## **APPENDIX A. General Explanation**

#### **General Information**

The following definitions and explanations relate to those items that are considered to be inadequately described in the tables. Most of the definitions come from the instructions given to enumerators. For an exact wording of the questions and instructions on the questionnaire, see the facsimile of the questionnaire in appendix B.

For the tables, data for land in farms, fruit and nut trees, equipment and facilities, and livestock and poultry on hand represent the situation existing at the time of enumeration of each farm. The enumeration date for all previous censuses was April 1 of the census year. except for the census of 1964, which was taken in November and December of 1964. Data for acres, production and sales of crops, land use, sales of livestock and poultry, livestock and poultry products, and expenditures relate to the year preceding the year of the census, except 1964 data, which relate to the year 1964, and 1974 data, which relate to the 12-month period between July 1, 1974 and June 30, 1975.

#### Farm Operator

The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a hired manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only of the land he retains for his own operation. In the case of a partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. By definition, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms.

#### Farms or Operators Reporting

Figures for "farms reporting" or "operators reporting" represent the number of farms, or operators, for which the specified item was reported. The difference between the total number of farms and the number of farms reporting a particular item represents the number of farms not having that item, provided a correct report was received for all farms.

#### Land

Land in farms-All data relating to land tenure and land in farms refer only to land located in the Virgin Islands and operated on enumeration day. The land to be included in each farm was determined from the answers to questions 3 through 6 in section 2, which relate to land tenure (see the facsimile of the questionnaire in appendix B). The acres reported as owned, rented from others, or worked on shares for others were added together and then the acres rented to others or worked on shares by others were subtracted from that sum. The results represent "Land in farms." The number of acres in a managed farm is the difference between the total land managed and the managed land rented to others or worked on shares by others.

In the 1950 and later censuses, enumerators were instructed to record total figures for land owned, land rented from others, and land managed for others, including any part of the land that was rented to others. In censuses prior to 1950, enumerators were instructed to exclude all land rented to others and to record only that portion of the acreage owned, rented from others, or managed for others that was retained by the farm operator. Thus, the figures for the individual tenures of land are not entirely comparable except for the 1950 and later censuses. However, the land included in each farm was determined on essentially the same basis for all censuses.

Although the area designated land in farms consists primarily of agricultural land—i.e., land used for crops, pasture, or grazing—it also includes areas of land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, woodland and wasteland owned or rented from others was included as land in farms unless reports indicated it was being held for nonagricultural purposes.

Land owned—This item includes all land that the operator and/or his wife held under title, purchase contract, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate at the time of enumeration.

Land rented to others—This item includes all land that the operator rented or leased to others and all land he assigned to others on shares or rent free. For the most part, the land rented to others represents agricultural land, but it also includes land rented for residential or other purposes. The tenant is considered to be the operator of land leased, rented, or worked on shares, even though his landlord may supervise his operations. The landlord is considered to be the operator of only that portion of the land not assigned to his tenants.

Land rented from others-This item includes not only land the operator rented

or leased from others, but also land he worked on shares for others or land occupied rent free.

Land managed—This item includes all tracts of land managed for one employer or more by a person paid a salary or wages. A hired manager is the operator of the land he manages, since he is responsible for agricultural operations and frequently supervises others in performing those operations. If a hired manager also had agricultural operations of his own, he reported them on the same questionnaire on which he reported the place he managed.

#### Land Use

Land in farms at the time of enumeration has been distributed according to the way it was used between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975. The land uses described in the following paragraphs are mutually exclusive in that each acre of land is counted only once even though it may have had more than one use during the year. Because of the large number of farm operators reporting fractions of acres, the sum of the various uses of land may be off by an acre due to rounding. This is also true for acres of vegetables and field and forage crops harvested.

Harvested cropland-This item refers to all land from which any crops were harvested during the 12-month period between July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975, whether for home use or sale. It also includes land in field crops that were grazed when mature or almost mature and land in nonbearing fruit or nut trees and plants. Land from which two or more crops were harvested between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975, was to be counted only once. Land from which crops were harvested and which was also used for other purposes, either before or after the crops were harvested, was to be reported as cropland harvested without regard to the other uses.

