# APPENDIX A. General Explanation

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# TAKING THE CENSUS

# Method of Enumeration

All censuses beginning with the 1969 census have been conducted primarily by mail. The 1978 census was the only census to include a mailout/mailback enumeration supplemented by the direct interview of all households in a sample of area segments. This combination of the mailout/mailback enumeration plus the area sample was used in 1978 to improve completeness of coverage for U.S., regional, and State level agriculture census statistics. Due to budget reductions, the area sample was eliminated in 1982.

In censuses prior to the 1969 census, enumerators were assigned to specific areas and called on all farm operators within each area. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration date to each boxholder served by post offices in predominantly rural areas and farmers were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up.

The mailout/mailback enumeration procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct enumeration methods used there appears in the reports for these outlying areas. A description of the special direct enumeration of citrus caretakers is included in the **Definitions and Explanations** section.

# Mail List

The mail list for the 1982 census was comprised of all individuals, businesses, and organizations that could be readily identified as being associated with agriculture. The list was assembled from the records of the 1978 census and administrative records of various government agencies, primarily the Internal Revenue Service and the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA).

Lists of large or specialized operations, such as nurseries, specialty crop farms, broiler growers, fish farms, livestock farms, and cattle feedlot operations, were obtained from State and Federal agencies, trade associations, and similar organizations. Lists of multiestablishment companies having one or more establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products were obtained from the 1978 census and updated using

information from the Standard Statistical Establishment List maintained by the Census Bureau.

A preliminary census mail list was assembled using names and addresses from the 1978 census and administrative source lists available in September 1981. Those records which were less likely to be farms were included in the 1982 Farm and Ranch Identification Survey. Approximately 3 million farm and ranch forms were mailed in March 1982 to names which appeared on only one source list or selected combinations of lists which had yielded a low percentage of farm operators in the 1978 census. As a result of this survey, nonfarm names and addresses were deleted from the census mail list, new tenant and successor operations were added, and the names, addresses, and size information were updated for the identified active farm operators.

The final census mail list was developed using results of the 1982 Farm and Ranch Identification Survey, names and addresses from the unduplicated preliminary list that were retained without precensus verification, and new or updated source lists acquired after the preliminary unduplication. The preliminary and final census mail lists were both constructed by merging and unduplicating the names and addresses from the various source lists on the basis of Employer Identification numbers, Social Security numbers, and names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the administrative source lists was assigned a geographic code indicating the State and county location of the operation and a size code indicating an estimated value of sales. Most duplicates were identified and resolved prior to mailing. Other duplicate names were either reported by respondents or located during office processing.

# Report Forms

In 1982, 12 regional report form versions were used. These forms were tailored primarily in sections 2 through 8 to list crops commonly produced in one or more States, and in section 15 to list livestock specialties produced. These modifications were made to enhance reporting of crop and livestock data and to reduce respondent burden.

Two report form versions were used to minimize the reporting burden, particularly for small farms. Approximately 75 percent of all farms received the 4-page nonsample form covering major items such as land use, crops, livestock and poultry, market value of agricultural products sold, and operator characteristics. The 5-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. The sample form contained all the items asked on the nonsample form plus the sample items (sections 22 through 28).

The sample form and the information sheet appear in appendix C. The Statistical Adjustments section of this appendix includes a discussion of the criteria used to determine whether the sample or nonsample form was to be mailed to addressees.

# **Initial Mailing**

The report forms were mailed in late December 1982 to the approximately 3,653,000 individuals, businesses, and organizations on the mail list. The information sheet containing instructions for completing the form and a brochure explaining the uses of the census data were included with each report form. Additional special instructions were included with report forms sent to grazing associations; feedlot operations; institutional organizations; and producers of poultry under contract, bees and honey, fish, laboratory animals, worms, and nursery and greenhouse products.

In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, copies of an Agriculture Census Guide booklet were sent to county agricultural agencies, institutions, or businesses to whom farmers might turn for help. Included were vocational agriculture instructors, and USDA county offices—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Farmers Home Administration, Soil Conservation Service, and Cooperative Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies graciously consented to assist farmers in completing their report forms if requested.

# **Followup Procedures**

The data collection effort included a reminder card and five followup letters, two of which were accompanied by a report form. Followup reminders were sent to nonrespondents on a flow basis at 3- to 4-week intervals starting in late February and continuing until late June 1983. In early April 1983, an additional followup letter was sent to nonrespondents in low response counties in 14 States.

Telephone calls were made to nonrespondents who were expected to have large operations (those with expected sales of \$100,000 or more) or who were located in low response counties. A nonresponse adjustment procedure was used to represent the final nonrespondent farms in the census results. A description of this procedure is included in the **Statistical Adjustments** section.

# **DATA PROCESSING**

Selected report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data onto magnetic tape. These included reports with attached correspondence, and reports with remarks or no positive data on the front page. All new successors reported by former operators were researched to see if they had already been included in the census mailing. Report forms were mailed to successor addresses not located on the mail file. This processing improved the coverage of the census.

The data for each report form were subjected to a detailed item-by-item computer edit. The edit performed comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected erroneous or inconsistent data, supplied missing data based on similar farms within the same county, and assigned farm classification codes necessary for tabulating the data. Significant computergenerated changes to the data were reviewed and verified.

In the computer edit, farms with sales, acreage, or commodities exceeding specified levels were tested for historical comparability. Key items, such as acreage and sales, were compared for significant changes between 1978 and 1982. Sizeable

historical differences were resolved or verified, by telephone if necessary.

Respondents who reported sales or acreage above specified levels on nonsample forms were sent correspondence requesting the additional sample data. Report forms with reported sales of \$1,000,000 or more or 30,000 acres or more, and other selected problem reports were reviewed by statisticians in the Agriculture Division. Problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contacting the respondents by telephone or correspondence.

Prior to publication, tabulated totals were reviewed by statisticians to identify any inconsistencies and potential coverage problems. Comparisons were made with previous census data, estimates published by the USDA and other available check data. Selected report forms were reviewed and problem entries were either verified as being correct or the data were corrected.

# MAJOR DATA CHANGES

The content of the 1982 census report form is similar to that of the 1978 form. To limit respondent burden, the 1978 and 1982 forms included only data items needed at the county level, either on a complete or sample basis. The 1978 census data items which were eliminated from the 1982 form include:

Land held under foreign ownership

Gallons purchased of gasoline; diesel fuel; LP gas, butane and propane; and fuel oil

Animal health costs for livestock and poultry

Interest expense for the farm business Source of irrigation water

Year in which the operator began to operate the farm

More extensive data on Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loans were collected in 1982.

# **DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS**

The following definitions and explanations provide a more detailed description of the terms used in this publication than are available in the tables or on the report form. For an exact wording of the questions on the 1982 census report forms and the information sheet which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

Most definitions of terms are the same as those used in earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are also noted here.

Farms or farms reporting—The term "farms" or "farms reporting" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there are 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of them had 28,594 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calves . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . farms. .842 number. .28.594

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in "farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not

actually under cultivation or used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All grazing land, except land used under government permits on a per-head basis, was included as "land in farms" provided it was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate land area of counties and States shown for 1982 represents the total land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1983. The county land areas were remeasured in 1980. The previous county measurements were done in 1940. Any differences between the land area in 1982 and 1978 are due to these new measurements, annexations, and other changes affecting county boundaries.

Land in two or more counties—With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually the county containing all or the largest proportion of the land in the farm or viewed by the respondent as his/her principal county. For a limited number of Midwest and Western States, this procedure has resulted in the allocation of more land in farms to a county than the total land area of the county. To minimize this distortion, separate reports were required for large farms identified from the 1978 census as having more than one farm unit. Other reports received showing land in more than one county were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals.

Value of land and buildings—Respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under current market conditions. If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated using the average value of land and buildings from a similar farm in the same geographic area.

Harvested cropland—This category includes land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, nurseries, and greenhouses. Land from which two or more crops were harvested was counted only once, even though there was more than one use of the land.

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category includes land used only for pasture or grazing that could have been used for crops without additional improvement, and all

land planted in crops that were grazed before the crops reached maturity. Also included was all cropland used for rotation pasture and land in government diversion programs that were pastured. However, cropland that was pastured after crops were harvested was not to be included.

Other cropland—This category includes cropland used only for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, cultivated summer fallow, idle cropland, and land planted in crops that were to be harvested after the census year.

Total woodland—This category includes natural or planted woodlots or timber tracts, cutover and deforested land with young growth which has or will have value for wood products, and land planted for Christmas tree production. Land covered by sagebrush or mesquite was to be reported as other pastureland and rangeland or other land.

Woodland pastured—This category includes all woodland used for pasture or grazing during the census year. Woodland or forest land pastured under a per-head grazing permit was not counted as land in farms and therefore was not included in woodland pastured.

Other land—This category includes land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In 1974, for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, this category included pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pastured in addition to land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, and wasteland.

Land set aside in federal farm programs—This land includes land diverted or set aside under the provisions of the Federal Commodity Acreage Reduction Program. These data are for the acres of cropland taken out of production by growers of wheat, cotton, rice, corn, sorghum, barley, and oats, and devoted to conservation uses. No information was obtained as to which crops would have been grown on the acres set aside.

Irrigated land—This category includes all land watered by any artificial or controlled means, such as sprinklers, furrows or ditches, and spreader dikes. Included are supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. Each acre was to be counted only once regardless of the number of times it was irrigated or harvested.

Operator-The term "operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work or making day-to-day decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, feeding, marketing, etc. The operator may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If a person rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he/she is considered the operator only of the land which is retained for his/her own operation. For partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. If there is no clear-cut partner in charge, then the senior or oldest active partner is considered the operator. For census purposes, the number of operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the report form, but another family member, a partner, or a hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

Operator characteristics—Data on characteristics such as residence, race, Spanish origin, age, sex, principal occupation, and off-farm work were collected from all operators in 1982. If

operator characteristics of race, age, sex, and principal occupation were not reported, they were derived based on information reported by farms with similar acreage size, tenure, and sales size. No imputations were made for nonresponse to place of residence, Spanish origin, off-farm work, or year began operation. For the 1982 and 1978 censuses, operators of Spanish origin were tabulated by reported race. Prior censuses included Spanish origin as "White" whenever separate data for the White race were shown.

Selected farm production expenses—Since only selected production expenses incurred in 1982 were requested, the expense data cannot be used in combination with gross sales to calculate net cash farm income. The 1979 Farm Finance Survey provided estimates on net cash farm income.

In 1982, as in other recent censuses, operators producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract frequently failed to report certain expenditure data. They often were unable or unwilling to estimate the cost of production inputs furnished by the contractors. As a consequence, the rate of imputation of expenditure data for these operations is considerably higher than it is for noncontract producers.

Commercial fertilizer—The expense for commercial fertilizer is the amount spent on fertilizer during 1982, excluding the cost of application. Some fertilizer purchased in 1982 may not have been applied during the year. If the fertilizer was applied by someone other than the operator, respondents were requested to report the cost of application as an expense for customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment.

Other agricultural chemicals—These expenses include the cost of all insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and other pesticides, excluding costs of application. Data exclude commercial fertilizer purchased. The cost of lime is included in the 1978 data, but excluded from 1982.

Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment—These expenses include costs incurred for having customwork done on the place and for renting machines to perform agricultural operations. The cost of cotton ginning is excluded. The cost of labor involved in the customwork service is included in the customwork expense. The cost of labor for operating rented or hired machinery is included as a hired farm and ranch labor expense.

Interest expense—Only the interest expense for the farm business was to be reported. Although instructions requested that interest on the owner/operator dwelling be excluded when separate records were available, it is probable that an undetermined amount of such nonfarm business interest was also reported.

Energy and petroleum products—Respondents were asked to report only those expenses pertaining to the operation of the farm business.

**Storage capacity**—This category applies to those farms reporting expenditures for the specific kind of fuel. The storage capacity was to be reported even if not used during the census year.

Farms with storage capacity reported as "no"—This category includes farm operators with expenditures for a specific kind of fuel who also checked the "none" box for storage capacity. See appendix C, section 26, Expenditures for Energy.

Market value of agricultural products sold—This category represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenses of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1982 regardless of who received the payment. It includes sales by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors, or others associated with the operation. In addition, it includes the loan value received in 1982 for placing commodities in the CCC loan program. This ensures comparability with prior census years for market value of agricultural products sold.

The value of agricultural products sold represents total sales of all crops, including nursery products sold, and livestock, poultry, and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as customwork or agricultural services, or income from nonfarm sources. Sales of forest products were not included in 1978 or 1982; but were included in 1974.

The value of crops sold in 1982 does not necessarily represent the sales from crops harvested in 1982. Data may include sales from crops produced in earlier years and exclude some crops produced in 1982, but held in storage and not sold. For commodities, such as sugar beets and wool, sold through a co-op which made payments in several installments, respondents were requested to report only the total value received in 1982.

The value of agricultural products sold was collected from all operators. If the operator failed to report, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the number of livestock or poultry sold. Extensive estimation was required for operators growing crops or livestock under contract.

Caution should be used when comparing sales in 1982 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the fluctuations in perunit prices between census years.

Income from machine work, customwork, and other agricultural services—This category consists of gross income received during 1982 by farm operators for providing services for others such as planting, plowing, spraying, harvesting, etc. Income from machine work and other agricultural services is generally included in the agriculture census if it is supplemental to the farming operation. However, it is excluded if it constitutes a separate establishment or is conducted from another location. The agricultural services part of a farming operation was generally considered a separate establishment when income from agricultural services was \$10,000 or more and greater than the value of agricultural products sold. Due to legislative restrictions, data for establishments primarily engaged in agricultural services were not collected in 1982.

Agricultural chemicals used, including fertilizer and lime—For each type of agricultural chemical, the acres treated were to be reported only once. If multipurpose chemicals were used, the acres treated for each purpose were to be reported.

Fish and other aquacultural products—The raising of fish and other aquacultural products in captivity is included in the agriculture census. Production in salt water is considered not to be in captivity and is excluded from the census. The value of fish and other aquacultural products sold and laboratory animals

sold is included in the category "other livestock and livestock products."

Bees and honey—Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area. The completeness and accuracy of these data are affected by the fact that some bee operations may not have been on the mail list and some operators on the mail list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Citrus enumeration-In the 1982 census, reports for selected citrus caretakers in Arizona, Florida, and Texas were obtained by direct enumeration. A citrus caretaker is an organization or person caring for or managing citrus groves for others. This special enumeration has been used in recent censuses because of the difficulty in identifying and enumerating absentee grove owners who often do not know the information that is needed to adequately complete the census report. Each citrus caretaker was enumerated as a farm operator and requested to complete one report form for all groves cared for and to furnish a list of grove owners' names, addresses, and acres of citrus. The names on the lists were matched to completed grove owners' report forms to eliminate duplication. The caretaker was also requested to inform the grove owner that he had already reported for the citrus under his care and that the grove owner was not to report the citrus again. In the 1982 census, 8 caretakers in Arizona reported 210 grove owners having 13,000 acres of citrus; the 99 caretakers in Florida reported 5,900 grove owners having 250,000 acres of citrus; and 21 caretakers in Texas reported 1,500 grove owners having 30,000 acres of citrus.

Crop year or season covered—Acres and quantity harvested are for the calendar year 1982 except for citrus fruits, avocados, olives; vegetables in Florida; sugarcane in Florida and Texas; and pineapples and coffee in Hawaii.

Citrus fruits—The data for Florida relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through July 1982 harvest season, except limes that were harvested in the April 1982 through March 1983 harvest season. The data for Texas relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through May 1982 harvest season. The data for States, other than Florida and Texas, relate to the quantity harvested in the 1981-82 harvest season.

