# **APPENDIX A.** General Explanation

#### 1. Taking the Census

#### **Enumeration Method**

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

#### **Mailing List**

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company. Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

#### **Report Forms**

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

#### **Initial Mailing**

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

#### **Followup Procedures**

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the reguired information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

#### 2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks Futures market Contracts Payroll and employment Injuries and illnesses Farm credit Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

#### 3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

#### 4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for: Cullman, Alabama-revised broilers sold and related data.

- Inyo, California-revised land in farms and related data.
- Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii-revised number of fattened cattle and related data.
- Spencer, Indiana-revised cattle and calves inventory.
- Harford, Moryland--revised acreage of total cropland.
- Marshall, Minnesota--revised acreage of land in farms.
- Dodge, Nebraska-revised number of milk cows and value of sales.
- Merrick, Nebraska-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.
- Rusk, Texas-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.
- Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

- Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.
  - Acres artificially drained.
  - Total acreage fertilized.
  - Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

#### 5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, **Statistics by Subject**, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture. Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others, Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves ...... farms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported, State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms. but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available. Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms-Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others. For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the monthto-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

*Fruits, nuts, and berries*—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool-For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products-For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

**Commercial fertilizer**—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses-This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

**Crop** classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Total cropland-Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland---This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land-In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation-Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

**Commercial** fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract laborworkers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity-Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources-An expanded series of guestions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

#### 6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator-Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Blackoperated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups. Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were included in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm-A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm-An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation-Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other-The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type-Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various 'agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

#### 7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm.

- Selected farm characteristics by-Standard industrial classification Debt status.
  - Race or origin.

Age of farm operator. Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

#### 8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

#### 9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 86 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 96 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

#### **10. Statistical Adjustments**

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

#### Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases. Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

ltem	Percent of total
Number of farms	15.5
Land in farms	10.8
Value of products sold	7.6
Harvested cropland	9.8
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	10.2
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	2.2
Hogs and pigs	7.9

#### Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

#### Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources-the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment-were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given. As calculated for this report, the standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars ( 1,000)	Standard error (percent)
North Carolina,						()	(1,000,	(percont)	(1,000)	(porcont)
total	11 243 933	0.2	6 633 538	0.2	4 075 221	0.1	1 276 068	0.1	804 396	0.1
Alamance	124 857	1.5	76 250	1.5	37 249	1.8	7 408	2.0	10 799	1.9
Alexander	55 474	2.9	33 472	3.6	12 827	3.1	1 977	2.7	9 075	1.3
Alleghany	81 252	1.5	44 889	1.5	13 097	2.0	1 338	2.6	6 382	1.7
Anson	130 479	1.8	48 793	1.9	42 192	2.2	6 109	2.6	13 511	.6
Ashe	138 589	2.5	73 873	1.8	15 597	2.0	2 4 19	3.4	7 5 1 5	2.7
Avery	29 491	2.9	15 925	3.9	3 411	3.2	494	6.8	266	5.7
Beaufort	159 565	1.0	106 904	.9	96 748	.9	27 137	.8	4 762	1.4
Bertie	176 030	1.2	85 060	.9	75 062	.8	25.827	.9	3 820	1.6
Bladen	159 750	2.0	74 706	1.7	57 562	1.1	19 172	1.0	5 820	1.5
Brunswick	71 631	2.2	42 355	2.0	21 319	2.0	6 690	1.8	1 455	6.1
Buncombe	116 871	1.4	86 135	1.6	18 261	1.3	3 093	2.7	7 163	1.6
Burke	37 065	3.0	21 798	3.1	8 549	3.5	593	2.8	5 277	1.4
Cabarrus	101 238	1.6	53 177	1.5	33 003	1.7	2 739	2.5	5 0 3 2	.7
Caldwell	48 582	4.4	31 300	3.5	10 734	2.5	1 431	4.3	5 638	.9
Camden	51925	2.3	25 767	2.3	36 257	1.8	9 275	1.1	5 822	.5
Carteret	25 330	2.4	19 358	2.8	11 291	2.0	4 220	2.6	437	2.0
Caswell	149 826	1.5	55 430	1.7	24 747	1.6	13 4 14	1.5	1 931	2.8
Catawba	90 939	1.8	60 560	1.9	31 081	3.0	2 806	4.6	<b>5</b> 6 1 4	1.1
Chatham	156 283	1.5	85 845	1.3	26 174	1.6	3 455	2.4	41 870	.6
Cherokee	44 318	2.6	24 442	3.1	5 96 1	3.0	537	7.0	3 564	1.4
Chowan	57 615	9	33 244	1.0	33 982	.9	9 427	.9	3 207	1.3
Clay	19 692	3.4	16 721	5.0	4 240	4.7	287	4.5	4 1 1 5	2.4
Cleveland	137 732	1.1	69 430	1.7	45 559	1.1	4 921	1.4	10 202	1.1
Columbus	207 744	1.0	135 989	1.1	86 960	.9	39 521	.8	4 886	1.2
Craven	103 459	1.2	62 598	1.6	45 711	1.1	17 836	1.1	4 890	1.3
Cumberland	152 594	1.7	82 66 1	2.4	67 586	1.1	17 064	1.1	6 208	.7
Currituck	53 900	1.1	34 430	1.1	40 540	1.4	9 051	1.2	3 445	.2
Dare	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Davidson	111 801	1.3	75 514	1.3	33 709	1.1	4 800	1.3	7 050	1.1
Davie	87 181	1.4	58 74 1	1.6	21 339	1.6	2 242	1.5	7 896	1.7
Duplin	271 2 15	1.1	140 838	.8	111 326	.9	37 47 1	.8	76 502	.4
Durham	55 711	1.3	53 255	2.2	12 773	1.1	3 799	1.6	3 694	.8
Edgecombe	225 437	.6	122 786	.7	105 067	.6 1 0	39 937	.7	4 290	.8. 2.2
Forsyth	73 960	1.7	73 122	1.9	17 069	1.6	4 996	1.5	2 591 5 856	2.3 2.1
Franklin	163 381	.9	86 163	1.2	49 211	.8	19 601 935	.8 5.7	5 856 3 061	2.1 4.4
Gaston	53 131	2.7	34 915	2.9	16 867	4.0	935 8358	5.7	4 944	4.4 .7
Gates	82 858	1.1	42 315	1.8	39 840	1.0	8 3 5 8 5 4 2	.9 5.1	121	. <i>1</i> 9.7
Graham	15 790	11.2	8 888 82 0 29	3.7	1 469 36 244	4.1	18 7 09	1.2	5 467	9.7 1.6
Granville	205 834	1.5	83 028 84 594	1.5	36 244 56 132	1.1 .9	28 353	.9	10 380	1.0
Greene Guilford	101 981 164 180	1.5 5.7	84 594 136 254	.9 1.4	56 132 42 745	.9 1.2	12 483	.9 1.3	7 007	1.0

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Cattle and c farms		Chickens 3 n and older c		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay har	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
North Carolina,										
total	1 021 554	0.2	15 670 429	0.5	1 4 14 75 1	0.4	1 455 265	0.2	331539	0.3
Alamance	20 311	1.8	261652	1.2	4 382	3.3	12 622	2.0	7855	2.3
Alexander	12 593	2.1	206 226	.2	1 123	13.1	4 707	3.7	3 282	2.5
Alleghany	22 263	1.4	83 381	.1	237	9.9	2 525	2.0	9 529	2.5
Anson	14 247	1.9	17 518	(1)	4 014	6.4	5 738	5.9	3 859	2.5
Ashe	28 363	2.2	12 439	(1)	739	3.6	1 877	2.2	11 968	2.4
Avery	3 843	3.5	1 147	7.4	171	6.6	266	6.3	1 973	4.0
Beaufort	7 628	1.1	66 618	.5	25 238	2.5	38 801	.9	398	4.2
Bertie	4 062	3.4	23 713	.6	26 935	2.0	31 027	.9	361	2.7
Bladen	8 887	2.5	47 001	5.3	19 653	2.9	24 587	1.4	2 176	1.3
Brunswick	1 812	5.9	25 238	1.8	11 852	2.1	9 741	1.9	429	2.9
Buncombe	25 179	1.4	57 212	.3	726	8.2	7 642	1.8	8 543	1.7
Burke	6 289	2.8	44 579	.2	2 390	7.3	3 447	1.8	3 113	5.6
Cabarrus	15 883	1.5	98 609	.1	3 530	1.5	7 277	2.8	7 992	1.9
Caldwell	8 707	2.7	91 714	.2	2 844	4.1	3 872	3.1	3 906	4.2
Camden	1 594	2.5	440	11.5	18 874	2.6	15 145	2.2	165	3.6
Carteret	752	7.1	42 474	.7	1 351	4.3	3 401	2.5	166	11.9
Caswell	10 218	2.4	15 706	14.6	3 461	6.9	6 189	2.9	4 753	2.7
Catawba	17 901	3.2	89 684	.3	3 323	13.7	7 525	4.1	7 355	3.6
Chatham	26 042	1.5	300 980	.4	14 358	4.6	9 573	2.2	7 279	1.9
Cherokee	7 428	2.7	299 513	.1	1 148	8.2	2 597	6.0	3 077	3.0
Chowan	1 569	2.0	5 024	2.7	18 809	1.6	11 4 18	1.0	328	4.0
Clay	6 402	4.7	269 467	1.8	2 236	4.2	1 894	6.8	2 123	6.2
Cleveland	27 286	1.3	478 018	8.4	1 637	3.8	7 266	2.5	4 99 2	2.9
Columbus	8 187	1.8	172 029	.3	28 639	2.3	33 307	1.2	1 515	3.9
Craven	2 563	5.2	177 358	.2	13 367	1.9	16 433	1.5	410	5.1
Cumberland	8 629	4.1	184 528	.3	21 774	1.5	19 465	1.4	3 266	3.5
Currituck	1 331	4.5	3 435	9.7	13 093	.4	17 791	1.6	51	.0
Dare	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Davidson	19 289	1.3	88 948	3.1	15 942	4.4	9 697	1.6	9 44 3	1.8
Davie	18 415	1.9	246 525	0.	6 3 19	1.6	8 276	1.9	6 360	1.9
Duplin	9414	1.7	825 303	1.4	103 827	1.2	53 831	.9	943	4.7
Durham	5 010	2.3	66 033	.3	1 698	15.8	3 123	1.8	2 254	3.2
Edgecombe	7 816	2.6	35 065	.5	28 785	2.7	48 084	.6	1 119	1.2
Forsyth	11 202	2.3	40 621	.6	1 593	4.0	5 014	2.6	5 561	2.3
Franklin	10 218	1.8	225 794	6.0	23 29 1	.9	11 652	1.0	2 761	2.3
Gaston	11 273	2.8	6 523	3.7	592	7.0	3 667	7.0	5 175	3.5
Gates	2 355	.5	97 461	1.2	28 524	1.1	18 912	1.1	799	4.2
Graham	1 865	4.6	1 366	9.0	87	11.5	359	6.7	695	5.2
Granville	15 821	2.4	251 926	.7	8 114	2.0	10 912	1.2	4 786	2.7
Greene	2 302	2.9	46 4 15	.3	50 465	1.3	37 288	1.1	270	3.1
Guilford	20 080	1.4	121 438	2.7	5 593	2.6	11 330	1.6	10 221	2.4

#### Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

<sup>1</sup> Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

	Land in f	ərms	Value of la buildi		Harvested c	ropland	Value of <b>c</b>	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D ollars ( 1 ,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standərd error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)
Halifax	248 951	0.8	108 120	0.9	105 744	0.6	30 456	0.7	7 550	0.3
Harnett	188 352	1.7	112 283	1.4	67 586	.9	30 278	.9	4 047	.9
Haywood	90 977	1.8	69 164	2.0	9 634	2.0	2 902	1.8	3 891	1.8
Henderson	73 067	3.4	62 6 10	1.4	23 009	1.2	8 298	1.5	4 155	1.0
Hertford	103 558	2.0	53 476	2.0	48 118	1.4	15 808	1.6	1 173	4.0
Hoke	84 813	2.5	33 209	2.5	37 828	1.9	7 998	1.8	3 762	.8
Hyde	91636	.6	39 839	.8	53 304	.8	10 277	.8	2 467	2.3
Iredell	177 528	1.1	102 151	1.0	48 248	1.2	4 095	1.5	26 987	.9
Jackson	21 341	3.3	14 829	2.9	2 372	3.6	354	4.5	313	2.1
Johnston	291 955	.7	195 764	.9	131 637	.7	55 993	.6	15 209	.9
Jones	90 779	2.4	45 165	1.8	39 497	1.3	13 898	1.3	1 258	1.4
Lee	67 277	4.0	39 237	3.0	14 599	2.5	6 633	1.9	2 375	4.8
Lenoir	168 966	.9	121 219	.8	84 592	1.0	36 741	.8	9 507	.4
Lincoln	81 759	1.6	41 898	2.1	30 890	1.9	2 931	2.4	5 866	.9
McDowell	28 626	3.5	17 443	3.8	4 377	3.4	419	7.5	1 130	5.2
Macon	34 559	2.7	26 676	2.6	5 567	3.0	555	2.6	1 856	2.0
Madison	119 162	1.5	58 940	1.7	10 534	1.6	4 124	1.6	2 080	1.3
Martin	160 457	1.0	102 545	9	72 430	.9	29 443	.9	4 181	2.1
Mecklenburg	50 321	2.9	53 436	2.6	13 974	2.8	881	2.8	3 729	4.8
Mitchell	36 336	3.6	23 401	4.0	3 809	4.1	1 031	3.1	. 569	7.5
Montgomery	49 313	2.4	21 853	2.2	11 507	4.2	2 4 10	3.7	9 627	1.3
Moore	116 304	1.5	61 622	1.7	21 152	1.5	8 3 15	1.8	22 5 19	1.0
Nash	200 566	1.4	141 592	.9	77 919	.7	38 600	.8	11 249	.6
New Hanover .	20 166	2.8	10 328	3.0	4 434	4.6	1 0 1 6	4.4	292	2.2
Northampton .	210 376	.8	99 710	.7	97 128	.9	23 210	.8	5 068	2.3
Onslow	85 09 1	2.1	45 459	1.4	35 885	1.5	12 160	1.4	6 3 1 6	.3
Orange	87 812	1.4	54 919	1.5	27 744	1.5	5 582	1.8	7 132	.5
Pamlico	46 130	4.5	20 027	2.2	24 132	1.0	6 296	.8	793	2.4
Pasquotank Pender	63 021 102 162	.7 2.3	46 575 51 51 1	1.0 1.6	49 693 39 670	.8 1.4	14 430 10 706	.6 1.3	1 747 6 354	.8 1.2
Perquimans	78 454	1.1	46 976	1.1	54 236	.9	12 168	.9	3 322	3.4
Person	131 587	1.3	40 370 59 875	1.3	28 787	.5	14 901	1.3	2 646	2.0
Person	228 802	.7	186 379	.7	126 813	.6	58 843	.6	13 763	.3
Polk	27 569	4.8	14 382	4.0	5 293	5.2	532	.0 7.8	1 565	1.3
Randolph	180 744	1.3	106 469	1.2	50 220	5.2 1.8	6 816	1.7	34 406	.8
Richmond	75 595	1.6	32 599	1.6	22 203	2.0	5 331	1.4	7 238	.8
Robeson	319 056	.8	181 887	.7	171 944	.7	58 138	.7	9 130	.8
Rockingham	176 903	1.5	96 948	1.6	33 036	1,1	18 678	1.2	3 37 1	1.7
Rowan	130 534	1.2	71 017	1.3	46 807	1.0	3 965	1.3	8 652	1.1
Rutherford	83 256	2.3	37 228	2.2	17 341	2.7	1 654	3.5	3 493	2.3
Sampson	301 837	.8	164 598	.7	132 725	.7	47 411	.7	29 587	.4
Scotland	107 513	1.2	40 469	1.6	45 627	1.8	8 1 1 2	1.3	5 659	.2
Stanly	116 936	1.2	62 471	1.4	53 662	1.5	7 998	1.5	10 725	.6
Stokes	141 451	2.3	66 75 1	2.1	22 103	1.4	14 399	1.2	1	.7

# Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and c farms		Chickens 3 n and older c		Hogs and farm		Corn harves purp		Hay ha	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Halifax	15 027	0.9	71 070	0.2	37 320	1.5	31 777	0.6	2 481	2.5
Harnett	9 0 3 8	1.7	32 018	.6	23 816	1.6	20 991	1.4	1 795	5.6
Haywood	20 192	1.7	9 940	1.2	1 749	2.7	2 538	2.2	4 959	2.1
Henderson	11 901	1.8	2 659	9.8	921	15.2	8 290	2.2	3 434	2.4
Hertford	1 6 2 3	11.3	1 200	5.2	8 375	2.6	18 365	1.6	333	4.4
Hoke	3 763	6.7	1 134	6.1	12 781	1.1	3 756	1.8	1 160	10.9
Hyde	6 507	1.6	710	24.9	8 598	5.1	25 408	.9	501	8.8
Iredell	41 000	1.2	1 070 112	2.8	2 070	12.3	16 261	2.2	14 281	1.4
Jackson	4 070	3.5	1 834	7.6	752	3.2	429	4.5	1 517	4.9
Johnston	18 033	1.4	213 883	2.6	90 956	1.1	58 686	.8	2 961	2.3
Jones	2 334	9.7	2 134	5.6	8 713	1.7	18 067	1.7	237	17.1
Lee	5 247	4.3	1 697	4.9	5 69 1	19.1	3 144	2.8	1 529	4.4
Lenoir	5 279	1.0	175 826	.4	36 103	1.0	46 150	1.0	1 040	6.6
Lincoln	13 796	2.6	156 391	2.9	775	9.4	5 690	2.1	4 851	2.8
McDowell	4 288	3.4	14 512	(1)	827	5.6	1 881	3.3	1 598	5.0
Macon	6 844	3.3	18 839	1.1	713	3.9	1 850	5.1	3 203	4.1
Madison	16 247	1.7	7 295	3.9	816	5.0	2 903	4.0	5 447	1.6
Martin	6 767	3.1	4 33 1	6.4	29 102	2.7	28 038	1.0	1 212	6.6
Mecklenburg	11 429	3.6	3 632	7.6	782	11.9	3 941	4.1	4 390	4.0
Mitchell	4 917	4.7	1 745	6.4	428	6.5	515	6.0	2 470	6.0
Montgomery	3 884	2.5	(D)	(D)	6 755	2.4	3 533	3.4	1 258	4.0
Moore	6 938	2.4	91 643	2	10 992	5.7	5 694	2.4	2 949	3.4
Nash	7 914	2.5	449 416	.0	26 277	2.2	27 219	.9	1 786	3.1
New Hanover	422	17.1	15 178	.0	327	.0	2 257	9.3	144	9.6
Northampton .	6 008	9.8	97 921	.1	38 673	1.1	26 408	1.0	877	4.2
Onslow	2 454	2.2	(D)	(D)	23 899	1.2	15 308	1.5	249	2.6
Orange	15 258	1.3	130 836	1.1	6 018	6.0	10 305	1.3	5 07 1	2.4
Pamlico	793	6.2	56 780	9	837	14.9	6 539	1.3	88	1.7
Pasquotank Pender	2 486 2 323	4.1 2.6	1 675 214 396	4.8 1.0	7 676 10 020	.9	18 675	1.0	163	.4
	2 323	2.0	214 390	1.0	10 020	2.5	16 571	1.5	518	7.8
Perquimans	2 288	4.1	3 69 1	6.3	30 599	3.9	19 525	1.0	459	3.1
Person	7 525	2.1	117 208	3.9	6 794	2.7	9 387	1.7	2 455	2.1
Pitt	8 836	1.2	613 636	.1	56 04 <b>1</b>	1.3	60 106	.8	1 197	3.2
Polk	4 015	5.0	57 861	.1	457	3.2	1 399	9.6	2 266	7.7
Randolph	28 2 <b>3</b> 4	1.5	529 804	5.2	18 821	6.2	18 940	1.2	9 778	3.3
Richmond	3 3 3 8	1.4	54 816	.1	2 369	4.0	2 478	3.6	1 778	2.2
Robeson	5 922	2.4	140 712	.2	41 926	2.0	54 794	.7	2 055	3.9
Rockingham	11 041	1.6	88 939	.2	2 30 1	5.9	7 573	1.9	5 563	2.3
Rowan	25 080	1.5	147 726	4.9	4 094	5.9	11 290	1.3	9 1 1 0	1.8
Rutherford	13 619	2.9	67 200	0.7	1 295	5.7	3 595	3.1	5 255	4.2
Sampson	12 992	1.7	530 623	1.0	118 602	2.4	58 058	1.6	2 226	.7
Scotland	6 15 1	1.0	(D)	(D)	29 484	.4	5 469	6.4	3 627	1.3
Stanly	20 597	2.3	656 304	.7	9 122	3.4	10 853	1.8	6 237	1.7
Stokes	10 290	2.3	95 849	.2	5 03 1	1.3	5 702	3.7	5 427	2.1

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

<sup>1</sup> Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

	Land in f	ərms	Value of land and buildings		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	•••••
County	Acres	Standard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error
	Acies		(1,000)	(percent)	ALIES		(1,000)		(1,000/	(percent)
Surry	159 822	1.2	93 455	1.1	35 528	1.2	18 667	1.0	12 943	1.0
Swain	9810	3.9	5 535	6.0	902	7.9	135	17.2	148	4.3
Transylvania	16 165	7.2	12 754	6.2	3 908	8.7	402	15.0	475	7.2
Tyrrell	37 979	.8	18 462	1.8	20 651	.9	4 893	.8	1 3 1 1	2.3
Union	220 384	1.0	157 776	.9	106 831	.9	13 943	.9	42 0 10	.6
Vance	85 4 13	2.7	42 689	1.7	23 222	1.3	11 977	1.1	1 560	2.2
Wake	204 443	1.7	174 460	1.7	65 798	1.0	31819	1.1	10 5 1 3	1.0
Warren	105 931	2.2	39 884	2.7	23 184	1.3	8 177	1.6	1 318	1.5
Washington .	97 633	.7	56 195	.7	66 27 1	.6	12 794	.6	2 087	1.5
Watauga	63 868	1.9	35 6 10	2.3	7 055	2.3	1 556	1.9	3 142	3.0
Wayne	206 487	.8	141457	.7	117 593	.8	44 049	.8	22 494	.4
Wilkes	128 021	1.1	81 003	1.0	19 859	1.5	3 5 17	1.9	60 706	.4
Wilson	144 411	1.1	116 063	1.0	77 159	.8	41 794	.8	3 227	.7
Yadkin	124 912	1.3	85 428	1.7	45 131	1.4	15 335	1.6	10 591	1.7
Yancey	52 264	2.0	27 968	2.0	4 787	1.8	1 753	2.4	1 193	1.5

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

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	Cattle and ca farms		Chickens 3 m and older o	1	Hogs and farm		Corn harve: purp		Hay har	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Surry	23 272	1.1	536 126	2.0	5 203	2.2	14 101	1.6	8 537	2.1
Swain	948	5.2	1 098	16.9	185	15.6	289	10.7	432	11.7
Transylvania	4 293	5.7	10 669	( <sup>1</sup> )	1 097	20.3	2 287	13.3	1 206	4.4
Tyrrell	1 262	3.0	7 302	1.2	7 853	3.1	8 2 3 8	.8	23	20.4
Union	27 605	1.2	235 742	2.1	19 430	1.9	13 879	1.3	6 903	3.2
Vance	5 195	3.0	3 764	7.6	7 250	2.0	3 175	2.6	1 868	4.2
Wake	15 4 14	1.8	318 672	2.7	14 921	4.8	16 358	1.1	3 892	2.3
Warren	8 664	2.1	3 955	4.8	4 959	2.9	4 962	3.0	2 732	3.3
Washington	5 894	1.2	6 774	1.2	15 085	1.8	28 7 12	.7	457	6.3
Watauga	11 47 1	2.0	17 499	.6	359	5.9	972	4.8	4 878	2.9
Wayne	8 374	1.4	417 478	.5	60 086	.7	69 085	.9	990	2.8
Wilkes	27 092	1.3	2 454 085	.9	2 514	6.3	6 218	3.3	9 465	1.8
Wilson	2 9 1 6	4.5	24 009	.5	21 061	.9	37 985	.8	353	4.2
Yadkin	20 000	1.6	461 927	10.4	3 383	8.4	19 085	1.7	6 30 1	2.3
Yancy	7 40 1	1.6	4 254	4.5	909	(1)	1 273	2.3	2 30 1	3.0

