APPENDIX A. General Explanation

1. Taking the Census

Enumeration Method

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company, Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural

establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville. Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products

such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the required information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks Futures market Contracts Payroll and employment Injuries and illnesses Farm credit Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for: Cullman, Alabama-revised broilers sold and related data.

- Inyo, California-revised land in farms and related data.
- Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii-revised number of fattened cattle and related data.
- Spencer, Indiana-revised cattle and calves inventory.
- Harford, Maryland-revised acreage of total cropland.
- Marshall, Minnesota-revised acreage of land in farms.
- Dodge, Nebraska-revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

- Rusk, Texas-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.
- Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

- Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.
 - Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture. Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others, Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves farms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income-In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested—This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported, State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms-Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the monthto-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—in all tablas except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool-For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products— For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses. This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses-This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland-Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing---This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation-Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume 11 of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract laborworkers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity-Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources-An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics-tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Blackoperated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups. Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with cales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were included in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm-A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm-An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation-Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other-The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type-Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by-Standard industrial classification Debt status. Race or origin. Age of farm operator. Days worked off-farm by the operator. Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 99 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 99 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases. Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

Item	Percent of total
Number of farms	8.8
Land in farms	4.7
Value of products sold	3.0
Harvested cropland	5.2
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	4.2
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	3.1
Hogs and pigs	5.1

Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources--the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment-were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given. As calculated for this report, the standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested o	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County		Standard error	Dollars	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	error (percent)	Acres	error (percent)	D ol lars (1,000)	error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	error (percent)
Nebraska, total	46 172 012	0.2	13 017 447	0.2	16 309 434	0.2	1 561 791	0.2	2 166 946	0.1
Adams	342 189	1.1	198 602	1.0	228 818	.9	35 869	.4	31 782	.1
Antelope	512 234	1.1	158 0 18	.8	281 349	1.1	20 4 98	1.2	49 249	.5
Arthur	472 794	.0	40 501	.0	32 559	.0	429	.0	4 256	.0
Banner	412 126	.4	60 787	.4	99 57 1	.7	10 587	.5	2 988	1.2
Blaine Boone	394 821 441 483	3.2	39 546	6.3	36 795	6.2	1 137	.2	5 516	2.8
1		1.8	122 702	2.8	207 179	2.3	11 228	1.5	31 581	1.2
Box Butte	675 359	1.1	114 330	1.3	197 287	1.5	28 462	1.3	13 318	.3
Boyd Brown	291 677	3.5	46 84 1	3.2	110 353	2.7	2 843	4.3	9 907	4.4
bruwn	619 858	1.0	91378	1.3	105 481	.8	9 290	9	19 241	.2
Buffalo	612 598	2.3	233 484	2.3	267 024	2.0	37 194	1.3	32 440	.6
Burt.	305 752	1.7	193 216	1.9	222 966	1.6	20 769	2.5	36 665	.2
Butler	349 989	.9	181 273	.7	241 434	.9	26 002	6.	18 560	.5
Cass	328 684	1.6	205 316	1.7	218 927	1.3	20 598	2.0	28 233	.4
Cedar	445 814	1.4	154 152	1.5	273 932	1.7	9 902	1.7	40 476	1.2
Chase	515 964	.4	136 558	3	173 656	.4	29 411	.3	17 134	.3
Cherry	3 749 027	.7	332 855	1.0	379 399	.8	4 0 4 4	1.9	34 503	.6
Cheyenne	767 591	1.4	162 841	2.1	276 944	1.5	24 621	2.3	16 920	.3
Clay Colfax	354 687 280 666	2.3 1.3	220 367 144 712	3.2 2.0	230 818 200 053	.7 1.3	35 356 (D)	.4 (D)	20 238 39 252	1.5 .3
Cuming	358 865	1.6	210 32 1	1.3	257 315	1.6	15 750	2.1	131 070	.1
Custer	1 587 153	.7	291471	.6	319 644	.5	24 885	.6	45 672	.7
Dakota	155 618	2.3	69 859	1.7	99 876	2.6	8 4 8 9	1.2	9 182	4.5
Dawes	885 026	2.1	96 461	4.1	116 051	2.7	5 829	2.4	7 802	1.1
Dawson	708 644	9	328 482	1.1	272 726	1.1	38 191	1.3	90 535	.3
Deuel	315 940	5.5	82 063	5.9	119 113	4.7	15 440	3.0	4 164	4.9
Dixon	285 124	1.8	99 767	1.6	169 084	1.6	7 754	2.2	41 151	.6
Dodge	322 660	2.2	219 743	2.3	249 117	1.1	27 104	1.8	36 943	.2
Douglas	138 93 1	6.1	143 187	4.9	98 213	6.2	9 750	5.3	13 124	2.2
Dundy	528 519	.6	85 707	.8	125 338	1.6	12 502	2.5	9 555	.5
Fillmore	376 349	1.1	227 261	.6	271 572	1.0	34 585	1.0	22 585	.7
Franklin	337 794	1.9	132 050	3.1	127 722	2.4	15 193	3.2	9 763	1.0
Frontier	532 313	.6	120 720	.7	143 069	.5	(D)	(D)	11 253	1.1
Furnas	441 524	2.6	127 177	2.1	159 110	2.8	16 832	3.4	18 495	1.9
Gage	549 459	2.0	221 099	1.8	339 394	1.6	24 542	2.0	30 256	1.9
Garden	1 030 935	2.0	113 701	5.0	113 828	4.1	7 065	9.8	8 518	2.1
Garfield	329 132	4.3	43 366	4.1	71 324	5.3	1 767	3.3	6 415	10.4
Gosper	243 432	2.3	88 060	1.9	94 113	2.5	12 354	1.8	5 948	1.2
Grant	821 548	.7	63 245	.8	55 536	1.2	507	1.4	5 510	.9
Greeley	334 416	.7	75 703	.7	101 667	1.1	5 616	2.5	15 090	2.9
Hali	309 007	2.0	201 089	1.2	201432	1.9	35 820	2.3	44 693	.5
Hamilton	364 355	9	294 999	6.	259 764	.9	48 691	.9	17 294	.6
Harlan	337 408	2.4	119 328	2.4	139 976	2.2	17 014	3.7	13 092	.7
Hayes	408 599	.6	73 083	2.0	107 433	.5	9 645	.5	7 808	.4
Hitchcock	432 495	2.5	86 64 9	4.8	128 880	3.6	15 096	2.3	9 576	.3

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Cattle and c farm		Chickens 3 n and older c		Hogs and farm	• •	Corn harve purp		Hay ha	vested
County		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error
	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	Acres	(percent)
Nebraska, total	6 2 14 5 96	0.2	3 660 561	0.3	2 740 440	0.5	6 436 708	0.2	3 455 199	0.3
Adams	52 197	.5	10 409	7.7	17 193	1.3	104 145	.4	7 986	1.9
Antelope	103 505	.8	25 5 12	3.0	71 582	.8	179 294	1.2	52 118	.7
Arthur	38 324	.0	459	.0	743	.0	220	.0	32 316	0.
Banner	25 716	1.2	1 529	3.1	879	.0	1 606	1.5	11 978	1.0
Blaine	34 719	2.4	697	(1)	6 753	19.5	4 525	1.8	30 89 1	7.3
Boone	84 011	1.7	16 14 1	6.5	61 669	1.6	124 607	2.1	36 525	4.1
Box Butte	57 027	.7	5 826	2.4	5 546	2.0	19 429	2.7	35 845	1.9
Boyd	45 019	4.6	12 533	3.6	21 689	1.7	29 852	5.1	46 28 1	4.6
Brown	75 255	.6	3 577	13.7	7 901	2.6	43 717	.9	59 867	1.3
Buffalo	100 345	1.4	14 304	3.8	44 204	1.5	150 424	1.6	53 884	3.2
Burt	56 933	.4	100 678	.2	54 213	1.0	139 116	1.1	17 146	.5
Butler	43 967	1.7	256 703	1.1	27 178	1.1	108 019	.8	15 497	2.7
Cass	38 124	3.4	19 092	5.1	19 848	2.2	97 861	.9	14 514	2.6
Cedar	105 069	1.1	33 379	3.1	112 358	3.3	144 030	1.6	48 448	1.5
Chase	58 883	.6	2 878	4.0	11 322	1.4	81 777	.6	13 313	.7
Cherry	313 976	.5	5 410	4.4	5 109	1.6	14 365	1.7	359 978	.9
Cheyenne	43 757	.8	(D)	(D)	7 700	.0	8 561	3.3	15 339	2.9
Clay	49 273	2.0	9 519	3.9	45 616	2.7	106 466	.5	9 727	1.2
Colfax	59 735	1.1	277 293	1.4	61 682	3.0	95 163	1.4	39 74 1	1.0
Cuming	167 657	.2	86 366	1.1	126 984	.7	146 151	1.6	45 0 14	2.7
Custer	244 620	.6	47 384	1.0	51 826	2.2	157 092	.5	114 250	1.0
Dakota	26 825	2.4	25 182	1.5	29 649	24.1	60 163	2.4	11 043	.8
Dawes	60 77 1	1.9	5 380	8.6	3 594	3.1	3 242	2.5	58 790	3.4
Dawson	178 503	1.0	7 557	4.1	56 478	1.4	160 398	.7	96 037	1.9
Deuel	18 26 1	5.0	1 50 1	4.9	2 903	6.2	10 078	8.2	3911	17.0
Dixon	68 065	1.9	(D)	(D)	72 054	1.7	97 875	1.6	22 350	2.6
Dodge	60 149	.7	108 694	1.9	56 592	1.1	142 557	1.1	20 626	.8
Douglas	22 449	3.9	62 597	.4	13 068	7.6	62 881	6.6	8 208	4.6
Dundy	48 447	.5	2 4 10	2.1	10 249	15.8	60 077	2.5	16 266	3.2
Fillmore	46 178	1.4	13 925	5.4	43 678	2.4	101 430	.4	10 777	.9
Franklin	44 929	2.7	7 848	12.0	25 321	2.9	46 561	2.4	10 955	1.5
Frontier	56 127	9	8 503	5.3	16 880	1.4	42 002	.9	17 739	1.3
Furnas	58 590	3.0	5 378	6.6	15 009	1.9	40 617	6.4	14 683	2.2
Gage	70 604	3.2	52 723	1.1	73 375	1.5	69 243	2.6	31 452	7.2
Garden	70419	1.9	1 940	1.7	2 359	2.2	9 525	(1)	55 726	2.3
Garfield	41 5 14	6.0	3 206	5.4	6 273	2.5	12 663	15.5	57 149	4.7
Gosper	31 808	2.7	3 594	3.2	11899	1.7	40 529	.6	9 872	4.0
Grant	56 801	.7	229	.0	240	24.2	—	.0	55 536	1.2
Greeley	61 078	1.0	6 500	6.4	20 274	3.8	58 290	1.5	31 342	1.1
Hall	82 154	1.7	14 733	16.1	28 933	2.8	151 738	2.3	19 108	4.0
Hamilton	42 987	1.6	(D)	(D)	23 701	1.0	176 096	1.0	11 918	1.3
Harlan	47 024	1.5	36 189	1.5	14 170	.6	46 585	3.1	10 564	3.0
Hayes	41 196	.7	3 010	1.2	9 007	1.4	33 9 14	.9	16 021	1.3
Hitchcock	41 605	1.3	3 181	1.2	12 769	.7	28 020	1.9	9 837	3.1

