APPENDIX A. General Explanation

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TAKING THE CENSUS

Method of Enumeration

All censuses beginning with the 1969 census have been conducted primarily by mail. The 1978 census was the only census to include a mailout/mailback enumeration supplemented by the direct interview of all households in a sample of area segments. This combination of the mailout/mailback enumeration plus the area sample was used in 1978 to improve completeness of coverage for U.S., regional, and State level agriculture census statistics. Due to budget reductions, the area sample was eliminated in 1982.

In censuses prior to the 1969 census, enumerators were assigned to specific areas and called on all farm operators within each area. Beginning with the 1950 census, copies of the report form were mailed prior to the enumeration date to each boxholder served by post offices in predominantly rural areas and farmers were asked to complete the forms and have them ready for the enumerator to pick up.

The mailout/mailback enumeration procedure was not used in taking the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. A discussion of the direct enumeration methods used there appears in the reports for these outlying areas. A description of the special direct enumeration of citrus caretakers is included in the **Definitions and Explanations** section.

Mail List

The mail list for the 1982 census was comprised of all individuals, businesses, and organizations that could be readily identified as being associated with agriculture. The list was assembled from the records of the 1978 census and administrative records of various government agencies, primarily the Internal Revenue Service and the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA).

Lists of large or specialized operations, such as nurseries, specialty crop farms, broiler growers, fish farms, livestock farms, and cattle feedlot operations, were obtained from State and Federal agencies, trade associations, and similar organizations. Lists of multiestablishment companies having one or more establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products were obtained from the 1978 census and updated using information from the Standard Statistical Establishment List maintained by the Census Bureau.

A preliminary census mail list was assembled using names and addresses from the 1978 census and administrative source lists available in September 1981. Those records which were less likely to be farms were included in the 1982 Farm and Ranch Identification Survey. Approximately 3 million farm and ranch forms were mailed in March 1982 to names which appeared on only one source list or selected combinations of lists which had yielded a low percentage of farm operators in the 1978 census. As a result of this survey, nonfarm names and addresses were deleted from the census mail list, new tenant and successor operations were added, and the names, addresses, and size information were updated for the identified active farm operators.

The final census mail list was developed using results of the 1982 Farm and Ranch Identification Survey, names and addresses from the unduplicated preliminary list that were retained without precensus verification, and new or updated source lists acquired after the preliminary unduplication. The preliminary and final census mail lists were both constructed by merging and unduplicating the names and addresses from the various source lists on the basis of Employer Identification numbers, Social Security numbers, and names and addresses. To facilitate processing, each name on the administrative source lists was assigned a geographic code indicating the State and county location of the operation and a size code indicating an estimated value of sales. Most duplicates were identified and resolved prior to mailing. Other duplicate names were either reported by respondents or located during office processing.

Report Forms

In 1982, 12 regional report form versions were used. These forms were tailored primarily in sections 2 through 8 to list crops commonly produced in one or more States, and in section 15 to list livestock specialties produced. These modifications were made to enhance reporting of crop and livestock data and to reduce respondent burden.

Two report form versions were used to minimize the reporting burden, particularly for small farms. Approximately 75 percent of all farms received the 4-page nonsample form covering major items such as land use, crops, livestock and poultry, market value of agricultural products sold, and operator characteristics. The 5-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. The sample form contained all the items asked on the nonsample form plus the sample items (sections 22 through 28).

The sample form and the information sheet appear in appendix C. The **Statistical Adjustments** section of this appendix includes a discussion of the criteria used to determine whether the sample or nonsample form was to be mailed to addressees.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed in late December 1982 to the approximately 3,653,000 individuals, businesses, and organizations on the mail list. The information sheet containing instructions for completing the form and a brochure explaining the uses of the census data were included with each report form. Additional special instructions were included with report forms sent to grazing associations; feedlot operations; institutional organizations; and producers of poultry under contract, bees and honey, fish, laboratory animals, worms, and nursery and greenhouse products.

In an effort to provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, copies of an Agriculture Census Guide booklet were sent to county agricultural agencies, institutions, or businesses to whom farmers might turn for help. Included were vocational agriculture instructors, and USDA county offices-Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Farmers Home Administration, Soil Conservation Service, and Cooperative Extension Service. This guide contained descriptions and definitions for various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies graciously consented to assist farmers in completing their report forms if requested.

Followup Procedures

The data collection effort included a reminder card and five followup letters, two of which were accompanied by a report form. Followup reminders were sent to nonrespondents on a flow basis at 3- to 4-week intervals starting in late February and continuing until late June 1983. In early April 1983, an additional followup letter was sent to nonrespondents in low response counties in 14 States.

Telephone calls were made to nonrespondents who were expected to have large operations (those with expected sales of \$100,000 or more) or who were located in low response counties. A nonresponse adjustment procedure was used to represent the final nonrespondent farms in the census results. A description of this procedure is included in the Statistical Adjustments section.

DATA PROCESSING

Selected report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data onto magnetic tape. These included reports with attached correspondence, and reports with remarks or no positive data on the front page. All new successors reported by former operators were researched to see if they had already been included in the census mailing. Report forms were mailed to successor addresses not located on the mail file. This processing improved the coverage of the census.

The data for each report form were subjected to a detailed item-by-item computer edit. The edit performed comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected erroneous or inconsistent data, supplied missing data based on similar farms within the same county, and assigned farm classification codes necessary for tabulating the data. Significant computergenerated changes to the data were reviewed and verified.

In the computer edit, farms with sales, acreage, or commodities exceeding specified levels were tested for historical comparability. Key items, such as acreage and sales, were compared for significant changes between 1978 and 1982. Sizeable historical differences were resolved or verified, by telephone if necessary.

Respondents who reported sales or acreage above specified levels on nonsample forms were sent correspondence requesting the additional sample data. Report forms with reported sales of \$1,000,000 or more or 30,000 acres or more, and other selected problem reports were reviewed by statisticians in the Agriculture Division. Problems that could not be resolved by reference to other information on the report were resolved by contacting the respondents by telephone or correspondence.

Prior to publication, tabulated totals were reviewed by statisticians to identify any inconsistencies and potential coverage problems. Comparisons were made with previous census data, estimates published by the USDA and other available check data. Selected report forms were reviewed and problem entries were either verified as being correct or the data were corrected.

MAJOR DATA CHANGES

The content of the 1982 census report form is similar to that of the 1978 form. To limit respondent burden, the 1978 and 1982 forms included only data items needed at the county level, either on a complete or sample basis. The 1978 census data items which were eliminated from the 1982 form include:

Land held under foreign ownership Gallons purchased of gasoline; diesel fuel; LP gas, butane and propane; and fuel oil Animal health costs for livestock and poultry

The following new data items were added to the 1982 report form:

Interest expense for the farm business Source of irrigation water Year in which the operator began to operate the farm

More extensive data on Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loans were collected in 1982.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The following definitions and explanations provide a more detailed description of the terms used in this publication than are available in the tables or on the report form. For an exact wording of the questions on the 1982 census report forms and the information sheet which accompanied these forms, see appendix C.

Most definitions of terms are the same as those used in earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are also noted here.

Farms or farms reporting—The term "farms" or "farms reporting" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there are 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of them had 28,594 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Land in farms-The acreage designated in the tables as "land in "farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation or used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operation. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All grazing land, except land used under government permits on a per-head basis, was included as "land in farms" provided it was part of a farm or ranch. Grazing land operated by grazing associations was to be reported by the person chiefly responsible for conducting the business of the association. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate land area of counties and States shown for 1982 represents the total land area as determined by records and calculations updated as of January 1, 1983. The county land areas were remeasured in 1980. The previous county measurements were done in 1940. Any differences between the land area in 1982 and 1978 are due to these new measurements, annexations, and other changes affecting county boundaries.

Land in two or more counties—With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually the county containing all or the largest proportion of the land in the farm or viewed by the respondent as his/her principal county. For a limited number of Midwest and Western States, this procedure has resulted in the allocation of more land in farms to a county than the total land area of the county. To minimize this distortion, separate reports were required for large farms identified from the 1978 census as having more than one farm unit. Other reports received showing land in more than one county were separated into two or more reports if the data would significantly affect the county totals.

Value of land and buildings-Respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the respondent's estimate of what the land and buildings would sell for under current market conditions. If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated using the average value of land and buildings from a similar farm in the same geographic area.

Harvested cropland—This category includes land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, nurseries, and greenhouses. Land from which two or more crops were harvested was counted only once, even though there was more than one use of the land.

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing-This category includes land used only for pasture or grazing that could have been used for crops without additional improvement, and all land planted in crops that were grazed before the crops reached maturity. Also included was all cropland used for rotation pasture and land in government diversion programs that were pastured. However, cropland that was pastured after crops were harvested was not to be included.

Other cropland—This category includes cropland used only for soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, cultivated summer fallow, idle cropland, and land planted in crops that were to be harvested after the census year.

Total woodland—This category includes natural or planted woodlots or timber tracts, cutover and deforested land with young growth which has or will have value for wood products, and land planted for Christmas tree production. Land covered by sagebrush or mesquite was to be reported as other pastureland and rangeland or other land.

Woodland pastured—This category includes all woodland used for pasture or grazing during the census year. Woodland or forest land pastured under a per-head grazing permit was not counted as land in farms and therefore was not included in woodland pastured.

Other land—This category includes land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. In 1974, for farms with sales of less than \$2,500, this category included pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pastured in addition to land in house lots, barn lots, ponds, roads, and wasteland.

Land set aside in federal farm programs—This land includes land diverted or set aside under the provisions of the Federal Commodity Acreage Reduction Program. These data are for the acres of cropland taken out of production by growers of wheat, cotton, rice, corn, sorghum, barley, and oats, and devoted to conservation uses. No information was obtained as to which crops would have been grown on the acres set aside.

Irrigated land—This category includes all land watered by any artificial or controlled means, such as sprinklers, furrows or ditches, and spreader dikes. Included are supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. Each acre was to be counted only once regardless of the number of times it was irrigated or harvested.

Operator-The term "operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work or making day-to-day decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, feeding, marketing, etc. The operator may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a salaried manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If a person rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he/she is considered the operator only of the land which is retained for his/her own operation. For partnerships, only one partner is counted as an operator. If there is no clear-cut partner in charge, then the senior or oldest active partner is considered the operator. For census purposes, the number of operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the report form, but another family member, a partner, or a hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operations.

Operator characteristics-Data on characteristics such as residence, race, Spanish origin, age, sex, principal occupation, and off-farm work were collected from all operators in 1982. If operator characteristics of race, age, sex, and principal occupation were not reported, they were derived based on information reported by farms with similar acreage size, tenure, and sales size. No imputations were made for nonresponse to place of residence, Spanish origin, off-farm work, or year began operation. For the 1982 and 1978 censuses, operators of Spanish origin were tabulated by reported race. Prior censuses included Spanish origin as "White" whenever separate data for the White race were shown.

Selected farm production expenses—Since only selected production expenses incurred in 1982 were requested, the expense data cannot be used in combination with gross sales to calculate net cash farm income. The 1979 Farm Finance Survey provided estimates on net cash farm income.

In 1982, as in other recent censuses, operators producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract frequently failed to report certain expenditure data. They often were unable or unwilling to estimate the cost of production inputs furnished by the contractors. As a consequence, the rate of imputation of expenditure data for these operations is considerably higher than it is for noncontract producers.

Commercial fertilizer—The expense for commercial fertilizer is the amount spent on fertilizer during 1982, excluding the cost of application. Some fertilizer purchased in 1982 may not have been applied during the year. If the fertilizer was applied by someone other than the operator, respondents were requested to report the cost of application as an expense for customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment.

Other agricultural chemicals—These expenses include the cost of all insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and other pesticides, excluding costs of application. Data exclude commercial fertilizer purchased. The cost of lime is included in the 1978 data, but excluded from 1982.

Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment—These expenses include costs incurred for having customwork done on the place and for renting machines to perform agricultural operations. The cost of cotton ginning is excluded. The cost of labor involved in the customwork service is included in the customwork expense. The cost of labor for operating rented or hired machinery is included as a hired farm and ranch labor expense.

Interest expense—Only the interest expense for the farm business was to be reported. Although instructions requested that interest on the owner/operator dwelling be excluded when separate records were available, it is probable that an undetermined amount of such nonfarm business interest was also reported.

Energy and petroleum products-Respondents were asked to report only those expenses pertaining to the operation of the farm business.

Storage capacity—This category applies to those farms reporting expenditures for the specific kind of fuel. The storage capacity was to be reported even if not used during the census year.

Farms with storage capacity reported as "no"—This category includes farm operators with expenditures for a specific kind of fuel who also checked the "none" box for storage capacity. See appendix C, section 26, Expenditures for Energy.

Market value of agricultural products sold—This category represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenses of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1982 regardless of who received the payment. It includes sales by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors, or others associated with the operation. In addition, it includes the loan value received in 1982 for placing commodities in the CCC loan program. This ensures comparability with prior census years for market value of agricultural products sold.

The value of agricultural products sold represents total sales of all crops, including nursery products sold, and livestock, poultry, and their products sold. It does not include income from farm-related sources such as customwork or agricultural services, or income from nonfarm sources. Sales of forest products were not included in 1978 or 1982; but were included in 1974.

The value of crops sold in 1982 does not necessarily represent the sales from crops harvested in 1982. Data may include sales from crops produced in earlier years and exclude some crops produced in 1982, but held in storage and not sold. For commodities, such as sugar beets and wool, sold through a co-op which made payments in several installments, respondents were requested to report only the total value received in 1982.

The value of agricultural products sold was collected from all operators. If the operator failed to report, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested or the number of livestock or poultry sold. Extensive estimation was required for operators growing crops or livestock under contract.

Caution should be used when comparing sales in 1982 with sales reported in earlier censuses due to the fluctuations in perunit prices between census years.

Income from machine work, customwork, and other agricultural services—This category consists of gross income received during 1982 by farm operators for providing services for others such as planting, plowing, spraying, harvesting, etc. Income from machine work and other agricultural services is generally included in the agriculture census if it is supplemental to the farming operation. However, it is excluded if it constitutes a separate establishment or is conducted from another location. The agricultural services part of a farming operation was generally considered a separate establishment when income from agricultural services was \$10,000 or more and greater than the value of agricultural products sold. Due to legislative restrictions, data for establishments primarily engaged in agricultural services were not collected in 1982.

Agricultural chemicals used, including fertilizer and lime-For each type of agricultural chemical, the acres treated were to be reported only once. If multipurpose chemicals were used, the acres treated for each purpose were to be reported.

Fish and other aquacultural products—The raising of fish and other aquacultural products in captivity is included in the agriculture census. Production in salt water is considered not to be in captivity and is excluded from the census. The value of fish and other aquacultural products sold and laboratory animals sold is included in the category "other livestock and livestock products."