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

<sup>1</sup>Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

# APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

	[	Specified exclud	ed agricultural	operations, 1974	4	Form	ns with sales un	der \$1,000, 19	69
		1		id age of operat					
Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)			on farming	Occupation	other than ning				
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Totai	Class 6	Port time	Part retirement
Farms and Land in Farms									
Forms numbe	9 283	1 709	1 289	5 196	1 089	33 333	7 655	16 989	8 689
Land in farms acre	1 100.0	18.4	13.9 61 861	56.0 190 942	11.7 41 503	100.0	23.0 422 786	51.0 903 547	26.1 501 280
Average size of farm acre	s378 094 s41	49	48	37	41 503	55	55	53	58
Value of land and buildings\$1,00	267 433		37 476	152 697	27 706	629 843	139 036	337 461 19 864	153 346 17 648
Average per farmdollar Average per acredollar	s 28 809 s 707	28 996 591	29 074 606	29 387 800	25 442 668	18 895 345	18 163 329	373	306
Forms by value of form: \$1 to \$9,999	2 663	566	400	1 381	316	13 233	3 450	6 106	3 677
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$39,999	2 234	403	301 336	1 220	310 253	9 450 7 166	2 041 1 385	4 924 4 093	2 485 1 688
\$40,000 to \$69,999	1 271	227	157	744	143	2 475	550 137	1 316 313	609 127
\$70,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over	<b>409</b> 332	66 69	51 44	251 193	41 26	577 432	92	237	103
Owned and rented lands by farm operators:							-		
Land ownedformform	s 437 674	102 221	1 264 72 571	5 078 214 587	1 072 48 295	31 819 1 916 485	7 196 454 031	16 182 926 919	8 441 535 535
Land rented or leased from othersfarm acre	s 703	197	60 2 148	405	41 840	4 369 117 836	1 169 36 237	2 469 68 407	731 13 192
Lond rented or leased to othersfarm	s 3 033	765	461	1 434	373	9 101	2 312	4 297 91 779	2 492 47 447
ocre	s 75 456	25 722	12 858	29 244	7 632	206 708	0/ 482	71 //9	4/ 44/
Land in Farms According to Use									
Total croplandfam acri			1 123 15 100	4 513 53 472	974 11 333	30 279 622 787	6 853 141 627	15 490 313 320	7 936 167 840
Harvested croplandfarm	s 4 510	737	660	2 549	564	22 644	5 082	11 467	6 095
Forms by acres harvested:		2 100	1 919	7 739	1 709	163 086	35 599	83 864	43 623
1 to 9 acres 10 to 19 acres	4 390 120	729	645 15	2 476 73	540 24	16 536 4 652	3 748 994	8 295 2 434	4 493 1 224
20 to 29 acres		-	-		-	1 080	244	547	289
30 to 49 acres			-		_	333 42	82 14	172	79 9
100 acres and over		~	-	-	-	1		-	1
Cropland used anly for pasture or grozingfarm acre		742	599 7 387	2 694 29 829	548 6 518	16 200 237 293	3 431 52 717	8 524 121 496	4 245 63 080
Other cropland (see text)farmfarmfarm		403 7 038	372 5 794	1 227 15 904	248 3 106	12 997 222 408	2 822 53 311	6 674 107 960	3 501 61 137
Woodland, including waadland posturefarm		958	819	3 079	710	22 686	4 925	11 782	5 979
Other land (see text)farm	s 186 375	41 675 1 252	32 153 984	91 740 3 965	20 807 830	817 500 23 838	191 630 5 229	408 468	217 402 6 387
acre	s 93 307	23 606	14 608	45 730	9 363	387 326	89 529	181 759	116 038
Irrigated landfarm acre		28 65	15 285	39 97	-	140 632	46 309	55 232	39 91
Race and Tenure of Operator									
All farm operators:									
Full owners			1 232	4 798	1 050	29 186	6 563	14 614	8 009
Part owners		108 76	32 25	264 134	22 17	2 539 1 608	591 501	1 531 844	417 263
White form operators: Full owners	7 795	1 309	1 066	4 474	946	25 980	5 543	13 409	7 028
Part owners	356	78	26	235 112	17 13	2 153 1 203	468	1 338	347
Black and other races (see text):			10				350	083	170
Full owners Port owners	70	30	166 6	324 29	104 5	3 206 386	1 020	1 205	981 70
Tenants	64	31	7	22	4	405	151	161	93
Farm Operator Characteristics'									
Farm operators by age group: tinder 25 years	115	41		74		307	107		
Under 25 years 25 to 34 years	777	177	-	74 600	-	386 2 239	137 401	249 1 838	-
35 to 44 years45 to 54 years	2 124		-	1 165	-	5 069 8 242	1 027 2 298	4 042 5 944	-
55 to 64 years65 years and over65 years and over	2 448		1 289	1 707	1 089	8 708 8 689	3 792	4 916	-
Average age		49.8	71.8	47.8	71.6	54.9	51.9	47.4	8 689 72.3
Farm operators by place of residence: On farm aperated	4 314	479	611	0.000	(05	00 070			
On another form	625	367	54	2 529	695 30	20 959	4 531	10 324	6 104
In a rural area not on a farmin a city, town, or urban area		115 29	16 24	262 328	28 43	6 626	1 688	3 870	1 068
Farm operators reporting days of work off farm	8 364	1 158	1 032	5 122	1 052	_) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
None		598 560	877 155	430 4 692	612 440	(NA) 22 866	(NA) 2 830	(NA)	(NA)
1 to 49 days50 to 99 days	646	184	59 15	302 135	101	2 755	1 643	16 989	3 047
100 to 149 days	279	76	32	130	67 41	1 620	1 187	2 000	433
150 to 199 days 200 days and over	382 4 220	41 156	6 43	263	72 159	5 249 15 242	-	2 803 14 186	446
Form operators by principal occupation:							-	14 100	1 036
Forming	2998	1 709	1 289			(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

1974 data apply only to individual or family operations (sale proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

		Specified exclude	ed agricultural a	operations, 1974		Fan	ms with sales un	der \$1,000, 196	i9 <sup>.</sup>
		8	occupation an	d age of operato	or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition)		Occupatio		Occupation form	other than				
	Tato	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Totol	Closs 6	Part time	Part retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics <sup>1</sup> – Continued									
Farm operators by aff-form income: Reporting any Off-form income equal to or greater than value of farm products sold Off-farm income less than value of farm products sold Not reporting or reporting none	4 73	954 93	724 652 72 565	2 907 2 598 309 2 289	616 534 82 473	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Farms by Size									
1 to 9 acres 10 to 49 acres 50 to 69 acres 70 to 99 acres 100 to 139 acres 140 to 179 acres 180 to 219 acres 220 to 259 acres 260 to 499 acres 500 acres and over Value of Products Sold	5 24 60 35 17 8 4 7	5 831 9 156 1 120 7 90 5 43 3 12 2 19 9 19	219 687 141 115 49 36 14 5 18 5	978 3 062 480 310 188 82 40 13 35 8	172 666 122 56 30 14 17 5 7	3 810 17 243 4 348 3 417 2 189 958 495 281 469 123	1 170 3 799 929 725 489 192 118 81 111 41	1 758 9 127 2 226 1 696 1 075 492 224 100 232 59	882 4 317 1 193 996 625 274 153 100 126 23
Market value of all agricultural products sold (see text)\$			305	1 190	250	12 260	2 918	6 136	3 206
Average per formd forms by value of agricultural products sold: Under \$250 \$250 to \$499 for a pop	5 57	6 1 035 3 279	237 765 248	229 3 107 1 066	230 669 210	368 14 068 7 210	381 3 114 1 616	361 7 287 3 694	369 3 667 1 900
\$500 to \$999f			276 455	1 023	210 403	12 055	2 925 4 267	6 008 8 613	3 122
\$ Nursery and greenhouse productsf	1,000 1 40 arms 9	5 280 6 7	203 12	751 62	171 15	7 782	1 987	3 747	2 048
Forest productsf	1,000 4 orms 9 1,000 1	5 12	5 10 2	28 57 10	6 16 3	565 88	105 18	262 40	198 30
Livestock and livestock products f		7 316	267 89		204 66	- 11 200 4 389	2 323 912	5 817 2 349	3 060
Poultry and poultry productsf \$	arms 17 1,000 2		56 6	65 8	26 4				
Production Expenses									
Total farm production expensesf	arms 8 93		1 180	5 117	1 067	33 333	7 655	16 989	8 689
\$ Forms with expenditures of \$1 to \$499	1,000 5 40		656 598	3 155 2 369	569 540	25 505 17 008	6 457 3 763	13 495 8 231	5 552
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 and over	3 57	6 608 4 169	474 99 9	2 064 595 89	430 91 6	8 525 7 800	1 898 1 994	4 538 4 220	2 089
Livestock and paultry purchased	arms 2 78		339 55	1 689 343	362 54	9 141 2 110	1 913 <b>436</b>	5 039 1 267	2 189 406
Feed for livestock and poultry f	1,00051 forms599 1,000113	8 916	758 136	343 3 621 687		14 395 2 536	2 977 546	7 876	3 542 578
Commercially mixed formula feedsf		8 857	628 620 80	2 730 2 712 370	562 590 80	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
	1,000 14	9 33	<b>399</b> 17	1 815 85	337 15	13 251 638	3 089 154	6 948 348	3 214 136
	1,000 52	B 96	807 65 130	3 656 303 709	759 65 119	25 741 3 330 12 766	5 826 771 3 034	13 184 1 808 6 817	6 731 751 2 915
Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil for the farm business f	1,000 7	4 21 B 1 427	1 003 1 23	41 4 598 514	5 880 100	697 29 683 3 641	190 6 834 973	369 15 414 1 775	138 7 435 893
Hired form laborf	arms80 1,00025		95 30	441 109	77 19	10 538 2 877	2 693 959	5 299 1 370	2 546 549
Contract laborf		1 11	7	79	4 (Z)	- 10 666 1 286	2 389 306	5 731 709	2 546 271
Machine hire and customworkf		235	182 14	766	107 8				
Other production expensesf	arms 6 43 1,000 1 68		848 207	3 680 994	738 165	19 584 8 389	4 516 2 122	10 128 4 437	4 940 1 830
Farm-Related income and Expenses									
	1,000 1 63	643	244 219	957 590	233 186	(NA) (NA) 1 475	(NA) (NA) 397	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) 384
	1,000 23	122	21 10	119 63 20	13 36	785	397 307 74	694 361 129	384 117 69
Recreational servicesf Government farm programsf	,000 2	3 (Z)	52	26 256	2 41	224 8 695	130 1 852	73 4 441	21 2 402
Rent of farmland or from lease or sale of allotmentsf	1,000 6 arms 1.38	3 3 5 345	12 193	44 659	4 189	3 201 (NA)	723 (NA)	1 589 (NA)	889 (NA)
\$1 Other form-related sourcesf	1,000 1 28 arms 3	) 4	197 -	428	144	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
\$1 Expenses for farm-related income sourcesf	,00033	120	85 36	29 234 180	1 69 50	(NA) , (NA) , (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)

1974 data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	Г		Specified exclude	ed agricultural (	operations, 1974	· <u> </u>	Form	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 190	59
	F		8)	occupation an	d age of operat	or				
Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultura operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Ferm Definition)			Occupatio		Occupation farm	other than				
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Totol	Class 6	Port time	Port retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobiles		7 192	1 261	934	4 131	866	21 019	4 671 5 945	11 469 15 544	4 879 5 979
Motortrucks, including pickups	number forms	8 323 6 505	1 455 1 104	1 015 838	4 911 3 795	942 768	27 468 16 748	3 841	9 092	3 815
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers	number forms	6 722 6 651	1 176 1 164	857 865	3 912 3 851	777 771	18 171 19 730	4 215 4 435	9 900 10 486	4 056 4 809
Wheeltractors, excluding gorden tractors and motor tillers	number forms	7 161 6 619	1 304 1 161	964 863	4 064 3 824	829 771	24 342 (NA)	5 596 (NA)	12 939 (NA)	5 807 (NA)
Crawler tractors	number	7 112	1 301	955	4 030 34	826 3	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	number	49 42 45	3 23 26	9 8 8	34 9 9	3 2 2	(NA) 337 351	(NA) 93 100	(NA) 169 175	(NA) 75 76
Cornpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers	forms	64	20	10	30	4	531	136	267	128
Corn heads for combines		70 40	26 18	10 8	30 12	4 2	560 (NA)	146 (NA)	286 (NA)	128 (NA)
Other compickers and picker-shellers	number forms	42 28	20 6	8	12 18	2 2	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Mower conditioners	number farms	28 119	6 19	2 10	18 69	2 21	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup balers	number forms	124 99	21 22	11 10	71 59	21 8	(NA) 1 288	(NA) 267	(NA) 779	(NA) 242
Windrowers, pull and self-propelled	number	99 48	22	10 7	59 27	8	1 303 (NA)	269 (NA)	789 (NA)	245 (NA)
Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	number	48 21 31	11 2 5	7 2 2	27 10 12	3 7 12	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Estimated market value of oll machinery and equipment		8 610	1 466	1 097	5 001	1 046	29 610	6 802	15 419	7 389
Farms by value of machinery and equipment:	\$1,000	58 345	10 830	7 609	33 431	6 475	74 848	18 064	40 954	15 829
\$1 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$4,999		245 2 238	27 359	42 239	143 1 323	33 317	8 070 18 060	1 956 3 930	3 524 9 982	2 590 4 148
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999		5 352 680	906 141	706 98	3 099 390	641 51	2 576 642	665 174	1 440 336	471
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999		73 14	23 3	6	40 5	4	- 262	77	137	48
\$50,000 and over		8	7	-	i		]			-
Livestock and Poultry										
Livestock and poultry inventory:										
Cattle and colves	number	2 398 9 296	282 1 121	302 990	1 533 6 148	281 1 037	13 437 90 512	2 588 16 447	7 330 52 654	3 519 21 411
Cows and heifers that had calved	number	1 695 5 179	213 712	212 551	1 101 3 438	169 478	9 336 34 576	1 823 6 326	5 041 19 995	2 472 8 255
Beef cows	number	1 231 4 304	133 538	123 414	855 2 960	120 392	6 311 27 944	1 146 4 815	3 763 17 174	1 402
Milk cows	number	619 875	109 174	98 137	345 478	67 86	4 034 6 632	914 1 511	1 798 2 821	1 322 2 300
Hogs and pigs		923	189	177	479	78	6 547	1 679	3 172	1 696
Litters of pigs forrowed between December 1 of preceding	number	3 985	998	739	1 979	269	47 807	13 440	23 443	10 924
year and November 30	forms number	378 792	98 200	77 153	172 354	31 85	2 692 8 174	734 2 203	1 266 3 987	692 1 984
Sheep and lambs	forms number	36 305	5 75	2	27 191	2 28	203 2 204	43 498	103 1 230	57 476
Horses and ponies	forms number	1 008 2 473	103 282	88 164	743 1 861	74 166	4 745 10 365	932 2 013	2 807 6 403	1 006 1 949
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	993 20 881	158 3 690	222 5 103	462 9 192	151 2 896 j	5 872 152 997	1 437 39 078	2 298 57 042	2 137 56 877
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	916 17 697	145 3 344	209 4 505	422 7 267	140 2 581	5 340 131 968	1 285 33 475	2 094	1 961 49 395
Broilers and other meat-type chickens		77 846	16 193	6 129	48 498	7 26	118 2 539	35 35 911	47 078 39 968	49 393 44 660
Other livestock and poultry		596	89	96	340	71	2 936	724	1 295	917
Livestock and poultry sald: Cattle and colves	forms	920	118	122	570	110	7 458	1 364	4 094	2 000
Hogs and pigs	number	2 534 562	301 150	317 95	1 621 269	295 48	26 674 3 199	4 942 848	14 846 1 513	6 886
Feeder pigs sold	number	5 142 153	1 230 32	964 36	2 411 63	537	45 256 1 117	11 365 267	22 744	838 11 147
Sheep and lambs	number	1 979	410	404	824 14	341 2	21 853	4 689	573 12 132	277 5 032
Horses and ponies	number	210 134	21 6	- 4	14 175 118	14	124 1 254	33 314	62 707	29 233
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	265	13 10	4 4 17	237	6 11 9	316 598 255	57 97 58	206 395 74	53 106
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	2 840 58	1 158	481 17	782 24	419	14 767 234	2 863	6 571	123 5 333
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	number	2 548	1 128	481	520	419	13 993	52 2 402	6 521	113 5 070
Other livestock and paultry	number	11 126	7 18	9	4		15 3 423	1 299	1 280	3 844
Crops Harvested		120	18	Ŷ	89	10	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
•	6									
Field corn for all purposes	ocres	1 426 2 850	254 561	235 454	746 1 422	191 413	10 054 43 963	2 376 11 219	4 762 21 048	2 916 11 <b>6</b> 96
For grain or seed	farms acres bushels	1 388 2 781 141 960	251 553 27 737	228 442 23 036	719 1 377 70 310	190 409 20 877	9 557 40 794 1 671 419	2 263 10 371 428 863	4 490 19 486 810 446	2 804 10 937 432 110
Cut far siloge, green chop, or dry fodder, or hogged or grazed		40	3	7	27	3	691	159	367	165
	acres	69	8	12	45	4	3 169	848	1 562	759