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County		Standard		Standard	· · · ·	Standard		Standard	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Standard
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	error
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)
Holt	1 5 18 456	1.3	289 091	1.6	476 879	1.2	42 851	1.4	41467	1.1
Hooker	287 276	5.5	19 79 1	4.5	12 070	.2	121	.0	1 848	2.4
Howard	314 989	3.6	106 520	2.2	130 950	3.3	11 949	2.5	22 388	2.0
Jefferson	336 359	2.4	130 264	3.1	184 882	2.2	14 645	1.5	17 448	2.7
Johnson	224 678	2.3	82 0 99	3.4	115 294	1.7	7 518	1.9	9 587	2.4
Kearney	332 509	1.7	214 420	1.7	213 574	1.7	36 190	1.9	(D)	(D)
Keith	681 170	1.8	138 639	4.1	145 572	1.5	20 134	.5	(D)	(D)
Keya Paha	477 051	1.6	54 359	1.6	94 995	1.4	1 980	2.1	6 695	.9
Kimball	595 045	2.9	106 809	9.1	186 146	2.4	14 392	2.7	3 503	2.5
Knox	681 978	1.8	145 790	1.4	298 265	1.7	6 832	3.3	52 618	1.3
Lancaster	469 507	.8	266 545	1.2	307 033	.6	24 531	.6	19 322	2.2
Lincoln	1 517 091	1.6	268 351	1.6	285 943	2.0	22 305	1.3	30 5 18	1.0
Logan	371 766	1.0	40 917	1.6	55 480	ອ	2 336	1.5	3 673	1.7
Loup	312 505	2.0	38 084	6.3	43 4 1 3	3.5	1 573	4.5	5 909	1.1
McPherson	403 647	1.5	34 600	1.5	39 834	.7	315	2.3	4 190	2.0
Madison	347 682	2.3	140 821	2.0	222 822	2.5	14 675	2.6	39 447	.7
Merrick	282 629	1.4	140 725	1.8	167 378	1.4	26 854	1.4	26 485	.3
Morrill	778 422	1.1	128 878	2.3	142 092	1.9	20 329	3.1	12 099	1.8
Nance	259 025	5.6	79 969	5.8	119 950	4.1	10 527	8.0	12 144	1.0
Nemaha	250 700	1.7	123 078	1.4	145 888	1.7	12 800	1.6	11 453	1.4
Nuckolls	355 752	3.3	123 354	3.5	176 360	.8	15 969	1.0	23 390	1.5
Otoe	373 688	1.7	176 541	1.9	229 136	1.7	18 059	1.7	17 072	2.0
Pawnee	247 867	3.3	74 024	2.8	109 921	3.1	5 388	4.4	8 901	1.4
Perkins	521 825	.8	150 781	.7	220 774	.9	26 951	.5	5 074	1.2
Phelps	347 722	9	234 889	9	216 995	1.3	39 423	1.1	32 758	.8
Pierce	340 708	1.7	125 965	1.7	209 816	1.8	9 864	2.4	28 082	1.7
Platte	400 564	1.5	199 327	1.4	279 469	1.7	22 771	.9	34 664	1.8
Polk	279 673	1.5	174 648	2.0	200 259	1.6	28 680	1.4	36 424	.3
Red Willow Richardson	432 510 327 897	1.1 2.7	105 485 154 270	1.1 1.6	135 673 187 352	.6 1.1	16 494 16 119	.5 1.6	11 884 22 326	9. 9.
Rock	533 583	1.1	70 494	1.1	113 101	1.0	5 502	.8	15 529	.4
Saline	344 54 1	2.5	160 904	3.2	231 240	2.6	21 883	2.3	14 025	2.1
Sarpy	116 762	2.3	120 590	4.1	83 603	1.5	8 188	2.3	45 897	.2
Saunders	450 414	1.8	272 025	1.6	320 599	1.5	30 788	1.4	42 634	.5
Scotts Bluff	434 023	1.0	193 434	2.0	165 723	1.0	54 394	1.1	87 858	.4
Seward	360 596	1.4	209 006	1.2	254 544	1.4	27 394	1.7	36 371	.3
Sheridan	1 496 191	1.1	156 478	.9	231 854	1.8	11 608	2.7	16 656	.9 1 7
Sherman	332 995	3.2	84 028	3.1	104 840	3.3	6 320 5 702	1.9	13 114	1.7
Sioux	1 014 620	9	84 618	1.1	56 064	·.9	5 783	1.1	10 756	.8
Stanton	255 638	1.8	100 938	1.8	156 403	2.4	7 190	3.5	49 250	1.3
Thayer	375 235	1.4	156 25 1	.8	226 804	1.0	25 057	.6 0	(D)	(D)
Thomas	332 776	2.1	28 116	1.5	12 251	.8	272	.0 2 0	3 251	.8
Thurston	206 800	2.3	87 795	3.1	151 128	2.0	10 548	2.0	20 680	1.0 1.3
Valley	349 628	2.5	92 081	1.8	112 212	2.3	7 967	3.0	18 764	1

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and ca farms		Chickens 3 n and older c		Hogs and farm		Corn harve: purp	1	Hay har	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Holt	228 597	1.4	23 405	4.9	57 023	3.7	163 438	1.0	288 061	1.5
Hooker	18 095	1.7	413	2.7	142	.0	437	.0	11 618	.2
Howard	65 394	3.3	11 752	1.4	34 223	2.2	82 843	2.1	28 980	8.3
Jefferson	47 992	2.2	17 924	12.0	33 550	7.5	32 902	3.4	19 136	4.6
Johnson	34 809	1.2	13 45 1	7.2	29 380	3.5	35 998	2.0	15 413	2.0
Kearney	55 466	3	9 088	8.7	23 849	.3	127 893	1.7	12 57 1	5.4
Keith	60 186	.4	2 024	1.7	938	2.4	23 489	1.3	26 737	.9
Keya Paha	48 630	1.8	5 781	3.9	5 834	2.5	9 123	1.2	79 201	1.7
Kimball	25 677	11.1	4 178	3.6	5 058	.1	3 501	(1)	8 402	9.1
Knox	141 904	1.8	72 700	4.7	130 378	1.2	133 693	1.8	91 902	1.7
Lancaster	53 036	1.9	505 347	1.0	33 135	1.3	31 935	.7	28 864	3.4
Lincoln	161 499	2.1	10 834	7.6	29 127	16.4	94 455	2.7	130 277	2.3
Logan	34 725	1.1	1 968	2.9	1 97 1	3.9	12 153	1.3	35 982	1.1
Loup	34 344	1.4	1 882	2.9	3 2 1 4	5.0	10 547	2.7	30 810	4.8
McPherson	33 474	2.1	1 470	8.0	4 924	.3	2 337	5.8	37 145	.6
Madison	76 779	1.8	83 467	2.7	68 875	1.1	128 746	2.9	31 483	2.0
Merrick	58 993	.5	122 117	.7	29 006	1.9	128 401	1.5	21 430	1.0
Morrill	80 868	1.5	3 44 7	4.5	7 264	4.1	26 489	2.1	55 54 1	3.3
Nance	44 908	2.1	7 086	3.3	21 514	2.5	61 760	4.1	17 890	3.2
Nemaha	34 819	1.0	8 999	5.5	32 963	1.2	71 184	1.5	9 4 1 3	1.9
Nuckolis	54 503	1.5	10 3 10	4.5	35 207	4.7	36 723	2.3	14 490	.5
Otoe	53 264	1.8	37 070	2.2	39 856	10.5	90 061	1.8	21 253	2.0
Pawnee	32 293	2.5	9 975	5.1	30 189	2.9	33 970	3.4	20 337	4.9
Perkins	25 636	3.0	3 344	(1)	5 799	2.0	32 763	.6	9 995	3.4
Phelps	66 369	.2	5 772	9	24 834	7.7	147 781	1.2	16 396	.9
Pierce	75 200	1.4	39 958	5.3	67 091	2.6	125 043	1.8	37 203	2.2
Platte	81 623	1,9	54 560	8.8	82 119	1.7	163 871	1.9	30 193	1.8
Polk	51 740	1.4	13 426	2.2	30 958	5.0	98 471	2.1	11 744	1.8
Red Willow	53 920	1.2	3 547	5.5	17 443	4.8	39 298	.7	10 816	1.5
Richardson	62 006	1.9	8 255	5.1	36 275	1.1	95 831	1.3	15 049	2.8
Rock	67 357	1.1	2 076	12.2	5 149	3.3	18 883	1.5	92 979	1.3
Saline	44 751	4.5	21 507	10.0	30 061	4.4	53 779	3.4	15 808	2.9
Sarpy	38 261	1.4	5 659	1.3	8 593	3.5	52 449	1.9	6 249	4.9
Saunders	88 398	1.4	45 242	6.3	41 310	1.5	150 882	1.4	29 976	7.6
Scotts Bluff	154 513	1.2	5 154	10.0	11 417	4.7	46 580	1.1	26 581	1.6
Seward	59 569	9	49 665	1.9	32 999	.7	89 703	1.4	15 098	1.0
Sheridan	130 898	.9	11 739	5.3	11 927	2.9	24 564	1.7	130 715	1.4
Sherman	60 416	5.2	11 340	8.6	24 900	5.4	46 332	4.2	38 138	3.3
Sioux	63 212	1.3	2 415	8.6	1 488	5.8	7 890	2.0	34 126	1.3
Stanton	72 248	1.1	36 359	2.5	53 882	4.3	89 284	2.0	30 332	3.8
Thayer	45 377	1.6	16 386	6.1	26 311	1.1	53 3 15	1.0	15 735	4.3
Thomas.	27 062	1.2	436	7.1	984	2.2	1 485	.0	10 567	.9
Thurston	44 963	.8	11 385	3.1	38 487	1.3	88 253	1.8	17 183	1.8
Valley	71658	1.6	7 655	6.6	37 818	2.9	58 022	2.3	35 455	3.9

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

¹ Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

	Land in fa	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested o	ropiand	Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D oilars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	
Washington	232 452	2.5	176 908	2.6	162 801	1.7	13 158	4.5	37 258	0.3	
Wayne	274 781	1.4	107 724	1.1	190 681	1.1	7 805	1.1	37 638	1.2	
Webster	315 693	1.0	92 182	.7	121 633	.8	10 079	1.0	9 420	.7	
Wheeler	310 539	.9	48 385	1.2	66 420	.8	2 389	1.0	7 405	.7	
York	355 495	1.6	254 390	2.0	267 476	1.0	41 579	1.2	(D)	(D)	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and calves on farms		Chickens 3 months old and older on farms		Hogs and pigs on farms		Corn harve: purp		Hay harvested		
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	
Washington	57 456	0.4	62 807	0.9	53 358	2.6	95 887	1.7	21 177	1.9	
Wayne	77 302	1.4	34 485	3.8	62 063	1.9	105 141	1.1	28 354	1.2	
Webster	47 040	2.0	5 791	4.2	15 90 1	2.0	23 666	.8	20 757	2.1	
Wheeler	46 243	.3	1 624	6.1	6 43 9	4.5	18 486	1.1	47 681	.7	
York	46 527	.8	32 475	10.5	44 744	ا 1.0	156 067	1.5	9 388	1.7	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

		Specified exclud	ed aaricultural	operations, 197	4	Farm	is with sales un	der \$1,000, 19	59
		·		ad age of operat					
Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)			n farming	Occupation	other than ning				
	Totol	Less than 65 years old	65 years ald and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old ond over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Forms and Land in Forms									
				829	105	4 090	1 032	2 151	907
Farms number percent		410 26.0	232 14.7	52.6	6.7	100.0	25.2	52.6 181 151	22.2 126 088
Land in farms ocres. Average size of farm acres.		79 008	27 740 120	51 121 62	17 532 167	483 722 118	176 483 171	84	139
Value of land and buildings\$1,000	1	21 377	8 390	25 319	4 729	108 004	35 462	47 573	24 968
Average per farm dollars. Average per acre dollars.	37 954	52 139 271	36 163 302	30 542 495	45 039 270	26 407 223	34 363 201	22 117 263	27 529 198
Farms by value of farm:					29	1 406	368	758	280
\$1 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999	. 354	151	66 68	246 204	15	999	190	559 510	250 257
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$69,999		61	48 24	199	21 24	1 027 434	260 130	237	67
\$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over	60	23	6 20	27 42	4	103	36 48	48 39	19 34
Owned and rented lands by form operators:] -	. –				
Land ownedforms		363	223	722 68 831	98 24 682	3 404 622 152	861 228 155	1 711 215 010	832 178 987
acres Land rented or leosed from othersfarms	. 254	104 783 70	36 082 19	153	12	995	252	584	159
acres Land rented or leased to othersforms		19 996	7 489 81	12 577 163	1 746 31	107 022 1 025	34 406 276	56 337 432	16 279 317
acres	100 785	45 771	15 831	30 287	8 896	245 452	86 078	90 196	69 178
Land in Farms According to Use									
Totol croplandfarms	733	161	110	402	60	2 616	557	1 417	642
acres Harvested croplandfarms	23 644 321	9 407	4 553 42	7 306 204	2 378 31	183 918 1 645	49 939 311	82 142 917	51 837 417
ocres		186	234	865	146	35 178	7 213	18 186	9 779
Farms by acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres		43	36	193	28	546	94	332	120
10 to 19 ocres 20 to 29 ocres		1	6		3	482 239	88 50	287 109	107 80
30 to 49 acres50 to 99 acres	- 1	-	-	-	-	215 141	· 46 26	98 87	71 28
100 acres and over		-	-	-	-	22	7	4	11
Cropland used only for pasture or grazing farms		76	61	215	21	1 231	261	682	288
acres Other cropland (see text)forms		1 330	1 094 26	2 625	510 18	66 125 1 154	18 884 258	30 614 557	16 627 339
acres		7 891	3 225 32	3 816	1 722	82 615 387	23 842 88	33 342 221	25 431 78
Woodland, including woodland pasture forms ocres	. 5 378	36 1 098	659	3 042	579	14 191	5 585	6 614	1 992
Other land (see text) forms acres		342 68 503	204 22 528	661 40 773	83 14 575	3 191 285 613	827 120 959	1 639 92 395	725 72 259
Irrigated land farms ocres		5	2 22	27	7 99	142 2 220	31 346	79 1 459	32 415
Race and Tenure of Operator	1								
•									
All form operators: Full owners		340	213	677	93	3 119	788	1 573	758
Part owners Tenants		17	7	41	4	261 710	64 180	131 447	66 83
White farm operators: Full owners	ļ	340	213	677	93	3 116	786	1 572	758
Port owners		17	7	41	4	261	64	131	66
Tenants Black and other roces (see text):	183	53	12			709	179	44/	83
Full owners Port owners		-	-	-	-	3	2	1	-
Tenants		-	-	-	1	1	1	-	_
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹									
Form operators by age graup:	1	1		}					
Under 25 years 25 to 34 years		31	-	83 167	-	295 508	112	183 381	_
35 to 44 years		81 114	-	221 194	-	724	202	522	-
45 to 54 years		145	-	164	-	766 890	244 347	522 543	_
65 years and overAverage oge		47.0	232 71,7	41.8	105 71.7	907 50.3	45.4	43.6	907 71.7
Farm operators by place of residence:	1			[- 414		.0.0	,,
On farm aperatedOn onother form	- 655	95 97	77 22	427	56	٦ ^{1 813}	362	944	507
In o rurol area not on a farm	. 21	3	2	10	6	- 1 183	285	707	191
In o city, town, or urban area Farm operators reporting days of work off form		22	0 149	798	22 96		(6) 4)	a a	
Hone	. 387	172	114	59	42	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Any 1 to 49 days	- 91	91 37	35 11	739	54 12	2 828 381	334 216	2 151	343 165
50 to 99 days 100 to 149 days	35	5	11	17	2	¹⁴⁹ ר	118	_	31
150 to 199 days 200 days and over		10	- 2	42	8	} 436	-	390	46
Farm operators by principal occupation:	- 092	34	2	635	21	1 862	-	1 761	101

1974 data apply only to individual ar family operations (sole proprietarships) and partnerships; see text.

