APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census. copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company. Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural

establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the reguired information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks Futures market Contracts Payroll and employment Injuries and illnesses Farm credit Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for: Cullman, Alabama-revised broilers sold and related data.

- Inyo, California-revised land in farms and related data.
- Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii-revised number of fattened cattle and related data.
- Spencer, Indiana-revised cattle and calves inventory.
- Harford, Maryland-revised acreage of total cropland.
- Marshall, Minnesota-revised acreage of land in farms.
- Dodge, Nebraska-revised number of milk cows and value of sales.
- Merrick, Nebraska-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.
- Rusk, Texas-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.
- Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture. Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator-The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves	farms	842
	number	27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income-In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported, State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms-Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the monthto-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables, 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see **Poultry hatcheries** in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool-For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs-For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products— For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses--The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses. This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications-Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals-Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge. on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract laborworkers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity-Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources-An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator-Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Blackoperated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups. Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were included in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm-A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm-An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation-Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other-The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type-Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual. are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

- Fuel storage capacity.
- Grain storage capacity.
- Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm.

- Selected farm characteristics by-Standard industrial classification Debt status.
 - Race or origin.

Age of farm operator. Days worked off-farm by the operator. Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 91 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 97 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases. Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

İtem	Percent of total
Number of farms	12.1
Land in farms	9.0
Value of products sold	5.8
Harvested cropland	7.4
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	9.0
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	2.0
Hogs and pigs	6.2

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources-the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment-were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given. As calculated for this report, the standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested o	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1 ,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)
Missouri,										
total	29 801 127	0.1	11 811 108	0.1	11 764 849	0.1	1 044 372	0.1	1 237 757	0.1
Adair	287 720	.8	85 930	1.0	107 476	1.0	7 294	1.4	8 998	1.1
Andrew	236 179	.7	117 652	.9	121 874	.8	11 024	1.4	14 112	.7
Atchison	330 606	.7	181 097	.7	203 897	.6	25 3 1 3	.6	15 066	.7
Audrain	415 107	.7	207 518	.8	252 493	.7	26 485	.7	22 797	.7
Barry	295 131	.7	111 379	.8	56 979	1.1	1 853	1.5	18 714	1.5
Barton	329 269	.7	118 517	.8	189 139	.6	16 790	.7	13 358	.7
Bates	469 657	.7	180 510	.8	216 84 1	.8	18 722	1.1	17 610	.9
Benton	278 629	.9	73 597	1.0	67 576	1.2	4 117	2.0	11 315	.8
Bollinger	210 065	1.1	58 935	1.2	52 674	1.5	2 883	2.0	5 050	1.2
Boone	295 326	.9	150 366	1.0	110 676	1.3	9 238	1.6	10 24 1	.7
Buchanan	198 203	1.0	98 94 1	1.1	108 017	1.5	13 495	1.5	9 392	.8
Butler	251 887	1.1	125 559	1.4	176 614	1.2	19 504	1.1	2 427	1.4
Caldwell	249 329	1.4	98 035	1.1	110 062	1.4	7 107	1.5	10 223	1.1
Callaway	355 480	1.1	136 102	.8	126 239	1.0	9 8 2 5	1.3	13 851	.9
Camden	174 468	2.4	36 328	4.5	14 250	2.1	286	5.3	5 663	1.2
Cape Girardeau	284 812	.8	116 734	.9	123 765	1.0	8 137	1.6	12 977	1.0
Carroll	408 235	.6	178 465	.7	235 259	.6	23 698	.7	15 826	.7
Carter	54 658	4.8	9 633	4.8	6 44 1	5.5	233	10.0	1 049	3.4
Cass	363 487	1.2	200 822	1.2	154 079	.6	11 616	.9	16 608	.6
Cedar	206 767	1.2	59 818	1.2	47 434	1.3	1 789	2.1	6 145	1.8
Chariton	406 880	.7	161 453	.8	223 601	.7	22 783	.8	23 373	.4
Christian	221 346	1.7	100 745	1.5	45 146	1.6	859	3.3	11 587	1.0
Clark	260 563	1.0	95 325	.9	126 336	1.0	15 031	1.2	5 974	1.3
Clay	157 938	1.0	122 600	1.3	61 097	.8	4 901	1.4	11 242	1.1
Clinton	241 730	.7	135 580	.8. 0	107 737	.6	6 3 1 6	1.0	16 582	.7 1.3
Cole	179 144 309 970	.9 .7	61 899 105 340	.9 .7	45 585 136 256	1.3 .8	1 648 10 544	2.0 1.2	7 735 15 607	.1 .6
Cooper Crawford	184 740	. <i>'</i> 1.5	55 100	. <i>1</i> 1.3	136 256	.o 1.9	417	3.3	5 250	.0 1.4
Dade	249 840	1.5	80 178	1.3	78 259	2.3	4 937	2.6	5 2 50 8 5 5 6	1.1
Dallas	220 987	1.3	66 967	1.2	40 824	1.8	664	4.8	10 586	1.5
Daviess	313 066	1.0	121 468	1.2	156 231	1.0	12 892	1.2	11 158	1.1
De Kalb	237 691	.8	106 717	.6	109 795	1.1	6 203	1.4	15 513	.7
Dent	198 273	.o 2.5	44 470	 1.8	18 362	2.3	295	3.7	3 645	2.6
Douglas	279 148	1.0	68 057	.9	29 353	1.0	385	1.7	8 841	.9
Dunklin	292 015	.7	172 426	.7	259 372	.7	37 060	.6	1 685	2.1
Franklin	331 836	., 1.2	159 935	., 1.4	98 137	1.6	4 669	2.5	16 818	1.5
Gasconade	212 930	1.1	55 463	1.0	44 330	1.0	1 984	4.3	5 783	.7
Gentry	278 938	.8	99 984	.9	120 559	.7	9 268	.9	11 373	.7
Greene	286 803	1.1	168 091	1.1	65 308	2.0	1 647	2.9	21 808	.8
Grundy	234 022	1.1	94 504	1.0	114 656	1.1	11 117	1.2	8 992	1.3
Harrison	397 655	.6	128 468	.7	164 528	.7	13 876	.9	12 931	.7
Henry.	368 477	.8	143 306	.8	163 432	.9	13 497	1.2	14 352	.5
Hickory	162 072	1.8	42 733	1.7	29 773	1.0	668	1.5	4 468	1.1
Holt.	278 664	.9	151 293	.8	177 156	.9	22 566	1.0		1.3

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Cattle and c farms		Chickens 3 n and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay hai	vested
County		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error
	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	Acres	(percent)
Missouri,										
total	5 297 947	0.1	7 917 604	0.3	2 911 525	0.2	2 817 492	0.1	2 938 842	0.2
Adair	47 743	1.0	18 739	7.0	19 400	3.0	24 315	1.4	46 139	1.4
Andrew	40 740	.7	13 143	2.6	41 236	1.2	55 529	.9	17 802	1.2
Atchison	55 745	1.2	4 582	3.4	38 219	1.3	119 484	.6	10 837	1.2
Audrain	64 240	1.2	30 474	2.4	75 673	.8	59 695	.9	25 449	1.2
Barry	89 390	.8	95 054	.2	18 253	4.1	2 525	4.6	38 258	1.4
Barton	58 959	1.1	107 773	.1	14 933	3.9	12 952	1.3	33 928	1.4
Bates	100 002	.7	42 288	22.2	25 757	1.8	44 011	1.1	47 828	1.2
Benton	46 857	1.1	16 906	7.0	16 851	1.3	10 738	2.3	31 775	1.0
Bollinger	32 061	1.6	7 213	3.3	23 276	2.6	5 582	2.0	18 959	1.0
Boone	50 9 59	1.0	9 025	2.5	30 781	2.6	25 906	1.7	32 458	1.1
Buchanan	27 953	1.0	109 903	.1	28 397	1.4	41 446	1.4	12 210	1.6
Butler	15 504	2.0	7 549	6.2	9 438	4.9	4 172	3.7	6 731	1.9
Caldwell	46 011	1.3	9 125	2.5	27 621	1.6	31 257	1.2	33 414	2.0
Callaway	63 980	1.2	9 299	3.5	30 944	2.0	28 268	1.2	42 031	2.0
Camden	23 313	` 1.3	3 220	7.9	2 860	2.8	801	13.6	12 079	2.1
Cape Girardeau	56 162	.9	20 003	3.3	40 955	1.9	29 083	1.3	33 005	.8
Carroll	58 622	.9	6 131	4.3	55 883	1.4	67 740	.8	35 044	1.2
Carter	7 880	5.8	2 453	7.7	4 444	4.4	476	8.4	5 150	6.8
Cass	77 466	.6	275 254	.1	30 546	1.4	41 458	.9	44 977	.7
Cedār	48 345	1.5	6 838	2.6	12 423	3.0	3 027	2.8	25 202	1.4
Chariton	60 793	.7	85 430	.3	50 587	1.6	66 793	1.0	38 894	1.0
Christian	62 796	1.2	5 337	5.0	6 983	3.4	1 873	2.5	38 276	1.5
Clark	29 220	1.3	4 217	4.7	24 472	2.2	47 417	1.0	19 920	2.3
Clay	39624	2.1	14 026	4.9	21 125	1.4	20 830	1.1	17 317	1.7
Clinton	53 381	1.1	7 379	7.8	38 037	.7	42 341	.9	31 696	1.2
Cole	37 767	1.0	36 703	1.9	18 272	4.0	12 110	2.0	21 935	1.4
Cooper	59 004	.9	18 970	3.4	51 573	1.3	46 479	1.0	28 659	1.1
Crawford	30 753	1.6	85 180	.2	10 062	4.4	2 603	3.4	14 830	2.2
Dade	64 665	1.1	57 800	.2	11 347	3.4	3 364	3.7	25 540	1.5
Dallas	51936	1.0	96 234	.2	10 309	4.3	1 364	2.5	34 778	1.9
Daviess	47 863	1.3	21 887	4.1	32 960	1.6	57 014	1.3	30 060	1.3
De Kalb	51 84 1	.9	17 121	3.1	38 53 1	.9	43 525	2.5	29 909	1.4
Dent	35 123	3.9	3 122	3.9	7 232	8.0	1 417	13.4	15 636	2.3
Douglas	56 732	.8	46 317	.5	8 992	3.3	210	2.2	27 562	.9
Dunklin	4 887	3.4	26 896	.2	4 232	5.3	3 280	3.9	1 716	2.7
Franklin	56 105	1.3	171 434	.8	43 974	3.2	31 820	2.1	35 452	1.3
Gasconade	31 285	1.2	16 952	1.7	23 509	1.1	12 272	.9	18 180	1.1
Gentry	50 076	.8	17 845	1.7	29 609	1.8	46 400	1.0	31 693	1.1
Greene	91 460	1.2	403 916	.1	9 424	2.6	4 086	2.5	52 081	2.4
Grundy	40 828	1.7	9 439	2.2	24 302	2.0	39 049	1.3	28 357	1.9
Harrison	73 320	.9	14 589	2.5	39 992	2.0	61 425	.9	50 233	1.1
Henry	79 285	.9	84 026	.9	29 845	1.6	23 248	1.3	44 171	1.2
Hickory	31 487	1.0	6 4 5 8	4.7	5 101	2.7	1 765	.8	21 715	1.2
Holt	29 081	1.3		.7	29 075	2.3	98 760	.8	11 157	3.7