Avocados—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the November 1981 through November 1982 harvest season and for Florida the April 1982 through March 1983 harvest season.

Olives—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through March 1982 harvest season.

Vegetables—The data for Florida relate to the crop harvested in the September 1981 through August 1982 harvest season.

Sugarcane for sugar—The data for Florida relate to the cuttings from November 1981 through April 1982, and for Texas the cuttings from October 1981 through April 1982.

*Pineapples*—The data for Hawaii relate to the quantity harvested in the year ending May 31, 1982.

Coffee-The data for Hawaii relate to the 1981-82 crop.

Acres and quantity harvested—Crops were reported in whole acres, except for the following crops which were reported in 10ths of acres: Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, tobacco, fruit and nut crops including land in orchards, berries, vegetables, and nursery and greenhouse products; and in Hawaii, taro, ginger root, and lotus root. Totals for crops reported in 10ths of acres were rounded to whole acres at the aggregate level during the tabulation process.

If two or more crops were harvested from the same land during the year, the acres would be counted for each crop. Therefore, the total acres of all crops harvested generally exceeds the acres of cropland harvested. The exception to this procedure is hay crops. When more than one cutting of hay was taken from the same acres, the acres are counted only once but the quantity harvested includes all cuttings. However, hay cut for both dry hay and green crop or silage would be reported for each applicable crop. For interplanted crops or "skip-row" crops, acres were to be reported according to the portion of the field occupied by each crop.

If a crop was planted but not harvested, the acres were not to be reported as harvested. These acres were to be reported in the "land use" section under the appropriate cropland items—cropland used only for pasture or grazing, cropland used for cover crops, cropland on which all crops failed, or cropland idle.

Corn and sorghum hogged or grazed were to be reported as "cropland harvested" and not as "cropland used only for pasture or grazing." Crop residue left in fields and later hogged or grazed was not to be reported as cropland pasture.

Quantity harvested was not obtained for crops such as vegetables; nursery and greenhouse products; corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed; and sorghum, hogged or grazed.

Acres of land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees were to be reported as harvested cropland regardless of whether the crop was harvested or failed. However, abandoned orchards were to be reported as cropland idle, not as harvested cropland and the individual abandoned orchard crop acres were not to be reported.

Land in orchards—This category includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 total fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or grapevines.

Crop units of measure—The regional report forms allowed the operator to report the quantity of field crops harvested in a unit of measure commonly used in the region. When the operator reported in a unit of measure different than the unit of measure published, the quantity harvested was converted to the published unit of measure.

Grapes could be reported in dry weight or fresh weight; plums and prunes in fresh weight or prunes in dry weight; and in Hawaii, coffee in pounds parchment or pounds cherry, and macadamia nuts in pounds husked, unshelled or pounds shelled. For other fruit and nut crops and citrus, the operator was given a choice of units of measure of pounds, tons, or boxes. The quantity harvested for these crops is published in pounds.

Write-in crops—To reduce the length of the report form, only the major crops for the region were prelisted. For other crops, the respondent was requested to look at a list of crops in each section and write in the crop name and its code. For crops that had no individual code listed on the report form, the respondent was to write in the crop name and code the crop into the appropriate "all other" category for that section. Write-in crops coded as "all other" were reviewed and assigned a specific code when possible. Crops not assigned a specific code were left in the appropriate "all other" category.

In some cases, the reviewers were unable to determine the specific crop reported by the respondent because of incomplete or generalized crop names. To ensure proper coding, most of these respondents were telephoned. Reports for those not telephoned were changed on the basis of other reports for the area.

Misreported or miscoded crops—In a few instances, tabulated data may be inaccurate because respondents misunderstood or misinterpreted questions on the report form. Data may have been reported on the wrong line or in the wrong section, or the wrong crop code may have been placed beside the name of a write-in crop. Some of these errors as well as some keying errors may not have been identified during processing and therefore were not corrected. Reports with significant acres of unusual crops for the area were examined to minimize the possibility that they were in error.

Changes in crop wording—Changes were made to the wording of selected crop items on the 1982 census forms. These items are listed with the wording used in 1978. The 1982 and 1978 data are comparable for all items, except improved pecans and wild and seedling pecans which were combined.

Dry edible beans, excluding dry limas—The 1978 wording was "dry field and seed beans."

Dry edible peas—The 1978 wording was "dry field and seed peas". Dry edible peas exclude Austrian winter peas, wrinkled seed peas, and southern peas or cowpeas.

Green cowpeas and green southern peas; cowpeas and southern peas for dry peas—The wording for these items was changed for 1982 to include the term "southern peas," a more common term for cowpeas.

Honey tangerines-The 1978 wording was "murcotts.".

Other tangerines—The 1978 wording was "tangerines and mandarins."

Pecans—The 1978 categories "improved pecans" and "wild and seedling pecans" have been combined into "pecans" for 1982.

# "See text" References

Items in the tables which carry the note "See text" are explained or defined in this section.

Data are based on a sample of farms—For 1982 and 1978, selected data were collected from only a sample of farms. These data are subject to sampling error. For 1982, the 5-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected

sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. Sample sections 22 through 28 of the 1982 census forms include inquiries on commercial fertilizer and lime, chemicals, interest expense, machinery and equipment, expenditures for energy and petroleum products, selected production expenses, and value of land and buildings. Estimates of the reliability of county totals for selected items are shown in table E.

**Principal source of irrigation water**—The acres irrigated by principal source were derived based on reported percentages of water obtained by source. See appendix C for an example of section 11, Land Irrigated. When irrigation water was obtained from two or more sources, the acres irrigated were included only once under the source from which the largest percentage of water was obtained.

1974 data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships—For 1974, farm operator characteristics were not collected from corporations, cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations. For 1982 and 1978, characteristics and occupation of the senior partner or person in charge were collected from all farms.

Farms operated by Black and other races—This category includes Blacks, American Indians, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and all other racial groups other than White.

All other races—This category is primarily limited to persons native to or of ancestry from Mexico, the Caribbean, and Central and South America.

Farms reporting no interest expense—This category includes only reports without dollars reported and the "no" box checked for the yes/no screening question in section 24. See appendix C for an example of section 24, Interest Expense.

Total sales—This item represents the gross market value of all agricultural products sold before taxes and expenses in the census year including livestock, poultry, and their products; and crops, including nursery products, and hay. Respondents were asked to include landlords' and contractors' shares. As in prior census years, the value of commodities placed in CCC loans are included as sold. Sales of forest products were not included in 1978 or 1982. The 1974 data included sales of forest products from those places qualifying as farms through other agricultural production.

Farms with sales of less than \$2,500—In 1982 and 1978, this category included all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$2,500. In 1974, farms with sales of less than \$2,500 but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over are included in the category "\$2,500 to \$4,999."

Farms with sales of less than \$1,000—This category includes all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$1,000 but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, peni-

tentiaries, churches, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. In prior censuses, a number of nongovernmental units such as church farms and FFA camps were classified as abnormal farms. In 1982, such nongovernmental units were classified as abnormal farms only when 50 percent or more of their products produced and intended for human consumption were utilized by the organization.

Value of agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption—This category represents the value of agricultural products produced and sold directly to individuals for human consumption from roadside stands, farmers' markets, pick-your-own sites, etc. It excludes nonedible products such as nursery products, cut flowers, wool, etc. Sales of agricultural products by vertically integrated operations through their own processing and marketing operations were excluded.

Other livestock and livestock products—This category includes all livestock and livestock products not listed separately.

Value of livestock and poultry on farms—Data for the value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the inventory of each major age and sex group by State average prices. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, angora goats, hens and pullets of laying age, and turkeys were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service, USDA. Prices applied to other livestock and poultry were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales in the census.

Poultry hatched—This category includes all poultry hatched during the year and placed or sold. Incubator egg capacity on December 31, 1982, is tabulated under the column heading Inventory and the number of poultry hatched is under the heading Sales.

Worms—Worm inventory consists of the number of standard worm beds in production. A standard worm bed is considered to be 24 cubic feet. Sales of worms are shown in pounds. Sales of worm castings are included in other livestock products sold.

Hay—alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.—Data shown for hay represent all hay crops, including grass silage, haylage, and hay crops cut and fed green (green chop). In production data, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dry weight equivalents for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons of green weight to 1 ton of dry weight.

Tame hay other than alfalfa, small grain, and wild hay—Data shown represent dry tons of hay harvested from clover, lespedeza, timothy, Bermuda grass, Sudan grass, and other types of legume and tame grasses.

Grass silage, haylage, and green chop hay—The 1978 categories "grass silage and haylage" and "hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)" have been combined into "grass silage, haylage, and green chop hay" in 1982.

**Grapes**—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of grapes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of grapes harvested

have been converted to pounds fresh weight. The conversion used was 4.3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Plums and prunes—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of plums and prunes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of plums and prunes harvested have been converted to pounds fresh weight. The conversion used was 3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Almonds—In 1982, the quantity of almonds harvested was reported in pounds of meats. For 1978, the quantity harvested was reported in the shell.

Other fruits and nuts—Data shown for other fruits and nuts relate to any fruits and nuts not having a specific code on the 1982 report form.

Land used for vegetables—Data are for the total land used for vegetable crops. The acres are reported only once, even though two or more harvests of a vegetable or more than one vegetable were harvested from the same acres.

Vegetables harvested for sale—The acres of vegetables harvested is the summation of the acres of individual vegetables harvested. All of the individual vegetable items may not be shown.

Nursery and greenhouse products grown for sale—These data are a summation of the individual items reported. All of the individual items may not be shown.

Other grains—These data are for the total market value of other grains sold including dry edible beans, dry lima beans, buckwheat, cowpeas and southern peas for dry peas, emmer and spelt, flaxseed, mixed grains, lentils, mustard seed, dry edible peas, popcorn, proso millet, rice, rye for grain, safflower, sunflower seed, triticale, and wild rice.

Value of crop production—This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1982 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated value per unit by the reported acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of prices per unit. If only acres harvested were reported, State estimates for value of production per acre were used. The State average production price and production value per acre used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications of the Statistical Reporting Service, USDA. When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondent report forms, county extension agents, and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

# FARMS CLASSIFIED BY SPECIFIED CHARACTERISTICS

State tables 44 through 50 present detailed 1982 data for all farms classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. Other tables include data classified by value of sales groups, or other characteristics of the farm or the operator.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold or value of sales—In 1982, all farms except abnormal farms were tabulated by size based on reported sales. Thus, the category "farms with sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999" included only farms with actual sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999. Abnormal farms were not tabulated based on actual or potential sales. The category "farms with sales of less than \$1,000" included all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$1,000 but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

The sales size categories have been changed to be consistent with the standard business size categories issued by the Office of Management and Budget in 1982. Sales size categories "\$100,000 to \$249,999" and "\$250,000 to \$499,999" are used in this report; whereas, sales size categories "\$100,000 to \$199,999" and "\$200,000 to \$499,999" were used in prior censuses. In State table 11 and county table 3, the 1978 census data have been retabulated into the new sales size categories.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure used in the 1982 census were:

Full owners, who operate only land they own.

Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others.

*Tenants,* who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—All farms were classified by type of organization in the 1982 census. The classifications used were:

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.

Partnership operation, including family partnership.

Corporation, including family corporation.

Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, institutional farm, etc.

Corporations were subclassified by two additional characteristics into:

- a. Family held Other than family held
- b. More than 10 stockholders10 or less stockholders

Farms by age and principal occupation of operator—Data on age and principal occupation were obtained from all operators in 1982. The principal occupation classifications used were:

Farming—The operator spent 50 percent or more of his/her worktime in 1982 in farming or ranching.

Other—The operator spent more than 50 percent of his/her worktime in 1982 in occupations other than farming or ranching.

Farms by size—All farms were classified into selected size groups according to the total land area in the farm. The land area of a farm is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land rented to or assigned to a tenant was considered the tenant's farm and not the owner's.

Farms by standard industrial classification—In 1982, all agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) were classified by type of activity or activities using the standard industrial classification (SIC) system. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual<sup>1</sup>, are used to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 4-digit industry and 3-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural products. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment is less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group. Otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Characteristics of all farms by selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 15 and 50. The SIC groupings shown in State table 50, together with the associated products (value of sales representing 50 percent or more of the value of agricultural products sold during the year) on which the classification is based, are as follows:

Cash grains (011)—Wheat, rice, corn, soybeans, barley, buck-wheat, cowpeas, dry field and seed beans and peas, emmer, field seeds, flaxseed, lentils, mustard seed, oats, popcorn, rye, safflower, sorghum, and other small grains.

Cotton (0131)—Cotton and cottonseed.

Tobacco (0132)-Tobacco.

Sugar crops, Irish potatoes, hay, peanuts, and other field crops (0133, 0134, 0139)—Sugarcane, sugar beets, Irish potatoes, alfalfa, broomcorn, clover, flax, hay, hops, mint, peanuts, sweetpotatoes, and timothy.

Vegetables and melons (016)—Vegetables and melons grown in the open.

Fruits and tree nuts (017)—Berries, grapes, tree nuts, citrus fruits, deciduous tree fruits, avocados, dates, figs, olives, pineapples, and tropical fruit.

Horticultural specialties (018)—Ornamental plants; nursery products, such as bulbs, florists' greens, flowers, shrubbery, flower and vegetable seeds and plants, and sod; mushrooms and vegetables grown under cover.

General farms, primarily crops (019)—Crops, including horticultural specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single 3-digit industry group. Includes farms with no agricultural products sold reporting cropland harvested or cropland on which all crops failed.

Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties (021)—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, goat's milk, wool, and mohair.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

Beef cattle, except feedlots (0212)—Production or feeding of beef cattle, except feedlots.

Dairy farms (024)—Production of cows' milk and other dairy products and raising of dairy heifer replacements.

Poultry and eggs (025)—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, duck, geese, pheasants, pigeons, and quail.

Animal specialties (027)—Fur-bearing animals, rabbits, horses, ponies, bees, fish in captivity except fish hatcheries, worms, and laboratory animals.

General farms, primarily livestock (029)—Livestock and livestock products, including animal specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single 3-digit industry group. Includes farms with no agricultural products sold reporting livestock or pasture.

# STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENTS

The 1982 Census of Agriculture used two types of statistical adjustments—nonresponse and sample. These adjustments were necessary because, as noted previously, not all farms were surveyed for all items and some farms failed to respond to the numerous attempts to contact them.

# **Nonresponse**

Farms for which no response was obtained from the mailout/mailback self-enumeration procedure were classified as "large" or "small" based on expected sales being above or below \$100,000. The small nonrespondents were classified even further using other mail list characteristics.

A short report form was then sent to a sample selected from the various classifications of small farms to obtain information needed to develop a State estimate of the number of nonrespondents that were in fact farms. If this second report form was not returned, then a telephone follow-up was attempted.

For all large farms, a telephone follow-up was conducted. Some operators could not be contacted or they refused to cooperate. In these cases, secondary sources such as ASCS county offices, extension agents, and previous census reports were utilized whenever possible to provide reports for tabulation.

State estimates of the percentage of nonrespondent farms were made for several strata. These estimates were then used to make estimates at the county level for each stratum. Respondent farms were then randomly selected within county stratum to represent the nonrespondent farms by having a nonresponse weight of two. All other respondent farms had a nonresponse weight of one.

The nonresponse adjustment procedure makes the assumption that the respondents and the nonrespondents have similar statistical properties. Also, the use of secondary sources for some large farms and the fact that a percentage of the sampled farms were not contacted by either mail or telephone is assumed not to affect the estimates for nonrespondents.