[		Specified exclude	d agricultural o	perations, 1974		Form	ns with sales u	ider \$1,000, 196	59
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural		Ву	occupation an	d age of operato	or	·····•			
operations quolifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupatio	n forming	Occupation farm					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years ald	65 years old and over	Totol	Class 6	Port time	Port retirement
Crops Harvested – Continued					:				:
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirupforms	79	12	18	45	4	596	111	321	164
ocres For grain or seedforms acres	291 54 218	69 9 54	44 16 42	166 29 122	12	3 044 269 1 695	493 62 343	1 791 128 872	760 79 480
Cut for silage, green chop, dry forage or hay, or hagged	8 210	1 598	1 332	5 280	-	52 722	13 354	26 043	13 325
or grazedforms ocres	25 73	3 15	2 2	16 44	4 12	338 1 349	50 150	198 919	90 280
Wheat for grainfarms acres	204 661	45 146	34 104	97 322	28 89	2 263 11 459	475 2 581	1 091 5 708	697 3 170
bushels Other small grains for graintarms acres_	20 897 153	4 357 16 72	3 607 24	10 261 101	2 672 12	343 042 1 872	76 690 342	171 270 942	95 082 588
Soybeans for beansforms acres	619 666 2 183	143 473	87 88 315	424 352 1 179	36 83 216	10 289 3 596 25 761	1 863 818 5 919	5 439 1 893 14 067	2 987 885 5 775
bushels Hay and grass silage, excluding sarghum hay	40 827	9 115	6 025	21 225	4 462	530 086	121 502	291 639	116 945
(see text)formsacres	1 295 5 245	128 499	186 683	808 3 312	173 751	8 760 51 901	1 533 9 062	4 724 28 206	2 503 14 633
tons Cottonforms acres	6 630 23 53	618 13 21	820 2 2	4 287 8 30	905	60 793 (NA) (NA)	10 455 (NA) (NA)	33 381 (NA) (NA)	16 957 (NA) (NA)
boles Peanuts for nutsforms	35 68	21 21 24	2	12 33	- 3	(NA) 646	(NA) 182	(NA) 270	(NA) 194
ocres pounds	72 136 129	26 63 928	8 14 387	35 53 248	3 4 566	1 393 1 494 466	379 398 205	675 729 209	339 367 052
Tobaccofarms ocres	735 214	147 45	108 31	401 115	79 24	5 990 3 367	1 710 958	2 740 1 543	1 540 866
pounds farmsfarms	399 896 387	84 197 57	55 823 70	215 056 204	44 820 56	5 265 799 	1 465 497 765	2 414 018 1 382	1 386 284 1 071
ocres_ hundredweight_ Sweetpatatoesformsforms	80 8 583 110	10 778 11	11 1 234 23	46 5 031 55	13 1 540 21	1 160 (NA)	322 (NA)	455 (NA)	383 (NA)
acres bushels	22 2 995	225	3 458	14 2 008	3 304	j			
Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for salefarmsacresacres	213 143	20 15	37 25	128 87	28 17	1 549 1 963	378 498	672 806	499 660
Berries for sale forms acres Land in orchords forms	35 18 105	22	10 6 10	16 6 74	7 5 9	258 151 1 347	46 23 261	117 70 727	95 58 359
All other crapsfarmsfarms	54	8	4	37	5	2 902 (NA)	760 (NA)	1 422 (NA)	720 (NA)
 Greenhouse products under glass or other protection	12 52	23	2 3	7	2 7	2 988 36	575 13	1 631 17	782 6
squore feet	22 384	2 050	686	17 908	1 740	10 417	4 089	5 776	552

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# **APPENDIX C. Report Forms**

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.-SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

# 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation – for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help. A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1989 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other fairmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

Incert Phanello

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is re-quired by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are from legal immune process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

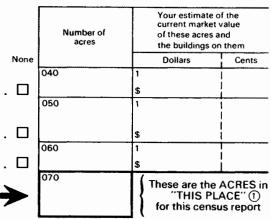
Section 1 Did you receive mo	re than one report form?				1		r			
VES — See separate Instructions NO — Go to Section 2	Ei nu	nter extra file Imber(s) here								
Section 2 FARMING, RANCI	HING, OR OTHER AGRI	CULTURA	LACT		TIES	SIN	19	74		
								YES		NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, p	produce, or sell ANY amount of	any of the ite	ms liste	d belo	ow?.	• • •	•••	1 🔲		2
<ul> <li>Crops</li> <li>Hay, pasture, sod</li> <li>Vegetables, melons, mushrooms</li> <li>Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cattle (including feedlots)</li> <li>Hogs, sheep, goats, horses</li> <li>Poultry, eggs</li> <li>Dairy products</li> <li>Forest products on farms</li> </ul>	:	<ul> <li>Greent</li> <li>nursen</li> <li>Fish in</li> <li>Fur-be</li> <li>in capt</li> <li>Other a</li> </ul>	y proc capti aring ivity	lucts vity anim	als	ies			
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise o contractors such as feed companies	r produce any agricultural prod s, processors, or packers?	ucts for						YES 1 🔲		NO 2 🔲
<ol> <li>Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, or</li> </ol>								י 🗆		2
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricultu	ral purposes	in 1974	7				י 🗖		2
<ol> <li>Did you own any livestock or poulti under a share agreement or custom</li> </ol>					•••			1	l	2
► If you answered YES to ANY o	f <b>these questions</b> , go to Sect	ion 3.								

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

Section 3	>	ACREAGE in	1974 a	and	LAND	VALUE
Section 3	>	ACREAGE	1974 (	and	LAND	VALUE

Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, wasteland, idle land, house lots, etc.

- ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).
- TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" () (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)
  - (1) "THIS PLACE" means your farm or ranch, feedlots, poultry houses, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural operations.



5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

News	Address	Number of	Rental arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply					
Name	(No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements		
		081	<sup>1</sup> ים	2	3	4 🗆		
		082	1 1	2	3	4 🗌		
		083	י' 🗆	2	3	4		

List additional landlords on back cover.

#### 6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter.

	Name	Address	(No. and street, city, State	, ZIP code)	No. of acres		
					085	1	
					086		015
					087		
	List additional renters on back cover.	back cover.       087         d or leased from others (item 2 above), how many tor sublease to others? (Include land rented or was worked on shares by others.)       None       Number of acres       Current market value         088       1         may be able to skip most of this form if —       088       1         All the land you owned or rented was worked on shares or rented to someone else.       There were no crops or livestock in 1974 on the acres in "THIS PLACE" (item 4 above).         The land you operated prior to 1974 has been sold to someone else.       b, or c apply to your operation, please read the Instructions before continuing with report.         ION OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY         Principal County name         State, and number       Other         Other       092					014
7.				Number of acres			<u> </u>
				088	1 \$		013
S	<b>READ</b> If a, b, or c apply to your this report.	ted prior to 1974 r o <b>peration, ple</b> a	has been sold to son ase read the Instruc	neone else.			012
4	In what county was the largest value of you		County name	Stat	e No. of acres	1	011
1.	agricultural products raised or produced?				091		0
	(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties			092		
	If you have agricultural operations in any other county(ies), enter the county				093		010
	name(s), etc., on the lines provided for "Other counties.")				094		
2.	Location of place within principal county entered above. (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)	Name of locat	tion			CENSUS	ONLY

READ AND ANSWER THIS QUESTION THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS	any hay	1974 did you ; have any nu s or specialty rds, groves,	crops;	greenhous or have any	se		- Skip	Section to page 8 PLETE Se	and		
Section 5 Was any FIEL	D CORN h	arvested fo	or any p	purpose f	rom this p	ace in 19	974?				
YES — Complete this section	7 <b>•</b>	Report sweet when you rea			and popcorn	in Section	16				
🔲 NO — Go to Section 6			·	harvested	Quanti	ty harvested		Acres ir	rigated		
<ol> <li>Field corn for grain or seed ( of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight. 70 lbs. e</li> </ol>	either <b>bushel</b> s ar corn or 56 l	<b>s or</b> bs.	101	{	1 OR	Bushels		2			
shelled corn = 1 bushel she	lled corn)		102			Shelled Tons,	dweight	2			
2. Field corn for silage or green	chop		102		•	green v	veight	2			
3. Field corn cut for dry fodder, include acres already reporte	hogged or gra ed in items 1 o	nzed (Do not n 2.)	103								
			A	cres	Dry fert	lizer	Liqu	uid or gas fe	rtilizer		
			L	tilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths		
4. Commercial fertilizer used o	n field corn		109		1	/10	2		/10		
Section 6 Were any SO (Include both grad	in and sweet v	ari <mark>eties</mark> . Do no Report sorgh	ot report oum-suda	sorghum-s an crosses i	nis place in Sudan crosses for hay in Sec ach those sec	in this sect tion 10 and		m for			
🗌 NO — Go to Section 7				harvested		ty harvested		Acres in	rigated		
1. Sorghums (milo) for grain or seed ( <i>Report quantity</i> harvested in either <b>bushels or pounds.</b> )		111	{	1 6 0R	Busi		2				
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	n chop		112		1		Tons, green weight				
			113		1	Tons, 2 dry weight					
<ol> <li>Sorghums cut for dry forage</li> <li>Sorghums hogged or grazed acres already reported in ite</li> </ol>	l (Do not inclu	de	114					2			
			Acres		Dry ferti			uid or gas fe			
			fer 119	rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Who 2	ole tons	Tenths		
5. Commercial fertilizer used o						/10			/10		
Section 7 Were any SO from this place	ce in 1974?	PEANUTS,	DRY	BEANS, d	or DRY PE	AS harve	sted				
$\square$ NO — Go to Section 8						Commercia	al fertilize	used			
	Acres harvested	Quanti harvest		Acres irrigated	Acres fertilized	Dr	· · · · ·	Liquid			
0	121	1		2	3	Whole tons	1 ,	Whole ton 5	s Tenths		
1. Soybeans for beans $\overset{\textcircled{0}}{\cdot}$	122	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
<b>2</b> . Peanuts for nuts $3, \ldots$	123		Pounds 100-lb.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10		
3. Dry field and seed beans	124		bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
4. Dry lima beans		ľ	100-lb. bags				/10		/10		
<b>5</b> . Dry field and seed peas $\overset{(4)}{\cdot}$ .	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
<b>6</b> . Cowpeas for dry peas $5$ .	126	1	Busheis	2	3	4	/10	5	/10		
<ol> <li>Soybean hay is to be re</li> <li>Peanut hay is to be report</li> </ol>			ybeans I	nogged or g	razed, cut for	silage, or p	iowed u	nder in S	ection 16.		

(4) Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.

(5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

# Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

						Commerci	al fertilize	r used	
		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
	None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat		131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat		132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat		133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat		134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat		135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
6. Oats for grain		137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
7. Barley for grain	_	138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain		139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	1/10
9. Mixed grains	_	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed		141	1 Bu,	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat		142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
12. Proso millet		143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
<b>13</b> . Rice (Report quantity harvested in either		144	1 100-lb. OR	2	3	4		5	   
100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)		Ì	7 OR Bu. Barrels				/10		/10

# Section 9 Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section

□ NO — Go to Section 10 on next page

Report tenths of								Commercial fertilizer used					
acres where	} .	Acres	Quantity harvested		Acres irrigated		Acres fertilized		Dry		Liquid or gas		
indicated.	'	al vosteu							Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
1. Cotton	151		1	Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
	152	1,	1		2	1,	3	1,	4	1 /	5	· ,	
2. Tobacco — all types		1 /10		Pounds		1/10		1 /10		/10		1 /10	
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153	/10	1	Hundred- weight	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10	
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1	Busheis	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10	
-	155		1	Ť	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
<ol><li>Sugar beets for sugar</li></ol>	156		1	Tons	2		3		4		5	710	
6. Sugar beets for seed	150			Pounds	2		Ĵ		•	/10	5	/10	
7. Sugarcane for sugar <sup>6</sup>	157		1	Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158				2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
a. Jugarcane for shup	159				2		3		4		5	/	
9. Sugarcane for seed										/10		/10	

(6) In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

#### Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, or GREEN CHOP cut or harvested Section 10

from this place in 1974? (Include hay cut from pastures.)