Other cropland-This item includes land from which no crops were harvested between 'July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975, but which was occupied by growing crops, excepting fruit or nut trees, intended for harvest in 1975 or later. It also includes land intended for harvest between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975, but not actually harvested because of complete crop failure, low prices, labor shortage, or other reasons; land that had been plowed and could be plowed again without first being cleared of brush, but that lay idle throughout July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975; and land used for soil improvement crops. Other cropland also includes land which was used only for pasture or grazing and which the operator could have used for crops without additional clearing or irrigating. Enumerators were instructed to exclude any land pastured after a crop was harvested from it.

Pasture or grazing land-This item refers to all land used for pasture or grazing between July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975, except cropland. It includes all woodland where livestock pastured or grazed between July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975.

Woodland not pastured—This item includes all woodland that was not used for pasture or grazing between July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975. In the enumerator's reference book, "woodland" was defined as "all farm wood lots or timber tracts, natural or planted; and ... cutover land with young growth which has or will have value as wood or timber."

Other land-This item refers to all land not included in the other land use classifications, such as house and other building lots, lanes, roads, ditches, land area of ponds and wasteland.

#### Type of Holding

The purpose of the items under this heading was to classify holdings according to whether they were producing mainly for home consumption or mainly for sale, and to classify the holdings whose production was mainly for sale by the most important types of agricultural production. Production figures for home consumption are based on the disposition of the agricultural output of the holding during the census year. Agricultural output refers to the part left after rent has been paid to the landlord and/or the part left after deduction of the produce used on the holding for further agricultural production, such as for forage or seed.

Holding producing mainly for home consumption—This type applies to holdings where 50 percent or more of the agricultural output of the holding is consumed by the holder's household.

Holding producing mainly for sale—This type applies to holdings where 50 percent or more of the agricultural output of the holding is produced for sale. Holdings producing mainly for sale were classified further according to their most important activity.

Vegetable holding—is one on which 50 percent or more of the value of sales was from the sale of vegetables.

Fruit and nut holding—is one on which 50 percent or more of the value of sales was from the sale of fruits and nuts.

Dairy holding—is one on which 50 percent or more of the value of sales was from the sale of milk and other dairy products.

*Livestock holding*—is one on which 50 percent of the value of sales was from the sale of livestock and livestock products, except dairy products.

*Poultry holding*—is one on which 50 percent or more of the value of sales was from the sale of poultry and poultry products.

*Nursery holding*—is one on which 50 percent or more of the value of sales was from the sale of nursery products.

*Mixed holding*—is one on which none of the above items accounts for 50 percent or more of the value of sales.

Other holding-is one that does not belong to any of the previous groups.

#### **Crops Harvested**

The 1974 questionnaire was similar to the questionnaires used in previous censuses in that it provided for the collection of data for specified field crops, vegetables, fruits, and nuts harvested on each farm. Inquiries were included for the most commonly grown crops in the Virgin Islands.

Acres-The area for individual crops is reported in acres and tenths of acres harvested. When two or more crops, or two or more plantings of the same crop, were harvested from the same land, the area was to be reported for each separate crop or planting.

For tree fruits and nuts, the figures for acres and for number of trees and plants relate to the time of enumeration. The acreage related to the total area in both bearing and nonbearing fruit trees or plants and planted nut trees of all kinds. The total acres of fruits and nuts were not included in the tabulations when such acreage for a farm was less than fivetenths of an acre. The questionnaire for the 1974 census did not include questions for acreages of each kind of fruits and nuts. The acreage reported for vegetables relates only to the acreage harvested for sale.

**Quantity**-Data for quantity harvested were obtained for field crops and fruits and nuts. Total quantities of each crop harvested were to be reported, whether the crops were for home use or for sale.

The units of measure in which quantities were to be reported have varied for some crops from one census to another. The aim has been to permit reporting in the units of measure currently in use. In this report, the quantities harvested for each crop are usually expressed in the units of measure given on the 1974 questionnaire. To provide readily comparable information, data published in earlier reports in different units of measure have been converted to the units used for the 1974 census.

