# **APPENDIX A.** General Explanation

# 1. Taking the Census

## **Enumeration Method**

The growing complexity in the structure of American agriculture along with increasing numbers of farm operators living off-farm have made an enumerator-type census as conducted in the past increasingly difficult. The mailout/mailback census, made possible by the availability of relatively complete administrative lists, provides the respondent the opportunity to complete the report more nearly at his own convenience than in an enumeratortype census. Generally the quality of data on reports completed by operators exceeds that of reports filled out by enumerators. Based on the overall satisfactory experience with the mailout/ mailback procedure used in 1969, a decision was made to continue the mail procedure for 1974.

In censuses prior to 1969, enumerators were assigned to enumerate all farms in a specified geographic area and were instructed to call on all farm operators in person. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed to rural boxholders prior to the enumeration's starting date, and farm operators were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to collect. Enumerators going door-to-door in rural areas would pickup and review any forms that had been completed; they would also fill out or complete reports for those places having some agricultural operations which did not have forms completed and ready for review.

The mailout/mailback procedure has not been used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct enumeration methods used appears in the reports for these outlying areas.

## Mailing List

The starting point for the enumeration of the 1974 census was the mailing list, which consisted of all persons and organizations that could be identified from administrative records as associated with agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974. The list was assembled from the records of the 1969 Census of Agriculture and those of other government agencies. Only the more comprehensive sets of administrative records containing information related to agricultural activities were initially used. This included records primarily from the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Social Security Administration.

To improve the mailing list and to identify individual units of multiestablishment farming operations-particularly corporations, a precanvass of the larger, more complex, and specialized operations (approximately 55,000 cases mostly identified from the 1969 agriculture census plus those in the file of companies in retail, wholesale, and manufacturing areas known to have agricultural operations) was conducted in early 1974. This survey identified over 6,200 multiestablishment companies or other organizations having one or more separate establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products or providing agricultural services to others. In many cases, these agricultural establishments were in addition to nonagricultural establishments operated by the company. Separate census report forms were required of each individual farming unit or agricultural establishment identified in the precanvass. The precanvass form also provided information to distinguish primary farming corporations from business-associated farming corporations and family-controlled corporations from other corporations.

Lists of specialized operations, such as nurseries and broiler growers which might not be identified in other administrative records, as well as selected lists of other large and/or specialized producers, such as feedlots and fish farms, were included in the mail list. In total, about 130,000 special list names were included.

The master list primarily contained the names and addresses of persons and organizations known to be associated with agricultural operations in 1973. It was constructed by merging and unduplicating the various source lists on the basis of Social Security or Employee Identification numbers, along with some unduplication based on alphabetic matching of names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the master list was assigned a size code to indicate an estimate of value of sales as well as a code for county location. Most duplicate names not identified prior to mailing were either reported by respondents or located during the office processing.

#### **Report Forms**

Two basic census report forms were used for all States except Alaska and Hawaii. A regular 18-page report form was mailed to all farms whose 1974 sales of agricultural products were expected to total \$2,500 or more. A short six-page report form was sent to all operators whose 1974 sales were expected to total less

than \$2,500. This short form covered the major subjects (crops, land use, livestock and poultry, equipment, expenditures, and value of sales), but omitted most of the additional detail found in the regular form. Both report forms, with the instructions for completing them, are reproduced in appendix C.

As for 1969, a short form was used so that operators of the smaller places would not be burdened with the extensive detail needed from the larger operators. In 1969, there were 996,567 farms with annual sales of less than \$2,500 (about 36 percent of all farms), but they accounted for less than 2 percent of the total value of all farm products sold. For 1974, preliminary tabulations indicate that this group of farms will number approximately 770,000, or 31.4 percent of all farms and will account for less than 1.3 percent of the total value of farm products sold by all farms.

In Alaska, the regular report form was used to enumerate all farms. For Hawaii, a modified version of the regular form was used for all farms. The modifications were made principally in the crops section in order to cover the specialized agriculture on the islands.

## Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed during the last week of December 1974 and the first week of January 1975 to all persons and organizations on the mailing list. This mailing consisted of approximately 4,133,000 report forms (2,391,000 regular forms and 1,742,000 short forms). Undeliverable mail returned by the Postal Service reduced the mailing list by 232,000, including 67,000 regular forms and 165,000 short forms.

Instructions for completing the forms were attached in the centerfold of each form. In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, approximately 35,000 copies of a Farm Census Guide booklet were sent to county officials to whom farmers might turn for assistance. Included were rural banks, vocational agricultural instructors, and the following county offices: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Soil Conservation Service, Farmer's Home Administration, and Agricultural Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies were asked to assist the farmers in filling out their report forms if the farmers came to them for help.

The regular report form was to be filled out by all farm operators who received it regardless of the amount of farm products sold. When recipients of the short form reported sales in 1974 substantially greater than \$2,500, it was sometimes necessary to contact them again for the additional data needed to complete the more detailed regular form. If the recipient of a regular report form had sales less than \$2,500, the data were condensed during the processing to those items appearing on the short form.

#### Followup Procedures

Data collection plans included a "thank you" card and four followup letters, two of which were accompanied by census report forms at approximately 1-month intervals. Data collection was expected to be substantially completed by June 30. However, because of a marked increase in respondent resistance as compared with the 1969 census, the data collection phase was extended into the office processing phase. Additional followup letters were sent to the remaining nonrespondents in June, July, August, and November. Nonrespondent addresses believed to be operating farms with sales of \$40,000 or more were contacted by telephone during the period April 1975 through February 1976. Most of the nonresponse telephone calls were made by the staff of the Data Preparation Division in Jeffersonville. Indiana, Some of the calls to the more complex cases were referred to the Agriculture Division staff for handling. In total, nearly 107,000 cases were completed by telephone during this period.

As part of the routine followup procedures, specialized farms indentified on the mailing list as producing products such as broilers, beef cattle, hogs, etc. were checked to insure coverage in the census. If no report had been received for farms on these special lists, they were contacted by telephone to obtain the required information. Also, farms and ranches with large acreage in the 1969 census were checked to insure coverage in 1974. If reports were missing, telephone calls were made to obtain the necessary information to insure coverage. In some instances, successor operators were discovered and enumerated. The processing system provided for the inclusion of missing reports as late as the final tabulation of the county data for each State.

### 2. Major Changes in Data Collected

A number of items generally collected in follow-on surveys were included on the regular census report form for 1974. The major changes and modifications were in:

Fuel and grain storage facilities Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks Futures market Contracts Payroll and employment Injuries and illnesses Farm credit Family income from off-farm sources

These changes represent only a small part of those recommended. All recommendations were reviewed by the Census Advisory Committee on Agriculture Statistics, which then suggested priorities for items to be included in the census. The Census Bureau had final responsibility for the content, wording, and format of the report forms.

Besides the major additions, a limited number of items were included or asked in more detail than otherwise necessary so as to improve the quality of the data collected. For example, totals were asked for several detailed items to be used for cross checking data. These cross-check totals were asked for such items as value of cattle and calves sold, amount of cash wages paid, and chemical costs.

## 3. Office Processing

All report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data to magnetic tapes. Reports were subjected to a clerical screening review, during which significant notes or major problems were referred to technical assistants or, if necessary, to the professional analyst for solution. Records of all large agricultural operations, including multiunit operations and operations having \$500,000 or more sales of agricultural products in 1974 (lesser levels in specified States) were reviewed by professional employees of the Agriculture Division. Omissions, inconsistencies, and other problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contact (usually telephone) with the respondent.

The data for each report form were subject to a detailed item-by-item computer edit which required almost the full capacity of a large electronic computer. The program made comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected data found to be in error or inconsistent, supplied key missing data, and assigned farm classification codes which were necessary for tabulation of the data. Entries of large magnitude and significant computer changes of a doubtful nature were manually verified for accuracy. Obvious errors such as reports of cotton and citrus in the Northern States were also identified and corrected. However, it was impossible to identify and correct all errors or to supply estimates for all the incompleteness within the census reports. These factors and others may affect the reliability of some data for some minor items, but they will not have a significant effect on major data items in any county.

## 4. 1969 Data Corrections

Some 1969 data have been revised since publication of the 1969 census. The revisions corrected sizeable data errors in 14 counties and reporting and processing errors affecting four data items in a larger number of counties and States. The major county revisions were for:

- Cullman, Alabama-revised broilers sold and related data.
- Inyo, California-revised land in farms and related data.
- Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui, Hawaii-revised number of fattened cattle and related data.
- Spencer, Indiana-revised cattle and calves inventory.
- Harford, Maryland-revised acreage of total cropland.
- Marshall, Minnesota-revised acreage of land in farms.
- Dodge, Nebraska-revised number of milk cows and value of sales.
- Merrick, Nebraska-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.
- Rusk, Texas-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.
- Hampshire and Jefferson, West Virginia-revised cattle and calves sold and related data.

The revisions to correct for reporting and processing errors were made on:

- Acres and production of Irish potatoes harvested.
- Acres artificially drained.

Total acreage fertilized.

Acreage of land in orchards fertilized (only in Wisconsin).

#### 5. Definitions and Explanations

The following definitions and explanations relate to items which require a more detailed description than is in the tables. Many of the items are followed in the tables by a "(See text)" notation. Most of the terms and their explanations are taken from the instructions printed on the report forms or issued with the forms. For an exact wording of the questions on the two different report forms used in 1974 for the conterminuous United States, and the instruction sheets which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

A further discussion and more detailed analysis of the items included on the report forms and of the published data is given in Volume II, **Statistics by Subject**, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture. Most definitions of items and terms are the same as used in 1969 and earlier censuses. In general, processing steps and procedures for 1974 were designed to develop a report as fully comparable as possible with reports of earlier censuses.

Land area--The approximate total land area of counties and States shown for 1974 represents the land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1970. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1974 are essentially the same as in 1969. Any differences between the land area in 1974 and 1969 would be due to new construction of reservoirs, change in number and size of reservoirs, lakes, streams, etc.

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others, Except for open range and grazing land used under government permits, all grazing land was included as "land in farms" provided the place was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in Indian reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group which used the land. In some cases, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Data on ownership of land, type of rental arrangements, and farms with grazing permits are shown in Volume II with totals for each State.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of the agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually where the operator reported all or the largest proportion of his total land. For a limited number of counties in the Western States, this procedure has resulted in more land in farms being counted within a county than there is land area. To minimize this distortion, some exceptions were developed from a survey of large-scale farms carried out prior to the mailing of the census forms. This survey identified about 1,600 operations as having more than one separately reportable farm unit. Other reports received showing land in noncontiguous counties were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals. These reports were assigned to the appropriate counties during office processing.

Value of land and buildings—The respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated during office processing by using the average value of farms having similar characteristics in the same area.

Farm operator-The term "farm operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work himself or directly supervising the work. He may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If he rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he is considered the operator only of the land which he retains for his own operation. In the case of partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. For census purposes, the number of farm operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the questionnaire, but another family member or a partner or hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

The term "farms" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there were 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of these farms had 27,381 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves ...... farms..... 842 number.. 27,381

Farm operator characteristics—Operator characteristics such as race or origin, residence, age, occupation, and off-farm work, were collected for all farms with sales of under \$2,500 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over operated by individuals or partnerships. These data were not obtained for corporations and other types of organizations such as cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations.

Family off-farm income-In the absence of a sample follow-on survey, such as was conducted for the last three censuses, five questions were added to the 1974 report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain data on income from off-farm sources. These sources included income from a professional practice, cash wages, salaries, interest, dividends, royalties, pensions, etc. These data were included in the census to provide a better understanding of the present income distribution in agriculture and for the development of future policies and agricultural programs. Off-farm income data were not obtained for farms operated by corporations and other organizations. Similar data have been collected in 1960, 1965, and 1970 in sample surveys taken as part of the census program.

Family income from other sources greater than agricultural sales—For farms with sales of \$2,500 and over, this classification is based on a comparison of the sum of farm-related and off-farm income sources with the value of agricultural sales. For farms with sales of under \$2,500, the report form included a separate inquiry about the relationship of off-farm and other income sources to agricultural sales. The response to that inquiry was used as a basis for this classification.

For ease of reference to this classification in some tables, the term "off-farm income" applies to both farm-related and off-farm sources. A separate line is shown in most tables for farms not reporting or reporting no farm-related or off-farm income.

Value of crops harvested-This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1974 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated values per unit by the operators' reports of acres or quantities harvested. In instances where only acres harvested were reported. State estimates of value of production per acre were used. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of price per unit. A combination of these two factors was used when only acres harvested were requested of small farms, but units of production were requested of larger farms. The State average production prices used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications by the Statistical Reporting Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondents, report forms, and county extension agents and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

Value of livestock on farms-Data for value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the number of livestock of each major age and sex

group by the State average price. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, and hens and pullets were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Prices applied to other types of livestock were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales for these types in the 1974 Census of Agriculture. The 1969 and 1964 data were developed in a similar manner.

Value of agricultural products sold—This item represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenditures of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1974 regardless of who received the payment. It includes receipts by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors and others associated with the place.

The total value of agricultural products represents the sum of all crops including nursery products sold, forest products sold, and poultry and livestock and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as agricultural services, government farm programs, or recreation and other related sources, or income from nonfarm sources. Data from these sources of income are shown separately in various State and county tables.

The value of crops sold in 1974 does not necessarily represent sales from crops harvested in 1974. An examination of a sample of individual reports indicated extensive reporting of sales from crops produced in 1973. Some cash grain farms indicated that the 1974 grain crops were in storage and there were no sales from the 1974 crop. Likewise, some farms reported sales in 1974 from two different crop years.

Data for the value of agricultural products sold were obtained on both the regular and short forms directly from the respondents in the 1974 and 1969 Censuses of Agriculture. This procedure was a departure from the one used in previous censuses in which data on value of sales were obtained by enumeration for some products and were estimated for others.

For cases in which the farm operator failed to report a value of sales, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the numbers of livestock sold. Although similar procedures were used in earlier censuses, the extent of sales estimation has increased in each of the recent censuses. Extensive estimation of market values was required for farms growing or producing products under contract.

Caution should be applied when comparing sales in 1974 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the extreme ranges in per unit prices between census years. Reported values for 1974 varied greatly from farm to farm because of the monthto-month price per-unit variations within the 1974 census year.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold-Counts of farms by value of agricultural products sold are shown by various size groups in a number of the county and State tables. Data are shown separately for all farms and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by value of sales are shown in State table 31. At the State level, 1974 farms with sales of \$100,000 and over have been further classified into three groups: \$100,000 to \$199,999, \$200,000 to \$499,999, and \$500,000 and over. These data are shown in State tables 15 and 28 through 33. Characteristics of farms with sales of under \$2,500 are shown by age and occupation of the farm operator in State table 9.

Under \$1,000 sales—In county summary table 33 and appendix B, the "Under \$1,000" category includes only those operations reporting sales less than \$1,000 and not having the potential resources on hand to produce \$1,000 or more in sales. In county table 3, county summary table 7, and State tables 4 and 9, the under \$1,000 category includes those farms reporting less than \$1,000 in sales, but having the potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

\$1,000 to \$1,499 sales—For county summary table 7, this category includes

those farms reporting sales of under \$1,000, but having the potential for sales of between \$1,000 and \$2,500.

Under \$2,500 sales—In all tables except county summary table 7, the "All farms" category includes those farms with sales of under \$2,500 without regard to potential sales. In county summary table 7, the "under \$2,500 sales" category excludes abnormal farms and farms having the potential (unrealized in 1974) for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3 and State tables 9, 15, 26, and 28 through 33, the classification "Farms with sales of \$2,500 and over" (usually designated in column headings) includes farms reporting sales of under \$2,500, but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

\$2,500 to \$4,999 sales—In county summary table 7 and in the boxhead for State table 31, this category includes those farms, other than abnormal farms, having reported sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999 and those farms with lesser sales but having the potential for sales of \$2,500 and over.

In county table 3, 1969 abnormal farms are classified in this sales group regardless of the value of their sales, but 1974 abnormal farms were classified according to their actual sales.

Farm sales by commodity or commodity group—In an effort to conform more closely to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), a number of commodity groupings were changed for 1974 from those used for 1969. The next seven definitions reflect changes; the last does not.

Other field crops—For 1974, this group includes the value of sales of peanuts, Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, sugar beets, sugar cane, popcorn, mint for oil, hops, etc. For 1969, the value of pineapples sold was also included.

*Fruits, nuts, and berries*—For 1974, the value of pineapple sold is included in this group. For 1969, pineapple was considered a field crop.

Poultry and poultry products—For 1974, the value of poultry hatchery sales is included in this group. For 1969, it was not. The value of sales for poultry hatched is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous tables. (Also see Poultry hatcheries in this section).

Sheep, lambs, and wool--For 1974, the value of sales of these items is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for hogs, goats, and mohair.

Hogs and pigs—For 1974, the value of hogs and pigs sold is shown separately. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, goats, and mohair.

Goats and mohair—For 1974, the value of goats and mohair sold is shown separately in the county miscellaneous tables, and in aggregate with the value of other livestock and livestock products. For 1969, this value was combined with that for sheep, lambs, wool, and hogs.

Other livestock and livestock products— For 1974, the production of fish and laboratory animals is included in the agriculture census, whereas for 1969 it was not. The value of fish raised and sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "Other livestock and livestock products." Separate data on fish production and sales are shown in State table 24.

Forest products sold—As in previous censuses, the sales data shown for the 1974 census for this item relate only to forest products sold from farms. Commercial logging, timber, or other types of forest product operations or establishments are excluded, as are places selling only forest products. Such operations or establishments are excluded from being classed as agricultural production according to the Standard Industrial Classification in which they are classified as Forestry-Major Group 08.

Total farm production expenses—The overall completeness of expenditures data reported by farm operators for 1974 is poorer than for most recent censuses.

This is especially true for farms producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract. The majority of such operators did not know and were unwilling to estimate the value of production inputs furnished by the contractor. The scope of this phenomenon has been increasing as the structure of agriculture becomes more complex, requiring increased estimations of production expenses during office processing of individual census reports. These estimates were made for individual expenditures, and were based on the scope of related crop and livestock information for the individual report, or in some cases on averages or ratios of expenditures reported by similar farms in the same geographic area.

The figures for 1974 and 1969 are heavily weighted by the effect of reporting of "All other production expenses." Some farmers may have misinterpreted the intent of this question and reported capital improvement expenditures, purchase of long-term assets, household expenses, and other personal expenditures; others may have failed to include all applicable items. Any calculations of net farm income based on this census figure should be used with caution.

**Commercial fertilizer**—Data for 1974 and 1969 include the cost of rock phosphate and gypsum. These items were excluded from the 1964 figures.

Other agricultural chemicals-These expenditures include the cost of all herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, growth control chemicals, and defoliants used for crops or pastureland, and insecticides used for livestock and poultry during the census year. They also include expenditures for chemicals such as lime for soil treatment and sanitation, pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc. A detailed breakdown by the purpose of the chemical application along with the related expenditure is shown for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in county table 12 and State tables 13 and 28 through 33.

All other production expenses—This item was subject to extensive errors in report-

ing due to the complexity of concept and the numerous individual expense items eligible for inclusion in the one answer space. Respondents failed in many cases to follow the instructions specifying the type of expenditures to be included or excluded. Obvious errors were corrected during the processing, but the dollar figures for this item should be used with caution. For all statistical tables, this item includes the balance of production expenses for all items not already individually specified in the table.

**Crop** classifications—Some respondents reported crops on lines designated for other crops. Obvious errors were corrected during processing; however, not all errors were corrected. For example, the wheat categories were so poorly reported that for most States, data by kind of wheat are not published.

Hay crops—Data shown for hay represents all hay crops, including grass silage and hay cut green, unless otherwise specified. In showing production data for all hay crops, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dryweight equivalent for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons green weight to one ton dry.

Land in vegetables—The total acres of land used for vegetables in 1974 shown in State table 8 and county summary table 28 are not fully comparable to the acres published for 1969. For 1974, the data are the land from which vegetables were harvested; for 1969 the acres shown are the sum of the acres of the individual crops harvested. In areas where more than one vegetable crop is grown on the same land during the season, comparability is affected.

Land in orchards—This includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or of grapevines.

Poultry hatcheries-The data shown for hatcheries do not represent the total of all hatchery production or value. The historical census concept of counting items as sold only if the product was taken from the farm dictated that only hatcheries which produced chicks, poults. and ducklings for sale or placement on other farms should be included in the census totals. Poultry hatched and raised for sale or for layer replacement on the same place have been excluded. For such operations, the value of sales from the final product, such as broilers, turkeys, or eggs, is counted in the census. The value of hatchery sales is included in the category "Poultry and poultry products" and is also shown separately in State table 24.

