APPENDIX A. General Explanation

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DATA COLLECTION

Method of Enumeration

All agriculture censuses beginning with the 1969 census primarily have used mailout/mailback data collection. Direct enumeration methods, however, continue to be used for the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

Mail List

The mail list for the 1987 census was comprised of individuals, businesses, and organizations that could be readily identified as being associated with agriculture. The list was assembled from the records of the 1982 census, administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and the statistical records of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). In addition, lists of large or specialized operations, such as nurseries and greenhouses, specialty crop farms, poultry farms, fish farms, livestock farms, and cattle feedlot operations, were obtained from State and Federal agencies, trade associations, and similar organizations. Lists of companies having one or more establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products were obtained from the 1982 census and updated using the information from the Standard Statistical Establishment List maintained by the Census Bureau. Exhaustive record linkage, unduplication, and mathematical modeling yielded a final mail list of 4.1 million names and addresses that had a substantial probability of being a farm operation.

Report Forms

In 1987, three different report forms were used—a two-page, a four-page, and a six-page form to minimize the reporting burden, particularly for small farms and places less likely to be farms. The six-page sample form and the four-page nonsample form are the same, except sections 23 through 28 have been added to the sample form to obtain supplemental information from a sample of farms.

The information collected in these sections will give the Bureau of the Census a good basis for making estimates of these data for other farms included in the census. The two-page form does not have as many questions or as much detail as the four-page and six-page forms. The four-page form has 11 regional versions and the six-page form has 13 regional versions. Both forms have different crops prelisted. Appendix D contains copies of both the two-page and six-page forms.

The six-page form was mailed to 1,104,000 addressees on the mail list, including all those expected to be large (based on expected sales or acreage) or unique (farms operated by multiestablishment companies or nonprofit organizations), all those in Alaska and Hawaii, and a sample of other addressees. The two-page form was mailed to 906,000 addressees. These were expected to be small farms or less likely to be farms. The four-page form was mailed to the remaining 2,079,000 addressees. Further discussion of the criteria used to determine which form was mailed to an addressee is provided in the Census Sample Design section of appendix C.

Initial Mailing

The report forms were mailed in mid-December 1987 to the approximately 4,089,000 individuals, businesses, and organizations on the mail list. The mail packages included a report form, a cover letter with a description of the purposes and uses of the census on the reverse side, an information sheet containing instructions for completing the form, and a postage-paid return envelope. Additional special instructions were included with report forms sent to grazing associations; feedlot operations; institutional organizations; Indian reservations; firms with multiple farm or ranch operations; and producers of poultry under contract, bees and honey, fish, laboratory animals, and nursery and greenhouse crops.

To provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, copies of an Agriculture Census Guide booklet were sent to vocational agriculture instructors, USDA county offices of the Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service, and the Cooperative Extension Service. The Guide contained descriptions and definitions of various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies graciously consented to assist farmers in completing their report forms.

Followup Procedures

A thank you/reminder card was mailed to those on the mail list in mid-January 1988. Five followup letters, three of which were accompanied by a report form, were sent to nonrespondents at 4-week intervals starting in mid-February and continuing until early June 1988.

Telephone calls were made to all large farms who had not responded. In addition, telephone calls were made to a sample of other nonrespondents in counties that had a response rate of less than 75 percent. A nonresponse adjustment procedure was used to represent the final nonrespondent farms in the census results. A description of this procedure is included in the Census Estimation section of appendix C.

DATA PROCESSING

Selected report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data. These included reports with attached correspondence and reports with remarks or no positive data on the front page.

The data from each report form were subjected to a detailed item-by-item computer edit. The edit performed comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected erroneous or inconsistent data, supplied missing data based on similar farms within the same county, and assigned farm classification codes necessary for tabulating the data. Substantial computer-generated changes to the data were clerically reviewed and verified.

In the computer edit, farms with sales, acreage, or commodities exceeding specified levels were tested for historical comparability. Key items, such as acreage and sales, were compared for substantial changes between 1982 and 1987. Sizeable historical differences were resolved or verified by telephone, if necessary. Respondents who reported sales or acreage above specified levels on nonsample forms were sent correspondence requesting the additional sample data. Prior to publication, tabulated totals were reviewed by statisticians to identify inconsistencies and potential coverage problems. Comparisons were made with previous census data, estimates published by the USDA, and other available data.

MAJOR DATA CHANGES

Prior to each agriculture census, the Census Bureau reviews the content of the census forms to eliminate questions no longer needed and to identify new items necessary to meet user needs and to better describe the agricultural situation in our Nation. Data requests are solicited from farmers, farm organizations, land grant colleges and universities, State and federal agencies, and members of the Census Advisory Committee on Agricultural Statistics. Each agency and organization is asked to identify and justify its specific data needs. The following data inquiries were added to the 1987 report form: Income from farm-related sources

Acres under the Conservation Reserve Program Payments received for participation in federal farm programs

Grazing permits by source

Additional data on production expenses were added in 1987:

Repair and maintenance expenses Cash rent Property taxes paid All other production expenses

The following separate data inquiries were eliminated from the 1987 form:

Storage capacity for petroleum products Number of hired farm and ranch workers Value of agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption Source of irrigation water Tons of commercially mixed feed Expenditures for coal, wood, and coke Selected machinery items: automobiles, corn heads for combines, and field forage harvesters Chinchillas Worms Tropical and baitfish

FOLLOW-ON SURVEYS, SPECIAL CENSUSES, AND RELATED PUBLICATIONS

In addition to the 1987 Census of Agriculture for the 50 States, Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the census of agriculture program includes the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, the 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey, and the 1988 Census of Horticultural Specialties.

The 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey provides data on water use by irrigated farms and ranches. Data include: the amount of water applied by crop, method of water distribution, source of water, and energy costs for pumping water. Data from this survey will be published as volume 3, part 1.

The 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey provides detailed data on debts, expenses, taxes, credits, assets, land ownership, and farm and off-farm income for farm operators. Many of these items, as well as detailed data on landlord characteristics, are being collected from the landlords of the farms involved in the survey. Data from this survey will be published as volume 3, part 2.

The 1988 Census of Horticultural Specialties covers operations growing and selling \$2,000 or more of horticultural products such as greenhouse products, outdoorgrown floricultural products, nursery products, mushrooms, and sod. These data will be published as volume 4.

Additional publications of the 1987 Census of Agriculture data include the Agricultural Atlas of the United States (previously called the Graphic Summary), Coverage Evaluation, Ranking of States and Counties, and Government Payments and Market Value of Agricultural Products Sold. The Agricultural Atlas of the United States presents the Nation's agriculture graphically illustrated by dot and multicolor pattern maps. The maps provide displays on size and type of farm, land use, farm tenure, market value of products sold, crops harvested, livestock inventories, and other characteristics of farms. This report will be published as volume 2, part 1.

The Coverage Evaluation report provides estimates of the completeness of the 1987 Census of Agriculture for the United States, geographic regions, and selected States and groups of States. Estimates with their associated sample reliability are provided for farms not on the mail list, farms classified as nonfarms, duplicate farms, and nonfarms classified as farms. This report will be published as volume 2, part 2.

The Ranking of States and Counties report ranks the leading States and counties for selected items in the 1987 census and provides comparative data from the 1982 census. This report will be published as volume 2, part 3.

A new publication on Government Payments and Market Value of Agricultural Products Sold presents 1987 data for the United States and each State. The U.S. table has a format similar to volume 1, U.S. table 52 and presents summary data by size of farm. This report will be published as volume 2, part 5.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The following definitions and explanations provide a more detailed description of the terms used in this publication than are available in the tables or on the report form. For an exact wording of the questions on the 1987 census report forms and the information sheet which accompanied these forms, see appendix D. Most definitions of terms are the same as those used in earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are also noted here.

Farms or farms reporting—The term "farms" or "farms reporting" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there are 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of them had 28,594 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Cattle and calvesfarms	s 842
numbe	r 28,594

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation or used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operations. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations. Land in farms includes acres set aside under annual commodity acreage programs as well as acres in the Conservation Reserve Program for places meeting the farm definition. Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All grazing land, except land used under government permits on a per-head basis, was included as "land in farms" provided it was part of a farm or ranch. Land under the exclusive use of a grazing association was to be reported by the grazing association and included as land in farms. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate land area of counties and States represents the total land area as determined by records and calculations as of January 1, 1988. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1987 are essentially the same as for 1982. Any differences between the land area for 1987 and 1982 are due to annexations and other changes affecting county boundaries.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions, the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually the county containing all or the largest proportion of the land in the farm or viewed by the respondent as his/her principal county. For a limited number of Midwest and Western States, this procedure has resulted in the allocation of more land in farms to a county than the total land area of the county. To minimize this distortion, separate reports were required for large farms identified from the 1982 census as having more than one farm unit. Other reports received showing land in more than one county were separated into two or more reports if the data would substantially affect the county totals.

Value of land and buildings—Respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the value the land and buildings would sell for under current market conditions. If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated using the average value of land and buildings from a similar farm in the same geographic area. **Harvested cropland**—This category includes land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, nurseries, and greenhouses. Land from which two or more crops were harvested was counted only once, even though there was more than one use of the land.

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category includes land used only for pasture or grazing that could have been used for crops without additional improvement. Included also was all cropland used for rotation pasture and land in government diversion programs that were pastured. However, cropland that was pastured before or after crops were harvested was to be included as harvested cropland rather than cropland for pasture or grazing.

Other cropland—This category includes cropland not harvested and not grazed which was used for cover crops, soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, cultivated summer fallow, idle cropland, and land planted in crops that were to be harvested after the census year.

Total woodland—This category includes natural or planted woodlots or timber tracts, cutover and deforested land with young growth which has or will have value for wood products, land planted for Christmas tree production, and woodland pastured. Land covered by sagebrush or mesquite was to be reported as other pastureland and rangeland or other land.

Woodland pastured—This category includes all woodland used for pasture or grazing during the census year. Woodland or forest land pastured under a per-head grazing permit was not counted as land in farms and therefore, was not included in woodland pastured.

Cropland in annual commodity acreage adjustment programs—This category includes land diverted or set aside under the provisions of the Federal Commodity Acreage Program. These data are for the acres of cropland taken out of production by growers of wheat, cotton, rice, corn, sorghum, barley, and oats, and devoted to conservation uses. Information was not obtained as to which crops would have been grown on the acres set aside.

Cropland in the Conservation Reserve Program (**CRP**)—This category includes acres of "highly erodible" cropland taken out of agricultural production and planted to protective cover crops or reforested. The CRP was established through the 1985 Food Security Act and provides for annual rental payments and shared costs of conservation practices through a 10-year contract with the USDA. Appendix B presents data on places with all their cropland enrolled in the Conservation Reserve Program and which were not counted as farms in the 1987 census. **Irrigated land**—This category includes all land watered by any artificial or controlled means, such as sprinklers, furrows or ditches, and spreader dikes. Included are supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. Each acre was to be counted only once regardless of the number of times it was irrigated or harvested.

Operator-The term "operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work or making day-to-day decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, feeding, and marketing. The operator may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a hired manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If a person rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he/she is considered the operator only of the land which is retained for his/her own operation. For partnerships, only one partner is counted as the operator. If it is not clear which partner is in charge, then the senior or oldest active partner is considered the operator. For census purposes, the number of operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the report form, but another family member, a partner, or a hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operation.

Operator characteristics—All operators were asked to report place of residence, principal occupation, days of off-farm work, year in which his/her operation of the farm began, age, race, sex, and Spanish origin. If race, age, sex, and principal occupation were not reported, they were imputed based on information reported by farms with similar acreage, tenure, and value of sales. No imputations were made for nonresponse to place of residence, Spanish origin, off-farm work, or year began operation. Operators of Spanish origin were tabulated by reported race.

Farm production expenses-In 1987, additional specific expense items and a category for all other farm production expenses were added to the selected farm production expenses collected in 1982. Consequently, we are publishing total farm production expenses in 1987. The expenses are limited to those incurred in the operation of the farm business. Expenses include the share of the expenditures provided by landlords, contractors, and partners in the operation of the farm business. Property taxes paid by landlords are excluded. Expenditures for nonfarm activities; farm-related activities such as providing customwork for others, the production and harvest of forest products, and recreational services; and household expenses are excluded. In 1987, as in other recent censuses, operators producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract often were unable or unwilling to estimate the cost of production inputs furnished by the contractors. As a consequence, extensive estimation was required for contract producers.

Commercial fertilizer—The expense for commercial fertilizer is the amount spent on fertilizer during 1987

including the cost of custom application. The cost of custom application was excluded from the 1982 and 1978 data.

Agricultural chemicals—These expenses include the cost of all insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and other pesticides, including the cost of custom application. Data exclude commercial fertilizer purchased. The cost of custom application was excluded from the 1982 and 1978 data. The cost of lime was excluded from the 1987 and 1982 data, but included in 1978.

Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment—These expenses include costs incurred for having customwork done on the place and for renting machines to perform agricultural operations. The cost of cotton ginning is excluded. The cost of labor involved in the customwork service is included in the customwork expense. The cost of custom application of fertilizer and chemicals was included in the 1982 and 1978 customwork data, but is included in expenditures for these items in 1987. The cost of hired labor for operating rented or hired machinery is included as a hired farm and ranch labor expense.

Interest—In 1987, separate data were collected for interest paid on debts secured by real estate and interest paid on debts not secured by real estate. In 1982, only total interest expenses were collected.

Market value of agricultural products sold—This category represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenses of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1987 regardless of who received the payment. It includes sales by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors, or others associated with the operation. In addition, it includes receipts from placing commodities in the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loan program in 1987. It does not include payments received for participation in federal farm programs nor does it include income from farm-related sources such as customwork and other agricultural services, or income from nonfarm sources.

The value of crops sold in 1987 does not necessarily represent the sales from crops harvested in 1987. Data may include sales from crops produced in earlier years and exclude some crops produced in 1987, but held in storage and not sold. For commodities, such as sugar beets and wool, sold through a co-op which made payments in several installments, respondents were requested to report the total value received in 1987.

The value of agricultural products sold was requested of all operators. If the operator failed to report this information, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested, livestock or poultry inventory or number sold. Extensive estimation was required for operators growing crops or livestock under contract. Caution should be used when comparing sales in 1987 with sales reported in earlier censuses. Sales figures are expressed in current dollars and have not been adjusted for inflation or deflation.

Government payments—This category is limited to direct cash or generic commodity certificate (PIK) payments received by the farm operator in 1987. It includes deficiency and diversion payments; wool payments; payments from the Dairy Termination Program, the Conservation Reserve Program, other conservation programs, and all other federal farm programs under which payments were made directly to farm operators.

Other farm-related income—The 1987 report form included a new inquiry on income from farm-related sources. These data consist of gross income in 1987 before taxes and expenses from the sales of farm by-products and other sales and services closely related to the principal functions of the farm business. These data are for income producing activities that are primarily a by-product or supplemental to the farm operation. They exclude income from business activities that are separate from the farm business.

- **Customwork and other agricultural services**—This income includes gross receipts received by farm operators for providing services for others such as planting, plowing, spraying, and harvesting. Income from customwork and other agricultural services is generally included in the agriculture census if it is closely related to the farming operation. However, it is excluded if it constitutes a separate business or is conducted from another location.
- **Rental of farmland**—This income includes gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farmland; payments received from the lease or sale of allotments for crops such as tobacco; and payments received for livestock pastured on a per-head, permonth, or per-pound basis. It excludes rental income from nonfarm property.
- Sales of forest products—This income includes gross receipts from the sales of Christmas trees, standing timber, maple products, gum for naval stores, firewood, and other forest products from the farm business. It excludes income from nonfarm timber tracts and sawmill businesses.
- Other farm-related income sources—This income includes gross receipts from hunting leases, fishing fees, camping, other recreational services, patronage dividends of cooperatives, sales of farm by-products, and other sales and services closely related to the farm business. It excludes income from nonfarm businesses.

Commodity Credit Corporations loans—This category includes loans for corn, wheat, soybeans, sorghum, barley, oats, cotton, peanuts, rye, rice, tobacco, and honey. Agricultural chemicals used, including fertilizer and lime—For each type of agricultural chemical, the acres treated were to be reported only once even if the acres were fertilized or limed more than once. If multipurpose chemicals were used, the acres treated for each purpose were to be reported.

Fish and other aquacultural products—The raising of fish and other aquacultural products in captivity is included in the agriculture census. Production in salt water is considered not to be in captivity and is excluded from the census.

Bees and honey—Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area.

Citrus enumeration-In the 1987 census, reports for selected citrus caretakers in Arizona, Florida, and Texas were obtained by direct enumeration. A citrus caretaker is an organization or person caring for or managing citrus groves for others. This special enumeration has been used in recent censuses because of the difficulty in identifying and enumerating absentee grove owners who often do not know the information that is needed to adequately complete the census report. Each citrus caretaker was enumerated as a farm operator and requested to complete one report form for all groves cared for and to furnish a list of grove owners' names, addresses, and acres of citrus. The names on the lists were matched to completed grove owners' report forms to eliminate duplication. The caretaker also was requested to inform the grove owner that he had already reported for the citrus under his care and that the grove owner was not to report the citrus again. In the 1987 census, 7 caretakers in Arizona reported 175 grove owners having 12,000 acres of citrus; the 65 caretakers in Florida reported 3,000 grove owners having 170,000 acres of citrus; and 20 caretakers in Texas reported 800 grove owners having 14,500 acres of citrus.

Crop year or season covered—Acres and quantity harvested are for the calendar year 1987 except for citrus fruits, avocados, olives; vegetables in Florida; sugarcane in Florida and Texas; and pineapples and coffee in Hawaii.

Citrus fruits—The data for Florida relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1986 through July 1987 harvest season, except limes that were harvested in the April 1987 through March 1988 harvest season. The data for Texas relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1986 through May 1987 harvest season. The data for States, other than Florida and Texas, relate to the quantity harvested in the 1986-87 harvest season.

Avocados—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the November 1986 through November 1987 harvest season and for Florida the April 1987 through March 1988 harvest season.

- **Olives**—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1986 through March 1987 harvest season.
- **Vegetables**—The data for Florida relate to the crop harvested in the September 1986 through August 1987 harvest season.
- **Sugarcane for sugar**—The data for Florida relate to the cuttings from November 1986 through April 1987, and for Texas the cuttings from October 1986 through April 1987.
- **Pineapples**—The data for Hawaii relate to the quantity harvested in the year ending May 31, 1987.

Coffee—The data for Hawaii relate to the 1986-87 crop.

Acres and quantity harvested—Crops were reported in whole acres, except for the following crops which were reported in 10ths of acres: Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, tobacco, fruit and nut crops including land in orchards, berries, vegetables, and nursery and greenhouse crops; and in Hawaii, taro, ginger root, and lotus root. Totals for crops reported in 10ths of acres were rounded to whole acres at the aggregate level during the tabulation process.

If two or more crops were harvested from the same land during the year, the acres would be counted for each crop. Therefore, the total acres of all crops harvested generally exceeds the acres of cropland harvested. An exception to this procedure is hay crops. When more than one cutting of hay was taken from the same acres, the acres are counted only once but the quantity harvested includes all cuttings. However, hay cut for both dry hay and green chop or silage would be reported for each applicable crop. For interplanted crops or "skip-row" crops, acres were to be reported according to the portion of the field occupied by each crop.

If a crop was planted but not harvested, the acres were not to be reported as harvested. These acres were to be reported in the "land use" section under the appropriate cropland items—cropland used only for pasture or grazing, cropland used for cover crops, cropland on which all crops failed, or cropland idle.

Corn and sorghum hogged or grazed were to be reported as "cropland harvested" and not as "cropland used only for pasture or grazing." Crop residue left in fields and later hogged or grazed was not reported as cropland pasture.

Quantity harvested was not obtained for crops such as vegetables; nursery and greenhouse crops; corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed; and sorghum, hogged or grazed.

Acres of land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees were to be reported as harvested cropland regardless of whether the crop was harvested or failed. However, abandoned orchards were to be reported as cropland idle, not as harvested cropland and the individual abandoned orchard crop acres were not to be reported. Land in orchards—This category includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 total fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or grapevines.

Crop units of measure—The regional report forms allowed the operator to report the quantity of field crops harvested in a unit of measure commonly used in the region. When the operator reported in a unit of measure different than the unit of measure published, the quantity harvested was converted to the published unit of measure.

Grapes could be reported in dry weight or fresh weight; plums and prunes in fresh weight, or prunes in dry weight; and in Hawaii, coffee in pounds parchment or pounds cherry, and macadamia nuts in pounds husked, unshelled or pounds shelled. For other fruit and nut crops and citrus, the operator was given a choice of units of measure of pounds, tons, or boxes. The quantity harvested for these crops is published in pounds.

Write-in crops—To reduce the length of the report form, only the major crops for the region were prelisted. For other crops, the respondent was requested to look at a list of crops in each section and write in the crop name and its code. For crops that had no individual code listed on the report form, the respondent was to write in the crop name and code the crop into the appropriate "all other" category for that section. Write-in crops coded as "all other" were reviewed and assigned a specific code when possible. Crops not assigned a specific code were left in the appropriate "all other" category.

In some cases, the reviewers were unable to determine the specific crop reported by the respondent because of incomplete or generalized crop names. To ensure proper coding, most of these respondents were telephoned. Reports for those not telephoned were changed on the basis of other reports for the area.

Misreported or miscoded crops—In a few instances, tabulated data may be inaccurate because respondents misunderstood or misinterpreted questions on the report form. Data may have been reported on the wrong line or in the wrong section, or the wrong crop code may have been placed beside the name of a write-in crop. Some of these errors as well as some keying errors may not have been identified during processing and therefore, were not corrected. Reports with significant acres of unusual crops for the area were examined to minimize the possibility that they were in error.

"See text" References

Items in the tables which carry the note "See text" are explained or defined in this section.

Data are based on a sample of farms—For 1987, 1982, and 1978, selected data were collected from only a sample of farms. These data are subject to sampling error. For 1987, the six-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. Sample sections 23 through 28 of the 1987 census forms included inquiries on production expenses, commercial fertilizer and lime, chemicals, machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and income from farm-related sources. Estimates of the reliability of county totals for selected items are shown in table F of appendix C.

Operators of Spanish origin—No imputation was made for those not responding to the question on Spanish origin.

Farms operated by Black and other races—This category includes Blacks, American Indians, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and all other racial groups other than White.

All other races—This category is primarily limited to persons native to or of ancestry from Mexico, the Caribbean, and Central and South America.

Total sales—This item represents the gross market value of all agricultural products sold before taxes and expenses in the census year including livestock, poultry, and their products; and crops, including nursery crops and hay. Respondents were asked to include landlords' and contractors' shares. The value of commodities placed in CCC loans are included as sold. In 1987, all farms including abnormal farms were tabulated by size based on reported sales. In 1982 and 1978, abnormal farms were included in the total sales figure, but excluded from the detailed size breakdowns. Abnormal farms include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations.

Farms with sales of less than \$1,000—This category includes all farms with actual sales of less than \$1,000, but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more. These farms normally could be expected to sell \$1,000 or more of agricultural products.

Net cash return from agricultural sales for the farm unit—This category is derived by subtracting total operating expenditures from the gross market value of agricultural products sold. Depreciation and the change in inventory values are excluded from expenditures. Production expenditures may be understated on part owner and tenant farms because property taxes paid by landlords are excluded. Other landlord expenditures, such as insurance or rent paid, which are not readily known to renters may also be omitted or understated. Gross sales include sales by the operator as well as the share of sales received by partners, landlords, and contractors. Consequently, the net cash return is that of the farm unit rather than the net farm income of the operator.

Other livestock and livestock products—This category includes all livestock and livestock products not listed separately.

Value of livestock and poultry on farms—Data for the value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the inventory of each major age and sex group by State average prices. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, hens and pullets of laying age, and turkeys were obtained primarily from data published by the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Prices applied to other livestock and poultry were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales in the census.

Poultry hatched—This category includes all poultry hatched on the place during the year and placed or sold. Incubator egg capacity on December 31, 1987, is tabulated under the column heading "Inventory" and the number of poultry hatched and placed or sold is under the heading "Sales."

Hay—alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.—Data shown for hay represent all hay crops, including grass silage, haylage, and hay crops cut and fed green (green chop). In production data, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dry weight equivalents for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons of green weight to 1 ton of dry weight.

Tame hay other than alfalfa, small grain, and wild hay—Data shown represent dry tons of hay harvested from clover, lespedeza, timothy, Bermuda grass, Sudan grass, and other types of legume and tame grasses.

