/	10				P	ounds	2	/10
Crop name	No)	<u></u>		/	10				Р	ounds		/10
List additional berry crops had Crop name No Blackberries and dewberries 40 Blueberries, tame 40 Blueberries, wild 40	D. Crop na Boysen Currant Gooseb				Raspt	nberr perrie	ies es, red		No. . 411 . 412 . 413		All othe (Write o	ame perries er berries erop name on 3 above.)	415
			-		res fertili:		_		Ory fertil		+	iquid or gas f	
			-	Whole 429	e acres	Ten			e tons	Ten	ths 2	Whole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be	erries			429		<u> </u>	/10	1		ŀ	/10 2		10
Section 16 > Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted	from	this p	lac	e in	197	4?				
YES — Complete this section		T			Ι				Com	mercia	fertilize	er used	
NO — Go to Section 17	Acres harvested	_	uantity		Acres		A	cres		Dry		Liquid o	r gas
		Па	rvested		irrigate	~		ilized	Whole	tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Popcorn	431	1		Pounds, helled	2		3		4	- 1	/10		/10
2. Safflower	432	1	Р	ounds	2		3		4	1	/10		/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1	Р	ounds	2	_	3		4		/10	5	/10
4. Emmer and spelt		<u> </u>		ushels						<u> </u>	/10		/10
5. Mint for oil	435	1	0	ounds of oil	ļ		3		4		_/10		/10
6 . Broomcorn	436	1		ons of rush	2		3		4	i	/10	5	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop name					2		3		4	 	/10	5	
Crop					2		3		4	- †		5	· · ·
nameNoNo	hack source	<u> </u>	<u>diame</u>								/10	L	/10
Crop name No. Castor beans	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans for Mustard seed. Rapeseed	beans.	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447 . 448	R S S S	rop name oot crops esame fo orghum fo oybeans l grazed or oybeans p	for for r seed or sim- nogge out follower	d up . ed or or sila ed und	ge	450 451 452 453	Sw Tri Ve Wi Wi All (W	ticale . vetbear ld rice ormseed other cr	n for seed	455 456 457 458
Section 17 > Were any FOR	EST PROD	OUCTS	sold f	from	this p	lac	e in	197	4? _				
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to and COMPLETE Se	ction 18								-		Vali Dolla	ue of sales	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees										491 8	. ——.		
2. Firewood and fuelwood										492			
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs										\$ 493 \$			
4. Pulpwood	ts, Christmas	trees, gui	 m							494 \$ 495			† ! !
for naval stores, fence posts, ma	aple products	s, etc.)		• • • •	• • • •	• •			يا ٠٠٠	\$			<u> </u>

Se	ction 18 > LAND USE IN 1974 — COMPLETE THIS SECTION		
1.	Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4, page 1	Acres	
	► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY	Acres	
	ONCE — in the first use listed below that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	Number of acres	Acres irrigated in 1974
	a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products.)	502	1
	b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Include rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.)	503	1
2.	C. Cronland used for cover crops legumes and soil improvement	505	Ī
	d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 2a.)	506	1
	e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	507	1
	f. Cropland idle	509	1
3.	. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber a. Woodland pastured	511	
	tracts and cutover and deforested land with	512	
_	young timber growth.) b. Woodland not pastured		
4.	. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.)		
	Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied lime, fertilizer, seed,	514	1
	improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of weeds and brush	515	
	b. Other pastureland and rangeland		
5.	. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported above.)	516	
6.	. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported in items 2a through 5 and enter the total in this space. Should be the same as item 1 above.)	IN"THIS PLACE" 1517	IRRIGATED
7	Do you have any grazing permits on a per-head basis?	↑ □ Other Federa	ol or Casa
7.		4 Other Federa 5 Other — Spe	
	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply — 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land	5 Other — Spe	ecify 7
	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply — 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES	5 ☐ Other — Spe	and 2 below
Se	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply — 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 ➤ Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO	Other — Specific of the specif	and 2 below
Se	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply — 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES	Other — Spe	and 2 below
Se	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply — 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 ➤ Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO	Other — Specific Spec	and 2 below
Se	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply — 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods?	Other — Specific Spec	and 2 below
Se	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply — 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches	5 Other — Specific S	and 2 below
Sed	YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches	5 Other — Specific S	and 2 below
Sed	YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches	5 Other — Specific S	and 2 below
Sec	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches	5 Other — Specific S	1 and 2 below below ringated in 1974
1.	☐ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) ☐ NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches	5 Other — Specific S	1 and 2 below below ringated in 1974
1. 2.	YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) NO — Go to Section 19 3 ☐ Indian Land Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? ☐ YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches	Other — Special Specia	1 and 2 below below ringated in 1974
1. 2.	YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) NO — Go to Section 19 Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches b. Flooding c. Subirrigation d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.) Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974. [53] Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers one acre, one foot deep). [53] Sallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60	Other — Special Specia	1 and 2 below below ringated in 1974
1. 2.	YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 ☐ Taylor Grazing (BLM) NO — Go to Section 19 Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? YES ☐ NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches	Other — Special Specia	1 and 2 below below ringated in 1974
1. 2.	TYES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 Taylor Grazing (BLM) 3 Indian Land ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches b. Flooding c. Subirrigation d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.) e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.) Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.) Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974. (Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you.) Setting quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974. Setting quantity of water used.) 531 Setting quantity of water used. 532 C. If acre-feet (One acre-foot covers one acre, one foot deep). 533 Setting quantity of water used. 534 Setting quantity of water used. 535 Setting quantity of water used. 536 Setting quantity of water used. 537 Setting quantity of water used. 538 Setting quantity of water used. 539 Setting quantity of water used. 530 Setting quantity of water used. 531 Setting quantity of water used. 532 Setting quantity of water used. 533 Setting quantity of water used. 534 Setting quantity of water used. 535 Setting quantity of water used. 536 Setting quantity of water used. 537 Setting quantity of water used. 538 Setting quantity of water used. 539 Setting quantity of water used. 530 Setting quantity of water used. 531 Setting quantity of water used. 532 Setting quantity of water used. 533 Setting quantity of water used. 534 Setting quantity of water used. 537 Setting quantity of water used. 538 Setting quantity of water used. 539 Setting quantity of water used. 530 Setting quantity of water used. 531 Setting quantity of water used. 532 Setting quantity of water used. 533 Setting quantity of water used. 534 Setting quantity of water used. 5	Other — Special Specia	1 and 2 below below ringated in 1974 1974 11974 110 Gallons Total
1. 2.	TYES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 2 Taylor Grazing (BLM) 3 Indian Land Ction 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? NO How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods? a. Furrows or ditches. b. Flooding. c. Subirrigation. d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.). e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.). Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.) Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (Report in the unit or units of measure most convenient for you.) a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers one acre, one foot deep). b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60 minutes X hours operated in season). c. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give depth in inches of all water applied.	Other — Special Specia	1 and 2 below below ringated in 1974 hiths 10

