Table 40. Comparative Share of Resources: 1974

	[Farms with sales of					
arms With Sales of		Farms	LETHS MICH SEIGS OL					
	- 1	with sales		\$40,000	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$5,000	\$2,500
\$2,500 and Over		of \$2,500 and over	\$100,000 and over	\$99,999	\$39,999	\$19,999	to \$9,999	\$4,999
		and over	and over	φ99,999	φ39,999	φ19,999	ф9,999	φ4,999
Farmsnumber,	1974	100.0	9.0	19.1	19.0	18.3	17.5	17.1
number,		100.0	3.0	9.8	19.1	22.8	22.5	22.8
Land in farmsacres,		100.0	30.6	27.2	17.7	11.3	7.3	5.9
acres, I Harvested croplandfarms, I		100.0 100.0	18.7 9.0	20.1 20.0	22.6 19.9	18.7 18.7	11.6 17.1	8.3 15.3
farms,		100.0	2.8	9.8	19.9	23.7	22.5	21.2
acres,		100.0	31.8	32.1	18.6	9.9	4.9	2.7
Value of land and buildings		100.0	11.8 31.6	21.1 27.5	27.7 16.2	21.9 10.7	11.4 7.5	6.1
	1969	100.0	16.6	20.2	23.2	18.4	12.2	9.4
Value of machinery and equipment		100.0	26.7	29.9	18.2	11.6	7.7	5.8
Value of agricultural products sold	1969	100.0 100.0	11.7 9.0	20.6 19.1	25.6 19.0	20.1 18.3	12.7 17.5	9.3
	1969	100.0	3.0	9.8	19.1	22.8	22.5	22.8
Walter of and and anadous and the								
Value of selected products sold: Cash grainfarms,	1974	100.0	10.3	23.0	21.6	19.1	15.3	10.7
farms,	1969	100.0	2.6	10.8	22.2	25.8	21.8	16.8
value,	1974	100.0	42.0	32.9	14.6	6.7	2.8	1.0
value, Tobaccofarms,		100.0	13.0	25.9 10.2	29.0 15.4	19.3 21.8	9.0 25.8	23.4
farms,	1969	100.0	.8	4.1	11.1	20.0	31.1	32.9
value,		100.0	20.2	25.9	20.9	16.8	10.8	5.4
value, Cottonfarms,		100.0	8.8 17.1	12.3	21.3 18.7	24.1 17.3	21.4 14.6	12.1
farms,	1969	100.0	3.9	10.0	16.2	20.7	22.5	26.7
value,		100.0	67.3	18.0	7.9	4.0	1.9	.8
value,	1909	100.0	32.8	23.7	18.7	12.8	7.4	4.7
Fruit, nuts, and berriesfarms,		100.0	12.7	16.2	17.3	19.5	18.5	15.7
farms,		100.0	6.1	11.3	16.6	20.1	23.1	22.9
value, value,	1969	100.0	65.0 48.4	17.8 20.5	8.8 14.1	5.0 9.0	2.4 5.4	2.5
Nursery and greenhouse productsfarms,	1974	100.0	17.0	16.7	16.1	16.8	17.0	16.3
farms,	1969	100.0 100.0	13.0 78.2	15.9 12.0	18.5 5.1	17.7 2.7	17.6	17.3
value. value,	1969	100.0	70.1	15.4	8.1	3.7	1.4 1.8	.9
Poultry and poultry productsfarms.	1974	100.0	16.4	25.9	20.0	15.5	12.3	10.1
farms, value,	1969	100.0 100.0	5.4 79.2	15.2 16.9	23.6	24.5	18.3	13.0
value,		100.0	54.3	28.6	11.9	3.5	1.2	.1
Dairy productsfarms,	1974	100.0	8.3	31.1	30.9	18.5	8.1	3.1
farms, value,	1969	100.0 100.0	1.8 36.1	10.8 38.4	29.4 18.8	30.3 5.5	18.7	9.0
value,		100.0	16.4	25.8	34.3	17.4	5.0	1.1
Cattle and calvesfarms,		100.0	8.5	20.1	20.0	18.1	16.9	16.6
farms, value,		100.0	(NA) 65.0	(NA) 15.8	(NA) 8.5	(NA) 5.3	(NA) 3.4	(NA) 2.1
value,		100.0	48.4	18.4	14.3	9.7	5.8	3.4
Hogs and pigsfarms,		100.0	9.5	24.6	22.4	18.4	14.4	10.7
farms, value,		100.0 100.0	(NA) 37.9	(NA) 35.5	(NA) 15.4	(NA) 6.9	(NA) 3.0	(NA) 1.2
value,		100.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	107/	100.0	0.0	10.3	10.0	10.2	17.6	,,,
Total production expenses		100.0 100.0	9.0	19.1 9.8	19.0 19.1	18.3 22.8	17.5 22.5	17.1
value,	1974	100.0	56.9	22.5	10.3	5.3	2.9	2.1
value,		100.0	37.7 9.1	21.7 20.5	18.7 19.6	11.6 17.4	6.0 16.5	16.8
Feed for livestock and poultryfarms, farms,	1969	100.0	3.2	11.0	21.4	23.8	21.1	19.5
value,	1974	100.0	63.8	20.6	8.2	3.7	2.1	1.7
value,		100.0	43.1 12.3	23.5 22.9	18.0 19.2	9.0 16.4	4.0 14.6	14.6
Livestoc'k and poultry purchasedfarms, farms,	1969	100.0	4.3	13.4	22.8	23.1	19.1	17.3
dollars,	1974	100.0	73.3	14.1	5.7	3.2	2.0	1.8
dollars,	1969	100.0	56.5	19.8	12.1	6.2	3.1	2.4
Fertilizerfarms,	1974	100.0	10.2	21.9	20.5	18.0	15.7	13.7
farms,	1969	100.0	3.0	10.6	21.0	23.8	21.5	20.0
dollars, dollars,	1974	100.0 100.0	44.2 20.7	29.4 24.4	13.4 24.7	6.9 16.0	3.7 8.7	2.3
Gasoline and other petroleum fuel	.,0,,,,		20.7					J
and oilfarms,	1974	100.0	9.2	19.6	19.2	18.2	17.2	16.6
farms, dollars.		100.0 100.0	3.0 35.0	9.9 29.1	19.2 16.9	22.9 9.9	22.5 5.5	3.6
dollars,		100.0	15.1	20.3	24.8	19.8	11.9	8.1
Hired farm laborfarms,	1974	100.0	16.8	25.6	19.3	15.0	12.5	10.9
farms, dollars,	1969	100.0	4.6 71.7	13.3 16.6	22.7 6.2	23.1	19.1	17,2
dollars,	1969	100.0	50.0	21.3	14.3	7.6	3.9	2.9
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income, which amounted to \$2.3 billion, or more than double farm sales of \$982 million in 1974. Almost three-quarters of the 200,000 farms had off-farm income of \$5,000 and over. The average age of these operators was 53.6 years, the oldest of any of the value groups with sales of