Grapes—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of grapes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of grapes harvested have been converted to pounds of fresh weight. The conversion used was 4 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Plums and prunes—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of plums and prunes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of plums and prunes harvested have been converted to pounds of fresh weight. The conversion used was 3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Cherries—For 1987, cherries were reported as "sweet cherries," "tart cherries," or "cherries" depending on the regional form the respondent completed. On regional

forms for States where cherries are an important fruit crop, "sweet cherries" and "tart cherries" were listed separately. On the other regional forms, either "cherries" were listed or could be written in. For publication purposes, "cherries, total" could be shown along with the individual breakdown of "sweet cherries," "tart cherries," or "cherries, not specified." "Cherries, not specified" is used to account for cherries where the "sweet" and "tart" breakdown was not asked or where respondents wrote in "cherries" but did not specify or code the kind of cherry. All the individual cherry items may not be shown. Data for "sweet cherries," "tart cherries," and "cherries, not specified" are not available for 1982.

Other fruits and nuts—Data shown for other fruits and nuts relate to any fruits and nuts not having a specific code on the 1987 report form.

Land used for vegetables—Data are for the total land used for vegetable crops. The acres are reported only once, even though two or more harvests of a vegetable or more than one vegetable were harvested from the same acres.

Vegetables harvested for sale—The acres of vegetables harvested is the summation of the acres of individual vegetables harvested. All of the individual vegetable items may not be shown.

Nursery and greenhouse crops grown for sale—These data are a summation of the individual items reported. All of the individual items may not be shown.

Nursery, floriculture, vegetable and flower seed crops, sod, etc., grown in the open, irrigated—Data refer to farms reporting irrigated nursery, floriculture, vegetable and flower seeds, sod, bedding plants, etc., grown in the open.

Other grains—These data are for the total market value of other grains sold including dry edible beans, dry lima beans, buckwheat, dry southern peas (cowpeas), emmer and spelt, flaxseed, mixed grains, lentils, mustard seed, dry edible peas, popcorn, proso millet, rice, rye for grain, safflower, sunflower seed, triticale, and wild rice.

Value of crop production—This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1987 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated value per unit by the reported acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of prices per unit. If only acres harvested were reported, State estimates for value of production per acre were used. The State average production price and production value per acre used in these calculations were obtained usually from publications of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. When USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondent report forms, county extension agents, and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

FARMS CLASSIFIED BY SPECIFIED CHARACTERISTICS

State tables 48 through 53 present detailed 1987 data for all farms classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. Other tables include data classified by value of sales groups or other characteristics of the farm or the operator.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold or value of sales— In 1987, all farms were tabulated by size based on reported sales. In 1982 and earlier censuses, abnormal farms were not tabulated based on sales size. In the tables on market value of agricultural products sold, the sales of abnormal farms in 1982 and earlier censuses were included in the total sales figure, but excluded from the detailed size categories. Abnormal farms included institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. The category "farms with sales of less than \$1,000" included all farms with actual sales of \$1,000 or more. These farms normally could be expected to sell \$1,000 or more of agricultural products.

The sales size categories used in this report are consistent with the standard business size categories issued by Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in 1982. In State table 52, data are presented for four sales size categories between \$10,000 and \$49,999. This provides users with bridge data under both the OMB and the 1978 census classifications. For the 1992 census, data will be presented only for the OMB sales size categories of \$10,000 to \$24,999 and \$25,000 to \$49,999.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, churches, schools, grazing associations, and government agencies. In 1987 and 1982, nongovernmental units such as church farms and Future Farmers of America camps were classified as abnormal farms only when 50 percent or more of their products produced and intended for human consumption were utilized by the organization.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure used in the 1987 census were:

Full owners, who operate only land they own.

- **Part owners,** who operate land they own and also land they rent from others.
- **Tenants**, who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—All farms were classified by type of organization in the 1987 census. The classifications used were:

Individual or family (sole proprietorship), excluding partnership and corporation.

Partnership, including family partnership.

Corporation, including family corporation.

Other, cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etc.

Corporations were subclassified by two additional characteristics into:

- 1. Family held Other than family held
- 2. More than 10 stockholders 10 or less stockholders

Farms by age and principal occupation of operator—Data on age and principal occupation were requested from all operators in 1987. The principal occupation classifications used were:

- **Farming**—The operator spent 50 percent or more of his/her worktime in 1987 in farming or ranching.
- **Other**—The operator spent more than 50 percent of his/her worktime in 1987 in occupations other than farming or ranching.

Farms by size—All farms were classified into selected size groups according to the total land area in the farm. The land area of a farm is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land rented to or assigned to a tenant was considered the tenant's farm and not the owner's.

Farms by standard industrial classification—In 1987, all agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) were classified by type of activity using the standard industrial classification (SIC) system. These classifications, found in the 1987 SIC Manual¹, are used to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

¹Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1987. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Stock No. 041-001-003-14-2.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or production of livestock and animal specialties (major group 02) is classified in the four-digit industry and three-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural products. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment is less than 50 percent from a single four-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more four-digit industries within the same three-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group. Otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291. Establishments that derive 50 percent or more of the value of sales from horticultural specialties of industry group 018 are classified in industry 0181 or 0182 according to their primary activity.

Characteristics of all farms by selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 18 and 53. The SIC groupings shown in State table 53, together with the associated products (value of sales representing 50 percent or more of the value of agricultural products sold during the year) on which the classification is based, are as follows:

- **Cash grains (011)**—Wheat, rice, corn, soybeans, barley, buckwheat, cowpeas, dry field and seed beans and peas, flaxseed, lentils, milo, mustard seed, oats, popcorn, rye, safflower, sorghum, sunflowers, and other small grains.
- Cotton (0131)—Cotton and cottonseed.
- Tobacco (0132)—Tobacco.
- Sugarcane, sugar beets, Irish potatoes, hay, peanuts, and other field crops (0133, 0134, 0139)—Sugarcane, sugar beets, Irish potatoes, alfalfa, broomcorn, clover, grass seed, hay, hops, mint, peanuts, sweetpotatoes, timothy, and yams.
- Vegetables and melons (016)---Vegetables and melons grown in the open.

- Fruits and tree nuts (017)—Berries, grapes, tree nuts, citrus fruits, deciduous tree fruits, avocados, bananas, coffee, dates, figs, olives, pineapples, and tropical fruit.
- Horticultural specialties (018)—Bedding plants, bulbs, florists' greens, flower and vegetable seeds, flowers, foliage, fruit stocks, nursery stock, ornamental plants, shrubberies, sod, mushrooms, and vegetables grown under cover.
- **General farms, primarily crops (019)**—Crops, including horticultural specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single three-digit industry group.
- Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties (021)—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, goat's milk, mohair, and wool.
- **Beef cattle, except feedlots (0212)**—Production or feeding of beef cattle, except feedlots.
- **Dairy farms (024)**—Production of cows' milk and other dairy products and raising of dairy heifer replacements.
- **Poultry and eggs (025)**—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, ducks, geese, pheasants, pigeons, quail, and squab.
- Animal specialties (027)—Fur-bearing animals, rabbits, horses, ponies, bees, fish in captivity except fish hatcheries, worms, and laboratory animals.
- General farms, primarily livestock and animal specialties (029)— Livestock and animal specialties and their products, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single three-digit industry group.

The SIC manual was revised for 1987. Animal aquaculture (0273) was established as a new industry and horticultural specialties, not elsewhere classified (0189) was deleted.

APPENDIX B. Places With All Cropland in the Conservation Reserve Program

The Food Security Act of 1985 established the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP). This program provides annual payments for highly erodible cropland enrolled in the program and meeting its conservation requirements. It also requires that the land be taken out of agricultural production for 10 years.

The 1987 Census of Agriculture includes Conservation Reserve acreage as land in farms on operations that meet the census farm definition. For census purposes, a farm is any place from which agricultural products of \$1,000 or more were produced and sold or normally would have been sold during the census year. Operations which placed all of their cropland in the CRP and did not otherwise meet the farm definition based upon sales, livestock inventories, planted crops, or other criteria for potential sales were not included as farms in the census tabulations. The following table provides CRP data for places not meeting the census farm definition ("whole farm" CRP places). It also contains separate but corresponding CRP data for farms included in the census tabulations. In addition to State data, detailed county data are presented for counties with three or more"whole farm" CRP places reported. For counties with less than three "whole farm" CRP places reported, their data are combined and reported in "all other counties." The data for "whole farm" CRP places are not

The data for "whole farm" CRP places are not complete for all counties. The census mail list was developed from sources which indicated the farm had agricultural production activity. It was not designed to cover all "whole farm" CRP places. Therefore, the data for these places are limited to what was reported in the census and have not been adjusted to account for nonresponse, incomplete coverage, and reporting errors.

Land in Conservation Reserve Program: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Oraș alte anu	Agricultural places excluded by farm definition with acres in the CRP			Farms with acres in the CRP		
Geographic area	Number	Land in places (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)	Number	Land in farms (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)
Missouri	1 279	186 204	117 029	4 435	2 379 560	495 612
Adair Andrew Atchison Audrain Barton Bates Bolinger Boone Buchanan Butter Caldwell Caldwell Carlouell Carroll Carson Daviess De Kaib Dunklin	21 24 6 31 20 22 11 15 5 24 19 12 26 22 3 3 77 16 5 126 22 3 3 77 16 5 16 5 16 5 10 3 7 37 16 5 10 24 29 5 5 10 24 29 5 10 22 29 24 4 11 11 15 5 24 19 126 26 29 5 10 22 29 5 10 22 22 23 3 77 16 5 16 5 17 18 5 24 19 126 26 29 5 10 22 29 5 10 27 11 10 26 26 29 5 10 27 11 10 10 26 26 29 5 10 10 20 22 29 5 10 10 10 26 26 27 10 10 10 10 26 26 27 10 10 10 10 26 26 27 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 782 \\ 3 & 810 \\ 3966 \\ 4 & 627 \\ 2 & 826 \\ 4 & 307 \\ 1 & 362 \\ 2 & 133 \\ 2 & 395 \\ 5800 \\ 2 & 845 \\ 2 & 633 \\ 1 & 566 \\ 3 & 200 \\ 2 & 689 \\ 151 \\ 3 & 403 \\ 2 & 566 \\ 3 & 200 \\ 2 & 689 \\ 151 \\ 3 & 403 \\ 2 & 566 \\ 3 & 456 \\ 6 & 365 \\ 5 & 562 \\ 4 & 543 \\ 2 & 377 \\ 502 \\ 460 \\ 6 & 365 \\ 6 & 365 \\ 4 & 543 \\ 2 & 377 \\ 502 \\ 460 \\ 6 & 365 \\ 5 & 562 \\ 3 & 668 \\ 4 & 123 \\ 6 & 555 \\ 2 & 676 \\ 1 & 776 \\ 1 & 138 \\ 5 & 266 \\ 5 & 522 \\ 6 & 706 \\ 1 & 376 \\ 1 & 376 \\ 2 & 211 \\ 3 & 192 \\ 2 & 111 \\ 3 & 776 \\ 3 & 125 \\ 2 & 292 \\ 3 & 132 \\ 2 & 111 \\ 3 & 776 \\ 3 & 227 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 2 & 201 \\ 1 & 175 \\ 1 & 036 \\ 3 & 227 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 3 & 227 \\ 2 & 011 \\ 3 & 726 \\ 3 & 227 \\ 3 & 125 \\ 2 & 266 \\ 3 & 125 \\ 2 & 676 \\ 1 & 706 \\ 5 & 066 \\ 1 & 138 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 079 \\ 2 & 498 \\ 236 \\ 3 & 423 \\ 2 & 207 \\ 2 & 814 \\ 600 \\ 1 & 329 \\ 1 & 515 \\ 2 & 122 \\ 2 & 023 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 223 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 223 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 223 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 545 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 233 \\ 1 & 501 \\ 2 & 251 \\ 1 & 506 \\ 2 & 506 \\ 2 & 506 \\ 3 & 300 \\ 3 & 207 \\ 4 & 496 \\ 6 & 610 \\ 3 & 646 \\ 6 & 610 \\ 1 & 610$	92 51 14 56 96 88 19 44 19 8 71 38 52 101 49 21 22 69 17 51 39 29 100 84 7 28 6 12 109 109 17 51 14 52 101 49 29 101 84 7 109 109 17 51 14 52 101 49 29 101 84 7 109 109 109 17 51 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 10	$\begin{array}{c} 54 & 905 \\ 19 & 447 \\ 14 & 631 \\ 30 & 077 \\ 62 & 649 \\ 49 & 015 \\ 10 & 845 \\ 21 & 296 \\ 4 & 809 \\ 2 & 088 \\ 29 & 288 \\ 17 & 970 \\ 16 & 0845 \\ 21 & 493 \\ 12 & 233 \\ 70 & 383 \\ 40 & 183 \\ 12 & 089 \\ 26 & 080 \\ 17 & 519 \\ 16 & 653 \\ 58 & 468 \\ 34 & 277 \\ 3 & 420 \\ 8 & 356 \\ 4 & 336 \\ 55 & 628$	

1987 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

Land in Conservation Reserve Program: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Geographic area	Agricultural places	excluded by farm de in the CRP	efinition with acres	Farms with acres in the CRP		
Geographic area	Number	Land in places (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)	Number	Land in farms (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)
Montgomery	19	2 845	1 820	36	18 136	4 341
Morgan	6	520	341	20	13 103	2 250
Newton	i ă l	244	224	24	10 647	2 243
Nodaway	13	2 229	1 597	77	33 080	7 937
Perry	11	2 442	497	24	12 338	1 114
Pettis	11	964	578	47	19 825	4 461
Pike	11	866	515	36	17 760	3 148
Platte	5	196	118	25	13 491	2 227
Polk	3	1 012	650	4	995	(D)
Putnam	16	5 551	4 369	83	58 768	15 357
Rails	13	1 623	949	22	11 613	2 048
Randoiph	20	3 189	2 149	44	28 507	5 912
Ray	17	2 663	1 705	50	24 443	4 169
St. Charles	5	513	136	14	9 208	1 158
St. Clair	Ä	1 336	865	37	25 539	4 379
Ste. Genevieve	ă	1 584	365	35	18 667	1 655
St. Louis	ğ	944	569	ă	3 273	128
Saline	12	1 744	943	50	26 852	3 474
Schuyler	15	1 597	1 054	66	30 066	6 375
Scotland	31	4 703	2 858	114	62 754	14 927
Scott	7	1 366	893	12	3 465	727
Shelby	10	1 485	772	35	20 342	2 782
Stoddard	34	2 703	1 682	48	13 413	2 815
Sullivan	37	5 192	3 492	144	93 890	22 278
Vernon	37	5 513	3 493	154	95 047	22 857
Warren	7	1 676	744	18	9 392	895
Worth	10	1 590	1 395	75	45 371	12 244
All other counties	17	2 854	1 331	120	52 745	7 995
	/	2 004	1 301	120	52 745	1 335

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APPENDIX C. Statistical Methodology

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MAIL LIST MODEL

A statistical discriminant model was developed to predict the probability that a mail list addressee operated a farm. The model was used to identify the 4.1 million records from the preliminary census mail list of 6.0 million records that would receive a census of agriculture report form. Records from the 1982 census mail list were used to build the model. Record characteristics such as the source of the mail list record (see appendix A for a description of record sources), number of source lists on which the record appeared, expected value of agricultural sales, and geographic location were used to separate mail list records into model groups. The proportion of 1982 census farm records in each group was calculated to provide an estimate of the probability that an addressee in the group operated a farm.

Using these same group definitions, the 1987 census mail list records were separated into groups, each with an associated estimate of farm probability from the model. The 4.1 million mail list records in groups with the largest estimate of farm probability were selected to receive the census report form. A large percentage of the 1.9 million records that were dropped from the 6.0 million preliminary census mail list were nonfarm records from the previous census. This procedure was used to obtain a more complete census enumeration without excessive respondent burden and data collection cost.

CENSUS SAMPLE DESIGN

Each of the 4.1 million name and address records on the census mail list was designated to receive one of three different types of census report forms. The three forms were the nonsample census form (a four-page form), the sample form (a six-page form), and the short form (a two-page form). Sections 1 through 22 of the sample form were identical to sections on the nonsample census form. However, the sample form contained additional sections on farm production expenditures, usage of fertilizers and insecticides, value of machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and farm-related income. The short form contained abbreviated versions of the sections on the nonsample census form. These three different forms were used to reduce the response burden of the census, while providing quality information on a large number of data items at the county level.

The sample form was mailed to all mail list records in Alaska and Hawaii and to a sample of records in other States identified when the mail list was constructed. Addresses were selected into the sample with certainty if they were expected to have large total values of agricultural products sold or large acreage, if they were firms with two or more farms, or if they had other special characteristics. When a nonsample large farm was identified during processing, a supplemental form that contained the additional data inquiries was mailed. All farms in counties with less than 100 farms in 1982 were included in the sample with certainty; counties containing 100 to 199 farms in 1982 were systematically sampled at a rate of 1 in 2; and counties containing 200 or more farms in 1982 were systematically sampled at a rate of 1 in 6. This differential sample scheme was used to provide reliable data for sections 23 through 28 of the report form for all counties.

To determine which mail list records would receive the short form, all mail list records not designated for the sample were sorted into model groups according to farm probability as specified by the mail list model. The 906,000 mail list records in the model groups with the lowest probability of being farms and with an expected total value of agricultural product sales less than \$20,000 were designated to receive the short form. The remaining mail list records were selected to receive the nonsample census form.

CENSUS ESTIMATION

The 1987 Census of Agriculture used two types of statistical estimation procedures. These estimation

procedures accounted both for nonresponse to the data collection and for the sample data collection. These procedures are used because some farm operators never respond to the census despite numerous attempts to contact them, and not all farm operators are requested to provide the sample data items.

Whole Farm Nonresponse Estimation

A statistical estimation procedure was used to account for the census farms among mail list nonrespondents that were not designated for telephone followup. A stratified systematic sample of eligible census nonrespondents were mailed a simplified report form. Five sample strata were defined based on form type, expected value of sales, and previous census status. The report form was designed to provide sufficient information to determine farm status. Additional mail and telephone contacts were made to survey nonrespondents to obtain sufficient response for survey estimates.

Estimates of the proportion of census nonrespondents that operated farms were made for each stratum in the State using survey results and applied to the total number of census nonrespondents in that stratum. A synthetic estimation procedure was used to estimate the number of census nonrespondents that operated farms for each county by stratum. This estimation procedure is based on the assumption that the distribution of farms in a stratum by county is the same for census nonrespondents as for census respondents.

Within each stratum in a county, a noninteger nonresponse weight was calculated and assigned to each eligible respondent farm record. The procedure used for calculating the nonresponse weight assumed the eligible census respondents and the nonrespondent farm operations in a county had similar characteristics within each stratum. The noninteger nonresponse weight was the ratio of the sum of the estimated number of nonrespondent farms (using nonresponse survey results) and the number of eligible census respondent farms to the number of eligible census respondent farms. Stratum controls were established to ensure that this weight was never greater than 2.0. The noninteger nonresponse weight was used in the estimation of the final weight for the sample items. It was randomly rounded to an integer weight of either 1 or 2 for each record for tabulating the complete count items.

The procedure assumed that we obtain complete response from large and unique farm operations because these cases received intensive telephone followup during census processing. In situations where addressees could not be contacted by telephone or refused to cooperate, secondary sources such as Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service offices or county extension agents were asked to provide information as to whether or not the addressee had agricultural activities. Data from previous census reports for the specific addressee, in conjunction with other information, were used to complete the census report form. Table A quantifies the effect of the nonresponse estimation procedure on selected census data items. The percentage of the census value contributed by nonresponse estimation as provided in this table indicates the potential for bias in published figures resulting from this procedure. The estimates provided in these tables do not reflect the effect of nonresponse to individual data items on respondents' census report forms. The effect of this item nonresponse is discussed further under Census Nonsampling Error.

Item	Percent of total
Farmsnumber	11.1
Land in farmsacres	10.1
Value of land and buildings\$1,000	9.3
Market value of agricultural products sold\$1,000	7.6
Harvested croplandacres	9.5
Corn for grain or seedacres	8.7
Wheat for grainacres	8.2
Livestock and poultry inventory:	
Cattle and calvesnumber	10.1
Hogs and pigsnumber	7.3
Hens and pullets of laying agenumber	1.3

Table A. Percent of State Totals Contributed by Whole Farm Nonresponse Estimation: 1987

Sample Estimation

All respondent sample records received a sample weight. The sample data estimates the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete census of the items in sections 23 through 28 of the report form. The estimates were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure that resulted in the assignment of a weight to each record containing sample items. For any given county, a sample item total was estimated by multiplying the data items for each farm in the county by the corresponding sample weight and summing overall sample records in the county.

Each sample farm was assigned one sample weight to be used to produce estimates for all sample items. For example, if the weight given to a sample farm had the value 5, all sample data items reported by that farm would be multiplied by 5. The weight assigned a certainty farm was 1. The estimation procedure used to assign weights was performed for each county.

Within a county, the ratio estimation procedure for farms was performed in three steps using three variables. The first variable contained eight 1987 total value of agricultural production (TVP) groups. Both the second and third variables, Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code and farm acreage, contained two groups. The variable groups were as follows:

TVP	SIC	Acres
\$1 to \$999	01 All crops	0 to 69
\$1,000 to \$ 2,499	02 All livestock	70 or more
\$2,500 to \$ 4,999		
\$5,000 to \$ 9,999		
\$10,000 to \$24,999		
\$25,000 to \$49,999		

\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more

The first step in the estimation procedure was to partition the sample records into 32 mutually exclusive initial post strata formed by combining the three variable groups. This produced a three dimensional array where the cells of the array corresponded to the initial post strata groups. Each sample farm record was assigned an initial weight equal to the ratio of the total farm count to the sample farm count, expanded for nonresponse estimation, for the cell containing the sample farm. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a farm for the census sample.

The second step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the cells of the array (prior to the repeated ratio estimation) to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. Any cell within the array that either contained less than 10 sample farms or had a ratio of total farms to sample farms that was more than 2 times the mail sample rate was collapsed with another cell (in the same variable) according to a specified collapsing pattern. New total farm counts and sample farm counts were computed for each of the collapsed cells (final post strata) and were used in the ratio estimation procedure to calculate final sample weights.

In the third step in the ratio estimation procedure, complete counts for the three variables (TVP, SIC, acreage) were used to compute the marginals of the array defined by the final post strata. Factors were then applied to expanded sample totals in each cell of the array to obtain agreement with the row marginal (TVP) complete counts. The sample totals then had factors applied to obtain agreement with the column marginal (SIC) complete counts. Lastly, the sample totals had factors applied to obtain agreement with the depth marginal (acreage) complete counts. This procedure that requires the row totals, then the column totals, and then the depth totals to agree with the complete counts for the rows, columns, and depths, respectively, is continued iteratively until the process converges (the marginal totals agree with the complete count totals).

The ratio of the adjusted total farm count to the sample farm count obtained from the second iteration of the estimation procedure was the noninteger final post stratum sample weight assigned to the sample farm records in that post stratum. The noninteger sample weight, the product of the noninteger final post stratum sample weight and the nonresponse weight, was randomly rounded to an integer weight for tabulation. If, for example, the final weight for the farms in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample farms in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

CENSUS SAMPLING ERROR

Sampling error in the census data results from the nonresponse sample and the census sample data collection. Census items were classified as either complete count or sample data items. The complete count items were asked of all farm operators. The complete count data items included land in farms, harvested cropland, livestock inventory and sales, crop acreages, quantities harvested and crop sales, land use, irrigation, government loans and payments, conservation acreage, type of organization, and operator characteristics (sections 1 through 22 of the census report form). Variability in the complete count data items is considerably smaller than in the sample items as the variation is due only to the nonresponse sample estimation procedure. The sample items were asked of approximately 25 percent of the total census farm operators. The sample data items included farm production expenditures, fertilizer and chemical usage, farm machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and farm-related income (sections 23 through 28 of the census report form). Variability in the estimates of sample items is due both to the census sample selection and estimation procedure and the nonresponse sample estimation procedure.

The sample for the 1987 Census of Agriculture is one of a large number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible sample estimates is called the sampling deviation. The standard error or sampling error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The percent relative standard error of estimate is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the value being estimated multiplied by 100. If all possible samples were selected, each of the samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions, and an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 67 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.65 standard errors below the estimate to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.