		Specified exclude		perunons, 1774			s with sales un	Jer \$1,000, 190	·
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural		By	occupation an	d age of operato	r				
operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, ferm Definitien)		Occupation	n farming	Occupation farm					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics ¹ Continued									
Form operators by off-form income:									
Reporting any Off-farm income equal to ar greater than value of farm	715	234	128	304	49	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
products sold Off-form income less than value of farm products sold	670 45	223	125	278 26	44 5	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Not reporting or reporting none	861	176	104	525	56	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Farms by Size									
1 to 9 acres	725	175	69	437	44	1 326	403	705	218
10 to 49 acres 50 to 69 acres	520 34	101	104 7	284	31 3	1 205 175	195 46	754 83	256 46
70 to 99 acres 100 to 139 acres	46 20	19	11 5	14	2 2	386 169	98 48	192	96 54
140 to 179 acres 180 to 219 acres	61 13	16	15	19	11	299 57	76	120	103
220 to 259 ocres	16	3	3	9	1	80	20	32 41	19
260 to 499 acres 500 acres and over	77 64	43 28	7 11	22	5 6	230 163	65 67	101 56	64 40
Value of Products Sold]					
Market volue of all agricultural products sold (see text)\$1,000	495	113	63	282	37	1 802	450	949	403
Average per farm dollars Farms by value of agricultural products sold:	314	277	272	340	353	441	436	441	444
Under \$250 \$250 to \$499	775	229 68	133 32	365	48 24	1 261 922	335 219	639 504	287 199
\$500 to \$999		113	67	271	33	1 907	478	1 008	421
Crops and hay soldfarms	193 89	26	24 13	126 54	17 9	643	280 129	730 346	327 168
Nursery and greenhouse productsfarmsfarms	7	(Z)	-	3 2	3 1				
Forest products	2		1 (Z)	=	1	5 2	_	5 2	=
Livestock and livestock products farms	730 360	165	91 45	438	36 21	2 170	570 321	1 166 601	434 235
Poultry and poultry productsfarmsfarmsfarmsf1,000	176 42	52 17	23 5	79 15	22 6]]			
Production Expenses									
Total form production expensesfarms\$1,000\$	1 425 1 153	355 297	180 157	795 629	95 70	4 090 4 432	1 032 1 221	2 151 2 259	907 951
Farms with expenditures of —	526	145	70	266	45	1 352	323	739	290
\$1 to \$499 \$500 to \$999	557	124	59	346	28	1 129	274	576	279
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,600 and over	248 94	56 30	35 16	138 45	19 3	} 1609	435	836	338
Livestack and poultry purchasedfarmsfarms	536	121	63 20	318 87	34 7	1 575 500	441 145	861 291	273 64
\$1,000 Feed for livestock and poultryfarms	141 923	197	105	567	54 13	2 214	512 175	1 256 379	446 123
Commercially mixed formulo feedsfarmsfarms	283 588	64 140	33 67	172 350	31	678 (NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
tons \$1,000	824 138	194 34	111 20	488 79	31 5	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarms	368 20	55	45 3	240 11	28 1	1 228 86	267 19	671 48	290 19
Commercial fertilizerfarms	256 27	53	31	157	15	807 108	181 24	452 55	174 29
Other agricultural chemicals (see text)	71	12	5	47	7	726	127	427 21	172 8
\$1,000 Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil for the farm business forms \$1,000	1 249 189	320 53	(Z) 156 30	690 93	83 13	3 693 629	930 176	1 924 304	839 149
Hired farm laborfarms	115	21	24	67	3	819 149	208 34	385 75	226 41
	41	16	6 	3	(Z) 1 (7)	- 1 383 231	34 284 52	730 108	41 369 71
	211 34	48	51	(Z) 96	(Z) 16 2	231	52	108	/1
\$1,000 Other production expenses\$1ms \$1,000 \$1,000	974 408	223 107	112 54	581 216	58 31	2 668 2 015	669 590	1 369 979	630 446
Farm-Related Income and Expenses									
Farm-related incomefarmsfarms	202 544	62 175	36 88	83 253	21 27	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)
	42	10	88 5 17	253 24 25	3	163 263	(NA) 49 29	86 197	(NA) 28 37
\$1,000	61 1 3	17	-		1 1 3	203 43 34	6 2	29 23	3/ 8 0
\$1,000 Government form programsforms	38	7	8	17	6	34 987 969	194 180	23 536 485	257 304
\$1,000 Rent of farmiand or from lease ar sale of allotmentsforms	44	47	24	23 50	6 11	(NA)	(NA)	465 (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
\$1,000 Other form-related sourcesforms	431 13	147	66 2	201	18	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
\$1,000 Expenses for form-related income sources	6 80	33	2	4 28	- 4 3	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
\$1,000	166	21	19	1 122	3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974

Forms with sales under \$1,000, 1969

ł

1974 data apply only ta individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	Г		Specified exclude	ed agricultural (operations, 1974		Farm	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 196	59
	- F		By	occupation an	d age of operat	or				
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultur operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but exclude 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition)	ral id by		Occupatio		Occupation farm	other than				
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment	Γ									
Automobiles	forms	1 091	266	150	601	74	2 863	714	1 487	662 788
Motortrucks, including pickups	number	1 273	298 254	172 122	723	80 67	3 654 2 174	904 537	1 962 1 187	450
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	number	1 155 970	273 241	124	684 543	74 63	2 499 2 318	651 538	1 344	504 566
Wheeltractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	number	1 548 968	380 241	189 123	874 541	105 63	3 321 (NA)	844 (NA)	1 685 (NA)	792 (NA)
Crowler tractors	number	1542 6	378 2	189	870	105	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	number	6 27	2 16	-	4 9	-2	(NA) 122	(NA) 34	(NA) 67	(NA) 21
	number	27	16	-	9	2	135	38	75	22
Cornpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers	farms number	22 23	67	-	14	2 2	196 212	42 51	103 107	51 54
Corn heads for combines	forms	3	3	-		-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Other compickers and picker-shellers		20 20	4	-	14 14	2 2	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Mower conditioners		50 52	11	3	29 29	7	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup balers	forms	37	12	2	18	5	179	40	109	30 32
Windrawers, pull and self-propelled	number farms	37 16	12	2	18	5	184 (NA)	40 (NA)	(NA)	32 (NA) (NA)
Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	number forms number	16 3 3	8 2 2	- -	8		(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment $____$	forms \$1,000	1 338 10 152	323 2 715	167 1 264	764 5465	84 707	3 612 11 343	896 2 960	1 891 5 764	825 2 620
Farms by value of machinery and equipment: \$1 to \$999		36	7	1 204	23	,0,	989	2 700	491	230
\$1,000 to \$4,999		364	73	51	226	14	2 054	485	1 117	452
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999		640 262	144 85	72 39	384	40 23	358 149	86 37	182 75	37
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999		21 15	6	3	11	1	- 62	, 20	26	16
\$50,000 and over		-	-	-	-	-	J			
Livestock and Poultry					[
Livestock and poultry inventory:	6		105	0		21	1.40	401	749	
Cattle and colves	number	443 2 427	135 818	61 442	226	21 131	1 442 13 614	401 3 951	768	273 2 645
Cows ond heifers that had calved	number	273 928	88 323	31 131	141 431	13 43	966 5 423	266 1 664	512 2 705	188 1 054
Beef cows	number	220 808	77 294	28 117	106	9 33	774 4 859	222 1 553	403 2 394	149 912
Milk cows	number	72 120	16 29	5 14	45 67	6 10	271 564	54 111	156 311	61 142
Hogs and pigs	farms	118	21	6	88	3	415	105	245	65
Litters of pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding	number	680	124	31	513	12	5 083	1 338	2 504	1 241
year and November 30	farms number	101 305	10 32	5 23	85 249	1	302 1 009	76 283	173 557	53 169
Sheep and lambs	farms number	143 2 242	28	7	97	11 172	290 5 765	44 684	200 4 325	46 756
Horses and ponies		277	33 109	25 95	207 780	12 32	680 2 484	147	459 1 745	74
Chickens 3 months old ar older		264	70	31	141	32 22	2 484 739	436 170	347	303 222
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	14 549	4 823 69	1 631 29	6 466	1 629	55 619	13 251	24 778	17 590
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	number	255 13 675	4 418	1 469	135 6 162	22 1 626	693 50 651	165 12 312	322 22 276	206 16 063
	number	31 1 195	533	1	19 650	-	13 1 548	2 400	8 658	3 490
Other livestock and poultry	tarms	88	7	15	65	۱	225	41	154	30
Livestock and poultry sold: Cattle and calves		348	108	61	162	17	1 236	374	632	230
Hogs and pigs		1 065	331 26	212 10	471 139	51 6	4 772 435	1 464	2 412 260	896 64
Feeder pigs sold		2 259 69	279 10	118	1 799 57	63	6 481 149	1 644 27	3 716 94	1 123
Sheep and lombs	number farms	1 135 140	149 23	60 6	926 102	- 9	2 984 280	695 48	1 858 178	431 54
Horses and ponies	number forms	2 293 83	304 8	71 14	1 660 54	258 7	4 470 164	649 31	2 737 109	1 084 24
	number	147	11	18	102	16	381	65	235	81
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	49 4 348	14 1 461	5 1 194	23	7 625	129 18 642	29 5 636	62 8 695	38 4311
Hens and pullets of laying age		45 3 614	13 901	3 1 044	22	7 625	116 15 073	5 036 29 5 036	6 150	4 311 34 3 887
Broilers and other meat-type chickens		23 4 584	4 1 284	-	16 2 350	3 950	23	2	13	8
Other livestock and poultry		49	4	8	35	2	2 /58 (NA)	900 (NA)	868 (NA)	990 (NA)
Crops Harvested										
Field corn for all purposes		41	6	3	31	1	442	88	232	122
For grain or seed		115 38	17 6	11 3	86 28	1	5 712 413	1 344 84	2 755 210	1 613
	acres bushels	112 4 423	17	11 491	83 2 863	i 18	5 382 228 043	1 286 46 113	2 500	1 596
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fodder, or hogged or grazed	1	3				10			117 813	64 117
	acres	3	1 -	-	3	-	31 330	5	23	3

Nebraska B-3

[5	Specified exclude	ed agricultural o	operations, 1974		Farm	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 196	9
Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultural		By	occupation an	d age of operato	or	·			
operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)		Occupatio	n farming	Occupation farm					
	Tatai	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Crops Harvested Continued									
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirupfarms	39	4	7	27	1	245	53	146	46
acres For grain or seedforms	153 33	25	28 7	96	4	3 174 210	832 51	1 802 121	540 38
ocres	136	25	28	79	4	2 898	823	1 613	462
Cut for ellere error abor de forme er bis de la for	5 668	1 466	760	3 242	200	116 152	30 770	66 100	19 282
Cut for silage, green chop, dry farage or hay, ar hogged or grazedforms	6			6		41	3	29	9
acres_	17	-	-	17	-	276	9	189	78
Wheat for grainfarms	27	4	6	13	4	479	96	245	138
acres	128	12	38	59	19	10 852	2 092	5 120	3 640
Other anall areirs for and	3 342	403	815	1 510	614	228 856	42 621	110 281	75 954
Other small grains for grainfarmsfarms	13 72	3	1 9	9	_	124 1 990	26 472	51 799	47 719
Saybeans for beansforms	21	1 7	2	12	-	153	41	77	35
acres bushels	80 2 042	34 689	6 173	40	-	1 627 33 371	529 8 985	724 16 223	374 8 163
	1 041	007	//5			33 3/1	0 705	10 125	0.00
Hay and gross silage, excluding sorghum hay									100
(see text)forms acres	156 850	18	19 137	99 522	20 117	789 11 514	122 1 867	485 6 831	182 2 816
tans	1 408	68	187	861	298	16 703	2 406	9 860	4 437
Cottonforms	-	-	-	-	_	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
acres bales	-		-	-	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Peanuts for nutsfarms		1 -	-		-	(NA)		(NA)	(04)
acres	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
pounds	-	-	-	} -	_	-	-	-	-
Toboccofarms			-	1 _	_	_	_	_	_
ocres	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
pounds	-	- 1	-	-	-		-		10
Irish potataesformsfores	10	-	4	5	1 (Z)	- 31 22	8	13 15	10
hundredweight	110	-	49	51	10	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Sweetpototoesfarms	1		-	-	1				
acres	(Z)		-		(Z)				
bushels Vegetables, sweet corn, or melans for salefarmsfarms	8 12		-	1 1	8	39	10	18	11
vegeroules, sweet corn, or melons for salefailesfailis	10	1 -	-	1 10	(Z)	37	8	17	12
Berries for salefarms	2	2	-	-	-	14	9	1	4
acres Land in archardsfarms	(Z) 9	(Z) 2	-	ā	1	7 59	3	(Z) 26	3 22
Long in orchoras	4	1 1	-	3	1	142	15	43 63	64
Ali other cropsforms	7	i	-	3	3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
ocres	1	(Z)	-	(Z)	1	213	80	80	52
Greenhouse products under glass or other protectionforms square feet	3 1 684	1 -	-	3	2	2 1 314	594	720	-
square reerca	1 004	-	-	1 304	-			, 10	