\$2,500 and over.

In resources, these farms had only 6 percent of the land in farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, less than 3 percent of the land from which crops were harvested, and less than 6 percent of the value of machinery and equipment.

Sales of cattle and calves accounted for almost 40 percent of the total agricultural sales and sales of cash grains represented 25 percent of the total. Although important to this size farm, these cattle sales were only 2 percent of the total for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Production expenditures exceeded farm sales by \$300 million for these farms in 1974. Livestock feed, at \$226 million, was the largest single expenditure, but the all other category accounted for \$480 million or over one-third of the total.

One-half of the farms of this size were in the South with Texas, Kentucky, and Tennessee having the largest numbers.

Farms with sales of under \$2,500—Almost 27 percent of all farms had sales under \$2,500 in 1974. Sales of agricultural products from these farms total \$697 million and accounted for less than 1 percent of all farm sales. Sales averaged \$1,130 per farm and three-fifths came from livestock and livestock products.

These farms had less than 6 percent of the land in farms and 2 percent of land from which crops were harvested. Almost 63 percent of the harvested cropland was in hay.

Over two-thirds of the operators of these farms reported that farming was not their principal occupation and almost 80 percent that the income from off-farm sources was equal to or greater than the value of agricultural products sold. A number of operators did not report the relative level of off-farm income so the 80 percent is an understatement of the actual number (table 42).

The definition of a farm used for 1974 referred to places with sales of agricultural products of \$1,000 and over or the potential thereof. In 1974, 276,101 places were counted as farms based on their potential to produce sales of \$1,000 and over in the normal year. The criteria used to measure the potential sales included assigning estimated values to crop acreages, livestock and poultry inventories, and selected production expenditures (table 43).