## **APPENDIX A. General Explanation**

#### 1. Taking the Census

#### **Enumeration Method**

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct

enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

#### Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases. these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company. Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural

establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

#### Report Forms

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

#### **Initial Mailing**

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and

Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

#### Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the required information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

#### 2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities
Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and
earthen tanks
Futures market
Contracts
Payroll and employment
Injuries and illnesses
Farm credit
Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

#### 3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

#### 4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

Cullman, Alabama—revised broilers sold and related data.

Inyo, California—revised land in farms and related data.

Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii—revised number of fattened cattle and related data.

Spencer, Indiana—revised cattle and calves inventory.

Harford, Maryland—revised acreage of total cropland.

Marshall, Minnesota—revised acreage of land in farms.

Dodge, Nebraska—revised number of milk cows and value of sales.

Merrick, Nebraska—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Rusk, Texas—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia—revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.

Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

#### 5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, Statistics by Subject, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area—The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for non-agricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator—The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only

of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves .......farms.... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income—In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported. State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available. Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms—Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the month-to-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

Fruits, nuts, and berries—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool—For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products—For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

Commercial fertilizer—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals—These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

Crop classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults, and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

**Total cropland**—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus

groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation—Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract labor workers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude

debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity—Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources—An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

#### 6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Black-operated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups.

Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement—\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were in-

cluded in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms—A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm—A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm—A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for

partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation—Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- Farming—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other—The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size—All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type—Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various 'agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification

#### 7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts.

Fuel storage capacity.

Grain storage capacity.

Grazing permits.

Hired workers.

Injuries and illnesses.

Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields.

Land use by size of farm.

Selected farm characteristics by— Standard industrial classification

Debt status.

Race or origin.

Age of farm operator.

Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

#### 8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

#### 9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 81 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 96 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

#### 10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

#### Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

ltem	Percent of total
Number of farms	14.9
Land in farms	11.9
Value of products sold	7.8
Harvested cropland	8.8
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	12.2
Chickens 3 months old or older	2.1
Hogs and pigs	10.2

#### Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

#### Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources—the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment—were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that

would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given.

As calculated for this report, the

standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Land in fa	arms	Value of la buildin	1	Harvested o	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard
	Acres	error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	error (percent)	Acres	error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	error (percent)
Tennessee,										
total	13 103 224	0.1	6 116 702	0.2	3 746 117	0.2	433 426	0.2	471 163	0.2
Anderson	42 225	2.2	25 820	1.9	6 979	2.3	378	2.5	1 557	2.5
Bedford	225 398	1.1	90 484	1.8	49 821	1.4	2 625	2.1	9 2 1 4	1.2
Benton	84 621	1.6	24 590	1.8	18 989	1.8	1 516	2.1	1 332	1.8
Bledsoe	100 262	1.5	28 596	2.2	19 743	2.0	1 456	3.2	2 885	2.1
Blount	113 750	1.4	83 309	1.3	27 310	1.8	1 891	2.0	5 427	3.0
Bradley	93 504	2.4	56 843	3.2	15 261	2.1	558	6.9	11 151	1.6
Campbell	35 421	2.4	17 898	2.6	5 618	3.0	811	2.5	1 178	3.3
Cannon	99 903	1.2	34 808	1.4	20 412	1.9	1 854	2.7	2 875	1.2
Carroll	214 749	1.1	66 229	1.5	69 195	1.1	6 729	1.6	4 869	2.2
Carter	50 360	2.2	37 915	2.3	7 481	1.9	1 385	1.9	1 506	1.7
Cheatham	73 662	3.4	37 115	2.9	11 451	2.7	1 978	2.9	1 737	1.5
Chester	105 276	1.1	34 302	1.5	44 170	1.4	4 926	1.3	1 526	6.3
Claiborne	138 090	1.0	54 231	1.3	19 786	1.1	4 4 1 6	1.2	3 000	2.1
Clay	91 485	1.5	28 699	2.2	11 424	2.2	1 571	1.9	1 893	1.5
Cocke	101 450	1.2	56 120	2.0	16 594	1.4	3 409	1.4	5 7 19	1.2
Coffee	154 739	1.0	75 088	1.0	58 532	1.0	6 485	1.4	6 278	.9
Crockett	162 918	.8	85 848	.8	104 912	.8	13 555	.8	2 148	1.4
Cumberland	94 465	1.4	46 400	1.7	20 787	1.2	2 359	2.4	3 608	2.0
Davidson	80 969	1.8	88 176	2.8	13 053	4.0	1 022 1 319	5.3 3.3	5 575 2 627	.8 1.6
Decatur	104 460	1.6	26 377	1.4	18 528	1.9			3 224	1.3
De Kalb	106 360	1.3	38 571	1.3	18 117	1.8	2 275	1.7	3 3 2 2 4	1.8
Dickson	154 452	1.2	55 810	1.7	17 863	1.4	1 522 21 930	1.8	5 390	1.0
Dyer	258 616	.8	128 183	.8	182 480	.8	15 931	.8 .6	12 518	.4
Fayette	347 221	.8	143 270	.8	137 897 13 324	.5	1476	.o 4.5	4 859	2.2
Fentress	81 040	2.5	28 763	1.9	63 372	1.9 1.0	6 780	1.1	9 230	.8
Franklin	158 766	2.4	92 561 157 963	1.5 .9	187 484	.7	22 352	.7	9 511	.0 .9
Gibson Giles	316 261 274 686	.7 .8	86 745	.s ,9	44 261	., 1.1	2 625	1.6	10 484	1.1
Grainger	107 539	1.4	43 738	1.3	13 754	1.7	2 876	2.4	2 198	1.6
Greene	259 949	.7	151 687	.7	60 488	.7	10 562	.8	14 137	.8
	46 632	3.3	21 961	2.5	9 565	3.9	884	4.6	4 744	2.5
Grundy Hamblen	66 964	2.1	52 281	2.5	15 389	2.0	2 164	1.9	5 504	1.5
Hamilton	67 733	6.6	48 860	2.3	9 352	1.8	322	2.5	6914	1.2
Hancock	80 965	1.3	23 558	1.6	7 720	1.5	2 264	3.0	1 004	1.3
Hardeman	249 311	.9	70 129	1.0	71 015	.9	8 145	.8	2 367	1.3
Hardin	140 666	1.5	44 173	1.2	40 908	1.3	4 068	1.6	3 078	1.1
Hawkins	175 184	1.1	86 559	1.2	29 796	1.9	4 9 1 3	2.0	4 077	1.8
Haywood	242 662	.9	111 967	.9	147 023	1.0	18 938	.8	5 146	.7
Henderson	190 043	1.3	59 643	1.8	51 918	1.5	4 321	2.1	5 579	1.9
Henry	228 303	1.1	78 947	1.1	74 358	1.2	8 730	1.3	6 950	2.0
Hickman	143 054	2.9	40 166	2.5	19 726	2.7	1 153	3.7	3 543	2.0
Houston	51 596	2.3	15 140	2.8	5 528	3.0	376	2.7	713	1.9
Humphreys	128 154	1.5	39 310	1.6	18 094	2.8	974	4.5	2 707	2.3
Jackson	106 721	1.7	30 964	1.7	9 675	2.1	1 655	1.7	1 519	1.8
Jefferson	120 388	1.3	86 022	1.1	25 636	1.6	3 060	1.5	6 769	1.0
Johnson	63 026	2.0	32 928	2.0	10 542	1.4	2 170	1.9	2 203	1.3

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974—Con.

	Cattle and ca farms		Chickens 3 m and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay harvested		
County		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error		Standard error	
	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	
Tennessee,											
total	2 751 114	0.2	4 832 565	0.2	701 629	0.4	55 <b>9 408</b>	0.2	1 052 796	0.2	
Anderson	12 014	1.8	(D)	(D)	711	4.8	747	6.6	5 910	2.4	
Bedford	62 962	1.5	72 534	.5	7 480	3.4	9 111	2.2	26 647	1.1	
Benton	13 350	2.3	6 079	10.6	7 414	9.5	4 008	2.5	5 499	2.8	
Bledsoe	23 369	1.9	5 141	5.3	5 513	6.8	5 974	2.7	10 344	2.4	
Blount	39 466	1.3	49 710	.2	3 333	3.1	5 115	2.3	16 649	1.7	
Bradley	26 556	2.8	87 390	.2	1 589	6.1	3 099	3.9	11 663	2.0	
Campbell	8 586	2.7	3 940	4.6	343	4.1	1 045	5.3	4 20 1	3.5	
Cannon	21 611	1.7	5 034	3.1	7 189	2.4	5 599	2.5	8 100	2.1	
Carroll	29 318	1.9	33 741	.9	21 356	1.9	14 369	1.6	10 644	3.9	
Carter	12 995	2.2	4 285	4.0	787	4.8	1 015	3.8	5 268	2.2	
Cheatham	15 965	2.7	2 590	6.8	6 438	2.9	2 133	3.4	5 767	1.9	
Chester	10 463	2.6	5 167	4.6	6 207	2.1	4 124	2.3	3 553	2.7	
Claiborne	31 521	1.2	12 429	2.3	1 588	3.9	4 304	2.2	13 173	1.3	
Clay	15 637	1.5	5 264	3.9	6 964	3.1	3 354	3.0	6 050	2.4	
Cocke	22 421	1.8	24 006	1.2	1 257	4.1	4 946	2.2	8 934	1.6	
Coffee	34 356	1.2	4 860	4.5	10 703	2.3	22 875	1.0	11 807	1.6	
Crockett	16 257	1.8	11 997	1.5	6 324	2.4	2 753	1.2	4 352	2.3	
Cumberland	21 893	1.5	5 543	3.6	8 364	6.4	4 156	3.3	9 658	1.7	
Davidson	23 452	2.0	76 153	.3	2 180	5.2	1 184	8.0	9 306	2.6	
Decatur	14 254	1.7	3 031	3.9	14 114	2.5	4 247	3.0	6 596	2.4	
De Kalb	24 853	1.6	(D)	(D)	4 158	3.7	5 650	3.1	8 178	2.2	
Dickson	32 785	1.2	5 716	4.4	6 346	4.4	2 640	2.4	12 660	1.8	
Dyer	29 543	1.7	49 094	.2	10 863	1.6	8 353	1.8	8 231	3.0	
Fayette	44 561	1.3	820 799	.0	7 548	1.4	6 509	1.8	10 726	2.3	
Fentress	15 792	1.8	4 001	5.3	2 826	2.6	3 664	2.7	7 133	2.4	
Franklin	43 148	1.5	194 380	.1	15 177	2.4	9 803	1.6	16 701	2.0	
Gibson	42 007	1.0	29 487	1.1	39 315	1.0	22 209	.9	15 644	.8	
Giles	78 004	1.1	9 681	2.8	10 857	.9	6 117	1.8	25 136	1.5	
Grainger	25 399	1.6	8 749	9.3	1 668	3.7	1 751	2.6	10 410	2.0	
Greene	80 748	.8	29 523	1.5	4 226	2.9	16 380	1.2	38 465	.8	
Grundy	8 910	3.7	52 180	3	6 104	7.2	2 806	4.7	3 976	4.5	
Hamblen	24 955	2.1	4 803	8.7	2 958	7.1	3 805	2.9	8 718	2.3	
Hamilton	17 844	1.3	109 334	.1	2 245	3.2	1 592	2.9	7 311	2.2	
Hancock	13 412	1.7	8 659	3.7	1 055	3.3	1 260	2.1	5 342	1.8	
Hardeman	27 463	1.2	4 179	6.6	7 892	5.2	5 877	2.4	5 903	2.8	
Hardin	16 665	1.8	4 928	3.2	15 677	2.2	3 636	2.5	6 408	2.4	
Hawkins Haywood	39 357 21 911	1.2 1.5	36 129 4 208	.7 3.8	2 815 3 462	4.9 3.9	4 932 5 322	2.5	21 539	2.4	
1								1.7	3 965	2.6	
Henderson	27 289	2.5	5 719	3.1	28 2 19	2.5	13 673	1.7	9 925	4.3	
Henry	36 636	1.5	6 037	4.8	19 134	2.3	18 532	1.5	12 479	2.5	
Hickman	28 043	3.3	6 662	4.4	16 509	2.3	4 717	2.5	10 866	4.4	
Houston	9 255	2.9	1974	6.2	830	12.0	548	5.7	4 385	3.6	
Humphreys	22 639	1.7	3 887	3.6	9 786	4.8	3 557	4.0	9 764	2.4	
Jackson	17 628	1.8	7 476	2.9	4 869	2.9	2 888	2.4	5 249	2.1	
Jefferson	40 843	1.1	112 90 1	.2	3 220	4.9	4 969	2.4	16 894	1.5	
Johnson	13 509	2.0	15 687	1.5	645	2.8	2 381	1.4	6 680	2.0	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974—Con.