YES — Complete this section

NO - Go to Section 11

If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" from the same fields, report the acreage in the appropriate items under **Part A — Hay** and **Part B — Grass Silage** below.

■Part A DRY HAY	·····	<u> </u>			
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report	Acres harvested	(Repor dry or gre	harvested it either en weight, icated)	Acro arriga	
total tons from all cuttings.)	172	1	Tor		
1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating	173	1	dry Tor	ns, 2	
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay .			dry		
3. Small grain hay	174	1	Tor dry	ns, 2	
	175	1	Tor dry	ns. 2	
<b>4.</b> Lespedeza for hay <b>.</b>	176	1		ns. 2	
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay	• • •		dry		
<b>6</b> . Wild hay	177	1	Ton dry		
7. Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc	178	1	Ton dry	1	
Part B GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AND GREEN CH					
(If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or		ł			
"green chop" w <b>ere</b> made from the same acres, report acres only once, but r <b>epo</b> rt total tons from all cuttings.)	181	1	-	2	
8. Grass silage and haylage			Tor gree	1	
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)		1	Ton gree		
r		Dry fertiliz		Lieuid es s es f	antilizar
	Acres fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Liquid or gas f Whole tons	Tenths
11	89	1	, 2	2	1 ,
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above		<u> </u>	/10		/10
Section 11 > Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legun	ne, clover, etc.)	harvested f	rom thi	s place in	1974?
YES — Complete this section		Quantity ha	rvested	<u> </u>	
NO - Go to Section 12	Acres harvested	(Report in clean se	oounds,	Acri	
	191	1		2	
<b>1.</b> Red clover seed	•	1	Poun	nds 2	
2. Alfalfa seed	. 192		Poun	1-	
<b>3.</b> Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. from list below.)					
Crop nameNo		1	Pour	2 nds	
	-	1	Pour	2	
Crop name No List additional field seed crops harvested on back cover.	_ l <u></u>		Four		
Crop name No. Crop name Austrian winter peas . 193 Ryegrass seed: Ann	ennial. 206 207 208 209 seed: 211 212 213 214 215	Crimson clove Ladino clover Sweetclover s White clover Red top seed Hairy vetch se Vetch seed, o All other seed bluestem, car (Write name of	er seed	erc	. 217 . 218 . 219 . 221 . 222 . 223 . 223 . 224 . 225
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds	Acres fertilized	Dry fertili:		Liquid or gas	
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same	235	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
acreage was reported in Section 10 )			1/10		! /10

/10

# Section 12 Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section

□ NO — Go to Section 13 on next page

For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 through		Acres h	arvested 7		Acres	
August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other States	For fresh r	narket	For process	sing (8)	irrigated	
report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructi	ons Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths
for additional guidelines on filling this section.)	241	i ,	1	1	2	1
1. Sweet corn		1 /10		1 ho	1	1 /10
	242	i,	1	1	2	
2. Tomatoes		1 /10		¦ ho		! /10
	243	i .	1	i	2	1
3. Cucumbers and pickles		1 /10		/10		1 /10
	244	Ι,	1	i ,	2	1
4. Watermelons	• - • •	1 /10		1 /10		10
	245	i ,	1	ļ ,	2	i ,
5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpe	as	1 ho		10		1/10
	246	i,	1	į ,	2	<u> </u>
6. Snap beans, bush and pole		/10		10		/10
7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and No		1		i		i
from list below.)			1		2	
Vegetable name No No		/10		/10		/10
		1 /	1		2	! /
Vegetable name No		/10		/10		/10
			1		2	! /
Vegetable name No No		/10		/10		/10
			1	! /	2	
Vegetable name No No		/10		/10	2	/10
			1	1	1 -	
Vegetable name No No		/10		/10		/10
			1		2	
Vegetable name No		/10		/10	2	/10
		6	•		-	1
Vegetable name No		/10		1 /10		/10
		1 /10	1	1 /10	2	/10
Vegetable name No		/10		/10		/10

List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover.

Vegetable name No.	Vegetable name
Artichokes	Chicory
Asparagus	Collards
Beets	Cowpeas (blackeye and
Broccoli	other green cowpeas).
Brussels sprouts	Eggplant
Cabbage	Endive
Cantaloups and	Escarole
Persian melons	Garlic
Carrots	Honeydew melons
Cauliflower	Kale
Celery	Lettuce, head

Vegetable name					No.
Lettuce, romaine.	•	•	•		. 272
Lettuce, other	•		•	•	. 273
Lima beans			•		. 274
Muskmelons		•			. 275
Mustard greens .					. 277
Onions, dry	•		•		. 278
Onions, green					. 279
Okra				•	. 280
Peppers, sweet .		•	•	•	. 281
Peppers, hot			•		. 282
Pimientos					

•			•	284 288 286
				28
•				
				201
			•	287
				288
	am	ame	ame on	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

	Acre	s	Acre	S	Acres		Commercial fertilizer used			
8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even	harves	ted	irrigated		fertilized		Dry		Liquid or gas	
though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice. Report all fertilizer used.)	299	/10	1	/10	2	/10	3	ho	4	/10

(2) When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

No. . 260 . 262

. 263 . 265 . 266 . 267 . 268 . 269 . 270 . 271

(8) Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

#### Section 13 Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fruit trees, including citrus, grapevines, and nut trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

YES — Complete this section

NO — Go to Section 14

Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

	Acres in tree	Acres in trees and				Commercial fertilizer used					
	vines of all ages		irrigated		Acres fertilized		Dry		Liquid or	gas	
1 Lord in bearing and perhapsing	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
<ol> <li>Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other</li> </ol>	301		1		2		3	/	4		
groves, vineyards, and nut trees		/10		/10		/10		/10		/10	

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hail, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	of bearin	a age	в	earing a	qe	
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Quantity harvested (Report tenths where specified)
	302		1	2	Ϊ.	3	4
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		i /10			1/10		Pounds
	303		1	2	1,	3	4
3. Apples, standard		i /10			1/10		Pounds
	304		1	2	1.	3	4
4. Peaches, clingstone		i /10			1/10		Pounds
	305		1	2		3	4
5. Peaches, freestone		1/10			1/10		Pounds
	306	1	1	2	1	3	4
6. Pears, Bartlett		i /10		1	1/10		Pounds
	307	-	1	2		3	4
7. Pears, other than Bartlett		1/10			1/10		Pounds
	308	1	1	2		3	4
8. Cherries, tart		1/10			1/10		Pounds
	309	1	1	2	1	3	4
9. Cherries, sweet		1/10		1	1/10		Pounds
		1			1	(	4 , Tons
<b>10</b> . Grapes	310		1	2		3	/10 fresh
<b>10</b> . Grapes		j /10			/10		5 Tons. /10 dry
	314	-	1	2	<u>+</u>	3	4
11. Plums		1/10	:		1/10		/10 fresh
		1		1	+		4 Tons
	315	i ,	1	2	i,	3	/10 fresh
<b>12</b> . Prunes		1/10			1/10		5 Tons
For citrus, report quantity harvested	320	1	1	2		3	4
in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.		1/10	-	[-	1/10	, C	Boxe
13. Valencia oranges	321	1 10	1	2	1710	3	4
14 Nevel erecas		1 10		-	1/10	5	
<b>14</b> . Navel oranges ,	322	1/10	1	2	1/10	3	Boxe 4
	522	1/10		-	11.	5	
<b>15</b> . Temple oranges	323	1 /10		2	1/10	3	Boxe
16. Other oranges — Hamlin,		1		1	11.		
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc	324	1 /10	1	2	1/10	3	Boxe:
		1		1	i ,	3	
17. Grapefruit		1 /10			1 /10		Boxe

(9) Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

# Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col. (f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list bei	ow	Not	of bearing (c)	g age		Bearing a (d)	ige		Quantity harvested		of mea ark (X) a (f)		Average capacity of boxes
Name (a)	No.   (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		(e)	Lbs.		Boxes	in pounds (g)
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3	6
	T		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3	6
<u></u>	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5	2	3	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3	6
<u></u>	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		510	2	3	6
<u></u>	- <del>+</del>		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51□	2	3	6
• CITRUS	CROPS	<u> </u>	No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No.		• NUT CRO	PS		N	0.
Kumquats Lemons . Limes (1 b Tangelos . Tangerines Other citru: Section 14 V	ushel = 50 and mand s fruit trees		325 326 327 328 329 329 330	Dates Figs ( Mang Necta Pome Olives Other and GR	rines. granates noncitrus fi EENHC	ruit trees			Filberts and h Pecans, impre Pecans, wild Pistachio - Tung nuts (in Walnuts (Eng Walnuts, plar Other nut tree S, SOD, BU	byed and seedi husk) hish or Pe nted black es	ng . rsian) FLO\	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	43 44 45 46 47 51 51
0	r other	protect					wn for sa	ale o	VEGETAB				<u> </u>
YES — Comple						Square	feet under gla		Acres in the o	open	sa	value Iles durir	or 1974 1
$\square$ NO $\_$ Go to S	ection 15	5 on next	page			or oth	er protection		Whole acres	Tenths		ollars	Cents
1. Nursery produ	icts — ti	rees, shru	bs, vine	es, etc		371			1	/10			-
2. Sod harvested	1 <i>.</i>					372			1	/10			
<b>3</b> . Bulbs						373			1	/10			
4. Cut flowers, fi other florist pl					or	374			1	/10	2 \$		
5. Flower seeds, plants ( <i>Repol</i>	vegetab	le seeds,	and veg	jetable		384			1	/10	2 \$ 2		
6. Vegetables, ir	cluding		a. To	omatoes		385					\$		
mushrooms, g glass or other			<b>b</b> . Ci	ucumbers		386				)   	2 \$		
g			c. Le	ettuce		387				1	2 \$		
			d. M	lushrooms		388					2 \$		
				ther vegeta	ables	389	-			) 	2 \$		ľ

7. Area irrigated (Include items 1 through 6e.) ....

	Area fertilized			Dry fertiliz	:er	Liquid or gas fertilizer		
	Square feet	Acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
8. Commercial fertilizer used on the crops listed above	399	1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	

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(1) Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.

1 Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested f	or sale fr	om this	s pla	ace in 19	974?				
YES — Complete this section			Acres	arvested		Quan	tity harve	ested		Acres	rigated
NO — Go to Section 16			Whole acr		hs			1 ½ pounds)		Whole acres	
			402	1	/ 1	1				2	1
1. Strawberries		• • • • •		/ _/	10			Pou	unds	2	1 /10
<b>2</b> . Cranberries			403	i	, ['	1			O-Ib.	2	i /
3. Other berries (Enter crop name					10			ba	rreis		<u>i /10</u>
list below.)				i							i
					1	1				2	
Crop name	No			1	10			Pou	Inds		1/10
	10	·			1	1			I *	2	/10
Crop name	No			/	10			Pou	inds		/10
List additional berry crops ha				-							
Crop name No Blackberries and			No.		nam nberr	10 ries	No.		ounab	ame perries	No.
dewberries 40	4 Currant:	s	408	Rasp	berrie	es, red 🔒 🔒	. 412	A	ll othe	er berries	415
Blueberries, tame 40 Blueberries, wild 40		erries	409	назр	Derrie	es, black	. 413			crop name on 3 above.)	line
			[	Acres fertil	ized		Dry fertil	izer	T	iquid or gas f	ertilizer
			Wh	ole acres	Ter	nths Who	le tons	i Tenth	s I	Whole tons	Tenths
			429		1	/ 1		<u> </u>	2		
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be						/10		/1	0		/10
Section 16 Vere any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted from	n this p	plac	e in 197:	47				
YES — Complete this section		[		1			Comr	nercial f	ertilize	er used	
NO — Go to Section 17	Acres		uantity	Acre		Acres	Т	Dry		Liquid o	r gas
	harvested	ha ha	rvested	irrigat	ed	fertilized	Whole	tons   T	enths	Whole tons	Tenths
	431	1	Pound	s, 2		3	4			5	<u>,</u>
1. Popcorn		l	shelled	1					/10		1 /10
<b>2</b> . Safflower	432	1	Pound	s 2		3	4		/10	5	/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1		2		3	4		1	5	
<b>3</b> . Sumower seed	434	1	Pound	s 2		3	4		/10	5	1/10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	<b>[</b> '	Bushe	1		3	4	ł	/10		1/10
5. Mint for oil	435	1	Pound	s 2		3	4		1	5	
	436	1	of oil Tons o	+ 2		3	4	<u></u>	/10	5	/10
6. Broomcorn		· .	brush			°			/10	Ŭ	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop								i			
name and No. from list below.)				2		3	4			5	!
Crop nameNoNo								į	/10		/10
Сгор				2		3	4		/	5	
nameNo	L			··:			I		/10	1	/10
List additional crops harvested on a			<b>N</b> -	C				6		_	
Crop name No. Castor beans 437	Crop name Guar		No. . 443	Crop nam Root crop		feed	No. 449		o name et corr	en for seed	No.
Chufas for nuts	Hops					ad		Tritic	ale.		455
Cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage 439	Lentils Mungbeans for			Soybeans			451			ns for beans.	
Crambe	Mustard seed. Rapeseed					for silage red under				loil	
	hopeseed	••••	. ++0	3099660113	piow		400	(Writ	te crop	o name on lin	
								in ite	m 7 a	bove.)	
Section 17 Vere any FOR	EST PROD	DUCTS	sold from	n this p	blac	e in 197	4?				
YES — Complete this section							L		Val	ue of sales	
NO — Go to and COMPLETE See	ction 18								Dolla	irs	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees							4	491 5			
								492			<u>†</u>
2. Firewood and fuelwood	• • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • •		•••		L L	\$ 493			
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs							$\dots \lfloor $	\$			1
A Dulmunad								494			1

