APPENDIX A. General Explanation

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TAKING THE CENSUS

Method of Enumeration

All censuses beginning with the 1969 census have been conducted primarily by mail. The 1978 census was the only census to include a mailout/mailback enumeration supplemented by the direct interview of all households in a sample of area segments. This combination of the mailout/mailback enumeration plus the area sample was used in 1978 to improve completeness of coverage for U.S., regional, and State level agriculture census statistics. Due to budget reductions, the area sample was eliminated in 1982.

In censuses prior to the 1969 census, enumerators were assigned to specific areas and called on all farm operators within each area. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration date to each boxholder served by post offices in predominantly rural areas and farmers were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up.

The mailout/mailback enumeration procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct enumeration methods used there appears in the reports for these outlying areas. A description of the special direct enumeration of citrus caretakers is included in the **Definitions and Explanations** section.

Mail List

The mail list for the 1982 census was comprised of all individuals, businesses, and organizations that could be readily identified as being associated with agriculture. The list was assembled from the records of the 1978 census and administrative records of various government agencies, primarily the Internal Revenue Service and the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA).

Lists of large or specialized operations, such as nurseries, specialty crop farms, broiler growers, fish farms, livestock farms, and cattle feedlot operations, were obtained from State and Federal agencies, trade associations, and similar organizations. Lists of multiestablishment companies having one or more establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products were obtained from the 1978 census and updated using information from the Standard Statistical Establishment List maintained by the Census Bureau.

A preliminary census mail list was assembled using names and addresses from the 1978 census and administrative source lists available in September 1981. Those records which were less likely to be farms were included in the 1982 Farm and Ranch Identification Survey. Approximately 3 million farm and ranch forms were mailed in March 1982 to names which appeared on only one source list or selected combinations of lists which had yielded a low percentage of farm operators in the 1978 census. As a result of this survey, nonfarm names and addresses were deleted from the census mail list, new tenant and successor operations were added, and the names, addresses, and size information were updated for the identified active farm operators.

The final census mail list was developed using results of the 1982 Farm and Ranch Identification Survey, names and addresses from the unduplicated preliminary list that were retained without precensus verification, and new or updated source lists acquired after the preliminary unduplication. The preliminary and final census mail lists were both constructed by merging and unduplicating the names and addresses from the various source lists on the basis of Employer Identification numbers, Social Security numbers, and names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the administrative source lists was assigned a geographic code indicating the State and county location of the operation and a size code indicating an estimated value of sales. Most duplicates were identified and resolved prior to mailing. Other duplicate names were either reported by respondents or located during office processing.

Report Forms

In 1982, 12 regional report form versions were used. These forms were tailored primarily in sections 2 through 8 to list crops commonly produced in one or more States, and in section 15 to list livestock specialties produced. These modifications were made to enhance reporting of crop and livestock data and to reduce respondent burden.

Two report form versions were used to minimize the reporting burden, particularly for small farms. Approximately 75 percent of all farms received the 4-page nonsample form covering major items such as land use, crops, livestock and poultry, market value of agricultural products sold, and operator characteristics. The 5-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. The sample form contained all the items asked on the nonsample form plus the sample items (sections 22 through 28).

The sample form and the information sheet appear in appendix C. The **Statistical Adjustments** section of this appendix includes a discussion of the criteria used to determine whether the sample or nonsample form was to be mailed to addressees.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed in late December 1982 to the approximately 3,653,000 individuals, businesses, and organizations on the mail list. The information sheet containing instructions for completing the form and a brochure explaining the uses of the census data were included with each report form. Additional special instructions were included with report forms sent to grazing associations; feedlot operations; institutional organizations; and producers of poultry under contract, bees and honey, fish, laboratory animals, worms, and nursery and greenhouse products.

In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, copies of an Agriculture Census Guide booklet were sent to county agricultural agencies, institutions, or businesses to whom farmers might turn for help. Included were vocational agriculture instructors, and USDA county offices—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Farmers Home Administration, Soil Conservation Service, and Cooperative Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies graciously consented to assist farmers in completing their report forms if requested.

Followup Procedures

The data collection effort included a reminder card and five followup letters, two of which were accompanied by a report form. Followup reminders were sent to nonrespondents on a flow basis at 3- to 4-week intervals starting in late February and continuing until late June 1983. In early April 1983, an additional followup letter was sent to nonrespondents in low response counties in 14 States.

Telephone calls were made to nonrespondents who were expected to have large operations (those with expected sales of \$100,000 or more) or who were located in low response counties. A nonresponse adjustment procedure was used to represent the final nonrespondent farms in the census results. A description of this procedure is included in the Statistical Adjustments section.

DATA PROCESSING

Selected report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data onto magnetic tape. These included reports with attached correspondence, and reports with remarks or no positive data on the front page. All new successors reported by former operators were researched to see if they had already been included in the census mailing. Report forms were mailed to successor addresses not located on the mail file. This processing improved the coverage of the census.

The data for each report form were subjected to a detailed item-by-item computer edit. The edit performed comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected erroneous or inconsistent data, supplied missing data based on similar farms within the same county, and assigned farm classification codes necessary for tabulating the data. Significant computergenerated changes to the data were reviewed and verified.

In the computer edit, farms with sales, acreage, or commodities exceeding specified levels were tested for historical comparability. Key items, such as acreage and sales, were compared for significant changes between 1978 and 1982. Sizeable historical differences were resolved or verified, by telephone if necessary.

Respondents who reported sales or acreage above specified levels on nonsample forms were sent correspondence requesting the additional sample data. Report forms with reported sales of \$1,000,000 or more or 30,000 acres or more, and other selected problem reports were reviewed by statisticians in the Agriculture Division. Problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contacting the respondents by telephone or correspondence.

Prior to publication, tabulated totals were reviewed by statisticians to identify any inconsistencies and potential coverage problems. Comparisons were made with previous census data, estimates published by the USDA and other available check data. Selected report forms were reviewed and problem entries were either verified as being correct or the data were corrected.

MAJOR DATA CHANGES

The content of the 1982 census report form is similar to that of the 1978 form. To limit respondent burden, the 1978 and 1982 forms included only data items needed at the county level, either on a complete or sample basis. The 1978 census data items which were eliminated from the 1982 form include:

Land held under foreign ownership Gallons purchased of gasoline; diesel fuel; LP gas, butane and propane; and fuel oil Animal health costs for livestock and poultry

The following new data items were added to the 1982 report form:

Interest expense for the farm business Source of irrigation water Year in which the operator began to operate the farm

More extensive data on Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loans were collected in 1982.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The following definitions and explanations provide a more detailed description of the terms used in this publication than are available in the tables or on the report form. For an exact wording of the questions on the 1982 census report forms and the information sheet which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

Most definitions of terms are the same as those used in earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are also noted here.

Farms or farms reporting-The term "farms" or "farms reporting" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there are 3,710 tarms in a State and 842 of them had 28,594 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Land in farms-The acreage designated in the tables as "land in "farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation or used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All grazing land, except land used under government permits on a per-head basis, was included as "land in farms" provided it was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate land area of counties and States shown for 1982 represents the total land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1983. The county land areas were remeasured in 1980. The previous county measurements were done in 1940. Any differences between the land area in 1982 and 1978 are due to these new measurements, annexations, and other changes affecting county boundaries.

Land in two or more counties—With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually the county containing all or the largest proportion of the land in the farm or viewed by the respondent as his/her principal county. For a limited number of Midwest and Western States, this procedure has resulted in the allocation of more land in farms to a county than the total land area of the county. To minimize this distortion, separate reports were required for large farms identified from the 1978 census as having more than one farm unit. Other reports received showing land in more than one county were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals.

Value of land and buildings-Respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under current market conditions. If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated using the average value of land and buildings from a similar farm in the same geographic area.

Harvested cropland—This category includes land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, nurseries, and greenhouses. Land from which two or more crops were harvested was counted only once, even though there was more than one use of the land.

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing-This category includes land used only for pasture or grazing that could have been used for crops without additional improvement, and all land planted in crops that were grazed before the crops reached maturity. Also included was all cropland used for rotation pasture and land in government diversion programs that were pastured. However, cropland that was pastured after crops were harvested was not to be included.

Other cropland—This category includes cropland used only for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, cultivated summer fallow, idle cropland, and land planted in crops that were to be harvested after the census year.

Total woodland—This category includes natural or planted woodlots or timber tracts, cutover and deforested land with young growth which has or will have value for wood products, and land planted for Christmas tree production. Land covered by sagebrush or mesquite was to be reported as other pastureland and rangeland or other land.

Woodland pastured—This category includes all woodland used for pasture or grazing during the census year. Woodland or forest land pastured under a per-head grazing permit was not counted as land in farms and therefore was not included in woodland pastured.

Other land—This category includes land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In 1974, for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, this category included pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pastured in addition to land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, and wasteland.

Land set aside in federal farm programs—This land includes land diverted or set aside under the provisions of the Federal Commodity Acreage Reduction Program. These data are for the acres of cropland taken out of production by growers of wheat, cotton, rice, corn, sorghum, barley, and oats, and devoted to conservation uses. No information was obtained as to which crops would have been grown on the acres set aside.

Irrigated land-This category includes all land watered by any artificial or controlled means, such as sprinklers, furrows or ditches, and spreader dikes. Included are supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. Each acre was to be counted only once regardless of the number of times it was irrigated or harvested.

Operator-The term "operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work or making day-to-day decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, feeding, marketing, etc. The operator may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If a person rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he/she is considered the operator only of the land which is retained for his/her own operation. For partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. If there is no clear-cut partner in charge, then the senior or oldest active partner is considered the operator. For census purposes, the number of operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the report form, but another family member, a partner, or a hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

Operator characteristics—Data on characteristics such as residence, race, Spanish origin, age, sex, principal occupation, and off-farm work were collected from all operators in 1982. If

operator characteristics of race, age, sex, and principal occupation were not reported, they were derived based on information reported by farms with similar acreage size, tenure, and sales size. No imputations were made for nonresponse to place of residence, Spanish origin, off-farm work, or year began operation. For the 1982 and 1978 censuses, operators of Spanish origin were tabulated by reported race. Prior censuses included Spanish origin as "White" whenever separate data for the White race were shown.

Selected farm production expenses—Since only selected production expenses incurred in 1982 were requested, the expense data cannot be used in combination with gross sales to calculate net cash farm income. The 1979 Farm Finance Survey provided estimates on net cash farm income.

In 1982, as in other recent censuses, operators producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract frequently failed to report certain expenditure data. They often were unable or unwilling to estimate the cost of production inputs furnished by the contractors. As a consequence, the rate of imputation of expenditure data for these operations is considerably higher than it is for noncontract producers.

Commercial fertilizer—The expense for commercial fertilizer is the amount spent on fertilizer during 1982, excluding the cost of application. Some fertilizer purchased in 1982 may not have been applied during the year. If the fertilizer was applied by someone other than the operator, respondents were requested to report the cost of application as an expense for customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment.

Other agricultural chemicals—These expenses include the cost of all insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and other pesticides, excluding costs of application. Data exclude commercial fertilizer purchased. The cost of lime is included in the 1978 data, but excluded from 1982.

Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment—These expenses include costs incurred for having customwork done on the place and for renting machines to perform agricultural operations. The cost of cotton ginning is excluded. The cost of labor involved in the customwork service is included in the customwork expense. The cost of labor for operating rented or hired machinery is included as a hired farm and ranch labor expense.

Interest expense—Only the interest expense for the farm business was to be reported. Although instructions requested that interest on the owner/operator dwelling be excluded when separate records were available, it is probable that an undetermined amount of such nonfarm business interest was also reported.

Energy and petroleum products—Respondents were asked to report only those expenses pertaining to the operation of the farm business.

Storage capacity—This category applies to those farms reporting expenditures for the specific kind of fuel. The storage capacity was to be reported even if not used during the census year.

Farms with storage capacity reported as "no"—This category includes farm operators with expenditures for a specific kind of fuel who also checked the "none" box for storage capacity. See appendix C, section 26, Expenditures for Energy.

Market value of agricultural products sold—This category represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenses of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1982 regardless of who received the payment. It includes sales by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors, or others associated with the operation. In addition, it includes the loan value received in 1982 for placing commodities in the CCC loan program. This ensures comparability with prior census years for market value of agricultural products sold.

The value of agricultural products sold represents total sales of all crops, including nursery products sold, and livestock, poultry, and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as customwork or agricultural services, or income from nonfarm sources. Sales of forest products were not included in 1978 or 1982; but were included in 1974.

The value of crops sold in 1982 does not necessarily represent the sales from crops harvested in 1982. Data may include sales from crops produced in earlier years and exclude some crops produced in 1982, but held in storage and not sold. For commodities, such as sugar beets and wool, sold through a co-op which made payments in several installments, respondents were requested to report only the total value received in 1982.

The value of agricultural products sold was collected from all operators. If the operator failed to report, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the number of livestock or poultry sold. Extensive estimation was required for operators growing crops or livestock under contract.

Caution should be used when comparing sales in 1982 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the fluctuations in perunit prices between census years.

Income from machine work, customwork, and other agricultural services—This category consists of gross income received during 1982 by farm operators for providing services for others such as planting, plowing, spraying, harvesting, etc. Income from machine work and other agricultural services is generally included in the agriculture census if it is supplemental to the farming operation. However, it is excluded if it constitutes a separate establishment or is conducted from another location. The agricultural services part of a farming operation was generally considered a separate establishment when income from agricultural services was \$10,000 or more and greater than the value of agricultural products sold. Due to legislative restrictions, data for establishments primarily engaged in agricultural services were not collected in 1982.

Agricultural chemicals used, including fertilizer and lime-For each type of agricultural chemical, the acres treated were to be reported only once. If multipurpose chemicals were used, the acres treated for each purpose were to be reported.

Fish and other aquacultural products—The raising of fish and other aquacultural products in captivity is included in the agriculture census. Production in salt water is considered not to be in captivity and is excluded from the census. The value of fish and other aquacultural products sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "other livestock and livestock products."

Bees and honey—Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area. The completeness and accuracy of these data are affected by the fact that some bee operations may not have been on the mail list and some operators on the mail list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Citrus enumeration-In the 1982 census, reports for selected citrus caretakers in Arizona, Florida, and Texas were obtained by direct enumeration. A citrus caretaker is an organization or person caring for or managing citrus groves for others. This special enumeration has been used in recent censuses because of the difficulty in identifying and enumerating absentee grove owners who often do not know the information that is needed to adequately complete the census report. Each citrus caretaker was enumerated as a farm operator and requested to complete one report form for all groves cared for and to furnish a list of grove owners' names, addresses, and acres of citrus. The names on the lists were matched to completed grove owners' report forms to eliminate duplication. The caretaker was also requested to inform the grove owner that he had already reported for the citrus under his care and that the grove owner was not to report the citrus again. In the 1982 census, 8 caretakers in Arizona reported 210 grove owners having 13,000 acres of citrus; the 99 caretakers in Florida reported 5,900 grove owners having 250,000 acres of citrus; and 21 caretakers in Texas reported 1,500 grove owners having 30,000 acres of citrus.