Fish production—The raising of fish for sale was included as agricultural production by the 1972 SIC, and data for such operations are included in the agriculture census for the first time in 1974. As the commercial raising of fish is a relatively new industry, the census mailing register covering fish production may have been incomplete. Information on fish production and sales is shown in State table 24 and in the county miscellaneous table 7.

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located (even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area for pollination). Several factors affect the completeness and accuracy of these data: First, bee and honey sales were enumerated separately only for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Many bee owners operate on a small scale, and their sales are not identified separately in the statistics. Second, some bee operations may not have been on the mailing list. Third, some operators on the mailing list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

**Total cropland**—Total cropland consists of land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut; land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products; land used only for pasture or grazing; land in cover crops, legumes, and soil improvement grasses; land on which all crops failed; and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes cropland that is idle. This item may be overstated for 1974 and 1969 as compared to earlier censuses (see next paragraph).

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category covers rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements. Land in this category may have been overstated in 1974 and 1969 due to a tendency of farm operators to report all pastureland in the first question relating to pastureland. Obvious errors were corrected during processing.

Other cropland—This category consists of land used for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, and land in cultivated summer fallow. It also includes idle cropland.

Other land—In State tables 1 and 9, county table 1, and county summary table 2, other land refers to all land not otherwise itemized. It includes pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pasture, and house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In State tables 10 and 28, other land refers only to house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.

Irrigation-Data on methods of irrigation and quantity of water used are shown in State table 12 and county table 13. More detailed statistical tables on these items, as well as more information on irrigated crop yields, are included in Volume II of the census.

Commercial fertilizer—The acreage fertilized and tonnage applied are shown along with the acreage harvested for most major crops and groups of other crops. The acreage fertilized may include some acreage on which part of a crop failed, but if all of a fertilized crop failed, fertilizer figures are not included with data shown by crop. Instead, fertilized acreage on which all crops failed and tonnage are included in the totals shown for all acreage fertilized and tons applied. For most counties and States, the difference in acreage is not significant.

Other agricultural chemicals—Detailed data showing the general purposes for which chemicals were applied are published for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over. Some farm operators reported their total acreage treated by sprays, dusts, fumigants, etc., but did not allocate acreage according to the various purposes of the treatment. It was not feasible to allocate misreported data properly, so these data were added to "Other chemicals."

To a limited degree, then, detailed data for insect, nematode, disease, and weed control are incompletely reported and the item "Other chemicals" actually includes a sizeable amount of expenditures relating to these controls.

Grain storage capacity—A question on grain storage was asked for the first time in the 1974 census. No attempt was made to supply missing data for this item; instead, the number of farms not reporting are shown.

Artificial ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks—This information was first collected for the 1954 census, but was not collected for 1969. In 1974, data were collected on the number of ponds, pits, reservoirs, and earthen tanks, and the area covered by them when filled to capacity.

Futures market—These data were collected to determine if the operator utilized the commodity futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm commodities produced on the place. The data probably represent an overstatement of the actual number of farm operators using the futures market. Apparently, respondents were confused between futures market transactions and forward pricing agreements. Although obvious errors were corrected, the data should be used with caution.

Contracts-The data published in State table 27 are shown essentially as reported, except for inconsistencies that were corrected. The published data are incompletely reported, partly because of the complex and varied nature of production and marketing contracts, and partly because of a lack of understanding, or more often a lack of knowledge, on the part of the respondents, of the facts. Some contracts were not reported at all, and for some reported contracts not all characteristics were given. The "Not reported" line in table 27 indicates the extent of incompleteness of reporting on the contract characteristics. Data on the amount received from the contractor varied from the full market value for some marketing contracts to only fractional values for some production contracts. More detailed data for individual items produced under contract are included in Volume II of the census.

Payroll and employment—For 1974 more data were collected than in previous agriculture censuses, to provide a more complete accounting and classification of hired labor involved in agriculture production. Data were collected on the number of workers by number of days worked, cash wages paid, and amount paid to contract workers and salaried corporation officers (see section 30 of the form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over).

Some respondents who had sizeable numbers of seasonal workers during the year had difficulty reporting the number of workers by days worked, because their records were often not kept in such detail. County and State totals for the number of seasonal workers give a sizeable overcount for the number of hired workers actually involved in agriculture because many of them worked on more than one farm during the year and thus may have been counted more than once. Therefore, these data should be used with some caution.

Caution is also necessary with the data on contract labor. Some farm operators may not have distinguished clearly between hired labor and contract laborworkers hired through a labor contractor or crewleader. This has resulted in a possible overstatement of the number of farms using contract labor, although the dollar amounts involved are generally small.

Likewise, salaries paid to corporate officers may include some worktime spent on nonfarm activities.

Injuries and illnesses-Information on injuries and illnesses was collected for the first time in the 1974 census. Information was obtained on the number of injuries and illnesses of hired workers, paid members of the operator's family, unpaid family members, and operators of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. No data are shown in this report; however, several unpublished tabulations were made and copies are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data). The unpublished data were tabulated as reported; no attempt was made to estimate for possible missing or underreported data.

Farm credit-The census of agriculture has collected varying amounts of data relating to credit since 1890. Continuing changes in technology and agricultural practices have increased the amount of money and credit required for efficient farm operation. In lieu of the traditional separate finance survey, section 33 was added to the report form for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over to obtain information from farm operators on debts secured and not secured by real estate. The data collected are shown in county table 14, county summary table 31, and State tables 28 through 33, and in some unpublished tables on the financial characteristics of farm operators.

Debt secured by real estate relates to debt owed by the farm operator and secured by land owned and operated. Debt on land owned by the operator but rented to others was to be excluded. In county summary table 31, a ratio has been calculated of the debt secured by real estate to the value of owned land operated. This is one measure of the degree of indebtedness. Data for debts for secured by real estate pertain only to debt owed by the operator and exclude debts owed by landlords, contractors, etc.

Farm fuel storage capacity-Questions were asked for the first time in the 1974 census on the on-farm storage capacity of gasoline, diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, and propane used for the farm business. However, a significant number of respondents failed to answer these questions or answered them incorrectly; for instance, many operators reported the total gallons purchased during the year instead of the fuel storage capacity. Such obvious errors were deleted, but since acceptable data were not obtained for substantial number of farms, none is shown in this report. Several tabulations were made, however, and unpublished data are available for purchase upon request (see section 7. Unpublished Data).

Income and expenses from farm-related sources-An expanded series of questions on farm-related income and expenses were asked of all farms in the 1974 census to obtain a more complete picture of the total income of farm operators from all sources. These sources include income and expenses associated with customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others, recreational services, participation in government programs, renting out land, and other activity conducted on the farm or closely related to the farm. As a general rule, these other income sources are included if they are closely related, even though supplemental, to the farm operation. However, if they constitute a separate establishment or were conducted from another location, they are not included. For example, if a farm operator owned a company which furnished custom services to other farms, and that company and its income were reported in the 1974 Survey of Agricultural Services as a separate establishment, the income is not included in the data for this category. Also not included are reported sales of capital assets such as land, buildings, and machinery. Examples of income from other farm-related sources that are included are: payments from farm insurance damages, gas tax refunds, patronage dividends, expenditure rebates, farm

machine and building rentals, and farm by-products sales.

Besides those expenses associated with customwork, recreational services, government programs, renting of farmland, etc., expenses include operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. However, the data shown for this item do not represent the total expenditures associated with farm-related income. The respondent was requested, if separate records were available, to report farm-related income expenses separately from farm production expenses. If the respondent did not report farm-related expenses separately, those expenses are assumed to be included in farm production expenses.

Differences in totals for some items—The total given in one table for an item may differ slightly from the total given in another table for the same item because of the rounding of fractions or the rounding to thousands.

## 6. Farm Classifications

State table 9 presents detailed data for all farms classified by selected value of sales groups; State tables 28 to 33 present detailed data for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (in acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. In addition, this report contains a number of farm counts according to various characteristics, as well as frequency distributions of farms classified by value of sales of each of the principal farm enterprises.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure as used for both the 1974 and 1969 censuses are:

- a. Full owners, who operate only land they own;
- b. Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others; and
- c. Tenants, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Detailed data by tenure of operator and type of organization are shown in State table 28. For the 1964 census and earlier censuses, a separate classification was used for hired managers, in addition to full owners, part owners, and tenants. The manager classification was discontinued because managed farms became increasingly difficult to define and identify, especially with the mail enumeration. Farms which may be operated by hired managers for 1969 and 1974 are distributed among full owners, part owners, and tenants according to the reported ownership of the land in the place.

Farms by age of operator—Age of the farm operator was obtained for all farms with sales under \$2,500 and only for individual, family, or partnership operated farms having sales of \$2,500 and over. Characteristics of farms by two age-of-operator groups in combination with occupation information are shown in State table 9 for farms with sales of under \$2,500 and by six age groups in State table 29 for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Racial and ethnic groups—These data were collected and tabulated for all farm operators with sales under \$2,500 and for those operators with sales of \$2,500 and over if they operated the farm as an individual or family or partnership. Each operator, except those in Hawaii, was asked to classify himself or herself into one of six racial or ethnic groups. For Hawaii, nine categories were provided.

For 1974, data are shown for "Blacks and other races"; "other races" includes American Indians, Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Filipinos, Koreans, and any other separate racial group. The comparable data for 1969 are for Blackoperated farms only. The farm operators reporting themselves to be of Spanish origin were included with the White race wherever separate data for "White" were shown. Counts of farm operators for each of the enumerated racial or ethnic groups are shown in county miscellaneous data table 14 for counties with three or more operators in any of the groups. Farms by type of organization—This was the second census of agriculture for which farms were classified by type of organization; the first time was for the 1969 census. The respondent classified his own organizational status by marking a box opposite the type of organization which best described the way the place was operated in 1974. The classifications were:

- a. Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.
- b. Partnership operation, including family partnership.
- c. Corporation, including family corporation.
- d. Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, etc.

The farms were classified according to the information provided in section 37 of the regular form. Many of the reports which showed "other" as the type of organization came from institutional farms, Indian reservations, or other operations classified as "abnormal." Abnormal farms were not included in the tabulations for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over.

Some caution should be taken when comparing 1974 data for corporations with 1969 data. A followup study of the 1969 data indicated that a sizable number of farms were wrongly reported as corporate, especially in the Southern States. These errors in the 1969 data have not been corrected and are shown as originally published.

More detailed data obtained from a special survey of farms operated by corporations are included in Volume IV, Special Reports, of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

Farms by value of sales—In earlier agricutural censuses, data were classified in nine groups referred to as "economic classes." The use of this term was discontinued for 1974; however, for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more in 1974, the value-of-products sold classifications are the same as the value ranges used for establishing economic classes 1 through 5

in prior censuses and are therefore comparable. Some caution should be used in comparing value-of-sales data for 1974 with those of earlier censuses due to the substantial increase in prices received by farmers between the census periods.

Data for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, classified in earlier censuses as economic classes 6, part time, and part retirement, are not directly comparable to the 1974 value classes because of the change in farm definition and modifications in farm classification. For 1969, farms with sales of under \$2,500 were classified as:

- a. Class 6-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and did not work off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- b. Part time--\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is under 65 years of age and worked off the farm 100 days or more in the census year.
- c. Part retirement-\$50 to \$2,499 of farm product sales and a farm operator who is 65 years or over.

If 1974 data shown in State table 9 and appendix B are combined, limited comparisons between 1969 and 1974 can be made as follows:

Compare 1969 class 6 farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting 50 percent or more of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-time farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were under 65 years old and devoting less than 50 percent of their worktime to farming. Compare 1969 part-retirement farms with 1974 farms with sales of less than \$2,500 whose operators were 65 years old and over regardless of occupation.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. Data for abnormal farms were included in totals for all farms, but were excluded from data for farms with sales of \$2,500 or more. Characteristics of abnormal farms are shown in State table 9. The abnormal farms are comparable to abnormal farms of earlier censuses.

New classification of farms--A new classification series was used to present the data for the 1974 census. It was developed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Bureau of the Census to better describe today's agriculture and its complex relationships with other sectors of the economy. The major classifications are:

- a. Primary farm-A farm operated by an individual or family or partnership where the operator spends 50 percent or more of his worktime on the farm (considers farming to be the principal occupation) or a farm operated under a corporate structure which received 50 percent or more if its gross business (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- b. Part-time farm—A farm operated by an individual or partnership where the operator spends less than 50 percent of his worktime on the farm (does not consider farming to be the principal occupation).
- c. Business-associated farm-A farm operated under a corporated structure which received less than 50 percent of its gross business income (farm and nonfarm) from the sale of agricultural products.
- d. Abnormal farm—An institutional, experimental, or research farm, or an Indian reservation. An institutional farm is one operated by a hospital, penitentiary, school, grazing association, government agency, etc.

Some new classifications are not yet available. Data necessary to classify corporations as primary or business-associated are being collected in a separate survey. It will be published, along with data for individuals and partnerships, in a later report. However, the classifications for individual or family operated farms, for partnerships, and for abnormal farms are described in the following discussion of data presented by principal occupation of the farm operator.

Farms by principal occupation-Information was obtained on the occupation of the farm operator in 1974 to provide the basis for the new farm classification. Data on occupation were not obtained in 1969. The principal occupation classification for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over relates only to farms operated by individuals or families (sole proprietorships) and partnerships. Farm characteristics are shown by age of the operator and occupation for farms with sales of under \$2,500 in State table 9 and for farms with sales of \$2,500 and over in State table 29.

The classifications used for 1974 were:

- a. Farming---The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his worktime in 1974 in farming.
- b. Other-The principal occupation of the operator if he spent 50 percent or more of his work time in 1974 at occupations other than farming. Some operators engaged in ranching marked "other" as their principal occupation. Most such obvious errors were corrected during the processing operation.

Farms operated by persons who consider themselves farmers by occupation would be classified as primary farms under the new classification. Likewise, those farms operated by persons who consider themselves as having occupations other than farming would be classified as part-time farms.

Farms by size--All farms were classified by size according to the total land area established for each farm (acres in this place). Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 and over by 12 size-of-farm groups are presented in State table 30. The same classification was used for all States. By definition, a farm was an operating unit, not an ownership tract.

In the case of a landlord who had assigned land to tenants, the land assigned

to each tenant was considered a separate farm even though the landlord may have considered the entire landholding as one unit in respect to supervision, equipment, rotation practice, purchase of supplies, or sale of products.

Farms by type-Data from the 1974 census are being published in accordance with the expanded classification system for agricultural production published in the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In general, the SIC classifications published for 1974 are comparable to the historical type-of-farm classifications except that the expanded SIC provides the potential for a more detailed classification.

Farms by standard industrial classification-A standard classification for agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) has been evolving over the entire lifetime of the SIC system, but at a less rapid rate than in other producing sectors of the economy, primarily because of the diversity of production typical of most farms. In recent years, increasing specialization by agricultural producers has encouraged the creation of a more detailed set of classifications. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual, are intended to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various 'agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 3- or 4-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural production. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment was less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group; otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Detailed characteristics of farms with sales of \$2,500 or more for selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 32 and 33 and county summary table 6. Additional and more complete 1974 data for various SIC classifications will be shown in Volume II.

Farms not classified by SIC-Some farms included in the 1974 Census of Agriculture did not meet the official specifications of the standard industrial classification for agricultural activities. Sales of forest products, which by historical census definition are included in the total value of farm products sold, are excluded by the SIC classification system. Therefore, farms having more than one-half of their sales from forest products are excluded from SIC classification. In addition, those farms having a significant proportion (but less than half) of their sales from forest products and not meeting the definition of one of the two categories of general farms are also excluded from SIC classification.

# 7. Unpublished Data

Data collected and tabulated primarily to meet the needs of specific governmental users have been assembled in a series of unpublished tables. The table headings and stubs of most of these tables have more frequent data intervals and size groupings than those published in Volume I. In some cases, the tables display the data in a format specified by certain data users. Most tables provide State level statistics.

The principal unpublished tabulations available are on:

Farm contracts. Fuel storage capacity. Grain storage capacity. Grazing permits. Hired workers. Injuries and illnesses. Irrigated and nonirrigated crop yields. Land use by size of farm. Selected farm characteristics by-Standard industrial classification Debt status. Race or origin. Age of farm operator. Days worked off-farm by the operator.

Utilization of futures market.

In addition some data were tabulated extending frequency distributions for already published items. These tabulations are in the same format as State tables 28 through 33.

For information on the content and cost of the unpublished tabulations, please write to the Chief, Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

# 8. Nonsampling Errors

Every census or survey has some errors. These can arise from such sources as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing errors, and the inability to obtain a response from all farmers. Limited sampling was done in this census, and most of the error is of the nonsampling type.

Reported data may be incorrect due to misunderstanding of questions or the use of estimates in reporting. During processing, adjustments are made to data items which appear to be inconsistent with other items.

Respondents may fail to provide all of the information requested. In some cases, the respondent may indicate the presence of an item but not the amount. Imputations were made for missing data on the quantities and sales values of crops and livestock, but no imputations were made for such items as forest products sold, injuries and illnesses, and farm credit.

An adjustment was made for operations on the mailing list which did not respond to the census. This adjustment employed sampling, and variation from the adjustment is measured in sampling errors; however, any systematic bias is not measured. The methodology for this adjustment is described in section 10. Statistical Adjustments.

There was considerable undercoverage of smaller farms because a large number of these places were not represented in

any of the administrative records of places associated with agricultural operations and, consequently, were not on the final mailing list. On the other hand, some names were on the mailing list more than once. Duplication was eliminated in the processing to a large extent, but some remains, particularly for farms whose operation changed hands, in whole or in part, while the list was being developed. Measures of final undercoverage are provided in section 9. Census Coverage.

#### 9. Census Coverage

Although a complete and fully accurate count of farms, farmland, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this aim difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be enumerated, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of farm operators to the land operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete listing of all agricultural operators, the difficulty of locating and identifying some farms, the operator's absence from his farm during mail effort and followup procedures, and the operator's opinion that some or all of his agricultural operations should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of the coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although its primary purpose is to pinpoint problem areas and supply evidence upon which to base improvements, the coverage check also provides users of census data with estimates of the completeness of census counts. Preliminary results of a coverage check for this State indicate that about 67 percent of all farms are included in the census. The farms included are estimated to account for more than 93 percent of the total value of sales of agricultural products in 1974.

More detailed information, reporting coverage by size and type of farm and by

geographic area, are included in a separate report of the 1974 Census of Agriculture.

### 10. Statistical Adjustments

Report forms were obtained and tabulated for all the identified larger farms (in general, those with expected sales of \$40,000 and over). In the few instances where the operator did not supply the required information, data were obtained from secondary sources. By means of detailed, programed edit specifications, adjustments or corrections were made during the computer-edit operation for. internally incomplete or inconsistent data. The review procedures provided for computer printouts of edit changes to an item that exceeded specified limits. These changes were then reviewed for reasonableness by members of the processing staff and necessary corrections made.

#### Nonresponse

The statistics for each State and county were adjusted to account for smaller operations which did not respond in the census. The number of farms for which adjustment was made was estimated on the basis of the results of a canvass of a random sample of mailing register addressees who did not respond during the regular census followup period. The figures supplied by a stratified sample of addressees who did respond were then expanded to represent the nonrespondents and included in the census totals.

Table A shows for selected items for the State the percent of the published total that the nonresponse adjustment represents. These percentages indicate the potential for bias in published figures due to nonresponse, i.e., the extent to which the actual data for nonrespondents may not agree with the nonresponse adjustments. The probable range of difference is unknown. However, the degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the data increases as the percentage of the total represented by the nonrespondent adjustment increases. Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment for Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1974

ltem	Percent of total
Number of farms	11.1
Land in farms	9.2
Value of products sold	4.8
Harvested cropland	8.4
Inventory:	
Cattle and calves	8.5
Chickens 3 months old or	
older	4.8
Hogs and pigs	7.1

#### Sampling

During the construction of the mailing list for the census, names obtained from various sources were matched to eliminate duplicates. Names that only appeared on the list provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service were randomly sampled at a rate varying by State from 100% to 10%, and only those drawn in the sample were asked to complete census reports. The census reports obtained were expanded to estimate the totals for all the farms on the "ASCS only" list. The farms in the sample generally were small in size, but they occasionally included some larger farms. The States sampled at a 100% rate (all ASCS only names included in the mailing register) were Alaska, Delaware, Hawaii, Nevada, New Jersey, and West Virginia.

#### Reliability of Adjustments for Nonresponse and Sampling

Table B shows estimates of reliability of the published totals for selected data items for the State. These estimates include the variability from sampling the "ASCS only" list and the variability from using the random selection of respondent farms weighted by expansion factors to represent nonrespondent farms. For computing the estimates of variability due to weighting for nonresponse, the farms selected for weighting were considered to be a random sample of all farms in the stratum from which they were selected. The variances from the two

sources-the ASCS only use and the nonresponse adjustment-were combined in the usual manner to provide the estimates of reliability.