#### Value of Crops Sold

Data for value of crops sold during 1974 were obtained for each kind of vegetable,

total fruits and nuts, total field crops, total ornamental plants, and all other crops sold. The gross value of quantities sold from each farm was to be reported, regardless of who did the selling or shared the receipts. Crops given to a landlord and crops produced on institutional farms for use by inmates of the institution were to be considered as sold. Comparable data for earlier censuses are available only for vegetables for sale.

#### Livestock and Poultry

Inventories—Data for livestock and poultry relate to the number on hand at the time of enumeration. All livestock and poultry were to be enumerated on the place where they were at the time of enumeration regardless of who owned them. Livestock on unfenced land were to be reported as being on the place where the person who had control over them had his headquarters.

Sales—Data for sales of livestock, milk, and poultry products relate to the 12-month period between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975. Enumerators were instructed to report total quantities and gross values regardless of who did the selling or shared the receipts. Products given by a tenant to his landlord and products taken from an institutional farm for use by inmates of the institutional farm were to be considered as sold.

# Equipment, Facilities, and Workpower

Equipment and facilities-Data obtained in the 1974 census for the number of motor trucks, tractors, and automobiles on farms are comparable with those presented for earlier years. Farm operators were asked to report the number of each item on their farms at the time of enumeration, regardless of ownership. Items that were temporarily out of order were to be included, but not those that were worn out. Motor trucks include pickup trucks and truck-trailer combinations, and also jeeps and station wagons if they were used primarily as trucks. Tractors include all wheel and tracklaying (crawler), garden, and homemade tractors. Automobiles include jeeps and station wagons if they were used primarily as passenger cars.

For the 1974, 1970, 1964, and 1960 censuses, data were obtained on presence or absence of electricity, piped running water, and telephones. These facilities were considered to be on the farm if they were available anywhere on the place, whether or not they were in the operator's dwelling. "Piped running water" was defined as "water carried in pipelines by a pressure system or by gravity flow from a natural or artificial source."

Farm wells included all pits or holes made by excavation to reach a supply of water for irrigation, watering livestock, and other purposes. Farm ponds are not included.

Workpower-Workpower refers to those sources used for agricultural activities on the place between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975, whether or not the animal or mechanical power used belonged to the operator.

#### Farm Expenditures and Debt

The 1974 questionnaire contained questions on six items of farm expenditures between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975, whether made by the farm operator, his landlord, or both. A farm operator who rented part of his land to others reported only the expenditures on the land he operated himself.

Machine hire and customwork—Expenditures for machine hire and customwork relate to such items as tractor hire, plowing, spraying, and hauling. Any amount spent for the labor involved is considered to be part of the expenditure. The costs of hauling or trucking or of exchange work without pay are omitted.

Hired labor-Expenditures for hired labor include total cash payments made between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975, to family members and others for farm labor. Payments to persons supplied by a contractor or a cooperative organization and paid directly by them or by the crew leader are also included. Payments for the

following types of work are excluded: Housework, contract construction work, customwork, and repair and installation work performed by persons specifically employed for the work.

Feed-Expenditures for feed for livestock and poultry include total cash payments made between July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975, for pasture, salt, condiments, mineral supplements, grain, hay, millfeeds, and any other items purchased for feeding livestock and poultry on the place. Expenditures made for the grinding and mixing of feed and the estimated cost of items furnished to the operator by a landlord or others are also included. Payments made by a tenant to his landlord for feed grown on the tenant's farm are excluded.

Insecticides, fungicides, and herbicides— This item relates to total cash expenditures between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975, for all chemicals, sprays, dusts, etc., used to control weeds, insects, or diseases on crops and livestock. Any of these materials paid for by a landlord and by custom operators is included.

Fertilizer and manure—Expenditures include the total amount spent between July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975, for manure and commercial fertilizers of all kinds for use on the farm.

Livestock and poultry purchases—This item includes all cash expenditures for livestock and poultry purchased between July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975, for the place. The cost of livestock and poultry bought and then resold within 30 days is not included.