	Land in fa	arms	Value of la buildir		Harvested o	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County		Standard		Standard	···	Standard		Standard		Standard
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	D ollars	error
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)
Knox	104 259	2.0	96 995	1.5	21 281	1.3	1 460	1.8	6 608	1.2
Lake	94 939	2.9	47 148	4.0	85 225	1.4	11 383	1.3	41	2.8
Lauderdale	204 788	.7	90 715	.8	130 44 1	.7	16 984	.6	2 904	1.3
Lawrence	221 597	1.3	90 820	1.2	63 457	1.6	6 754	2.0	7 044	1.0
Lewis	46 185	5.7	12 432	7.2	5 505	7.3	295	7.3	891	2.7
Lincoln	293 059	1.1	106 709	1.4	69 810	1.3	6 866	1.6	11 404	1.5
Loudon	92 123	1.5	61 111	2.3	18 815	1.7	1 240	2.0	5 101	1.5
McMinn	140 622	1.0	67 209	1.2	30 227	1.2	1 670	2.1	16 323	.6
McNairy	179 630	1.4	52 358	1.2	59 021	1.2	6 263	1.4	4 207	.9
Macon	141 416	1.1	52 811	1.6	23 162	1.3	4 182	1.7	2 823	1.7
Madison	229 255	1.0	100 393	1.0	95 168	.8	11 073	.8	2 559	1.0
Marion	58 274	3.1	27 165	4.8	13 192	2.4	988	3.1	2 723	3.9
Marshall	176 208	.8	65 782	1.1	30 066	1.0	1 517	1.5	9 405	1.1
Maury	296 782	.9	131 449	1.2	54 575	1.1	4 851	1.1	11 005	.9
Meigs	66 741	2.3	28 192	2.2	10 361	2.2	800	4.5	2 162	1.2
Monroe	112 626	1.2	66 25 1	1.2	27 689	1.3	2 6 <b>2</b> 0	1.5	8 230	1.5
Montgomery	200 902	.9	93 349	1.1	53 795	1.4	8 367	1.3	6 909	1.0
Moore	53 784	1.7	20 138	2.7	6 358	2.1	516	2.3	2 265	1.0
Morgan	50 756	1.6	18 063	1.6	7 588	2.4	910	1.8	1 686	4.3
Obion	264 784	.7	123 27 1	.7	156 623	.6	20 329	.5	11 212	.8
Overton	138 576	2.1	51 175	2.1	17 826	1.7	1 237	2.2	4 232	1.5
Perry	87 648	2.6	19 516	3.2	12 685	3.2	944	3.8	1 389	2.8
Pickett	40 234	2.2	17 054	3.9	5 962	2.8	811	2.3	739	1.8
Polk	35 500	2.2	19 928	2.3	7 115	2.4	546	2.1	4 160	1.8
Putnam	124 127	1.4	65 141	1.6	18 773	3.1	2 084	3.1	3 745	1.5
Rhea	57 169	2.2	23 738	3.2	11 592	3.5	1 532	5.7	2 337	3.4
Roane	64 238	2.2	29 934	2.3	9 948	2.1	575	4.1	2 323	4.0
Robertson	259 312	1.2	155 067	1.1	87 623	1.0	16 403	1.0	14 398	.8
Rutherford	257 479	1.3	140 618	1.7	49 543	1.2	2 557	2.9	10 528	1.2
Scott	43 580	2.7	13 786	2.9	5 594	3.7	294	6.7	1 484	3.7
Sequatchie	34 105	3.7	13 573	3.4	7 948	3.1	620	1.7	2 119	1.5
Sevier	114 648	1.5	67 861	1.4	18 840	2.7	2 555	1.8	3 864	1.4
Shelby	227 685	1.5	193 187	1.9	112 289	1.7	13 476	1.5	3 430	1.7
Smith	165 505	1.1	56 232	1.3	18 138	1.3	3 356	1.4	4 400	2.0
Stewart	64 043	2.1	18 100	1.7	7 406	2.0	1 766	2.7	841	2.3
Sullivan	102 164	1.3	86 111	1.6	20 836	1.1	2 953	1.5	4 397	2.4
Sumner	216 920	1.0	139 103	1.8	46 879	1.8	6 282	1.4	9 630	1.2
Tipton	200 749	.9	110 332	1.0	123 188	1.1	15 714	1.1	3 220	1.1
Trousdale	68 888	1.7	30 445	2.6	9 947	1.7	2 051	1.6	1 728	2.6
Unicoi	18 038	3.9	13 691	3.6	2 266	3.2	951	3.2	204	13.3
Union	53 500	1.8	22 261	2.3	7 124	2.0	1 157	1.8	1 076	4.9
Van Buren	35 706	2.5	12 329	3.1	5 112	2.6	243	3.2	1 140	4.2
Warren	178 442	1.3	92 376	1.4	51 787	2.0	4 000	4.1	9 126	1.3
Washington	128 313	1.1	123 210	1.1	34 354	1.1	5 727	1.0	11 304	1.4
Wayne	151 052	2.0	36 604	2.5	16 988	1.5	1 122	1.8	2 109	2.5
Weakley	242 112	.8	95 617	.8	126 409	.7	14 514	.7	12 057	1.3
White	146 904	1.3	63 753	1.5	25 525	1.2	2 076	3.2	6 133	1.2
Williamson	240 306	1.0	179 042	1.0	44 129	1.8	3 787	1.9	10 272	1.0
Wilson	243 552	1.2	105 808	1.1	32 60 1	1.2	2 317	1.6	9 480	.8.

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and ca		Chickens 3 n and older o		Hogs and farm		Corn harve purp		Hay har	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Vacu	32 538	0.9	174 997	0.8	2 107	3.6	2 530	2.0	17 291	1.5
Knox Lake	473	.9	279	8.3	130	.0	44	10.3	568	7.5
Lauderdale	23 003	1.5	14 281	1.2	12 269	5.5	3 209	2.5	4 708	2.9
Lawrence	45 289	1.3	10 435	2.7	8 024	4.2	8 146	2.2	13 993	1.8
Lewis	7 123	4.9	6 084	3.6	4 588	2.9	1 564	6.5	2 702	8.1
Lincoln	78 467	1.7	56 746	10.9	14 103	2.7	9 249	1.8	26 317	1.7
Loudon	32 274	1.6	11 252	1.8	1 584	4.2	4 3 1 5	1.5	12 90 1	2.2
McMinn	43 980	1.1	480 643	.0	3 159	6.5	7 189	1.3	21 183	1.5
McNairy	14 967	2.4	219 106	.1	16 865	2.4	5 495	1.8	5 121	2.5
Macon	30 517	1.6	6 667	3.8	5 733	3.0	6 751	2.2	13 411	1.7
Madison	24 350	1.0	3 943	3.8	6 211	4.7	6 718	1.1	7 065	1.7
Marion	11 622	2.1	5 606	24.1	2 572	6.5	2 532	4.4	4 745	3.2
Marshall	46 858	.8	22 055	2.2	4 674	2.4	7 337	2.0	19 615	1.2
Maury	84 388	.8	14 254	3.8	11 707	4.4	9 291	2.2	28 791	1.4
Meigs	14 759	3.0	1 601	7.9	224	8.8	2 699	4.9	6 322	2.8
Monroe	31 313	1.5	70 93 1	.3	1 856	6.2	5 954	3.0	15 44 1	1.5
Montgomery	51 408	.9	58 532	1.9	17 053	5.7	8 380	1.8	19 612	1.5
Moore	19 395	1.4	1 657	4.0	1 859	3.9	715	6.8	4 794	2.2
Morgan	7 272	2.7	2 043	6.2	1 585	9.7	1 924	3.4	4 627	3.8
Obion	42 563	.8	14 283	1.3	29 382	2.1	37 329	.7	10 885	1.3
Overton	36 192	1.3	10 434	2.7	10 439	4.7	5 <b>237</b>	2.4	10 676	1.9
Perry	9 767	3.4	1 895	8.2	7 480	4.2	4 172	4.0	3 709	3.6
Pickett	10 405	2.2	2 437	5.0	2 189	5.1	1 266	6.2	4 375	3.0
Polk	8 995	1.9	17 936	.5	993	3.8	2 790	1.9	2 495	3.9
Putnam	31 009 13 399	1.2	9 226	2.5	6 9 6 5	2.7	5 179	4.3	11 438	2.2
Rhea Roane	15 902	2.7 2.1	49 238 46 968	.4	3 355	2.1	1 839	5.4	5 788	3.9
Robertson	64 550	1.2	493 035	.s 1.5	1 185 13 262	4.3 2.8	1 507 19 <b>0</b> 14	3.5	8 040	2.4
Rutherford	70 186	1.4	14 679	6.6	9 565	2.8	11 291	1.3 3.0	27 478 26 758	1.9 1.1
Scott	6 609	3.3	2 488	8.6	1 336	6.7	1 578	5.6	3 829	4.9
Sequatchie	7 181	4.9	31 712	.5	1 608	4.9	2 289	3.3	2 994	7.0
Sevier	30 402	1.6	112 500	.2	4 604	6.0	3 832	3.7	12 884	3.3
Shelby	23 712	3.0	42 389	.3	3 373	2.5	1 846	2.8	6 933	4.6
Smith	40 657	1.5	20 90 1	8.9	12 305	3.0	2 686	3.0	13 602	1.5
Stewart	7 862	2.2	2 486	5.8	4 370	2.0	1 960	5.0	2 408	3.4
Sullivan	31 860	1.2	32 755	1.1	1 184	4.6	4 804	2.6	15 114	1.2
Sumner	64 731	1.4	147 135	.2	10 056	2.8	8 148	1.7	26 556	2.1
Tipton	23 02 1	1.2	3 242	4.8	8 519	2.3	2 861	2.2	4 332	2.0
Trousdale	20 105	3.5	2 062	7.2	1 871	3.1	1 805	3.8	6 572	2.0
Unicoi	2 150	4.4	1 647	7.4	355	9.7	277	4.2	1 347	5.0
Union	11 64 1	1.9	6 456	3.4	471	5.1	527	7.6	5 947	2.2
Van Buren	9 300	3.0	1 089	7.7	3 086	4.2	630	4.5	4 191	3.0
Warren	47 795	1.5	287 798	.1	10 271	2.1	12 170	2.5	19 448	2.1
Washington	54 437	1.0	153 264	2	2 399	5.0	10 421	2.1	21 847	1.0
Wayne	21 217	1.5	3 407	3.8	9 486	4.6	3 9 16	2.2	7 302	2.3
Weakley	32 659	1.0	6 156	8.1	47 786	2.3	33 151	.7	11 626	1.3
White	41418	1.1	7 255	3.7	14 688	2.8	7 387	1.9	13 74 <b>1</b>	1.5
Williamson	68 701	1.1	23 024	.9	6 123	3.8	4 982	3.1	26 783	1.8
Wilson	63 047	8	105 262	.4	8 362	3,5	2 743	2.1	27 682	1.

## APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

	Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974			Farn	ns with sales u	nder \$1,000, 196	59		
		· -		nd age of operat					
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)			n farming	Occupation	other than				
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Closs 6	Part time	Port retirement
Farms and Land in Forms									
Farms	er 9 560	1 529	1 224	5 590	1 217	43 512	9 504	23 262	10 746
perc Land in forms ac	nt 100.0	16.0	12.8 38 306	58.5 169 519	12.7 40 739	100.0 2 381 159	21.8 510 607	53.5 1 243 704	24.7 626 848
Average size of farm ac		35	31	30	33	55	54	53	58
Value of land and buildings \$1,0		31 222 20 420	23 144 18 909	133 175 23 824	26 014 21 375	711 188 16 345	140 875 14 823	406 476 17 474	163 837 15 246
Average per acre dollars by value of farm:			604	786	639	299	276	327	261
\$1 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999		626 408	479 346	1 762 1 546	420 354	18 708 13 586	4 722 2 747	9 021 7 547	4 965   3 292
\$20,000 to \$39,999	2 258	318 116	267 98	1 375	298 87	8 159 2 245	1 463 400	4 935 1 301	1 761 544
\$40,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$99,999	192	24	16	126	26	442 372	94 78	249 209	99 85
\$100,000 and over	224	37	18	137	32	3/2	76	207	05
Owned and rented lands by farm operators:  Land ownedfor		1 469	1 196	5 425	1 207 47 434	41 182 2 469 135	8 775 529 616	22 035 1 266 079	10 372 673 440
Land rented or leased from othersfar		124	44 936 48	187 269 390	28	5 141	1 388	2 907 76 344	846 18 270
Land rented or leased to othersfor		523	1 054 311	6 975 1 121	420 295	129 197 9 835	34 583 2 288	4 618	2 929
	res 54 039	14 515	7 684	24 725	7 115	217 173	53 592	98 719	64 862
Land in Farms According to Use						20. (00	8 622	21 246	9 822
	es 92 243	1 247 15 251	1 003 11 762	4 622 52 693	1 022 12 537	39 690 1 028 875 28 607	217 468 6 371	541 093 15 022	270 314 7 214
	ms 4 282 res 10 947	682 1 685	580 1 327	2 468 6 460	552 1 475	185 234	40 172	97 072	47 990
Farms by acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres		665	558	2 334	529	21 564	4 868	11 340	5 356
10 to 19 acres		17	22	134	23	5 015 1 430	1 065 301	2 605 755	1 345   374
30 to 49 acres		-	-	-	-	506 91	115 22	274 48	117
100 ocres and over		_	_	] -	-	7i	-	-	i
Cropland used anly for pasture or grozingfar		662	541	2 685	570	24 722	5 129	13 421	6 172
Other cropland (see text)far		9 460 236	7 822 188	35 213 818	8 278 218	592 592 12 356	125 097 2 590	315 838 6 482	151 657 3 284
	res 20 523 ms 4 159	4 106	2 613 528	11 020 2 443	2 784 548	251 049 24 075	52 199 4 985	128 183 12 856	70 667 6 234
Woodland, including woodland pasturefor	es 117 144	20 593	14 715	66 288	15 548	840 149	174 671	446 244	219 234
	res 92 919	17 898	904 11 829	4 137 50 538	881 12 654	30 528 512 135	6 640 118 468	16 049 256 367	7 839 137 300
Irrigated landfar	ms 53 res 159	19	15	25 76	10	172 772	43 106	100 478	188
Race and Tenure of Operator									1
All form operators: Full owners	8 979	1 409	1 176	5 203	1 191	38 498	8 145	20 431	9 922
Part owners	294	57	16 32	205	16	2 595	607	1 556	432
Tenants White form operators:	_ [	63		182	10	2 419	752	1 275	392
Full ownersPart owners		1 296	1 100 16	5 070 198	1 117 16	36 759 2 346	7 685 547	19 816 1 457	9 258 342
TenantsBlack and other races (see text):	255	52	24	169	10	2 026	595	1 156	275
Full ownersPart owners	396	113	76 ~	133	74	1 739 249	460 60	615 99	664
Tenants	32	11	8	13	-	393	157	119	117
Farm Operator Characteristics <sup>1</sup>									
Farm operators by age group: Under 25 years		29	_	112	_	777	247	530	_
25 to 34 years	1 038	153 239	-	885 1 383	-	4 112 7 145	596 1 349	3 516 5 796	-
45 to 54 years	2 062	455	-	1 607	-	9 928	2 730	7 198	-
55 to 64 years65 years and over	2 441	653	1 224	1 603	1 217	10 804 10 746	4 582	6 222	10 746
Average age	53.4	50.0	72.0	46.3	71.8	53.5	51.2	46.0	71.8
Form operators by place of residence: On form operated	4 861	524	611	2 916	810	26 226	5 393	13 436	7 397
On another farm	318	70	58 12	180 213	31 23	8 905	2 131	5 474	1 300
in a city, town, ar urban area	490	26	14	378	72	ا			. 555
Farm operators reporting days of work off form	2 563	1 049 559	945 798	5 495 498	1 178 708	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Any	575	490 142	147 58	4 997 283	470 92	30 589 3 609	3 579 2 204	23 262	3 748 1 405
50 ta 99 days 100 to 149 days	271	77	30 5	116	48 43	ן 1 790	1 375	_	415
150 to 199 days	390	41	12	286	51	J 4 174	-	3 625	549
200 days and over Form operators by principal accupation:	4 625	164	42	4 183	236	21 016	-	19 637	1 379
FormingOther			1 224	6 600	1 017	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
VIIIVI	0 80/	-	~-	5 590	1 217	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