There is approximately 67% confidence that the difference between the published estimate and the figure that would have been obtained if there were no variability involved is not more than the percentage presented in the table for a specific item. There is approximately 95% confidence that the difference is less than twice the percentage given. As calculated for this report, the standard error measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors, but does not measure any systematic biases in the data arising from incorrect reporting by respondents or adjustments for nonresponse, or incompleteness of the mailing list.

	Land in f	arms	Value of la buildi		Harvested c	ropland	Value of c	rops sold	Value of live poultry	
County	Acres	Stan dard error (percent)	D ollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Dollars (1,000)	Standard error (percent)	D ollars ( 1,000)	Standard error (percent)
West Virginia,										
total	3 496 606	0.1	1 049 946	0.2	511 182	0.2	29 830	0.6	96 858	0.2
Barbour	83 810	2.3	19 218	2.6	14 080	3.3	300	.7	1 135	1.9
Berkeley	85 690	.7	53 493	e	31 760	1.0	7 550	1.7	4 270	.6
Boone	4 552	.0	1 215	.0	347	.0	93	.0	15	.0
Braxton	72 352	.8	14 082	.4	7 824	1.1	223	8.4	647	.2
Brooke	12 100	1.4	4 390	3.1	3 152	2.1	113	.2	573	1.6
Cabell	44 279	1.4	17 27 1	1.1	3 652	1.6	634	1.1	413	5.3
Caihoun	43 468	2.7	10 001	2.7	4 302	1.9	· <b>110</b>	1.6	212	1.8
Clay	12 216	.0	2 026	.0	1 055	.0	22	.0	92	.0
Doddridge	54 536	1.2	7 708	1.1	4 787	.7	58	1.7	341	1.5
Fayette	22 374	.7	7 280	1.3	3 913	2.1	70	5.5	535	.6
Gilmer	53 185	1.1	9 084	2.4	6 052	1.6	124	.0	438	1.1
Grant	135 387	.4	31 306	.9	12 4 1 3	.7	467	.9	4 022	.4
Greenbrier	183 602	.6	62 816	.9	23 595	.7	491	5.0	6 6 1 3	.7
Hampshire	170 170	.6	48 035	1.0	20 973	.8	4 068	1.2	3 148	.6
Hancock	8 192	3.1	3 812	1.1	1 983	.6	229	3.4	108	9.0
Hardy	163 285	1.2	45 792	1.1	17 630	1.4	903	2.9	12 070	.9
Harrison	89 080	.6	23 224	.8	13 446	1.3	237	3.9	2 040	1.9
Jackson	107 818	.5	28 2 14	.5	15 547	.7	328	1.1	1 546	.4
Jefferson	85 784	.5	64 857	1.1	36 310	.5	4 247	1.6	8 458	.5
Kanawha	18 962	2.4	5 766	.5	1 774	.4	45	2.6	200	5.8
Lewis	90 102	1.0	20 224	1.8	12 296	1.0	311	2.0	2 059	1.0
Lincoln	37 096	1.6	9 459	1.0	2 239	1.1	600	.9	208	1.4
Logan	2 363	.0	685	.0	231	.0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
McDowell	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Marion	38 649	1.2	12 409	.9	6 3 3 4	2.1	72	4.9	477	.6
Marshall	71 594	.4	15 433	<b>a</b>	12 196	.4	221	2.5	1 692	1.5
Mason	113 824	.4	43 1 19	.7	22 834	.3	1 455	.7	5 807	.6
Mercer	54 421	.5	19 178	1.4	6 199	1.2	126	4.6	972	1.5
Mineral	72 210 (D)	.8 (D)	23 620 (D)	1.3 (D)	9 951 (D)	1.3 (D)	429 (D)	9.3 (D)	1 348 (D)	7. (D)
Managadia	48 105	1.7	21 715		8 589	1.2	120		822	
Monongalia			39 488	1.1	8 589 19 738	1.2	540	2.3	4 34 1	4.4
Monroe	134 887 23 022	.5 .6	39 488 11 436	1.0	19 738 5 119	.7	540 700	1.4	4 34 1	.8
Morgan			12 368	1.6 2.3	6 585	.4	191	.3 .5	375 796	.5
Nicholas	38 732 22 812	1.0 .5	12 368	1.5	6 365	1.5 .8	125	с. 9.0	1 196	.8 .3
Ohio Pondlaton	22 812	.5 .6	56 014	1.5	20 240	.0 .6	497	9.0 .6	9 832	 .4
Pendleton	13 783	.o .4	4 2 19		20 240	.o 2.1	497 60	.6 2.7	9832	.4
Pleasants	136 881		4 2 19 31 160	.4 .8	13 772	.9	239	3.6	1 706	.z 1.5
Pocahontas Preston	127 696	.8	36 897	.o 1.1	25 089	. <del>.</del> 1.2	560	3.8	4 686	1.0
1	58 514	.4 .4	25 695	.5	25 085	1.2	752	3.8 1.3	4 000 645	.3
Putnam Raleigh	30 715	2.4	25 695 13 540	3.1	4 922	1.4	139	1.3	1 230	.3
Randolph	134 667	2.4 9	36 936	1.6	4 922 14 024	1.3	441	1.4	1 849	 1.7

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# Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974

	Cattle and ca farms		Chickens 3 n and older c		Hogs and farm		Corn harve: purp		Hay har	vested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
West Virginia,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
total	495 460	0.2	696 046	1.3	47 866	0.8	91 564	0.4	372 000	0.2
Barbour	13 876	2.4	2 900	3.8	298	10.3	464	3.4	13 456	3.5
Berkeley	16 600	9	26 580	.7	3 190	1.8	8 933	2.5	10 546	1.1
Boone	287	מ	869	.0	121	.0	135	.0	143	.0
Braxton	8 369	1.0	5 122	.6	549	.8	340	.4	7 324	1.2
Brooke	1 891	1.9	1 966	6.6	46	2.0	566	.6	2 195	2.7
Cabell	4 649	1.8	5 055	1.3	300	6.6	591	7.0	2 626	1.7
Calhoun	3 700	3.7	1 726	1.7	157	2.8	61	2.2	4 171	1.9
Clay	1 262	.0	547	.0	59	.0	84	.0	943	.0
Doddridge	4 680	1.1	2 677	1.3	278	5.7	132	2.9	4 620	.7
Fayette	4 289	1.5	1 350	6.3	218	3.6	338	1.3	3 465	2.3
Gilmer	5 544	2.0	1 687	2.2	295	6.8	492	.7	5 421	1.8
Grant	14 373	9	3 815	2.8	1 504	5.5	1 909	3.5	9 869	.7
Greenbrier	37 185	.7	29 517	.4	1 103	2.6	4 875	1.7	17 714	.7
Hampshire	17 212	1.1	15 272	.7	2 844	2.1	3 197	1.3	10 929	1.1
Hancock	607	3.6	2 945	ם (	70	.0	181	5.6	771	2.7
Hardy	21 774	1.0	27 472	19.2	5 721	2.1	7 010	1.5	9 484	2.0
Harrison	15 099	.8	15 909	9	184	11.4	693	2.6	12 788	1.4
Jackson	14 693	.6	13 864	(1)	684	2.4	1 585	1.0	13 675	.6
Jefferson	22 233	.5	42 302	.1	3 54 1	1.5	17 256	.7	11 088	.9
Kanawha	2 142	.8	1 309	1.1	542	.1	111	6.2	1 597	.3
Lewis	13 345	1.4	10 545	(1)	193	1.2	1 069	1.0	11 332	1.2
Lincoln	1 599	1.6	2 779	2.7	362	13.5	519	2.4	1 336	1.3
Logan	208	.0	1 789	.0	42	.0	83	.0	134	.0
McDowell	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Marion	6 932	1.1	2 800	3.1	472	3.1	334	2.8	5 785	2.4
Marshall	9 953	.7	5 529	1.2	657	5.5	1 202	1.1	10 603	.5
Mason	21 187	.6	73 535	.1	2 005	.9	8 362	.2	12 390	.5
Mercer	7 890	1.3	18 025	2	366	1.4	605	2.9	5 373	1.3
Mineral	8 365	1.2	1 867	3.8	2 685	5.3	2 190	3.3	6 850	1.4
Mingo	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Monongalia	8 443	1.4	16 864	22.3	335	1.5	442	2.1	8 118	1.3
Monroe	27 200	.8	9 3 2 9	3.3	1 4 4 6	2.3	5 0 07	.9	13 892	.7
Morgan	2 593	9	3 553	.4	248	1.9	926	1.1	2 125	.8
Nicholas	7 277	1.9	15 406	2.4	502	.5	933	2.5	5 459	1.9
Ohio	4 330	1.1	4 082	3.3	329	4.8	1 076	1.0	4 905	.9
Pendleton	22 790	1.0	32 084	.4	5 887	.5	3 083	.8	16 382	.7
Pieasants	1 786	1.2	1011	1.8	93	3.1	272	.7	1 559	2.5
Pocahontas	16 297	1.0	4 679	2.7	1 280	2.1	1 755	1.9	11 575	.9
Preston	21 082	.6	26 096	3	1 728	13.9	4 574	.7	18 233	1.6
Putnam	6 608	6.	10 191	.7	721	9.6	1 080	1.8	5 346	1.9
Raleigh	5 034	1.5	100 974	0.	675	10.3	373	3.4	4 375	1.4
Randolph	12 890	1.2	3 7 1 3	2.5	824	3.9	1 606	2.2	11 975	1.0

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

<sup>1</sup> Estimated coefficient of variation is 25.0 percent or greater. These coefficients are usually associated with small data values and when a significant portion of the total is derived from estimates for nonrespondents and sample reports.

	Land in f	arms	Value of land and buildings		Harvested cropland		Value of c	rops sold	Value of livestock and poultry sold		
County		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	
		error	Dollars	error		error	Dollars	error	Dollars	error	
	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	Acres	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	(1,000)	(percent)	
Ritchie	74 317	1.1	13 463	1.6	9313	0.9	127	1.4	838	4.1	
Roane	86 336	.8	15 376	1.0	9 743	.8	138	4.1	905	.7	
Summers	45 360	.6	12 638	.8	6 176	.8	132	.4	688	1.0	
Taylor	41 22 1	1.0	12 4 10	1.0	7 397	.6	150	.1	1 062	.4	
Tucker	36 426	2.2	11 725	7.8	5 24 1	2.2	185	20.9	407	1.9	
Tyler	43 314	1.7	9 901	2.2	7 599	1.3	172	3.7	769	1.1	
Upshur	56 631	.6	17 270	1.7	9 200	1.0	230	2.6	853	1.8	
Wayne	27 186	1.6	9 005	9	2 694	1.1	102	1.0	580	.5	
Webster	12 807	.1	2 857	3	1 103	.2	46	.2	87	.2	
Wetzel	42 930	1.0	8 239	1.4	4 989	.6	82	.4	276	.4	
Wirt	33 350	1.3	8 467	.6	5 307	.8	165	1.2	(D)	(D)	
Wood	62 349	.5	22 249	.5	11 05 1	.5	283	.9	2 597	.7	
Wyoming	4 233	2.5	1911	.5	382	1.8	3	2.6	19	3.1	

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

	Cattle and calves on farms		Chickens 3 months old and older on farms		Hogs and farm		Corn ha <b>rve</b> : pu <i>r</i> p		Hay har	rvested
County	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Number	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)	Acres	Standard error (percent)
Ritchie	8 4 47	0.7	2 490	1.2	151	1.7	276	3.8	9 050	1.0
Roane	10 902	.7	3 940	12.0	281	2.5	169	1.0	9 513	.8
Summers	7 134	1.3	2 983	1.6	312	1.5	655	2.7	5 099	.8
Taylor	8 147	.8	14 693	.5	324	10.7	390	.8	6 837	.7
Tucker	4 640	1.5	4 387	2.1	362	.5	536	1.6	4 462	2.6
Tyler	6 125	1.3	3 146	7.7	1 309	.8	988	2.0	6 5 7 7	1.4
Upshur	8 246	1.9	1 763	3.4	294	2.6	508	2.6	8 650	1.1
Wayne	3 505	1.7	4 784	3	306	4.4	910	.7	1 628	1.7
Webster	895	.2	920	1.8	99	.0	46	.0	986	.2
Wetzel	3 910	.7	2 040	1.1	185	1.6	336	.3	4 63 1	.7
Wirt	5 913	1.0	1 59 1	ا و	170	.9	363	1.8	4871	.9
Wood	10 709	.9	104 486	0.	1 467	.8	1916	1.0	8 745	.6
Wyoming	511	.5	598	2.9	42	2.1	19	.0	339	1.6

Table B. Estimates of the Reliability of Published Totals for Selected Items: 1974-Con.

# APPENDIX B. Characteristics of Agricultural Operations Qualifying as Farms by the 1959 Definition But Excluded by the 1974 Definition: 1974 and 1969

		Specified exclud	led agricultural	operations, 197	1	Form	s with sales un	der \$1,000, 19	69
		1		d age of operat					
Farm or Farms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded b 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Definition)	y		on farming	Occupation	other than ning				
	Tota	Less thon 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Closs 6	Part time	Port retirement
Forms and Land in Forms									
Forms	number 2 19	272	324	1 262	336	10 528	1 961	5 780	2 787
	percent 100.	12.4	14.8 19 308	57.5 78 479	15.3 28 521	100.0 1 039 494	18.6 189 953	54.9 559 556	26.5 289 985
Average size of farm			60	62	85	99	97	97	104
Value of land and buildingsAverage per farm	\$1,000 59 94 dollars 27 32		8 187 25 270	36 083 28 592	8 692 25 869	150 560 14 301	27 704 14 128	86 852 15 026	36 004 12 918
Average per acre	dollors41		424	460	305	145	146	155	124
Farms by value of farm: \$1 to \$9,999			96	292	81 110	5 161 3 118	1 060 507	2 633 1 790	1 468 821
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$39,999	59	5 80		341 364	78	1 668	299 57	1 013 251	356 102
\$40,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$99,999			43 9	175	45 11	410 70	11	41	18
\$100,000 and over	7	5 12	6	47	11	101	27	52	22
Owned and rented lands by farm operators: Land owned	_farms 2 13	265	315	1 226	332	10 247	1 889	5 609	2 749
Land rented or leased from others	acres 146 79	7 18 655	20 263	79 311 70	28 568 14	1 014 358 860	184 576 181	540 690 543	289 092 136
	acres 582	5 488	354	3 718	1 265	50 501 728	10 931 162	32 064 383	7 506
Land rented or leosed to others	acres 8 15		21 1 309	4 550	36 1 312	25 365	5 554	13 198	6 613
Land in Farms According to Use									
Total cropland	_farms 1 77 acres 27 63			1 032 15 912	281 4 655	9 609 364 761	1 756 66 354	5 297 202 610	2 556 95 797
Harvested crapland		1 125	169	610 2 499	187 854	7 825 86 350	1 428 15 463	4 331 48 727	2 066 22 160
Farms by acres harvested:				547	167	4 112	761	2 237	1 114
1 to 9 acres 10 to 19 acres				63	20	2 317	421	1 278	618
20 to 29 ocres 30 to 49 ocres			-	-	=	926 389	156	536 234	234 82
50 to 99 ocres			~	-	-	79 2	17	46	16
Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	i	6 122	145	616	143	6 489	1 148	3 675	1 666
Other cropland (see text)	acres 15 13	2 2 083	1 948	8 810 211	2 291	234 867	43 602 371	130 724	60 541 600
	acres 7 97	9 861	1 005	4 603	1 510	43 544	7 289	23 159	13 096
Woodland, including woodland pasture	ocres 72 23		184 8 524	736 40 831	219 13 634	7 409 417 742	1 366 77 009	4 125 221 488	1 918 119 245
Other lond (see text)	forms 1 68 acres 44 59			951 21 736	266 10 232	7 704 256 991	1 445 46 590	4 186 135 458	2 073 74 943
Irrigated land		8 1	-	6 37	1 1	23 42	-	18 26	5 16
Race and Tenure of Operator									
All farm operators:	0.00		212	1 109	222	0 (82	1 784	6 944	0.452
Full owners Part owners		9 9	3	27	322 10	9 683 558	1 784 104	5 246 358	2 653 96
Tenants White farm operators:		7 7	9	37	4	287	73	176	38
Full owners Part owners		4 255	311	1 188	320	9 649 556	1 780	5 223 358	2 646 96
Tenants		, i i	9	37	4	287	73	176	38
Black and other races (see text): Full owners	1	4 1	1	10	2	34	4	23	7
Port owners Tenants		2	~	-	2	2 -	2	-	-
Farm Operator Characteristics									
Form operators by age group:	3	,		20		132	49	63	
Under 25 years 25 to 34 years	19	1 13	-	178	-	723	82	83 641	_
35 to 44 years45 to 54 years				304		1 644 2 474	245 531	1 399 1 943	-
55 to 64 years		3 132	324	391	336	2 768 2 787	1 054	1 714	2 7 <del>8</del> 7
65 years and over Average age					72.2	55.0	52.6	47.5	72.3
Farm operators by place of residence: On farm operated		5 107	143	652	203	7 236	1 311	3 843	2 082
On another farm		3 13			7 9	1 582	292	999	
In a rural area not on o farm In a city, town, or urban area			4	112	37	502	292	777	291
Farm operators reporting days of work off form				1 239	327 195	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
None Any	1 43	4 102	47	1 153	132	(NA) 7 463	(NA) 698	(NA) 5 780	(NA) 985
1 to 49 days 50 to 99 days	6	9 20	7	29	39 13		399 299	_	310 147
100 to 149 days 150 to 199 days		0 8	7	30 82	5	- 949	-	810	139
200 days ond over					64	5 359	-	4 970	389
Form operators by principol occupation:		6 272	224			(114)			
Farming Other			324	1 262	336	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)

1974 data apply only to individual or family aperations (sole proprietarships) and partnerships; see text.

	ſ	Specified exclude	d aaricultural o	operations, 1974		Fo	erms with sales ur	nder \$1,000, 196	9
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		d age of operato	r				
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition)		Occupatio		Occupation farm	other than				
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old ond over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Toto	Class 6	Part time	Port retirement
Farm Operator Characteristics <sup>1</sup> Continued									
Form operators by off-farm income:									
Reporting ony Off-farm income equal to or greater than value of form			138	628	171	(NA)		(NA)	(NA)
products sold Off-farm income less than volue of form products sold	72	12	125 13	589 39	163 8	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Not reporting or reporting none	1 112	127	186	634	165	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Farms by Size									
1 to 9 acres 10 to 49 acres	973	110	49 145	182	33 135	450	541	251 1 757	102 789
50 to 69 ocres 70 to 99 acres		/ 31	38 31	141	53 37	1 508		807 946	402 446
100 to 139 ocres 140 to 179 ocres	209	29	28 16	124	28	1 595	i 336	805 525	454 246
180 to 219 acres	48	9	7	22	10	476	i 99	259 148	118
220 to 259 acres	33		3 7	17 20	10 12	260	72	222	58 133
500 acres and over	21	2	-	12	7	114	1 15	60	39
Value of Products Sold									
Market value of all agricultural products sold (see text)\$1,0 Average per formdolla			76 234	244 193	64 191	4 166 396		2 277 394	1 067 383
Farms by value of agricultural products sold: Under \$250	1 493		200	876	236	3 893		2 136	1 068
\$250 to \$499 \$500 to \$999			62 62	182 204	47 53	2 570 4 065		1 431 2 213	701 1 018
Crops and hay soldfar			<b>90</b> 30	284 109	104 32	- 3 94 1 47		2 144 821	1 096 380
Nursery and greenhouse productsfor \$1,0			<b>2</b> 1	63	1				
Forest productsfor \$1.0	ns 3	6 6	7	15	8 2	28		149 25	70 11
Livestock and livestock productsfar	ns 70	5 98	120 43		86 28	- 5 91 2 64	2 1 1 4 4	3 234 1 431	1 541 677
Poultry ond poultry products \$1.	ns 93	3 11	17	50	15				
Production Expenses									
Totol form production expensesfar			309	1 239	326	10 52		5 780	2 787
\$1,6 Farms with expenditures of—			172		171	6 53		3 864	1 514
\$1 to \$499 \$500 to \$999			166 107	621 448	199 95	5 95 2 75		3 043 1 606	1 715 679
\$1,000 to \$1,999	23	7 27	32		28 4			1 131	393
\$2,000 and over									
Livestock and paultry purchasedfar \$1,0	ns 80 00 19		109 20		100 25	1 17	) 204	2 348 733	989 232
Feed for livestock ond poultryfor \$1,0	ns 161	1 191	239 54	949 202	232 45	6 68 1 21		3 774 717	1 677 277
Commercially mixed formula feedsfar	ns118	2 149	173		180 161			(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
\$1,0	ns 126 00 19		32		26	(NA	) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Seeds, bulbs, plonts, ond treesfar	ns 77 00 2		102 3	459	127 4	3 48		1 973 70	892 24
Commercial fertilizerfar	ns 99	в 107	147 7		167	5 98 38	2 1 1 16	3 309 228	1 557
\$1, Other agricultural chemicols (see text)	ns 21	7 26	31	132	28	4 17	2 701	2 423	1 048
\$1,( Gasoline and other petraleum fuel and ail for the farm businessfar \$1,0	00 ns 185	2 225	1 270 29	6 1 081 107	1 276 29	17 9 40 83	7 1716	108 5 308 461	39 2 383 218
Hired form loborfor	ns 16	5 16	19	108	22	3 36	0 526	1 864	970
\$1, Contract laborfar	0031 ns22	7 2			5 2		7 383	264 1 347	146 597
Mochine hire and customworkfor	00 ns19	8 28	30		(Z) 29	24	7 36	144	66
\$1, Other production expensesfor	00 1/ ns 1.52	9 190			2 216 51	6 02 1 89		3 391 1 140	1 612 426
Farm-Related Income and Expenses	DO 37	6 44	51		51	1 69	5 330	1 140	420
Farm-Kelated income and Expenses	ns 20	8 24	27		42			(NA)	(NA)
S1, Customwork and other ogricultural services	00 7: ns 44	5 7	8 10	42 20	17	47	1 102	(NA) 264	(NA) 105
Recreational services	20 2	6 1 1 2	4	16	5 2 2	16		118 18	24 22
S1, Government form programsfor	00 ·	4 (Z)	(Z) 6	2	8	180		3 1005	5 480
\$1,0	10 13	3 2	(Z) 13	8	2 25	27	B <b>48</b>	158 (NA)	73 (NA)
Rent of formland ar from lease or sole of allotmentsfor \$1,(	00 3	1 4	4	j 16	8	(NA	) (NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other form-reloted sourcesfor \$1,0	xu	1 -	2 (Z)	1	-	(NA (NA	) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Expenses for form-reloted income sourcesfor \$1,0	ns6 X02		82	38	13			(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
1.074 data analy ask to individual or family operations (so	•				0			(10.1)	(

1974 dato apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships; see text.