#### **Farm Operator Characteristics**

Age group-For the 1974 census, farm operators were classified by age into six groups. The average age was obtained by dividing the sum of the ages of all farm operators reporting by the number reporting.

Place of birth-In the 1974, 1970, 1964, and 1960 censuses, farm operators were

classified by place of birth according to whether they were born in the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, or elsewhere. The purpose of the question on place of birth was to obtain a measure of the native language abilities of farm operators as a guide to agricultural agents in preparing news releases for distribution to farmers. Need for information about language abilities has arisen since the 1950 census as a result of the influx of Puerto Ricans into the Virgin Islands.

Place of residence-Farm operators were classified by residence according to whether or not they lived on the farms they were operating. Some of those who did not live on the farms they operated lived on farms operated by others. Where all the land was rented from others or worked on shares for others, the operator was considered to live on the farm operated provided the dwelling he occupied was included in the rental agreement. In such cases, the dwelling was not necessarily on the land being operated. Similarly, a farm operator who did not live on the land being cultivated or grazed, but who had some agricultural operations (other than a home garden) at his dwelling, was considered to be living on the farm operated.

Main occupation—In 1974 and 1970, farm operators were classified according to whether their main occupation was agricultural or nonagricultural. In 1964, they were classified according to their principal occupation or kind of job at which they worked off the farm. The five 1964 classifications were:

- 1. Farm laborers
- 2. Skilled laborers
- 3. Laborers other than farm and skilled
- 4. Professional workers and government employees
- 5. All other occupations

Years of operating present farm-Enumerators were instructed to report the year a farm operator began to operate the farm, i.e., the first year the operator took continuous charge of his present farm or of any part of it.

Work off farm-The extent to which farm operators rely on nonfarm sources for part of their income is indicated by the number of days worked off the farm during the year. Data for the 1974 census are comparable with those for the censuses of 1970, 1964, and 1960. The 1974 census covers the 12 months from July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975; the 1964 census covers the 12 months from November 1, 1963, to October 31, 1964; the 1970, and 1960 censuses cover the 12 months from January 1 to December 31, 1969 and 1959. Work off the farm was defined to include work on someone else's farm for pay as well as all types of nonfarm jobs, businesses, and professions, whether the work was done on the farm premises or elsewhere. Exchange work was not included.

#### **Farm Classifications**

Farms by size-Farms were classified by size on the basis of the total land area established in each one. According to the census definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated or managed by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm, even though the landlord may consider his entire landholding to be one unit rather than several separate units.

Farms by tenure of operator—In the 1974 census, farms were classified by tenure of operator on the basis of data reported for land owned, rented from others, worked on shares for others, and managed for others. The same classification was used in the 1970 and 1964 censuses. During the processing operations for the 1974 census, each questionnaire was coded to indicate whether the farm operator was a full owner, part owner, manager, or tenant.

Full owners operate only land they own.

Part owners operate land they own and also land they rent from others.

Managers operate land for others and are paid a wage or salary for their services.

Caretakers or hired laborers are not classified as managers. If a farm operator managed land for others and also operated his own farm, both operations were considered one farm. If he managed land for two or more employers, all the managed land was considered one farm.

*Tenants* rent from others or work the land they operate on shares for others.

Farms by economic class—The same classification of farms by economic class was used for the 1974, 1970, and 1964 censuses. The economic classifications represent groupings of farms that are similar in characteristics and size of operation. The economic class of each farm was determined on the basis of total value of all farm products sold or on total value and number of days the farm operator worked off the farm. Institutional farms were always classified as "abnormal."

The total value of farm products sold was obtained by adding the reported values of all products sold from the farm. The value of livestock, milk, poultry and eggs, vegetables, fruits and nuts, all field crops, ornamental plants, and all other crops was obtained from the farm operator at the time of enumeration.

Farms were grouped into two major categories, Class 1-7 farms and other farms, on the basis of total value of products sold. In general, all farms with a value of sales amounting to \$2,500 or more were classified as commercial. Farms with a value of sales of \$100 to \$2,499 were classified as commercial only if the farm operator did not work off the farm 100 days or more during the year. The remaining farms with a value of sales of less than \$2,500 and institutional farms were included in one of the groups of "other farms."