Table A partially measures the effect of nonresponse on selected major items at the State level. This estimate of the nonresponse rate measures only the effect of small whole farm nonresponse. The effect of the adjustment for nonresponse due to complete nonresponse among large farms and item

nonresponse among all farms is not included in table A. The percentages in table A indicate the potential for bias in published figures resulting from small farm nonresponse. However, large farm nonresponse does not necessarily indicate bias. Individual county nonresponse rates may differ substantially from the State value in table A.

# Sample

Report forms containing additional sample inquiries (sections 22 through 28) were mailed to all farms in Alaska and Hawaii and to a sample of farms identified when the mail list was constructed. Other farms were selected into the sample with certainty because they were expected to be "large," to have a complex organizational structure, or to have special characteristics. The definition of large varied by State, from a low of 1,000 acres or \$100,000 sales to a high of 10,000 acres or \$500,000 sales. The median State level for the continental United States was 1,800 for acres and \$150,000 for sales. Large farms identified during processing also were included with certainty by sending the respondents a supplemental form containing only sample questions. In addition to large farms, all farms in counties containing less than 100 farms in 1978 and all farms in SIC groups with a small number of farms at the State level in 1978 were included in the sample with certainty. Farms in counties containing 100 to 199 farms in 1978 were sampled at a rate of 1 in 2. Farms in counties containing 200 or more farms in 1978 were sampled at a rate of 1 in 6.

The noncertainty samples were stratified into 128 strata formed by the 8 sales groups, 8 SIC groups, and 2 acre groups.

SIC	Acres
011	0 to 69
	70 or more
•	
•	
025 029	
	011 013 016, 018 017, 019 024, 021, except 0212 0212, 027 025

This post-stratification was done to improve precision and to reduce the bias in all estimates by weighting the sample farms within stratum by the ratio of total farms to sample farms. If the calculated weight was greater than 12 in counties sampled at a rate of 1 in 6, or greater than 4 in counties sampled at a rate of 1 in 2, then the post-stratum was collapsed into another post-stratum. Collapsing of post-stratum also occurred if the stratum contained fewer than 10 sample farms.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment of Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1982

item	Percent of total
Farms	12.8 8.9 7.5
Market value of agricultural products sold \$1,000.  Harvested cropland acres.  Corn for grain or seed acres.	7.2 8.4 8.2
Wheat for grain	7.1
Hogs and pigsnumber.  Hens and pullets of laying agenumber.	9.7 7.9 2.6

Estimates were prepared for items in sections 22 through 28 of the report form by multiplying the data item for each farm in the sample by the sample weight assigned the farm. The weight for a certainty farm was 1. Sample weights for the final post-strata ranged from 1 to 24 because all exact weights (census total number of farms divided by the number of sample farms in the stratum) were converted to integers by a simple algorithm and then multiplied by 1 or 2 (the nonresponse weight).

# NONSAMPLING ERRORS

Each census or survey is subject to error. In addition to sampling variability, errors arise from nonsample sources such as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing, and the inability to obtain a report from each eligible reporting unit. For example, an operator may report the number of hogs and pigs sold but may not report the value of the sale. In other cases, the respondent indicated the presence of an item but not the quantity. The accuracy of a census count is determined by the joint effects of sampling and nonsampling errors. Thus, extensive efforts were made to keep errors introduced during clerical and electronic processing to a minimum level through the use of quality control, verification, and check measures on specific operations.

# **CENSUS COVERAGE**

Although a complete and accurate count of farms, land in farms, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be included, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of operators to the farm operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete list of agricultural operations, the difficulty of locating and identifying some types of farms, the operator's absence from the farm during the data collection period, and the operator's opinion that part or all of the operation does not qualify and should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although the primary purpose of these evaluations is to identify problem areas and supply evidence as a basis for improvements, they also provide users of census data with estimates of the completeness of the census counts. The results of the coverage evaluation study were published for the 1978 census in Volume 5, Special Reports, part 3. An evaluation of coverage was conducted in 1982 to measure the extent of the undercount and overcount of farms in the census. A description of this evaluation will be in a separate Coverage Evaluation report. This report includes estimates of the net percentage of all farms, acres, and sales missed in the census.

## Classification Problems

In 1978, the proportion of farms missed due to misclassification (1.8 percent) was higher for farms with small values of sales. The rate of misclassification was higher on (1) crop farms than livestock farms, (2) farms with a small number of acres than larger farms, or (3) tenant farms than full or part-owner farms. Full owners were misclassified more often than part owners. Farm operators over 55 years of age were misclassified more often than younger operators.

An evaluation study of classification errors was conducted in the 1982 Census of Agriculture and will be reported in Coverage Evaluation. A sample of mail list respondents was selected, and these addresses reenumerated to determine whether they were a farm or nonfarm. Two types of errors were identified; missed farms and overcounted farms. Missed farms were farm operations included on the mail list but classified in the census as nonfarms. Overcounted operations were nonfarm operations classified in the census as farms.

# Mail List Problems

A major problem with the use of a mail list is the failure to include all farms on the list. In 1978, approximately 10.8 percent of all farms were not included on the census mail list. There were several reasons for the farm operator's names not being included on the mail list—the operation may have been started after the mail list source was developed; the operation may not have been included on any source list used to construct the mail list; or the operation may have been removed from the list because of incorrectly identifying duplicates or falsely classifying it as a nonfarm prior to mailout.

A great many of the farms not included on the mail list were small in both acres and sales. The operator in many cases had a full time off-farm job and farmed part time. In 1978, the average size of farms and sales for all farms and farms not on mail list is given below.

	Average size				
	All farms	Farms not on mail list			
Land (acres)	415	68			
Sales (dollars)	\$43,618	\$4,709			

# RELIABILITY OF CENSUS ESTIMATES

The sources of possible sampling and nonsampling errors have been previously discussed. Some sources affected all the data; others affected only certain items or geographic levels. The results of these errors, bias and increased variability, are difficult to measure.

Census items were classified as either 100-percent or sample items. The 100-percent items were those asked of all farm operators. These included land in farms, harvested cropland, livestock inventory and sales, and crop acreages and quantities (sections 1 to 21 of the census report form). Variability in the 100-percent items is due to the variation associated with nonresponse imputation and response error. Estimation of this variation results in a standard error of an estimate originating in the selection of the sample of small nonrespondents at the State level. Sample items were items asked of approximately 1 in 4 farm operators and include value of land and building, value of farm machinery, energy expenses, and selected farm production expenses, such as hired farm labor and interest expense (sections 22 to 28 of the census report form). Variability in estimates of sample items is the effect of the sample selection and estimation procedure and all the factors affecting the variability of 100-percent items.

In the 1982 Census of Agriculture, the sample used is one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible samples is called the sampling deviation. The standard or sampling error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error of estimate (percent) is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the value being estimated.

As calculated for this report, the standard error of the estimate (percent) partially measures the effect of certain non-sampling errors but does not measure any systematic biases in the data. Bias is the difference, averaged over all possible samples, between the estimate and the desired value. The accuracy of a survey result depends on both the sampling and nonsampling errors measured by the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) and the bias and other types of non-sampling error not measured.

If all possible samples were selected, each of those surveyed under essentially the same conditions, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample then:

- a. Approximately 67 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.
- b. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.

To illustrate the computations involved in the above confidence statements as related to average value of land and building estimates, assume that an estimate of a average value of land and buildings published for a particular county is \$276,741 and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for this estimate, as given in table D, is 2.8 percent, or 0.028. Multiplying \$276,741 by 0.028 yields \$7,749. Therefore, a 67-percent confidence interval is \$268,992 to \$284,490 (i.e.,

Table B. Estimates of Reliability of Number of Farms in a County Reporting a 100-Percent Item: 1982

Farms	Estimated relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	_
25	1.1
50	1.1
75	1.1
100	1.1
150	1.0
200	1.0
300	1.0
500	1.0
750	1.0
1,000	1.0
1,500	0.9
2,000	0.9

Note: 100-percent items are items included in sections 1 to 21 of the report form (appendix C).

\$276,741 plus or minus \$7,749). If corresponding confidence intervals were constructed for all possible samples of the same size and design, approximately 2 out of 3 (67 percent) of these intervals would contain the figure obtained from a complete enumeration. Similarly, a 95-percent confidence interval is \$261,243 to \$292,239 (i.e., \$276,741 plus or minus  $2 \times $7.749$ ).

Tables B and C present the reliability of the estimates of the number of farms reporting a 100-percent or sample item at the county level. Both tables contain relative standard errors of estimate (percent) which were weighted over all counties in the State to arrive at an estimated value. In county table 12, for example, in column 2 the number of farms reporting hog and pig inventory is 52. From table B, an approximate relative standard error of estimate (percent) for the number of farms reporting hogs and pigs would be 1.1.

Table D presents State estimates of major items for all farms and for all farms with sales of \$10,000 or more and measures of their reliability. The estimate and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) is given for selected 100-percent and sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) measures the variation associated with the small whole farm nonresponse adjustment. It does not measure census variability associated with complete nonresponse among large farms, partial or item nonresponse among all farms, response error or content error. The relative standard error of estimate (percent) for sample items measures both nonsampling and sampling error. It measures the variation associated with selecting a sample to estimate sample items as well as variability associated with adjustment for small farm nonresponse. The reliability of county estimates may vary substantially from each other and will usually be larger than the State estimate.

Table E presents the estimate of reliability at the county level for four major 100-percent items and six sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for the same item differs among counties in a State. Reasons for this are: (1) differences among counties in the total number of farms, (2) the number of large farms included with certainty, (3) the size classifications of farms sampled, (4) the amount of non-response, (5) the general agricultural characteristics, and (6) the specific characteristic being measured.

Table C. Estimates of Reliability of Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Sample Item: 1982

Farms	Estimated relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	
25	78.5
50	43.3
75	30.6
100	23.9
150	16.9
200	13.2
300	9.3
500	6.0
750	4.3
1,000	3.3
1,500	2.4
2,000	1.8

Note: Sample items are items included in sections 22 to 28 of the report form (appendix C).

Table D. Estimates of Reliability of State Totals for Selected Items: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ail fa	arms	Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more			
ltem	Totai (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)		
Farmsnumber_	94 382	.1	66 966	.1		
Land in farmsacres	27 708 456 342 593 88 399	.1 .5 .1	25 034 999 444 911 64 680	.1 .5 .1 .1		
acres	22 189 292 85 948 19 722 645	.1 .1 .1	20 863 593 64 071 18 818 305	.1 .1 .1		
Irrigated landfarms acres	2 172 315 376	.1	1 866 312 643	.1 .1 .2 .1		
Market value of agricultural products soldfarms	94 382 5 939 629	.1	66 966	.1		
\$1,000_ Crops, including nursery and greenhouse products farms_ \$1,000_	67 566 2 671 482	.1 .1 .1	5 837 695 53 016 2 622 438	.1 .1 .1 .1		
Livestock, poultry, and their productsfarms	65 014 3 268 146	.1 .1	48 189 3 215 258	.1 •.1		
Poultry and poultry products farms	5 541 391 005	.1	3 444 389 658	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		
Livestock and poultry inventory:  Cattle and calves	51 589	.1	37 958	.1		
number Hogs and pigs farms	3 377 956 20 813	.1	3 132 977 17 621	.1 .1 .1		
number	4 473 181 6 375 11 086 345	.1 .1 .1	4 394 350 3 450 10 931 845	.1 .1 .1		
Livestock and poultry sales: Cattle and calves	50 186	.1	38 310	.1		
number Hogs and pigs farms	1 759 452 21 802 8 007 312	.1 .1	1 662 185 18 673	.1		
number Broilers and other meat-type chickensnumber number_	1 411 22 556 750	.1 .2 .1	7 880 092 787 22 473 490	.1 .1 .2 .1		
Crops:						
Corn for grain or seed farms acres bushele	57 612 5 904 579 610 113 278	.1 .1 .1	50 327 5 770 117 600 458 985	.1		
Wheat for grain farms acres	21 070 2 972 376	.2 .1	18 820	.1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .2		
bushels	111 500 972	.1 .1 .2	2 900 538 109 735 988	.: . <u>1</u>		
Sorghum for grain or seedfarmsacresbushels	43 1 529 98 599	.2	38   1 442 93 967			
Soybeans for beans farms	38 867	.1	35 050	.1		
acres bushels	4 501 543 151 240 357	.1 .1	35 050 4 407 970 148 942 125	.i .1		
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text) farms	53 227	.1	38 155	.1		
Vegetables harvested for sale (see text) farms_	2 504 795 3 152	.1 .1	2 090 249 2 585	.1 .2		
acres Land in orchards farms	177 242 435	.1	174 426 128	.1 .2 .1 .3 .3		
acres	4 319	.3	2 880	.3		
Selected farm production expenses¹:  Livestock and poultry purchased farms	34 888	1.1	26 161 i	1.2		
\$1,000_ Feed for livestock and poultry	557 597 58 257	1.1	546 761 43 190	1.2 1.1 7 .7 .4 .6 .5 .6 .5 .7		
\$1,000_ Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarms_	711 701 74 607	.6 .7 .4	696 453 61 188	.7		
\$1,000_ Commercial fertilizer farms_	205 020 66 171	.6 .5 .6	199 748 55 611	.6 5		
\$1,000_ Other agricultural chemicals	374 854 62 791	.6	367 425 53 751	9.5		
S1,000_	224 044	.5 .7	220 006	.7		
Hired farm labor farms_	40 405 207 615	.9 1.0	34 425 202 422	.9		
Energy and petroleum products \$1,000_ \$1,000_ \$1,000_	94 074	.2	66 883	.3		
\$1,000 Interest expense\$1,000 \$1,000	533 461 59 001 712 786	.4 .6 .8	509 964 49 194 691 400	.9 1.0 .3 .4 .6 .8		
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment on place1farms	94 262 5 719 009	.2 .6	66 956 5 262 795	.3 .6		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are based on a sample of farms.