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	ſ		Specified exclude	ed agriculturol	operations, 1974		Farms with soles under \$1,000, 1969			
	┣				d age of operate					
Form or Forms in the data line captions below means agricultural operations qualifying as forms by 1959 definition but excluded 1974 definition (see p. IX, Form Definition)			Occupatio	·····	Occupation form	other than				
		Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Totol	Class 6	Part time	Port retirement
Selected Machinery and Equipment										
Automobiles		1 588	188	207	937	256	6 317 7 674	1 050 1 256	3 785 4 705	1 482
Motartrucks, including pickups		1 786 1 508	205 181	219 213	1 092 890	270 224	6 082 6 704	1 100	3 605 3 974	1 377
Tractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers		1 576 1 488	196 174	217 193	930 891	233 230	6 185	1 055	3 674 4 232	1 456
Wheeltractors, excluding garden tractors and motor tillers		2 389 1 471	281 173	309 193	1 422 880	377 225	7 126 (NA)	(NA)	4 232 (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Crowler tractors		2 349 40	278 3	304 5	1 398	369 8	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Grain and bean combines, self-propelled	number farms number	40 3 3	3 - -	5 1 1	24 - -	8 2 2	(NA) 13 13	(NA) 1 1	(NA) 8 8	4
Cornpickers, corn heads, and picker-shellers	forms number	6 6	1	1	2 2	2	90 92	25 25	57 59	8 8
Corn heads for combines		1	-	-	-	Ĩ	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Other cornpickers and picker-shellers		5	1	1	2	1	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Mower conditioners		44	5	, 7 7	24 25	8	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Pickup bolers		94 94	16 16	14 14	52 52	12	₹ 551 1 568	274 274	1 022 1 038	255 256
Windrowers, pull ond self-propelled		37 37 37	6	9	16 16	6	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Field forage harvesters, shear bar ar flywheel type	forms number	7 7	-	2	3 3	2 2	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Estimated morket value of all machinery and equipment	farms \$1,000	2 027 12 830	234 1 581	276 1 672	1 196 7 597	321 1 980	9 507 22 928	1 736 4 121	5 347 13 783	2 424 5 024
Forms by value of mochinery and equipment: \$1 ta \$999		80	11	12	45	12	2 406	507	1 087	812
\$1,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999		567 1 205	49 149	86 161	339 700	93 195	5 989 913	1 033 148	3 565 580	1 391
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999		158 15	21 4	16 1	104 7	17 3	7 167	40	96	31
\$30,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 and over		2	-	_	1	i	- 32	8	19	5
Livestock and Poultry							-			
Livestock and poultry inventory:										
Cattle and colves	forms number	729 2 806	90 357	108 383	446 1 729	85 337	6 697 54 758	1 239 9 979	3 788 32 342	1 670 12 437
Cows and heifers that had calved		491 1 422	75 210	74 234	287 840	55	4 960 22 148	914 4 169	2 804 13 060	1 242
8eef cows		315	40 135	40 141	203	32	3 609	626 3 268	2 176	807 3 746
Milk cows		240 425	40	44	130 215	26 42	2 218	475	1 130	613 1 173
Hogs and pigs		135	22	28	73	12	1 543	359	840	344
Litters of pigs farrowed between December 1 of preceding	number	297	43	53	173	28	5 601	1 308	3 258	1 035
yeor and November 30	number	25 66	3 12	8 16	11 35	3 3	354 758	92 194	185 425	77 139
Sheep ond lambs		182 2 728	16 216	41 690	113 1 684	12 138	1 502 33 366	332 7 222	745 16 869	425 9 275
Horses and ponies	number	377 1 001	49 121	33 76	262 728	33 76	3 043 6 981	553 1 269	1 841 4 446	649 1 266
Chickens 3 months ald or older		358 7662	45 1 034	62 1536	196 3 937	55 1 155	2 903	636	1 393	874
Hens and pullets of laying age		332	1 034 41 892	1 536 60 1 350	179	52	78 232	16 873 606	37 494 1 264	23 865 820
Broilers and other meat-type chickens		6 744 26 208	1	1 350 6 40	3 413 15	1 089	69 710 27	15 614	32 400 17	21 696
Other livestock and poultry	number farms	208 152	6 19	40	139 88	23 26	511 926	48 191	429 489	34 246
Livestock ond poultry sold: Cattle ond colves	forms	341	54	53	187	47	4 660	869	2 617	1 174
Hogs and pigs	number	1 014	160 10	150	547 32	157	17 458 456	3 432 105	9 765 222	4 261 129
Feeder pigs sold	number	469 14	85 2	115	243 5	26 1	4 298 184	969 42	2 412 97	917 45
Sheep and lombs	number	218 174	66 20	105 43	44 101	3	2 513	507 293	1 487 683	45 519 404
Horses and ponies	number	2 677 51	274 6	703 5	1 574 35	126 5	23 487 132	5 022 26	11 698	6 767 25
Chickens 3 months old or older	number	99 31	15	13 5	60 15	1ĭ 5	224 118	35 26	147 60	42 32
Hens and pullets of laying age	number	3 323 29	259 6	104 5	2 822 13	138	6 720 103	2 067 2 1	2 983	1 670
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	number	3 251	218 2	104 3	2 791	138	5 965 3	2 036	50 2 261	32 1 668
Other livestock and paultry	number	69 37	15	26 7	28 20	- 6	24 (NA)	20 (NA)	-	2
Crops Harvested		5,	-	,	20	o	(AA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Field corn for all purposes	forms	120	15	17	71	17	1 401	295	<b>7</b> 5 -	
For grain or seed	ocres	181 114 170	21 13 19	22 17 22	109 67 100	17 29 17 29	4 476 1 340 4 069	285 845 278 765	754 2 426 710 2 173	362 1 205 352
Cut for silage, green chop, or dry fodder, or hogged	bushels	9 072	1 104	1 012	5 831	1 125	190 998	765 37 517	2 173 102 133	1 131 51 348
or grazed	forms acres	6 11	2 2	-	4 9	-	95 407	13 80	59 253	23
			_			-			233	74

· [		Specified exclude	d ogricultural d	operations, 1974	<u></u>	Farn	ns with sales un	der \$1,000, 196	9
Ferm or Ferms in the data line captions below means agricultural		By	occupation on	d age of operato	or				
operations qualifying as farms by 1959 definition but excluded by 1974 definition (see p. IX, Farm Deflattice)		Occupatio	n farming	Occupation farm					
	Total	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Less than 65 years old	65 years old and over	Total	Class 6	Part time	Port retirement
Crops Harvested – Continued									
Sorghums for all purposes, except sirupforms	3	1	-	1	1	68	19	29	20
ocres For grain or seedfarms	12	3	-	4	5	428	101	219	108
ocres	-	_	-	-	-	2	-	26	-
bushels	-	-	_		-	1 18		18	_
Cut for siloge, green chop, dry forage or hay, or hagged									
or grazedfarmsacres	3 12	1	-		1 5	66 422	19 101	27 213	20 108
Wheat for grainfarms	9					151	26	73	52
ocres	34	-	4	5 25	_	577	101	270	206
bushels	958	) _	210	748	_	16 067	2 373	7 608	6 086
Other small grains for grainfarms	16	3	4	9	-	291	61	165	65
Courtes	41	4	11	26	-	1 140	222	683	235
Soybeans for beansfarmsocres	35	}	l l	~	!	24	-	14	10 24
bushels	112	13	3 75	1 -	1 24	74	-	50 1 094	550
Hay and grass silage, excluding sorghum hay	750			1					
(see text)farms acres	759 3 965	79 427	115 565	427	138 793	6 300 75 923	1 099 13 432	3 517 42 981	1 684 19 510
tons	4 995	549	783	2 765	898	81 147	13 432	47 283	20 535
Cottonforms			/00	2 /05		(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
acres	-	-	-	_	-	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
bales			-	-	-	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Peonuts for nutsfarms	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
acres pounds	-		-	-	-	-	_	_	_
• • • •	-	_	_	-	· -	-	_	_	_
Tobaccofarms	116	12	16	68	20	1 289	301	687	301
acres	39	4	5	24		606	150	313	144
pounds Irish potatoesfarms	63 188 130	6 494	8 854	35 929	11 911	999 298	233 087 461	528 801 1 131	237 410 630
acres	35	20	27 8	61	22 5	2 222	169	464	267
hundredweight	2 951	391	687	1 372	501		(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Sweetpototoesforms	8	-	3	5	-		• • •	•	
acres	1		(Z)	1	-	!			
bushels Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale	53	- 7	21	32	-		114	0.00	100
vegerables, sweet corn, or melons for salefarefarefare	51 21	2	8 3	26 12	10 5	497 266	116 60	258 152	123 54
Berries for soleforms	17	1 1	4	! "	ĩ	195	46	114	35
acres	4	(z)	i	3	(Z)	96	16	62	17
Lond in orchordsfarms	47	4	n	26	6	665	98	365	202
acres All other cropsfarms	24 12	2	6	13	3	1 024 (NA)	168	584	272 (NA)
All other cropstarmstarmstarmstarms	12		2 (Z)	2	-	(NA) 615	(NA) 114	(NA) 352	(NA) 149
Greenhouse products under glass or other protectionfarms	5		1	4	-	20	2	14	4
squore feet	1 824		360	1 464	-	5 314	2	4 912	400
		i		1			-	· · · -	

# **APPENDIX C. Report Forms**

FORM 74-A1 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.—SESA BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

# 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and . . . KEEP THEM HANDY.

IT'S EASIER THAN IT LOOKS to fill out this report. Many items can be answered by marking a "Yes" or "No" box. There are whole sections which may not apply to your operation – for these, just mark the NO box and go to the next section as instructed.

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help. A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

Incuse Phanetto

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

O.M.B. No. 41-S74065; Approval Expires December 31, 1975

NOTICE --- Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL, it may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also pro-vides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO



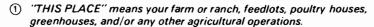
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

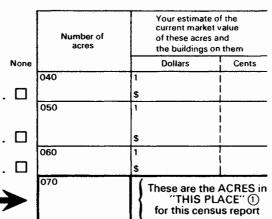
Section 1 > Did you receive mo	ore tha <u>n</u> one report forn	ר?	<u> </u>		1		r	<u> </u>		
YES — See separate Instructions NO — Go to Section 2		Enter extra file number(s) here						-		<del></del>
Section 2 FARMING, RANCI	HING, OR OTHER AG	RICULTURAL	ACTIVI	TIE	SIN	19	74		<b>.</b>	
							YES		NO	
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise, p	produce, or sell ANY amount	of any of the items	listed be	low?		• • •	1	2	2	
<ul> <li>Crops</li> <li>Hay, pasture, sod</li> <li>Vegetables, melons, mushrooms</li> <li>Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cattle (including feedlo</li> <li>Hogs, sheep, goats, horses</li> <li>Poultry, eggs</li> <li>Dairy products</li> <li>Forest products on fam.</li> </ul>	nu • Fis • Fu in	<ul> <li>Greenhouse and nursery products</li> <li>Fish in captivity</li> <li>Fur-bearing animals in captivity</li> <li>Other animal specialties</li> </ul>							
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise o contractors such as feed companies	r produce any agricultural pros, processors, or packers?	oducts for					YES		NO 2 🔲	
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, o							י 🗆	. :	2 🗖	
4. Did you own any land that was used by someone else for agricultural purposes in 1974? 1							2 🗖			
5. Did you own any livestock or poultr under a share agreement or custom			• • • • •		• • •	• • •	1 🗆	:	2 🗌	
If you answered YES to ANY o	f these questions, go to Se	ction 3.								

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

Section 3 ACREAGE in 1974 and LAND VALUE
Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, wasteland, idle land, house lots, etc.
1. ALL land owned
<ol> <li>ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).</li> </ol>

- 4. TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" () (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)





## 5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

Name	Address	Numberof	Rental arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply					
Name	(No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements		
		081	<sup>1</sup> ' 🗆	2	3	4 🗆		
		082	1	2	3	4 □		
		083	1 1 🗆	2	3 🗌	4		

List additional landlords on back cover.

### 6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter.

	Name	Address (No	and street, city, State	e, ZIP code)	No. of acres	
					085	
		<u> </u>			086	
					087	
	List additional renters on back cover.					
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (it			Number of acres	Current market value	
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? ( <i>I</i> leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	1 \$	
	<b>RFAD</b> c. The land you operated p	prior to 1974 ha	4 on the acres in as been sold to sor	neone else.		
Se		prior to 1974 ha eration, please	as been sold to sor • <b>read the Instruc</b>	neone else.		_
_	READ       c. The land you operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         It a, b, or c apply to your operated	orior to 1974 ha eration, please URALACTI Principal	as been sold to sor • <b>read the Instruc</b>	neone else.	ntinuing with	
	READ       c. The land you operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?         (Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	orior to 1974 ha eration, please URAL ACTI	as been sold to sor read the Instruc VITY	neone else. tions before col	te No. of acres	
	<b>READ</b> C. The land you operated p If a, b, or c apply to your operated p If a, b, or c apply to your operated p this report. <b>In what county was the largest value of your</b> agricultural products raised or produced? (Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line. If you have agricultural operations in	orior to 1974 ha eration, please URALACTI Principal county Other	as been sold to sor read the Instruc VITY	neone else. tions before col	te No. of acres	
	READ       c. The land you operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         If a, b, or c apply to your operated p         In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?         (Enter county name, State, and number of acres on the "Principal county" line.	orior to 1974 ha eration, please URALACTI Principal county Other	as been sold to sor read the Instruc VITY	neone else. tions before col	te No. of acres 091 092	

Page 1

READ AND ANSWER THIS QUESTION THEN FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS	any hay product	1974 did you y: have any nu ts or specialty ards, groves,	ursery o crops	or greenhou	ise		— Skip	to Section 5 to page 8 MPLETE Se	and
Section 5 Was any FIE	LD CORN H	narvested fo	or any	purpose	from this p	blace in 1	974?		
YES — Complete this section	חח ו	<ul> <li>Report swee when you rea</li> </ul>			2 and popcori	n in Sectior	n 16		
NO — Go to Section 6			Acres	s harvested	Quant	tity harvested		Acres irri	gated
1. Field corn for grain or seed a of shelled corn harvested in hundredweight. 70 lbs.	either bushel	ls or	101	Į	1 OR	Bushe shelle		2	
shelled corn = 1 bushel she					6	Hundr shelle	edweight d		
2. Field corn for silage or gree	n chon		102	<b>`</b>	1	Tons, green	weight	2	
<ol> <li>Field corn of single of great</li> <li>Field corn cut for dry fodder include acres already report</li> </ol>	, hogged or gr	azed (Do not	103			<u> </u>		2	
				Acres	Dry fer	tilizer	Lic	quid or gas fer	tilizer
				rtilized	Whole ton		+	hole tons	Tenths
4. Commercial fertilizer used o	on field corn		109		1	/10	2		/10
<ul> <li>(Include both grading of the section of th</li></ul>	r seed ( <i>Report</i> <b>or pounds.</b> ) . en chop e or hay d ( <i>Do not inclu</i>	• Report sorgh sirup in Secti quantity	Jum-succonflor           fon 16 v           Acres           111           112           113           114	an crosses	for hay in Sec ach those sec	tion 10 an tions. ity harvested Bus Pou Tor gre Tor dry	d sorghi inds is, en weight is, weight	Acres irri	
				rtilized	Whole tons	Tenths		ole tons	Tenths
5. Commercial fertilizer used of	on sorghums .		119		1	/10	2		/10
Section 7 Were any SO from this place YES — Complete this section NO — Go to Section 8	ce in 1974?	Quantit harveste	γ	Acres	Acres fertilized	Commerci Dr Whole tons	al fertilize Y	r used Liquid or Whole tons	
1. Soybeans for beans	121	1	Bushels	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Peanuts for nuts <sup>3</sup>	122	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Dry field and seed beans	123	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Dry lima beans	124	1	100-lb. bags	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. Dry field and seed peas $\overset{(4)}{\cdot}$ .	125	1	Pounds	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
<b>6</b> . Cowpeas for dry peas $\overset{(5)}{\cdot}$ .	126	1	Busheis	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
② Soybean hay is to be re ③ Peanut hay is to be reported.			beans h	nogged or g	razed, cut for	silage. or p			

③ Peanut hay is to be reported in Section 10.
 ④ Austrian winter peas are to be reported in Section 11.

(5) Cowpea hay is to be reported in Section 10, green cowpeas in Section 12, cowpeas hogged or grazed or cut for silage in Section 16.

# Section 8 SMALL GRAINS (including RICE) harvested from this place in 1974

 
 COMPLETE
 Please supply all requested information or mark "None" for each crop listed. For each crop harvested THIS

 SECTION
 Please fertilized, and amount of fertilizer used. If your small grain crop is not listed here, see Section 16 when you reach that section.

• Report small grain hay in Section 10 when you reach that section.

						Commercia	al fertilize	r used	
		Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated	Acres	Dry		Liquid or	gas
1	None				fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
1. Hard red winter wheat		131	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
2. Soft red winter wheat		132	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
3. Hard red spring wheat		133	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
4. Durum wheat		134	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
5. White wheat		135	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
6. Oats for grain		137	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
7. Barley for grain		138	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
8. Rye for grain		139	1 Bu.	2	3.	4	/10	5	/10
9. Mixed grains	_	140	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
10. Flaxseed		141	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
11. Buckwheat		142	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
<b>12</b> . Proso millet		143	1 Bu.	2	3	4	/10	5	/10
13. Rice (Report quantity harvested in either 100-Ib. bags, bushels,		144 {	1 100-lb. 	2	3	4	,	5	,
or barrels)		l	7 Barrels				/10		/10

# Section 9 Were any COTTON, TOBACCO, IRISH POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, OR SUGAR CROPS harvested from this place in 1974?

YES — Complete this section

NO - Go to Section 10 on next page

Report tenths of		Acres				Commercial fertilizer used							
acres where		Acres harvested		Quantity harvested		Acres irrigated		Acres	Dŋ	1	Liquid or gas		
indicated.		noivesteu		indivested		90.00		fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
1. Cotton	151			1 Bales	2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
	152	i	1	1	2	1/	3	1	4	1 / 1	5	1.0	
<ol><li>Tobacco — all types</li></ol>	L	1	/10	Pounds		/10		/10		1 /10		/10	
3. Irish potatoes	153		,	1 Hundred-	2	1,	3		4		5		
(excluding home use)		1	/10	weight		1 /10	Į.	/10		/10		/10	
4. Sweetpotatoes	154			1	2	1	3		4		5		
(excluding home use)		i	/10	Bushels		i /10		1/10		10		/10	
•	155			1	2		3		4	Γ,	5	,	
5. Sugar beets for sugar				Tons						1 /10		/10	
-	156			1	2		3		4		5		
<ol><li>Sugar beets for seed</li></ol>				Pounds						1 / 10		/10	
6	157			1	2		3		4		5	/	
<b>7</b> . Sugarcane for sugar $^{\textcircled{6}}$				Tons			L			/10		/10	
	158				2		3		4		5	1.	
8. Sugarcane for sirup					-		-			/10	-	/10	
	159				2		3		4	/10	5	/10	
9. Sugarcane for seed										/10			

6 In Florida and Texas, report cuttings from November 1973 through April 1974. Other States, report 1974 crop year.



Was any DRY HAY, GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, or GREEN CHOP cut or harvested from this place in 1974? (Include hay cut from pastures.)