The computations involved to define the above confidence statements are illustrated in the following example. Assume that the estimate of number of farms for the State is 94,382 and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) is .1 percent (0.001). Multiplying 94,382 by 0.001 yields 94, the standard error. Therefore, a 67-percent confidence interval is 94,288 to 94,476 (i.e., 94,382 plus or minus 94). If corresponding confidence intervals were constructed for all possible samples of the same size and design, approximately 2 out of 3 (67 percent) of these intervals would contain the figure obtained from a complete enumeration. Similarly, a 90 percent confidence interval is 94,227 to 94,538 (i.e., 94,382 plus or minus 1.65 x 94).

Tables B and C provide the reliability estimates of the estimated number of farms in a county reporting complete count and sample items, respectively. Both tables show the percent relative standard errors for selected estimated number of farms in a county reporting an item. These are derived from a regression equation. The parameters of the regression equation were estimated using the estimated number of farms in a county reporting the complete count or sample item as the independent variable and the standard error of that estimate as the dependent variable for all counties in the State.

Table B. Reliability Estimates for Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Complete Count Item: 1987

Farms	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	
25	6.7
50	4.7
75	3.9
100	3.4
150	2.8
200	2.4
300	2.0
500	1.6
750	1.4
1,000	1.2
1,500	1.1
2,000	1.0

Note: Complete count items are items in sections 1 to 22 of the report form.

To illustrate the use of these tables, assume that the estimate of the number of farms reporting hogs and pigs for a particular county, as given in county table 12, is 89. Since hogs and pigs is a complete count data item, refer to table B and select the estimated relative standard error of the estimate from the row whose value is equal to or just less than the estimated number of farms, 89. For this example, the relative standard error of the estimate comes from the row for 75 farms reporting. For sample data items, follow the same procedure using table C. In counties that had less than 100 farms in the 1982 Census of Agriculture, table C does not apply because the farms in these

counties were sampled with certainty (1 in 1), and thus, the reliability estimates for the number of farms in these counties are smaller than for counties that were sampled at lower rates (1 in 2 or 1 in 6).

Table C. Reliability Estimates for Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Sample Item: 1987

Farms	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	
25	32.0
50	22.9
75	18.9
100	16.5
150	13.8
200	12.2
300	10.3
500	8.5
750	7.5
1,000	6.9
1,500	6.3
2,000	5.9

Note: Sample items are items in sections 23 to 28 of the report form.

Table D presents the relative standard error of selected State data items for all farms and for all farms with sales of \$10,000 or more. The percent relative standard error of the estimate for complete count data measures the variation associated with the sample-based adjustment for whole farm nonresponse. The percent relative standard error of the estimate for sample items measures both the sampling error due to the nonresponse sample estimation procedure. The reliability of State estimates may vary substantially from State to State. Generally, State estimates for a given data item are less reliable than the corresponding U.S. estimate.

Table E presents the standard error (not relative standard error) for percent change in State totals from 1982 to 1987. The general purpose of the percent change estimate is to provide a relative measure of the difference in a characteristic between censuses. The relative change for a given characteristic is defined as the ratio of the difference of the 1987 and the 1982 estimate for that characteristic to the 1982 estimate. This ratio is multiplied by 100 to obtain the percent change. The percent standard error of a percent change estimate, then, is the standard error of the ratio multiplied by 100.

Table F presents the relative standard error for county totals for 10 major complete count items and 7 sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for the same item differs among counties in a State. Reasons for this are differences among counties in (1) the total number of farms, (2) the number of large farms included with certainty, (3) the size classifications of the farms sampled, (4) the amount of nonresponse, (5) the general agricultural characteristics, and (6) the specific characteristic being measured.

CENSUS NONSAMPLING ERROR

The accuracy of the census counts are affected by the joint effects of the sampling errors described in the previous section and nonsampling errors. Extensive efforts were made to compile a complete and accurate mail list for the census, to design an understandable report form and instructions, and to minimize processing errors through the use of quality control, verification, and check measures on specific operations. Nonsampling errors arise from incompleteness of the census mail list, duplication in the mail list, incorrect data reporting, errors in editing of reported data, and errors in imputation for missing data. These specific nonsampling errors are further discussed in this section. Evaluation studies will be conducted to measure the extent of certain nonsampling errors such as coverage error, classification error, and item imputation.

Census Coverage

The main objective of the census of agriculture is to obtain a complete and accurate enumeration of U.S. farms with accurate data on all aspects of the agricultural operation. However, the cost and availability of resources for this enumeration place restrictions on operationally feasible data collection methodologies. The past five agriculture censuses have been conducted by mail enumeration with telephone contact for selected nonrespondents. The completeness of such an enumeration thus depends to a large extent on the coverage of farm operations by the census mail list.

Historically, the census of agriculture has included approximately 90 percent of the farms in the United States and over 96 percent of the agricultural production. Complete enumeration of agricultural operations satisfying the farm definition of \$1,000 or more in agricultural sales is complicated by fluctuations in agricultural operations qualifying for enumeration, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the multiplicity of names used by an operation, the number of operations in which an operator participates, the accuracy of data reporting, etc. A new mail list is compiled for each census because no current single list of agricultural operations is comprehensive.

An evaluation of census coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. The evaluation provides estimates of the completeness of census farm count and major census data items. In addition, the evaluation helps to identify problems in the census enumeration and provide information that can form the basis for improvements. The results of the 1987 Coverage Evaluation program will be published in volume 2, part 2.

The evaluation of coverage conducted in 1987 was designed to measure errors in the census mail list and in farm classification. Mail list error includes a measurement of farms not on the census mail list (undercount), and a measurement of farms enumerated more than once in the census (overcount). Classification error includes a measurement of farms classified as nonfarms in the census (undercount) and of nonfarms classified as farms in the census (overcount). Classification error arises from reporting and processing errors. Mail list undercount dominates all coverage errors. Net coverage error is defined as the difference of undercounted and overcounted farms. Measurements of these errors, as well as a description of the complete coverage program, will be available in the Coverage Evaluation report.

Mail List Coverage

A major problem with the use of a mail list for the census of agriculture enumeration is the difficulties that are encountered in compiling a complete list. The percentage of farms on the census mail list varies considerably by State. Several reasons have contributed to farm operators' names not being included on the census mail list—the operation may have been started after the mail list was developed, the operation may be so small as not to appear in agricultural related source lists used in compiling the census list, or the operation may have been falsely classified as a nonfarm prior to mailout. A large proportion of the farms not included on the mail list were small in both acres and sales of agricultural products.

The 1987 Census of Agriculture Coverage Evaluation used the area segment sample of the 1987 June Enumerative Survey (JES) of the National Agricultural Statistical Service (NASS) to estimate farms not on the census mail list. The Census Bureau contracted with the NASS to augment the JES data collection and receive survey data under the confidentiality protection afforded by Title 13, U.S. Code, from all residents of area sample segments with agricultural activity. These survey records were matched to the census mail list. Records that did not match were mailed a census of agriculture report form to estimate mail list coverage. Estimates of farms not on the census mail list used the capture-recapture dual frame estimator that will be described in the Coverage Evaluation report.

Table G provides coverage evaluation estimates of the number of farms not on the mail list and selected characteristics of those farms with their percent relative standard error. The table also provides an estimate of characteristics of farms not on the mail list as a percentage of total farms in the State. The estimate of total farms in the State is based on census farm count and the estimated number of farms not on the census mail list. This estimate of total farms in the State was not adjusted for classification and list duplication errors. Estimates of these errors will be made at the regional rather than the State level and will be available in the Coverage Evaluation report. The table provides the standard error (not relative standard error) of this percent estimate.

Respondent and Enumerator Error

Incorrect or incomplete responses to the mailed census report form or to the questions posed by a telephone enumerator introduce error into the census data. Such incorrect information can lead, in some cases, to incorrect enumeration of farms. This type of reporting error is measured by the Classification Error Study discussed later in this section. To reduce all types of reporting error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on tests of the census report form, and detailed instructions for completing the report form were provided to each addressee. In addition, each respondent's answers were checked for completeness and consistency.

Item Nonresponse

Nonresponse to particular questions on the census report that we would logically or statistically expect to be present may create a type of nonsampling error in both complete count and sample data. When information reported for another farm with similar characteristics is used to edit or impute for item nonresponse, the data may be biased because the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. Any attempt to correct the data for nonresponse may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual farm operation) or on the average.

Processing Error

The many steps of processing of each census report form are sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census report forms includes clerical screening for farm activity, computerized check-in of report forms and followup of nonrespondents, keying and transmittal of completed report forms, computerized editing of inconsistent and missing data, review and correction of individual records referred from the computer edit, review and correction of tabulated data, and electronic data processing. These operations undergo a number of quality control checks to ensure as accurate an application as possible, yet some errors are not detected and corrected.

Classification Error

An evaluation study of classification errors was conducted in the 1987 Census of Agriculture as part of the census coverage evaluation program. A sample of mail list respondents was selected, and these addresses reenumerated to determine whether they were a farm or nonfarm. A farm status determination was made based on the evaluation questionnaire and compared with the status based on the data reported on the census form. Differences in status were reconciled.

In past censuses, the proportion of farms undercounted due to classification errors was higher for farms with small values of sales. The classification error rate was higher for (1) livestock farms than crop farms, (2) farms with a small number of acres than larger farms, or (3) tenant farms than full or part-owner farms. Results from the 1987 classification error study will be published in the Coverage Evaluation report.

EDITING DATA AND IMPUTATION FOR ITEM NONRESPONSE

For the 1987 Census of Agriculture, as in previous censuses, all reported data were keyed and then edited by computer. The edits were used to determine whether the reports met the minimum criteria to be counted as farms in the census. Computer edits also performed a series of complex, logical checks of consistency and completeness of item responses. They provided the basis for deciding to accept, impute (supply), delete, or alter the reported value for each data record item.

Whenever possible, edit imputations, deletions, and changes were based on component or related data on the respondent's report form. For some items, such as operator characteristics, data from the previous census were used when available. Values for other missing or unacceptable reported data items were calculated based on reported quantities and known price parameters.

When these and similar methods were not available and values had to be supplied, the imputation process used information reported for another farm operation in a geographically adjacent area with characteristics similar to those of the farm operation with incomplete data. For example, a farm operation that reported acres of corn harvested, but did not report quantity of corn harvested, was assigned the same bushels of corn per acre harvested as that of the last nearby farm with similar characteristics that reported acceptable yields during that particular execution of the computer edit. The imputation for missing items in each section of the report form was conducted separately; thus, assigned values for one operation could come from more than one respondent.

Prior to the imputation operation, a set of default values and relationships were assigned to the possible imputation variables. The relationships and values varied depending on the item being imputed. For example, different default values were assigned for several standard industrial classification and total value of sales categories when imputing hired farm labor expenses. These values and item relationships for the possible imputation variables were stored in the computer in a series of matrices. The computer records were sorted by reported State and county, where the county sequence was based on similar types of farms and agricultural practices.

Each execution of the computer edit consisted of records from only one State. For a given execution of the edit, the stored entries in the various matrices were retained in the computer only until a succeeding record having acceptable characteristics for some sections of the report form was processed by the computer. Then the acceptable responses of the succeeding operation replaced those previously stored. When a record processed through the edit had unreported or unacceptable data, the record was assigned the last acceptable ratio or response from an operation with a similar set of characteristics. Once each execution of the computer edit for a State was completed, the possible imputation variables were reset to the default values and relationships for subsequent executions.

After the initial computer edit, keyed reports not meeting the census farm definition were reviewed to ensure that the data were keyed correctly. Edit referrals were generated for about 30 percent of the reports included as farms, and they were also reviewed for keying accuracy and to ensure that the computer edit actions were correct. If the results of the computer edit were not acceptable, corrections were made and the record was reedited. More extensive discussions of the edit and item imputation methodology with measures of the extent of imputation in the census estimates will be provided in a separate research report.

Tables D through G follow.

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All farms		Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more	
Item		Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent
Farms		106 105 29 209 187	(Z)	49 796 22 736 158	:
Average size of farm	acres	275	.1	457	
Value of land and buildings ¹ Average per farm Average per acre	dollars	18 634 005 175 612 640	.5 .6 .9	13 904 335 279 732 613	٤ ٦.٦
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment ¹ Average per farm		3 007 852 28 432	.7 .8	2 348 992 47 287	1.(
Farms by size: 1 to 9 acres	farms	4 960	.5	1 237	1.2
10 to 49 acres	acres	14 273 17 028	.6 .2	2 335 1 667	1.5
50 to 179 acres	acres farms acres	502 528 37 413 4 020 958	.2 .1 .2	51 016 10 787 1 301 173	1. : :
180 to 499 acres		30 423		20 820	
500 to 999 acres		9 075 157 11 413	.2 .2 .3 .3	6 508 410 10 534	- - - - - - - -
1,000 to 1,999 acres		7 768 927 3 990	.4	7 216 139 3 882	ند ۱۰
2,000 acres or more		5 260 255 878	.4	5 114 036 869	۵.
Total cropland	acres	2 567 089 93 434	1	2 543 049 46 917	
Harvested cropland	acres	19 378 031 80 396	.1	16 059 330 44 239	
harvested cropiand	acres	11 655 304	.1 .1	10 449 060	
Acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres	farms	5 496	.4	731	1.
10 to 49 acres		28 525 30 889	.5	3 443 7 285	1.
50 to 99 acres		797 202 15 625	.5 .2 .2 .3 .3	216 412 9 253	د د د
100 to 199 acres	acres	1 073 996		660 320 11 012	
200 to 499 acres	acres	1 683 628	.3 .3 .3 .3 .5	1 529 101 10 537	(Ċ (Ċ
500 to 999 acres	acres	3 308 589 4 061	.3	(D) 4 060	([
1,000 acres or more	acres farms acres	2 738 959 1 361 2 024 405	.4 -	(D) 1 361 2 024 405	(C
Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	farms	53 730	.1	26 806	
Other cropland	acres farms acres	5 395 911 31 496 2 326 816	.2 .2 .3	3 742 691 21 159 1 867 579	
rrigated land	acres	2 823 534 795	.5	2 313 528 791	-
Acres irrigated: 1 to 9 acres		643	1.1	300	1.
10 to 49 acres	acres	1 628 446	1.7 1.7	817 303	2. 2.
50 to 99 acres		12 036 338	1.9 2.0	8 756 318	2. 2.
100 to 199 acres	acres	23 911 480	2.0 1.6	22 543 476	2. 1.
200 to 499 acres	acres	68 456 641	1.7	67 911 641	1. 1.
500 to 999 acres	acres	197 318 211	1.2	197 318 211	i.
1,000 acres or more	acres	142 747 64	.9	142 747 64	
	acres	88 699		88 699 3 436 376	
Market value of agricultural products sold Average per farm	\$1,000	3 644 988 34 353	.1 .1	3 436 376 69 009	
Value of sales: Less than \$2,500		23 075	.2	-	
\$2,500 to \$4,999	\$1,000 farms	24 514 15 353	.2	-	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$1,000 farms \$1,000	55 851 17 881 128 247	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-	
\$10,000 to \$24,999	farms \$1,000	20 749 329 132	.2	20 749 329 132	
\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$1,000 farms \$1,000	329 132 11 212 395 360	.2 .2 .3 .3	329 132 11 212 395 360	•
\$50,000 to \$99,999	farms	8 943 636 333	.3 .4 .4	8 943 636 333	
\$100,000 or more	farms \$1,000	8 892 2 075 552	.3	8 892 2 075 552	
Sales by commodity or commodity group: Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops	farms	52 221 1 460 850	.1	33 684 1 407 873	
Grains	\$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000	1 460 850 1 219 240 322 103	.1 .2	1 407 873 1 183 620 314 844	-
Corn for grain	\$1,000	322 103 78 491 718 062	.2 .3 .2	314 844 75 651 695 429	6, 1.
Soybeans Sorghum for grain Barley	\$1,000	67 885 92	.5 6.0	65 281 85	
Barley Oats Other grains	\$1,000	1 604 31 003	1.6 1.1	1 420 30 911	1. 1.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All farms		Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more	
Item		Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standa error of estima (percer
ales by commodity or commodity group Con.					
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops – Con. Cotton and cottonseed	\$1,000	88 531	.5	88 251	
Tobacco	\$1,000 \$1,000	5 292 65 286	2.2	4 703 50 854	2
Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons	\$1,000	9 543	1.4	8 723	1
Fruits, nuts, and berries Nursery and greenhouse crops	\$1,000 \$1,000	11 232 57 516	1.7 .1	10 578 56 989	1
Other crops	\$1,000	4 210	.7	4 156	
Livestock, poultry, and their products	farms	81 229	.1	40 068	
Poultry and poultry products	\$1,000	2 184 138 273 584	.1	2 028 503 273 142	
Dairy products	\$1,000	328 049	.4	327 406	
Cattle and calves	\$1,000	1 067 580 492 286	.1	929 244 481 599	
Hogs and pigs Sheep, lambs, and wool Other livestock and livestock products (see text)	\$1,000	5 924	1.3	4 211	1
	\$1,000	16 715	1.0	12 902	1
arms by standard industrial classification:	forms	24 024		16 323	
Cash grains (011)	acres	10 450 195	.2	9 574 354	
Field crops, except cash grains (013)	acres	6 091 1 204 887	.4	1 325 612 244	
Vegetables and melons (016)	farms	284	2.0	87	3
	acres	24 008	3.2	13 827	4
Fruits and tree nuts (017)		458	1.7	120 29 113	3
Horticultural specialties (018)	acres farms	53 906 410	2.9	29 113	4
	acres	26 927	(Z)	21 974	
General farms, primarily crop (019)	acres	2 388 465 890	.7	557 287 385	-
Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties (021)		63 827	.1	25 850	
	acres	14 994 037	.2	10 566 551	
Dairy farms (024)	acros	4 165 1 333 717	.5	4 042 1 323 755	
Poultry and eggs (025)	farms	959	.8	769	
	acres	184 769	.9	168 186	
Animal specialties (027)	acres	2 580 215 912	.7 1.3	207 30 551	
General farms, primarily livestock and animal specialties (029)	farms	919	1.2	238	:
the track of experimetion.	acres	254 939	1.4	108 218	
arms by type of organization: Individual or family (sole proprietorship)	farms	94 574	(Z)	42 079	
Partnership	acres	23 514 049 9 050	.1	17 578 080 5 842	
Partnersnip	acres	3 876 692	.4	3 437 169	
Corporation		2 096 1 705 404	.4 .7	1 725 1 643 047	
Other-cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etc.	acres farms	385	.5 1.9	150	3
	acres	113 042	2.7	77 862	:
enure of operator: Full owners	(70 551	.1	24 792	
	acres	12 783 089	.2	7 793 824	
Part owners		26 116 13 560 367	.2 .2 .2	19 379 12 459 443	
Tenants	acres	9 438	.2 .4	5 625	
	acres	2 865 731	.5	2 482 891	
perators by principal occupation:	formo	53 694	.1	35 588	
rarming	acres	21 083 264	.1	18 514 457	
Other		52 411 8 125 923	.1	14 208 4 221 701	
	acres	0 125 923	.2	4 221 701	
perators by sex: Maie	farms	99 684	(Z)	47 866	
	acres	28 039 535	(Z) .1	22 110 278 1 930	
Female	acres	6 421 1 169 652	.4 .7	625 880	
verage age of operator	years	52.9	.1	52.0	
opland under federal acreage reduction programs:		00.407		10.001	
Annual commodity acreage adjustment programs	acres	22 107 1 051 446	.2	19 321 1 022 256	
Conservation reserve program	farms	4 435	.6	2 750	
	acres	495 612	.8	347 287	
overnment payments: Amount received in cash	£1.000	132 853	.3	125 621	
Value of certificates received	\$1,000	144 427	.3	131 494	
et cash return from agricultural sales1:					
Net cash return from agricultural sales for the farm unit (see text)	farms	106 109	.1	49 706	
Average per farm	\$1,000 dollars	829 853 7 821	1.0	880 443 17 713	
	1	63 426		39 184	
Farms with net gains ²	\$1,000	1 028 536	.1	977 069	
Farms with net losses	number \$1,000	42 683 198 683	.1 1.3	10 522 96 626	
tel form moduction ovnonces!				49 706	
tal farm production expenses1	\$1,000	106 109 2 804 630	.1 .3	2 545 745	
Livestock and poultry purchased	farms	35 633	1.0	21 469	
Feed for livestock and poultry	\$1,000 farms	397 299 69 726	1.2	371 352 36 557	
. oo iyi ayodoon unu poday	\$1,000	552 814	.7	522 581	
		50 161	.6	34 024	
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees	tarms				
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees	\$1.000	106 274 66 484	.7 .5 .7	100 410 40 484	

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	All fai	rms	Farms with sales	Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more		
Item	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)		
otal farm production expenses—Con. Agricultural chemicalsfarms	49 541	.7	33 492	.6		
\$1,000	135 348	.8	128 411	.8		
Petroleum products farms\$1,000	99 533 176 852	.2 .6	48 750 153 036	.8 .2 .6 .5		
Electricityfarms	72 376 51 133	.5 .7	41 258 43 095	.5 .8		
Hired farm laborfarms	32 168	1.0	22 056	1.1		
\$1,000 Contract labor farms	163 868 10 012	.8 2.1	158 565 6 455	.8 2.5		
\$1,000 Repair and maintenance farms	21 359 83 965	2.1	18 994 44 306	2.2		
\$1,000	208 466	.4 .7	178 398	.4 .7		
Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment farms	35 478 63 380	1.0 1.9	22 123 55 263	1.2 2.1		
Interest farms	51 008	.7	31 327	3.		
\$1,000 Cash rent farms	277 614 19 837	.9 1.4	237 218 15 004	1.0 1.5		
\$1,000	98 367	1.7	94 200	1.7		
Property taxes farms	101 852 67 966	.2 .7	47 787 49 013	.3		
All other farm production expenses farms	97 327 244 637	.2 .6	49 689 217 275	.3 .8 .2 .7		
ivestock and poultry:						
Cattle and calves inventory farms number	73 738 4 158 226	.1	35 600 3 286 106	.1		
Beef cows farmsnumber	61 049 1 818 969	.1	28 525 1 360 881	.1		
Milk cows farms number	7 712	.2 .4 .4	5 758	.1 .2 .1 .2 .4 .4		
Cattle and calves sold farms	73 947	.1	36 864	.1		
number	2 514 867 14 985	.1 .3	2 107 138 11 057	.1		
number	2 581 954	.3	2 494 894	.1 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3		
Hogs and pigs sold farms number	15 306 4 804 123	.3 .3	11 546 4 650 546	.3		
Sheep and lambs inventory farms	2 606	.7	1 254	1.1		
number Sheep and lambs sold farms	101 780 2 485	1.2 .7	66 420 1 242	1.8 1.1		
number Hens and pullets of laying age inventory farms	80 640 7 368	1.2 .4	54 924 2 488	1.7 .7 .5		
number	7 378 803	.4	7 264 039	.5		
Broilers and other meat-type chickens sold	316 40 991 224	1.7	242 40 977 836	1.9 .7		
Horses and ponies inventorynumber	40 991 224 18 209 79 436	.7 .2 .4	40 977 836 7 008 31 005	.4		
elected crops harvested:						
Corn for grain or seed farms acres	25 921 2 069 238	.2 .2	21 079 1 993 129	.2		
bushels	218 093 408	.2	212 250 761	.2		
Corn for silage or green chop farms	2 831	.6	2 610	.6		
acres tons, green	82 412 1 104 087	.6 .6	79 629 1 072 970	 8.		
Sorghum for grain or seed farms	9 258	.3	7 605	.4		
acres bushels	625 047 50 759 064	.4 .4	589 420 48 642 878	.4		
Wheat for grain farms	12 683	.3	10 517	9		
acres bushels	750 208 31 939 663	.3 .	712 630 30 655 097	.3 .3 .3		
Cotton farms	1 214		1 145	.7		
arnsacres bales	197 598 305 767	.8 .5 .5	196 618 304 594	 6.		
Soybeans for beans farms	33 489	.1	25 787	.1		
Soybeans for beans farms acres acres bushels	4 827 272 148 272 506	.1 .2 .2	4 613 002 143 055 540	.2		
	170 212 300	.2	140 000 040	.2		
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text) farms	60 138	.1	31 602	.1		
acres tons, dry	3 138 012 5 409 063	.2 .2	2 315 436 4 283 588	.2 .2		

¹Data are based on a sample of farms. ²Farms with total production expenses equal to market value of agricultural products sold are included as farms with gains.