 4. Pulpwood
 \$

 5. Other forest products (bark, bolts, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, fence posts, maple products, etc.)
 \$

Section 18 LAND USE IN 1974 — COMPLETE			
1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4, page 1-	501	Acres	
► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 197 ONCE — in the first use listed below that app was harvested and pastured is to be reported of	74, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY objects. For example, cropland that	Number of acres	Acres irrigated
a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crop and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and	os were harvested or hay was cut.	502	1
<ul> <li>b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Include rot land that could have been used for crops without add</li> </ul>	tation pasture and grazing	503	1
<ol> <li>C. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-impigrasses, but not harvested and not pastured</li> </ol>	rovement	505	1
d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage	t report here land in orchards	506	1
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow		507 509	1
f. Cropland idle			
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber a. Woodla	and pastured	511	
tracts and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.)	and not pastured	512	
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any pasturela other than cropland and woodland pasture.)	and	514	],
a. Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied lime, for			ľ
improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of weeds and		515	
<ul> <li>b. Other pastureland and rangeland</li></ul>		516	
wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported above.)			
<b>6. TOTAL ACRES</b> (Please add the acres reported in items 2 the total in this space. Should be the same set of the total in this space.		IN''THIS PLACE	IRRIGATED
519 7. Do you have any grazing permits on a per-head basis?	1  Forest Service	4 🗌 Other Feder	al or State
□ YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply	2 🔲 Taylor Grazing (BLM)	5 $\Box$ Other — Sp	
<b>NO</b> — Go to Section 19	3 🔲 Indian Land		
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in this place I		S—Answer items ) — Answer item ;	
1. How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these n		r	irrigated in 1974
a. Furrows or ditches			
b. Flooding		··· □ 524	
c. Subirrigation			
d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling g	_	527	
e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel I	ines, tow lines, etc.) $\ldots$	··· 🗆 L	
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate additional information on estimating quantity of water use	ed.)	Water used i	n 1974 enths
2. Please estimate the a. Acre-feet (One acre-foot c	1		/10
quantity of water used       one acre, one foot deep).         for irrigation in 1974       b. Gallons (Pumping capacity minutes X hours operated)	y per minute X 60	2	Gallons
units of measure most c. If acre-feet or gallons cann	53	3	Total inches
3. If no land was irrigated in 1974, was there any land in this place irrigated at any time in 1970-1973?	a. What was the most rece	ated?	Year
YES — Complete a and b — → NO — Go to Section 20 on next page	<b>b.</b> How many acres were irrigated in that year?	536	Acres

Section 20 Was any land or	this place ARTIFIC	CIALLY DRA	INED?		
YES — Complete this section					
NO - Go to Section 21					Acres artificially
1. How many acres in this place were underground tile drains, grading for Exclude drainage solely for the rem	r drainage, dikes, or pump	oing to control w	ater.	None	541
2. How many acres were artificially di	•			🛛	542
	IERCIAL FERTILIZ				
YES – Complete this section					
NO - Continue with NOTE below	/	Acres	Dry fertilize		uid or gas fertilizer
1. How many acres of <b>cropland used</b> <b>pasture</b> in 1974 (reported in Section item 2b) were fertilized?	on 18,	fertilized	Whole tons	/10 2	nole tons Tenths
2. How many acres of other pasturel (reported in Section 18, item 4a) v		552	1	/10 2	/10
NOTE: READ AND ANSWER THIS QUESTION	Did you or anyone else poultry, or animal spec in 1974? (Include fish	cialties on this	place 🗌 NO	— Skip to	Section 22 below page 13 and LETE Section 27
	POULTRY such as ( any time in 1974?	CHICKENS, 1	TURKEYS, D	UCKS, e	tc.,
YES — Complete this section					
NO — Go to Section 23					
<ul> <li>Report hatchery ope turkey poults, etc., in</li> </ul>	rations such as baby chic Section 26.	ks,		NTORY	Total number of
1. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTERS for t	able eggs and hatching e	gg production		n this place r 31, 1974 1	birds sold in 1974
a. Hens and pullets of laying age	kept for TABLE or MAR	KET egg produc		1	
b. Hens and pullets of laying age l	cept for HATCHING egg p	production			
c. Pullets 3 months old or older no	t yet of laying age				<u></u>
d. Pullet chicks and pullets und	er 3 months old (Exclud	le commercial br			· · ·
e. Roosters and male chickens (all	male breeding stock)	· · · · · · · · · · ·		1	
2. BROILERS, fryers, and other meat	type chickens, including (	capons and roast	ters		
<ul><li><b>3.</b> TURKEYS</li><li><b>a.</b> Heavy breed turkeys for slaughter</li></ul>	er (Exclude breeaers.)		611	1	
<b>b</b> . Light breed turkeys for slaughter	(Exclude breeders.)			1	
c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding 4. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivi					
Fowl name				1	
Fowl name		No			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fowl name		No		'	
List additional poultry on back o	over				
Ducks 614 Pigeo	name         No.           ons or squab         616           sants         617	Fowl name Quail All other poultry	No. 618 619 (Write	name on line i	n item 4 above.)
			1	Value	of sales

\_

Section 23 Did you or anyone else	have any CATTLE or CALVES	S on this place	in 1974?			
YES         Complete this section				NTORY		
NO Go to Section 24			Number or	n this place		
INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			December 631	131, 1974		
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b,	c and d below )		1			
			632			
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had	1 calved.)					
			633			
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and	milk heifers that had calved.)					
	((1) For beef purposes and beef co	w replacement				
c. Heifers and heifer calves (Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacement		635	635		
	(12) For mix cow replacement	• • • • • • • • • • •	636			
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calve			030			
			· · · · L			
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this	place in 1974					
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a co	ntract or custom basis.		Value of s			
Also, report cattle moved from this place t feeding as sold; report both the number an		Total number sold in 1974	before taxes and Doilars	Cents		
See separate Instructions.)		641		- Cents		
2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds			\$			
	_	642	1	1		
<b>3</b> . Cattle including calves weighing 500 pour	nds or more	643	5			
<ul> <li>a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were grain or concentrates for 30 days or mo</li> </ul>			s	ł		
_			······	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this pla		1	lue of oducts sold			
<ul> <li>Report goat dairy products in Section 26</li> </ul>	when you reach that section.	Dollar				
4. What was the gross value of sales of dairy from this place in 1974, before taxes and		649 • • • \$				
Section 24 Did you or anyone else	have any HOGS or PIGS on t	his place in 19	74?			
YES - Complete this section			L			
NO Go to Section 25 on next page			INVEN Number on	this place		
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974			December 651	31, 1974		
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b	below]		1			
			652			
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bre	eeding		653			
b. Other hogs and pigs			· · · L			
LITTERS FARROWED		None Number of lit	tters			
2. Litters farrowed on this place between -		654				
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974	•••••	655				
b. June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974						
<b>D</b> . Julie 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974	г					
		Total number	Value of sales taxes and exp			
	None	sold in 1974	Dollars	Cents		
HOGS AND PIGS SOLD		556	1	1		
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974	••••••	557	S	1		
a. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many we	ere	557	S	1		
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding	ل لــ	· · · · ·	1			

Sec	tion 25 Did you or anyone else have any SH	EEP o	r LAMBS (	on th	ns p		9/4	<u>{</u>	
	YES — Complete this section				Nur	INVENTORY	ace	Total num in 19	
	NO Go to Section 26				1	cember 31, 19		1	
1.	Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c below.)								
					662				
	a. Lambs under 1 year old								
					663				
	b. Ewes 1 year old or older								
	,,,				664				
	c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older			• • •				<u></u>	
			<b>N</b>	666	<b>N</b> I		1. 0.	ounds of woo	Leborn
2			None	665	Numi	ber shorn		unus or woo	il shorn
Ζ.	Sheep and lambs shorn		••••				I		
						Value	of sa	lles	
						Dollars		Cents	
	What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lambs, and					669		1	
	wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses?					\$			
Sec	tion <b>26</b> Did you or anyone else have any OTH	HERL	IVESTOCI	K or	ANI	MAL SPE	CI/	ALTIES	on this
	place in 1974?		· · · · ·				<b>-</b>		
	YES Complete this section		INVENTOR Number or		Tota	I number sold		Value of	sales
	NO - Go to Section 27		this place Dec. 31, 19			in 1974		Dollars	Cents
			671		1		2		- <b>i</b>
1.	Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)	• • • • •	672		1		\$ 2		
<b>2</b> .	Ponies of all ages				·		s		
3	Mulas hypros, and dealery of all agos		673		1		2		1
Э.	Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages		674		1		2		1
4.	Mink and their pelts	••••	675				S		1 
	a. Mink females used for breeding		075						
5.	Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry hatched					<u></u>	1		1
	(Enter name and No. from list below.)				1		2		1
	Name No				·		s		1
					1		2 \$		1
	Name No				1		2		
	Name No No						\$		_i
	Other Livestock in Captivity,	, Bees, an	d Poultry Hatch	ned		<b></b>			>
	NameNo.NameColonies of bees		No. 679		lame	nd their pelts.		No.	
	Angora goats	ts	681	F	oultry	hatched		684	4
	Milk goats	pelts	682	4 ب	ul othe	er livestock	•••		5
			under water	Т		antity sold		Value of s	ales
		for fish	production		IN .	1974		Dollars	Cents
6.	Livestock or animal products (Enter name and			1			1		
	No. from "List A" below.)				OR-	Pounds		2	
	Name No No			3	_011-	Callera		\$	1
7.	Fish in captivity	<u></u>	Tenths [	1		Gallons	$\frac{1}{1}$		
	(Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)				~ ~	Pounds		2	
	Name No		/10]	3	OR			\$	Ì
				L		Number	1		
	List A — Livestock Products		🖕 List B — Fis	h in Ca	ptivity	/			<b>`</b>
	Name No. Name		No.	N	lame			No	•
	Mohair sold         687         Catfish           Goats milk sold         Frout         Frout		691	T	ropica	l fish		69	4
	Goats milk sold			C	ner fi	sh	•••	69	5

List any additional livestock, livestock products, animal specialties, or fish on back cover.

Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on [ (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973)		J/4	
COMPLETE THIS SECTION			
Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974			
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and impler	nents usually kept	Estimated ma	arket value
on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, the plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipments and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	actors, combines, upment including	Dollars 701 \$	Cents
SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	4 manufa 4 the last (1970-1	ANY were ctured in 5 years
2. Automobiles	702	1	
	703	1	<u>*</u>
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	704	1	
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers			
5. Crawler tractors	705	1	
	706	1	
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	707	1	
7. Corn heads for combines			
	708	1	
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers			
9. Mower conditioners	709		
	710	1	
10. Pickup balers			
	711	1	
<b>11</b> . Windrowers — pull and self-propelled ( <i>Exclude side delivery rakes.</i> )	712		
<b>12</b> . Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	/ 12	1	
Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTI	0N		· ····
this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	one 1der 1,000 bushels 200-4,999 bushels 200-9,999 bushels 2,000-24,999 bushe 2,000-49,999 bushe 2,000 bushels and o	(25-124 tons) (125-249 ton els (250-624 t els (625-1,249	) is) tons) 9 tons)
2. How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.)	None 722	Number	r of artificial pits, etc
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Whole acres	Tenths
	723		1
a. Area covered when filled to capacity			1 /1

\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Cattle (live)

Hogs (live)

Other - Specify

/10

<ul> <li>FUTURES MARKET — Did you utilize the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities which you produce?</li> <li>1 YES — Mark which commodities</li> <li>2 NO — Go to Section 29 on next page</li> </ul>	725       1       Corn (grain)       7         2       Sorghums (grain)       8         3       Soybeans (grain)       9         4       Wheat (grain)       9         5       Cotton       6         6       Potatoes       7
---	--