Section YES — Complete this section

NO - Go to Section 11

If cuttings were made for both dry hay and grass silage, "haylage," or "green chop" from the same fields, report the acreage in the appropriate items under **Part A — Hay** and **Part B — Grass Silage** below.

		·	······			
Part A DRY HAY (If two or more cuttings of dry hay were made the same acres, report acres only once, but re		Acres harvested	(Repo dry or gr	r harveste irt either een weigh dicated)	Ad	cres jated
total tons from all cuttings.)		172	1	т	ons, 2	
1. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for hay or dehydra	ating			d		
2. Clover, timothy, and mixtures of clover and gi	rasses for hay .		1	di	ons. 2 'Y	
<b>3.</b> Small grain hay		174	1	Ti di	ons, 2	
	•••••••	175	1		ons, 2	
4. Lespedeza for hay	• • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		di T	ns. 2	
5. Coastal Bermuda grass for hay			1	dr		
6. Wild hay		177	1	To dr	ons. 2	
<ol> <li>Other hay — Sudan grass, sorghum-sudan cr soybean, cowpea, peanut, etc.</li> </ol>		178	1		ons, 2	
■Part B GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE, AN					<u>'</u>	
(If two or more cuttings of grass silage, "hayla		5r				
"green chop" were made from the same acres only once, but report total tons from all cutting	, report acres	181	1	та	ons. 2	
8. Grass silage and haylage	••••			gr	een	
9. Hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)		182	1		een 2	
		Acres	Dry fertiliz		Liquid or gas	· · · · · ·
	10	fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
10. Commercial fertilizer used on crops listed abo	ve  '`	55		/ /10	2	1/10
Section 11 Were any FIELD SEEDS (	grass, legum	e, clover, etc.)	harvested f	rom th	nis place ir	1974?
YES — Complete this section		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- <b>y</b>			
NO — Go to Section 12		Acres harvèsted	Quantity h (Report_in clean s	pounds,		res ated
1. Red clover seed		, 191	1	Pou	2 Inds	
<b>2</b> . Alfalfa seed		102	1	100	2	
3. Other field seed (Enter crop name and No. fro		•		Pou	inds	
• Other held seed (Enter crop hame and No. no	in inst below.y		1		2	
Crop name	No		ļ'	Ροι	inds	
Crop name	No			Pou	2 Inds	
List additional field seed crops harvested on l						
Austrian winter peas. 193RyBirdsfoot trefoil seed. 194Fescue seed: Alta. 195SuChewings196TiiKY 31197WRed198KeOther199MBahia grass seed 201FBentgrass seed 202CBromegrass seed 203Le	rop name regrass seed: Ann Pere udan grass seed mothy heatgrass seed entucky Bluegrass s Merion Proprietary spedeza pipne seed	ennial. 206 207 208 209 eed: 211 212 213 214	Crimson clove Ladino clover Sweetclover White clover Red top seed Hairy vetch s Vetch seed, c All other seet bluestem, cal	er seed seed seed eed ther than ds — mille narygrass.	hairy	217 218 219 221 222 223 224
4. Commercial fertilizer used on field seeds		Acres	Dry fertili		Liquid or gas	
(Do not report fertilizer here if the same	L.	fertilized	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	I Tenths
acreage was reported in Section 10.)	1.	35	1		2	

# Section 12 Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, OR MELONS harvested for sale from this place in 1974?

	YES	Complete	this	section
--	-----	----------	------	---------

NO - Go to Section 13 on next page

For Florida, report for the September 1, 1973 thro	uch l	Acres ha		Acres		
August 31, 1974 harvest season; for all other Stat		market	For proces	sing (8)	irrigated	t
report for calendar year 1974. (See separate Instru		Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths
for additional guidelines on filling this section.)	241	1 ,	1		2	1
1. Sweet corn		l ho		ho		10
	242	į ,	1	· ,	2	! /
2. Tomatoes		/10		/10		1/10
	243		1		2	
3. Cucumbers and pickles		/10		/10		/10
	244		1		2	1 /10
4. Watermelons	245	/10	1	/10	2	/10
5. Green peas, including English, excluding green cov		ho		ho	-	/10
e. Green peas, melading English, excluding green cor	246		1		2	+
6. Snap beans, bush and pole		10		10		10
7. Other vegetable crops (Enter vegetable name and		1		1		1
from list below.)		1 ,	1		2	
Vegetable name No No		/10		/10		/10
		1	1		2	
Vegetable name No.		/10	L	/10		1/10
			1		2	
Vegetable name No.		/10	1	/10	2	/10
		10	•	/10	Z	/10
Vegetable name No.			1	/10	2	+
Marana Mar		10		1/10		1 /10
Vegetable name No.			1		2	1
Vegetable name No.		/10		/10		1 /10
		1,	1	1	2	1
Vegetable name No.		/10		10		/10
			1		2	
Vegetable name No.		/10		/10		1/10

List additional vegetables harvested for sale on back cover.

Vegetable name No.	Vegetable name
Artichokes	Chicory
Asparagus	Collards
Beets	Cowpeas (blackeye and
Broccoli	other green cowpeas).
Brussels sprouts	Eggplant
Cabbage	Endive • • • • • • • • •
Cantaloups and	Escarole
Persian melons	Garlic
Carrots	Honeydew melons
Cauliflower	Kale
Celery	Lettuce, head · · · · ·

Vegetable name					N
Lettuce, romaine.	•	•	•	•	. 2
Lettuce, other				•	. 2
Lima beans					. 2
Muskmelons	•				. 2
Mustard greens .					. 2
Onions, dry					
Onions, green					. 2
Okra					
Peppers, sweet .					.2
Peppers, hot					
Pimientos					

Vegetable	ÐI	าย	m	Ð						N
Pumpkins	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	28
Radishes						•			•	21
Rhubarb					•					28
Shallots .					•		•			28
Spinach.									•	28
Squash .										28
Turnips .										
Turnip gre										
Other veg										
(Write veg line in iten							0	n		

	Acre	s	Acre	s	Acre	s	Commercial fertilizer used			
8. Land used for vegetable crops (Report acres only once even	harvested		irrigated		fertilized		Dry		Liquid or gas	
though two or more crops were harvested from the same acres	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
or the same acres were irrigated or fertilized twice. Report all fertilizer used.)	299	10	1	/10	2	/10	3	/10	4	/10

O When more than one vegetable crop is harvested from the same acres, report the acres for each crop.

No. • 260 • 262

. 263 . 265 . 266 . 267 . 268 . 269 . 270 . 271

(8) Processing includes canning, freezing, pickling, etc.

## Section 13 Was there a COMBINED TOTAL of 20 or more fruit trees, including citrus, grapevines, and nut trees on this place in 1974? (Do NOT include abandoned trees or plantings.)

YES --- Complete this section

NO - Go to Section 14

Report the total acres, acres irrigated, acres fertilized, and the amount of fertilizer used for all fruit trees, grapevines, and nut trees on this place. Acreage in abandoned trees should not be reported in this section but should be reported in Section 18, item 2f, Cropland idle.

	Acres in tree	Acres		Commercial fertilizer used							
	vines of all	vines of all ages		irrigated		Acres fertilized		Dry		gas	
1 Land in bearing and perbaaring	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	
<ol> <li>Land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other</li> </ol>	301		1		2	,	3		4	,	
groves, vineyards, and nut trees		/10		/10		/10		/10		/10	

For each item, report the acres and number of trees or vines not yet of bearing age, acres and trees or vines of bearing age and quantity harvested. Trees or vines of bearing age that were not harvested because of low price or damage from hail, frost, etc., should be reported in acres in trees of bearing age. For interplanting or mixed varieties of trees, see separate Instructions. (Also see Instructions for conversion tables, if necessary.)

	Not	of bearin	ig age	8	earing a	ige		
	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees (or vines)	Quantity harvested ( <i>Report tenths</i> where specified)	
	302	1	1	2	Ι.	3	4	
2. Apples, dwarf and semi-dwarf		i /10			1/10		Pound	
	303		1 –	2	Ι,	3	4	
3. Apples, standard		i /10			1/10		Pound	
	304		1	2	Ι,	3	4	
4. Peaches, clingstone		i /10			! /10		Pound	
	305		1	2		3	4	
5. Peaches, freestone		1/10			1/10		Pound	
	306		1	2		3	4	
6. Pears, Bartlett		1 /10			1/10		Pound	
	307		1	2	i ,	3	4	
7. Pears, other than Bartlett		i /10			1/10		Pound	
	308		1	2		3	4	
8. Cherries, tart		i /10			i /10		Pound	
	309		1	2		3	4	
9. Cherries, sweet		1/10			i /10		Pound	
	310		1	2		3	4 /10 free	
<b>10</b> . Grapes <b>.</b>	510	10	•	1	1/10	ľ {	5 / To	
	1						/10 dry	
	314	! ,	1	2	1	3	4 / Tor	
11. Plums		/10			/10		/10 fres	
	315	i	1	2	Ì	3	4 To	
9. Prunes	-	/10			1/10	{	5 / 10 fre	
		i /10			1		/10 dry	
For citrus, report quantity harvested in 1973-74 from bloom of 1973.	320		1	2		3	4	
13. Valencia oranges		1/10			i /10		Bo	
	321		1	2	1	3	4	
14. Navel oranges		i /10			1/10		Box	
-	322		1	2		3	4	
15. Temple oranges		i /10			1/10		Box	
16. Other oranges Hamlin,	323		1	2	1	3	4	
Pineapple, Parson Brown, etc.		1 /10			i /10		Box	
	324		1	2	1	3	4	
17. Grapefruit		1/10			1/10		Bo	
Report quantity harvested in ait						· · · · ·		

③ Report quantity harvested in either or both units, depending on the way the fruit was sold.

If you have fruit trees not listed above or nut trees, continue with item 18 at the top of the next page.

#### Section 13 Continued

18. If you have any fruit trees which were not listed in items 2 through 17, or nut trees, enter crop name and No. in cols. (a) and (b) from the lists below and give the requested information for each item you list. Report quantity harvested in col. (e). In col. (f)indicate the unit in which you measure the crop. If you mark"Boxes,"enter the average capacity, in pounds, of the box.

Enter from list b	elow	Not	of bearin (c)	g age	Bearing age (d)		age	Quantity harvested	Unit of measure Mark (X) one			Average capacity of boxes
Name (a)	No.   (b)	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	Whole acres	Tenths	Number of trees	(e)	Lbs.	(f) Tons	Boxes (g)	
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	51	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	<sup>5</sup> 1	2	3	6
			1/10	1	2	/10	3	4	510	2	3	6
	1		/10	1	2	/10	3	4	51	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	<sup>5</sup> 1	2	3	6
			/10	1	2	/10	3	4	51□	2	3 🗌	6
• CITRU	S CROPS		No.	• NO	NCITRUS	CROPS	No	• NUT CRO	PS		N	lo.

(Report quantity harvested in 1973—74 from bloom of 1973.) 325 Limes (1 bushel = 50 lbs.) . . . 327 Tangerines and mandarins . . . . 329

Apricots . . . . . . . . 331 332 Avocados (See Instructions) . . . 333 Figs (See Instructions) . . . . . 334 335 Nectarines. . . . . . . . . . . . . 336 Pomegranates . . . . . . . . . 337 Olives . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 338 Other noncitrus fruit trees . . . . 339

NUT CROPS			No.
Almonds			340
Filberts and hazelnuts			341
Pecans, improved			342
Pecans, wild and seeding	•	•	343
Pistachio	•	•	344
Tung nuts (in husk)	•		346
Walnuts (English or Persian) .			346
Walnuts, planted black	•	•	347
Other nut trees	•		351

#### Were any NURSERY and GREENHOUSE PRODUCTS, SOD, BULBS, FLOWERS, Section 14 FLOWER SEEDS, VEGETABLE SEEDS and PLANTS, VEGETABLES under glass or other protection, or MUSHROOMS grown for sale on this place in 1974?

YES Complete this section	Area used	l in 1974		Value of		
		Square feet under glass	Acres in the	open :	sales during	1974 U
NO — Go to Section 15 on next	t page	or other protection 10	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents
1. Nursery products trees, shr	ubs, vines, etc	371	1	/10	2 \$	
<b>2</b> . Sod harvested	الماليا الماليا المالية المتحالية المتحادث فيتحدث فالمتحد والمراجع	1	/10	2 \$		
3. Bulbs		373	1	/10	2 \$	
4. Cut flowers, florist greens; and other florist plants	potted, bedding, or	374	1	/10	2 \$	
5. Flower seeds, vegetable seeds, and vegetable plants (Report sweet corn for seed in Section 16.)		384	1	/10	2 \$	
6. Vegetables, including	a. Tomatoes	385		l	2 \$	
mushrooms, grown under glass or other protection	b. Cucumbers	386		<b>j</b>	2 \$	T
glass of other protection	<b>c</b> . Lettuce	387			2 \$	
	d. Mushrooms	388		j	2 \$	
	e. Other vegetables .	389			2 \$	
7. Area irrigated (Include items 1	-	391	1	/10		i.

	Area fertilized			Dry fertiliz	er	Liquid or gas fertilizer	
	Square feet	Acres	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths	Whole tons	Tenths
8. Commercial fertilizer used on the crops listed above	399	1	/10	2	/10	3	/10

🔞 Report the greenhouse area only once, even though more than one crop was grown on it, except where flowers and other crops were grown on the same benches or beds. In this case, report the area once for each category. For mushrooms, report caves and other types of growing areas.

(1) Estimates are acceptable. Do not include value of products bought for resale without additional growing.

Section 15 Vere any BER	RIES harv	ested fo	or sa	le fro	m this	s pl	ace in 1	974?				
YES — Complete this section				Acres ha	rvested		 0	Quantity harvested			Acres irr	igated
NO — Go to Section 16				ole acres		he		$t = 1 \frac{1}{2} p$		s)	Whole acres	
			402			<del>,</del> †	1				2	1 /
1. Strawberries					- /	10			P	ounds		1 /10
<b>2</b> . Cranberries			403		i .	,	1			00-lb.	2	
3. Other berries (Enter crop name						10			t	barrels		1/10
list below.)												į
							1				2	l ,
Crop name	No	<b>)</b> .			1 /	10	_		P	ounds		/10
						1	1			ounds	2	/10
Crop name List additional berry crops ha				<u></u>		10				ounds		/ //0
Crop name No	_		e1.	No.	Crop	nan	ne	No.		Сгор па	ame	No.
Blackberries and		berries · ·			Loga	nber	ries	. 411			erries	
dewberries 40 Blueberries, tame 40		berries					es, red 🔹 🔹 es, black 😱 🕯				r berries • • rop name on i	
Blueberries, wild 40	6									in item :	3 above.)	
					cres fertili	ized		Dry fertil			iquid or gas fe	
					e acres	Te	nths Who	le tons	Ten	ths V	Whole tons	Tenths
<ol><li>Commercial fertilizer used on be</li></ol>	erries			429		į	/10		i	/10		/10
Section 16 > Were any OTH	ER CROP	S harve	sted	from	this p	olac	ce in 197	4?				
☐ YES — Complete this section	·	T					T			I fertilize		<u> </u>
$\square$ NO — Go to Section 17	Acres	0	luantity		Acre	\$		T	Dry	Tiertaize	Liquid o	
	harvested har		rvested		irrigat	ed	Acres fertilized	Whole	<u> </u>	Tenths	Whole tons	
_	431	1		Pounds,	2		3	4			5	, ,
1. Popcorn				shelled	1		L			/10		/10
<b>2</b> . Safflower	432	1		Pounds	2		3	4		/10	5	/10
3. Sunflower seed	433	1			2		3	4	- 1		5	
	434	1		Pounds	2		3	4		/10	5	/10
4. Emmer and spelt				Bushels						/10		/10
<b>5</b> . Mint for oil	435	1		Pounds of oil	2		3	4	1	/10	5	/10
6. Broomcorn	436	1		Tons of	2		3	4	+		5	
				brush			<u> </u>			/10		/10
7. Other crops (Enter crop												
name and No. from list below.) Crop					2		3	4		1	5	/
nameNo	·			•••••	2		3	4		/10	5	/10
Crop nameNo	{				2			-		/10		/10
List additional crops harvested on	back cover.											
Crop name No. Castor beans 437	Crop name		No.		гор пат		<b>I</b>	No.		op name		No.
Chufas for nuts	Guar Hops						feed ed				for seed	
Cowpeas hogged or	Lentils						irup	451	Ve	lvetbean	is for beans .	456
grazed or cut for silage 439 Crambe 441	Mungbeans for Mustard seed.				ioybeans grazed o		geolor for silage	452			oil	
Dill for oil 442	Rapeseed						ved under		All	l other cr	ops	459
										item 7 al	name on line bove.)	\$
Section 17 > Were any FOR	EST PRO	DUCTS	sold	from	this p	lac	e in 197	4?				
YES — Complete this section								Γ		Vali	ue of sales	
□ NO — Go to and COMPLETE Set	ction 18							Γ		Dolla	rs	Cents
1. Standing timber or trees								4	191			
-									6 492			
2. Firewood and fuelwood									5 493			
3. Sawlogs and veneer logs	• • • • • • •		•••	• • • •		• •		· · · [	5			

 4. Pulpwood
 494

 5. Other forest products (bark, bolts, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, fence posts, maple products, etc.)
 495

1

1

501		
1. Copy acres in "This Place" from Section 3, item 4, page 1	Acres	
► NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT LAND ONLY ONCE — in the first use listed below that applies. For example, cropland that was harvested and pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."	Number of acres	Acres irrigated
a. Cropland harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products.	502	1
<ul> <li>b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing (Include rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.)</li> </ul>	503	1
<ul> <li>c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-improvement grasses, but not harvested and not pastured</li> </ul>	505	1
<ul> <li>d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 2a.)</li> </ul>	506	1
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	507	1
f. Cropland idle	509	1
3. Woodland (Include all woodlots and timber tracts and cutover and deforested land with	511	
young timber growth.)	512	
<ol> <li>Other pastureland and rangeland (Include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.)</li> </ol>		1
a. Pastureland and rangeland on which you applied lime, fertilizer, seed,	514	1
improved by irrigation, drainage, or control of weeds and brush	515	
<ul> <li>5. All other land — Land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. (Include any land not reported above.)</li> </ul>	516	
6. TOTAL ACRES (Please add the acres reported in items 2a through 5 and enter the total in this space. Should be the same as item 1 above.)	IN''THIS PLACE' 517	IRRIGATED
YES — Mark (X) all boxes which apply       2 [] Taylor Grazing (BLM)         NO Go to Section 19       3 [] Indian Land	5 🗌 Other Sp	
Section 19 Was any of the LAND in this place IRRIGATED in 1974? $\Box$ YES		
	- Answer item 3	
<ol> <li>How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods?</li> </ol>	None	
<ol> <li>How many acres were irrigated in 1974 by each of these methods?</li> <li>a. Furrows or ditches</li> </ol>	[] 523	3 below
	None 523	3 below
a. Furrows or ditches	None         523           524         524           525         525	3 below
a. Furrows or ditches	None         523           524         524           525         525            526	3 below
a. Furrows or ditches	None         523            524            525            526            526            527	3 below
<ul> <li>a. Furrows or ditches</li> <li>b. Flooding</li> <li>c. Subirrigation</li> <li>d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for</li> </ul>	None         523            524            525            526            526            527	3 below irrigated in 1974
<ul> <li>a. Furrows or ditches</li> <li>b. Flooding</li> <li>c. Subirrigation</li> <li>d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.)</li> </ul>	None     523        524       525     525        526        527       Water used in	3 below irrigated in 1974 n 1974 enths
<ul> <li>a. Furrows or ditches</li> <li>b. Flooding</li> <li>c. Subirrigation</li> <li>d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.)</li> <li>2. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (See separate foot covers one acre, one foot deep).</li> <li>b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60</li> </ul>	None     523       ••••     524       ••••     525       ••••     526       ••••     526       ••••     527       ••••     527       Water used in     Te	3 below irrigated in 1974 in 1974 enths /10
<ul> <li>a. Furrows or ditches</li> <li>b. Flooding</li> <li>c. Subirrigation</li> <li>d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>f. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>f. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.)</li> <li>f. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (See separate for the unit or units of measure most covers one acre, one foot deep).</li> <li>f. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60 minutes X hours operated in season).</li> <li>f. If acre-feet or gallons cannot be estimated in a or</li> </ul>	None     523       524     524       525     526       526     527       Water used in     527       Water used in     Te	3 below irrigated in 1974 n 1974 enths
<ul> <li>a. Furrows or ditches</li> <li>b. Flooding</li> <li>c. Subirrigation</li> <li>d. Self-propelled sprinkler system (center pivot, traveling guns, traveling booms, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>e. All other sprinkler systems (solid set, move pipe, wheel lines, tow lines, etc.)</li> <li>Estimated quantity of water used in 1974 (See separate Instructions for additional information on estimating quantity of water used.)</li> <li>2. Please estimate the quantity of water used for irrigation in 1974 (See separate Instructions for acce, one foot deep).</li> <li>b. Gallons (Pumping capacity per minute X 60 minutes X hours operated in season).</li> <li>c. If acce-feet or gallons capnot be estimated in a or</li> </ul>	None     523        524       525     526        526        526        527        527           Water used in     1       Acre-feet     1        1	3 below Irrigated in 1974 Irrigated in 1974 In 1974 Enths 10 Gallons Total