Crop year or season covered-Acres and quantity harvested are for the calendar year 1982 except for citrus fruits, avocados, olives; vegetables in Florida; sugarcane in Florida and Texas; and pineapples and coffee in Hawaii.

Citrus fruits—The data for Florida relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through July 1982 harvest season, except limes that were harvested in the April 1982 through March 1983 harvest season. The data for Texas relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through May 1982 harvest season. The data for States, other than Florida and Texas, relate to the quantity harvested in the 1981-82 harvest season.

Avocados-The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the November 1981 through November 1982 harvest season and for Florida the April 1982 through March 1983 harvest season.

Olives—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through March 1982 harvest season.

Vegetables—The data for Florida relate to the crop harvested in the September 1981 through August 1982 harvest season.

Sugarcane for sugar-The data for Florida relate to the cuttings from November 1981 through April 1982, and for Texas the cuttings from October 1981 through April 1982. *Pineapples*—The data for Hawaii relate to the quantity harvested in the year ending May 31, 1982.

Coffee-The data for Hawaii relate to the 1981-82 crop.

Acres and quantity harvested—Crops were reported in whole acres, except for the following crops which were reported in 10ths of acres: Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, tobacco, fruit and nut crops including land in orchards, berries, vegetables, and nursery and greenhouse products; and in Hawaii, taro, ginger root, and lotus root. Totals for crops reported in 10ths of acres were rounded to whole acres at the aggregate level during the tabulation process.

If two or more crops were harvested from the same land during the year, the acres would be counted for each crop. Therefore, the total acres of all crops harvested generally exceeds the acres of cropland harvested. The exception to this procedure is hay crops. When more than one cutting of hay was taken from the same acres, the acres are counted only once but the quantity harvested includes all cuttings. However, hay cut for both dry hay and green crop or silage would be reported for each applicable crop. For interplanted crops or "skip-row" crops, acres were to be reported according to the portion of the field occupied by each crop.

If a crop was planted but not harvested, the acres were not to be reported as harvested. These acres were to be reported in the "land use" section under the appropriate cropland items-cropland used only for pasture or grazing, cropland used for cover crops, cropland on which all crops failed, or cropland idle.

Corn and sorghum hogged or grazed were to be reported as "cropland harvested" and not as "cropland used only for pasture or grazing." Crop residue left in fields and later hogged or grazed was not to be reported as cropland pasture.

Quantity harvested was not obtained for crops such as vegetables; nursery and greenhouse products; corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed; and sorghum, hogged or grazed.

Acres of land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees were to be reported as harvested cropland regardless of whether the crop was harvested or failed. However, abandoned orchards were to be reported as cropland idle, not as harvested cropland and the individual abandoned orchard crop acres were not to be reported.

Land in orchards-This category includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 total fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or grapevines.

Crop units of measure—The regional report forms allowed the operator to report the quantity of field crops harvested in a unit of measure commonly used in the region. When the operator reported in a unit of measure different than the unit of measure published, the quantity harvested was converted to the published unit of measure.

Grapes could be reported in dry weight or fresh weight; plums and prunes in fresh weight or prunes in dry weight; and in Hawaii, coffee in pounds parchment or pounds cherry, and macadamia nuts in pounds husked, unshelled or pounds shelled. For other fruit and nut crops and citrus, the operator was given a choice of units of measure of pounds, tons, or boxes. The quantity harvested for these crops is published in pounds. Write-in crops—To reduce the length of the report form, only the major crops for the region were prelisted. For other crops, the respondent was requested to look at a list of crops in each section and write in the crop name and its code. For crops that had no individual code listed on the report form, the respondent was to write in the crop name and code the crop into the appropriate "all other" category for that section. Write-in crops coded as "all other" were reviewed and assigned a specific code when possible. Crops not assigned a specific code were left in the appropriate "all other" category.

In some cases, the reviewers were unable to determine the specific crop reported by the respondent because of incomplete or generalized crop names. To ensure proper coding, most of these respondents were telephoned. Reports for those not telephoned were changed on the basis of other reports for the area.

Misreported or miscoded crops—In a few instances, tabulated data may be inaccurate because respondents misunderstood or misinterpreted questions on the report form. Data may have been reported on the wrong line or in the wrong section, or the wrong crop code may have been placed beside the name of a write-in crop. Some of these errors as well as some keying errors may not have been identified during processing and therefore were not corrected. Reports with significant acres of unusual crops for the area were examined to minimize the possibility that they were in error.

Changes in crop wording—Changes were made to the wording of selected crop items on the 1982 census forms. These items are listed with the wording used in 1978. The 1982 and 1978 data are comparable for all items, except improved pecans and wild and seedling pecans which were combined.

Dry edible beans, excluding dry limas-The 1978 wording was "dry field and seed beans."

Dry edible peas-The 1978 wording was "dry field and seed peas". Dry edible peas exclude Austrian winter peas, wrinkled seed peas, and southern peas or cowpeas.

Green cowpeas and green southern peas; cowpeas and southern peas for dry peas-The wording for these items was changed for 1982 to include the term "southern peas," a more common term for cowpeas.

Honey tangerines-The 1978 wording was "murcotts.".

Other tangerines-The 1978 wording was "tangerines and mandarins."

Pecans—The 1978 categories "improved pecans" and "wild and seedling pecans" have been combined into "pecans" for 1982.

"See text" References

Items in the tables which carry the note "See text" are explained or defined in this section.

Data are based on a sample of farms-For 1982 and 1978, selected data were collected from only a sample of farms. These data are subject to sampling error. For 1982, the 5-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. Sample sections 22 through 28 of the 1982 census forms include inquiries on commercial fertilizer and lime, chemicals, interest expense, machinery and equipment, expenditures for energy and petroleum products, selected production expenses, and value of land and buildings. Estimates of the reliability of county totals for selected items are shown in table E.

Principal source of irrigation water—The acres irrigated by principal source were derived based on reported percentages of water obtained by source. See appendix C for an example of section 11, Land Irrigated. When irrigation water was obtained from two or more sources, the acres irrigated were included only once under the source from which the largest percentage of water was obtained.

1974 data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships—For 1974, farm operator characteristics were not collected from corporations, cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations. For 1982 and 1978, characteristics and occupation of the senior partner or person in charge were collected from all farms.

Farms operated by Black and other races-This category includes Blacks, American Indians, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and all other racial groups other than White.

All other races-This category is primarily limited to persons native to or of ancestry from Mexico, the Caribbean, and Central and South America.

Farms reporting no interest expense-This category includes only reports without dollars reported and the "no" box checked for the yes/no screening question in section 24. See appendix C for an example of section 24, Interest Expense.

Total sales—This item represents the gross market value of all agricultural products sold before taxes and expenses in the census year including livestock, poultry, and their products; and crops, including nursery products, and hay. Respondents were asked to include landlords' and contractors' shares. As in prior census years, the value of commodities placed in CCC loans are included as sold. Sales of forest products were not included in 1978 or 1982. The 1974 data included sales of forest products from those places qualifying as farms through other agricultural production.

Farms with sales of less than \$2,500—In 1982 and 1978, this category included all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$2,500. In 1974, farms with sales of less than \$2,500 but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over are included in the category "\$2,500 to \$4,999."

Farms with sales of less than \$1,000-This category includes all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$1,000 but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

Abnormal farms-This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, peni-

tentiaries, churches, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. In prior censuses, a number of nongovernmental units such as church farms and FFA camps were classified as abnormal farms. In 1982, such nongovernmental units were classified as abnormal farms only when 50 percent or more of their products produced and intended for human consumption were utilized by the organization.

Value of agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption—This category represents the value of agricultural products produced and sold directly to individuals for human consumption from roadside stands, farmers' markets, pick-your-own sites, etc. It excludes nonedible products such as nursery products, cut flowers, wool, etc. Sales of agricultural products by vertically integrated operations through their own processing and marketing operations were excluded.

Other livestock and livestock products—This category includes all livestock and livestock products not listed separately.

Value of livestock and poultry on farms—Data for the value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the inventory of each major age and sex group by State average prices. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, angora goats, hens and pullets of laying age, and turkeys were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service, USDA. Prices applied to other livestock and poultry were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales in the census.

Poultry hatched—This category includes all poultry hatched during the year and placed or sold. Incubator egg capacity on December 31, 1982, is tabulated under the column heading Inventory and the number of poultry hatched is under the heading Sales.

Worms-Worm inventory consists of the number of standard worm beds in production. A standard worm bed is considered to be 24 cubic feet. Sales of worms are shown in pounds. Sales of worm castings are included in other livestock products sold.

Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.-Data shown for hay represent all hay crops, including grass silage, haylage, and hay crops cut and fed green (green chop). In production data, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dry weight equivalents for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons of green weight to 1 ton of dry weight.

Tame hay other than alfalfa, small grain, and wild hay-Data shown represent dry tons of hay harvested from clover, lespedeza, timothy, Bermuda grass, Sudan grass, and other types of legume and tame grasses.

Grass silage, haylage, and green chop hay-The 1978 categories "grass silage and haylage" and "hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)" have been combined into "grass silage, haylage, and green chop hay" in 1982.

Grapes-Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of grapes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of grapes harvested have been converted to pounds fresh weight. The conversion used was 4.3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Plums and prunes—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of plums and prunes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of plums and prunes harvested have been converted to pounds fresh weight. The conversion used was 3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Almonds-In 1982, the quantity of almonds harvested was reported in pounds of meats. For 1978, the quantity harvested was reported in the shell.

Other fruits and nuts-Data shown for other fruits and nuts relate to any fruits and nuts not having a specific code on the 1982 report form.

Land used for vegetables—Data are for the total land used for vegetable crops. The acres are reported only once, even though two or more harvests of a vegetable or more than one vegetable were harvested from the same acres.

Vegetables harvested for sale-The acres of vegetables harvested is the summation of the acres of individual vegetables harvested. All of the individual vegetable items may not be shown.

Nursery and greenhouse products grown for sale—These data are a summation of the individual items reported. All of the individual items may not be shown.

Other grains—These data are for the total market value of other grains sold including dry edible beans, dry lima beans, buckwheat, cowpeas and southern peas for dry peas, emmer and spelt, flaxseed, mixed grains, lentils, mustard seed, dry edible peas, popcorn, proso millet, rice, rye for grain, safflower, sunflower seed, triticale, and wild rice.

Value of crop production—This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1982 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated value per unit by the reported acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of prices per unit. If only acres harvested were reported, State estimates for value of production per acre were used. The State average production price and production value per acre used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications of the Statistical Reporting Service, USDA. When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondent report forms, county extension agents, and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

FARMS CLASSIFIED BY SPECIFIED CHARACTERISTICS

State tables 44 through 50 present detailed 1982 data for all farms classified by specified characteristics-tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. Other tables include data classified by value of sales groups, or other characteristics of the farm or the operator.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold or value of sales-In 1982, all farms except abnormal farms were tabulated by size based on reported sales. Thus, the category "farms with sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999" included only farms with actual sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999. Abnormal farms were not tabulated based on actual or potential sales. The category "farms with sales of less than \$1,000" included all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$1,000 but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

The sales size categories have been changed to be consistent with the standard business size categories issued by the Office of Management and Budget in 1982. Sales size categories "\$100,000 to \$249,999" and "\$250,000 to \$499,999" are used in this report; whereas, sales size categories "\$100,000 to \$199,999" and "\$200,000 to \$499,999" were used in prior censuses. In State table 11 and county table 3, the 1978 census data have been retabulated into the new sales size categories.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure used in the 1982 census were:

Full owners, who operate only land they own.

- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others.
- *Tenants,* who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization-All farms were classified by type of organization in the 1982 census. The classifications used were:

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.

Partnership operation, including family partnership.

Corporation, including family corporation.

Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, institutional farm, etc.

Corporations were subclassified by two additional characteristics into:

- a. Family held Other than family held
- b. More than 10 stockholders 10 or less stockholders

Farms by age and principal occupation of operator—Data on age and principal occupation were obtained from all operators in 1982. The principal occupation classifications used were:

Farming—The operator spent 50 percent or more of his/her worktime in 1982 in farming or ranching.

Other—The operator spent more than 50 percent of his/her worktime in 1982 in occupations other than farming or ranching.

Farms by size—All farms were classified into selected size groups according to the total land area in the farm. The land area of a farm is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land rented to or assigned to a tenant was considered the tenant's farm and not the owner's.

Farms by standard industrial classification-In 1982, all agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) were classified by type of activity or activities using the standard industrial classification (SIC) system. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual¹, are used to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 4-digit industry and 3-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural products. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment is less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group. Otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Characteristics of all farms by selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 15 and 50. The SIC groupings shown in State table 50, together with the associated products (value of sales representing 50 percent or more of the value of agricultural products sold during the year) on which the classification is based, are as follows:

Cash grains (011)—Wheat, rice, corn, soybeans, barley, buckwheat, cowpeas, dry field and seed beans and peas, emmer, field seeds, flaxseed, lentils, mustard seed, oats, popcorn, rye, safflower, sorghum, and other small grains.

Cotton (0131)-Cotton and cottonseed.

Tobacco (0132)-Tobacco.

Sugar crops, Irish potatoes, hay, peanuts, and other field crops (0133, 0134, 0139)-Sugarcane, sugar beets, Irish potatoes, alfalfa, broomcorn, clover, flax, hay, hops, mint, peanuts, sweetpotatoes, and timothy.

Vegetables and melons (016)-Vegetables and melons grown in the open.

Fruits and tree nuts (017)—Berries, grapes, tree nuts, citrus fruits, deciduous tree fruits, avocados, dates, figs, olives, pineapples, and tropical fruit.

Horticultural specialties (018)—Ornamental plants; nursery products, such as bulbs, florists' greens, flowers, shrubbery, flower and vegetable seeds and plants, and sod; mushrooms and vegetables grown under cover.

General farms, primarily crops (019)-Crops, including horticultural specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single 3-digit industry group. Includes farms with no agricultural products sold reporting cropland harvested or cropland on which all crops failed.

Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties (021)-Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, goat's milk, wool, and mohair.

¹ Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

Beef cattle, except feedlots (0212)-Production or feeding of beef cattle, except feedlots.

Dairy farms (024)-Production of cows' milk and other dairy products and raising of dairy heifer replacements.

Poultry and eggs (025)—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, duck, geese, pheasants, pigeons, and quail.

Animal specialties (027)—Fur-bearing animals, rabbits, horses, ponies, bees, fish in captivity except fish hatcheries, worms, and laboratory animals.

General farms, primarily livestock (029)-Livestock and livestock products, including animal specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single 3-digit industry group. Includes farms with no agricultural products sold reporting livestock or pasture.

STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENTS

The 1982 Census of Agriculture used two types of statistical adjustments—nonresponse and sample. These adjustments were necessary because, as noted previously, not all farms were surveyed for all items and some farms failed to respond to the numerous attempts to contact them.

Nonresponse

Farms for which no response was obtained from the mailout/ mailback self-enumeration procedure were classified as "large" or "small" based on expected sales being above or below \$100,000. The small nonrespondents were classified even further using other mail list characteristics.

A short report form was then sent to a sample selected from the various classifications of small farms to obtain information needed to develop a State estimate of the number of nonrespondents that were in fact farms. If this second report form was not returned, then a telephone follow-up was attempted.