<sup>1974</sup> data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

<sup>1974</sup> data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

	ſ		Specified exclude	ed agricultural	operations, 1974	1	Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969			
	- 1		Ву	occupation an	d age of operate	or				
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultur operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but exclude 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)			Occupatio		Occupation	other than				
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobiles		7 251 8 149	1 125 1 215	843 896	4 306 4 977	977 1 061	24 718 30 846	4 956 6 149	14 264 18 322	5 498 6 375
Motortrucks, including pickups		6 808	1 057	774	4 145	832	21 494	4 435 4 789	12 611 13 589	4 448 4 679
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers		7 012 6 625	1 104 994	779 759	4 289 4 011	840 861	23 057 24 248	5 113	13 934	5 201 5 827
Wheeltractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers .	number forms	6 865 i 6 570 i	1 037 <b>99</b> 0	787 752	4 164 3 973	877 855	27 154 (NA)	5 710 (NA)	15 617 (NA)	(NA)
Crawler tractors	number farms	6 770 . 86	1 025 11	772 15	4 103 53	870 7	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Grain and bean combines, self-propelled		95 17	12	15	61	7 2	(NA) 154	(NA) 57 63	(NA) 70 73	(NA) 27 33
Cornpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers	number	20 38	12	1	5 24	2	169	148	252	95
Corn heads for combines	number	41	12	4	24	i	506 (NA)	152 (NA)	258 (NA)	96 (NA)
Other cornpickers and picker-shellers	number	5	2	-	3	-	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
,	number	35 36	9 10	4	21 21	1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mower conditioners	number	185 193	26 27	18 20	118 120	23 26	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup balers	number	73 74	16 17	12 12	40 40	5 5	1 359 1 382	275 280	832 850	252 252
Windrowers, pull and self-propelled	number	49 50	15 15	5 5	24 25	5 5	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Field forage horvesters, shear bor or flywheel type	number	15 19	6	_	6 6	5	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment	farms \$1,000	8 896 56 179	1 329 8 755	1 069 6 556	5 324 33 697	1 174 7 171	37 167 95 7 <del>99</del>	7 852 19 592	20 619 56 484	8 696 19 723
Forms by value of machinery and equipment:		276	43	60	139	34	8 599	1 988	4 042	2 569
\$1,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999		2 610 5 423	327	308	1 610	365	24 174	5 002	13 885 2 141	5 287 635
\$10,000 to \$19,999		531	868 80	653 40	3 182 362	720 49	3 444 714	668 152	403	159
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999		45 ] 11	6 5	8 -	27 4	4 2	- 236	42	148	46
\$50,000 and over		-	-	-	-	-				
Livestock and Poultry	· 1									
Livestock and paultry inventory:  Cattle and calves	farms	3 102	428	358	1 954	362	20 025	4 039	11 052	4 934
Cows and heifers that had calved	number farms	13 638 2 023	1 801 270	1 525 254	8 862 1 284	1 450 215	167 476 14 092	31 407 2 836	97 813 7 688	38 256 3 568
Beef cows	number :	6 754 1 375	849 147	781 136	4 497 964	627 128	65 943 10 351	12 708 1 849	37 928 6 125	15 307 2 377
Milk cows	number	5 208 823	564 152	520 133	3 720 427	404 111	54 812 5 172	9 855 1 298	33 205 2 263	11 752 1 611
	number	1 546	285	261	777	223	11 131	2 853	4 723	3 555
Hogs and pigs	number	834 3 061	157 <b>63</b> 8	118 400	465 1 669	94 354	7 068 52 481	1 574 10 355	3 807 30 270	1 687 11 856
Litters af pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding year and November 30	1	485	75	60	284					
Sheep and lombs	number	1 202	157	127	770	66 148	3 703 11 216	781 2 277	2 073 6 520	849 2 419
	number	18 113	35	30	36	12	208 3 201	39 760	92 1 068	77 1 373
Harses and ponies	number	1 345 3 381	156 391	128 201	928 2 458	133 331	7 631 17 <b>93</b> 8	1 415 3 165	4 862 11 916	1 354 2 857
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	1 401 28 813	241 4 970	217 4 309	707 15 457	236 4 077	9 101 213 986	2 132	3 935	3 034
Hens and pullets of laying age		1 271 24 522	223	205 3 979	638	205	8 400	51 760 1 976	88 415 3 597	73 811 2 827
Brailers and other meat-type chickens	number	141	4 556 13	20	12 750 88	3 237 20	183 637 197	45 789 50	74 874 85	62 974 62
Other livestock and paultry		1 358 762	132 123	130 93	892 474	204 72	3 042 4 539	776 1 087	1 301 2 132	965 1 320
Livestock and paultry said: Cottle and calves	forms	1 725	245	209	1 067	204	13 970	2 701	7 738	2 521
Hogs and pigs	number	5 134 635	751 82	664 78	3 201 408	518 67	53 387 4 060	10 165 825	29 946 2 259	3 531 13 276 976
Feeder pigs sold	number	8 379 334	788 34	834 38	5 866 217	891 45	63 932 2 156	12 659 439	37 345 1 242	13 928
Sheep and lambs	rumber	5 913	471	520	4 191	731	42 333 148	8 136	25 210	475 8 987
Horses and ponies	number	106 205	21 29	7 9	48 153	30 14	1 888	33 511	47 532	68 845
	number	393	56	14	288	35	564 965	71 116	399 715	94 134
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	103 3 603	22 1 896	13 213	57 1 356	11 138	285 10 491	60 2 291	106 3 478	119 4 722
Hens and pullets of loying age	number	87 3 292	20 1 846	12 133	48 1 231	7 82	244 8 502	54 2 254	83 2 755	107
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	rumber	81	-	-	9	-	15 1 189	3	8	3 493
Other livestock and poultry	forms	178	29	12	125	12	(NA)	43 (NA)	64 (NA)	1 082 (NA)
Crops Harvested										
Field corn for all purposes	acres	502 901	73 145	68 107	290 523	71 126	6 131 31 537	1 487 8 147	2 926 15 394	1 718
For grain or seed	acres	485 869	68 133	67 106	280 505	70 125	5 920 30 108	1 439	2 801	7 996 1 680
Cut far silage, green chop, or dry fodder, or hogged	bushels	38 433	5 090	4 459	23 743	5 141	962 569	7 829 244 751	14 651 478 <b>534</b>	7 628 239 284
or grozed	ocres	21 32	5 12	1	14 18	1	270	63	156	51
	56.6522	32 1	12	'	, 18	1	1 429	318	743	368

Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural		Ву	occupation an	d age of operato	r				
operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)		Occupation	n farming	Occupation farm					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years ald and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Tatal	Class 6	Part time	Part retirement
Crops Harvested — Continued									
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirupfarms	21	_	2	16	3	377	77	153	147
acres For grain or seedforms	64	-	8	50	6	1 160	180	502	478
acrestorms	3	~		3	- 1	60	14	15	31
bushels	64		-	3 64	-	196 5 401	43 1 300	66 1 391	87 2 710
Cut for silage, green chop, dry forage or hay, ar hogged	0~	_	_	64	-	3 401	1 300	1 371	2 /10
or grazedfarms	18	_	2	13	3	321	63	138	120
acres	61	_	- 8	47	6	964	137	436	391
140 · 4					_				
Wheat for grainfarms	37	11	2	20	4	308	84	126	98
acres	96	34	2	52	8	2 066	517	907	642
Other small grains for grainfarms	2 571	1 068	12	1 305	186	54 140	13 855	23 547	16 738
	. 6	.4	-	2	-	221	59	107	55
Soybeans for beansfarms	12 245	10 69	18	2 144	14	1 277 1 472	352 338	573 775	352 359
gcres	855	219	58	534	44	13 304	2 967	7 247	3 090
bushels	17 433	4 639	1 363	10 256	1 175	245 963	54 797	133 246	57 920
boshed	17 433	4 657	1 303	10 230	1 1/3	243 703	34 ///	133 240	3, 720
Hay and grass silage, excluding sorghum hay									Į
(see text)farms	1 160	107	152	716	185	10 839	2 028	5 880	2 931
acres	5 862	576	727	3 645	914	97 722	17 945	53 661	26 116
tons	7 720	855	965	4 740	1 160	109 200	19 734	60 727	28 739
Cottonfarms	217	105	25	74	13	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
acres	623	329	54	203	37	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
boles	385	189	42	133	21	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Peonuts for nutsfarms	2	]	j	_	, -	36	12	17	7
acres	900	1 1	1 700	-	_	36	12	17	2 996
pounds	900	200	700	_	-	13 237	3 602	6 639	2 990
Tobaccafarms	2 068	319	326	1 176	247	17 217	4 124	9 010	4 083
acres	634	98	106	357	73	7 880	1 889	4 116	1 875
pounds	1 123 882	172 456	189 058	629 077	133 291	13 708 862	3 365 919	7 015 150	3 327 793
Irish potatoesfarms	255	35	24	151	45	7- 2 806	780	1 237	789
acres	47	7	3	27	11	890	291	389	210
hundredweight	4 332	659	314	2 308	1 051	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Sweetpotatoesfarms	42	) 6	4	25	7				i
ocres	6	1	(Z)	3	2				1
bushels	777	249	80	285	163	J	240		
Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for salefarms acres	158 86	30	20	89	19 11	978	260	440 495	278 291
Berries for salefarms	35	16	10 6	21	3	1 067 308	281 58	493 171	79
ocres	33		2	1 %	1	121	36 18	55	49
Land in orchardsfarms	90	۱ ,	8	56	19	B53	198	443	212
ocres	34	á	4	1 18	ý	1 162	329	593	240
All other cropsfarms	43	4	i	25	13	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
ocres	2	(Z)	(Z)	-ī	1	2 395	450	1 242	703
Greenhouse products under glass or other protectionfarms	33	2	1	22	8	35	4	22	9
square feet	11 972	816	832	7 842	2 482	9 552	1 290	5 926	2 336
	L					·			

Specified excluded agricultural operations, 1974

Farms with sales under \$1,000, 1969

## **APPENDIX C. Report Forms**

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

## 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation—for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

# A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely

VINCENT P. BARABBA

ment P Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE — Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFIDENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section 1 Did you receive mo	re than one report form	1?	Г					$\overline{}$			
YES — See separate Instructions		Enter extra file number(s) here	-	_	-	_			_	_	
□ NO — Go to Section 2											
Section 2 FARMING, RANCH	ING, OR OTHER AGE	RICULTURAL	ACTI	VIT	IES	IN	19	74			
								YES		NO	
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, p	roduce, or sell ANY amount of	of any of the items	listed	belov	w?			٦ 🗀	)	2	
<ul> <li>Crops</li> <li>Hay, pasture, sod</li> <li>Vegetables, melons, mushrooms</li> <li>Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cattle (including feedlot</li> <li>Hogs, sheep, goats, horses</li> <li>Poultry, eggs</li> <li>Dairy products</li> <li>Forest products on farm</li> </ul>	nu • Fis • Fu in	reenhoursery particulars in contract particulars in contract particular and incomments in contract particula	produ aptivi ring a	icts ity nima		ies				
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise or contractors such as feed companies	produce any agricultural property, processors, or packers?	oducts for				<i>.</i>		YES 1 [	)	NO 2 🔲	
<ol><li>Did you raise or produce any agricul a partnership, share arrangement, o</li></ol>						<i>.</i>		ı [	]	2 🔲	
4. Did you own any land that was used	I by someone else for agricul	tural purposes in 1	974?					1 [	]	2	1
<ol><li>Did you own any livestock or poultry under a share agreement or custom</li></ol>	y that was cared for by some arrangement in 1974?	one else						۱ [	)	2 🔲	i
If you answered YES to ANY of	these questions, go to Sec	ction 3.									
If you answered NO to ALL for to us in the envelope provided.	ive of these questions, tea	ar off this front c	over a	and i	mail	it b	ack				