.

ection 20 Was any land o	n this place ARTIFI	CIALLI DAA	INED	
YES – Complete this section				
NO Go to Section 21				Acres artificia drained
<ol> <li>How many acres in this place were underground tile drains, grading for</li> </ol>	r drainage, dikes, or pur	nping to control w	<i>S,</i>	541
Exclude drainage solely for the rem 2. How many acres were artificially d	Ū.		1 19747	542
	MERCIAL FERTILIZ			
was any COMM on this place in		cen applied to	PASIONELAND	
YES Complete this section				
] NO – Continue with NOTE below		Acres	Dry fertilizer Whole tons Tenths	Liquid or gas fertilize Whole tons Tent
I. How many acres of cropland used pasture in 1974 (reported in Sectional Content in Section 1974)		551	1 1 2	
item 2b) were fertilized?		552	/10	
<ol> <li>How many acres of other pasture (reported in Section 18, item 4a)</li> </ol>		552	/10	
NOTE: READ AND	Did you or anyone els	e have any lives		to Section 22 bel
ANSWER THIS QUESTION ection 22 Were there any	poultry, or animal spe in 1974? (Include fish POULTRY such as	h raised in capti	vity.) CO	b to page 13 and MPLETE Section . 5, <b>etc.</b> ,
on this place at	any time in 1974?			
] YES — Complete this section				
NO — Go to Section 23				
Report hatchery ope turkey poults, etc., ir	rations such as baby chi Section 26.	cks,		
. HENS, PULLETS, ROOSTERS for t		egg production	INVENTORY Number on this plac December 31, 1974	
a. Hens and pullets of laying age	kept for TABLE or MAR	RKET egg produc	602	1
b. Hens and pullets of laying age l	ept for HATCHING egg	production		1
c. Pullets 3 months old or older no	t yet of laying age			1
d. Pullet chicks and pullets under	er 3 months old <i>(Exclud</i>	le commercial br	oilers./	1
e. Roosters and male chickens (all	male breeding stock)		607	1
BROILERS, fryers, and other meat	type chickens, including	capons and roast	ers 608	1
B. TURKEYS			611	1
a. Heavy breed turkeys for slaught			612	1
<b>b</b> . Light breed turkeys for slaughter			613	1
c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding OTHER POULTRY raised in captivi				1
Court and the		No		
Fowl name		No		
Fowl name				
Fowl name				1
Fowl name			[	
Fowl name Fowl name List additional poultry on back of Fowl name No. Fowl Ducks		No Fowl name Quail	No.	
Fowl name Fowl name List additional poultry on back of Fowl name No. Fowl Ducks	naver. name No. ons or squab 616	No Fowl name Quail	No. • • • 618 • • • 619 (Write name on li	

\_

Section 23 Did you or anyone else	have any CATTLE or CAL	VES	on this place	in 1974?	
YES       Complete this section         NO       Go to Section 24				IN	VENTORY
					er on this place ober 31, 1974
INVENTORY on December 31, 1974				631	
1. Cattle and calves of all ages (Total of a, b, c	, and d below.)	•••			<u> </u>
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had	calved.)	• • •			
b. Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and	milk heifers that had calved.).			634	
c. Heifers and heifer calves	(1) For beef purposes and be		,		
(Exclude heifers that had calved.)	(2) For milk cow replacemen	nt			
d. Steers, steer calves, bulls, and bull calve	s				
■CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD from this	place in 1974		·····	r	
(Include those fed on "This Place" on a con Also, report cattle moved from this place to			Total number		of sales and expenses
feeding as sold; report both the number an		None	sold in 1974	Doilars	Cents
See separate Instructions.)		_	641	1	1
2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds	••••••••••••••••••••••••		642	\$	
3. Cattle including calves weighing 500 poun	ds or more		042	s	
a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were grain or concentrates for 30 days or more			643	1 \$	
DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD from this place	ce in 1974				1
Report goat dairy products in Section 26				ue of ducts sold	
4. What was the gross value of sales of dairy	products (milk, cream, etc.)		Dollars 649	s Cents	-
from this place in 1974, before taxes and e			3		
Section 24 > Did you or anyone else	have any HOGS or PIGS	on ti	his place in 19	74?	
YES - Complete this section				INV	ENTORY
NO Go to Section 25 on next page				Numbe	r on this place ber 31, 1974
■INVENTORY on December 31, 1974				651	
1. Hogs and pigs of all ages (Total of a and b l				652	
a. Hogs and pigs used or to be used for bre	eding	<i>.</i>		653	
<b>b</b> . Other hogs and pigs	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			· · · [	
LITTERS FARROWED		r	None Number of lit	ters	
2. Litters farrowed on this place between -			654		
a. December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974	•••••		655		
<b>b</b> . June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974					
			Total number sold in 1974		ales before expenses
HOGS AND PIGS SOLD	N	one	56	Dollars	Cents
3. Hogs and pigs sold from this place in 1974		ני ו <sup>°</sup>		s	
a. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many we	re	6	57	1	
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding	? [			\$	l

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Section 25 Did you or anyone else have any SH	IEEP or LAMBS	on th	is place i	in 1974	4?	
Section YES Complete this section			INVENT Number on			nber sold
NO – Go to Section 26			December 3	<i>r</i>	in 1	9/4
		}	661		1	
1. Sheep and lambs of all ages (Total of a, b, and c below.) -					<u> </u>	
			662			
a. Lambs under 1 year old						
			663			
b. Ewes 1 year old or older	· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		664			
c. Rams and wethers 1 year old or older			004			
		••••	<u> </u>		<u>1</u>	<u></u>
	None	665	Number shorn	1 F	Pounds of woo	ol shorn
2. Sheep and lambs shorn						
		L				1
				Value of s		
2 Million was the grade value of color of cheep lambe and			669	Dollars	Cents	
3. What was the gross value of sales of sheep, lambs, and wool from this place in 1974, before taxes and expenses?			1			
				COLO		
Section 26 Did you or anyone else have any OT	MERLIVESIO		ANTIVIAL	SPEU	ALIIES	ontins
place in 1974?	INVENTO				Value of	sales
YES Complete this section	Number this place		Total number in 1974		Dollars	Cents
NO – Go to Section 27	Dec 31, 1					Cents
1. Horses of all ages (Do not include ponies.)	671		l 	2 \$		
<b>2</b> . Ponies of all ages	672	1		2		1
	673			2		<u>I</u>
3. Mules, burros, and donkeys of all ages				2		
4. Mink and their pelts		ľ		s s		
·	675	1				
<ul> <li>a. Mink females used for breeding</li> <li>5. Other livestock in captivity, bees, and poultry hatched</li> </ul>		<u> </u>		<u></u>		<u></u>
(Enter name and No. from list below.)		1				
		1		2 S		1
Name No .				2		+
Name No .		ł.		\$	<u> </u>	-+
Name No .				ŝ		1
Other Livestock in Captivity	, Bees, and Poultry Hat	ched				<u> </u>
l Name No. Name	No.	N	ame		No	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			oxes and their oultry hatched			
	pelts 682		Il other livesto			
	Acres under water	To	tal quantity so	Id	Value of	sales
	for fish production		in 1974		Dollars	Cents
6. Livestock or animal products (Enter name and		01				
No. from "List A" below.)				ounds	2	1
Name No		3	08	{	\$	i
	   		G	allons		 
7. Fish in captivity (Enter name and No. from "List B" below.)	Tenths		p,	ounds	2	Ì
•	/10	$\left\{ \right\}_{3}$	-OR		•	
Name No No		1	N	umber	\$	
List A — Livestock Products	• List B — F	ish in Ca	otivity			<b>_</b>
Name No. Name	No.		ame			<u>`</u>
Mohair sold	691	Tr	opical fish 🚬			4
		01	ther fish		••••69	15

List any additional livestock, livestock products, animal specialties, or fish on back cover.

Section 27 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on D (Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 o		974	
COMPLETE THIS SECTION			
Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974			
1. What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implem	ſ	Estimated market v	value
on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? (Include cars, trucks, tru	actors, combines,	Dollars	Cents
plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equ	ipment including	701	
milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)	•••••	\$	
SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 (Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.)	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total, HOW MANY manufactured the last 5 yeau (1970-1974) <i>(Number)</i>	lin rs ?
	702	1	
<b>2</b> . Automobiles			
	703	1	
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.)	704		
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers			
	705	1	
<b>5</b> . Crawler tractors			
	706	1	
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only			
	707		
<b>7</b> . Corn heads for combines	708	1	
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers			
	709	1	
9. Mower conditioners			
	710	1	
10. Pickup balers			
	711		
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled ( <i>Exclude side delivery rakes.</i> )	712	1	
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type			
Section 28 MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS - COMPLETE THIS SECTION	?∧		
this place. (Do not include temporary structures.)	ne der 1,000 bushels )00-4,999 bushels )00-9,999 bushels ,000-24,999 bushe ,000-49,999 bushe ,000 bushels and ov	(25-124 tons) (125-249 tons) Is (250-624 tons) Is (625-1,249 ton	s)
2. How many ARTIFICIAL PONDS, PITS, RESERVOIRS, and EARTHEN TANKS are on this place? (Do not report natural lakes, gravel pits, strip mining pits, flooded fields, sewage lagoons, or manure pits.),	None 722	Number of art ponds, pits, et Whole acres	
<b>a</b> . Area covered when filled to capacity			/10
futures market in 1974 to hedge sales of any farm       2       So         commodities which you produce?       3       So         724       1       YES — Mark which commodities       4       W         2       NO       — Go to Section 29 on next page       5       Co	orghums (grain) 8	Cattle (live) Hogs (live) O Other – Spec	cify 🔫

Page 13

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				(Include oral and wri		uce or market any de more than 30 days					
$\Box YES - Complete  \Box NO - Go to .$				prior to delivery.)							
1. Mark (X) as r No. 1 🔲	nany products a Product name Broilers	No. Pr 7 ☐ Fe	uced and/or markete oduot name eder cattle and/or ocker cattle	No. Product name 13 Field and seed							
3 Chicken eggs B B		B 🔲 Br 9 🔲 SI	eeding cattle aughter hogs	15 Wheat 16 Cotton	20 Frui for p	t, including citrus, processing					
dairy products     11     B       6     Fattened cattle     12     O			eder pigs eeding hogs ther livestock and/or nultry (Write product name fine A1 below.)	<ul> <li>17 Vegetables for fresh market</li> <li>18 Vegetables for processing</li> </ul>	22 Oth pop suga nam	ar beets er crops, such as hops, corn, potatoes, safflower, arcane, etc. (Write product e on line A1 below.)					
	2. For each product marked above, enter the Name and No. in the column heading where indicated and complete the remaining entries in the column (items B through G) for that product.										
			FIRST CONTRACT	SECOND CONTRACT	THIRD CONTRACT	FOURTH CONTRACT					
A. Product(s) under c Enter name and No item 1 above		1. Product name	701	722		724					
		2. No.	731	732	733	734					
B. Type of contract Mark (X) one of these items for	1. Production (1) 2. Marketing (1)	Ď	1 1 [] 2 []	1 1 [] 2 []	1 1 [] 2 []	1 1 2					
each product under contract	ch product 3. Production, including		3 🗌 4 🗌	3 🗍 4 🗌	3 🗌 4 🔲	3 [] 4 []					
C. Type of contractor Mark (X) one of these items for each product under contract	<ol> <li>Co-op</li> <li>Feed compan</li> <li>Packer</li> <li>Processor</li> <li>Other</li> </ol>	у	2 1 2 3 4 5	2 1 2 3 4 5 		2 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 0					
D. Items furnished by contractor under terms of contract Mark (X) for as many items as apply for each product under contract	<ol> <li>Feed</li> <li>Chicks. pullet feeder pigs. e</li> <li>Seed</li> <li>Fertilizer</li> <li>Chemicals</li> <li>Labor</li> </ol>		3 1 2 3 4 5 6 	<sup>3</sup> 1 2 3 4 5 6 	3 1 2 2 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 6 1	<sup>3</sup> 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 1					
	<ol> <li>Machinery, et or buildings</li> <li>Harvesting</li> <li>Transportatio</li> </ol>		7 🔲 8 🗍 9 🗍	7 🗌 8 🗍 9 🗍	7 [] 8 [] 9 []	7 🗌 8 🗍 9 🗍					
	<ol> <li>Processing/p.</li> <li>Credit</li> <li>Credit ass</li> <li>Technical ass</li> <li>Other</li> <li>None</li> </ol>	Ū	4 10 [] 11 [] 12 [] 13 [] 14 []	4 10    11    12    13    14	4 10 ] 11 ] 12 ] 13 ] 14 ]	4 10					
E. What percent of the was sold under con		this product	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent	5 Percent					
F. 1. Amount received product covered b	by contract?		6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$	6 Dollars Cents \$					
<ol><li>Did this payment market value of the payment</li></ol>			7 1 🗌 Yes 2 🗌 No	7 1 🗌 Yes 2 🗌 No	7 1 Yes 2 No	7 1 🗌 Yes 2 🗌 No					
G. Did the contract specify — Mark (X) one	<ol> <li>Exact price?</li> <li>Method of determining price</li> <li>Neither price not</li> </ol>		8 1	<sup>8</sup> 1 2 3 3	8 1 □ 2 □ 3 □						

Production contracts, including custom feeding, usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, operations to be performed during production, or inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by contractor.

(3) Marketing contracts usually specify kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify that contractor provides services or supplies or that particular operations or methods be used in production.



PAYROLL AND EMPLOYMENT - Did you have any paid workers doing agricultural labor, employees of labor contractors or crew leaders, or other salaried employees working on this place in 1974?

$\Box$	YES	 Complete this	section
		Go to Section	

Please read before	-\
answering items 1,	2, 👌
and 3 below	
	7/

Hired farm or ranch workers — In addition to farm workers and paid family members, include such persons as bookkeepers, office workers, maintenance people, etc., whose employment is primarily associated with agricultural production on this place even though they may not be doing agricultural labor. Do not include unpaid family workers or the proprietors or partners of unincorporated places.

**Cash wages paid** — Report gross payments in 1974 to employees before deductions for Social Security, taxes, insurance premiums, etc. Include all wages, salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay. Do not include room and board, house rent, or other items paid in kind.

	For each of the following groups, report how many hired			
	farm or ranch workers were employed and the amount of cash wages paid to them.	Number of	Cash wages paid	
		workers	Dollars	Cents
1.	Of the hired farm or ranch workers, how many worked—	751	1	 
	a. 150 days or more?		\$	
		752	1	
	b. 25-149 days?		\$	į
		753	1	1
	c. Less than 25 days?		\$	i
2	Contract workers hired through a crew leader or contractor		754	
	a. What was the cost of contract labor?		\$	į
		755		
	b. How many workers did the contractor furnish? (Estimate if necessary.)			
3.	Salaried corporation officers	756		
	a. If this operation is incorporated, how many corporation officers were salaried in 1974?			
			757	I
	b. What was the amount paid?		\$	1

Section 31 INJURIES AND ILLNESSES CONNECTED WITH FARM OR RANCH WORK — Were there any work connected injuries that required more than first aid treatment, or work connected illnesses or death to workers on this place in 1974? (Do not include deaths, injuries, or illnesses to employees of contractors.)

YES — Complete this section		T
$\square$ NO — Go to Section 32 on next page	Operator and unpaid family workers	Hired workers and paid members of operator's family
1. Non-fatal injuries and illnesses	761	1
a. How many workers had injuries or illnesses without lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
	762	1
b. How many workers had injuries or illnesses with lost workdays?	Workers	Workers
(1) How many days were lost as a result of all injuries	763	1
and illnesses?	Days	Days
,	764	1
2. Number of deaths	Number	Number

# Section 32 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, LIME, or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1974?

 $\Box$  YES — Complete this section

 $\square$  NO — Go to Section 33

Include any of these materials paid for by you, your landlord, or contractors. If custom applied, report only estimated cost of material. Cost of applying should be reported in Section 34, item 9. For each item listed, **report acres only once**, but report cost of all such materials used on these acres in 1974. If multipurpose chemicals were used, report acreage treated for each purpose and allocate cost of materials.

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Cost of chemicals

1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicid	e	Number of acres	(Do not include cost of applying)	
insecticide, nematocide) to control		on which used	Dollars	Cents
a. Insects on hay crops (alfalfa, timothy, etc.)		771	1 \$	
b. Insects on other crops (corn, other grain, cotton, tobacco, potatoes, trees, vines, etc.)		772	1 \$	
c. Nematodes in crops		773	1 \$	
d. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.	)	774	1 \$	
Weeds or grass in crops (Include both pre-emergence ar	nd post émergence.)	775	1 \$	
f. Weeds or brush in pasture		776	1 \$	1
g. Weeds on all other land (fence rows, ditch banks, road sid	les, etc.)	777	1 \$	
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control of crops or t	hinning of fruit	778	1 \$	1
3. Expenditures for insect control on livestock and poultry, including treatment of buildings			779 \$	
4. Lime (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation)	781 Tons	782	1 \$	
5. Other chemicals (excluding fertilizer), such as lime for sanita pesticides used for rodent and bird control, etc.			783 \$	1
6. TOTAL CHEMICAL COST (Add dollars for items 1 a throw total here and in Section 34, in	ugh 5 and enter		\$ 784	

# Section 33 > FARM CREDIT

2.

1. DEBTS SECURED BY REAL ESTATE — Were there any real estate mortgages, deeds of trust, or land purchase contracts on farm land and buildings owned and operated by you? (If you rent land to others, see separate Instructions.)