Table E. Reliability Estimates of Percent Change in State Totals: 1982 to 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	All f	arms	Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more				
Item	Percent change	Standard error of estimate (percent)	Percent change	Standard error of estimate (percent)			
Farmsnumber Land in farmsacres	-5.6	.1	-2.7 2.0	.1			
Value of land and buildings1: Average per farmdollarsdollarsdollarsdollars	-21.3	.7	-25.8	.2			
Total cropland farms	-7.1	.1	-3.8	.1			
acres Harvested cropland farms acres	(Z) -7.4 -8.4	.1 .1 .1	1.4 -4.6 -8.3	.1 .2 .1 .1			
Irrigated land farms acres	38.6 32.7	.8 .6	32.2 32.4	.8			
Market value of agricultural products sold farms farms farms \$1,000	-5.6 1.1	.1	-2.7 1.4	.1			
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops farms\$1,000	-7.5 -5.5	.1	-8.4 -5.4	.1			
Livestock, poultry, and their products farms \$1,000	-8.5	.2 .1 .2	-4.0 6.8	.1 .2 .1 .2 .6 .6			
Poultry and poultry products farms	-30.4 40.4	.4	-24.3 40.8	.6 .3			
Selected farm production expenses1: Livestock and poultry purchased farms	-13.5	1.2	-3.9	1.5			
Feed for livestock and poultry farms	3.7 -14.6	1.7	7.1 -5.5	1.5 1.8 .8 1.0			
\$1,000 Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees farms \$1,000	-6.9 -4.3 8.7	1.0 .9 1.2	-5.2 -5.7 8.8	1.0 .8 1.3			
Commercial fertilizer ² farms	5.3	.8	4.9	.8			
\$1,000 Agricultural chemicals ² farms	-6.4 10.8	1.0	-8.1 2.8	1.0 1.0			
\$1,000 Hired farm labor\$1,000 \$1,000	4.0 8 16.0	1.3 1.5 1.5	2.7 3.7 19.2	1.0 1.3 1.7 1.7			
\$1,000 Interest3farmsfarms \$1,000	-1.3 -29.4	1.5 1.1 .9	-4.8 -32.7	1.0 1.1 1.0			
Livestock and poultry inventory: Cattle and calves farms	-10.0	.1	-3.4	.1			
number Hogs and pigs	-10.9 -33.7	.1	-6.4 -29.8	.2 .2 .2 .5 .6			
number Hens and pullets of laying agenumber number	-19.0 -33.9 23.7	2 2 3 .6	-17.9 -34.6 26.1	.2			
Selected crops harvested: Corn for grain or seed farms	2.4	.2	1.1				
acres Sorghum for grain or seed farms	9.3 -10.3	.2 .3	9.1 -12.6	.2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .3			
acres	-16.3 -57.0 -63.3	.3 .1 .1	-17.2 -54.7 -62.6	.3 .1 .1			
Soybeans for beans farmsacres	-13.7 -8.7	.1	-13.3 -8.4	.1			
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text) farms	-6.0	.1	-2.6				
acres Vegetables harvested for sale (see text) farms	5.7 22.0 21.0	.2 1.4 .9	9.3 28.0 21.8	.2 .2 1.9 1.5			
acres Land in orchards farms acres	-14.0	.9 .9 .23	-1.5 -3.5	1.5 1.8 3.7			

¹Data are based on a sample of farms. ²Data for 1987 include cost of custom applications. ³Data for 1982 do not include imputation for item nonresponse.

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Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Farm	าร	Land in	farms	Average valu and buildings		Estimated ma of all machi equipm	nery and	Harvested	cropland	Irrigated	land
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Value (dollars)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Adair Andrew Andrain Andrain Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Bollinger Boone Buchanan Butter Cailaway Caroll Caroll Caroll Caroll Carter Cass Cedea Christian Clark Cole Cooper Cooper Crawford Dade Daviess De Kalb Dent Douglas Dunklin Greene Grundy Grundy Harrison Henry Howell Iron Jackson Johnson Knox Lafayette Lafayette	$\begin{array}{c} 879\\ 916\\ 622\\ 1\ 119\\ 1\ 667\\ 946\\ 1\ 294\\ 885\\ 860\\ 1\ 344\\ 846\\ 844\\ 857\\ 1\ 323\\ 564\\ 1\ 365\\ 1\ 013\\ 1\ 365\\ 1\ 013\\ 1\ 365\\ 1\ 013\\ 1\ 365\\ 1\ 013\\ 1\ 649\\ 910\\ 1\ 145\\ 1\ 388\\ 702\\ 732\\ 807\\ 1\ 222\\ 807\\ 713\\ 915\\ 1\ 102\\ 901\\ 772\\ 731\\ 1\ 218\\ 667\\ 1\ 029\\ 929\\ 91\\ 915\\ 1\ 102\\ 901\\ 772\\ 731\\ 1\ 218\\ 661\\ 1\ 271\\ 1\ 271\\ 1\ 286\\ 905\\ 587\\ 7\ 721\\ 1\ 155\\ 959\\ 909\\ 1\ 2232\\ 901\\ 2232\\ 924\\ 1\ 005\\ 587\\ 738\\ 1\ 751\\ 1\ 226\\ 650\\ 924\\ 1\ 005\\ 587\\ 738\\ 1\ 751\\ 1\ 271\\ 1\ 557\\ 959\\ 959\\ 959\\ 959\\ 1\ 378\\ 1\ 757\\ 722\\ 1\ 155\\ 959\\ 959\\ 959\\ 959\\ 959\\ 959\\ 959\\$	₹ ₹ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩	285 355 231 266 321 878 399 154 287 957 313 1416 429 204 263 183 260 645 233 146 312 260 429 204 260 645 233 146 312 240 260 645 233 146 312 242 200 894 200 285 220 894 200 225 201 120 202 895 310 558 213 227 205 392 300 289 213 227 230 5194 310 558 310 558 310 558 310	1.12 1.0 8 1.10 7.1.12 1.0 8 1.7 1.7 9 1.7 1.8 2.1 1.12 1.0 8 1.12 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.	141 104 164 740 352 725 255 594 178 874 172 543 157 789 147 407 128 916 158 574 158 574 158 576 168 578 161 132 263 847 180 503 112 164 199 707 180 503 112 164 199 707 180 603 112 164 199 707 180 603 112 164 199 707 180 603 112 164 199 707 180 603 112 164 195 408 190 2375 126 388 190 2375 126 388 190 2375 126 388 160 375 172 891 145 793 160 981 177 538 160 981 177 538 179 588 179 588 170 588 170 588 170 588 170 588 170 588 170 588 170 588 17	498997000156659939556546419000521285615771569997698663266908175599888921661880388758117085568619088944838957010 56489454600455655939955654641900052212856157715569976986632669345563465554655558455345581758845584555883655558 4555455545554555455615553365555555555555	20 321 36 069 38 342 54 278 29 747 34 285 19 373 30 072 20 863 30 172 20 863 39 752 20 863 39 752 20 863 39 752 20 863 39 754 40 821 23 2955 30 072 20 863 32 2455 40 717 14 866 21 757 20 32 255 40 717 14 803 22 255 40 717 14 803 22 255 40 717 14 803 22 255 40 717 12 3032 21 751 20 322 25 306 21 751 22 306 21 751 22 306 21 751 22 306 22 255 20 32 25	$\begin{array}{c} 6.2\\ 6.8\\ 4.6\\ 3.55\\ 6.0\\ 8.1\\ 1.4\\ 1.5\\ 6.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.0\\ 5.7\\ 8.4\\ 9.6\\ 5.3\\ 4.9\\ 6.6\\ 5.2\\ 3.4\\ 9.6\\ 5.3\\ 4.9\\ 6.6\\ 7.6\\ 3.4\\ 8.5\\ 9.4\\ 9.6\\ 6.4\\ 7.0\\ 5.2\\ 8.0\\ 9.4\\ 9.6\\ 9.6\\ 9.6\\ 9.6\\ 9.6\\ 9.6\\ 9.6\\ 9.6$	98 863 128 074 208 644 208 644 208 644 208 644 208 649 208 644 208 649 208 644 100 226 110 226 110 226 110 226 129 733 18 025 124 749 237 149 237 149 247 783 124 749 237 149 247 783 124 769 224 160 224 160 224 160 224 160 224 160 224 160 224 160 238 497 27 787 151 412 27 787 27 870 94 479 94 35 307 151 412 175 35 7870 94 479 94 479 95 321 144 635 21 632 21 632 21 632 23 64 107 25 35 777 238 497 117 263 152 139 144 285 20 676 117 263 152 139 144 28 152 139 144 143 152 139 146 829 117 263 152 139 146 829 117 263 152 147 202 676 202 676 203 631 116 6722 209 757 152 630 224 160 225 711 126 632 209 757 151 632 209 757 151 773 248 446 167 749 267 6787 151 632 267 6799 70 217 726 780 121 632 267 6799 70 227 76 787 151 632 209 750 151 373 840 275 757 151 632 209 750 151 744 202 656 209 750 151 744 202 656 209 750 151 744 202 656 209 750 151 746 209 750	$\begin{array}{c} 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.0\\ .9\\ 1.9\\ 1.2\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 2.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 2.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.0\\ 1.0\\ 1.0\\ 1.2\\ 1.9\\ 1.4\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.5\\ 1.1\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.5\\ 1.1\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 7\\ 1.1\\ 1.1\\ 1.0\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 7\\ 1.1\\ 1.1\\ 1.0\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.2$	255 504 3 408 19 783 525 10 266 1 617 1 174 4 115 3 543 (D) 74 315 2 884 31 3 832 2 308 (D) 4 853 (D) 1 134 545 966 927 3 44 829 2 308 (D) 1 134 545 966 927 3 4 418 173 (D) (D) 90 1 001 355 5 083 928 2355 1 001 354 1 908 2354 1 900 1 902 260 1 902 260	9.2 24.2 2.8 2.3 3.4 3.7 5.7 7.3 () 1.3 4.3 22.3 6.6 7.7 () 0.9 (0.2 3.7 1.1 9.9 5.1 2.6 6.6 7.7 () 0.9 (0.2 3.7 1.1 9.9 5.1 2.6 6.6 1.7 () 0.9 (0.2 3.7 1.1 9.9 5.1 2.6 6.6 1.7 () 0.9 (0.2 3.7 1.1 9.9 5.1 2.6 6.6 1.7 () 0.9 1.3 4.5 2.2 3.6 1.7 () 0.9 1.3 4.5 2.2 5.5 1.4 5.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Farn		Land in					arket value nery and lent ¹	Harvested	cropland	Irrigated land	
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Value (dollars)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Totai (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Schuyler Scott Shannon Shelby Stoddard Stoddard Stone Stome Sullivan Taney Texas Vernon Washington Washington Washington Washington Washington Washington Washington Webster Worth	498 585 642 445 755 1 159 782 828 566 1 527 1 251 550 508 360 1 646 367 1 407	5 5 5 6 5 3 4 4 4 4 4 9 3 9 4 5 4 6 3	156 208 213 585 241 410 117 978 294 855 434 403 148 207 320 569 178 092 423 257 396 638 127 096 638 127 096 121 699 94 073 290 980 144 572 327 071	1.2 1.2 1.0 1.8 1.0 1.0 1.2 8 1.0 1.1 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.5 1.0	112 291 182 507 304 542 116 126 216 650 341 341 113 700 132 592 148 524 131 017 153 892 212 784 103 260 139 117 119 167 182 376 111 242	4.2 5.1.2 5.20 3.7 6.3 9 5.5 6.5 4.6 4.8 4.6 4.4	9 691 19 885 34 415 6 656 37 723 60 030 10 979 17 466 8 642 23 898 42 782 19 351 7 265 4 571 31 880 13 039 23 821	9.5 5.0 5.1 11.4 5.9 3.1 7.5 8.9 10.8 5.5 9.2 10.8 16.4 11.4 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.4 7.7	$\begin{array}{c} 54 & 797 \\ 102 & 999 \\ 185 & 297 \\ 11 & 892 \\ 164 & 384 \\ 314 & 371 \\ 19 & 399 \\ 96 & 196 \\ 196 & 196 \\ 106 & 752 \\ 56 & 893 \\ 14 & 728 \\ 15 & 498 \\ 61 & 188 \\ 52 & 838 \\ 54 & 272 \\ \end{array}$	1.8 1.4 3.6 1.1 8 2.5 1.5 1.2 1.4 3.6 1.2 1.4 2.4 3.6 1.2 1.4	55 (D) 30 135 (D) 2 124 139 272 174 127 (D) 660 3 690 832 16 (D) 569 (D) 724	24.1 (D) 2.4 (D) 11.7 1.2 10.5 21.5 (D) 5.7 5.6 5.0 14.3 (D) 9.8 (D) 13.5
	Cattle and invent		Hogs and pigs inventory		Corn for grain or seed		Wheat for	r grain	Soybeans for beans		Market value of agricultural products sold	
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Totai (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Adair	40 499 27 748 22 537 41 219 78 326 43 980 76 850 38 098 26 812 34 989 17 515 9 864 24 561 45 109 33 160 6 707 48 383 40 759 24 561 45 109 33 160 6 707 48 383 40 716 8 383 40 759 24 561 43 322 60 560 18 757 22 979 31 100 33 407 59 32 412 52 522 26 189 33 407 59 33 407 59 32 412 52 521 52 521 52 521 52 521 52 521 52 521 53 703 32 412 51 501 53 703 32 412 51 555 51 44 414 73 413 32 350 68 371 47 802 94 937 51 855 51 4 414 73 413 72 379 30 589 53 703 32 412 14 148 29 981 47 802 94 937 51 855 51 4 414 73 413 32 350 68 371 47 802 94 937 48 027 18 588 39 058 26 555 27 084 41 607 2 893	1599 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	11 092 30 125 19 348 58 861 58 862 13 358 21 547 12 049 20 875 13 640 4 734 21 547 12 049 20 875 32 4273 42 395 32 4277 42 875 50 362 2 060 27 051 3 8431 3 3652 19 954 51 6205 9 841 3 6624 26 0825 53 381 4 6824 4 633 20 1971 57 7071 18 791	3.9 3.1 2.8 1.0 3.2 2.2 4.0 2.2 2.1 8.7 7.5 6 2.7 1.2 3.5 2.2 1.5 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 2.5 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 2.5 2.2 2.5 2.2 2.5 2.2 2.5 2.2 2.5 2.5	13 507 38 713 91 792 38 265 531 7138 7 138 25 525 5 5378 6 362 21 434 21 434 21 453 31 15273 31 27346 56 243 56 243 26 6524 35 448 35 64623 348 1011 92 266615 24 6584 35 64872 13 346 1010 4389 21 3092 23 664872 3998 451 10853 2763 4 2533 25 763 4 939 30 902 10853 22578 319988 <td>$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 220\\ 1.1\\ 1.0\\ 8.3\\ 2.4\\ 1.7\\ 2.1\\ 1.8\\ 3.6\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.8\\ 3.6\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 1.3\\ 1.5\\ 3.7\\ 2.7\\ 1.4\\ 8.1\\ 1.1\\ 3.7\\ 2.7\\ 1.4\\ 8.1\\ 1.9\\ 3.6\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 1.3\\ 6.8\\ 2.4\\ 2.7\\ 1.7\\ 3.0\\ 6.2\\ 1.2\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 3.8\\ 8.3\\ 2.4\\ 2.7\\ 1.7\\ 3.0\\ 6.2\\ 1.4\\ 2.1\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c} 941\\ 1 & 630\\ 1 & 514\\ 21 & 063\\ 1 & 551\\ 2 & 998\\ 2 & 028\\ 4 & 247\\ 6 & 105\\ 2 & 998\\ 4 & 247\\ 6 & 105\\ 4 & 869\\ 14 & 157\\ 2 & 288\\ 4 & 247\\ 6 & 105\\ 10 & 650\\ 10 & 650$</td> <td>8.5 8.5 9.3 1.8 7.4 3.3 2.8 4.0 4.3 2.2 5.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 8.8 4.0 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.0 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.0 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.5 5.4 1.9 2.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 5.4 1.9 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.9 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.5 5.4 1.7 1.7 2.3 2.0 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.5 5.4 1.7 2.0 9.9 9.5 5.4 1.7 1.7 2.0 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.5 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.9 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.7 3.2 2.0 5.5 4.21 1.7 3.2 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.17 3.2 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.17 3.2 2.0 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.9 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.9 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.2 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.2 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.2 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 5.5 5.5 2.8 7.0 5.5 5.5 2.8 7.0 5.5 5.5 5.5 1.1 1.7 5.5 1.1 5.8</td> <td>34 350 69 540 108 434 149 086 19 752 79 284 18 907 13 362 49 291 15 752 60 238 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 268 53 268 54 009 40 575 146 466 8459 24 808 54 341 13 607 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 929 54 545 54 341 1 300 66 6285 54 341 1 300 66 6285 54 351 23 769 14 508 51 268 51 26</td> <td>2.17 1.1 1.1 8.15 1.52 3.42 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.1 5.3 3.42 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 1.1 1.5 2.3 4.2 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 1.5 2.3 4.2 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 1.5 2.3 4.2 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.5 2.2 3.4 1.2 1.5 1.5 2.2 2.2 2.4 2.2 2.2 2.4 2.7 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c} 20 & 966\\ 35 & 271\\ 49 & 191\\ 66 & 946\\ 61 & 882\\ 35 & 552\\ 45 & 107\\ 23 & 224\\ 13 & 391\\ 28 & 780\\ 26 & 157\\ 32 & 200\\ 23 & 757\\ 31 & 435\\ 11 & 689\\ 35 & 983\\ 52 & 637\\ 2 & 679\\ 45 & 279\\ 14 & 076\\ 67 & 062\\ 27 & 732\\ 24 & 889\\ 22 & 840\\ 32 & 365\\ 15 & 726\\ 45 & 557\\ 9 & 242\\ 24 & 857\\ 27 & 176\\ 30 & 991\\ 12 & 6623\\ 10 & 212\\ 27 & 808\\ 64 & 822\\ 235 & 261\\ 13 & 459\\ 29 & 153\\ 38 & 743\\ 27 & 922\\ 23 & 7 & 389\\ 32 & 158\\ 12 & 362\\ 38 & 937\\ 20 & 956\\ 42 & 389\\ 8 & 701\\ 37 & 638\\ 31 & 209\\ 70 & 030\\ 37 & 732\\ 11 & 267\\ 14 & 334\\ 31 & 284\\ 43 & 803\\ \end{array}$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c} 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.1\\ 8.6\\ 7.7\\ 1.2\\ 1.1\\ 8.6\\ 7.7\\ 1.2\\ 1.1\\ 1.3\\ 9.1\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1$</td>	$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 220\\ 1.1\\ 1.0\\ 8.3\\ 2.4\\ 1.7\\ 2.1\\ 1.8\\ 3.6\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.8\\ 3.6\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 1.3\\ 1.5\\ 3.7\\ 2.7\\ 1.4\\ 8.1\\ 1.1\\ 3.7\\ 2.7\\ 1.4\\ 8.1\\ 1.9\\ 3.6\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 1.3\\ 6.8\\ 2.4\\ 2.7\\ 1.7\\ 3.0\\ 6.2\\ 1.2\\ 2.2\\ 2.0\\ 3.8\\ 8.3\\ 2.4\\ 2.7\\ 1.7\\ 3.0\\ 6.2\\ 1.4\\ 2.1\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1.4\\ 1$	$\begin{array}{c} 941\\ 1 & 630\\ 1 & 514\\ 21 & 063\\ 1 & 551\\ 2 & 998\\ 2 & 028\\ 4 & 247\\ 6 & 105\\ 2 & 998\\ 4 & 247\\ 6 & 105\\ 4 & 869\\ 14 & 157\\ 2 & 288\\ 4 & 247\\ 6 & 105\\ 10 & 650$	8.5 8.5 9.3 1.8 7.4 3.3 2.8 4.0 4.3 2.2 5.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 8.8 4.0 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.0 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.0 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.5 5.4 1.9 2.5 5.5 1.7 1.3 2.3 (D) 5.6 9.9 9.2 8.8 4.5 5.5 5.4 1.9 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.9 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.3 2.0 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.5 5.4 1.7 1.7 2.3 2.0 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.5 5.4 1.7 2.0 9.9 9.5 5.4 1.7 1.7 2.0 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.5 5.5 2.8 7.0 9.9 9.9 5.5 5.4 1.7 1.7 3.2 2.0 5.5 4.21 1.7 3.2 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.17 3.2 2.0 5.5 5.4 1.17 3.2 2.0 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.9 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.9 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.3 2.0 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.2 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.2 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 9.2 5.5 5.4 2.8 7.0 5.5 5.5 2.8 7.0 5.5 5.5 2.8 7.0 5.5 5.5 5.5 1.1 1.7 5.5 1.1 5.8	34 350 69 540 108 434 149 086 19 752 79 284 18 907 13 362 49 291 15 752 60 238 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 528 53 268 53 268 54 009 40 575 146 466 8459 24 808 54 341 13 607 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 939 15 284 40 929 54 545 54 341 1 300 66 6285 54 341 1 300 66 6285 54 351 23 769 14 508 51 268 51 26	2.17 1.1 1.1 8.15 1.52 3.42 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.1 5.3 3.42 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 1.1 1.5 2.3 4.2 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 1.5 2.3 4.2 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 1.5 2.3 4.2 2.9 1.4 9 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.7 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.2 (0.4 1.2) 1.4 1.5 2.2 3.4 1.2 1.5 1.5 2.2 2.2 2.4 2.2 2.2 2.4 2.7 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	$\begin{array}{c} 20 & 966\\ 35 & 271\\ 49 & 191\\ 66 & 946\\ 61 & 882\\ 35 & 552\\ 45 & 107\\ 23 & 224\\ 13 & 391\\ 28 & 780\\ 26 & 157\\ 32 & 200\\ 23 & 757\\ 31 & 435\\ 11 & 689\\ 35 & 983\\ 52 & 637\\ 2 & 679\\ 45 & 279\\ 14 & 076\\ 67 & 062\\ 27 & 732\\ 24 & 889\\ 22 & 840\\ 32 & 365\\ 15 & 726\\ 45 & 557\\ 9 & 242\\ 24 & 857\\ 27 & 176\\ 30 & 991\\ 12 & 6623\\ 10 & 212\\ 27 & 808\\ 64 & 822\\ 235 & 261\\ 13 & 459\\ 29 & 153\\ 38 & 743\\ 27 & 922\\ 23 & 7 & 389\\ 32 & 158\\ 12 & 362\\ 38 & 937\\ 20 & 956\\ 42 & 389\\ 8 & 701\\ 37 & 638\\ 31 & 209\\ 70 & 030\\ 37 & 732\\ 11 & 267\\ 14 & 334\\ 31 & 284\\ 43 & 803\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.2\\ 1.2\\ 1.1\\ 8.6\\ 7.7\\ 1.2\\ 1.1\\ 8.6\\ 7.7\\ 1.2\\ 1.1\\ 1.3\\ 9.1\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1$

See footnotes at end of table.