For all large farms, a telephone follow-up was conducted. Some operators could not be contacted or they refused to cooperate. In these cases, secondary sources such as ASCS county offices, extension agents, and previous census reports were utilized whenever possible to provide reports for tabulation.

State estimates of the percentage of nonrespondent farms were made for several strata. These estimates were then used to make estimates at the county level for each stratum. Respondent farms were then randomly selected within county stratum to represent the nonrespondent farms by having a nonresponse weight of two. All other respondent farms had a nonresponse weight of one.

The nonresponse adjustment procedure makes the assumption that the respondents and the nonrespondents have similar statistical properties. Also, the use of secondary sources for some large farms and the fact that a percentage of the sampled farms were not contacted by either mail or telephone is assumed not to affect the estimates for nonrespondents.

Table A partially measures the effect of nonresponse on selected major items at the State level. This estimate of the nonresponse rate measures only the effect of small whole farm nonresponse. The effect of the adjustment for nonresponse due to complete nonresponse among large farms and item nonresponse among all farms is not included in table A. The percentages in table A indicate the potential for bias in published figures resulting from small farm nonresponse. However, large farm nonresponse does not necessarily indicate bias. Individual county nonresponse rates may differ substantially from the State value in table A.

Sample

Report forms containing additional sample inquiries (sections 22 through 28) were mailed to all farms in Alaska and Hawaii and to a sample of farms identified when the mail list was constructed. Other farms were selected into the sample with certainty because they were expected to be "large," to have a complex organizational structure, or to have special characteristics. The definition of large varied by State, from a low of 1,000 acres or \$100,000 sales to a high of 10,000 acres or \$500,000 sales. The median State level for the continental United States was 1,800 for acres and \$150,000 for sales. Large farms identified during processing also were included with certainty by sending the respondents a supplemental form containing only sample questions. In addition to large farms, all farms in counties containing less than 100 farms in 1978 and all farms in SIC groups with a small number of farms at the State level in 1978 were included in the sample with certainty. Farms in counties containing 100 to 199 farms in 1978 were sampled at a rate of 1 in 2. Farms in counties containing 200 or more farms in 1978 were sampled at a rate of 1 in 6.

The noncertainty samples were stratified into 128 strata formed by the 8 sales groups, 8 SIC groups, and 2 acre groups.

Sales	SIC	Acres
\$1 to \$999	011	0 to 69
\$1,000 to \$2,499	013	70 or more
\$2,500 to \$4,999	016, 018	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	017, 019	
\$10,000 to \$19,999	024, 021, except 0212	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	0212, 027	
\$40,000 to \$99,999	025	
\$100,000 or more	029	

This post-stratification was done to improve precision and to reduce the bias in all estimates by weighting the sample farms within stratum by the ratio of total farms to sample farms. If the calculated weight was greater than 12 in counties sampled at a rate of 1 in 6, or greater than 4 in counties sampled at a rate of 1 in 2, then the post-stratum was collapsed into another post-stratum. Collapsing of post-stratum also occurred if the stratum contained fewer than 10 sample farms.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment of Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1982

ltem	Percent of total
Farmsnumber.	7.0
Land in farms	2.0
Value of land and buildings\$1,000	2.4
Market value of agricultural products sold\$1,000.	1.3
Harvested cropland	2.8
Corn for grain or seedacres.	5.3
Wheat for grainacres	4.9
Cattle and calves	2.6 7.1
Hens and pullets of laying agenumber.	0.7

Estimates were prepared for items in sections 22 through 28 of the report form by multiplying the data item for each farm in the sample by the sample weight assigned the farm. The weight for a certainty farm was 1. Sample weights for the final post-strata ranged from 1 to 24 because all exact weights (census total number of farms divided by the number of sample farms in the stratum) were converted to integers by a simple algorithm and then multiplied by 1 or 2 (the nonresponse weight).

NONSAMPLING ERRORS

Each census or survey is subject to error. In addition to sampling variability, errors arise from nonsample sources such as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing, and the inability to obtain a report from each eligible reporting unit. For example, an operator may report the number of hogs and pigs sold but may not report the value of the sale. In other cases, the respondent indicated the presence of an item but not the quantity. The accuracy of a census count is determined by the joint effects of sampling and nonsampling errors. Thus, extensive efforts were made to keep errors introduced during clerical and electronic processing to a minimum level through the use of quality control, verification, and check measures on specific operations.

CENSUS COVERAGE

Although a complete and accurate count of farms, land in farms, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be included, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of operators to the farm operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete list of agricultural operations, the difficulty of locating and identifying some types of farms, the operator's absence from the farm during the data collection period, and the operator's opinion that part or all of the operation does not qualify and should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although the primary purpose of these evaluations is to identify problem areas and supply evidence as a basis for improvements, they also provide users of census data with estimates of the completeness of the census counts. The results of the coverage evaluation study were published for the 1978 census in Volume 5, Special Reports, part 3. An evaluation of coverage was conducted in 1982 to measure the extent of the undercount and overcount of farms in the census. A description of this evaluation will be in a separate **Coverage Evaluation** report. This report includes estimates of the net percentage of all farms, acres, and sales missed in the census.

Classification Problems

In 1978, the proportion of farms missed due to misclassification (1.8 percent) was higher for farms with small values of sales. The rate of misclassification was higher on (1) crop farms than livestock farms, (2) farms with a small number of acres than larger farms, or (3) tenant farms than full or part-owner farms. Full owners were misclassified more often than part owners. Farm operators over 55 years of age were misclassified more often than younger operators. An evaluation study of classification errors was conducted in the 1982 Census of Agriculture and will be reported in **Coverage Evaluation.** A sample of mail list respondents was selected, and these addresses reenumerated to determine whether they were a farm or nonfarm. Two types of errors were identified; missed farms and overcounted farms. Missed farms were farm operations included on the mail list but classified in the census as nonfarms. Overcounted operations were nonfarm operations classified in the census as farms.

Mail List Problems

A major problem with the use of a mail list is the failure to include all farms on the list. In 1978, approximately 10.8 percent of all farms were not included on the census mail list. There were several reasons for the farm operator's names not being included on the mail list—the operation may have been started after the mail list source was developed; the operation may not have been included on any source list used to construct the mail list; or the operation may have been removed from the list because of incorrectly identifying duplicates or falsely classifying it as a nonfarm prior to mailout.

A great many of the farms not included on the mail list were small in both acres and sales. The operator in many cases had a full time off-farm job and farmed part time. In 1978, the average size of farms and sales for all farms and farms not on mail list is given below.

	Average size			
	All farms	Farms not on mail list		
Land (acres)	415 \$43,618			

RELIABILITY OF CENSUS ESTIMATES

The sources of possible sampling and nonsampling errors have been previously discussed. Some sources affected all the data; others affected only certain items or geographic levels. The results of these errors, bias and increased variability, are difficult to measure.

Census items were classified as either 100-percent or sample items. The 100-percent items were those asked of all farm operators. These included land in farms, harvested cropland, livestock inventory and sales, and crop acreages and guantities (sections 1 to 21 of the census report form). Variability in the 100-percent items is due to the variation associated with nonresponse imputation and response error. Estimation of this variation results in a standard error of an estimate originating in the selection of the sample of small nonrespondents at the State level. Sample items were items asked of approximately 1 in 4 farm operators and include value of land and building, value of farm machinery, energy expenses, and selected farm production expenses, such as hired farm labor and interest expense (sections 22 to 28 of the census report form). Variability in estimates of sample items is the effect of the sample selection and estimation procedure and all the factors affecting the variability of 100-percent items.

In the 1982 Census of Agriculture, the sample used is one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible samples is called the sampling deviation. The standard or sampling error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error of estimate (percent) is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the value being estimated.

As calculated for this report, the standard error of the estimate (percent) partially measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors but does not measure any systematic biases in the data. Bias is the difference, averaged over all possible samples, between the estimate and the desired value. The accuracy of a survey result depends on both the sampling and nonsampling errors measured by the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) and the bias and other types of nonsampling error not measured.

If all possible samples were selected, each of those surveyed under essentially the same conditions, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample then:

- a. Approximately 67 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.
- b. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.

To illustrate the computations involved in the above confidence statements as related to average value of land and building estimates, assume that an estimate of a average value of land and buildings published for a particular county is \$276,741 and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for this estimate, as given in table D, is 2.8 percent, or 0.028. Multiplying \$276,741 by 0.028 yields \$7,749. Therefore, a 67percent confidence interval is \$268,992 to \$284,490 (i.e.,

Table B. Estimates of Reliability of Number of Farms in a County Reporting a 100-Percent Item: 1982

Farms	Estimated relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting: 25	1.6
50	1.4
75	1.3
100	1.2
150	1.1
200	1.1
300	1.0
500	0.9
750	0.8
1,000	0.8
1,500	0.7
2,000	0.7

Note: 100-percent items are items included in sections 1 to 21 of the report form (appendix C).

\$276,741 plus or minus \$7,749). If corresponding confidence intervals were constructed for all possible samples of the same size and design, approximately 2 out of 3 (67 percent) of these intervals would contain the figure obtained from a complete enumeration. Similarly, a 95-percent confidence interval is \$261,243 to \$292,239 (i.e., \$276,741 plus or minus $2 \times $7,749$).

Tables B and C present the reliability of the estimates of the number of farms reporting a 100-percent or sample item at the county level. Both tables contain relative standard errors of estimate (percent) which were weighted over all counties in the State to arrive at an estimated value. In county table 12, for example, in column 2 the number of farms reporting hog and pig inventory is 149. From table B, an approximate relative standard error of estimate (percent) for the number of farms reporting hogs and pigs would be 1.1.

Table D presents State estimates of major items for all farms and for all farms with sales of \$10,000 or more and measures of their reliability. The estimate and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) is given for selected 100-percent and sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) measures the variation associated with the small whole farm nonresponse adjustment. It does not measure census variability associated with complete nonresponse among large farms, partial or item nonresponse among all farms, response error or content error. The relative standard error of estimate (percent) for sample items measures both nonsampling and sampling error. It measures the variation associated with selecting a sample to estimate sample items as well as variability associated with adjustment for small farm nonresponse. The reliability of county estimates may vary substantially from each other and will usually be larger than the State estimate.

Table E presents the estimate of reliability at the county level for four major 100-percent items and six sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for the same item differs among counties in a State. Reasons for this are: (1) differences among counties in the total number of farms, (2) the number of large farms included with certainty, (3) the size classifications of farms sampled, (4) the amount of nonresponse, (5) the general agricultural characteristics, and (6) the specific characteristic being measured.

Table C. Estimates of Reliability of Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Sample Item: 1982

Farms	Estimated relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	
25	53.2
50	29.9
75	21.4
100	16.8
150	12.0
200	9.5
300	6.8
500	4.4
750	3.2
1,000	2.5
1,500	1.8
2,000	1.4

Note: Sample items are items included in sections 22 to 28 of the report form (appendix C).

Table D. Estimates of Reliability of State Totals for Selected Items: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All f	arms	Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more		
Item		Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
Farms r	number	36 352 12 814 216	.2	14 754	.2	
Value of land and buildings1, average per farm Total cropland	_acres	12 814 216	2 2 9 2 2	10 818 508	.1	
Value of land and buildings ¹ , average per farm	dollars	552 586 30 565	.9	1 130 664 13 300	1.0	
Total cropiano	acres	4 093 583	.2	3 438 745	ے۔ 1	
Harvested cropland		24 396	.2	12 267	.2	
to to see a tame of	acres	2 643 147	.1	2 462 593	.1	
irrigated land	acres	10 550 1 585 080	.2 .1	6 952 1 519 015	1.0 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 1	
Market value of agricultural products sold	farms	36 352	.2	14 754	.2	
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse products	\$1,000	3 522 103	.1	3 454 730	-	
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse products	tarms	19 365	.2	11 294	.2	
Livestock, poultry, and their products	\$1,000	2 518 959 19 883	.1	2 491 010 7 274	2	
	\$1,000	1 003 144	.1	963 720	.1	
Poultry and poultry products	farms	1 632	.1	915	.2	
	\$1,000	250 051	.1	248 732	.1	
Livestock and poultry inventory: Cattle and calves	farme	17 822	.1	5 891	4	
r	number	2 178 552	.1	1 853 035	.1	
Hogs and pigs	farms	3 602	.2 .3 .2	1 218	.3	
line and millete of laving and	number	203 231	.3	160 077	.3	
Hens and pullets of laying ager	number	2 824 13 504 800	.2	714 13 404 880	.1 .1 .3 .3 .3 .1	
Livestock and poultry sales:						
Cattle and calves	farms	16 075	.1	5 820	.1	
r	number	1 108 300	.1	983 280	.1	
Hogs and pigs		3 105	.2	1 184	.3	
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	farms	328 150 433	.2 .3 .2 .2	270 605 375	.1 .3 .2 .2 .2	
n n	number	76 456 724	.2	75 987 901	.2	
Crops:	l. I					
Corn for grain or seed	farms	2 987	.2	1 598	33 22 24 24 23 23 23 23 22 22 22	
h	acres ushels	190 254 12 559 553	.2	167 295 11 661 707	.2	
Wheat for grain	farms	881	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	755	.4	
•	acres	94 639	.2	90 766	.2	
D Sorghum for grain or seed	ushels	2 771 217	.3	2 677 319	.2	
Solghum for gran of seed	acres	241 20 045	.3	204 18 556		
b	ushels	769 023	.2	740 491	.2	
Soybeans for beans		2 091	.4	1 590	.4	
h	acres	334 401 8 529 087	.3 .3	318 386 8 194 004	.4 .3 .3	
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.	1					
(see text)	farms acres	5 560 281 747	.1	2 711	.2	
Vegetables harvested for sale (see text)	farms	2 455	.1	228 652 1 646	.1	
	acres	283 780	.2	279 290	.2 .1 .2 .2	
Land in orchards	farms	11 214 938 527	.2	5 078 865 428	.2	
	40100	000 027		000 420		
Selected farm production expenses ¹ : Livestock and poultry purchased	farms	8 604	2.1	3 591	2.9	
	\$1,000	165 018	1.4	153 080	1.4	
Feed for livestock and poultry	farms	18 473	1.1	6 487	1.9	
Seeds, builds, plants, and trees	farms	349 630 9 303	1.1 1.8	333 838 5 367	1.1 2.0 1.7	
Commercial fertilizer	\$1,000 farms	54 700 25 635	1.6 .8	53 326 11 891	1.7 1.0	
	\$1.000	217 332	.0	203 755	.9 1.3	
Other agricultural chemicals	farms \$1,000	16 667 165 343	.8 1.2 .9	10 094 160 214	1.3 .9	
	1					
Hired farm labor	tarms \$1.000	12 987 480 444	1.5	8 286 473 066	1.6	
Energy and petroleum products	farms	35 137	.5 .4	14 263	.6 .6 .8 1.7	
	\$1,000	173 453	.7	161 508	.8	
Interest expense	farms \$1,000	12 896 198 515	1.6 1.3	7 835 182 014	1.7 1.3	
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment on place1				14 087		
Lounated market value of an machinery and equipment on place	\$1,000	35 108 1 084 678	.4 .9	869 374	.6 1.0	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ .,000	1 004 078		003 374		