APPENDIX C. Report Forms

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM,---SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operationfor these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help. A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

mens P Barello

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

O.M.B. No. 41-S74085; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street

Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

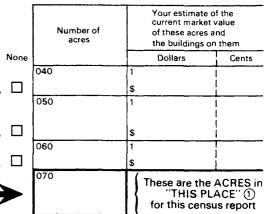
Section 1 Did you receive mo	re than one report form?	7	ſ	T		T	<u>г - т</u>	<u> </u>	<u>T</u>
YES See separate Instructions NO Go to Section 2	E n	Enter extra file number(s) here							
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	tion 2 FARMING, RANCHING, OR OTHER AGRI						74		
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, j	produce, or sell ANY amount of	f any of the item	ns listed	below	• • • •	• • •	YES 1 🔲	N(2	₀ □
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	r • F • f i	Greenho nursery Fish in c Fur-bear n captiv Other ar	produc aptivity ring ani rity	mals	ties			
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise of contractors such as feed companie	r produce any agricultural prod s, processors, or packers?	Jucts for				• • •	YES 1 🔲	N 2	。 🗖
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, o	Itural products for others or wi or other rental agreement in 19	ith others under 074?	• • • • •				ı 🗋	2	
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricultu	ural purposes in	1974?				1 🔲	2	
5. Did you own any livestock or poultr under a share agreement or custom			••••	• • • • •			י 🗋	2	
► If you answered YES to ANY o	f these questions, go to Sect	ion 3.							
No way amounted NO to All				•					

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

Section 3	ACREAGE in 1974 and LAND VALUE
	Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland,

woodland, wasteland, idle land, house lots, etc.

- 1. ALL land owned.....
- 2. ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).
- TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" () (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)
 - (1) 'THIS PLACE'' means your farm or ranch, feedlots, poultry houses, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural operations.



5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

	Address	Number of	Rental arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply					
Name	(No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements		
		081	1	2	3 🗌	4 🗌		
		082	1	2	3	4 🗌		
		083	110	2	3 🗌	4		

List additional landlords on back cover.

6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter.

	Name	Address (No	o. and street, city, State	, ZIP code)	No. of acres]]	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			085]]	
					086	11	015
					087		
	List additional renters on back cover.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1	014
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (it			Number of acres	Current market value		
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (<i>I. leased by you which was worked on shares by</i>			088	1 \$	1	013
Se	READ c. The land you operated p If a, b, or c apply to your operated p If a, b, or c apply to your operated p this report. ection 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	eration, please	read the Instruc		tinuing with	-	012
1	In what county was the largest value of your	Principal	County name	Sta	e No. of acres]	011
•••	agricultural products raised or produced?	county			091		P-
	(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties			092		
	If you have agricultural operations in any other county(ies), enter the county				093		010
	name(s), etc., on the lines provided for "Other counties.")				094	6	·
2.	Location of place within principal county entered above. (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)	Name of location				CENSUS	ONLY

READ AND ANSWER THIS QUESTION THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS	any hay product	1974 did you ; have any nu ts or <u>specialty</u> ards, <u>groves</u> ,	irsery c crops;	or greenhou	use		Skip	o Section 5 to page 8 APLETE Se	and
Section 5 Was any FIE	LD CORN H	narvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	place in 1	974?		
YES — Complete this section	on (Report swee when you rea				n in Section	16		
NO — Go to Section 6		when you rea	·	harvested	J	tity harvested		Acres irri	oated
 Field corn for grain or seed of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight. 70 lbs. 		's or	101		1 OB	Bushel shelled		2	
shelled corn = 1 bushel she	elled corn)				6	Hundreshelled	edweight		
2. Field corn for silage or gree	n chop		102		1	Tons, green	weight	2	
3. Field corn cut for dry fodde include acres already repor	r, hogged or gr	azed (Do not	103					2	
				Acres	Dry fer	tilizer	Lic	uid or gas fer	tilizer
				rtilized	Whole ton	s Tenths		hoie tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used of	on field corn		109		1	/10	2		/10
Section 6 Were any SO (Include both gra									
 ☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 7 	n	Report sorgh sirup in Secti	ion 16 v		each those sed		l sorghu	Acres irri	gated
1. Sorghums (milo) for grain o harvested in either bushels			111	ł	1 6	Busi		2	
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	en chop		112		1		n weight	2	
3. Sorghums cut for dry forage	e or hay		113		1	Ton: dry s	s. weight	2	
4. Sorghums hogged or graze acres already reported in ite			114					2	· · · · · · ·
			1	Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Liq	uid or gas fert	ilizer
			fe 119	rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	2 Wh	ole tons	Tenths
5. Commercial fertilizer used of						/10			/10
Section 7 Were any SO from this pla	ce in 1974?		DRY	BEANS,	or DRY PE	AS harve	sted		
NO — Go to Section 8	Acres	Quantit	v	Acres		Commercia		·	
	harvested	harveste		irrigated	Acres fertilized	Dr Whole tons		Liquid or Whole tons	+
1. Soybeans for beans $\stackrel{(2)}{\cdot}$	121	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2 . Peanuts for nuts $3, \ldots$	122	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Dry field and seed beans	123	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Dry lima beans	124	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. Dry field and seed peas $\overset{\textcircled{4}}{\cdot}$.	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6 . Cowpeas for dry peas $\overset{(5)}{\cdot}$.	126	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
 Soybean hay is to be read Peanut hay is to be repaired. 			beans l	nogged or g	razed, cut for	silage, or pl		nder in Sec	

Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.

(5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE
THISPlease supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested
from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated,
acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section
16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

						Commerci	al fertilize	r used	
		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
	None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat		131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat		132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat		133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat		134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat		135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Oats for grain		137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
7. Barley for grain		138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain	_	139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
9. Mixed grains	-	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed		141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat		142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet		143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either 100-Ib. bags, bushels,		144 {	1 100-ib. bags 6 ORBu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
or barrels)		l	7 Barrels	IJ			,10		, 10

Section 9 Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section

□ NO — Go to Section 10 on next page

Report tenths of	[\Box						Commercia	l fertilizer	used	
acres where	1,	Acres narvested		Quantity harvested		Acres irrigated		Acres	Dry		Liquid or gas	
indicated.	'	IBI VESTEC						fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Cotton	151		1	Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
2. Tobacco — all types	152	1/10	1	Pounds	2	1/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153	/10	1	Hundred- weight	2	1/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1	Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
5. Sugar beets for sugar	155		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
6. Sugar beets for seed	156		1	Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
7 . Sugarcane for sugar ⁶	157	·	1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10
9. Sugarcane for seed	159			<u></u>	2		3		4	/10	5	/10

(6) In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10 Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, or GREEN CHOP cut or harvested from this place in 1974? (Include hay cut from pastures.)

Г] YES	 Com	olete	this	sectior

NO - Go to Section 11

If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" from the same fields, report the acreage in the appropriate items under **Part A — Hay** and **Part B — Grass Silage** below.

■Part A — DRY HAY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Quantity	harvestee			
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)	Acres harvested	(Repo dry or gre	rt either en weigh licated)		Acr	
1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating	172	1	To dr	ons, 2 v		
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay .	173	1		ons. 2		
	174	1	To	ons, 2		
3. Small grain hay	175	1	dr Tc	y ons, 2		
4. Lespedeza for hay	170	1	dr	y ons. 2		
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay	• • •		dr	у [—]		
6. Wild hay		1	To dr	ons, 2 V		
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc	178	1	To	ons, 2 V		
BPart B GRASS SILAGE , HAYLAGE, AND GREEN CHO)P					
(If two or more cuttings of grass silage, ''haylage,'' or ''green chop'' were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)	181	1	To	ons. 2		
8. Grass silage and haylage				een		
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)		1		een 2		
	·····					
	Acres fertilized	Dry fertilize Whole tons	er Tenths		i or gas fi le tons	Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above		1		2		
			/10			/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legum	e, clover, etc.)	harvested fi	'om th	is pla	icein	1974?
YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 12	Acres harvested	Quantity ha (Report in) clean se	oounds,		Acre irriga	
1. Red clover seed	191	1	Pou	2		
2. Alfalfa seed	192	1		2		
3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. from list below.)			Pou	nds	<u> </u>	
Crop name No		1	Pou			
Crop name No		1	Pou	nds 2		
List additional field seed crops harvested on back cover. Crop name No. Crop name Austrian winter peas . 193 Ryegrass seed: Annu Birdsfoot trefoil seed . 194 Pere Fescue seed: Alta . 195 Sudan grass seed Chewings. 196 Timothy . KY 31, . 197 Wheatgrass seed . Red 198 Kentucky Bluegrass seed . Other 199 Merion Bania grass seed 201 Proprietary Bromegrass seed 202 Other Orchardgrass seed .	nnial 206 207 208 209 eed: 211 212 213 214	Crop name Alsike clover s Crimson clove Ladino clover Sweetclover s Red top seed Hairy vetch see Vetch seed, ot All other seed bluestem, can (Write name of	er seed	hairy . t (foxtail etc <i>tem 3 al</i>).	. 217 . 218 . 219 . 221 . 222 . 223 . 224 . 225
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds	Acres fertilized	Dry fertiliz			l or g as f	
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same acreage was reported in Section 10)	35	Whole tons	Tenths	Whol 2	le tons	Tenths
acreage was reported an account to Jon	<u> </u>		/10			/10

Section 12 Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this place in 1974?

YES --- Complete this section

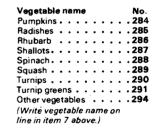
NO - Go to Section 13 on next page

For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 through		Acres h	arvested 7		Acres	i
August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other States	For fresh m	arket	For process	ing (8)	irrigated	+
report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructions	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths
for additional guidelines on filling this section.) 1. Sweet corn	241	1/10	1	1 /10	2	/10
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	242	+	1		2	+ //0
2. Tomatoes		ho		ho		<u>ho</u>
3. Cucumbers and pickles	243	10	1	1 /10	2	10
4. Watermelons	244	/10	1	/10	2	/10
5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpeas	245	1 /10	1	/10	2	/10
6. Snap beans, bush and pole	246	/10	1	/10	2	/10
 7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and No. from list below.) 	· ·		1		2	
Vegetable name No No		/10		/10	2	/10
Vegetable name No No	-	10	1 	/10	-	/10
Vegetable name No, No,	-	/10		/10		10
Vegetable name No No		/10	1	/10	2	/10
Vegetable name No No	-	/10	1	/10	-	/10
Vegetable name No No	-	/10		/10		/10
Vegetable name No No		/10	1′,	10	2	/10
Vegetable name No No		10	1	/10	2	/10

List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover.

Vegetable na	m					No.	
Artichokes .	•			•		. 249	
Asparagus .			•			. 250	
Beets			•		•	. 251	
Broccoli			•	•		. 252	
Brussels sprou	uts	з.				. 253	
Cabbage			٠			. 255	
Cantaloups an	id						
Persian melo	ins	5.	•			. 256	
Carrots			•			. 257	
Cauliflower .							
Celery						. 259	

Vegetable name				No.
Lettuce, romaine.				. 272
Lettuce, other				. 273
Lima beans			•	. 274
Muskmelons		•		.275
Mustard greens .				. 277
Onions, dry				
Onions, green				
Okra				
Peppers, sweet			÷	.281
Peppers, hot				
Pimientos				



8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice. Report all fertilizer used.)