Section 29 Did you have any CONTRACT or BINDING AGREEMENT to produce or market any farm products on this place in 1974? (Include oral and written agreements made more than 30 days prior to delivery.)								
	□ YES —Complete this section □ NO — Go to Section 30							
1. Mark (X) as m No. 1   1 2   2 3   0 4   1 5   1 6   1 2. For each pro	duct name t, citrus, nuts for h market t, including citrus, processing ar beets er crops, such as hops, corn, potatoes, safflower, arcane, etc. (Write product e on line A1 below.) ed and complete the							
remaining en	tries in the colu	mn (items l	B through G) for that					
A. Product(s) under c	ontract	1. Product	FIRST CONTRACT	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT		
Enter name and No item 1 above		name						
nem i above		2. No.	731	732	733	734		
<b>B. Type of contract</b> Mark (X) one of these items for each product under contract	<ol> <li>Production (</li> <li>Marketing (K</li> <li>Production, i feeding, and</li> <li>Other</li> </ol>	2) 3) Including	1 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 []	1 1 2 3 4				
C. Type of contractor Mark (X) one of	1. Co-op		2 1 [] 2 ]	$2$ 1 $\square$ $2$ $\square$	$2$ 1 $\square$ $2 \square$	2 1 🗌 2 🗌		
these items for each product under contract	<ol> <li>Feed compar</li> <li>Packer</li> <li>Processor</li> <li>Other</li> </ol>	ΥΥ	2 3 4 5	2 3 4 5	2 3 4 5	2 3 4 5		
D. Items furnished by contractor under terms of contract Mark (X) for as many items as apply for each product under contract	<ol> <li>Feed</li> <li>Chicks, pullet feeder pigs, et</li> <li>Seed</li> <li>Fertilizer</li> <li>Chemicals</li> <li>Labor</li> </ol>		3 1 2 3 4 5 6	3 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6	<sup>3</sup> 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
	<ol> <li>Machinery, e or buildings</li> <li>Harvesting</li> <li>Transportation</li> </ol>		7 8 9	7 8 9	7 [] 8 [] 9 []	7 [] 8 [] 9 []		
	<ol> <li>Processing/p</li> <li>Credit</li> <li>Credit ass</li> <li>Technical ass</li> <li>Other</li> <li>None</li> </ol>	-	4 10 11 12 13 14	4 10 [] 11 [] 12 [] 13 [] 14 []	4 10 11 12 13 14	4 10 11 12 13 14		
E. What percent of the was sold under con		this product	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent		
F. 1. Amount received product covered b	oy contract?		6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$		
<ol><li>Did this payment market value of the</li></ol>			7 1 🗌 Yes 2 🗌 No	7 1 🗌 Yes 2 🗌 No	7 1 🗌 Yes 2 🗌 No	7 1 🗌 Yes 2 🗌 No		
G. Did the contract specify — Mark (X) one	<ol> <li>Exact price?</li> <li>Method of determining price</li> <li>Neither price no</li> </ol>		8 1 2 3	8 1 2 3	8 1 [] 2 [] 3 []	8 1 2 3		

(2) Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor

(3) Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.



PAYROLL AND EMPLOYMENT - Did you have any paid workers doing agricultural labor, employees of labor contractors or crew leaders, or other salaried employees working on this place in 1974?

$\Box$	YES	_	Complete this	section
$\Box$	NO		Go to Section	31

Please read before answering items 1, 2, and 3 below Hired farm or ranch workers — In addition to farm workers and paid family members, include such persons as bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance people, etc., whose employment is primarily associated with agricultural production on this place even though they may not be doing agricultural labor. Do not include unpaid family workers or the proprietors or partners of unincorporated places.

Cash wages paid — Report gross payments in 1974 to employees before deductions for Social Security, taxes, insurance premiums, etc. Include all wages, salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay. Do not include room and board, house rent, or other items paid in kind.

For each of the following groups, report how many hired farm or ranch workers were employed and the amount of cash wages paid to them.	Number of	Cash wages paid		
cush wuges paid to them.	workers	Dollars	Cents	
1. Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how many worked—	751	1	+	
a. 150 days or more?		s	i	
,	752	1	+	
<b>b</b> . 25–149 days?		\$	i	
	753	1	+	
c. Less than 25 days?		s	i	
2. Contract workers hired through a crew leader or contractor		754		
a. What was the cost of contract labor?		\$	i	
	755		decent.	
b. How many workers did the contractor furnish? (Estimate if necessary.)				
3. Salaried corporation officers	756			
a. If this operation is incorporated, how many corporation officers were salaried in 1974?				
		757	i	
b. What was the amount paid?		5		

Section 31 INJURIES AND ILLNESSES CONNECTED WITH FARM OR RANCH WORK — Were there any work connected injuries that required more than first aid treatment, or work connected illnesses or death to workers on this place in 1974? (Do not include deaths, injuries, or illnesses to employees of contractors.)

YES Complete this section		
NO — Go to Section 32 on next page	Operator and unpaid family workers	Hired workers and paid members of operator's family
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses	761	1
a. How many workers had injuries or illnesses without lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
	762	1
b. How many workers had injuries or illnesses with lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
(1) How many days were lost as a result of all injuries	763	1
and illnesses?	Days	Days
	764	1
<b>2</b> . Number of deaths	Number	Number

Page 15

### Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME, Section 32 or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974?

Π	YES	Complete	this	section
---	-----	----------	------	---------

□ NO — Go to Section 33

Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. If custom applied, report only estimated cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For each item listed, report acres only once, but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpose chemicals were used, report acreage treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.

1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbici	de	Number of acres	Cost of cher (Do not inc cost of appl	lude
insecticide, nematocide) to control —		on which used	Dollars	Cents
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)		771	1 \$	
<ul> <li>b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.).</li> <li>c. Nematodes in crops</li> </ul>		772	1 \$	
		773	1 \$	
			1 \$	
e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence a	and post emergence.)	775	1 \$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture		776	1 \$	
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road s	ides, etc.)	777	1 \$	
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or	thinning of fruit	778	1 \$	i I
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings			779 \$	T
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)		782	1 \$	
<ul> <li>Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanipesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc.</li> </ul>	tation,		783 \$	+
6. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1 a thr total here and in Section 34,	ough 5 and enter		784 \$	 

### Section 33 > FARM CREDIT

1. DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE --- Were there any real estate mortgages. deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.)

YES — Answer a, b, and c

2

No land owned — Go to item 2

	Amount (principal o December 31,	
	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, an insurance	791	i –
company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit association	\$	
<ul> <li>Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment</li> </ul>	792	1
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above	\$	İ
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the property or to	793	1
others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)	\$	i
2. DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages,		

NO — Go to item 2

sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business?

YES — Answer a, b, and c 🛛 🗌 NO — Go to Section 34		
	Amount <i>(principal o</i> December 31 ,	
	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit	795	1
association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies	\$	[
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	796	1
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)	\$	<u> </u>
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals	797 \$	

Page 16

Section 34	Production EXPENSES paid by	you and o	thers f	or this place	in 1974	4	
COMPLETE THIS SECTION	- Include your best estimates of expense for production of crops, livestock, and o expenses connected with performing o businesses or services, and household	other agriculti ustomwork o	ural prod ff this pla	ucts on this plac ace, operation o	ce. DO NO f non-farr	OT INCLUDE	
						Production ex	xpenses
						Dollars	Cents
	and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho					801	
-	bats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul				•••••	\$ 802	
	d purchased for livestock and poultry — gra ncentrates, etc. ( <i>Total dollars for a, b, c, and</i>					\$	
		Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
comple include	ercially mixed formula feeds purchased — ete, supplement, concentrates (Do not e ingredients purchased separately, such	803		1			
	bean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)		/10	\$			
cotton	ients purchased — such as soybean meal, seed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other byproducts ( <i>Do not include whole grains.</i> )	804	/10	5			
	grains purchased — such as corn, oats,	805	+	1	1		
barley (Inclue	, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. de cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds er milling byproducts, or green chop.)				1		
0/ 01/1		806	/10	\$1			
d. Hay, g	reen chop, silage, etc		/10	\$			
<ul> <li>services,</li> <li>4. Seeds, bit</li> <li>5. Commerce and gyps</li> <li>6. Total gas</li> </ul>	ealth costs for livestock and poultry (Include serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) . ulbs, plants, and trees purchased cial fertilizer purchased — all forms, includir um (Report custom application costs in iten oline and other petroleum fuel and oil purch el, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, keros	ng <b>rock phos</b> p n 9 below.) ased for the f	hate 	ness —		\$ 808 \$ 809 \$ 811	
grease, e	tc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.)			Estimated expe	nditures	\$	
		Storage car for farm	use	for farm use in	n 1974		
		(Gallons		Dollars 1	Cents		
a. Gasolii	ne for the farm business			\$			
b. Diesel	fuel for the farm business	813		1 \$	ĺ		
	, butane, propane for the usiness (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon)	814		1 \$	1		
	oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and for the farm business • • • • • • • • • • • • •			815 \$		821	
7. Hired farr	n labor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1a, 1b,	and 1c,	and enter total	here.)	\$	
8. Contract	abor (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, in	tem 2a.)				\$	
9. Machine l equipment	hire and customwork (Include expenditures t and for customwork such as grinding and g, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, o	for this place mixing feed, p	for use o plowing,	f		824 \$ 826	
11. All other as depred	ral chemicals purchased (Copy dollars repor production expenses (Include OTHER curren iation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, of water, ato, for the farm business.)	nt operating e repairs, electr	xpenses ricity,	п 6.) <b></b> such		\$	
,	of water, etc., for the farm business.) RODUCTION EXPENSES including expension or others (Add dollars in items	enses paid by	/ landlor	ds, contractors nter total here	; <b>→</b>	829 S	

Section 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in and expenses (See separate Instructions.)		
COMPLETE THIS PAGE	Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or	Estimated va products s	
	contractor's share, estimating if necessary.	Dollars	Cents
1. Grains	- corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans,	832	1
grain sor	ghums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		
2. Cotton a	nd cottonseed	833 \$	
		834	1
		0.25	
<ol><li>Field see</li></ol>	ds, hay, forage, and silage	<b>`\$</b>	
5. Vegetabl	les, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)	836 \$	1
		837	1
	ld crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, tatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane,		
	mint for oil, hops, etc. — Specify	\$	i
7. Fruits nu	its, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,	838	
peaches,	pecans, pears, pineapples, etc.	\$	į
8. Nurserv a	and greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in	839	1
Section	14, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)	\$	
9. Forest pr	oducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)	849 \$	1
	nd poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks,	852	
turkeys,	etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)	\$	i
11. Cattle an	d calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 —	853	
do NOT	nclude item 3a — and enter the total here.)	\$	i
12. Dairy pro	ducts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4.	854	
Report g	oat dairy products in item 15 below.)		Í
13. Hogs and	d pigs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)	855 \$	
i el riege and		856	
14. Sheep, la	ambs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)	\$	i i
15. Other live	estock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products,	857	
	tc. (Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)	\$	1
16. TOTAL	VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or	859	1
	tor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)	\$	<u> </u>
Section 36	>INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1	974	
Part A -	- INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES	Farm-related i	ncome
	Report amount received before taxes and expenses. None	e Dollars	Cents
1. Customy	vork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing,	871	1
planting,	spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-		

# Section 35 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974, before taxes

1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing.       871         planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-work is a separate business, see separate Instructions.)       872         2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place       872         3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs (Do not include redeemable loans.)       873         4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)       874         5. Other business or source of income which is conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind	Report amount received before taxes and expenses.	None	Dollars	Cents
	planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-			
3. Payments you received to participation in Government familiplograms       s         (Do not include redeemable loans.)       s         4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments       874         received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock       874         pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.).       s         5. Other business or source of income which is       875         conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the       875         AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind       s         Part B — EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES       Farm-related expenses         6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter       None         the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not       Include and provide and provide of Socies				
<ul> <li>Gross cash rent of share payments received from renting out farm land of payments or payments received from lease or sale of allotments (<i>Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.</i>)</li></ul>			\$	
Conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the     AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind	received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock			
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not include expenses pleady reported in Section 24.	conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the		875 \$	
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 <i>(Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not include expenses pleady reported in Section 24.)</i>	■ Part B EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related expe	nses
the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not include expenses already reported in Section 24.	6 For form related income powers an ented in items 1 shows the Forbaus and a	None	Dollars	Cents
include expenses already reported in Section 34.)	the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not	_	876	1
	include expenses already reported in Section 34.)	. 🗆	\$	1

Section 37	TYPE OF ORGA	NIZATION, OPERATO	R СН	ARÀCTI	ERISTIC	S, and	l relat	ed infor	matior
COMPLETE	THIS PAGE								
■ Part A	Type of Organization								
1. Mark (X) t	he one box which best d	escribes the way this place wa	s oper	ated in 197	74.				
		Y operation (sole proprietorsh			)	`ompl <b>e</b> ti	e Parts	B and C	
2	PARTNERSHIP operat	ion, including family partnersh ons.) — Enter number of partn	ips iers	902	∫ <sup>b</sup>	elow			
з 🗌	CORPORATION, includ	ding family corporations Sk	in to S	Section 38					
	OTHER, such as coope	rative, estate or trust, prison fa — Specify type then skip to S	arm, gr	azing asso	ciation,				
■ Part B		teristics and Related Inform				y, or Pa	rtnersh	nip Opera	ations
person in (	e — Where does the ope charge, or senior partner or ranch operation live?.		•	$\begin{array}{c} ace \\ ce \\ ce \\ 4 \end{array}$	☐ On and ☐ In a rui ☐ In a cit	other far fal area, y, town,	m not on . or urba	a farm an area	
(or senior	the earliest year the ope partner, if partnership) be any part of this place?	erator 904 egan	_ Year			,			
	s the operator (or senior partnership)?	905	_ Year	s old					
<ol> <li>Operator's Mark (X) a</li> </ol>	s race — 90 appropriate box	6 1 White 4 [ 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian	Chie Mex Pue Cub Cen Ar	xican Amer cano xican (Mexi rto Rican ian itral or Sou nerican er Spanish	icano)	5	Japan Chines Filipin Other Specif	se o	<sup>ce</sup> <b>Z</b>
the majori	ty (50 percent or more) of	occupation did the operator sp of his work time in 1974? abers of the partnership togeth	bend		2	☐ Farn ☐ Othe	-		
	Work — How many ach member of the	Mark (X) one for each applicable line.		None		0-99   10 Jays	00–149 days	150-199 days	200 days or more
in 1974? ( nonfarm jo profession else's farm	rk OFF the place (Include work at a pb, business, p, or on someone n. Do not include farm work.)	<ul> <li>a. Operator or senior partner</li> <li>b. Spouse</li></ul>	. 912		2 🗌 3 2 🗌 3		4 🔲 4 🗍 4 🗍 4 🗍	5   5   5   5   5	6
Part C	Family Income from Of nount you and members	ff-Farm Sources in 1974 of your family received in 197 ort should be for the senior pa				S. None	0	Income from If-farm source ollars	
profession 2. Cash wage	al practice (Report NET) es, salaries, commissions	usiness (not reported in Section after expenses.)				. 🗆 🛛	921 \$ 922 \$		
4. Federal So	cial Security, pensions, r	etirement pay, veterans paym insation, and old age and other	ents, a	nnuities, ur	n <b>employ</b> -		923 \$ 924 \$ 925		
5. Rental inco	ome of nonfarm property	(Report NET after deduction of	of expe	enses.)			925 \$		1
Section 38	PERSON COMP	LETING THIS REPORT							
PLEASE	Name		931	Date Month	Дау	932 Are		ephone Number	
PRINT									

Enter remarks on back cover.