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

Table E. Estimates of Reliability for County Totals for Selected Items: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

For meaning of appreviations and sympols, see int	ioudetory text]									
	Farms		Land in fa	rms	Average value o buildings per	f land and farm ¹	Harvested cr	opland	Market value of products	
Geographic area		Relative		Relative		Relative		Relative		Relative
		standard		standard		standard		standard		standard
	Total	error of estimate	Total	error of estimate	Value	error of estimate	Total	error of estimate	Total	error of estimate
	(number)	(percent)	(acres)	(percent)	(dollars)	(percent)	(acres)	(percent)	(\$1,000)	(percent)
Alashus	1 106	1.1	219 337	1.4	311 595	6.1	44 082	.8	35 197	.9
Alachua Baker	232	1.8	32 156	2.5	349 155	31.7	4 365	4.1	17 358	1.8
Bay Bradford	93 399	2.5 1.3	18 676 40 709	1.4 4.3	245 043 130 802	.2 11.6	1 832 5 464	2.5 2.7	1 281 16 923	1.1 2.0
Brevard	540	1.1	193 971	5.4	345 181	6.0	19 813	.6	18 761	.7
Broward	479 169	1.3 1.9	74 983 55 986	2.5 1.1	996 829 284 840	28.3 11.4	9 102 32 747	.6 .8	45 247	.4 1.1
Calhoun	139	1.7	217 117	3.1	1 353 237	1.9	11 048	.3	13 224	.3
Citrus	293 244	1.2 1.1	93 183 106 280	2.4 1.2	447 874 500 061	11.0 14.9	6 015 4 794	1.7 1.6	6 033 28 334	1.9 .4
Clay										
Collier	196 573	1.6 1.6	279 754 116 586	1.1 1.3	1 642 735 245 264	3.2 9.9	28 968 21 855	1.7 I.7	66 417 15 617	.4 1.5
Dade	1 483	1.1	87 420	.8	461 567	3.9	58 940	.7	179 643	1.5 .3 .3
De Soto	541 118	1.0 2.9	347 957 255 854	.5 1.8	692 669 726 949	6.3 3.1	48 733 2 008	.6 1.7	36 197 1 933	2.3
Duval	470	1.1	71 472	3.8	225 623	6.3	5 898	2.6	31 194	.6
Escambia	522 103	1.2 2.0	78 533 102 850	1.2 .7	201 839 715 699	12.4 .2	39 561 6 470	1.4	12 895 9 721	1.2 1.1
Franklin	5	2.9	(D)	1.5	84 800	2.1	-		(D)	4.5
Gadsden	404	1.4	77 791	1.4	270 648	13.5	23 335	1.4	30 208	.3
Gilchrist	329 170	1.8 2.2	96 163 489 319	1.4	336 818 2 320 729	10.3 .8	24 970 20 498	1.5	27 313 30 957	.5 .3 .7
Glades Gulf	39	4.1	50 027	.5 .7	955 333	.2	12 783	2.0	3 754	.7
Hamilton	278 954	1.8 1.0	79 837 318 990	1.5 1.1	231 428 623 831	9.8 2.9	23 715 59 337	2.1 .7	13 162 58 722	1.7
Hardee	298	1.5	538 360	.6	2 074 993	2.6	84 719	.2	112 248	.5 .1
Hernando	463 564	1.0 1.3	94 090 382 875	1.0	458 927 995 011	12.4 2.6	14 495 49 976	.9 .4	28 715 86 463	.8 .2 .3
Highlands Hillsborough	2 748	.6	329 293	1.0	317 184	3.9	64 528	.7	219 038	.3
Holmes	579	1.4	106 128	1.1	165 485	7.1	38 146	1.3	24 350	1.4
Indian River	422	1.2	209 222	2.6	1 326 472	1.9	75 809	.7	74 609	.3
Jackson	960 314	1.3 1.6	269 239 137 431	.9 1.1	259 942 427 564	4.6 7.5	129 569 34 840	1.0	45 784 21 712	.3 .9 .9 .9 .2 .7
Jefferson Lafayette	308	1.4	69 387	1.2	188 211	7.1	12 151	1.3	38 209	.9
Lake	1 637 349	.7 1.3	310 072 118 552	1.1	584 946 805 711	2.5 6.0	146 129 17 834	.3 1.2	196 715 35 740	.2
Lee	310	1.7	115 261	1.8	377 210	5.3	17 704	1.4	5 933	1.1
Levy	476 81	1.4 3.4	193 458 16 628	3.0 3.6	313 626 143 370	10.2 .8	25 118 2 128	1.6 4.0	13 060 676	1.3 4.3
Liberty Madison	595	1.4	175 519	2.7	238 966	5.7	57 109	.8	32 628	.8
Manatee	707	.9	353 958	.7	797 386	6.3	45 856	.3	119 933	.2
Marion	1 557	.8	332 694	.7	474 531	5.2	56 291	.4	78 528	.2 .5 .2
Martin	280 11	1.2	266 175 (D)	.8	2 100 586 73 000	3.5	59 023 3	.3	79 628 (D)	.2
Nassau	304	1.4	54 131	1.9	264 655	11.5	3 735	2.2	21 632	.7
Okaloosa	371 326	1.5 1.5	70 612 381 895	1.2 1.1	205 722	9.9 3.7	26 017 34 435	2.3	8 563 90 432	2.1 .2 .2 .5
Orange	1 320	.9	243 719	4.4	518 555	6.5	67 465 35 011	.4	197 874 39 770	.2
Osceola Palm Beach	464 800	1.0 1.0	928 502 667 817	.5 .1	1 641 991 2 022 293	2.7 .7	446 240	.1	534 779	.5
	1 072	.7	274 111	.9	594 840	4.0	48 905	.5	81 169	4
Pasco Pinellas	222	1.5	13 415	5.2	451 968	8.5	3 730	1.5	10 456	.4 .8 .2 .7 .6
Polk	2 357 549	.6 1.1	680 156 144 829	.8 2.6	635 272 288 945	2.2 5.2	152 383 15 786	.2	231 195 20 995	.2 7
PutnamSt. Johns	186	1.8	72 712	.7	580 220	8.2	24 652	.4	37 508	.6
St. LucieSanta Rosa	433 479	1.2 1.4	302 810 92 066	.5 1.5	1 418 691 262 600	1.5 10.2	92 903 54 864	.5 1.2	94 910 16 081	.2
Santa Hosa	317	1.2	206 976	.7	676 022	2.9	54 864 4 697	.6	14 179	.5
Seminole	503 658	1.1 1.3	66 380 295 867	1.8 .7	281 676 378 474	9.4 3.4	9 631 16 152	.9 1.2	20 229 23 108	1.2 .5 .5 .9
								1		
SuwanneeTaylor	1 030 180	1.1 2.0	200 607 101 396	.8 3.7	200 642 267 633	6.3 8.0	59 511 2 216	1.1 2.8	54 206 2 261	.7 1.5
Union	216	2.2	63 173	2.0	318 366	11.5	8 951	1.3	9 300 59 631	1.9
Volusia Wakulla	1 037 96	.8 2.9	221 212 12 874	.8 3.2	296 793 169 750	3.1 .7	17 468 1 452	.5	1 458	.6 2.7
Walton	470	1.6	115 353	1.4	203 304	7.1	43 188	1.2 2.0	20 223	1.7
Washington	424	1.5	79 647	1.5	163 450	15.2	25 994	2.0	10 099	1.0
			Selecte	ed farm pro	duction expenses				Estimated mark	at value of
	lines t						Enorgy and	troloum	all machine	ry and
	Livestock and purchase		Commercial f	ertilizer	Hired farm	labor	Energy and pe product	suoleum S	equipme	nt ¹
Geographic area		,			ļ		·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
		Relative		Relative		Relative		Relative	l	Relative
		standard error of		standard error of		standard error of		standard error of	1	standard error of
	I	E CHOLOL		610101	1	0.00.01			T-1-1	

	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Alachua	2 926 1 670 34 2 390 583 (D) 10 187 794 7 158	13.1 5.6 .7 6.9 1.1 2.6 49.9 38.8 19.4 1.8	2 975 427 114 232 1 978 1 095 1 631 919 350 288	9.6 27.4 .1 17.5 5.2 6.0 29.4 3.2 25.7 8.7	3 163 1 795 173 438 2 999 7 957 424 2 265 385 2 384	7.1 7.2 .1 30.3 1.2 5.3 11.9 5.7 21.3 2.9	2 691 795 154 596 1 093 1 936 706 835 425 660	5.0 16.5 .5 10.3 3.3 7.3 15.4 7.1 8.3 4.5	23 674 5 108 1 549 6 329 7 959 9 915 8 088 6 706 4 182 4 698	5.5 17.3 .5 8.9 6.6 17.0 11.0 7.4 6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table E. Estimates of Reliability for County Totals for Selected Items: 1982-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Selected farm production expenses1							Estimated market value of		
Geographic area	Livestock and purchase	poultry ed	Commercial f	ertilizer	Hired farm	labor	Energy and pe product		all machine equipme	ry and
	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Totai (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Collier	536 1 250 1 094 1 594 192 2 784 557 179 (D) 561	1.0 6.4 25.1 3.7 22.4 4.0 15.2 - 17.2	5 661 1 280 8 135 3 762 134 642 2 123 1 044 (D) 1 561	4.5 19.9 2.8 3.3 24.4 38.9 15.6 .3 - 20.9	9 441 919 28 221 183 3 384 767 1 054 6 497	2.1 12.2 4.9 1.2 23.5 3.6 9.2 - 7.2	3 832 1 316 7 104 2 457 209 1 297 1 180 535 4 2 335	2.0 10.5 3.6 5.4 14.2 6.2 10.0 .5 6.0 6.1	20 425 11 840 50 680 16 437 1 490 8 489 14 415 4 847 4 847 59 12 106	6.9 12.7 4.3 10.2 8.7 15.6 11.1 .4 3.8 15.1
Gilchrist Giades Gulf Hamilton Hendry Hendry Henando Highlands Hillsborough Holmes	8 046 2 422 (D) 487 1 517 936 6 825 3 128 11 775 2 563	4.7 4.9 .4 23.8 3.3 6.5 5.9 4.3 3.7 14.3	1 707 1 556 645 1 715 5 896 8 352 899 5 335 7 664 2 391	20.6 2.2 - 29.1 4.3 2.4 9.6 2.7 2.7 13.9	1 533 4 067 505 619 7 753 9 596 1 987 9 823 28 658 994	2.5 1.0 .1 17.9 3.6 4.1 8.4 3.8 3.2 13.5	1 357 1 578 319 1 209 3 708 4 395 973 4 729 9 213 1 791	11.7 .8 - 18.2 5.0 1.7 7.1 3.6 2.9 10.7	8 389 9 257 2 143 9 479 27 532 20 179 7 766 25 863 57 933 12 900	17.0 2.3 19.5 6.2 2.6 10.8 3.3 3.8 10.6
Indian River Jackson Jefferson Lafayette Lafayette Lake Lee Leon Lein Lein Madison	300 2 588 2 301 2 955 3 144 244 1 127 539 24 2 820	1.7 16.7 17.5 5.5 40.3 24.4 15.4 .5 8.3	7 293 6 654 1 810 1 272 15 708 2 168 1 158 1 793 121 3 266	2.1 4.6 8.4 7.7 2.8 14.7 8.8 19.9 1.3 11.2	6 461 2 522 2 911 1 072 27 880 12 412 689 878 (D) 2 693	5.5 7.2 4.0 5.0 2.4 .9 6.4 15.7 .6 5.3	3 626 4 050 1 203 1 536 8 988 2 505 729 1 196 78 2 552	3.1 5.5 6.9 7.1 5.4 4.9 8.9 18.0 1.3 5.1	25 136 32 108 8 576 11 689 47 350 10 630 5 919 10 641 1 154 19 650	3.9 5.7 9.8 13.2 3.7 9.2 6.9 19.4 .9 7.6
Manatee Marion Morroe Nassau Okaloosa Okeechobee Orange Oaceola Palm Beach	3 494 13 865 955 (D) 3 170 1 370 10 763 1 739 3 156 2 490	11.3 10.5 15.9 - 10.0 48.0 2.5 12.9 9.0 10.2	5 721 3 561 5 248 (D) 264 1 152 3 198 7 544 2 885 26 535	2.1 9.0 1.3 - 8.5 21.8 3.4 5.0 3.6 .8	15 336 11 983 9 984 (D) 1 202 426 10 132 37 476 5 403 115 861	1.5 3.4 .9 - 3.3 24.2 1.4 1.5 1.1 .6	5 387 4 466 3 203 28 672 916 3 043 8 954 2 285 21 898	1.9 5.7 2.2 - 3.0 29.2 2.3 2.8 3.4 1.6	27 622 29 571 20 293 85 5 882 9 292 18 737 40 160 15 876 94 119	2.6 5.1 18.2 16.8 7.5 4.0 5.6 1.4
Pasco	6 109 11 11 181 699 389 576 775 923 632 2 366	4.7 84.4 1.5 39.4 16.0 14.4 17.0 4.3 34.2 5.9	4 086 409 15 060 1 520 3 341 7 739 2 886 672 1 307 1 295	5.1 13.3 2.7 10.7 5.8 1.8 7.9 9.5 10.0 7.3	5 707 2 016 22 834 2 679 3 503 11 276 968 1 927 3 733 2 138	2.7 6.9 3.5 4.9 8.2 .7 14.4 7.8 1.4 15.5	2 906 540 10 049 1 719 2 358 4 430 1 680 858 1 308 1 287	2.8 5.8 3.0 15.9 10.2 3.0 8.9 10.3 3.9 8.2	24 205 2 456 58 046 10 893 16 129 23 853 14 879 6 434 7 175 15 022	4.4 8.8 3.9 11.7 11.2 4.7 9.0 8.0 7.1 7.9
Suwannee Taylor Union Volusia Wakulla Watton Washington	7 312 292 2 225 2 315 285 4 868 1 004	5.6 23.8 1.5 21.5 .3 8.9 31.7	4 098 144 2 637 158 2 076 1 570	9.4 24.7 6.6 12.5 .2 13.7 16.4	3 077 205 256 9 795 77 827 556	11.0 25.4 10.9 4.3 2.4 4.9 4.9	3 813 330 492 2 821 162 1 194 757	7.1 29.7 10.4 7.8 1.3 5.9 12.8	24 359 2 459 3 528 19 901 1 427 10 521 8 463	6.0 15.3 8.1 5.1 10.3 9.5

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

APPENDIX B.

Effect of the Area Sample on Census Comparability

The 1982 and 1978 Censuses were conducted primarily by mail. Despite every effort to assemble a complete list, a small portion of the Nation's farms were not included on the census mail list. To improve the coverage of the 1978 Census, especially in counting the number of small farms, the mail-out/mail-back enumeration was supplemented by the direct enumeration of all households in a sample of areas in all States, except Alaska and Hawaii. Due to budget reductions, the direct enumeration sample was eliminated in the 1982 Census.