YES — Answer a, b, and c	🔲 NO — Go to item 2	🔲 No land owned — G	Go to item 2	
			Amount (principal o December 31,	
			Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a Federal Land Ba			791	1
company, a commercial or savings	bank, and/or a production cre	dit association	s	1
<ul> <li>Amount owed to a savings and loar</li> </ul>			792	1
company, and/or other financial ins	titution not covered above.	••••••	\$	1
c. Amount owed to individual(s) from			793	
others (secured by mortgage, deed	of trust, land purchase contra	ct, etc.)	\$	
DEBTS NOT SECURED BY REAL EST sales contracts, or unsecured notes ov operating this farm or ranch business?	ved by you on December 31,			
YES — Answer a. b. and c	□ NO Go to Section 3	4		

	Amount (principal o December 31,	
	Dollars	Cents
a. Amount owed to a commercial or savings bank, a production credit	795	1
association, The Farmers Home Administration, and/or other lending agencies	\$	1
b. Amount owed to business firms or farm suppliers (machinery dealer, feed	796	
dealer, fuel supplier, fertilizer dealers, etc., or their finance agencies)	\$	1
c. Amount owed to relatives and other individuals.	797 ¢	
	19	

COMPLETE THIS SECTION	Include your best estimates of expense for production of crops, livestock, and expenses connected with performing c businesses or services, and household	other agricult sustomwork o	ural prod off this pla	ucts on this plac ace, operation of	e. DO N( f non-farr	OT INCLUDE	
						Production e	xpenses
						Dollars	l Cen
	nd poultry purchased — cattle, calves, ho s, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pul					801 \$	f I I
<ol> <li>Total feed p feeds, conce</li> </ol>	purchased for livestock and poultry — gra entrates, etc. ( <i>Total dollars for a, b, c, and</i>	in, hay, silage d below.) • •	, mixed			802 \$	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tons	Tenths	Dollars	Cents		
complete include ir	cially mixed formula feeds purchased — e, supplement, concentrates (Do not agredients purchased separately, such	803		1			
as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.).			/10	\$			
cottonse	nts purchased — such as soybean meal, ed meal, urea, etc., millfeeds or other	804		1	1	- 	
	yproducts ( <i>Do not include whole grains.</i> )	805	/ /10	\$			
barley, g	ains purchased — such as corn, oats, rain sorghum, wheat, rye, etc. <i>cracked grain. Do not include millfeeds</i>						
	milling byproducts, or green chop.) • • • •		/10	\$			
		806		1			
d. Hay, gree	en chop, silage, etc.		/10	\$		807	
<ol> <li>Commercia and gypsum</li> <li>Total gasoli Diesel fuel,</li> </ol>	s, plants, and trees purchased I fertilizer purchased — all forms, includir In (Report custom application costs in iten ne and other petroleum fuel and oil purch LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, keros (Total dollars for a, b, c, and d below.).	ng rock phosp n 9 below.) ased for the f sene, fuel oil,	hate arm busi motor oil	ness —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 809 \$ 811 \$	
		Storage ca for farm		Estimated expe for farm use in			
		(Gallon		Dollars	Cents		
a Gacolino	for the farm business	812		1 \$			
		813		1			
	el for the farm business	814		<u>\$</u>			
	utane, propane for the ness (4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon)			\$			
	5			815			
	, grease, piped gas, kerosene, and r the farm business • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			\$	ļ 	821	
7. Hired farm h	abor (Add dollars reported in Section 30,	items 1a, 1b,	and 1c,	and enter total l	here).	\$ 823	
8. Contract lab	or (Copy dollars reported in Section 30, in	tem 2a.)				\$	
9. Machine hire equipment a	e and customwork (Include expenditures and for customwork such as grinding and	for this place mixing feed, j	for use o plowing,	f		824 \$	
combining, (	corn picking, drying, silo filling, spraying, c	2u3uny, 18100	21119, ECC.	/ • • • • • • • • • •		826	
	chemicals purchased (Copy dollars repor oduction expenses (Include OTHER currer					\$ 827	
<i>r</i>	tion, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, water, etc., for the farm business.).		ricity,			\$	1
•		,	••••			829	
12. TOTAL PRO	ODUCTION EXPENSES including expe or others (Add dollars in items					S	l F

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Sect	tion 35	Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place i	in '	1974, befor	e taxes
CON	IPLETE	and expenses (See separate Instructions.)			
TH/S PAG		Report your best estimates of the value for each of the following groups of products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.		Estimated va products s	sold
				Dollars	I Cents
1.	Grains — o	corn for grain, small grains, soybeans for beans, nums, cowpeas for peas, dry beans, and dry peas		832 \$	1
			t i	833	
<b>2</b> .	Cotton and	cottonseed	·	\$	
3.	Tobacco .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	834 \$	_ <u>i</u>
4.	Field seeds	s, hay, forage, and silage	•	835 `\$	
<b>5</b> .	Vegetables	s, sweet corn, and melons (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes.) $\ldots$ .		836 \$	<b> </b>
<b>6</b> .	sweetpota	crops — peanuts, Irish potatoes, toes, sugar beets, sugarcane. nint for oil, hops, etc. — <i>Specify</i>		837 \$	
7.	Fruits, nuts	s, and berries — apples, berries, citrus, grapes,	t	838	<u>_</u>
		ecans, pears, pineapples, etc.	•	\$	
8.		d greenhouse products sold (Add dollars reported in		839	1
	Section 14	l, items 1 through 6e and enter the total here.)	·	\$	
9.	Forest proc	ducts sold (Add dollars reported in Section 17 and enter the total here.)	.	849 \$	<u> </u>
10.		d poultry products, broilers, other chickens, eggs, ducks, c. (Copy dollars reported in Section 22, item 5.)		852 \$	
11.		calves sold (Add dollars reported in Section 23, items 2 and 3 — clude item 3a — and enter the total here.)	Ì	853 \$	- <del>+</del>
12.	Dairy prod	ucts — milk, cream, etc. (Copy dollars reported in Section 23, item 4.	Ì	854	
13		nt dairy products in item 15 below.)	ľ	\$ 855 \$	
	-		Ī	856	
	•	bs, and wool (Copy dollars reported in Section 25, item 3.)	·	\$	
15.		tock, horses, mules, fur-bearing animals, bees, honey, goat dairy products, . (Add dollars reported in Section 26, items 1 through 7, and enter the total here.)		857 \$	1
16.		ALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 15 and enter total here.)	•	859 \$	1
Sect		INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN	10		
		HACOME AND EXPENSES HOM FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN	13		
	Part A	INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES Report amount received before taxes and expenses. No	ļ	Farm-related	
1.	Customwo	rk and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others—plowing,	ne	Dollars 871	Cents
	planting, sp	praying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. (If custom-	-		ļ
		eparate business, see separate Instructions.)	L	\$ 872	
		al services — providing number, issuing, principling, camping, and for a service s	ן כ	\$	1
З.		you received for participation in Government farm programs		873	
л		lude redeemable loans.)	┙╽	\$ 874	
	received fro	om lease or sale of allotments (Include payments for livestock n a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.)	ר	\$	 
	-	ness or source of income which is	-	875	
		on or CLOSELY RELATED to the URAL OPERATIONS on this place — <i>Specify kind</i>	ר	\$	1
	_		- I		
	Part B —	EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related e	xpenses
6	For farm-re	elated income sources reported in items 1 through 5 above, enter	one	Dollars	Cents
•	the total es	stimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all	]	876	1
		expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do not penses already reported in Section 34.)	ן ר		i
	menuae exp		-	\$	

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Section 37	> type of orga	NIZATION, OPERATO	RCHARACTER	STICS, and related i	nformation
COMPLETE	THIS PAGE				
■ Part A-	Type of Organization				
1. Mark (X) t	he one box which best d	escribes the way this place w	as operated in 1974.		
901 1	INDIVIDUAL or FAMIL excluding partnership a	Y operation (sole proprietors and corporation	hip},	Complete Parts B ar	nd C
2	PARTNERSHIP operat (See separate Instructi	ion, including family partners ons.) — Enter number of part	hips 902 mers		
3	CORPORATION, includ	ding family corporations — g	kip to Section 38		
	OTHER, such as coope	rative, estate or trust, prison — Specify type then skip to	farm, grazing associati	ion,	
■ Part B—		teristics and Related Inform		, Family, or Partnership C	Operations
person in this farm o	e — Where does the ope charge, or senior partner or ranch operation live?.	of Not on t	·	On another farm In a rural area, not on a fai In a city, town, or urban ar	rm rea
(or senior	partner, if partnership) be any part of this place?	egan	Year		
	s the operator (or senior partnership)?	905	Years old		
4. Operator's Mark (X) a	s race — 90 appropriate box	6 1 White 4 2 Negro or Black 3 American Indian	Mexican American Chicano Mexican (Mexican Puerto Rican Cuban Central or South American Other Spanish	Chinese	hat race Z
the majori	ity (50 percent or more) of	occupation did the operator of his work time in 1974? nbers of the partnership toget		<sup>307</sup> 1 🛄 Farming 2 🔲 Other	
days did e family wo in 1974? ( nonfarm ju profession else's farm	Work — How many ach member of the rk OFF the place (Include work at a pb, business, b, or on someone h. Do not include	Mark (X) one for each applicable line.a. Operator or senior partner b. Spouse.b. Cotherc. Otherd. Other	912 <u>1</u> 2 913 <u>1</u> 2	/s     days     days     days       3     4     5       3     4     5       3     4     5       3     4     5	-199 200 days or more 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0
■ Part C — (Report ar	nount you and members	ff-Farm Sources in 1974 of your family received in 19 ort should be for the senior p	74 from the following		me from m sources
1. Operation profession 2. Cash wag	of a non-farm-related bundle practice ( <i>Report NET</i> es, salaries, commissions	usiness (not reported in Secti after expenses.)	on 36) or	921 \$ 922 \$ 922 s	
<ol> <li>Federal Some ment insure</li> </ol>	ocial Security, pensions, p rance, workmen's compe	retirement pay, veterans payr ensation, and old age and oth	nents, annuities, unem er public assistance	aploγ- □ 924 s	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Report NET after deduction		····· [] [\$	i
Section 38		LETING THIS REPOR		Talasha	
PLEASE PRINT	Name		Date 931 Month Da	Y 932 Area Code Num	

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Enter remarks on back cover.

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# **INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A1**

# **1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE**

## INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- Section 2. (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations — A census report form should be filled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74-A2) fill out the green form. Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses, and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

### INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

(4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)

### ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if —

#### 

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4 but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

### ► OR 4

(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "0" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

#### ► OR 4

(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

If you are not required to complete the rest of the form—PLEASE— (1) Tear off the front cover and page one:

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock." "All land rented out." "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle." and

(3) Mail back the two tom-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

### **MORE GENERAL INFORMATION**

- (6) Partnership Operations For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of my own," and mail tback to us in the return envelope.
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- (8) The Bame Report Form Is Used For All States Except Hawaii. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it contains sections which may not apply in your area or to your operation. For these, you can simply mark the "No" box and go to the next section.
- (9) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.

(a) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.

(b) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.

(c) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Some conversion methods are shown on the report form or in the Instructions under the appropriate section number.

(d) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.
(e) A section answered by an "X" in the "No" box is finished. Go to the next section indicated.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

### Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974—cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land—not just planted land Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

**Item 1 — Land Owned —** Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — Lend Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Leased) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land-rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

### Sections 5-16 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested.

An example of how to report crops harvested. — A farmer planted 100 acres of field corn. He harvested 80 acres, getting 7,000 bushels of shelled corn. He irrigated 20 acres and cut them for silage: he estimated the production at 400 tons. He turned his cattle into the 100 acres after the harvest and let them graze. All 100 acres were fertilized using 17-3/4 tons of dry fertilizer. His entries on the Census report are shown in the following illustration.

Section 5	Wes eny FIEL	D CORN harvested for any purpose from this place in 1974?

	ALVES Neverland	Quantity is	menued	Acres engined
<ol> <li>Field corn for grain or seed l'Report quantity of shelled corn harvested in either bushels or hundredunight. 20 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs.</li> </ol>	101 90	7,000	Bursham Unaddes	2
shelled corn = 1 bushel shelled corni	80	e	Hundredamagna shannan	[ ·
2. Field corn for silage or green chap	102 20	400	Tons Cans works	2.0
<ol> <li>Field coin cut for dry fodder. hogged or grazed IDo not include acres already reported in items 1 or 21</li> </ol>	103			,
	Acres	Day tertilizer	Lap	
	a her thread	Whate tons	fenths in	of som Temps

No provision is made for reporting acres grazed after harvest. Since letting the cattle graze was a secondary use of land already harvested, the farmer **did not** have to make any entry in item 3.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for some crops.

Commercial fertilizer — Report the total number of acres fertilized in 1974 and the total tons and tenths of tons (including filler); used on all applications. Report anhydrous ammonia in the "Liquid or gas" column.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting - If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

### Section 12 — Vegetables

Acres are to be reported for fresh market and/or for processing. If a vegetable crop was harvested for **both** purposes, prorate the acreage on the basis of the production for each use. For example, 2 tons of tomatoes were picked for fresh market from a 5-acre field: later the same 5 acres were picked and the 8 tons of tomatoes harvested went for processing. Since 2/10 of the production was for fresh market and 8/10 for processing, report 1 acre (2/10 X 5) for fresh market and 4 acres (8/10 X 5) for processing. If you don't know what use was made of the vegetables, report them under the purpose for which you think they were used.

### Section 13 — Fruit

If trees or vines are interplanted, estimate the area covered by each kind of fruit.

Approximate Box Weigh	t — Pounds Per Box
-----------------------	--------------------

State	All Oranges	Grapefruit	Tangerines	Lemons
Arizona	75	64	75	76
California	75	65	75	76
Florida	90	85	95	90
Texas	90	80	95	90
Other States	90	85	95	90

Includes Temples and Tangelos

Avocadoe — Quantity harvested — In California report for the period October 1, 1973 to September 30, 1974. In Florida report for the period July 1, 1974 to about February 28, 1975.

Figs — Report quantity harvested in dry weight. In California 3 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry. Other States 4 lbs. fresh = 1 lb. dry.

### Section 18 --- Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured — report the 10 acres only in item 2a, Cropland harvested.)

#### Section 19 — Irrigation

Report the estimated quantity of water used in the unit of measure most convenient for you.

Acre-feet - Many irrigation districts show amount of water delivered to their users in acre-feet on their bills. If you do not know the acre-feet of water used but have an estimate of average acre-feet used per acre, obtain the total acre-feet by multiplying the average times the number of acres irrigated.

Gallons - Irrigators pumping from their own wells may estimate total gallons used by multiplying the pumping rapacity for the pump times minutes in the hour (60), times hours pumped per day, times days pumped per season during 1974. For example, a 100 gal./minute pump was pumped an average of 20 hours per day for a season of 96 days. One hundred gal./minute times 60 minutes, times 20 hours pumped per day, times 96-day season = 11 50,000 anilogr 11,520,000 gallons.

Total inches — When a sprinkler system is used, it may be simpler to estimate the total depth in inches of all water applied during the season

### ▶ Sections 22-26 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report al animals on the place on December 31. 1974 owned by you or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing associa-tion land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Manage-ment on a per-head or lease basis (such as wheat pasture). Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place." Place

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

- Report all animals sold or removed from this Number sold place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

Animals bought and sold - Do not include animals bought and resold within 30 days. Such purchases and sales are considered to be "dealer" transactions and should not be reported.

 cattle sales — Do not include on the fattened cattle line:
 (a) Veal calves which were fattened primarily on milk, or
 (b) Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold, or

.

(c) Cattle and calves that have been fed on grain or concentrates and sold ( . further feeding.

Value of sales - Be sure to report the total value of sales without deducting cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, and so forth. If the sales price or value is not known, give your best estimate of their value when they left this place.

Animals sold from another place - Do not report the value of sales of animals owned by you but held and sold from someone else's place. For example, do not report cattle purchased elsewhere, fed in, and sold from a feedlot not part of this place.

Animals moved to another place --- For animals removed from your place to a feedlot for feeding, give your best estimate of their market value when they left this place

Sheep and lambs shorn — In the first answer space report the number shorn; in the second answer space report the total weight in pounds, grease basis, of all wool obtained in 1974, whether from one or two shearings

# Section 28 — Miscellaneous Items

Futures market - Report those commodities you bought or sold (or bought and sold) through a commodity exchange as a hedge against crops produced on this place. Do not report transactions in any commodities not grown on the place. For example, if you bought or sold both wheat and cotton through a commodity exchange and wheat was grown on the place but no cotton, mark only the box opposite wheat

### Section 29 --- Contracts

Many farm products are produced and marketed under a contract or binding agreement between the farm operator (producer) and the person who buys or uses the farm product. It may be a pro-duction contract, a marketing contract, or a combination of both. **Production contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be produced and may specify variety or breed, the operations to be performed during production, and the inputs and technical assistance to be supplied by the contractor **Marketing contracts** usually specify the kind and/or amount of farm product to be delivered but usually do not specify the particular operations or methods to be used in production. or methods to be used in production.

For each product under contract, report the type of contract. Co-op contractors should include production contracts with cooperative processors. Do not include contracts made by you for services (customwork, hauling, etc.) or to produce farm items for you wherein you are the purchaser rather than the supplier of the products.

If a sales contract or agreement provides also for supplying or furnishing feed, seed, labor, or equipment, report it as a production contract. Do not report contracts or agreements which do not provide **specifically** for the production or marketing of agricultural products

#### Section 33 — Farm Credit

Item 1 — Debts Secured by Real Estate — Do not include debt on land and buildings rented to or from others. If you owned a farm, with a debt on it, and rented part of it to others or had worked on shares, report (estimate) only the part of the debt that relates to the part operated by you.

Item 2 - Debts Not Secured by Real Estate - Do not report: (1) debts not secured by heat estate — Do not report. (1) debts on nonagricultural property such as cotton gins, canning factories, sugar mills, motels, stores, etc.; (2) price support loans owed to the Commodity Credit Corp.; (3) your landlord's share of any debts; or (4) charge accounts that are paid in full monthly (debts owed for less than 30 days).

# Section 36 — Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1, 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not con-sider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report** gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations. The net amount should be reported in Section 37 — Family Income from Off-Farm Sources (Part C, item 1).

#### Section 37 — Type of Organization

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship) -- De-fined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are **not** incor-porated and **not** operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership operations - Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife do not necessarily mean that a partnership exists unless there is some agreement as to sharing contributions, decision making, profits, and liabilities.

Corporation, including family corporations - Defined as legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives.

Other - Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, FORM 74-A2 (10-1-74)

U.S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE Social and Economic Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

# 1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

PLEASE remove the envelope and Instruction Sheet from the center of this booklet and ... KEEP THEM HANDY.

# EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS are

provided all through the form with more detail in the Instruction Sheet you have removed from the center of this report. Use them — they will help.

\_\_\_\_\_

A Message from the Director of the Bureau of the Census...

January 2, 1975

Dear Friend:

It's time for the 1974 Census of Agriculture, and we need your help.

Please fill out this report and return it in the envelope provided.

This is a most important census. Many changes have occurred in agriculture since 1969 when the last census was taken. It is important to you that these changes be measured and understood by other farmers and ranchers as well as by those who serve you and them.

Your answers are needed and are COMPLETELY CONFIDENTIAL, as spelled out in the Notice at the right of this letter.

Please fill out your report and send it back right away. We'll appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,

neurs P Barella

VINCENT P. BARABBA Director Bureau of the Census

O.M.B. No. 41 S74065, Approval Expires December 31, 1975

NOTICE - Response to this inquiry is required by law. (Title 13, U.S. Code). By the same YOUR REPORT law TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFI-DENTIAL. it may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process

NOTE: If you correspond with us regarding your report, please use the Census File Number shown in the address block on the booklet cover.

Complete this report and RETURN TO

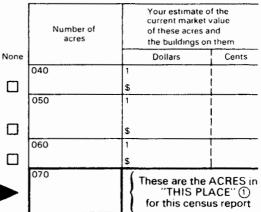
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

□ YEŞ — See separate Instructions □ NO — Go to Section 2		xtra file f(s) here			
Section 2 FARMING, RANC	HING, OR OTHER AGRICUI	TURAL ACTIVI	TIES IN 197	4	
				YES	NO
1. At any time in 1974 did you raise,	produce, or sell ANY amount of any o	of the items listed be	low?	1	2
<ul> <li>Crops</li> <li>Hay, pasture, sod</li> <li>Vegetablés, melons, mushrooms</li> <li>Fruits, nuts, berries, and citrus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cattle (including feedlots)</li> <li>Hogs, sheep, goats, horses</li> <li>Poultry, eggs</li> <li>Dairy products</li> <li>Forest products on farms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Greenhous nursery pro</li> <li>Fish in cap</li> <li>Fur-bearing in captivity</li> <li>Other anim</li> </ul>	oducts tivity g animals		
2. Did you at any time in 1974 raise c contractors such as feed companie	or produce any agricultural products sets, processors, or packers?	or		YES 1	NO 2 🔲
3. Did you raise or produce any agricu a partnership, share arrangement, e	ultural products for others or with oth or other rental agreement in 1974? .			۱ 🗖	2
4. Did you own any land that was use	d by someone else for agricultural p	proses in 1974?		1	2
5. Did you own any livestock or poult under a share agreement or custon	ry that was cared for by someone els n arrangement in 1974?			י 🔲	2

If you answered NO to ALL five of these questions, tear off this front cover and mail it back to us in the envelope provided.

Section 3	ACREAGE in 1974 and LAND VALUE
	Include all cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, wasteland, idle land, house lots, etc.

- 1. ALL land owned.....
- 2. ALL land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked on shares; leased Federal, State, and railroad land; and land used rent free. (Do NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.).
- TOTAL ACRES IN "THIS PLACE" () (Please ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented to others (item 3), and enter your answer in this space.)



- "THIS PLACE" means your farm or ranch, feedlots, poultry houses, greenhouses, and/or any other agricultural operations.
- 5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2 above), please enter the following information for each landlord.

	Address	Number of	Rental arrangements in 1974 Mark (X) all that apply				
Name	(No. and street, city, State, ZIP code)	State, ZIP code) acres	Share of crops	Share of livestock or products	Cash as rent	Other arrangements	
		081	<sup>1</sup> 1	2	3	4	
		082	, D	2	з 🗖	4	
		083	1 1 1	2	3 🗋	4	

List additional landlords on back cover.

# 6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3 above), please enter the following information for each renter.