Class 1-7 farms were divided on the basis of the total value of all farm products sold:

Class 1. \$10,000 and over Class 2. \$7,500 to \$9,999 Class 3. \$5,000 to \$7,499 Class 4. \$2,500 to \$4,999 Class 5. \$1,200 to \$2,499 Class 6. \$500 to \$1,199 Class 7. \$100 to \$499

For class 5-7 farms, the farm operator did not work off the farm 100 days or more in 1969 or between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975.

All other farms were divided into three economic classes:

*Residential*—Except for abnormal farms, all farms with a value of farm products sold of less than \$100 were classified as "residential," regardless of whether the operator worked off the farm between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975. Subsistence or marginal farms are also included in this class.

*Part-time*—Farms with a value of sales of farm products of \$100 to \$2,499 were classified as "part-time" if the operator worked off the farm 100 days or more between July 1, 1974, and June 30, 1975.

Abnormal-All institutional farms were classified as abnormal, regardless of the value of farm products sold. Institutional

farms include those operated by hospitals, schools, agricultural experimental stations, government agencies, etc.

Farms by type—Class 1-7 farms were also classified by type for the 1974 census. To be classified as a particular type, a farm's sales of a particular product or group of products must amount to 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold. The types of farms and the farm products that represented 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products that represented 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products they sold are:

Ornamental. Ornamental plants or nursery products.

*Vegetable and field crops*. Vegetables and field crops.

Fruit and nut. Fruits and nuts and coffee.

Dairy. Milk. For this type, a farm whose value of milk sold was less than 50 percent of the total value of all the farm products it sold was classified as a dairy farm if (a) the value of milk sold was 30 percent or more of the total value of products sold, and (b) the value of milk sold plus the value of cattle and calves sold was 50 percent or more of the total value of all farm products sold.

*Livestock*. Cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, and kids.

*Poultry*. Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, and other poultry.

*General*. Farms whose cash income was from three or more sources and any other farms not meeting the criteria of the above types.

AFFENDIA B. Repu	IL FU	11115	O.M.B. No. 41-57	5010; Approval	Expires December 197
	DECONOM	TMENT OF COMMERCE IC STATISTICS ADMIN. REAU OF THE CENSUS	(Title 13, U.S. Cod the Census Bureau by sworn Census er	e). By the sar is confidential ployees and m s. Your report	ry is required by law ne law your report to . Itmay be seen only ay be used only for cannot be used for , or regulation.
A1 1974 CENSUS OF	AGRICI	ULTURE			   
VIRGIN ISL			FARM SERIAL From A2 column		
CENSUS USE ONLY	011	012	013	014	
Section 1 OPERATOR					
1. What is your (the operator's) nar	ne?	Full name (First name,		ame)	
2. What is your (the operator's) main address?	ing j	Complete mailing addres	55		
(Give address where corresponde is received.)	ence				
Section 2 LAND IN AGRICULT	URE				
Report only in whole acres				None	Acres
1. How many acres do you own? (1	f you own	more than one tract			040
of land, include all land in the	irgin Isle	ands.)			
					050
2. How many acres do you rent from	n others?	(Include acres work)	ed on shares.)		0.5.1
					051
3. How many acres do you operate	tor others	s as a hired or salarie	ed manager?	· · ·   [_]	060
4. How many acres do you rent to c	others? .				070
5. TOTAL ACRES IN THIS PLAC		d items I and 2, subt anaged, subtract iten			
6. Is the farm located on a hard	071				
surface (all weather) road?	1	Yes		٢	liles Tenths
	2	No — About how many nearest hard su	y miles is it to the rface (all weather) r	072 oad?	/10
				None	Percent
7. What percent of the farm					073
operation is financed by each of the following sources?.	a.	Operator			074
	b.	Private			075
	с.	Commercial			076
	d.	Government	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		077
	е.	Other - Specify			