	Acr		Acr	es	Acr	es	Commercial fertilizer used					
	1	harvested		irrigated		fertilized Dry		Liquid	or gas			
re s	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths		
-	299	1	1	·4	2	1	3	1	4	i		
		1 /10		1 /10		1 /10		1 /10		10		

 \odot When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

B Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13 Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fruit trees, including citrus, grapevines, and nut trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

YES — Complete this section

□ NO — Go to Section 14

Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

	Acres in trees and		Acres		Commercial fertilizer used						
	vines of all		irrigated		Acres fertilized		Dry		Liquid or	gas	
	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
 Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other oroves, vinevards, and nut trees 	301	/10	1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hail, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	Not of bearing age Bearing age					
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Quantity harvested (Report tenths where specified)
	302		1	2		3	4
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		1/10			1/10		Pounds
	303		1	2	, I	3	4
3. Apples, standard		i /10			1/10		Pounds
	304		1	2	Ι,	3	4 [·]
4. Peaches, clingstone		1 /10			1/10		Pounds
	305		1	2	1,	3	4
5. Peaches, freestone		1 /10		I	1/10		Pounds
	306		1	2	i,	3	4
6. Pears, Bartlett		1 /10			1/10		Pounds
	307		1	2	1,	3	4
7. Pears, other than Bartlett		1 /10		-	1/10		Pounds
	308		1 ·	2		3	4
8. Cherries; tart		1 /10			1 /10		Pounds
	309		1	2	1,	3	4
9. Cherries, sweet		1 /10			1/10		Pounds
	310	t I	1	2	1	3	4 Tons
9 10. Grapes		1/10			1/10	- {	5 Tons
		110			1/10		/10 dry
	314	1	1	2		3	4 / Tons.
11 . Plums		1/10			/10		/10 fresh
	315	1	1	2	!	3	4 Tons. /10 fresh
12. Prunes		1/10			1/10	{	5 1 / Tons
		1		L		[/10 dry
For citrus, report quantity harvested in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.	320		1	2		3	4
13. Valencia oranges		1 /10			1/10		Boxes
-	321		1	2		3	4
14. Navel oranges		1 /10			1/10		Boxe
	322		1	2		3	4
15 . Temple oranges		1/10			1/10		Boxe
16. Other oranges — Hamlin,	323	,	1	2		3	4
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc.		i /10		<u> </u>	<u>i /10</u>		Boxe
	324		1	2		3	4
17 . Grapefruit		i /10			i /10		Boxe

9 Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col. (f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list belo	w	Not	of bearin (c)	g age		Bearing a (d)	ige		Quantity harvested	1	t of mea fark (X) o (f)		Average capacity of boxes
Name (a)	No. (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		(e)	Lbs.	Tons	Boxes	in pounds (g)
	1		/10	1	Ż	/10	3	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	510	2	3	6
	<u> </u>		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3	6
·····	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51□	2	3	6
	<u> </u>		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5,0		30	6
	i		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		<u> </u>	<u>t </u>	3	6
	 		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5 1□	2	30	6
• CITRUS	LCROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS		No.	.	NUT CRO		1	1	io.
Limes (1 bu Tangelos - Tangerines Other citrus	and manda fruit trees	arins	· · 328 · · 329 · · 330	Nectar Pomer Olives Other	rines granates . noncitrus fi	uit trees	· · · · 336 · · · 336 · · · 337 · · · 336 · · · 338	3 7 9 9	Pistachio • Tung nuts (in Walnuts (Eng Walnuts, plan Other nut tree	husk) . Ilish or Po Ited blac	ersian) k	· · · 3 · · · 3 · · · 3	45 46 47 51
Fl	OWE	RSEED	DS, VE	GETAB	LE SEE	DS an	d PLAN	TS,	6, SOD, BU VEGETABI on this place	LES u	nder	glass	
Fl	OWE other	R SEED	DS, VE	GETAB	LE SEE	DS an	d PLAN wn for sa	TS, ale o	VEGETAB on this place in 1974	LES u e in 1	inder 974?	glass Value	of
Fl or	OWE other e this se	R SEED protect	DS, VE tion, o	GETAB	LE SEE	DS an S grov	d PLAN wn for sa	TS, ale o used	VEGETAB on this place in 1974 Acres in the c	LES u e in 1	974?	glass Value Iles durin	of 19741
FL or	OWE other e this se ction 15 cts — tr	R SEED protect ction on next ees, shru	DS, VE tion, o page bs, vine	GETAB r MUSH	LE SEE ROOM	DS an S grov Square or oth 371	d PLAN wn for są Area		VEGETABI on this place in 1974 Acres in the o Whole acres 1	LES u e in 1 open I Tenths	nder 974? sa 5 2 \$ 2 \$	glass Value	of
FL or YES — Complet NO — Go to Se 1. Nursery produc	OWE other e this se ction 15 cts — tr	R SEEC protect ction 5 on next ees, shru ees, shru ens; and)S, VE tion, o page bs, vine	GETAB r MUSH	LE SEE ROOM	DS an S grov Square or oth 371	d PLAN wn for są Area		VEGETAB on this place in 1974 Acres in the c	LES u e in 19 Depen Tenths	974 ? 974? 58 0 2 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	glass Value Iles durin	of 19741
FL or YES — Complet NO — Go to Se 1. Nursery produc 2. Sod harvested 3. Bulbs 4. Cut flowers, flo	OWE other e this se ction 15 cts — tr orist grea ants	R SEED protect ction 5 on next ees, shru ees, shru ens; and le seeds,)S, VE tion, o page bs, vine potted, and veg	GETAB r MUSH	LE SEE ROOM	DS an S grov Square or oth 371 372 373 374 384	d PLAN wn for są Area		VEGETABI on this place in 1974 Acres in the o Whole acres 1	LES u e in 1 open I Tenths 1 /10 /10	nder 974? sa D 2 \$ <td>glass Value Iles durin</td> <td>of 19741</td>	glass Value Iles durin	of 19741
FL or YES — Complet NO — Go to Se 1. Nursery produc 2. Sod harvested 3. Bulbs 4. Cut flowers, flo other florist pla 5. Flower seeds, 1	OWE other e this se ction 15 cts tr prist grea ants	R SEEC protect ction on next ees, shru ees, shru ens; and be seeds, corn for s	S, VE tion, o page bs, vine potted, and veg eed in S a. To	GETAB r MUSH	LE SEE ROOM	DS an S grov Square or oth 371 372 373 374	d PLAN wn for są Area		VEGETABI on this place in 1974 Acres in the o Whole acres 1 1 1 1	LES u e in 19 open 1 Tenths 1 /1c 1 /1c	ander 974? sa D 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2	glass Value Iles durin	of 19741

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	Area fertilized			Dry fertiliz	er	Liquid or gas fertilizer		
	Square feet	Acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
8. Commercial fertilizer used on the crops listed above	399	1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	

(i) Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.

1 Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

YES — Complete this section				Acres ha	vested	Т		tity harve	esteri	T	Acres in	rigated
NO - Go to Section 16			 	le acres		5	(1 quart	:= 1 ½ p	ounds)	ł	Whole acres	
			402		1,		1				2	1 7
1. Strawberries		••••	403		1/1	0			Pound		2	1 /10
2 . Cranberries			403		1 /1	1	1		100-1	b.	Z	1 ho
3. Other berries (Enter crop name	and No. fron	n				4			barre			
list below.)					1	1					2	1
					1 /1	1			0		L	/ /10
Crop name	No)				1			Pound	_	2	1
	No		L		/10	0			Pound	ls		/10
List additional berry crops ha			er.		_				_			
Crop name No Blackberries and dewberries 40 Blueberries 40 Blueberries 40	Boysen 4 Currant 5 Gooseb	ame berries • • s • • • • berries • •		408	Raspbe	berri errie	ies as, red as, black	. 412	You All c (Wri	ngb othe	arries erries r berries rop name on 3 above.)	415
					res fertilize			Dry fertili		-	iquid or gas f	•·-··
					e acres	Теп	ths Who	le tons	Tenths		Vhole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be	erries			429	İ		/10		/10	2		1/10
Section 16 Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted	from	this pl	ac	e in 197	4?				
YES — Complete this section		1			-			Come	nercial fert	ilize	r used	
NO — Go to Section 17	Acres		uantity		Acres		Acres	T	Dry		Liquid o	r gas
	harvested	ha	rvested		irrigated	1	fertilized	Whole	tons Ten	ths	Whole tons	
1. Popcorn	431	1		Pounds,	2		3	4		/	5	1
2. Safflower	432	1		sheiled	2	-	3	4	<u>†</u>	10	5	/10
2. Samower	433	+		Pounds	2		3	4	/	10	5	/10
3 . Sunflower seed	<u></u>	['	f	Pounds						10		/10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1	í	Bushels	2		3	4		10	5	/10
5 . Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds	2		3	4		/	5	
	436	1		of oil Fons of	2	-	3	4		10	5	/10
6 . Broomcorn				orush		_		ļ	/	10	-	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop									1			
name and No. from list below.) Crop					2		3	4	i	,	5	,
nameNo	<u> </u>				2		3	4	/	10	5	/10
Crop nameNoNo					-					10	5	/10
List additional crops harvested on i												
Crop name No. Castor beans 437 Chufas for nuts 438 Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage grazed or cut for silage 439 Crambe 441 Dill for oil 442	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans for Mustard seed. Rapeseed	beans.	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447	R S S S	esame for s orghum for oybeans ho grazed or c	for for see r sir oggi sut f	eed d up ed or for silage ed under	450 451 452	Tritical Velvetb Wild ric Worms All othe	corn e ean ce eed er cro crop	oil	· · 455 · · 456 · · 457 · · 458 · · 459
Section 17 > Were any FOR	EST PROD	DUCTS	sold	from	this ola	ac	e in 197	4?		. 31		
YES — Complete this section	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						107	Г		Vali	e of sales	
NO — Go to and COMPLETE Sec	ction 18							-		olla		Cents
								4	91			
1. Standing timber or trees									5 192			
2. Firewood and fuelwood	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	•	•••••	[9	S			
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs									193			

1

494 \$

Section 18 LAND USE IN 1974 — COMPLETE THIS SECTION			
1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4, page 1	Acre	es	
► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY ONCE — in the first use listed below that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	Number acres		cres irrigated in 1974
a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products.)	502	1	
b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Include rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.)	503	1	
2. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured	505	1	
 d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 2a.) 	506	1	
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	507	1	
f. Cropland idle	509	1	
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber a. Woodland pastured	511		
tracts and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.) b. Woodland not pastured	512		
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.)			
a. Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied lime, fertilizer, seed, improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of weeds and brush	514		
b. Other pastureland and rangeland	515		
5. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported above.)	516		
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported in items 2a through 5 and enter the total in this space. Should be the same as item 1 above.)	IN''THIS P 517	LACE" IR	RIGATED
	4 🗌 Other 5 🗋 Other		
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974?	5—Answer — Answer		
1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods?	None	Acres irrigat	
a. Furrows or ditches	・・・ 🗋 🖡	524	
b . Flooding	n l	525	
c . Subirrigation	n l	526	
d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)	🗖 l	527	
e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)	1		
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.)		used in 197	4
2. Please estimate the a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot covers	Acreifeet	Tenths	, io
quantity of water used one acre, one foot deep)			Gallons
units of measure most convenient for you.) c. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or b above, give depth in inches of all water applied	3		Total inches
3. If no land was irrigated in 1974, was there any land in this place irrigated at any time in 1970-1973?			Year
 ☐ YES — Complete a and b → ☐ NO → Go to Section 20 on next page b. How many acres were irrigated in that year? 			Acres

Section 20 Was any land on this place ARTIFICIALL	Y DRAINED	70			
YES – Complete this section					
[] NO Go to Section 21					artificially rained
1. How many acres in this place were artificially drained? (Include op			No	541	
underground tile drains, grading for drainage, dikes, or pumping to Exclude drainage solely for the removal of irrigation waste water.)			[542	
2. How many acres were artificially drained by systems installed since	a January 1, 197	74?	[]	
Section 21 Was any COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER ap on this place in 1974?	plied to PAS	TUREL	AND		
YES - Complete this section					
	Acres	Dry fertilize	r	Liquid or gas	
1. How many acres of cropland used only for 551	rtilized Who	ole tons	Tenths 2	Whole tons	Tenths
pasture in 1974 (reported in Section 18, item 2b) were fertilized?		į	/10		/10
2. How many acres of other pastureland in 1974 552			2		1 710
(reported in Section 18, item 4a) were fertilized?			/10		1 /10
NOTE: READ AND Did you or anyone else have a	-			o Section 2	
ANSWER THIS poultry, or animal specialties QUESTION in 1974? (Include fish raised	•	🗆 NO		to page 1.	
				IPLETE Se	ction 27
Section 22 Were there any POULTRY such as CHICH on this place at any time in 1974?	LENS, TURK	EYS, D	UCKS,	etc.,	
YES — Complete this section					
\square NO — Go to Section 23					
 Report hatchery operations such as baby chicks, 					
turkey poults, etc., in Section 26.		INVE	NTORY	Total nur	mber of
1. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTERS for table eggs and hatching egg prod	uction		n this place r 31, 1974	birds sold	
a. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for TABLE or MARKET eg	g production	602		1	
b. Hens and pullets of laying age kept for HATCHING egg producti	on	603		1	
c. Pullets 3 months old or older not yet of laying age		605		1	
d. Pullet chicks and pullets under 3 months old (Exclude comm	nercial broilers.)	606		1	
e. Roosters and male chickens (all male breeding stock)		607		1	
2. BROILERS, fryers, and other meat type chickens, including capons	and roasters	608		1	
3. TURKEYS		611		1	
a. Heavy breed turkeys for slaughter (Exclude breeders.).		612		1	
b . Light breed turkeys for slaughter (<i>Exclude breeders.</i>)		613		1	
 c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding (Include both heavy and light breeding) 4. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity (Enter fowl name and No. from the fowl name) 					
				1	
Fowl name	No	 		1	
Fowl name	No			1	
Fowl name	No	L		[
List additional poultry on back cover.					
Fowl name No. Fowl name No. Fowl n Ducks	6	lo. 18			
Geese	er poultry • • • • 6	19 (Write)		e in item 4 a ue of sales	bove./
5. What was the value before taxes and expenses of poultry and poult	ry products (equ	as. etc.)	Dolla		ents
sold from this place in 1974? (Include estimated value of poultry moved from this place by contractors or others.)	and poultry of	oducts 6	629 \$		