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.	Table B	. Estimates of the	Reliability of Published	Totals for Selected Items:	1974 —Con.
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	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi	1	Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
County		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	error	
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	
Howard	257 305	1.1	93 829	1.6	98 060	1.7	8 526	2.2	9 758	1.3	
Howell	320 410	1.0	87 140	1.2	33 299	1.3	560	3.6	13 190	.8	
Iron	69 644	1.7	19 132	1.9	8 533	1.9	153	2.1	2 835	1.6	
Jackson	170 249	1.3	142 692	1.3	78 701	1.3	7854	1.1	6 407	1.5	
Jasper	282 736	1.0	124 586	.9	130 656	1.7	9 636	1.5	16 670	.5	
Jefferson	139 274	1.4	79 387	1.7	31 068	1.7	1 783	2.7	4 136	1.3	
Johnson	430 997	9	191 840	.8	163 457	.9	10 833	1.3	20 169	.9	
Knox	302 731	.8	111 298	.9	144 386	.9	13 427	1.0	8 768	.8	
Laclede	301 555	1.0	90 762	1.0	42 510	1.2	761	2.7	13 465	1.4	
Lafayette	376 280	.6	233 128	.7	205 802	.7	22 157	.7	29 247	.6	
Lawrence	315 925	.6	139 140	.8	89 274	1.2	2 681	1.9	21 646	.7	
Lewis	263 451	.8	102 947	1.0	123 501	.8	13 494	1.0	9 3 7 9	.7	
Lincoln	299 7 <u>7</u> 7	.8	148 245	.7	133 025	.8	11 989	1.1	26 749	.7	
Linn	345 278	.9	147 840	5.7	153 585	.8	10 109	1.2	15 603	1.1	
Livingston	281 610	1.2	113 862	1.4	143 790	1.2	12 292	1.2	10 394	1.7	
McDonald	170 093	1.0	58 126	1.2	21 629	2.1	358	3.7	19 275	8. 8.	
Macon	406 693	.7	119 286	1.0	167 269	.8	13 441	1.0	11 753		
Madison	108 143	3.2	24 744	3.8	14 519	2.5	398	4.0	2 678	3.6	
Maries	210 709	1.1	45 565	1.5	31 614	1.6	665	1.9	5 246	1.1	
Marion	248 857	1.1	101 491	1.4	126 695	1.2	13 296	1.2	9 696	1.3	
Mercer	238 345	.8	69 518	1.1	85 907	.8	6 712	1.3	7 980	.7	
Miller	235 464	1.1	56 834	1.2	34 679	1.3	824	2.6	15 053	.6	
Mississippi	242 644	1.2	127 608	1.2	213 165 77 374	1.0	32 229 4 510	.8	2 513 11 508	6. 8.	
Moniteau	231 539	.9	74 391	1.3	165 285	1.0 .8	13 701	1.4 1.1	13 669	 .7	
Monroe	338 428 259 957	.9 .8	135 501 121 934	.9 .7	129 894	.o .8	14 240	.9	11 480	۲. 8.	
Montgomery	209 957	 1.1	62 148	./ 1.2	51 961	 1.6	2 802	2.3	17 266	.8	
Morgan New Madrid	204 578	.8	213 580	.8	345 965	.6	53 1 29	.6	1 743	.0	
Newton	251 098	.0 1.0	109 876	.0 1.1	61 855	.0 1.0	2 168	.0	17 276	 1.0	
Nodaway	516 163	.5	228 349	.5	258 180	.5	20 289	.7	28 763	.4	
Oregon	259 563	1.0	61 744	1.0	15 795	1.2	206	2.3	9 060	.9	
Osage	304 226	1.1	76 206	1.0	54 046	1.0	2 243	1.6	17 556	.9	
Ozark	216 061	1.2	45 547	1.2	13 503	2.1	208	9.3	6 002	1.2	
Pemiscot	273 723	.6	155 238	.6	245 411	.6	31 504	.6	183	1.5	
Perry	244 489	1.1	83 285	1.2	90 046	1.2	6 546	1.2	12 309	1.0	
Pettis	371 784	.7	151 517	.9	174 606	.8	14 375	1.2	16 189	.6	
Phelps	203 420	2.0	52 147	2.3	24 746	1.5	509	4.7	4 408	2.1	
Pike	339 094	.8	143 697	1.0	145 113	1.0	11 423	1.3	19 338	.9	
Platte	199 163	.7	133 330	.9	95 862	.9	12 107	1.1	7 859	.8	
Polk	299 041	.8	108 408	.7	63 826	.8	1 315	2.1	17 744	8.	
Pulaski	140 612	2.5	31 238	1.8	15 218	3.0	288	5.3	3 186	2.7	
Putnam	266 885	1.0	66 129	1.3	76 013	1.4	4 062	2.3	10 148	.9	
Ralis	253 289	.9	98 972	1.1	125 168	.9	12 069	1.1	7 357	1.0	
Randolph	212 421	1.0	75 383	1.1	93 001	1.0	7 491	1.2	6 598	1.5	
Ray	296 328	.7	137 778	.7	150 648	.8	14 079	.8	12 569	.6	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Cattle and c farm		Chickens 3 m and older o	1	Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp	1	Hay harvested		
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	
Howard	45 835	1.8	7 112	3.1	33 396	2.3	35 790	2.7	23 531	1.3	
Howell	72 742	1.0	35 137	.6	22 875	2.7	1 251	4.3	29 480	1.4	
Iron	13 945	1.4	131 753	.1	2 467	8.0	235	12.3	7 051	1.8	
Jackson	32 298	1.5	11 665	1.4	10 473	2.7	25 247	2.0	16 177	2.7	
Jasper	64 054	1.2	461 510	.0	10 312	3.6	7 912	1.7	34 376	5.1	
Jefferson	20 168	1.5	26 504	1.5	6 84 2	5.2	3 444	2.9	16 812	1.6	
Johnson	103 936	1.0	15 488	2.2	47 008	2.2	34 779	1.3	60 806	.9	
Knox	46 548	1.0	5 66 1	2.6	29 60 1	2.2	36 151	1.3	33 667	1.2	
Laclede	70 197	1.2	15 756	1.4	14 407	2.6	4 175	4.4	35 247	1.1	
Lafayette	73 484	.7	123 662	.7	101 030	.7	93 951	.8	30 337	1.0	
Lawrence	107 722	.7	472 730	1.2	14 99 1	3.5	4 341	2.1	48 014	1.0	
Lewis	37 610	1.3	5 673	5.1	40 916	1.2	43 693	1.1	20 811	1.2	
Lincoln	46 894	1.1	426 548	.2	94 847	1.1	50 387	1.0	21 491	1.2	
Linn	68 100	1.0	25 821	1.2	35 583	1.8	36 408	1.2	56 744	1.1	
Livingston	39 846	1.3	9 926	7.4	28 898	2.9	39 791	1.3	23 847	1.5	
McDonald	42 366	1.2	848 923	1.2	7 726	.7	222	4.5	17 166	1.7	
Macon	63 4 10 10 5 2 9	.9	40 683	.7	29 461	1.6	38 450	1.0	55 229	1.0	
Madison Maries	19 538 36 956	5.3	(D) 8 717	(D)	8 334	3.5	888 5 045	4.5	11 296 20 338	2.8	
Marion	36 809	1.0 1.6	22 844	4.8 1.2	17 218 33 909	3.3 1.2	41 234	4.8 1.6	20 338 19 471	1.3 1.7	
Mercer	48 616	1.2	5 929	3.8	17 452	.8	28 126	1.2	39 131	1.0	
Miller	47 183	1.4	26 134	7.6	24 203	1.1	5 760	2.5	23 130	1.4	
Mississippi	10 033	1.6	803	16.4	1 865	2.0	17 466	1.0	1 938	5.4	
Moniteau	55 208	1.0	56 754	.3	36 226	1.6	22 591	1.7	24 263	.9	
Monroe	49 578	1.2	10 657	13.6	64 241	1.0	34 486	1.1	33 081	1.7	
Montgomery	30 356	.9	40 701	1.2	49 314	1.2	41 409	1.0	16 309	1.3	
Morgan	41 716	1.4	131 234	.2	23 063	1.6	11 577	2.7	23 921	1.8	
New Madrid	4 609	1.3	(D)	(D)	6 219	2.3	13 513	1.3	732	3.5	
Newton Nodaway	73 871 116 095	1.0 .6	784 315 45 449	1.9 6.8	10 744 89 199	2.2 .7	3 370 1 19 588	2.5 .6	36 789 51 450	1.3 .7	
Oregon	50 596	1.7	49 827		22 855	25	200	20	12 450	1.0	
Osage	50 530 54 564	1.7	45 827	.3 2.3	22 855 50 445	2.5 1.6	209 13 872	2.6 1.6	13 459 27 228	1.3	
Ozark	40 199	.8	15 847	1.0	4 946	7.8	230	16.5	12 243	1.1 2.3	
Pemiscot	1 746	2.7	598	6.2	615	4.9	3 444	9.9	1 834	2.3 8.4	
Perry	45 819	1.1	21 318	4.9	47 656	1.4	24 386	1.8	25 373	1.3	
Pettis	68 345	.7	18 091	11.9	50 277	1.0	46 549	.9	36 595	1.0	
Phelps	38 759	1.5	8 071	3.2	5 721	3.5	2 659	3.9	19 211	1.5	
Pike	54 957	1.1	11 824	3.6	94 803	1.4	51 182	1.1	25 217	1.3	
Platte	28 047	.9	20 750	1.2	22 395	1.5	26 7 84	1.1	14 451	1.2	
Polk	85 526	.7	36 127	1.1	12 742	8.0	3 041	4.2	48 214	.9	
Pułaski	26 309	3.2	3 653	4.3	4 742	4.0	1 831	4.9	12 319	3.2	
Putnam	53 572	1.6	112 734	.1	18 224	2.7	18 226	2.8	42 196	1.2	
Ralls	32 278	1.3	5 679	5.1	32 619	1.8	31 924	1.4	15 292	1.2	
Randolph	30 94 1	1.5	5 63 1	4.6	27 562	3.1	22 630	1.4	23 328	1.3	
Ray	49 108	.7	6 809	3.8	27 107	2.7	50 464	.9	31 413	.9	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Land in fa	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
ounty		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	
1		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	erro	
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	
Reynolds	99 953	1.7	20 436	2.3	9 444	2.6	251	2.7	1 389	2.4	
Ripley	144 172	1.7	37 705	1.7	32 423	4.5	2 803	6.7	2 639	3.7	
St. Charles	249 460	1.1	180 670	1.1	137 044	1.1	17 273	1.2	10 007	1.0	
St. Clair	284 069	.9	90 812	.9	102 061	1.1	6 312	1.5	8 049	1.2	
St. Francois	113 996	1.6	41 664	1.4	24 336	1.9	506	3.7	4 792	8.	
St. Louis	80 350	1.9	87 931	1.6	36 582	2.8	6 260	2.2	1 210	1.1	
Ste. Genevieve.	196 562	1.0	63 874	.9	47 797	1.1	1 970	1.7	11 837	1.2	
Saline	419 424	.6	213 562	.6	226 253	.6	26 633	.7	19 799	.5	
Schuyler	171 171	1.3	48 342	1.0	55 599	1.1	3 225	1.8	5 551	1.2	
Scotland	239 904	.9	85 508	.9	114 791	1.0	10 506	1.3	7 628	8.	
Scott	240 361	.7	115 184	.7	185 974	.7	23 209	.6	5 722	1.9	
Shannon	129 713	1.4	26 875	1.4	12 034	2.4	260	8.4	2 890	1.1	
Shelby	283 623	.9	104 679	.9	143 916	1.0	14 237	1.2	14 828		
Stoddard	435 350	.5	210 04 1	.5	335 003	.5	47 328	.5	11 937		
Stone	154 216	1.6	52 284	2.0	18 196	1.3	357	2.9	7 755	2.2	
Sullivan	358 664	.9	103 961	1.2	117 968	1.1	6 353	1.5	17 142		
Taney	211 282	1.2	53 144	1.5	11 399	1.6	137	4.6	3 889	1.3	
Texas	388 469	1.1	89 885	1.0	42 493	1.1	675	4.1	10 417	1.	
Vernon	420 701	.7	133 548	.7	193 138	.8	14 298	.8	9 766	1.0	
Warren	174 295	1.0	89 751	.9	69 202	.8	7 454	1.3	7 152	1.0	
Washington	115 078	2.9	30 654	2.6	14 668	4.4	230	5.1	3 072	3.4	
Wayne	107 375	1.9	22 996	1.8	15 821	3.1	757	5.0	2 734	2.1	
Webster	260 682	.9	94 881	1.5	50 414	.9	843	2.3	16 919		
Worth	145 876	1.1	42 548	1.2	61 012	1.3	4 924	2.0	4 581	1.2	
Wright	299 457	1.1	86 733	2.7	41 029	1.1	492	3.4	15 808	1.0	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

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	Cattle and ca farms		Chickens 3 m and older o		Hogs and farπ		Corn harve purp		Hay harvested		
County		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error	
	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	
Reynolds	10 923	2.2	1 850	2.6	4 849	4.1	914	5.4	7 733	3.0	
Ripley	20 372	2.2	7 336	2.9	9 595	6.7	483	5.4	9 910	3.2	
St. Charles	21 633	1.8	140 741	.6	35 141	2.0	44 839	1.3	11 983	1.6	
St. Clair	53 761	1.0	9 792	3.1	19 940	3.0	10 470	1.9	36 312	1.2	
St. Francois	26 008	1.4	139 226	.2	5 034	4.4	2 788	3.2	18 302	2.0	
St. Louis	5 921	2.1	3 818	13.3	2 623	.6	6 634	3.1	3 670	3.7	
Ste. Genevieve	31 855	1.0	367 510	.1	30 745	1.4	16 739	1.2	16 763	1.3	
Saline	65 933	.6	11 682	4.4	67 732	1.1	101 539	.7	24 842	.9	
Schuyler	29 825	1.4	5 308	3.4	9 007	2.0	11 982	1.9	27 682	1.6	
Scotland	35 525	1.4	6 300	4.5	33 020	1.4	37 830	1.3	25 347	1.2	
Scott	19 752	1.6	3 186	4.2	11 373	1.7	22 950	1.1	5 701	1.8	
Shannon	19 914	1.6	2 160	4.9	7 698	2.3	545	4.0	11 009	2.6	
Shelby	41 480	.9	20 298	.9	62 864	1.1	41 829	1.0	23 607	1.7	
Stoddard	32 714	1.4	229 489	.1	15 757	2.2	23 341	.8	11 952	2.0	
Stone	40 208	1.5	11 377	1.3	4 030	7.9	678	10.4	16 332	1.3	
Sullivan	74 264	1.2	13 24 2	1.2	22 016	2.6	29 645	1.7	66 010	1.2	
Taney	35 185	1.2	3 733	6.3	4 267	3.4	286	3.0	9 330	1.9	
Texas	81 391	.9	18 814	1.0	11 399	4.1	897	12.8	38 037	1.1	
Vernon	72 212	.8	9 169	3.8	19 136	2.4	31 804	.9	36 845	1.2	
Warren	19 069	1.5	44 348	1.1	32 946	1.2	25 327	1.1	11 135	1.9	
Washington	20 152	3.3	67 951	.4	4 653	4.3	576	13.8	13 105	4.8	
Wayne	18 554	1.9	2 884	4.8	9 458	6.2	1 4 1 0	2.7	8 4 5 4	3.1	
Webster	70 254	.8	102 505	.4	9 534	4.2	4 275	2.5	42 316	.9	
Worth	25 254	1.4	3 094	10.3	13 281	5.3	22 191	1.4	19 493	2.2	
Wright	64 055	.8	430 120	.0	12 463	3.0	899	6.7	38 915	1.2	