Bees and honey-Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area. The completeness and accuracy of these data are affected by the fact that some bee operations may not have been on the mail list and some operators on the mail list may not have considered beekeeping to be an agricultural operation, and therefore did not report.

Citrus enumeration-In the 1982 census, reports for selected citrus caretakers in Arizona, Florida, and Texas were obtained by direct enumeration. A citrus caretaker is an organization or person caring for or managing citrus groves for others. This special enumeration has been used in recent censuses because of the difficulty in identifying and enumerating absentee grove owners who often do not know the information that is needed to adequately complete the census report. Each citrus caretaker was enumerated as a farm operator and requested to complete one report form for all groves cared for and to furnish a list of grove owners' names, addresses, and acres of citrus. The names on the lists were matched to completed grove owners' report forms to eliminate duplication. The caretaker was also requested to inform the grove owner that he had already reported for the citrus under his care and that the grove owner was not to report the citrus again. In the 1982 census, 8 caretakers in Arizona reported 210 grove owners having 13,000 acres of citrus; the 99 caretakers in Florida reported 5,900 grove owners having 250,000 acres of citrus; and 21 caretakers in Texas reported 1,500 grove owners having 30,000 acres of citrus.

Crop year or season covered-Acres and quantity harvested are for the calendar year 1982 except for citrus fruits, avocados, olives; vegetables in Florida; sugarcane in Florida and Texas; and pineapples and coffee in Hawaii.

Citrus fruits—The data for Florida relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through July 1982 harvest season, except limes that were harvested in the April 1982 through March 1983 harvest season. The data for Texas relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through May 1982 harvest season. The data for States, other than Florida and Texas, relate to the quantity harvested in the 1981-82 harvest season.

Avocados—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the November 1981 through November 1982 harvest season and for Florida the April 1982 through March 1983 harvest season.

Olives-The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1981 through March 1982 harvest season.

Vegetables-The data for Florida relate to the crop harvested in the September 1981 through August 1982 harvest season.

Sugarcane for sugar-The data for Florida relate to the cuttings from November 1981 through April 1982, and for Texas the cuttings from October 1981 through April 1982. *Pineapples*—The data for Hawaii relate to the quantity harvested in the year ending May 31, 1982.

Coffee-The data for Hawaii relate to the 1981-82 crop.

Acres and quantity harvested—Crops were reported in whole acres, except for the following crops which were reported in 10ths of acres: Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, tobacco, fruit and nut crops including land in orchards, berries, vegetables, and nursery and greenhouse products; and in Hawaii, taro, ginger root, and lotus root. Totals for crops reported in 10ths of acres were rounded to whole acres at the aggregate level during the tabulation process.

If two or more crops were harvested from the same land during the year, the acres would be counted for each crop. Therefore, the total acres of all crops harvested generally exceeds the acres of cropland harvested. The exception to this procedure is hay crops. When more than one cutting of hay was taken from the same acres, the acres are counted only once but the quantity harvested includes all cuttings. However, hay cut for both dry hay and green crop or silage would be reported for each applicable crop. For interplanted crops or "skip-row" crops, acres were to be reported according to the portion of the field occupied by each crop.

If a crop was planted but not harvested, the acres were not to be reported as harvested. These acres were to be reported in the "land use" section under the appropriate cropland items—cropland used only for pasture or grazing, cropland used for cover crops, cropland on which all crops failed, or cropland idle.

Corn and sorghum hogged or grazed were to be reported as "cropland harvested" and not as "cropland used only for pasture or grazing." Crop residue left in fields and later hogged or grazed was not to be reported as cropland pasture.

Quantity harvested was not obtained for crops such as vegetables; nursery and greenhouse products; corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed; and sorghum, hogged or grazed.

Acres of land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees were to be reported as harvested cropland regardless of whether the crop was harvested or failed. However, abandoned orchards were to be reported as cropland idle, not as harvested cropland and the individual abandoned orchard crop acres were not to be reported.

Land in orchards-This category includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 total fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or grapevines.

Crop units of measure—The regional report forms allowed the operator to report the quantity of field crops harvested in a unit of measure commonly used in the region. When the operator reported in a unit of measure different than the unit of measure published, the quantity harvested was converted to the published unit of measure.

Grapes could be reported in dry weight or fresh weight; plums and prunes in fresh weight or prunes in dry weight; and in Hawaii, coffee in pounds parchment or pounds cherry, and macadamia nuts in pounds husked, unshelled or pounds shelled. For other fruit and nut crops and citrus, the operator was given a choice of units of measure of pounds, tons, or boxes. The quantity harvested for these crops are published in pounds. Write-in crops—To reduce the length of the report form, only the major crops for the region were prelisted. For other crops, the respondent was requested to look at a list of crops in each section and write in the crop name and its code. For crops that had no individual code listed on the report form, the respondent was to write in the crop name and code the crop into the appropriate "all other" category for that section. Write-in crops coded as "all other" were reviewed and assigned a specific code when possible. Crops not assigned a specific code were left in the appropriate "all other" category.

In some cases, the reviewers were unable to determine the specific crop reported by the respondent because of incomplete or generalized crop names. To ensure proper coding, most of these respondents were telephoned. Reports for those not telephoned were changed on the basis of other reports for the area.

Misreported or miscoded crops—In a few instances, tabulated data may be inaccurate because respondents misunderstood or misinterpreted questions on the report form. Data may have been reported on the wrong line or in the wrong section, or the wrong crop code may have been placed beside the name of a write-in crop. Some of these errors as well as some keying errors may not have been identified during processing and therefore were not corrected. Reports with significant acres of unusual crops for the area were examined to minimize the possibility that they were in error.

Changes in crop wording—Changes were made to the wording of selected crop items on the 1982 census forms. These items are listed with the wording used in 1978. The 1982 and 1978 data are comparable for all items, except improved pecans and wild and seedling pecans which were combined.

Dry edible beans, excluding dry limas-The 1978 wording was "dry field and seed beans."

Dry edible peas-The 1978 wording was "dry field and seed peas". Dry edible peas exclude Austrian winter peas, wrinkled seed peas, and southern peas or cowpeas.

Green cowpeas and green southern peas; cowpeas and southern peas for dry peas-The wording for these items was changed for 1982 to include the term "southern peas," a more common term for cowpeas.

Honey tangerines-The 1978 wording was "murcotts.".

Other tangerines-The 1978 wording was "tangerines and mandarins."

Pecans—The 1978 categories "improved pecans" and "wild and seedling pecans" have been combined into "pecans" for 1982.

"See text" References

Items in the tables which carry the note "See text" are explained or defined in this section.

Data are based on a sample of farms-For 1982 and 1978, selected data were collected from only a sample of farms. These data are subject to sampling error. For 1982, the 5-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected

sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. Sample sections 22 through 28 of the 1982 census forms include inquiries on commercial fertilizer and lime, chemicals, interest expense, machinery and equipment, expenditures for energy and petroleum products, selected production expenses, and value of land and buildings. Estimates of the reliability of county totals for selected items are shown in table E.

Principal source of irrigation water—The acres irrigated by principal source were derived based on reported percentages of water obtained by source. See appendix C for an example of section 11, Land Irrigated. When irrigation water was obtained from two or more sources, the acres irrigated were included only once under the source from which the largest percentage of water was obtained.

1974 data apply only to individual or family operations (sole proprietorships) and partnerships—For 1974, farm operator characteristics were not collected from corporations, cooperatives, prison farms, grazing associations, and Indian reservations. For 1982 and 1978, characteristics and occupation of the senior partner or person in charge were collected from all farms.

Farms operated by Black and other races—This category includes Blacks, American Indians, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and all other racial groups other than White.

All other races—This category is primarily limited to persons native to or of ancestry from Mexico, the Caribbean, and Central and South America.

Farms reporting no interest expense—This category includes only reports without dollars reported and the "no" box checked for the yes/no screening question in section 24. See appendix C for an example of section 24, Interest Expense.

Total sales—This item represents the gross market value of all agricultural products sold before taxes and expenses in the census year including livestock, poultry, and their products; and crops, including nursery products, and hay. Respondents were asked to include landlords' and contractors' shares. As in prior census years, the value of commodities placed in CCC loans are included as sold. Sales of forest products were not included in 1978 or 1982. The 1974 data included sales of forest products from those places qualifying as farms through other agricultural production.

Farms with sales of less than \$2,500-In 1982 and 1978, this category included all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$2,500. In 1974, farms with sales of less than \$2,500 but having the production potential for sales of \$2,500 and over are included in the category "\$2,500 to \$4,999."

Farms with sales of less than \$1,000-This category includes all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$1,000 but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

Abnormal farms-This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, churches, schools, grazing associations, government agencies, etc. In prior censuses, a number of nongovernmental units such as church farms and FFA camps were classified as abnormal farms. In 1982, such nongovernmental units were classified as abnormal farms only when 50 percent or more of their products produced and intended for human consumption were utilized by the organization.

Value of agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption—This category represents the value of agricultural products produced and sold directly to individuals for human consumption from roadside stands, farmers' markets, pick-your-own sites, etc. It excludes nonedible products such as nursery products, cut flowers, wool, etc. Sales of agricultural products by vertically integrated operations through their own processing and marketing operations were excluded.

Other livestock and livestock products-This category includes all livestock and livestock products not listed separately.

Value of livestock and poultry on farms—Data for the value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the inventory of each major age and sex group by State average prices. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, angora goats, hens and pullets of laying age, and turkeys were obtained primarily from data published by the Statistical Reporting Service, USDA. Prices applied to other livestock and poultry were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales in the census.

Poultry hatched—This category includes all poultry hatched during the year and placed or sold. Incubator egg capacity on December 31, 1982, is tabulated under the column heading Inventory and the number of poultry hatched is under the heading Sales.

Worms--Worm inventory consists of the number of standard worm beds in production. A standard worm bed is considered to be 24 cubic feet. Sales of worms are shown in pounds. Sales of worm castings are included in other livestock products sold.

Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.—Data shown for hay represent all hay crops, including grass silage, haylage, and hay crops cut and fed green (green chop). In production data, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dry weight equivalents for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons of green weight to 1 ton of dry weight.

Tame hay other than alfalfa, small grain, and wild hay-Data shown represent dry tons of hay harvested from clover, lespedeza, timothy, Bermuda grass, Sudan grass, and other types of legume and tame grasses.

Grass silage, haylage, and green chop hay-The 1978 categories "grass silage and haylage" and "hay crops cut and fed green (green chop)" have been combined into "grass silage, haylage, and green chop hay" in 1982.

Grapes-Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of grapes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of grapes harvested have been converted to pounds fresh weight. The conversion used was 4.3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Plums and prunes—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of plums and prunes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of plums and prunes harvested have been converted to pounds fresh weight. The conversion used was 3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Almonds-In 1982, the quantity of almonds harvested was reported in pounds of meats. For 1978, the quantity harvested was reported in the shell.

Other fruits and nuts—Data shown for other fruits and nuts relate to any fruits and nuts not having a specific code on the 1982 report form.

Land used for vegetables—Data are for the total land used for vegetable crops. The acres are reported only once, even though two or more harvests of a vegetable or more than one vegetable were harvested from the same acres.

Vegetables harvested for sale—The acres of vegetables harvested is the summation of the acres of individual vegetables harvested. All of the individual vegetable items may not be shown.

Nursery and greenhouse products grown for sale—These data are a summation of the individual items reported. All of the individual items may not be shown.

Other grains—These data are for the total market value of other grains sold including dry edible beans, dry lima beans, buckwheat, cowpeas and southern peas for dry peas, emmer and spelt, flaxseed, mixed grains, lentils, mustard seed, dry edible peas, popcorn, proso millet, rice, rye for grain, safflower, sunflower seed, triticale, and wild rice.

Value of crop production—This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1982 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated value per unit by the reported acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of prices per unit. If only acres harvested were reported, State estimates for value of production per acre were used. The State average production price and production value per acre used in these calculations were obtained in most part from publications of the Statistical Reporting Service, USDA. When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondent report forms, county extension agents, and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

FARMS CLASSIFIED BY SPECIFIED CHARACTERISTICS

State tables 44 through 50 present detailed 1982 data for all farms classified by specified characteristics-tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. Other tables include data classified by value of sales groups, or other characteristics of the farm or the operator.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold or value of sales-In 1982, all farms except abnormal farms were tabulated by size based on reported sales. Thus, the category "farms with sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999" included only farms with actual sales of \$2,500 to \$4,999. Abnormal farms were not tabulated based on actual or potential sales. The category "farms with sales of less than \$1,000" included all farms, except abnormal farms, with actual sales of less than \$1,000 but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more.

The sales size categories have been changed to be consistent with the standard business size categories issued by the Office of Management and Budget in 1982. Sales size categories "\$100,000 to \$249,999" and "\$250,000 to \$499,999" are used in this report; whereas, sales size categories "\$100,000 to \$199,999" and "\$200,000 to \$499,999" were used in prior censuses. In State table 11 and county table 3, the 1978 census data have been retabulated into the new sales size categories.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure used in the 1982 census were:

Full owners, who operate only land they own.

- Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others.
- *Tenants,* who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—All farms were classified by type of organization in the 1982 census. The classifications used were:

Individual or family operation (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.

Partnership operation, including family partnership.

Corporation, including family corporation.

Other, such as cooperative, estate or trust, institutional farm, etc.

Corporations were subclassified by two additional characteristics into:

- a. Family held
- Other than family held
- b. More than 10 stockholders 10 or less stockholders

Farms by age and principal occupation of operator—Data on age and principal occupation were obtained from all operators in 1982. The principal occupation classifications used were:

Farming—The operator spent 50 percent or more of his/her worktime in 1982 in farming or ranching.

Other-The operator spent more than 50 percent of his/her worktime in 1982 in occupations other than farming or ranching.

Farms by size—All farms were classified into selected size groups according to the total land area in the farm. The land area of a farm is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land rented to or assigned to a tenant was considered the tenant's farm and not the owner's. Farms by standard industrial classification-In 1982, all agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) were classified by type of activity or activities using the standard industrial classification (SIC) system. These classifications, found in the 1972 SIC Manual¹, are used to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or livestock production (major group 02) is classified in the 4-digit industry and 3-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural products. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment is less than 50 percent from a single 4-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more 4-digit industries within the same 3digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group. Otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291.

Characteristics of all farms by selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 15 and 50. The SIC groupings shown in State table 50, together with the associated products (value of sales representing 50 percent of more of the value of agricultural products sold during the year) on which the classification is based, are as follows:

Cash grains (011)-Wheat, rice, corn, soybeans, barley, buckwheat, cowpeas, dry field and seed beans and peas, emmer, field seeds, flaxseed, lentils, mustard seed, oats, popcorn, rye, safflower, sorghum, and other small grains.

Cotton (0131)-Cotton and cottonseed.

Tobacco (0132)-Tobacco.