Se	ection 3 ACREAGE in	1974 and LAN	ND VALU	E		Nun	nber of		Your estimateurrent mai	ket valu	
	Include all cropla	and, pastureland, ra	angeland,				cres		the building		m
	woodland, waste	eland, idle land, ho	use lots, etc	c. 1	lone				Dollars		Cents
4	All to do a l				$\Box$	040		1		1	
1.	ALL land owned	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •		050		1			
2.	ALL land rented or leased FR shares; leased Federal, State (Do NOT include land used of	, and railroad land;	and land us	sed rent free.				\$		]   	
3.	All land rented or leased TO shares by others and land sul	OTHERS, including	land worke	ed on		060		1			
4.	TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS I (item 1) and acres rented (ite others (item 3), and enter yo ① "THIS PLACE" means greenhouses, and/or ar	em 2), then SUBTR ur answer in this sp your farm or ranch,	ACT acres i pace.) feedlots, pa	cented to	<b>&gt;</b>	070		13	hese are t "THIS for this ce	PLACE	<b>(1)</b>
5.	If you rented land FROM	OTHERS (item 2	above), p	lease enter the	follo	owing in	formatio	n for	each lan	dlord.	
				North		-			ments in 19 I that apply	74	
	Name	(No. and street, ci	lress ty, State, ZIP o	ode) Number acres	01	Share of crops	Share of liv	estock	Cash as rent	Oth	
				081		1 🔲	2 🔲		3 🗌	4 [	
				082		1	2 🔲		3 🗌	4 [	]
				083		1 _	2 🔲		3 🗆	4 [	]
	List additional landlords on back co	over.			1		<del></del>		<b></b>	<del>-</del> -	
6.	If you rented land TO O	THERS (item 3 a	above), ple	ase enter the f	follov	wina inf	ormation	for (	each ren	ter.	
	Name		<del></del>	(No. and street, city,					lo. of acres		
								08	5		
								08	6	-	15
									0		0
	·							08	7		
	List additional renters on back cover							<del></del>			014
7.	Of the land you rented or leas	sed from others (ite	m 2 above)	, how many	Vone	Number	of acres		Current ket value	$\exists l$	
	acres did you subrent or suble	ease to others? (In	clude land i	rented or		088	<b>I</b>	1		-	
	leased by you which was wor	<u> </u>			Ц	L	1	\$		4	013
	PLEASE b. There c. The la	able to skip most of e land you owned o were no crops or li nd you operated pi apply to your ope	or rented wa ivestock in i rior to 1974	is worked on shai 1974 on the acre I has been sold to	s in ' son	'THIS PL neone el:	LACE" (ite se.	em 4 a	bove).		012
Se		FAGRICULT	JRAL AC	TIVITY							
				County n	ame	-	State	<del></del>	No. of acres		_
1.	In what county was the large agricultural products raised o		Principal county	oodiit,	-		-		91	1	6
	(Enter county name, State, ar	nd number	Other				+	C	92	-	1 1
	of acres on the "Principal cou If you have agricultural opera		counties						93	-	
	any other county(ies), enter to	he county								_	010
	name(s), etc., on the lines pro "Other counties.")			. –					94		
2.	Location of place within princ county entered above. (Give of township, district, precinct Township – Range numbers.	name , etc., or	Name of loca	tion						CENSUS	ONLY
			1	Page 1							

READ AND ANSWER
THIS QUESTION
THEN FOLLOW THE
INSTRUCTIONS

During 1974 did you produce any crops; cut any hay; have any nursery or greenhouse products or specialty crops; or have any land in orchards, groves, or vineyards?

☐ YES — Go to Section 5 below
NO — Skip to page 8 and
COMPLETE Section 1

INSTRUCTIONS	in <u>orcha</u>	ards, groves,	or vine	yards?				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Section 5 Was any FIE	LD CORN	narvested fo	or any	purpose (	from this p	lace in 19	974?		
YES — Complete this section	on (	Report swee			and popcorr	in Section	16		
□ NO — Go to Section 6		wnen you rea		s harvested	Quant	ity harvested		Acres irri	igated
1. Field corn for grain or seed	(Report quanti	ty	Acres	inaivested [	1	Bushel	s	1	90.00
of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight. 70 lbs. o			101	$\downarrow$	OR-	shelled		2	
shelled corn = 1 bushel she	elled corn)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			6	Hundre shelled	dweight		
2. Field corn for silage or gree	n chon		102		1	Tons, green v	veight	2	
Field corn cut for dry fodder include acres already report	r, hogged or gr	azed (Do not	103			,		2	
				Acres	Dry fert	tilizer	Lia	uid or gas fer	tilizer
				rtilized	Whole ton:			ole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used of	on field corn .		109		1	/10	2		/10
(Include both gra		varieties. Do no Report sorgh sirup in Secti	um-sua	lan crosses i	for hay in Sec	tion 10 and		ım for	
NO — Go to Section 7			Acres	harvested	Quant	ity harvested		Acres irri	igated
Sorghums (milo) for grain or seed (Report quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds.)			111		1 6 OR-	nels	2		
			112		1	Pour		2	
2. Sorghums for silage or gree	en <b>c</b> hop					gree	n weight		
3. Sorghums cut for dry forage	e or hay		113		1	Ton: dry v	s. veight	2	
4. Sorghums hogged or graze acres already reported in ite	d (Do not inclu	de	114					2	
				Acres	Dry fert	ilizer	Liqu	uid or gas fer	tilizer
				rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths
5. Commercial fertilizer used of	on sorghums .		119		1	/10	2		/10
Section 7 Were any SO from this place	ce in 1974?	PEANUTS,	DRY	BEANS, o	or DRY PE		sted		
NO — Go to Section 8		T .				Commercia	l fertilize	used	
	Acres harvested	Quantit	· .	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dr		Liquid or	
1. Soybeans for beans 2	121	1	D . t . l .	2	fertilized 3	Whole tons	,	Whole tons	<del>i ,</del>
_	122	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Peanuts for nuts $\stackrel{\textcircled{3}}{\cdot}$	123	1	Pounds 100-lb.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Dry field and seed beans	124	1	bags	2	3	4	/10		/10
4. Dry lima beans		<u> </u>	100-lb. bags		1		/10	5	/10
<b>5</b> . Dry field and seed peas $\stackrel{\text{(4)}}{\cdot}$ .	125		Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
<b>6</b> . Cowpeas for dry peas	126	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
<ol> <li>Soybean hay is to be reg</li> <li>Peanut hay is to be report</li> </ol>			beans l	hogged or gr	razed, cut for	silage, or pl	owed u	nder in Se	

- Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.

  Compared by in the last of the section 11.
- (5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

#### Section 8

## > SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

COMPLETE THIS SECTION Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested from this place in 1974, be sure to report quantity harvested in the unit specified, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

					L	Commercial fertilizer used				
		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas	
	None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
1. Hard red winter wheat		131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
2. Soft red winter wheat		132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
3. Hard red spring wheat		133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
4. Durum wheat		134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
5. White wheat		135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
6. Oats for grain		137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
7. Barley for grain		138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
8. Rye for grain	_	139	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
9. Mixed grains		140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
10. Flaxseed		141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
11. Buckwheat		142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
12. Proso millet		143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10	
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either		144	1 100-lb. bags	2	3	4		5		
100-lb. bags, bushels, or barrels)			OR Bu. Barrels				/10		/10	

Section 9 Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

	YES		Complete	this	section
--	-----	--	----------	------	---------

□ NO	— Go to	Section 1	0 on r	next page
------	---------	-----------	--------	-----------

Report tenths of								Commercial	fertilizer	used	
acres where		res ested	Quantity harvested	-	cres gated	,	Acres	Dry		Liquid or gas	
indicated.				1		fe	rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Cotton	151		1 Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
0 T have all house	152	1/10	1 Pounds	2	10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
2. Tobacco — all types	153	<del></del>	1	12	<del>- i / i /</del>	3	<del>-   /    </del>	4	, , , ,	5	<del></del>
3. Irish potatoes (excluding home use)	153	1/10	Hundred weight		1/10	٦	1/10		/10		/10
4. Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)	154	/10	1 Bushels	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10	5	/10
5. Sugar beets for sugar	155	*	1 Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
6. Sugar beets for seed	156		1 Pounds	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
7. Sugarcane for sugar <sup>6</sup>	157		† Tons	2		3		4	/10	5	/10
8. Sugarcane for sirup	158			2		3		4	/10	5	/10
9. Sugarcane for seed	159			2		3		4	/10	5	/10
			November 1073	<u> </u>		107	4 Othor	States re	nort 10	74 crop vo	

6 In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.

Section 10 Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAC from this place in 1974? (Include hay			GREEN C	нор	cut	or harve	estea
☐ YES — Complete this section ☐ NO — Go to Section 11							
If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "ha report the acreage in the appropriate items under <b>Part A</b> —	aylage, <b>Hay</b>	" or "green cho and <b>Part B</b> —	p" from the sa <b>Grass Silage</b>	me field below.	ds,		
■Part A — DRY HAY			Quantity	harvoste			
(If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report		Acres harvested	(Repor	t either	į	Acre irrigat	
total tons from all cuttings.)		172	1		ons.	2	
Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydrating		173	1		ry ons.	2	
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and grasses for hay	<i>'</i> · · · ·	•			ry		
3. Small grain hay	. <b></b> .	. 174	1		ons, ry	2	
4. Lespedeza for hay		175	1		ons.	2	
		176	1	T	ons.	2	
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay		177	1		ons.	2	
<b>6</b> . Wild hay ,		•			ry		
<ol> <li>Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan crosses, soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc</li></ol>		. 178	1		ons. ry	2	
■Part B — GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AND GREEN C (If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" were made from the same acres, report acres only once, but report total tons from all cuttings.)		181	1	To	ons.	2	
8. Grass silage and haylage	<i>.</i> .				re <b>e</b> n		
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)		182	1		ons, reen	2	
			5 ( -11				
		Acres fertilized	Dry fertilize Whole tons	Tenths	_	uid or gas fe	Tenths
40. A second of the second on the second of	189		1	<del></del>	2		, ,
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed above	<u> </u>			/10	<u> </u>		/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (grass, legu	ıme, d	clover, etc.) l	harvested f	rom th	nis p	place in 1	19747
YES — Complete this section		Acres	Quantity ha		T	Acre	s
□ NO — Go to Section 12	L	harvésted	(Report in clean se			irrigat	
1. Red clover seed	19	)1	1	Po	unds	2	
2. Alfalfa seed	19	)2	1		unus	2	
3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. from list below.	`			Pot	unds		
e. Other held stade perfect group harms and not work not solver.	´		1			2	
Crop name No	_		1	Po	unds	2	
Crop nameNo	_ [_			Po	unds		
List additional field seed crops harvested on back cover.  Crop name  Austrian winter peas	Perennial ss seed:	206 207 208 209 211	Crop name Alsike clover's Crimson clover Ladino clover's White clover's Red top seed Hairy vetch se Vetch seed, o All other seed	er seed. seed. seed. seed. ther than	hairy		. 217 . 218 . 219 . 221 . 222 . 223
Bromegrass seed 203 Lespedeza Orchardgrass seed 204 Lupine seed			bluestem, can	arygrass	etc.		. <b>2</b> 25
			r				
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds		Acres fertilized	Dry fertiliz Whole tons	Tenths	<del>                                     </del>	quid or gas fo /hole tons	Tenths
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same acreage was reported in Section 10.)	235		1	1 /	2	0.4 10113	1 ,
	t			1 /10	1		1 /10

#### Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this Section 12 place in 1974? ☐ YES — Complete this section □ NO — Go to Section 13 on next page Acres harvested (7) Acres' For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 through irrigated For fresh market For processing (8) August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other States report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instructions Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Whole acres Tenths Tenths for additional guidelines on filling this section.) 241 Λo Ήо **/**10 242 2 hο /10 /1o 243 10 3. Cucumbers and pickles. . . . . . . . . . . . . /10 /1o 244 hο Λo /10 245 Λo 10 /10 5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cowpeas. 246 hο /1o /10 7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and No. from list below.) /1o /1o /10 Vegetable name\_ No. hο /10 /10 hο hο /1o Vegetable name\_ hο /10 /10 Vegetable name. /10 Λo Vegetable name. No. /10 /10 Vegetable name\_ hο /10 hο Vegetable name\_ No. Λo Λo /10 Vegetable name. No. List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover. Vegetable name Vegetable name Vegetable name Vegetable name Lettuce, romaine. Pumpkins . . . . 284 Artichokes . . . . . Chicory . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 . 285 Asparagus . . . . . . Collards. . . . . . . . 262 Lettuce, other . . . . . 273 Radishes . . . . . . 286 Beets . . . . . . . . . . . 251 Cowpeas (blackeye and Lima beans . . . . . . .274 Rhubarb . . . . . 263 Muskmelons. . . . . . 275 Shallots. . . . . . 287 Broccoli. . . . . . . . 252 other green cowpeas). . Mustard greens . . . Spinach. . . . 288 Brussels sprouts. . . . . 253 Eggplant . . . . . . . . . 265 Onions, dry . . . . . Onions, green . . . . . 255 266 .278 Squash . . . . . 289 Cabbage . . . . . 290 Cantaloups and Escarole. . . . . . . . . 267 . 279 Turnips . . . . . . Persian melons. . . . . . 256 Okra . . . . . . . . .280 Turnip greens . . Other vegetables . 257 269 Peppers, sweet . . Honeydew melons. . . . Peppers, hot . . . 282 (Write vegetable name on Cauliflower . . . . . . . . . . . . 258 Celery . . . . . . . . . 259 Lettuce, head . . . . . . . . . 271 Pimientos . . . . . . . 283 line in item 7 above.) Commercial fertilizer used Acres Acres Acres fortilized 8. Land used for vegetable crops harvested irrigated Liquid or gas (Report acres only once even Whole Whole Whole Whole though two or more crops were Whole Tenths Tenths Tenths Tenths Tenths tons tons acres acres acres harvested from the same acres or the same acres were 299 3 irrigated or fertilized twice.