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Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

	[Specified exclud	ed agricultural	operations, 1974	1	Form	ns with sales ur	nder \$1,000, 194	59
				d age of operat					
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. 1X, Farm Definition)			n farming	Occupation	other than ning				
	Totol	Less than 65 years ald	65 years old and aver	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Farms and Land in Farms				:				16.050	6 435
Farms number_ percent_	5 826	942 16.2	695 11.9	3 639 62.5	550 9.4	25 965 100.0	4 471 17.2	15 059 58.0	614 795
Land in forms acres_ Average size af farm acres_	287 618	58 945 63	40 227 58	158 594 44	29 852 54	2 415 406 93	470 601 105	1 330 010 88	96
Value af land and buildings \$1,000_ Average per farm dollars_	170 912	29 751 31 583	19 226 27 663	104 441 28 700	17 494 31 808	542 766 20 904	97 081 21 714	320 704 21 296	124 981 19 422
Average per acre		505	478	659	586	225	206	241	203
\$1 ta \$9,999 \$10,000 ta \$19,999	- 1 437 1 516	250 231	184 185	837 941	166 159	8 485 8 197	1 569 1 301	4 566 4 871	2 350 2 025
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999	1 618	251 130	192 78	1 054 549	121 57	6 494 1 969	1 059 371	3 996 1 163	1 439 435
\$70,000 to \$99,999\$100,000 and over	- 240	37 43	32 24	145 113	26 21	416 404	78 93	239 224	99 87
Owned and rented lands by farm aperators:			(00	2.440	640	24,500	4 219	14 102	6 278
Land ownedfarmsfarms	362 390	891 80 989	680 54 876	3 448 184 786	542 41 739	24 599 2 543 127 2 734	488 017	1 368 865 1 848	686 245 363
Land rented or leased fram othersfarmsfarmsacress	20 143	82 4 260	43 2 133	324 13 180	12 570	2 734 203 848	523 52 957 830	125 127 2 246	25 764
Lond rented or leased to othersfarmsfarms acres		312 26 304	175 16 782	613 39 372	132 12 457	4 296 331 569	830 70 373	163 982	97 214
Land in Farms According to Use									
Total croplandfarmsfares		571	420 9 887	2 321 40 464	376 6 240	22 178 1 196 983	3 765 231 677	12 810 654 658	5 603 310 648
Harvested croplandformsforms	_ 1 328	210	158	804 4 671	156 967	12 630 200 200	2 103 35 499	7 226	3 301 51 846
Farms by acres harvested: 1 ta 9 ocres	· ·	178	121	626	124	4 246	652	2 479	1 115
10 to 19 ocres	_ 279	32	37	178	32	4 485 2 152	762 367	2 547 1 228	1 176 557
30 to 49 acres		-	_	-	-	1 417 320	238 81	794 175	385 64
100 ocres and over		-	_	-	-	10	3	3	4
Cropland used only for posture or grazing farms_ acres_		361 7 013	264 4 550	1 595 25 837	233 3 744	15 040 700 411	2 548 136 478	8 675 378 956	3 817 184 977
Other cropland (see text) forms_ acres_		100 3 876	86 4 394	383 9 956	65 1 529	7 835 296 372	1 390 59 700	4 420 162 847	2 025 73 825
Woodlond, including woodland pasturefarmsfarms	- 2 302 - 99 663	328 18 247	253 10 683	1 461 59 567	260 11 166	12 813 681 995	2 165 133 729	7 627 392 197	3 021 156 069
Other land (see text)farmsacres	- 4 323	708	538 19 657	2 690 58 563	387 12 446	17 897 536 428	3 138 105 195	10 179 283 155	4 580 148 078
irrigated landformsforms	- 22	22	23	17 36	1	185 4 974	29 1 069	100 2 240	56 1 665
Race and Tenure of Operator									
All farm operators:									
Full owners Part owners	172	864 25	654 21	3 315 123	539 3	23 292 1 230	3 963 238	13 241 815	6 088 177
Tenonts White form aperators:	1	53	20	201	8	1 443	270	1 003	170
Full owners Part owners	_ 170	857	645 21	3 287 121	538 3	23 140 1 220	3 934 237	13 178 810	6 028 173
TenantsBlack and other races (see text):	- 279	52	20	200	,	1 436	269	997	170
Full awners Part owners	_ 2	7	9	28	1	152 10 7	29 1	63 5 6	60 4
Tenants	-	'	-	'	1	,		0	-
form operators by age group:									
Under 25 years 25 to 34 years		29	-	125 655	-	634 2 747	168 331	466 2 416	-
35 to 44 years45 to 54 years	1 135	170 226	-	965	-	4 559 5 613	641 1 136	3 918 4 477	-
55 to 64 years	1 275	403	695	872	550	5 977 6 435	2 195	3 782	6 435
Average age		49.0	72.5	44.7	71.3	52.9	50.9	45.3	72.2
Farm operators by place of residence: On farm operated	2 831	262	291	1 932	346	15 253	2 335	8 580	4 338
On onother form In a rural area not on a farm	- 113	211 21	25	68 76		6 026	1 066	4 038	922
In a city, town, or urban area Farm operators reporting days of work off form		29 667	12 510	427	52 532	_] (NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
None	- 1 261	338	426 84	3 536 204 3 352	293	(NA) (NA) 19 108	(NA) (NA) 1 686	(NA) (NA) 15 059	(NA) (NA) 2 363
1 to 49 days	- 290	88	49 14	109	44	1 927	997 689		2 363 930 260
100 to 149 days 150 to 199 days	- 140	35	5	87 223	13	2 781	-	2 448	333
200 doys and over		129	15		123	13 451	-	12 611	840
Form operators by principal occupation: Farming	- 1 637	942	695		-	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other	4 189		-	3 639	550		(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA (NA

1974 data apply only to individual or family operations (sale proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

		Specified exclude	d agricultural (operations, 1974		Farm	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 196	9
		Ву	occupation an	d age of operato	ır				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupation		Occupation farm	other than				
	Totol	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Totol	Class 6	Port time	Part retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹ – Continued									
Form operators by off-form income:									
Reporting any Off-form income equal to or greater than value of form	3 024	595	370	1 785	274	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
products sold Off-farm income less than value of farm products sold	2 854 170	565 30	343 27	1 688 97	258 16	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Not reporting or reporting none	2 802	347	325	1 854	276	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
·									
1 to 9 acres 10 to 49 ocres	1 150 3 159	211 412	139 336	685 2 139	115 272	1 862 8 687	364 1 250	1 112 5 386	386 2 051
50 to 69 acres70 to 99 acres	379 418	72 72	49 58	214 224	44 64	2 535 4 630	386 825	1 517 2 593	632 1 212
100 to 139 acres 140 to 179 acres	287 185	58 48	44 31	153	32 5	3 250 2 008	607 395	1 757 1 069	886 544
180 to 219 acres 220 to 259 acres	61 50	14 20	65	38	3	1 016 600	193 127	569 335	254 138
260 to 499 ocres 500 acres and over	99	25	19 8	47	8	1 093 284	253 71	569 152	271
Value of Praducts Sold			Ū		. 0	204	,,	131	
Market value of all agricultural products sold (see text) \$1,000	1 392	199	180	886	128	10 514	1 732	6 144	2 639
Average per farm dollars Farms by value of agricultural products sold:	239	211	259	243	232	405	387	408	410
Under \$250 \$250 to \$499 \$500 to \$999	3 585 914 1 327	616 129 197	406 100 189	2 228 586 825	335 99 116	9 709 5 543 10 713	1 808 838 1 825	5 500 3 397 6 162	2 401 1 308 2 726
Crops and hay soldfarms	821	138	104	476	103	7- 8 469	1 393	4 814	2 262
\$1,000 Nursery and greenhouse productsfarms	335 33	68 2	46 6		34 8	3 489	611	I 971	907
\$1,000 Forest productsforms	16 100	1	3	7	4	481	87	262	132
\$1,000	16	2 258	2 249	1 7	4 203	69 7- 13 400	14 2 082	36 8 079	19 3 239
\$1,000_ Poultry and paultry productsformsforms	989 259	122	120 47		82 24	6 957	1 107	4 137	1 713
\$1,000	36		9	18	4	J			
Production Expenses								15.050	(195
Total form production expensesformsformsformsf1,000	5 462 4 411	819 633	601 432	3 509 2 954	533 392	25 965 26 786	4 471 4 520	15 059 16 596	6 435 5 671
Forms with expenditures of	1 764	274	242	1 035	213	8 827	1 584	4 712	2 531
\$500 to \$999\$1,000 to \$1,999	2 380 1 065	368	243 93	1 562	207 99	7 452	1 241 1 646	4 235 6 112	1 976 1 928
\$2,000 ond over	253	35	23	181	14	۶°°۶ [1 040	0 112	1 720
Livestock and paultry purchasedfarmsfarms	2 010 562	242 59	185 47	1 389 405	194 51	8 632 3 473	1 354 511	5 547 2 440	1 731 522
Feed for livestock and poultryfarms	4 121 1 175	531	392 110	2 795	403 107	14 624 4 289	2 253 690	8 982 2 700	3 389 899
Commercially mixed formula feedsformstons	2 808 4 310	407	297 481	1 811 2 847	293 373	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
\$1,000	603	86	67	396	53	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarms	1 449	235 13	129	946 47	139	8 189 551	1 423 102	4 914 335	1 852 115
Commercial fertilizerfarms	1 346 113	238 20	148 13		126 12	10 006 1 577	1 749	5 947 964	2 310 331
Other agricultural chemicals (see text)farmsfarms	379	71	27 3	252	29	6 556 556	1 067	4 121 355	1 368
\$1,000 Gosoline and ather petroleum fuel and ail for the farm businessfarms \$1,000	4 904 712	715 107	531 83	3 188 464	470 58	23 871 3 441	4 016 640	14 013 1 970	5 842 831
Hired form loborfarms	353	58	36	229	30	5 732 1 102	1 003	3 322	1 407 259
\$1,000 formsforms	83 85	21	16	60	3	7 8 828	202 1 497	641 5 138	2 193
\$1,000 Mochine hire and customworkforms	12 641	103	82	401	2 55	1 417	251	824	342
\$1,000 Other production expenses forms \$1,000	65 4 007 1 587	9 625 245	8 400 143	41 2 588 1 058	394 141	ر 17 447 10 379	3 001 1 744	10 219 6 367	4 227 2 268
\$1,000	1.507		.45						
Farm-related income farms	709	154	87	392	76	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Customwork and ather agricultural services	814 128	247 20	106 13	393 87	68 8 7	(NA) 959	(NA) 21)	(NA) 548	(NA) 200
\$1,000 Recreational services	175 21	68 1	12	68 18	7	656 184	142 27	440 112	74 45
\$1,000 Government farm programsfarmsfarms	24	1 27	(Z) 12	23 71	(Z) 8	163 6 983	27 1 196	114 3 863	23 1 924
\$1,000	53 465	17 110	3 61	32 234	1 60	4 105 (NA)	823 (NA)	2 195 (NA)	1 087 (NA)
ti,000	543 30	161	88 7	236 19	59 2	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Expenses for farm-related income sources	19 251	(Z) 51	3 25	14 154	2 21	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Expenses for farm-related income sources(000	278	83	25	144	27	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