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Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

<u> </u>												
	Cattle and invent		Hogs and pig	s inventory	Corn for gra	in or seed	Wheat fo	r grain	Soybeans f	or beans	Market value c product	
Geographic area						[[
		Relative		Relative		Relative		Relative		Relative		Relative
		standard error of		standard error of		standard error of		standard error of		standard error of		standard error of
	Total	estimate	Total	estimate	Total	estimate	Total	estimate	Total	estimate	Total	estimate
	(number)	(percent)	(number)	(percent)	(acres)	(percent)	(acres)	(percent)	(acres)	(percent)	(\$1,000)	(percent)
Moniteau	44 288	.9	36 059	1.6	12 236	2.2	4 557	2.9	14 287	3.6	28 340	.6
Monroe	38 117	1.4	72 131	2.0	20 311	1.6	13 959	2.5	85 763	1.2	42 309	8. 1
Montgomery	19 557 34 859	1.9	43 928	2.2 2.8	29 485	1.4	15 959 2 713	1.6	54 806	1.3	29 617	.9 .7
Norgan New Madrid	1 154	1.2 8.5	38 126 3 461	2.0	6 519 36 637	2.2	43 549	2.5	9 626 145 538	2.6 .8	36 067 66 406	.6
Newton	67 066	1.2	4 058	8.9	462	8.4	5 276	5.0	6 674	5.0	68 984	.0
Nodaway	77 939	1.0	84 487	1.5	98 455	1.1	3 258	3.8	130 424	.9	73 932	.4 .7
Oregon	46 869	1.2	19 148	2.8	39	2.6	307	12.2	(D)	(D)	23 940	1.0 .5
Osage	55 245	.7	81 724	2.0	8 853	1.3	2 638	1.7	7 803	3.0	42 414	.5
Ozark	56 054 840	.9 1.7	7 326 820	6.2 1.0	(D) 14 264	(D)	(D) 47 992	(D) 1.0	157 906	-	26 161 49 345	1.2 .7
Pemiscot	36 002	1.0	38 955	1.0	24 366	1.1	19 476	1.3	25 049	.8 1.6	49 345 32 051	./
Pettis	52 951	1.1	72 275	1.6	28 566	1.4	7 057	2.7	79 139	1.4	52 789	.7
Phelpsi	28 785	1.3	4 451	6.4	1 084	6.2	381	4.1	(D)	(D)	9 683	1.2
Pike	36 022	1.3	89 555	1.5	39 511	1.3	19 796	2.3	64 449	1.6	51 636	.7
Platte	17 055	1.8	11 550	2.7	26 037	2.0	4 247	5.1	49 518	1.5	25 063	1.1
Polk Pulaski i	89 840 23 508	.9 1.5	8 569 2 390	3.8 4.2	1 057 661	5.9 4.4	1 274	5.3	1 668 145	9.1 3.2	42 307 7 593	.9 1.3
Putnam	48 619	1.5	8 090	4.2 8.3	12 664	2.4	228	5.2	17 109	3.2	24 824	1.2
Ralls	22 991	1.7	37 683	2.6	20 290	2.0	14 614	3.0	73 033	1.7	29 840	1.1
Randolph	27 864	1.2	14 643	3.4	16 695	1.9	7 898	2.1	48 939	1.9	24 164	1.0
Ray	33 107	1.1	21 106	2.4	23 651	1.8	5 491	2.6	94 254	1.3	35 963	.7
Reynolds	9 335 18 546	1.8 2.2	4 585 3 414	3.7 6.8	461 420	5.0 1.3	206	3.8	277	.2	3 225	1.4
Ripley St. Charles	14 645	2.2	36 229	0.0 1.3	420	.9	10 693	6.1 1.7	8 259 67 019	3.4	8 227 34 845	2.1
St. Clair	43 262	1.4	13 088	4.1	4 699	4.2	3 129	5.5	20 580	3.5	18 507	1.3
Ste. Genevieve	26 205	1.3	30 266	2.2	11 832	1.3	6 365	1.8	9 741	2.9	19 866	1.0
St. Francois	23 757	1.6	3 620	4.9	2 040	2.9	745	4.5	885	5.8	15 187	.6
St. Louis	3 227	5.9	739	1.4	5 206	4.0	4 825	6.4	12 707	3.7	17 794	.7
SalineSchuyler	37 944 23 980	1.4 2.2	71 915 7 919	1.6 3.5	89 111 9 626	1.1	7 505 470	3.0 9.9	129 173 16 674	1.1 3.9	68 482 14 122	.7 1.5
Scotland	23 516	2.5	22 598	4.9	28 955	1.8	2 016	6.5	49 038	1.8	23 719	1.5
Scott	17 379	1.4	13 797	3.7	42 112	1.6	36 665	1.5	95 312	1.3	44 815	.8
Shannon	17 591	2.3	3 616	13.2	(D)	(D)	154	.6		-	5 445	2.8
Shelby	29 419	1.9	79 308	1.6	31 739	1.4	6 178	2.9	98 642	1.3	48 295	.8
Stoddard	12 003 36 044	2.2	15 272 1 476	3.6	70 830	1.2	51 691	1.2	129 777	1.0	77 302	.7
Stone Sullivan	48 339	1.7 1.3	14 344	5.6 4.0	(D) 11 983	(D) 2.8	(D) 642	(D) 8.4	28 399	3.1	16 347 23 280	2.1 1.2
Taney	26 261	1.5	1 416	6.2	11 303	2.0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	7 062	1.9
Texas	76 030	.9	4 050	8.6	593	7.7	1 563	3.7	~		33 245	1.1
Vernon	55 749	1.7	19 818	3.5	16 101	2.2	7 321	3.0	65 985	1.6	33 310	1.1
Warren	12 068	2.1	36 120	2.1	18 954	1.5	4 677	2.2	22 100	2.0	17 832	.9
Washington	19 902 10 642	1.8 2.2	4 365 6 150	2.3 6.4	488 901	7.1	101 1 274	15.6 6.8	108 4 233	.5 7.8	9 585 4 154	1.1
Wayne Webster	74 018	2.2 .9	14 130	5.3	569	4.6	251	10.1	4 233	21.4	4 154	1.0
Worth	22 934	1.9	12 694	5.3	12 436	2.5	410	4.7	21 529	3.1	13 406	1.7
Wright	76 874	1.0	7 330	3.0	-	-	186	5.5	-	-	45 727	1.0
			L			L	·		L	L	ا	

			•	S	elected farm pro	duction expenses	1			
Geographic area	Livestock and poultry purchased		Commerci	al fertilizer	Hired fa	rm labor	Petroleum	n products	Electricity for th	e farm business
	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Adair	2 681 2 909 2 959 8 214 7 335 2 951 5 149 3 036 1 458 4 549 1 290 3 68 1 904 3 362 1 859 3 218 4 563 6 31 4 4 563 6 31 4 4 341 2 906 8 703 4 575 1 980 8 4 341 2 271 8 946 1 287 2 974 2 997 3 057	26.1 26.1 18.6 13.5 5.1 6.3 15.3 3.8 15.0 17.3 7.5 9.2 17.2 15.0 9.3 18.1 7.3 14.3 31.8 31.8 31.8 14.3 31.8 15.2 35.5 1.9 10.4 14.1 14.1 14.1 15.2 35.5 15.7 1.9 10.4 14.1 14.1 14.1 14.4 17.9 17.9 10.4 14.4 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9	1 668 1 979 4 281 5 385 1 842 3 462 3 562 1 337 1 297 1 932 1 991 3 729 1 494 2 035 544 2 035 544 3 096 976 3 859 1 453 2 699 8 69 1 641 1 098 3 254 5 097 1 998 1 048 2 037 1 048 2 037 1 048 1	11.3 5.9 4.8 3.5 6.7 6.3 5.4 13.6 9.4 13.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 9.2 8.8 9.2 8.8 9.2 8.8 9.2 4.3 9.2 4.3 9.2 4.3 9.2 4.3 9.2 5.3 13.6 5.5 5.1 5.3 13.6 5.5 15.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.	512 1 210 2 096 2 289 2 485 1 111 1 684 486 513 2 667 1 092 1 404 518 1 148 727 1 513 1 696 87 3 564 372 2 062 1 079 828 845 1 290 2 062 1 079 828 845 1 290 2 062 1 079 828 845 1 290 626 708 845 64 674	10.5 5.6 6.0 6.3 11.8 9.4 9.4 11.5 8.2 21.0 8.0 10.1 4.2 17.9 4.6 2.1 4.5 6.8 7.5 1.1 24.7 7.6 13.9 11.1 3.5 2.3 12.4 9.5 19.8 8.8	1 247 1 762 2 489 3 013 1 667 2 128 841 1 073 841 1 533 1 680 2 762 1 536 1 870 3 079 154 2 172 811 3 152 1 122 1 623 807 1 964 4 57 1 273 807 1 744	9.1 5.3 4.2 2.9 5.6 5.8 4.4 8.7 7.4 5.1 13.2 3.6 6.6 6.6 5.8 15.2 5.1 21.4 4.7 8.8 6.2 5.1 5.5 21.4 4.7 8.8 6.2 5.1 5.5 21.4 4.7 8.8 6.2 5.1 5.5 7.1 8.8 6.2 7.5 7.9 7.9 7.9 7.5 7.5	328 328 514 666 864 733 542 560 340 171 427 299 642 353 447 213 588 271 666 37 588 271 666 496 358 271 666 358 271 566 37 588 271 588 271 588 271 566 356 37 588 271 588 273 588 271 588 273 588 273 588 273 588 271 588 273 588 583 588 583 588 583 588 583 588 583 588 583 588 583 588 588	11.8 7.0 4.7 3.3 4.0 7.8 6.6 8.0 7.1 6.4 9.7 4.7 8.5 4.7 13.2 4.5 4.7 13.2 4.5 4.7 13.2 4.5 4.8 26.2 3.4 9.1 6.4 7.6 7.6 14.0 5.4 11.7 6.6 8.8
Daviess	3 037 2 965 1 151 4 332 149 3 602 1 375 2 854	11.5 21.7 28.5 16.6 17.6 13.4 6.9	1 844 738 1 158 5 843 2 108 1 298 1 817	6.4 11.9 8.9 2.7 6.6 9.7 9.7	909 373 973 6 277 2 361 348 1 006	14.7 20.5 12.1 3.4 7.2 12.8 12.5	1 334 435 886 3 759 1 665 829 1 498	6.2 9.5 5.8 2.0 5.2 7.9 6.7	364 129 511 350 671 239 450	6.2 9.7 8.8 5.1 5.6 8.0 7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

				S	elected farm pro	duction expenses	5 ¹			
Geographic area	Livestock a purch		Commerci	al fertilizer	Hired fa	rm labor	Petroleum	n products	Electricity for th	e farm business
	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)								
Greene	6 321	22.3	2 111	7.7	1 587	8.7	1 572	6.5	722	5.3
Grundy Harrison	2 248 2 823	14.5 14.3	1 548 2 407	5.5 6.6	917 734	3.7 9.7	1 372 1 883	5.3 4.8	356 462	6.3 6.8
Henry	2 252	10.9	2 384	5.6	1 602	6.0	1 637	4.1	411	5.4
Hickory Holt	1 076 2 440	10.9 6.2	712 3 161	9.4 5.5	394 1 402	8.3 10.3	600 2 094	12.6 5.5	238 473	12.0 11.0
Howard	2 988	13.6	1 893	8.1	1 144	14.3	1 332	6.8	378	7.5
Howell	8 912 882	5.4 19.2	1 989 148	5.7 26.1	1 590 158	7.3	1 398	6.4 20.8	603 38	12.9 22.3
Jackson	2 149	6.7	1 044	10.4	1 583	15.7	1 226	7.4	274	8.0
Jasper	3 040 638	8.8 13.5	2 496 502	8.9 10.4	3 607 493	3.8 7.8	1 990 565	6.1 9.3	625 184	5.8 14.4
Johnson	6 234	8.8	2 789	6.5	1 621	3.0	2 076	4.1	624	11.5
Knox Laclede	3 314 3 060	12.4 14.2	2 913 1 520	6.5 7.3	1 274	7.2	1 877	6.3 7.0	440 577	5.8 7.0
Lafayette	9 359	5.0	4 233	3.4	3 181	2.5	3 084	3.4	961	3.8
Lawrence	8 655 2 190	5.6 12.1	2 521 3 288	5.9 5.6	4 507 1 379	4.1	1 751	3.9 4.3	1 143 515	4.2 11.6
Lincoln	6 083	7.4	3 393	5.3	4 612	4.6	2 192	4.3	779	4.3
Linn	4 571 2 194	8.8 15.2	2 334	5.8 5.1	1 160 852	10.7	1 965 1 831	4.2	547 385	7.1 6.6
McDonald	9 930	3.5	575	13.9	3 115	14.9	1 658	4.4	1 055	3.3
Macon Madison	3 948 4 063	9.6 5.1	2 503 401	5.6 13.1	896 276	6.6	2 122 325	4.4	414 105	6.3 12.2
Maries	2 507	24.3	1 203	6.7	432	18.4	605	7.7	211	7.3
Marion Mercer	2 354 1 999	13.3 19.9	2 756 1 427	6.5 17.3	1 188 353	6.5 21.0	1 818 1 034	8.3 7.8	466 272	6.5 9.0
Miller	6 407	4.6	833	8.5	1 104	8.3	1 020	4.9	406	6.8
Mississippi	467 4 772	47.4 11.8	3 648 1 647	3.6 5.7	4 667 735	2.0 7.5	2 696	3.2 7.9	444 514	5.2 7.0
Moniteau	4 291	7.5	3 510	4.5	1 699	4.4	2 126	4.6	623	5.9
Montgomery	2 196 5 943	12.2 4.5	2 901 1 152	6.0 9.9	1 033 1 148	13.5	1 704	5.1	544 509	6.4 4.9
New Madrid	(D)	(D) 3.1	6 414	2.6	5 173	2.8	4 456	2.7	(D)	(D) 3.6
Newton Nodaway	11 588 6 011	3.1 7.1	1 484 4 633	8.1 2.6	4 161 1 729	7.3 5.9	1 650 3 866	4.9 3.3	1 143 1 073	3.6 3.9
Oregon (5 206	9.7	1 033	8.5	966	6.7	727	6.3	268	10.7
Osage Ozark	4 035 4 044	4.8 7.0	1 885 1 184	6.4 8.3	1 411 928	13.7	1 489 883	4.0	654 348	5.7 6.3
Pemiscot	(D)	(D) 11.5	3 465	3.7	4 441	6.2	3 348	4.7	395	10.1
Perry Pettis	4 685 6 858	11.5 7.1	2 232 3 480	5.6 4.4	1 357 1 758	4.9	1 422 2 461	5.8	451 661	5.5 5.2
Pheips	1 702	12.5	669	16,4	484	23.6	529	15.0	164	10.9
Pike Platte	7 095 1 293	3.6 15.7	3 340 1 806	4.2 6.2	2 345 1 100	4.6	2 215 1 297	4.3	621 242	8.1 6.1
Poik	4 341	9.3	2 389	7.0	1 511	7.3	1 358	5.8	751	6.4
Pulaski Putnam	1 551 4 613	12.9 15.0	395 1 204	14.9 9.4	368 769	17.9	374 973	7.2	143 292	15.8 8.6
Ralis	2 643	9.5	2 317	7.3	940	13.2	1 595	7.8	378	8.3
Randolph	3 971	20.9	1 889 1 942	7.1	1 034 1 509	2.0 4.5	1 267	5.5 5.4	420 416	17.4 8.5
Ray Reynolds	5 666 431	3.3 22.3	192	5.8 17.2	146	26.9	218	14.1	42	15.5
Ripley St. Charles	1 123 1 427	31.2 9.6	699 2 294	10.8 5.8	303 2 664	13.8 10.9	638 1 793	14.1 8.3	79 460	13.6 8.6
St. Clair	1 714	24.7	1 915	11.6	629	13.9	1 301	7.3	283	9.1
Ste. Genevieve St. Francois	2 953 1 579	9.5 8.2	1 241 514	7.7 11.8	620 1 371	5.1	912 653	9.3 5.8	298 192	6.6 7.2
St. Louis	46	89.5	321	8.0	2 680	5.7	699	4.2	484	3.4
Saline	7 249 1 691	6.3	4 761 990	4.0 7.8	2 178 429	2.3 12.5	3 260 683	4.2	776 229	3.8 10.3
Schuyler Scotland	2 290	18.2 24.4	2 706	7.6	617	6.7	1 462	5.8	382	7.6
Scott	5 339	3.4	3 580	3.5	3 744	4.6 14.3	2 461 298	3.5	487 62	3.8 13.4
Shannon Shelby	1 496 4 533	79.3 5.4	423 3 714	18.9 5.6	145 1 604	4.8	2 466	14.1	656	4.6
Stoddard Stoddard Sullivan Taney Texas	3 395	9.5	9 154	3.6	4 644	2.1	5 496	2.1	1 072	3.6
Sullivan	1 670 3 138	16.7 11.3	600 1 486	11.8 8.8	655 698	15.2 20.4	633 1 347	9.7 5.3	313 311	7.8 7.8
Taney	1 050	26.2	508	19.8	180	15.9	498	8.1	162	15.9
Texas Vernon	3 348 2 044	17.0 9.2	2 403 3 173	10.0 5.1	975 1 266	15.3	1 271 2 354	5.5 5.8	564 434	7.1 7.3
Warren	1 479	13.4	1 289	13.0	1 000	19.3	941	11.4	325	13.4
Washington	2 514 (D)	20.7 (D)	302 269	16.7 19.2	389 131	15.6 6.0	304 286	15.5 11.3	103 (D)	8.5 (D)
Webster	(D) 4 571	(D) 8.5	2 036	6.1	1 522	9.7	1 439	5.4	749	(D) 7.8
Worth Wright	1 621 3 758	18.2 15.2	744 1 930	14.4 6.8	340 1 319	23.0 6.4	806 1 452	9.0 6.3	179 904	11.5 5.8
	3 / 30	10.2	1 930	0.0	1 519	0.4	L 1 452	0.3		

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

Table G. State Coverage Evaluation Estimates of Farms Not on the Mail List: 1987

[Data are based on a sample of farms; see text. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Not on	mail list	Percent not	t on mail list
item	Total number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total percent	Standard error of percent
Farmsnumberacres_acres_	3 043 243 202	6.0 34.2	2.8 .8	.2 .3
Farms by size: Less than 50 acres farms 50 acres or more farms	1 898 1 145	7.5 10.1	7.9 1.3	.6 .1
Harvested cropland farms acres	2 183 110 337	22.8 46.2	2.6 .9	.6 .4
Farms by value of sales:	982 2 061 1 485 576	1.3 8.6 8.4 28.9	4.1 2.4 4.3 1.1	.1 .2 .4 .3
Market value of agricultural products sold \$1,000	21 798	34.2	.6	.2
Farms by standard industrial classification: Crops (01) farms Livestock (02) farms	1 217 1 826	11.9 6.9	3.5 2.5	.4 .2
Farms by tenure of operator: Full owners farms Part owners and tenants farms	2 128 915	5.9 16.8	2.9 2.5	.2 .4
Operators by principal occupation: Farming farms	2 089 954	8.6 3.2	3.7 1.8	.3 .1
Average age of operatoryears	52.0	(Z)	(X)	(X)

Note 1: Farms classified as nonfarms, nonfarms classified as farms, and farms appearing more than once in the census are not accounted for in these estimates, but will be provided in the 1987 Coverage Evaluation publication. See appendix C for futher explanation.

Note 2: Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

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APPENDIX D. Report Form and Information Sheet

DUE BY FEBRUARY 1, 1988			OMB No. 0607-05	34: Approval Expires	September 30, 1989
FORM 87-A0206 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (9-23-86) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS	TICE - Response to this inquir E CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFIDE	is required by law (title 13,	U.S. Code). By t	he same law YO	UR REPORT TO
	v for statistical purposes. Your re	port CANNOT be used for p	urposes of taxat	ion, investigation	nd may be used n, of regulation.
UNITED STATES	a law also provides that copies re				
CENSUS	correspondence pertaining to	this report, please refer to	your Census Fl	ie Number (CFF	A)
			:	87-A0206	
	<u> </u>				
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street					
Jeffersonville, IN 47133					
Note - If your records are not available, reasonable estimates may be					
used. If you cannot file by February 1, a time extension request may be sent to the above address. Include your 12-character Census File					
Number (CFN) as shown in your address label in all correspondence to					
us.					
If you received more than one report form, enter extra A					
Census File Number(s) here					
and return extra copies with vour completed report.					
CENSUS 036 036 037 038					
USE 020					
ONLY 039 040 041 042	Please correct errors in name, a	ddress, and ZIP Code. ENT	R street and nu	mber if not show	/n.
SECTION ACREAGE IN 1987 Report land owned, rented, or us	INSTRUCTIONS	- Please report your o	rops in the ap	propriate sec	tion.
s1 by you, your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation organization for which you are reporting. Include ALL L	Use section 7 to	report ONLY those CR	DPS NOT liste	d in sections	2 through 6
REGARDLESS OF LOCATION OR USE - cropland,	and section 8. U	O NOT INCLUDE crops	grown on lan	d rented to ot	hers.
pastureland, rangeland, woodland, idle land, house lots	C. SECTION 2 M	fere any of the following C	ROPS harveste	d from "THIS	PLACE"
If the acres you operated in 1987 changed during the year,		1987? Acres			Acres
	er of acres	None harvest		y harvested	irrigated
041	1. Cotton	091	092		93
1. All land owned		088	089	Bales	90
2. All land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked	2. Soybeans for	beans L	074	Bu	75
by you on shares, used rent free, in exchange for services,	3. Wheat for gra	in ' 🗖 ⁰⁷³	074	Bu.	,,,,
payment of taxes, etc. Include leased Federal, State, and railroad land. (DO NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a	4. Oats for grain	076	077	Gu.)78
grazing permit.) Also complete item 5 below.	4. Cata for grain	677	678	Bu.	679
3 All land moted or langed TO OTHERS, including land worked on	5. Rice		{}	OR	
3. All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including land worked on shares by others and land subleased. Also complete item 6 below.				Barrets	069
	6. Corn (field) for seed (Report que		100		
4. Acres in "THIS PLACE" — ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented	dry shelled-weigh	t basis.)		Bu.	
TO OTHERS (item 3), and enter the result in this space.	7. Corn (field) for		071	Tons.	072
For this census report these are the acres in "THIS PLACE."	or green chop	····· []	1083	green Bu.	084
If the entry is zero please refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section 1.	8. Sorghum for gr		{	OR	
5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2), enter the following information for ea	or seed andlord. 9. Sorghum for sili		088	Cwt.	087
	er of acres green chop (Do)	not include		Tons,	
	sorghum-sudan cro	sses.)	657	green	58
	10.Peanuts for n	uts 🗋 🔄		Lbs.	24
	11.Sugarcane fo	rsugar 🔲 🖓	723	Tons	24
		725	728	17	27
List additional landkords on a separate sheet of paper.	12.Sugarcane fo			Tons	
6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3), enter the following information for e Name of renter Mailing address (Include 7/P Code) No.		as any DRY HAY, GRASS	SILAGE, HAYL ACE" in 1987	AGE, or GREEI	N CHOP CUT
Name of renter Mailing address (Include ZIP Code) Nu	er or acres fr	nciude sorghum-sudan era	sses and hay c)# .
	^{\$3} 1 🗋 \	ES — Complete this sec	tion 2 🗌 N	O - Go to sect	tíon 4
	If cuttings were i	made for both dry hay and grad alds, report the acreage in the	s silaga, haylaga,	or green chop	
		der GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAG			
List additional renters on a separate sheet of paper.	1 DBY HAY //	f two or more cuttings of dry	Acres	Quantity	Acres
a. Of the land you rented or leased to others, how many None 053	hay were made	from the same acres, report	harvested	harvested	ry irrigated
acres did you own?	Acres acres only once cuttings.)	, but report total tons from a	"	or green weight indicated)	25
7. Did you have any grazing permits on a per-head basis?	a. Alfalfa and a	Ifalfa mixtures for	103	104 To	105
054 (3 🛄 Forest Service		drating		dry	r
1 🔲 Yes — Mark (X) all boxes which apply 🛛 4 🛄 Taylor Grazing S		nay — oats, wheat,	106	107 To	
s 🛄 Indian Land		etc	109	110 dry	1117
2 🗔 No Go to item 8 (s 🖸 Other Specify		dry hay - clover, timothy, Bermuda grass,	1		
		6, etc		To	
8. LOCATION OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY FOR "THIS PLACE"			112	113 To	ns, 114
a. In what county was the County name State Nu	er of acres		· · }	dry	
Principal 056	2. GRASS SILA	GE, HAYLAGE, AND			
raised or produced?	were made from	If two or more cuttings the same acres, report	115	118	117
h If you also had agricultural	acres only once all cuttings.)	, but report total tons from	.	To	
b. If you also had agricultural operations in any other Other		- Did you sell any hay	110		
countyfies), enter the counties	or grass silag	e in 1987? (Report value	118 . 1 🗌 Yei	2 No	
county name(s), etc	or nay sold in se	ction 9, item 4)		L	