Table E. Estimates of Reliability for County Totals for Selected Items: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see intr	oductory text]		<u> </u>							<del></del>
	Farms		Land in fa	rms	Average value o buildings per	f land and farm <sup>1</sup>	Harvested cr	opland	Market value of products	
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Value (dollars)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Aitkin Anoka Becker Beltrami Benton Big Stone Blue Earth Brown Cartton Carver	740 633 1 366 775 1 035 554 1 459 1 390 732 1 141	1.2 1.1 1.0 1.4 1.3 1.6 .9 1.3 1.1	182 984 83 840 426 008 246 309 198 778 274 323 413 543 339 037 143 233 175 005	.9 1.1 .8 1.0 1.0 1.0 .5 .9 .8	121 859 211 509 231 250 147 310 172 007 458 074 542 626 448 084 113 102 277 536	5.9 9.2 5.4 7.9 4.5 4.3 3.0 3.4 8.5 3.8	59 695 45 088 238 781 92 729 115 918 223 225 351 199 288 995 48 213 126 565	1.1 1.1 .8 1.1 .9 .9 .5 .9	16 215 17 930 68 230 16 174 63 451 39 486 115 385 103 588 11 098 58 884	1.0 .8 .6 1.5 .8 .5 .8 1.1
Cass Chippewa Chispewa Chisago Clay Clar Cook Cottonwood Cottonwood Crow Wing Dakota Dodge Dodge	761 968 1 047 1 103 693 11 1 053 644 1 084 933	1.5 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.6 1.1 1.5 .9	209 003 335 187 171 328 611 849 213 105 1 667 378 608 145 401 239 207 269 247	1.2 .8 .9 .6 1.2 -6 1.2 .6 .7	128 850 427 536 164 007 579 818 160 543 99 818 590 959 113 107 367 701 502 393	9.1 3.7 5.6 3.1 7.0 - 2.7 5.9 4.6 3.2	63 430 289 458 85 701 493 427 74 271 278 319 842 49 064 187 700 221 930	1.3 .8 1.1 .6 1.2 .6 1.3 .6	13 919 71 866 28 403 98 514 20 687 21 117 484 13 716 67 190 71 223	1.6 .8 1.1 .5 1.0 - .5 1.4 .5 .6
Douglas Faribault Fillmore Freeborn Goodhue Grant Hennepin Houston Hubbard	1 308 1 320 1 867 1 522 1 840 648 940 1 128 504 947	1.3 .8 1.1 .8 .8 1.3 .9 1.0 1.5	304 708 426 374 487 460 412 454 407 103 300 858 110 967 286 561 128 854 153 003	1.1 .5 .8 .4 .6 .8 .8 .6 .9	185 154 635 421 299 086 480 057 321 755 495 343 280 923 249 501 127 296 188 740	4.6 2.6 3.6 2.3 3.6 7.1 5.7 4.5 5.8 5.8	196 311 373 834 299 156 351 981 284 236 253 467 76 622 132 796 53 202 87 476	1.1 .4 .7 .4 .5 .8 .8 .6 1.0	50 068 125 186 122 742 125 546 113 717 48 896 35 972 64 269 14 083 25 685	1.1 .4 .7 .5 .6 .7 .7 .7
Itasca	578 1 253 833 1 419 642 278 1 082 59 230 1 087	1.2 1.0 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.9 1.4 2.9 1.9	121 494 411 488 181 430 397 278 512 785 89 715 418 749 8 199 119 296 229 735	1.2 .5 1.1 .8 .7 1.6 1.0 2.9 1.2	124 183 653 182 153 929 373 392 472 664 126 741 370 909 102 051 262 217 377 570	8.7 4.2 5.6 4.9 3.7 9.4 4.9 .5 10.2 6.9	39 928 355 231 67 702 307 162 352 695 28 820 347 936 1 582 59 147 183 084	1.2 .5 1.2 .8 .7 1.9 3.2 1.3	5 971 126 258 23 102 135 720 48 979 4 405 77 626 209 7 742 64 934	1.8 .4 1.3 .5 .7 2.2 .8 1.7 1.6
Lincoln Lyon	823 1 175 1 492 410 1 447 1 454 1 376 929 2 009 1 477	1.4 1.3 1.0 1.6 1.2 .9 1.1 1.1 1.2	267 033 407 677 274 465 193 665 860 822 430 605 324 925 162 912 432 568 406 351	.9 .7 .8 .9 .7 .5 .8 1.0	286 057 383 454 308 163 326 085 405 221 648 765 332 135 142 968 141 787 445 414	5.0 2.7 3.6 8.0 3.6 2.4 8.2 7.5 3.3 3.2	201 089 337 936 222 337 126 400 608 756 376 941 249 860 76 152 189 221 348 333	.9 .7 .7 .9 .7 .4 .8 1.1 1.0	55 720 106 120 80 025 19 349 82 440 139 545 99 780 29 387 96 907 109 470	.8 6 7 .9 .7 .4 6 1.0 .9
Murray	1 150 969 1 413 8055 1 532 3 245 655 1 199 828 1 774	1.4 1.0 1.2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.4 1.1 1.5	371 868 252 481 420 113 528 914 330 401 924 670 313 450 278 848 250 996 1 094 569	.9 .5 .8 .5 .7 .7 1.0 .9 1.2	411 841 472 878 443 029 619 002 307 545 192 769 315 779 136 661 354 550 545 477	4.5 3.4 2.7 7.5 4.8 3.0 8.2 4.8 5.9	309 355 217 370 361 932 416 702 224 845 565 819 199 427 105 314 196 649 820 965	.9 .5 .7 .4 .7 .7 1.0 1.0	95 765 84 127 131 343 68 934 95 536 151 743 24 369 34 317 60 557 157 305	.8 .6 .6 .4 .6 .9 .9 1.0
Pope	1 042 82 422 1 544 1 685 1 325 953 1 213 1 093 981	1.4 2.9 1.8 1.1 1.1 1.3 1.3 1.0	342 781 3 372 221 960 511 596 583 470 250 780 273 959 633 669 193 340 146 327	1.0 8.5 1.3 .7 .6 .7 .9 .8 .7	304 014 161 512 388 002 548 834 556 536 286 051 408 373 303 219 99 588 257 682	5.5 7.6 5.2 3.6 2.7 5.0 4.3 6.3 5.4 5.6	241 271 1 576 132 797 447 018 519 214 193 704 218 307 67 483 105 537	1.0 2.1 1.0 .7 .6 .7 .8 .8 .7	63 401 4 377 19 246 143 556 153 720 80 888 90 124 56 305 11 462 39 264	1.0 2.1 1.3 .6 .6 .6 .7 .9
Sherburne Sibley Stearns Steele Stevens Swift Todd Traverse Wabasha Wadena	684 1 391 3 336 1 061 701 1 011 2 112 483 1 079 776	1.2 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.3	134 960 335 726 673 829 236 916 317 555 418 127 433 199 330 321 266 171 186 019	1.0 .9 1.0 .6 .6 .8 1.1 .8 1.0	228 437 464 535 217 335 373 590 500 673 437 007 146 172 605 337 286 512 134 684	5.6 4.6 3.0 3.7 5.4 4.6 5.2 4.2 3.6 7.1	79 612 283 032 450 933 199 609 274 763 345 960 223 276 294 856 161 887 75 685	1.0 .8 .9 .6 .8 1.2 .7 .9	37 341 104 553 212 696 69 696 72 785 84 138 91 782 45 656 71 092 28 460	.9 .6 .8 .6 .7 .7 1.1 .7 .9
Waseca	878 801 885 571 1 199 2 094 1 211	1.0 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.0 1.0	247 571 126 598 260 395 423 376 313 661 308 681 440 591	.5 .8 .5 .5 .7 .8	547 497 292 325 566 790 753 583 290 506 240 595 388 317	3.2 7.7 3.2 2.4 4.5 7.7 3.7	212 071 80 140 227 382 375 843 168 726 212 760 366 577	.5 .9 .5 .4 .6 .9	70 422 29 300 78 051 65 854 84 970 78 802 94 374	.5 .7 .6 .4 .6 .9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table E. Estimates of Reliability for County Totals for Selected Items: 1982—Con. [For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see intro	roductory text]		Selecte	ed farm proc	duction expenses					
	Livestock and purchase		Commercial for	ertilizer	Hired farm	labor	Energy and pe		Estimated marke all machines equipme	y and
Geographic area	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Aitkin	1 694 1 070 7 780 832 9 267 1 760 14 266 12 190 802 2 612	11.6 15.1 5.6 35.4 3.5 12.5 12.2 5.6 47.4 19.5	338 1 417 3 091 612 2 969 3 278 6 803 5 243 297 2 533	16.0 17.6 8.0 15.8 8.4 6.5 5.6 4.9 17.1 8.9	656 2 201 2 979 775 2 066 744 2 612 2 918 537 2 581	11.4 8.5 5.5 18.7 17.6 10.1 10.7 10.6 14.6 13.5	1 724 1 975 5 955 1 922 4 401 3 690 10 785 8 548 1 268 5 073	7.2 7.0 3.5 7.0 7.1 5.3 2.7 3.3 7.7 4.1	17 442 19 911 57 626 27 393 39 800 45 112 108 817 92 278 19 034 81 257	6.9 6.5 5.2 9.4 5.7 7.7 3.5 4.4 9.1 7.1
Cass Chippewa Chisago Clay Clay Clearwater Cook Cottonwood Crow Wing Dakota Dodge	1 331 4 557 2 400 2 819 912 2 19 407 776 7 359 4 121	27.6 13.7 24.3 10.5 16.7 4.2 9.8 9.1 9.3	417 5 292 2 118 10 368 435 (Z) 5 587 404 4 732 5 610	25.6 4.9 9.7 3.8 14.9 4.4 18.7 4.8 3.5	644 1 697 1 342 4 725 772 1 2 563 810 4 042 3 572	15.0 7.3 11.3 5.8 14.1 5.1 18.5 6.2 7.6	1 800 6 230 2 653 8 643 1 963 8 7 931 1 492 6 760 6 503	9.1 3.4 4.8 2.9 6.4 - 3.5 6.5 4.2 3.1	19 139 79 135 33 778 90 942 25 574 141 82 738 17 181 67 351 62 790	12.3 5.7 6.6 3.0 8.9 6.2 13.4 4.2 5.6
Douglas	3 339 15 484 10 990 10 920 8 403 3 252 1 338 8 857 862 1 390	14.9 10.0 9.0 6.3 10.1 17.4 28.1 9.5 21.1 20.7	2 727 8 068 7 081 8 663 6 298 4 714 1 433 2 834 1 157 2 501	8.1 3.7 5.0 3.1 4.1 6.9 5.7 5.7 8.1 7.3	1 850 3 501 4 588 3 683 3 763 2 047 3 502 2 340 1 240 899	13.5 8.4 5.9 5.9 6.3 13.2 4.4 8.1 5.1 12.3	5 229 11 561 10 173 11 283 5 028 4 655 5 555 1 375 2 584	4.5 3.7 2.6 2.3 3.1 5.1 6.5 3.1 4.5 4.7	62 181 113 405 95 812 111 399 114 507 56 048 34 977 60 348 16 883 33 021	7.2 4.1 4.3 3.1 4.4 6.8 7.4 5.5 7.8 6.9
Itasca Jackson Kanabec Kandiyohi Kittson Koochiching Lac qui Parle Lake Lake of the Woods Le Sueur	488 19 271 1 796 21 105 804 402 8 168 13 156 7 148	27.6 4.3 18.3 3.4 42.0 43.7 7.4 .4 24.3 9.1	248 6 774 1 079 5 633 6 871 214 4 560 4 1 046 3 386	18.7 3.6 11.4 4.9 4.2 19.2 5.1 - 13.2 5.0	255 2 767 653 4 246 2 783 308 1 751 9 462 2 090	21.4 7.2 18.3 4.9 8.2 10.4 11.4 - 23.4 11.4	1 037 9 918 2 150 10 455 4 951 671 6 607 43 1 140 6 319	6.7 3.1 6.2 3.4 3.1 13.8 3.7 1.0 13.4 3.9	14 394 112 442 24 448 101 889 55 511 8 689 82 600 812 12 927 69 304	14.0 5.2 7.6 5.5 5.1 17.3 5.6 1.2 14.6 4.9
Lincoln Lyon McLeod Mahnomen Marshall Martin Meeker Mille Lacs Morrison Mower	9 492 18 347 3 418 661 1 654 14 825 7 660 3 268 8 457 9 719	11.4 4.7 9.3 22.8 7.5 4.3 10.7 27.9 7.2 5.5	2 448 4 971 4 492 1 900 11 924 8 260 5 579 1 858 3 512 7 939	11.1 4.4 5.5 10.0 4.0 3.9 5.3 12.7 5.8 3.9	886 2 778 3 087 893 4 037 4 305 3 321 820 3 028 2 539	8.6 8.9 11.3 9.5 7.5 10.5 7.2 15.8 9.5 6.2	5 077 8 523 7 628 2 227 9 919 11 545 8 590 2 453 7 198 10 935	5.1 3.1 2.8 6.5 3.1 3.1 3.0 8.6 3.0 3.2	43 076 88 332 90 904 25 066 116 795 122 288 91 224 27 852 83 902 96 459	6.3 3.7 4.8 8.4 4.3 3.7 4.1 6.8 5.6 4.2
Murray	14 997 7 125 22 203 1 805 8 541 8 963 943 2 188 9 452 4 100	7.2 8.5 5.1 17.5 7.1 7.5 14.0 15.0 8.8 6.5	4 355 4 867 5 152 8 340 4 770 6 888 3 751 1 527 3 983 18 424	5.4 7.0 3.7 4.1 5.2 4.8 6.7 12.5 8.7 3.0	1 935 2 177 2 630 2 744 4 293 6 401 883 1 938 1 499 10 460	11.6 9.5 8.7 4.4 5.9 6.3 11.0 15.4 14.8 4.4	8 031 6 813 9 660 6 388 8 074 15 051 3 694 3 196 4 870 16 552	3.8 3.1 3.6 3.3 2.5 2.4 5.3 5.5 4.2 2.7	84 953 78 398 102 356 67 210 79 632 167 952 40 709 37 586 51 825 172 230	4.2 4.5 6.0 3.6 3.3 5.4 5.7 7.4 6.6 3.3
Pope	3 398 66 851 23 033 12 448 8 682 21 636 1 971 1 104 2 098	9.7 24.4 31.5 5.5 5.9 13.8 4.5 15.4 10.0 13.2	4 638 17 3 013 8 225 9 872 4 120 3 675 6 741 305 2 106	6.4 16.4 7.6 3.6 3.5 6.4 6.0 5.4 13.5 8.2	1 845 1 243 719 3 238 4 335 2 269 2 061 2 705 1 063 1 121	9.1 4.4 7.8 10.1 6.6 9.9 10.0 6.0 19.7 14.0	6 497 544 2 520 11 311 13 684 7 525 5 475 5 904 1 628 3 811	4.3 3.6 6.1 3.4 3.3 4.4 3.5 6.9 5.2	69 372 1 711 27 878 128 760 141 965 65 807 59 477 73 716 22 476 49 336	5.7 3.9 7.7 3.7 3.9 4.3 5.8 4.7 9.4 8.6
Sherburne Sibley Steams Steele Stevens Swift Todd Traverse Wabasha Wadena	3 251 7 938 16 337 4 830 15 611 5 975 6 014 4 438 5 305 2 402	7.7 7.5 7.3 12.2 9.4 10.4 13.5 22.5 14.7 16.4	2 314 6 000 7 997 5 193 5 330 7 482 2 931 4 307 3 965 1 002	9.1 4.9 5.7 6.1 4.6 6.5 5.3 8.1 17.4	1 957 2 126 6 767 1 372 1 413 1 404 2 777 1 683 2 966 1 281	5.9 7.6 6.6 10.1 7.3 6.1 10.0 12.0 8.1 13.3	3 171 9 572 18 545 6 724 5 606 8 172 7 431 3 893 6 450 2 344	4.1 2.8 2.7 3.2 4.6 3.8 3.7 4.2 3.9 7.1	32 411 104 919 185 203 59 662 67 184 78 819 77 805 44 768 68 154 29 343	5.3 4.2 3.5 3.9 5.7 4.3 4.9 4.7 5.1 8.4
Waseca	5 103 1 028 8 068 652 4 768 3 908 8 721	11.8 10.8 7.2 4.5 12.6 21.7 8.6	5 456 1 650 4 885 6 673 4 259 4 066 6 860	4.0 11.1 4.1 3.1 5.0 8.8 4.9	2 160 5 457 1 398 2 506 3 877 4 064 2 180	9.8 3.6 8.2 3.7 8.7 12.5 10.1	7 048 2 471 5 759 5 812 6 960 7 800 9 025	3.2 4.6 3.4 2.9 3.6 5.3 2.9	70 204 30 521 63 328 60 669 80 437 94 727 92 568	4.7 8.5 4.5 4.5 6.5 5.7 4.0

<sup>1</sup>Data are based on a sample of farms.

# APPENDIX B. Effect of the Area Sample on Census Comparability

The 1982 and 1978 Censuses were conducted primarily by mail. Despite every effort to assemble a complete list, a small portion of the Nation's farms were not included on the census mail list. To improve the coverage of the 1978 Census, especially in counting the number of small farms, the mail-out/mail-back enumeration was supplemented by the direct enumeration of all households in a sample of areas in all States, except Alaska and Hawaii. Due to budget reductions, the direct enumeration sample was eliminated in the 1982 Census.