1)974 data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	Г	.	Specified exclude	ed agricultural	operations, 1974		Farm	is with sales un	der \$1,000, 190	69
	F		-		d age of operate					
Farm or Farms in the dato line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)	by		Occupatio		Occupation farm	other than				
		Total	Less than 65 years ald	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										i
Automobiles		4 037	628	433	2 584	392	16 666	2 707	9 849	4 110
Motortrucks, including pickups		4 591 4 035	676 593	453 393	3 041 2 707	421 342	20 029 14 633	3 170 2 544	12 225 9 182	4 634 2 907
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	number forms	4 222 3 810	622 591	414 367	2 837 2 495	349 357	16 288 17 241	2 857 2 897	10 276 10 383	3 155 3 961
Wheeltractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	number farms	5 891 3 800	968 587	558 366	3 809 2 491	556 356	21 377 (NA)	3 753 (NA)	12 831 (NA)	4 793 (NA)
Crawler tractors	number farms	5 840 46	953 14	555 2	3 780 27	552 3	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	number	51 51 60	15 18 18	3 4 11	29 28 30	4	(NA) 452 479	(NA) 117 126	(NA) 277 295	(NA) 58 58
Carnpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers		55	17	3	31	4	846	160	541	145
Corn heads for combines	number	60 19	20 11	3	32 8	5	902 (NA)	176 (NA)	566 (NA)	160 (NA)
Other compickers and picker-shellers	number	19 40	11		8 24	- 4	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Mower conditioners	number	41 165	9 26	3	24 103	5 22	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup balers	number	182	26 22	16 17	116	24	(NA) 1 689	(NA) 235	(NA) 1 176	(NA) 278
Windrowers, pull and self-propelled.	number	115	22 22 3	17	69 17	7	1 711 (NA)	235 238 (NA)	1 193 (NA)	280 (NA)
Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	number forms	31 21	3 1	7	17 19	4	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Estimoted market value of all machinery and equipment	number	21 5 194	1 755	- 533	19 3 402	504	(NA) 23 623	(NA) 4 000	(NA) 13.881	(NA) 5 742
	\$1,000	33 657	5 403	3 653	21 514	3 087	23 623 64 513	11 863	38 996	13 654
Forms by value of mochinery and equipment: \$1 to \$999		181	24	21	115	21	5 838	984	3 027	1 827 3 291
\$1,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999		1 654 2 710	201 408	154 273	1 127 1 767	172 262	14 760 2 174	2 438 397	9 031 1 321	456
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999		566 56	96 19	76 6	347 30	47 1	7 614	128	368	118
\$30,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 and over		25 2	7	2 1	15	1	- 237	53	134	50
Livestock and Poultry										1
Livestock and poultry inventory:						2				
Cattle and calves	number	2 183 11 322	265 1 319	236 1 223	1 478 7 709	204 1 071	13 468 148 870	2 082 22 627	8 169 92 960	3 217 33 283
Cows and heifers that had calved	farms number	1 466 5 383	176 606	168 601	990 3 655	132 521	9 460 59 354	1 481 9 593	5 714 36 349	2 265 13 412
Beef cows		1 210 4 676	129 492	133 466	842 3 267	106 451	7 960 53 947	1 207 8 443	4 943 33 659	1 810 11 845
Milk cows		428 707	60 114	57 135	274 388	37 70	2 579 5 407	491 1 150	1 365 2 690	723
Hogs and pigs	1	443	62	34	317	30	3 218	581	2 071	566
Litters of pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding	number	1 963	286	168	1 394	115	35 206	6 098	23 101	6 007
year and November 30	farms	341 1 070	45 118	31 99	246 754	19 99	2 296 7 416	403 1 183	ì 467 4 972	426
Sheep and lambs		199 3 251	37	17 316	122	23 241	758 14 785	121	439 8 066	198
Horses and ponies		1 025 3 636	88 262	42 144	838 3 043	57 187	4 693 13 857	607 1 821	3 397 10 276	689 1 760
Chickens 3 manths old or older	1	3 638 830	96	111	5 043	96	4 744	886	2 388	1 470
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	21 918 782	2 823 93	3 528 106	13 251 491	2 316	155 007 4 394	30 339 817	73 814 2 204	50 854 1 373
Brailers and other meat-type chickens	number	19 856 50	2 705	3 359	11 608	2 184	135 816	26 515	62 468 58	46 833
Other livestock and poultry	number	967 412	100 34	153	708 304	6 39	5 216 1 626	333 269	2 878	2 005
Livestock and poultry sold:	101113	412		55	304	57	1 020	207	1 044	313
Cattle and colves	farms	1 210 3 957	135 454	159 584	792 2 496	124 423	10 450 44 463	1 608 7 140	6 298 26 013	2 544 11 310
Hags and pigs		468 7 217	454 65 1 013	49 704	329 5 055	423 25 445	2 608 44 160	439 7 525	1 673	496 8 004
Feeder pigs sold		243 5 268	33	/04 19 467	174 3 676	17 407	1 381	250 4 903	28 631 874 18 113	257
Sheep and lambs	forms	180	34	19	107	20	661	105	374	5 318 182
Horses and ponies	number farms number	2 936 283 637	530 20 50	338 12 20	1 830 241 545	238 10 22	10 573 527 1 097	1 917 69 157	5 460 396 814	3 196 62 126
Chickens 3 months old or older		87	12	13	54	8	305	68	132	105
Hens and pullets of laying age		4 092	376 11	437 13	3 047	232 8	25 821 257	4 492 56	9 144 113	12 185 88
Broilers and other meat-type chickens		3 853 16	356 4	437 3	2 828 7	232 2	23 316 22	3 940	7 786 22	11 590
Other livestock and poultry	number forms	699 185	300 11	62 13	37 151	300 10	1 165 (NA)	(NA)	1 165 (NA)	(NA)
Crops Harvested										
Field corn for all purposes		57	13	7	28	9	2 320	417	1 288	615
For grain or seed		126 54	34 11	14 7	62 28	16 8	24 592 2 209	4 701 394	13 890 1 235	6 001 580
	acres bushels	120 5 039	31 1 082	14 987	62 2 405	13 565	23 378 766 520	4 517 139 059	13 183 446 210	5 678 181 251
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fodder, or hogged or grazed		3	2	_	-	1	148	27	79	42
	acres	6	3	-	1 -	3		184	707	323

ſ		Specified exclude	d agricultural (operations, 1974	1	Farm	s with soles un	der \$1,000, 196	19
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural		Ву	occupation an	d age of operato	ar 🛛				
operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)		Occupation	n forming	Occupation farm					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and aver	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Crops Harvested - Continued									
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirupfarms	26	12	2	12	-	345	70 987	204 2 238	71 790
acres For grain or seedforms acres	89 23 76	22 12 22	10 	11 54	-	4 015 165 2 370	37 552	108 1 522	20 296
bushels Cut for silage, green chop, dry farage ar hay, or hagged or grazedfarmsfarms	3 922 3	1 138	- 2	2 784	-	62 642 185	16 258 33	40 847 100	5 537 52
ocres	13	-	10		-	1 645	435	716	494
Wheat for grainfarms acres bushels	82 410 9 924	20 93 2 370	17 67 1 805	220	6 30 594	1 781 17 680 415 317	324 3 499 85 077	980 9 760 227 437	477 4 421 102 803
Other small grains for grain acres	11	2 3/0	4	4	1	330 3 215	67 659	164	99
Soybeans far beansfarmsacres acresbushels	165 585 12 060	46 178 3 539	15 53 879	85 302	19 52 1 229	2 506 31 380 536 576	451 5 876 100 926	1 425 18 268 306 765	630 7 236 128 885
Hay and grass silage, excluding sorghum hay					_				
(see text)farmsacres	873 6 188	108 722	103 742		109 851	8 247 116 622	1 300 19 232	4 686 65 332	2 261 32 058
tons Cottonfarms acres	8 055 16 31		998 1 4	4 909 9 13	1 248	159 385 (NA) (NA)	24 925 (NA) (NA)	92 038 (NA) (NA)	42 422 (NA) (NA)
bales Peanuts far nutsforms	26		3	11 -	-	(NA) 3	(NA) 1	(NA)	(NA) 2
acres pounds		-	-		-	3 2 600	1 200	-	2 1 400
Tobaccofarms ocres	6	4	2 1		-	80 47	13 7	56 34	11 6
poundsfarmsfarms	2 830 23		1 066	12	- 2	75 738	12 543 79 22	54 623 196	8 572 146 66
acres_ hundredweight Sweetpotatoesfarms	4 309 11		(Z) 54 3	145	1 35 2	154 (NA)	(NA)	66 (NA)	(NA)
ocres bushels	2	- 1	(Z) 22	1 1	(Z) 52				
Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for salefarms	42	5	6		3	230 275	39 58	123 141	68 75
Berries for sole farms	24		4	1 1	3	206 111	26 9	103 58	77 43
Land in archardsacres	50 20	5	5	37	3 (Z)	614 1 372	108 275	366 848	140 250
All other cropsforms	35	2	6	19	8	(NA) 1 900	(NA) 304	(NA) 1 018	(NA) 579
Greenhouse products under glass or other protectionfarmssquare feet	12 6 367	1	-	6 3 120	5 2 822	24 5 772	4	10 2 114	10 2 578
		1		<u> </u>					<u>_</u>

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APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation – for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

mens P Barello

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13. U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFIlaw DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and .RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

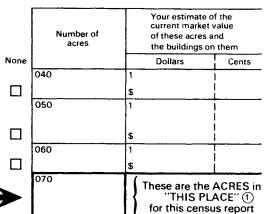
Section 1 Did you receive mo	ore than one report form?		r	r	1 1				
 YES — See separate Instructions NO — Go to Section 2 		ter extra file mber(s) here							
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGRIC	CULTURAL A	CTIVI	TIES	SIN	1974		<u></u>	<u> </u>
						ΥI	ES	NO	
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, j	produce, or sell ANY amount of a	any of the items li	sted bel	ow?•	•••	•• 1		2 🔲	
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots) Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	nurs • Fist • Fur- in c	enhouse sery pro- i in capt bearing aptivity er anima	ducts ivity anim	als	es			
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise c contractors such as feed companie	r produce any agricultural produ s, processors, or packers?	cts for					ES	NO 2 🔲	
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, o						••• ¹		2 🔲	
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricultur	al purposes in 19	74?			1		2 🔲	
 Did you own any livestock or poulti under a share agreement or custom 					•••	1		2 🗌	I
If you poswered YES to ANY o	f these questions and to Section	n 3							

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

Section 3	ACREAGE in	1974 and I	LAND	VALUE

Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, wasteland, idle land, house lots, etc.

- 1. ALL land owned.....
- 2. ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).
- TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" () (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)



- 'THIS PLACE'' means your farm or ranch, feedlots, poultry houses, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural operations.
- 5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

	Address	Number of	Rental arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply					
Name	(No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements		
		081	1	2	3	4		
		082	1	2	3	4 🗌		
		083	1	2	3 🗌	4		

List additional landlords on back cover.

6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter.

	Name	Address (No. and street, city, State	, ZIP code)	No. of acres	7	Τ
					085]	
				<u> </u>	086	╢	015
					087		
	List additional renters on back cover.				I	1	014
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (Number of acres	Current market value		
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? / leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	1 \$		
	You may be able to skip most a . All the land you owned						013
Se	c. The land you operated If a, b, or c apply to your op this report. Action 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	peration, plea	se read the Instruc		ntinuing with	-	012
1	In what county was the largest value of your	Principal	County name	Stat	te No. of acres]	011
•.	agricultural products raised or produced?	county			091		P
	(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties			092		
	If you have agricultural operations in any other county(ies), enter the county				093		010
	name(s), etc., on the lines provided for "Other counties.")				094	<u>]</u>	
2 .	Location of place within principal county entered above. (<i>Give name</i> of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)	Name of locati	on			CENSUS	ONLY

Page 1

READ AND ANSWER THIS QUESTION THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS	any hay	1974 did you ; have any nu s or specialty ards, groves,	rsery o crops;	r greenhou or have an	ise		— Skip	o Section to page 8 IPLETE Se	and
Section 5 Was any FIE	LD CORN H	arvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	lace in 1	974?		
YES — Complete this section	on (Report swee when you rea			2 and popcorr	n in Section	16		
NO — Go to Section 6			Acres	harvested	Quant	ity harvested		Acres in	rigated
 Field corn for grain or seed of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight. 70 lbs. 	either bushel	s or	101	Į	1 OR	s 	2		
shelled corn = 1 bushel she	elled corn)	•••••			6	Hundre shelled	edweight	<u> </u>	
2. Field corn for silage or gree	n chop		102		1	Tons, green v	weight	2	
3. Field corn cut for dry fodder include acres already report	r, hogged or gr	azed (Do not	103	······································				2	
				Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Liq	uid or gas fe	rtilizer
				rtilized	Whole ton:	s Tenths		nole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used of	on field corn	•••••	109		1	/10	2		/10
Section 6 (Include both gra YES — Complete this section	ain and sweet v	arieties. Do no Report sorgh	ot report hum-sud	t sorghum Ian crosses	sudan crosses	i <mark>n this sect</mark> tion 10 and		ım for	
🔲 NO — Go to Section 7		snup in Seco		s harvested	· ····	ity harvested		Acres in	rigated
1. Sorghums (milo) for grain o harvested in either bushels			111	{	1 6OR	Bus		2	<u> </u>
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	an chon		112		1	Ton		2	
	-		113		1	Ton	s.	2	
 Sorghums cut for dry forage Sorghums hogged or graze acres already reported in ite 	d (<i>Do not inclu</i>	de	114				weight	2	
				Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Liq	uid or gas fei	rtilizer
				rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths
5. Commercial fertilizer used			119		1	1/10			1 /10
Section 7 Were any SO from this pla	ce in 1974?	PEANUTS,	DRYI	BEANS,	or DRY PE	AS harve	sted		
□ NO - Go to Section 8						Commercia	al fertilize	r used	
	Acres harvested	Quantit		Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Dr		Liquid o	
0	121	1		2	3	Whole tons	t ,	Whole tons	1,
1. Soybeans for beans $\overset{(2)}{\cdot}$	122	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/ 10
2 . Peanuts for nuts 3	123	1	Pounds 100-lb.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Dry field and seed beans		ļ <u> </u>	bags		3		/10		/10
4. Dry lima beans	124	l'	100-lb. bags	2		4	/10	5	/10
5. Dry field and seed peas $\overset{\textcircled{4}}{\cdot}$.	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
6 . Cowpeas for dry peas $\overset{(5)}{\cdot}$.	126	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
 Soybean hay is to be read Peanut hay is to be reported 			beans I	hogged or g	razed, cut for	silage, or pl	owed u	nder in Se	ction 16.

Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.

(5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

						Commercia	al fertilize	er used	
		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
	None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat		131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat		132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat		133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat		134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat		135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
6 . Oats for grain		137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1 /10
7. Barley for grain		138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain		139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
9. Mixed grains	_	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
10. Flaxseed		141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
11. Buckwheat		142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet		143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either		144	1 100-lb. bags	2	3	4		5	
100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)			ORBu. 7 Barreis	ſ			/10		1 /10

Section 9 Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section

🔲 NO — Go to Section 10 on next page

Report tenths of									Commercia	l fertilizer	used	_
acres where	Acre harves	-		antity rested		cres pated		Acres	Dŋ	/	Liquid or	r gas
indicated.	and ves	(eu		63100		ju		rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Cotton	151		1	Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
0 - 1	152	1/10	1	Pounds	2	1/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
2. Tobacco — all types	153			100100	2	+ / 10	3	- / 10	4		5	1 / 10
 Irish potatoes (excluding home use) 	155	1/10		Hundred- weight		1/10	-	1/10	-	/10	Ū	/10
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1	Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
5. Sugar beets for sugar	155		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
6. Sugar beets for seed	156		1	Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
7 . Sugarcane for sugar ⁶	157		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10
•	159				2		3		4	/10	5	/10

(6) In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10

Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, or GREEN CHOP cut or harvested from this place in 1974? (Include hay cut from pastures.)

YES — Complete this section

NO — Go to Section 11

If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" from the same fields, report the acreage in the appropriate items under **Part A — Hay** and **Part B — Grass Silage** below.

■Part A — DRY HAY			Quantity	harveste	a		
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)		Acres harvested	(Repo dry or gre as ind	rt either en weigh licated)	nt,	Acr Irriga	
1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating		172	1		ons, : ry	2	
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for h	ay	173	1	т	ons, : ry	2	
3. Small grain hay		174	1	d	ons, : ry		
4. Lespedeza for hay		175	1	To di	ons, 1 ry	2	
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay		176	1	To dr	ons, ; y	2	
6 . Wild hay		177	1	To	ons, la v	2	
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc		178	1		ons,	2	
■Part B GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AND GREEN					<u> </u>		
(If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" were made from the same acres, report acre only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)		181				,	
8. Grass silage and haylage		101			ons, 1 reen	-	
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)		182	1	To	ons, 2 een	2	
	· · · · · ·	······			·····		
		Acres fertilized	Dry fertiliz Whole tons	er Tenths		uid or gas f nole tons	I Tenths
	189		1	<u> </u>	2		1 /
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above			<u> </u>	/10			/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, leg	gume, cl	over, etc.)	harvested f	rom th	nis p	lacein	1974?
 YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 12 		Acres harvésted	Quantity ha (Report in clean so	pounds,		Acre irriga	
1. Red clover seed	191		1		1	2	
2. Alfalfa seed	102		1	POL	inds	2	
 3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. from list below 	·····			Pou	inds		
	W. F		1	Dec		2	
Crop name No			1			2	
Crop name No List additional field seed crops harvested on back cover.			L	Pou	Inds		
Crop name No. Crop name Austrian winter peas . 193 Ryegrass seed: Birdsfoot trefoil seed . 194 Fescue seed: Alta 195 Sudan grass seed: Chewings. 196 Timothy	Perennial. kd	206 207 208 209 211 211 213 213	Crop name Alsike clover s Crimson clover Ladino clover Sweetclover s White clover s Red top seed Hairy vetch se Vetch seed, o All other seed bluestem, car	er seed. seed. seed. seed. seed. ther than is mille aarygrass.	hairy . et (foxt	:ail),	217 218 219 221 222 222 223 223
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds		Acres	Dry fertiliz	er	Liq	uid orgas l	ertilizer
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same	205	fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths		hole tons	Tenths
acreage was reported in Section 10)	235		1	/10	2		1/10

Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this Section 12 place in 1974? T YES Complete this section

П	NO — Go to Section 13 on next page						
_	For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 through		Acres ha	arvested 7		Acres	·····
	August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other States	For fresh m	arket	For processing (8)		irrigated	ł
	report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructions	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths
	for additional guidelines on filling this section.)	241		1		2	
1	. Sweet corn		/10	1	/10	2	1/10
2	. Tomatoes		/10	•	ho	-	ho
_		243	/	1		2	
3	Cucumbers and pickles	·	/10	1	/10	2	10
4	Watermelons	1	/10		1 /10	-	1 /10
		245		1	1	2	1
5	Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpeas.		1/10		/10		10
6	Snap beans, bush and pole	246	10	1	1 /10	2	/ /10
	Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and No.		1		1		1
	from list below.)			1		2	
	Vegetable name No No		/10	1	/10	2	/10
	Vegetable name No		/10		10	2	10
	-			1		2	
	Vegetable name No No		/10	1	/10	2	/10
	Vegetable name No,		/10	·	10	-	/10
			/10	1	1 /10	2	1 /10
	Vegetable name No No		1 ,	1		2	1
	Vegetable name No No	ļ	/10		1 /10	2	/10
	Vegetable name No		/10		10	۷	/10
			/10	1	/10	2	/10
	Vegetable name No	L	1 /10		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1 10

List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover.

Vegetable name	No.	Vegetable name	No.
Artichokes	. 249	Chicory	260
Asparagus		Collards	
Beets	. 251	Cowpeas (blackeye and	
Broccoli	. 252	other green cowpeas)	263
Brussels sprouts	. 253	Eggplant	265
Cabbage		Endive	
Cantaloups and		Escarole	267
Persian melons	. 256	Garlic	268
Carrots		Honeydew melons	269
Cauliflower		Kale	270
Celery		Lettuce, head	271

ame	No.	Vegetable name No.
	260	Lettuce, romaine
		Lettuce, other
ickeve and		Lima beans
cowpeas).	263	Muskmelons
		Mustard greens
		Onions, dry
		Onions, green
		Okra
elons	269	Peppers, sweet
		Peppers, hot
		Pimientos

Vegetable	9 I	าย	m	Ø					N
Pumpkins		•							. 20
Radishes							•		. 21
Rhubarb									. 28
Shallots.			•						. 21
Spinach.						•	•	•	. 28
Squash .							•		. 28
Turnips .		÷							. 29
Turnip are									
Other veg	et	ab	ie	s	۰.				. 29
(Write veg	e	tai	Бle	e n	ar	ne	0	n	
line in iten	n	7.	əb	٥v	e.,	1			

8. Land used for vegetable (Report acres only once though two or more cro harvested from the sam or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twi Report all fertilizer used

	Acre	s	Acre	s	Acre	s	Commercial fertilizer used						
e crops	harves		irrigated		fertiliz	ed	Dry		Liquid or gas				
even ops were ne acres	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	 Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths			
)	299	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	4				
vice. d.)		1 /10		1 /10		10		1 /10		/10			

(2) When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

(8) Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13 Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fruit trees, including citrus, grapevines, and nut trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

YES — Complete this section

📋 NO — Go to Section 14

Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

	Acres in trees and vines of all ages		Acres		Commercial fortilizer used							
			irrigated		Acres fertilized		Dry		Liquid or	gas		
1.Land in bearing and nonbearing	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths		
fruit orchards, citrus or other	301	i ,	1	i ,	2	,	3		4			
groves, vineyards, and nut trees		/10		/10		/10		/10		/10		

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hail, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	of bearin	ng age		Bearing a	ge		
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)		antity harvested (Report tenths vhere specified)
	302		1	2		3	4	<u> </u>
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		i /10			1/10			Pounds
	303		1	2	1	3	4	
3. Apples, standard	•	i /10			1/10			Pounds
	304		1	2	1	3	4	
4. Peaches, clingstone	•	1/10			1/10			Pounds
	305		1	2		3	4	
5. Peaches, freestone	.	1 /10			1/10		1	Pounds
	306	1 .	1	2		3	4	
6. Pears, Bartlett		i /10		1	1/10			Pounds
	307		1	2		3	4	
7. Pears, other than Bartlett		1/10			1/10			Pounds
	308		1	2	1	3	4	
8. Cherries; tart		1/10			1/10			Pounds
	309		1	2	T	3	4	
9. Cherries, sweet		1/10			1/10			Pounds
				<u> </u>	1	(4	/ Tons.
9. Grapes	310		1	2		3		1 /10 fresh
U. Grapes	•	/10			/10		5	/10 Tons
	314		1	2	1	3	4	·····
1. Plums		1/10			1/10			10 fresh
	215	+	1	2	-	3	4	, Tons
9	315	1,	1	2		3		/10 fresh
12. Prunes	•	/10			1/10		5	
For citrus, report quantity harvested	320	<u>†</u>	1	2	<u>†</u>	3	4	
in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.		1/10			1/10			Boxe
3 . Valencia oranges	321	1	1	2	+	3	4	
4. Navel oranges		/10			1/10			Boxes
- Navel Granges	322	1 / 10	1	2	1/10	3	4	
5 Tomple granges	1	/10			1/10			D
5. Temple oranges	323	1 10	1	2	1 10	3	4	Boxe
6. Other oranges — Hamlin,	-	1/10		-	1/10	-		D
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc	324	1 /10	1	2	1/10	3	4	Boxe
		1/		-	17	5		_
9. Grapefruit		1/10		1	1/10		L	80xe

(9) Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

Section 13 Continued

glass or other protection

8. Commercial fertilizer used on

the crops listed above

7. Area irrigated (Include items 1 through 6e.)

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col. (f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list be	low	Not	of bearin (c)	g age		Bearing a (d)	3ge		Quantity harvested	Uni	Average capacity of boxes		
Name (a)	No. (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		(e)	Lbs.	(f) Tons	Boxes	in pounds (g)
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		⁵ 1	2	3	6
	1		/10	1	2	1/10	3	4		5	2	3	6
	1		/10	1	2	1/10	3	4		⁵ 1	2	3	6
	1		/10	1	2	1/10	3	4		⁵ 1	2	3	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51□	2	3	6
• CITRU:	S CROPS	•	No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No		• NUT CRO	PS	•	N	o.
Limes (11 Tangelos Tangerine Other citn Section 14	LOWE	arins	. 327 . 328 . 329 . 330 SERY OS, VE	Necta Pome Olive Other and GR	EENHC	ruit trees	PRODU	CTS	Pistachio - Tung nuts (in Walnuts, plan Other nut tre S, SOD, BU VEGETAB on this plac	i husk) . glish or P nted blac es LBS, LES u	FLO	3 3 3 WERS	45 46 47 51
TYES - Comple		•							in 1974		1	Value	of _
$\square NO = Go to S$			page				feet under gl		Acres in the Whole acres	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-{	ollars	g 1974①
 Nursery prod Sod harveste Bulbs 	d					371 372 373		Ŭ	1 1 1	/10	2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$		
4. Cut flowers, for the florist p	florist gre	ens; and	potted,	bedding, d		374			1	/10	2) \$		
5. Flower seeds plants (Repo	, vegétab rt sweet (le seeds, c <i>orn for s</i>	and veg eed in S	getable Section 16	.)	384 385			1 	/10	2 \$ -2		
 Vegetables, i mushrooms, 		ider	a. To	omatoes		385	<u></u>			i I	\$		-

Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.

