# APPENDIX A. General Explanation

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#### **DATA COLLECTION**

#### Method of Enumeration

All agriculture censuses beginning with the 1969 census primarily have used mailout/mailback data collection. Direct enumeration methods, however, continue to be used for the agriculture census in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

#### **Mail List**

The mail list for the 1987 census was comprised of individuals, businesses, and organizations that could be readily identified as being associated with agriculture. The list was assembled from the records of the 1982 census. administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and the statistical records of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). In addition, lists of large or specialized operations, such as nurseries and greenhouses, specialty crop farms, poultry farms, fish farms, livestock farms, and cattle feedlot operations, were obtained from State and Federal agencies, trade associations, and similar organizations. Lists of companies having one or more establishments (or locations) producing agricultural products were obtained from the 1982 census and updated using the information from the Standard Statistical Establishment List maintained by the Census Bureau. Exhaustive record linkage, unduplication, and mathematical modeling yielded a final mail list of 4.1 million names and addresses that had a substantial probability of being a farm operation.

#### **Report Forms**

In 1987, three different report forms were used—a two-page, a four-page, and a six-page form to minimize the reporting burden, particularly for small farms and places less likely to be farms. The six-page sample form and the four-page nonsample form are the same, except sections 23 through 28 have been added to the sample form to obtain supplemental information from a sample of farms.

The information collected in these sections will give the Bureau of the Census a good basis for making estimates of these data for other farms included in the census. The two-page form does not have as many questions or as much detail as the four-page and six-page forms. The four-page form has 11 regional versions and the six-page form has 13 regional versions. Both forms have different crops prelisted. Appendix D contains copies of both the two-page and six-page forms.

The six-page form was mailed to 1,104,000 addressees on the mail list, including all those expected to be large (based on expected sales or acreage) or unique (farms operated by multiestablishment companies or nonprofit organizations), all those in Alaska and Hawaii, and a sample of other addressees. The two-page form was mailed to 906,000 addressees. These were expected to be small farms or less likely to be farms. The four-page form was mailed to the remaining 2,079,000 addressees. Further discussion of the criteria used to determine which form was mailed to an addressee is provided in the Census Sample Design section of appendix C.

#### **Initial Mailing**

The report forms were mailed in mid-December 1987 to the approximately 4,089,000 individuals, businesses, and organizations on the mail list. The mail packages included a report form, a cover letter with a description of the purposes and uses of the census on the reverse side, an information sheet containing instructions for completing the form, and a postage-paid return envelope. Additional special instructions were included with report forms sent to grazing associations; feedlot operations; institutional organizations; Indian reservations; firms with multiple farm or ranch operations; and producers of poultry under contract, bees and honey, fish, laboratory animals, and nursery and greenhouse crops.

To provide additional help to farmers in completing their reports, copies of an Agriculture Census Guide booklet were sent to vocational agriculture instructors, USDA county offices of the Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service, and the Cooperative Extension Service. The Guide contained descriptions and definitions of various items in more detail than the instructions included with each report form. Representatives of the above agencies graciously consented to assist farmers in completing their report forms.

#### **Followup Procedures**

A thank you/reminder card was mailed to those on the mail list in mid-January 1988. Five followup letters, three of which were accompanied by a report form, were sent to nonrespondents at 4-week intervals starting in mid-February and continuing until early June 1988.

Telephone calls were made to all large farms who had not responded. In addition, telephone calls were made to a sample of other nonrespondents in counties that had a response rate of less than 75 percent. A nonresponse adjustment procedure was used to represent the final nonrespondent farms in the census results. A description of this procedure is included in the Census Estimation section of appendix C.

#### DATA PROCESSING

Selected report forms were reviewed prior to keying the data. These included reports with attached correspondence and reports with remarks or no positive data on the front page.

The data from each report form were subjected to a detailed item-by-item computer edit. The edit performed comprehensive checks for consistency and reasonableness, corrected erroneous or inconsistent data, supplied missing data based on similar farms within the same county, and assigned farm classification codes necessary for tabulating the data. Substantial computer-generated changes to the data were clerically reviewed and verified.

In the computer edit, farms with sales, acreage, or commodities exceeding specified levels were tested for historical comparability. Key items, such as acreage and sales, were compared for substantial changes between 1982 and 1987. Sizeable historical differences were resolved or verified by telephone, if necessary. Respondents who reported sales or acreage above specified levels on non-sample forms were sent correspondence requesting the additional sample data. Prior to publication, tabulated totals were reviewed by statisticians to identify inconsistencies and potential coverage problems. Comparisons were made with previous census data, estimates published by the USDA, and other available data.

#### **MAJOR DATA CHANGES**

Prior to each agriculture census, the Census Bureau reviews the content of the census forms to eliminate questions no longer needed and to identify new items necessary to meet user needs and to better describe the agricultural situation in our Nation. Data requests are solicited from farmers, farm organizations, land grant colleges and universities, State and federal agencies, and members of the Census Advisory Committee on Agricultural Statistics. Each agency and organization is asked to identify and justify its specific data needs. The following data inquiries were added to the 1987 report form:

Income from farm-related sources

Acres under the Conservation Reserve Program

Payments received for participation in federal farm programs

Grazing permits by source

Additional data on production expenses were added in 1987:

Repair and maintenance expenses

Cash rent

Property taxes paid

All other production expenses

The following separate data inquiries were eliminated from the 1987 form:

Storage capacity for petroleum products

Number of hired farm and ranch workers

Value of agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption

Source of irrigation water

Tons of commercially mixed feed

Expenditures for coal, wood, and coke

Selected machinery items: automobiles, corn heads for combines, and field forage harvesters

Chinchillas

Worms

Tropical and baitfish

# FOLLOW-ON SURVEYS, SPECIAL CENSUSES, AND RELATED PUBLICATIONS

In addition to the 1987 Census of Agriculture for the 50 States, Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the census of agriculture program includes the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, the 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey, and the 1988 Census of Horticultural Specialties.

The 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey provides data on water use by irrigated farms and ranches. Data include: the amount of water applied by crop, method of water distribution, source of water, and energy costs for pumping water. Data from this survey will be published as volume 3, part 1.

The 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey provides detailed data on debts, expenses, taxes, credits, assets, land ownership, and farm and off-farm income for farm operators. Many of these items, as well as detailed data on landlord characteristics, are being collected from the landlords of the farms involved in the survey. Data from this survey will be published as volume 3, part 2.

The 1988 Census of Horticultural Specialties covers operations growing and selling \$2,000 or more of horticultural products such as greenhouse products, outdoorgrown floricultural products, nursery products, mushrooms, and sod. These data will be published as volume 4.

Additional publications of the 1987 Census of Agriculture data include the Agricultural Atlas of the United States (previously called the Graphic Summary), Coverage Evaluation, Ranking of States and Counties, and Government Payments and Market Value of Agricultural Products Sold.

The Agricultural Atlas of the United States presents the Nation's agriculture graphically illustrated by dot and multicolor pattern maps. The maps provide displays on size and type of farm, land use, farm tenure, market value of products sold, crops harvested, livestock inventories, and other characteristics of farms. This report will be published as volume 2, part 1.

The Coverage Evaluation report provides estimates of the completeness of the 1987 Census of Agriculture for the United States, geographic regions, and selected States and groups of States. Estimates with their associated sample reliability are provided for farms not on the mail list, farms classified as nonfarms, duplicate farms, and nonfarms classified as farms. This report will be published as volume 2, part 2.

The Ranking of States and Counties report ranks the leading States and counties for selected items in the 1987 census and provides comparative data from the 1982 census. This report will be published as volume 2, part 3.

A new publication on Government Payments and Market Value of Agricultural Products Sold presents 1987 data for the United States and each State. The U.S. table has a format similar to volume 1, U.S. table 52 and presents summary data by size of farm. This report will be published as volume 2, part 5.

#### **DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS**

The following definitions and explanations provide a more detailed description of the terms used in this publication than are available in the tables or on the report form. For an exact wording of the questions on the 1987 census report forms and the information sheet which accompanied these forms, see appendix D. Most definitions of terms are the same as those used in earlier censuses. The more important exceptions are also noted here.

Farms or farms reporting—The term "farms" or "farms reporting" in the presentation of data denotes the number of farms reporting the item. For example, if there are 3,710 farms in a State and 842 of them had 28,594 cattle and calves, the data for those farms reporting cattle and calves would appear as:

Land in farms—The acreage designated in the tables as "land in farms" consists primarily of agricultural land used for crops, pasture, or grazing. It also includes woodland and wasteland not actually under cultivation or used for pasture or grazing, provided it was part of the farm operator's total operations. Large acreages of woodland or wasteland held for nonagricultural purposes were deleted from individual reports during the processing operations. Land in farms includes acres set aside under annual commodity acreage programs as well as acres in the Conservation Reserve Program for places meeting the farm definition.

Land in farms is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land used rent free was to be reported as land rented from others. All grazing land, except land used under government permits on a per-head basis, was included as "land in farms" provided it was part of a farm or ranch. Land under the exclusive use of a grazing association was to be reported by the grazing association and included as land in farms. All land in Indian reservations used for growing crops or grazing livestock was to be included as land in farms. Land in reservations not reported by individual Indians or non-Indians was to be reported in the name of the cooperative group that used the land. In some instances, an entire Indian reservation was reported as one farm.

Land area—The approximate land area of counties and States represents the total land area as determined by records and calculations as of January 1, 1988. These data are updated periodically; however, the acreages shown for 1987 are essentially the same as for 1982. Any differences between the land area for 1987 and 1982 are due to annexations and other changes affecting county boundaries.

Land in two or more counties-With few exceptions. the land in each farm was tabulated as being in the operator's principal county. The principal county was defined as the one where the largest value of agricultural products was raised or produced. It was usually the county containing all or the largest proportion of the land in the farm or viewed by the respondent as his/her principal county. For a limited number of Midwest and Western States, this procedure has resulted in the allocation of more land in farms to a county than the total land area of the county. To minimize this distortion, separate reports were required for large farms identified from the 1982 census as having more than one farm unit. Other reports received showing land in more than one county were separated into two or more reports if the data would substantially affect the county totals.

Value of land and buildings—Respondents were asked to report their estimate of the current market value of land and buildings owned, rented or leased from others, and rented or leased to others. Market value refers to the value the land and buildings would sell for under current market conditions. If the value of land and buildings was not reported, it was estimated using the average value of land and buildings from a similar farm in the same geographic area.

Harvested cropland—This category includes land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and land in orchards, citrus groves, vineyards, nurseries, and greenhouses. Land from which two or more crops were harvested was counted only once, even though there was more than one use of the land.

Cropland used only for pasture or grazing—This category includes land used only for pasture or grazing that could have been used for crops without additional improvement. Included also was all cropland used for rotation pasture and land in government diversion programs that were pastured. However, cropland that was pastured before or after crops were harvested was to be included as harvested cropland rather than cropland for pasture or grazing.

Other cropland—This category includes cropland not harvested and not grazed which was used for cover crops, soil improvement crops, land on which all crops failed, cultivated summer fallow, idle cropland, and land planted in crops that were to be harvested after the census year.

**Total woodland—**This category includes natural or planted woodlots or timber tracts, cutover and deforested land with young growth which has or will have value for wood products, land planted for Christmas tree production, and woodland pastured. Land covered by sagebrush or mesquite was to be reported as other pastureland and rangeland or other land.

**Woodland pastured**—This category includes all woodland used for pasture or grazing during the census year. Woodland or forest land pastured under a per-head grazing permit was not counted as land in farms and therefore, was not included in woodland pastured.

Cropland in annual commodity acreage adjustment programs—This category includes land diverted or set aside under the provisions of the Federal Commodity Acreage Program. These data are for the acres of cropland taken out of production by growers of wheat, cotton, rice, corn, sorghum, barley, and oats, and devoted to conservation uses. Information was not obtained as to which crops would have been grown on the acres set aside.

Cropland in the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)—This category includes acres of "highly erodible" cropland taken out of agricultural production and planted to protective cover crops or reforested. The CRP was established through the 1985 Food Security Act and provides for annual rental payments and shared costs of conservation practices through a 10-year contract with the USDA. Appendix B presents data on places with all their cropland enrolled in the Conservation Reserve Program and which were not counted as farms in the 1987 census.

Irrigated land—This category includes all land watered by any artificial or controlled means, such as sprinklers, furrows or ditches, and spreader dikes. Included are supplemental, partial, and preplant irrigation. Each acre was to be counted only once regardless of the number of times it was irrigated or harvested.

Operator-The term "operator" designates a person who operates a farm, either doing the work or making day-to-day decisions about such things as planting, harvesting, feeding, and marketing. The operator may be the owner, a member of the owner's household, a hired manager, a tenant, a renter, or a sharecropper. If a person rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he/she is considered the operator only of the land which is retained for his/her own operation. For partnerships, only one partner is counted as the operator. If it is not clear which partner is in charge, then the senior or oldest active partner is considered the operator. For census purposes, the number of operators is the same as the number of farms. In some cases, the operator was not the individual named on the address label of the report form, but another family member, a partner, or a hired manager who was actually in charge of the farm operation.

Operator characteristics—All operators were asked to report place of residence, principal occupation, days of off-farm work, year in which his/her operation of the farm began, age, race, sex, and Spanish origin. If race, age, sex, and principal occupation were not reported, they were imputed based on information reported by farms with similar acreage, tenure, and value of sales. No imputations were made for nonresponse to place of residence, Spanish origin, off-farm work, or year began operation. Operators of Spanish origin were tabulated by reported race.

Farm production expenses—In 1987, additional specific expense items and a category for all other farm production expenses were added to the selected farm production expenses collected in 1982. Consequently, we are publishing total farm production expenses in 1987. The expenses are limited to those incurred in the operation of the farm business. Expenses include the share of the expenditures provided by landlords, contractors, and partners in the operation of the farm business. Property taxes paid by landlords are excluded. Expenditures for nonfarm activities; farm-related activities such as providing customwork for others, the production and harvest of forest products, and recreational services; and household expenses are excluded. In 1987, as in other recent censuses, operators producing crops, livestock, or poultry under contract often were unable or unwilling to estimate the cost of production inputs furnished by the contractors. As a consequence, extensive estimation was required for contract producers.

**Commercial fertilizer—**The expense for commercial fertilizer is the amount spent on fertilizer during 1987

including the cost of custom application. The cost of custom application was excluded from the 1982 and 1978 data.

Agricultural chemicals—These expenses include the cost of all insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, and other pesticides, including the cost of custom application. Data exclude commercial fertilizer purchased. The cost of custom application was excluded from the 1982 and 1978 data. The cost of lime was excluded from the 1987 and 1982 data, but included in 1978.

Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment—These expenses include costs incurred for having customwork done on the place and for renting machines to perform agricultural operations. The cost of cotton ginning is excluded. The cost of labor involved in the customwork service is included in the customwork expense. The cost of custom application of fertilizer and chemicals was included in the 1982 and 1978 customwork data, but is included in expenditures for these items in 1987. The cost of hired labor for operating rented or hired machinery is included as a hired farm and ranch labor expense.

Interest—In 1987, separate data were collected for interest paid on debts secured by real estate and interest paid on debts not secured by real estate. In 1982, only total interest expenses were collected.

Market value of agricultural products sold—This category represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenses of all agricultural products sold or removed from the place in 1987 regardless of who received the payment. It includes sales by the operator as well as the value of any shares received by partners, landlords, contractors, or others associated with the operation. In addition, it includes receipts from placing commodities in the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loan program in 1987. It does not include payments received for participation in federal farm programs nor does it include income from farm-related sources such as customwork and other agricultural services, or income from nonfarm sources.

The value of crops sold in 1987 does not necessarily represent the sales from crops harvested in 1987. Data may include sales from crops produced in earlier years and exclude some crops produced in 1987, but held in storage and not sold. For commodities, such as sugar beets and wool, sold through a co-op which made payments in several installments, respondents were requested to report the total value received in 1987.

The value of agricultural products sold was requested of all operators. If the operator failed to report this information, estimates were made based on the amount of crops harvested, livestock or poultry inventory or number sold. Extensive estimation was required for operators growing crops or livestock under contract.

Caution should be used when comparing sales in 1987 with sales reported in earlier censuses. Sales figures are expressed in current dollars and have not been adjusted for inflation or deflation.

Government payments—This category is limited to direct cash or generic commodity certificate (PIK) payments received by the farm operator in 1987. It includes deficiency and diversion payments; wool payments; payments from the Dairy Termination Program, the Conservation Reserve Program, other conservation programs, and all other federal farm programs under which payments were made directly to farm operators.

Other farm-related income—The 1987 report form included a new inquiry on income from farm-related sources. These data consist of gross income in 1987 before taxes and expenses from the sales of farm by-products and other sales and services closely related to the principal functions of the farm business. These data are for income producing activities that are primarily a by-product or supplemental to the farm operation. They exclude income from business activities that are separate from the farm business.

Customwork and other agricultural services—This income includes gross receipts received by farm operators for providing services for others such as planting, plowing, spraying, and harvesting. Income from customwork and other agricultural services is generally included in the agriculture census if it is closely related to the farming operation. However, it is excluded if it constitutes a separate business or is conducted from another location.

Rental of farmland—This income includes gross cash rent or share payments received from renting out farmland; payments received from the lease or sale of allotments for crops such as tobacco; and payments received for livestock pastured on a per-head, permonth, or per-pound basis. It excludes rental income from nonfarm property.

Sales of forest products—This income includes gross receipts from the sales of Christmas trees, standing timber, maple products, gum for naval stores, firewood, and other forest products from the farm business. It excludes income from nonfarm timber tracts and sawmill businesses.

Other farm-related income sources—This income includes gross receipts from hunting leases, fishing fees, camping, other recreational services, patronage dividends of cooperatives, sales of farm by-products, and other sales and services closely related to the farm business. It excludes income from nonfarm businesses.

Commodity Credit Corporations loans—This category includes loans for corn, wheat, soybeans, sorghum, barley, oats, cotton, peanuts, rye, rice, tobacco, and honey.

Agricultural chemicals used, including fertilizer and lime—For each type of agricultural chemical, the acres treated were to be reported only once even if the acres were fertilized or limed more than once. If multipurpose chemicals were used, the acres treated for each purpose were to be reported.

Fish and other aquacultural products—The raising of fish and other aquacultural products in captivity is included in the agriculture census. Production in salt water is considered not to be in captivity and is excluded from the census.

**Bees and honey—**Bee and honey production was enumerated and tabulated in the county in which the home farm was located even though hives are often moved from farm to farm over a wide geographic area.

Citrus enumeration—In the 1987 census, reports for selected citrus caretakers in Arizona, Florida, and Texas were obtained by direct enumeration. A citrus caretaker is an organization or person caring for or managing citrus groves for others. This special enumeration has been used in recent censuses because of the difficulty in identifying and enumerating absentee grove owners who often do not know the information that is needed to adequately complete the census report. Each citrus caretaker was enumerated as a farm operator and requested to complete one report form for all groves cared for and to furnish a list of grove owners' names, addresses, and acres of citrus. The names on the lists were matched to completed grove owners' report forms to eliminate duplication. The caretaker also was requested to inform the grove owner that he had already reported for the citrus under his care and that the grove owner was not to report the citrus again. In the 1987 census, 7 caretakers in Arizona reported 175 grove owners having 12,000 acres of citrus; the 65 caretakers in Florida reported 3,000 grove owners having 170,000 acres of citrus; and 20 caretakers in Texas reported 800 grove owners having 14,500 acres of citrus.

Crop year or season covered—Acres and quantity harvested are for the calendar year 1987 except for citrus fruits, avocados, olives; vegetables in Florida; sugarcane in Florida and Texas; and pineapples and coffee in Hawaii.

Citrus fruits—The data for Florida relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1986 through July 1987 harvest season, except limes that were harvested in the April 1987 through March 1988 harvest season. The data for Texas relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1986 through May 1987 harvest season. The data for States, other than Florida and Texas, relate to the quantity harvested in the 1986-87 harvest season.

**Avocados**—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the November 1986 through November 1987 harvest season and for Florida the April 1987 through March 1988 harvest season.

Olives—The data for California relate to the quantity harvested in the September 1986 through March 1987 harvest season.

**Vegetables—**The data for Florida relate to the crop harvested in the September 1986 through August 1987 harvest season.

Sugarcane for sugar—The data for Florida relate to the cuttings from November 1986 through April 1987, and for Texas the cuttings from October 1986 through April 1987.

Pineapples—The data for Hawaii relate to the quantity harvested in the year ending May 31, 1987.

Coffee—The data for Hawaii relate to the 1986-87 crop.

Acres and quantity harvested—Crops were reported in whole acres, except for the following crops which were reported in 10ths of acres: Irish potatoes, sweetpotatoes, tobacco, fruit and nut crops including land in orchards, berries, vegetables, and nursery and greenhouse crops; and in Hawaii, taro, ginger root, and lotus root. Totals for crops reported in 10ths of acres were rounded to whole acres at the aggregate level during the tabulation process.

If two or more crops were harvested from the same land during the year, the acres would be counted for each crop. Therefore, the total acres of all crops harvested generally exceeds the acres of cropland harvested. An exception to this procedure is hay crops. When more than one cutting of hay was taken from the same acres, the acres are counted only once but the quantity harvested includes all cuttings. However, hay cut for both dry hay and green chop or silage would be reported for each applicable crop. For interplanted crops or "skip-row" crops, acres were to be reported according to the portion of the field occupied by each crop.

If a crop was planted but not harvested, the acres were not to be reported as harvested. These acres were to be reported in the "land use" section under the appropriate cropland items—cropland used only for pasture or grazing, cropland used for cover crops, cropland on which all crops failed, or cropland idle.

Corn and sorghum hogged or grazed were to be reported as "cropland harvested" and not as "cropland used only for pasture or grazing." Crop residue left in fields and later hogged or grazed was not reported as cropland pasture.

Quantity harvested was not obtained for crops such as vegetables; nursery and greenhouse crops; corn cut for dry fodder, hogged or grazed; and sorghum, hogged or grazed.

Acres of land in bearing and nonbearing fruit orchards, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees were to be reported as harvested cropland regardless of whether the crop was harvested or failed. However, abandoned orchards were to be reported as cropland idle, not as harvested cropland and the individual abandoned orchard crop acres were not to be reported.

Land in orchards—This category includes land in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees, citrus or other groves, vineyards, and nut trees of all ages, including land on which all fruit crops failed. Respondents were instructed not to report abandoned plantings and plantings of less than 20 total fruit, citrus, or nut trees, or grapevines.

Crop units of measure—The regional report forms allowed the operator to report the quantity of field crops harvested in a unit of measure commonly used in the region. When the operator reported in a unit of measure different than the unit of measure published, the quantity harvested was converted to the published unit of measure.

Grapes could be reported in dry weight or fresh weight; plums and prunes in fresh weight, or prunes in dry weight; and in Hawaii, coffee in pounds parchment or pounds cherry, and macadamia nuts in pounds husked, unshelled or pounds shelled. For other fruit and nut crops and citrus, the operator was given a choice of units of measure of pounds, tons, or boxes. The quantity harvested for these crops is published in pounds.

Write-in crops—To reduce the length of the report form, only the major crops for the region were prelisted. For other crops, the respondent was requested to look at a list of crops in each section and write in the crop name and its code. For crops that had no individual code listed on the report form, the respondent was to write in the crop name and code the crop into the appropriate "all other" category for that section. Write-in crops coded as "all other" were reviewed and assigned a specific code when possible. Crops not assigned a specific code were left in the appropriate "all other" category.

In some cases, the reviewers were unable to determine the specific crop reported by the respondent because of incomplete or generalized crop names. To ensure proper coding, most of these respondents were telephoned. Reports for those not telephoned were changed on the basis of other reports for the area.

Misreported or miscoded crops—In a few instances, tabulated data may be inaccurate because respondents misunderstood or misinterpreted questions on the report form. Data may have been reported on the wrong line or in the wrong section, or the wrong crop code may have been placed beside the name of a write-in crop. Some of these errors as well as some keying errors may not have been identified during processing and therefore, were not corrected. Reports with significant acres of unusual crops for the area were examined to minimize the possibility that they were in error.

#### "See text" References

Items in the tables which carry the note "See text" are explained or defined in this section.