Sugar crops, Irish potatoes, hay, peanuts, and other field crops (0133, 0134, 0139)—Sugarcane, sugar beets, Irish potatoes, alfalfa, broomcorn, clover, flax, hay, hops, mint, peanuts, sweetpotatoes, and timothy.

Vegetables and melons (016)-Vegetables and melons grown in the open.

Fruits and tree nuts (017)-Berries, grapes, tree nuts, citrus fruits, deciduous tree fruits, avocados, dates, figs, olives, pineapples, and tropical fruit.

Horticultural specialties (018)-Ornamental plants; nursery products, such as bulbs, florists' greens, flowers, shrubbery, flower and vegetable seeds and plants, and sod; mushrooms and vegetables grown under cover.

General farms, primarily crops (019)—Crops, including horticultural specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single 3-digit industry group. Includes farms with no agricultural products sold reporting cropland harvested or cropland on which all crops failed.

Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties (021)-Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, goat's milk, wool, and mohair.

¹Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

Beef cattle, except feedlots (0212)—Production or feeding of beef cattle, except feedlots.

Dairy farms (024)—Production of cows' milk and other dairy products and raising of dairy heifer replacements.

Poultry and eggs (025)—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, duck, geese, pheasants, pigeons, and quail.

Animal specialties (027)—Fur-bearing animals, rabbits, horses, ponies, bees, fish in captivity except fish hatcheries, worms, and laboratory animals.

General farms, primarily livestock (029)-Livestock and livestock products, including animal specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single 3-digit industry group. Includes farms with no agricultural products sold reporting livestock or pasture.

STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENTS

The 1982 Census of Agriculture used two types of statistical adjustments—nonresponse and sample. These adjustments were necessary because, as noted previously, not all farms were surveyed for all items and some farms failed to respond to the numerous attempts to contact them.

Nonresponse

Farms for which no response was obtained from the mailout/ mailback self-enumeration procedure were classified as "large" or "small" based on expected sales being above or below \$100,000. The small nonrespondents were classified even further using other mail list characteristics.

A short report form was then sent to a sample selected from the various classifications of small farms to obtain information needed to develop a State estimate of the number of nonrespondents that were in fact farms. If this second report form was not returned, then a telephone follow-up was attempted.

For all large farms, a telephone follow-up was conducted. Some operators could not be contacted or they refused to cooperate. In these cases, secondary sources such as ASCS county offices, extension agents, and previous census reports were utilized whenever possible to provide reports for tabulation.

State estimates of the percentage of nonrespondent farms were made for several strata. These estimates were then used to make estimates at the county level for each stratum. Respondent farms were then randomly selected within county stratum to represent the nonrespondent farms by having a nonresponse weight of two. All other respondent farms had a nonresponse weight of one.

The nonresponse adjustment procedure makes the assumption that the respondents and the nonrespondents have similar statistical properties. Also, the use of secondary sources for some large farms and the fact that a percentage of the sampled farms were not contacted by either mail or telephone is assumed not to affect the estimates for nonrespondents.

Table A partially measures the effect of nonresponse on selected major items at the State level. This estimate of the non-response rate measures only the effect of small whole farm nonresponse. The effect of the adjustment for nonresponse due to complete nonresponse among large farms and item

nonresponse among all farms is not included in table A. The percentages in table A indicate the potential for bias in published figures resulting from small farm nonresponse. However, large farm nonresponse does not necessarily indicate bias. Individual county nonresponse rates may differ substantially from the State value in table A.

Sample

Report forms containing additional sample inquiries (sections 22 through 28) were mailed to all farms in Alaska and Hawaii and to a sample of farms identified when the mail list was constructed. Other farms were selected into the sample with certainty because they were expected to be "large," to have a complex organizational structure, or to have special characteristics. The definition of large varied by State, from a low of 1,000 acres or \$100,000 sales to a high of 10,000 acres or \$500,000 sales. The median State level for the continental United States was 1,800 for acres and \$150,000 for sales. Large farms identified during processing also were included with certainty by sending the respondents a supplemental form containing only sample questions. In addition to large farms, all farms in counties containing less than 100 farms in 1978 and all farms in SIC groups with a small number of farms at the State level in 1978 were included in the sample with certainty. Farms in counties containing 100 to 199 farms in 1978 were sampled at a rate of 1 in 2. Farms in counties containing 200 or more farms in 1978 were sampled at a rate of 1 in 6.

The noncertainty samples were stratified into 128 strata formed by the 8 sales groups, 8 SIC groups, and 2 acre groups.

Sales	SIC	Acres
\$1 to \$99 9	011	0 to 69
\$1,000 to \$2,499	013	70 or more
\$2,500 to \$4,999	016, 018	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	017, 019	
\$10,000 to \$19,999	024, 021, except 0212	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	0212, 027	
\$40,000 to \$99,999	025	
\$100,000 or more	029	

This post-stratification was done to improve precision and to reduce the bias in all estimates by weighting the sample farms within stratum by the ratio of total farms to sample farms. If the calculated weight was greater than 12 in counties sampled at a rate of 1 in 6, or greater than 4 in counties sampled at a rate of 1 in 2, then the post-stratum was collapsed into another post-stratum. Collapsing of post-stratum also occurred if the stratum contained fewer than 10 sample farms.

Table A. Percent of State Total Represented by Adjustment of Whole Farm Nonresponse: 1982

Item	Percent of total
Farms	10.6
Value of land and buildings\$1,000.	4.8
Market value of agricultural products sold	2.8
Harvested croplandacres	3.4
Corn for grain or seed	2.1
Wheat for grainacres Inventory:	2.2
Cattle and calves	3.9
Hogs and pigsnumber	6.6
Hens and pullets of laying agenumber	0.5

Estimates were prepared for items in sections 22 through 28 of the report form by multiplying the data item for each farm in the sample by the sample weight assigned the farm. The weight for a certainty farm was 1. Sample weights for the final poststrata ranged from 1 to 24 because all exact weights (census total number of farms divided by the number of sample farms in the stratum) were converted to integers by a simple algorithm and then multiplied by 1 or 2 (the nonresponse weight).

NONSAMPLING ERRORS

Each census or survey is subject to error. In addition to sampling variability, errors arise from nonsample sources such as incorrect or incomplete reporting, processing, and the inability to obtain a report from each eligible reporting unit. For example, an operator may report the number of hogs and pigs sold but may not report the value of the sale. In other cases, the respondent indicated the presence of an item but not the quantity. The accuracy of a census count is determined by the joint effects of sampling and nonsampling errors. Thus, extensive efforts were made to keep errors introduced during clerical and electronic processing to a minimum level through the use of quality control, verification, and check measures on specific operations.

CENSUS COVERAGE

Although a complete and accurate count of farms, land in farms, and farm production is the aim of each nationwide census of agriculture, the complex structure of America's agriculture makes this difficult to achieve. Among the complexities are the many places to be included, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the continuing changes in the relationship of operators to the farm operated, the expiration of leases and the initiation or renewal of leases, the problem of obtaining a complete list of agricultural operations, the difficulty of locating and identifying some types of farms, the operator's absence from the farm during the data collection period, and the operator's opinion that part or all of the operation does not qualify and should not be included in the census.

An evaluation of coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. Although the primary purpose of these evaluations is to identify problem areas and supply evidence as a basis for improvements, they also provide users of census data with estimates of the completeness of the census counts. The results of the coverage evaluation study were published for the 1978 census in Volume 5, Special Reports, part 3. An evaluation of coverage was conducted in 1982 to measure the extent of the undercount and overcount of farms in the census. A description of this evaluation will be in a separate **Coverage Evaluation** report. This report includes estimates of the ensus.

Classification Problems

In 1978, the proportion of farms missed due to misclassification (1.8 percent) was higher for farms with small values of sales. The rate of misclassification was higher on (1) crop farms than livestock farms, (2) farms with a small number of acres than larger farms, or (3) tenant farms than full or part-owner farms. Full owners were misclassified more often than part owners. Farm operators over 55 years of age were misclassified more often than younger operators. An evaluation study of classification errors was conducted in the 1982 Census of Agriculture and will be reported in **Coverage Evaluation**. A sample of mail list respondents was selected, and these addresses reenumerated to determine whether they were a farm or nonfarm. Two types of errors were identified; missed farms and overcounted farms. Missed farms were farm operations included on the mail list but classified in the census as nonfarms. Overcounted operations were nonfarm operations classified in the census as farms.

Mail List Problems

A major problem with the use of a mail list is the failure to include all farms on the list. In 1978, approximately 10.8 percent of all farms were not included on the census mail list. There were several reasons for the farm operator's names not being included on the mail list—the operation may have been started after the mail list source was developed; the operation may not have been included on any source list used to construct the mail list; or the operation may have been removed from the list because of incorrectly identifying duplicates or falsely classifying it as a nonfarm prior to mailout.

A great many of the farms not included on the mail list were small in both acres and sales. The operator in many cases had a full time off-farm job and farmed part time. In 1978, the average size of farms and sales for all farms and farms not on mail list is given below.

	Average size				
	All farms	Farms not on mail list			
Land (acres)	415	68			
Sales (dollars)	\$43,618	\$4,709			

RELIABILITY OF CENSUS ESTIMATES

The sources of possible sampling and nonsampling errors have been previously discussed. Some sources affected all the data; others affected only certain items or geographic levels. The results of these errors, bias and increased variability, are difficult to measure.

Census items were classified as either 100-percent or sample items. The 100-percent items were those asked of all farm operators. These included land in farms, harvested cropland, livestock inventory and sales, and crop acreages and quantities (sections 1 to 21 of the census report form). Variability in the 100-percent items is due to the variation associated with nonresponse imputation and response error. Estimation of this variation results in a standard error of an estimate originating in the selection of the sample of small nonrespondents at the State level. Sample items were items asked of approximately 1 in 4 farm operators and include value of land and building, value of farm machinery, energy expenses, and selected farm production expenses, such as hired farm labor and interest expense (sections 22 to 28 of the census report form). Variability in estimates of sample items is the effect of the sample selection and estimation procedure and all the factors affecting the variability of 100-percent items.

In the 1982 Census of Agriculture, the sample used is one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible samples is called the sampling deviation. The standard or sampling error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error of estimate (percent) is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the value being estimated.

As calculated for this report, the standard error of the estimate (percent) partially measures the effect of certain nonsampling errors but does not measure any systematic biases in the data. Bias is the difference, averaged over all possible samples, between the estimate and the desired value. The accuracy of a survey result depends on both the sampling and nonsampling errors measured by the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) and the bias and other types of nonsampling error not measured.

If all possible samples were selected, each of those surveyed under essentially the same conditions, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample then:

- a. Approximately 67 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.
- b. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.

To illustrate the computations involved in the above confidence statements as related to average value of land and building estimates, assume that an estimate of a average value of land and buildings published for a particular county is \$276,741 and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for this estimate, as given in table D, is 2.8 percent, or 0.028. Multiplying \$276,741 by 0.028 yields \$7,749. Therefore, a 67percent confidence interval is \$268,992 to \$284,490 (i.e.,

Table B. Estimates of Reliability of Number of Farms in a County Reporting a 100-Percent Item: 1982

Estimated relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Farms				
	Number of farms reporting:				
1.3	25				
1.2	50				
1.1	75				
1.1	100				
1.0	150				
1.0	200				
1.0	300				
0.9	500				
0.9	750				
0.8	1,000				
0.8	1,500				
0.8	2,000				

Note: 100-percent items are items included in sections 1 to 21 of the report form (appendix C).

\$276,741 plus or minus \$7,749). If corresponding confidence intervals were constructed for all possible samples of the same size and design, approximately 2 out of 3 (67 percent) of these intervals would contain the figure obtained from a complete enumeration. Similarly, a 95-percent confidence interval is \$261,243 to \$292,239 (i.e., \$276,741 plus or minus $2 \times $7,749$).

Tables B and C present the reliability of the estimates of the number of farms reporting a 100-percent or sample item at the county level. Both tables contain relative standard errors of estimate (percent) which were weighted over all counties in the State to arrive at an estimated value. In county table 12, for example, in column 2 the number of farms reporting hog and pig inventory is 30. From table B, an approximate relative standard error of estimate (percent) for the number of farms reporting hogs and pigs would be 1.3.

Table D presents State estimates of major items for all farms and for all farms with sales of \$10,000 or more and measures of their reliability. The estimate and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) is given for selected 100-percent and sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) measures the variation associated with the small whole farm nonresponse adjustment. It does not measure census variability associated with complete nonresponse among large farms, partial or item nonresponse among all farms, response error or content error. The relative standard error of estimate (percent) for sample items measures both nonsampling and sampling error. It measures the variation associated with selecting a sample to estimate sample items as well as variability associated with adjustment for small farm nonresponse. The reliability of county estimates may vary substantially from each other and will usually be larger than the State estimate.

Table E presents the estimate of reliability at the county level for four major 100-percent items and six sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for the same item differs among counties in a State. Reasons for this are: (1) differences among counties in the total number of farms, (2) the number of large farms included with certainty, (3) the size classifications of farms sampled, (4) the amount of nonresponse, (5) the general agricultural characteristics, and (6) the specific characteristic being measured.

Table C. Estimates of Reliability of Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Sample Item: 1982

Farms	Estimated relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	1
25	63.3
50	36.3
75	26.3
100	20.9
150	15.1
200	12.0
300	8.7
500	5.8
750	4.2
1,000	3.3
1,500	2.4
2,000	1.9

Note: Sample items are items included in sections 22 to 28 of the report form (appendix C).