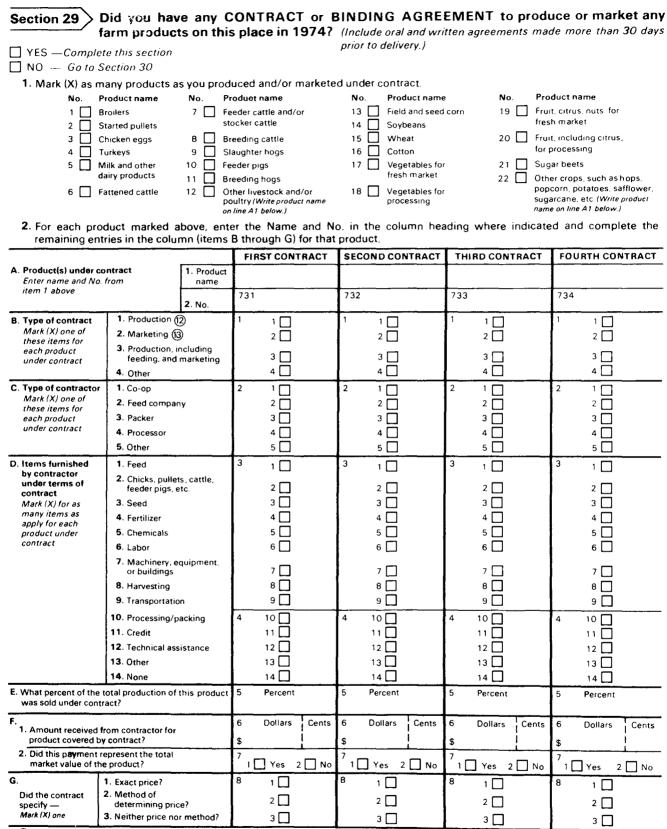
Section 23 Did you or anyone else	have any CATTLE or CALVES	6 on this place	in 1974?	
Section YES Complete this section			r	
🗋 NO Go to Section 24			INVEN Number on December	this place
INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			631	
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b,	c, and d below.)			
-			632	
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had	d calved.)		·····	
	I will be itere about bed as bed		633	
b . Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and			634	
c. Heifers and heifer calves	(1) For beef purposes and beef co	w replacement		
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacement		635	
			636	
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calve	es			
			.	
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this	place in 1974			
(Include those fed on ''This Place'' on a co	ntract or custom basis.	Total number	Value of sa before taxes and	
Also, report cattle moved from this place t feeding as sold; report both the number a		sold in 1974	Dollars	Cents
See separate Instructions.)		641	1	
2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds.			\$	
	_	642	1	1
3 . Cattle including calves weighing 500 pour	nds or more	643	S	
 a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were grain or concentrates for 30 days or mo 			\$	
DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this pla	ice in 1974	Va	lue of	
• Report goat dairy products in Section 26	S when γou reach that section.	dairy pro	ducts sold	
 What was the gross value of sales of dairy from this place in 1974, before taxes and 		Dollar. 649 • • • \$	s Cents	
Section 24 Did you or anyone else	have any HOGS or PIGS on t	his place in 19	74?	
YES Complete this section			r	
NO Go to Section 25 on next page			INVENT Number on	
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			December 3 651	31, 1974
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b	balaw			
			652	
 a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bro 	eeding	•••••		
b . Other hogs and pigs				
LITTERS FARROWED				
2. Litters farrowed on this place between –		None Number of lit 654	ters	
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974				
		655		
b . June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974			ł	
	Γ		Value of sales	
		Total number sold in 1974	taxes and exp	
■HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	None	56	Dollars	Cents
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974			s	ł
a. Of the hogs and pigs sold from this piece in very		57	1	1
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding	g?	<u>_, ,</u>	S	1

APPENDIX C Continued

Section 25 Did you or anyone el	se have any SH	EEP or	LAMBS	on th		9747		
YES Complete this section					INVENTORY Number on this pl			nber sold
NO — Go to Section 26					December 31, 19		ın 1	374
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a	, b, and c below.)				661	1		
					662			
a. Lambs under 1 year old								
,,					663			
b . Ewes 1 year old or older								
					664			
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or olde	er		• • • • • • •	• • •	<u> </u>			
			None	665	Number shorn	1 Pou	nds of woo	ol shorn
2. Sheep and lambs shorn			🛛					
				·	[
						e of sale		
3. What was the gross value of sales of s	heen lambs and				Dollar: 669	5	Cents	
wool from this place in 1974, before ta	•				1			
							i	
ection 26 Did you or anyone el	se have any OT	HER LI	VESTOCI	K or <i>i</i>	ANIMAL SPE	ECIA	LTIES	on th
YES Complete this section		ſ	INVENTOR			T	Value of	sales
NO Go to Section 27		-	Number or this place		Total number sold in 1974		Dollars	Cent
			Dec 31, 19	74	1	2		
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include poni	es.)	[·	s		
2. Ponies of all ages			572		1	· 2 \$		1
-		e	573		1	2		1
3 . Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages	••••		74		1	\$		<u> </u>
4. Mink and their pelts						s		1
a. Mink females used for breeding		1	575					
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and p					<u> 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919</u>		<u>talalalalalala</u>	1
(Enter name and No. from list below.)								
Name	No					2 S		ł
					1	2		1
Name	No					2		-+
Name	No	[1		\$		
Othe	Livestock in Captivity	, Bees, and	Poultry Hatch	ed				`
Name No. Colonies of bees	Name		No.		ame		No	
Angora goats	Other goats Rabbits and their pel		679 681		oxes and their pelts. oultry hatched			
Milk goats	Chinchillas and their	pelts	682	A	Il other livestock	• • •	68	5
		Acres un	der water	To	tal quantity sold	Τ	Value of s	ales
		for fish p	roduction		ın 1974		Dollars	Cent
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter na	me and			1		<u>h</u> –		+
No. from "List A" below.)	, , ,				-OR-Pounds	2		
Name	No			3] s		1
7. Fish in captivity		<u></u>	Tenths (1	Gallons	-h		
(Enter name and No. from "List B" belo	w.)				Pounds	2		ļ
Name	No		/10	3	-OR	- ` \$		1
	L		_ i l	L		11		<u> </u>
• List A — Livestock Products			List B — Fisl	h in Ca	ptivity			`
Name No.	Name		No.	N	ame		No	•
Mohair sold	Catfish		692		opical fish		69	4

List any additional livestock, livestock products, animal specialties, or fish on back cover.

 a. Area covered when filled to capacity	Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on D (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 of	December 31, 19 or 1974.)	974	
Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place. December 31, 1974 1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or random business? (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Control of the provement including and mixing equipment, dary equipment including and the farm or random business? (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Control of the provement including and the farm or random business? (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Control of the provement including and the farm or random business? (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Control of the provement including and the farm or random business. (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Control of the provement including and the farm or random business.) (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Control of the provement including and the farm or random business. (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Control of the provement including and the farm or random business.) (Indued ease. Interest. Reactors. Interest. Reactor	COMPLETE THIS SECTION			
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, oquipment, and implements usually kert on this place and used for the term or market busines? Include cars, tracks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, hardows, drivers, pumps, midrars, minares include cars, tracks, tractors, combines, include the properties of the term or market busines? Include cars, tracks, tractors, combines Image: tractors of the term or market busines? Include cars, tracks, tractors, combines, include term or this place, December 31, 1974 9. SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 Image: tractors, tracts, tractors, tracks, tractors, combines, tractors, the tractors, the tractors, tractors, the tractors, the tractors, the tractors, tractors, tractors, the tractor tractor, the tractor, the tractor tractor, the tractor trac				
on this place and used for the farm or ranch busines? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plaves, disk, harrows, drives, pumps, moders, itrapiane augment, disk, reactions, combines, plaves, disk, harrows, drives, pumps, moders, itrapiane, percent augment, disk, reactions, provide augment, disk, for the tractors and bulk tanks, livestock teeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.) Image: tractors, combines, provide augment, disk, for the tractors, provide augment, disk,			Estimated market	value
plows. disks. hartows. dryers. pumps. motors. irrigation equipment. div. gives. gives. • SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place. December 31. 1974 Trian number introducture in the place on the place	on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tr	nents usually kept	Dollars	Cents
SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place. December 31, 1974 Total number of the cold. (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.) 2. Automobiles 3. Motortrucks (Include pickups). 3. Motortrucks (Include pickups). 7.02 7.03 1. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers. 7.04 7.05 1. Gravier tractors. 6. Grain and bean combines. self-propelled only. 7.06 7.07 1. Corn heads for combines. 8. Other com pickers and picker-shellers. 7.08 9. Mower conditioners. 10. Pickup balers. 11. Windnowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type. 13. Brain Charles (Con or pickers and picker-shellers. 7.04 14. Windnowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 15. Corn heads for combines. 16. Onor exclusion of thywein the propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 17. Total number (Donor deliver) 18. Other complexity, including ear corn, on the balaes (IZD-oter self) 19. On Cold Donor include temporary structures.) 21. On On expent natural (akes grade pick, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equ	uipment including		
• SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 Total number in Different on the place in December 31, 1974 How MANY were maintage on the place in December 31, 1974 • Automobiles	milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	l
2. Automobiles 3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.) 4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers 703 6. Grain and bean combines. self-propelled only 706 707 708 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 709 9. Mower conditioners 709 10. Pickup balers 710 11. Windrowers – pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 712 713 714 715 710 710 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 712 711 712 711 711 712 711 711 712 713 714 715 715 716 717 718 719 710 710 711 711 711 712 713 714 715 715 71		on this place on	HOW MANY manufacture the last 5 ye (1970-1974	ed in ars l)?
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups),		702	1	
 3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	2 . Automobiles			
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers 704 1 5. Crawler tractors 705 1 5. Crawler tractors 706 1 6. Grain and bean combines. self-propelled only 707 1 708 1 708 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 710 1 709 1 710 1 709 1 711 1 710 1 1 711 1 711 1 1 711 1 711 1 1 1 712 1 Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS - COMPLETE THIS SECTION 721 1 None 721 1 None 1 1000 bushels (Under 25 tons) 1 1 10.000-4.999 bushels (12549 tons) 5 10.000-4.999 bushels (125-		703	1	
 4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers 5. Crawler tractors 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only 706 707 708 708 709 710 711 710 711 711 711 712 711 711 712 711 712 711 711 711 712 711 712 711 712 711 712 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 712 711 711 712 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 711 712 711 711 711 711 711 711<td>3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td>	3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)			
5. Crawler tractors 705 1 6. Grain and bean combines. self-propelled only 706 1 707 1 707 1 708 1 707 1 709 1 707 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 709 1 1 709 1 709 1 1 1 1 709 1 1 1 1 710 1 1 1 1 711 1 1 1 1 712 1 1 1 1 712 1 1 1 1 711 1 1 1 1 711 1 1 1 1 711 1			1	
5. Crawler tractors 76 6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only 707 7. Corn heads for combines 708 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 709 9. Mower conditioners 709 10. Pickup balers 710 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (<i>Exclude side delivery rakes J</i> , 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 13. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (<i>Do not include temporary structures</i>). 721 1 None 2 Under 1.000 bushels (125-249 tons) 3 1.000-24.999 bushels (255-124 tons) 4 5.000-9.999 bushels (255-124 tons) 5 1.000-24.999 bushels (255-124 tons) 6 25.000-49.999 bushels (255-124 tons) 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons a	4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers			
6. Grain and bean combines. self-propelled only 706 7. Corn heads for combines 707 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 708 9. Mower conditioners 709 10. Pickup balers 710 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (<i>Exclude side delivery rakes. J</i> 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 13. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear conn. on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.). 721 14. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear conn. on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.). 721 15. OUNC-24.999 bushels (125.249 tons) 5_0000 bushels (1026.24 tons) 6 [] 25.000.49.999 bushels (125.249 tons) 5_0000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over (1.250 tons and over (1.250 tons and over (1.250 tons and over (1.250 tons)) 7 10.000-24.999 bushels (125.241 tons) 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons) 7		705		
7. Corn heads for combines 707 8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 708 9. Mower conditioners 709 10. Pickup balers 710 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 13. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.) 721 14. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.) 721 10.000-4.999 bushels (25-124 tons) 1.000-4.999 bushels (25-124 tons) 6 25,000-49.999 bushels (25-124 tons) 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over (1.250	5. Crawler tractors	706	1	
7. Corn heads for combines	6 Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only			
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers 708 9. Mower conditioners 709 10. Pickup balers 710 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (<i>Exclude side delivery rakes.</i>) 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 721 Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTION 1. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.). 721 1 None 2 Under 1.000 bushels (Under 25 tons) 3 1.000-4.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 6 25.000-49.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 6 25.000-49.999 bushels (252-124 tons) 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons (1.		707	1	-
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	7. Corn heads for combines			
9. Mower conditioners 709 1 10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 1 13. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.) 721 1 1 0.000-4.999 bushels (125-124 tons) 5 5.000-9.999 bushels (250-124 tons) 5 10.000-24.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 6 25.000-49.999 bushels (250-1249 tons) 6 25.000-49.999 bushels (250-1249 tons) 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and o		708	1	
9. Mower conditioners	8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers			
10. Pickup balers 710 1 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 711 1 13. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.) 721 1 None 1 0.000-24.999 bushels (25-249 tons) 5 10.000-24.999 bushels (25-249 tons) 5 10.000-24.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 5 5 5 0.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 2 How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded lields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.),		709	1	
10. Pickup balers 711 11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 13. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show 721 14. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show 721 15. Bit of a ge capacity, including ear corn, on 1 16. Choor at include temporary structures.) 3 17. Outper for a structures.) 3 17. Converting the structures.) 3 17. Converting the structures.) 3 17. Converting the structures.) 10.000-24.999 bushels 17. Converting the str	9. Mower conditioners			
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 711 1 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 1 Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTION 1. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.). 721 1 None 2 Under 1.000 bushels (Under 25 tons) 3 1,000-4,999 bushels (25-124 tons) 4 5.000-9.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 6 25,000-49.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 5 10,000-24.999 bushels (250-124 tons) 6 25,000-49.999 bushels (250-124 tons) 7 50,000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 722 Number of artificial 7 50,000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 722 Number of artificial 7 50,000 bushels and over 722 Number of artificial 723 1 1 1 0 tode acres 724 1 YES — Mark which commodities 725 1 Corn (grain) 7 Cattle (live) 3 Soybeans (grain) 9 Oth		/10		
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.) 712 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type 712 13. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.) 721 1 None 2 Under 1.000 bushels (Under 25 tons) 3 1.000-4.999 bushels (25-124 tons) 4 5.000-9.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 5 10.000-24.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 6 25.000-49.999 bushels (625-1.249 tons) 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 2 How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN tong prist, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.), None 722 1 None 722 Number of artificial ponds, pits, etc 1 723 1 /1 3. FUTURES MARKET Did you utilize the commodity futures market in 1974 to bedge sales of any farm commodities which you produce	10. Pickup balers	711	1	
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	11 Windrowers			
Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTION 1. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)		712	1	
1. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.) 721 1 None 2 Under 1.000 bushels (Under 25 tons) 3 1.000-4.999 bushels (25-124 tons) 4 5.000-9.999 bushels (125-249 tons) 5 10.000-24.999 bushels (125-124 tons) 4 5.000-9.999 bushels (250-624 tons) 6 25.000-49.999 bushels (625-1.249 tons) 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 7 50.000 bushels and over (1.250 tons and over 8 Area covered when filled to capacity	12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type			
 1. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS - COMPLETE THIS SECTION	ON .		
TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.). None 722 Number of artificial ponds. pits, etc a. Area covered when filled to capacity Tenths 723 1 Corn (grain) 7 Cattle (live) 3. FUTURES MARKET — Did you utilize the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities which you produce? 725 1 Corn (grain) 7 Cattle (live) 2 NO Go to Section 29 on next page Sogbeans (grain) 9 Other – Specify	 1. GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES — Mark (X) one to show the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	nder 1,000 bushels 000-4,999 bushels 000-9,999 bushels 0,000-24,999 bushe 0,000-49,999 bushe	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tons) els (250-624 tons) els (625-1,249 to	ns)
 3. FUTURES MARKET — Did you utilize the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities which you produce? 724 1 YES — Mark which commodities 2 NO — Go to Section 29 on next page 	TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits,		ponds. pits.	
3. FOTORES MARKET Did you utilize the commodity 1 Corn (grain) 7 Cattle (ive) futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm 2 Sorghums (grain) 8 Hogs (live) commodities which you produce? 3 Soybeans (grain) 9 Other - Specify - 724 1 YES Mark which commodities	a. Area covered when filled to capacity			/10
	3. FOTORES MARKET — Did you utilize the commodity 1 □ C futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm 2 □ S commodities which you produce? 3 □ S 724 1 □ YES — Mark which commodities 4 □ W 2 □ NO — Go to Section 29 on next page 5 □ C	orghums (grain) oybeans (grain) Vheat (grain)	8 🔲 Hogs (live)	ecify 🔫