Data are based on a sample of farms—For 1987, 1982, and 1978, selected data were collected from only a sample of farms. These data are subject to sampling error. For 1987, the six-page sample form was mailed to all large and specialized farms (based on expected sales, acres, or standard industrial classification), all farms in Alaska and Hawaii, and approximately 17 percent of all other farms. Sample sections 23 through 28 of the 1987 census forms included inquiries on production expenses, commercial fertilizer and lime, chemicals, machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and income from farm-related sources. Estimates of the reliability of county totals for selected items are shown in table F of appendix C.

**Operators of Spanish origin**—No imputation was made for those not responding to the question on Spanish origin.

Farms operated by Black and other races—This category includes Blacks, American Indians, Asian and Pacific Islanders, and all other racial groups other than White.

All other races—This category is primarily limited to persons native to or of ancestry from Mexico, the Caribbean, and Central and South America.

Total sales—This item represents the gross market value of all agricultural products sold before taxes and expenses in the census year including livestock, poultry, and their products; and crops, including nursery crops and hay. Respondents were asked to include landlords' and contractors' shares. The value of commodities placed in CCC loans are included as sold. In 1987, all farms including abnormal farms were tabulated by size based on reported sales. In 1982 and 1978, abnormal farms were included in the total sales figure, but excluded from the detailed size breakdowns. Abnormal farms include institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations.

Farms with sales of less than \$1,000—This category includes all farms with actual sales of less than \$1,000, but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more. These farms normally could be expected to sell \$1,000 or more of agricultural products.

Net cash return from agricultural sales for the farm unit—This category is derived by subtracting total operating expenditures from the gross market value of agricultural products sold. Depreciation and the change in inventory values are excluded from expenditures. Production expenditures may be understated on part owner and tenant farms because property taxes paid by landlords are excluded. Other landlord expenditures, such as insurance or rent paid, which are not readily known to renters may also be omitted or understated. Gross sales include sales by the operator as well as the share of sales received by

partners, landlords, and contractors. Consequently, the net cash return is that of the farm unit rather than the net farm income of the operator.

Other livestock and livestock products—This category includes all livestock and livestock products not listed separately.

Value of livestock and poultry on farms—Data for the value of livestock and poultry on farms were obtained by multiplying the inventory of each major age and sex group by State average prices. The State average prices for cattle, hogs, sheep, Angora goats, hens and pullets of laying age, and turkeys were obtained primarily from data published by the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Prices applied to other livestock and poultry were census-derived averages based primarily on reported value of sales in the census.

**Poultry hatched**—This category includes all poultry hatched on the place during the year and placed or sold. Incubator egg capacity on December 31, 1987, is tabulated under the column heading "Inventory" and the number of poultry hatched and placed or sold is under the heading "Sales."

Hay—alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.—Data shown for hay represent all hay crops, including grass silage, haylage, and hay crops cut and fed green (green chop). In production data, dry tons represent dry tonnage for the various hay categories and dry weight equivalents for grass silage and hay cut and fed green. The conversion used was 3 tons of green weight to 1 ton of dry weight.

Tame hay other than alfalfa, small grain, and wild hay—Data shown represent dry tons of hay harvested from clover, lespedeza, timothy, Bermuda grass, Sudan grass, and other types of legume and tame grasses.

**Grapes**—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of grapes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of grapes harvested have been converted to pounds of fresh weight. The conversion used was 4 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Plums and prunes—Farm operators were given the option of reporting the quantity of plums and prunes harvested in dry weight or fresh weight. For publication purposes, all quantities of plums and prunes harvested have been converted to pounds of fresh weight. The conversion used was 3 pounds fresh weight to 1 pound dry weight.

Cherries—For 1987, cherries were reported as "sweet cherries," "tart cherries," or "cherries" depending on the regional form the respondent completed. On regional

forms for States where cherries are an important fruit crop, "sweet cherries" and "tart cherries" were listed separately. On the other regional forms, either "cherries" were listed or could be written in. For publication purposes, "cherries, total" could be shown along with the individual breakdown of "sweet cherries," "tart cherries," or "cherries, not specified." "Cherries, not specified" is used to account for cherries where the "sweet" and "tart" breakdown was not asked or where respondents wrote in "cherries" but did not specify or code the kind of cherry. All the individual cherry items may not be shown. Data for "sweet cherries," "tart cherries," and "cherries, not specified" are not available for 1982.

Other fruits and nuts—Data shown for other fruits and nuts relate to any fruits and nuts not having a specific code on the 1987 report form.

Land used for vegetables—Data are for the total land used for vegetable crops. The acres are reported only once, even though two or more harvests of a vegetable or more than one vegetable were harvested from the same acres.

**Vegetables harvested for sale—**The acres of vegetables harvested is the summation of the acres of individual vegetables harvested. All of the individual vegetable items may not be shown.

Nursery and greenhouse crops grown for sale—These data are a summation of the individual items reported. All of the individual items may not be shown.

Nursery, floriculture, vegetable and flower seed crops, sod, etc., grown in the open, irrigated—Data refer to farms reporting irrigated nursery, floriculture, vegetable and flower seeds, sod, bedding plants, etc., grown in the open.

Other grains—These data are for the total market value of other grains sold including dry edible beans, dry lima beans, buckwheat, dry southern peas (cowpeas), emmer and spelt, flaxseed, mixed grains, lentils, mustard seed, dry edible peas, popcorn, proso millet, rice, rye for grain, safflower, sunflower seed, triticale, and wild rice.

Value of crop production—This item represents the estimated value of all crops harvested during the 1987 crop year. Data for the value of crops harvested were obtained by multiplying the average estimated value per unit by the reported acres or quantity harvested. Generally, harvested units of production (pounds, bushels, bales, etc.) were multiplied by State estimates of prices per unit. If only acres harvested were reported, State estimates for value of production per acre were used. The State average production price and production value per acre used in these calculations were obtained usually from publications of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. When

USDA estimates were not available, Bureau of the Census statisticians made estimates using available sources such as data from adjacent States, respondent report forms, county extension agents, and other persons knowledgeable about specific crops.

# FARMS CLASSIFIED BY SPECIFIED CHARACTERISTICS

State tables 48 through 53 present detailed 1987 data for all farms classified by specified characteristics—tenure of operator, type of organization, age and principal occupation of operator, size of farm (acres), value of agricultural products sold, and standard industrial classification. Other tables include data classified by value of sales groups or other characteristics of the farm or the operator.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold or value of sales— In 1987, all farms were tabulated by size based on reported sales. In 1982 and earlier censuses, abnormal farms were not tabulated based on sales size. In the tables on market value of agricultural products sold, the sales of abnormal farms in 1982 and earlier censuses were included in the total sales figure, but excluded from the detailed size categories. Abnormal farms included institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. The category "farms with sales of less than \$1,000" included all farms with actual sales of less than \$1,000 but having the production potential for sales of \$1,000 or more. These farms normally could be expected to sell \$1,000 or more of agricultural products.

The sales size categories used in this report are consistent with the standard business size categories issued by Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in 1982. In State table 52, data are presented for four sales size categories between \$10,000 and \$49,999. This provides users with bridge data under both the OMB and the 1978 census classifications. For the 1992 census, data will be presented only for the OMB sales size categories of \$10,000 to \$24,999 and \$25,000 to \$49,999.

Abnormal farms—This category includes institutional farms, experimental and research farms, and Indian reservations. Institutional farms include those operated by hospitals, penitentiaries, churches, schools, grazing associations, and government agencies. In 1987 and 1982, nongovernmental units such as church farms and Future Farmers of America camps were classified as abnormal farms only when 50 percent or more of their products produced and intended for human consumption were utilized by the organization.

Farms by tenure of operator—The classifications of tenure used in the 1987 census were:

Full owners, who operate only land they own.

Part owners, who operate land they own and also land they rent from others.

**Tenants,** who operate only land they rent from others or work on shares for others.

Farms by type of organization—All farms were classified by type of organization in the 1987 census. The classifications used were:

**Individual or family (sole proprietorship),** excluding partnership and corporation.

Partnership, including family partnership.

Corporation, including family corporation.

Other, cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etc.

Corporations were subclassified by two additional characteristics into:

- Family held
   Other than family held
- More than 10 stockholders10 or less stockholders

Farms by age and principal occupation of operator—Data on age and principal occupation were requested from all operators in 1987. The principal occupation classifications used were:

**Farming**—The operator spent 50 percent or more of his/her worktime in 1987 in farming or ranching.

**Other**—The operator spent more than 50 percent of his/her worktime in 1987 in occupations other than farming or ranching.

Farms by size—All farms were classified into selected size groups according to the total land area in the farm. The land area of a farm is an operating unit concept and includes land owned and operated as well as land rented from others. Land rented to or assigned to a tenant was considered the tenant's farm and not the owner's.

Farms by standard industrial classification—In 1987, all agricultural production establishments (farms, ranches, nurseries, greenhouses, etc.) were classified by type of activity using the standard industrial classification (SIC) system. These classifications, found in the 1987 SIC Manual<sup>1</sup>, are used to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1987. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Stock No. 041-001-003-14-2.

An establishment primarily engaged in crop production (major group 01) or production of livestock and animal specialties (major group 02) is classified in the four-digit industry and three-digit industry group which accounts for 50 percent or more of the total value of sales of its agricultural products. If the total value of sales of agricultural products of an establishment is less than 50 percent from a single four-digit industry, but 50 percent or more from the products of two or more four-digit industries within the same three-digit industry group, the establishment is classified in the miscellaneous industry of that industry group. Otherwise, it is classified as a general crop farm in industry 0191 or a general livestock farm in industry 0291. Establishments that derive 50 percent or more of the value of sales from horticultural specialties of industry group 018 are classified in industry 0181 or 0182 according to their primary activity.

Characteristics of all farms by selected SIC groupings are shown in State tables 18 and 53. The SIC groupings shown in State table 53, together with the associated products (value of sales representing 50 percent or more of the value of agricultural products sold during the year) on which the classification is based, are as follows:

Cash grains (011)—Wheat, rice, corn, soybeans, barley, buckwheat, cowpeas, dry field and seed beans and peas, flaxseed, lentils, milo, mustard seed, oats, popcorn, rye, safflower, sorghum, sunflowers, and other small grains.

Cotton (0131)—Cotton and cottonseed.

Tobacco (0132)—Tobacco.

Sugarcane, sugar beets, Irish potatoes, hay, peanuts, and other field crops (0133, 0134, 0139)—Sugarcane, sugar beets, Irish potatoes, alfalfa, broomcorn, clover, grass seed, hay, hops, mint, peanuts, sweetpotatoes, timothy, and yams.

**Vegetables and melons (016)**—Vegetables and melons grown in the open.

Fruits and tree nuts (017)—Berries, grapes, tree nuts, citrus fruits, deciduous tree fruits, avocados, bananas, coffee, dates, figs, olives, pineapples, and tropical fruit.

Horticultural specialties (018)—Bedding plants, bulbs, florists' greens, flower and vegetable seeds, flowers, foliage, fruit stocks, nursery stock, ornamental plants, shrubberies, sod, mushrooms, and vegetables grown under cover.

**General farms, primarily crops (019)**—Crops, including horticultural specialties, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single three-digit industry group.

Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties (021)—Cattle, calves, hogs, sheep, goats, goat's milk, mohair, and wool.

**Beef cattle, except feedlots (0212)—**Production or feeding of beef cattle, except feedlots.

**Dairy farms (024)**—Production of cows' milk and other dairy products and raising of dairy heifer replacements.

**Poultry and eggs (025)**—Chickens, chicken eggs, turkeys, ducks, geese, pheasants, pigeons, quail, and squab.

**Animal specialties (027)**—Fur-bearing animals, rabbits, horses, ponies, bees, fish in captivity except fish hatcheries, worms, and laboratory animals.

General farms, primarily livestock and animal specialties (029)— Livestock and animal specialties and their products, but less than 50 percent of sales from any single three-digit industry group.

The SIC manual was revised for 1987. Animal aquaculture (0273) was established as a new industry and horticultural specialties, not elsewhere classified (0189) was deleted.

# APPENDIX B. Places With All Cropland in the Conservation Reserve Program

The Food Security Act of 1985 established the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP). This program provides annual payments for highly erodible cropland enrolled in the program and meeting its conservation requirements. It also requires that the land be taken out of agricultural production for 10 years.

The 1987 Census of Agriculture includes Conservation Reserve acreage as land in farms on operations that meet the census farm definition. For census purposes, a farm is any place from which agricultural products of \$1,000 or more were produced and sold or normally would have been sold during the census year. Operations which placed all of their cropland in the CRP and did not otherwise meet the farm definition based upon sales, livestock inventories, planted crops, or other criteria for potential sales were not included as farms in the census tabulations.

The following table provides CRP data for places not meeting the census farm definition ("whole farm" CRP places). It also contains separate but corresponding CRP data for farms included in the census tabulations. In addition to State data, detailed county data are presented for counties with three or more "whole farm" CRP places reported. For counties with less than three "whole farm" CRP places reported, their data are combined and reported in "all other counties."

The data for "whole farm" CRP places are not complete for all counties. The census mail list was developed from sources which indicated the farm had agricultural production activity. It was not designed to cover all "whole farm" CRP places. Therefore, the data for these places are limited to what was reported in the census and have not been adjusted to account for nonresponse, incomplete coverage, and reporting errors.

## Land in Conservation Reserve Program: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]						
Geographic area	Agricultural places excluded by farm definition with acres in the CRP			Farms with acres in the CRP		
	Number	Land in places (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)	Number	Land in farms (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)
Nebraska	566	118 185	86 938	3 529	4 068 237	477 640
Adams	11	1 174	875	22	14 631	1 245
Antelope	14	2 526	2 288	45	35 298	6 564
Banner	14	6 556	5 699	86	185 065	37 036
Boone	7 7	1 243	1 141	89	92 379	14 694
Brown	1 41	1 068 710	1 027 601	32 34	69 144 128 248	7 462 8 067
Buffalo	4	789	753	58	59 445	5 975
Burt	15	2 201	2 004	63	39 809	8 952
Butler	6	1 039	867	49	28 749	3 965
Cass	7	451	400	25	18 560	944
Cedar	19	2 330	2 079	90	53 440	9 353
Cheyenne	14	1 690	1 591	76 !	133 147	9 541
Cuming	8	1 387	1 303	37	27 193	2 938
Custer	8	1 316	1 247	60	105 680	6 188
Dakota	8	1 443	1 338	41	25 331	5 967
Dawson	3	289	289	33	41 155	1 796
Dixon	25	5 210	4 511	124	61 812	19 421
Douglas	10	2 546	2 511	00	3 630	528
Dundy	3 4	782 240	586 240	29 35	65 479 29 291	4 246 2 560
Franklin	3	346	346	18	25 366	658
Furnas	8	289	289	77	90 443	5 724
Gage	6	469	446	120	77 097	9 440
Garden	j š	1 594	964	13	42 221	2 334
Gosper	j šl	318	318	17	20 664	849
Greeley	6	1 395	1 315	38	24 358	4 260
Hamilton	3	553	493	6	5 321	777
Holt	10	6 439	5 221	60	92 556	12 584
Howard	6	569	438	55	34 562	3 109
Jefferson	5	667	552	42	31 346	2 920
Johnson	7	1 124	979	97	45 023	11 495
Keith	6	1 423	1 321	18	48 674	2 606
Kimball	19	7 397 1 282	5 962 1 112	101 100	220 412 87 201	43 901 11 156
KnoxLangaster	17	1 568	1 305	50	30 511	4 418
Lincoln	6	1 293	1 151	45	74 120	5 878
Madison	16	1 963	1 809	66	39 963	8 616
Merrick	3	70	70	13	9 492	1 011
Morrill	1 31	284	254	43	79 733	5 503
Nance	4	425	425	42	36 778	5 407
Nemaha	4	147	123	31	16 294	1 970
Otoe	7	948	735	38	18 620	2 085
Pawnee	13	2 748	1 820	80	44 874	10 292
Perkins	5	1 285	496	24	35 809	4 789
Pierce	5	551	532	55	29 666	5 513
Platte	5	557	535	18	11 775	2 063
Richardson	17	18 532	1 449	67	47 241	. 9 603
Rock	14	4 420	3 729	24	55 018	8 780

# Land in Conservation Reserve Program: 1987—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Geographic area	Agricultural places	ultural places excluded by farm definition with acres in the CRP			Farms with acres in the CRP		
	Number	Land in places (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)	Number	Land in farms (acres)	Land in CRP (acres)	
Saline	5 9 8 4 4 6 18 3 15 6 12 21 13 4 5 5	1 023 1 783 933 386 436 1 200 2 563 70 1 872 813 1 150 1 943 1 341 555 5 555 2 915	166 1 651 929 240 376 945 2 340 68 1 749 695 938 1 803 1 106 470 5 556 2 367	39 35 27 33 51 82 73 25 71 51 28 94 38 21 12 456	21 833 18 158 18 351 16 742 104 326 67 593 34 373 19 652 38 958 52 992 13 830 45 473 45 687 9 116 914 667	2 445 3 215 3 388 1 548 6 035 9 557 10 081 2 183 11 911 4 333 2 494 14 066 3 719 4 467 1 696 51 319	

# APPENDIX C. Statistical Methodology

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#### MAIL LIST MODEL

A statistical discriminant model was developed to predict the probability that a mail list addressee operated a farm. The model was used to identify the 4.1 million records from the preliminary census mail list of 6.0 million records that would receive a census of agriculture report form. Records from the 1982 census mail list were used to build the model. Record characteristics such as the source of the mail list record (see appendix A for a description of record sources), number of source lists on which the record appeared, expected value of agricultural sales, and geographic location were used to separate mail list records into model groups. The proportion of 1982 census farm records in each group was calculated to provide an estimate of the probability that an addressee in the group operated a farm.

Using these same group definitions, the 1987 census mail list records were separated into groups, each with an associated estimate of farm probability from the model. The 4.1 million mail list records in groups with the largest estimate of farm probability were selected to receive the census report form. A large percentage of the 1.9 million records that were dropped from the 6.0 million preliminary census mail list were nonfarm records from the previous census. This procedure was used to obtain a more complete census enumeration without excessive respondent burden and data collection cost.

#### **CENSUS SAMPLE DESIGN**

Each of the 4.1 million name and address records on the census mail list was designated to receive one of three different types of census report forms. The three forms were the nonsample census form (a four-page form), the sample form (a six-page form), and the short form (a two-page form). Sections 1 through 22 of the sample form were identical to sections on the nonsample census form. However, the sample form contained additional sections on farm production expenditures, usage of fertilizers and insecticides, value of machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and farm-related income. The short form contained abbreviated versions of the sections on the nonsample census form. These three different forms were used to reduce the response burden of the census, while providing quality information on a large number of data items at the county level.

The sample form was mailed to all mail list records in Alaska and Hawaii and to a sample of records in other States identified when the mail list was constructed. Addresses were selected into the sample with certainty if they were expected to have large total values of agricultural products sold or large acreage, if they were firms with two or more farms, or if they had other special characteristics. When a nonsample large farm was identified during processing, a supplemental form that contained the additional data inquiries was mailed. All farms in counties with less than 100 farms in 1982 were included in the sample with certainty; counties containing 100 to 199 farms in 1982 were systematically sampled at a rate of 1 in 2; and counties containing 200 or more farms in 1982 were systematically sampled at a rate of 1 in 6. This differential sample scheme was used to provide reliable data for sections 23 through 28 of the report form for all counties.

To determine which mail list records would receive the short form, all mail list records not designated for the sample were sorted into model groups according to farm probability as specified by the mail list model. The 906,000 mail list records in the model groups with the lowest probability of being farms and with an expected total value of agricultural product sales less than \$20,000 were designated to receive the short form. The remaining mail list records were selected to receive the nonsample census form.

### **CENSUS ESTIMATION**

The 1987 Census of Agriculture used two types of statistical estimation procedures. These estimation

procedures accounted both for nonresponse to the data collection and for the sample data collection. These procedures are used because some farm operators never respond to the census despite numerous attempts to contact them, and not all farm operators are requested to provide the sample data items.

### **Whole Farm Nonresponse Estimation**

A statistical estimation procedure was used to account for the census farms among mail list nonrespondents that were not designated for telephone followup. A stratified systematic sample of eligible census nonrespondents were mailed a simplified report form. Five sample strata were defined based on form type, expected value of sales, and previous census status. The report form was designed to provide sufficient information to determine farm status. Additional mail and telephone contacts were made to survey nonrespondents to obtain sufficient response for survey estimates.

Estimates of the proportion of census nonrespondents that operated farms were made for each stratum in the State using survey results and applied to the total number of census nonrespondents in that stratum. A synthetic estimation procedure was used to estimate the number of census nonrespondents that operated farms for each county by stratum. This estimation procedure is based on the assumption that the distribution of farms in a stratum by county is the same for census nonrespondents as for census respondents.

Within each stratum in a county, a noninteger nonresponse weight was calculated and assigned to each eligible respondent farm record. The procedure used for calculating the nonresponse weight assumed the eligible census respondents and the nonrespondent farm operations in a county had similar characteristics within each stratum. The noninteger nonresponse weight was the ratio of the sum of the estimated number of nonrespondent farms (using nonresponse survey results) and the number of eligible census respondent farms to the number of eligible census respondent farms. Stratum controls were established to ensure that this weight was never greater than 2.0. The noninteger nonresponse weight was used in the estimation of the final weight for the sample items. It was randomly rounded to an integer weight of either 1 or 2 for each record for tabulating the complete count items.

The procedure assumed that we obtain complete response from large and unique farm operations because these cases received intensive telephone followup during census processing. In situations where addressees could not be contacted by telephone or refused to cooperate, secondary sources such as Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service offices or county extension agents were asked to provide information as to whether or not the addressee had agricultural activities. Data from previous census reports for the specific addressee, in conjunction with other information, were used to complete the census report form.

Table A quantifies the effect of the nonresponse estimation procedure on selected census data items. The percentage of the census value contributed by nonresponse estimation as provided in this table indicates the potential for bias in published figures resulting from this procedure. The estimates provided in these tables do not reflect the effect of nonresponse to individual data items on respondents' census report forms. The effect of this item nonresponse is discussed further under Census Nonsampling Error.

Table A. Percent of State Totals Contributed by Whole Farm Nonresponse Estimation: 1987

ltem	Percent of total
Farmsnumber	15.0
Land in farmsacres	7.6
Value of land and buildings\$1,000	9.0
Market value of agricultural products sold\$1,000	5.8
Harvested croplandacres	10.3
Corn for grain or seedacres	10.4
Wheat for grainacres	9.8
Livestock and poultry inventory:	
Cattle and calvesnumber	5.9
Hogs and pigsnumber	8.8
Hens and pullets of laying agenumber	1.1

#### Sample Estimation

All respondent sample records received a sample weight. The sample data estimates the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete census of the items in sections 23 through 28 of the report form. The estimates were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure that resulted in the assignment of a weight to each record containing sample items. For any given county, a sample item total was estimated by multiplying the data items for each farm in the county by the corresponding sample weight and summing overall sample records in the county.

Each sample farm was assigned one sample weight to be used to produce estimates for all sample items. For example, if the weight given to a sample farm had the value 5, all sample data items reported by that farm would be multiplied by 5. The weight assigned a certainty farm was 1. The estimation procedure used to assign weights was performed for each county.

Within a county, the ratio estimation procedure for farms was performed in three steps using three variables. The first variable contained eight 1987 total value of agricultural production (TVP) groups. Both the second and third variables, Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code and farm acreage, contained two groups. The variable groups were as follows:

TVP	SIC	Acres
\$1 to \$999	01 All crops	0 to 69
\$1,000 to \$ 2,499	02 All livestock	70 or more
\$2,500 to \$ 4,999		
\$5,000 to \$ 9,999		
\$10,000 to \$24,999		
\$25,000 to \$49,999		

\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more

The first step in the estimation procedure was to partition the sample records into 32 mutually exclusive initial post strata formed by combining the three variable groups. This produced a three dimensional array where the cells of the array corresponded to the initial post strata groups. Each sample farm record was assigned an initial weight equal to the ratio of the total farm count to the sample farm count, expanded for nonresponse estimation, for the cell containing the sample farm. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a farm for the census sample.

The second step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the cells of the array (prior to the repeated ratio estimation) to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. Any cell within the array that either contained less than 10 sample farms or had a ratio of total farms to sample farms that was more than 2 times the mail sample rate was collapsed with another cell (in the same variable) according to a specified collapsing pattern. New total farm counts and sample farm counts were computed for each of the collapsed cells (final post strata) and were used in the ratio estimation procedure to calculate final sample weights.