Table D. Estimates of Reliability of State Totals for Selected Items: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All f	arms	Farms with sales of	of \$10,000 or more
Item		Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Farms	number	34 087	.2	11 765	.2
Land in farms	acres	17 739 782 371 644		15 488 255 802 531	.2 .2 1.7
Value of land and buildings ¹ , average per farm	farms	29 300	1.4	11 061	.2
	acres	5 237 399	.2 .2 .2	4 626 016	.1
Harvested cropland	farms	23 719 3 305 714	.2	10 266 3 079 787	
Irrigated land	acres farms	3 305 714	.1 .2	3 0/9 /8/	.1 .2 .2
	acres	1 807 882	.2	1 665 167	.2
Market value of agricultural products sold	farms	34 087	.2	11 765	.2
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse products	\$1,000 forms	1 640 590 15 656	.1 .2	1 580 060 8 277	2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
oropa, including nursery and greenhouse products	\$1,000	935 456	.1	917 286	.1
Livestock, poultry, and their products	farms	24 080	.2	7 584	.2
Poultry and poultry products	\$1,000	705 134 2 490	.1 .2	662 774 383	
	\$1,000 {	59 967	.1	59 534	.1
Livestock and poultry inventory:					
Cattle and calves	farms	21 811	.2	6 766	.2
Hogs and pigs	number	1 618 005 2 500	.2	1 387 904 665	
	number	105 174		90 198	.2
Hens and pullets of laying age	farms	5 165	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	878	2 .1 .2 .2 .2 .2 .1
	number	2 852 549	.2	2 768 569	.1
Livestock and poultry sales: Cattle and calves	farms	19 314	2	6 664	2
	number	955 226	.2	858 814	.1
Hogs and pigs	farms	2 163	.2	604	.2
Broilers and other meat-type chickens	number	172 394 326	.2	153 278 100	.2
Brokers and other meat-type chickens	number	14 422 115	2 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	14 394 267	.2 .1 .2 .2 .3 .2 .2
Crops:					
Corn for grain or seed		309	.6	262	.7
	acres bushels	44 887 7 187 740	.2	44 665 7 168 160	.2
Wheat for grain	farms	4 763		3 950	.1 .2
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	acres	1 179 942	.2 .2	1 163 487	.1
	bushels	58 924 228	.1	58 259 322	.1
Sorghum for grain or seed	acres I	2 (D)	-	2 (D)	
	bushels	(D) (D)	-	(D) (D)	-
Soybeans for beans	farms	-	-	-	-
	acres	-	-	-	-
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, e	tc.	-		-	-
(see text)	farms [15 181	.2	5 893	.2
	acres	1 016 904	.2 .2	848 053	.2
Vegetables harvested for sale (see text)	acres	1 554 134 814	.2	1 162 133 969	.2 .2 .2 .1
Land in orchards	farms	4 709	.2	1 514	.3
	acres	86 742	.2	68 507	.2
Selected farm production expenses1:	4	40.004			
Livestock and poultry purchased	\$1,000	13 081 159 787	1.7	4 196 148 903	2.7 1.7
Feed for livestock and poultry	farms	22 789	.9	6 797	1.7
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees	\$1.000 [193 064 9 348	1.3 1.9	177 124 5 879	1.4 2.0
Commercial fertilizer	\$1,000	32 601	1.6	31 654	1.7
	\$1.000	17 784 104 674	1.2 1.2	8 639 100 657	1.3 1.3
Other agricultural chemicals	farms	14 862 56 739	1.4 1.2	7 677 54 516	1.4 1.2
Hired farm labor	farms \$1,000	13 024 179 512	1.5 .9	7 462 174 248	1.6 .9 .6 .8 1.5
Energy and petroleum products	farms	33 781	.4	11 702	.6
	\$1,000	121 046	.7	109 105	.2
Interest expense	\$1,000 {	15 193 181 873	1.4 1.4	8 045 160 098	1.5 1.5
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment on place1	farms	33 922 1 256 603	.4	11 764	.6 1.3

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

Table E. Estimates of Reliability for County Totals for Selected Items: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Farms		Land in fa	rms	Average value o buildings per		Harvested cr	opiand	Market value of products	
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Value (dollars)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Baker	678 723 3 489 281 781 782 428 173 876 1 844	1.3 1.3 1.7 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 9	944 439 123 310 176 402 23 780 77 182 167 841 860 462 75 199 156 310 413 827	3.3 1.9 .9 2.0 1.2 1.6 .9 3.3 4.5 1.0	518 813 298 983 177 834 133 580 214 551 240 777 770 023 401 312 176 955 242 088	7.6 5.5 3.3 10.4 7.0 8.1 4.2 8.1 6.3 5.5	83 719 65 934 68 123 4 670 14 307 13 790 39 861 1 636 20 103 42 580	1.0 1.2 .7 2.3 1.4 1.2 1.0 1.9 1.4 .8	33 857 26 107 87 188 5 121 9 551 18 430 24 047 4 901 14 485 24 904	1.2 1.1 .5 2.0 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.8 1.1 1.0
Gilliam Grant Harney Hood River Jackson Jefferson Josephine Klamath Lake Lane	164 364 409 546 1 632 368 674 999 402 2 208	1.7 1.5 1.1 .8 1.9 1.4 1.2 1.7 .7	746 724 1 012 042 1 491 505 26 959 301 871 513 092 37 832 783 276 828 548 272 264	1.0 1.6 .7 1.0 2.7 1.6 2.6 1.1 .9 1.1	1 499 713 936 376 1 139 139 285 390 244 060 550 828 189 958 651 035 803 590 271 421	18.0 21.0 14.5 5.4 7.1 9.9 8.3 10.7 5.8	143 060 41 045 141 747 16 556 38 763 64 833 10 049 140 467 152 516 91 979	.9 .8 .7 .6 1.3 2.0 .9 .6 .8	24 799 15 125 25 485 32 044 40 469 40 845 12 483 67 536 27 616 54 403	.8 1.1 1.1 .5 .4 .9 1.7 .6 .9 .7
Lincoln Linn Mainon Morrow Multnomah Polk Sherman Umatilla	297 2 062 1 302 2 825 353 610 1 196 198 390 1 441	1.9 .8 1.0 .7 1.5 1.4 1.0 2.3 1.3 1.0	35 263 374 553 1 505 079 311 052 1 099 324 35 288 179 518 431 172 39 038 1 407 279	2.5 1.0 1.2 .5 .7 2.5 .9 1.9 .9 .9	234 805 312 531 557 449 322 633 1 055 343 286 085 313 280 744 965 313 095 566 633	18.8 3.7 6.1 2.9 4.7 8.8 6.3 4.0 5.4 2.6	2 959 227 574 215 297 197 044 255 958 15 713 104 517 148 273 5 768 427 090	2.0 .3 .7 .4 1.8 .9 1.3 .3 .4	1 970 89 652 129 810 190 789 119 666 25 181 40 650 24 826 38 979 154 895	1.9 .4 .3 .2 .8 .6 1.3 .9 .3
Union Wallowa Washington Wheeler Yamhill	781 472 502 1 919 124 1 794	1.0 1.5 1.4 2.4 .8	429 245 707 247 993 972 151 188 811 460 196 239	1.1 1.5 .8 .8 1.0 .8	408 324 657 004 697 624 313 414 1 127 718 278 197 duction expenses ¹	13.4 7.9 5.3 8.1 6.7 5.8	103 324 74 290 115 132 87 612 23 546 105 879	.8 1.1 .9 .8 1.3 .7	32 228 26 247 33 743 71 513 5 877 65 167	1.0 1.0 .9 .7 1.0 .4

		Selected farm production expenses ¹									
Geographic area		vestock and poultry purchased Commercia		ommercial fertilizer Hired farm la		labor Energy and petr products			Estimated marke all machine equipme	inery and	
	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Totai (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Totai (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
Baker	6 566 569 5 687 265 709 1 386 5 638 508 1 650 6 284	8.1 24.8 10.1 9.4 21.1 22.1 7.6 20.5 26.9 11.2	1 316 2 868 2 697 407 344 989 94 864 1 312	15.6 5.4 5.7 20.1 30.5 20.7 10.2 16.5 11.1 14.5	2 008 3 265 13 939 402 1 179 1 315 1 767 978 1 116 2 167	20.0 7.6 3.3 13.8 12.1 13.5 6.0 5.1 11.3 18.2	2 383 2 040 4 966 286 1 499 2 313 279 1 515 2 655	8.4 3.7 12.8 14.5 5.5 10.0 4.5 10.8 6.3	30 812 22 868 68 556 4 646 11 857 15 922 15 898 4 726 18 468 33 660	12.4 4.7 3.6 23.1 7.2 7.9 7.5 7.0 11.2 6.2	
Gilliam Grant Hord River Jackson Jefferson Josephine Klamath Lake Lane	1 292 2 226 3 992 (D) 2 860 3 232 1 167 7 936 4 675 5 672	1.1 6.8 6.0 13.9 8.2 10.7 22.8 11.0 12.1 19.2	1 880 216 1 089 690 1 204 3 313 241 4 092 881 3 969	6.5 18.6 12.9 6.6 11.0 8.8 13.3 4.9 13.8 4.6	1 683 1 318 2 114 8 454 7 453 3 108 1 749 6 090 3 055 6 149	3.2 12.0 5.5 2.9 2.5 3.9 14.1 5.6 7.4 3.6	2 312 1 301 2 379 1 765 3 000 2 898 1 043 5 698 3 622 4 271	2.5 6.7 5.8 4.4 3.9 5.5 4.3 4.0 6.2 3.3	23 251 12 508 18 998 19 655 35 096 29 235 12 333 62 280 24 632 54 866	3.3 10.3 7.4 6.3 7.1 15.2 9.3 6.2 6.6 6.4	
Lincoln Linn Malheur Marion Morrow Mutromah Polk Sherman Tillamook Umatilla	167 7 050 18 148 3 894 (D) 645 2 284 448 1 458 20 475	43.4 7.9 2.6 7.3 .4 4.3 31.1 8.3 26.3 1.7	45 10 165 9 985 11 357 11 748 756 4 357 2 144 201 11 036	32.4 4.4 6.9 3.1 1.4 6.4 8.6 3.0 18.4 1.3	183 7 106 10 514 30 156 7 399 5 683 2 991 1 272 2 855 13 166	6.1 3.3 2.9 2.6 3.9 7.3 4.4 5.6 2.1	356 5 764 9 187 13 372 8 770 1 518 2 732 2 022 2 022 1 652 10 508	15.5 2.6 3.0 1.5 1.5 8.3 2.9 5.6 1.9	4 450 78 368 91 939 129 000 46 535 16 172 42 365 21 793 16 845 92 516	16.0 3.8 4.5 2.7 6.4 6.0 5.6 4.5 5.7 3.0	
Union	4 877 3 948 676 1 822 922 3 798	8.6 18.5 24.5 38.2 12.2 7.8	2 339 1 580 2 481 3 465 294 4 189	7.5 8.4 9.9 4.9 4.3 6.7	2 041 1 490 6 167 11 330 779 7 050	8.5 10.0 7.3 2.5 2.2 3.5	2 763 2 119 2 663 5 761 688 4 161	5.1 6.1 4.9 2.4 3.1 4.5	35 968 21 043 29 841 56 161 6 226 47 113	4.7 8.5 4.8 3.5 4.8 4.6	

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

Effect of the Area Sample on Census Comparability

The 1982 and 1978 Censuses were conducted primarily by mail. Despite every effort to assemble a complete list, a small portion of the Nation's farms were not included on the census mail list. To improve the coverage of the 1978 Census, especially in counting the number of small farms, the mail-out/mail-back enumeration was supplemented by the direct enumeration of all households in a sample of areas in all States, except Alaska and Hawaii. Due to budget reductions, the direct enumeration sample was eliminated in the 1982 Census.

In late 1978, enumerators visited all households in approximately 6,400 segments in rural areas (areas with less than 2,500 population) and completed a census form for each agricultural operation. These forms were then matched to the census mail list. Data from those cases which were not matched to the mail list were used to estimate the number and characteristics of farms not on the mail list at the State, regional, and national levels. No county-level estimates were developed because the area sample size was insufficient for reliable estimates at that level. The U.S., region, and State data for 1978 shown in the 1978 Census of Agriculture publications included data for farms represented on the mail list plus estimates from the area sample for farms not on the mail list. To provide comparable data for 1982 and 1978, estimates from the area sample have been subtracted from the 1978 data. Thus, all 1978 data presented in the 1982 Census of Agriculture publications include data only for farms on the 1978 mail list.

In 1978, the area sample farms accounted for 9 percent of all farms in the United States, but only 1 percent of the total value of agricultural products sold and 1 percent of the land in farms. The area sample farms represented 25 percent of all farms with sales of less than \$2,500. The contribution of the area sample farms to the total farm count varied widely by State, from a low of 2.0 percent in North Dakota to a high of 23.8 percent in New Hampshire.

The following table shows the 1982 results and adjusted 1978 data for farms on the mail list, as well as 1978 data which include estimates for farms not on the mail list.

Effect of 1978 Area Sample on Census Comparability: 1982 and 1978

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Data pub 1982 Census		Data put 1978 Census	Percent of	
item	1982	1978 adjusted ¹	1978 total ²	Portion of total from 1978 area sample ³	1978 total represented by area sample portion
Farms	34 087 17 739 782 371 644	28 503 18 053 960 301 308	34 642 18 414 484 267 149	6 139 360 524 108 548	17.7 2.0 (X)
Total croplandfarms	29 300 5 237 399 23 719 3 305 714 15 334 1 807 882	25 809 5 100 837 22 007 3 209 647 13 659 1 880 833	30 819 5 247 487 25 609 3 280 005 15 637 1 920 318	5 010 146 650 3 602 70 358 1 978 39 485	163 28 14.1 21 12.6 21
Farms by size: 1 to 9 acres 1 to 9 acres 10 to 49 acres 50 to 69 acres 10 to 49 acres 70 to 99 acres 10 to 179 acres 140 to 179 acres 10 to 219 acres 220 to 259 acres 100 to 499 acres 260 to 499 acres 100 to 199 acres 500 to 199 acres 100 to 199 acres 200 to 299 acres 100 to 199 acres 200 to 199 acres 100 to 199 acres 200 to 199 acres 100 to 199 acres 2,000 acres or more 100 to 199 acres	5 987 12 415 2 171 2 233 1 846 1 412 895 671 2 340 1 560 957 1 600	3 344 9 357 1 949 2 292 1 816 1 431 945 726 2 371 1 567 1 025 1 680	5 195 12 500 2 110 2 629 1 584 999 775 2 567 1 611 1 025 2 567 1 698	1 851 3 143 161 337 173 113 54 49 196 44 - 18	35.6 25.1 7.6 12.8 8.7 7.3 5.4 6.3 7.6 2.7 -
Market value of agricultural products sold \$1,000- Crops, including nursery and greenhouse products \$1,000- Livestock, poultry, and their products \$1,000-	1 640 590 935 456 705 134	1 261 865 688 807 573 058	1 285 016 695 820 589 196	23 151 7 013 16 138	1.8 1.0 2.7
Farms by value of sales: Less than \$2,500 \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$40,000 to \$19,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$20,000 to \$499,999 \$20,000 to \$449,999 \$250,000 to \$449,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$250,000 to \$49,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$250,000 to \$49,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$250,000 to \$49,999 \$250,000 to \$49,999 \$250,000 to \$49,999 \$250,000 to \$49,990 to \$49,999 \$250,000	13 511 4 987 3 776 2 931 2 373 2 669 2 397 925 470 48	8 976 4 435 3 690 2 959 2 489 3 030 1 974 1 974 625 264 61	13 762 4 969 3 093 3 177 2 554 3 143 1 994 625 264 61	4 786 534 403 218 65 113 20 - - -	34.8 10.7 9.8 6.9 2.5 3.6 1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Effect of 1978 Area Sample on Census Comparability: 1982 and 1978-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		olished in of Agriculture	Data put 1978 Census	Percent of	
Item	1982	1978 adjusted ¹	1978 total ²	Portion of total from 1978 area sample ³	1978 total represented by area sample portion
Farms by type of organization: Individual or family Partnership Corporation Other – cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etc	29 802 2 807 1 311 167	24 633 2 685 1 046 139	30 426 2 983 1 056 177	5 793 298 10 38	19.0 10.0 .9 21.5
Tenure of operator: Full owners Part owners Tenants	24 609 7 043 2 435	19 854 6 562 2 087	24 715 7 156 2 771	4 861 594 684	19.7 8.3 24.7
Operators by principal occupation: Farming Other than farming	15 542 18 545	13 849 14 654	15 213 19 429	1 364 4 775	9.0 24.6
Female operators: Farmsnumber Land in farmsacres	2 761 1 015 252	1 905 684 407	2 187 707 780	282 23 373	12.9 3.3
Operators by race: White Black and other races	33 610 477	28 073 430	34 119 523	6 046 93	17.7 17.8
Corn for grain or seed farms acres terms terms terms termsterms	309 44 887 4 763 1 179 942	316 12 824 4 885 1 151 760	352 12 860 4 997 1 159 360	36 36 112 7 600	10.2 .3 2.2 .7
Hayalfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text) farms acres Vegetables harvested for sale farms	15 181 1 016 904 1 554	14 362 1 016 763 1 560	17 102 1 068 102 1 696	2 740 51 339 136	16.0 4.8 8.0
Land in orchards farms acres	134 814 4 709 86 742	144 749 4 258 82 108	145 201 5 260 85 969	452 1 002 3 861	.3 19.0 4.5
Cattle and calves inventory farms	21 811 1 618 005	17 870	22 119	4 249	19.2
Number Hogs and pigs inventory farms number	2 500	1 546 797 2 491 113 907	1 599 684 3 596 120 584	52 887 1 105	3.3 30.7
Chickens 3 months old or older inventory tarms tarms number	5 218 3 398 829	3 949 3 123 679	6 398 3 176 773	6 677 2 449 53 094	5.5 38.3 1.7
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment ⁴ \$1,000 Energy and petroleum products ⁴ \$1,000 Hired farm labor, workers working 150 days or more ⁴ number	1 256 603 121 046 4 498 16 264	937 659 70 003 4 381 15 452	980 389 72 356 4 468 15 555	42 730 2 353 87 103	4.4 3.3 1.9 .7