Square feet

b. Cucumbers .

c. Lettuce . . .

d. Mushrooms

399

e. Other vegetables

(1) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

387

388

389

391

Area fertilized

Acres

1

2

Tenths

10

Dry fertilizer

Tenths

Whole tons

\$

2

\$

\$

з

Liquid or gas fertilizer

Tenths

/10

Whole tons

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested f	or sal	le fro	m this	pla	ace	in 19	974?				
YES — Complete this section				Acres ha		T		0				Acres in	rigated
🔲 NO — Go to Section 16				le acres		s	(tity harvo = 1 ½ p		.)	Whole acres	
1 Course a serie a			402		<u> </u>	- t-						2	1 /10
1. Strawberries	• • • • • • • •		403			10				P	ounds	2	1 /10
 Cranberries Other berries (Enter crop name list below.) 					/1	0					00-lb. arrels		/10
ist below.						1				_		2	/10
Crop name	No	·			1 /1	0				P	ounds	2	1
Crop name	No	·			<u> </u>	0				P	ounds		/ /10
List additional berry crops has Crop name No Blackberries and dewberries 40 Blueberries, tame 40 Blueberries, wild 40	5 Gooseb			408 409	Raspt Raspt	berri berri berri	ies . es, red	 ck	No. 411 412 413		All oth (Write in item	berries er berries crop name on 3 above.)	415 line
					cres fertiliz				Dry fertil			Liquid or gas f	•
				Whol 429	e acres	Te	nths	Who	le tons	Ten	ths /	Whole tons	1
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be	erries			429			/10			1	/10		<u> /10</u>
Section 16 Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	ested	from	this p	lac	e in	197	47				
YES — Complete this section									Com	nercia	l fertiliz	er used	
NO — Go to Section 17	Acres harvested		luantity arvested		Acres irrigate			cres		Dry		Liquid c	r gas
				<u> </u>				ilized		tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Popcorn	431	1		Pounds, shelled	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
2 . Safflower	432	1		Pounds	2		3		4		/10	5	1 /10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1		Pounds	2		3		4		/10	5	1 /10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1		Bushels	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
5. Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds of oil	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
6. Broomcorn	436	1		Tons of brush	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop					2		3		4	 	/10	5	/10
nameNo		<u> </u>			· · 2		3		4		//(5	/10
Crop nameNoNo					<u>]</u>					i	/10)	/10
Líst additional crops harvested on . Crop name No. Castor beans	back cover. Crop name Guar			F	Crop name Root crops Gesame for	for				Sv		ne m for seed	
Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage 439 Crambe	Lentils Mungbeans for Mustard seed. Rapeseed	beans.	. 445 . 446 . 447		forghum f Soybeans I grazed or Soybeans I	orsi hogg cut	rup jed or for sila	···	451 452	Ve Wi Wa All	lvetbea ild rice ormsee other d	ns for beans d oil rops p name on lin	· · · 456 · · 457 · · 458 · · 459
											item 7		e
Section 17 > Were any FOR	EST PROD	DUCTS	sold	from	this p	lac	e in	197	47				
YES — Complete this section									Γ		Va	lue of sales	
□ NO — Go to and COMPLETE Set	ction 18										Doll	ars	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees										491 \$			1
-									Г	492			<u>i</u>
2. Firewood and fuelwood	• • • • • • •	•••••	••••	• • • •	• • • • •	•••	•••	•••	· · · L	<u>\$</u> 493			÷
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs	• • • • • • • •		• • • •		• • • • •	•••	•••	•••	· · ·	\$			 +
4 . Pulpwood										494 \$			ļ

 Pulpwood
 Other forest products (bark, bolts, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, fence posts, maple products, etc.)

495 \$

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Section 18 LAND USE IN 1974 - COMPLETE THIS SECTION		
1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4, page 1	Acres	
► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY ONCE — in the first use listed below that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	Number of acres	Acres irrigated in 1974
a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products.	502	1
 b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Include rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.) 	503	1
 c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured 	505	1
 d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 2a.) 	506	1
e. Cropland in cultivated summer failow	507	1
f. Cropland idle	509	1
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber a. Woodland pastured	511	
tracts and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.) b . Woodland not pastured	512	
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any pastureland		
other than cropland and woodland pasture.)	514	1
 a. Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied lime, fertilizer, seed, improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of weeds and brush		
b . Other pastureland and rangeland	515	
5. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported above.)	516	
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported in items 2a through 5 and enter the total in this space. Should be the same as item 1 above.)	IN 'THIS PLACE'	IRRIGATED
 7. Do you have any grazing permits on a per-head basis? 1 Forest Service 2 Taylor Grazing (BLM) NO Go to Section 19 3 Indian Land 	4 Other Feder 5 Other — Sp	
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974?	6—Answer items — Answer item 3	
1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods?		rrigated in 1974
a. Furrows or ditches	···· 🖒 📖	
b . Flooding	524 525	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
c. Subirrigation		
d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)		
e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)		
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.)	Water used in	
2. Please estimate the a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers	k	10
for irrigation in 1974 b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60 (Report in the unit or) minutes X hours operated in season)		Gallons
<i>units of measure most convenient for you.)</i> c. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give depth in inches of all water applied	3	Total inches
3. If no land was irrigated in 1974 , was there any land in this place irrigated at any time in 1970-1973?	•	Year
 ☐ YES — Complete a and b ☐ NO — Go to Section 20 on next page b. How many acres were irrigated in that year? 		Acres

Section 20 Was any land o	on this place ARTIFI	CIALLY DRA	INED?			
\square YES – Complete this section	$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{b}}^{(n)}$					
Go to Section 21	- 3				Acres	artificially
1. How many acres in this place we	re artificially drained? (/n/	clude open ditch	20	No	dra	aned
underground tile drains, grading l	for drainage, dikes, or pum	ping to control w	ater.	г	541	
Exclude drainage solely for the re	5			L	542	
2. How many acres were artificially		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			J [
Section 21 Was any COM on this place in	MERCIAL FERTILIZ	ER applied to	PASIURE	LAND		
YES - Complete this section		r	T			
NO Continue with NOTE belo		Acres	Dry fertiliz Whole tons	r 1	Liquid or gas I Whole tons	Tenth
1. How many acres of cropland use	None In the second	551	1	1 2	Vinore tons	1
pasture in 1974 (reported in Sec item 2b) were fertilized?		- -		/10		1 /1
2. How many acres of other pasture		552	1	2		<u> /-</u>
(reported in Section 18, item 4a)	were fertilized?			/10		1 /1
NOTE: READ AND	Did you or anyone else	e have any lives	tock, 🗌 YE	S Go to	Section 2	2 belo
ANSWER THIS	poultry, or animal spec) — Skip i	o page 13	and
QUESTION	in 1974? (Include fish				PLETE Sec	ction 2
	POULTRY such as (any time in 1974?	CHICKENS, 1	TURKEYS, 1	DUCKS,	etc.,	
] YES — Complete this section						
] NO = Go to Section 23						
	erations such as baby chic	ks,				
turkey poults, etc.,	-		INV	ENTORY	Tatalaur	
1. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTERS for	table eggs and hatching e	gg production		on this place ier 31, 1974	Total num birds sold i	
a. Hens and pullets of laying ag	e kept for TABLE or MAR	KET egg produc	tion.			
b. Hens and pullets of laying age	kept for HATCHING egg p	production			1	
c. Pullets 3 months old or older n	ot yet of laying age		605		1	
d. Pullet chicks and pullets und			606		1	
e. Roosters and male chickens (a			607		1	
2. BROILERS, fryers, and other mea	5		608		1	
3. TURKEYS	r type chickens, hichading i					
a: Heavy breed turkeys for slaugh	ter (Exclude breeuers.), .		611		1	
b. Light breed turkeys for slaughte			612		1	
-			613		1	
 c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding 4. OTHER POULTRY raised in captive 	(Include both heavy and ity (Enter fowl name and	light breeds.) ,, 'No. from list bel	····			
	,				1	
Fowlname		No			1	
Fowlname		No				
Fow! name	t	No	[1	
List additional poultry on back	cover.					
	viname No. consionisquab 616	Fowl name	No.			
	asants 617	Quail	618 619 (Write	e name on line		avel
Geese 615 Phe		, an other poundy :		in the on the	millem 4 ab	Uve /
5. What was the value before taxes a					e of sales	

Section 23 Did you or anyone else h	ave any CATTLE or CAL	VES	on this place	in 1974	7	
YES Complete this section NO Go to Section 24					umber o	NTORY In this place
INVENTORY on December 31, 1974				631	acembe	er 31, 1974
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, c,	and d below.)			1		
2 Pool - own // - to de to - the ite - the to /	())			632		
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had o	calved.)	• • • •	•••••			
b . Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and r	nilk heifers that had calved.).		•••••••			
	(1) For beef purposes and be	ef.com		634		
c. Heifers and heifer calves (Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacemen			626		<u> </u>
	((2) For milk cow replacemen	t	• • • • • • • • • • •	636		
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calves				-		
				· · · · <u></u>		
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this p		r				
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a cont Also, report cattle moved from this place to			Total number		alue of s axes and	ales 1 expenses
feeding as sold; report both the number and See separate Instructions,)	estimated value.	None	sold in 1974		lars	Cents
 Calves weighing less than 500 pounds 			641	1 S		
			642	1	· <u> </u>	
3 . Cattle including calves weighing 500 pound	s or more	_ F	643	S		
 a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were fagrain or concentrates for 30 days or more 				\$		
DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	e in 1974		Va	lue of]	
 Report goat dairy products in Section 26 v 	vhen you reach that section.			oducts sold		
 What was the gross value of sales of dairy p from this place in 1974, before taxes and ex 			0011ar 649 • • S	s <u>C</u> e	ents	
Section 24 > Did you or anyone else	ave any HOGS or PIGS	on th	is place in 19	74?		
YES – Complete this section						
□ NO Go to Section 25 on next page						n this place
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974				De 651	cember	31, 1974
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b be	elow.)	.				
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bree	ding		• • • • • • • • • •			
b . Other hogs and pigs						
LITTERS FARROWED		No	one Number of In	tters		
2 . Litters farrowed on this place between $-$			654			
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974 .		••• [655			
b . June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 $$.		[
			Total number		of sales and exp	
HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	No	ne 65	sold in 1974	Doll	ars	Cents
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974	<i></i>	_	-	S		
a. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many were		65	7	1		1
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	C			S		<u> </u>

		n this place in 19	<u> </u>	
YES Complete this section		INVENTORY Number on this pla		mber sold 974
🔲 NO – Go to Section 26		December 31, 19 661		
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c below.)				
		662		
a. Lambs under 1 year old				
		663		
b. Ewes 1 year old or older				
		664		
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older	••••	•••		<u></u>
	None	665 Number shorn	1 Pounds of wo	ol shorn
2. Sheep and lambs shorn				
	····· L3 [L	
		Value	of sales]
		Dollars	Cents]
What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lambs, and		669	i i	
wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses?		and the second se	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Section 26 Did you or anyone else have any OTHER	LIVESTOCK	or ANIMAL SPE	CIALTIES	on this
place in 1974?	INVENTORY	·····	1	
YES Complete this section	Number on	Total number sold	Value o	fsales
NO Go to Section 27	this place Dec 31, 197	in 1974 4	Dollars	Cents
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)	671	1	2 S	1
	672	1	2	
2. Ponies of all ages			\$	
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages		i l	\$	
	674	1	2	
4. Mink and their pelts			S	
a. Mink females used for breeding				
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry hatched				
(Enter name and No. from list below.)		1	2	
Name No No	_		2	
Name No			s s	
Naule 140	_	1	2	
Name No		l	\$	
Other Livestock in Captivity, Bees,			<u></u>	`
Name No. Name Colonies of bees 676 Other goats	No.	Name Foxes and their pelts.	No 	
Angora goats	681	Poultry hatched All other livestock	68	34
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	es under water	Total quantity sold in 1974	Value of	sales
tori	fish production	in 1974	Dollars	Cents
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter name and		1	2	
No. from "List A" below.)		Pounds		į
Name No No		3 Gallons	\$	ŀ
7. Fish in captivity	Tenths (1	ti	-+
(Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)	,][Pounds	2	į
Name No	/10	3 Number	s	1
	<u>i</u> {l		1)	
List A — Livestock Products	💶 🖕 List B — Fish	in Captivity	·····	
Name No. Name	No.	Name Tropical fish	N	
Mohair sold				

List any additional livestock, livestock products, animal specialties, or fish on back cover.

Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973)	December 31, 19 or 1974.)	74
COMPLETE THIS SECTION		
Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 197	4	
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and imple		Estimated market value
on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks,	tractors. combines.	Dollars Cents
plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy ed	guipment including	701
milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.	/	Б
SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total. HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)
	702	1
2 . Automobiles		
	703	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.).	. 704	1
4 . Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers		1
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	• 705	1
5. Crawler tractors		
	706	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only		
	707	
7. Corn heads for combines	. 708	······
9 Octors and side and side at all and		
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	. 709	1
9. Mower conditioners		
	710	1
10. Pickup balers		
	711	1
11 . Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (<i>Exclude side delivery rakes.</i>)	- 712	
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type		
Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS - COMPLETE THIS SECT	ION	
this place. (<i>Do not include temporary structures.</i>)	Inder 1,000 bushels ,000-4,999 bushels ,000-9,999 bushels 0,000-24,999 bushel 5,000-49,999 bushel	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tons) s (250-624 tons)
2. How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.).		Number of artificial ponds. pits. etc Whole acres Tenths
a. Area covered when filled to capacity		/10
futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm 2 2 commodities which you produce? 3 3 724 1 YES — Mark which commodities 4 4 2 NO — Go to Section 29 on next page 5 9	Sorghums (grain) 8	 Cattle (live) Hogs (live) Other - Specify -

APPENDIX C Continued

Section 29 Did you have any CONTRACT or BINDING AGREEMENT to produce or market any farm products on this place in 1974? (Include oral and written agreements made more than 30 days						
YES — Comple				prior to delivery.)		
1 Broilers 7 Fe 2 Started pullets sto 3 Chicken eggs 8 Brit 4 Turkeys 9 Sti 5 Milk and other diry products 11 Brit 6 Fattened cattle 12 Other point		oduct name No. Product name eder cattle and/or 13 Field and seed bcker cattle 14 Soybeans eeding cattle 15 Wheat aughter hogs 16 Cotton eder pigs 17 Vegetables for fresh market her livestock and/or liver fivestock and/or liver fivest		corn 19 Fruit frest 20 Fruit 21 Sug- 21 Sug- 22 Othe popp suga name	duct name t. citrus, nuts for h market t. including citrus, processing ar beets er crops, such as hops, corn. potatoes, safflower, arcane. etc (Write product e on line A1 below.) ed and complete the	
remaining en	tries in the colu	mn (items i	B through G) for that	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT
A. Product(s) under c	ontract	1. Product	FINALCONTRACT	SECOND CONTINUE		
Enter name and No item 1 above	. from	name		700	733	734
		2. No.	731	732	/33	
B. Type of contract	1. Production (1 1 <u> </u>	1 1 🛄	1 1 🛄	י י
Mark (X) one of these items for	2. Marketing	, ,	2	2	2	2
each product under contract	3. Production, i feeding, and		3 🔲	3 🔲	з 🛄	3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4. Other		4	4	4	4
C. Type of contractor Mark (X) one of			2 1	2 1	2 1	2 1
these items for	2. Feed compare	ny	2 🗌 3 🗍	2 [_] 3 []	2 [_] 3 []	2
each product under contract	3. Packer 4. Processor		4	3 <u>□</u> 4 □	→ L1 4 []	4 □
	5. Other		5	5	5	5
D. Items furnished	1. Feed		3 1	3 1	3 1	3 1
by contractor under terms of	2. Chicks, pulle		_	2	2	2
contract	feeder pigs.	etc.	2 🛄 3 🗍	2 🗋 3 🗍	3 🗆	3 🗌
Mark (X) for as many items as	4. Fertilizer		4	¢ [] 4 []	4	4
apply for each product under	5. Chemicals		5	5	5 🔲	5 🔲
contract	6. Labor		6 🗌	6 🗌	6 🗌	6 🗌
	7. Machinery, e or buildings	equipment,	7 🗖	7 🗆	7 🗖	7 🗖
	8. Harvesting		8 🗌	8	8 🔲	8
	9. Transportati	on	9 🗌	9 🗖	9 🗖	9 🗌
	10. Processing/p	acking	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10
	11. Credit		11 🗌	11 🖸 👘	11 🖸	11
	12. Technical as	sistance	12			
	13. Other		13 🛄		13 🛄	13
14. None E. What percent of the total production of this product was sold under contract?			5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	
F. 6 Dollars Cents 6 Dollars 6 Dollars Cents 6 Dollars					6 Dollars Cents	
product covered			\$	\$	\$ 1	\$
 Did this payment market value of t 			7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 Yes 2 No
G.	1. Exact price?		8 1		8 1	8 1
Did the contract	2. Method of	_			2	
specify — Mark (X) one	determining pri 3. Neither price n		3	3	3	3

Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor.

(3) Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.



PAYROLL AND EMPLOYMENT - Did you have any paid workers doing agricultural labor, employees of labor contractors or crew leaders, or other salaried employees working on this place in 1974?

YES	 Complete this section
NO	 Go to Section 31

Please read before
answering items 1, 2, 🍾
and 3 below

k

Hired farm or ranch workers — In addition to farm workers and paid family members, include such persons as bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance people, etc., whose employment is primarily associated with agricultural production on this place even though they may not be doing agricultural labor. Do not include unpaid family workers or the proprietors or partners of unincorporated places.

Cash wages paid — Report gross payments in 1974 to employees before deductions for Social Security, taxes, insurance premiums, etc. Include all wages, salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay. Do not include room and board, house rent, or other items paid in kind.

	For each of the following groups, report how many hired farm or ranch workers were employed and the amount of cash wages paid to them.	Number of	Cash wages paid	
	cash wages paid to them.	workers	Dollars	Cents
1	Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how many worked—	751	1	+
	a. 150 days or more?		\$	į
		752	1	
	b. 25–149 days?		\$	ĺ
		753	1	1
	c. Less than 25 days?		\$	
2	Contract workers hired through a crew leader or contractor		754	1
	a. What was the cost of contract labor?		\$	i
		755		
	b. How many workers did the contractor furnish? (Estimate if necessary.)			1
3.	Salaried corporation officers	756		
a.	a. If this operation is incorporated, how many corporation officers were salaried in 1974?			
			757	1
	b. What was the amount paid?		\$	1

Section 31 INJURIES AND ILLNESSES CONNECTED WITH FARM OR RANCH WORK — Were there any work connected injuries that required more than first aid treatment, or work connected illnesses or death to workers on this place in 1974? (Do not include deaths, injuries, or illnesses to employees of contractors.)

🗍 YES Complete this section	·····	T
ENO — Go to Section 32 on next page	Operator and unpaid family workers	Hired workers and paid members of operator's family
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses	761	1
a. How many workers had injuries or illnesses without lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
	762	1
b. How many workers had injuries or illnesses with lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
(1) How many days were lost as a result of all injuries	763	1
and illnesses?	Days	Days
	764	1
2. Number of deaths	Number	Number

Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME, Section 32 or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section

□ NO — Go to Section 33

Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. If custom applied, report only estimated cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For each item listed, report acres only once, but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpose chemicals were used, report acreage treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.

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1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbi	cide	Number of acres	Cost of chemicals (Do not include cost of epplying)	
insecticide, nematocide) to control —		on which used	Dollars	Cents
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)	a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)			
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)		772	1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops		773	1 \$	
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, e		1 \$		
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence	775	1 \$		
f. Weeds or brush in pasture	. 776	1 \$		
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road	. 777	1 \$		
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops of	r thinning of fruit	. 778	1 \$	1
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings			779 \$	1
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)		782	1 \$	
 Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sar pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. 		783 \$		
6. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1 a through 5 and enter total here and in Section 34, item 10.)				

Section 33 > FARM CREDIT

1. DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.)

□ NO — Go to item 2

YES — Answer a, b, and c

No land owned — Go to item 2

Amount (principal only) owed

	December 31.	1974
	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an insurance	791	1
company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit association	\$	
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	792	i
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above	\$	i
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the property or to	793	1
others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)	\$	
 DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business? 		
YES — Answer a, b, and c INO — Go to Section 34		
	Amount (principal o	n/v/ owed

	Amount <i>(principel or</i> December 31, 1	
	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit	795	1
association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies	\$	
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	796	
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)	\$	1
	797	
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals	. \$!

Section 34	Production EXPENSES paid by	γou and ot	hers f	or th	nis place i	n 1974	1	
COMPLETE THIS SECTION	Include your best estimates of expense for production of crops, livestock, and (expenses connected with performing c businesses or services, and household	other agricultur sustomwork off	al prode this pla	ucts ice, d	on this place operation of i	. DO NO	DT INCLUDE	
							Production ex	«penses
							Dollars	l Cents
	d poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho						801	1
	, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul			•••	•••••		\$ 802	
	irchased for livestock and poultry — gra ntrates, etc. (<i>Total dollars for a, b, c, and</i>						\$02	I I
		Tons	Tenths		Dollars	Cents	- D	
complete, include ing	ally mixed formula feeds purchased — supplement, concentrates (Do not gredients purchased separately, such n meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	803	/10	-1 • 1				
	s purchased — such as soyb ea n meal,	804	7.10	1		<u>†</u>		
	d meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other products (<i>Do not include whole grains.</i>)		/10	<u>,</u>		1		
	ins purchased such as corn, oats,	805	710	1		+		
barley, gra	in sorghum, wheat, rye, etc.					l		
	racked grain. Do not include millfeeds nilling byproducts, or green chop.) • • • •		1.			1		
or other m		806	/10	\$ 1				
d . Hay, greer	n chop, silage, etc		/10	\$		į		
3. Animal healt	h costs for livestock and poultry (Include	veterinarian			•••		807	
	ums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) .						\$	
							808	1
	, plants, and trees purchased			•••		• • • • •	\$ 809	
	fertilizer purchased — all forms, includir (Report custom application costs in item						\$	l
6. Total gasolin	e and other petroleum fuel and oil purch	ased for the fa	m busi	ness			811	1
	P gas, butane, propane, piped gas, keros Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.)						s	
		Storage capa for farm us			timated expension farm use in			
		(Gallons) 812		1	Dollars	Cents		
a. Gasoline fo	or the farm business	012		\$				
b. Diesel fuel	for the farm business	813		1 \$		İ		
c. LP gas, but	tane, propane for the	814		1		1		
farm busin	$ess(4.5 \ lbs. = 1 \ gallon) \dots$		There is a second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	\$ 815				
	grease, piped gas, kerosene, and			\$				
fuel oil for	the farm business	<u></u>					821	1
7. Hired farm la	bor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1 a, 1 b, a	nd 1c,	and e	enter total he	ere.)	\$	
0 0 0 0 0 0	(O dellare recorded in Section 20. ii	201					823	1
	r (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, in and customwork (Include expenditures		or use o	 f	•••••		\$ 824	
equipment an	d for customwork such as grinding and orn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, c	mixing feed, pl	owing,				\$ 826	I I
10. Agriculturate	hemicals purchased (Copy dollars repor	ted in Section 1	32, iten	7 6.J			\$	1
11. All other proc	duction expenses (Include OTHER currer	nt operating exp	oenses			-	827	
as depreciatio	on, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, vater, etc., for the farm business.)	repairs, electric	ity,				\$	1
							829	
12. TOTAL PRO	DUCTION EXPENSES including expe or others (Add dollars in items	enses paid by 1 through 11	andlor and e	ds, c nter	ontractors, total_here.)	\rightarrow	s	
						-	<u> </u>	1

_

Sec	tion 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	in	1974, befor	e taxes	
CON THIS	<i>NPLETE</i> S	and expenses (See separate Instructions.) Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups		Estimated value of		
PAG	Ë	of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		products	sold	
		contractor's share, estimating in necessary.		Dollars	Cents	
1.	Grains — c grain sorgh	orn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, iums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		832 \$	1	
2.		cottonseed		833 \$	1	
3.	Tobacco .			834 \$		
		, hay, forage, and silage		835 ' \$	1	
		s, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)		836 \$		
			••	837	<u> </u>	
0.	sweetpota	crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, toes, sugar beets, sugarcane, iint for oil, hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>		\$	1	
7	Eruito puto	, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,		838		
		, and bernes — apples, bernes, citrus, grapes. ecans, pears, pineapples, etc.		\$	1	
8		d greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in		839 \$	1	
	Section 14	, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)	••	э 849		
9.	Forest proc	lucts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.) $\ldots \ldots$	••	\$		
10.		l poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, c. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)	•••	852 \$		
11.		calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — clude item 3a — and enter the total here.)		853. \$		
12.	Dairy produ <i>Report goa</i>	icts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4. t dairy products in item 15 below.)		854 \$		
1 3 .	Hogs and p	igs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)	•••	855 \$ 856		
14.	Sheep, lam	bs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)		\$		
15.		tock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, . (Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.) .		857 \$		
16.		LUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or 's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)		859 \$	1	
Sec		INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN	119	74		
		INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES	1	Farm-related		
			lone	Dollars	Cents	
1.	planting, sp	rk and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing, braying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (<i>If custom</i> -		871		
2.		eparate business, see separate Instructions.)	L	\$ 872		
	•			\$	i	
3.		/ou received for participation in Government farm programs lude redeemable loans.)		873 \$		
4.	received fro	rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments om lease or sale of allotments <i>(Include payments for livestock</i> on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		874 \$	1	
5.	conducted	ness or source of income which is on or CLOSELY RELATED to the 'URAL OPERATIONS on this place — <i>Specify kind</i>		875 \$		
				L		
•	Part B	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related e	xpenses	
			None	Dollars	Cents	
6 .		ated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter		876	1	
		stimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974. (Include all expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not			1	
		penses already reported in Section 34.)		s	I I	
			-	L	1	