Section 20	Was any I	and on this place ARTI	IFIC	IALLY DRAI	NED	7				
YES - Con										
	to Section 21							1	Acres a	irtificially
underground	d tile drains, gra	ce were artificially drained?	oump	ing to control wa	ater.		N	lone	dra 541	uned
	,	the removal of irrigation was icially drained by systems ins				 47			542	
										
Section 21	•	COMMERCIAL FERTII	LIZE	n applied to	FAS	UNE	LAND			
YES - Con	oplete this secti	on								
□ NO - Con	tinue with NOT	E below		Acres		ry fertiliz	er	Liqu	id or gas f	ertilizer
1 How many a	eros of cronlar	nd used only for	None	fertilized	Whol	e tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths
pasture in 1	974 (reported i	n Section 18.		551	1		2			! /
·	re fertilized?	astureland in 1974		552	1		/10	,		1 /10
		m 4a) were fertilized?		332	•		/10			1 /10
	ND AND SWER THIS ESTION	Did you or anyone of poultry, or animal sin 1974? (Include	speci	alties on this p	lace		S — Go i) — Skip CON	o to p	age 13	
Section 22		e any POULTRY such a				-VS 1				11011 27
section 22		ce at any time in 1974		HICKENS, I	UNKI	C 1 3, 1	JUCKS	, et	C.,	
YES - Con	nnlete this secti	an								
		Ø11								
		ery operations such as baby (chick	rs,						
	turkey poults,	etc., in Section 26.				Number	ENTORY on this plac er 31, 1974	e h	Total num	
		RS for table eggs and hatchir		_		602	e: 31, 137.	1		
a. Hens and	pullets of layi	ng age kept for TABLE or M	//ARK	KET egg producti		603		1		
b. Hens and	pullets of layin	ig age kept for HATCHING e	gg pr	roduction		605		1		
c. Pullets 3	months old or o	lder not yet of laying age						1		
d. Pullet chi	icks and pulle	ts under 3 months old (Exc	clude	commercial bro	ilers.)	606		1		
e. Roosters	and male chick	ens (all male breeding stock))		[607		1		
2. BROILERS,	fryers, and othe	r meat type chickens, includi	ing ca	apons and roaste	ers	608		1		
3. TURKEYS						611		1		
a. Heavy bre	ed turkeys for s	laughter (Exclude breeuers.	<i>J.</i>			612		1		
b . Light bree	d turkeys for sla	aughter (Exclude breeders.)			[
c. Turkey HE 4 . OTHER POU	NS kept for bre LTRY raised in	eding (Include both heavy a captivity (Enter fowl name o	and lig and N	ght breeds.) No. from list belo		613		1		
Fowl name				No				1		
								1		
								1	. —	
Fowl name	additional poultry o	on back cover.		No	[
Fowl name	No.	Fowl name No.		Fowl name	No					
Ducks Geese		Pigeons or squab 616 Pheasants 617		Quail	61	8	name on li	ne in	tem 4 = h	ove !
				or positif		[ue of		70.7
5. What was th	e value before t	axes and expenses of poultr	y anc	d poultry product	s (eggs	s. etc.)	Doll	ars	Cer	its
sold from the moved from	s place in 1974 this place by co	4? (Include estimated value intractors or others.)	e of μ	poultry and poul	ltry pro	ducts	629 \$]] 1	

NO Go to Section 24			INVEN Number or	
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			December	
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b,	c and d below)		631	
	c, and a baron,		632	
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that ha	d calved.)			
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and	d milk heifers that had calved l		633	
and the first product of the first of the fi			634	
c. Heifers and heifer calves	(1) For beef purposes and beef co	ow replacement	635	
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacement			
			636	
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calv	es			
BOATTIE AND CALVES COLD (
■ CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this (Include those fed on "This Place" on a co			Value of sa	
Also, report cattle moved from this place feeding as sold; report both the number a		Total number sold in 1974	before taxes and	
See separate Instructions.)	no estimated value.	641	Dollars	Cents
2 . Calves weighing less than 500 pounds			\$	
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 pou	ando or maro	642	1	Ì
a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were		643	1	-
grain or concentrates for 30 days or m			\$	
■DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this pla	ace in 1974	Val	ue of	
• Report goat dairy products in Section 2	6 when you reach that section.		ducts sold	
4. What was the gross value of sales of dair	v products (milk, cream, etc.)	Dollars 649	Cents	
from this place in 1974, before taxes and		· · · s		
ection 24 $>$ Did you or anyone else	e have any HOGS or PIGS on t	this place in 19	74?	
YES Complete this section			<u></u>	
			INVENT Number on	this place
				this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page INVENTORY on December 31, 1974	o below.)		Number on December 5	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b			Number on December 3 651	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page ■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and base) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for brown and pigs used for brown and pigs used for brown and pigs used for brown and pigs used for brown and pigs used for brown and pigs used for brown and pigs used for brown a	reeding		Number on December 3 651	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for br b. Other hogs and pigs	reeding		Number on December : 651	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and back) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for brown by Other hogs and pigs	reeding	None Number of lit	Number on December : 651	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page ■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for br b. Other hogs and pigs	eeding		Number on December : 651	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and back) a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for brown by Other hogs and pigs	eeding	None Number of lit	Number on December : 651	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page ■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and because as Hogs and pigs used or to be used for because because the because of the because of the because of the because of the because of the between — LITTERS FARROWED 2. Litters farrowed on this place between —	eeding	None Number of lit	Number on December : 651	this place
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page ■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and because and pigs used or to be used for brobe b. Other hogs and pigs	eeding	None Number of little 654	Number on December : 651	this place 31 : 1974
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and because and pigs used or to be used for become because of the	eeding	None Number of lit	Number on December : 651	this place 31 , 1974 before enses
NO — Go to Section 25 on next page ■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974 1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and because and pigs used or to be used for brobe b. Other hogs and pigs	eeding	None Number of lit	Number on December : 651	this place 31 : 1974
 Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and bear Hogs and pigs used or to be used for brown b. Other hogs and pigs	None	None Number of litt 654 655 Total number sold in 1974	Number on December : 651 652 653 Value of sales taxes and exp	this place 31 , 1974 before enses