/10

Report all fertilizer used.) . . . .

/10

/1o

/10

/10

<sup>(2)</sup> When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

<sup>8</sup> Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

Section 13 Was there a C vines, and nut	trees on th	nis pla	ce in 197	<b>4?</b> (D	o NOT ii	nclu	de aba	ndone	d tre	es or p	lantings.)	
☐ YES — Complete this section												
NO — Go to Section 14												
Report the total acres, acres irrig and nut trees on this place. Acre in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland in	age in aban	fertilize doned t	ed, and the a trees should	amoun I not b	t of fert e report	ilizei ed ii	r used n this .	for all section	frui but	t trees, should	grapevine d be report	es, ed
	Acres in tre	es and	Acres				Co	ommerci	al fer	tilizer use	ed	
	vines of all	ages	irrigate		Acres				Dry	r	Liquid or	·
1. Land in bearing and nonbearing	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths		res	Tenths	Whole t	tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees	301	1 /10	['	/10	2	-	/10	3		/10	*	! /10
For each item, report the acres a	nd number i					a aa		es and	tree		es of beari	
age and quantity harvested. Tre from hail, frost, etc., should be i see separate Instructions. (Also s	es or vines eported in a	of bear ocres in	ing age tha trees of be	t were aring a	not hai age. For	rves inte	ted be rplant	cause	of le	ow pric	e or dama	g <b>e</b>
	Not	of bearin	ng age		Bea	ring a	ge					
	Whole	ths	Number of	W	hole	Tenths		ber of			tity harvested	đ
	acres	Tenths	trees (or vines)		res	Ten		ees /ines)			Report tenths here specified)	
	302	1,	1	2		,	3		4			
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf	303	1 /10	1	2	<del></del>	/10	3		4			Pounds
3. Apples, standard		1/10	·		Į	/10			•			Pounds
	304	1	1	2	1		3		4			
4. Peaches, clingstone	· <u> </u>	1/10		_	1	/10						Pounds
5. Peaches, freestone	305	1/2	1	2	į	1.	3		4			Pounds
J. Feaches, neestone	306	/10	1	2		/10	3		4			Ourida
6. Pears, Bartlett		/10				/10						Pounds
-	307	,	1	2	į	,	3		4			
7. Pears, other than Bartlett	308	1 /10	1	2		/10	3		4			Pounds
8. Cherries; tart		1/10				/10		ŀ			1	Pounds
-	309	1 ,	1	2		,	3		4			
9. Cherries, sweet	•	1 /10		-		/10			4			Pounds
	310		1	2	į	,	3	][		<u>.</u>	/10	Tons, fresh
<b>0</b> . Grapes	•	/10			į.	/10			5		/10	Tons, dry
1 0	314	1/	1	2		,	3		4		1 ,	Tons.
1. Plums	•	/10		ļ		/10			4		/10	fresh
9	315	! ,	1	2		,	3	1			/10	
2. Prunes	·	/10				/10			5		/10	Tons. dry
For citrus, report quantity harvested in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.	320	1 , 1	1	2	1	,	3		4			
3. Valencia oranges	321	1 /10	1	2	1.	/10	3		4			Boxes
4. Navel oranges	321	1/10	•	_	Í	/10	3		4			Boves
	322	1 . 1	1	2	<del></del>	, 10	3		4			Boxes
5. Temple oranges		/10		ļ		/10						Boxes
6. Other oranges — Hamlin,	323	1/2	1	2	ļ	/	3		4		-	
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc	324	/10	1	2		/10	2		<u> </u>			Boxes

Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.
 If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

Page 6

Boxes

	_	
Section	13 >	Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col. (f) indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark "Boxes," enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list bel	ow	Not	of bearin (c)	g age		Bearing (d)	age		Quantity harvested	Unit of measure Mark (X) one (f)			Average capacity of boxes
Name (a)	No.   (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees		(e)	Lbs.		Boxes	in pounds (g)
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		<sup>5</sup> 1□	2	3 🗆	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🗆	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🔲	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		<sup>5</sup> 1	2	3 🗆	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4		5₁□	2	3 🗆	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4		51□	2	3 🗆	6
• CITRUS	CROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No		• NUT CRO	PS		N	о.
(Report que 1973—74 Kumquats Lemons Limes (1 b Tangelos Tangerines Other citrus	ushel = 5(	m of 1973.,	325 326 327 328 329	Avoca Dates Figs / Mang Necta Pome Olives	See Instructions	nstructions,	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	2 3 4 5 6 7	Almonds Filberts and h Pecans, impre Pecans, wild Pistachio Tung nuts (in Walnuts (Eng Walnuts, plan Other nut tree	azelnuts oved and seed husk) husk) lish or P	ding	34	41 42 43 44 45 46 47

Section 14 Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

☐ YES — Complete this section		Area useo	d in 1974		Value of		
		Square feet under glass	Acres in the	open	sales during	1974W	
NO — Go to Section 15 on ne.	xt page	or other protection 10	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
1. Nursery products — trees, sh	rubs, vines, etc.	371	1	/10	2 <b>\$</b>	1	
2. Sod harvested		Takana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana an	1	/10	2 <b>\$</b>	ļ	
3. Bulbs		373	1	/10	2 \$	<u> </u>	
4. Cut flowers, florist greens; an other florist plants		374	1	/10	2 \$		
5. Flower seeds, vegetable seed plants (Report sweet corn for		384	1	/10	2 <b>5</b>		
6. Vegetables, including	a. Tomatoes	385			<u>\$</u>		
mushrooms, grown under glass or other protection	b. Cucumbers	1			\$ 2	<u> </u>	
	c. Lettuce	1		) }	2	<del> </del>	
	d. Mushrooms			1:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	2	<del> </del>	
7. Area irrigated (Include items	e. Other vegetables .	391	1	,	<b>B</b>		

	Area fertilized			Dry fertili	zer	Liquid or gas fertilizer	
	Square feet	Acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
8. Commercial fertilizer used on the crops listed above	399	1	/10	2	/10	3	/10

- Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.
- 1) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Section 15 Were any BER	RIES harv	ested fo	or sa	le fro	m this	pl	ace	in 19	974?				
YES — Complete this section				Acres ha	rvested	T		Quan	tity harv	ested		Acres in	rigated
□ NO — Go to Section 16			Who	ole acres	Tenth	15	(	1 quart	= 1 1/2 ;	ound	s)	Whole acres	Tenths
1. Strawberries	<b>.</b>		402		1/	10	1			f	Pounds	2	/10
2. Cranberries			403		1/	10	1				100-lb. barrels	2	/10
list below.)	and IVO. ITOIT	,				,	1					2	
Crop name	No	)			/	10	_			F	Pounds		/10
Crop name	No	). <u></u>			<u> </u>	10	1			F	ounds	2	1/10
List additional berry crops ha  Crop name No  Blackberries and dewberries 40  Blueberries, tame 40  Blueberries, wild 40	Boysen Currant Gooseb			408	Raspt	nberi perri	ries . es, rec		No. . 411 . 412 . 413		All other	barries er berries crop name on 3 above.)	415
				<b>—</b>	e acres	-			Dry fertil		<del></del>	Liquid or gas	
4. Commercial fertilizer used on be	orrios			429	e acres	l rei	,	1	le tons	1 rei	, 2	vvnoie tons	<del>i -, -</del>
Section 16 Were any OTH				from	this p	lac	/10 e in	197	4?	<u>:                                    </u>	/10		/10
☐ YES — Complete this section		T			<u> </u>		Γ-		Comr	nercia	ıl fertiliz	er used	
NO — Go to Section 17	Acres harvested	-	uantity rvested	1	Acres		A	cres		Dry		Liquid o	or gas
						<del></del>		tilized		tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Popcorn	431	1		Pounds, shelled			3		4		/10		/10
2. Safflower	432	1		Pounds	2		3		4		/10		/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1		Pounds	2		3		4	_	/10		/10
4. Emmer and spelt	434	1		Bushels	2		3		4		/10		/10
5. Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds of oil	2		3		4	i	/10		/10
6. Broomcorn	436	1		Tons of brush	2		3		4		/10	5	/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop name and No. from list below.) Crop					2		3		4	 	/10	5	1 /10
Crop					2		3		4	_	/10	5	/10
nameNoNo	back cover.		·.·.·		<u>.                                    </u>		L		L		/10	01	/10
Crop name No. Castor beans	Crop name Guar Hops Lentils Mungbeans for Mustard seed. Rapeseed	beans.	. 444 . 445 . 446 . 447 . 448	F S S S S	crop name loot crops lesame for loorghum for looybeans if grazed or looybeans if	for the second side of the secon	rup ged or for sill red un	age	450 451 452 453	Sv Tr Ve W W Al	iticale . elvetbea ild rice ormseed I other c	n for seed	455 456 457 458 458
Section 17 Were any FOR	EST PROD	DUCTS	sold	from	this p	lac	e in	197	4?				
YES — Complete this section  NO — Go to and COMPLETE Sec	ction 18								}		Va Doll	lue of sales ars	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees										491 \$			!
2. Firewood and fuelwood									· · · 🗀	492 \$			1
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs									· · · 🖺	493 \$			
4. Pulpwood	s, Christmas	trees, gui	m						• • •	494 \$ 495 \$			

Section 18 $\rightarrow$ LAND USE IN 1974 $-c_0$			
1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item	n 4, page 1	Ac	res
► NOTE: If the same land had more than on ONCE — in the first use listed bel was harvested and pastured is to be	e use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY low that applies. For example, cropland that be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	Numbe	
(a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from	n which crops were harvested or hay was cut, eyards, and nursery and greenhouse products	502	1
b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing		503	1
2. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, a grasses, but not harvested and not pastur	and soil-improvement	505	1
d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Excep		506	1
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow		507	1
f. Cropland idle			1
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber	a. Woodland pastured	511	
tracts and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.)	<b>b</b> . Woodland not pastured	512	
4. Other pastureland and rangeland (Include as other than cropland and woodland pasture.)	ny pastureland	514	1
a. Pastureland and rangeland on which you ap	plied lime, fertilizer, seed,  of weeds and brush	1514	l'
b. Other pastureland and rangeland		515	
5. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported	, ponds, roads,	516	
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported the total in this space. Should be a space of the total in this space.	ed in items 2a through 5 and enter did be the same as item 1 above.)	IN"THIS F	PLACE" IRRIGATED
7. Do you have any grazing permits on a per-head \[ \text{YES} \to Mark (X) all boxes which apply} \] \[ \text{NO} \to Go to Section 19}	1 🛅 1 01001 0011100	_	r Federal or State r — Specify
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in the	nis place IRRIGATED in 1974?	S—Answei	ritems 1 a <b>nd</b> 2 below
			ritem 3 below
How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each	ch of these methods?	None	Acres irrigated in 1974 523
a. Furrows or ditches		· Ц	524
		· · · · · 🔟	525
c. Subirrigation			526
d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot	, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)		527
e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move p	ine wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)	□	į.
or, in action approximation approximation provides the second sec			L
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (S additional information on estimating quantity of	See separate Instructions for of water used.)	Wate	er used in 1974
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (S additional information on estimating quantity of 2. Please estimate the quantity of water used  a. Acre-feet (One one acre, one for the other than the other	See separate Instructions for of water used.)  acre-foot covers foot deep)	Wate 31 Acre feet	er used in 1974 Tenths 10
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (Sadditional information on estimating quantity of 2. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974  B. Acre-feet (One one acre, one for irrigation in 1974)  B. Gallons (Pump)	See separate Instructions for of water used.)  acre-foot covers  foot deep)	Wate 31 Acre-feet 32	Tenths
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (Sadditional information on estimating quantity of 2. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (Report in the unit or units of measure most according to the content of the content	See separate Instructions for of water used.)  acre-foot covers foot deep)	Wate 31 Acre-feet 32	Tenths /10
Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (Sadditional information on estimating quantity of 2. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (Report in the unit or units of measure most according to the content of the content	See separate Instructions for of water used.)  a care-foot covers foot deep)	Wate 31 Acre-feet 32 33 sent year 535	Tenths 10  Gallons  Total inches