ADDENI

4 6

\_

<u>> 1 \ /</u>

Section 2 Continued	····				
8. How many unpaid and paid farm hands and his family) worked on this place th	(including the operator e last 12 months?	081		Total farm	hands
		150 d or ma		25 to 149 days?	Less than 25 days?
a. Of the unpaid farm hands (including unpaid family workers), how many w	orked –	(a) 082	) 1	(b)	(c) 2
b. Of the paid farm hands (hired worker of operator's family), how many work		083			2
<ul> <li>9. What type of operating organization doe (If you are a manager, specify if workin partnership, corporation, cooperative, e</li> <li>10. Is this holding producing mainly for home consumption or sale?</li></ul>	ng for an individual, estate, trust, etc.) 	085 1 [ 2 [ 3 [ 4 [ 093 1 [ 2 [ 6 [ 7 [	Other (Co	hip ion (Do not in ooperative, e nsumption — Ask item 11 holding	nclude cooperatives) state, trust, etc.) Go to Section 3
3 4 5	<ul> <li>Dairy holding</li> <li>Livestock holding</li> <li>Poultry holding</li> </ul>	8 [	_ Other	Specify ¥	
Section 3 CROPS HARVESTED IN T	HE LAST 12 MONTHS			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Include all crops harvested from Ju whether harvested by you or by sor crops which were a complete failur prices, or destruction from any cau	neone else. Be sure to e or which were not har	o include vested be	the landlo cause of d	rd's share. rought, labor	Do not include shortage, low
•Were any of these FIELD crops harves on this place in the last 12 months?	ted	None	Acres ha (a)		Quantity harvested (Pounds) (b)
1. Dry corn			01	/10	
3. Cassava		.   🗆	104	/10	
4. Sweetpotatoes			105	/10	
5. Tanya		1 17	106	/10	
7. Sorghum for grain		1 - 1	07	/10	
•Were any of these FORAGE crops cultivated on this place in the last 12 months?	None How many acres were planted?	How man were for (b	cutting? w	low many acre ere for grazin (c)	
8. Sugarcane		1	2		3
9. Sorghum	112	1	2		3
10. TOTAL	→		·		

FORM 74-A1(VI) (2-25-75)

•

Section 3 Continued							
• Were any of these VEGETABL harvested for sale in the last If two or more plantings of the either on the same land or on total harvested acres of the se	12 mont same differer	<b>ths?</b> crop were made, nt land, report the	None	were h for	any acres arvested sale? (a)	What was t value of sal (Dollars on (b)	es?
11. Green beans					/10	)   \$	.00
12. Cabbage			••  □	122	/10	) \$	.00
13. Carrots	· • • • •			123	/10	) \$	.00
14. Celery				124	/10	) \$	.00
15. Cucumbers				125	1 /10	) <b>\$</b>	.00
16. Eggplant			.   🗆	126	/10	) \$	.00
17. Okra				127	/10	) \$	.00
18. Onions	•••••			128	/10	) \$	.00
19. Peppers				129	/10	) <sup>1</sup> \$	.00
20. Squash				1 30	/10		.00
21. Tomatoes				131	/10		00.
22. Lettuce				132	/10	) 1\$	.00
in the last 12 months? 24. How much land is in bearing a fruit trees and plants today? Are any of the following	und non 	bearing 141 1 🗌 La	ess than	many trees		Acres	Tenths 1 10 vested
kinds of fruit trees, nut trees, or plants on this place?	None	are NOT of bearing age (a)		re of bearin (b)		in the last 12 mo (c)	nths?
25. Avocados		Numb	per 1		Number	F	ruits
26. Coconuts		Numt	per		Number 2		luts
27. Grapefruits		153 Numb	per		Number	F	Pounds
28. Limes and lemons		154 Numl	per 1		2 Number	F	Pounds
29. Mangos		155 Numl	per 1		2 Number	F	ruits
30. Oranges		156 Numl	per 1		2 Number		Pounds
31. Bananas		157 Hills	1		Hills 2		Bunches
32. Plantains		158 Hills	1		Hills 2		Bunches
33. Pineapples		159	1		2		
		160 Num	1		Number 2	2	Boxes Pounds
34. Papayas		Num			Number		Pounds
35. How many square feet under c did you have planted in ORN				under cover	4 4	Acres 62	Tenth
or in any other NURSERY CR	OPS?				and/or		//