In the third step in the ratio estimation procedure, complete counts for the three variables (TVP, SIC, acreage) were used to compute the marginals of the array defined by the final post strata. Factors were then applied to expanded sample totals in each cell of the array to obtain agreement with the row marginal (TVP) complete counts. The sample totals then had factors applied to obtain agreement with the column marginal (SIC) complete counts. Lastly, the sample totals had factors applied to obtain agreement with the depth marginal (acreage) complete counts. This procedure that requires the row totals, then the column totals, and then the depth totals to agree with the complete counts for the rows, columns, and depths, respectively, is continued iteratively until the process converges (the marginal totals agree with the complete count totals).

The ratio of the adjusted total farm count to the sample farm count obtained from the second iteration of the estimation procedure was the noninteger final post stratum sample weight assigned to the sample farm records in that post stratum. The noninteger sample weight, the product of the noninteger final post stratum sample weight and the nonresponse weight, was randomly rounded to an integer weight for tabulation. If, for example, the final weight for the

farms in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample farms in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight

#### **CENSUS SAMPLING ERROR**

Sampling error in the census data results from the nonresponse sample and the census sample data collection. Census items were classified as either complete count or sample data items. The complete count items were asked of all farm operators. The complete count data items included land in farms, harvested cropland, livestock inventory and sales, crop acreages, quantities harvested and crop sales, land use, irrigation, government loans and payments, conservation acreage, type of organization, and operator characteristics (sections 1 through 22 of the census report form). Variability in the complete count data items is considerably smaller than in the sample items as the variation is due only to the nonresponse sample estimation procedure. The sample items were asked of approximately 25 percent of the total census farm operators. The sample data items included farm production expenditures, fertilizer and chemical usage, farm machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and farm-related income (sections 23 through 28 of the census report form). Variability in the estimates of sample items is due both to the census sample selection and estimation procedure and the nonresponse sample estimation procedure.

The sample for the 1987 Census of Agriculture is one of a large number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible sample estimates is called the sampling deviation. The standard error or sampling error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The percent relative standard error of estimate is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the value being estimated multiplied by 100. If all possible samples were selected, each of the samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions, and an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 67 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.65 standard errors below the estimate to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.

The computations involved to define the above confidence statements are illustrated in the following example. Assume that the estimate of number of farms for the State is 94,382 and the relative standard error of the estimate (percent) is .1 percent (0.001). Multiplying 94,382 by 0.001 yields 94, the standard error. Therefore, a 67-percent confidence interval is 94,288 to 94,476 (i.e., 94,382 plus or minus 94). If corresponding confidence intervals were constructed for all possible samples of the same size and design, approximately 2 out of 3 (67 percent) of these intervals would contain the figure obtained from a complete enumeration. Similarly, a 90 percent confidence interval is 94,227 to 94,538 (i.e., 94,382 plus or minus 1.65 x 94).

Tables B and C provide the reliability estimates of the estimated number of farms in a county reporting complete count and sample items, respectively. Both tables show the percent relative standard errors for selected estimated number of farms in a county reporting an item. These are derived from a regression equation. The parameters of the regression equation were estimated using the estimated number of farms in a county reporting the complete count or sample item as the independent variable and the standard error of that estimate as the dependent variable for all counties in the State.

Table B. Reliability Estimates for Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Complete Count Item: 1987

Farms	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	
25	7.7
50	5.6
75	4.7
100	4.2
150	3.6
200	3.2
300	2.9
500	2.5
750	2.3
1,000	2.2
1,500	2.1
2,000	2.0

Note: Complete count items are items in sections 1 to 22 of the report form.

To illustrate the use of these tables, assume that the estimate of the number of farms reporting hogs and pigs for a particular county, as given in county table 12, is 89. Since hogs and pigs is a complete count data item, refer to table B and select the estimated relative standard error of the estimate from the row whose value is equal to or just less than the estimated number of farms, 89. For this example, the relative standard error of the estimate comes from the row for 75 farms reporting. For sample data items, follow the same procedure using table C. In counties that had less than 100 farms in the 1982 Census of Agriculture, table C does not apply because the farms in these

counties were sampled with certainty (1 in 1), and thus, the reliability estimates for the number of farms in these counties are smaller than for counties that were sampled at lower rates (1 in 2 or 1 in 6).

Table C. Reliability Estimates for Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Sample Item: 1987

Farms	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Number of farms reporting:	
25	33.5
50	23.4
75	18.8
100	16.1
150	12.7
200	10.7
300	8.2
500	5.3
750	3.0
1,000	2.6
1,500	2.1
2,000	1.8

Note: Sample items are items in sections 23 to 28 of the report form.

Table D presents the relative standard error of selected State data items for all farms and for all farms with sales of \$10,000 or more. The percent relative standard error of the estimate for complete count data measures the variation associated with the sample-based adjustment for whole farm nonresponse. The percent relative standard error of the estimate for sample items measures both the sampling error due to the nonresponse sample estimation procedure and the census sample selection and estimation procedure. The reliability of State estimates may vary substantially from State to State. Generally, State estimates for a given data item are less reliable than the corresponding U.S. estimate.

Table E presents the standard error (not relative standard error) for percent change in State totals from 1982 to 1987. The general purpose of the percent change estimate is to provide a relative measure of the difference in a characteristic between censuses. The relative change for a given characteristic is defined as the ratio of the difference of the 1987 and the 1982 estimate for that characteristic to the 1982 estimate. This ratio is multiplied by 100 to obtain the percent change. The percent standard error of a percent change estimate, then, is the standard error of the ratio multiplied by 100.

Table F presents the relative standard error for county totals for 10 major complete count items and 7 sample items. The relative standard error of the estimate (percent) for the same item differs among counties in a State. Reasons for this are differences among counties in (1) the total number of farms, (2) the number of large farms included with certainty, (3) the size classifications of the farms sampled, (4) the amount of nonresponse, (5) the general agricultural characteristics, and (6) the specific characteristic being measured.

#### **CENSUS NONSAMPLING ERROR**

The accuracy of the census counts are affected by the joint effects of the sampling errors described in the previous section and nonsampling errors. Extensive efforts were made to compile a complete and accurate mail list for the census, to design an understandable report form and instructions, and to minimize processing errors through the use of quality control, verification, and check measures on specific operations. Nonsampling errors arise from incompleteness of the census mail list, duplication in the mail list, incorrect data reporting, errors in editing of reported data, and errors in imputation for missing data. These specific nonsampling errors are further discussed in this section. Evaluation studies will be conducted to measure the extent of certain nonsampling errors such as coverage error, classification error, and item imputation.

#### **Census Coverage**

The main objective of the census of agriculture is to obtain a complete and accurate enumeration of U.S. farms with accurate data on all aspects of the agricultural operation. However, the cost and availability of resources for this enumeration place restrictions on operationally feasible data collection methodologies. The past five agriculture censuses have been conducted by mail enumeration with telephone contact for selected nonrespondents. The completeness of such an enumeration thus depends to a large extent on the coverage of farm operations by the census mail list.

Historically, the census of agriculture has included approximately 90 percent of the farms in the United States and over 96 percent of the agricultural production. Complete enumeration of agricultural operations satisfying the farm definition of \$1,000 or more in agricultural sales is complicated by fluctuations in agricultural operations qualifying for enumeration, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the multiplicity of names used by an operation, the number of operations in which an operator participates, the accuracy of data reporting, etc. A new mail list is compiled for each census because no current single list of agricultural operations is comprehensive.

An evaluation of census coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. The evaluation provides estimates of the completeness of census farm count and major census data items. In addition, the evaluation helps to identify problems in the census enumeration and provide information that can form the basis for improvements. The results of the 1987 Coverage Evaluation program will be published in volume 2, part 2.

The evaluation of coverage conducted in 1987 was designed to measure errors in the census mail list and in farm classification. Mail list error includes a measurement of farms not on the census mail list (undercount), and a measurement of farms enumerated more than once in the

census (overcount). Classification error includes a measurement of farms classified as nonfarms in the census (undercount) and of nonfarms classified as farms in the census (overcount). Classification error arises from reporting and processing errors. Mail list undercount dominates all coverage errors. Net coverage error is defined as the difference of undercounted and overcounted farms. Measurements of these errors, as well as a description of the complete coverage program, will be available in the Coverage Evaluation report.

#### **Mail List Coverage**

A major problem with the use of a mail list for the census of agriculture enumeration is the difficulties that are encountered in compiling a complete list. The percentage of farms on the census mail list varies considerably by State. Several reasons have contributed to farm operators' names not being included on the census mail list—the operation may have been started after the mail list was developed, the operation may be so small as not to appear in agricultural related source lists used in compiling the census list, or the operation may have been falsely classified as a nonfarm prior to mailout. A large proportion of the farms not included on the mail list were small in both acres and sales of agricultural products.

The 1987 Census of Agriculture Coverage Evaluation used the area segment sample of the 1987 June Enumerative Survey (JES) of the National Agricultural Statistical Service (NASS) to estimate farms not on the census mail list. The Census Bureau contracted with the NASS to augment the JES data collection and receive survey data under the confidentiality protection afforded by Title 13, U.S. Code, from all residents of area sample segments with agricultural activity. These survey records were matched to the census mail list. Records that did not match were mailed a census of agriculture report form to estimate mail list coverage. Estimates of farms not on the census mail list used the capture-recapture dual frame estimator that will be described in the Coverage Evaluation report.

Table G provides coverage evaluation estimates of the number of farms not on the mail list and selected characteristics of those farms with their percent relative standard error. The table also provides an estimate of characteristics of farms not on the mail list as a percentage of total farms in the State. The estimate of total farms in the State is based on census farm count and the estimated number of farms not on the census mail list. This estimate of total farms in the State was not adjusted for classification and list duplication errors. Estimates of these errors will be made at the regional rather than the State level and will be available in the Coverage Evaluation report. The table provides the standard error (not relative standard error) of this percent estimate.

## Respondent and Enumerator Error

Incorrect or incomplete responses to the mailed census report form or to the questions posed by a telephone

enumerator introduce error into the census data. Such incorrect information can lead, in some cases, to incorrect enumeration of farms. This type of reporting error is measured by the Classification Error Study discussed later in this section. To reduce all types of reporting error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on tests of the census report form, and detailed instructions for completing the report form were provided to each addressee. In addition, each respondent's answers were checked for completeness and consistency.

#### **Item Nonresponse**

Nonresponse to particular questions on the census report that we would logically or statistically expect to be present may create a type of nonsampling error in both complete count and sample data. When information reported for another farm with similar characteristics is used to edit or impute for item nonresponse, the data may be biased because the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. Any attempt to correct the data for nonresponse may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual farm operation) or on the average.

#### **Processing Error**

The many steps of processing of each census report form are sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census report forms includes clerical screening for farm activity, computerized check-in of report forms and followup of nonrespondents, keying and transmittal of completed report forms, computerized editing of inconsistent and missing data, review and correction of individual records referred from the computer edit, review and correction of tabulated data, and electronic data processing. These operations undergo a number of quality control checks to ensure as accurate an application as possible, yet some errors are not detected and corrected.

#### Classification Error

An evaluation study of classification errors was conducted in the 1987 Census of Agriculture as part of the census coverage evaluation program. A sample of mail list respondents was selected, and these addresses reenumerated to determine whether they were a farm or nonfarm. A farm status determination was made based on the evaluation questionnaire and compared with the status based on the data reported on the census form. Differences in status were reconciled.

In past censuses, the proportion of farms undercounted due to classification errors was higher for farms with small values of sales. The classification error rate was higher for (1) livestock farms than crop farms, (2) farms with a small number of acres than larger farms, or (3) tenant farms than full or part-owner farms. Results from the 1987 classification error study will be published in the Coverage Evaluation report.

# EDITING DATA AND IMPUTATION FOR ITEM NONRESPONSE

For the 1987 Census of Agriculture, as in previous censuses, all reported data were keyed and then edited by computer. The edits were used to determine whether the reports met the minimum criteria to be counted as farms in the census. Computer edits also performed a series of complex, logical checks of consistency and completeness of item responses. They provided the basis for deciding to accept, impute (supply), delete, or alter the reported value for each data record item.

Whenever possible, edit imputations, deletions, and changes were based on component or related data on the respondent's report form. For some items, such as operator characteristics, data from the previous census were used when available. Values for other missing or unacceptable reported data items were calculated based on reported quantities and known price parameters.

When these and similar methods were not available and values had to be supplied, the imputation process used information reported for another farm operation in a geographically adjacent area with characteristics similar to those of the farm operation with incomplete data. For example, a farm operation that reported acres of corn harvested, but did not report quantity of corn harvested, was assigned the same bushels of corn per acre harvested as that of the last nearby farm with similar characteristics that reported acceptable yields during that particular execution of the computer edit. The imputation for missing items in each section of the report form was conducted separately; thus, assigned values for one operation could come from more than one respondent.

Prior to the imputation operation, a set of default values and relationships were assigned to the possible imputation variables. The relationships and values varied depending on the item being imputed. For example, different default values were assigned for several standard industrial classification and total value of sales categories when imputing hired farm labor expenses. These values and item relationships for the possible imputation variables were stored in the computer in a series of matrices. The computer records were sorted by reported State and county, where the county sequence was based on similar types of farms and agricultural practices.

Each execution of the computer edit consisted of records from only one State. For a given execution of the edit, the stored entries in the various matrices were retained in the computer only until a succeeding record having acceptable characteristics for some sections of the report form was processed by the computer. Then the acceptable responses

of the succeeding operation replaced those previously stored. When a record processed through the edit had unreported or unacceptable data, the record was assigned the last acceptable ratio or response from an operation with a similar set of characteristics. Once each execution of the computer edit for a State was completed, the possible imputation variables were reset to the default values and relationships for subsequent executions.

After the initial computer edit, keyed reports not meeting the census farm definition were reviewed to ensure that the data were keyed correctly. Edit referrals were generated for about 30 percent of the reports included as farms, and they were also reviewed for keying accuracy and to ensure that the computer edit actions were correct. If the results of the computer edit were not acceptable, corrections were made and the record was reedited. More extensive discussions of the edit and item imputation methodology with measures of the extent of imputation in the census estimates will be provided in a separate research report.

Tables D through G follow.

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals: 1987

		All farm	is	Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more	
Item		Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standare error of estimate (percent
farmsand in farms		60 502 45 305 441	(Z) .1	46 888 43 049 528	:
Average size of farm	1	749	.1	918	•
/alue of land and buildings1	dollars	20 828 347 344 253 457	.6 .6 .9	19 590 289 417 775 452	). ).
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment <sup>1</sup>	\$1,000 doliars	3 549 159 58 799	.7 .8	3 346 781 71 400	
Farms by size: 1 to 9 acres	farms	5 090	.6	2 055	1.9
10 to 49 acres	acres	11 762 4 296	.8 .6	3 915   982	4.5
50 to 179 acres		110 111 11 166	.7	24 939 6 329	1.
180 to 499 acres	acres	1 346 993	.4	828 681 15 582	
500 to 999 acres	acres	5 749 573 12 153	.3	5 236 108   11 737	
1,000 to 1,999 acres	acres	8 512 478 6 494	.3 .4	8 227 425 6 319	
2,000 acres or more	acres (	8 819 807 3 983	.4	8 583 992 3 884	
	acres	20 754 717	-	20 144 468	
otal cropland	acres	53 500 23 320 162	.1	43 686 22 311 979	
Harvested cropland	acres	51 175 15 276 151	.1	42 779 14 838 982	
Acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres	farms	1 593	1.0	316	2.: 3.
10 to 49 acres	acres farms	7 694 5 261	1.2	1 268 1 565	3. <sup>1</sup> 1.
50 to 99 acres		148 097 6 608 483 701	.6 .5	47 895   4 195   317 448	1.
100 to 199 acres	acres	11 316	.5 .4	10 471	
200 to 499 acres	acres	1 625 474 17 771	.4	1 519 147 17 628	:
500 to 999 acres	acres farms	5 678 508 6 809	.2 .3	5 640 797 6 796	
1,000 acres or more		4 560 318 1 817	.3	4 552 072 1 808 2 760 355	•
Cropland used only for pasture or grazing	acres farms	2 772 359 18 017	.3	14 948	,
Other cropland	acres farms	2 564 978 39 368	.4	2 344 708 34 544	
rigated land	acres	5 479 033 22 596	.2	5 128 289 21 375	
Acres irrigated:	acres	5 681 835	.2	5 635 276	.i .i
1 to 9 acres	acres	436 1 808	1.9 2.5	168 689	3.0 4.5 1.0
10 to 49 acres50 to 99 acres	acres	2 246 68 813	.9 1.0	1 610 51 905	1. 1.
50 to 99 acres	acres	3 839 279 744	.7	3 607 264 180	1.
100 to 199 acres	acres	6 144 863 866	.5 .5	6 078 856 059	!.
200 to 499 acres	acres	7 188 2 232 271	.4	7 170   2 228 120	ن د
500 to 999 acres	acres	2 270 (D) 473	.5 (D)	2 270 (D) 472	(Ë
1,000 acres or more	acres	4/3 (D)	(D)	4/2 (D)	
farket value of agricultural products sold Average per farm	\$1,000 dollars	6 667 132 110 197	.1	6 609 230 140 958	:
Value of sales: Less than \$2,500	farme	4 694		_}	
\$2,500 to \$4,999	\$1,000	5 015 3 405	.6 .7 .7	=	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$1.000	12 524 5 515	.7 .7 .6	-	
	\$1,000	40 363	.6	-	
\$10,000 to \$24,999	\$1,000	10 923 183 512	.4	10 923 183 512	
\$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	\$1.000 I	10 681 388 794	.4	10 681 388 794	
\$100,000 or more	\$1,000 farms	11 305 814 441 13 979	.3 .3 .2	11 305 814 441 13 979	
	\$1,000	5 222 484	.1	5 222 484	
Sales by commodity or commodity group:  Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops	farms \$1,000	46 221 2 139 116	.1	39 370 2 110 729	
Grains	\$1,000	2 004 451 1 225 534	.1	1 980 475 1 217 779	;
Wheat	\$1,000	177 823	.2 .3 .2	172 340	
Sorghum for grain	\$1,000	377 905 144 429	.4	372 610 139 699	1.8
BarleyOats	\$1.000	1 746 10 471	, 1.8 .7	1 709 10 118	1.9

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals: 1987—Con.

		All farms		Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more	
ltem		Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent
Sales by commodity or commodity group—Con.					
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops—Con.  Cotton and cottonseed	\$1.000	_	_	_	
Tobacco Hay, silage, and field seeds Vegetables, sweet corn, and meions	\$1,000	76 875	=	72 885	
Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons	\$1,000	1 848	.5 4.2	1 664	4.6 12.
Fruits, nuts, and berriesNursery and greenhouse crops	\$1,000	818   9 <b>54</b> 5	11.3	759 9 <b>24</b> 5	12.
Other crops	\$1,000	45 781	1.0	45 701	1.0
Livestock, poultry, and their products		42 300	.1	34 455	
Poultry and poultry products	\$1,000	4 528 016 54 434	:1]	4 498 501 54 096	:
Dairy products Cattle and calves	\$1.000 I	130 993 3 564 895	.8	130 788	:
Hogs and pigs	\$1.000	746 507	.2	3 543 907 741 767	:
Sheep, lambs, and woolOther livestock and livestock products (see text)	\$1,000   \$1,000	18 517 12 671	.8 2.2	16 652 11 292	2.
Farms by standard industrial classification:	41,00023	12 071		71 202	
Cash grains (011)		28 440	.2	23 809	1.
Field crops, except cash grains (013)	acres	17 033 691 1 624	.2 1.0	16 374 153 708	1.
Vegetables and melons (016)	acres	838 367 72	.9	591 505	1.
vegetables and meions (010)	acres	2 865	4.8 7.0	23 1 898	8.: 9.
Fruits and tree nuts (017)	farms	43	6.4	15	12.
Horticultural specialties (018)	acres	1 936 161	8.5	1 033	12.
	acres	6 034	{=}	5 030	
General farms, primarily crop (019)	acres	886 668 221	1.3	600 488 642	1.0 1.3
Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties (021)		26 172	.2	19 771	
Dairy farms (024)	acres	25 501 462 1 242	.1 )	24 678 519	
• • • •	acres	540 631	1.2 1.2	1 206 538 363	1.: 1.: 2.:
Poultry and eggs (025)	acres	191 35 150	1.2 2.5 2.1	68 28 798	2.2 1.1
Animal specialties (027)		933	1.4	151	3.9
	acres	100 652	2.8	24 448	4.4 1.9
General farms, primarily livestock and animal specialties (029)	acres	738 576 432	1.6 1.3	446 317 139	1.3
Farms by type of organization:					
Individual or family (sole proprietorship)	acres	51 749 32 501 012	.1	39 402 30 691 041	
Partnership	farms	5 212		4 320	.6
Corporation	acres	5 272 093 3 209	.6	5 135 188 2 974	  2.
·	acres	6 962 774 332	.6 .3 .6 .2 2.2	6 824 340 192	
Other-cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etc.	acres	569 562	.7	398 959	2.3 .6
Tenure of operator:					
Full owners	acres	25 301 10 482 831	.2 .2 .2	15 374 9 043 127	
Part owners	farms	22 361 27 333 481	.2	21 065 26 894 072	
Tenants	acres   farms	12 840	.1 .3 .3	10 449	
	acres	7 489 129	.3	7 112 329	.3.
Operators by principal occupation: Farming	farms	45 387	.1	39 714	.•
·	acres	41 132 823	.1	39 828 373	.1
Other	acres	15 115   4 172 618	.3	7 174 3 221 155	.1 .5 .5
Operators by sex:	l				
Male		58 279 43 582 078	.1	45 600 41 522 285	.1 .1
Female	acres farms	2 223	.9	1 288	1.2 
Average age of operator	acres	1 723 363 49.4	.6 .1	1 527 243 49.2	.7. .1
Cropland under federal acreage reduction programs:	youro	70.4	."	70.2	• •
Annual commodity acreage adjustment programs		36 160	.1	33 228	.1
Conservation reserve program	acres   farms	2 891 014 3 529	.2 .6	2 835 389 2 864	.2 .7
	acres	477 640	.8	395 407	3.
Government payments:	04.000	050 444		045 800	,
Amount received in cashValue of certificates received	\$1,000	352 441 365 795	.2 .2	345 823   355 158	.2
Net cash return from agricultural sales1:				:	
Net cash return from agricultural sales for the farm unit (see text)		60 503 1 229 040	.2 1.0	46 892 1 248 103	2.
Average per farm	\$1,000 doliars	20 314	1.0	26 617	1.0
Farms with net gains <sup>2</sup>	number	42 380	.2	36 710	.2
Farms with net losses	\$1,000	1 397 201 18 123	.61	1 384 093 10 182	.i .e .e
Will Hot 100000	\$1,000	168 161	.3 1.7	135 989	1.9
Fotal farm production expenses <sup>t</sup>		60 503	.2	46 892	.2
Livestock and poultry purchased	\$1,000	5 409 171 25 700	.2 1.1	5 330 224 22 322	1 1
	\$1,000	1 904 830 ]	.3 .7	1 896 752	
Feed for livestock and poultry	farms \$1,000	36 122 801 077	.7 .5	30 617 795 801	.9 .7 .5
Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees	1	46 891		40 301	
	\$1,000 [	166 352 43 266 269 359	.5 .7 .5 .8	163 360	.4 .7 .5 .8
Commercial fertilizer	4	40 000	5	38 156	

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals: 1987—Con.