Section 20 Was any la	and on this place ARTIFIC	IALLY DRAI	NED?			
YES — Complete this section						
NO - Go to Section 21					Acres	artificially
1. How many acros in this place	e were artificially drained? (Incl	lude onen ditche	c	No	( de	ained
underground tile drains, grad	ding for drainage, dikes, or pump	ing to control wa		_	541	
,	he removal of irrigation waste w			L	542	
	cially drained by systems installe					
	OMMERCIAL FERTILIZI ce in 1974?	ER applied to	PASTURE	LAND		
YES - Complete this section						
NO — Continue with NOTE		Acres fertilized	Dry fertiliz	<del></del>	Liquid or gas	Tenths
1. How many acres of croplan	d used only for	551	Whole tons	Tenths 2	Whole tons	Tentis
pasture in 1974 (reported in item 2b) were fertilized?				/10		1 /10
2. How many acres of other pa	<del></del>	552	1	2		1 /10
(reported in Section 18, iter	n 4a) were fertilized?	_		/10		/10
	Did you or anyone else poultry, or animal specin 1974? (Include fish any POULTRY such as Country such as Count	ialties on this p	lace NC		to page 13 PLETE Se	3 and
on this plac	ce at any time in 1974?					
YES — Complete this section	n					
NO — Go to Section 23						
	ry operations such as baby chick etc., in Section 26.	ks,	INVE	ENTORY		
1. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTER	IS for table eggs and hatching eq	gg production		on this place er 31, 1974	Total nur birds sold	
a. Hens and pullets of laying	ng age kept for TABLE or MAR	KET egg product			1	
b. Hens and pullets of laying	g age kept for HATCHING egg p	roduction	[			
c. Pullets 3 months old or ol	der not yet of laying age		605		1	
d. Pullet chicks and pullet	s under 3 months old (Exclude	e commercial bro	ilers.)		1	
	ens (all male breeding stock)		607		1	
	meat type chickens, including c		ers 608		1	
3. TURKEYS			611		1	
•	aughter (Exclude breeuers.).		612		1	
b. Light breed turkeys for sla	ughter (Exclude breeders.)		613		1	
	eding (Include both heavy and I captivity (Enter fowl name and I				1	
Fowl name		No				
Fowl name		No			1	
Fowl name		No			1	
List additional poultry o	n back cover.					
Fowl name No.  Ducks 614  Geese 615	Fowl name No. Pigeons or squab 616 Pheasants 617	Fowl name Quail				
G0636	1 11 dagains	All other poultry .	יייע פוס		e in item 4 at ie of sales	bove.)
5. What was the value before to	axes and expenses of poultry an	d poultry product	s (eggs etc.)	Dollar		ents
sold from this place in 1974	? (Include estimated value of	poultry and pou	Itry products	629 \$		

Section 23 Did you or anyone else l	nave any CATTLE or CA	LVES	S on	this place	in 19	74?		
YES Complete this section					_			
NO — Go to Section 24						Number	entory on this place per 31, 1974	
■ INVENTORY on December 31, 1974					ē	331		
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, c,	and d below.)							
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had	calved.)				1	32		
					1	33		
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and	milk heifers that had calved.).				<b>-</b>	634		
- 11 %	(1) For beef purposes and b	eef co	w rep	lacement		,,,,		
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)	c. Helters and neiter caives				635			
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calves						636		
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this	place in 1974				<b>.</b>			
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a con	tract or custom basis.		T.	otal number	Value of sales before taxes and expenses			
Also, report cattle moved from this place to feeding as sold; report both the number and			l se	old in 1974		Dollars	Cents	
See separate Instructions.)			641	1				
$\boldsymbol{2}.$ Calves weighing less than 500 pounds		. 🗆			\$		<u> </u>	
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 pound	ds or more	. 🗆	642		s			
a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were fattened on this place on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter?								
■DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	a in 1974							
•				Val dairy pro	lue of oducts so	ld		
Report goat dairy products in Section 26 when you reach that section.      Dollars					s	Cents		
4. What was the gross value of sales of dairy products (milk, cream, etc.) from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses?								
Section 24 Did you or anyone else	have any HOGS or PIGS	on t	his p	lace in 19	74?			
☐ YES — Complete this section					_			
□ NO — Go to Section 25 on next page					1	Number	entory on this place	
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974					6	51	er 31, 1974	
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b b	elow.)	<i>.</i>			L	52		
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bree	eding					53		
<b>b</b> . Other hogs and pigs		<i>.</i>			[			
■LITTERS FARROWED			None	Number of lit	ters			
2. Litters farrowed on this place between -			İ	654				
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974				655				
<b>b</b> . June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974				000				
b. June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974		· · ·	·					
				al number	1	alue of sal axes and e		
■ HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	N	lone (	556		1	Dollars	Cents	
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974					s		!	
a. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many wer		E	557		1			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding	?				\$		ļ	

ection 25 Did you or anyone else have any	SHEEP or L	AMBS o		47	
YES — Complete this section			INVENTORY Number on this place	Total num	
NO — Go to Section 26			December 31, 1974		
			661	1	
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c below	v.)		••		
			662		
a. Lambs under 1 year old			663	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
			003		
b. Ewes 1 year old or older			664		
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older					
e. Hams and Wethers 1 year old or older.					
		None	665 Number shorn 1	Pounds of woo	ol shorn
2. Sheep and lambs shorn		🗆 [			
					ו
			Value of Dollars	Cents	
3. What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lambs, an	nd		669	Leins	
wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and expens			1	i .	
Section 26 Did you or anyone else have any				TALTIES	on this
place in 1974?	OTHER LIVE	ESTUCK	OF AITHURE STEE	ALTILO	011 1111
YES Complete this section		INVENTORY Number on	Total number sold	Value of	fsales
NO — Go to Section 27		this place	in 1974	Dollars	Cents
NO 2 Of the Section 27	67	Dec 31, 1974		2	<u> </u>
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)				\$	
2. Ponies of all ages	67:	2 1		2 \$	i
	673	3		2	1
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages	674			\$ 2	<u> </u>
4. Mink and their pelts				5	.   <del> <b>!</b></del>
a. Mink females used for breeding	67!	5			
5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry hatched					
(Enter name and No. from list below.)					-
Name	No			2 S	į
None -				2 \$	1
Name	No			2	+
Name N	No			S	<u> </u>
Other Livestock in Cap	tivity, Bees, and P	oultry Hatche	d		
Name No. Name		No.	Name	No	
	err pelts		Foxes and their pelts Poultry hatched		
Milk goats	their pelts	.682	All other livestock	68	
	Acres under water for fish production		Total quantity sold	Value of	sales
			ın 19 <b>74</b>	Dollars	Cents
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter name and	20000000			<u> </u>	<del>-                                    </del>
No. from "List A" below.)			Pounds	2	i
Name No			3	\$	1
7. Fish in captivity		Tenths	Gallons	)	<del></del>
(Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)			Pounds	2	1
Name No		1/10	OR-	\$	į
		<u>i                                     </u>	Number		<u></u>
List A — Livestock Products	• I	ist B — Fish	in Captivity	·	
Name No. Name		No.	Name	N	0.
Mohair sold 687 Catfish		691	Tropical fish Other fish	69	94
		09/		60	95

Page 12

## Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974 (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

■ Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974	•		· ·
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and impler	ments usually kent	Estimated marke	t value
on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tr plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment, and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	ractors, combines, uipment including	Dollars 701 \$	Cents
■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31 , 1974	(1970-197 (Numbe	Y were ed in ears 4)?
2. Automobiles	702	1	
	703	1	
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	704	1	
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	705	1,	
5. Crawler tractors	703		
	706	1	
<b>6</b> . Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	707	1	
7. Corn heads for combines	708	1	
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	700	ľ	
	709	1	
9. Mower conditioners	710	1	
<b>10</b> . Pickup balers	<del></del>	1	
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711		
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1	
Section 28 > MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS — COMPLETE THIS SECTION			<del></del>
the total grain storage capacity, including ear corn, on this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	one nder 1,000 bushels 000-4,999 bushels 000-9,999 bushels 0,000-24,999 bushe 0,000-49,999 bushe 0,000 bushels and o	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tons) els (250-624 ton els (625-1,249 to	ons)
2. How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.)		Number of ponds, pits. Whole acres	
a. Area covered when filled to capacity			/10
futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm  commodities which you produce?  1 YES — Mark which commodities  2 S  4 W  2 NO — Go to Section 29 on next page  5 C	orghums (grain)	7  Cattle (live) 8  Hogs (live) 9  Other — <i>Sp</i>	ecify 🔫

Section 29	Did you hav farm product	e any C ts on this	ONTRACT or splace in 1974?	BINDING AGRE	EMENT to produ itten agreements mad	uce or market any de more than 30 days		
☐ YES —Comple				prior to delivery.)				
□ NO Go to S	Section 30							
			uced and/or market roduot name reder cattle and/or	ed under contract.  No. Product name  No. Product name  13 Field and seed corn  19 Fruit, citrus, nuts for				
2 Started pullets str		ocker cattle eeding cattle	14 Soybeans 15 Wheat	14 Soybeans fres				
4 Turkeys 9 Si		aughter hogs eder pigs	16 Cotton 17 Vegetables for	orocessing ar beets				
dairy products 11 8r 6 Fattened cattle 12 0t		eeding hogs ther livestock and/or bultry (Write product name line A1 below.)	fresh market  18  Vegetables for processing	er crops, such as hops, corn, potatoes, safflower, arcane, etc.(Write product e on line A1 below.)				
		bove, ente	•	No. in the column heat t product.	ading where indicate	ed and complete the		
			FIRST CONTRACT	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT		
A. Product(s) under c Enter name and No.		1. Product name						
item 1 above	110111	2. No.	731	732	733	734		
B. Type of contract Mark (X) one of these items for	1. Production ① 2. Marketing ③ 3. Production, including feeding, and marketing 4. Other		1 1 <del> </del> 2	1 1 <del> </del> 2	1 1	1 1 <u> </u>		
each product under contract			3 🔲 4 🔲	3 <u> </u>	3 🗍 4 🔲	3 🗍 4 🗍		
C. Type of contractor	1. Co-op		2 1	2 1	2 1	2 1		
Mark (X) one of these items for	2. Feed company		2 🔲	2 🔲	2 🔲	2 🔲		
each product	3. Packer		3 🔲	3 🔲	3 🔲	3 🔲		
under contract	4. Processor 5. Other		4 D 5 D	4 D	4 <u> </u>	4 [] 5 []		
D. Items furnished	1. Feed		3 1	3 1	3 1	3 1 🗆		
by contractor under terms of	<ol> <li>Chicks, pullets, cattle, feeder pigs, etc.</li> <li>Seed</li> <li>Fertilizer</li> <li>Chemicals</li> <li>Labor</li> <li>Machinery, equipment, or buildings</li> <li>Harvesting</li> <li>Transportation</li> </ol>							
contract			2 🔲	2 📗	2 📙	2 📙		
Mark (X) for as many items as			3 ∐ 4 □	3 📙	3 📙	3 []		
apply for each			5 □	5 🗆	5 🗆	5 □		
product under contract			6 🗆	6 🗆	6 🗆	6 N		
			7 🗆	7 🗆	_ 7 □	 7 []		
			8 🗆	8 🗍	8 🗍	8 🗆		
			9 🗌	9 🗌	9 🗍	9 🗌		
	10. Processing/p	acking	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10		
	11. Credit	_	11 🗍	11 🗌	11 🗍	11		
	12. Technical ass	sistance	12 🔲	12 🔲	12 🗌	12 🔲		
<b>13</b> . Other		13 🔲	13 🔲	13 🔲	13 🔲			
14. None			14 🔲	14 📙	14 📙	14 🔲		
E. What percent of the total production of this product was sold under contract?		5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent			
F.  1. Amount received from contractor for product covered by contract?		6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents	6 Dollars Cents			
2. Did this payment represent the total market value of the product?		7 1  Yes 2  No	7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1  Yes 2  No	7 1 Yes 2 No			
G. 1. Exact price?			8 1	8 1	8 1	8 1 🗍		
Did the contract	2. Method of	202	2 🗆	2 🗆	2 🗆	2 🗆		
specify — Mark (X) one	determining price 3. Neither price no		3 □	3 □	3 🗆	3 🗆		
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

<sup>(2)</sup> Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor.

<sup>(3)</sup> Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.

Section 30 PAYROLL AND EMPLOYMENT - Did you labor, employees of labor contractors or working on this place in 1974?  YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 31	ມ have any crew lead	paid workers ers, or other	s doing agricu salaried empl	ıltural oyees	
Please read before answering items 1, 2, and 3 below  Hired farm or ranch we paid family members, including workers, maintenance per associated with agricultuithey may not be doing family workers or the property.	clude such pe ople, etc., wh ral productio agricultural l	ersons as bookke nose employment n on this place abor. Do not inc	eepers, office t is primarily even though clude unpaid		
Cash wages paid — Rep before deductions for Soci Include all wages, salaries sick leave pay. Do not incitems paid in kind.	ial Security, ta s, commission	axes, insurance pr ns, paid bonuses,	remiums, etc. vacation and		
For each of the following groups, report how many hired farm or ranch workers were employed and the amount of			Cook		
cash wages paid to them.		Number of workers	Cash wages Dollars	Paid Cents	
1. Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how many worked—		751	1	1	
a. 150 days or more?		752	\$	- <del> </del>	
<b>b</b> . 25–149 days?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	753	\$ 1		
<ul><li>c. Less than 25 days?</li></ul>			\$ 754	<u> </u>	
a. What was the cost of contract labor?			\$	i ••••••	
<ul> <li>b. How many workers did the contractor furnish? (Estimate if necessa</li> <li>3. Salaried corporation officers</li> <li>a. If this operation is incorporated, how many corporation officers</li> </ul>	ory.)	755 756	-	 	
were salaried in 1974?			757		
b. What was the amount paid?			\$	İ	
Section 31 INJURIES AND ILLNESSES CONNECT Were there any work connected injuries or work connected illnesses or death to (Do not include deaths, injuries, or illnesses to	that require workers of	ed more than n this place ir	first aid treat n 1974?		
☐ YES — Complete this section					
□ NO — Go to Section 32 on next page	NO — Go to Section 32 on next page  Opera			Hired workers and paid members of operator's family	
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses	761		1		
a. How many workers had injuries or illnesses without lost workday	/s? 762	Workers	1	Workers	
b. How many workers had injuries or illnesses with lost workdays?		Workers		Workers	
(1) How many days were lost as a result of all injuries	763	Davs	1	Davs	