٦

Sect	Section 4 LAND USE IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS						
	Land is to be reported in ONLY ONE CATEGORY. If two or m were made of the same land, report in the first category that app		es				
1.	How many acres were in crops harvested in the last 12 months? obtained by adding the acres of the various crops reported in Se items I through 34. However, if more than one crop was harves the same land, count this land only once for this item.)	None	Acres 201				
2.	2. How many acres were in other cropland? (Include cropland pasture, crop failure, idle and fallow cropland, and cropland used for soil improvement crops.)						
3.	How many acres were in other pasture or grazing land? (Include pasture; do not include cropland pasture.)			203			
4.	. How many acres were in woodland? (Do not include woodland p	oasture	•)				
5.	5. How many acres were in other uses? (Include house lots, barn lots, lanes, roads, ditches, ponds, and wasteland.)						
6.	6. TOTAL LAND (Add entries in items 1 through 5. This total should equal the entry in Section 2, item 5.)						
				None	Number		
7	. How many wells are on this place?				207		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		l		
	Section 5 LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY ON THIS PLACE NOW AND NUMBER SOLD IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS						
•							
	Do you or anyone else have any of the following livestock, regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months?	None	How many are this place no (a)		How many were sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
1	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months?		this place no		sold in the last 12 months?		
ł	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? . Horses and colts, including ponies	None	this place no (a)		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
ł	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months?		this place no (a) 301 302		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
2.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? . Horses and colts, including ponies		this place no (a)		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
2.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies Mules, asses, and burros of all ages		this place no (a) 301 302		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
2.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies		this place no (a) 301 302 303		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
2. 3. 4.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies Mules, asses, and burros of all ages		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
2. 3. 4.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies Mules, asses, and burros of all ages Sheep and lambs of all ages Goats and kids of all ages		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304 305		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
2. 3. 4.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304 305 306 307		sold in the last 12 months? (b)		
2. 3. 4. 5.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? • Horses and colts, including ponies		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304 305 306		sold in the last 12 months? (b) 1 1 1 1 1 1		
2. 3. 4. 5.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309		sold in the last 12 months? (b) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
2. 3. 4. 5.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308		sold in the last 12 months? (b) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
2. 3. 4. 5.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311		sold in the last 12 months? (b) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
2. 3. 4. 5.	regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? Horses and colts, including ponies Mules, asses, and burros of all ages Sheep and lambs of all ages Goats and kids of all ages Hogs and pigs of all ages, including sows and boars (Must equal sum of a and b below) a. Pigs less than 8 months old b. Hogs and pigs 8 months old or older (Must equal sum of a, b, c, and d below) a. Cows, including heifers that have calved Heifers and heifer calves 1 year old and over (Do not include heifers that have calved) c. Bulls, bull calves, steers, and steer calves		this place no (a) 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310		sold in the last 12 months? (b) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Section 5 Continued		-					