Section 25 Did you or anyone else have	any SHEE	P or LAMBS			4 7	
YES Complete this section			l l	ENTORY on this place	Total num	nber sold
NO — Go to Section 26	NO — Go to Section 26				<u> </u>	
4.0			661		1	
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c	below.) · · ·		662			
a. Lambs under 1 year old			332			
a. Camps under 1 year old	• • • • • • • •		663			
b . Ewes 1 year old or older						
			664			
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older						
		None	665 Numbers	hore 1	Pounds of woo	ol shorp
2. Sheep and lambs shorn			1003 1401112673	110111	001103 01 1101	3. 3
2. Sheep and famos short						
				Value of	sales	
2 Million and a second and a second and a second			-	Dollars	Cents	
What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lan wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and of			669)		
				NI ODEO	LALTICO	- 41.1
Section 26 Did you or anyone else have place in 1974?	any OTHE	RLIVESTOCI	C or AIVIIVIA	AL SPEC	IALITES	on this
YES Complete this section		INVENTOR Number or		nher sold	Value of	sales
NO — Go to Section 27		this place	in 1!		Dollars	Cents
- 140 00 10 00 10 11 2 h		Dec 31, 19	1	2		
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)				\$		-
2. Ponies of all ages		672		2 \$		
3 Mulas hussas and declining of all area		673	1	\$]
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages		674	1	2		†
4. Mink and their pelts		675	2000000000000	\$	·····	Maiore
a. Mink females used for breeding		1				
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry had (Enter name and No. from list below.)	itched		1	2		
Name	No			\$		ļ
Name	No		1	2 \$		į
Name	NO		1	2		
Name	No	es, and Poultry Hatch		<u> \$</u>		
Name No. Name	in Captivity, bee	No.	Name		Al -	
Colonies of bees 676 Other g	oats	679	Foxes and t	heir pelts	No 68 68	3
	and their pelts llas and their pelts			hed estock		
			T-1-1		Value of	sales
		cres under water ir fish production	Total quantit in 1974			1
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter name and	1000		1	- 1	Dollars	Cents
No. from "List A" below.)				Pounds	2	-
NameNo			3 OR		\$	į
7. Fish in captivity	233	Tenths [•	Gallons		
(Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)		1	'	Pounds	2	1
NameNo		10	3 OR	Number	\$	į
		<u> </u>	<u></u>	Number	······································	
List A — Livestock Products		List B — Fis	h in Captivity			
Name No. Name		No.	Name	•	No	
Goats milk sold 688 Trout .		692				
	d-type fish					

List any additional livestock, livestock products, animal specialties, or fish on back cover.

Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

С	o	M	PI	F7	F	T	115	ς ς	F	c_{7}	101	1

_	TETE THIS SECTION				
***	Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974				
1	What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and impleme	ente ueually kont	Е	stimated market	value
	on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, training)	ctors, combines.		Dollars	Cents
	plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equi	pment including	701		
	milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$		<u> </u>
-	SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	,	Of the total, HOW MANY manufacture the last 5 ye	ed in
	(Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)			(1970-1974) (Number	
		702	 1		
2	Automobiles				
		703			
3.	Motortrucks (Include pickups.)		}	•	
		704	1		
4	. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers				
		705	1		
5	Crawler tractors				
c		706	1		
О	Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	707			
7	Corn heads for combines				
•	<u> </u>	708			
۰					
0	Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	709			
9	Mower conditioners		1		
		710			
10	Pickup balers		}		
		711	1		
1 1	. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)				
	l de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de	712	1		
12	Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
e	ction 28 > MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTION	Ņ			
_	GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show 721 1 Non				
1		ler 1,000 bushels	11100	ar 25 tanal	
	to 10 and 1	00-4,999 bushels			
		00-9,999 bushels			
		000-24,999 bushe			;)
		000-49,999 bushe			
	7 ☐ 50.0	000 bushels and o	ver (1,250 tons a	nd over)
2.	How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN	None 722		No	es. fra: at
	TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.)			Number of a ponds, pits, i	
	only many pito, noddod nolod, borrago ragodno, or manaro pito, i. i. i. i. i. i.	<u> </u>	Whol	e acres	Tenths
		723			1
	a. Area covered when filled to capacity				/10
					
3.	FUTURES MARKET — Did you utilize the commodity 725 1 Col	rn (grain)	7 🔲	Cattle (live)	
	futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm 2 Sol	=	8 🔲	Hogs (live)	
	704	,	9 🔲	Other - Spe	ecify —
		neat (grain)			•
	Z L NO - BUTU Section 25 on none page	tton			
	6 □ Pot	tatoes			