764

Number

Number

Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGIO or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974	IDES, OTHER ?	RPESTICIDE	S, LIM
YES — Complete this section			
NO — Go to Section 33			
Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. I cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpot treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.	each item listed, i	report acres onl	y once,
1 Comment de la compansa de la compa	Number of acres	Cost of che (Do not inc cost of app	:lude
<ol> <li>Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide, insecticide, nematocide) to control —</li> </ol>	on which used	Dollars	Cent
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)	771	1 \$	į
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)	772	1 \$	
c. Namatodos in crops	773	1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops	774	1 \$	i
<ul> <li>d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)</li> <li>e. Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.)</li> </ul>	775	1 \$	İ
f. Weeds or brush in pasture	776	1 \$	i
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sides, etc.)	777	1 \$	<u> </u>
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or thinning of fruit	778	1	+
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry,		779	-
including treatment of buildings	782	\$	<del> </del>
gypsum or lime for sanitation.)	,02	\$	i
Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanitation,     pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc		783 \$	i
5. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1 a through 5 and enter total here and in Section 34, item 10.)	$\longrightarrow$	784 \$	I I
ection 33 > FARM CREDIT			
<ol> <li>DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.)</li> </ol>			
$\square$ YES — Answer a, b, and c $\square$ NO — Go to item 2 $\square$ No lar	nd owned — Go to	o item 2	
		Amount (principal or December 31, 1	
		Dollars	Cents
<ul> <li>a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Bank, The Farmers Home Administration, and company, a commercial or savings bank, and/or a production credit associatio</li> </ul>		1	Ī
b. Amount owed to a savings and loan association, mortgage investment	79:	2	<del> </del>
company, and/or other financial institution not covered above	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		i
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from whom you bought part or all of the propert others (secured by mortgage, deed of trust, land purchase contract, etc.)			i
2. DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were any chattel mortgages, sales contracts, or unsecured notes owed by you on December 31, 1974, for operating this farm or ranch business?			
☐ YES — Answer a, b, and c ☐ NO — Go to Section 34			
		Amount (principal of December 31.	
		Dollars	Cent
<ul> <li>a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies</li> </ul>	79 \$	5	! }
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	79	6	1

## Section 34

## Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

## COMPLETE THIS SECTION

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services, and household expenses not related to the farm business.

					Production exp	penses
					Dollars	Cents
1. Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho	gs, pigs, shee	ep.			801	
lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul	lets, etc				\$	1
2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry — gra					802	1
feeds, concentrates, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and					\$	<u> </u>
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased —	Tons 803	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not			,			
include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)				į		
b. Ingredients purchased — such as soybean meal,	804	/10	\$			
cottonseed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other		١,	ľ	1		
milling byproducts (Do not include whole grains.)		/10	\$	<u> </u>		
<ul> <li>Whole grains purchased — such as corn, oats,</li> </ul>	805	į	1	į		
barley, grain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. (Include cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds		-		1		
or other milling byproducts, or green chop.)		1/10	\$	i I		
	806	,	1	<u> </u>		
d. Hay, green chop, silage, etc		/10	\$			
3. Animal health costs for livestock and poultry (Include					807	į
services, serums, vaccines, tonics, medicines, etc.) .	• • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	· · · · · ·	\$ 808	
A C . I be the closes and become combined					\$	ļ
4. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased			• • • • • • • • •		809	<del></del>
<ol> <li>Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, including and gypsum (Report custom application costs in item</li> </ol>					\$	-
<ol> <li>Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purch Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kero grease, etc. (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.).</li> </ol>	sene, fuel oil,	motor oil	,		\$11	
	Storage ca for farm		Estimated expenditu for farm use in 197			
	(Gallon	s)	Dollars	Cents		
a. Gasoline for the farm business	812		1 \$	1		
	813		1 \$	<del>-</del>		
b. Diesel fuel for the farm business	814		1	+		
c. LP gas, butane, propane for the farm business (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon)			s			
d. Motor oil, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and			815	İ		
fuel oil for the farm business			\$			
				4 1	821	
7. Hired farm labor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1a, 1b	, and 1c,	and enter total	nere.)	823	+
8. Contract labor (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, i	tem 2a.)				\$	į
9. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures	for this place	for use o			824	!
equipment and for customwork such as grinding and	mixing feed,	plowing,	ı		\$	
combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying,	aasung, reful	iziriy, etc.	/		826	1
10. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Copy dollars report					\$	i
11. All other production expenses (Include OTHER curre	nt operating e	expenses	such		827	
as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, purchase of water, etc., for the farm business.)	repairs, electi				\$	!
·			de contractor		829	
12. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including exp or others (Add dollars in items	enses paid b s 1 through	y iandior 11 and e	enter total here		s	
C. Danes production in normal						

Section 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	e in	1974, befor	e taxes
COMPLETE THIS PAGE	and expenses (See separate Instructions.)  Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or		Estimated va	
PAGE	contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Dollars	I Cents
1 Grains	corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans,		832	
grain sorg	phums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		\$	
2. Cotton an	d cottonseed		833 \$	1
			834	
			835	
4. Field seed	ls, hay, forage, and silage		<b>'</b> \$	
5. Vegetable	es, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.)		836 \$	
sweetpot	d crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, atoes, sugar beets, sugarcane. mint for oil, hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>		837 \$	     
• •	ts, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,		838	1
	pecans, pears, pineapples, etc		\$	į
	nd greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in		839	
Section 1	4, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)		\$	<del> </del>
9. Forest pro	oducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)		8 <b>4</b> 9 \$	1
	nd poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, tc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)		852 \$	1
	d calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3—include item 3a— and enter the total here.)		853 \$	
	ducts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4.		854	
Report go	at dairy products in item 15 below.)		\$	<u> </u>
13. Hogs and	pigs sold (Copy dollars reported in Section 24, item 3.)		855 \$ 856	-
14. Sheep, la	mbs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)		\$ 56	l I
15. Other live	stock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, ic. (Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)		857 \$	
16. TOTAL V	ALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or or's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)	<b>&gt;</b>	859 \$	
	NCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES I	NI 10	·	
section 36	/ INCOME AND EXPENSES HOM PARIM-RELATED SOURCES I	14 13	,,,, 	
■ Part A —	INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES Report amount received before taxes and expenses.		Farm-related in	
1. Customw	ork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing,	None	Dollars 871	Cents
planting,	spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-separate business, see separate Instructions.)		\$	
	nal services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place		872 \$	
,	you received for participation in Government farm programs		873 \$	
4. Gross cas received f	h rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments rom lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		874 \$	
5. Other bus	iness or source of income which is d on or CLOSELY RELATED to the	_	875	<del>- +</del>
AGRICUL	TURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		\$	
■Part B	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related e	xpenses
		None	Dollars	Cents
	related income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all		876	į
operating	expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not	_		
ınclude <b>e</b> .	xpenses already reported in Section 34.)	Ш	\$	!

# Section 37 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION, OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS, and related information

COMPLETE	THIS PAGE										
■ Part A	Type of Organization										
1. Mark (X) t	he one box which best de	scribes the way this	s place was ope	rated in 19	974.						
901 1	INDIVIDUAL or FAMIL excluding partnership a	Y operation (sole pr nd corporation	oprietorship),			Complet	Complete Parts B and C				
2	PARTNERSHIP operation (See separate Instruction)		below								
3 🔲	3 ☐ CORPORATION, including family corporations — Skip to Section 38										
	OTHER, such as cooper Indian reservation, etc.	ative, estate or trus	t, prison farm, g	razing asso	ociation.						
■ Part B —	Farm Operator Charact					nily, or Pa	artners	nip Opera	ations		
1. Residenc person in	e — Where does the oper charge, or senior partner of or ranch operation live?	rator, 903	1 On this p	lace							
(or senior	the earliest year the oper partner, if partnership) be any part of this place?.	g <b>a</b> n	Yea		•						
	s the operator (or senior partnership)?	905	Yea	rs old							
4. Operator's Mark (X) a	s race — 906 appropriate box	1 White 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian	Chi Me Puo Cul Cer A	exican Americano exican (Mereto Ricano panotral or So mericano mer Spanisi	xicano) uth	5	Japan Chine Filipin Other Specia	se o	<sup>nce</sup> <b>Z</b>		
the majori	Occupation — At what of ity (50 percent or more) of erships, consider all mem	f his work time in 1	operator spend 974?	·	907	1	•				
	Work — How many	Mark (X) one for e applicable line		None	1 – 49 days	50-99 days	100-149 days	150-199 days	200 days		
days did each member of the family work OFF the place in 1974? (Include work at a nonfarm job, business, profession, or on someone else's farm. Do not include		a. Operator or seni b. Spouse c. Other d. Other	912	1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	2	3	4	5   5   5	6   6   6   6   6		
■ Part C —	farm work.) Family Income from Off nount you and members o	-Farm Sources in	1974	-		ces.		Income froi			
For partne  1. Operation	ership operations, the repo of a non-farm-related bu	ort should be for the siness (not reported	senior partner a d in Section 36)	n <b>nd</b> his fan Or	nily.)	None	921	ollars	Cents		
	nal practice (Report NET a es, salaries, commissions,	,		• • • • • •		Ц	922		+		
	mount before deducting t					🗆	\$ 923	-			
	ividends, or royalties					🗆	s		<u> </u>		
4. Federal Soment insur	ocial Security, pensions, re rance, workmen's comper	etirement pay, veter isation, and old age	rans payments, a e and other publi	annuities, i c assistan	un <mark>e</mark> mploy ce	·	924 \$				
5. Rental inc	ome of nonfarm property	(Report NET after o	deduction of exp	enses.) .			925 \$		i		
Section 38	PERSON COMP	ETING THIS F	REPORT								
PLEASE	Name			Date		0.00		ephone			
PRINT			931	Month	Day	932 Ar	ea Code	Number			

Enter remarks on back cover.

## **INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1**

## 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

## INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- Section 2.

  (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74–A1) and a brown form (74–A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

# INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

## ▶ EITHER ◀

(e) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

## **▶** OR **4**

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

## ▶ OR ◀

- (c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.
- If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE—
  (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:
  - (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973." "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle," and
  - (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

## MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to includé on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) The Same Report Form is Used For All States Except Hawaii. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the rest testion.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

- (a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
- (b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, ctc.
- (c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested: i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.
- (d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.
- (e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished. Go to the next section indicated.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

## ▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Lend Rented (or Lessed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other not

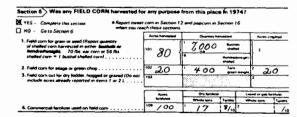
Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

## ▶ Sections 5-16 -- Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested.

An example of how to report crops harvested.— A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage: he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.



No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

**Quantity harvested** — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler), used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column. Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

#### ▶ Section 12 -- Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field; later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

#### ▶ Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box Weight -- Pounds Per Box

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons						
Arizona	75	64	75	76						
California	75	65	75	76						
Florida	90	85	95	90						
Texas	90	80	95	90						
Other States	90	85	95	90						

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Temples and Tangelos

**Avocados** — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

#### ▶ Section 18 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

#### ▶ Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet — Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acrefeet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

**Gallons** — Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping capacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), tlmes hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal/minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal/minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11.520,000 gallons.

**Total inches** — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season

## ▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others, Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

**Number sold** — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1074.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold — Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

Fat cattle sales — Do not include on the fattened cattle line:

- (a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or
  (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being
  - sold, or

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold ( ) further feeding.

Value of sales — Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place — Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

**Animals moved to another place** — For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place.

**Sheep and lambs shorn**— In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings.

#### ▶ Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market — Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat.

## ▶ Section 29 — Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a production contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. Production contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor Marketing contracts usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural products.

#### ▶ Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 — Debta Not Secured by Real Estate — Do not report: (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

#### ► Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C, Item 1).

## ▶ Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incorporated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations — Defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does **not** include cooperatives.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc. FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

# 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

to us in the envelope provided.