Section 37 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION, OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS, and related information

COMPLETE THIS PAGE

Part A	Type of Organization					
1. Mark (X) t	he one box which best de	escribes the way this place wa	s operated in 1974.			
		Y operation (sole proprietorsh	ip),	Complete Parts B and C		
2	PARTNERSHIP operati (See separate Instruction	on, including family partnersh ons.) — Enter number of partn	ips 902	below		
з 🗌		ing family corporations — Sk	-			
4] OTHER, such as cooper	rative, estate or trust, prison fa — Specify type then skip to S	rm, grazing association.			
■ Part B				ily, or Partnership Operations		
1. Residenc person in	e — Where does the ope charge, or senior partner or ranch operation live?	rator, 903 1 ☐ On of	this place ∫ 2 □ On ar	nother farm ural area, not on a farm ity, town, or urban area		
(or senior	s the earliest year the ope partner, if partnership) be a any part of this place? -	egan				
	s the operator (or senior partnership)?	905	_ Years old	,		
4 . Operator': <i>Mark (X)</i> .	s race — 906 appropriate box	3 1 White 4 [2] Negro or Black 3] American Indian] Mexican American Chicano Mexican (Mexicano) Puerto Rican Cuban Central or South American Other Spanish	 5 Japanese Chinese Filipino 11 Other — Specify what race Z 		
the major	ity (50 percent or more) c	occupation did the operator sp If his work time in 1974? Ibers of the partnership togeth		Farming Other		
days did e family wo in 1974? i nonfarm ju profession else's farn	Work — How many bach member of the rk OFF the place (Include work at a ob, business, n, or on someone n. Do not include farm work.)	Mark (X) one for each applicable line. a. Operator or senior partner b. Spouse. c. Other. d. Other.	None days 911 1 2 912 1 2 913 1 2	50-99 100-149 150-199 200 days days days days or more 3 4 5 6 3 4 5 6 3 4 5 6 3 4 5 6 3 4 5 6 3 4 5 6 3 4 5 6		
(Report ar	nount you and members	f-Farm Sources in 1974 of your family received in 1974 ort should be for the senior par		es. Off-farm sources		
professior 2. Cash wag	nal practice (<i>Report NET a</i> es, salaries, commissions	siness (not reported in Section after expenses.)	•••••			
4. Federal Sc	 3. Interest, dividends, or royalties					
5. Rental inc	5. Rental income of nonfarm property (Report NET after deduction of expenses.)					
Section 38 PERSON COMPLETING THIS REPORT						
PLEASE	Name		Date	Telephone		
PLEASE			931 Month Day	932 Area Code Number		

Enter remarks on back cover.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

(4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)

▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

► EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE— (1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle;" and

(3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- (8) The Same Report Form is Used For All States Except Hawaii. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates
(e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished. Go to the next section indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Lessed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented. leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested.

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage; he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

	corn in Section 1 Ich lhose sections	2 and popeurn m 3	iection (6		
	Acres harvested	Owantity Na	ever ted		Acres	anes
 Field corn for gain or seed (Report guantity of shelled corn hervested in entre- bashabia or hundradweight. 20 liss cer corn or 56 liss shelled corn.¹⁰ I bushel shelled corn)	** 80	7,000	0		,	<u> </u>
2. Field corn for silage or green chop	"" 20	400	lam	-	; <u>a</u>	0
 Field corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in items 1 or 21, 	103				2	-
	Acres	Dry lettinge				There
	-	Whole tons	Innates	***	ofe works	Ignam
4. Commercial fertilizer used on held corn	109 /00	1 10	8/10	2		

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column. Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

▶ Section 13 - Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box Weight --- Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acrefeet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal./minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal./minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11,520,000 gallons.

Total inches — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season.

▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animale to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animale bought end sold — Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle salse - Do not include on the fattened cattle line:

(a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or
 (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold (further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of fivestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place — Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lambs shorn — In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. **Production contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor **Marketing contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural products.

Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report** gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C. item 1).

Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc. FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

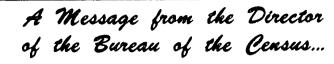
U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and ... KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are

provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.



January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

mens Pharetto

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

O.M.B. No. 41 S74065 Approval Expires December 31, 1975

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13. U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation The law also provides that copies retained in your files are Immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Compl	ete this report
and	RETURN TO

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street

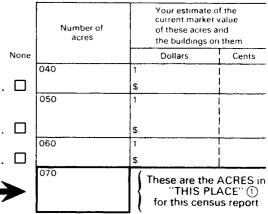
Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	ore than one report form?		[- <u>r - r</u> -			
 YES — See separate Instructions NO — Go to Section 2 	E	nter extra file umber(s) here							<u></u>
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGRI	CULTURALA	CTIVI	TIE	SIN	1 197	4		
							YES	NO	
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, j	produce, or sell ANY amount of	any of the items l	isted be	low?	• • •	• • • •	1	2 🔲	
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots) Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	nui • Fis • Fui in (eenhous sery pro h in capt -bearing captivity her anim	ducts livity g anin	nals	ties			
 Did you at any time in 1974 raise c contractors such as feed companie 							YES 1 🔲	NO 2 🔲	
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, o							ו 🗆	2	
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricultu	ral purposes in 19	974?				۱ 🗌	2	
 Did you own any livestock or poulti under a share agreement or custom 							1	2 🗌	
If you answered YES to ANY of	of these auestions, ao to Secti	on 3							

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

Section 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LAND VALUE						
Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, wasteland, idle land, house lots, etc.						
I. ALL land owned						

- ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).
- 4. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (1) (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)
 - (1) 'THIS PLACE'' means your farm or ranch, feedlots, poultry houses, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural operations.



5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

	Address	Number of	Rental arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply				
Name	(No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements	
		081	¹ 1	2	3	4	
		082	1 1	2	3 🗌	4	
		083	י <mark>ר</mark>	2	3 🗌	4	

List additional landlords on back cover

6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter.

	Name	Address (No	o. and street, city, State	, ZIP code)	No. of acres	
					085	
			. <u> </u>	<u></u>	086	015
		·			087	
	List additional renters on back cover.					014
	Of the land you rented or leased from others (i			Number of acres	Current market value	
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	1 \$	013
Ľ	PLEASE a. All the land you owned b. There were no crops or c. The land you operated If a, b, or c apply to your op this report.	prior to 1974 ha eration, please	ns been sold to son read the Instruct	neone else.		012
	n what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal county	County name	Stat	te No of acres	10
Ċ	Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties			092	
l. a	f you have agricultural operations in any other county(ies), enter the county				093	010
	name(s), etc., on the lines provided for 'Other counties.'') • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				094	&
c c	Location of place within principal county entered above. (<i>Give name</i> of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)	Name of location				

.

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None		Acres vested	Quantity	harvested
		None		(1	Bushels
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (<i>Report quantity on a shelled</i> basis in either bushels or hundredweight . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)		101	}	6OR	shelled Hundredweight
_			104	(shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (<i>Do not include acres already</i> reported in item 1.).					
			111	(1	
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (<i>Report</i> quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds .)			{	6 OR	Bushels
4.	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (<i>Do not include acres</i> <i>already reported in item 3.</i>)		115	(Pounds
			121	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
5.	Soybeans for beans					Bushels
6	Peanuts for nuts	П	122		1	Pounds
υ.			130	-	1	Founds
7.	Wheat for grain					Bushels
	Other small grains for grain — oats, barl ey for	_	136			
	rye, rice, etc. — Specify		151		1	
9 .	Cotton					Bales
10.	Tobacco — all types		152	/10	1	Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (excluding home use)		153	/10	1	Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)		134	/10	*	Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	
	, j		240			Tons, dry
14.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale			/10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages					
	(Include land on which the fruit crop		301			
	failed. Do not include abandoned acreages or plantings.) — Specify			/10		
			401			
	Berries for sale — Specify			1/10		
17.	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery		430	i		
	products; flowers, etc., grown	_		i i /		
	in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify		L	/10		
				Squ	iare feet	
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?			460		

Section 6

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5 NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY ONCE ---in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested. Number of acres 1. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, 502 and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products. If two crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acres only once. 503 2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing 3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, 504 crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.)..... 510 513 5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.) . . 6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 517 through 5 and enter the total in this space.) (This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.) 7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED 528 Acres irrigated

Section 7 LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

LAND USE IN 1974

Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974.

INVENTORY

None	Number on this place December 31, 1974	Number sold in 1974
 Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.) 	601	1
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.)	604	1
3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters)	608	1
4. Cattle and calves of all ages	631	1
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)	632	
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.).	633	
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages	651	1
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?		2
b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None Number of litters		
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974		
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974		
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages	661	1
7. Horses and ponies of all ages	670	1
 8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc. 	698	1
Specify what kind	699	1

Section 8 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974

(Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

▼ Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974

1.	What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually	t
	kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors,	┢
	combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equip- ment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	, :

Estimated market value				
Dollars	Cents			
701				
\$	1			

SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total. HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)
2. Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
10 . Pickup balers	710	1
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1
12. Field forage barvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1

Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by y and others for production of crops, livestock, and o DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with perf operation of non-farm activities, businesses or ser	other agricu forming cus	iltural pr tomwor	oducts on this k off this place	place. e,	Production exper	ises
related to the farm business.					Dollars	Cents
 Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, ho lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started purchased. 					801 S	
2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—gra concentrates, etc	in, hay, sila	ge, mixe	ed feeds.		802 S	•
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased –	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		1
complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.).	803	1	1 \$	 		[[
3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased					808 \$	ł
 Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, include and gypsum (Report custom application costs in ite 					809 S	
 Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purc Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, k 				se, etc	811 S	
6. Hired farm labor					821 \$	
7. Contract labor					823 S	1
8. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditu and for customwork such as grinding and mixing fe	ed, plowing	, combr	ning, corn	ıpment	824	
picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)				S		
9. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, in:	secticides,	etc. Excl	ude fertilizer.)		826 \$	1
 All other production expenses (Include other current depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, re of water, etc., for the farm business.) 	epairs, elec	tricity, p			827 \$	
11. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including ex contractors, or others (Add dollars for items 1 three				\rightarrow	829 \$	

Section 10 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of		
products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.	Estimated value of products sold	
	Dollars	Cents
	831	1
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)	\$	
	839	1
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold	S	
	849	1
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc.	s	1
	852	1
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold	S	1
	858	1
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold	\$	1
	859	1
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)	s	

Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1974

Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-rolated income	
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)	None	Dollars	Cents
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		871 \$ 872	
 Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place 		S 873	
3 . Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (<i>Do not include redeemable loans.</i>)		\$ 874	
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (<i>Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.</i>)		S	
5. Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		s	

Part B EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related exp	Cents
	None	Dollars	
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5, enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do NOT include expenses already reported in Section 9.)		876 \$	

ction 12 FARM OPERA			S				
1. Where does the operator, pers charge, of this farm or ranch liv		1 🗆 0)n this place In this place —	2 🗌 0 3 🗌 In 4 🗌 In	n another f a rural are a city, tow	arm a, not i in, or u	on a farm rban area
2. Year operator began to operator any part of this place	e 904 	·	Year				
3 . Operator's age	905	i 	Years old	I			
4. Operator's race — Mark (X) appropriate box	906 1 🗌 White 2 🗌 Negro or Black 3 🔲 American Indian		Mexican A Chicano Mexican (I Puerto Ric Cuban Central or American Other Spa	Mexicano) an South	5 🗌		ese no
5. Principal Occupation — At w did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in 19 partnerships, consider all mem partnership together.).	majority (50 percent) 174? (For bers of the				Farmir	ng	
 Number of days operator work place in 1974 (Include work a job, business, or profession, or else's farm. Do not include exc work.) — Mark (X) the appropri 	t a nonfarm on someone hange farm	1 🗌 N 2 🔲 1	lone – 49 days 0 – 99 days	5	100 150 200 d	19 9 d	ays
 Was the income which you an off the farm and from other so of agricultural products sold from 	urces greater than the t	otal value	;		Yes		
8. Person preparing Name			Date		022 4		phone
this report PLEASE PRINT			931 Month	Day 	932 Area c	ode	Number

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside back cover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

•

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forma-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

(4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)

🕨 (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

EITHER 4

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle;" and

(3) Mail back the two tom-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of mail the return envelope.
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

APPENDIX C Continued

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

Section 6 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured--report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animale to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his shere or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs. Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for land-lords and others in payment for services or products, any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place, crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for land-lords and others.

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment. labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report** gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the --

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).