¹Includes data only for farms on 1978 mail list--excludes area sample data. ²Includes mail list enumeration and area sample data. ³Data from farms not on mail list. ⁴Data are based on a sample of farms. ⁵Retabulated 1978 data for 1982 comparability.

APPENDIX C.

Report Form and Information Sheet

DUE BY FEBRUARY 15, 1983						ROVAL NO. 0607-0		
IS GERAFTINET OF COUNTRIES 232420 ENC. UNITED OT TOO	THE CENSUS I only for statistic The law size or	ponse to this inquiry is requir UREAU IS CONFIDENTIAL. Is purposes Your report CAI where that copies retained in	ted by av It may be NNOT be your files	seen only by s used for purpos are immune fro	worn Ceneu es of taxation milenel proc	e same ave i c s employees a on, investigatio ess.	nd may n, or reg	ba used guletion,
BAR CENSUS		ever pertaining to this repo	Car and interaction in a set	Contraction of the contraction of the second second	and the state of the state of the	A The second sec	NJ	
OF AGRICULTURE					8	2-40310		
Plaise complete this 1207 East Tanth Street Only and RETURN TO P		naurolatinaulainean eann-aangonastiratonoo ine-tuuju iniia				T		
Note – If your records are not available, reasonable estimates may be used. If you cannot file by February 15, a time extension request may be sent to the above address. Include your 12-character Census File Number (CFN) as shown in your address label in all correspondence to us.								
If you received new than one report form, enter enter Consider Piel Mundesch have and controllered resorts copies with your completed report								
Import Import<	·	(Please conoct é	irrors in a	ame, addreas, a	nd ZIP code.	لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		
STOTONIE ACREAGE IN 1982		INSTRUCTIONS - PI	9486 FG	port your cre	pe in the	appropriete	secti	017.
If the score you operated in 1992 changed during the year, refer to the INFORMATOR SHEET, Section 1. Report land owned, rented, or used by you, your spouse, or by the p	ertner-	8 and section 7 to report 8 and section 8, DO N(
ship, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting. Includ LAND, REGARDLESS OF LOCATION OR USE — cropland, pasturela	le ALL ind,	SECTION 2 Were any	of the FC 	LOWING CRO Acres			<u>.</u>	9827 cres
rangeland, woodland, idle land, house lots, etc. None Nu	imber of acres 3		None	harvestød 073	074	harvested Bu.		gated
1. All land owned	1695-03-03-03	1. Wheat for grain	• 🖵	079	080	Bu. Bu.	081	
2. All land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked by you on shares, used rent free, in exchange for services, 044		2. Barley for grain	🖸	076	1	Tons	078	
payment of taxes, etc. Include leased Federal, State, and railroad and, IDD NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a		3. Oats for grain		554	555	Bu.	556	
grazing permit.) Also complete item 5 below	5	 Dry edible beans (Exclud dry limes) 		635	636	Cwt.	637	
shares by others and land subleased. Also complete item 6 below	046 .	6. Lentils	ALL AND ALL AND	659	660	Lbs.	861	
 ACRES IN THIS PLACE — ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented TO OTHERS (item 3). 		Austrian winter peas and winkled seed pass)	C m	548	549	Lbs.	550	
and enter the result in this space.	7	7. Austrian winter peas .		067	068	Lbs.	069	
For this consus report these are the "ACRES IN THIS PLACE." If the untry is zero please refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, Section 1.		 Corn (field) for grain or seed (Report quantity on a dry shalled weight basis). 		{	<u>-</u>	OR	}	
B. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2) enter the following information for each Name of landlord Mailing address (Include ZIP code) Nu	th landlord. Imber of acres	9. Com (field) for silage		070	071	Tons,	072	
		or green chop 10.Sugar beats for sugar .		719	720	green Tons	721	
		11. Mint for oil	. 🗆	644	645	Pounds of oil	646	
Ust additional landlords on a separate sheat of paper.		12. Potatoes, Irish	🛛	097 ! /10	And the second second second second	Cwt.		/10
6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3), enter the following information for enter Mailfog address (include ZIP code) Nu	each renter. Imber of acres	hervested include a	from this iorghum	, GRASS SILAG I place in 1982 Suden crosper	and hay ci	n from p or tur	05.	at or
		If outtings were made for	bath dry h	e this section by and grass sils	ae, havlage,	or areen choa	ction 4	
		from the same fields, repo HAY and also under GRAS	urt the acr SS SILAG	eage in the appro E, HAYLAGE, and F	priato itema i I GREEN CHO			
Lisr edditional renters on a separate sheet of paper. a- Of the land you rented or leased to others, how many acres did you own?	Acres	1. DRY HAY IIf two or mon were made from the same a once, but report total tons i	cres, repo	rt acres only	Acres harvested	Quantity harvester (Report either or green weigh indicated)	l il	Acres rrigated
7. During 1982, did you have any Federal or state grazing 054 permits on a per-head basis; such as Forest Service, Taylor Grazing, Indian Reservations, etc.?	es 2∏No	a. Alfalfa and alfalfa m hay or dehydrating		or	03	107	ons, ry 10	05
None		b. Small grain hay — o barley, rye, etc		rinnin in j	69		ons, ry 11	11 -
commodity acreage reduction programs in 1982?	Acres	c. Other tame dry hay, Sudan grass, fescue wheatgrass, etc	e, cresta	d d		Ti di	ons, ry	
9. LOCATION OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY FOR THIS PLACE County name State Nu	umber of acres	d. Wild hay		Saya - Constant	12	113 Ti di	ons, ry	14
a. In what county was the largest value of your. Principal		2. GRASS SILAGE, HA GREEN CHOP (hay c	YLAGE, rops cu	AND				
agricultural products county -	7	and fad green) (if two were made from the sar scres only once, but rep	ne acres,	report	15	116 T	ans,	17
b. If you also have agricultural operations in any other Other	·	all cuttings.)				9	reen	
county(ies), enter the counties of county name(s), etc	9	or grass silage in 1982 of hay sold in section 9, iter	7 IRenart	alue	118 1 🗌 Yes	2 🗋 N	• •	

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT

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SECTION ET Were nerr NUMSERY and GREEKHOUSE PHOLOUST, MUSPINGER, cold balance back production, GRAVINFOR SALE or stills place is 19827. ⁴⁰ :1 VES Complete tride events and place is 19827. ⁴⁰ :1 VES Complete tride events and place is 19827. ⁴⁰ :1 VES Complete tride events and place is 19827. ⁴⁰ :1 VES Complete tride events and place is 19827. ⁴⁰ :1 VES Complete tride events and products indice on exclusion of tride events and place is 19827. ⁴⁰ :1 VES Complete tride events and products indice on exclusion of tride events and product indice events andice events and product indice events and product indice events an	Conote	197 Peppers, sweet	443 Specify	ynisund - 'iainiai - 676	ł			1	2
Sells, Roura, Rover eds., vegatable sects and planta, vegatable under			THE REPORT OF THE OWNER OF	LIZHRAAMA	*			<u> </u>	
1. Nursery and greathouse products impact leaved in set product power. If more special methods, use exponsibilities of power. Other energy Other energ	56 1 🗌 YES	S — Complete this	e soution 3 - Area	a krigated				1	2
2. From the list below, enter the product name and code for such product grown. If more space is made by an any product prove. Carde space. Other energy Carde space. Other energy Carde space. Carde spac	1. Nurserv and greenhouse	noducts inigated in 100		478	1			Ľ	
Product name Gales int file geef Sailes in TB22 Allafie geef cover les de journels 964 Connex for du foodes Allafie geef cover les de journels 964 Connex for du foodes Allafie geef cover les de journels 964 Connex for du foodes Allafie geef cover les de journels 964 Connex for du foodes Allafie geef cover les de journels 964 Connex for du foodes Allafie geef cover les de journels 965 Figure alla Allafie geef cover les de journels 965 Figure alla Allafie geef cover les de journels 965 Figure alla Allafie geef cover les de journels 965 Figure alla Allafie geef cover les de journels 965 Figure alla Allafie geef cover les de journels 965 Figure alla Allafie geef cover les de journels 965 Figure alla 965 Allafie geef cover les de journels 967 Figure alla 965 Allafie geef cover les de journels 967 Figure alla 967 Allafie geef cover les de journels 967 Figure alla 967 Allafie geef cover les de journels 967 <td></td> <td>2.21212020 (set 1. 3</td> <td></td> <td>REAL COMPANY TREAT A SAME</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8 - 3 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1</td> <td></td> <td>Co</td>		2.21212020 (set 1. 3		REAL COMPANY TREAT A SAME			8 - 3 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		Co
Product name Code The pace set of pace se			<u></u>	<u>ante e e e</u>				tom out for dry fooder.	1 9 10 Ad
In 1982 Winde acres Terms Outrage Cerms	Product name Cod	under glass or	Acres in the open in 1982	Seles in 1982	D Mentorace seed in the	adal		hogged or grazed fraport lif for oil (pourda)	
1 1/10 2 For additional area or bubbled. 975 Copone dicempt and and and area or bubbled. 978 For additional area or bubbled. 978 For additin area or bubbled. 978	MARKS TO A	former protection		Dollare Conta	Chimson clover seed	(pourkis))	969 1 C	rains, mixed (busheld) ops. (punde)	cight) 61
1 1/10 2 For additional area or bubbled. 975 Copone dicempt and and and area or bubbled. 978 For additional area or bubbled. 978 For additin area or bubbled. 978			/10 \$)	lustard seed (pounds) opcom (pounds, shallare	alla and and the
Product name Code Badding plants (include vegetable plants) Product name Code Set Soft hervised Order Set Soft hervised Order Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft hervised Order Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft			/10 \$		B Red clover seed toou	indal		apaseed (pounds)	
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Control	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	일 : '''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''		S Part	Wheatgrass seed (po # White clover seed (po	ounds) ounds)	700 6	anaburn for eilana ar arno	o cheo
Curl dense and under status 488 Consider and conserved plants 500 See of plants 500 See of plants 500 Sections and views 488 Chair - Specify 500 See of plants 500 See of plants 500 Sections and views 488 Chair - Specify 500 See of plants 500 See of plants 500 Sections and views 488 Chair - Specify 500 See of plants 500 See of plants 500 Sections and views Sections Sections Sections 500 Sectio	Bedding plants (include veget Bulbs	Neble plants) 478 482	Mushrooms	494 497	Cther field seeds (po	unus; - Spee	xiy 770 € s	(Exclude sorghum sudan (tons, green)	crosses)
Apple S Congress of flowening plants State and flowening flowening State and flowening<	Cut flowers and cut florist or	regne 485	Vegetable and flower see Greenhouse vegetables	da 500			i si s	lugar beets for seed (pour	Host
SECIION 8 Was there a combined total of 20 or more FRUIT THEES, including GRAPPEVENES and RUT THEES ON THIS PLACE in 1952? \$*	end nut trees, and vines Follage and flowering plants	488 1. 	Other - Specify				에 가운 것이다. 또는 것 같아요. 것 같아.	eveet com for seed tooun	BBC ANTONION ST
Set I gets Complete this section 8 1 YES G to section 8 1 Total acres Acres irrigated 1/10 1/10 1/10 2 NO - Go to section 8 1 Total acres Acres irrigated 1/10 1/10 1/10 2 1/10 1/10 2 For those crops not listed below, enter the name and code from the list at the right for other fruit and nut trees on this place in 1982. 3. For those crops not listed below, enter the name and code from the list at the right for other fruit and nut trees on this place in 1982. Report the requested information for each crop even if not harvested because of fow prices, damage from hail, frost, etc. Crop name Code 123 124 124 125 120 128 Apples 123 124 125 120 124 123 124 124 125 120 128 Pears 231 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 <td></td> <td>and the second state of th</td> <td>O or more FRUIT TAPES</td> <td>including GRAPEV</td> <td>INES and RUT TREE</td> <td>son this p</td> <td></td> <td>erester and the second second</td> <td>61</td>		and the second state of th	O or more FRUIT TAPES	including GRAPEV	INES and RUT TREE	son this p		erester and the second second	61
Image: Pears No - Go to section 9 1. TOTAL ACRES in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, vineyards, and nut trees on this place. (Do not include abandoned acres.) Image: Pearline include abandoned acres.) Image: Pearline include abandoned acres.) 2. For those crops not listed below, enter the name and code from the list at the right for other fruit and nut trees on this place in 1982. 2. For those crops not listed below, enter the name and code from the list at the right for other fruit and nut trees on this place in 1982. 2. Crop name NUMBER OF - Nonbearing Bearing age ge Whole scres Tentin and vines of a vines of ge ge ge Whole scres Tentin and vines of a v	the second s	・ 可見 2時回来 一般者 10年 からからうちょう	상석님 관련한 것 잘 보이며 없	a	1		g Produc	an stat	
Y. TOTAL ACRES in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, vineyards: Whole acres Tenths Whole acres Tenths 121 1 10 122 10 22. For those crops not listed below, enter the name and code from the list at the right for other fruit and nut trees on this place in 1982. Report the requested information for each crop even if not harvested because of fow prices, damage from hail, frost, etc. Cop name NUMBER OF Acres in trees Outentity Mark ane 123 124 125 100 126 128 Apples 123 124 125 1/10 126 127 2.0 1178 Cherries 147 148 149 1/10 150 151 2.0 157 160 128 <td< td=""><td>5 글 알 알 것 : 10 U.S. (19 U.S.</td><td> 영화와 이상의 영화 영화</td><td>성수와 그는 것은 것이 가 없다. 중 한 것이다.</td><td>and the second se</td><td></td><td>in an available to the second</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	5 글 알 알 것 : 10 U.S. (19 U.S.	영화와 이상의 영화	성수와 그는 것은 것이 가 없다. 중 한 것이다.	and the second se		in an available to the second			
and nut trees on this place. (Do not include abandoned acres.) i <td< td=""><td>1. TOTAL ACRES in beari</td><td>ing and nonbearing fru</td><td>uit orchards, vinevards,</td><td></td><td></td><td>10.00</td><td>於自治。</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1. TOTAL ACRES in beari	ing and nonbearing fru	uit orchards, vinevards,			10.00	於自治。		
Report the requested information for each crop even if not harvested because of few prices, damage from hall, frost, etc.Crop nameCodeNUMBER OF TREES OF VINES OF - ageAcres in trees and vines of - all agesUnit of measure harvestedUnit of measure Wark andApples123124125/101261272.3128Cherries1471481491501512.3157Pears231232233/101501512.3157Pears12/10312.315Image appendix12/10312.315Pears12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10312.35Image appendix12/10 <t< td=""><td>and nut trees on this place</td><td>ice, (Do not include aba</td><td>andoned acres.)</td><td></td><td>/10</td><td></td><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>100 - 100</td></t<>	and nut trees on this place	ice, (Do not include aba	andoned acres.)		/10			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100 - 100
Number of the second	 For those crops not lister Report the requested info 	ro below, enter the nan formation for each cror	we and code from the list i p even if not harvested be	at the right for other cause of low prices	nun and nut trees on . damage from hall Sm	enis place in vst, etc.	1982.		
Crop name TREES OR VINES OF - And vines of and vines		NUMBER	OF Acres in t	0.000	Unit of mea	isure			(J.S.A)
Nonbearing age Bearing age diffuges Instruction gift	Crop name Co	TREES OR VINI	IES OF - and vines	s of Quan	tity Mark uni	9 00 - 100			
Apples 123 124 125 / 10 126 127 20 11 Appleois 128 127 128 Appleois 128 129 128 129 120 129 120 129 120 129 120 129 120 129 120 129 120 129 120 129 120 110		Nonbearing	ege Whole scres	<u>a sta da di</u> legen e d'Ale d'A	tons	a box	Crop name		Code
Cherries 147 148 149 150 151 2 3 157 Fillers and hexelinuts 337 Pears 231 232 233 234 238 231 237 238 237 Nectarios 229 Nectarios 238 239 Nectarios 229 Nectarios 229 Nectarios 238 230 Nectarios 238 239 Nectarios 238 239 Nectarios 239 100	Appies 12	23	125	128		1128	Apricots Grepes		129 177
Pears 231 232 233 234 235 226 Peaches 226 Pears 1 2 10 3 1 2 3 1 236 Pears and processing and procesing and procesing and processing and procesing and processing and		140	149	1 150	151	152	Filberts and Nectorines	hazelnuts	
Wainuts, Englisht 367 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1		23:	233	234	235	236	Peaches Plums and	prunes	229 243
1 2 710 15 15 1 2 710 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 2 3 If more specials needed, use separate sheat of paper, 1 2 3 4 2 3			2	3		15	Walnuts, E	ngüsh	367
I 2 /10 4 2 3 5 If made space is needed, upb separate sheet of paper,			2	3	4	5		行教育、法治	
If mare space is needed, use separate should of paper,			2	3	4	5			
	If more source is provided	perste shoat of orea		<u> /10 </u>		4 LI .			NA PA
D D		Here and select of paper,	1911 - 1917 - 7 <u>77</u>			, s	ang she		