						F	
Do you or anyone else have any of regardless of ownership, on this pla			None		ny are on ice now?	How ma sold in 12 mo	the last
from this place in the last 12 month		<i>y</i> 3010		(a 321	ı)	(1	p)
7. Chickens (hens, pullets, roosters, l	broilers, etc.)	••••	🗖				
a. How many are 5 months old or old	der?			322		1	
8. Turkeys, ducks, geese, and other poultry							
					<b>[</b>		
					None	Numbe 324	r sold
9. How many dozens of chicken eggs v	were sold from	July 1, 1	974, to June	30, 1975?		325	Dozens
10. How many quarts of milk were sold	from July 1, 1	974, to Ju	ne 30, 1975	?		323	Quarts
Section 6 > EQUIPMENT, FACILITIE	S, AND WORK	POWER L	JSED ON T	HIS PLACE	IN THE L	AST 12 MON	ITHS
1. How many of the following are on the this place today, regardless of own					None	Num	ber
a. Tractor (of all kinds)						331	
				• • • • • • • • •		332	
b. Motortrucks						333	
c. Automobiles			•••••				
2. Do you have the following on this p	lace?						
а. Electricity					. <sup>334</sup> 1 (	Yes	2 🛄 No
b. Piped running water					<b>33</b> 5 . 1 [	Yes	2 🛄 No
$\int v'$ (c. Telephone					. <sup>336</sup> 1 [	Yes	2 🛄 No
3. What source of workpower was used	on this place	2					
a. MECHANICAL POWER - From J			1975 was a				
agricultural work on this place de	one by some m	achine or	machines	•	337		
propelled or operated by petroleu		-		electricity:	1	Yes	2 🔄 No
b. ANIMAL POWER – From July 1, was any agricultural work on this mules, burros, oxen, or any other	s place done by	y horses,			. 338 1	Yes	2 📺 No
4. Who owned each of the following sources of power which were used on this place from July 1, 1974, to June 30, 1975?							
(Mark as many as apply for each item listed.)	You (the	You and another	Your	A private	A	Other Dot listed	Not used
	operator)	person jointly		contractor	government agency	not listed	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
a. Tractor		2	3	4	5 🗌	6	7
b. Other mechanical power <sup>340</sup>		2	з 🗌	4	5	6	7
<b>c.</b> Animal power	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Section 7 SELECTED EXPENDITURES IN THE LAST 12	MONTHS		
How much did you spend for each of the following in the last	12 months?	None	Dollars only
1. Machine hire and customwork			351 \$ .00
2. Wages and salaries paid to employees or hired farm workers housework or contract construction work. Include cash paym	(Do not include		352 \$ .00
3. Feed purchased for livestock and poultry (Include cost of gr concentrates, and roughages; also amount paid for grinding a	ain, feed, nd mixing feed.)		353 \$.00
4. Insecticides, fungicides, and herbicides			\$ +00
5. Fertilizers and manure purchased			\$ .00
6. Livestock and poultry purchased			\$
Section 8 MARKET VALUE OF SALES OF FARM PRODU	CTS FROM THIS PLACE	IN TH	E LAST 12 MONTHS
What was the value of sales for each of the following product	s in the last 12 months?	None	Dollars only
1. Vegetables and field crops		È	361 \$
2. All fruits and nuts			362 \$ •00
3. Ornamental plants and other nursery crops			363 \$ <b></b> 00
4. Livestock			364 \$ <b>.00</b>
5. Milk			365 \$
6. Poultry and eggs			366 \$
7. Any other farm products — Specify			367 \$
Section 9 OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
The following questions are about the FARM OPERATOR.			
<b>1. Do you live on this place</b> (the acres entered in       371         Section 2, item 5)?	1 🗌 Yes	2 [	No
2. In what year did you begin to operate this place? $^{372}$	Year		
373 3. Where were you born?	1 🛄 Virgin Islands 2 🛄 Puerto Rico	З [	Elsewhere - Specify
4. How old were you on your last birthday?	Years	old	
375 5. What is your main occupation?	1 🛄 Agricultural	2 [	Non-agricultural
6. How many days did you work off this place in <sup>376</sup> the last 12 months?	1 🔄 None 2 🔄 I to 99 days	3 [ 4 [	] 100 to 199 days ] 200 days or more
Section 10 ENUMERATOR'S RECORD			······
1. Who furnished the information in this report? <sup>381</sup>	1 🛄 Operator 2 🛄 Landlord	4 [ 5 [	Hired laborer Neighbor
	3 Wife or a member of the operator's family	6 [	Other - Specify

Section 10 Co	ntinued		
<b>2. Remarks</b> (Mak or ti	e any remarks needed in regard to this ne livestock on this place.)	s place, the owner or operato	r, the crops cultivated,
	······································		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3. Location of land	a. Island	b. Quarter or city	c. ED number
4. Certified by	Enumerator's signature	······	Date
5. Checked by	Supervisor's signature		Date