	All farms		Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more	
Item	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Total farm production expenses—Con.				
Agricultural chemicals	44 918 1 154 483	.5	38 586 151 419	.5 .9 .2 .6 .9
Petroleum productsfarms	57 976	.9	45 908	.2
\$1,000_ Electricityfarms	267 854 49 746	.6 .5	259 186 41 628	.6
\$1,000	92 622	.9	89 838	.9
Hired farm laborfarms	25 627 261 094	1.1	23 194	1.1
\$1,000 farms	6 127	.8 2.6	259 714 5 469	.8 2.7
\$1,000	20 635	2.7	20 087	2.7 2.7
Repair and maintenancefarms \$1,000	51 704 268 203	.4	42 277 259 168	.4 .7
Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment farms	30 379	1.0	26 015	1.0
\$1,000	99 286	1.9	95 531	2.0
Interestfarms \$1,000	37 867 368 642	.7	32 637	.7
Cash rentfarms	22 430	1.2	359 761 20 768	.9 1.2
\$1,000	210 520	1.5	208 002	1.2 1.5
Property taxesfarms_	51 148	.5	39 738	.5
All other farm production expensesfarms_	152 395 58 144	.8	141 634 46 877	.5 .8 .2 .7
\$1,000_	371 817	.3 .7	364 353	.7
Livestock and poultry:				
Cattle and calves inventoryfarms	34 701	-11	28 887	.1
Beef cows farms_	5 838 806 26 452	.1	5 701 450 22 057	.1
number	1 823 591	.2 .2 .7	1 758 410	.2
Milk cowsfarms	3 339 105 168	.7	2 917 103 961	.1 .2 .2 .7 .8
Cattle and calves soldfarms	35 491	.1	29 840	1
number Hogs and pigs inventory	5 888 192 13 363	.1	5 831 203   12 048	.1 .1 .3 .3 .3 .3
number	3 944 227	.3	3 899 378	.3
Hogs and pigs sold farms number	14 162 7 442 810	.3 .3 .3	12 715 7 381 337	.3 .3
Sheep and lambs inventoryfarms	2 846	.8	1 897	٩
number	195 531	1.0	162 310	.9 1.2 .9 .8 .7. .2
Sheep and lambs sold farms number	2 977 245 259	.8 .8	1 982   219 370	.9
Hens and pullets of laying age inventory farms	4 187	.6	2 931	.7
number	3 476 360	.2	3 422 887	.2
Broilers and other meat-type chickens sold farms	524	1.8	368 879 307	2.1
number_   Horses and ponies inventory farms_   umber_	910 980 10 178 51 265	1.5 .3 .7	7 359 36 018	1.5 .4 .9
	51 205	.,	36 016	.5
Selected crops harvested:				
Corn for grain or seed farms	34 717	.1	31 987	.1
acres   bushels	6 090 669 749 231 198	.2 .2	6 010 143 743 449 299	.1 .2
Corn for silage or green chop	4 208	.5	4 100	5
acres	181 060	.6	178 589	.6 .6
tons, green	2 772 092	.6	2 740 822	.6
Sorghum for grain or seed farms	12 576	.3	10 736	.3
acres bushels	1 300 713 101 004 096	.4	1 240 617 97 304 760	.3 .4 .4
Wheat for grain farms	18 124	او	15 799	2
acres	1 962 051	.2 .2 .3	1 874 664	.2 .2 .3
bushels	76 826 252	.3	74 113 493	.3
Oats for grain farms	8 165	.4	7 510	.4
acres busheis	280 502 13 643 509	.5 .5	269 751 13 260 752	.4 .5 .5
Soybeans for beans farms_	25 598		23 426	
acres	2 291 803	.2 .2 .2	2 244 863	.2 .2 .2
bushels	78 147 991	.2	76 908 425	.2
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.	30 224		26 029	9
(see text)farms acres	2 868 789	.2 .2 .2	2 720 573	.2 .2 .2
tons, dry	5 951 228	.2	5 709 865	.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are based on a sample of farms.
<sup>2</sup>Farms with total production expenses equal to market value of agricultural products sold are included as farms with gains.

Table E. Reliability Estimates of Percent Change in State Totals: 1982 to 1987

	All fa	arms	Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more	
ltem	Percent change	Standard error of estimate (percent)	Percent change	Standard error of estimate (percent)
Farmsnumber_	.4	.1	-3.9	
Land in farmsacres Value of land and buildings1:	.8	.1	(Z)	.1
Average per farmdollars	-35.4	.6	-33.3	.6
Total cropland farms	-1.8	.1	-5.7	
Harvested cropland farms	3.9 -2.5	.2	2.7 -6.3	
acres	-10.5	.1	-11.2	,
Irrigated landfarms acres	1.8 -5.9	.2 .2	(Z) -6.1	
Market value of agricultural products sold	.4 .6	.1 .1	-3.9 .6	.:
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops	5 -10.1	.1	-4.8 -10.4	
Livestock, poultry, and their products farms_	-7.8	.1 ]	-10.2	
\$1,000 Poultry and poultry products farms	6.6 -25.7	.1 .6	6.8 -29.1	
\$1,000	25.1	.1	25.5	
Selected farm production expenses1:  Livestock and poultry purchased	-7.7	1.3	-6.8	1.4
\$1,000 Feed for livestock and poultry farms	8.2 -10.2	.6 ) .9 )	8.3 -9.4	
\$1,000 Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarms	-5.1 .7	.6 .7	-4.7 -4.3	
\$1,000	9.4	1.1	9.0	1.1
Commercial fertilizer <sup>2</sup> farms \$1,000_	.7 -17.2	.8 .9	-3.0 -17.4	.8
Agricultural chemicals <sup>2</sup> farms	20.2	1.1	11.8	1.0
\$1,000 Hired farm labor farms	9.5 ( 9.6	1.5 1.7	8.6 8.2	1.0 1.5 1.6 2.0
\$1,000 Interest <sup>3</sup>	55.9 -3.4	1.9 1.0	58.1 -8.0	2.0
\$1,000	-39.9	.7	-40.6	:
Livestock and poultry inventory:	j			
Cattle and calves farms	-12.3 -10.6	.2	-13.7 -10.2	
Hogs and pigs farms	-16.5	. <u></u>	-17.7	
Hens and pullets of laying age farms	5 -27.2	.2 .1 .3 .3 .4 .2	2 -31.1	
Selected crops harvested:	5.2	.2	6.0	.:
Corn for grain or seed farms	.4	.2	-2.3	1
Sorghum for grain or seed farms	-6.6 -16.7	.2	-7.0 -22.3	
acres Wheat for grain farms	-21.5 -10.2	2 2 3 3 2 2	-23.1 -13.8	
acres_	-10.2 -24.1	.2	-13.6 -25.4	:
Soybeans for beans farms	19.1	.3 .3	16.5	
acres   Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc.	8.8	1	8.4	}
(see text)farms	-10.7 -10.5	.2 .2	-13.0 -11.2	-
Vegetables harvested for sale (see text) farms	36.0	3.4	41.4	4.5
Land in orchards farms_	7.2 23.0	4.3 4.1	8.3 9.8	4.5 4.5 5.8
acres_	20.7	9.7	23.2	13.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are based on a sample of farms. <sup>2</sup>Data for 1987 include cost of custom applications. <sup>3</sup>Data for 1982 do not include imputation for item nonresponse.

Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987

	Fam	is .	Land in t	farms	Average valuand buildings		Estimated ma of all machi equipm	nery and	Harvested :	cropland	Irrigated land	
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Value (dollars)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
AdamsAntelopeArthurBannerBlaine	780 1 009 90 212 129	.4 .4 .8 .8	366 589 508 511 417 924 411 712 426 581	1.0 .8 .4 .7	374 159 287 147 1 045 122 582 321 648 147	3.8 6.3 (Z) 10.7 4.5	53 997 68 177 3 473 11 485 4 602	4.7 5.3 (Z) 11.5 4.6	213 508 258 429 35 865 81 189 34 562	1.0 .9 1.1 1.1 1.0	140 797 141 381 7 436 15 396 7 669	1.1 1.2 3.8 3.5 4.1
Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffato	936 556 443 344 1 175	.4 .5 .9 .6 .4	442 540 638 811 293 720 562 857 581 861	.8 .7 1.7 .6 .8	306 763 405 383 160 563 538 945 298 494	4.9 5.4 5.8 6.7 4.1	64 661 39 216 18 008 21 870 67 925	7.6 4.9 10.7 12.3 5.0	208 272 216 370 94 438 88 028 246 893	1.0 .9 1.9 1.0	94 308 117 692 3 401 38 929 175 190	1.4 1.3 9.0 1.9 1.1
Burt Butler Cass Cedar Chase	729 961 913 1 106 468	.4 .4 .4 .4	290 941 361 519 338 390 419 206 534 369	.9 1.2 1.2 .9	332 429 299 686 367 813 236 371 503 894	5.0 5.2 5.8 5.9 4.3	41 902 56 558 56 835 54 135 41 785	5.7 6.7 7.3 5.5 4.7	205 484 228 429 225 736 249 930 193 967	1.0 1.1 1.2 1.0 .9	33 003 79 564 3 789 48 234 141 786	2.0 2.2 3.0 2.3 1.2
CherryCheyenneClayColfaxCuming	745   740 710 778 1 185	.4 .4 .5 .5	3 962 751 765 900 364 702 231 775 359 241	.1 .6 .9 1.2	1 302 352 374 484 457 892 270 022 256 477	4.5 4.3 3.9 5.9 4.7	30 731 47 357 53 679 42 852 62 404	2.8 5.6 5.2 6.3 3.3	350 231 284 095 217 675 166 024 250 399	.3 .7 1.0 1.3 .7	29 959 33 895 158 090 39 884 29 430	1.8 2.0 1.1 3.1 1.4
Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel Dawes	1 457 345 498 974 262	.3 .6 .7 .4	1 488 506 150 449 751 313 709 723 268 352	.5 1.2 .8 .7 1.0	280 318 312 133 375 074 429 414 389 340	3.5 5.0 5.7 6.2 4.2	73 196 20 979 19 077 74 188 17 180	4.8 8.3 7.2 3.5 9.9	315 365 98 280 104 574 252 840 104 397	.7 1.3 1.3 .8 1.3	149 883   11 271 14 031   195 082 16 175	1.0 3.4 5.0 .9 2.6
Dixon Dodge Douglas Dundy Fillmore	704 962 475 389 779	.5 .4 .6 .4	266 349 321 996 120 598 536 373 359 590	1.2 .9 1.4 .7 .9	210 700 306 522 304 029 527 154 370 573	4.8 4.2 3.8 5.2 3.9	37 196 59 626 22 225 34 009 59 519	5.8 4.9 9.5 6.8 6.3	144 375 241 755 83 681 133 396 237 922	1.3 1.0 1.5 1.0 .8	12 044 69 669 16 030 82 673 146 399	5.1 2.1 2.3 1.4 1.2
Franklin Frontier Gage Garden Gage	523 496 539 1 347 335	.5 .6 .6 .3 .5	354 603 537 240 461 029 530 197 1 074 776	.8 .9 1.0 .9	423 730 327 121 341 406 237 427 711 101	9.5 5.9 5.5 5.0 2.5	28 643 30 069 36 062 68 919 20 137	8.5 5.5 6.3 4.3 7.9	128 483 140 652 174 247 298 848 134 431	.9 1.3 1.2 .9 1.0	67 735 54 318 42 337 37 454 35 994	1.4 2.0 1.9 2.2 1.6
Garfield Gosper Grant Greeley Hall	248 345 92 461 788	.7 .7 .9 .6	325 840 255 541 686 598 309 049 306 869	1.0 1.3 .2 1.2 1.0	327 407 338 128 1 279 380 222 967 351 632	2.0 5.0 (Z) 5.6 4.1	9 563 24 061 4 126 20 338 60 628	18.7 6.1 (Z) 6.7 6.0	64 136 88 135 45 741 101 120 179 251	1.2 1.4 .3 1.5 1.0	13 181 53 852 3 329 53 918 153 142	3.8 1.8 4.1 2.0 1.1
Hamilton Harlan Hayes Hitchcock Holt	770 465 317 426 1 393	.4 .6 .8 .6	340 855 318 942 403 549 429 342 1 415 617	.8 1.2 1.1 1.1 .5	441 684 380 858 372 782 413 038 332 503	4.1 5.7 4.7 6.8 3.6	70 534 31 532 18 354 26 759 73 585	4.8 14.1 6.3 11.8 4.3	223 675 130 450 105 447 127 408 416 626	.8 1.2 1.5 1.3 .7	197 490 61 472 32 662 29 279 173 333	.9 1.9 2.4 2.3 1.2
Hooker Howard Jefferson Howard Howard Homeson Homeson Kearney	78 696 770 599 608	.9 .5 .5 .5	333 291 307 927 338 329 210 371 336 275	.1 1.1 1.1 1.3 .8	1 164 385 192 655 247 599 162 796 499 031	(Z) 5.3 4.9 4.8 4.4	2 197 38 328 42 743 21 847 49 120	(Z) 5.9 6.6 10.1 5.0	10 541 123 041 171 985 92 379 195 645	.9 1.1 1.1 1.6 .9	1 980 82 881 43 425 7 452 151 985	2.6 1.4 2.0 6.4 1.0
Keith Keya Paha Kimball Knox Lancaster	405 259 348 1 212 1 508	.6 .9 .7 .4 .3	666 954 474 848 532 932 614 959 448 286	.6 .9 .8 .8	604 015 438 566 330 124 211 422 219 605	7.9 1.9 3.6 9.9 4.0	29 334 10 300 17 760 58 022 68 182	7.9 13.7 7.7 5.6 4.9	146 190 86 213 148 829 240 204 265 802	1.1 1.5 1.0 .8 1.0	66 771 11 856 18 539 29 946 11 376	1.7 4.2 2.6 2.5 3.3
Lincoln Logan Loup McPherson Madison	1 127 147 142 146 958	.4 .7 .9 .7 .4	1 461 882 361 679 293 257 425 524 325 985	.4 .5 .6 .5	518 687 726 000 405 901 338 372 258 055	6.1 2.8 4.8 4.9 6.1	55 961 8 726 6 004 4 923 64 721	3.6 4.7 5.2 7.2 6.5	276 287 43 510 33 972 37 906 200 586	.8 .9 1.2 1.6 1.1	144 119 13 024 9 990 9 622 55 564	1.2 1.8 3.3 4.6 2.0
Merrick Morrill Nance Nemaha Nuckolis	664 535 508 591 621	.6 .5 .6 .5	275 590 724 691 248 639 241 335 336 016	1.1 .5 1.2 1.2 1.0	298 651 496 443 232 130 289 567 249 014	7.1 10.2 6.5 4.0 5.7	42 438 31 842 29 556 31 609 34 223	5.5 5.7 11.9 8.7 5.0	153 915 157 952 107 256 145 739 160 670	1.3 .9 1.5 1.4 1.0	133 363 99 511 43 406 1 730 44 617	1.4 1.2 1.9 4.1 2.4
Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce	1 005 520 591 616 857	.4 ,5 ,5 ,5	361 339 227 694 570 445 371 405 332 862	1.1 1.5 .8 .8	257 708 201 931 423 821 557 234 238 745	5.6 4.1 5.7 6.8 4.6	59 970 23 582 40 004 64 802 44 890	8.8 8.6 8.7 5.7 5.1	209 663 98 533 257 885 214 195 200 226	1.1 1.7 .8 .9 1.0	3 930 2 832 107 187 187 427 80 621	3.6 3.0 1.2 .9 1.5
Platte Polk Red Willow Red Willow Richardson Rock	1 245 736 489 826 313	.4 .4 .6 .4 .7	402 613 264 867 451 724 310 124 582 745	.9 1.1 1.1 1.1 .7	359 979 340 167 330 485 214 921 454 911	6.9 5.1 5.8 4.3 8.2	93 126 49 378 30 474 39 827 12 602	5.2 5.7 6.0 14.0 5.3	270 604 167 504 152 348 173 530 126 600	.9 1.1 1.3 1.1 1.0	118 073 105 973 46 837 1 123 36 857	1.4 1.4 2.1 4.2 2.3
Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward	881 437 1 417 898 974	.4 .6 .3 .4 .4	342 898 110 035 445 387 406 363 339 349	1.0 1.5 .8 .8	242 899 296 456 281 774 275 382 310 475	4.1 7.1 7.7 9.0 9.5	50 983 20 247 77 058 53 098 54 422	6.9 9.2 4.5 5.1 6.1	203 742 77 857 307 451 157 780 213 318	1.1 1.7 .8 1.1 1.0	63 977 4 184 52 295 153 288 85 864	1.9 4.1 2.0 1.1 1.6
SheridanShermanSiouxStanton	721 576 353 695 744	.4 .5 .6 .5	1 439 085 319 593 1 122 369 241 886 380 147	.3 1.1 .3 1.1 1.0	560 201 169 227 740 749 231 846 326 431	5.1 4.1 3.5 6.9 5.2	38 173 18 581 14 307 43 149 49 213	6.8 7.2 6.5 7.1 6.1	222 666 95 046 67 963 134 986 208 300	.6 1.4 1.0 1.2 1.0	67 758 49 127 35 185 18 873 87 117	1.3 2.1 1.8 4.1 1.4

Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviation	s and symbols,	see introduc	tory text]				,		<del></del>		<del>,                                    </del>	
:	Farn	ns	Land in	farms	Average valuand buildings	ie of land per farm <sup>1</sup>	Estimated machi of all machi equipm	nery and	Harvested	cropland	Irrigated land	
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Value (dollars)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Thomas Thurston Valley Washington Wayne	94 462 541 826 744	1.2 .6 .5 .4	362 205 193 365 336 642 231 556 264 135	.8 1.1 1.1 1.1 .8	839 989 270 814 280 007 290 634 221 237	(Z) 4.8 9.6 5.6 4.7	2 906 24 321 26 672 38 704 36 380	(Z) 8.0 10.1 4.5 4.6	9 551 126 399 104 962 166 195 173 446	1.6 1.2 1.2 1.2 .9	3 074 3 314 60 267 10 569 17 420	3.2 7.5 1.7 4.1 2.9
Webster Wheeler York	508 213 899	.6 .9 .5	300 215 283 272 349 155	1.4 .9 .9	271 191 445 505 388 897	4.3 2.3 3.7	21 721 16 295 74 284	8.8 4.0 4.5	112 941 67 266 231 813	1.6 1.3 .9	23 378 35 309 176 233	2.9 2.2 1.0
	Cattle and invent		Hogs and pig	s inventory	Corn for grai	n or seed	Wheat fo	r grain	Soybeans f	or beans	Market value o	f agricultural s sold
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
AdamsAntelopeArthurBannerBlaineBlaine	48 341 87 954 37 849 29 759 43 247	1.0 1.2 .6 1.4	26 377 86 388 (D) 1 757 9 719	2.7 2.0 (D) 5.7 2.8	122 649 166 039 4 232 3 042 3 620	1.1 1.0 6.8 5.2 4.2	28 973 781 (D) 50 498 (D)	2.1 14.3 (D) 1.2 (D)	24 523 38 804 (D) (D)	1.8 1.7 (D) (D)	103 379 101 772 9 065 16 316 18 774	.5 .6 .6 1.2 .7
Boone Box Butte Boyd Brown Buffalo	77 940 68 049 44 904 75 740 98 447	1.0 .6 1.9 .7	101 612 4 949 24 797 15 020 39 996	1.5 8.7 5.1 2.5 2.4	143 001 35 943 26 283 30 584 156 077	1.1 2.2 2.9 2.3 1.1	2 271 82 736 3 050 190 16 000	5.1 1.5 7.7 6.2 2.1	25 863 (D) 4 594 510 26 207	2.2 (D) 5.2 10.9 1.8	97 239 90 074 23 229 56 737 122 394	.6 .5 1.7 .4 .5
Burt	33 910 35 904 26 576 85 325 52 810	1.6 1.6 1.7 1.1 1.0	74 649 50 106 27 874 163 901 19 508	1.3 1.9 3.6 1.5 2.0	90 719 103 393 74 973 114 776 94 524	1.0 1.5 1.5 1.1 1.2	1 727 10 280 17 304 497 51 663	7.9 3.7 2.3 10.9 1.8	102 541 57 592 98 682 65 880 2 896	1.1 1.7 1.3 1.5 8.1	81 273 69 344 55 358 106 429 67 329	.6 .8 1.0 .6 .7
Cherry Cheyenne Clay Colfax Colfax Cuming	319 385 61 423 55 670 64 532 169 137	.3 .8 .8 .8	6 243 14 706 158 464 110 895 242 324	5.7 2.8 .8 1.9	8 395 10 733 120 404 79 553 120 505	4.2 2.4 1.2 1.5	2 275 180 483 17 065 2 498 262	8.1 .8 2.3 5.5 9.0	(D) (D) 30 470 60 358 94 893	(D) (D) 1.6 1.7	87 194 94 405 123 052 127 772 338 229	.3 .3 .4 .5 .2
Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel	223 276 13 374 53 266 229 540 13 413	.6 4.0 1.1 .5 1.8	50 515 18 544 3 199 92 689 5 517	2.6 3.8 13.0 1.1 7.7	164 614 45 882 2 530 152 587 8 678	.9 1.6 7.7 .9 2.2	26 751 162 35 185 7 608 70 109	1.3 3.8 1.9 3.6 1.4	18 476 38 049 19 506 (D)	2.3 1.5 - 2.3 (D)	154 171 23 121 21 661 299 606 19 446	.4 1.2 1.1 .2 .9
Dixon Dodge Douglas Dundy Fillmore	50 410 50 674 16 712 62 477 30 790	1.6 .9 .7 .6 1.3	69 457 91 192 18 730 13 942 98 160	2.2 1.9 3.9 2.1 1.7	79 201 122 038 45 033 67 974 122 106	1.3 1.1 1.7 1.4 1.1	155 1 277 393 34 109 20 631	17.7 5.9 9.5 1.5 1.7	40 009 99 151 29 719 1 525 39 552	2.0 1.1 1.8 2.6 1.3	90 644 104 512 38 566 55 789 89 595	.5 .6 .7 .6
Franklin Frontier Furnas Gage Garden	46 281 56 603 50 130 49 258 80 854	1.1 1.3 1.4 1.3 .7	16 642 13 754 15 113 116 080 3 028	3.2 5.1 4.6 1.8 3.0	56 937 55 482 50 112 30 049 13 452	1.1 1.8 1.6 2.1 2.3	24 154 42 612 60 461 52 195 51 475	1.5 2.0 1.4 1.2 2.1	8 987 4 983 9 804 54 043 253	2.0 4.4 3.2 1.4 16.4	39 270 35 867 50 736 88 315 45 215	.7 1.0 .7 .7 .5
Garfield Gosper Grant Grant Hall	40 812 33 834 40 517 47 796 74 822	2.2 1.8 .3 1.5 .8	3 511 13 078 27 21 787 34 958	8.8 2.9 26.9 3.4 3.0	10 663 48 168 (D) 66 168 146 694	2.5 1.8 (D) 1.8 1.1	414 13 720 (D) 1 364 3 800	13.3 2.6 (D) 8.6 4.5	722 5 970 5 800 11 492	3.5 2.8 - 3.7 3.9	18 803 30 713 10 667 33 081 134 251	1.3 1.0 .4 1.2 .4
HamiltonHarlanHayesHitchcockHolt	43 716 54 599 52 238 35 447 217 689	1.2 1.1 1.0 1.6 .8	39 864 14 192 8 342 18 603 177 547	2.2 5.0 7.3 3.8 .9	180 745 52 223 36 995 27 636 153 328	.9 2.0 1.8 1.9 1.1	3 964 32 992 42 803 64 067 3 353	5.5 1.8 1.8 1.6 6.1	19 687 9 356 1 692 1 973 14 397	1.8 3.0 6.7 7.2 2.8	103 994 55 537 53 025 31 698 143 662 5 619	.5 .7 .5 1.1 .5
Hooker Howard Jefferson Johnson Kearney	21 635 51 867 39 893 21 913 63 018	.3 1.3 1.3 2.2 .6	(D) 28 432 39 485 42 365 34 689	(D) 4.1 2.3 2.4 1.4	160 85 698 33 522 10 832 139 761	25.0 1.3 2.0 4.2 1.0	3 604 33 795 10 100 21 475	3.6 1.6 2.5 1.9	6 992 26 014 17 859 15 726	2.8 2.0 2.8 1.8	47 514 54 160 25 989 127 623	1.0 .8 1.4 .4
Keith	67 203 49 116 20 083 119 234 35 102	.6 1.4 1.6 .9 1.6	4 042 5 824 1 817 140 572 39 698	15.2 4.6 3.4 1.5 2.7	43 104 9 336 4 452 98 537 19 060	1.5 3.7 2.3 1.0 2.3	54 920 1 770 110 157 1 439 49 369	1.8 2.9 1.1 5.3 1.2	2 700 387 - 25 891 48 555	4.4 8.0 - 2.1 1.4	65 474 18 589 17 270 99 237 55 666	.4 1.4 1.2 .6 .8
Lincoln	148 320 34 782 29 859 35 758 56 244	.7 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.1	26 319 2 936 3 433 3 567 80 011	3.1 2.9 3.2 1.5 2.3	121 193 13 973 7 104 4 230 109 137	1.3 1.9 2.6 9.9 1.2	42 584 5 891 400 254 790	1.7 2.3 12.5 25.4 15.5	5 126 (D) 722 (D) 65 655	4.8 (D) 8.1 (D) 1.4	96 145 16 017 11 190 10 312 82 570	.5 .7 1.8 1.5 .6
Merrick	58 192 94 830 39 019 24 475 40 539	1.3 .6 1.5 1.9 1.3	35 403 5 345 30 115 49 543 49 552	3.5 13.1 4.0 2.8 2.2	122 762 41 876 69 733 46 825 32 397	1.4 1.6 1.6 1.6 2.8	1 803 25 023 5 958 13 275 37 960	4.9 3.1 3.0 2.5 1.5	12 059 306 10 632 65 001 15 489	3.0 13.1 3.1 1.8 2.1	73 334 88 061 41 215 40 598 45 345	.7 .4 1.0 1.1 .9

Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987—Con.