Page 2

SECTION 99 GROSS VALUE of CROPS SOLD from this 59 taxes and expanses (Refer to the INFORM	ATION	SMEET,	Soction 9.)		SIZCHIOLEZ Did you or anyone clee have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place in 1982?
Report your best estimate of the value for each of the from this place in 1982. Include the value of the land estimating if necessary. Exclude value of Government	ord's a	nd/or co loans.	ntractor's sh	iarə,	1 YES - Complete this section 2 NO - Go to section 13 INVENTORY Number on this
1. Grains, soybeans and other beans sold in 1982	Nona	774	ollars C	anne	O DECEMBER 31, 1982 INVENTORY None place Dec. 31, 1982 I. CATTLE AND CALVES of all gees
com for grain		\$ 775	I		(Totel of s, b, c, and d below)
b. Wroa t		\$			a. BEEF COWS - Include beef heifers that Beef cows
c. Soyteene	. 🗆	\$	1		b. MILK COWS kept for production of milk or
d. Sorghura for grain	🗆	\$			cream for sale or home use - include dry Milk milk cows and milk heilers that had calved
s, Cats	. 🗆	778 \$			806 Heiters and
1. Other - barley, rye, dry beans, dry peas, lentils,	_	779	1		c.HEIFERS AND HEIFER CALVES (Exclude heifer the heifer celves)
musterd seed, sunflower seed, etc.		780	1		J.STEERS, STEER CALVES, BULLS,
2. Cotton and contonseed	. L	\$ 781			AND BULL CALVES
3. Tobacco	. L.	\$ 762	·		• CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD
4. Hay, silage, field seeds, and grass seeds	🗆	\$ 783			FISDER THIS PLACE IN 1982 Include those fed on this place on a contrat or criterio hosts. Also place on a None Number sold. Gross value of sales
 Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons — Do not include lish patatoes and sweetpotatoes, report them in item 7 below 	🗀	\$			contract or custom basis. Also report None in 1982 Dollars ICant as sold cattle moved from this place 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
6. Fruits, puts, berries - apples, cherries, pears, grapes, filberts, strawberries, atc.	_	784 \$	1		
7. Other crops - sugar beats, mint for oil, hops, potatoes,	السبا •	9 785			
etc. (Exclude messary and granthings products) -	(T)		1		S. Cattle, including calves weighing S00 pounds or more
Specify SECTION:10 LAND USE IN 1982		\$	 		a, Of the total cattle sold, how many were
ONCY ONCE — In the use first fisted below that applies Any ONCE — In the use first fisted below that applies harvested and also pastured is to be reported only as	s. For	example	, cropland		FATTENED on this place on GPAIN or CONCENTRATES for 30 days or more and SOLD for SLAUGHTER?
\$10	Job	,	Vested. Number of a	INPR-	AIRY PRODUCTS SOLD FROM DAIRY PRODUCTS Gross value of sales
 CROPLAND Cropient harvestet – include all lend from which crops were hervested or hay was cut, and all lend in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursary and greenhouse products	5	-	Neurnpair (21 2 78 7	(469)	THIS PLACE IN 1982 None Dollars Cents 4. Gross value of sales of DAIRY PRODUCTS from this place in 1982 – Include milk, cream, 814 1
 b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing — includo notation pasture and grazing land that could have been used it any without additional improvements	ar	_	788		butter, etc
 Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil- improvement grasses, but NOT harvested and NOT pastured. 	Т		789		1 YES - Consider this section INVENTORY 2 NO - Go to section 14 Number on this
Crogland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acrange is to be repreted in item 1a.)			790		DECEMBER 31, 1982 INVENTORY Nona place Dec. 31, 1982 I. HOGS and PIGS of all ages (Total of a and b below) Total
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow		[] [791		m.HOGS and PIGS used or to be used for BREEDING
4. Cropland idla	*****	🗆	793		b.OTHER HOGS and PIGS
2. Woodland - biclude all woodlars and timber tracts and cutages and deforested land with works timber works		- U	794		LITTERS FARROWED 2. LITTERS FARROWED on this place between None Number of litters
3. Other perturband and sangeland - include any part	meland	أيسم	796		a.December 1, 1981 and May 31, 1982
other than cropland and woodland pasture	əstelər	ю,]	797		b. June 1, 1982 and November 30, 1962
6. TOTAL ACRES - Add the ever coported in State 1 since	සැකි ර		798	Title Andre	HOGS AND PIGS SOLD None in 1982 Dottars Cen
(Month for the same so section 7, Nam 4, page 7.) [SECTION:117] Was any LARD in this piece IRRIGATED a	i Bay U				3. HOGS and PIGS SOLD from this place in 1982
inigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled me or display, spreader dikes, stc., include supplemental, partial, ar	ans — s nd prepli	unnaurs, 1 2011 hrigatic	0170973 QR	ļ	4. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many were
SIT 1 HES - Complete this section		New	Number of a		sold as FEEDER FIGS for further feeding? U \$ \$
2 NO - Go to section 12		None	irrigstec 680	3 _	S14
How many acres of harvested land were irrigated? include ford from which hay was cut and lend in bearing and methoding that and nut crops reported in section 10, item 1s.		LJ	681		1 YES - Complete this section 2 NO - Go to section 15
 How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any c lands not included in item 1 above were inigated? 		. 🍳			INVENTORY Number on this None place Dec. 31, 1982
 What percent of the inigation water used on this place. 1962 was obtained - 		Nor	Perce		1. SHEEP and LAMBS of all ages 824 825 a. EWES 1 year old or older 826
A. From a well or wells located on this farm or another			683	%	
 b. From an on-farm surface supply not controlled by a supply organization (stream, drainage ditch, lake, p spring, or reservoir on or adjacent to this farm)? 	oond,	ستم ۲]	%	Number shorn Pounds of wool in 1982 shorn in 1982 SHEEP and LAMBS SHORN
c. From off-form water suppliers (U.S. Reclamation p instantion district; mutual, cooperative, or neighbor dischars; or other imigation organizations)?	hood	·		%	Gross value of soles None Dollars Cents
LTOTAL - Sum of a, b, and c should exact 100	*		100	%	3. What was the gross value of sales of SHEEP, LAMBS, and WGOL from this place in 1982?
ORM 82-A0310 (2-12-82)				a din patri d	ge 3

4

	5 - Complete this section 2 1		·· · · · · ·	Gross values of sales			
	None	Number on this place		number n 1982	ļ	oilers	Centa
Horses and ponies of		Der: 31, 1982	831		832]]
Selection of boon		839	840		\$ 841		
Colonies of bees		845	846		\$ 847 \$		
Milk goats Other livestock or anima	al l	· ·	1		Ť	·	
Specialties in captivity (Enter name and code from "List A" (below.)			1		2		T
NameCode	1		<u> </u>		\$		
Name Cod	18 . 5	ioneso	 Cox	2 , Ma			Code
Angora goats	2 A	Summer and their pelts labbits and their pe hinchillas and their pelts	834 hs 86	B ^I Wor I info Allo	nns – R mission ather live	sheet stock	867 860
Livestock or animal	To	tal quantity sold		value of s			
products (Enter name and code from "List 8" below.		in 1982	Doll	ans	Cents		
Name: Code	2 -	08	s s	4			
······································		Gallons	1]		
List B	Ger	éa , Morma			*****	c	ode
Hohair sold Gout milk sold	81	14 Honey so	ld stock prode	ucts - Sp	ecity		168 170
-	Wa	tar environa					
Fish and other aquacuitur products (Error name and	for :	acres T	otel quan in 191			s value i Hers	Cents
code from "List C" below. Mame Code	,			Pounds	2		ter i serie i serie T
		/10	C	R – – – Number	ſs		i La parte
List C	**********************************				d		
Trout	ecas and thish aparate si	heat of paper.	sh ∦y 6	184 pro	er aquec xiucte -	 Specify 	Code 888
Trout	ica and thish aparato si anyone (DUCKS	Other fr . 680 Spec isor of paper. lee have any POI . etc., on this pla	sh ify 6 ULTRY su	Oth 184 pro	er aquec xducte -	- Specify S,	
ECTION 16 Did you get TURILEYS, for others of S16 1 YES	ica and fish approte si anyone t DUCKS a s operation - C	Othar fi 1980 Spec heat of paper. Also have any PON , etc., on this pla- ant heats.) consider this cor	sh — ily 6 ULTRY au os in 198	Other B4 pro ch as CM 27 (Anctas INVEN Numb	HCKER	- Specify S, ry grown Total	888
Continue 876 Losi Prost 876 Losi Prost B76 Losi Prost Did yourget Strate ECTION 16 Did yourget TURKEYS, for others or Ste Ste 1 YES 2 NO NO	ica ans thish approto a anyono (DUCKS a s onotr — C — C	Other fit 380 Spec here of paper. As have any POI de have any POI str., on this pla- ext heats.) anydate this sec o to section 17	ch — 6 ULTRY su cs in 198 tion	Other B4 pro sch en CH 27 (Ander INVEN	HCKEN HCKEN Is possib TORY Isr on Nace	- Specify S, ry grown Total	888
B76 bai Proof B76 I bai Minore space is needed, use a ECTION 15 Did you set TURKEYS, for others or S16 1 YES 2 NO HENS and PULLETS of Ia	ical and thish approto b anyone t DUCKS a s onxer — C — C — G	Other fit as a fit of paper. As	ch — 6 ULTRY su cs in 198 tion	Other 184 provide the provided to the provi	HCKEN HCKEN Is possib TORY Isr on Nace	- Specify S, Ty green Total sold i	888
B76 bai Proof B76 I bai Minore space is needed, use a ECTION 15 Did you set TURKEYS, for others or S16 1 YES 2 NO HENS and PULLETS of Ia	ical and fish aparate si aryona t DUCKS a s onver - G - G ying ag placema	Other fi B&O Spec- hest of paper. Jack bare any POI star, on this pla- out bank is a consider this pac- p to section 17 P	sh S iiy S ULTRY su ss in 198 stors Nons 	Other 184 provide the provided to the provi	HCKEN HCKEN Is possib TORY Isr on Nace	- Specify S, Ty green Total sold i	888
Continuent of the second	scal and fish sayonte a pucke a south - G - G placeme or older i ALLETS (Other fi spectro	ch 6 ify 6 ULTRY au os in 198. Mone 	Other 184 pro- pro- pro- 27 (Brecker Numb 1NVEN Numb 100c. 31 832	HCKEN HCKEN Is possib TORY Isr on Nace	Specify S, ry greeks Total sold i 893	888
Continuent 27.2 Top Proot 27.6 Losi If more space is needed, use a ECTION 16 Did you are a ECTION 16 Did you are a TURKEYS, for others or Ste 1 YES 2 NO HENS and PULLETS of Ia Pullets for laying flock re PULLETS 3 months old of PULLET CHICKS and PULLETS or broken	ical and fish	Other if Spec isot of paper. dee bare any PO etc., on this pla and basis, j angulate this par a to section 17 b b mit not yet of laying a ander 3 months o	th 6 ify 6 ULTRY au besin 198 stars None None 1 loge 1 loge	Other State of the second seco	HCKEN HCKEN Is possib TORY Isr on Nace	Specify STOTAL B93 895 897	888
Continuent 27.2 Top Proot 27.6 Losi If more space is needed, use a ECTION 16 Did you are a ECTION 16 Did you are a TURKEYS, for others or Ste 1 YES 2 NO HENS and PULLETS of Ia Pullets for laying flock re PULLETS 3 months old of PULLET CHICKS and PULLETS or broken	Acat and fish	Other if Species of Asper- lines of Asper- lines of Asper- des have any POL etc., on this play anydate this sec o to section 17 B mit not yet of laying a under 3 months o st type chickens	ch 6 my 6 ULTAY au cs in 198 Stass Nans Nans Igg Idt	Othe States CH Schass CH 27 (Bredse INVEN Numb this ; Dec. 31 892 894 896 896	HCKEN HCKEN Is possib TORY Isr on Nace	- Specify 5, 77 greats 893 895 897 899	888
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Canter Post	<pre>cca and cca and c</pre>	Other fi Spectrone (Construction) isot of paper. Isot paper.	chi fify	Other O	In equice - default - term of the post of the road of	Specify grows and a solution of the solution o	nuntber n 1992