Section 29	Did you hav	e any C	ONTRACT place in 1	or B 974?	IN C	ING A	GRE!	E M E tten a	NT to	produ	ice d de mo	or mark ore than	et any 30 days
☐ YES —Comple	te this section				prior	to delive	ery.)						
NO - Go to S													
1. Mark (X) as m	nany products a		uced and/or m	narketed	bnu b o N		ict. uct name		No.	Pro	duct na	ame	
	Iroilers		eder cattle and/o	τ	13	Field	and seed	corn	19			s, nuts for	
2 🗍 S	Started pullets	sto	ocker cattle		14	Soyb	eans			_	h marke		
	Chicken eggs	=	eeding cattle		15	Whea			20	_	t, includ iroc ess	ding citrus, ina	
=	urkeys filk and other	=	aughter hogs eder pigs		16 17	Cotto	in tables for		21	_	ar beet		
	airy products	=	eeding hogs		• •		market		22	=		s, such as h	iops.
6 🔲 F	attened cattle	12 Ot	her livestock and, jultry (Write produc line A1 below.)		18		tables for essing			suga	rcane,	otatoes, sa etc.(Write) A1 below.)	
2. For each pro	duct marked a	bove, ente	er the Name				mn hea	ding	where i	ndicate	d and	d comple	ete the
			FIRST CONT	RACT	SEC	OND CON	TRACT	ТН	RD CONT	RACT	FOU	RTH CON	TRACT
A. Product(s) under co		1. Product											_
Enter name and No. item 1 above	from	name	731		732			733			734		
		2. No.	/31					, 55					
B. Type of contract	1. Production (2	1 1		1	1 🔲		1	1 🔲		1	1 🔲	
Mark (X) one of these items for	2. Marketing (1	-	2 🗆			2 🗌			2 🔲		Ī	2 📘	
each product under contract	3. Production, in feeding, and		3 🗌			3 🔲		İ	3 🔲			3 🔲	
Siraci Communication	4. Other		4 🗆			4 🔲			4 🔲			4 🔲	
C. Type of contractor	1 . Co-op	-	2 1 🗌		2	1 🔲		2	1 🔲		2	1 🗆	
Mark (X) one of these items for	2. Feed compar	ηy	2 □			2 🔲			2 🔲			2 🔲	
each product under contract	3. Packer		3 🗌			3 🔲			3 🔲			3 📋	
ander contract	4. Processor		4 ∐ 5 □			4 ∐ 5 □			4 _ 5			4 ∐ 5 □	
O towns formished	5. Other				3			3			3		
D. Items furnished by contractor	1. Feed 2. Chicks, pullet	ts cattle	3 1		ľ	1 🔲		ľ	1 🗌		ľ	1 🔲	
under terms of contract	feeder pigs, e		2 🔲			2 🔲			2 🔲		1	2 🔲	
Mark (X) for as	3. Seed		3 🗌			3 📙			3 🔲			3 📙	
many items as apply for each	4. Fertilizer		4 <u> </u>			4 ∐ 5 □			4 🔲 5 🗍			4 🗌	
product under contract	5. Chemicals 6. Labor		6 🗆			° □			6 M			5 🔲 6 🗍	
	7. Machinery, e	quinment				° П			° Ш			٠ ـــ	
,	or buildings	quipuit.	7 🔲			7 🔲			7 🔲			7 🔲	
	8. Harvesting		8 📙			8 📙			8 📙		l	8 📙	
	9. Transportation		9 🗆		ļ	9 📙		<u> </u>	9 🔲		ļ	9 📗	
	10. Processing/p	acking	4 10 🗌 11 🗍		4	10 🗌		4	10 🔲 11 🗍		4	10 🔲	
	12. Technical ass	ristance	12 🗍			12			12			12	
	13. Other	sistance	13 🗆		İ	13 🗍			13 🔲			13	
	14. None		14 🔲			14 🔲			14			14 🔲	
E. What percent of the was sold under cont		this product	5 Percent		5	Percent		5	Percent		5	Percent	
F. 1. Amount received product covered b			6 Dollars	Cents	6 \$	Dollars	Cents	6 \$	Dollars	Cents	6 \$	Dollars	Cents
2. Did this payment market value of th			7	2 No	7	Yes 2	□ No	7	Yes 2	☐ No	7 _	Yes 2	□ No
G.	1. Exact price?		8 1 🗌		8	1 🔲		8	1 🗍		8	1 🔲	
Did the contract	2. Method of	na?	2 □			2 🗆		1	2 🗆		Ī	2 □	
specify — Mark (X) one	determining price 3. Neither price no		3 □			3 □		l	3 🗍		1	3 □	
(2) Production cont variety or breed.	<u></u>	stom feeding	g. usually specif			amount of			to be pro		nd ma	<u> </u>	

⁽³⁾ Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.

Section 30 PAYROLL AND EMPlabor, employees of working on this place YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 31	PLOYMENT - Did you h labor contractors or cre e in 1974?	ave any ew leade	paid workers ers, or other s	s doing agric salaried emp	ultural loyees	
Please read before answering items 1, 2, and 3 below	Hired farm or ranch worker paid family members, includ workers, maintenance people associated with agricultural they may not be doing agr family workers or the propriet	e such pe e, etc., wh production icultural la	rsons as bookke ose employment on this place bor. Do not inc	epers, office is primarily even though clude unpaid		
	Cash wages paid — Report before deductions for Social S Include all wages, salaries, cosick leave pay. Do not includitems paid in kind.	Security, ta ommission	xes, insurance pr s, paid bonuses,	emiums, etc. vacation and		
For each of the following groups, report h farm or ranch workers were employed and		Number of	Cash wages paid			
cash wages paid to them.			workers	Dollars	Cents	
1. Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how m		751	1	- 		
a . 150 days or more?				\$	i	
			752	1		
b. 25–149 days?		• • • • • •	753	\$1		
a Loss than 25 days?			, 33	. '	į	
c. Less than 25 days?2. Contract workers hired through a crew lea				\$: 754		
_					1	
a. What was the cost of contract labor?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		755	. 10	adama	
b . How many workers did the contractor for	urnish? (Estimate if necessary.)					
3. Salaried corporation officers			756			
If this operation is incorporated, how mover salaried in 1974?						
word salamod in 757 1. The first tree				757		
b. What was the amount paid?				\$		
Were there any work or work connected it	LNESSES CONNECTED k connected injuries that illnesses or death to wo s, injuries, or illnesses to e	t require orkers or	ed more than I this place ir	first aid trea [.] n 1974?		
YES Complete this section						
□ NO — Go to Section 32 on next page	Operator and unpaid Hired worker and paid mem of operator's fa					
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses		761		1		
a. How many workers had injuries or illr	nesses without lost workdays?		Workers	·	Workers	
		762		1		
b. How many workers had injuries or illr	nesses with lost workdays?	700	Workers	1	Workers	
(1) How many days were lost as a res	sult of all injuries	763		•	Dave	
and Illnesses!	and Illnesses? Days Days					