To meaning or abbreviation	Cattle and invent	l calves	Hogs and pig	s inventory	Corn for gra	in or seed	Wheat fo	or grain	Soybeans f	or beans	Market value of agricultural products sold			
Geographic area	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)		
Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce	32 088 25 612 23 756 112 315 68 829	1.7 2.3 1.5 .6 1.0	67 640 37 539 7 961 28 497 91 238	2.5 3.3 13.4 2.3 2.0	55 304 8 049 80 547 171 409 115 989	1.6 2.6 1.2 .9 1.0	21 038 9 123 131 196 9 877 313	1.9 2.5 1.1 2.7 8.8	73 359 18 286 5 865 13 346 51 259	1.3 2.2 2.6 2.8 1.8	54 485 25 195 48 332 191 888 82 825	.9 1.5 .8 .3 .7		
Platte Polk Red Willow Richardson Rock	73 106 46 234 61 469 32 751 81 454	.9 1.3 1.0 1.4 1.4	177 603 53 452 25 260 38 845 2 467	1.3 1.6 3.8 2.8 9.0	156 391 90 688 46 544 46 406 24 274	1.0 1.4 2.1 1.5 3.1	5 774 3 547 62 139 12 095 380	4.2 5.9 1.6 2.2 36.1	81 627 31 451 6 488 81 825 632	1.2 1.7 2.0 1.2 5.7	130 540 99 364 69 865 48 030 36 239	.5 .5 .6 .9		
SalineSarpySaundersScotts BluffSeward	27 640 25 416 74 945 105 412 40 460	1.3 1.3 .7 .7 1.0	40 584 16 093 55 780 10 605 47 763	3.8 3.0 2.9 3.9 2.4	48 278 36 681 123 685 55 656 74 111	1.8 1.9 1.0 1.3 1.3	34 538 658 8 835 10 584 12 421	1.9 7.0 1.9 3.6 2.6	34 415 32 998 131 810 372 45 949	1.6 1.7 1.0 19.0 1.4	50 452 59 546 145 856 130 224 89 082	.9 .6 .4 .4		
Sheridan Sherman Sioux Stanton Thayer	126 226 51 941 74 563 76 997 42 098	.5 1.5 .6 .6 1.3	10 010 19 072 1 932 67 105 34 646	5.3 3.7 17.7 2.6 2.9	23 972 47 895 9 864 68 199 65 110	1.8 2.0 3.1 1.3 1.4	53 218 5 795 6 314 440 45 120	1.4 3.5 4.2 10.3 1.5	(D) 6 017 154 39 893 27 901	(D) 3.4 7.2 1.7 1.8	59 517 30 207 39 648 94 996 80 949	.4 1.1 6 .5		
Thomas Thurston Valley Washington Wayne	29 293 23 673 67 056 38 172 68 248	1.2 1.4 1.1 1.1 .9	2 488 46 828 45 436 63 619 76 994	12.0 2.2 1.8 1.8 1.8	(D) 62 539 55 746 71 749 82 200	(D) 1.3 1.6 1.2 1.0	(D) 208 5 096 1 592 224	(D) 15.4 4.3 6.2 11.2	(D) 43 082 10 040 72 628 53 900	(D) 1.5 2.3 1.6 1.4	8 777 40 287 50 626 75 980 80 042	1.4 .9 .8 .6		
Webster	40 748 87 144 44 648	1.8 .5 1.3	21 682 9 603 81 204	5.6 5.3 2.2	20 798 26 679 157 613	3.0 2.1 1.0	33 843 (D) 3 758	1.8 (D) 4.6	4 882 2 679 31 588	3.3 4.0 1.7	32 757 119 069 109 114	1.1 .2 .6		

		Selected farm production expenses <sup>1</sup>												
Geographic area	Livestock a purch	and poultry nased	Commerci	al fertilizer	Hired far	rm labor	Petroleum	products	Electricity for th	e farm business				
Geographic area	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)				
Adams	(D)	(D)	4 148	5.0	2 971	4.8	5 061	3.7	1 067	5.5				
	20 574	5.0	7 218	5.0	3 383	8.9	5 772	4.1	1 418	6.0				
	1 056	(Z)	180	-	858	-	475	(Z)	167	-				
	1 937	14.8	669	10.2	1 125	12.4	1 212	14.1	386	16.5				
	4 621	6.9	471	24.7	(D)	(D)	620	4.2	133	3.6				
Boone	21 882	3.1	5 363	8.2	3 617	5.6	4 503	6.0	1 500	6.6				
Box Butte	22 964	.9	4 171	4.4	4 733	2.7	3 549	3.7	2 281	6.2				
Boyd	3 416	7.2	742	19.0	622	31.1	1 281	5.5	390	7.7				
Brown	22 576	1.8	1 272	9.3	2 161	6.2	1 820	6.0	566	8.0				
Buffalo	34 103	2.3	5 853	4.6	3 516	6.6	6 259	4.0	1 928	5.3				
Burt	16 904	4.3	3 291	5.7	4 159	4.2	2 734	4.6	1 146	4.6				
	10 182	3.5	3 352	6.3	3 019	11.3	3 482	4.7	1 209	8.3				
	6 215	7.7	2 617	8.6	2 443	14.6	2 992	5.2	533	5.8				
	25 419	5.6	4 027	7.5	3 434	6.9	3 600	3.7	1 649	6.5				
	9 336	2.2	6 353	6.2	2 942	3.9	3 617	5.8	2 354	9.3				
Cherry Cheyenne Clay Coffax Cuming	16 862 38 577 32 362 53 957 171 996	3.5 1.4 2.6 1.5	829 2 833 4 483 2 853 3 944	3.9 6.8 5.0 7.9 6.9	5 389 2 709 8 083 5 111 8 443	1.0 6.3 1.6 4.9 2.6	3 778 3 431 5 650 3 088 4 179	2.8 4.4 7.4 4.9 3.4	1 088 1 268 1 273 1 346 2 362	2.6 8.0 6.2 4.2 4.5				
Custer Dakota Dawes Dawson Deuel	46 612	2.5	6 224	5.4	5 756	5.3	6 735	3.2	2 131	3.4				
	1 628	16.8	1 876	10.1	1 115	10.1	1 126	13.9	326	10.6				
	5 116	8.7	169	11.9	831	19.1	1 295	7.0	413	8.2				
	125 265	.6	5 427	5.7	10 694	3.6	5 643	3.4	2 597	4.7				
	2 249	10.5	1 013	6.9	1 083	6.7	1 168	8.4	475	16.8				
Dixon	30 559	1.8	2 596	10.5	2 414	6.2	1 848	5.2	1 062	4.6				
	28 151	3.1	3 793	5.9	4 183	7.0	3 481	4.0	1 343	5.7				
	8 906	2.3	1 301	16.4	3 429	18.3	1 473	10.8	349	13.8				
	11 696	2.9	3 957	5.7	2 876	10.7	2 871	5.7	1 025	10.5				
	16 088	2.5	4 830	5.4	3 411	7.9	5 169	3.6	1 371	7.4				
Franklin	4 215	9.7	2 468	7.1	2 371	10.0	2 922	7.1	656	8.1				
Frontier	3 269	10.7	3 162	5.7	1 166	11.0	2 831	5.7	1 378	9.9				
Furnas	10 368	3.6	3 313	5.7	1 909	4.2	2 820	4.5	694	9.9				
Gage	11 983	6.8	3 893	4.7	3 137	5.7	4 211	3.5	1 270	4.8				
Garden	13 883	3.2	1 148	9.1	2 188	6.0	1 791	6.0	624	18.3				
Garfield	2 475	13.6	528	19.5	631	12.9	1 031	13.1	172	10.6				
Gosper	2 843	8.6	2 357	11.0	1 494	9.0	2 141	6.1	525	5.5				
Grant	1 283	-	78	-	852	-	532	(Z)	180	-				
Greeley	3 867	12.4	2 142	8.5	1 391	18.5	2 111	6.0	672	8.3				
Hall	49 176	1.2	5 637	4.8	10 282	.8	4 470	4.9	1 857	6.6				
Hamilton Harlan Hayes Hitchcock Holt	23 407	1.4	5 386	4.5	4 165	8.7	6 195	3.6	1 469	9.8				
	12 746	1.3	2 753	8.1	2 178	5.6	2 811	8.7	565	7.8				
	(D)	(D)	2 411	20.5	3 037	4.9	1 766	6.9	797	12.6				
	5 557	15.4	2 597	10.6	1 077	33.6	1 837	7.8	620	8.3				
	28 332	3.8	6 762	5.4	6 933	3.1	7 726	3.1	2 936	4.6				

Table F. Reliability Estimates of County Totals: 1987—Con.

	<del></del>			S	elected farm pro-	duction expenses	31			
	Livestock : purch	and poultry nased	Commerci	al fertilizer	Hired fa	rm labor	Petroleum	products	Electricity for th	e farm business
Geographic area	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Hooker Howard Howard Jefferson Johnson Kearney	1 085 9 054 9 908 3 864 54 224	10.1 8.8 28.7 1.6	25 3 368 2 964 1 042 4 745	9.5 5.1 9.7 4.2	306 1 445 1 798 514 4 751	11.9 8.0 7.3 4.8	261 2 587 2 927 1 152 4 540	5.7 8.0 8.1 4.0	68 739 700 361 (D)	9.9 6.0 8.9 (D)
Keith	23 693	.5	2 930	10.7	3 743	7.1	2 638	3.9	1 679	11.8
Keya Paha	4 454	16.4	522	12.1	810	16.7	1 120	9.9	215	11.8
Kimball	2 104	28.0	600	9.0	668	9.4	1 396	8.8	709	14.8
Knox	22 080	3.8	3 620	6.0	2 473	4.9	3 773	3.7	1 495	4.8
Lancaster	3 588	16.2	3 001	7.0	3 373	18.9	4 023	9.8	1 144	13.8
Lincoln Logan Loup McPherson Madison	15 494	2.7	5 787	4.3	4 179	5.4	5 428	3.9	2 527	6.7
	3 243	4.0	674	7.6	934	5.8	837	3.7	253	11.5
	2 173	7.5	339	6.8	681	11.4	740	4.2	156	7.4
	1 100	13.3	262	23.4	526	8.3	550	4.9	113	4.3
	24 132	4.0	4 209	7.2	3 079	11.9	3 203	6.2	1 043	5.3
Merrick Morrill Nance Nemaha Nuckolls	18 731	3.1	5 826	5.1	2 107	8.0	3 319	5.9	1 470	7.6
	31 287	3.3	2 948	6.9	3 447	5.4	2 512	6.3	1 419	16.1
	9 574	8.3	2 447	8.1	1 427	2.5	1 954	6.6	586	10.0
	4 404	18.6	2 020	9.4	1 332	5.5	1 890	4.5	434	7.9
	6 653	7.5	2 433	6.2	1 309	9.0	2 508	4.9	635	6.6
Otoe Pawnee Perkins Phelps Pierce	5 903	12.9	2 555	11.3	2 084	12.0	3 167	6.2	832	8.8
	4 672	29.3	1 295	12.4	360	8.8	1 243	8.1	334	6.0
	2 044	9.6	4 367	4.3	1 851	5.7	2 891	5.9	2 340	5.7
	87 342	.6	5 630	4.6	6 653	3.8	5 911	4.5	1 839	6.5
	19 701	3.8	4 327	4.8	3 248	4.6	3 351	4.8	1 120	6.0
Platte	27 056	2.7	6 334	5.9	5 105	11.6	5 126	3.9	1 966	7.6
Polk	32 785	1.6	3 013	6.9	3 713	9.3	3 582	5.6	1 021	7.4
Red Willow	26 498	2.7	2 576	6.0	2 481	5.3	1 923	5.3	949	12.8
Richardson	6 576	7.1	2 510	6.5	1 806	11.7	2 087	5.6	531	6.7
Rock	10 911	12.0	1 136	22.4	2 559	2.0	1 572	7.2	265	12.2
Saline Sarpy Saunders Scotts Bluff Seward	5 732	8.9	2 859	6.4	2 055	6.3	3 237	4.7	820	9.7
	26 979	1.3	1 312	14.4	1 903	4.2	1 177	7.6	343	11.6
	52 923	1.2	3 883	7.2	3 214	3.4	3 923	4.0	1 333	3.8
	53 876	1.5	5 324	6.0	6 115	6.7	4 113	4.6	791	4.6
	25 053	3.4	3 341	6.6	2 925	8.7	3 873	6.2	1 112	6.4
SheridanShermanSiouxStantonThayer	13 175	6.0	1 794	7.8	3 042	4.0	2 584	4.5	1 238	12.0
	3 378	15.9	1 674	9.8	940	25.3	1 618	6.7	509	7.3
	14 427	5.1	775	17.4	1 614	6.1	1 282	6.8	403	9.5
	37 809	2.6	2 662	7.6	2 900	7.0	2 176	5.4	765	6.5
	24 990	2.3	4 256	7.2	2 537	10.2	3 538	5.6	847	6.5
Thomas Thurston Valley Washington Wayne	1 842 7 223 13 311 19 636 22 330	(Z) 6.9 5.6 4.2 4.9	101 2 538 2 110 2 212 2 742	8.9 7.3 6.2 6.3	(D) 1 115 1 721 2 501 2 713	(D) 3.8 2.0 9.1 7.3	507 1 507 2 114 2 503 2 694	(Z) 5.8 7.1 6.1 5.4	(D) 558 699 1 829 1 042	(D) 6.8 7.7 2.8 3.8
Webster	6 030	5.5	1 606	9.2	1 038	14.1	1 966	6.1	374	7.8
Wheeler	54 911	.5	1 323	5.0	3 191	1.8	1 404	3.7	(D)	(D)
York	24 516	1.9	4 852	3.8	4 202	4.6	6 320	3.3	1 276	4.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are based on a sample of farms.

## Table G. State Coverage Evaluation Estimates of Farms Not on the Mail List: 1987

[Data are based on a sample of farms; see text. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Not on	mail list	Percent not on mail list			
ltem	Total number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total percent	Standard error of percent		
Farmsnumber_	2 216	5.2	3.5	.2		
Land in farmsacres_	335 405	40.8	.7			
Farms by size: Less than 50 acres	871	2.0	8.5	.2		
	1 345	8.3	2.6	.2		
Harvested croplandfarmsacres	1 697	18,6	3.2	.6		
	164 206	38,5	1.1	.4		
Farms by value of sales:  Less than \$2,500	862 1 334 518 815	8.5 2.6 13.5	15.8 2.3 5.5 1.7	(Z) .2 .1 .2		
Market value of agricultural products sold\$1,000	31 096	41.3	.5	.2		
Farms by standard industrial classification:  Crops (01)	1 168	9.5	3.6	.3		
	1 048	1.9	3.5	.1		
Farms by tenure of operator: Full owners	871	2.0	3.3	.1		
	1 345	8.3	3.7	.3		
Operators by principal occupation:  Farming	518	2.6	1.1	(Z)		
	1 697	6.6	10.1	.7		
Average age of operatoryears_	39.0	(Z)	(X)	(X)		

Note 1: Farms classified as nonfarms, nonfarms classified as farms, and farms appearing more than once in the census are not accounted for in these estimates, but will be provided in the 1987 Coverage Evaluation publication. See appendix C for futher explanation.

Note 2: Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

# APPENDIX D. Report Form and Information Sheet

DUE BY FEBRUARY 1, 1988					34: Approval Expires		
FORM 87-A0202 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SUREAU OF THE CENSU	THE CENSUS	esponse to this inquiry is required by Is BUREAU IS CONFIDENTIAL. It may t tical purposes. Your report CANNOT b	aw (title 13, U.S be seen only by	Code). By the sworn Census	he same law Y0 us employees a	OUR REP	ORT TO be used
UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE	The law also p	vooldes that copies retained in your fil dence pertaining to this report, ples	es are immune fi	om legal pro r Census Fil	cess.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Clessocompleteding Disposition of the Census 1201 East Tenth Street	<b>-</b>	-			$\neg$		
361161301101116, 110 17/133	_						
Note — If your records are not available, reasonable estimates may bused. If you cannot file by February 1, a time extension request may be sent to the above address. Include your 12-character Cerisus Fi Number (CFN) as shown in your address label in all correspondence tus.	e le						
If you received more then one report form, enter extra Census File Number(s) here and return extra copies with your completed report.  [036 [036 [037]] [038]							
CENSUS USE ONLY 039 040 041 042	Please co	rrect errors in name, address, and ZIP	Code. ENTERs	treet and num	nber if not shov	wn.	
STOTION:  ACREAGE IN 1987 Report land owned, rented, or by you, your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation organization for which you are reporting. Include ALI REGARDLESS OF LOCATION OR USE — cropland, pastureland, rangeland, woodland, idle land, house in	ion, or L LAND,	INSTRUCTIONS — Please rep Use section 7 to report ONLY and section 8. DO NOT INCLL SECTION 22 Were any of the	those CROPS JDE crops gro	NOT liste wn on lan	d in sections d rented to o	2 thro	
If the acres you operated in 1987 changed during the year, refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section 1.	Number of acres	in 1987?	Acres	T	y harvested	Ac	res
1. All land owned	043	None 1. Com (field) for grain or seed /Recort quantity on a	harvested 087	088		irriga 089	ated
2. All land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land worked		dry shelled-weight basis.)	070	071	Bu.	072	
by you on shares, used rent free, in exchange for services, payment of taxes, etc. Include leased Federal, State, and railroad	044	2. Corn (field) for silage or green chop			Tons, green		
land. (DO NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.) Also complete item 5 below.		3. Soybeans for beans	O88 564	089 555	Bu.	556	
3. All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including land worked on	045	4. Beans, dry edible	073	074	Cwt.	075	
shares by others and land subleased. Also complete item 6 below.		5. Wheat for grain	076	077	Bu.	078	
4. Acres in "THIS PLACE" — ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented	046	6. Oats for grain	079	080	Bu.	081	
TO OTHERS (item 3), and enter the result in this space.		7. Barley for grain	686	687	Bu.	688	
For this census report these are the acres in "THIS PLACE."		O. Hye for gratii	082	083	D.,	084	
If the entry is zero please refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section  5. If you rented land FROM OTHERS (item 2), enter the following information fo		9. Sorghum for grain or seed (including mile)	'	{	OR — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
	Number of acres	10. Sorghum for silage or green chop (Do not include	O85	086	Tons,	087	
		sorghum-sudan crosses.)	662	663	green Lbs.,	664	
		11. Popcorn	O94	095	shelled	096	1 40
List additional landlords on a separate sheet of paper.	l	12. Tobacco — all types	097 /10	000	Lbs. Cwt.	099	/10
6. If you rented land TO OTHERS (item 3), enter the following information f	for each renter.	SECTION 3 Was any DRY HA				N CHO	
Name of renter Mailing address (Include ZIP Code)	Number of acres	Include sorghur	n-sudan crosse	e and hay c	ut from pastui	res.	
		1 YES — Comple  If cuttings were made for both dry	ete this section	2 🔲 N	O — Go to see	ction 4	
		from the same fields, report the ac HAY and also under GRASS SILA	creage in the appr	opriate items	under DRY		
a. Of the land you rented or leased to others, how many acres did you own?	Acres	DRY HAY (If two or more cu hay were made from the same a acres only once, but report total cuttings.)	cres, report	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested (Report either or green weigh indicated)	dry ire	Acres rigated
7. Did you have any grazing permits on a per-head basis?		a. Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures	tor	103	104 T	ons, ry	5
1 Yes - Mark (X) all boxes which apply 3 Forest Servic	e ig Sec. 3 (BLM)	hay or dehydrating <b>b.</b> Small grain hay — oats, wh	neat,	106	107	ons, 101	8
5 ☐ Indian Land		barley, rye, etc	ł	109	110 d	ry	<del>-</del>
2 □ No Go to item 8	ciry)	e. Other tame dry hay - clov timothy, bromegrass, Suda	ingrass,		ļ -	ons,	
8. LOCATION OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY FOR "THIS PLACE"	<del></del> -	millet, etc	İ	112	113 T	ons, 114	4
a. In what county was the largest value of your County name State	Number of acres	d. Wild hay	1			ry	
agricultural products raised or produced?	058	2. GRASS SILAGE, HAYLAGE GREEN CHOP (If two or mor were made from the same acre- acres only once, but report tota	e cuttings s, report	115	116	111	7
b. If you also had agricultural	057	all cuttings.)	· - · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9	ons, reen	
operations in any other county(ies), enter the counties	058	<ol> <li>HAY SOLD — Did you se or grass silage in 1987? IF</li> </ol>	Report value	118		•	
county name(s), etc		of hay sold in section 9, item 4)	· · · · · · · · ·	1 Tet	2 Ne		

SALE			WEET CORN, I in 1987? (Do				R	"TH	re any S IIS PLA	TRAWE CE" in	ERRIES or OT 1987? <i>(Do not</i>	HER BERRIES harvest include those grown f	ed FOR SALI or home use.	E from )
54	YES	Complet	e this section			•		S6	YES		Namatas- 44.*			
2 🗆		- Go to sec						2	_		<b>Complete this :</b> So to section 7	ection		
			<del></del>	res		es irrigat							A !!	
1. Land from which ve			Whole acr	es Tent	ths Whole	acres 7	Tenths	Crop name	Code		s harvested acres Tenths	Quantity harvested	Acres irri Whole acres	
harvested in 1987			L		10		/10				1	537	538	
2. From the list below If more than one ve	getable	crop was har	ested from the	same ac	narvested ir res, report	n 1987. acres for	. }	Strawberries	536	<del> </del> -	1 /10	Lbs.	511	1 /10
each crop. Report of Crop nar				arvested	Acre	es irrigate	ed -	Blackberries	509	↓	/10	Lbs.	514	/10
Sweet com			B1		10 462	I	/10	Blueberries, tame	512		/10	Lbs	3.4	/10
Tomatoes		41	83		10 464		/10				1	534	535	1
				/	10		/10	Respberries Other berries —	533 539	┼	/10	Lbs.	541	/10
				/	10		/10	Specify			1			1
					10	i	/10	If more space is needed,	use e se	eparate s	1 /10	Lbs	<u> </u>	1 /10
If more space is needed, u	se a sep	arate sheet of pa	per.	1/	10	1	110	SECTION 7.3 Wes	re any C	THER	ROPS harvest	ed from "THIS PLACE	" in 1987 —	
Crop name	Cod	e Crop name			rop name		Code	n nd	oli grain previou	s, field : isiv repo	seeds, sugar bo orted? <i>(Report</i>	eets, sunflowers, mint fruit in section 8.)	, or other cro	ps
Asparagus Beans, snap (bush and po	1e) 367	Honeydew	melons 4	23 , Pu	eppers, hot impkins adishes		. 449	5/	_	• •	Complete this			
Broccoli Cabbage, head	38!	5   Lettuce and	d romaine 4 s, green 4	27 i Sr	oinach guash		. 457				So to section 8			
Cantaloups and muskmelons		I Mustard or	reens 4	31   Tu 33 Tu	imips umip greens		. 465 . 467	For those crops not	listed e	nter th	e crop name a	nd code from the list !	elow.	
Carrots	39: 39:	7 I Onions, gr 9 . Okra	een 4	35   W 37 . 01	atermelons ther vegetal	bles -	I	Report quantity harve			cres harvested	<del></del>	Acres ir	Jostod
Celery	40	Peas, green	1 4	41	Specify	• • • •	. 475			-+	cres naivested	720	721	rigateu
Cacambers and pickles		Peppers, s	weet4	43	_			Sugar beets for suga		719		543	544	
			REENHOUSE ( ls, vegetable se					Alfalfa seed		542		672	673	
Blass	or othe	r protection, G	ROWN FOR S	ALE on "	THIS PLAC	E" in 19	87?	Red clover seed Sorghum out for dry		671		699 _	700	
		- Complet	e this section					forage or hay		698		Tp: dry		
2 🗌	NO	- Go to sec	tion 6 None	Square	Area irrig		enths	Sunflower seed		734		735 Lbs		
1. Nursery and greenh	nouse c	rops irrigated i		477	47			Proso millet		665		886 Bu		
2. From the list below,	. enter 1	the crop name	and code for ea	ch crop a				Mint for oil		844		845 Lbs		
		Square fee					-1							
Crop name	Code	under glass other protect	Or in 10		Sale	es in 1987	7							
	ļ	in 1987	Whole acres	Tenths	Dolla	ars	Cents							
				/10	\$		00							
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	/10	\$	. <u></u>	00	If more space is needed,	, use a se	perate s		_		
#	<u> </u>			/10	\$		00	Crop name Bromegrass seed (pour	unds)		. 569 F	Prop name Redtop seed (pounds)		. 674
If more space is needed, us Crop name		Cod	e   Crop nam	•			Code	Buckwheat (bushels) Com cut for dry fodder	r, hogge	d	. 575   S	Sorghum hogged or graze (report acres only)	ed 	. 701
Bulbs (Exclude bulb flow	vering p	lants) 482	Mushroon	ns	ents		494	or grazed (report acre Cotton (bales) Emmer and spelt (bush	es only)			Sweetclover seed (pound (pounds)	is)	. 746
Cut flowers and cut flor Nursery crops — orname and nut trees, and vin	entais. 1	fruit	Sod harve   Vegetable	sted and flow	erseeds	::::::::	497 500	Emmer and spelt (bush Fescue seed (pounds) Grains, mixed (bushels			802 I V	riticale (bushels) /etch seed (pounds) Other crops (pounds)	. <b>.</b>	. 755
Foliage plants		707	Other —	Specify .	oies		506	Lespedeza seed (pour	nds)		. 638	other crops (pounds)	Specify	. 752
				FRUIT T	REES, incl	uding GR	RAPEVII	NES and NUT TREES,	, on "Ti	iis PLA	CE" in 1987?	<del>-</del>		
		- Complete			-	Total	l acres	Acres irrigat	ad 1					
2 📙		Go to sec				Whole acre			enths					
<ol> <li>TOTAL ACRES in and nut trees on this</li> </ol>	bearing s place.	and nonbearing (Do not included)	ig fruit orchard: <i>le abandoned a</i>	s, vineya: <i>cres.)</i>	rds,	21	i	/10	/10					
2. For those crops not Report the requeste								ruit and nut trees on ti damage from hail, fros		e in 198	7.			
			BER OF VINES OF		s in trees			Unit of measur Mark one	re					
Crop name	Code	Nonbearing	Bearing		vines of I ages		Quantity arvested	4	Lbs.	7				
		age	8ge	Whole a	cres Tenth	126		Lbs. Tons Box	box	4	Crop name Apricots .		Code	
Apples	123		226	227	/10			1 2 2 3 C	230	_	Cherries .		047	
Peaches	225		178	179	/10	0 180		1 2 3 5		_	Pears	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	231	
Grapes	177				/10			1 2 3	]	_	Plums and Pecans	prunes	243	
			l	2	/10	0 3		1 0 20 30	]   5	╛	Other fruit	and nuts — Specify	369	
			['	2	/14	o 3		1 0 20 30	]					
			1	2	1 /10	0 3		1 2 2 3	)  5					
If more space is needed, u FORM 87-A0202 (8-20-86)	se a sep	arate sheet of pa	per.											