In late 1978, enumerators visited all households in approximately 6,400 segments in rural areas (areas with less than 2,500 population) and completed a census form for each agricultural operation. These forms were then matched to the census mail list. Data from those cases which were not matched to the mail list were used to estimate the number and characteristics of farms not on the mail list at the State, regional, and national levels. No county-level estimates were developed because the area sample size was insufficient for reliable estimates at that level.

The U.S., region, and State data for 1978 shown in the 1978 Census of Agriculture publications included data for farms represented on the mail list plus estimates from the area sample for farms not on the mail list. To provide comparable data for 1982 and 1978, estimates from the area sample have been subtracted from the 1978 data. Thus, all 1978 data presented in the 1982 Census of Agriculture publications include data only for farms on the 1978 mail list.

In 1978, the area sample farms accounted for 9 percent of all farms in the United States, but only 1 percent of the total value of agricultural products sold and 1 percent of the land in farms. The area sample farms represented 25 percent of all farms with sales of less than \$2,500. The contribution of the area sample farms to the total farm count varied widely by State, from a low of 2.0 percent in North Dakota to a high of 23.8 percent in New Hampshire.

The following table shows the 1982 results and adjusted 1978 data for farms on the mail list, as well as 1978 data which include estimates for farms not on the mail list.

# Effect of 1978 Area Sample on Census Comparability: 1982 and 1978

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]						
	Data pul 1982 Census	blished in of Agriculture		Data published in 1978 Census of Agriculture		
Item	1982	1978 adjusted¹	1978 total <sup>2</sup>	Portion of total from 1978 area sample <sup>3</sup>	1978 total represented by area sample portion	
Farmsnumbe Land in farmsacre Value of land and buildings <sup>4</sup> , average per farmdollar	s 27 708 456	98 671 28 459 790 261 096	102 963 28 678 829 253 137	4 292 219 039 70 161	4.2 .8 (X)	
Total cropland         farm           Harvested cropland         farm           acre         farm           acre         lrrigated land	S 22 189 292 S 85 948 S 19 722 645 S 2 172	94 255 22 577 389 92 257 19 122 640 2 031 271 704	- 97 393 22 681 459 95 008 19 198 754 2 128 271 898	3 138 104 070 2 751 76 114 97	3.2 .5 2.9 .4 4.6	
Farms by size:  1 to 9 acres  10 to 49 acres  50 to 69 acres  70 to 99 acres  100 to 199 acres  140 to 179 acres  140 to 179 acres  220 to 259 acres  220 to 259 acres  500 to 999 acres  1,000 to 1,999 acres  2,000 acres or more	4 547 10 461 3 159 7 526 7 603 10 970 6 723 7 054 22 120 10 602 2 935	3 472 8 775 3 048 8 045 8 323 12 851 7 655 8 072 24 734 10 593 2 529 574	4 567 11 090 3 048 8 373 8 361 12 948 7 945 8 072 24 863 10 593 2 529 574	1 095 2 315 328 38 97 290 129	24.0 20.9 .5 .7 3.7 .5 .5	
Market value of agricultural products sold\$1,00 Crops, including nursery and greenhouse products\$1,00 Livestock, poultry, and their products\$1,00	2 671 482	4 523 148 2 075 014 2 448 134	4 542 566 2 081 384 2 461 182	19 418 6 370 13 049	.4 .3 .5	
Farms by value of sales: Less than \$2,500 \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,9995 \$250,000 to \$499,9995 \$500,000 or more Abnormal farms	6 764 8 655 11 031 14 931 123 957 13 656 2 606	11 852 8 209 10 827 14 030 18 983 24 797 8 125 1 418 412	15 222 8 402 11 137 14 127 19 209 24 893 8 125 1 418 412	3 370 193 310 97 226 96 	22.1 2.3 2.8 .7 1.2 .4 	

See footnotes at end of table.

# Effect of 1978 Area Sample on Census Comparability: 1982 and 1978-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Data pub 1982 Census			Data published in 1978 Census of Agriculture		
Item	1982	1978 adjusted <sup>1</sup>	1978 total <sup>2</sup>	Portion of total from 1978 area sample <sup>3</sup>	1978 total represented by area sample portion	
Farms by type of organization: Individual or family Partnership Corporation Other—cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etc.	83 010 9 530 1 582 260	87 652 9 458 1 396 165	91 944 9 458 1 396 165	4 292 - - -	4.7 - -	
Tenure of operator: Full owners	51 319 31 433 11 630	54 474 32 307 11 890	57 669 32 791 12 503	3 195 484 613	5.5 1.5 4.9	
Operators by principal occupation: Farming Other than farming	67 742 26 640	71 086 27 585	72 052 30 911	966 3 326	1.3 10.8	
Female operators:         Farmsnumber           Land in farmsacres        acres	2 532 427 748	2 208 . 406 331	2 208 406 331		<u>-</u>	
Operators by race: White Black and other races	94 221 161	98 404 267	102 696 267	4 292	4.2	
Corn for grain or seed	57 612 5 904 579 21 070 2 972 376	62 696 5 777 316 23 577 2 479 152	63 539 5 797 599 23 674 2 479 637	843 20 283 97 485	1.3 .3 .4 (Z)	
Hay—alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.  (see text)	53 227 2 504 795 3 152 177 242	59 708 2 712 400 3 426 183 627	61 613 2 738 147 3 847 184 637	1 905 25 747 421 1 010	3.1 .9 10.9	
Land in orchardsacresacres	435 4 319	470 5 371	470 5 371	-	-	
Cattle and calves inventory farmsnumber	51 589 3 377 956	54 088 3 271 602	56 183 3 301 704	2 095 30 102	3.7 .9	
Hogs and pigs inventory farms_ number_ Chickens 3 months old or older inventory farms_ number_	20 813 4 473 181 6 468 12 928 376	25 703 4 089 987 8 555 11 697 301	26 765 4 130 975 9 427 11 746 153	1 062 40 988 872 48 852	4.0 1.0 9.3 .4	
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Energy and petroleum products <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Hired farm labor, workers working 150 days or more <sup>4</sup> farms_number_	5 719 009 533 461 14 183 28 240	4 578 958 276 628 13 236 26 334	4 620 656 277 628 13 236 26 334	41 699 1 000 - -	.9 .4 - -	

¹Includes data only for farms on 1978 mail list—excludes area sample data. ²Includes mail list enumeration and area sample data. ³Data from farms not on mail list. \*Data are based on a sample of farms. ⁵Retabulated 1978 data for 1982 comparability.

# APPENDIX C.

# **Report Form and Information Sheet**

UNITED STATES  CENSUS  OF AGRICULTURE	The law also p	esponse to this inquiry BUREAU IS CONFIDEI ical purposes. Your re- routides that copies ret- fernce pertaining to the	oort CANNOT be sined in your file	used for purpo sare immune fr	Code). By the sworn Census ses of taxetion orn legal proces r Consus File \$	same law Y employees ; , investigati is.	on, or regulation
Please complete this 1201 East Teath Street 1			r e gymir br	, , * , \$ \dagger		A0303	,
Note — If your records are not available, reasonable estimates may be used. If you cannot file by February 15, a time extension request may be sent to the above address. Include your 12-character Census File Number (CFN) as shown in your address label in all correspondence to us.							
258 Ord O41 O45  White County Date of County Date o		-, 			د د د دند	٠ - ا	
SECTION 1 ACREAGE IN 1982  If the cores you appeared by 1982 changed thirting the year, rater to the IMPARTATION SHEET, Section 1.		INSTRUCTIONS Use section 7 to	report ONLY	port your cr	ops in the a	in sectio	ns 2 through
Report land owned, rented, or used by you; your spouse, or by the p ship, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting. Includ LAND, REGARDLESS OF LOCATION OR USE — cropland, pesturele	te ALL		DO NOT INC		The 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		, ×
rangeland, woodland, idle land, house lots, etc. None No.	imber of acres	s2 1. Corn (field) for ara	None in or	harvested :	Quantity h	ervested	irrigated
1. All land owned		8890 (Report quart dry shelled-weight				Bu.	
2. All fand rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked by you on shares, used rent free, in exchange for services, payment of taxes, etc. Include leased Federal, State, and railroad and: OO NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a	4	Corn (field) for sile or green chop      Wheat for grain (ii		070	074	Tons, green	072
grazing permit.) Also complete item 5 below	5	durum)	L. L.	076	077	Bu.	078
All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including land worked on thans by others and land subleased. Also complete item 6 below.		4. Oats for grain 5. Barley for grain	25 TJ	079	080	Bu.	081
6. ACRES IN THIS PLACE — ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented TO OTHERS (item 3),	046	6. Rye for grain		686 088	687	Bu.	688
and enter the result in this space.	A	7. Soybeans for bear 8. Beans, dry edible	,	554	555	Bu.	556
For this counts report these was the "ACRES IN THIS PLACE." If the artity is zero please rates to the INFORMATION SHEET, Section 1.		9. Sunflower seed	V 18 1 1/2	734	735	Cwt.	736
# You rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2) enter the following information for each blame of landlord Mailing address (Include ZIP code) Nu	ch landlord. Imber of acres	10. Flaxseed	🗀	719	720	Bu.	607
		11. Sugar beets for su	gar 🗀	094	1095	Tons	096
		12. Tobacco — all t		097	098	Lbs.	099
List additional landloris on a separate sheet of paper.		13. Potatoes, Irish .	s any DRY HAY	GRASS SILA		Cwt.	HOP cut or
List additional runters on a separate sheet of pages.	each renter. Imber of acres	<u>``</u> ``, <b>53</b> ↑ <u>**</u> _: ≥	ade for both dry creage in the app	le this section hay and grass sil (opriste hems ur	2 NO	Go to se	ction 4
Of the land you rented or leased to others, how many None osa acres did you own?	Acres	1. DRY HAY (If were made from the once, but report tot	two or more cultin e same acres, repi	gs of dry hay ort acres only	Acres harvested	Quantity harvester (Report either or green weigh indicated)	Acres
7. During 1992, did you have any Federal or state grazing  osa permits on a per head basis; such as Forest Service; Taylor Grazing, ledien (Securations, etc.?	es z∏No	Alfalfa and alfa hay or dehydra		iahan hanna	103 10	14 T	ons,
None		b. Small grain hay	35 C 40 1 1 20		106 10	7	ons, ry
commodify acrosps reduction programs in 1982?	Acres	c. Other tame dry			109	0	111
	umber of acres		grass, Sudan gr	es, millet, etc.	112 11	3	ons, ry
OS	6	d. Wild hay 2. GRASS SILAG	E, HAYLAGE,	AND	1.00		ons, ry
egradural products  ented or productal assets  05	7	GREEN CHOP green) If two or the same acres, ra	more cuttings was part acres only on	e made from	115 11	Τ	117 ons,
Color Osi	в	total tons from all of	unings ) Did you sell any	hay	118		reen
ENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT	9	or grass stage it of hey gold in sec	1364! (Repo tion 9, item 4).	C VOILING:	1 Yes	_ 2 □ N	0

SALE		ETABLES, SW la place in 1982					FO				NBERRIES, ( 2? (Exclude t			
		- Complete t								omplete this : o to section 7	section			
			Acre Whole acres		Acres in Whole acre		From the list below specified with crop n		crop na	ame and cod	8. Report qua	ntity harves	ted in unit	
Land from which ve harvested in 1982.			375	Tenths /10	376	s Tenths	<b></b>	Code	<del></del>	hervested	Quantity h	arvested	Acres in	
2. From the list below If more than one ve each crop. Report of	getable d	crop was harves	sted from the s	ama acres	vested in 198 , report acres	32. s for	Strawberries	536	***ioie	/10	537		538	/10
Crop nar		Code			Acres in	rigated				1 /10	1	_	2	1 /10
Snap beans (bush and	nole)	381		/10	382	/10	1	<u> </u>		+	1		2	1
Peas, green	,	441	1	/10	442	/10	If more space is needed	d, use sep	arate shee	/10 et of paper.	<u></u>		- 1 J	1 /1
Sweet corn		481		/10	462		Crop name				Crop name			Cod
OWCCC COM		401		/10	1	/10	Blueberries, tame (po	ounds)		. 512 ;	Paspberries (p All other berrie Specify	ounds) s (pounds)	-	539
				1 /10	1	1 /10	SECTION 7 W	ere any C	THER C	ROPS herves	ted from this	place in 19	82 – smel	l grains
If more space is needed, u	ise separa	te sheet of paper.	<u>, L</u>	! /10	Ĺ	/10	fie		sorghur	ns, mint, or o	ther crops no			
Crop name	Code	Crop name	Co	de Crop n		Code	57			omplete this	eaction .			
Asparagus	383	Eggplant	and pickles41	5 Radish	inses	451				ozn <b>plete cris</b> io to section 8				
Broccoli	385 391	Lettuce and r	elons42 omaine 42	7   Spinac	h	457		- T				i justiji. Luusia		balas
Cantaloups and muskmelons	395	Mustard gree	green 42 ens43	1 Tomati	oes	463	For those crops Report quantity han	not list vested in	ed ente unit spe	er the crop cified with cro	name and ( op name.	code iror	n the list	Delow
Cauliflower Celery	399	Onions, gree	43 n43 set44	5 Turnip	s greens nelons	467	Crop name	c	ode Ac	res harveste	d Quantity	harvested	Acres i	irrigated
Collards	407		44	5 Other	vegetables — ify		Kontusku bluograsa	222	629		630		631	
SECTION 5 Were	any NUI	RSERY and GR	EENHOUSE P	RODUCTS	, MUSHROC	MS, sod,	Kentucky bluegrass s	-	671		672	Lbs.	673	
bulbs glass	or other	s, flower seeds, protection, GR	vegstable ses	ids and pla LE on this	ints, vegetab place in 198	les under 27	Red clover seed		-		747	Lbs.	748	
S5 1 🗌	YES	- Complete	this section				Timothy seed		746		645	Lbs.	of 646	
2	NO	<ul> <li>Go to section</li> </ul>	. F	Square fe	Area irrigated		Mint for oil		644			LDS.C		
1. Nursery and greenho	use prod	ucts irrigated in	Nоле [ 1982	177	478	/10	Sorghum for grain or (Exclude sorghum-sudan)		i		083		084	
2. From the list below,				h product a	rown:	/10			082		086	Bu.	087	
	T	Square feet	Τ				Sorghum for silage or green chop		085			Tons greer	. 1	
Product name	Code	under glass or other protection			Sales in	1982			000		1	green	2	
		in 1982	Whole acres	Tenths	Dollars	Cents			_		1		2	
			'	/10 \$					-+		1		2	
				/10 \$			If more space is needed	d, use sepa	rate shee	et of paper.		a. 20 4 1 1 1 1		
			1	/10 \$			Crop name				Crop name			Cod
If more space is needed, u  Product name	ise separa	te sheet of paper. Code	. Product na	ma		Code	Alfalfa seed (pounds) Birdsfoot trefoil seed	(pounds)		. 566	Ory edible peas Popcorn (poun	ds, shelled)		882
Bedding plants (include Bulbs	vegetable	e plants) 479	Mushrooms	s	***************	494	Buckwheat (bushels) Corn cut for dry fodd or grazed (report aci	ler, hogger	di s	. 581	Proso millet (b Rapeseed (pou Ryegrass seed	inds)		668
Cut flowers and cut flor Nursery products — orn	rist green	s 486	' Vegetable :	and flower	seedss	500	Emmer and spelt (but Herbs, including gins	shels)		. 599 ' (	Sweetclover se Friticale (bush	eed (pounds		737
and nut trees, and vine Foliage and flowering p	es	488	Other - S	pecify		506	Mixed grains (bushels Mustard seed (pound	s)		. 614 \	Nild rice (pour Other crops (po	nds)		784
SECTION 8 Was t			f 20 or more F	RUIT TRE	ES, including	GRAPEV	8						******	
\$8 <sub>1</sub>	YES	Complete t	his section									4-10		
2 🔲		- Go to section			<b> </b>	otal acres e acres T		ted Tenths						
1. TOTAL ACRES in						e acres 1	122							
and nut trees on thi	listed be	low, enter the	name and code	from the			fruit and nut trees on damage from hall, fro		in 1982					
neport the requeste	sa mnom	NUMB		т	in trees	iow prices	Unit of mea							100
Crop name	Code	TREES OR V	INES OF -	and v	rines of	Quan	tity Mark one	,	٦					
		Nonbearing age	Bearing age	Whole ac	ages res Tenths	harve	sted Lbs.	S Lbs.	1 .	Crop name			Code	
Apples	123		124	125		126	127	m   B0X 128 3 ☐	1	Apricots			129	
Cherries	147		148	149	1 1	150	151	3 152	1	Pears	prunes		231	
	177		178	179		180	181	3 🔲 , 182	1	Other fruit	and nut trees	<ul> <li>Specify.</li> </ul>	369	
	117	1		1	<u> </u> /10		1 🗆 2 🗆 3	• LL1	1					
Grapes			226	227		228	229	2   1230	7	Maria de la compania				
Peaches Peaches	225		226	227	/10	228	1 2 3	3 🔲 j						
			1			3	1 2 3	3						

Page 2

SECTION 9 GROSS VALUE of CROPS SOLD from this place in 1982, BEF  59 taxes and expenses (Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, Set		SECTION 12 Did you or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place in 198	2?
Report your best estimate of the value for each of the following groups of	of crops sold	1 YES - Complete this section	
from this place in 1982. Include the value of the landlord's and/or contral estimating if necessary. Exclude value of Government CCC loans.	actor's share,	2 NO - Go to section 13 INVENTORY Number on this	1
1. Grains, soybeans and other beans sold in 1982 None Dollar	rs Cents	DECEMBER 31, 1982 INVENTORY     None place Dec. 31, 1982     Bo3	
a. Corn for grain		1. CATTLE AND CALVES of all ages (Total of a, b, c, and d below)	1
<b>b.</b> Wheat \$		a . BEEF COWS — Include beef heifers that Beef	
c. Soybeans		had calved	$\dashv$
d. Sorghum for grain		b. MILK COWS kept for production of milk or cream for sale or home use — Include dry Milk	
778		milk cows and milk heifers that had calved Cows	
e. Oats \$  f. Other — barley, rye, dry edible beans, sunflower		c. HEIFERS AND HEIFER CALVES/Exclude and heifer	ļ
seed, flaxseed, buckwheat, etc. \$		heifers that had calved) calves   807   Steers	and
2. Cotton and cottonseed		d. STEERS, STEER CALVES, BULLS, bulls of all ages	f
3. Tobacco		CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD	.
4. Hay, silage, field seeds, and grass seeds		FROM THIS PLACE IN 1982	-
5. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons — Do not include  lish potatoes and sweetpotatoes, report them in Item 7 below		contract or custom basis. Also report None in 1992	ents
6. Fruits, nuts, berries — apples, cherries, grapes, peaches,		to a feedlot for further feeding. 808 809	
pears, plums, strawberries, blueberries, cranberries, etc. \$		2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds \$	
785  785  (Exclude nursery and greenhouse products) –		3. Cattle, including calves weighing 500 pounds or more	ŀ
Specify \$		a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were	
SECTION 10 LAND USE IN 1982		FATTENED on this place on GRAIN or 812 813	
NOTE: If the same land had more than one use in 1982, REPORT THAT ONLY ONCE — in the use first listed below that applies. For example, on		CONCENTRATES for 30 days or more and SOLD for SLAUGHTER?	
harvested and also pastured is to be reported only as "Cropland harvest	ed."	DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD FROM     DAIRY PRODUCTS	]
1. CROPLAND None Nu	imber of acres	THIS PLACE IN 1982  None Dollars Cents	
a. Cropland harvested — Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus		4. Gross value of sales of DAIRY PRODUCTS	
groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse products		from this place in 1982 — Include milk, cream, butter, etc	
rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.		SECTION 13 Did you or anyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place in 1982?	
c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-		1 YES — Complete this section INVENTORY	
improvement grasses, but NOT harvested and NOT pastured		2 NO — Go to section 14 Number on this place Dec. 31, 1982	,
d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop		• DECEMBER 31, 1982 INVENTORY None	
failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 1a.)		1. HOGS and PIGS of all ages (Total of a and b below)	[
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow		a. HOGS and PIGS used or to be used for BREEDING Breed	gnit
f. Cropland idle		<b>b.</b> OTHER HOGS and PIGS Uther	
2. Woodland - include all a. Woodland pastured		LITTERS FARROWED	
cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.  b. Woodland not pastured		2. LITTERS FARROWED on this place between - None Number of litters	
3. Other pastureland and rangeland — include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture		a. December 1, 1981 and May 31, 1982	
4. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wasteland,		<b>b.</b> June 1, 1982 and November 30, 1982	- 1
etc. — Include any land not reported in items 1 through 3 above		Number Gross value of sales	
5. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 1 through 4 (Should be the same as section 1, item 4, page 1.)	×	HOGS AND PIGS SOLD     None in 1982 Dollars Ce	ents
SECTION 11 Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any time in 1982?		3. HOGS and PIGS SOLD from this place in 1982	
Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means — sprinklers, furro or driches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation.	ows .	4. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many were	
	ımber of acres	sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	
2 NO — Go to section 12 None	irrigated	SECTION 14 Did you or anyone else have any SHEEP or LAMBS on this place in 1982?	<i>!</i>
1. How many acres of harvested land were irrigated?		1 YES — Complete this section	
nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 10, item 1a.		2 NO — Go to section 15	
2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?	Ì	Number on this None place Dec. 31, 1982	2
3. What percent of the irrigation water used on this place in 1982 was obtained — None	Percent 682	1. SHEEP and LAMBS of all ages	2333
a. From a well or wells located on this farm or another farm?	%	a.EWES 1 year old or older	<b>    </b>
<b>b.</b> From an on-farm surface supply not controlled by a water	683	Number shorn Pounds of wool	
supply organization (stream, drainage ditch, lake, pond, spring, or reservoir on or adjacent to this farm)?	% 684	None in 1982 shorn in 1982  2. SHEEP and LAMBS SHORN	
c. From off-farm water suppliers (U.S. Reclamation projects; irrigation district; mutual, cooperative, or neighborhood	· · ·	Gross value of sales	]
ditches; or other irrigation organizations}?	%	3. What was the gross value of sales of SHEEP,	
d. TOTAL — Sum of a, b, and c should equal 100%	100%	LAMBS, and WOOL from this place in 1982? \$	
FORM 82-A0303 (2 12 82)	Page	. 2	

S	ECTION 15 Did you or an	yone	else have any HOR	ISES, BEI	S, FISH, GOA	TS,		SECTION 17 - S17				
	OTHER LIVE	STOC	K, or ANIMAL SP	ECIALTH	S in 1982?			M GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS				<del></del>
	³³³₁ ☐ YES -	— <b>с</b> о	mplete this sectio	2	_ NO − G	o to sectio	on 16	1. Amount received in 1982 from Government CCC loans for -	None		Dollars	Cents
			INVENTORY Number on	Total	Gro	ss value o	f sales	(Include regular and raserval bens, even if redeemed or forfeited)  a. Corn , sorghum, barley, and oats				1
		None	this place		1982	ollars	Cents			800		1
1.	Horses and ponies of		Dec. 31, 1982	831	832		Cents	b. Wheat		\$ 801		+
	all ages		839	840	\$ 841			c. Cotton	_	\$ 802		<del>-</del>
2.	Colonies of bees				[\$			d. Soybeans, peanuts, rye, rice, tobacco, and honey	🗀	\$		-
3.	Mink and their pelts		836	937	838 \$			MACHINE WORK, CUSTOMWORK, and OTHER AGRICULTURAL SERVICES				1
4.	Other livestock or animal	_		1				2. Gross amount received from machine work, customwork,		919		i i
	specialties in captivity (Enter name and code from			1			-	and other agricultural services PROVIDED FOR OTHERS in 1982 — planting, plowing, spraying, harvesting, etc		\$		1
	"List A" below.!			i'	12			Specify kind of work done			R	
	Name Code			L				SECTION 18 During 1982 did you SELL any crops, lives	ock or	livesto	ck products	
	Name Code		Name	Cod	le , Name		Code	DIRECTLY to individuals FOR HUMAN CO	NSUMP			
	Angora goats 842	, ,	Mules, burros, and dank	eys 83	3 Worms - F		1	stands, farmers markets, pick your own, e	tc.7			
[	Milk goats 845		Rabbits and their pel Chinchillas and		All other liv	estock -	1	1 YES - Complete this section	N	[ [	Dollars	Cents
	Other goats 848		their pelts	85	4   Specify		860	2 NO — Go to section 19	None	920		!
5	Livestock or animal	T	otal quantity sold		ralue of sales		Ì	1. What was the gross value of these direct sales?	LJ	\$		
1	products (Enter name and	-	in 1982	Dolla	rs Cents		-	Specify products sold vegetables, eggs, etc.				
1	code from "List B" below.) Name Code		- OR	ľ			}	SECTION 19 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION				
	Manie Code	2	Gallons	<b>\$</b> \$	į			Mark (X) the one item which best describes the type of	organiz	ation f	nr	
	List B					·		this place in 1982. Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, Sec		acourt.	<b>.</b> ,	
	Name	Ça					ode	• FAMILY or INDIVIDUAL operation	921			
	Mohair sold		64 Honey sol 66 Other lives	dtock produ	cts - Specify	86 87		(Exclude partnership and corporation)		<b>∺</b> }	Go to sect	ion 21
		14/3	iter surface T-		T 6			PARTNERSHIP operation —Include family partnerships INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAW			Go to sect	ion 20
	Fish and other aquaculture products (Enter name and	1	acres To	ital quant in 198	11, 2010	s value of	Cents	OTHER, such as estate or trust, prison farm, grazing		_	00 10 3001	0,, 2,0
	code from "List C" below.)	101	aquacunare		Pounds 2		+	association, Indian reservation, etc.	4	$\Box$ ,	Specify be	
	Name Code		10 3		R \}		-	Court's		~	go to secti	pri Z i
		L			Number !			Specify _ SECTION 20 CORPORATE STRUCTURE (for incorporat	ad a na a	adiana i		
	Name Code   Name		Code   Name						au opai:	ariona (	Drift.	
	isquite Code i senite						Code	Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, Section		-		
	Catfish 872 Tropica	al and	Other fis	h	Other aqua	culture	Code	\$20	022		es 2	l No
l	Catfish	al and sh	Other fis	h	Other aqua-	culture – Specify		1. is this a family-held corporation?	922 1	☐ Ye	_	] No
	Trout	al and sh arate s	Other fis Other fis Special Other fis Page 1.	h — fy 8: ILTRY suc	Other aqua B4   products ch as CHICKEN	– Specify <b>IS,</b>		1. Is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?	922 1		es 4	] No
	Trout	al and sh parate s yone UCKS	Other fis  880   Specia beet of paper.  Selse have any POU , etc., on this place	h — fy 8: ILTRY suc	Other aquai products ch as CHICKEN (Include poul	– Specify <b>IS,</b>		1. is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  SECTION 21: CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION	9 <sup>22</sup> 1 3 OF OPE	☐ Ye	es 4 [	] No
	Trout	al and sh parate s yone UCKS a conti	Other fis  880   Specia beet of paper.  Selse have any POU , etc., on this place	h — fy 8: JLTRY suc e in 1982	Other aqua B4   products ch as CHICKEN	– Specify <b>IS,</b>	888	1. Is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?	922 3 OF OPE	☐ Ye	es 4 [	] No
	Trout	al and sh parate s yone UCKS a conti	Other fis  880   Specis heet of paper.  alse have any POU , etc., on this place act basis.)	h — fy 8: ILTRY suc e in 1982	Other aquai products  ch as CHICKEN  fincfude poun  INVENTORY Number on this place	Specify  IS,  Iry grown  Total n  sold in	888	1. Is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA'  321  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or	922 1 3 OF OPE FION SH	☐ Ye	es 4 Carlor paraction 21.	] No rtner
S	Trout	al and sh parate s yone UCKS a conti	Other fis.  880   Specifice of paper.  alse have any POU, etc., on this place act bests.)  Complete this sect to section 17	fy 8:  ULTRY sur e in 1982  Ion	Other aquains  Ch as CHICKEN  Ch as CHICKEN  Chacked pount  INVENTORY  Number on	Specify  IS,  Iry grown  Total n  sold in	888	1. Is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA'  521  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?	922 1 3 OF OPE FION SH	RATOR	es 4 Carlor paraction 21.	] No rtner
1.	Trout	al and sharete	Other fis.  880 { Speciment Specimen	fy 8:  ULTRY sur e in 1982  Ion	Other aqual Products Ch as CHICKEN (Include poun INVENTORY Number on this place Dec. 31, 1982	Specify  IS, Iry grown  Total n sold in	888	1. is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA  521  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or	922 1 3 OF OPE FION SH 923 1	RATOR	es 4	] No rtner
1. 2.	Trout	al and sharate	Other fisher of Specific Nation 19 Specific Nation	ILTRY such a in 1982	Other aqual Products  Ch as CHICKEN  Clinclude poun  INVENTORY Number on this place Dec. 31, 1982	Specify  IS,  Iry grown  Total n  sold in	888	1. is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA'  521  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982/Fer partnerships	922 1 3 OF OPE FION SH 923 1 1	RATOR HEET, Se	es 4 Carlor paraction 21.	] No rtner
1. 2.	Trout	yone your G	Other fis.  880 { Speciment Specimen	h	Other aqual Products Ch as CHICKEN (Include poun INVENTORY Number on this place Dec. 31, 1982	Specify  IS, Iry grown  Total n sold in	888	1. is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA  521  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or	922 3 OF OPE FION SH 923 1 928 1	RATOR HEET, Se	es 4 Carlor paraction 21.	] No rtner
1. 2.	Trout	yone your Grant Gr	Other fishest of paper.  alse have any POU, etc., on this place race basis.)  Complete this sect to to section 17  e	ILTRY such a line in 1982	Other aqual B4   products   Chicken   Products   Chicken   Products   Product	Specify  IS,  Iry grown  Total n  sold in  2  893	888	1. Is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA 521  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.	922 1 3 OF OPE FION SH 923 1 1	RATOR HEET, Se	es 4 Carlor paraction 21.  es 2 Carming 2 Carm	] No rtner
1. 2.	Trout	al and sharate sayons (UCKS) a control of Gracemonder LETS	Other fis  880 Speci heet of paper.  else have any POU , etc., on this plac ract basis.]  Complete this sect to to section 17  elent not yet of laying a under 3 months ole  at type chickens	In	Other aqual B4   products   Chicken   Products   Chicken   Products   Product	Specify  IS,  Iry grown  Total n  sold in  2  893	888	1. is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA set 1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work	922 3 OF OPE FION SH 923 1 928 1	PYE	es 4 A R (Senior parection 21. es 2 Arming 2 Arm	No rtner  No Other
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1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Trout	al and al	Other fis  880   Speci heet of paper.  slise have any POU, tetc., on this place ract basis.]  Complete this sect to to section 17  ent ont yet of laying a under 3 months ole type chickens  breeders)  yity — ducks, tist below.]  Code Code  Code  Lame igeons or squeb		the aqual by the a	- Specify  Specify  Total n sold in 2 893  895  897  899  901  1	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation? 2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  SECTION 21: CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA' S21  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work at a nordarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?  5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	922 1 3 OF OPE (100 SH) 923 1 928 1 1 929 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 6 9 9 24 1 2 2 2 4 1 2 2 4 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Year	as 4  I (Senior palection 21.  I (Senior palec	No rtner  No Other  Other  ays ays ays rnore  old
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Trout	al and al	Bao Cher fis Apeci heet of paper.  Blae have any POU, etc., on this place to section 17  Blae have any POU on this plac		has CHICKEN Inventors Inve	- Specify  Specify  Total n sold in 2 893  895  897  899  901  1	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA'  521  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982/2 for partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982/include work at a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm.  (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?	922 1 1 929	Year	es 4  It (Senior palection 21.  es 2  ramking 2  ranching  one  49 days  0 - 99 days  00 - 149 da  50 - 199 day  00 days or  Year  Years  Thite	No rtner  No Other  Other  old
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1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Trout	al and al	Other fis heet of paper.  also have any POU, etc., on this place to section 17  ent heet of paper.  Tomplete this sect to to section 17  ent not yet of laying a under 3 months old type chickens  breeders)  Code	None	has CHICKEN Inventors Inve	- Specify    Specify   Total n sold in 2   893   895   897   899   901   903   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation? 2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  SECTION 21: CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA' S21  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work at a nordarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?  5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	922 1 1 929	Yee   Yee	as 4 [Senior pai section 21.]  as 2 [Intring 2 Intring 2	No Other  Other  old  ck
1. 2. 3. 4.	Trout	al and al	Other fis Aspeci heet of paper.  alse have any POU, etc., on this place to section 17  e	None	has CHICKEN Products As CHICKEN Products Number on this place Dec. 31, 1982 894 896 899 900 902    Name Quali	- Specify    Specify   Total n sold in 2   893   895   897   899   901   903   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation? 2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  SECTION 21: CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA' S21  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work at a nordarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?  5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	922 1 1 923 1 923 1 924	Yee   Yee	es 4  I (Senior pasection 21.  es 2  ramping 2  ranching  one  —49 days  O—99 days  O—149 ds  50—199 days  OO days or  —Year  Years  Years  Thite  eggro or Black  merican Indisian or Pacillander	No Other  Other  old  ck
1. 2. 3. 4.	Trout	al and al	Other fis Aspeci heet of paper.  alse have any POU, etc., on this place to section 17  e	None	has CHICKEN Products As CHICKEN Products Number on this place Dec. 31, 1982 894 896 899 900 902    Name Quali	- Specify    Specify   Total n sold in 2   893   895   897   899   901   903   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation? 2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  SECTION 21: CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA' S21  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work at a nordarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?  5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	922 1 1 3 3 OF OPE (10 SH) 923 1 928 1 1 929 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Yee   Yee	es 4  (Senior palection 21.  es 2  ranching  one  49 days  0 – 199 days  00 – 149 days  00 – 199 days  ranching  Year  Years  Thite  egro or Black merican Indisan or Pacilander  ther — Special	No Other  Other  old  ck
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 7.	Trout	al and all all all all all all all all all al	Other fish specified to specified the specified to specified the specified to section 17.  The specified	None	has CHICKEN Products As CHICKEN Products Number on this place Dec. 31, 1982 894 896 899 900 902    Name Quali	- Specify    Total n   Sold in   Sold in	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation? 2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA' s21  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work at a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?  5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)  6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	922 1 1 3 3 OF OPE (10 SH) 923 1 928 1 1 929 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Year	es 4  (Senior palection 21.  es 2  ranching  one  49 days  0 – 199 days  00 – 149 days  00 – 199 days  ranching  Year  Years  Thite  egro or Black merican Indisan or Pacilander  ther — Special	No riner  No Other  Other  old  old  ok  dian  ific
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Trout	al and al	Other file  880   Speci heet of paper.  slise have any POU, tet., on this place act bests.]  Complete this sect to to section 17  ent not yet of laying a under 3 months ole at type chickens  breeders)  Code Code Code List below.]  Code List below.]  in ns, of poultry mber 31, 1982  of None		the aqual by the a	- Specify    Total n   Sold in   Sold in	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation?  2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  SECTION 21:3 CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA' S21  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work at a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?  5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)  6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)  7. SEX of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	922 1 1 3 3 OF OPE (10 SH) 923 1 928 1 1 929 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Year	es 4  (Senior palection 21.  es 2  ranching  one  49 days  0 – 199 days  00 – 149 days  00 – 199 days  ranching  Year  Years  Thite  egro or Black merican Indisan or Pacilander  ther — Special	No riner  No Other  Other  old  old  ok  dian  ific
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Trout	al and al	Other file  880   Speci heet of paper.  slise have any POU, tetc., on this place act basis.  Complete this sect to to section 17  ent ont yet of laying at under 3 months ole at type chickens  breeders)  Code  Code  Code  Issee in ns, of poultry mber 31, 1982  of None t, etc.)	None	has CHICKEN Inventors Inve	- Specify  Total n sold in 2 893 895 897 899 901 903 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	number 1982	1. Is this a family-held corporation? 2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?  CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMA' s21  1. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together.  3. OFF FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1982? Include work at a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. (Exclude exchange farm work)  4. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place?  5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)  6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	922 1 30 F OPE FION SH	Year	as 4  I (Senior palection 21.  as 2  arming 3  arming 49  days  Out 149  days  Out 149	No riner  No Other  Other  old  old  ck  dian  ific

SECTION 22 Was any COMMERCIAL FERT LIME used on this place during	ILIZER, including ROC g 19827	X PHOSPHATE, or	SECTION 26 EXPENDITURES FOR S28		leum products for d	le fami
1 YES - Complete	this section		Include expenditures paid by you and other	ers for		`]
2 NO - Go to sect		Acres fertilized	production of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products on this	Expenditures	Storage capaci	ity on this place
1. Acres of cropland fertilized in 1982, other			place in 1982.	Dollars	Cents None	Capacity in
used only for pastures reported in section  2. Acres of pastureland and rangeland fertili in 1982 reported in section 10, items 1b a	zed	933	1 - Cascillie and Bascilloi tel	966 \$	987 988	gallons
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				969	970 971	
3. Expenditures for commercial fertilizer purch — all forms, including rock phosphate and gr		Dollars Cents		\$ 1		
(exclude lime) Report cost of custom application	on in	į į	3. LP gas, butane, propane	972	973 974	
section 27, item 6		<del></del>	for the farm business	1		i
4. LIME — tons of lime used and acres on N	ione Tons of lime	Acres limed		\$ 1	<b>976</b> 977	
which applied (Do not include land plaster	934	935	4. Fuel oil and kerosene for			ļ
or gypsum or lime for sanitation)				\$ 978		
SECTION 28 Were any INSECTICIDES, HE				s ,		
OTHER PESTICIDES, or OTHE	ER CHEMICALS used (	on this place in 1982?		979		
1 YES - Complete	this section			\$		
2 NO - Go to sect			7. Electricity for the farm	980		
Include any materials provided by you, yo		ctors. For each		\$ 981		
item listed, report acres only once. If			8. Other coal, wood,	\$		
report acreage treated for each purpose.			SECTION 27 SELECTED PRODUC		tal his such made	
1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc.,		Number of acres	others for this place i		ur sy los nue	
herbicide, insecticide, nematicide) to cont	troi -	on which used	\$27		ur landland sands.	ntore
a. Insects on crops, including hay			Include your best estimates of expention buyers, and others for production of			
b. Nematodes in crops		937	in 1982, DO NOT INCLUDE expense:	s connected with p	erforming customw	ork for
c. Diseases in crops and orchards (blight	1.00	938	others; operation of nonfarm activities not related to the farm business.	es, businesses, or s	ervices; or househo	old expenses
rusts, etc.)			not related to the farm business.	1977		lected
d. Weeds, grass, or brush in crops and		939		: `	expe	nditures
Include both pre-emergence and post emergen					None Dollar	s Cents
2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth	control	940	<ol> <li>Livestock and poultry purchased hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, ho</li> </ol>		982	I
of crops or <b>thinning</b> of fruit	U	<u> </u>	started pullets, etc.		🔲 s	į į
<b> </b>	icidas None	Dollars Cents			983	
<ol> <li>Agricultural chemicals purchased—insect herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, e</li> </ol>	بيبي روويانان	Donars Cents	<ol> <li>Total feed purchased for livestor grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds, cor</li> </ol>		🗆 ls	
Report cost of custom applications in section 27, i	tem 6 \$		a . Commercially mixed formula fee			
SECTION 24 Was there any INTEREST EXP	ENSE for the farm bus	ness in 19827	complete, supplement, concent	rates, premixes.		
Refer to the INFORMATION	SHEET, Section 24.		parchasou separatory,	Tenths Dollars	Cents	
S24 941 1 YES - Complete	this section		such as soybean meal, 984 cottonseed None	985		
2 NO — Go to sect	05	(5)	meal, and	/10 \$		
1. How much interest was paid on all debts f	Don	ars Cents	U1807	7,10,14	987	1
farm business in 1982?	s		3. Seed cost — for corn, other grains			
SECTION 25 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMEN		ember 31, 1982	cotton, etc include plants and to	rees purchased	\$	<u>i</u>
(Include only equipment used t						
. S25			4. Hired farm or ranch labor (See In	formation Sheet)	📙 💲	
<ul> <li>Value of ALL machinery and equipmen</li> </ul>	it on this place, Dec	ember 31, 1982	a. Of the hired workers, including	None Number of	workers	
1. What is the estimated market value of ALI		imated market value	paid family workers, how many			
equipment, and implements usually kept of and used for the farm or ranch business? I		Dollars , Cents	(1) Worked 150 days or more	992		
trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dry-	ers, pumps,		(2) Worked less than 150 days	. 1		
motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment includin bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equi	g milkers and ioment, etc \$		5. Contract labor — Include expenditure		993	*************
, and a second s			as harvesting of fruit, vegetables, berries, e tract basis by a contractor, crew leader, a c	to performed on a con-	1	1
SELECTED machinery and equipment			6. Customwork, machine hire and			<del></del>
on this place, December 31, 1982.	Total number	Of the total, HOW MANY were manufac-	and equipment - Include expendits	ures for use of equipme	mt 994	* 1
(Report only if used in 1981 or 1982.)	on this place on	tured in the last 5 years	and for customwork such as grinding an combining, corn picking, drying, silo filling	d mixing feed, plowing, na. spravina, dustina.		<u> </u>
None	December 31, 1982	(19781982)? (Number)	combining, com picking, drying, silo fillir fertilizing, etc. (Exclude cost of cotton g	inning)	" L s	
A Automobiles	944	945	SECTION 28 ESTIMATED CURRE	NT MARKET VALU	OF LAND and BUI	LDINGS
2. Automobiles	946	947	\$28	$(-1)^{-1} \in \mathcal{F}_{-1}(\mathcal{F})$	** }* .	
3. Motortrucks — Include pickups	L	1	Please give your best ESTIMATE of			`
4. Wheel tractors other than garden	948	949	MARKET VALUE of land and building reported in section 1, items 1, 2, and		Estimated m	
tractors and motor tillers					of land and	buildings
5. Grain and bean combines,	950	951	•	None	Dollars	Cents
self-propelled only	1		1. All land owned		996	
6. Corn heads for combines	952	953		. =	997	1
G. Com neads for combines	956	957	2. All land rented or leased FROM O	11HERS ∐	998	
7. Cotton pickers and strippers			3. All land rented or leased TO OTH	ERS	\$	1
8. Mower conditioners	958	959	SECTION 29 PERSON COMPLETI		·	
1	960	961		nd inia seruni -		
	1960					
9. Pickup balers — Include rectangle	1960		Name		<sup>999</sup> Date	1
9. Pickup balers — Include rectangle and round balers	962	963				
10. Field forage harvesters, shear		963	Area code	Number		
		963		Number		

# INFORMATION SHEET 1982 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

## **Special Reporting Instructions**

#### 1. Who Should Report

WE NEED A REPLY FROM EVERYONE RECEIVING A REPORT FORM, INCLUDING individuals, landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and THOSE NOT CONDUCTING AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS. Each case included in the census has a unique census file number (CFN), lorder to make the census results as complete and accurate as possible, we need to obtain information about every census file number.

## 2. If You Received More Than One Report Form for an Operation

Complete only ONE report form for an operation. Write "Duplicate" near the address label of each extra report form. Also, write the 11-digit census file number(s) of the DUPLICATE report(s) ON THE COMPLETED REPORT in the space provided to the left of the address label. Return the extra report(s) in the same envelope with your completed report form so that we can correct our records.

#### 3. If You No Longer Farm

If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1982, please report all agricultural activity during the year. Report all land on your census form that you owned or rented. Also, report your 1982 crop and livestock production and 1982 sales.

Explain on the first page of the report form (or on a separate sheet of paper) that you quit farming or ranching and give the approximate date and the name and address of the present operator, if known.

## 4. If You Never Farmed or Have No Association With Agriculture

Please write a note on the report form near the address label and return it so that we can correct our records. In our efforts to make the census as complete as possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminate duplicate and nonfarm addresses, however, it was not always possible to do so.

#### 5. If You Have More Than One Agricultural Operation

Complete a report form for EACH SEPARATE and DISTINCT production unit, that is, each individual farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc., or combination of farms, etc., for which you maintain SEPARATE records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, crop acreages, and production.

## 6. If You Have a Partnership Operation

Complete only ONE report for the entire partnership's agricultural operation and include all partners' shares on the one report.

If members of the partnership also operate separate farms or ranches in addition to the partnership farming operation, separate report forms should be completed for each individual operation.

If two or more report forms were received for the same operation, mark each additional form as a "Duplicate." Return the duplicate reports in the sene envelope with the completed partnership report, if possible, or write a note on the duplicate report, such as, "Partner (provide name) has completed a report for the partnership (provide partnership name)."

#### 7. Landlord's or Contractor's Share

If you rented or leased land from others or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, include both your share and the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses so your census report form will be complete for "this place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE

#### How to Enter Your Response

If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimate.

Enter your replies in the proper spaces, on the correct line, and in the units requested, i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Write any explanation outside the answer spaces or on a separate sheet of paper.

All dollar figures may be entered in whole dollars. CENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED.

Enter whole numbers except where tenths are requested, such as acres of potatoes harvested. If you have 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 of an acre, convert to tenths. For example, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10.

The census report form is being used throughout the entire United States Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain secti and questions which do not apply to you. When this occurs, mark the "None" or "No" box and go on to the next item or section.

## **Instructions For Specified Sections**

# ▶ Section 1 - ACREAGE IN 1982

Your answers to this section will determine the land ("Acres In This Place") referred to in the rest of the report form.

When answering the acreage questions, include the land associated with your agricultural operations in 1982 whether in production or not. Includ all land that you owned or rented during 1982 even if only for part of the year. Exclude any unrelated residential or commercial land.

IF YOU QUIT FARMING DURING 1982 — Complete the report form for the portion of the year that you did farm. Explain on the report form or another sheet when you stopped farming and the name and address of the person now using the land.

Report all land in section 1 in whole acres.

Item 1 — All Land Owned — Report all land owned in 1982 whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — All Land Rented or Leased FROM OTHERS — Report all land rented by you or your operation even though the landlord may have supplied materials or supervision.

INCLUDE in item 2:

- a. Land for agricultural use that you rented from others for cash
   b. Land you worked on a share basis (crop or livestock)
   c. Land owned by someone else that you used rent-free
   d. Federal, State, Indian Reservation, or railroad land rented or leased by the acre
- DO NOT INCLUDE in item 2:

Land used on a per-head or animal unit license or permit basis, s section 3, Taylor Grazing Act, National Forest, or Indian Reserv land. If you had any of these permits, mark "yes" to item 7.

Item 3 — All Land Rented or Leased TO OTHERS — Include all land rented out for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in items 1 and 2. A report form will be obtained from each of your tenants to cover the operations on that land.

INCLUDE in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of crops or livestock
   Land you rented from someone and then subleased to someone else
   Land worked for you by someone for a share of crops or livestock
   Land which you allowed others to use rent-free

Item 4 — Acres In This Place — This figure will show the total of all land you operated at any time in 1982. To determine "Acres In This Place" ADD the land you owned and the land you rented or leased from others, then SUBTRACT the land you rented or leased to others: item 1 + item 2 — item 3 = item 4. It is important to report item 4 correctly (even if "O" acres since the remainder of your report should cover only operations on the "Acres In This Place."

## If item 4 ("Acres In This Place") is "0" and:

- a. You raised any crops or had any livestock or poultry on this place in 1982, complete the report.
- b. All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper, complete item 6 (name and address of renters), skip to and complete section 29, and explain briefly, "All land rented out," etc. Mail form in return envelope.
   c. You did not have any agricultural activity on owned or rented land in 1982, complete section 29 and explain briefly, such as "retired," "sold farm," and date. Give name and address of current operator if known and return form.

Item 7 — Grazing Permits — In some states, government lands and Indian lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, with payments on a per-head or animal unit basis. This land should NOT be included as part of item 2, "Land rented or leased from others," or item 4, "Acres In This Place," but you should report any of your livestock located on this permit land in 1982.

# ▶ Sections 2 through 8 - CROPS

Sections 2 through 8 provide space for reporting crops harvested during the 1982 crop year from the land shown in section 1, item 4 ("Acres In This Place") of your report. Please report your crops in the appropriate sections. Do NOT include any crops grown on land rented or leased TO others, or worked by others on shares during 1982.

**Acres harvested** — Enter the acres harvested in 1982. Round fractions to whole acres except where tenths are requested by " /10" in the reporting box, such as for potatoes.

Quantity harvested — The units of measure on the report form are those most commonly used in your state. If you use a different unit of measure, please convert your figure for quantity harvested to the unit requested. If the harvest was incomplete by December 31, 1982, please estimate the total quantity harvested or to be harvested.

Crop Irrigation — For each crop irrigated, report number of acres irrigated. Irrigation is defined as land watered by artificial or controlled means — sprinklers, furrows or ditches, spreader dikes, purposeful flooding, etc. Include acres that received supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. For any crop not irrigated, leave "Acres irrigated" blank.

#### How to Report Crops Harvested:

- ➤ Sections 2 and 3 In these two sections, separate lines are provided for reporting each of several crops most commonly grown in your state. Do not write in figures or information for any other crops in these two sections.
- Sections 4 through 8 Report the information requested for any crops prelisted in the sections. To report for crops not prelisted in these sections, (1) find the crop name and the code number from the list in the section, (2) enter crop name and code in the first two columns of the first available answer line in the section; (3) enter the information that is requested in the remaining columns. If a crop is not listed, use the "Other" code in the appropriate section and specify the crop name.

Example: You harvested 20 acres of alfalfa seed, yielding 6,000 pounds, and 30 acres of red clover seed, yielding 8,400 pounds. Neither crop was irrigated. You would enter the following in section 7:

s' , 🛛 YES	XX YES - Complete this section									
	- Go to sec									
From the list below, enter	er crop name	and code. Report	quantity harvested in	nou r						
	Code	Acres harvasted	Ournity benies	244	Acres irrepated					
Crop name	Code 542	Acres harvested	Guantity harves	ted Lbs.	Acres irregeted					
			543		Acres irrigated					

Two or More Crops Harvested From the Same Land (Double-Cropping) — Report the total acres and production of each harvested crop in the appropriate section(s) of the report form.

Example. In 1982 you harvested 1,230 bushels of wheat from 40 acres, then on the same 40 acres planted soybeans, from which you harvested 1,550 bushels. You irrigated the soybeans but not the wheat.

Correct entries	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres unigated
Wheat	40	1,230	_
Soybeans	40	1550	40

**Interplanted Crops** — If two crops were grown at the same time in alternating strips in the same field, report the portion of the field used for each crop.

Example: A 60 acre field was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans. No irrigation was used. Thirty acres of soybeans and 30 acres of cotton would be reported in their appropriate section(s).

Skip Row Planting — If a crop is planted in an alternating pattern of planted and non-planted rows, such as two rows planted and two rows skipped (Z X Z), report the portion of the field occupied by the crop in the appropriate section for that crop, and report the skipped portion as "Cropland idle" in section 10 (Land Use).

➤ Section 4 — Vegetables — Report acres of vegetables harvested FOR SALE or commercial processing. Do not report acres of vegetables for home use only. Report the total acreage of each vegetable crop harvested.

Example: In 1982 you harvested 10 acres of lettuce from a field, then replanted the field in lettuce and harvested the 10 acres again. Both crops of lettuce were irrigated. Enter only 10 acres of land from which vegetables were harvested and 10 acres irrigated in item 1 of section 4, but write in 20 acres of lettuce harvested and 20 acres of lettuce irrigated in item 2 of section 4.

➤ Section 8 — Fruits and Nuts — In counting the combined total of 20 or more trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production. Acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned should not be included; these acres should be included in section 10, item f "Cropland idle. If crops other than fruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with trees or vines, report the total acres for BOTH the orchard and the interplanted

#### ▶ Section 9 — GROSS VALUE OF CROPS SOLD

Report the value of all crops sold from "this place" in 1982, regardless of the year they were harvested or who owned the land. Be sure to give gross values (before deducting expenses and taxes). Include payments received in 1982 from cooperatives or marketing organizations for crops produced of this place regardless of the year in which the crops were harvested. Include the landlord's or contractor's share of crops removed from this place in 1982 in the value of crops sold. If the sale price or market value is not known, g your best estimate of the crops' market value when removed from "this place." your oest estimate of the crops market value when removed from this place. Include in the value of crops sold from "this place" any cost of harvesting, tilling, fertilizer, chemicals, etc., furnished under a contract arrangement. Also include as sales your estimate of the value of any crops removed from this place in trade for services, such as hay cut in exchange for fence repair, clearing, or other services.

- Amount of government CCC loans received in 1982 in this section.
   Report government CCC loans in section 17.
- b. Crops or crop products purchased from others and later resold

#### Section 10 - LAND USE

The purpose of this section is to classify the "Acres in This Place reported in section 1, item 4, by principal use in 1982. Do NOT inclacres you rented TO others (reported in section 1, item 3).

Land Used for More Than One Purpose — If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1982, report that land on the line for the use first listed, and NOT on the line for the second use. For example, if you plowed under a cover crop, and planted and harvested a grain crop, report the land in item 1a, "Cropland harvested." but NOT as "Cropland used for cover crop, legumes, ... etc." (item 1c).

**Double Cropping** — When more than one crop was harvested from the same land in 1982, report that land only ONCE as "Cropland harvested." item 1a of this section.

**Interplanted Crops** — If you interplanted crops, such as cotton in an orchard, report the total land used for both crops only ONCE, as "Cropland harvested,"

Skip Row Planted Crops — Report the acres that represent the total non-planted or skipped rows as "Cropland idle," Item 11. The acres that represent the planted rows should be reported as "Cropland harvested," Item 1a.

# ► Sections 12 through 16 — LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, AND ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

Animals and Poultry to Include in the Report — Report all animals; poultry, and animal specialties on "this place" (section 1, item 4) on December 31, 1982, include all towed by you and anny kept by you for others, include animals on unfenced lands. National Forest land, district land, cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis. Animals in transit on December 31, 1982, or animals on short-term pasture fouch as wheat pasture or corp residue) on a per-head or lease basis should be reported by the person who had control of the animals.

Animals and Poultry to Exclude from the Report — Do not report any animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrangement on land rented to others. Do not include animals quartered in feedlots which are not a part of "this place." Animals kept on a place not operated by you are to be included on the report for that place.

Animals Bought and Sold — DO NOT REPORT ANY ANIMALS BOUGHT AND THEN RESOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS. Such purchases and sales are considered "dealer" transactions, and are not included in this census.

Number Sold — Report all animals and poultry sold or removed from this place if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from this place in 1982, without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do NOT report number sold for any livestock or poultry kept on another place.

Animals Moved to Another Place — For animals moved from this place to another place, such as for further feeding, report animals as "sold" and give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place."

Fat Cattle Sold — Cattle fattened on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter are reported in section 12.

DO NOT INCLUDE WITH FATTENED CATTLE SOLD:

- a. Cattle and calves sold for further feeding
   b. Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold
- c. Veal calves, or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds

Value of Sales — Report the total gross value of animals and poultry sold or removed from this place in 1982 without deducting production or marketing expenses (cost of fleed, cost of livestock purchase, cost of having and selling, etc.). If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimating, of their market value when they left "this place." Do NOT report the value of sales of any livestock and poultry owned by you but kept and sold from a place you did not operate.

Contract and Custom Feeding Operations — Livestock or poultry kept by you on "this place" on a contract or custom basis should be included on this report REGARDLESS OF OWNERSHIP. Report as "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on December 31, 1982. Report as "SOLD" animals and poultry which were kept on a contract or custom basis and were removed or sold from the place in 1982. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the market value of the animals or poultry when they left this place.

# Section 15 - HORSES, PONIES, BEES, FISH, GOATS, ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, OTHER LIVESTOCK

Items 1 through 4 — Report the inventory number of animals, bee colonies, or animal specialties on the place on December 31, 1982, Indicate number sold and the gross value of sales for the number sold in 1982. In item 4, specify the name and code from List A of any livestock or animal specialties on "this place" which are not covered in items 1 through 3, or 6 (fish and aquaculture products), or sections 12 through 14, or 16.

If "Inventory" or "Sold" is in units other than "Number" (such as pounds, packages, etc.), indicate the unit.

packages, etc.), indicate the unit of the second packages, etc.), indicate the unit of the second packages. If you own colonies or hives of BEES — report all bee and honey operations conducted by you regardless of where the hives were kept most of the year. (Report hives in item 2 and honey, beeswax, or pollen in item 5). MINK PELTS, RABBIT PELTS, and CHINCHILLA PELTS should be included in number sold and value of sales, but NOT in inventory. WORMS raised for sale should be reported in beds (24 cubic feet per bed) in item 4, "Inventory" and in pounds in item 4, "Number sold."

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Item 5 — Sales of Animal Specialty Products — If any semen, manure, honey, beeswax, or other animal products were sold from this place in 1982, specify the products, the code from list B, the quantity sold, and the gross value of sales in 1982. If sold in units other than pounds or gallons, please

item 6 — Fish and Aquaculture Products — Report water surface acres (estimate, if necessary) used for raising fish or other aquaculture products FOR SALE.

#### Section 16 - POULTRY

Roosters and turkey toms used or to be used for BREEDING should be specified and reported in item 5, code 914 (All other poultry).

Item 8 — Gross Value of Sales — Include an estimated value of poultry and poultry products moved from this place by contractors and others.

# ► Section 17 —AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

Item 1 — Report the amount received under the regular or reserve program for commodities placed under CCC loan during 1982. Include amount received even if commodity was redeemed or forfeited prior to December 31, 1982. Do not include CCC loans received to build crop storage facilities, or amount received for storage payments in the reserve program.

#### Section 19 - TYPE OF ORGANIZATION

Use the following definitions to help you determine the type of organization for your operation:

Individual or Family Operation — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are not incorporated and not operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership agreement. Deperation Departnership agreement. Partnership agreement. Partnership Departnership Departnership Departnership of land by husband and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife DDES NOT constitute a partnership, unless a specific agreement to share contributions, decisionmaking, profits, and liabilities exists. Production under contract or under a share rental agreement DDES NOT constitute a partnership.

Incorporated Under State Law — A corporation is defined as a legal er or artificial person created under the laws of a state to carry on a busines This definition does not include cooperatives. Also complete section 20.

Other — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian Reservation, institution run by a goovernmental or religious entity, etc.

#### ▶ Section 20 - CORPORATE STRUCTURE

This section is to be answered by corporations only. Answer both items. A family-held corporation has more than 50 percent of its stock owned by persons related by blood or marriage.

# Section 21 - OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION This section applies to the characteristics and occupation of the individual owner, operator, senior partner, or person in charge for the type of organiza tion reported in section 19 of the form.

For Individual or Family Operation — Complete this section for the operator.

For Individual or Family Operation — Complete this section for the operator. For Partnership Operations — Answer all items except 2 for the "Senior Partner." The "Senior Partner" is the individual who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on this place, not necessarily the person senior in age. If each partner shares equally in the day-to-day management decisions, consider the oldest as the "Senior Partner." For item 2 (Principal Occupation) consider all members of the partnership together. Please include as "farming" worktime at all types of agricultural enterprises, including work at greenhouses, nurseries, mushroom production, ranching, feedlots, broiler feeding, etc.

For Corporations and Other Operations (Cooperatives, Estates, etc.) — Complete section 21 for the person in charge, such as a hired manager, business manager, or other person primarily responsible for the on-site, day-to-day operation of the farm or ranch business.

Item 4 — Year Began Operation — Report the first year the operator or senior partner began to operate any part of this place on a continuous bas if the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed.

## ➤ Section 22 - COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER AND LIME

Report acres on which commercial fertilizer (items 1 and 2) or lime (item 4) was applied during 1982. If any acreage was fertilized or limed more than once, report acres ONLY ONCE in each item. Report expense for commercial fertilizer purchased, excluding lime, in item 3.

# ▶ Section 24 - INTEREST EXPENSE

Report all interest expenses paid in 1982 for the farm business.

INCLUDE interest or finance charges on:

- Mortgage loans for land and buildings in "this place"
   Mortgage loans for land and buildings in "this place"
   Mortgage loans for land and buildings in "this place"
   Mortgage loans for land sort constant co
- DO NOT INCLUDE:
- DO NOT INCLOUD.

  A. Interest on debts associated with activities not related to the production of crops or livestock on "this place," such as land or buildings rented to others, packing sheds, or feed mills providing services to others. Interest on owner/operator dwelling where amount is separated from interest on other land and buildings in this place.

## ▶ Section 25 - MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The estimated market value in item 1 refers to ALL machinery and equip-ment kept primarily on this place and used for the farm business. The value should be an estimate of what the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition, not the replacement or depreciated value.

## ▶ Section 27 — SELECTED PRODUCTION EXPENSES

Section 27 — SELECTED PRODUCTION EXPENSES. Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Also include expenses incurred even if payment was not made in 1982. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on "this place," report their value (estimate, if necessary) in item 1 (Livestock and poultry purchased), at the time they came on this place. Also, include in item 2, the value and amount of feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place. Do not include expenses related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, livestock, or dealer activities).

Hired Labor — Include in expenses for hired labor gross wages or salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, and leave pay before deductions. Social Security taxes, health, life, or employment insurance and any other benefits paid by you should be included. Be sure any salary paid to a hired manager is part of your total figure.

Contract Labor — Applies to expenditures primarily for labor in harvesting of crops, shearing sheep, etc. Exclude money paid to contractors for capital improvements such as putting up fences, repair or maintenance of buildings or machinery, land clearing, etc. Include the expense of items considered primarily machine work in customwork, item 6.