764

Number

Number

2. Number of deaths

Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGIO or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974		R PESTICIDE	S, LIM
☐ YES — Complete this section			
□ NO — Go to Section 33			
Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. It cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpot treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.	each item listed,	report acres onl	у опсе,
Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide,	Number of acres	Cost of che (Do not ind cost of app	clude
insecticide, nematocide) to control —	on which used	Dollars	Cents
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)	771	1 \$	1
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)	772	1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops	773	1 \$	
	774	1	1
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)	775	\$	
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.)	776	\$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture		\$	
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sides, etc.)	777	1 \$	
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit	778	1 \$	1
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings		779 \$	1
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	782	1 \$	
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc.		783 \$	
6. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1 a through 5 and enter total here and in Section 34, item 10.)	\longrightarrow	784 \$	1
Section 33 > FARM CREDIT			
 DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.) 			
\square YES — Answer a, b, and c \square NO — Go to item 2 \square No lar	nd owned — Go t	o item 2	
		Amount (principal on December 31. 1	
	<u> </u>	Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit association 	_ 1	1	
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	\$ 79	12	-
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above	<u>\$</u>		<u> </u>
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the propert others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)		3	
 DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business? 			
\square YES — Answer a, b, and c \square NO — Go to Section 34			
		Amount (principal on December 31, 1	
		Dollars	Cents
 a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies 	79 \$	15	!
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	79	16	
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)			
C. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals	1/2		1

Section 34

Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services, and household expenses not related to the farm business.

					Production 6	expenses
					Dollars	l Cents
1. Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho	nae niae ehoo	'n			801	1 00.113
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul	llets, etc.	.p.			\$	1
2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — gra					802	
feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and					\$	1
	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased — complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	803	/10	1			
b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.)	804	/10	1			
c. Whole grains purchased — such as corn, oats, barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. (Include cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds or other milling byproducts, or green chop.)	805	/10	\$		-	
d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc	800	/10	'	1		
d. (18), green chop, snage, etc	L	/10	18		807	
 3. Animal health costs for livestock and poultry (Include services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) 4. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased 	• • • • • • • •				\$ 808 \$	
5. Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, includir					809	i
and gypsum (Report custom application costs in iten	n 9 below.) •		· · · · · · · · · · ·		\$	
Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purch Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kero		arm busi	ness		811	i
grease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.).		motor oil	l.	· · · · · ·	\$	
		motor oil	l.		\$	
	Storage ca	motor oil	Estimated expe		\$	
grease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.)	Storage cap	motor oil	Estimated experience for farm use in Dollars	1974	\$	
	Storage cal for farm (Gallons	motor oil	Estimated expe for farm use ii Dollars	1974	\$	
grease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.)	Storage cal for farm ((Gallon: 812	motor oil	Estimated expe for farm use in Dollars	1974	s	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business b. Diesel fuel for the farm business c. LP gas, butane, propane for the 	Storage cal for farm (Gallons	motor oil	Estimated experiments for farm use in Dollars	1974	\$	
a. Gasoline for the farm business b. Diesel fuel for the farm business	Storage cal for farm ((Gallon: 812	motor oil	Estimated experiments for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1	1974	\$	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business b. Diesel fuel for the farm business c. LP gas, butane, propane for the 	Storage cal for farm ((Gallon: 812	motor oil	Estimated experior for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 815	1974	\$	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business	Storage cal for farm ((Gallons 812 813	motor oil	Estimated experiments for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 815 \$ \$	Cents	821	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business b. Diesel fuel for the farm business	Storage cal for farm ((Gallons 812 813	motor oil	Estimated experiments for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ \$ 1 \$ \$ 815 \$ \$	Cents	821 \$	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business	Storage cal for farm i (Gallons 812 813 814	motor oil	Estimated experior for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 8 15 \$ \$ and enter total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content total in the second content to the	Cents	821 \$ 823	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business	Storage cal for farm (Gallons) 812 813 814 items 1a, 1b, item 2a.) for this place mixing feed, p	and 1c,	Estimated experior for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 8 15 \$ 8 15 \$ \$ and enter total in fermions.	Cents	821 \$	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business	Storage cal for farm (Gallons) 812 813 814 items 1a, 1b, item 2a.) for this place mixing feed, placeting, fertiling	and 1c, for use o	Estimated experior for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 8 15 \$ 8 and enter total in figure 1. Showing the second control of the seco	Cents Cents	821 \$ 823 \$ 824 \$ 826	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business	Storage cal for farm (Gallons (Gallons 1812) 813 814 items 1a, 1b, items 2a.) for this place mixing feed, place dusting, fertilisted in Section at operating e	and 1c, for use o plowing, zing, etc. a 32, item xpenses	Estimated experior for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 8 15 \$ 8 and enter total in f	Cents Cents	821 \$ 823 \$ 824 \$	
a. Gasoline for the farm business	Storage cal for farm (Gallon: 812 813 814 stems 1a, 1b, items 2a.) for this place mixing feed, place dusting, fertilisted in Section of operating erepairs, electric for farms of the control of	and 1c, for use o olowing, etc. of 32, item expenses icity,	Estimated experior for farm use in Dollars 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 8 15 \$ 8 and enter total in the following such	Cents Cents	821 \$ 823 \$ 824 \$ 826 \$	
 a. Gasoline for the farm business	Storage cal for farm (Gallons (Gallons 13) 812 813 814 stems 1a, 1b, for this place mixing feed, place for this place mixing feed in Section at operating erepairs, electric enses paid by	and 1c, for use o plowing, zing, etc. a 32, item xpenses icity, y landlor	Estimated experior for farm use in Dollars 1	here.)	821 \$ 823 \$ 824 \$ 826 \$ 827	

COMPLETE	and expenses (See separate Instructions.)			
THIS PAGE	Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Estimated va products s	
	contractor's snare, estimating it necessary.		Dollars	Cent
 Grains — grain sorg 	corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, hums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		832 \$	<u>i</u>
2, Cotton an	d cottonseed		833	
3. Tobacco			834 \$	<u> </u>
4. Field seed	s, hay, forage, and silage		835 `\$	<u> </u>
5. Vegetable	s, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)		836 \$	<u> </u>
sweetpota	d crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, atoes, sugar beets, sugarcane, mint for oil; hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>		\$37 \$	1
•	s, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,		838	-i
	pecans, pears, pineapples, etc		\$	1
	nd greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in 4. items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)		839 \$	
	ducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)		849	1
	d poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, tc.(Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)		852 \$	(
11. Cattle and	calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — clude item 3a — and enter the total here.)		853 \$	i
12. Dairy prod	lucts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4.		854	İ
-	at dairy products in item 15 below.)		855 \$	
_	nbs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)		856 \$	
15. Other lives	stock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, c. (Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)		857	
16. TOTAL V	ALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or		\$ 859	-
Section 36	r's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.) INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES II	V 19	74	
	INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related i	ncome
		None	Dollars	Cent
planting, s	ork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing, praying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-reparate business, see separate Instructions.)		871	
2. Recreation	nal services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,	_	\$ 872	-
3. Payments	and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	Ц	\$ 873	
	rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments		\$ 874	
received fr	om lease or sale of allotments. (Include payments for livestock		\$	İ
	ness or source of income which is		875	
	on or CLOSELY RELATED to the TURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		\$	
■ Dort B	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related ex	(DANSAS
	1	None	Dollars	Cent
the total e	elated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter stimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all	wile.	876	
operating include ex	expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not penses already reported in Section 34.)		s	1

Section 37 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION, OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS, and related information

COMPLETE	THIS PAGE								
■ Part A-	Type of Organization								
1. Mark (X) t	he one box which best	describes the way this place w	as operate	d in 191	74.				
901 1	INDIVIDUAL or FAM excluding partnership	ILY operation (sole proprietors and corporation	hip),			Comple	te Parts	B and C	
2	PARTNERSHIP opera	ation, including family partners tions.) — Enter number of part	hips ⁹⁰	D2 ——		below			
3 [CORPORATION, inclu	uding family corporations $- _{\mathcal{S}}$	'kın ta Sva	tion 38					
	OTHER, such as coop	erative, estate or trust, prison is. — Specify type then skip to	farm, grazii	ng asso	ciation.	•			
■ Part B —		ecteristics and Related Inform				milv or P	artnersh	in Oner:	ations
1. Residence person in	e — Where does the op charge, or senior partne or ranch operation live?	perator, 903 1 O		е		another fa rural area city, tow			
(or senior	s the earliest year the op partner, if partnership) e any part of this place?	began	Year						
	s the operator (or senion partnership)?		Years o	ld					
4. Operator' Mark (X) .	s race — 9 appropriate box	06 1 White 4 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian	Puerto Cuban Centra Amer	no an (Mex Rican I or Sou	icano) th	5 [Chines Filipina Other	se o	^{ace} Z
the major	ity (50 percent or more)	it occupation did the operator s of his work time in 1974? Imbers of the partnership toget	spend	·	907	1	v		
	Work — How many each member of the	Mark (X) one for each applicable line.	,	None	1 – 49 days	50-99 days	100-149 days	150-199 days	200 days or more
	rk OFF the place (Include work at a	a. Operator or senior partne	er, 911	1 🔲 📙	2	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🔲	6 🗆
	ob, business,	b . Spouse	912	<u> </u>	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🔲	6 🗆
	n, or on someone n. Do not include	c . Other	. 913	1 🔲 📙	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🗌	6 🗆
exchange	farm work.)	d . Other	. 914	1 🔲]	2	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🔲	6 🗆
(Report ar	mount you and member	Off-Farm Sources in 1974 s of your family received in 19					of	Income fro f-farm sour	rces
•	• •	port should be for the senior populations (not reported in Section		nis tam	Hy.)	None	921	ollars	Cents
profession	nal practice (Report NET	Tafter expenses.)				\square	\$		<u> </u>
		ns, and tips from all jobs g taxes.) 				🗆	922 \$		<u>i</u>
							923 \$		
4. Federal So	ocial Security, pensions	, retirement pay, veterans payr pensation, and old age and other	nents, anni	uities, u			924 \$		
5. Rental inc	ome of nonfarm proper	ty (Report NET after deduction	of expens	ses.)		🗆	925 \$		1
Section 38	(PLETING THIS REPOR	*				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	•
	<i></i>		т						
PLEASE	Name			Date			lei	ephone	

Enter remarks on back cover.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlor greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE—

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle;" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership. I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BEST}}$ ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) The Same Report Form Is Used For All States Except Hawali. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section.
 ▶ (9) Filling Out the Report Form — There are a few rules that will
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where teriths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates (e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished Go to the next section indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration

X YES - Complete this section Report sweet when you rea				pewa m S	ection	16		
NO Go to Section 6	Acres	Namented	\mathbf{I}	Quantity Na	WELLEC	T	Acres	- Lefter
Field corn for grein or seed (Report quantity of shelled corn harvested in either bushnits or hundredwedget. 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs shelled corn is 1 hushnits shelled corn is 1.	101 80	7.	000	System System		2		
shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corn)		00.	6	Un	Hundre		Ì	
2. Field corn for silage or green chop	107 2	20	1 4	00	tom	weeks	2	7
Field corn for silage or green chop Field corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do no include acres aircady reported in items 1 or 2).	103					-	2	
		CTP)	,	hy heri Aze-	-	Cogn	rd or gas be	nd.pr
	ter	144440	White	de tons	Tenns	**	pie tons	Ten
4. Commercial fertifizes used on field covn	109	100	1 /	2	8/10	2		1

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **flid not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 12 -- Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing, if a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used

▶ Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box Weight - Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

^{*}Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

- Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry

▶ Section 18 -- Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acre-feet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons - Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal./minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal./minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11,520,000 gallons

Total inches — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during

▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kapt by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place.

Animels to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place on a corplace in 1974

Animals bought and sold — Do **not** include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle sales - Do not include on the fattened cattle line

- (a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or(b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being
 - sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold f further feeding

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place - Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place - For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lambs shorn - In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings

▶ Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat

▶ Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a pro-duction contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. Production contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor **Marketing contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural products

▶ Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

► Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources

▶ Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) - Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and not operated under a partnership agreement

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does **not** include cooperatives.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or un-incorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

O.M.B. No. 41 S74065. Approval Expires December 31, 1975.

FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

ment P Barella

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code) By the same law YOUR REPORT THE CENSUS TO BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are ımmune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	ore than one report form?							· · · · ·	_
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2	Enter e numbe	extra file r(s) here							
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGRICU	LTURAL ACT	ΓΙVΙΤ	IES II	V 19	74			
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount of any	of the items liste	d belov	w?		YES	_	NO 2 🔲	
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots) Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	 Greent nurser Fish in Fur-be in capt Other 	y producaptive aring a sivity	icts ity nimals					
Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed companie	or produce any agricultural products, processors, or packers?	for				YES]	NO	
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu		ners under]	2 🔲	
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricultural p	urposes in 1974	?	. 		1]	2	
Did you own any livestock or poulti under a share agreement or custom	ry that was cared for by someone elson arrangement in 1974?, ,	se 		. .		1 []	2 🔲	
	f these questions, go to Section 3.								
If you answered NO to ALL to us in the envelope provided.	five of these questions, tear off	this front cover	and n	nail it	back				

			<u></u>					
Section 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LAI	ND VALUE		}			Your estima		
Include all applied and activity	, ,			iber of cres		of these aci	res and	
Include all cropland, pastureland, ra woodland, wasteland, idle land, ho	angeland, Juse lots, etc		}	0163	t	he building		
The state of the s	030 7013, 010.	None	040		 	Dollars	<u>i</u> c	Cents
1 All land owned			040		1		l İ	
1. ALL land owned		⊔	050		\$			
ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, inclushares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis	and land used re	ent free			\$			
All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including shares by others and land subleased	land worked on	_	060		1 \$			
4. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (1) (Please (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTR	e ADD acres own PACT acres rented	ned	070	-	{ Th		PLACE	11
others (item 3), and enter your answer in this sp ① 'THIS PLACE'' means your farm or ranch, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultura	feedlots, poultry	houses,	L] ("	or this ce	ensus re	port
5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2	2 above), please	enter the fol	lowing in					
Add	Iress	Number of				nents in 19 that apply	/4	
	ty, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of live or produ		Cash as rent	Othe	
		081	1,0	2 🔲	 	3 🗌	4	
		082	1 🗆	2 🔲		3 🔲	4 []
		083	1,	2 🔲		3 🔲	4 [
List additional landlords on back cover			L				I	
6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 a		enter the follo				ach ren	ter.	
					085			
				× 12-12-	086			015
					087			
List additional renters on back cover.								014
7. Of the land you rented or leased from others (ite acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (In				of acres		urrent ket value		
leased by you which was worked on shares by o	others.)		088	\$			4	013
You may be able to skip most of a. All the land you owned of b. There were no crops or li	or rented was wo	rked on shares	or rented	to someo	ne else	e .		P -
b. There were no crops or li READ c. The land you operated pi If a, b, or c apply to your oper this report.	rior to 1974 has l	been sold to sor	neone els	s e .				012
Section 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	JRAL ACTIVI	ITY						
		County name		State		No of acres	7	_ \
In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal county	County name		-	09			011
(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties				09	92		
If you have agricultural operations in any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for					09	93	1	010
"Other counties.")						- 		
2. Location of place within principal county entered above. (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)	Name of location		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CENSI	ONLY

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under					
	contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None		Acres irvested	Quar	tity harvested
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled		101		1	Bushels shelled
	basis in either bushels or hundredweight . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)				6 OR-	Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already		104		V	
	reported in item 1.)				1	
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds.)		111	}	6 OR-	Bushels
4	. Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed <i>(Do not include acres</i>		115	(Pounds
	already reported in item 3.1					
_			121		1	
5.	Soybeans for beans		122		1	Bushels
6.	Peanuts for nuts				<u> </u>	Pounds
7	Wheat for grain	П	130		1	Bushels
	Other small grains or	J	136			Dustiers
0.	grain — oats, barle ·, rye, rice, etc. — Sp.:cify					
	0		151		1	
9.	Cotton		152		1	Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type		153	/10	1	Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (excluding home use)		154	/10	1	Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)		154	1/10	,	Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	
	but report total tons of all cuttings./		240	т т		Tons, dry
14.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale			1 /10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing					
	fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages			i I		
	(Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned		301	ļ		
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify			/10		
16.	Berries for sale — Specify		401	/10		
	All other crops (Include field			/10		
	seeds; sugar crops; nursery products; flowers, etc., grown		430	İ		
	in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify			/10		
						7
18	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square			460	uare feet	-
	feet were under glass or other protection?					

Section 6	LAND	Her	LBI	107	
Section 6	LAND	USE	11/4	19/4	•

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5.

NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONE in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pois to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	LY <u>ONCE</u> — astured	
Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse productions.)	cut,	Number of acres
If two crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acres only one	re.)	
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing		503
3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.)		504
4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture.)		510
5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture,		513
rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.) 6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1		517
through 5 and enter the total in this space.) (This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.)		
7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED , 528 in 1974?	Acres irrigated	
Section 7 > LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY	mgateo	
Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and take		
None	INVENTORY Number on this pla December 31, 197	
Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.)	601	1
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.) 3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters)	608	1
4. Cattle and calves of all ages	631	1
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)	632	
b . Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.).	633	
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages	651	1
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?		2
b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None Number of litters 654		
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974		
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974	661	1
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages	670	1
7. Horses and ponies of all ages	670	
8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.	698	1
Specify what kind	699	1

Section 8 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

*	Value of A	LL machinery	and equipment	on this place,	December 3	1, 1974
	A GIRE OL V	vee macinisery	and equipment	on tins place,	December 0	.,

1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

Estimated mar	ket value
Dollars	Cents
701	
\$	

2. Automobiles 702 1 3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.). 703 1 4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers 704 1 5. Crawler tractors 705 1 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only 706 1 7. Corn heads for combines 707 1 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 708 1 9. Mower conditioners 709 1 10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1 72. Field forage harvesters, shear har or flywheel type 712 1	SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	How MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)?
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.). 4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers. 5. Crawler tractors. 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only. 7. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers. 708 1 9. Mower conditioners. 709 1 10. Pickup balers. 710 711 711 711 711 712	2. Automobiles	702	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers 5. Crawler tractors 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only 7. Corn heads for combines 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 9. Mower conditioners 709 1 709 1 709 1 710 1 711 1 711 1 712	3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1
5. Crawler tractors 706 1 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only 707 1 7. Corn heads for combines 708 1 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 708 1 9. Mower conditioners 709 1 10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1		704	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only 707 1 7. Corn heads for combines 707 1 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 708 1 9. Mower conditioners 709 1 10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1	5. Crawler tractors	705	1
7. Corn heads for combines 707 1 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 708 1 9. Mower conditioners 709 1 10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1	6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 709 1 9. Mower conditioners 710 1 10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1		707	1
9. Mower conditioners 709 1 10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1	8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
10. Pickup balers		709	1
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	10. Pickup balers	710	1
712		711	1
Tail Field forage flat vesters, shear but of hystrices type	12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1

Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers,

	and others for production of crops, livestock, and of DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performantion of non-farm activities, businesses or services.	forming cus	stomwor	k off this place	e,	Production exp	enses
	related to the farm business.						Cents
Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc						Dollars 801	
2	Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain concentrates, etc		-	ed feeds.		802 S	
	a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased -	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
	complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.).	803	/10	1 S	!		† †
3	Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased		808				
4	4. Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum (Report custom application costs in item 8.)						
5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business — Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease, etc						\$ 811 \$	
6. Hired farm labor						821 \$	
7	7. Contract labor						
8. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of equipment and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn					824		
picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)					S	<u> </u>	
9. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, insecticides, etc. Exclude fertilizer.)					826 S	i i	
10. All other production expenses (Include other current operating expenses such as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, electricity, purchase					827		
	of water, etc., for the farm business.)	. 				l s	1

11. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including expenses paid by landlords, contractors, or others (Add dollars for items 1 through 10 and enter total here.)

Section 10

Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of			
products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or		Estimated value of	
contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		products s	
			Cents
		Dollars	Cents
		831	1
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)		s	i
		839	
•			i
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold		\$	1
		849	i
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum			İ
for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc		S	-
		852	
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold		s	!
4. Foundly and pountly products (eggs, etc.) sold			<u> </u>
		858	1
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold	<i>.</i>	\$	i
		859	
		1	i
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or		1	1
contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)	$\overline{}$	s	i
Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES	INI 4	074	
Section 11 INCOME AND EXPENSES HOM FARM-RELATED SOURCES	114 1	374	
		5	
■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related i	ncome
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)		0.11	
	None	Dollars	Cents
		871	1
 Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 			!
(If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		\$	1
(In Edistoriation & Separate Edismoss, See Mistrations, 111111111111111111111111111111111111		872	- i
			1
2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,			ì
boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		s	
		873	i
			į
3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.)			i i
(Do not include redeemable loans.)	ليا	874	-
		5/4	1
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock)			į
pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		s	1
		875	1
5. Other business or source which			1
is conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL			1
OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		s	ļ
Of Environd on the proof		L	
■ Part B EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related ex	penses
	None	Dollars	Cents
		876	
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5.			į
enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974			1
(Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.		c	i

Section 12 $>$ FARM OPERATOR CHARACTER	ISTICS
903	
1. Where does the operator, person in charge, of this farm or ranch live?	¹ On this place
charge, of this farm or ranch live?	Not on this place — $ \begin{cases} 2 & \square \text{ On another farm} \\ 3 & \square \text{ In a rural area, not on a farm} \\ 4 & \square \text{ In a city, town, or urban area} \end{cases} $
	Not on this place — 🕻 3 🔲 In a rural area, not on a farm
	4 🔲 In a city, town, or urban area
2. Year operator began to operate 904 any part of this place	Year
any part of this place	Teal
905	
3. Operator's age	Years old
906 ₁ ☐ White	4 Mexican American 5 Japanese
4. Operator's race —	Chicano Chinese
Mark (X) appropriate box 2 ☐ Negro or Black	Mexican (Mexicano) Filipino
3 American	Puerto Rican 11 Other —
Indian	Cuban Specify what race
	American
	Other Spanish
 Principal Occupation — At what occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his work time in 1974? (For partnerships, consider all members of the partnership together.). 	907 1
6. Number of days operator worked off this 911	
place in 1974 (Include work at a nonfarm	1 None 4
job, business, or profession, or on someone	2 1-49 days 5 150-199 days
else's farm. Do not include exchange farm	3 ☐ 50 – 99 days 6 ☐ 200 days or more
	2
7 W	920
Was the income which you and your family received fro off the farm and from other sources greater than the tot	om work 1 Yes
of agricultural products sold from this place in 1974?.	2 No
•	
8. Person preparing Name	Date Telephone
this report	931 Month Day 932 Area code Number
PLEASE PRINT	

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside backcover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- ▶ (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms—Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74–A1) and a brown form (74–A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided, (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "O." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one;
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock." "All land rented out." "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle;" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BEST}}\xspace$ ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Merket value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

▶ Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

▶ Section 6 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

▶ Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

▶ Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

▶ Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for landlords and others in payment for services or products, any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place; crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for landlords and others.

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

➤ Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.**

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

▶ Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the —

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).