Page 2

Section (S) GROSS VALUE of CROPS SOLD from "THIS PLA taxes and expenses (Refer to the INFORMATION S)	CE" in	1987, BEFORE	SECTIONS Did you or anyone else have any CATTLE or CALVES on this place in 1987?
Report your best estimate of the value for each of the follow			1 YES — Complete this section
from this place in 1987. Include the value of the landlord's a estimating if necessary. Include value of Government CCC I	nď/or c		2 NO — Go to section 14 INVENTORY Number on this
Grains, soybeans and other beans sold in 1987  None		ollars Cents	DECEMBER 31, 1987 INVENTORY     None   place Dec. 31, 1987
a. Corn for grain	773 \$	00	1. CATTLE AND CALVES of all ages (Total of a, b, c, and d below) Total
<b>b.</b> Wheat	774 \$	. 00	(Total of a, b, c, and d below)
c. Soybeans	775 \$	00	had calved
d. Sorghum for grain	776 \$	00	b. MILK COWS kept for production of milk or
	777	. 00	cream for sale or home use — Include dry Milk milk cows and milk heifers that had calved
l .	778		806 Heifers and
f. Oats	779	00	c. HEIFERS AND HEIFER CALVES — (Do not include heifers that had calved.)
popcorn, proso millet, etc	\$	00	d. STEERS, STEER CALVES, BULLS,  B07 Steers and bulls of bulls of
2. Cotton and cottonseed	780 \$	00	AND BULL CALVES
3. Tobacco	781 \$	00	CATTLE AND CALVES SOLD
4. Hay, silage, field seeds, and grass seeds	782 \$	00	FROM THIS PLACE IN 1987 Include those fed on this place on a Number sold Gross value of sales
5. Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons— (Do not include Irish potatoes and sweetpotatoes, report them in item 7 below.)	783 S	. 00	contract or custom basis. Also report as sold cattle moved from this place None in 1987 Dollars   Cents
6. Fruits, nuts, and berries — apples, peaches,	784		to a feedlot for further feeding. 808 809
strawberries, etc.	\$ 785	1 00	2. Calves weighing less than 500 pounds  \$ 00
7. Other crops — potatoes, mint for oil, sugar beets, etc. (Do not include nursery and greenhouse crops.) —	~	1	3. Cattle, including calves weighing \$100 pounds or more
Specify	\$	00	a. Of the total cattle sold, how many were
SECTION 10 How were the ACRES in this place USED in 1987	?		FATTENED on this place on GRAIN or CONCENTRATES for 30 days or more
1. Copy acres in "THIS PLACE" from section 1, item 4, page 1		Acres	and SOLD for SLAUGHTER? \$ 00
NOTE: For items 2 to 5 below, if lend was used for more than one preport it in the FIRST land use listed below that applies. For example	ourpose		DAIRY PRODUCTS
harvested and also pastured, only as "Cropland harvested."			THIS PLACE IN 1987
2. CROPLAND	None	Number of acres	None Dollars Cents 4. Gross value of sales of DAIRY PRODUCTS
a. Cropland harvested — Include all land from which crops were harvested or hay was cut, and all land in orchards, citrus	🗆		from this place in 1987 — Include milk, cream, butter, etc
groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse crops		788	SECTION 149 Did you or anyone else have any HOGS or PIGS on this place in 1987?
pasture and grazing land that could have been used for crops without additional improvements.	🗆		1 YES — Complete this section INVENTORY
c. Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, and soil-		789	2 NO — Go to section 15 Number on this
improvement grasses, but NOT harvested and NOT pastured	. 🗆		• DECEMBER 31, 1987 INVENTORY  None place Dec. 31, 1987
d. Cropland on which all crops failed — (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyards on which the crop		790	1. HOGS and PIGS of all ages (Total of a and b below)
failed. Such acreage is to be reported in item 2a.)	_	791	a. HOGS and PIGS used or to be used for BREEDING Breeding
e. Cropland in cultivated summer fallow	니	793	<b>b.</b> OTHER HOGS and PIGS
f. Cropland idle	ــا	794	LITTERS FARROWED
3. Woodland - Include all woodland pastured	🗆	1	2. LITTERS FARROWED on this place between — None Number of litters
cutover and deforested land with young timber growth.  b. Woodland not pastured		705	2.111 LERS FARRUWED on this place between —
with young under growth.		795	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland		795 796	
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.	. o		<b>a.</b> December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.	d□	796 797	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than cropland and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wasteland.	d□	796	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTION 11 Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any the	d. □ nd, □ 5 me in 19	796 797 798 87?	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)	od,	796 797 798 887? klers, furrows	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelan etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in Items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTION II Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any the Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and processing the same and pr	od,	798 798 987? klers, furrows igation.	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in Items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTION II Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any till Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and processing the same and p	od,	796 797 798 887? klers, furrows	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
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4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTION:  Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any the Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and provided in the section 12    1. How many acres of harvested land were irrigated? Include land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 10, item 22.  2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other	ond,	796 798 987? klers, furrows igation. Number of acres irrigated	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTION:  Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any till Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and provided in the section 12    1. How many acres of harvested land were irrigated? Include land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 10, item 2a.  2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?	nd,	796 797 798 887? Rilers, furrows igation. Number of acres irrigated 880 681	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in Items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTIONALE Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any the Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, atc. Include supplemental, partial, and provided in the include supplemental partial, and provided in the include land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 10, item 2s  2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?	nd,	796 797 798 887? Rilers, furrows igation. Number of acres irrigated 880 681	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
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4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through 4 shove.  5. SECTION Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any till Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and provided in the specific partial of the pa	nd,	796 797 798 8877 klers, furrows iglation. Number of acres irrigated e80 681	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
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4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through 4 shove.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through (should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTION:  Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any till Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and provide in the spread of the section 12 and in the section 12.  1. How many acres of harvested land were irrigated? Include land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 10, item 2a.  2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?  SECTION:  1. YES — Complete this section 1.  2. YES — Complete this section 2.  1. How many acres were set aside (or diverted) under ANNUAL commodity acreage adjustment programs?	nd,	798 798 798 8877 Riers, furrows igation. Number of acres irrigated 980 881 RIDLED	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987
4. Other pastureland and rangeland — Include any pastureland other than croplend and woodland pasture.  5. All other land — Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wastelar etc. — Include any land not reported in items 2 through 4 above.  6. TOTAL ACRES — Add the acres reported in items 2 through (Should be the same as item 1 above.)  SECTION:  Was any LAND in this place IRRIGATED at any till Irrigated land is all land watered by any artificial or controlled means or ditches, spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and provided in the spreader dikes, etc. Include supplemental, partial, and provided land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops reported in section 12  1. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?  SECTION:  1. YES — Complete this section 13  1. How many acres were set aside (or diverted) under ANNUAL.	None None	798 797 798 9877 klers, furrows ingation. Number of acres irrigated 980 881 R IDLED Number of acres	a. December 1, 1986 and May 31, 1987

ESECTION 16 Did you or anyo	one else have any H FOCK, or ANIMAL						SECTION 18% GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS			
S16	Complete this sec		2 🔲 NO	•		17	1. Amount received in 1987 from Government CCC loans for — No.		D-11	70
	INVENTORY		2 110	<del></del>			Include regular and reserve loans, even if redeemed or forfeited.	880	Dollars	Cents
	Number on this place		antity sold 1987	<b> </b>	value of		a.Com[	\$ 88	<del></del>	00
1. Horses and ponies	Dec. 31, 1987	831		832	ollars	Cents	<b>b.</b> Wheat	\$ 88		00
of all ages	<u> </u>	840	Number	\$		00	<b>c.</b> Soybeans	<b>⋬</b>		00
	839	]	Number	842		1	d. Sorghum, barley, and oats			00
2. Colonies of bees		841	Pounds honey	\$		00	e. Cotton	391	•	00
	843	844		846		1	f. Tobacco, rye, and honey	3 \$	1	00
		845	Number Gallons	12		00	SECTION 19 Payments received for participation in FEDERA	L FAR	M PROGR	MS
3. Milk goats		848	milk	-			in 1987 (DO NOT INCLUDE CCC loans.) Refer SHEET, section 19.	ne T	Dollars	Cents
	847	849	Number	12.			519	68		<u> </u>
4. Angora goats		U	Pounds mohair	\$		00	1. Amount received in cash	\$ 68		00
F 0.1	851	852		853		1	2. Value of certificates received — payment-in-kind (PIK) or commodity certificates	_ '	-	00
5. Other goats	833	834	Number	835		00	SECTION 20 TYPE OF ORGANIZATION			
6.Mules, burros, and donkeys			Number	1.		00	s20			
7. Mink and their	836	837		838		1	Mark (X) the one item which best describes the type of org. this place in 1987. Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section		n for	
pelts	854	856	Number	\$ 856		00	·	21		
8. Rabbits and their pelts	554	356		ŀ	,	1	(Do not include partnership and corporation.)	ີ ₁ 🔲		
9. All other livestock and	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	Number	\$	i	00	PARTNERSHIP operation — Include family partnerships.	2 🔲	Go to s	section 22
livestock products	857	858		859		! !	INCORPORATED UNDER STATE LAW	з 🔲	Go to s	ection 21
Specify	L	<u> </u>	Number		,	00	OTHER, such as estate or trust, prison farm, grazing			
10. Fish and other aquaculture	Total quantity in 1987	sold Gre	oss value o Dollars	f sales Cents	l		association, Indian reservation, etc.	با ٠	y Specify go to s	y below then ection 22
products (Enter name and code from list below.)		- h.		l	ł		Specify			
Name Code		ounds }2		00	}		SECTION 218 CORPORATE STRUCTURE (for incorporated of	peratio	ns only)	
Name	Code	Name			Code		Refer to the INFORMATION SHEET, section 21.			
Catfish	860	Other fis	h Specify				9:	22. —	Vac	₂ □ No
Trout		Other aq product	uaculture s <i>— Specify</i>		869		1. Is this a family-held corporation?	' '		_
SECTIONARY Did you or anyo	ne else have any P	OULTRY,	such as CH	ICKENS	5,		2. Are there more than 10 stockholders?			₄ ∐ No
for others on a	CKS, etc., on this pl contract basis.	lace in 191			try growi	n 	CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION OF Corperson in charge) Refer to the INFORMATION S	PERAT	OR (Senio ction 22.	r partner
\$17 1 ☐ YES -	- Complete this se	ection	INVENT Numbe	ron	Total nur		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23		
=	- Go to section 18		this pl Dec. 31,	1987	sold in 1	987	person in charge) live on this place?	1 🗆	Yes :	2 🔲 No
1. HENS and PULLETS of layin	g age		892		393		2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION - At which occupation			
2. PULLETS for laying flock rep		_	894		895		did the operator spend the majority (50 percent or more) of his/her worktime in 1987? For partnerships	_		П. он.
a.PULLETS 3 months old or o	• • •		896	}	•		consider all members of the partnership together		or ranching	₂ ∐ Other ıg
b.PULLET CHICKS and PULLE (Do not include commercial b	TS under 3 months	old				1	3. OFF- FARM WORK — How many days did the operator		None	_
3. BROILERS, fryers, and other			898	ε	999		(senior partner or person in charge) work at least 4 hours per day off this place in 1987? — Include work		1-49 da	ys
including capons and roaste	ers	Ц	<u> </u>				at a nonfarm job, business, or on someone else's farm for pay. (Do not include exchange farmwork.).	, –	50 <b>-99</b> d	•
4. TURKEYS  a.Turkeys for slaughter (Do )	not include breeders )	n	900	18	901		<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	_	100-14 150-19	•
b.Turkey HENS kept for bre		🗖	902	9	903				200 days	
5. OTHER POULTRY raised in c							4. In what YEAR did the operator (or senior partner) begin	<b>,</b> –		
geese, pigeons or squab, phe (Enter poultry name and code fro	easants, quail, etc						to operate any part of this place?		Y	ar
Poultry name	Code				ļ.		9:	25		
				,	Γ		5. AGE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	·	Y	ears old
Poultry name Code	Name	Code	¥		6-4		<del>.</del> .	<b>(</b> • □	White	
Ducks 904	Pigeons or squab	908							Negro or	
Geese 906	Pheasants	910	Spec	er poultry	y — 914		6. RACE of operator (senior partner or person in charge)	_	American Asian or I	
6. POULTRY HATCHED on this p		None		Numbe	r			_	Islander	
placed or sold — chickens, tur  Specify kind of poultry	keys, QUCKS, ETC. —	· []	916					( » 🗆	Other —	Specify
			917			-	9:	•		
7. Incubator egg capacity on D	ecember 31, 198	<b>,</b> ∟[				-	7.SEX of operator (senior partner or person in charge)		Male :	₂ ☐ Female
	<u>.</u> .		ross value o	$\overline{}$			8. SPANISH ORIGIN — Is the operator (senior partner			
<ol> <li>What was the gross value of s poultry and poultry products (a</li> </ol>	ales of Non	918	Dollars	is	Cents		or person in charge) of Spanish origin or descent		V	□ <b></b> .
etc.) from this place in 1987?	🗖	\$		i	00		(Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish)?	1 🗆	res :	₂ ∐ No
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έSI	CHION 23 PRODUCTION EXPENSES paid by you and oth	ers fo	this		SECTION 25% Were any INSECTICIDES, HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, NEMATICIDES,
	<sub>S23</sub> place in 1987			- 1	OTHER PESTICIDES, or OTHER CHEMICALS used on this place in 1987?
ln bi	clude your best estimates of expenses paid by you, your landlo yers, and others for production of crops, livestock, and other a	ord, cor	stractors,	ı	1 YES - Complete this section 2 NO - Go to section 26
in ot	1987. (DO NOT INCLUDE expenses connected with perform hers; operation of nonfarm activities, businesses, or services; penses not related to the farm business.)	ina cus	tomwork for		Include any materials provided by you, your landlords, or contractors. For each item listed, report acres only once. If multipurpose chemicals were used, report acreage treated for each purpose.
1.	Livestock and poultry purchased — cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, goats, horses, chicks, poults,	None	Dollars C	Cents	1. Sprays, dusts, granules, fumigants, etc., (fungicide, None used
_ ا	started pullets, etc	Ш	972	00	a. Insects on crops, including hay
2	. Feed purchased for livestock and poultry — grain, hay, silage, mixed feeds, concentrates, etc		  s	00	b. Nematodes in crops
	a. Commercially mixed formula feeds purchased —				c. Diseases in crops and orchards (blights, smuts, rusts, etc.)
ł	complete, supplement, concentrates, premixes.  (Do not include ingredients None Dollars	Cents			d. Weeds, grass, or brush in crops and pasture
	purchased separately, such as sovbean meal, cottonseed	1			Include both pre-emergence and post emergence.  2. Chemicals for defoliation or for growth control
_	méal, and urea.)	i 00	974	<b>***</b>	of crops or thinning of fruit
_	Seed cost — for corn, other grains, soybeans, tobacco, cotton, etc. — Include plants and trees purchased		\$ ! 975	00	SECTION 262 MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT on this place on December 31, 1987 — Sze Include only equipment used for agricultural operations in 1986 or 1987.
-	Commercial fertilizer purchased — all forms, including rock phosphate and gypsum.	_	1	1	Value of ALL machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1987
	Include cost of custom applications	لــا	976	00	
5	Agricultural chemicals purchased — Insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, other pesticides, etc. — Include		;		What is the estimated market value of ALL machinery, equipment, and implements usually kept on this place
_ ا	cost of custom applications. (Do not include lime.)		\$ !	00	and used for the farm or ranch business? — Include cars, trucks, tractors, combines, plows, disks, harrows, dryers,
٦	Gasoline and other petroleum fuel and oll purchased for the farm business —	_	977		pumps, motors, irrigation equipment, dairy equipment including milkers and bulk tanks, livestock feeders, grinding and mixing
	a.Gasoline and gasohol	Ш	\$ 978	00	equipment, etc
l	<b>b.</b> Diesel fuel		\$	00	SELECTED machinery and equipment on this place, December 31, 1987. (Report on this place on MANY were manufaction)
Ì	c. Natural gas		979 \$	00	this place, December 31, 1987. (Report only if used in 1986 or 1987.)  None  on this place on December 31, 1987 or 1987.)  None  MANY were manufactured in the last 5 year (1983 - 1987)?
	d. LP gas, fuel oil, kerosene, motor oil, grease, etc		980 \$	00	2. Motortrucks Include pickups
7	Electricity for the farm business — (Do not		981		3. Wheel tractors other than garden tractors
١.	include household expenses.)  Hired farm and ranch labor — also include employer's cost		\$	00	and motor tillers — 946 947
•	for social security, workman's compensation, insurance	·	982 [		<b>b.</b> 40 horsepower (PTO) or more
	premiums, pension plans, etc. (See INFORMATION SHEET)		\$ !	00	4. Grain and bean combines, all types
9	Contract labor - Include expenditures for labor, such as harvesting of fruit, vegetables, berries, etc.,		983		5. Cotton pickers and strippers
	performed on a contract basis by a contractor, crew leader, a cooperative, etc.		s :	00	6. Mower conditioners
10	Repair and maintenance expenses for the		984		7. Pickup balers — Include rectangle and round balers
	upkeep of buildings, motor vehicles, and farm equipment		\$	00	SECTION 27% ESTIMATED CURRENT MARKET VALUE OF LAND and s27 BUILDINGS
11	Customwork, machine hire and rental of machinery and equipment — include expenditures for		:	į	Please give your best ESTIMATE of the CURRENT MARKET VALUE of land and buildings for all acres reported in  Estimated market value of land and buildings
	use of equipment and for customwork such as grinding and mixing feed, plowing, combining, com picking		985		section 1, items 1, 2, and 3, page 1. None Dollars Cent
	drying, silo filling, spraying, dusting, fertilizing, etc. (Do not include cost of cotton ginning and application of		j t		996
12	fertilizer and chemicals.) Interest paid on debts — (See INFORMATION SHEET)		986	.00	1. All land owned
.2	a. Secured by real estate		\$	00	2. All land rented or leased FROM OTHERS
	<b>b.</b> Not secured by real estate		987	00	3. All land rented or leased TO OTHERS
13	Cash rent paid for land and buildings in 1987—		988	00	SECTION 282 INCOME FROM FARM - RELATED SOURCES IN 1987
	(Do not include grazing fees.)		s	00	S28 Report amount received before taxes and expenses.  Farm-related income
14	Property taxes paid - Include farm real estate,		989 1		1. Customwork and other agricultural services provided for None Dollars Cent
	machinery, livestock, etc. for the farm business. (Do not include taxes paid by landlords.)		\$	00	farmers and others — plowing, planting, spraying, harvesting, preparation of products for market, etc. 992
15	All other production expenses —Include insurance,		1		(If customwork is a separate business, refer to INFORMATION SHEET, section 28) \$ 00
- 0	water, animal health costs, grazing fees, marketing charges, miscellaneous farm supplies, etc. (Do not include depreciation,		990		2. Gross cash rent or share payments received from renting
	household expenses, and expenses not associated with the farm business.)		\$	00	out farmland or payments received from lease or sale of allotments — Include payments for livestock pastured on
ŠSE	GIION 24 Was any COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER, includin	g ROC	K PHOSPHATE,	or	a per-head basis, per-month basis, per-pound basis, etc
	S24 LIME used on this place during 1987?	_		1	3. Sales of forest products and Christmas trees - Include maple products, naval stores, firewood, etc
	1 YES — Complete this section 2		Go to section 25		4. Recreational services, patronage dividends of cooperatives,
1.	Acres of cropland fertilized in 1987 — (Do not include crople)	nd .	932	200	and other income which is CLOSELY RELATED to the agricultural operation on this place –
	for pastures reported in section 10, item 2b.)	[	933		Specify
	Acres of pastureland and rangeland fertilized in 1987 reported in section 10, items 2b and 4	[			SECTION 129 PERSON COMPLETING THIS REPORT - Please print
2	None Tons	of lim		ed	Name 999 Date
	LIME — tons of lime used and acres on which applied — (Do not include land plester or		935		Area Code Number
	gypsum or lime for sanitation.)		_1		Telephone number

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## INFORMATION SHEET

#### 1987 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

### **Special Reporting Instructions**

#### 1. Who Should Report

WE NEED A REPLY FROM EVERYONE RECEIVING A REPORT FORM, INCLUDING individuals, landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and THOSE NOT CONDUCTING AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS. Each case included in the census has a unique Census File Number (CFN). In order to make the census results as complete and accurate as possible, we need to obtain information about every CFN.

#### 2. If You Received More Than One Report Form for an Operation

Complete only ONE report form for an operation. Write "Duplicate" near the address label of each extra report form. Also, write the 11-digit census file number(s) of the DUPLICATE report(s) ON THE COMPLETED REPORT in the space provided to the left of the address label. Return the extra report(s) in the same envelope with your completed report form so that we can correct our records.

#### 3. If You No Longer Farm

If you had agricultural operations **at any time during 1987**, please report all agricultural activity during the year. Report all land on your census form that you owned or rented. Also, report your 1987 crop and livestock production and 1987 sales.

Explain on the first page of the report form (or on a separate sheet of paper) that you quit farming or ranching and give the approximate date and the name and address of the present operator, if known.

#### You Never Farmed or Have No Association With Agriculture

Please write a note on the report form near the address label explaining this and return the form so that we can correct our records. In our efforts to make the census as complete as possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminate duplicate and nonfarm addresses, however, it was not always possible to do so.

#### 5. If You Have More Than One Agricultural Operation

Complete a report form for EACH SEPARATE and DISTINCT production unit, i.e., each individual farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc., or combination of farms, etc., for which you maintain SEPARATE records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, crop acreages, and production.

#### 6. If You Have a Partnership Operation

Complete only ONE report for the entire partnership's agricultural operation and include all partners' shares on the one report. If members of the partnership also operate separate farms or ranches in addition to the partnership farming operation, separate report forms should be completed for each individual operation.

If two or more report forms were received for the same operation, mark each additional form as a "Duplicate." Return the duplicate report(s) in the same envelope with the completed partnership report, where possible, or write a note on the duplicate report, such as, "(Name of partner) has completed a report for the partnership (provide name and CFN of partnership.)"

#### 7. Landlord's or Contractor's Share

If you rented or leased land from others or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, include both your share and the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses so your census report form will be complete for "THIS PLACE."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE. If you do not have records available for all data items, use your best estimate.

#### **How to Enter Your Response**

Enter your replies in the proper spaces, on the correct lines, and in the units requested, i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Write any explanation outside the answer spaces or on a separate sheet of paper.

All dollar figures may be entered in whole dollars. CENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED.

Enter whole numbers except where tenths are requested, such as acres of potatoes harvested. If you have 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 of an acre, convert to tenths. For example, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10.

The census report form will contain sections and questions which do not apply to you. When this occurs, mark the "None" or "No" box and go on to the next item or section.

### Instructions For Specified Sections

#### ► Section 1 — ACREAGE IN 1987

Your answers to this section will determine the land (Acres in "THIS PLACE") referred to in the rest of the report form.

When answering the acreage questions, include the land associated with your agricultural operations in 1987 whether in production or not. Include all land that you owned or rented during 1987 even if only for part of the year. Do not include any unrelated residential or commercial land.

IF YOU QUIT FARMING DURING 1987 — Complete the report form for the portion of the year that you did farm. Explain on the report form in the space to the left of the address label (or on another sheet of paper) when you stopped farming and include the name and address of the person now using the land.

Item 1 - All Land Owned - Report all land owned in 1987 whether held under title, purchase contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — All Land Rented or Leased FROM OTHERS -Report all land rented by you or your operation even though the landlord may have supplied materials or supervision.

INCLUDE in item 2:

- a. Land for agricultural use that you rented from others for cash
- b. Land you worked on a share basis (crop or livestock)
- c. Land owned by someone else that you used rent-free
- d. Federal, State, Indian reservation, or railroad land rented or leased by the acre

#### DO NOT INCLUDE in item 2:

Land used on a per-head or animal unit license or permit basis, such as section 3 of the Taylor Grazing Act, National Forest, or Indian reservation permit land. If you had any of these permits, mark "yes" to item 7.

Item 3 - All Land Rented or Leased TO OTHERS - include all land rented out for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in items 1 and 2. A report form will be obtained from each of your tenants to cover the operations on that land.

INCLUDE in item 3:

- a. Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of crops or livestock
- b. Land you rented from someone and then subleased to someone else
- c. Land worked for you by someone for a share of crops or livestock
- d. Land which you allowed others to use rent-free

Item 4 — Acres in "THIS PLACE" — This figure will show the total of all land you operated at any time in 1987.

#### If item 4, Acres in "THIS PLACE" is "0" and:

- a. You raised any crops or had any livestock or poultry on "THIS PLACE" in 1987, complete the report.
- b. All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper, complete item 6 (name and address of renters), skip to and complete section 29, and explain briefly, "all land rented out," etc. Mail form in return envelope.
- e. You did not have any agricultural activity on owned or rented land in 1987, complete section 29 and explain briefly, such as "retired," "sold farm," and date. Give name and address of current operator if known and return form.

#### ► Sections 2 through 8 — CROPS

Sections 2 through 8 provide space for reporting crops harvested during the 1987 crop year from the land shown in section 1, item 4 (Acres In "THIS PLACE") of your report. Please report your crops in the appropriate sections. Do NOT include any crops grown on land rented or leased TO OTHERS, or worked by others on shares during 1987.

Acres harvested - Enter the acres harvested in 1987. Round fractions to whole acres except where tenths are requested by "/10" in the reporting box, such as for potatoes.

Quantity harvested — If your unit of measure is different than the unit on the report form, please convert your figure for the quantity harvested to the unit requested. If the harvest was incomplete by December 31, 1987, please report the quantity harvested and estimated quantity to be harvested.

Acres irrigated — For each crop irrigated, report number of acres irrigated. Irrigation is defined as land watered by artificial or controlled means — sprinklers, furrows or ditches, spreader dikes, purposeful flooding, etc. Include acres that received supplemental, partial, and/or preplant irrigation. Do not report water applied in transplanting tobacco plants, trees, or vegetables as irrigation. Leave "Acres irrigated" blank for crops that are not irrigated.

#### **How to Report Crops Harvested**

- ▶ Sections 2 and 3 Report only for the listed crops.
- ➤ Sections 4 through 8 To report: (1) find the crop name and the code number from the list in the section; (2) enter crop name and code in the first two columns of the first available answer line in the section; (3) enter the information that is requested in the remaining columns. If you harvested a crop not listed in sections 4 through 8, use the "Other" code in the appropriate section and specify the crop name.

**Double Cropping** — If two or more crops were harvested from the same land (double cropping) report the total acres and production of each harvested crop in the appropriate section(s) of the report form.

Example: In 1987 you harvested 1,230 bushels of wheat from 40 acres, then on the same 40 acres planted soybeans, from which you harvested 1,550 bushels. You irrigated the soybeans but not the wheat.

***	ere any o	f the followi	ing CROPS harve	sted from
S2 *	None	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Acres irrigated
1. Cotton	🖂	091	092 Bales	093
2. Soybeans for bear	ns 🔲	OB8 40	<sup>089</sup> /,550 Bu.	090 40
3. Wheat for grain	$\square$	073 40	/1230 Bu.	075
4. Oats for grain	🖂	076	077 Bu.	078

Interplanted Crops — If two crops were grown at the same time in alternating strips in the same field, report the portion of the field used for each crop.

Example: A 60 acre field was planted in cotton and soybeans, with two rows of cotton followed by an area of the same width planted in soybeans. No irrigation was used. Thirty acres of soybeans and 30 acres of cotton would be reported in the appropriate section(s).

**Skip Row Planting** — If a crop is planted in an alternating pattern of planted and non-planted rows, such as two rows planted and two rows skipped (2  $\times$  2), report the portion of the field occupied by the crop in the appropriate section for that crop, and report the skipped portion as "Cropland idle" in section 10, item 2f.

Section 4 — VEGETABLES — Report acres of vegetables harvested FOR SALE or commercial processing. Do not include vegetables grown for home use. Report the total acreage of each vegetable crop harvested.

Example: In 1987 you harvested 10 acres of lettuce from a field, then replanted the field in lettuce and harvested the 10 acres again. Both crops of lettuce were irrigated. Enter only 10 acres of land from which vegetables were harvested and 10 acres irrigated in item 1 of section 4, but write in 20 acres of lettuce harvested and 20 acres of lettuce irrigated in item 2 of section 4.

➤ Section 8 — FRUITS and NUTS — In counting the combined total of 20 or more trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of the production. Acres in trees or vines that have been abandoned should not be included; these acres should be included in section 10, item 2f "Cropland idle."

If crops other than fruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with trees or vines, report the total acres for the orchard crop in section 8 and the total acres of the interplanted crop in the appropriate section.

#### ▶ Section 9 — GROSS VALUE OF CROPS SOLD

Report the value of all crops sold from "THIS PLACE" in 1987, regardless of the year they were harvested or who owned the land. Be sure to report gross values before deducting expenses and taxes. Include Government CCC loans received for "THIS PLACE" in 1987. Include payments received in 1987 from cooperatives or marketing organizations for crops produced on "THIS PLACE" regardless of the year in which the crops were harvested.

Also include as sales, your estimate of the value of any crop removed from "THIS PLACE" in trade for services, such as hay cut in exchange for fence repair, clearing, or other services. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the crop's market value when removed from "THIS PLACE."

DO NOT INCLUDE crops or crop products purchased from others and later sold.

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#### > Section 10 -- USE OF ACRES IN "THIS PLACE"

This section is used to classify the acres in "THIS PLACE" reported in section 1, item 4. (Do not include any acres you rented to others reported in section 1, item 3). The sum of the acres entered in various categories should equal total acres in "THIS PLACE."

Land Used for More Than One Purpose — Do not report the same acreage for more than one of the listed purposes. If part or all of your land was used for more than one listed purpose in 1987, report that land only in the first category listed. For example, if you plowed under a cover crop, and planted and harvested a grain crop, report the land in item 2a, "Cropland harvested," but do NOT report as "Cropland used for cover crops, legumes, etc." (item 2c).

**Double Cropping** — When more than one crop was harvested from the same land in 1987, report that land only ONCE as "Cropland harvested," in item 2a.

**Interplanted Crops** — If you interplanted crops, such as cotton in an orchard, report the total land used for both crops only ONCE, as "Cropland harvested," in item 2a.

Skip Row Planted Crops — Report the acres that represent the total nonplanted or skipped rows as "Cropland idle," item 2f. The acres that represent the planted rows should be reported as "Cropland harvested," in item 2a.

# ► Section 12 — ACRES SET ASIDE, DIVERTED, OR IDLED UNDER FEDERAL ACREAGE REDUCTION PROGRAMS IN 1987

Include in item 2 all acres in "THIS PLACE" retired from production and placed, by long-term contract, into the Conservation Reserve Program. Acres placed into the program during and prior to 1987 should be included.

# ► Sections 13 through 17 —LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, OTHER LIVESTOCK, OR ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

Animals and Poultry to Include in the Report — Report all animals, poultry, and animal specialties on "this place" (section 1, item 4) on December 31, 1987. Include all owned by you and any kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced lands, National Forest land, district land, cooperative grazing association land, or rangeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis. Animals in transit on December 31, 1987, or animals on a short-term pasture (such as wheat pasture or crop residue) on a per-head or lease basis should be reported by the person who had control of the animals.

Animals and Poultry to Exclude from the Report — Do not report animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrangement on land rented to others. Do not include animals quartered in feedlots which are not a part of "this place." Animals kept on a place not operated by you are to be included on the report for that place.

Animals Bought and Sold — DO NOT REPORT ANY ANIMALS BOUGHT AND THEN RESOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS. Such purchases and sales are considered "dealer" transactions, and are not included in this census.

Number Sold — Report all animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987, without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do NOT report number sold for any livestock or poultry kept on another place.

Dairy Termination Program or "Whole-Herd Dairy Buy-Out Program" — The amount received in 1987 from the Government under the dairy termination program should be included in section 19, item 1. Dairy animals and products sold in 1987 should be reported in section 13.

Animals Moved to Another Place — For animals moved from "this place" to another place, such as for further feeding, report animals as "sold" and give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place."

Fat Cattle Sold — Cattle fattened on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter are reported in section 13, item 3a.

#### DO NOT INCLUDE WITH FATTENED CATTLE SOLD:

- a. Cattle and calves sold for further feeding
- b. Veal calves, or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds
- c. Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold

Value of Sales — Report the total gross value of animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987 without deducting production or marketing expenses (cost of feed, cost of livestock purchased, cost of hauling and selling, etc.). If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place." Do NOT report the value of sales of any livestock and poultry owned by you but kept and sold from a place you did not operate.

Contract and Custom Feeding Operations — Livestock or poultry kept by you on "this place" on a contract or custom basis should be included on this report REGARDLESS OF OWNERSHIP. Report as "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on December 31, 1987. Report as "SOLD" animals and poultry kept on contract or custom basis and removed or sold from the place in 1987. If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the market value of the animals or poultry when they left the place.

# ➤ Section 16 — HORSES, BEES, FISH, GOATS, OTHER LIVESTOCK, OR ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

- If you owned BEES - Report all colonies or hives of bees and honey operations conducted by you, regardless of where the hives were kept most of the year. Report hives or colonies, pounds of honey sold, and value of sales.

Items 7 and 8 - Mink pelts and rabbit pelts should be included in number sold and value of sales, but not in inventory.

Item 9 - Other Livestock and Livestock Products - include in all other livestock and livestock products manure, beeswax, and any other animal products sold from "this place" in 1987. Please indicate units used in reporting.

Item 10 — Fish and Other Aquaculture Products — Report number of pounds sold and gross value of sales for each. Enter name and code from list.

#### ➤ Section 17 — POULTRY

The person who furnished the housing and labor should report the poultry operation on his/her report form regardless of who owns the birds. Report as sold poultry that were taken or moved from the place

# ► Section 18 — AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS

Item 1 — Report the amount received under the regular or reserve program for commodities placed under CCC loan during 1987. Include amount received even if commodity was redeemed or forfeited prior to December 31, 1987.

Do not include CCC loans received to build crop storage facilities or amount received for storage payments in the reserve program.

#### ➤ Section 19 — FEDERAL PAYMENTS RECEIVED

Report all payments received from Federal Farm Programs in 1987 regardless of whether payment was made in cash or commodity certificates. Include cash payments in item 1. In item 2, include the value of any certificates held or the value received from sale or redemption of any certificates in 1987.

Federal payments include receipts from Federal programs such as deficiency payments, "Whole-herd dairy buy-out," support price payments, indemnity programs, disaster payments, paid land diversion, inventory reduction payments, payments received for approved soil and water conservation projects, etc.

#### Section 20 — TYPE OF ORGANIZATION

Use the following definitions to determine the type of organization for

Family or Individual Operation — Defined as farm or business organization controlled and operated by an individual (sole proprietor). Include family operations that are not incorporated and not operated under a partnership agreement.

Partnership Operation — Defined as two or more persons who have agreed on the amount of their contribution (capital and effort) and the distribution of profits. Co-ownership of land by husband and wife or joint filing of income tax forms by husband and wife DOES NOT constitute a partnership, unless a specific agreement to share contributions, decisionmaking, profits, and liabilities exists. Production under contract or under a share rental agreement DOES NOT constitute a partnership.

Incorporated Under State Law — A corporation is defined as a legal entity or artificial person created under the laws of a State to carry on a business. This definition does not include cooperatives. Information on type of corporation should be reported in section 21.

Other — Such as cooperatives (defined as an incorporated or other — Such as cooperatives (defined as an incorporated or unincorporated enterprise or an association created and formed jointly by the members), estate or trust (defined as a fund of money or property administered for the benefit of another individual or organization), prison farm, grazing association, Indian reservation, institution run by a government or religious entity, etc.

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#### ► Section 21 — CORPORATE STRUCTURE

This section is to be answered by corporations only. Answer both items. A family-held corporation has more than 50 percent of its stock owned by persons related by blood or marriage.

# ➤ Section 22 — CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION OF OPERATOR This section collects information about the operator of "this..."

place" defined as the individual owner, the operator, the senior partner, or person in charge for the type of organization reported in section 20.

For Family or Individual Operation — Complete this section for

For Partnership Operations — Answer all items, except item 2, for the "Senior Partner." The "Senior Partner" is the individual who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on "this place." who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on "this place," not necessarily the person senior in age. If each partner shares equally in the day-to-day management decisions, consider the oldest as the "Senior Partner." For item 2 (Principal Occupation) consider all members of the partnership together. Please include as "farming" work time at all types of agricultural enterprises, including work at greenhouses, nurseries, mushroom production, ranching, feedlots, broiler feeding, etc.

For Corporations and Other Operations (Cooperatives, Estates, etc.) — Complete section 22 for the person in charge, such as a hired manager, business manager, or other person primarily responsible for the on-site, day-to-day operation of the farm or ranch business.

Item 4 — Year Began Operation — Report the first year the operator or senior partner began to operate any part of "this place" on a continuous basis. If the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed.

▶ Section 23 — PRODUCTION EXPENSES paid by you and others for "this place" in 1987
Include farm production expenses paid by you, your landlord, contractors, or anyone else for crops, livestock, or poultry produced on "this place." Include expenses incurred in 1987 even if they were not paid for in 1987. Please estimate if exact figures are not because the individual conditions to the place of further than 1987. known. Refer to the individual expenditure items below for further

LIVESTOCK and Poultry Purchased — Report the cost of cattle, calves, hogs, pigs, sheep, lambs, horses, goats, chicks, pullets, poults, etc.. including breeding stock and dairy cows. Contract growers or custom feeders who did not own or purchase the livestock or poultry themselves should estimate the value of the cattle, calves, pigs, baby chicks, pullets, etc. at the time they came onto the place.

Feed Purchased for Livestock and Poultry - Report the Feed Purchased for Livestock and Poultry — Report the purchase cost of corn, sorghum, oats, barley, other grains, silage, hay, mixed feed, concentrates, etc., fed to livestock and poultry on "this place." Contract livestock and poultry growers should estimate the value of feed provided by the contracting company. Custom feedyards should include feed costs for all cattle fed even if the owners of the cattle were billed for the feed. Feed raised on "this place" should not be reported as purchased.

Cost of Hired Farm and Ranch Labor — Include gross salaries and wages, commissions, dismissal pay, vacation pay, and paid bonuses paid to hired workers, family members, hired managers, administrative and clerical employees, and salaried corporate officers. Also, include supplemental cost for benefits such as employer's social security contributions, unemployment compensation, workmen's compensation insurance, life and medical insurance, pension plans, etc.

Contract Labor — Includes the labor costs of workers furnished on a contract basis by a labor contractor, crew leader, or cooperative for harvesting vegetables or fruit, shearing sheep, or similiar farm activities. Do not include costs for building or repair work done by a construction contractor. Include the cost of customwork or machine hire in item 11.

Repair and Maintenance Expenses for the Upkeep of Buildings, Motor Vehicles, and Farm Equipment — Include the cost of repairs and upkeep of farm machinery, vehicles, buildings, fences, and other equipment used in the farm business. Do not include repairs to vehicles not used in the farm business or for equipment used only for performing customwork for others. Do not include expenditures for the construction of new buildings or the cost of additions to existing buildings.

Interest Expense Paid on Debts — Report all interest expenses paid in 1987 for the farm business. Include interest on loans secured by land and buildings (real estate) in item 12a. Include all loans not secured by real estate such as for fertilizer, feed, and seed in Item 12b. Include interest paid on CCC loans. Do not include interest associated with activities not related to production of crops or livestock on "this place" such as land or buildings rented to others, packing sheds, or feed mills that provide services to others. Do not include interest on owner/operator dwelling where amount is separated from interest on other land and buildings on "this place."

Cash Rent Paid for Land and Buildings in 1987 — Report rent paid in cash during 1987 for land and buildings in "this place." Do not include rent paid for operator dwelling or other nonfarm property. Do not include the value of shares of crops or livestock paid to landlords.

**Property Taxes Paid** — Include real estate property taxes you paid on the acres and buildings you operated and used in the farm business.

Do not include:

- a. Property taxes on land or buildings rented to someone else
- b. Taxes paid by landlords
- c. Property taxes paid on other property not associated with the farm business
- d. Income and excise taxes

All Other Production Expenses — Farm production costs not previously listed should be reported here. In addition to items listed on the report form, include bookkeeping charges, tax preparation fees, postage, advertising, commission for sale of cattle, and fees paid for farm-related advice or for farm consultants. Do not include depreciation or expenditures for the purchase of land and buildings or new or used machinery.

#### ► Section 24 — COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER AND LIME

Report acres on which commercial fertilizer (items 1 and 2) or lime (item 3) was applied during 1987. If any acreage was fertilized or limed more than once, report acres ONLY ONCE in each item. Report expense for commercial fertilizer purchased, excluding lime, in section 23, item 4.

#### ► Section 26 - MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

The estimated market value in item 1 refers to ALL machinery and equipment kept primarily on "this place" and used for the farm business. Report the value in its present condition, not the replacement or depreciated value. Specialized equipment, which is an integral part of a building, should be included as a part of the value of land and building. value of land and buildings.

# ► Section 27 — ESTIMATED CURRENT MARKET VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS

The value for each of the three listed categories should be your estimate of the value of the land and buildings if they were sold in the current market. The real estate tax assessment value should not be used unless that value represents a full market value assessment and the land and buildings could reasonably be assumed to be sold at that price. Do not deduct real estate marketing charges from your estimate. Report the total value, not the value on a per acre basis.

# ➤ Section 28 — INCOME FROM FARM—RELATED SOURCES

Item 1 through 4 refer only to those income producing activities for which you use part of the land, machinery, equipment, labor, or capital normally used on "this place," and which you do not consider as entirely separate from your farming activities. Report gross amounts received before taxes and expenses.

**Item 1 — Customwork —** Do not report income for customwork or agricultural services provided to others if operated as an entirely separate business from your agricultural operations.

Item 2 - Rental Income - Do not include rental income from nonfarm property.

Item 3 — Forest Products — include only those forest products or Christmas trees cut from "this place," not items cut from other nonfarm timber acreage. Do not include income from saw mill

Item 4 - Other Farm-Related Income - Include income from Item 4 — Other Farm-Related Income — Include income from hunting leases, fishing fees, and other recreational services, sales of farm by-products, and other business or income closely related to the agricultural operation on "this place." Include dividends for business done with farmer-owned cooperatives. Do not enter previously reported farm sales or income from investments not associated with the farm. Do not include retirement pensions or social security benefits received.