	Name	Address (N	o. and street, city, State	ZIP code)	No. of acres		
					085	1	
		<u></u>		,	086	015	;
					087		
	List additional renters on back cover.					10	,
7.	Of the land you rented or leased from others (in			Number of acres	Current market value		
	acres did you subrent or sublease to others? (/ leased by you which was worked on shares by			088	1 \$	013	
S	READ c. The land you operated f If a, b. or c apply to your operated f this report. ection 4 LOCATION OF AGRICULT	eration, please	e read the Instruct	neone else. Tions before con	tinuing with	012	
1.	In what county was the largest value of your	Principal	County name	Sta		1 5	
	agricultural products raised or produced? (Enter county name, State, and number	county			091	ľ	
	of acres on the "Principal county" line.	Other counties			092		
	If you have agricultural operations in any other county(ies), enter the county				093	010	
	name(s), etc., on the lines provided for "Other counties.")				094		
2.	Location of place within principal county entered above. ( <i>Give name</i> of township, district, precinct, etc., or Township – Range numbers.)	Name of location	n				

# Section 5 CROPS HARVESTED FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THIS PLACE IN 1974

	Report all crops harvested. Include crops grown under contract. Be sure to include landlord's share.	None		cres vested	Quantity	harvested
		None	101	(	1	Bushels shelled
1.	Field corn for grain or seed ( <i>Report quantity on a shelled basis in either bushels or hundredweight.</i> 70 lbs. ear corn or 56 lbs. shelled corn=1 bushel shelled corn.)			{	6OR	Hundredweight
<b>2</b> .	Field corn for silage, cut for green chop or dry fodder, hogged or grazed ( <i>Do not include acres already</i> reported in item 1.)		104			
			111	(	1	Bushels
3.	Sorghums or milo for grain or seed ( <i>Report</i> quantity harvested in either <b>bushels or pounds</b> .)			ĺ	6 OR	Pounds
4.	Sorghums for silage. cut for green chop. dry forage or hay, or hogged or grazed ( <i>Do not include acres</i> <i>already reported in item 3.</i> )		115			
5.	Soybeans for beans		121		1	Bushels
6.	Peanuts for nuts		122		1	Pounds
7.	Wheat for grain		130		1	Bushels
8.	Other small grains or grain — oats, barle .		136			
	rye, rice, etc. — Sp. cify		151		1	<u></u>
<b>9</b> .	Cotton					Bales
10.	Tobacco — all type		152	/10	1	Pounds
11.	Irish potatoes (excouding home use)		154	/10	1	Hundredweight
12.	Sweetpotatoes (excluding home use)			/10		Bushels
13.	Hay — all kinds except sorghum hay (Include grain hay, grass silage, wild hay, etc. If two or more cuttings were made from the same land, REPORT ACRES ONLY ONCE, but report total tons of all cuttings.)		170		1	Tons. dry
14	Vegetables, sweet corn, or melons for sale		240			
	Land in bearing and nonbearing			/10		
	fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages (Include land on which the fruit crop		301			
	failed. Do not include abandoned acreages or plantings.) — Specify			/10		
16.	Berries for sale — Specify		401	/10		
	All other crops (Include field seeds; sugar crops; nursery		430	,10		
	products; flowers, etc., grown in the open; sod; etc.) — Specify			/10		
				Sq.	uare feet	
18.	If any greenhouse products were sold, how many square feet were under glass or other protection?					

Section 6 LAND USE IN 1974

	The purpose of this section is to distribute all acres in "THIS P	LACE" among items 1 thr	ough 5.
NOTE:	If the same land had more than one use in 1974, REPORT THAT is in the first use that applies. For example, cropland that was harves		
	is to be reported only as "Cropland harvested."		Number of acres
and a	land harvested (Include all land from which crops were harvested o all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and green o crops were harvested from the same land in 1974, report the acre	house products.	502
<b>2</b> Crop	land used only for pasture or grazing		503
	ther cropland <i>(Include cropland used for soil-improvement crops, failure, cultivated summer fallow, and idle cropland.</i> ).		. 504
<b>4</b> . Woo	dland (Include woodland pasture.)		510
	ther land (Include pastureland other than cropland and woodland p eland, and land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, e		513
6. ТОТ	ALACRES IN "THIS PLACE" (Please add the acres reported in through 5 and enter the total in tl		517
	(This total should be the same as the total in Section 3, it	em 4.)	
7. How	much of the total land reported in item 6 was IRRIGATED	528 Acres	
	974?	Acres	d
		i ingute	

#### > LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY Section 7

Be sure to report all livestock and poultry on this place on December 31, 1974, no matter who owned them. Include as sold all livestock and poultry fed on a contract or custom basis and taken from this place in 1974.

Nor	ne	INVENTORY Number on this place December 31, 1974	Number sold in 1974
1. Hens and pullets of laying age ( <i>Exclude started pullets being raised for sale.</i> )	- +	601	1
2. Any other chickens 3 months old or older (roosters, started pullets, etc.)	-	604	1
3. Broilers, fryers, and other meat-type chickens (including capons and roasters)	_	608	1
4. Cattle and calves of all ages.	ן נ	631	1
a. Beef cows (Include beef heifers that had calved.)		632	
<b>b</b> . Milk cows (Include dry milk cows and milk heifers that had calved.).	ן כ	633	
5. Hogs and pigs of all ages	_ /	651	1
a. Of the total sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	ו		2
b. Litters of pigs farrowed on this place between — None Number of litters			} 
(1) December 1, 1973 and May 31, 1974			
(2) June 1, 1974 and November 30, 1974			
Nor 6. Sheep and lambs of all ages		661	1
7. Horses and ponies of all ages	ן כ	670	1
8. Other livestock and poultry — goats, mules, fur-bearing animals, turkeys, ducks, geese, colonies of bees, poultry hatched, fish in captivity except at fish hatcheries, etc.		698	1
Specify what kind	-	699	1

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# Section 8 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1974

(Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1973 or 1974.)

# Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974

What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually
kept on this place and used for the farm or ranch business? <i>(Include cars, trucks, tractors,</i>
combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equip-
ment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc.)

Estimated market value
Dollars Cents
701

\$

<b>SELECTED</b> machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1974 ( <i>Report only if used in 1973 or 1974.</i> )	Total number on this place on December 31, 1974	Of the total. HOW MANY were manufactured in the last 5 years (1970-1974)? <i>(Number)</i>
<b>2</b> . Automobiles	702	1
3. Motortrucks (Include pickups.).	703	1
4. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers	704	1
5. Crawler tractors	705	1
6. Grain and bean combines, self-propelled only	706	1
7. Corn heads for combines	707	1
8. Other corn pickers and picker-shellers	708	1
9. Mower conditioners	709	1
<b>10</b> . Pickup balers	710	1
11. Windrowers — pull and self-propelled (Exclude side delivery rakes.)	711	1
12. Field forage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type	712	1

# Section 9 Production EXPENSES paid by you and others for this place in 1974

Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, buy and others for production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performing customwork off this place,	olace.		
operation of non-farm activities, businesses or services and household expenses not	Production expen	ses	
related to the farm business.		Dollars	Cents
<ol> <li>Livestock and poultry purchased—cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, horses, baby chicks, poults, started pullets, etc.</li> </ol>		801 S	
2. Total feed purchased for livestock and poultry—grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds, concentrates, etc.,		802 S	   
a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased - Tons Tenths Dollars	Cents		
complete, supplement, concentrates ( <i>Do not</i> include ingredients purchased separately, such as soybean meal, cottonseed meal, and urea.).	-+     		t t t t t
3. Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees purchased.		808 \$	1
4. Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum ( <i>Report custom application costs in item 8.</i> )		809 S	<del> </del>
<ol> <li>Total gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil purchased for the farm business — Diesel fuel, LP gas, butane, propane, piped gas, kerosene, fuel oil, motor oil, greas</li> </ol>	e, etc	811 S	<del>}</del>   
6. Hired farm labor		821 \$	<del> </del>
7. Contract labor		823 \$	
8. Machine hire and customwork (Include expenditures for this place for use of equipand for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn picking, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, drying, etc.)		824 S	   
9. Agricultural chemicals purchased (Include lime, insecticides, etc. Exclude fertilizer.)		\$ 826 \$	
10. All other production expenses (Include other current operating expenses such as depreciation, taxes, interest, cash rent, insurance, repairs, electricity, purchase of water, etc., for the farm business.)		827	1
11. TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES including expenses paid by landlords, contractors, or others (Add dollars for items 1 through 10 and enter total here.)	->	829 S	

# Section 10 Value of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD from this place in 1974 before taxes and expenses

Report your best estimates of the value of each of the following groups of			
products sold from this place. Include value of landlord's and/or contractor's share, estimating if necessary.	Estimated value of products sold		
	Dollars	Cents	
	831	1	
<b>1</b> . Crops and hay sold ( <i>Do not include nursery and greenhouse products.</i> )	S		
	839	1	
2. Nursery and greenhouse products sold	s	ļ	
<ol> <li>Forest products sold — firewood, fuelwood, fenceposts, sawlogs, Christmas trees, gum for naval stores, standing timber or trees, maple products, etc.</li> </ol>	s		
	852	1	
4. Poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.) sold	\$		
	858	1	
5. Livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.) sold	\$		
	859		
6. TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTS SOLD including value of landlord's and/or contractor's share (Add dollars entered in items 1 through 5 and enter total here.)	s		

Section 11 > INCOME AND EXPENSES from FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1974

Part A — INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES (Report amount received before taxes and expenses.)	None	Farm-related income	
		Dollars	Cents
1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. ( <i>If customwork is a separate business, see Instructions.</i> )		871 \$ 872	
<ol> <li>Recreational services — providing hunting, fishing, picnicking, camping, boarding and lodging, or other recreational facilities on this place</li> </ol>		S 873	       
<b>3</b> . Payments you received for participation in Government farm programs ( <i>Do not include redeemable loans.</i> )		\$ 874	• • • •
<b>4.</b> Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farm land or payments received from lease or sale of allotments ( <i>Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc.</i> )		S 875	     
5. Other business or source which is conducted on or CLOSELY RELATED to the AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS on this place — Specify kind		S	• • • •

Part B EXPENSES FOR FARM-RELATED INCOME SOURCES		Farm-related expenses	
	None	Dollars	Cents
6. For farm-related income sources reported in items 1 through 5, enter the total estimated expenses paid by you and others in 1974 (Include all operating expenses, depreciation, taxes, interest, insurance, etc. Do NOT include expenses already reported in Section 9.)		876	

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PLEASE PRINT

1. Where does the ope charge, of this farm	erator, person in or ranch live?		On this place	2 🗌 Or	n another fa	rm	
		Not	on this place —	3 🛄 In 4 🛄 In	a rural area a city, towr	, not 1, or u	on a farm Irban area
2. Year operator began any part of this plac	n to operate 		Year				
3. Operator's age		905 •	Years old				
<b>4</b> . Operator's race — Mark (X) appropriat	906 1 🗌 Whi ebox 2 🗌 Neg		4 D Mexican A Chicano Mexican (N			Japa Chine Filipi	ese
	3 🗌 Ame		Puerto Rica Cuban Central or S American Other Spar	South	11 🗖		r — :ify what race <b>— X</b>
did the operator s or more) of his work partnerships, consid	ion — At what occupation pend the majority (50 perc c time in 1974? (For der all members of the r.).				E Farming	9	
job, business, or pro	ude work at a nonfarm ofession, or on someone include exchange farm	2	None 1– 49 days 50 – 99 days	5	☐ 100 – 1 ☐ 150 – 1 ☐ 200 da	199 d	lays
off the farm and fro	nich you and your family rece m other sources greater than ucts sold from this place in 19	the total value	le		☐ Yes ☐ No		
8. Person preparing	Name		Date				phone
this report			931 Month	Day	932 Area co	de	Number

# Section 12 FARM OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS

**REMARKS** — Please write your remarks on the outside back cover where we can more readily see and respond to them if required.

# **INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR FORM 74-A2**

# **1974 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE**

# INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO HELP YOU FILL OUT YOUR REPORT

Please remove this sheet and keep it handy for reference while filling out the report. Additional help may be found in copies of the Farm Census Guide, which should be available for reference at U.S.D.A. County offices and other locations in your area. Do NOT return these instructions with your filled out report.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- (1) Who Should Complete This Form All persons receiving this form, including landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and others should complete the first sections. Most people will need to complete the rest of the form. However, some will be able to skip most of it. Follow the directions at the end of Section 2.
- (2) If You Have Multiple Farming Operations A census report form should be fiiled out for each separate and distinct production unit. For example, if you are the sole proprietor of one agricultural operation, the senior partner in an agricultural partnership, and manager of a third agricultural operation, three separate census reports should be filled out and returned by you. A separate report should be made for each agricultural operation (farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc.) for which you maintain separate records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, machinery and equipment, and crop acreages and production. If you need more forms, please let us know.
- (3) If You Don't Have Multiple Farming Operations and You Received Two or More Census of Agriculture Report Forms-Complete only one form for your place. If you received both a green form (74-A1) and a brown form (74 A2) fill out the green form.

Tear off the front covers of any extra forms received, write "Duplicate" beside the extra addresses and return the covers with your completed report so we can correct our address list.

## INSTRUCTIONS AFTER YOU'VE COMPLETED SECTION 3

Now that you've completed Section 3, please read the following instructions.

(4) Complete the Rest of This Form if you reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, and had agricultural operations on that land. Read the instructions beginning with "More General Information" if you need help. Mail the completed form back in the return envelope provided. (Do NOT return this Instruction Sheet.)

### ▶ (5) Do Not Complete The Rest of The Form if --

#### EITHER 4

(a) You reported an acreage in Section 3, item 4, but had no agricultural operations in 1974 on the land.

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(b) All of your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper. (The entry in Section 3, item 4 should be "O" in most cases.) Your renter or sharecropper should have received a report form also and he is required to report the agricultural operations on the land he rents from or works on shares for you. You may be able to help him fill out his report.

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(c) Your only involvement with the agricultural activity was a financial investment and Section 3, item 4 is "0." The operator of that activity will receive a report form to fill out.

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If you are not required to complete the rest of the form --- PLEASE --

(1) Tear off the front cover and page one;

(2) Write a brief explanatory note on the cover describing why you are not a farm operator such as: "Sold farm in 1973," "No crops or livestock," "All land rented out," "Not a farm operator — only have financial interest in some cattle;" and

(3) Mail back the two torn-off sheets in the return envelope found in the centerfold.

## **MORE GENERAL INFORMATION**

- ▶ (6) Partnership Operations → For partnerships, the senior partner should fill out one report form for the entire partnership farming operation. If members of the partnership operate farms on their own, in addition to the partnership, separate reports should be filled out for each individual place. If members of the farming partnership, other than the senior partner, received report forms and they had no farming operations of their own, they should tear off the cover, write a brief explanation such as "Senior partner has filled out report for partnership I have no other farming operations of more nevelope.
- (7) Landlord's or Contractor's Share If you rented or leased land or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, be sure to include on your report the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses, so your Census report will be complete for "This Place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE.

- (8) Filling Out the Report Form There are a few rules that will help us if you follow them.
  - (1) All money figures may be entered in whole dollars. Cents are not required.
  - (2) Enter whole numbers except where tenths are asked for. Where you have 1/2 or 1/4 or 1/3 of an acre or ton, convert these to tenths. For instance, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10, etc.
  - (3) Enter replies in the proper space, on the correct line, and in the units requested; i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc.
  - (4) If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimates.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIED SECTIONS

### Section 3 — Acreage in 1974

The purpose of Section 3 is to establish the land for which you are to report agricultural operations. Report all agricultural land operated by the addressee in 1974--cropland, woodland, pastureland, wasteland, and any other land--not just planted land. Report for all separate pieces of land that are included in this operation, regardless of location.

Market value refers to what you think the land and buildings would sell for under present market conditions.

Item 1 — Land Owned — Include all land associated with agricultural operations in 1974, whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate by you and/or your spouse; or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting. Item 2 — Land Rented (or Leased) FROM OTHERS — Report here any land you rented FROM OTHERS for cash or equivalent or a share of the crops or livestock or used rent free, regardless of whether the landowner supplied any equipment, fertilizer, or other materials or supervised your work. Also include Federal and State land rented or leased by the acre, but not land used on a per-head or animal-unit basis.

Item 3 — Land Rented (or Lessed) TO OTHERS — Report here any land rented TO OTHERS for cash or other consideration or that was worked for you by someone else for a share of the crops or livestock. Include all agricultural land which you owned (or rented from others) but did not use in 1974 because it was rented, leased, or used by others in 1974. Do not include land rented to others for only part of the year if you used it for agricultural operations for the other part.

Item 4 — Acres in "This Place" — This is the land you owned in 1974 PLUS the land you RENTED FROM others, MINUS the land you RENTED TO others. It is very important that you report this figure correctly since it is the net acreage to which the remainder of the form applies, the "Acres in This Place." That is, your report should cover only the operations on the net acreage as reported in item 4.

### Section 5 — Crops

Do not include in your report any crops on land which you rented or leased to others or which was worked on shares by others in 1974. Your report should include only those crops grown on the "Acres in This Place," as reported in Section 3, item 4.

For each applicable crop or group of crops, report the area harvested. Notice that items 1 through 9 and 13 ask for whole acres, while items 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, and 17 ask for acres and tenths, and item 18 should be reported in square feet.

Quantity harvested — Report in the units specified. If your records show a different unit than printed on the form, please convert to the unit shown. A choice of two units is provided for corn and sorghums.

Interplanted crops and "skip-row" planting — If you grew two crops in alternate strips in the same field at the same time, or one crop in a "skip-row" pattern, for each crop report the portion of the field used for that crop.

### Section 6 — Land Use in 1974

All acres included in this place (see entry in Section 3, item 4) should be accounted for. If any acreage was devoted to more than one specified land use during 1974, report the acreage only on the line for the first item which fits. (For example, 10 acres harvested for wheat for grain and subsequently pastured—report the 10 acres only in item 1, Cropland harvested.)

### Section 7 — Livestock and Poultry

Animals to be included in the report — Report all animals on the place on December 31, 1974 **owned by you** or kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced land, grazing on national forest land, grazing on district land or cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management. Include poultry (broilers, layers, turkeys, etc.) fed under contract on "This Place."

Animals to be excluded from the report — Do not report any animals on land rented to others in 1974. Your report should include only animals on the "Acres in This Place" as reported in Section 3, item 4, except as noted above.

Number sold — Report all animals sold or removed from this place including those sold for a landlord or given to a landlord as his share or to others in trade or in payment for goods and services. Include animals of all ages without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts if the animals wei ≥ located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from the place for sale in 1974.

Sales from contract and custom feeding operations — Include animals (including poultry fed under contract) fed on this place on a contract or custom basis if they were removed from the place in 1974.

#### Section 9 — Production Expenses

Report costs incurred for items and services received during 1974 whether or not payment has been made. If you are a tenant farmer or a part-owner, you should report expenditures by landlords for agricultural operations on this place as well as your own expenditures. If you rent part of your land to others, you should report only that money spent for agricultural operations on land you used during 1974 — "Acres in This Place." Estimate the cost of items furnished by contractors.

### ▶ Section 10 — Value of Agricultural Products Sold

The items in this section relate to the agricultural production for the "Acres in This Place." Report the value of all products sold or removed from this place in 1974. Do not deduct any production costs. Include the value of a landlord's or contractor's share.

Report the total gross value of all crops sold from this place in 1974 regardless of the year they were produced, and the value of all poultry, livestock, and their products sold from this place during 1974. Include the full value of any shares given to or sold for landlords and others in payment for services or products, any products raised and sold under contract; any products sold from this place by members of the family of the person in charge of the place; crops sold in the field; crops harvested by the processor; and crops shipped to a central market.

Do not deduct any cost or expenses incurred in producing these products.

**Crops sold** — Include the value of any grains or other agricultural commodities placed or to be placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan or seal and any share given to or sold for land-lords and others.

**Poultry and livestock sales** — If there are entries in the "number sold" column for any items in Section 7, there should be an entry in item 4 and/or 5.

For livestock, poultry, and poultry products produced under contract, report the total market value (estimate if necessary) of those sold or removed from "This Place."

Landlords — If you rent land to others and also operate land yourself, report only those products sold from the part of your land that you operate as your place. Do **not** include crops, animals, or other farm products produced by cash tenants, share tenants, sharecroppers, or renters.

### Section 11— Income and Expenses from Farm-Related Sources

Items 1. 2, and 5 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on this place, and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. **Report** gross amount received before taxes and expenses.

Do not report income or expenses for customwork or agricultural services provided for others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

### Section 12 — Farm Operator Characteristics

Report this information for the person who is responsible for the agricultural activities on this place. Normally, this is the person who does the work or directly supervises the work. He may be an owner, tenant, sharecropper, etc.

For partnerships, report information for the partner mainly in charge, or if in doubt, report for the eldest.

### GENERAL

(1) If additional forms are needed, write to the —

Bureau of the Census Agriculture Branch 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47130

(2) To avoid unnecessary follow-ups, please complete the form and return it as soon as possible. Response to this inquiry is required by law (Title 13, U.S. Code).