# A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

VINCENT P. BARABBA

ment P Barello

Director

Bureau of the Census

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is reguired by law. (Title 13. U.S Code) By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation. investigation, or regulation. The law also pro-vides that copies retained in your files are ımmune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

Section	1 Did you receive mo	re than one report form	7								
☐ YES — See separate Instructions ☐ NO — Go to Section 2		,	Enter extra file number(s) here	•							
Section	2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGR	ICULTURAL	ACT	IVIT	IES	IN	19	74		
<b>1</b> . At an	y time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount o	of any of the item	s listed	i belo	w?.		<b>.</b>	YES	]	NO 2 🔲
	<ul> <li>Crops</li> <li>Hay, pasture, sod</li> <li>Vegetables, melons, mushrooms</li> <li>Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cattle (including feedlot</li> <li>Hogs, sheep, goats, horses</li> <li>Poultry, eggs</li> <li>Dairy products</li> <li>Forest products on farm</li> </ul>	r • F • F ii	Greenhoursery Fish in course Fur-bean caption Other a	prodicaptive iring a vity	ucts vity anim		ies			
<b>2</b> . Did y contr	ou at any time in 1974 raise o actors such as feed companie	or produce any agricultural pro s, processors, or packers?	ducts for					<b>.</b>	YES	_	NO 2 🔲
		iltural products for others or w or other rental agreement in 1						<b>.</b>	1 [	)	2 🔲
<b>4</b> . Did y	ou own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricult	tural purposes in	1974?				<b>.</b>	1 [	]	2 🔲
		ry that was cared for by some n arrangement in 1974?					٠.		1	ב	2 🔲
<b>▶</b> If	you answered YES to ANY o	of these questions, go to Sec	tion 3.								
<b>►</b> If	you answered NO to ALL	five of these questions, tea	r off this front	cover	and	mail	i it i	hack			

Section 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and L	AND VALUE		Numbe	r of	Your estim current ma of these ac	rket value
Include all cropland, pastureland	, rangeland,	rangeland,		5	the building	gs on them
woodland, wasteland, idle land,	house lots, etc.	None			Dollars	Cents
			040	1		1
1. ALL land owned				\$		· ·
ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, in shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad lan			050	1		
(Do NOT include land used on a per-head bas	sis under a grazing	permit.)		\$		i
3. All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, includ shares by others and land subleased	ng land worked or	`a	060	1		
4. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" ① (Ple (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUB others (item 3), and enter your answer in this ① "THIS PLACE" means your farm or ran greenhouses, and/or any other agricult.	TRACT acres rente : space.) ch, feedlots, poultr	ed to	070		"THIS	the ACRES in PLACE" (1) ensus report
5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item	·	e enter the foll	owing info	rmation f	or each lan	idlord.
	Address	Number of		Rental arrai Mark ()	ngements in 19 K) all that apply	
(No. and stree	, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share Sh of crops	are of livesto or products		Other arrangements
		081	'	2 🔲	3 🗆	4 🗆
		082	,	2 🔲	3 🗆	4 🗆
		083		2 🔲	3 🗆	4 🗆
List additional landlords on back cover						·
6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3				nation to		ter.
Name	Address (No.	and street, city, State	e. ZIP code)		No. of acres	
1				ļ	085	
					086	2
					080	
					087	1
tion additional analysis and have						-1   4
List additional renters on back cover.					Current	<u> </u>
7. Of the land you rented or leased from others acres did you subrent or sublease to others?				acres	market value	
leased by you which was worked on shares b			088	1		
			<u> </u>	\$		≘
You may be able to skip most		arkad an charac	ne rantad ta	comoono	alsa	
b. There were no crops of	r livestock in 1974	on the acres in	THIS PLACE	CE" (item :	4 above).	
READ c. The land you operated	prior to 1974 has	been sold to son	neone else.			
If a, b, or c apply to your of this report.	peration, please r	ead the Instruc	tions before	e continu	ing with	012
	TUDAL ACTIV	ITV				<b>-</b>
Section 4 LOCATION OF AGRICUL	I URAL ACTIV					
		County name	Т	State	No of acres	7 -
1. In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal county				091	- l
(Enter county name, State, and number						_
of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other		1		092	
If you have agricultural operations in					093	
any other county(ies), enter the county					1004	96
name(s), etc., on the lines provided for "Other counties.")					094	
						-d S <sub>m</sub> ≻
2. Location of place within principal county entered above. (Give name of township, district, precinct, etc., or	Name of location					CENSUS
Township - Range numbers.)						

# Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	Ness	,	Acres rvested	Quantity	harvested
		None	101	(	1	Bushels
1.	Field corn for grain or seed (Report quantity on a shelled basis in either bushels or hundredweight. 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)			}	6 OR	shelled Hundredweight shelled
2.	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already		104			
	reported in item 1.}		<b></b>		1	
3	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed (Report quantity harvested in either bushels or pounds.)		111	}	6 OR	Bushels
4	Sorghums for silage, cut for green chop, dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed (Do not include acres already reported in item 3.)		115			1001103
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		121		1	
5.	Soybeans for beans		ļ 			Bushels
6.	Peanuts for nuts		130		1	Pounds
7.	Wheat for grain		,30		, ' 	Bushels
8.	Other small grains or grain — oats, barle: ',		136			
	rye, rice, etc. — Sp. cify		151		<u> </u>	
9.	Cotton					Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type		152 153	/10	1	Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (excading home use)		154	/10	1	Hundredweight
12	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10		Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	Tons, dry
			240			
	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale	L		/10		
15.	Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages (Include land on which the fruit crop		301			
	failed. Do not include abandoned acreages or plantings.) — Specify			1/10		
		_	401	1 /10		
	Berries for sale — Specify			/10		
17.	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery products; flowers, etc., grown in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify		430	/10		
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?				are feet	

	_				
Section	6 >	LAND	USE	IN	1974

The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS PLACE" among items 1 through 5.

➤ NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THA in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was had is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."			Number of acres						
1. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and gree If two crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the a	enhouse prod	fucts.	502						
Title of the same failure to the same failure	acres only one	·e./	500						
2. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing			503						
3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops	3. All other cropland (Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, crop failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.)								
4. Woodland (Include woodland pasture.)			510						
<ol><li>All other land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodlan rangeland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland</li></ol>			513						
6. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported through 5 and enter the total in (This total should be the same as the total in Section 3	in this space.)	$\longrightarrow$	517						
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,								
7. How much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED in 1974?	528	Acres irrigated							
Section 7 LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY									
Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom	r 31, 1974, no basis and tak	o matter who owr en from this place	ned them. e in 1974.						
	None	INVENTORY Number on this pla December 31, 197							
Hens and pullets of laying age (Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.)		601	1						
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets	, etc.) . 🔲	604	1						
Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters)	_	608	1						
4. Cattle and calves of all ages		631	1						
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)		632							
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had ca	alved.).	633							
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages		651	1						
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	_		2						
b. Enters of pigs farrowed on the piece estimate	mber of litters								
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974									
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974	None	661	1						
6. Sheep and lambs of all ages		670	1						
7. Horses and ponies of all ages									
8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.	🗆	698	1						

## Section 8

## MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974

(Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

W \	alue of ALL	machinery	and equip	oment on	this place,	December	31,	1974

1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

Estimated mar	ket value
Dollars	Cents
701	
\$	i

■ SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? (Number)
2. Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
<b>10</b> . Pickup balers	710	1
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1

## Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place, operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services and household expenses not related to the farm business.

Production expen	ses
Dollars	Cents
801	
S	 
802	1

a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased complete, supplement, concentrates (Do not include ingredients purchased separately, such

Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased –	Tons	Tenths	Dolla
	803		1
include ingredients purchased separately, such		i ,	
as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.)		1 /10	\$

- 4. Commercial fertilizer purchased all forms, including rock phosphate

1. Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc. . . . . . 2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds,

- 5. Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, grease,

- 8. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of equipiand for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)......
- 9. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, insecticides, etc. Exclude fertilizer.) .
- 10. All other production expenses. (Include other current operating expenses such as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, electricity, purchase

11. TOTAL PRODUCTIOI	N EXPENSES includ	ling expens	es paid by lar	ndlords,
contractors, or others	(Add dollars for item	s 1 through	10 and enter	total here.)

	s	
Cents		
	808 \$	1
	809	
	811	
etc	s	
	821 \$	
	823 \$ 824	
ment	824	1
<b>.</b>	\$	1
<i></i>	826 \$	
	827	1
	\$	
-	829 \$	
		L

## Section 10 >

# Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of			
products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Estimated va	
		Dollars	Cents
		831	
10			į
1. Crops and hay sold (Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.)		\$	1
		839	<u> </u>
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold		\$	<u> </u>
		849	I I
3. Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum			1
for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc		\$	<u> </u>
		852	1
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold		\$	1
		858	į
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold		\$	1
		859	
			1
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or			1
contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)		s	
-D- AA JNCOME EDOM FARM BELATED COURCES			
■ Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES  (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)		Farm-related ii	ncome
The post amount received before taxes and expenses,	None	Dollars	Cents
		871	
<ol> <li>Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc.</li> </ol>			İ
(If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.)		\$	1
		872	
2. Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping,	П		1
boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place	Ц	873	<del>-                                    </del>
3. Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs			i i
(Do not include redeemable loans.)	Ш	874	
4. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments		0,14	1
received from lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock			1
pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)		S	-
5. Other business or source which		875	i i
is conducted on or CLOSELY			į
RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL  OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		s	1
OPERATIONS OII this place — Specify kind	1		
•			
		Farm-related ex	nanses
■ Part B — EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES			<del></del>
	None	Dollars	Cents
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5,		876	İ
enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974			1
(Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc.  Do NOT include expenses already reported in Section 9.)		s	1
THE BULL INCLUDE BY DANSES RIFERDY FRONTIER IN SPECIAL M. J	1 I	, ,	

	ATOR CHAR	ACTER	ISTICS						
ction 12 $>$ FARM OPER	AIUR CHAR	ACILI							
		903							
1. Where does the operator, pe	rson in		1 On t	his place					
charge, of this farm or ranch	live?				(2 D)	n an	other far	rm	
			Not on th	nis place —	\ 3 \( \pi \)	n a rı	ıral area.	not	on a farm
			1401 011 1	ns piece			ity town	05.11	rhan area
					( 4 🗀 1	ıı a c	ity, town	, OI U	iban area
2. Year operator began to opera	ate	904							
any part of this place				Year					
		905							
3. Operator's age		• • •		Years old	l				
	906 1 🗀 M	\/\_:^_		Mexican A	morican		5 🔲 、	lanar	200
4. Operator's race —	, ,		4 L	Chicano	inencan			Chine	
Mark (X) appropriate box		legro or		Mexican (f	Mexicano	)		Filipir	
		Black		Puerto Ric	an		11 🗍 (	Other	_
		merican		Cuban			ш	Speci	ify what race
		Indian		Central or	South				,
	•			American					
5 Principal Occupation A.				Americar Other Spar			-		
5. Principal Occupation — At did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.)	what occupation majority (50 po 1974? (For mbers of the	ercent		Other Spar	907		Farming Other		
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me	what occupation majority (50 po 1974? (For mbers of the	ercent		Other Spar	907		•		
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.)	what occupation majority (50 points) and the majority (50 points) and the majority of the majority of this	ercent	• • • • • • •	Other Spar	907		•	)	
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work	what occupation majority (50 points) 1974? (For mbers of the months of this cat a nonfarm	ercent		Other Span	907	2 🗖	•		ays
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, or	what occupation majority (50 per majorit	ercent	1 None	Other Span	907	<sup>2</sup>	Other	<b>49</b> da	•
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include ex	what occupation a majority (50 points) 1974? (For imbers of the impers of this at a nonfarm or on someone exchange farm	ercent	1 None 2 1-4	Other Span	907	<sup>2</sup>	Other 100 – 1 150 – 1	<b>49</b> da 99 da	ays
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, or	what occupation a majority (50 points) 1974? (For imbers of the impers of this at a nonfarm or on someone exchange farm	ercent	1 None	Other Span	907	<sup>2</sup>	Other	<b>49</b> da 99 da	ays
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include ex	what occupation a majority (50 points) 1974? (For imbers of the impers of this at a nonfarm or on someone exchange farm	ercent	1 None 2 1-4	Other Span	907	<sup>2</sup>	Other 100 – 1 150 – 1	<b>49</b> da 99 da	ays
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include elwork.) — Mark (X) the approx	what occupation is majority (50 points) 1974? (For imbers of the impers of the impers of this is at a nonfarm or on someone in xchange farm opriate box.	ercent 911 eceived fro	1 None 2 1-4 3 50-	Other Span	907	4	100 – 1 150 – 1 200 day	<b>49</b> da 99 da	ays
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include elwork.) — Mark (X) the approach of the farm and from other services.	what occupation is majority (50 per 1974? (For 1974? (For 1974) (F	ercent 911 eceived fro	1 None 2 1-4 3 50-	Other Span	907 	4	Other  100 – 1. 150 – 1. 200 day	<b>49</b> da 99 da	ays
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include elwork.) — Mark (X) the appro	what occupation is majority (50 per 1974? (For 1974? (For 1974) (F	ercent 911 eceived fro	1 None 2 1-4 3 50-	Other Span	907 	4	Other  100 – 1. 150 – 1. 200 day	<b>49</b> da 99 da	ays
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.).  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include elwork.) — Mark (X) the approach of the farm and from others of agricultural products sold	what occupation is majority (50 per 1974? (For 1974? (For 1974) (F	ercent 911 eceived fro	1 None 2 1-4 3 50-	Other Span	907 	4	Other  100 – 1. 150 – 1. 200 day	49 da 99 da ys or	ays more
did the operator spend the or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.)  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include elwork.) — Mark (X) the approximation of the farm and from other sof agricultural products sold  8. Person preparing	what occupation is majority (50 per 1974? (For 1974? (For 1974) (F	ercent 911 eceived fro	1 None 2 1-4 3 50-	Other Span	907 	2	100 – 1 150 – 1 200 day Yes No	49 da 99 da ys or Telep	ays more
or more) of his work time in a partnerships, consider all me partnership together.)  6. Number of days operator wo place in 1974 (Include work job, business, or profession, else's farm. Do not include elwork.) — Mark (X) the approach of the farm and from others of agricultural products sold	what occupation is majority (50 per 1974? (For 1974? (For 1974) (F	ercent 911 eceived fro	1 None 2 1-4 3 50-	Other Span	907 	2	Other  100 – 1. 150 – 1. 200 day	49 da 99 da ys or Telep	ays more

**REMARKS** — Please write your remarks on the outside backcover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

## **INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2**

## 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

# INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- ▶ (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- ▶ (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- ▶ (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

# INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

- ▶ (4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)
- ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if --

#### ▶ EITHER ◀

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

## ▶ OR ◀

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

#### ▶ OR ◀

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form-PLEASE-

- (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:
- (2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator only have financial interest in some cattle:" and
- (3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

## MORE GENERAL INFORMATION

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail it back to us in the return envelope.
- ▶ (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- ▶ (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
  - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
  - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
  - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
  - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

## ▶ Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

## APPENDIX C Continued

Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Lessed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

## ▶ Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

## ▶ Section 6 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

## ▶ Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals werrelocated on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

#### ▶ Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

#### ▶ Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for landlords and others in payment for services or products; any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place, crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

**Crops sold** — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for landlords and others.

**Poultry and livestock sales** — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place"

**Landlords** — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

#### ► Section 11 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

## ▶ Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

## **GENERAL**

▶ (1) If additional forms are needed, write to the --

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

▶ (2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).