In late 1978, enumerators visited all households in approximately 6,400 segments in rural areas (areas with less than 2,500 population) and completed a census form for each agricultural operation. These forms were then matched to the census mail list. Data from those cases which were not matched to the mail list were used to estimate the number and characteristics of farms not on the mail list at the State, regional, and national levels. No county-level estimates were developed because the area sample size was insufficient for reliable estimates at that level. The U.S., region, and State data for 1978 shown in the 1978 Census of Agriculture publications included data for farms represented on the mail list plus estimates from the area sample for farms not on the mail list. To provide comparable data for 1982 and 1978, estimates from the area sample have been subtracted from the 1978 data. Thus, all 1978 data presented in the 1982 Census of Agriculture publications include data only for farms on the 1978 mail list.

In 1978, the area sample farms accounted for 9 percent of all farms in the United States, but only 1 percent of the total value of agricultural products sold and 1 percent of the land in farms. The area sample farms represented 25 percent of all farms with sales of less than \$2,500. The contribution of the area sample farms to the total farm count varied widely by State, from a low of 2.0 percent in North Dakota to a high of 23.8 percent in New Hampshire.

The following table shows the 1982 results and adjusted 1978 data for farms on the mail list, as well as 1978 data which include estimates for farms not on the mail list.

Effect of 1978 Area Sample on Census Comparability: 1982 and 1978

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text	Data pub	lished in	Data pub	Percent of	
	1982 Census	of Agriculture	1978 Census	1978 total	
Item	1982	1978 adjusted ¹	1978 total ²	Portion of total from 1978 area sample ³	represented by area sample portion
Farms	36 352	36 109	44 068	7 959	18.1
	12 814 216	13 016 288	13 306 231	289 943	2.2
	552 586	407 118	351 646	99 985	(X)
Total croplandfarmsdarg_darg_darg_darg_darg_darg_darg	30 565	31 548	38 240	6 692	17.5
	4 093 583	4 298 952	4 497 004	198 052	4.4
	24 396	26 212	29 643	3 431	11.6
	2 643 147	2 705 674	2 761 473	55 799	2.0
	10 550	10 358	11 657	1 299	11.1
	1 585 080	1 979 814	1 991 068	11 254	.6
Farms by size: 1 to 9 acres 10 to 49 acres	6 790 12 981 2 293 2 645 2 203 1 570 1 033 879 2 497 1 660 828 973	5 912 12 186 2 378 2 408 1 800 1 203 911 2 767 1 853 851 986	2 619 3 124 2 593 1 948 1 248 926 2 867 1 979 851 988	3 363 3 464 241 272 185 148 45 15 15 100 126 - -	36.3 22.1 9.2 8.7 7.1 7.6 3.6 1.6 3.5 6.4 -
Market value of agricultural products sold \$1,000	3 522 103	3 025 633	2 176 214	21 597	.7
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse products \$1,000	2 518 959	2 167 111		9 103	.4
Livestock, poultry, and their products \$1,000	1 003 144	858 522		12 495	1.4
Farms by value of sales: Less than \$2,500 \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$10,000 to \$39,999 \$10,000 to \$499,995 \$250,000 to \$499,995 \$250,000 or more Abnormal farms	2 273 1 126 1 270	10 267 5 062 4 465 3 609 2 228 973 1 010 5 1	5 470 4 653 3 767 3 628 2 228 973 1 010	5 674 1 285 605 208 158 29 - - - - -	35.6 20.2 11.1 4.5 4.2 .8 - - - -

See footnotes at end of table.

Effect of 1978 Area Sample on Census Comparability: 1982 and 1978-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

.

	Data put 1982 Census		Data put 1978 Census	Percent of	
Item	1982	1978 adjusted	1978 tota ^p	Portion of total from 1978 area sample ³	1978 total represented by area sample portion
Farms by type of organization: Individual or family Partnership Corporation Other—cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etc.	29 556 3 195 3 255 346	29 480 3 642 2 656 331	36 734 4 269 2 734 331	7 254 627 78 -	19.7 14.7 2.9
Tenure of operator: Full owners Part owners Tenants	27 927 5 938 2 487	26 850 6 467 2 792	33 268 7 200 3 600	6 418 733 808	19.3 10.2 22.4
Operators by principal occupation: Farming Other than farming	15 610 20 742	15 913 20 196	18 052 26 016	2 139 5 820	11.8 22.4
Female operators: Farmsnumber Land in farmsacres_	4 020 593 051	3 635 607 764	4 441 656 429	806 48 665	18.1 7.4
Operators by race: White Black and other races	35 366 986	34 939 1 170	41 590 2 478	6 651 1 308	16.0 52.8
Corn for grain or seed farms acres Wheat for grain farms tarms	2 987 190 254 881 94 639	4 923 295 790 222 11 361	5 544 310 165 222 11 361	621 14 375 -	11.2 4.6
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text) farms acres	5 560 281 747	5 404 264 389	6 222 290 705	- 818 26 316	
Vegetables harvested for sale farmsacres Land in orchards farms farms	2 455 283 780 11 214 938 527	2 928 343 098 12 011 932 495	3 378 346 357 13 441 938 036	450 3 259 1 430 5 541	13.3 .9 10.6 .6
Cattle and calves inventory farms	17 822	16 501	21 185	4 684	22.1
number Hogs and pigs inventory farms	2 178 552 3 602	2 128 018 5 160	2 193 959 8 276	65 941 3 116	3.0 37.7
number Chickens 3 months old or older inventory rumber number	203 231 2 891 15 374 588	323 349 3 038 14 883 098	376 591 5 987 15 113 719	53 242 2 949 230 621	14.1 49.3 1.5
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment ⁴	1 084 678 173 453 6 179 53 155	888 887 107 546 6 329 59 150	936 395 109 870 6 434 59 269	47 508 2 323 105 119	5.1 2.1 1.6 .2

¹Includes data only for farms on 1978 mail list—excludes area sample data. ²Includes mail list enumeration and area sample data. ³Data from farms not on mail list. ⁴Data are based on a sample of farms. ⁵Retabulated 1978 data for 1982 comparability.

APPENDIX C.

Report Form and Information Sheet

DUE BY FEBRUARY 15, 1983					M B APPROVAL NO 0607 (
FORM 82-A0305	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS	THE CENSUS	esponse to this inquiry is required by li BUREAU IS CONFIDENTIAL. It may I tical purposes. Your report CANNOT t	aw (title 13, U.S. Cod be seen only by swor be used for purposes of	 e). By the same law YC n Census employees a of taxation, investigatio 	UR REPORT TO nd may be used n, or regulation.
182 S	UNITED STATES CENSUS	The law also p	rovides thet copies retained in your fil dence pertaining to this report, play	es are immune from k	egal process.	
	OF AGRICULTURE		_		82-40305	
Please complete this	BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street	1 1				
form and RETURN TO	Jeffersonville, Indiana 47133	J				•
you cannot file by February 15, a	ailable, reasonable estimates may be used. If time extension request may be sent to the paracter Census File Number (CFN) as shown ondence to us.					
If you received more than one report form, enter extra Census File Number(s) here and return extra copies with your completed A					I	
CENSUS USE 039 040	037 038		-		L	
ONLY 039 040		1	(Please correct errors in	name, address, and Z	(IP code.)	
SECTION 1 ACREAGE II If the acres you operated in 198.	2 changed during the year, refer to the		INSTRUCTIONS — Please r Use section 7 to report ONL			
INFORMATION SHEET, Section	n 1. . or used by you, your spouse, or by the	partnar-	6 and section 8. DO NOT IN			
ship, corporation, or organi	zation for which you are reporting. Incl	ude ALL	SECTION 2 Were any of the F	OLLOWING CROPS	harvested from this pla	ce in 1982?
rangeland, woodland, idle l	OCATION OR USE – cropland, pasture and, house lots, etc. None	Number of acres	sz None	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated
	ז רו	043	1. Corn (field) for grain or seed (Report quantity on a	067 068	3	069
	A OTHERS, including land worked		dry shelled-weight basis	070 071	Bu. Tons,	072
by you on shares, used rent fr	as in exchange for services	044	or green chop	088 089	green	090
land. (DO NOT include land us	ed on a per-head basis under a		3. Soybeans for beans	722 723	8u.	724
	c	045	(Report cuttings from November 1981 through April 1982)		Tons	
 All land rented or leased TO O shares by others and land sub 	leased. Also complete item 6 below		5. Sugarcane for seed	725 726	Tons	727
	ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres CT acres rented TO OTHERS (item 3),	046	6. Peanuts for dry nuts	656	ORLbs.	}
and enter the result in this spa			7. Wheat for grain	073 074	Tons Bu.	075
For this census report these are If the entry is zero please refer to	the "ACRES IN THIS PLACE."	f	8. Oats for grain	076 077		078
	S (item 2) enter the following information for e		9. Rye for grain	686 687	Bu.	689
Name of lendlord	Mailing address (Include ZIP code)	Number of acres	10.Cotton	091 092	Bales	095
			11. Tobacco – all types	/10	Lbs.	1 .10
			12. Potatoes, Irish	/10	Cwt.	10
List additional landlords on a separ			13. Sweetpotatoes and yams	/10	Bu.	/10
6. If you rented land TO OTHERS Name of renter	(item 3), enter the following information fo Mailing address (Include ZIP code)	r each renter. Number of acres	harvested from th	is place in 1982?	IAYLAGE, or GREEN C	
			⁵³ I YES - Comple		NO - Go to sec	
			If cuttings were made for both dry from the same fields, report the ac HAY and also under GRASS SILA(hay and grass silage, h reage in the appropriat	aylage, or green chop te items under DRY	
List additional renters on a separat	e sheet of paper.				cres Quantity	Acres
		Acres	1. DRY HAY IIf two or more cutting were made from the same acres, rep once, but report total tons from all c	as of dry hay ort acres only uttings.)	vested harvested (Report either of or green weight indicated)	irrigated
 During 1982, did you have any permits on a per-head basis; sur 	ch as Forest Service,		 a. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures hay or dehydrating 	101	T c dr	ns, γ
Taylor Grazing, Indian Reservat	ions, etc.? 1	Yes 2 🗌 No	b. Small grain hay – oats, wh barley, rye, etc		107 Tc dr	108 ins. v
 How many acres were diverted commodity acreage reduction pr 	(or set-aside) under Federal 055 ograms in 1982?	Acres	c. Other tame dry hay, clover, timothy, Bermuda grass, St	lespedeza,	110	111
9. LOCATION OF AGRICULTURA		, 10100	grass, etc.		1113	114
	County name State	Number of acres	d. Wild hay			ins,
a. In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	Principal county->	056	2. GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE GREEN CHOP (hay crops or and fed green) (if two or mor were made from the same acres	e cuttings 115	116	117
b. If you also have agricultural		057	acres only once, but report tota all cuttings.)	tons from		ins, een
operations in any other county(ies), enter the	counties)58)59	 HAY SOLD — Did you sell and or grass silage in 1982? (Report 	y hay 118		
county name(s) , etc	<u> </u>		of hay sold in section 9, item 4)	1	Yes 2 No	

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT

- *·	ALE from t	SETABLES, SW is place for the m? (Exclude tho		181 throug	ph August 1	ted FOR 1982,	56	s place in	TRAWBERRI 19827 (Exch	de thos	le grown for 1			LE from
,		— Complete t							— Comple — Go to se		section			
2	NO NO	 Go to sectio 	n 5 Acr		Anne	irringtod					lo. D			
1. Land from whi			ACI Whole acre		Whole ac	irrigated	From the list below specified with crop n	w, enter ame.	crop name a	ina cod	ie. Report qua	intity harves	ted in unit	
harvested in th season		982 harvest	375	/10	376 0	/10	Crop name	Code	Acres harv Whole acres		Quantity h	arvested	Acres irri Whole acres	
2. From the list be	e vegetable	crop was harves	ted from the s	ame acres	rvested. s, report acr	res for	Strawberries	536		·10	537		538	/ /10
each crop. Rep	on crops gro	wn under prote	tion in sectio	n 5.			Juawbennes	530			1	LDS.	2	;
Sweet corn	name	· Code 461	Acres ha	rvested	462	irrigated	ł	$\left - \right $		/10	1		2	/ /10
Watermelons		401		- 10	474	1 /10	1	d, use sepa	rate sheet of m	/10	l			/10
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				/10		/10	Blockborries and down		ounds) 50	9 F	aspberries (p All other berrie	s (pounds)	-	633
			ļ	/10	p	/10	Line opening a, terrie (po			1	Specify			539
If more space is need	ed, use separa	te sheet of paper.	<u> </u>	i /10	0	i /10	SECTION 7 W		THER CROPS					grains,
Crop name	Code	Crop name	Co		neme skine	Code	fiel	id seeds,	sorghums, or in section 8.	other c				
Beans, snap (bush and Cabbage, head Cabbage, chinese		Escarole Honeydew m Lettuce and r	aions 43	23 Radii	pkins shea hem pess, gree		57	•	- Comple		section			
Cantaloups and muskmelons		Lime beans, g Mustard gree	reen 43 ns 43	29 (cov 31 crov	woeas) - blac	ckeyed, 			- Go to se					
Carrots Cauliflower		Onions, dry . Onions, green		13 Spini 15 Squa	sch sh, ali types	457 8 459	For those crops				name and (code from	n the liet H	oelow
Celery		Okra Parsley		37 Tom 39 , Tum	etoes	463	Report quantity harv	ested in i	unit specified	with cro	p name.			
Collards Cucumbers and pickle Eggplant	s 411	Peas, green // green south	em peasi 44	1 · Wate	ip greens ercress er vegetables	471	Crop name	c	ode Acres h	rvested	-	harvested	Acres in	rigated
Endive	417	Peppers, swe Peppers, hot.	4	16 Spe	ecify	475	Bahia grass seed	5	51		552	Lbs.	553	
SECTION 5		RSERY and GRE , flower seeds,					Dry southern peas				585		586	
9	lass or other	protection, GR)WN FOR SA	LE on this	place in 19	82?	(cowpeas)	5	84		083	Bu.	084	
		Complete t					Sorghum for grain or	r seed 0	82		003	Bu.	OB4	
2	L NO	 Go to section 	None	Square fe	Area irrigate		Sorghum for silage		-		086	Tons	087	
1. Nursery and gre	enhouse prod	ucts irrigated in 1		77	478	/10	or green chop	0	85		<u> ,</u>	green		
2. From the list bel	ow, enter the	product name an	d code for eac	h product g	rown.				-					
		Square feet	Acres in th		Salaci	in 1982		}			'		2	
Product name	Code	under glass or other protection									1		2	
		in 1982	Whole acres	Lenths	Ooliars	Cents								
			1 1	2		1					1		2	~
			1	/10 \$			If more space is needed	l, use sepa	rate sheet of pa	per.	1		2	
	_		1	/10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ 2				l, use sepa			1 1		2	Code
If more space is need	ed, use separa	te sheet of paper.	2 2 1 1	/10 \$			Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde	er, hogged	Cod	• C	rop name			Code 734
Product name		Code	Product na Mushroom	/10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$		Code	Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bushe	er, hogged es only)	Cod 	• C S S	iunflower seed orghum cut fo or hey (tons, o	or dry forage dry)		734
Product name Bedding plants (inci Bulbs Cut flowers and cu	ude vegetabi t florist green	Code e plants) 479 	Mushroom Sod harve Vegetable	2 /10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ me s			Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bushe Proso miliet (bushels) Rice (hundredweight) Ryegrass for seed (po	er, hogged es only) els) unds)	Cod 		unflower seed	or dry forage dry) ed or grazed only)		., 734 ., 698 ., 701
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Product name Bedding plants (incl Bulbs Cut flowers and cu Nursery products – and nut trees, and Foliage and floweri	ude vegetabl t florist green ornamentals vines ng plants	Code e plants) 479 482 s	Mushroom Sod harve Vegetable Greenhous Other – S	/10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ me sted and flower a vegetable pecify	seeds	494 497 500 503 508	Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bush Proso militet (bushels) Rice (hundredweight) Ryegrass for seed (po Sugarcane for sirup (p	er, hogged es only) els) unds) bounds)	Cod 58 07 68 67 68 72		unflower seed orghum cut fo or hay (tons, c orghum hoggi (report acres other crops (po	or dry forage dry) ed or grazed only)		., 734 ., 698 ., 701
Product name Bedding plants (inci Bulbs Cut flowers and cu Nursery products – and nut trees, and Foliage and floweri SECTION 8	ude vegetabl t florist green ornamentals vines ng plants /as there a c	Code e plants) 479 482 s	Mushroom: Sod harve Vegetable Greenhouse Other – S 20 or more F	/10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ me sted and flower a vegetable pecify	seeds	494 497 500 503 508	Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bushe Proso miliet (bushels) Rice (hundredweight) Ryegrass for seed (po	er, hogged es only) els) unds) bounds)	Cod 58 07 66 67 68 72		unflower seed orghum cut fo or hay (tons, c orghum hoggi (report acres other crops (po	or dry forage dry) ed or grazed only)		., 734 ., 698 ., 701
Product name Bedding plants (incl Bulbs Cut flowers and cu Nursery products – and nut trees, and Foliage and floweri SECTION 8	ude vegetabl t florist green ornamentals vines ng plants as there a c YES	Code e plants) 479 	Mushroom Sod harve Vegetable Greenhous Other – S 20 or more F is section	/10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ /10 \$ me sted and flower a vegetable pecify	seeds	494 497 500 503 508 ng GRAPEV	Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bushe Proso millet (bushels) Rice (hundredweight) Ryegrass for sed (po Sugarcane for sirup (p INES, CITRUS, and Ni acres Acres	er, hagged es only) els) unds) ounds) UT TREE	Cod 58 071 661 67 681 721 5 ON THIS PL		unflower seed orghum cut fo or hay (tons, c orghum hoggi (report acres other crops (po	or dry forage dry) ed or grazed only)		., 734 ., 698 ., 701
Product name Bedding plants (includes Bubs Cut flowers and cut Nursery products - and nut trees, and Foliage and floweri *SECTION 8 S ⁸ 1 2 1. TOTAL ACRES	ude vegetabl t florist green ornamentals vines as there a c sthere a c YES NO in bearing an	Code e plants) 479 482 485 , fruit 488 491 0mbined total of Complete th Go to section	Mushroom: Sod harve Vegetable a Greenhous Other – S 20 or more F is section a 9 c orchards, citr	2 /10 2 /10 5 /10 5 /10 5 me 5 sted RUIT TRE US or other	seeds s s s	494 497 500 503 506 506	Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bushe Proso militet (bushels) Rice (hundredweight) Ryegrass for seed (po Sugarcane for sirup (p INES, CITRUS, and Ni acres Acres	er, hogged es only) els) unds) oounds) UT TREE irrigated	Cod 58 071 661 67 681 721 5 ON THIS PL		unflower seed orghum cut fo or hay (tons, c orghum hoggi (report acres other crops (po	or dry forage dry) ed or grazed only)		., 734 ., 698 ., 701
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Product name Bedding plants (includes Luibs Cut flowers and cu Nursery products - and nut trees, and Foliage and floweri SECTION 8 8 1 2 1. TOTAL ACRES groves, vineyard 2. For those crops i	ude vegetable florist green ornamentals ing plants	Code plants) 479 482 5	Nushroom: Sod harve Vegetable i Greenhous Other – S 20 or more F is section 9 torchards, citr Do not include e and code fro th crop even if R OF INES OF – Bearing	x or other abadone to the set of	seeds s ES, includi d ecres.) t the right fo ted because in trees ages	494 500 500 503 508 ng GRAPEV Whole acn 121 r other fruit a of low prices	Crop name Carn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bushe Proso miliet (bushels) Rice (hundredweight) Ryegrass for sed (po Sugarcane for sirup (p INES, CITRUS, and Ni acres Acres as Tenths Whole acr 1 122 1 122 1 10 and nut trees on this plac , damage from hail, frost Unit of meas Mark one	er, hagged es anly) els) ounds) UT TREE irrigated res Trent ; e in t, etc. ; urre	Cod 58 07 67 67 721 S ON THIS PL 10 Noncitrus Bananas Grapes Grapes Guavas Mangoos	• C S 	Code Code 123 Code 123 Code 123 Code 123 Code 123 Code 123 141 177 183 195	or dry forage dry ed or grazed only vunds) - Sp Citrus cro (For citus cr guarity hav September 1 1982 haves	ps ecify	734 698 701 752 Code
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Product name Bedding plants (includes) Cut flowers and cu Nursery products – and nut trees, and Foliage and floweri SECTION 8 ^{S8} 1 2 1. TOTAL ACRES groves, vineyard 2. For those crops 1982. Report th Crop name Grapefruit	ude vegetabl florist green ormanentals ivines as there a c b YES b NO in bearing an s, and nut tre not listed belie requested in Code 267	Code e plants) 479 482 5	Mushroom: Sod harve Vegetable i Greenhous Other – S 20 or more F is section a 9 torchards, citr Do not include e and code fro th crop even if R OF NES OF – Bearing age	2 /10 2 /10 5 /10 5 /10 5 me 5 me 5 sted RUIT TRE US or other abandonec m the list al not harvest Acres and y all Whole acre 269	d ecres.) t the right fo ted because in trees intees ages es Tenths /10 /10	494 497 500 503 503 506 506 506 707 707 707 707 707 707 707 7	Crop name Corn cut for dry fodde or grazed (report acr Barley for grain (bush Proso miliet (bushe) Rice (hundredweight) Ryegrass for seed (po Sugarcane for sirup (p INES, CITRUS, and Ni acres Acres as Tenths Whole acr 122 1122 122 1122 122 1122 122 122 122	unds) unds unds) unds unds) unds unds) unds	Cod 58 071 68 67 721 S ON THIS PL 5 O	Crops	Code (report acres) (report acres) (or dry forage dry ed or grazed only vunds) = Sp Citrus cro (For otrus cr quantify have September 1 1962 haves Kumquate Lemons Tangeinas, Tangeinas, Tangeinas, (Other citrus (Report quan	pe pe ps, report ecily ps report sessori though Ju t sessori honey	734 698 701 752 752
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SECTION 9 GROSS VALUE of CROPS SOLD from this place in taxes and expenses (Refer to the INFORMATION	n 1982, E SHEET.	EFORE Section 9.1	SECTION 12. Did you or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place in 1982?
Report your best estimate of the value for each of the follow	ing grou	os of crops sold	S12 YES - Complete this section
from this place in 1982. Include the value of the landlord's a estimating if necessary. Exclude value of Government CCC I	nd/or coi oans.	ntractor's share,	2 NO Go to section 13 INVENTORY Number on this
1. Grains, soybeans and other beans sold in 1982 None	Dc	llars Cents	803
a. Corn for grain	\$		1. CATTLE AND CALVES of all ages (Total of a, b, c, and d below)
b. Wheat	775 \$		a, BEEF COWS - Include beef heifers that
c. Soybeans	776 \$		had calved
	777		b. MILK COWS kept for production of milk or cream for sale or home use - Include dry Milk
d. Sorghum for grain	\$ 778		milk cows and milk heifers that had calved
e. Oats f. Other barley, rice, dry peas, sunflower seed,	\$ 779		c.HEIFERS AND HEIFER CALVES (Exclude heifer
proso millet, etc.	\$		heifers that had calved) calves
2. Cotton and cottonseed	780 \$		d.STEERS, STEER CALVES, BULLS, bulls of
3. Tobacco	781 \$		AND BULL CALVES all ages
	782		CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD FROM THIS PLACE IN 1982
4. Hay, silage, field seeds, and grass seeds	\$ 783		include those fed on this place on a Number sold Gross value of sales
5. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons – Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes, report them in item 7 below	\$		contract or custom basis. Also report None in 1982 Dollars ICents to a feedlot for further feeding. 808 809
6. Fruits, nuts, berries – citrus, peaches, avocados, pecans, strawberries, etc.	784 \$	i í	
7. Other crops - Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, peanuts,	785		
sugarcane, etc. (Exclude nursery and greenhouse products) -		1	3. Cattle, including calves weighing 500 pounds or more
	\$	1 	a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were
SECTION 10 LAND USE IN 1982 NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1982, RE		ΔΤΙΔΝΩ	FATTENED on this place on GRAIN or B12 B13 CONCENTRATES for 30 days or more
ONLY ONCE — in the use first listed below that applies. For each other is a set of the set of th	example,	cropland	and SOLD for SLAUGHTER?
harvested and also pastured is to be reported only as "Cropl s10	-		DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD FROM DAIRY PRODUCTS Computer of polor
1. CROPLAND a. Cropland harvested — Include all land from which crops		Number of acres	THIS PLACE IN 1982 Gross value of sales None Dollars Cents
a. Cropiand narvested — include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products			4. Gross value of sales of DAIRY PRODUCTS from this place in 1982 - Include milk, cream,
b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing - Include		788	butter, etc
rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements			SECTION 13 Did you or anyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place in 1982?
c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-	1	789	s13 1 YES - Complete this section INVENTORY
improvement grasses, but NOT harvested and NOT pastured			$2 \square NO - Go to section 14$ Number on this
d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop		790	DECEMBER 31, 1982 INVENTORY None place Dec. 31, 1982 B15 B15
failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 1a.)		791	1. HOGS and PIGS of all ages (Total of a and b below)
Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	🗆	793	a.HOGS and PIGS used or to be used for BREEDING
f. Cropland idle	🗆 [b.OTHER HOGS and PIGS Other
2. Woodland - Include all so woodland pastured	🛛 [794	LITTERS FARROWED
woodlots and information that's and cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.		795	2. LITTERS FARBOWED on this place between - None Number of litters
3. Other pastureland and rangeland - include any pastureland		796	a.December 1, 1981 and May 31, 1982
other than cropland and woodland pasture		197	b. June 1, 1982 and November 30, 1982
4. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 1 through 3 above	ia, [Number Gross value of sales
5. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 1 through 4 (Should be the same as section 1, item 4, page 1.)		798	HOGS AND PIGS SOLD None in 1982 Dollars (Centre of Solide of So
SECTION 11 Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any time	me in 198	2?	3. HOGS and PIGS SOLD from this
Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means - sp	orinklers, fi	urrows	place in 1982
or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and prepla	nt irrigatio		4. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding? \$
2 NO - Go to section 12	None	Number of acres irrigated	SECTION 14 Did you or anyone else have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place in 1982?
1. How many acres of harvested land were irrigated?		680	1 C YES - Complete this section
Include land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 10, item 1a.			$2 \square NO - Go to section 15$
2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other		681	INVENTORY NUMBER SOLD
lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?	🗆 [Number on this in 1982 None place Dec. 31, 1982
3. What percent of the irrigation water used on this place in 1982 was obtained	Non	e Percent	1. SHEEP and LAMBS of all ages
	_	682	a.EWES 1 year old or older
a. From a well or wells located on this farm or another farm?		683	Number shorn Pounds of wool
b. From an on-farm surface supply not controlled by a water supply organization (stream, drainage ditch, lake, pond, spring, or reservoir on or adjacent to this farm)?			2. SHEEP and LAMBS SHORN
c. From off-farm water suppliers (U.S. Reclamation projects irrigation district; mutual, cooperative, or neighborhood ditches; or other irrigation organizations)?		684	Gross value of sales None Dollars Cents
	、	- 100%	3. What was the gross value of sales of SHEEP,
d. TOTAL — Sum of a, b, and c should equal 100% — FORM 82-A0305 (2-12-82)			
(UNIT 02-P0303 (21) 202)		Pa	ige 3

;

SECTION 15 Did you or anyone else ha	NY ANY HORSES, BE	ES, FISH, GOA	ts,	SECTION 17 SI7				
\$15				GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS			ollars	Cent
1 L YES - Complet			o to section 16	 Amount received in 1982 from Government CCC loans for - linclude regular and reserve loans, even if redeemed or forfeited) 	None	799	Vilais	+ 00011
	VENTORY umber on Total	number Gro	ss value of sales	a. Corn, sorghum, barley, and oats		s		ì
tt t	his place sold i	n 1982	Ioilars Cents		_	800		
1. Horses and ponies of 830	831, 1982		I Cents	b. Wheat	L	\$ 801		-i
all ages		\$	1	c. Cotton	🔲	\$ 802		
2. Colonies of bees	840	841	1	d. Soybeans, peanuts, rye, rice, tobacco, and honey	🗆	\$		1
E. Colorines of Dees	846	847		MACHINE WORK, CUSTOMWORK, and OTHER				1
3. Milk goats		\$\$		AGRICULTURAL SERVICES				t.
 Other livestock or animal specialties in captivity 			i	 Gross amount received from machine work, customwork, and other agricultural services PROVIDED FOR OTHERS in 		919		i
(Enter name and code from				1982 — planting, plowing, spraying, harvesting, etc		\$		1
"List A" below.)	J.	2	i			۲.		<u> </u>
Name Code		\$	1	Specify kind of work done				
List A				SECTION 18 During 1982 did you SELL any crops, livest DIRECTLY to individuals POR HUMAN CO	ock, or	livestoc	k products	
Name Code Name			Code	stands, farmers markets, nick your own, at		104 -	(CHUSING	
Angora goats	id their pelts 836 and their pelts 851	Worms – F	sheet 857	S18				
Mules, burros, Chinchil	llas and peits	All other live	estock – 860	1 YES - Complete this section	None		ollars	Cent
und controys	00-	J Specity		2 🗌 NO — Go to section 19	_	920		1
		alue of sales		1. What was the gross value of these direct sales?	. Ц	\$		1
Livestock or animal in products (Enter name and	1982 Dolla	ars Cents	-	Specify products sold – vegetables, eggs, etc		4		
code from "List B" below.)	Pounds				-			
Name Code 2 OF	R Founds			SECTION 19 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION				
	Gallons	+ 1		Mark (X) the one item which best describes the type of		ation fo	r	
[List B]				this place in 1982. Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, Sec	tion 19.			
Name Code (Name		Code	 FAMILY or INDIVIDUAL operation — 	921			
Mohait sold	Honey sold Other livestock produ	nte Cascile		(Exclude partnership and corporatic'n)		\Box	Go to secti	on 21
	Other avestock produ	cts - Spechy		 PARTNERSHIP operation — Include family partnerships . 	2	UJ		
Fish and other aquaculture acres		ity sold Gros	s value of sales	INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAW	3		Go to secti	on 20
products (Enter name and for aquacu	2 1 100		ollars ¹ Cents	 OTHER, such as estate or trust, prison farm, grazing 				
code from "List C" below.)	1 7	Pounds 2	;	association, Indian reservation, etc.	4		Specify bel	
Name Code	/10 3 0		1			¥	go to sectio	M Z 1
	1 /10	Number	1	Specify				
List C				SECTION 20 CORPORATE STRUCTURE (for incorporate Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, Section 2	ed opera	ntions or	.nty)	
Name Code Name Cod		de Name	Cade	S20				
Catfish	' Other fish –	Other aquac - 84 i products	ulture - Specify	1. Is this a family-held corporation?	1	Yes	s 2 🗌	No
If more space is needed, use separate sheet of		e i pionete	0,000,000			_	_	
SECTION 16 Did you or anyone else ha				2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?	3	∐ Yes	s ₄ [_]	No
TURKEYS, DUCKS, etc., for others on a contract bas	on this place in 1982	? (Include poult	ry grown	SECTION 21 CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION (tner
S16 1 YES - Comple		INVENTORY		or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMAT	'ION SH	EET, Sec	tion 21.	
		Number on this place	Total number sold in 1982		923	_		
2 🛄 NO — Go to see	None	Dec. 31, 1982	1	 RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place? 	1	∐ Yes	S 2 🗌	No
. HENS and PULLETS of laying age		892	893	2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION - At which occupation				
Pullets for laying flock replacement			 	did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or	928	_	_	
 PULLETS 3 months old or older not vet 		894	895	more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships			ming 2 🛄	Other
•	.,	896	897	consider all members of the partnership together	••	or ri	anching	
b.PULLET CHICKS and PULLETS under 3 (Exclude commercial broilers)				3. OFF FARM WORK How many days did the operator	929	—		
				(senior partner or person in charge) work at least		Nor		
I. BROILERS, fryers, and other meat type including capons and roasters	e chickens	898	899	4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work		_	49 days	
÷ ·		900	901	at a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)	3	50-	-99 days	
L TURKEYS					ຶ]₄	100	0—149 da	ys
a. Turkeys for slaughter (Exclude preeder		907	903		5	150	0—199 da	γs
b. Turkey HENS kept for breeding					6	200	0 days or n	nore
OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity -	ducks			4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin	060			
geese, pigeons or squab, pheasants, qu	uail, etc.			to operate any part of this place?	.:		Year	
Enter poultry name and code from the list below	w.)		1		925			
Poultry name(Code			5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)			Years	old
			1	ers de or operator (somor partirer or person in clidige)	924		10015 (210
. .	Code	. <u></u>	L			🗌 Wh	ite	
		Name	Code			=	pro or Blac	k
Name Code Name	Code					_ `	erican Indi	
Name Code Name Ducks	or squab 908	Quail	try –					
Name Code Name Ducks		All other poul	117 - 	6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)			an or Doold	ic
Name Code Name Ducks	or squab 908 s 910	All other poul Specify		6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)		🗌 Asia	an or Pacif Inder	ic
Name Code Name Ducks	or squab 908 s 910	All other poul Specify		6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	'{₄'	Asia Isla	nder	
Name Code Name Ducks	or squab 908 s 910 N	All other poul Specify		 RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge) 	'{₄'	Asia Isla		
Name Code Name Ducks 904 Pigeons of Pheasant Seese 806 Pheasant POULTRY HATCHED on this place in 1982 and placed or sold — chickens, turkeys, ducks, etc. Specify kind of poultry	or squab 908 s	All other poul Specify one		 RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge) 	{₄ 9	Asia Isla	nder	
Name Code Name Ducks 904 Pigeons of Pheasant Seese 806 Pheasant POULTRY HATCHED on this place in 1982 and placed or sold — chickens, turkeys, ducks, etc. Specify kind of poultry	or squab 908 s	All other poul Specify			··· {4 9 926	Asia Isla Oth	nder her – Spec	ify)
Name Code Name Ducks 904 Pigeons (Pheasant) Seese 805 Pheasant) POULTRY HATCHED on this place in 1982 and placed or sold — chickens, turkeys, ducks, etc. Specify kind of poultry	or squab 908 s 910 N ry [11, 1982	All other poul Specify one		 6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge) 7. SEX of operator (senior partner or person in charge) 	··· {4 9 926	Asia Isla	nder her – Spec	ify)
Name Code Name Ducks	or squab 908 s 910 N ry [1, 1982	All other poul Specify		 SEX of operator (senior partner or person in charge) SPANISH ORIGIN — Is the operator (senior partner 	" 4 9 926 1	Asia Isla Oth	nder her – Spec	^{ify})
Name Code Name Ducks 904 Pigeons of Pigeons of Phesants Soft 1 Phesants - POULTRY HATCHED on this place in 1982 and placed or sold — chickens, turkeys, ducks, etc. — Specify kind of poultrix Incubator egg capacity on December 3 What was the gross value of sales of poultry and poultry products (eggs, etc.)	or squab 908 s	All other poul Specify	914 iumber	 7. SEX of operator (senior partner or person in charge) 8. SPANISH ORIGIN — Is the operator (senior partner or person in charge) of Spanish origin or descent 	··· 4 926 ··· 1 927	Asia Isla Oth Mal	nder ner – Speci	Femal
Name Code Name Ducks	or squab 908 s	All other poul Specify	914 iumber	 SEX of operator (senior partner or person in charge) SPANISH ORIGIN — Is the operator (senior partner 	··· 4 926 ··· 1 927	Asia Isla Oth Mal	nder ner – Speci	Female

Cents I

Cents

SECTION 22 Was any COMMERCIAL FERTILIZE	R, including ROC 2?	X PHOSPHATE, or	SECTION 26 S26 EXPENDITURES F business during 19	82	roleum prod	ucts for the farm
1 TYES - Complete this	section	(Include expenditures paid by you and of	thers for		*
2 NO - Go to section 2		Acres fertilized	production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this	Expenditure	s Stor	age capacity on this place
1. Acres of cropland fertilized in 1982, other that		332	place in 1982.	Dollars	Cents No	ne Capacity in
used only for pastures reported in section 10,	item 1b L	933	None	966	967	gallons
 Acres of pastureland and rangeland fertilized in 1982 reported in section 10, items 1b and 3 	Г	1	1. Gasoline and gasohol for the farm business	\$	967	7
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2. Diesel fuel for the farm	969	970	971
 Expenditures for commercial fertilizer purchased – all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsur 	None 988	Dollars Cents	business	\$	i Ir	ן ר
(exclude lime) Report cost of custom application in			3. LP gas, butane, propane	972	973	974
section 27, item 6.	🗋 [\$		for the farm business			_
4. LIME - tons of lime used and acres on None	Tons of lime	Acres limed	(4.5 lbs. = 1 gallon)	\$	976	977
which applied (Do not include land plaster	934	935	4. Fuel oil and kerosene for the farm business		1 1 1	איי פ
or gypsum or lime for sanitation)			5. Natural gas for the farm	\$ 978	+ 1000]
SECTION 23 Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBIC			business	\$: 🗱	
OTHER PESTICIDES, or OTHER CH	IEMICALS USED	on this place in 1982?	6. Motor oil and grease for	979		
1 TES - Complete this	section		the farm business	\$	i	
2 🗍 NO – Go to section 2	4		7. Electricity for the farm	\$	¦ 👹	
Include any materials provided by you, your la			business	981	+ - 🕅	
item listed, report acres only once. If mult	tipurpose chemi	cals were used,	8. Other – coal, wood, coke, etc	\$: 🗱	
report acreage treated for each purpose.			SECTION 27 SELECTED PRODU		aid by you a	nd
1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fung		Number of acres	others for this place			
herbicide, insecticide, nematicide) to control -	_	936	s27 Include your best estimates of expe			
a. Insects on crops, including hay		937	buyers, and others for production of	of crops, livestock, a	and other ag	ricultural products
b. Nematodes in crops			in 1982, DO NOT INCLUDE expense others; operation of nonfarm activity			
c. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, sn		938	not related to the farm business.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
rusts, etc.)		939	1			Selected expenditures
d. Weeds, grass, or brush in crops and past Include both pre-emergence and post emergence					None	Dollars Cents
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth conti		940	1. Livestock and poultry purchas		191	B2 1
of crops or thinning of fruit			hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, started pullets, etc	horses, chicks, poult	s, □ \$	1
						83
3. Agricultural chemicals purchased—insecticide	s, None	Dollars Cents	 Total feed purchased for livest grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds, c 		🗆 s	1
herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, etc. Report cost of custom applications in section 27, item 6			a. Commercially mixed formula fi			,
SECTION 24 Was there any INTEREST EXPENSE	for the farm bus	iness in 1982?	complete, supplement, concer			
Befer to the INFORMATION SHE			(Exclude ingredients purchased separately, Tons	Tenths Dollars	Cents	
\$24 941 1 YES - Complete this	section		such as soybean meal, 984 cottonseed None	985	- i 📓	
2 NO - Go to section 2	5 Doll	ars Cents	meal, and urea)	/10 \$	1	
1 - How much interest was paid on all debts for th					98	37
farm business in 1982?	\$		 Seed cost — for corn, other grain cotton, etc. — Include plants and tree 			1
SECTION 25 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT or					99	
Include only equipment used for ag	iricultural operati	ons in 1981 of 1982.)	4. Hired farm or ranch labor (See	Information Sheet!	🗋 s	
 Value of ALL machinery and equipment on 	this nines Dec.	mbar 21 1982	a. Of the hired workers, including			
		•	paid family workers, how man			
 What is the estimated market value of ALL man equipment, and implements usually kept on thi 		timated market value	(1) Worked 150 days or mor			
and used for the farm or ranch business? Include	e cars,	Dollars Cent	1	992		
trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pu motors; irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milke	imps, ets and		(2) Worked less than 150 day		- 199	
bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment	, etc \$	<u> </u>	 Contract labor — Include expenditu es harvesting of fruit, vegetables, berries, 	, etc., performed on a con		1
SELECTED machinery and equipment	_		tract basis by a contractor, crew leader, a	e cooperative, etc	🗋 🔰	i i
on this place, December 31, 1982.	.	Of the total, HOW MANY were manufac-	6. Customwork, machine hire and and equipment — Include expendence	ditures for use of equipr	Hent 99	4
	Total number n this place on	tured in the last 5 year		and mixing feed, plowin	g,	
None Dec	cember 31, 1982	(1978–1982)? (Number)	fertilizing, etc. (Exclude cost of cotton	ginning).	🗆 💲	
944		945	SECTION 28 ESTIMATED CURR	ENT MARKET VALU	E OF LAND	and BUILDINGS
2. Automobiles		947	528		•	
3. Motortrucks – Include pickups			Please give your best ESTIMATE MARKET VALUE of land and build		<u></u>	
4. Wheel tractors other than garden		949	reported in section 1, items 1, 2,			mated market value
tractors and motor tillers			ł	None	1	land and buildings Dollars Cents
5. Grain and bean combines,		951		INOTIE	996	Cents
self-propelled only			1. All land owned		\$	
6. Corn heads for combines		953	2. All land rented or leased FROM	OTHERS	997 \$	
7. Cotton pickers and strippers		957			998	
958		959	3. All land rented or leased TO OTI		\$	
8. Mower conditioners		961	SECTION 29 PERSON COMPLET	ring this report	-	
9. Pickup balers - Include rectangle			Name		999 Da	ate
and round balers		963	1			
10. Field forage harvesters, shear		963	Telephone	e Numbe	er -	
10. Field torage harvesters, shear bar or flywheel type FORM 82 A0305 (2 12.82)		963	Telephone	e Numbe	H	

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INFORMATION SHEET **1982 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE**

Special Reporting Instructions

1. Who Should Report

WE NEED A REPLY FROM EVERYONE RECEIVING A REPORT FORM, INCLUDING individuals, landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and THOSE NOT CONDUCTING AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS. Each case included in the census has a unique census file number (CEN). In order to make the census results as complete and accurate as possible, we need to obtain information about every census file number.

2. If You Received More Than One Report Form for an Operation

2. If do receive note that of the apport form for an operation. Write "Duplicate" near the address label of each extra report form. "Also, write the 11-digit census file number(s) of the DUPLICATE report(s) ON THE COMPLETED REPORT in the space provided to the left of the address label. Return the extra report(s) in the same envelope with your completed report form so that we can correct our records.

3. If You No Longer Farm

If you had agricultural operations **at any time during 1982**, please report all agricultural activity during the year. Report all land on your census form that you owned or rented. Also, report your 1982 crop and livestock production and 1982 sales.

Explain on the first page of the report form (or on a separate sheet of paper) that you quit farming or ranching and give the approximate date and the name and address of the present operator, if known.

4. If You Never Farmed or Have No Association With Agriculture

Please write a note on the report form near the address label and return it so that we can correct our records. In our efforts to make the census as complete as possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminate duplicate and nonfarm addresses, however, it was not always possible to do so.

5. If You Have More Than One Agricultural Operation

Complete a report form for FACH SEPARATE and DISTINCT production unit, that is, each individual farm, ranch, feediot, greenhouse, etc., or combination of farms, etc., for which your maintain SEPARATE records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, crop acreages, and production.

6. If You Have a Partnership Operation

Complete only ONE report for the entire partnership's agricultural operation and include all partners' shares on the one report.

If members of the partnership also operate separate farms or ranches in addition to the partnership farming operation, separate report forms should be completed for each individual operation.

If two or more report forms were received for the same operation, mark ea additional form as a "Duplicate." Return the duplicate reports in the sam envelope with the completed partnership report, if possible, or write a not on the duplicate report, such as, "Partner (provide name) has completed a report for the partnership (provide partnership name)." mark each

7. Landlord's or Contractor's Share

If you rented or leased land from others or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, include both your share and the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses so your census report form will be complete for "this place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE. How to Enter Your Response

If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimate

Enter your replies in the proper spaces, on the correct line, and in the units requested, i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Write any explanation outside the answer spaces or on a separate sheet of paper.

All dollar figures may be entered in whole dollars. CENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED. Enter whole numbers except where tenths are requested, such as acres of potatoes harvested. If you have 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 of an acre, convert to tenths. For example, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10.

The census report form is being used throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and guestions which do not apply to you. When this occurs, mark the "None" or "No" box and go on to the next item or section.

Instructions For Specified Sections

Section 1 – ACREAGE IN 1982

Your answers to this section will determine the land ("Acres In This Place") referred to in the rest of the report form.

When answering the acreage questions, include the land associated with your agricultural operations in 1982 whether in production or not. Incluc all land that you owned or rented during 1982 even if only for part of the year. Exclude any unrelated residential or commercial land.

IF YOU QUIT FARMING DURING 1982 — Complete the report form for the portion of the year that you did farm. Explain on the report form or another sheet when you stopped farming and the name and address of the person now using the land.

Report all land in section 1 in whole acres

Item 1 — All Land Owned — Report all land owned in 1982 whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

INCLUDE in item 2:

 a. Land for agricultural use that you rented from others for cash
 b. Land you worked on a share basis (crop or livestock)
 c. Land owned by someone else that you used rent-free
 d. Federal, State, indian Reservation, or railroad land rented or leased by the acre DO NOT INCLUDE in item 2:

Land used on a per-head or animal unit license or permit basis, such as section 3, Taylor Grazing Act, National Forest, or Indian Reservation permit land. If you had any of these permits, mark ''yes'' to item 7.

Item 3 — All Land Rented or Leased TO OTHERS — include all land rented out for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in items 1 and 2. A report form will be obtained from each of your tenants to cover the operations on that land. INCLUDE in item 3:

- a. Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of crops or livestock b. Land you rented from someone and then subleased to someone else c. Land worked for you by someone for a share of crops or livestock d. Land which you allowed others to use rent-free

Item 4 – Acres In This Place – This figure will show the total of all land you operated at any time in 1982. To determine "Acres In This Place" ADD the land you owned and the land you rented or leased from others, then SUBTRACT the land you vented or leased to others: item 1 + item 2 - item 3 - item 4. It is important to report item 4 correctly (even if "O" acres) since the remainder of your report should over only operations on the "Acres In This Place."

If item 4 ("Acres In This Place") is "O" and:

- a. You raised any crops or had any livestock or poultry on this place in 1982, complete the report.
- b. All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper, complete item 6 (name and address of renters), skip to and complete section 29, and explain briefly, "All land rented out," etc. Mail form in return envelope.
- c. You did not have any agricultural activity on owned or rented land in 1982, complete section 29 and explain briefly, such as "retired," "sol farm," and date. Give name and address of current operator if known sold and return form.

Item 7 — Grazing Permits — In some states, government lands and Indian lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, with payments on a per-head or animal unit basis. This land should NOT be included as part of item 2, "Land rented or leased from others," or item 4, "Acres In This Place," but you should report any of your livestock located on this permit land in 1982.

Sections 2 through 8 - CROPS

Sections 2 through 8 provide space for reporting crops harvested during the 1982 crop year from the land shown in section 1, item 4 ("Acres In This Place") of your report. Please report your crops in the appropriate sections. Do NOT include any crops grown on land rented or leased TO others, or worked by others on shares during 1982.

Acres harvested — Enter the acres harvested in 1982. Round fractions to whole acres except where tenths are requested by '' /10'' in the reporting box, such as for potatoes.

Quantity harvested — The units of measure on the report form are those most commonly used in your state. If you use a different unit of measure, please convert your figure for quantity harvested to the unit requested. If the harvest was incomplete by December 31, 1982, please estimate the total quantity harvested or to be harvested.

Crop irrigation — For each crop irrigated, report number of acres irrigated. Irrigation is defined as land watered by artificial or controlled means – sprinklers, furrows or ditches, spreader dikes, purposeful flooding, etc. Include acres that received supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. For any crop not irrigated, leave "Acres irrigated" blank.

How to Report Crops Harvested:

- Sections 2 and 3 In these two sections, separate lines are provided for reporting each of several crops most commonly grown in your state. Do not write in figures or information for any other crops in these two sections.
- Sections 4 through 8 Report the information requested for any crops Sections 4 through 5 — heport the information requested for any crops prelisted in the sections. To report for crops not prelisted in these sections, (1) find the crop name and che code number from the list in the section; (2) enter crop name and code in the first two columns of the first available answer line in the section; (3) enter the information that is requested in the remaining columns. If a crop is not listed, use the "Other" code in the appropriate section and specify the crop name.

Example: You harvested 20 acres of alfalfa seed, yielding 6,000 pounds, and 30 acres of red clover seed, yielding 8,400 pounds. Neither crop was irrigated. You would enter the following in section 7:

Section 7	Were any OTHER CROPS harvested from this place in 1982 - small grains, field seeds, or other crops not previously reported?
\$7	YES Complete this section

Crop name	Code	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated
Alfalfa seed	542	20	543 6,000 Lb	5 544
Red clover	671	30	1 8400	2

Two or More Crops Harvested From the Same Land (Double-Cropping) — Report the total acres and production of each harvested crop in the appropriate section(s) of the report form

Example: In 1982 you harvested 1,230 bushels of wheat from 40 acres. then on the same 40 acres planted soybeans, from which you harvested 1,550 bushels. You irrigated the soybeans but not the wheat.

Correct entries	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres impated
Wheat	40	1,230	-
Soybeans	40	1.550	40

Interplanted Crops — If two crops were grown at the same time in alternating strips in the same field, report the portion of the field used for each crop.

Example: A 60 acre field was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans. No irrigation was used. Thirty acres of soybeans and 30 acres of cotton would be reported in their appropriate section(s).

Skip Row Planting — If a crop is planted in an alternating pattern of planted and non-planted rows, such as two rows planted and two rows skipped (2 X 2), report the portion of the field occupied by the crop in the appropriate section for that crop, and report the skipped portion as "Cropland idie" in section 10 (Land Use)

Section 4 — Vagetables — Report acres of vagetables harvested FOR SALE or commercial processing. Do not report acres of vagetables for home use only. Report the total acreage of each vagetable crop harvested.

Example: In 1982 you harvested 10 acres of lettuce from a field, then replanted the field in lettuce and harvested the 10 acres again. Both crops of lettuce were irrigated. Enter only 10 acres of land from which vegetables were harvested and 10 acres irrigated in item 1 of section 4, but write in 20 acres of lettuce harvested and 20 acres of lettuce irrigated in item 2 of section 4.

Section 8 - Fruits and Nuts - In counting the combined total of 20 or more trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production. Acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned should not be included; these acres should be included in section 10, item f "Cropland idle." If crops other than fruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with trees or vines, report the total acres for BOTH the orchard and the interplanted crops harvested.

Section 9 – GROSS VALUE OF CROPS SOLD

Report the value of all crops sold from "this place" in 1982, regardless of the year they were harvested or who owned the land. Be sure to give gross values (before deducting expenses and taxes). Include payments received in 1982 from cooperatives or marketing organizations for crops produced on this place regardless of the year in which the crops were harvested.

Include the landlord's or contractor's share of crops removed from this place in 1982 in the value of crops sold. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the crops' market value when removed from ''this place.'' Include in the value of crops sold from "this place" any cost of harvesting In Using Tertiver, chemically solo, furnished under a contract arrangement. Also include as sales your estimate of the value of any coops removed from this place in trade for seven success such as hay cut in exchange for fence repair,

clearing, or other services,

DO NOT INCLUDE:

a. Amount of government CCC loans received in 1982 in this section. Report government CCC loans in section 17.
 b. Crops or crop products purchased from others and later resold.

Section 10 - LAND USE

The purpose of this section is to classify the "Acres in This Place" you reported in section 1, item 4, by principal use in 1982. Do NOT include any acres you rented TO others (reported in section 1, item 3).

Land Used for More Than One Purpose — If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1982, report that land on the line for the use first listed, and NOT on the line for the second use. For example, if you plowed under a cover crop, and planted and harvested a grain crop, report the land in "Cropland harvested," but NOT as "Cropland used for cover crop legumes. ... etc." (item 1c).

Double Cropping — When more than one crop was harvested from the same land in 1982, report that land only ONCE as "Cropland harvested, item 1a of this section.

Interplanted Crops — If you interplanted crops, such as cotton in an orchard, report the total land used for both crops only ONCE, as "Cropland harvested," n item 1a

Skip Row Planted Crops — Report the acres that represent the total non-planted or skipped rows as "Cropland idle," item 1f, The acres that represent the planted rows should be reported as "Cropland harvested," item 1a.

Sections 12 through 16 -- LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, AND ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

Animals and Poultry to Include in the Report – Report all animals, poultry, and animal specialities on "this place" (section 1, item 4) on December 31, 1982, include all owned by you and any kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced lands, National Forest land, district land, cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis. Animals in transit on December 31, 1982, or animals on short-term pasture isuch as wheat possiture or corp residue) on a per-head or lease basis should be reported by the person who had control of the animals.

Animals and Poultry to Exclude from the Report – Do not report any animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrange-ment on land rented to others. Do not include animals quartered in feedlots which are not a part of "this place." Animals kept on a place not operated by you are to be included on the report for that place.

Animals Bought and Sold — 00 NOT REPORT ANY ANIMALS BOUGHT AND THEN RESOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS. Such purchases and sales are considered "dealer" irrustactions, and are not included in this census.

Number Sold – Report all animals and poultry sold and place if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from this place in 1982, without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do NOT report number sold for any livestock or poultry kept on another place.

Animals Moved to Another Place — For animals moved from this place to another place, such as for further feeding, report animals as ''sold'' and give your best estimate of their market value when they left ''this place.''

Fat Cattle Sold — Cattle fattened on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter are reported in section 12. DO NOT INCLUDE WITH FATTENED CATTLE SOLD:

- a. Cattle and calves sold for further feeding
 b. Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold
- c. Veal calves, or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds

Value of Sales — Report the total gross value of animals and poultry sold or removed from this place in 1982 without deducting production or marketing expenses (cost of fed, cost of livestock purchase, cost of haulting and selling etc.). If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place." Do NOT report the value of sales of any livestock and poultry owned by you but kept and sold from a place you did not operate

a prace you do not operate. **Contract and Custom Feeding Operations** — Livestock or poultry kept by you on "this place" on a contract or custom basis should be included on this report REGARDLESS OF OWNERSHIP. Report as "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on December 31, 1982. Report as "SOLD" animals and poultry which were kept on a contract or custom basis and were removed or sold from the place in 1982. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the market value of the animals or poultry when they left this place.

Section 15 – HORSES, PONIES, BEES, FISH, GOATS, ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, OTHER LIVESTOCK

Items 1 through 4 — Report the inventory number of animals, bee colonies, or animal specialties on the place on December 31, 1982, Indicate number sold and the gross value of sales for the number sold in 1982. In item 4, specify the name and code from List A of any livestock or animal specialties on "this place" which are not covered in items 1 through 3, or 6 (fish and aquaculture products), or sections 12 through 14, or 16.

If "Inventory" or "Sold" is in units other than "Number" (such as pounds, packages, etc.), indicate the unit.

If you own colonies or hives of BEES -- report all bee and honey operations conducted by you regardless of where the hives were kept most of the year (Report hives in item 2 and honey, beeswax, or pollen in item 5).

MINK PELTS, RABBIT PELTS, and CHINCHILLA PELTS should be included in number sold and value of sales, but NOT in inventory. WORMS raised for sal should be reported in beds (24 cubic feet per bed) in item 4, "Inventory" and in pounds in item 4, "Number sold."

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Item 5 — Sales of Animal Specialty Products — If any semen, manure, honey, beeswax, or other animal products were sold from this place in 1982, specify the products, the code from tist 8, the quantity sold, and the gross value of sales in 1982. If sold in units other than pounds or gallons, please indicate unit

Item 6 - Fish and Aquaculture Products - Report water surface acres nate, if necessary) used for raising fish or other aquaculture products FOR SALE.

Section 16 - POULTRY

Roosters and turkey toms used or to be used for BREEDING should be specified and reported in item 5, code 914 (All other poultry). Item 8 — Gross Value of Sales — Include an estimated value of poultry and poultry products moved from this place by contractors and others.

Section 17 -AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

Item 1 — Report the amount received under the regular or reserve program for commodifies placed under CCC loan during 1982. Include amount received even if commodity was redeemed or forfeited prior to December 31, 1982. Do not include CCC loans received to build crop storage facilities, or amount received for storage payments in the reserve program.

Section 19 - TYPE OF ORGANIZATION

Use the following definitions to help you determine the type of organization for your operation

Individual or Family Operation — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are not incorporated and not operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership Operation — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wile DOES NOT constitute a partnership, unless a specific agreement to share contributions, decisionmaking, profits, and labilities exists. Production under contract or under a share rental agreement DOES NOT constitute a partnership.

Incorporated Under State Law — A corporation is defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a state to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives. Also complete section 20 Other - Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated

enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian Reservation, institution run by a governmental or religious entity, etc.

Section 20 - CORPORATE STRUCTURE

This section is to be answered by corporations only. Answer both items. A family-held corporation has more than 50 percent of its stock owned by per-sons related by blood or marriage.

Section 21 — OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION This section applies to the characteristics and occupation of the individual owner, operator, senior partner, or person in charge for the type of organiza tion reported in section 19 of the form.

For Individual or Family Operation - Complete this section for the operator For Individual of ramity Operation — Complete this section for the operator. For Partnership Operations — Answer all items except 2 for the "Senior Partner." The "Senior Partner" is the individual who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on this place, not necessarily the person senior in age. If each partner shares equally in the day-to-day management decisions, consider the oldest as the "Senior Partner." For item 2 (Principal Occupation) consider all members of the partnership together. Please include as "farming" worktime at all types of agricultural enterprises, including work at greenhouses, nurseries, mushroom production, ranching, feedlots, broiler feeding, etc.

For Corporations and Other Operations (Cooperatives, Estates, etc.) – Complete section 21 for the person in charge, such as a hired manager, business manager, or other person primarily responsible for the on-site, day-to-day operation of the farm or ranch business.

Item 4 - Year Began Operation - Report the first year the operator or senior partner began to operate any part of this place on a continuous bail if the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed.

Section 22 - COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER AND LIME

Report acres on which commercial fertilizer (items 1 and 2) or lime (item 4) was applied during 1982. If any acreage was fertilized or limed more than once, report acres ONLY ONCE in each item. Report expense for commer-cial fertilizer purchased, excluding lime, in item 3.

Section 24 - INTEREST EXPENSE

Report all interest expenses paid in 1982 for the farm business.

- INCLUDE interest or finance charges on:

- A Mortgage loans for land and buildings in "this place"
 A. Mortgage loans for land and buildings in "this place"
 B. Machinery, tractors, trucks, and other equipment
 c. Fertilizer, feed. seed, etc.
 d. Livestock, poultry, breeding stock
 Funds borrowed to replenish or provide working capital
 f. Interest paid on CCC loans
- DO NOT INCLUDE:
- a. Interest on debts associated with activities not related to the production of crops or livestock on "this place," such as land or buildings rented to others, packing sheds, or feed mills providing services to others
 b. Interest on owner/operator dwelling where amount is separated from interest on other land and buildings in this place.

Section 25 - MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The estimated market value in item 1 refers to ALL machinery and equip-ment kept primarily on this place and used for the farm business. The value should be an estimate of what the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition, not the replacement or depreciated value.

Section 27 - SELECTED PRODUCTION EXPENSES

Section 27 — SELECTED PRODUCTION EXPENSES Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Also include expenses incurred even if payment was not made in 1982. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis or this place. "report their value (estimate, if necessary) in item 1 (Livestock and poultry purchased), at the time they came on this place. Also, include in item 2, the value and amount of feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place. Do not include expenses related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, livestock, or dealer activities). dealer activities)

Nired Labor — Include in expenses for hired labor gross wages or salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, and leave pay before deductions. Social Security taxes, health, life, or employment insurance and any other benefit paid by you should be included. Be sure any salary paid to a hired manager part of your total figure.

Contract Labor — Applies to expenditures primarily for labor in harvesting of crops, shearing sheep, etc. Exclude money paid to contractors for capital improvements such as putting up fences, repart or maintenance of putal or machinery, land clearing, etc. Include the expense of items considered primarily machine work in custom work, item 6.