DUE BY FEBRUARY 1, 1988				OM	B No. 0607-0534: Approval Ex	pires September 3	IO, 1989	
FORM 87-A0400 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS	NOTICE — Re-	sponse to this inquiry is re BUREAU IS CONFIDENTIA	quired by l	aw (title 13, U.S. be seen only by s	Code). By the same law worn Census employee	YOUR REPO	RT TO	
UNITED STATES CENSUS	only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.  In correspondence pertaining to this report, please refer to your Census File Number (CFN)							
OF AGRICULTURE	Г				87-A0400			
Please complete this BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street					÷.			
Note — If your records are not available, reasonable estimates may be used. If you cannot file by February 1. a time extension request may be sent								
to the above address. Include your 12-cheracter Census File Number (CFN) as shown in your address label in all correspondence to us.  If you received more than one	1				:			
report form, enter extra A Census File Number(s) here and return extra copies with your completed report					:		į	
CENSUS 035 036 037 038	<u></u> .	radio materia ( p. 1 ) - to 1 species (p. atr.), atris (app. 1) (p. 10 mag Pri - appropri	m i saganakeliko apos s <sub>a</sub> apol	والمتواضعة والمعاودة والمارية والمراسطة	u pur suuru simmen jänig yunki suu fahan kisse moonaaniberi s			
SECTION 15		correct errors in name, ac SECTION 4						
<ul> <li>1. At any time during 1987, did you plant, grow, or have any:</li> <li>Hay or tobacco?</li> <li>Corn, wheat, or other grains?</li> <li>Vegetables, melons, or berries?</li> </ul>		• PART A — CRC (Do not include crops	PS HAF s grown on	land rented to oth	m "THIS PLACE"	in 1987.		
Other crops?     Greenhouse or nursery crops?     Yes     No		1.Hay crops —	None	Acres harvested	Quantity harvested	Crops so Dollars		
2. At any time during 1987, did you raise, sell, or keep any:		a. Alfalfa and alfal mixtures		103	104 Tons, dry	*	00	
Cattle, hogs, sheep, or goats? Chickens or other poultry? Bees?  Horses or ponies? Fish in captivity? Other animal specialties?		<b>b.</b> Small grain hay		112	107 Tons, dry 113 Tons,	\$	00	
Yes No		c. Wild hay d. Other hay —		109	110 dry	782	00_	
If you answered YES to EITHER of these questions, go to SECTION if you answered NO to BOTH of these questions, go to SECTION	ON 2. 10.	Specify kind	📮	067	Tons, dry 088	773	00	
SECTION 2. ACREAGE IN 1987 Report land owned, rented, or us	sed by you,	2. Corn for grain or s	_	oas	089 Bu.	775	00	
your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organized which you are reporting. Include ALL LAND, REGARDL	ESS OF	<ol> <li>Soybeans for bear</li> <li>Wheat for grain .</li> </ol>		073	074 Bu.	774	00_	
LOCATION OR USE — cropland, pastureland, rangelan woodland, idle land, house lots, etc. None N	d, umber of acres	5. Tobacco — all type		094 /10	095 Lbs.	781 \$	00	
1. All land owned		6. Potatoes, Irish —//	Do .	097	OBS	785		
2. All land rented or leased FROM OTHERS, including land		for home use.)	"".	/10	Cwt.		00	
worked by you on shares, used rent free, in exchange for services, payment of taxes, etc. Include leased Federal, State, and railroad land. (DO NOT include land used on a per-head basis under a grazing permit.)		7. All vegetables for (Do not include those for home use.)	grown	None Total acr	/10 8 00			
3. All land rented or leased TO OTHERS, including land worked on shares by others and land subleased. Also complete item 5 below.	5	Specify			/10 /10		·	
4. Acres in "THIS PLACE" — ADD acres owned (item 1) and acres rented (item 2), then SUBTRACT acres rented TO OTHERS (item 3), and enter the result in this space.	046	8. All fruit and nut on vineyards, and be	chards,	None Total acr	es Quantity harvested	Doflars 784	Cents	
If the entry is zero please refer to the information Sheet, section 2.	<b>A</b> ****	Specify \$			/10 3 Lbs.			
5. Of the land you rented or leased to others, how many normal ores did you own?	Acres	9. Other crops — For Report quantity harve	additional co	rops, enter the crop	/10 Lbs.	list below.	******	
6. In what county was the largest value of your agricultural products raised or produced?	e State	Crop name	Code	Acres	Quantity harvested	Gross valu crops so Dollars		
SECTIONS: LAND USE and IRRIGATION  • PART A — How were the ACRES in this place used in 1987?					1	2	00	
1 Caraland None N	umber of acres	If more space is needed, us			<u>                                     </u>	9	00	
groves, vineyards, and nursery and greenhouse crops		Crop name Barley for grain (bushels)		Code   C	rop name ats for grain (bushels)		Code 078	
Cropland on which all crops failed — (Exception: Do not report here land in orchards and vineyerds on which the crop failed.)  79	<u> </u>	Corn for silage or green ch Cotton (bales)	· · · · · · · ·		orghum for grain-milo (b ther crops (pounds) — S		. 082 . 752	
Cropland idle, cropland used for cover crops, or cropland in cultivated summer fallow     Cropland used only for pasture, woodland pastured.		• PART B — NURSE on "TH From the list below, e	IS PLACE	E" in 1987				
and other pastureland and rangeland	,	Crop name	TT		ome in the onen	Sales in 1987	7	
5. All other woodland, wasteland, houselots, etc. not reported in items 1 through 4 above		Crop name			hole acres Tenths	Dollars	Cents	
None	umber of acres irrigated	If more space is needed, use	o a separate :		/10 \$		00	
land from which hay was cut and land in bearing and nonbearing fruit and nut crops.  2. How many acres of pastureland, rangeland, and any other		Crop name Bedding plants (include vector) Cut flowers and cut florist	egetable pla	Code   C	rop name otted flowering plants . oflage plants		Code 710 707	
lands not included in item 1 above were irrigated?		Nursery crops — omamen and nut trees, and vines	italis, mult	488   0	reenhouse vegetables ther — Specify		. 503 . 506	
							-	

SECTION 5 LIVESTOCK and POULTRY		PART E — HORSES, OTHER LIVESTOCK, ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, and FISH							
INVENTORY		None Number on this				lue of sales			
PART A — CATTLE and CALVES     None	Number on this place Dec. 31, 1987		place Dec. 31, 1987	sold in 198	7 Dolla				
1	803	1. Horses and ponies of all ages	830	831 Num	832	. 00			
1. CATTLE and CALVES of all ages	Total		539	840 Num	842	i			
a. BEEF COWS - Include beef helfers that	804 Beef	2. Colonies of bees	5	841 Pour	nds (	00			
had calved	805	2. Coloines of bees	843	B44	1 840	100			
b. MILK COWS kept for production of milk or				Num	nber	į			
cream for sale or home use — Include dry milk cows and milk helfers that had calved	Milk cows	3. Milk goats		milk	. ) \$	00			
ļ			847	848 Num	850 nber	i			
None   G	ross value of sales  Dollars Cents	4. Angora goats	}	849 Pour moh	nde	1 00			
2. Value of DAIRY PRODUCTS sold in 1987 - 514	1	5. Other livestock, fish,							
Include milk, cream, butter, etc	. 00	animal products. (Enter name/code from below.)		<u>}</u>	1	i			
CATTLE and CALVES SOLD				1	2	00			
	er sold Gross value of sales	NameCode	M	····	intity 8	00			
this place to a feedlot for further None in 1 feeding.	987 Dollars Cents	Mules, burros, donkeys 833 Mink and their pelts 836	Name/code Rabbits and their po	elts § <u>5</u> 4 <sup>  0</sup> 0	leme/code Other livestock,	fish,			
3. Calves less than 500 pounds	\$ 00				and their produc	cts 857			
810	811	STOTIONS GOVERNMI			ne indudes				
4. Cattle - Include calves 500 pounds or more			Amount received in 1987 from Government CCC loans. Include regular and reserve loans, even if redeemed or forfeited.  None Dollars Cents						
a. Of ALL cattle sold, how many were FATTENED on this place on GRAIN or	813	Specific area (a)			886	. 00			
CONCENTRATES for 30 days or more	i		ceived for parti						
and SOLD for SLAUGHTER?	\$ 00		3 in 1987 <i>(DO N</i> i			A IVI			
PART B — HOGS and PIGS	INVENTORY Number on this			None	Dollars	Cents			
None					684	1 00			
]	515	<ol> <li>Amount received in cash</li> <li>Value of certificates rece</li> </ol>			8 055	00			
1. HOGS and PIGS of all ages	Total 816	(PIK) or commodity certif	lcates	······ □		i 00			
a. HOGS and PIGS used or to be used for breeding	Breeding	SECTIONS   Acres in this	place SET ASI	DE, DIVERTE	D, or IDLED	under			
		FEDERAL	reage reduction	n programa ir		nber of acres			
	er sold Gross value of sales	1. How many acres were se	t aside (or diverte	ed) under	682	IDSI VI ACIOS			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	987 Dollars Cents	ANNUAL commodity acr	eage adjustment	programs?	🗆 🛴				
2. HOGS and PIGS SOLD from this place in 1987	\$ 00	2. How many acres were un	der the CONSER	VATION	683				
,	823	RESERVE PROGRAM (10		<u></u>	<u> – 1. – </u>				
1 3. Of the floor and plos soid, now many were 1	[	ANTONIO CHADACTE	DISTICS and O	CCUDATION	OF OBERA	TOP			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	\$ 00		RISTICS and O		OF OPERA	TOR			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	TORY NUMBER SOLD		ner or person in	charge)	_				
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	TORY On this 31, 1987 NUMBER SOLD In 1987	(Senior part 1. RESIDENCE — Does the	ner or person in	charge) nthis <sup>923</sup> _	_	TOR			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	TORY NUMBER SOLD	1. RESIDENCE — Does the place?	ner or person in o operator live on ON — At which	charge) this <sup>923</sup>	_				
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	TORY On this 31, 1987 NUMBER SOLD In 1987	1. RESIDENCE — Does the place? 2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIO occupation did the oper majority (50 percent or )	ner or person in o operator live on ON — At which ator spend the more) of his/her	charge) 1 this 9231	] Y85 2	□ No			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	TORY On this 31, 1987 NUMBER SOLD In 1987	1. RESIDENCE — Does the place? 2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIO occupation did the opermajority (50 percent or worktime in 19877 For a	operator live on operator live on ON — At which ator spend the more) of his/her	charge) 1 this 9231	] Yes 2 ] Farming 2	□ No □ Other			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	8 00  TORY on this 31, 1987  825	1. RESIDENCE — Does the place? 2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION occupation did the opermajority (50 percent or worktime in 1987? For pall members of the permanal.	operator live on operator live on DN — At which ator spend the more) of his/her artnerships conside hip together	etharge)  1 this 923  928  928	] Y85 2	□ No □ Other			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	8 00  TORY on this 31, 1987  825  828  Pounds	1. RESIDENCE — Does the place? 2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIO occupation did the oper majority (50 percent or worktime in 19877 For all members of the permersh. 3. OFF-FARM WORK — Ho	operator live on ON — At which ator spend the more) of his/her artnerships conside nip together.	charge)  this 923  928  928  928  94  1	Yes 2 Ferming 2 or ranching None	□ No □ Other			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	8 00  TORY on this 31, 1987  825  828  Pounds wool	1. RESIDENCE — Does the place? 2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIC occupation did the opermajority (50 percent or worktime in 19877 For all members of the permers? 3. OFF-FARM WORK — Hoperstor work at least 4 place in 19877 — Include	operator live on a operator live on DN — At which ator spend the more) of his/her attnerships conside air together. Downmany days di hours per day or work et a nonfarm	charge)  this 923  928  928  or 1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1	Farming 2 or ranching None 1-49 day	□ No □ Other			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	8 00  TORY on this 31, 1987  825  828  Pounds	1. RESIDENCE — Does the place? 2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIOn occupation did the oper majority (50 percent or worktime in 1987? For pall members of the permers? 3. OFF-FARM WORK — Hoperetor work at least 4	operator live on the control of the control of his/her artnerships considering to the control of his/her artnerships considering together.  The control of t	etharge)  1 this 923  928  928  929  id the 929  id the 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Farming 2 or renching None 1-49 day 50-99 da	□ No □ Other  J			
sold as FEEDER PIGS for further feeding?	* 00  TORY on this 31, 1987  **Record of the second of the	(Senior part  1. RESIDENCE — Does the place?  2. PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIO occupation did the oper majority (50 percent or worktime in 19877 For pall members of the permers?  3. OFF-FARM WORK — Hoperstor work at least 4 place in 19877 — Include business, or on someone sis	operator live on the control of the control of his/her artnerships considering to the control of his/her artnerships considering together.  The control of t	otherge)  1 this 923  928  927  1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Farming 2 or ranching None 1 -49 day 50-99 da 100-149	□ No □ Other  or o			
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#### INFORMATION SHEET 1987 UNITED STATES CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE

#### **Special Reporting Instructions**

#### 1. Who Should Report

WE NEED A REPLY FROM EVERYONE RECEIVING A REPORT FORM, INCLUDING individuals, landlords, tenants, partnerships, corporations, institutions, and THOSE NOT CONDUCTING AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS. Each case included in the census has a unique Census File Number (CFN). In order to make the census results as complete and accurate as possible, we need to obtain information about every CFN.

#### 2. If You Received More Than One Report Form for an Operation

Complete only ONE report form for an operation. Write "Duplicate" near the address label of each extra report form. Also, write the 11-digit census file number(s) of the DUPLICATE report(s) ON THE COMPLETED REPORT in the space provided to the left of the address label. Return the extra report(s) in the same envelope with your completed report form so that we can correct our records.

#### 3. If You No Longer Farm

If you had agricultural operations at any time during 1987, please report all agricultural activity during the year. Report all land on your census form that you owned or rented. Also, report your 1987 crop and livestock production and 1987 sales.

Explain on the first page of the report form (or on a separate sheet of paper) that you quit farming or ranching and give the approximate date and the name and address of the present operator, if known.

#### 4. If You Never Farmed or Have No Association With Agriculture

Please write a note on the report form near the address label explaining this and return the form so that we can correct our records. In our efforts to make the census as complete as possible, we obtained lists from various sources. We tried to eliminate duplicate and nonfarm addresses, however, it was not always possible to do so.

#### 5. If You Have More Than One Agricultural Operation

Complete a report form for EACH SEPARATE and DISTINCT production unit, i.e., each individual farm, ranch, feedlot, greenhouse, etc., or combination of farms, etc., for which you maintain SEPARATE records of operating expenses and sales, livestock and other inventories, crop acreages, and production.

#### 6. If You Have a Partnership Operation

Complete only ONE report for the entire partnership's agricultural operation and include all partners' shares on the one report. If members of the partnership also operate separate farms or ranches in addition to the partnership farming operation, separate report forms should be completed for each individual operation.

If two or more report forms were received for the same operation, mark each additional form as a "Duplicate." Return the duplicate report(s) in the same envelope with the completed partnership report, where possible, or write a note on the duplicate report, such as, "(Name of partner) has completed a report for the partnership (provide name and CFN of partnership.)"

#### 7. Landlord's or Contractor's Share

If you rented or leased land from others or had a contract for the production of agricultural products, include both your share and the landlord's or contractor's share of the production, sales, and expenses so your census report form will be complete for "THIS PLACE."

If you do not know the landlord's or contractor's share, include your BEST ESTIMATE. If you do not have records available for all data Items, use your best estimate.

#### 8. How to Enter Your Response

Enter your replies in the proper spaces, on the correct lines, and in the units requested, i.e., dollars, bushels, tons, etc. Write any explanation outside the answer spaces or on a separate sheet of paper. All dollar figures may be entered in whole dollars. CENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED.

Enter whole numbers except where tenths are requested, such as acres of potatoes harvested. If you have 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 of an acre, convert to tenths. For example, convert 1/2 to 5/10, 1/3 to 3/10, 1/4 to 2/10.

The census report form will contain sections and questions which do not apply to you. When this occurs, mark the ''None'' or ''No'' box and go on to the next item or section.

#### Instructions For Specified Sections

#### Section 2 - ACREAGE IN 1987

Your answers to this section will determine the land (Acres in "THIS PLACE") referred to in the rest of the report form.

When answering the acreage questions, include the land associated with your agricultural operations in 1987 whether in production or not. Include all land that you owned or rented during 1987 even if only for part of the year. Do not include any unrelated residential or commercial land.

Report all land in section 2 in whole acres.

Item 1 — All Land Owned — Report all land owned in 1987 whether held under title, purchased contract or mortgage, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate. Include all land owned by you and/or your spouse, or by the partnership, corporation, or organization for which you are reporting.

Item 2 — All Lend Rented or Leased FROM OTHERS — Report land rented by you or your operation even though the landlord may have supplied materials or supervision.

#### INCLUDE in item 2:

- a. Land for agricultural use that you rented from others for cash
- b. Land you worked on a share basis (crop or livestock)
- c. Land owned by someone else that you used rent-free
- Federal, State, Indian reservation, or rallroad land rented or leased by the acre

#### DO NOT INCLUDE in item 2:

Land used on a per-head or animal unit license or permit basis, such as section 3 of the Taylor Grazing Act, National Forest, or Indian reservation permit land.

Item 3 — All Land Rented or Leased TO OTHERS — Include all land rented out for any purpose if it was part of the acreage reported in items 1 and 2. A report form will be obtained from each of your tenants to cover the operations on that land.

#### INCLUDE in item 3:

- Owned land rented to others for cash or a share of crops or livestock
- Land you rented from someone and then subleased to someone else
- Land worked for you by someone for a share of crops or livestock
- d. Land which you allowed others to use rent-free

Item 4 — Acres in "THIS PLACE" — This figure will show the total of all land you operated at any time in 1987.

If item 4, Acres in "THIS PLACE" is "O" and:

- You raised any crops or had any livestock or poultry on "THIS PLACE" in 1987, complete the report.
- All your land was operated by a renter or sharecropper, skip to and complete section 10, and explain briefly, "All land rented out," etc. Mail form in return envelope.
- You did not have any agricultural activity on owned or rented land in 1987, complete section 10 and explain briefly, such as "retired," "sold farm," and date. Give name and address of current operator if known and return form.

#### ► Section 3 — LAND USE AND IRRIGATION

This section is used to classify the acres in "THIS PLACE" reported in section 2, item 4. Do not include any acres you rented to others reported in section 2, item 3. The sum of the acres entered in various categories should equal total acres in "THIS PLACE."

Land Used for More Than One Purpose -- Do not report the same land was used for more than one of the listed purposes. If part or all of your land was used for more than one listed purposes in 1987, report that land only in the first category listed. For example, if you harvested a crop and later used the same land for pasture, report the land in part A, item 1, "Cropland harvested."

**Double Cropping** — When more than one crop was harvested fit the same land in 1987, report that land only ONCE as "Cropland harvested," in part A, Item 1 of this section.

Interplanted Crops — If you interplanted crops, such as cotton in an orchard, report the total land used for both crops only ONCE, as "Cropland harvested," in part A, item 1.

Skip Row Planted Crops — Report the acres that represent the to nonplanted or skipped rows as "Cropland idle," part A, item 3, the acres that represent the planted rows should be reported as "Cropland harvested," part A, item 1.

Irrigation is defined as land watered by artificial or controlled means — sprinklers, furrows or ditches, spreader dikes, purposeful flooding, etc. Include acres that receive supplemental, partial, and/or preplant irrigation. Do not report water applied in transplanting tobacco plants, trees, or vegetables as irrigation.

#### ► Section 4 — CROPS

This section provides space for reporting crops harvested during the 1987 crop year from the land shown in section 2, item 4 (Acres in "THIS PLACE") of your report. A few crops are already listed on the form. For these crops, just report acres harvested, quantity harvested, and value of sales. If you produced crops not listed, write the name of the crop and code from the list provided and report the acres harvested, quantity harvested, and the value of sales.

#### DO NOT INCLUDE:

- a. Any crops grown on land rented or leased TO OTHERS, or worked by others on shares during 1987.
- b. Crops or crop products purchased from others and later sold.

Acres Harvested — Enter the acres harvested in 1987. Round fractions to whole acres except where tenths are requested by "/10" in the reporting box, such as potatoes.

Quantity Harvested — If your unit of measure is different than the unit on the report form, please convert your figure for the quantity harvested to the unit requested. If the harvest was incomplete by December 31, 1987, please report the quantity harvested and the estimated quantity to be harvested.

Gross Value of Crops Sold — Report the value of all crops sold from "THIS PLACE" in 1987, regardless of the year they were harvested or who owned the land. Be sure to report gross value before deducting expenses and taxes. Include Government CCC loens received for "THIS PLACE" in 1987. Include payments received in 1987 from cooperatives or marketing organizations for crops produced on "THIS PLACE".

Item 7 — Vegetables — Report acres of vegetables harvested FOR SALE or commercial processing. Do not include vegetables grown for home use. Report the total acreage of each vegetable crop harvested.

Item 8 — Fruit Orchards, Citrus, Vineyards, and Nut Trees — Report only if total of 20 or more trees and vines, include those for home use as well as those maintained for sale of their production. Acres in trees and vines that have been abandoned should not be included, these acres should be included in section 3, part A, item 3 "Cropland idle."

If crops other than fruit and nut trees and vines were interplanted with trees or vines, report the total acres for the orchard crop in item 8 and the total acres of the interplanted crop in the appropriate Item.

Item 9 — Other Crops — To report: (1) find the crop name and the code number from the list under item 9; (2) enter crop name and code in the first two columns of the first available answer line under item 9; (3) enter the information that is requested in the remaining columns. If you harvested a crop not listed, use the "OTHER" code and specify the crop name. If you need additional space, use a separate sheet of paper to write the crop name(s), acres and quantity harvested, and gross value of crop(s) sold.

#### Section 5 — LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, OTHER LIVESTOCK, OR ANIMAL SPECIALTIES

#### Parts A. B. C. and D — LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

Animals and Poultry to Include In the Report — Report all animals, poultry, and animal specialties on "this place" (section 2, item 4) on December 31, 1987. Include all owned by you and any kept by you for others. Include animals on unfenced lands, National Forest land, district land, cooperative grazing association land, or angeland administered by the Bureau of Land Management on a per-head or lease basis. Animals in transit on December 31, 1987, or animals on a short-term pasture (such as wheat pasture or crop residue) on a per-head or lease basis should be reported by the person who had control of the animals.

Animals and Poultry to Exclude from the Report — Do not report animals or poultry kept on land rented to others or kept under a share arrangement on land rented to others. Do not include animals quartered in feedlots which are not a part of "this place." Animals kept on a place not operated by you are to be included on the report for that place.

Animals Bought and Sold — DO NOT REPORT ANY ANIMALS BOUGHT AND THEN RESOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS. Such purchases and sales are considered "dealer" transactions, and are not included in this census.

Number Sold — Report all animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987, without regard to ownership or who shared in the receipts. Include animals sold for a landlord or given to a landlord or others in trade or in payment for goods or services. Do NOT report number sold for any livestock or poultry kept on another place.

Dairy Termination Program or "Whole-Herd Dairy Buy-Out Program" — The amount received in 1987 from the Government under the dairy termination program should be included in section 7, item 1. Dairy cattle and calves sold should be reported in section 5, part A.

Animals Moved to Another Place — For animals moved from "this place" to another place, such as for further feeding, report animals as "sold" and give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place."

Fat Cattle Sold — Cattle fattened on grain or concentrates for 30 days or more and sold for slaughter are reported in section 5, part A, item 48

#### DO NOT INCLUDE WITH FATTENED CATTLE SOLD:

- a. Cattle and calves sold for further feeding
- **b.** Dairy cows fed only the usual dairy ration before being sold
- c. Veal calves, or any calves weighing less than 500 pounds

Value of Sales — Report the total gross value of animals and poultry sold or removed from "this place" in 1987 without deducting production or marketing expenses (cost of feed, cost of livestock purchase, cost of hauling and selling, etc.). If the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of their market value when they left "this place." Do NOT report the value of sales of any livestock and poultry owned by you but kept and sold from a place you did not operate.

Contract and Custom Feeding Operations — Livestock or poultry kept by you on "this place" on a contract or custom basis should be included on this report REGARDLESS OF OWNERSHIP. Report as "INVENTORY" numbers of animals or poultry on the place on December 31, 1987, Report as "SOLD" animals and poultry kept on a contract or custom basis and removed or sold from the place in 1987, if the sale price or market value is not known, give your best estimate of the market value of the animals or poultry when they left the place.

The person who furnished the housing and labor should report the poultry operation on his/her report form regardless of who owned the birds. Report as sold the number of poultry that were taken or moved from the place in 1987.

## Part E — HORSES, OTHER LIVESTOCK, ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, AND FISH

If you owned BEES — Report all colonies or hives of bees and honey operations conducted by you, regardless of where the hives were kept most of the year. Report hives or colonies, pounds of honey sold, and value of sales.

Other Livestock and Livestock Products — Include in all other livestock and livestock products manure, beeswax, and any other animal products sold from "this place" in 1987. Mink pelts and rabbit pelts should be included in number sold and value of sales, but not in inventory.

Fish and Other Aquaculture Products — Report quantity sold and gross value of sales for each.

# ► Section 6 — AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM GOVERNMENT CCC LOANS

Item 1 — Report the amount received under the regular or reserve program for commodities placed under CCC loan during 1987. Include amount received even if commodity was redeemed or forfeited prior to December 31, 1987.

Do not include CCC loans received to build crop storage facilities or amount received for storage payments in the reserve program.

#### ➤ Section 7 — FEDERAL PAYMENTS RECEIVED

Report all payments received from Federal Farm Programs in 1987 regardless of whether payment was made in cash or commodity certificates. Include cash payments in item 1. In item 2, include the value of any certificates held or the value received from sale or redemption of any certificates in 1987.

Federal payments include receipts from Federal programs such as deficiency payments, "Whole-Herd Dairy Buy-Out," support price payments, indemnity programs, disaster payments, paid land diversion, inventory reduction payments, payments received for approved soil and water conservation projects, etc.

## Section 8 — ACRES SET ASIDE, DIVERTED, OR IDLED UNDER FEDERAL ACREAGE REDUCTION PROGRAMS IN 1987

Include in item 2 all acres in "this place" retired from production and placed, by long-term contract, into the Conservation Reserve Program. Acres placed into the program during and prior to 1987 should be included.

## ► Section 9 — CHARACTERISTICS AND OCCUPATION OF OPERATOR

This section collects information about the operator of ''this place'' defined as the individual owner, the operator, the senior partner, or person in charge.

For Family or Individual Operation — Complete this section for the

For Partnership Operations — Answer all items, except item 2, for the "Senior Partner." The "Senior Partner" is the individual who is mainly responsible for the agricultural operations on "this place," no necessarily the person senior in age. If each partner shares equally in the day-to-day management decisions, consider the oldest as the "Senior Partner." For item 2 (Principal Occupation) consider all members of the partnership together. Please include as "farming or ranching" worktime at all types of agricultural enterprises, including work at greenhouses, nurseries, mushroom production, ranching, feedlots, broiler feeding, etc.

For Corporation and Other Operations (Cooperatives, Estates, etc.) — Complete section 9 for the person in charge, such as a hired manager, business manager, or other person primarily responsible for the on-site, day-to-day operation of the farm or ranch business.

Item 4 — Year Began Operation — Report the first year the operator or senior partner began to operate any part of "this place" on a continuous basis. If the operator returned to a place previously operated, report the year operations were resumed.