12 Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor.

(3) Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.



PAYROLL AND EMPLOYMENT - Did you have any paid workers doing agricultural labor, employees of labor contractors or crew leaders, or other salaried employees working on this place in 1974?

\Box	YES		Complete this	section
	NO	—	Go to Section	31

N
Please read before
answering items 1, 2,
and 3 below
/

Hired farm or ranch workers - In addition to farm workers and paid family members, include such persons as bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance people, etc., whose employment is primarily associated with agricultural production on this place even though they may not be doing agricultural labor. Do not include unpaid family workers or the proprietors or partners of unincorporated places.

Cash wages paid - Report gross payments in 1974 to employees before deductions for Social Security, taxes, insurance premiums, etc. Include all wages, salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay. Do not include room and board, house rent, or other items paid in kind.

For each of the following groups, report how many hired farm or ranch workers were employed and the amount of cash wages paid to them.	Number of	Cash wages	Cash wages paid	
	workers	Dollars	Cents	
1. Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how many worked	751	1		
a. 150 days or more?		s	I	
	752	1	- <u> </u>	
b. 25–149 days?	5–149 days?		i	
	753	1		
c. Less than 25 days?		\$		
2. Contract workers hired through a crew leader or contractor		754		
a. What was the cost of contract labor?		\$	i	
	755			
b. How many workers did the contractor furnish? (Estimate if necessary.)				
3. Salaried corporation officers	756	······································		
 a. If this operation is incorporated, how many corporation officers were salaried in 1974? 				
		757	1	
b. What was the amount paid?	• • •	\$		

Section 31 Were there any work connected injuries that required more than first aid treatment, or work connected illnesses or death to workers on this place in 1974? (Do not include deaths, injuries, or illnesses to employees of contractors.)

[] YES Complete this section		
NO — Go to Section 32 on next page	Operator and unpaid family workers	Hired workers and paid members of operator's family
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses	761	1
a. How many workers had injuries or illnesses without lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
	762	1
b. How many workers had injuries or illnesses with lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
(1) How many days were lost as a result of all injuries	763	1
and illnesses?	Days	Days
	764	1
2. Number of deaths	Number	Number

Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME, Section 32 or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section

□ NO — Go to Section 33

Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. If custom applied, report only estimated cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For each item listed, report acres only once, but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpose chemicals were used, report acreage treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.

1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide,	Number of acres	(Do not include cost of applying)	
insecticide, nematocide) to control —	on which used	Dollars	Cents
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)	771	1 \$	1
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)	772	1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops	773	1 \$	
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)	774	1 \$	1
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.)	775	1 \$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture	776	1 \$	1
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sides, etc.)	777	1 \$	l
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit	778	1 \$	1
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings		779 \$	
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	782	1 \$	
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc.		783 \$	
6. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1 a through 5 and enter total here and in Section 34, item 10.)	>	784 \$	1

Section 33 > FARM CREDIT

1. DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.)

YES — Answer a, b, and c

No land owned — Go to item 2

	December 31	
	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an insurance		
company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit association	• • • \$	
 Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment 	792	
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above		1
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the property or to	793	
others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)	\$	i

Amount (asiatist and a still sugged

2.	DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages,
	sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for
	operating this farm or ranch business?

YES — Answer a, b, and c

	NO		Go	to	Sec	tion:	34
--	----	--	----	----	-----	-------	----

NO — Go to item 2

	Amount (principal o December 31,	
	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit	795	1
association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies	\$	1
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	796	
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)	\$	İ
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals	797 \$	

Se	ection 34	Production EXPENSES paid by	/ you and ot	hers f	or th	is place i	n 197 4	1	
Th	OMPLETE IIS ECTION	Include your best estimates of expense for production of crops, livestock, and c expenses connected with performing c businesses or services, and household	es paid by you, other agricultui oustomwork off	your lar al prod this pla	ndlord, ucts o ace, op	contractor n this place peration of i	s, buye DO NO	rs, and others DT INCLUDE	
								Production e	expenses
								Dollars	Cents
	lambs, goats,	l poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho horses, baby chicks, poults, started pull	lets, etc			• • • • • •		801 \$	
2	. Total feed pu feeds, concer	rchased for livestock and poultry — grain ntrates, etc. (<i>Total dollars for a, b, c, and</i>	in, hay, silage, d below.) • • •	mixed				802 \$	
	complete, include ing	ally mixed formula feeds purchased — supplement, concentrates (Do not predients purchased separately, such a meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	Tons 803	Tenths	1	Dollars	Cents		
	b. Ingredients cottonseed	s purchased — such as soybean meal, I meal, urea, etc., millfeeds o r other roducts (<i>Do not include whole grains.</i>)	804	/10	1		+ 	-	
	barley, gra (Include cr	ns purchased — such as corn, oats, in sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. acked grain. Do not include millfeeds illing byproducts, or green chop.) • • • •	805	/10	1 \$				
	d. Hav. green	chop, silage, etc.	808	/10	¢		1		
4	services, services, services, services, services, bulbs, b. Commercial f and gypsum f b. Total gasoline Diesel fuel, L	n costs for livestock and poultry (Include ums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) . plants, and trees purchased ertilizer purchased — all forms, includin Report custom application costs in item e and other petroleum fuel and oil purch P gas, butane, propane, piped gas, keros Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.) .	ng rock phosph ng below.) ased for the fai sene, fuel oil, m	ate rm busin otor oil			· · · · ·	807 \$ 808 \$ 809 \$ 811 \$	
			Storage capa for farm us			mated expend r farm use in 1			
			(Gallons)			Dollars	Cents		
	a. Gasoline fo	r the farm business	812		1 \$		i		
		for the farm business	813		1 \$		1		
		ahe, propane for the ess (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon)	814		1 \$		 		
		rease, piped gas, kerosene, and he farm business			815 \$		 1	821	
7	. Hired farm lat	oor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1a, 1b, a	nd 1c,	and er	nter total he	re.)	\$ \$ 823	
	. Machine hire equipment an	r (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, it and customwork (Include expenditures) d for customwork such as grinding and) rn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, c	for this place fo mixing feed, pl	or use o owing,				\$ 824 \$ 826	
	. All other prod as depreciatio	hemicals purchased (Copy dollars report uction expenses (Include OTHER curren In, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, r ater, etc., for the farm business.)	nt operating exp repairs, electric	penses . ity,	such			\$ 827 \$	
12.	TOTAL PRO	DUCTION EXPENSES including expe or others (Add dollars in items	enses paid by 1 through 11	andlor and e	ds, co nter_t	ntractors, otal_here.)	≻	829 \$	

Sec	tion 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in and expenses (See separate Instructions.)	1974,	before	taxes
CON	APLETE	•			
THIS PAG	-	Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		timated value products sole	
	contractor s share, estimating in necessary.				Cents
1.	Grains — c grain sorgh	orn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, ums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas	832 \$		1
2.		cottonseed	833 \$		1
3.	Tobacco .		834 \$		1
4.	Field seeds	. hay, forage, and silage	835 `\$		¦ ∔
5.	Vegetables	, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.) \ldots .	836 \$		<u> </u>
6.	sweetpota	crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, oes, sugar beets, sugarcane, int for oil, hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>	837 \$		
7.		, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes, ecans, pears, pineapples, etc	838 \$		1
8.	Nursery an Section 14	d greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in , , items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)	839 \$		
9 .		ucts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)	849 \$		† 1
10.		poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, c. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)	852 \$		1
11.		calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — lude item 3a — and enter the total here.)	853 \$		† [
12.		icts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4. t dairy products in item 15 below.)	854 \$		T
13.	Hogs and p	igs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)	855 \$ 856		
14.	Sheep, lam	bs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)	\$		1
15.		ock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, .(Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)	857 \$		
16.		LUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or 's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)	859 \$	_	
Sec	tion 36	INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1	974		
	Part A — I	NCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		n-related inco	.
	A	Report amount received before taxes and expenses. None		ollars	Cents
1.	planting, sp	k and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing, raying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (<i>If custom-</i> parate business, see separate Instructions.)	871		
2.	Recreation	al services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,	\$ 872		
3.	-	Id lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	\$ 873		
	(Do not inc	lude redeemable loans.)	\$ 874		
4 .	received fro	rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments om lease or sale of allotments <i>(Include payments for livestock a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)</i> .	\$		
5.	conducted	ess or source of income which is on or CLOSELY RELATED to the URAL OPERATIONS on this place — <i>Specify kind</i>	875 \$		1 1 1
					<u> </u>
	Part B — I	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES	Farm	n-related expe	enses
2	For farm ro	lated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Dollars	Cents
υ.		timated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all	876		i
		expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not			1
		penses already reported in Section 34.)	\$		i

Section 37	TYPE OF ORGA	NIZATION, OPER	ATOR CH.	ARÀCTI	ERISTI	CS, and	l relat	ed info	rmation
COMPLETE	THIS PAGE								
■ Part A	Type of Organization								
1. Mark (X) t	he one box which best de	escribes the way this pl	ace was opera	ated in 197	74.				
901 1	INDIVIDUAL or FAMIL excluding partnership a		rietorship),		ļ	Complet	e Parts	B and C	
2	PARTNERSHIP operati	on, including family pa ons.) — Enter number o	rtnerships of partners	902		below			
3 🗌	CORPORATION, includ	ing family corporations	s — Skip to S	ection 38					
	OTHER, such as cooper Indian reservation, etc.	ative, estate or trust, p	rison farm, gra	azing asso	ciation,				
■ Part B-	Farm Operator Charac				ual, Fam	ily, or Pa	rtnersl	hip Opera	ations
person in	e — Where does the ope charge, or senior partner or ranch operation live?.	of • • • • • • • • • •	On this plot on this plac		□ On an □ In a r □ In a c	nother far ural area, ity, town	'm not on , or urb	a farm an area	
(or senior	the earliest year the ope partner, if partnership) be any part of this place? .	egan	Year						
	s the operator (or senior partnership)?		Year	s old					
4. Operator's Mark (X) a	s race — 906 appropriate box	 3 1 White 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian 	Chic Mex Pue Cub Cen Ar	kican Amer cano kican (Mex rto Rican an tral or Sou nerican er Spanish	icano)	5	Chine: Filipin Other	se O	^{ace} Z
the majori	Occupation — At what o ity (50 percent or more) o erships, consider all mem	f his work time in 1974	4?		907	1 🗌 Farr 2 🗌 Oth			
	Work — How many ach member of the	Mark (X) one for each applicable line.]	None	1 – 49 days	50-99 1 days	00-149 days	150-199 days	200 days or more
	rk OFF the place (Include work at a	a. Operator or senior	partner. 911		2	- = +	4	5	6
nonfarm jo	ob, business,	b . Spouse	912		2	3	4 🔲	5	6
•	n, or on someone n. Do not include	c . Other			$\frac{2}{2}$	3 🗌	<u>4 []</u> 4 []	5	
exchange	farm work.)	d . Other	914			3 🗆 🛓	4 🛄		
(Report an	Family Income from Of mount you and members of ership operations, the repo	of your family received	in 1974 from			<i>es.</i> None	 	Income fro If-farm sour	
	of a non-farm-related bu					🗆	921 \$		
2. Cash wag	nal practice (<i>Report NET a</i> es, salaries, commissions <i>nount_beföre deducting t</i>	, and tips from all jobs					922 \$		
 3. Interest, d 4. Federal Sc 	ividends, or royalties ocial Security, pensions, r rance, workmen's compe	etirement pay, veteran	s payments, a	 nnuities, ui	nemploy-	🗆	923 S 924 S		
	ome of nonfarm property						925 \$	<u> </u>	1
Section 38	PERSON COMP	LETING THIS REI	PORT						
PLEASE	Name			Date				ephone	
PRINT			931	vionth	Day	1932 Are	a Code	Number	

Enter remarks on back cover.