# **INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1**

### **1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE**

### INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations – A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot. greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

### **INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3**

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

instructions: a structure in the second structure structure second structure structur

(5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if --

#### ► EITHER 4

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

### ► OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

#### ▶ OR 4

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle," and

(3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

### MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had **no** farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership — I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- (8) The Same Report Form is Used For All States Except Hawall. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e. dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some con-version methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates (e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished Go to the next section indicated.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

#### Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land oper-ated by the addressee in 1974---cropland, woodland, pastureland. wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agri-cultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 - Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS - Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Lassed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acrea in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, **MINUS** the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the re-mainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4

#### Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested

An example of how to report crops harvested A farmer Planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage: he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Was any FIELD CORN ha		

YES - Complete this section • Report sweet NO Ga to Section 6 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				popcorn in	a ection			
S er	Acre	a hervestand	Τ-	Owned by N	arvessed.		Acres #11	a start
<ol> <li>Field corn for grain is used (Report quantity of shelled corn harvested in either bitshells or hundridweight, 70 lbs, ear corn or 56 lbs.</li> </ol>	101	80 {	1	7,000	Bertin Visite		1	
shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corn)	. 0		6 Hundredave Uneted			dar.edu	- and	
2. Field corn for sitige or green chop	102	20	ŀ	400	tom	-	2	0
<ol> <li>Field corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or graned (Do not include acres already reported in items 1 or 2 k</li> </ol>	103		j.				, <u> </u>	~
	r	Acres	E	Dry lander				they
		and a second second		Whate tons	lenter.	3	nia tona	lenth
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field com	109	100	P	17	18/10	2		1 4

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already har-vested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested - Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please con-vert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crons

Commercial fertilizer - Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the 'Liquid or gas'' column.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew, two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

### Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

### Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocados — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Fige — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

### ▶ Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

#### Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acrefeet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

**Gallons** — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal/minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal/minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11.520.000 gallons.

**Total inches** — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season.

### Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

**Number sold** — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations ---Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold — Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "cealer" transactions and should not be reported.

### Fat cattle sales — Do not include on the fattened cattle line:

(a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or
 (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold f , further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animels sold from another place — Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

**Sheep and lambs shorn** — In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

### Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

### Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. **Production contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor **Marketing contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural products.

### Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Dabts Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

### Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment. labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report** gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C, item 1).

### Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does **not** include cooperatives.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association. Indian reservation, etc. FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

# 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and ... KEEP THEM HANDY.

### EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are

provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

# A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

mens P Barello

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065. Approval Expires December 31, 1975.

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13. U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



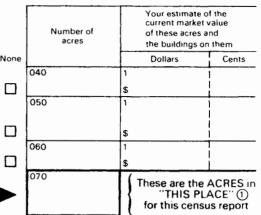
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	re than one report form?	,	[	- <del></del>	<u>,                                     </u>			
<ul> <li>YES — See separate Instructions</li> <li>NO — Go to Section 2</li> </ul>	E n	Enter extra file number(s) here						
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGR	ICULTURAL A	СТІVІ	TIE	SIN	1974		
						YES	NC	С
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, p	produce, or sell ANY amount of	f any of the items I	isted be	low?.		1 🗖	2	
<ul> <li>Crops</li> <li>Hay, pasture, sod</li> <li>Vegetables, melons, mushrooms</li> <li>Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cattle (including feedlots</li> <li>Hogs, sheep, goats, horses</li> <li>Poultry, eggs</li> <li>Dairy products</li> <li>Forest products on farms</li> </ul>	nur • Fisl • Fur in c	enhous sery pro h in capt -bearing aptivity her anim	ducts tivity g anim	nals	es		
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise o contractors such as feed companie	r produce any agricultural proc s, processors, or packers?	Jucts for				YES	_	0
<b>3.</b> Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, o						י 🗆	] 2	
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricult	ural purposes in 19	974?			ı 🗆	] 2	
<ol> <li>Did you own any livestock or poulti under a share agreement or custom</li> </ol>						<u>ا</u> ۲	] 2	
► If you answered YES to ANY o	f these questions, go to Sect	ion 3.						

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

Section 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LAND VALUE		<b></b>
Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, wasteland, idle land, house lots, etc.	None	
		040
1. ALL land owned		0.50
<ol> <li>ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).</li> </ol>		050
		060

- TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (1) (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)



- (1) 'THIS PLACE'' means your farm or ranch, feedlots, poultry houses, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural operations.
- 5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

	Address	Number of		Réntal arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply			
Name	(No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements	
		081	<sup>1</sup> 1	2	3	4 🗌	
		082	1	2	3 🔲	4 🗌	
		083	י 🗆	2	3	4	

List additional landlords on back cover.

6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter.

	Name	Address (N	o. and street, city, Stat	e, ZIP code)	No. of acres	11 1
					085	]
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		086	015
		· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	<u> </u>	087	
	List additional renters on back cover.					014
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (in			Number of acres	Current market value	
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (// leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	1 \$	013
Se	READ c. The land you operated J If a, b. or c apply to your op this report. Action 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	eration, please	e read the Instruc	neone else. tions before con	ntinuing with	012
1.	In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal, county	County name	Sta	te No of acres	011
	(Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line. If you have agricultural operations in	Other counties			092	
	any other county(ies), enter the county name(s), etc., on the lines provided for "Other counties.")				093	010
<b>2</b> .	Location of place within principal county entered above. ( <i>Give name</i> of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)	Name of location	)			CENSUS

# Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.		[	Acres	Questitubarustad
		None	ha	rvested	Quantity harvested
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled		101	Į	1 Bushels shelled
	basis in either <b>bushels or hundredweight</b> . 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corn.)				6 Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already	_	104		
	reported in item 1.)		ļ		1
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed ( <i>Report</i> quantity harvested in either <b>bushels or pounds</b> .)		111	}	6 OR Bushels
4.	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed ( <i>Do not include acres</i> already reported in item 3.)	П	115	(	Pounds
			121		1
5.	Soybeans for beans		122		Bushels
<b>6</b> .	Peanuts for nuts		130		Pounds
7.	Wheat for grain				Bushels
8.	Other small grains or grain — oats, barler,		136		
	rye, rice, etc Sp cify				
9.	Cotton		151		Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type		152	/10	Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (exc uding home use)		154	/10	Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10	Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1 Tons, dry
	•		240		TOUS, diy
14.	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale			1 /10	
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages				
	(Include land on which the fruit crop failed. Do not include abandoned	_	301		
	acreages or plantings.) — Specify		401	/10	
16.	Berries for sale — Specify		-01	1 /10	
17.	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery		430		
	products; flowers, etc., grown in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify			/10	
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?			5qu 460	pare feet

Section 6 LAND USE IN 1974	
The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among iter	ms 1 through 5.
NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY ONC in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	
<ol> <li>Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products. If two crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acres only once.)</li> </ol>	502
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	503
3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.)	
4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture.)	510
5. All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture, rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.)	513
6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in items 1 through 5 and enter the total in this space.)	517
(This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, item 4.)	
7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED 528 in 1974?	Acres

# Section 7 LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974.

Г

	None	INVENTORY Number on this place December 31, 1974	Number sold in 1974
1. Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.)		601	1
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started p	ullets, etc.) -	604	1
3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters)	s _	608	1
4. Cattle and calves of all ages		631	1
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)	_	632	
<b>b</b> . Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that he	_	633	
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages		651	1
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?			2
<b>b</b> . Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None	Number of litters		
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974	654		
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974 🔲	655		•
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages	None	661	
7. Horses and ponies of all ages		670	1
8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animal turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.	698	1	
Specify what kind		699	1
			1

# Section 8 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974

(Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

### Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974

What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually
kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors,
combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equip
ment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

Estimated market value
Dollars Cents
701
\$

01.0

SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)
2. Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.).	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	709	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
<b>10</b> . Pickup balers	710	1
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1

## Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

	Include your best estimates of expenses paid by yo and others for production of crops, livestock, and o DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with perf operation of non-farm activities, businesses or ser related to the farm business.	other agricu forming cus	ultural pr stomwor	oducts on this k off this place	place.	Production exper	
	related to the larm business.					Dollars	Cents
1	<ul> <li>Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, ho lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pu</li> </ul>	0.10.				801 S	
2	Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain concentrates, etc.,					802 \$	
	a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased –	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
	complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such	803		1	1		<b>:</b>
	as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.).		i /10	\$	i		1
3	Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased				- <b>·</b>	808 \$	•••••••••
4.	<ol> <li>Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum (Report custom application costs in item 8.)</li></ol>					809 S	† •   
5	Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purc Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, k	hased for t	he farm	business		811 S	   
6	Hired farm labor					821 \$	i
7	Contract labor					823 \$	
8	Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditu and for customwork such as grinding and mixing fe picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, dryi	ed, plowing	, combi	ning, corn		824 \$	
9	Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, ins	secticides,	etc. Excl	ude fertilizer.)		826 S	1
10	All other production expenses (Include other curren depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, re of water, etc., for the farm business.)					827	
11	TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including ex		id by lar	dlorde		829	+
• •	contractors, or others (Add dollars for items 1 thro				$\rightarrow$	\$	

# Section 10 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of		
products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.	Estimated value of products sold	
	Dollars	Cents
	831	1
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)	s	
	839	!
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold	s	1
	849	
<b>3.</b> Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc	s	
	852	
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold	s	   
	858	1
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold	\$	1
	859	1
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or	1	1
contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)	s	

Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1974

■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES		Farm-related income	
(Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)	None	Dollars	Cents
<ol> <li>Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.</li> </ol>	п	871	
(If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		\$ 872	   
<b>2</b> . Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		\$ 873	       
<b>3.</b> Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs ( <i>Do not include redeemable loans.</i> )		\$ 874	       
<b>4.</b> Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments <i>(Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)</i>		s	
5. Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		\$	

Part B — EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related expenses	
	None	Dollars	Cents
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5, enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do NOT include expenses already reported in Section 9.)		876 \$	

OCHON 12 / FARM	OF ENATON CHAN					
1. Where does the ope charge, of this farm	erator, person in or ranch live?	903 1 🗖  Not	On this place on this place —	2 🗌 Or 3 🗌 In 4 🗌 In	a another farn a rural area, r a city, town, c	n not on a farm or urban area
<ol> <li>Year operator began any part of this plac</li> </ol>	n to operate e	904	Year			
3. Operator's age		905	Years old	l		
<b>4.</b> Operator's race — Mark (X) appropriate	3 🗌 A		4 Mexican A Chicano Mexican (f Puerto Ric Cuban Central or American Other Span	Mexicano) an South	C Fi 11 🔲 0	apanese hinese ilipino ther — pecify what race — 🗶
did the operator s or more) of his work partnerships, consid	on — At what occupation pend the majority (50 p t time in 1974? (For fer all members of the r.).	ercent			<ul> <li>Farming</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	
job, business, or pro	ude work at a nonfarm ofession, or on someone include exchange farm	2	None 1–49 days 50–99 days	5	☐ 100 – 14 ☐ 150 – 19 ☐ 200 days	9 days
off the farm and fro	nich you and your family re m other sources greater th ucts sold from this place in	an the total val	ue		Yes No	
8. Person preparing	Name		Date			Telephone
this report			931 Month	Day	932 Area code	Number
PLEASE PRINT						

# Section 12 FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS

**REMARKS** — Please write your remarks on the outside back cover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

# **INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2**

### **1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE**

### INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

### INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

### ► EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

#### ▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

### ▶ OR 4

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form -- PLEASE-

(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle;" and

(3) Mail back the two tom-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

### **MORE GENERAL INFORMATION**

- (8) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BESTESTIMATE.

- (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
  - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
  - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
  - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
  - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

### Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

**Market value** refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting. Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Lessed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

### Section 5 -- Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for com and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

### ▶ Section 6 --- Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

### Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report --- Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, levers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all eges without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

### Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

### Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs. Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry. livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for land-lords and others in payment for services or products; any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place; crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

**Crops sold** — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for land-lords and others.

**Poultry and livestock sales** — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

**Landlords** — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, share croppers, or renters.

### Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.** 

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

### Section 12 --- Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

### GENERAL

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the —

Bureau of the Census
Agriculture Branch
1201 East Tenth Street
Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).