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT

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SECTION43 Were any VEGETABLES, SWEET CORN, MELONS, etc., harvested FOR SALE from "THIS PLACE" in 1987? (Do not include those grown for home use.)										SIGNOMO Were any STRAWBERRIES or OTHER BERRIES harvested FOR SALE from "THIS PLACE" in 1987? (Do not include those grown for home use.)									
		 Complet Go to set 		ction						1 YES — Complete this section 2 NO — Go to section 7									
		0010000		Acres		Ac	res irrigat	ed				Code		res harve		0	hanvootad	Acres irri	gated
1. Land from which ve harvested in 1987	getable	es were	275	ole acres	Tenths	376	e acres		Strawl				Who	le acres		637		Whole acres	
2. From the list below,	, enter 1	the crop name	and code	for each	/10 crop han	vested i	n 1987.	/10		erries	and	538 509	<u>}</u>		/10	610	Lbs.	611	/10
If more than one ve each crop. Report o	rops gr	own under pro	tection i	n section	5. 	· .			Bluebe tame			512	<u>†</u>		/10	613	Lbs.	514	/10
Crop nan Watermelons	nə	Co	de A 73	cres harv	ested /10	474	es inigat	ed /10	Raspb	erries		533	1		/10	534	Lbs.	635	/10
					/10	5		/10	Other Specify	berries	-	539	T			540		541	
					/10	1		/10				<u> </u>	L_		/10		Lbs.		/10
ļ					/10	T		/10 /10	Contraction of the	Dace is r				sheet of p CROPS he		from "THI	IS PLACE" in	1987 — smal	l grains,
					1 /10	1		/10			field	l seeds, t	obac		es, dry	beens, dry	peas, or other		
If more spece is needed, u										\$7] YES		Comple	te this s	ection			
Asparagus Beans, snap (bush and pol	375		eens	Code	South	hern pea		Code						Go to se		nd and a fr	een ehn liet h		
Cabbage, head	383	I Onions, gr	een	435	/ biac	keved.	peas) — 	409						pecified v			om the list b		
Cantaloups and muskmelons		Peas, Engli	icludə gre	en 441	Squa	sh		459	C	rop na	me	C	ode	Acres ha	rvested	Quantit	ty harvested	Acres in	rigated
Cucumbers and pickles Eggplant	411	Peppers, s Peppers, h	weet ot	443	Toma Turni	nto-es ps		463 465	Barley	for grai	n		079				Bu.		
Lettuce and romaine Lima beans, green									Rye for	grain			686			687	Bu.	688	
									Fescue	seed			602		-	1	Lbs		
bulbs, flowers, flower seeds, vegetable seeds and plants, vegetables un glass or other protection, GROWN FOR SALE on "THIS PLACE" in 198									Red clo	ver see	d		871		.	672	Lbs	673	-
SS 1 YES - Complete this section 2 NO - Go to section 6 Area inigated									Tobaco	:0			094		/10		Lbs		/10
		- Go to sec			Square fe	et	Acres T	enths	Sweetp	otatoes	and y	ams 1	100		/10	101	Bu.	102	/10
1. Nursery and greenh		-				47		/10	Potato	os, Irish			097		/10	098	Cwi	089	/10
2. From the list below,	enter t	Square fee			<u> </u>	wn.										1		2	
Crop name	Code	under glass other protect in 1987	or	es in the c in 1987 e acres Te		Sale Doli	es in 198	7 Cents								<u>,</u>		2	_
			1		/10 \$		<u>a:s</u>	00						L		Ľ			
			1		/10 \$			00	It more s Crop na		xaeded,	, use a sej	parate	sheet of p Cod		rop name			Code
N			1		/10 \$			00	Bahia dr	ass see	d loou	nds)		542	- R	yegrass se	l (pounds) ed (pounds)		674 689
If more space is needed, us Crop name	se a sepi	cod		p name				Code	Corn cur	t for drv	fodde	r. hoaaea	d. or	554		or hay (ton	t for dry forag s, dry) gged or graze		. 698
Bedding plants (Include) Bulbs (Exclude bulb flow	rerina p	lents) 482	Pot Mu	ted flower shrooms				710 494	Guar (po	xundis).				s) 581	כיי	(report acre orghum for	es only) r strup (pound	s)	701
Cut flowers and cut flor Nursery crops — orname and nut trees, and vine	entais, f	ruit	· Vec	i harveste jetable and jenhouse v	i flowers	eeds.		500	Mungbe Orchard	ans (pou grass se	unds) Ied (po	unds)		638	i T	imothy see etch seed (eed (pounds) d (pounds) . (pounds)		. 748
Foliage plants			Oth	ier Spe	cify	• • • • • •		506	Popcorn	(pound	s, she	lled)		662	<u> </u>	ther crops	(pounds) —	Specify	. 752
SECTIONS Wast		- Complet			01 (KE)	ES, (NC)	uding Gri			KUS, #	-			" I MIS P	LACE	m 198//			
		- Go to sec						Whole a	tel acres		Vhole a	es irrigat	enths	1					
 TOTAL ACRES in the vineyards, and nut to vineyards. 	rees on	and nonbearin this place. (D	g fruit or o not incl	chards, ci <i>ude abanc</i>	trus or o loned ac	ther gro ves.)	ves, 12	1		/10	2		/10						
2. For those crops not Report the requested	listed b d inform	elow, enter the nation for each	e name a 1 crop eve	nd code fr en if not h	om the li arvested	ist at th I becaus	e right for e of low p	r other prices,	fruit and a damage f	nut tree from hai	s on ti il, fros	his place t, etc.	in 19	87.					
		NUME TREES OR V	ER OF	_	Acres in and vin					Jnit of n Mark		e							
Crop name	Code	Nonbearing	Beari	ing	all aç	jes	ha	luantit Brveste	i he	s. Ton	s Boxe	Lbs. es per]	moltrus	croa	Code	Citrus cro	0	Code
Apples	123	age	290 124	B W	nole acre	s Tenth	126		12] 3 🗆	128				129	Grapefruit		. 267
Grapes	177		178	175		1 /1	180		18	1		182	Fig	s		165	Oranges	s - Specify	. 297
Peaches	225		226	227		1/1	2 <u>28</u> 0		22 1 [9 2		230	PI O	ars ums and p her noncil	runes . Irus fruit		Other Citrus	ь — эресну .	. 315
Pecans	339		340	341		/1	0 342		34	3 2] 3 🗆	(344] 8	1	ind nuts -	- Specil	fy 369			
			1	2		/1	ol				1-		4						
			L			/1	0			2	3]]						

If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper. FORM 87-A0206 (9-23-86)

SECTIONS GROSS VALUE of CROPS SOLD from "THIS PLACE" in 1987, BEFORE s9 taxes and expenses (Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section 9.)	SECTION 18] Did you or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place in 1987?							
s takes and expanses intere to the introduction of the following section 2.7 Report your best estimate of the value for each of the following groups of crops sold from this place in 1997. Include the value of the landlord's and/or contractor's share,	⁵¹³ 1 ☐ YES — Complete this section 2 ☐ NO — Go to section 14 INVENTORY							
estimating if necessary. Include value of Government CCC loans.	Number on this							
1. Grains, soybeans and other beans sold in 1987 None Dollars Cents	DECEMBER 31, 1987 INVENTORY None place Dec. 31, 1987 Road Bages Road Bages							
a. Corn for grain	(Total of e, b, c, and d below)							
b. Wheat	a.BEEF COWS - include beef heifers that Beef cows							
C. Soybeans	b. MILK COWS kept for production of milk or							
d. Sorghum for grain	cream for sale or home Use — Include dry Milk milk cows and milk heifers that had calved							
e. Barley \$ 100	806 Heifers and							
f. Oats	c. HEIFERS AND HEIFER CALVES - (Do not include heifer heifers that had celved.)							
g. Other – rice, rye, dry beans, dry peas, popcorn, sunflower seed, etc	d. STEERS, STEER CALVES, BULLS,							
2.Cotton and cottonseed	AND BULL CALVES							
3. Tobacco	CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD							
4. Hay, silage, field seeds, and grass seeds	FROM THIS PLACE IN 1987 Include those fed on this place on a Number sold Gross value of sales							
5. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons— (Do not include hish potatoes and sweetpotatoes, report them in item 7 below.) (\$	as sold cattle moved from this place None in 1987 Dollars Cents							
6. Fruits, nuts, and berries – apples, peaches, pecans,	to a feediot for further feeding. 808 809 2 Cohros weighing less than 500 pounds 0 0							
citrus, strawberries, etc () \$	2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds							
7. Other crops - Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, peanuts, sugarcane, guar, mungbeans, etc. (Do not include nursery	3. Cattle, including calves weighing 500 pounds or more							
and greenhouse crops.)	Of the total cattle sold, how many were							
Specify \$ 00	FATTENED on this place on GRAIN or 812 813 CONCENTRATES for 30 days or more							
SECTION 10 How were the ACRES in this place USED in 1987?	and SOLD for SLAUGHTER?							
1. Copy acres in "THIS PLACE" from section 1, item 4, page 1 Acres	DAIRY PRODUCTS SOLD FROM DAIRY PRODUCTS Gross value of sales							
NOTE: For items 2 to 5 below, if land was used for more than one purpose in 1987 report it in the FIRST land use listed below that applies. For example, report cropland	THIS PLACE IN 1987 None Dollars Cents							
harvested and also pastured, only as "Cropland harvested."	4. Gross value of sales of DAIRY PRODUCTS from this place in 1987 - Include milk, cream,							
a. Cropland harvested - Include all land from which crops 787	butter, etc							
were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse crops.	SECTION 12: Did you or anyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place in 1987?							
b. Cropland used only for pasture or grazing - Include rotation pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without	1 YES - Complete this section INVENTORY							
	2 NO — Go to section 15 Number on this place Dec. 31, 1987							
c - Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil- improvement grasses, but NOT harvested and NOT	DECEMBER 31, 1987 INVENTORY NOTE 815							
d. Cropland on which all crops failed (Exception: Do not 780	1. HOGS and PIGS of all ages (Total of a and b below)							
report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 2a, 1	a. HOGS and PIGS used or to be used for BREEDING Breeding							
Gropland in cultivated summer fallow	b. OTHER HOGS and PIGS Other Other							
f. Cropland idle	LITTERS FARROWED							
	2. LITTERS FARROWED on this place between - None Number of litters							
woodlots and timber tracts and	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987							
with young timber growth.	b. June 1, 1987 and November 30, 1987							
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.	Number Gross value of sales							
5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above	HOGS AND PIGS SOLD None in 1987 Dollars Cents HOGS and PIGS SOLD from this B20 B20 B21							
6. TOTAL ACRES - Add the acres reported in items 2 through 5	3. HOGS and PIGS SOLD from this place in 1987							
(Should be the same as item 1 above .)	4. Of the hogs and pigs sold, how many were sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?							
SENTION THE Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any time in 1987? Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means sprinklers, furrows	Side as reciben rids for further recong?							
or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation.	S_{11}^{S15} YES - Complete this section							
S11 1 YES — Complete this section Number of acres 2 NO — Go to section 12 None irrigated	$2 \square NO - Go to section 16$							
1. How many acres of harvested land were irrigated?	INVENTORY NUMBER SOLD							
Include land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 10, item 2a	Number on this Nominer 30LD None place Dec. 31, 1987 in 1987							
2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other	1. SHEEP and LAMBS of all ages							
lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?	a.EWES 1 year old or older							
SIGNOV 12 Were any ACRES in this place SET ASIDE, DIVERTED, OR IDLED under FEDERAL acreage reduction programs in 1987?	Number shorn Pounds of wool							
1 YES - Complete this section	None in 1987 shorn in 1987							
2 NO - Go to section 13 None Number of acres	2. SHEEP and LAMBS SHORN							
1. How many acres were set aside (or diverted) under ANNUAL commodity acreage adjustment programs?	Gross value of sales							
2. How many acres were under the CONSERVATION RESERVE	3. What was the gross value of sales of SHEEP,							
PROGRAM (10 year, CRP)?	LAMBS, and WOOL from this place in 1987?							
FORM 87-A0206 (9-23-86)	~?							

1. Honcent resched in 1837 from Gommann CCC Lease for - None in the image in the series of the	SECTION 15: Did you or anyone else have any HORSES, BEES, FISH, GOATS, OTHER LIVESTOCK, or ANIMAL SPECIALTIES on this place in 1987?													
I. Horase and ponies Norme Dataset 0.00	\$16	-			-		17	1. Automatified at 1967 from Obvernament CCC loans for -	Cents					
1. Horose and ponies 100 grad 100 grad <td></td> <td>INVENTORY</td> <td>T</td> <td></td> <td colspan="3"></td> <td>a.Com</td> <td>00</td>		INVENTORY	T					a.Com	00					
1. Horses and ponies as a manual est model	None	this place Dec. 31, 1987			Do	ollars	Cents	b.Wheat 🗍 💲 👘 i	00					
2. Colonies of bees.		830	831	Number			00	c.Soybeans	00					
2. Colonies of bases. Image: set intermediate products and the product of the pr		839	840		N				00					
a.s. Angora goats. a.s. a.s. </td <td>2. Colonies of bees</td> <td>1 1</td> <td>841</td> <td>Pounds</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1</td> <td>00</td> <td>890</td> <td>00</td>	2. Colonies of bees	1 1	841	Pounds	\$	1	00	890	00					
3. Milk gosts		843	844		846			891 1						
3. Mint goals mint mint </td <td>• • • • • •</td> <td>4</td> <td>845</td> <td></td> <td>></td> <td>1 1</td> <td>00</td> <td>SECTION IN Payments received for participation in FEDERAL FARM PROGRAMS</td> <td></td>	• • • • • •	4	845		>	1 1	00	SECTION IN Payments received for participation in FEDERAL FARM PROGRAMS						
4. Angora gosts as Number as 00 1. Amount received in cash as as 00 5. Other gosts as as 00 1. Amount received in cash as 00 6. Mules, burros, and donkeys as 00 as 00 as 00 7. Mink and their pelts as as 00 as 00 as 00 9. All other livestock and their pelts as as as 00 as as 00 9. All other livestock products (fiver name and code from thelew) as as </td <td>3. Milk goats</td> <td></td> <td>848</td> <td>milk</td> <td>{</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>SHEET, section 19. None Dollars</td> <td>Cents</td>	3. Milk goats		848	milk	{			SHEET, section 19. None Dollars	Cents					
4. Angona goals mehair iss mehair iss is		847	849		<u>}</u>	i	00	515						
5. Other goats	4. Angora goats	851	852	mohair					_00					
6. Mules, burros, and donkeys. ast ast ast ast 7. Mink and their pelts ast ast ast ast 9. All other livestock and files ast ast ast ast 9. All other livestock and files ast ast ast ast 9. All other livestock and files ast ast ast ast 10. Fish ad other aquaculture products (Enter name and code from backer) Total quantity sold Gross section 22 asterin 22 10. Fish ad other aquaculture products (Enter name and code from backer) Total quantity sold Gross section 21 Specify ballow then get other backer) Name Code Name Code Name Code Specify Spec	5. Other goats 🗌		[Number	s	i	00		00					
7. Mink and their pelts bar		833	834											
Petts Number 8 00 8. Rabbits and their est ass integration est ass integration est integration est integration est integration integratintegratintegration integration		836	837	Number	<u> </u>		00							
8. Rabbits and their pelts Image: the section of the construction of the consthe construction of the construction of the			ļ	Number			00							
9. All other livestock and livestock products ms7 ms8 ms9 ms7 ms8 ms9 ms7 ms8 ms9 ms7 ms8 ms2 ms8 ms8 <		854	855			1		(Do not include partnership and corporation.)						
INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAW	9. All other livestock and		}	Number		I	00		22					
10. Fish and other aqu8culture or dust in 1987 Total quantity sold Gross value of sales • OTHER, such as estate or trust, prison farm, grazing such as estates or		857	858			i I I	00	INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAW	21					
10. Fish and other aquaculture products [Firer name and code from fist below.] 10. Fish and other aquaculture products [Firer name and code from fist below.] 10. Fish and other aquaculture products [Firer name and code from fist below.] 10. Fish and other aquaculture products [Firer name and code from fist below.] Specify		Total augustitu	Grand Gra			·i	00	association, Indian reservation, etc. 4						
Name Code I - OR - Pounds 2 00 Name Code Statistics Statis		in 1987	sold			1		go to section. □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	22					
Image: 1 Number 1 \$ 00 Name Code Neme Code Catish 660 Other fish Section 21. I more space is needed. use a separate sheet of paper. Beer to the INFORMATION SHEET. section 21. I more space is needed. use a separate sheet of paper. Products Specify. I more space is needed. use a separate sheet of paper. Products Specify. I more space is needed. use a separate sheet of paper. Products Specify. I more space is needed. use a separate sheet of paper. Products Specify. I more space is needed. use a separate sheet of paper. Number on this place Statistics AND OCCUPATION OF OPERATOR (Sentor pertner for break in 1987) I HENS and PULLETS of laying age. 100 Total number sold in 1987 Seat 1989 I. HENS and PULLETS of laying age. 100 100 100 Seat 1989 I. HENS and PULLETS of laying age. 100 100 Seat 1989 Seat 1989 I. HENS and PULLETS of laying age inclusing capons and roasters. 100 Seat 1987 Seat 1987 I. PULLETS of laying age inclusing capons and roasters. 100 Seat 1987 Seat 1987 Seat 1987						}								
Catifsh. 860 Other fish - Specify. 866 Trout. 863 Other association of products - Specify. 865 M more space is needed, use a separate sheat of paper. 1. Is this a family-held corporation?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mber]		100]	i	SECTION 21 CORPORATE STRUCTURE (for incorporated operations only) Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section 21.						
If more space is needed, use a separate sheet of paper. products - Specify	Catfish	860	Other fisl					623						
Size (UVIVI) Did you or anyone else have any POULTRY, such as CHICKENS, TrucktYS, DUCKS, etc., on this place in 1987?			Other aq product	uaculture s — <i>Specify</i>		869								
for others on a contract basis. ⁵¹⁷ ¹														
1 YES - Complete this section Number on this place Total number sold in 1987 1. RESIDENCE - Does the operator (senior partner or person in charge) live on this place? \$23 1 Yes 2 No 1. HENS and PULLETS of laying age 0 692 893 2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION - At which occupation did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her worktime in 1987? \$28 3289 328 328	for others on a c	contract basis.						or person in charge) Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section 22.	IOT					
1. HENS and PULLETS of laying age	1 🗌 YES –	-		Numbe this pl	ace			1. RESIDENCE - Does the operator (senior partner or 923						
2. PULLETS for laying flock replacement a.PULLETS for laying flock replacement b.PULLETS anonths old or older not yet of laying age b.PULLETS 3 months old or older not yet of laying age b.PULLETS 3 months old or older not yet of laying age b.PULLETS 3 months old or older not yet of laying age b.PULLETS 3 months old or older not yet of laying age b.PULLET CHICKS and PULLETS under 3 months old a.DEF- FARM WORK - How many days did the operator (senior partnership together					1987	893			10					
 a. PULLETS 3 months old or older not yet of laying age b. PULET CHICKS and PULLETS under 3 months old b. PULET CHICKS and PULLETS under 3 months old consider all members of the partnership together. a. OFF- FARM WORK — How many days did the operator (senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work at least 9 as 0 as			· · · · L J	894				did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or 928						
(Do not include commercial broilers.)						}		consider all members of the partnership together	Other					
3. BOILERS, Typers, and other meat-type chickens 1898 899 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? - Include work 2 1 1 3 50-99 days 4. TURKEYS a. Turkeys for slaughter (Do not include breeders.) 902 903 901 3 50-99 days b. Turkey HENS kept for breeding 902 903 4. In what YEAR did the operator (or senior partner) begin 050 150-199 days c. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity – ducks, geese, pigeons or squab, pheasants, quail, etc. 4. In what YEAR did the operator (or senior partner) begin 050 902 903								3. OFF- FARM WORK - How many days did the operator 1 None						
 4. TURKEYS a. Turkeys for slaughter (Do not include breeders.) b. Turkey HENS kept for breeding c. Turkey HENS kept for				898	ŀ	899		4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work						
a. Turkeys for slaughter (Do not include breeders.) s 150-199 days b. Turkey HENS kept for breeding so2 so3 c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding so2 so3 c. Turkey HENS kept for breeding so2 so3 s. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity – ducks, geese, pigeons or squab, pheasants, quail, etc. (Enter pouliry name and code from the list below.) 4. In what YEAR did the operator (or senior partner) begin to operate any part of this place? obs	÷ .	15	••••	900	{	901		nev (Do not include exchange ferministric)	s					
b. Turkey HENS kept for breeding • 200 days or more c. OTHER POULTRY raised in captivity – ducks, geese, pigeons or squab, pheasants, quail, etc. • 200 days or more c. Firster poultry name and code from the list below.) • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	a. Turkeys for slaughter (Do n	not include breeders.)	🗖	902		903								
gesse, pigeons or squab, pheasants, quail, etc. (Enter poultry name and code from the list below.)									ore					
	geese, pigeons or squab, phe	asants, quail, etc			ļ			4. In What i EAN did the operator for senior particult begin						
Poultry name Code Code FACE of anotation (applies portions of persons)					ł	1								
Subtraction (Service Service Service Partner of person in charge) rears one		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1		924	10					
Poultry name Code 1			Code	I Name	L	Cod								
Ducks	Ducks	Pigeons or squab Pheasants	908 910	All ot	her poults	rv	1	2 🗋 American India	n					
Specify	6. POULTRY HATCHED on this of	ace in 1987 and	Nooe	Spe				4 L Asian of Facilic	;					
placed or sold - chickens, turkeys, ducks, etc	placed or sold - chickens, turl			916					v I					
Specify kind of poultry				917				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
7. Incubator egg capacity on December 31, 1987	 Incubator egg capacity on D 	ecember 31, 198	I7∟[Female					
Gross value of sales Gross value of sales None Dollars Cents S. SPANISH ORIGIN – Is the operator (senior partner	O 14/5-4	Non						8. SPANISH ORIGIN — is the operator (senior partner						
or person in charge) of Spanish origin or descent 927	poultry and poultry products (e	100\$,						or person in charge) of Spanish origin or descent	No					
etc.) from this place in 1987/	etc.) from this place in 1987? FORM 87-A0206 (9-23-86)	Page 4	1 5		i	00 [Page 5						

SEPTION 28:] PRODUCTION EXPENSES paid by you and othe sza place in 1987	ers for	this		SIGNION 25 Were any INSECTICIDES, MERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, NEMATICIDES, OTHER PESTICIDES, or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1987?								
Include your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlor	d, cont	ractors,		S25 1 \square YES - Complete this section 2 \square NO - Go to section 26								
buyers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other ar in 1987. (DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with performin others; operation of nonfarm activities, businesses, or services; o expenses not related to the farm business.)	gricultu ng cust	ral products omwork for		Include any materials provided by you, your landlords, or contractors. For each item listed, report acres only once. If multipurpose chemicals were used, report acreage								
	None		Cents	treated for each purpose. 1. Sprave dusts grapular furnigants atc. (fungicide Acres on while								
hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, horses, chicks, poults, started pullets, etc.	- I	971 S	00	1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, None used herbicide, insecticide, nematicide) to control – a. Insects on crons. including bay								
2. Feed purchased for livestock and poultry grain,	_	972		a. Insects on crops, including hay								
hay, silage, mixed feeds, concentrates, etc		\$ <u> </u>	00	c. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, 938								
complete, supplement, concentrates, premixes.	Cents			d. Weeds, grass, or brush in crops and pasture -								
purchased separately, such as 973				Include both pro-emergence and post time gence. Include both pro-emergence and post time gence. Section 2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control								
3. Seed cost – for com, other grains, soybeans, tobacco,	00	974	*****	of crops or thinning of fruit								
Cotton, etc. — Include plants and trees purchased.		\$ I 975	00	SECTION 28 IMACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1987 – s26 Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1988 or 1987.								
4. Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum.		. 1		Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1987								
Include cost of custom applications.		\$ 975 -	00									
herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, etc. — Include cost of custom applications, (Do not include lime.)		۱ \$ ۱	00	equipment, and implements usually kept on this place	ie Britß							
6. Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oil				trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers, pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including								
purchased for the farm business – a.Gasoline and gasohol		977 \$	00	milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, cristing and mixing	00							
b. Diesel fuel		978 \$	00	SELECTED mechinery and equipment on Total number Of the total, HO MANY were man	N							
c. Natural gas	ШĮ	979 (\$	00	this place, December 31, 1987. (Report on this place on MARY were man. only if used in 1986 or 1987.) None (1983 - 1987)	-							
d. LP gas, fuel oil, kerosene, motor oil, grease, etc		980 \$	00	2. Motortrucks – Include pickups								
7. Electricity for the farm business – (Do not include household expenses.)		981 j		Wheel tractors other than garden tractors and motor tillers - 946 947								
8. Hired farm and ranch labor - also include employer's cost	Ľŀ	\$ 982	00	a, Less than 40 horsepower (PTO)								
for social security, workman's compensation, insurance premiums, pension plans, etc. (See INFORMATION SHEET)		982 \$	00	b. 40 horsepower (P10) or more L								
9. Contract labor - Include expenditures for labor, such		983 I	00	4. Grain and bean combines, all types								
as harvesting of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc., performed on a contract basis by a contractor, crew leader, a cooperative, etc.		1 \$	~	6. Mower conditioners								
10. Repair and maintenance expenses for the	1	2	00	7. Pickup balers – Include rectangle 960 961								
upkeep of buildings, motor vehicles, and farm equipment		\$ <u>1</u>	00_	SIGNUM 27 I ESTIMATED CURRENT MARKET VALUE OF LAND and s27 BUILDINGS								
11. Customwork, machine hire and rental of machinery and equipment — Include expenditures for	1	i		Please give your best ESTIMATE of the CURRENT MARKET VALUE of land and buildings for all acres reported in of land and building	ue s							
use of equipment and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, corn picking,		986		section 1, items 1, 2, and 3, page 1. None Dollars C.	ents							
drying, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, etc. (Do not include cost of cotton ginning and application of fertilizer and chemicals.)		\$ 1	00	1. All land owned	00							
12. Interest paid on debts (See INFORMATION SHEET)		996	00	997	00							
a.Secured by real estate		\$ 957	00	998	_							
b.Nct secured by real estate		\$! 988	00	3. All land rented or leased TO OTHERS	00							
13. Cash rent paid for land and buildings in 1987— (Do not include grazing fees.)		\$	00	528 Report amount received before taxes and expenses.								
14. Property taxes paid - Include farm real estate,		989 I			me ents							
machinery, livestock, etc. for the farm business. (Do not include taxes paid by landlords.)		\$ 1	00	farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 992								
15. All other production expenses - Include insurance,		 		(if customwork is a separate business, refer to INFORMATION SHEET, section 2B)	00							
water, animal health costs, grazing fees, marketing charges, miscellaneous farm supplies, etc. (Do not include depreciation, household expenses, and expenses not associated with the		1 0990 I		2. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farmland or payments received from lease or sale of								
farm business.]		\$ I	00	allotments — Include payments for livestock pastured on a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc	00							
S1CHION 20 Was any COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER, including S24 LIME used on this place during 1987?	e .			3. Sales of forest products and Christmas trees - Include	00							
1 YES — Complete this section 2 N		Go to section 25		4. Recreational services, patronage dividends of cooperatives,	<u> </u>							
1. Acres of cropland fertilized in 1987 — (Do not include croplan	a _	ne Acres ferti	LZed	and other income which is CLOSELY RELATED to the agricultural operation on this place – 995								
for pastures reported in section 10, item 2b.)		933		Opecity	00							
reported in section 10, items 2b and 4		J [SECIUM 25 JPERSON COMPLETING THIS REPORT - Please print Name 999 Date								
3. LIME – tons of lime used and acres on	of lime	Acres lim 935	bed									
which applied — (Do not include land plaster or gypsum or lime for sanitation.)			Į	Telephone number								
FORM 67-A0206 (9-23-86)			Pag	م م								

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INFORMATION SHEET

1987 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

Special Reporting Instructions

1. Who Should Report

WE NEED A REPLY FROM EVERYONE RECEIVING A REPORT FORM, INCLUDING individuals, landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and THOSE NOT CONDUCTING AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS. Each case included in the census has a unique Census File Number (CFN). In order to make the census results as complete and accurate as possible, we need to obtain information about every CFN.