SECTION 17 S17	· · · · ·	an ta Lis
GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS Amount received in 1982 from Government CCC loans for — Non- include regular and reserve loans, even if redeemed or forfeited!	Dollers 799	Cen
a. Corn , sorghum, barley, and oats	\$	
b. Wheat	\$	۱
c. Cotton	\$	1 +
d. Soybeans, peanuts, rye, rice, tobacco, and heney	\$	۱
B MACHINE WORK, CUSTOMWORK, and OTHER AGRICULTURAL SERVICES		1
 Gross amount received from machine work, customwork, and other agricultural services PROVIDED FOR OTHERS in 1982 – planting, plowing, spraying, harvesting, etc 	919 \$, ! .
Specify kind of work done		
SECTION 18 During 1982 did you SELL any crope, ilvostock, o DIRECTLY to individuals FOR HUBIAN CONSUM stands, famore rearises, pick your own, etc.?		
1 🛄 YES - Complete this section	Dollars	Cer
2 NO - Go to section 19 Non	920	1
an a		
Specify products sold - vegetables, eggs, etc.		
SECTION 19 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION		
Mark (X) the one item which best describes the type of organ this place in 1982. Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, Section 19		
• FAMILY or INDIVIDUAL operation 921		
(Exclude pertnership and corporation)		tion 21
	3 🗌 60 10 566	tion 20
 OTHER, such as estate or trust, prison farm, grazing 		-1-
association, Indian reservation, etc.	A Specify be	biow the bion 21
Specity		
SECTION 20 CORPORATE STRUCTURE for incorporated operation of the InFORMATION SHEET, Section 20.	rations only)	
820	1	
922 I. Is this a family-held corporation?	<u>4</u> 2	JNO JNO
	3 🗌 Yes 👍 🗌	No
SECTION 21 CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION OF OP or person in charge) Refer to the SHFORMATION 2 S21		artexar
I. RESIDENCE — Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place?	1 🗌 Yes 2 [] No
2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her work time in 1982? For partnerships consider all members of the partnership together	1 Farming 2 (or ranching] Oth
	i 🗌 None	
4 HOLES DEFUSY SET UNS DIGCENT 1302 (Include Wolk	z 🔲 1-49 days	
et a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm. {Exclude exchange farm work}	3 🔲 50-99 day	
	4 📋 100-149 d 8 🔲 150-199 d	
	e 🔲 200 days or	u Thereig
I. In what year did the operator (or senior partner) begin 080 to operate any part of this place?	¥98r	
S26	na sa	
AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)		s old
	T White	
	2 🛄 Negro or Bla 3 🔲 American In	1.1
B. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	4 🔲 Asian or Par	
	islander	a a i da
	s 📋 Other – Spi	BCITY ,
986.		
7. SEX of operator (senior pertner or person in charge)	1 🗌 Male 2 [_ Fem
8. SPANISH ORIGIN — Is the operator (senior partner or person in charge) of Spanish origin or descent (Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish)?	1 □ Yes 2 [No
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•

SECTION 2247 Wee any COMMERCIAL FERTHLIZER, including ROCK LIME used on this place during 1982?	PHOSPHATE, or		ENDITURES FOI Inces during 198		clours products for the form
1 YES - Complete this section	Strand Strange	Include expenditures p	aid by you and oth	ers for dealers	
2 NO - Go to section 23	Acres fertilized	production of crops, liv		Expenditures	Storage capacity on this place
1. Acres of cropland familized in 1982, other than cropland	932	other agricultural prodution of the place in 1982.	icts on this		
used only for pastures reported in section 10, item 1b	933		None		gallons
2. Acres of pasturaland and rangeland fertilized	555	1. Gasoline and gas	SALENA HOL	968	967 968
in 1982 reported in section 10, items 1b and 3	L	the farm busine		\$	970 971
3. Expenditures for commercial fertilizer purchased None D	ollars Cents	2. Diesel fuel for th		909	
- all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum - all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum	1	business		972	974
section 27, item 6.		 LP gas, butane, for the farm busi 			
		(4.5 lbs.= 1 ga		\$	
4. LIME - tons of time used and acres on None Tons of time	Acres timed	4. Fuel oil and kero	sene for	975	976 977
which applied (Do not include land pleater 934		the fairm busine	ss, 🔲 🛛	\$	
SECTION 23 Ware any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNCICIDES	MCBLAYLPSD20	5. Natural gas for t		976	
OTHER PESTICIDES, or OTHER CHEMICALE used on		business		\$ 979	
\$23 UVEC		6. Motor oil and gre the farm busines	2296 101	\$	
1 YES - Complete this section		7. Electricity for the	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	980	
2 NO - Go to section 24		business		\$	
Include any materials provided by you, your landlords, or contract	tors. For each	8. Other - cosl, w		981	
item listed, report acres only once. If multipurpose chemical report acreage treated for each purpose.	N WORE USED,	coke, etc		\$	
		SECTION 27 SEL	ECTED PRODUC	TION EXPENSES p	aid by you end
1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, herbicide, insecticide, nematicide) to control - None	Number of acres on which used	000M	ers for this place i	n 1992	
	936	Include your best es			our landlord, commactors,
a. Insects on crops, including hay	337	buyers, and others f	or production of	crops, livestock, a	nd other agricultural products
b. Remetedes in crops					erforming customwork for ervices; or household expenses
a entremente si cropo and occurre tongine, antices,	38	not related to the fai			
' rusts, etc.)	339		5 - 2 F	n shing shi	Solected expenditures
d. Weads, grass, or hrush in crops and pasture Include both pre-emergence and past emergence		. ,			the second s
	940	1. Livestock and p	suitry perchased	I cattle, calvas,	None Dollars Cenus
of crops or thinning of fruit				rses, chicks, poults	• <u>></u> 1
		starten pusats, e	16.	*******	
	ollars Cents	2. Total food purch			
herbicides, fundicides, other pesticides, atc.			-	ncentrates, etc	··· []\$
Report cost of custom spokestions in section 27, item 6		a. Commercially	mixed tormula tea plement, concent	HIS DUICHASEd	
SEGION 22. Was there any INTEREST EXPENSE for the form busine Balax to the INFORMATION SHEET, Section 24.	ise in 1982?	(Exclude ingredie	nes	Tenths Oollers	Cents
	1	purchased sepera such as ecylocen		985	
1 UYES Complete this section			600		
2 NO - Go to section 25 Dollars	Cents	1788)		/10 \$	987
1 - How much interest was paid on all debts for the		3. Seed cost - for	nom attar amine	entrone toborn	
farm business in 1982? s				purchased	
SECTION 254 MACHIMERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on Decer (Inclusic only equipment used for equicality of genetion	abor 31, 1982				990
Anteresta costy beingrander trees for approximation operation	N 81 199 OF 1894-1	4. Hired farm or ra	nen isbor (See in	formation Sheet)	
· Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, Decon	ber 21, 1982		· .	None Number of	
	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		rkers, how many.		
orginary and implantation unually light on this place	ated market value	(1) Workad 1	50 days or more	រ 🖂	
and used for the farm or ranch business? Include cars.	Dellera Cente			992	
motors, tractors, compines, provis, ocaks, nerrows, oryers, pomps, motors, injustion equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and			ss than 150 days		
bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing equipment, etc		5. Contract labor -		is primarily for labor, suc	h 993
		tract basis by a contri	uctor, crew loader, a c	cooperative, etc	
SELECTED mechinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1982.	Of the total, HOW			residant to interes	
(Report and y If used in 1989 or 1982.) Total number	IANY were manufac- red in the last 5 years	and for customwork	 Include expandit such as grinding en 	ures for use of equipm d mixing feed, ploying	994 994
Description of the second	(1978-1982)?	combining, com pic	ung, drying, silo tilli	d mixing feed, ploying ng, spraying, dusting, inning),	
(3 U (#	(Number)	A REAL PROPERTY OF A READ PROPERTY OF A REAL PROPER	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	white support of the second second	
2. Automobiles	45	SHOTOWARE EST	Marieu Cumer	ro rsiati valu	E OF LAND and BUILDINGS
	47	528 Please give your be	et FSTIMATE -	the CHRRENT	and the second
	49	MARKET VALUE o	fland and buildi	ngs for the ecres	
4. Wheal tractors other then garden		reported in section			Estimated market value of land and buildings
tractors and motor tillers				None	Dollars Conta
5. Grain and bean combines,	51				996
self-propeiled only		1. All land owned	*******		\$
6. Corn heads for combines	53	2. All land rented o	r leased FROM C	THERS	997
956 9	57				998
7. Cotton pickers and strippers	59	3. All land rented or	and the second se		\$
8. Mower conditionera		SECTION 29	SON COMPLETI	THIS PEPORT	-Pipene print
	61	Name			999 Date
9. Pickup balers - Include rectangle and round balers					
962 9	63		Area code	Numbe	r
bas or flywheel type		Telephone			
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Page 6

INFORMATION SHEET 1982 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

Special Reporting Instructions

1. Who Should Report

WE NEED A REPLY FROM EVERYONE RECEIVING A REPORT FORM, INCLUDING individuals, landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and THOSE NOT CONDUCTING AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS. Each case included in the census has a unique census file number (CFN). Il order to make the census results as complete and accurate as possible, we need to obtain information about every census file number.

2. If You Received More Than One Report Form for an Operation

Complete only ONE report form for an operation. Write "Duplicate" near the address label of each extra report form. Also, write the 11-digit census file number(s) of the DUPLICATE reportis) ON THE COMPLETED REPORT in the space provided to the left of the address label. Return the extra report(s) in the same envelope with your completed report form so that we can correct our records. 3. If You No Longer Farm

If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1982, please report all agricultural activity during the year. Report all land on your census form that you owned or ented. Also, report your 1982 crop and livestock production and 1982 sales.

Explain on the first page of the report form (or on a separate sheet of pay that you quit farming or ranching and give the approximate date and the name and address of the present operator, if known.

4. If You Never Farmed or Have No Association With Agriculture

Please write a note on the report form near the address label and return it so that we can correct our records. In our efforts to make the census as complete as possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminate duplicate the possible we obtained lists from various sources. possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminat and nonfarm addresses, however, it was not always possible to do so

5. If You Have More Than One Agricultural Operation

Complete a report form for EACH SEPARATE and DISTINCT production unit, that Sumptote digit form reaching the distribution of the distribution of the distribution of farms, etc., for which you maintain SEPARATE records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, crop acreages, and production.

6. If You Have a Partnership Operation

Complete only ONE report for the entire partnership's agricultural operation and include all partners' shares on the one report.

If members of the partnership also operate separate farms or ranches i addition to the partnership farming operation, separate report forms sl be completed for each individual operation.

If two or more report forms were received for the same operation, mark each additional form as a "Duplicate." Return the duplicate reports in the same envelope with the completed partnership report, if possible, or write a note on the duplicate report, such as, "Partner (provide name) has completed a report for the partnership (provide partnership name)."

7. Landlord's or Contractor's Share

If you rented or leased land from others or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, include both your share and the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses so your census report form will be complete for "this place."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE. **How to Enter Your Response**

If you do not have exact figures, give your best estimate Enter your replies in the proper spaces, on the correct line, and in the unit requested, i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Write any explanation outsid the answer spaces or on a separate sheet of paper.

All dollar figures may be entered in whole dollars. CENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED. Enter whole numbers except where tenths are requested, such as acres of potatoes harvested. If you have 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 of an acre, convert to tenths. For example, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10.

The census report form is being used throughout the entire United States. Because it is meant for use in all parts of the country, it may contain sections and questions which do not apply to you. When this occurs, mark the "None" or "No" box and go on to the next item or section.

Instructions For Specified Sections

► Section 1 - ACREAGE IN 1982

Your answers to this section will determine the land ("Acres In This Place") referred to in the rest of the report form.

When answering the acreage questions, include the land associated with your agricultural operations in 1982 whether in production or not. Incluc all land that you owned or rented during 1982 even if only for part of the year. Exclude any unrelated residential or commercial land.

IF YOU QUIT FARMING DURING 1982 — Complete the report form for the portion of the year that you did farm. Explain on the report form or another sheet when you stopped farming and the name and address of the person now using the land.

Report all land in section 1 in whole acres.

Item 1 — All Land Owned — Report all land owned in 1982 whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivide de state. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — All Land Rented or Leased FROM OTHERS — Report all land rented by you or your operation even though the landlord may have supplied materials or supervision.

INCLUDE in item 2:

 Land for agricultural use that you rented from others for cash
 Land you worked on a share basis (crop or livestock)
 Land owned by someone else that you used rent-free
 Federal, State, Indian Reservation, or railroad land rented or leased by the acre DO NOT INCLUDE in item 2:

Land used on a per-head or animal unit license or permit basis, such as section 3. Taylor Grazing Act, National Forest, or Indian Reservation p land. If you had any of these permits, mark ''yes'' to item 7. permit

Item 3 — All Land Rented or Leased TO OTHERS — include all land rented out for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in items 1 and 2. A report form will be obtained from each of your tenants to cover the operations on that land.

INCLUDE in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of crops or livestock
 Land you rented from someone and then subleased to someone else
 Land owned for you by someone for a share of crops or livestock
 Land which you allowed others to use rent free

Item 4 – Acres In This Place – This figure will show the total of all land you operated at any time in 1982. To determine "Acres In This Place" ADD the land you owned and the land you rented or leased from others, then SUBTRACT the land you rented or leased to others: item 1 + item 2 – item 3 = item 4. It is important to report item 4 correctly (even if "O" acres) since the remainder of your report should cover only operations on the "Acres In This Place."

If item 4 ("Acres In This Place") is "O" and:

- a. You raised any crops or had any livestock or poultry on this place in 1982, complete the report.
- b. All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper, complete item 6 (name and address of renters), skip to and complete section 29, and explain briefly. "All land rented out," etc. Mail form in return envelope.
- C. You did not have any agricultural activity on owned or rented land in 1982, complete section 29 and explain briefly, such as "retired." "so farm," and date. Give name and address of current operator if known and return form.

Item 7 — Grazing Permits — In some states, government lands and Indian lands are used for grazing livestock under permit or special license, with payments on a per-head or animal unit basis. This land should NOT be included as part of item 2, "Land rented or leased from others," or item 4, "Acres In This Place," but you should report any of your livestock located on this permit land in 1982.

Sections 2 through 8 – CROPS

Sections 2 through 8 provide space for reporting crops harvested during the 1982 crop year from the land shown in section 1, item 4 ("Acres In This Place") of your report. Please report your crops in the appropriate sections. Do NOT include any crops grown on land rented or leased TO others, or worked by others on shares during 1982.

Acres harvested — Enter the acres harvested in 1982. Round fractions to whole acres except where tenths are requested by '' /10'' in the reporting box, such as for potatoes.

Quantity harvested — The units of measure on the report form are those most commonly used in your state. If you use a different unit of measure, please convert your figure for quantity harvested to the unit requested. If the harvest was incomplete by December 31, 1982, please estimate the total quantity harvested or to be harvested.

Crop irrigation — For each crop irrigated, report number of acres irrigated. Irrigation is defined as land watered by artificial or controlled means — sprinklers, furrows or ditches, spreader dikes, purposeful flooding, etc. Include acres that received supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. For any crop not irrigated, leave "Acres irrigated" blank.

How to Report Crops Harvested:

- Sections 2 and 3 --- In these two sections, separate lines are provided for reporting each of several crops most commonly grown in your state. Do no write in figures or information for any other crops in these two sections. etate Do not
- Sections 4 through 8 Report the information requested for any crops Sections 4 through 5 — Heport the information requested for any crops prelisted in the sections. To report for crops not prelisted in these sections, (1) find the crop name and the code number from the list in the section, (2) enter crop name and code in the first two columns of the first available answer line in the section; (3) enter the information that is requested in the remaining columns. If a crop is not listed, use the "Other" code in the appropriate section and specify the crop name.

Example: You harvested 20 acres of alfalfa seed, yielding 6,000 pounds, and 30 acres of red clover seed, yielding 8,400 pounds. Neither crop was irrigated. You would enter the following in section 7:

Station 7 Were any field seed	OTHER CP s, or other	tOPS harvested crops not pravio	from this place in 198 usly reported?	2 – small grains							
57 i 🗶 YES	S7 YES - Complete this section										
2 🗌 NO	– Go to sec	tion 8									
From the list below, enti- specified with crop name	er crop nam	e and code. Report	quantity harvested in unit								
Crop name	Code	Acres hervested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated							
Alfalfa seed	542	20	543 6,000 Lbs	544							
Red clover	671	30	8,400	2							
			1 1/1	2							

Two or More Crops Harvested From the Same Land (Double-Cropping) — Report the total acres and production of each harvested crop appropriate section(s) of the report form in the

Example: In 1982 you harvested 1,230 bushels of wheat from 40 acres, then on the same 40 acres planted soybeans, from which you harvested 1,550 bushels. You irrigated the soybeans but not the wheat.

Correct entries	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres impated
Wheat	40	1,230	—
Soybeans	40	1.550	40

Interplanted Crops — If two crops were grown at the same time in alte strips in the same field, report the portion of the field used for each crop in alternating

Example: A 60 acre field was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans. No irrigation was used. Thirty acres of soybeans and 30 acres of cotton would be reported in their approximate seminets. rted in their appropriate section(s).

Skip Row Planting — If a crop is planted in an alternating pattern of planted and non-planted rows, such as two rows planted and two rows skipped (2 X 2), report the portion of the field accupied by the crop in the appropriate section for that crop, and report the skipped portion as "Cropland idle" in section 10 (Land Use).

Section 4 — Vegetables — Report acres of vegetables harvested FOR SALE or commercial processing. Do not report acres of vegetables for home use only. Report the total acreage of each vegetable crop harvested.

Example: In 1982 you harvested 10 acres of lettuce from a field, then replanted the field in lettuce and harvested the 10 acres again. Both crops of lettuce were irrigated. Enter only 10 acres of land from which vegetables were harvested and 10 acres irrigated in them 1 of section 4, but write in 20 acres of lettuce harvested and 20 acres of lettuce irrigated in them 2 of section 4.

Section 8 — Fruits and Nuts — In counting the combined total of 20 or more trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production. Acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned should not be included, these acres should be included in section 10, item 1°Cropiand ide." If crops other than foruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with trees or vines, report the total acres for BOTH the orchard and the interplanted crops harvested.

Section 9 – GROSS VALUE OF CROPS SOLD

Report the value of all crops sold from "this place" in 1982, regardless of the year they were harvested or who owned the land. Be sure to give gross values (before deducting expenses and taxes). Include payments received in 1982 from cooperatives or marketing organizations for crops produced on this place regardless of the year in which the crops were harvested. Include the landlord's or contractor's share of crops removed from this place in 1982 in the value of crops sold. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the crops' market value when removed from ''this place.'' Include in the value of crops sold from "this place" any cost of harvesting, tilling, fertilizer, chemicals, etc., furnished under a contract arrangement. Also include as sales your estimate of the value of any crops removed from this place in trade for services, such as hay cut in exchange for fence repair, clearing, or other services.

DO NOT INCLUDE:

Amount of government CCC loans received in 1982 in this section. Report government CCC loans in section 17.

b. Crops or crop products purchased from others and later resold.

Section 10 - LAND USE

The purpose of this section is to classify the "Acres In This Place" you reported in section 1, item 4, by principal use in 1982. Do NOT include any acres you rented TO others (reported in section 1, item 3).

Land Used for More Than One Purpose — If part of your land was used for more than one purpose in 1982, report that land on the line for the use first listed, and NOT on the line for the second use. For example, if you plowed under a cover crop, and planted and harvested a grain crop, report the land in item 1a, "Cropland harvested," but NOT as "Cropland used for cover crop, legumes, ... etc." (item 1c).

Double Cropping — When more than one crop was harvested from the same land in 1982, report that land only ONCE as "Cropland harvested, item 1a of this section.

Interplanted Crops – If you interplanted crops, such as cotton in an orchard, report the total land used for both crops only ONCE, as "Cropland harvested," in item 1a

Skip Row Planted Crops — Report the acres that represent the total non-planted or skipped rows as "Cropland idle," item 1f. The acres that represent the planted rows should be reported as "Cropland harvested," item 1a.

Sections 12 through 16 – LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, AND ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

Animals and Poultry to Exclude from the Report -- Do not report any animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrange-ment on land rented to others. Do not include animals quartered in feedlots which are not a part of "this place." A nimals kept on a place not operated by you are to be included on the report for that place.

Animals Bought and Sold — DO NOT REPORT ANY ANIMALS BOUGHT AND THEN RESOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS. Such purchases and sales are considered "dealer" transactions, and are not included in this census.

Number 501d – Report all animals and politry sold or removed from this place if the animals were located on the place 30 days or more and were sold or removed from this place in 1982, without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landford or given to a landford or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do NOT report number sold for any livestock or poultry kept on another place.

Animels Moved to Another Place — For animals moved from this place to another place, such as for further feeding, report animals as "sold" and give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place."

Fat Cattle Sold — Cattle fattened on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter are reported in section 12.

DO NOT INCLUDE WITH FATTENED CATTLE SOLD

Cattle and calves sold for further feeding
 Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold

c. Veal calves, or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds

Value of Sales — Report the total gross value of animals and poultry sold or removed from this place in 1982 without deducting production or marketing expenses loss of feed, cost of livestock purchase, cost of hauling and selling, etc.). If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place." Do NOT report the value of sales of any livestock and poultry owned by you but kept and sold from a place you did not operate.

a place you do not operate. **Contract and Custom Feeding Operations** — Livestock or poultry kept by you on "this place" on a contract or custom basis should be included on this report REGARDLESS OF OWNERSHIP. Report as "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on December 31, 1982. Report as "SOLD" animals and poultry which were kept on a contract or custom basis and were removed or sold from the place in 1982. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the market value of the animals or poultry when they left this place.

Section 15 – HORSES, PONIES, BEES, FISH, GOATS, ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, OTHER LIVESTOCK

Items 1 through 4 — Report the inventory number of animals, bee colonies, or animal specialties on the place on December 31, 1982, Indicate number sold and the gross value of sales for the number sold in 1982, Indicate number sold and the gross value of sales for the number sold in 1982, Indicate number on "this place" which are not covered in items 1 through 3, or 6 (fish and aquaculture products, or sections 12 through 14, or 16.

f "Inventory" or "Sold" is in units other than "Number" (such as pounds, packages, etc.), indicate the unit.

If you own colonies or hives of BEES — report all bee and honey operations conducted by you regardless of where the hives were kept most of the year. (Report hives in item 2 and honey, beeswax, or pollen in item 5).

MINK PELTS, RABBIT PELTS, and CHINCHILLA PELTS should be included in number sold and value of sales, but NOT in inventory. WORMS raised for sa should be reported in beds (24 cubic feet per bed) in item 4, "Inventory" and in pounds in item 4, "Number sold."

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Item 5 - Sales of Animal Specialty Products - If any semen, manure, honey, beeswax, or other animal products were sold from this place in 1982, specify the products, the code from list 8, the quantity sold, and the gross value of sales in 1982. If sold in units other than pounds or gallons, please indicate unit

Item 6 — Fish and Aquaculture Products — Report water surface acres (estimate, if necessary) used for raising fish or other aquaculture products FOR SALE.

Section 16 - POULTRY

Roosters and turkey toms used or to be used for BREEDING should be specified and reported in item 5, code 914 (All other poultry).

Item 8 — Gross Value of Sales — Include an estimated value of poultry and poultry products moved from this place by contractors and others.

Section 17 - AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

LCARD AND AUDILUTION DETERMENT OF THE SERVE program for commodities placed under CCC loan during 1982. Include amount received even if commodity was redeemed or forfered prior to December 31, 1982. Do not include CCC loans received to build crop storage facilities, or amount received for storage payments in the reserve program.

Section 19 - TYPE OF ORGANIZATION

Use the following definitions to help you determine the type of organization for your operation:

Individual or Family Operation — Defined as a farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual. Includes family operations that are not incorporated and not operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership Operation — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife DOES NOT constitute a partnership, unless a specific agreement to share contributions, decisionmaking, profits, and liabilities exists. Production under contract or under a share rental agreement DOES NOT constitute a partnership.

Incorporated Under State Law — A corporation is defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a state to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives. Also complete section 20.

This deminition does not include cooperatives. Also complete section 20. **Other** — Such as cooperative (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian Reservation, institution run by a governmental or religious entity, etc.

Section 20 - CORPORATE STRUCTURE

This section is to be answered by corporations only. Answer both items. A family-held corporation has more than 50 percent of its stock owned by per-sons related by blood or marriage.

Section 21 – OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION This section applies to the characteristics and occupation of the individual owner, operator, senior partner, or person in charge for the type of organiza-tion reported in section 19 of the form. For Individual or Family Operation - Complete this section for the operator

For Individual or Family Operation — Complete this section for the operator. For Partnership Operations — Answer all items except 2 for the "Senior Partner." The "Senior Partner" is the individual who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on this place, not necessarily the person senior in age. If each partner shares equally in the day-to-day management decisions, consider the oldest as the "Senior Partner." For item 2 (Principal Occupation) consider all members of the partnership together. Please include as "farming" work time at all types of agricultural enterprises, including work at greenhouses, nurseries, mushroom production, ranching, feediots, broiler feeding, etc.

For Corporations and Other Operations (Cooperatives, Estates, etc.) – Complete section 21 for the person in charge, such as a hired manager, business manager, or other person primarily responsible for the on-site, day-to-day operation of the farm or ranch business.

Left 4 - Ver Began Operation - Report the first year the operator or senior partner began to operate any part of this place on a continuous basis. If the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed.

Section 22 - COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER AND LIME

Report acres on which commercial fertilizer (items 1 and 2) or lime (item 4) was applied during 1982. If any acreage was fertilized or limed more than once, report acres ONLY ONCE in each item. Report expense for commer-cial fertilizer purchased, excluding lime, in item 3.

Section 24 - INTEREST EXPENSE

Report all interest expenses paid in 1982 for the farm business.

INCLUDE interest expenses paid in 1962 for the fairly dusines.
 INCLUDE interest or finance charges on:
 Mortgage loans for land and buildings in "this place"
 Machinery, tractors, trucks, and other equipment
 Fertilizer, feed, seed, etc.
 Livestock, poultry, breeding stock
 Funds borrowed to replenish or provide working capital
 Interest paid on CCC loans

DO NOT INCLUDE:

- Interest on debts associated with activities not related to the production of crops or livestock on "this place," such as land or buildings rented to others, packing sheds, or feed mills providing services to others
 Interest on owner/operator dwelling where amount is separated from interest on other land and buildings in this place.

Section 25 - MACHINERY AND FOLIPMENT

The estimated market value in item 1 refers to ALL machinery and equip-ment kept primarily on this place and used for the farm business. The value should be an estimate of what the machinery and equipment would sell for in its present condition, not the replacement or depreciated value. alue

Section 27 – SELECTED PRODUCTION EXPENSES

Section 27 - SELECTED PRODUCTION EXPENSES Include expenses paid by you and by anyone else for the production of crops, poultry, livestock, and other agricultural products on this place. Also include expenses incurred even if payment was not made in 1982. Please give estimates if you do not know the exact figures. For livestock or poultry grown under contract or fed on a custom basis on "this place." report their value (estimate, if necessary) in item 1 (livestock and poultry purchased), at the time they came on this place. Also, include in item 2, the value and amount of feed purchased by you or someone else for use on this place. Do not include expenses related to nonfarm activities (trading and speculation, livestock, or dealer activities).

Hired Labor — Include in expenses for hired labor gross wages or salaries, commissions, paid bonuses, and leave pay before deductions. Social Security taxes, health, life, or employment insurance and any other benefits paid by you should be included. Be sure any salary paid to a hired manager is part of your total figure.

Contract Labor — Applies to expenditures primarily for labor in harvesting of crops, shearing sheep, etc. Exclude money paid to contractors for capital improvements such as putting up fences, repar or maintenance of buildings or machinery, land clearing, etc. Include the expense of items considered primarily machine work in customwork, item 6.