·

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

 (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)

▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if -

► EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

► OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

► OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE— (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle," and

(3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operationa For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- (8) The Same Report Form is Used For All States Except Hawaii. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the part section.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.
(e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished.
Go to the next section indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or eouivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Lend Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others. MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

Sections 5-16 --- Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested.

An example of how to report crops harvested — A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage: he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Section 5 > Was any FIELD CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1974?

NO Go to Section 6	Acres have shed	Owantey harve	ted	Acres eng	,Med
 Field corn for gram or seed (Report quantity of shelled corn harvested in either busileds or heardindrealeds. 70 (bs. eer corn or 56 (bs. 	101 80	7,000	Bursharts shalloos	2	
shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corn1	00		weed		
2. Field carn for silage or green chap	"° 20	400	Tone of the second	2	0
 Field corn out for dry folder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in items 1 or 2 k 	103				<u> </u>
	Acres	Dry lertilizer	Las	nd or gas lars	ober
	levinized	Whole tons 1	erema wrw	ole norm	Tenete
4. Commercial fertilizer valid on held com	109 / OO	1 17 11	8/10 2		Ť

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

APPENDIX C Continued

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field: later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box	Weight — Pounds Per Box
-----------------	-------------------------

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acrefeet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gellons — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal/minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal/minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11.520,000 gallons.

Total inches — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season.

Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold — Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle seles — Do not include on the fattened cattle line: (a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or

(b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold (. further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place — Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

Sheep and lamba shorn — In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. **Production contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or bred. the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor **Marketing contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural products.

Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Debts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report** gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if oparated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C, item 1).

Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Cefined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc. FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and ... KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are

provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them --- they will help. A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

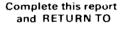
news P Barello

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065. Approval Expires December 31, 1975

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13. U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are Immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 > Did you receive mo	ore than one report form?		[T				<u>-</u> -	
 YES See separate Instructions NO Go to Section 2 	Enter numbi	extra file er(s) here						_
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGRICU	LTURAL AC	τινιτ	IES I	N 19	74		
						YES	r	NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount of any	of the items liste	d belo	w?		٦ 🗆	2	
 Crops Hay, pasture, sod Vegetables, melons, mushrooms Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus 	 Cattle (including feedlots) Hogs, sheep, goats, horses Poultry, eggs Dairy products Forest products on farms 	 Green nurser Fish in Fur-be in cap Other 	y produ i captiv aring a tivity	ucts ity inimals				
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise contractors such as feed companie	or produce any agricultural products ps, processors, or packers?	for 				YES 1		NO 2
 Did you raise or produce any agrice a partnership, share arrangement, 	ultural products for others or with ot or other rental agreement in 1974?					ו 🗆	:	2
4 . Did you own any land that was use	ed by someone else for agricultural p	urposes in 1974	?			1 🗆] 7	2
 Did you own any livestock or poult under a share agreement or custor 	ry that was cared for by someone el n arrangement in 1974?		••••	••••		1] :	2
If you answered YES to ANY	of these auestions, ao to Section 3							

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

S	ection 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LAND VALUE		
	Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, wasteland, idle_land, house lots, etc.	None	
1.	ALL land owned		040
2 .	ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).		05
3.	All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including land worked on shares by others and land subleased		060

- TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (1) (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)
- Your estimate of the current market value Number of of these acres and acres the buildings on them Dollars Cents \$ n 1 \$ 1 \$ 070 These are the ACRES in "THIS PLACE" (1) for this census report
- "THIS PLACE" means your farm or ranch, feedlots, poultry houses, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural operations.
- 5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

	Address (No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	Number of	Rental arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply					
Name		acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements		
		081	1	2	3	4 🗆		
		082	1	2	3 🗌	4 🗆		
		083	1 1	2	3 🗌	4		

List additional landlords on back cover.

6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter,

	Name	Address	(No. and street, city, State	, ZIP code)	No. of acres	
					085	1
					086	015
					087	
	List additional renters on back cover.				I	014
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (in			Number of acres	Current market value]
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (<i>I</i> leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	1 \$	013
Se	b. There were no crops or C. The land you operated p If a, b. or c apply to your operated p this report. action 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	orior to 1974 eration, plea	has been sold to son ase read the Instruct	neone else.		012
1.	In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal county	County name	Sta	te No of acres	10
	(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line. If you have agricultural operations in	Other counties			092	
	any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for				093	010
2 .	"Other counties.")	Name of locat	lion	L		CENSUS USE ONLY

Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under				1	<u> </u>
	contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None	ha	Acres arvested	Quantit	y harvested
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled		101	(1	Bushels shelled
••	basis in either bushels or hundredweight . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corn.)			ł	6OR	Hundredweight shelled
2 .	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder. hogged or grazed (<i>Do not include acres already</i> reported in item 1.).		104		S	
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report	_	111	[1 OR	Bushels
	quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds.)			(6	Pounds
4.	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (<i>Do not include acres</i> <i>already reported in item</i> 3.),		115			
5.	Soybeans for beans		121		1	Bushels
6.	Peanuts for nuts		122		1	Pounds
7.	Wheat for grain		130		1	Bushels
8 .	Other small grains or grain — oats, barle .	_	136			
•	rye, rice, etc. — <i>Sp. city</i>		151	,	<u>1) 1</u>	
	Cotton		152		1	Bales
	Tobacco — all type		153	/10	1	Pounds
	Irish potatoes (exc uding home use)		154	/10	1	Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10		Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	Tons, dry
			240			
14.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale			1/10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages					
	(Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned		301			
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify			1/10		
16	Derrico fer cela - Conside		401	1,		
	Berries for sale — Specify		<u>}</u>	/10		
17.	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery products; flowers, etc., grown		430	 		
	in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify		L	<u> /10</u>		
				Sq1 460	uare feet	
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?					

ection 6 > LAND USE IN 1974	
The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 thro	ough 5.
NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY <u>ONCE</u> — in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	[
	Number of acres
 Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products. If two crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acres only once.) 	502
,	503
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	
3 . All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.)	504
4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture.)	510
5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.)	513
6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 through 5 and enter the total in this space.)	517
(This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.)	L
7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED 528 Acres]
in 1974?	

Section 7 LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974.

	None	INVENTORY Number on this place December 31, 1974	Number sold in 1974
1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.)	. 🗆	601	1
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.)	. 🗆	604	1
3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters)	_	608	1
4. Cattle and calves of all ages		631	1
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)		632	
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.)		633	
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages		651	1
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?			2
b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None Number of	litters		
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974			
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974			
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages	None	661	1
	_	670	1
7. Horses and ponies of all ages	• 🗆		
8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.	. 🗆	698	1
Specify what kind		699	1

Section 8 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974

(Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

Note: The second

1.	What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually
	kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors,
	combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equip-
	ment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc

Estimated market value Dollars Cents					
	Dollars	Cents			
701					
\$		1			

SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total. HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? <i>(Number)</i>
2 . Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
10 . Pickup balers	710	1
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	710	1

Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

	/						
	Include your best estimates of expenses paid by yo and others for production of crops, livestock, and o DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with perf operation of non-farm activities, businesses or ser related to the farm business.	other agricu forming cus	ultural pi stomwoi	oducts on this k off this plac	s place. e,	<u> </u>	
						h	Cents
1	 Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, ho lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pu 	gs, pigs, sh illets, etc	еер. ••••			801 \$	
2	Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry-gra					802	-
	a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased -	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
	complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not	803	- +	1	-+		ł
	include ingredients purchased separately, such					802 S 808 S 809 S	
	as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)	ļ.	i /10	s	i		î
3	Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased						• •••••• ••
4	Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, includi					-	+
	and gypsum (Report custom application costs in ite	em 8.)				s	ì
5	Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purc	hased for t	he farm	business —		811	+
	Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, k	erosene, fu	iel oil, m	notor oil, grea	se, etc	S	į.
6	Hired farm labor						+
Ŭ		••••			• • • • •		
7	Contract labor				• • • • •		1
8	Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditu and for customwork such as grinding and mixing fe picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, dryi	ed, plowing	, combi	ning, corn	lipment		1
	proving, and hims, spraying, adding, rentitizing, aryi	ny, erc.,			••••		1
9	Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, ins	ecticides, e	etc. Excl	ude fertilizer.)			İ
10.	All other production expenses (Include other currer depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, re of water, etc., for the farm business.)	pairs, elect	ricity, pl	es such as urchase			
11.	TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including exp			diords			÷
	contractors, or others (Add dollars for items 1 thro	ough 10 an	d enter f	otal here)			
		- J ann			~	L	

APPENDIX C Continued

Section 10 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.	Estimated values of the second	
	Dollars	Cents
	831	1
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)	\$	1
	839	1
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold	s	
	849	
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc.	s	
	852	-
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold	\$	
	858	1
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold	\$	1
	859	1
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or	I	
contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)	s	

Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1974

■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES	unt received before taxes and expenses.) None Dollars agricultural services provided for farmers and others — 871 871 sing, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 872 872 - providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, \$ 873 or participation in Government farm programs \$ 874 are payments received from renting out farm land or payments \$ sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock \$ basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.) \$ SELY \$ CULTURAL \$	Farm-related in	come
	None	Dollars	Cents
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (<i>If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.</i>)		s	
 Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place 			
3 . Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (<i>Do not include redeemable loans.</i>)			
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments <i>(Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)</i>			
5. Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind			
		·····	

Part B EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related exp	arm-related expenses Dollars Cents
	None	Dollars	Cents
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5, enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do NOT include expenses already reported in Section 9.).		876 S	

PLEASE PRINT

ection 12 FARM	OPERATOR (RISTIC	S				
 Where does the ope charge, of this farm 	rator, person in or ranch live?	903		n this place n this place —	2 🗌 Or 3 🔲 In 4 🗌 In	n another far a rural area, a city, town,	m not (, or u	on a farm rban area
2. Year operator began any part of this place	n to operate e	904		Year				
3. Operator's age		905		Years old	l			
4 . Operator's race — Mark (X) appropriate	евох	1 U White 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian	4	Mexican A Chicano Mexican (I Puerto Ric Cuban Central or American Other Spa	Mexicano) an South า	(F 11 🔲 (Chine Filipir Other	ese no
5. Principal Occupation did the operator sp or more) of his work partnerships, consid partnership together	bend the majority time in 1974? (Fo fer all members of	(50 percent or the				 Farming Other 		
6. Number of days ope place in 1974 (Inclu- job, business, or pro else's farm. Do not i work.) Mark (X) t	ide work at a nonf fession, or on som nclude exchange f	arm Deone Farm	_	one – 49 days 0 – 99 days	5	□ 100 – 14 □ 150 – 19 □ 200 day	99 da	ays
7. Was the income wh off the farm and fror of agricultural produ	n other sources gr	eater than the to	otal value			☐ Yes ☐ No		
8. Person preparing this report	Name	<u></u>	[Date 931 Month	Day	932 Area cod		bhone Number

REMARKS — Please write your remarks on the outside back cover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2

1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74 A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)

▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if -

► EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

▶ 0R **4**

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle;" and

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{(3)}}$ Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
 - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
 - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
 - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
 - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting. Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or enimal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "ekip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

Section 6 --- Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals wei ∋ located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for *agricultural* operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs. Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for land-lords and others in payment for services or products; any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place, crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

Crops sold — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for land-lords and others.

Poultry and livestock sales — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.**

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

GENERAL

(1) If additional forms are needed, write to the —

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).