2. If You Received More Than One Report Form for an Operation

Complete only ONE report form for an operation. Write "Duplicate" near the address label of each extra report form. Also, write the 11-digit census file number(s) of the DUPLICATE report(s) ON THE COMPLETED REPORT in the space provided to the left of the address label. Return the extra report(s) in the same envelope with your completed report form so that we can correct our records.

3. If You No Longer Farm

If you had agricultural operations **at any time during 1987**, please report all agricultural activity during the year. Report all land on your census form that you owned or rented. Also, report your 1987 crop and livestock production and 1987 sales.

Explain on the first page of the report form (or on a separate sheet of paper) that you quit farming or ranching and give the approximate date and the name and address of the present operator, if known.

4. If You Never Farmed or Have No Association With Agriculture

Please write a note on the report form near the address label explaining this and return the form so that we can correct our records. In our efforts to make the census as complete as possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminate duplicate and nonfarm addresses, however, it was not always possible to do so.

5. If You Have More Than One Agricultural Operation

Complete a report form for EACH SEPARATE and DISTINCT production unit, i.e., each individual farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc., or combination of farms, etc., for which you maintain SEPARATE records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, crop acreages, and production.

6. If You Have a Partnership Operation

Complete only ONE report for the entire partnership's agricultural operation and include all partners' shares on the one report. If members of the partnership also operate separate farms or ranches in addition to the partnership farming operation, separate report forms should be completed for each individual operation.

If two or more report forms were received for the same operation, mark each additional form as a "Duplicate." Return the duplicate report(s) in the same envelope with the completed partnership report, where possible, or write a note on the duplicate report, such as, "(Name of partner) has completed a report for the partnership (provide name and CFN of partnership.)"

7. Landlord's or Contractor's Share

If you rented or leased land from others or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, include both your share and the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses so your census report form will be complete for "THIS PLACE."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE. If you do not have records available for all data items, use your best estimate.

How to Enter Your Response

Enter your replies in the proper spaces, on the correct lines, and in the units requested, i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Write any explanation outside the answer spaces or on a separate sheet of paper.

All dollar figures may be entered in whole dollars. CENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED.

Enter whole numbers except where tenths are requested, such as acres of potatoes harvested. If you have 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 of an acre, convert to tenths. For example, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10.

The census report form will contain sections and questions which do not apply to you. When this occurs, mark the "None" or "No" box and go on to the next item or section.

Instructions For Specified Sections

Section 1 — ACREAGE IN 1987

Your answers to this section will determine the land (Acres in "THIS PLACE") referred to in the rest of the report form.

When answering the acreage questions, include the land associated with your agricultural operations in 1987 whether in production or not. Include all land that you owned or rented during 1987 even if only for part of the year. Do not include any unrelated residential or commercial land.

IF YOU QUIT FARMING DURING 1987 - Complete the

report form for the portion of the year that you did farm. Explain on the report form in the space to the left of the address label (or on another sheet of paper) when you stopped farming and include the name and address of the person now using the land.

Report all land in section 1 in whole acres.

Item 1 - All Land Owned - Report all land owned in 1987 whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — All Land Rented or Leased FROM OTHERS — Report all land rented by you or your operation even though the landlord may have supplied materials or supervision.

- **INCLUDE** in item 2:
- a. Land for agricultural use that you rented from others for cash
- b. Land you worked on a share basis (crop or livestock)
- c. Land owned by someone else that you used rent-free
- d. Federal, State, Indian reservation, or railroad land rented or leased by the acre

DO NOT INCLUDE in item 2:

Land used on a per-head or animal unit license or permit basis, such as section 3 of the Taylor Grazing Act, National Forest, or Indian reservation permit land. If you had any of these permits, mark ''yes'' to item 7.

Item 3 - All Land Rented or Leased TO OTHERS - Include all land rented out for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in items 1 and 2. A report form will be obtained from each of your tenants to cover the operations on that land. INCLUDE in item 3:

- a. Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of crops or livestock
- b. Land you rented from someone and then subleased to someone else
- c. Land worked for you by someone for a share of crops or livestock
- d. Land which you allowed others to use rent-free

Item 4 — Acres in "THIS PLACE" — This figure will show the total of all land you operated at any time in 1987.

If item 4, Acres in "THIS PLACE " is "O" and:

- a. You raised any crops or had any livestock or poultry on "THIS PLACE" in 1987, complete the report.
- b. All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper, complete item 6 (name and address of renters), skip to and complete section 29, and explain briefly, "all land rented out," etc. Mail form in return envelope.
- c. You did not have any agricultural activity on owned or rented land in 1987, complete section 29 and explain briefly, such as "retired," "sold farm," and date. Give name and address of current operator if known and return form.

Sections 2 through 8 – CROPS

Sections 2 through 8 provide space for reporting crops harvested during the 1987 crop year from the land shown in section 1, item 4 (Acres In "THIS PLACE") of your report. Please report your crops in the appropriate sections. Do NOT include any crops grown on land rented or leased TO OTHERS, or worked by others on shares during 1987.

Acres harvested — Enter the acres harvested in 1987. Round fractions to whole acres except where tenths are requested by "/10" in the reporting box, such as for potatoes.

Quantity harvested — If your unit of measure is different than the unit on the report form, please convert your figure for the quantity harvested to the unit requested. If the harvest was incomplete by December 31, 1987, please report the quantity harvested and estimated quantity to be harvested.

Acres irrigated — For each crop irrigated, report number of acres irrigated. Irrigation is defined as land watered by artificial or controlled means — sprinklers, furrows or ditches, spreader dikes, purposeful flooding, etc. Include acres that received supplemental, partial, and/or preplant irrigation. Do not report water applied in transplanting tobacco plants, trees, or vegetables as irrigation. Leave "Acres irrigated" blank for crops that are not irrigated.

How to Report Crops Harvested

- Sections 2 and 3 Report only for the listed crops.
- Sections 4 through 8 To report: (1) find the crop name and the code number from the list in the section; (2) enter crop name and code in the first two columns of the first available answer line in the section; (3) enter the information that is requested in the remaining columns. If you harvested a crop not listed in sections 4 through 8, use the "Other" code in the appropriate section and specify the crop name.

Double Cropping — If two or more crops were harvested from the same land (double cropping) report the total acres and production of each harvested crop in the appropriate section(s) of the report form.

Example: In 1987 you harvested 1,230 bushels of wheat from 40 acres, then on the same 40 acres planted soybeans, from which you harvested 1,550 bushels.You irrigated the soybeans but not the wheat.

Section 2: Were any of the following CROPS harvested from "THIS PLACE" in 1987?							
None	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated				
1. Cotton	091	092 Bales	093				
2. Soybeans for beans	088 40	069 1,550 Bu.	090 40				
3. Wheat for grain 🗋	073 40	074 / 230 Bu.	075				
4. Oats for grain	076	077 [*] Bu.	078				

Interplanted Crops — If two crops were grown at the same time in alternating strips in the same field, report the portion of the field used for each crop.

Example: A 60 acre field was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans. No irrigation was used. Thirty acres of soybeans and 30 acres of cotton would be reported in the appropriate section(s).

Skip Row Planting — If a crop is planted in an alternating pattern of planted and non-planted rows, such as two rows planted and two rows skipped (2 X 2), report the portion of the field occupied by the crop in the appropriate section for that crop, and report the skipped portion as "Cropland idle" in section 10, item 2f.

- Section 4 VEGETABLES Report acres of vegetables harvested FOR SALE or commercial processing. Do not include vegetables grown for home use. Report the total acreage of each vegetable crop harvested. *Example:* In 1987 you harvested 10 acres of lettuce from a field, then replanted the field in lettuce and harvested the 10 acres again. Both crops of lettuce were irrigated. Enter only 10 acres of land from which vegetables were harvested and 10 acres irrigated in item 1 of section 4, but write in 20 acres of lettuce harvested and 20 acres of lettuce irrigated in item 2 of section 4.
- Section 8 FRUITS and NUTS In counting the combined total of 20 or more trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production. Acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned should not be included; these acres should be included in section 10, item 2f "Cropland idle."

If crops other than fruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with trees or vines, report the total acres for the orchard crop in section 8 and the total acres of the interplanted crop in the appropriate section.

Section 9 – GROSS VALUE OF CROPS SOLD

Report the value of all crops sold from "THIS PLACE" in 1987, regardless of the year they were harvested or who owned the land. Be sure to report gross values before deducting expenses and taxes. Include Government CCC loans received for "THIS PLACE" in 1987. Include payments received in 1987 from cooperatives or marketing organizations for crops produced on "THIS PLACE" regardless of the year in which the crops were harvested.

Also include as sales, your estimate of the value of any crop removed from "THIS PLACE" in trade for services, such as hay cut in exchange for fence repair, clearing, or other services. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the crop's market value when removed from "THIS PLACE."

DO NOT INCLUDE crops or crop products purchased from others and later sold.

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Section 10 - USE OF ACRES IN "THIS PLACE"

This section is used to classify the acres in "THIS PLACE" reported in section 1, item 4. (Do not include any acres you rented to others reported in section 1, item 3). The sum of the acres entered in various categories should equal totel acres in "THIS PLACE."

Land Used for More Than One Purpose — Do not report the same acreage for more than one of the listed purposes. If part or all of your land was used for more than one listed purpose in 1987, report that land only in the first category listed. For example, if you plowed under a cover crop, and planted and harvested a grain crop, report the land in item 2a, "Cropland harvested," but do NOT report as "Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, etc." (item 2c).

Double Cropping — When more than one crop was harvested from the same land in 1987, report that land only ONCE as "Cropland harvested," in item 2a.

Interplanted Crops — If you interplanted crops, such as cotton in an orchard, report the total land used for both crops only ONCE, as "Cropland harvested," in item 2a.

Skip Row Planted Crops — Report the acres that represent the total nonplanted or skipped rows as "Cropland idle," item 2f. The acres that represent the planted rows should be reported as "Cropland harvested," in item 2a.

Section 12 – ACRES SET ASIDE, DIVERTED, OR IDLED UNDER FEDERAL ACREAGE REDUCTION PROGRAMS IN 1987

Include in item 2 all acres in "THIS PLACE" retired from production and placed, by long-term contract, into the Conservation Reserve Program. Acres placed into the program during and prior to 1987 should be included.

Sections 13 through 17 -LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, OTHER LIVESTOCK, OR ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

Animals and Poultry to Include in the Report — Report all animals, poultry, and animal specialties on "this place" (section 1, item 4) on December 31, 1987. Include all owned by you and any kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced lands, National Forest land, district land, cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis. Animals in transit on December 31, 1987, or animals on a short-term pasture (such as wheat pasture or crop residue) on a per-head or lease basis should be reported by the person who had control of the animals.

Animals and Poultry to Exclude from the Report — Do not report animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrangement on land rented to others. Do not include animals quartered in feedlots which are not a part of "this place." Animals kept on a place not operated by you are to be included on the report for that place.

Animals Bought and Sold — DO NOT REPORT ANY ANIMALS BOUGHT AND THEN RESOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS. Such purchases and sales are considered "dealer" transactions, and are not included in this census.

Number Sold — Report all animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987, without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do NOT report number sold for any livestock or poultry kept on another place.

Dairy Termination Program or "Whole-Herd Dairy Buy-Out Program" — The amount received in 1987 from the Government under the dairy termination program should be included in section 19, item 1. Dairy animals and products sold in 1987 should be reported in section 13.

Animals Moved to Another Place — For animals moved from "this place" to another place, such as for further feeding, report animals as "sold" and give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place."

Fat Cattle Sold — Cattle fattened on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter are reported in section 13, item 3a.

DO NOT INCLUDE WITH FATTENED CATTLE SOLD:

- a.Cattle and calves sold for further feeding
- b. Veal calves, or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds
- c.Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold

Page 2

Value of Sales — Report the total gross value of animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987 without deducting production or marketing expenses (cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, etc.). If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place." Do NOT report the value of sales of any livestock and poultry owned by you but kept and sold from a place you did not operate place you did not operate.

Contract and Custom Feeding Operations — Livestock or poultry kept by you on "this place" on a contract or custom basis should be included on this report REGARDLESS OF OWNERSHIP. Report as (UNITAD) "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on December 31, 1987. Report as "SOLD" animals and poultry kept on a contract or custom basis and removed or sold from the place in 1987. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the market value of the animals or poultry when they left the place.

Section 16 — HORSES, BEES, FISH, GOATS, OTHER LIVESTOCK, OR ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

Item 2 - If you owned BEES - Report all colonies or hives of bees and honey operations conducted by you, regardless of where the hives were kept most of the year. Report hives or colonies, pounds of honey sold, and value of sales.

Items 7 and 8 - Mink pelts and rabbit pelts should be included in number sold and value of sales, but not in inventory

Item 9 - Other Livestock and Livestock Products - Include in all other investock and investock products manure, beeswax, and any other animal products sold from "this place" in 1987. Please indicate units used in reporting.

Item 10 — Fish and Other Aquaculture Products — Report number of pounds sold and gross value of sales for each. Enter name and code from list.

Section 17 – POULTRY

The person who furnished the housing and labor should report the poultry operation on his/her report form regardless of who owns the birds. Report as sold poultry that were taken or moved from the place in 1987

Section 18 -- AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS

Item 1 — Report the amount received under the regular or reserve program for commodities placed under CCC loan during 1987. Include amount received even if commodity was redeemed or forfeited prior to December 31, 1987.

Do not include CCC loans received to build crop storage facilities or amount received for storage payments in the reserve program.

Section 19 -- FEDERAL PAYMENTS RECEIVED

Report all payments received from Federal Farm Programs in 1987 regardless of whether payment was made in cash or commodity certificates. Include cash payments in item 1. In item 2, include the value of any certificates held or the value received from sale or redemption of any certificates in 1987.

Federal payments include receipts from Federal programs such as deficiency payments, "Whole-herd dairy buy-out," support price payments, indemnity programs, disaster payments, paid land diversion, inventory reduction payments, payments received for approved soil and water conservation projects, etc.

► Section 20 ~ TYPE OF ORGANIZATION

Use the following definitions to determine the type of organization for your operation:

Family or Individual Operation — Defined as farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual (sole proprietor). Include family operations that are not incorporated and not operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership Operation — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife DOES NOT constitute a partnership, unless a specific agreement to share contributions, decisionmaking, profits, and liabilities exists. Production under contract or under a share rental agreement DOES NOT constitute a partnership.

Incorporated Under State Law — A corporation is defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives. Information on type of corporation should be reported in section 21

Other -- Such as cooperatives (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or an association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, institution run by a government or religious entity, etc.

FORM 87-A01()) (12-17-86)

Section 21 – CORPORATE STRUCTURE

This section is to be answered by corporations only. Answer both items. A family-held corporation has more than 50 percent of its stock owned by persons related by blood or marriage.

Section 22 - CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION OF OPERATOR

This section collects information about the operator of "this place" defined as the individual owner, the operator of the senior partner, or person in charge for the type of organization reported in section 20.

For Family or Individual Operation - Complete this section for the operator

For Partnership Operations -- Answer all items, except item 2, for the "Senior Partner." The "Senior Partner" is the individual who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on this who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on "this place," not necessarily the person senior in age. If each partner shares equally in the day-to-day management decisions, consider the oldest as the "Senior Partner." For item 2 (Principal Occupation) consider all members of the partnership together. Please include as "farming" worktime at all types of agricultural enterprises, including work at greenhouses, nurseries, mushroom production, ranching, feedlots, broiler feeding, etc.

For Corporations and Other Operations (Cooperatives, Estates, etc.) — Complete section 22 for the person in charge, such as a hired manager, business manager, or other person primarily responsible for the on-site, day-to-day operation of the farm or ranch business.

Item 4 — Year Began Operation — Report the first year the operator or senior partner began to operate any part of "this place" on a continuous basis. If the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed.

Section 23 — PRODUCTION EXPENSES paid by you and others for "this place" in 1987 Include farm production expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, or anyone else for crops, livestock, or poultry produced on "this place." Include expenses incurred in 1987 even if they were not paid for in 1987. Please estimate if exact figures are not known. Refer to the individual expenditure items below for further explanations explanations.

Livestock and Poultry Purchased — Report the cost of cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, horses, goats, chicks, pullets, poults, etc., including breeding stock and dairy cows. Contract growers or custom feeders who did not own or purchase the livestock or poultry themselves should estimate the value of the cattle, calves, pigs, baby chicks, pullets, etc. at the time they came onto the place.

Feed Purchased for Livestock and Poultry — Report the purchase cost of corn, sorghum, oats, barley, other grains, silage, hay, mixed feed, concentrates, etc., fed to livestock and poultry on "this place." Contract livestock and poultry growers should estimate the value of feed provided by the contracting company. Custom feedyards should include feed costs for all cattle fed even if the owners of the cattle were billed for the feed. Feed raised on "this place" should not be reported as purchased.

Cost of Hired Farm and Rench Labor — Include gross salaries and wages, commissions, dismissal pay, vacation pay, and paid bonuses paid to hired workers, family members, hired managers, administrative and clerical employees, and salaried corporate officers. Also, include supplemental cost for benefits such as employer's social security contributions, unemployment compensation, workmen's compensation insurance, life and medical insurance, pension plans, etc.

Contract Labor - Includes the labor costs of workers furnished Contract Labor — includes the labor costs of workers furnished on a contract basis by a labor contractor, crew leader, or cooperative for harvesting vegetables or fruit, shearing sheep, or similiar farm activities. Do not include costs for building or repair work done by a construction contractor. Include the cost of customwork or machine hire in item 11.

Repair and Maintenance Expenses for the Upkeep of Buildings, Motor Vehicles, and Farm Equipment — Include the cost of repairs and upkeep of farm machinery, vehicles, buildings, fences, and other equipment used in the farm business. Do not include repairs to vehicles not used in the farm business or for equipment used only for performing customwork for others. Do not include expenditures for the construction of new buildings or the cost of additions to existing buildings. the cost of additions to existing buildings.

Interest Expense Paid on Debts — Report all interest expenses paid in 1987 for the farm business. Include interest on loans secured by land and buildings (real estate) in item 12a. Include all loans not secured by real estate such as for fartilizer, feed, and seed in item 12b. Include interest paid on CCC loans. Do not include interest associated with activities not related to production of crops or livestock on "this place" such as land or buildings rented to others, packing sheds, or feed mills that provide services to others. Do not include interest on owner/operator dwelling where amount is separated from interest on other land and buildings on "this place."

Cash Rent Paid for Land and Buildings In 1987 — Report rent paid in cash during 1987 for land and buildings in "this place." Do not include rent paid for operator dwelling or other nonfarm property. Do not include the value of shares of crops or livestock paid to landlords.

Property Taxes Paid — Include real estate property taxes you paid on the acres and buildings you operated and used in the farm business.

Do not include:

- a. Property taxes on land or buildings rented to someone else
- **b.** Taxes paid by landlords
- c. Property taxes peid on other property not associated with the farm business
- d. Income and excise taxes

All Other Production Expenses — Farm production costs not previously listed should be reported here. In addition to items listed on the report form, include bookkeeping charges, tax preparation fees, postage, advertising, commission for sale of cattle, and fees paid for farm-related advice or for farm consultants. Do not include depreciation or expenditures for the purchase of land and buildings or new or used machinery.

Section 24 — COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER AND LIME

Report acres on which commercial fertilizer (items 1 and 2) or lime (item 3) was applied during 1987. If any acreage was fertilized or limed more than once, report acres ONLY ONCE in each item. Report expense for commercial fertilizer purchased, excluding lime, in section 23, item 4.

Section 26 - MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The estimated market value in item 1 refers to ALL machinery and equipment kept primarily on "this place" and used for the farm business. Report the value in its present condition, not the replacement or depreciated value. Specialized equipment, which is an integral part of a building, should be included as a part of the value of land and buildings.

Section 27 — ESTIMATED CURRENT MARKET VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS

The value for each of the three listed categories should be your estimate of the value of the land and buildings if they were sold in the current market. The real estate tax assessment value should not be used unless that value represents a full market value assessment and the land and buildings could reasonably be assumed to be sold at that price. Do not deduct real estate marketing charges from your estimate. Report the total value, not the value on a per acre basis.

Section 28 - INCOME FROM FARM-RELATED SOURCES IN 1987

Item 1 through 4 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on "this place," and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amounts received before taxes and expenses.

Item 1 — Customwork — Do not report income for customwork or agricultural services provided to others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

Item 2 — Rental Income — Do not include rental income from nonfarm property.

Item 3 — Forest Products — include only those forest products or Christmas trees cut from "this place," not items cut from other nonfarm timber acreage. Do not include income from saw mill business.

Item 4 — Other Farm-Related Income — Include income from hunting leases, fishing fees, and other recreational services, sales of farm by-products, and other business or income closely related to the agricultural operation on "this place." Include dividends for business done with farmer-owned cooperatives. Do not enter previously reported farm sales or income from investments not associated with the farm. Do not include retirement pensions or social security benefits received.

DUE BY FEBRUARY 1, 1988					OM	3 No. 0607-0534: Approval Exp	ires September 30, 198
FORM 87-A0400 U.S. DEPARTMEN (3-13-67)	AU OF THE CENSUS						
UNITED ST	ATES 📅	In correspondence pertaining to this report					CFN)
CENSUS							
OF AGRICUL						87-A0400	
AG CENSUS USA							
						۰.	
Pictus complete this form and RETURNTO Jeffersonville, IN 4713							
Note – If your records are not available, reasonable esti							
used. If you recrude an interval and the standard estimation is a standard estimated to the above address. Include your 12-character Census File as shown in your address label in all correspondence to us.	st may be sent						
If you received more than one		2					
report form, enter extra Census File Number(s) here and return extra copies with	╶┾╾┼╾╂╾┨						
your completed report.							
	38		na pana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang		,		
ONLY 039 040 041 0	42	Please	correct errors in name, ac	idress, and 2	ZIP Code. ENTE	R street and number if n	ot shown.
SECTION TE			SECTION 4			ارد بر می روان که منه می منطق را برای ا	
 At any time during 1987, did you plant, grow, or have a Hay or tobacco? Fruit, nut, or citr 	iny:		 PART A — CRO (Do not include crops) 			m "THIS PLACE"	' in 1987.
 Com, wheat, or other grains? Vegetables, mell 	ons, or berries?	lesr	(Do not ancide crop:	sgrownonn			Gross value of
Other crops? Greenhouse or n	ursery crops?	1	1. Hay crops –	None	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	crops sold
			a. Alfalfa and alfai mixtures		103	104 Tons,	Dollars Cent 782 \$ 00
 At any time during 1987, did you raise, sell, or keep any Cattle, hogs, sheep, or goats? Horses or ponies 		j.			108	107 Tons,	782
Chickens or other poultry? Fish in captivity Bees? Other animal spin	?	·	b. Small grain hay	·	112	113 Tons,	\$ 00
	BCIAILIOS		c. Wild hay	L)	109	110 dry	\$ 00 782
If you answered YES to EITHER of these questions	no to SECTION	12	d. Other hay — Specify kind	[])	Tons, dry	\$ 00
If you answered NO to BOTH of these questions, go	o to SECTION 1	0.	2. Corn for grain or s	eed 🗍	087	068	773 \$ 00
SECTION 2 ACREAGE IN 1987 Report land owne	d, rented, or use	d by you,	÷		088	089Bu.	775 \$ 00
your spouse, or by the partnership, corpo which you are reporting. Include ALL LA	oration, or organi ND, REGARDLES	ization for SS OF	3. Soybeans for bear	_	073	074 Bu.	774
LOCATION OR USE — cropland, pasture woodland, idle land, house lots, etc.	land, rangeland,		4. Wheat for grain .	·	094 1	095 Bu.	\$ <u>100</u> 781
woodland, idle land, house lots, etc.	None Num	nber of acres	5. Tobacco all type		/10	Ubs.	\$ 00
1. All land owned	🗆 🛄		 Potatoes, Irish — IL not include those grow 	VD			
2. All land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land			for home use.)	···· 🖸	/10	Cwt.	\$ 00
worked by you on shares, used rent free, in exchange for services, payment of taxes, etc. Include leased Federal,	State.	1	7. All vegetables for		None Total acr	es Dollars Cents	1
and railroad land. (DO NOT include land used on a per-h basis under a grazing permit.)		l.	(Do not include those (for home use.)	rown	375	/10 \$ 00	
3. All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including land worke	045		Specify			/10	
shares by others and land subleased. Also complete item 5	below.		kind(s)			/10	
4. Acres in "THIS PLACE" - ADD acres owned (ite	em 1)	46	- *		None Total acr	es Quantity harvested	Dollars Cent
and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rer TO OTHERS (item 3), and enter the result in this space	nted	J	 All fruit and nut or vineyards, and ber 	chards,	121		784 \$ 00
		*	Specify	nes		/10 /10 ³ Lbs.	· · · ·
If the entry is zero please refer to the Information Sheet			kind(s)			/10 ³ Lbs.	
5. Of the land you rented or leased to others, how many acres did you own?	053	Acres	9. Other crops - For a Report quantity harves	additional cro sted in the ur	ops, enter the crop nit specified with t	name and code from the crop name.	list below.
6. In what county was the largest value of your	County name	State	Сгор рагле	Code	Acres	Quantity harvested	Gross value of crops sold
agricultural products raised or produced?					harvested		Dollars Cent
SECTIONS: LAND USE and IRRIGATION • PARTA — How were the ACRES in this place us	ed in 19977		L		ļ	,,	\$ 00
	Alama AL	nber of acres				1	\$ 00
 Cropland harvested — Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, cit. 	787		If more space is needed, use Crop name	e a separate si		rop name	Cod
groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse crops			Barley for grain (bushels)		079 0	ats for grain (bushels)	076
 Cropland on which all crops failed — (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop fa 	iled.)		Corn for silage or green ch Cotton (bales)	iop (tons, gre		orghum for grain-milo (butter crops (pounds) - Si	becify
3. Cropland idle, cropland used for cover crops,	793		PART B - NURSE			CROPS GROWN FOR	SALE
or cropland in cultivated summer fallow	···· []		From the list below, e	IS PLACE [®] Inter the cro		ode for each crop are	wn.
and other pastureland and rangeland				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		cres in the open	Sales in 1987
5. All other woodland, wasteland, houselots, etc. no reported in items 1 through 4 above			Crop name	Code un	der glass or	in 1987	Dollars Cent
PART B - IRRIGATION		nber of acres		<u>+</u>	1	2	Donars Cern
1. How many acres of harvested land were irrigated? In	None eeo	irrigated	If more space is needed, use	a separate si		1 /10]\$	
land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbe fruit and nut crops.	Paring		Crop name Bedding plants (include ve	agetable plan	Code C (ts) 479 P	rop name otted flowering plants	Cod
2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any	other 681	[Cut flowers and cut florist Nursery crops - ornamen	greens	485 Fe	reenhouse vegetables	707
lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?	L.		and nut trees, and vines			ther - Specify	

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT

CONTINUE ON REVERSE SIDE -----

SECTIONIS LIVESTOCK and POULTRY			PART E - HORSES, OTHER LIVESTOCK, ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, and FISH					
			None	INVENTORY Number on this	Total quantity	Gross value of	sales	
• PART A - CATTLE and CALVES	None place Dec.		1. Horses and ponjes	place Dec. 31, 1987	sold in 1987	Dollars 832	Cents	
	603		of all ages	830	831 Number	\$	00	
1. CATTLE and CALVES of all ages	B04	Totel		839	840 Number	842	į	
 BEEF COWS — Include beef helfers that had calved. 		Besf cows	2. Colonies of bees 🗍	1	841 Pounds honey	8.	00	
b. MILK COWS kept for production of milk or	805			843	844	848		
cream for sale or home use - Include dry		Milk		l 5	845 Gallons	2	1 00	
milk cows and milk helfers that had calved	. ⊔ L	cows	3. Milk goats L	847	s48	850	00	
	Gross value of sale	5	í		848 Pounds	ł		
None None	Dollars	Cents	4. Angora goats		mohair	J*	00	
2. Value of DAIRY PRODUCTS sold in 1987 – Include milk, cream, butter, etc	814 S	00	 Other livestock, fish, animal products. 				į l	
CATTLE and CALVES SOLD	·	<u>+</u> 1	(Enter name/code from below.)		1	2	i i	
FROM THIS PLACE IN 1987	Number cold Gross	value of sales	NameCode	L	Quentity		00	
this place to a feedlot for further Nona	Number sold Gross in 1987 Doll		Name/code Mules, burros, donkeys 833	Name/code	Neme	livertock fish		
	609		Mink and their pelts 836	Other goats	851 and	their producte	857	
3. Calves less than 500 pounds	\$	00	SECTION 6 GOVERNM	ENT CCC LOANS	S			
4. Cattle - Include calves 500 pounds or more	8	00	Amount received in 1987 and reserve loans, even if re	7 from Governme	ent CCC loans.	Include regular		
a. Of ALL cattle sold, how many were	112 813				None 886	Dollais	Cents	
FATTENED on this place on GRAIN or CONCENTRATES for 30 days or more		1			<u> </u>	ا ا مرجع مشاهد می ما است می	00	
and SOLD for SLAUGHTER?	\$	00	SECTION7/ Payments r	eceived for partic S in 1987 <i>(DO NO</i>	cipation in FEDE	ERAL FARM		
PART B — HOGS and PIGS	INVEN		r nognam		None		Cents	
	None place Dec.				684		00110	
	815		1. Amount received in cash				00	
1. HOGS and PIGS of all ages		Total	 Value of certificates rece (PIK) or commodity certificates 			· 1	00	
a. HOGS and PIGS used or to be used for breeding	816	D-+	SIGUUNS Acres in this	place SET ASIE	DE, DIVERTED,	or IDLED unde	17 17	
a. Hodo and Fido dead of to be used for breeding		Breeding	FEDERAL	creage reduction				
Г	Number sold Gross	value of sales	1. How many acres were se	st malda (or dhyarta		None Number of	acres	
None	in 1987 Dolla	ars Cents	ANNUAL commodity ac	reage adjustment	programs?			
2. HOGS and PIGS SOLD from this place in 1987	\$	00	2. How many acres were up	nder the CONSER	VATION	663		
	22 823		RESERVE PROGRAM (10	RISTICS and O		OPERATOR		
	\$	00	(Senior part	ner or person in	charge)	0		
Nu	Imper on this	MBER SOLD	1. RESIDENCE - Does the					
None place	s Dec. 31, 1987	in 1987	•		1 Y	es 2LIN	•	
1. SHEEP and LAMBS of all agas			2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION — At which occupation did the operator spend the 928					
			majority (50 percent or more) of his/her worktime in 1987? For pertnerships consider 1 Farming 2 Other					
a. EWES 1 year old or older			all members of the partners	hip together.		r ranching		
2. SHEEP and LAMBS SHORN None 827	828 Bo	unda	3. OFF-FARM WORK - H	ow many days di	d the 1 N	000		
in 1987	Number wo	xol	operator work at least 4 hours per day off this					
	Gross value of sale		place in 1987? — Include work at a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm for pay. (Do not include exchange farmwork.)					
3. What was the gross value of sales of None SHEEP, LAMBS, and WOOL from this 8	Dollars 129	Cents	include exchange farmerork	.,	·····) 4 🗆 1	00-149 days		
place in 1987?		00				50—199 days		
PART D - POULTRY	INVENTORY Number on	Number			•	00 days or mor	re	
Na		old in 1987	4. In what YEAR did the or			¥		
	892 89	3	any part of this place?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	925	Year		
a. HENS and PULLETS of laying age		85	5. AGE of operator			Years o	d	
b. PULLETS 3 months old or older not yet of laying age for layer replacement				•	⁹²⁴ (1 □ V	hite		
c. PULLETS under 3 months old for layer	896					egro or Black		
replacementL		• · · · · · ·	8. RACE of operator			merican Indian	ר	
2. BROILERS, fryers, other meat-type chickens						sian or Pacific lander		
	900 90	1				ther — Specify)		
3. TURKEYS for slaughter (Do not include breeders.) 4. OTHER POULTRY (Enter name/code from below.)	┙┝╾╍╍╌┼╸				•	¥		
					926			
Poultry name Code			7.SEX of operator		927	tate 2LIFe	male	
Name/code Name/code Turkey hans kept Geese	Name/code	012	 SPANISH ORIGIN — is 1 origin or descent (Mexic 	the operator of Si	panish			
for breeding			Cuban, or other Spanis	⊫h)?	нЦY		•	
Ducks			SECTIONITON PERSON CO	MPLETING TH	IS REPORT - P	lesse print		
5. Value of POULTRY and POULTRY None	Dollars	Cents	Name		999 Date			
PRODUCTS (eggs, etc.) sold from this place	18	00	Telephone number	Number	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
				. –			. 1	

FORM 87-A0400 (3-13-87)

INFORMATION SHEET **1987 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE**

Special Reporting Instructions

1. Who Should Report

WE NEED A REPLY FROM EVERYONE RECEIVING A REPORT FORM, INCLUDING individuals, landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and THOSE NOT CONDUCTING AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS. Each case included in the census has a unique Census File Number (CFN). In order to make the census results as complete and accurate as possible, we need to obtain information about every CFN.

2. If You Received More Than One Report Form for an Operation

Complete only ONE report form for an operation. Write "Duplicate" near the address label of each extra report form. Also, write the 11-digit census file number(s) of the DUPLICATE report(s) ON THE COMPLETED REPORT in the space provided to the left of the address label. Return the extra report(s) in the same envelope with your completed report form so that we can correct our records.

3. If You No Longer Farm

If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1987, please report all agricultural activity during the year. Report all land on your census form that you owned or rented. Also, report your 1987 crop and livestock production and 1987 sales.

Explain on the first page of the report form (or on a separate sheet of paper) that you quit farming or ranching and give the approximate date and the name and address of the present operator, if known.

4. If You Never Farmed or Have No Association With Agriculture

Please write a note on the report form near the address label explaining this and return the form so that we can correct our records. In our efforts to make the census as complete as possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminate duplicate and nonfarm addresses, however, it was not always possible to do so.

5. If You Have More Than One Agricultural Operation

Complete a report form for EACH SEPARATE and DISTINCT production unit, i.e., each individual farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc., or combination of farms, etc., for which you maintain SEPARATE records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, crop acreages, and production.

6. If You Have a Partnership Operation

Complete only ONE report for the entire partnership's agricultural operation and include all partners' shares on the one report. If members of the partnership also operate separate farms or ranches in addition to the partnership farming operation, separate report forms should be completed for each individual operation.

If two or more report forms were received for the same operation, mark each additional form as a "Duplicate." Return the duplicate report(s) in the same envelope with the completed partnership report, where possible, or write a note on the duplicate report, such as, "(Name of partner) has completed a report for the partnership (provide name and CFN of partnership.)"

7. Landlord's or Contractor's Share

If you rented or leased land from others or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, include both your share and the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses so your census report form will be complete for "THIS PLACE."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE. If you do not have records available for all data items, use your best estimate.

8. How to Enter Your Response

Enter your replies in the proper spaces, on the correct lines, and in the units requested, i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Write any explanation outside the answer spaces or on a separate sheet of paper. All dollar figures may be entered in whole dollars. CENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED.

Enter whole numbers except where tenths are requested, such as acres of potatoes harvested. If you have 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 of an acre, convert to tenths. For example, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10.

The census report form will contain sections and questions which do not apply to you. When this occurs, mark the ''None'' or ''No'' box and go on to the next item or section.

Instructions For Specified Sections

Section 2 - ACREAGE IN 1987

Your answers to this section will determine the land (Acres in "THIS PLACE") referred to in the rest of the report form.

When answering the acreage questions, include the land associated with your agricultural operations in 1987 whether in production or not. Include all land that you owned or rented during 1987 even if only for part of the year. Do not include any unrelated residential or commercial land.

Report all land in section 2 in whole acres.

Item 1 — All Land Owned — Report all land owned in 1987 whether held under title, purchased contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as helf or trustee of an undivided estate. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 - All Land Rented or Leased FROM OTHERS - Report all land rented by you or your operation even though the landlord may have supplied materials or supervision.

INCLUDE in item 2:

- a. Land for agricultural use that you rented from others for cash
- b. Land you worked on a share basis (crop or livestock)
- c. Land owned by someone else that you used rent-free
- Federal, State, Indian reservation, or railroad land rented or leased by the acre

DO NOT INCLUDE in item 2:

Land used on a per-head or animal unit license or permit basis, such as section 3 of the Taylor Grazing Act, National Forest, or Indian reservation permit land.

Item 3 — All Land Rented or Leased TO OTHERS — include all land rented out for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in items 1 and 2. A report form will be obtained from each of your tenants to cover the operations on that land.

INCLUDE in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of crops or livestock
- b. Land you rented from someone and then subleased to someone
- Land worked for you by someone for a share of crops or livestock
- d. Land which you allowed others to use rent-free

Item 4 — Acres in "THIS PLACE" — This figure will show the total of all land you operated at any time in 1987.

- If item 4, Acres in "THIS PLACE" is "O" and:
 - a. You raised any crops or had any livestock or poultry on "THIS PLACE" in 1987, complete the report.
 - All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper, skip to and complete section 10, and explain briefly, "All land rented out," etc. Mail form in return envelope.
 - You did not have any agricultural activity on owned or rented land in 1987, complete section 10 and explain briefly, such as "retired," "sold farm," and date. Give name and address of current operator if known and return form.

Section 3 -- LAND USE AND IBRIGATION

This section is used to classify the acres in "THIS PLACE" reported in section 2, item 4. Do not include any acres you rented to others reported in section 2, item 3. The sum of the acres entered in various categories should equal total acres in "THIS PLACE." reported in

Land Used for More Than One Purpose — Do not report the same acreage for more than one of the listed purposes. If part or all of your isnd was used for more than one listed purpose in 1987, report that land only in the first category listed. For example, if you harvested a crop and later used the same land for pasture, report the land in part A, item 1, "Cropland harvested."

Double Cropping — When more than one crop was harvested from the same land in 1987, report that land only ONCE as "Cropland harvested," in part A, item 1 of this section.

Interplanted Crops — If you interplanted crops, such as cotton in an orchard, report the total land used for both crops only ONCE, as "Cropland harvested," in part A, item 1.

Skip Row Planted Crops — Report the acres that represent the total nonplanted or skipped rows as "Cropland idle," part A, item 3, the acres that represent the planted rows should be reported as "Cropland hervested," part A, item 1.

Irrigation is defined as land watered by artificial or controlled means — sprinklers, furrows or ditches, spreader dikes, purposeful flooding, etc. Include acres that receive supplemental, partial, and/or preplant irrigation. Do not report water applied in transplanting tobacco plants, trees, or vegetables as irrigation.

Section 4 -- CROPS

This section provides space for reporting crops harvested during the 1987 crop year from the land shown in section 2, item 4 (Acres in "THIS PLACE") of your report. A few crops are already listed on the form. For these crops, just report acres harvested, quantity harvested, and value of sales. If you produced crops not listed, write the name of the crop and code from the list provided and report the acres harvested, quantity harvested, and the value of sales.

DO NOT INCLUDE:

- a. Any crops grown on land rented or leased TO OTHERS, or worked by others on shares during 1987.
- b. Crops or crop products purchased from others and later sold.

Acres Harvested — Enter the acres harvested in 1987. Round fractions to whole acres except where tenths are requested by "/10" in the reporting box, such as potatoes.

Quantity Harvested — If your unit of measure is different than the unit on the report form, please convert your figure for the quantity harvested to the unit requested. If the harvest was incomplete by December 31, 1987, please report the quantity harvested and the estimated quantity to be harvested.

Gross Value of Crops Sold — Report the value of all crops sold from "THIS PLACE" in 1987, regardless of the year they were harvested or who owned the land. Be sure to report gross value before deducting expenses and taxes. Include Government CCC loans received for "THIS PLACE" in 1987. Include payments received in 1987 from cooperatives or marketing organizations for crops produced on "THIS PLACE."

Item 7 — Vegetables — Report acres of vegetables harvested FOR SALE or commercial processing. Do not include vegetables grown for home use. Report the total acreage of each vegetable crop harvested.

Item 8 — Fruit Orchards, Citrus, Vineyards, and Nut Trees — Report only if total of 20 or more trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of their production. Acres in trees and vines that have been abandoned should not be included, these acres should be included in section 3, part A, item 3 "Cropland idle."

If crops other than fruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with trees or vines, report the total acres for the orchard crop in item 8 and the total acres of the interplanted crop in the appropriate item.

Item 9 — Other Crops — To report: (1) find the crop name and the code number from the list under item 9; (2) enter crop name and code in the first two columns of the first available enswer line under item 9; (3) enter the information that is requested in the remaining columns, if you harvested a crop not listed, use the "OTHER" code and specify the crop name. If you need additional space, use a separate sheet of paper to write the crop name(s), acres and quantity harvested, and gross value of crop(s) sold.

Section 5 — LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, OTHER LIVESTOCK, OR ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

Parts A, B, C, and D — LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

Animals and Poultry to Include In the Report — Report all animals, poultry, and animal specialties on "this place" (section 2, item 4) on December 31, 1987. Include all owned by you and any kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced lands, National Forest land, district land, cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis. Animals in transit on December 31, 1987, or animals on a short-term pasture (such as wheat pasture or crop residue) on a per-head or lease basis should be reported by the person who had control of the animals.

Animals and Poultry to Exclude from the Report — Do not report animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrangement on land rented to others. Do not include animals quartered in feedlots which are not a part of "this place." Animals kept on a place not operated by you are to be included on the report for that place.

Animals Bought and Sold — DO NOT REPORT ANY ANIMALS BOUGHT AND THEN RESOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS. Such purchases and sales are considered "dealer" transactions, and are not included in this census.

Number Sold — Report all animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987, without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do NOT report number sold for any livestock or poultry kept on another place.

Deiry Termination Program or "Whole-Herd Dairy Buy-Out Program" — The amount received in 1987 from the Government under the dairy termination program should be included in section 7, item 1. Dairy cattle and calves sold should be reported in section 5, part A.

Animals Moved to Another Place — For animals moved from "this place" to another place, such as for further feeding, report animals as "sold" and give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place."

Fat Cattle Sold — Cattle fattened on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter are reported in section 5, part A, item 4a.

DO NOT INCLUDE WITH FATTENED CATTLE SOLD:

- a. Cattle and calves sold for further feeding
- b. Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold
- c. Veal calves, or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds

Value of Sales — Report the total gross value of animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987 without deducting production or marketing expenses (cost of feed, cost of livestock purchase, cost of hauling and selling, etc.). If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place." Do NOT report the value of sales of any livestock and poultry owned by you but kept and sold from a place you did not operate.

Contract and Custom Feeding Operations — Livestock or poultry kept by you on "this place" on a contract or custom basis should be included on this report REGARDLESS OF OWNERSHIP. Report as "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on December 31, 1987. Report as "SOLD" animals and poultry kept on a contract or custom basis and removed or sold from the place in 1987. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the market value of the animals or poultry when they left the place.

The person who furnished the housing and labor should report the poultry operation on his/her report form regardless of who owned the birds. Report as sold the number of poultry that were taken or moved from the place in 1987.

Part E – HORSES, OTHER LIVESTOCK, ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, AND FISH

If you owned BEES — Report all colonies or hives of bees and honey operations conducted by you, regardless of where the hives were kept most of the year. Report hives or colonies, pounds of honey sold, and value of sales.

Other Livestock and Livestock Products — Include in all other livestock and livestock products manure, beeswax, and any other animal products sold from "this place" in 1987. Mink pelts and rabbit pelts should be included in number sold and value of sales, but not in inventory.

Fish and Other Aquaculture Products — Report quantity sold and gross value of sales for each.

Section 6 - AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS

Item 1 — Report the amount received under the regular or reserve program for commodities placed under CCC loan during 1987. Include amount received even if commodity was redeemed or forfeited prior to December 31, 1987.

Do not include CCC loans received to build crop storage facilities or amount received for storage payments in the reserve program.

Section 7 - FEDERAL PAYMENTS RECEIVED

Report all payments received from Federal Farm Programs in 1987 regardless of whether payment was made in cash or commodity certificates. Include cash payments in item 1. In item 2, include the value of any certificates held or the value received from sale or redemption of any certificates in 1987.

Federal payments include receipts from Federal programs such as deficiency payments, "Whole-Herd Dairy Buy-Out," support price payments, indemnity programs, disaster payments, paid land diversion, inventory reduction payments, payments received for approved soil and water conservation projects, etc.

Section 8 — ACRES SET ASIDE, DIVERTED, OR IDLED UNDER FEDERAL ACREAGE REDUCTION PROGRAMS IN 1987

Include in item 2 all acres in "this place" retired from production and placed, by long-term contract, into the Conservation Reserve Program. Acres placed into the program during and prior to 1987 should be included.

Section 9 -- CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION OF OPERATOR

This section collects information about the operator of "this place" defined as the individual owner, the operator, the senior partner, or person in charge.

For Family or Individual Operation — Complete this section for the operator.

For Partnership Operations — Answer all items, except item 2, for the "Senior Partner." The "Senior Partner" is the individual who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on "this place," not necessarily the person senior in age. If each partner shares equally in the day-to-day management decisions, consider the oldest as the "Senior Partner." For item 2 (Principal Occupation) consider all members of the partnership together. Please include as "farming or ranching" worktime at all types of agricultural enterprises, including work at greenhouses, nurseries, mushroom production, ranching, feedlots, broiler feeding, etc.

For Corporation and Other Operations (Cooperatives, Estates, etc.) --- Complete section 9 for the person in charge, such as a hired manager, business manager, or other person primarily responsible for the on-site, day-to-day operation of the farm or ranch business.

Item 4 — Year Began Operation — Report the first year the operator or senior partner began to operate any part of "this place" on a continuous basis. If the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed.