

APPENDIX A.

General Explanation

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TAKING THE CENSUS

Report Form

The report form for the 1987 Census of Agriculture was prepared by the Outlying Areas Branch of the Agriculture Division, Bureau of the Census, in cooperation with the Department of Economic Development and Agriculture of the Virgin Islands. The questions were based on current requirements for agricultural information and, to some extent, on the desire for comparability with earlier censuses.

The only modification made to the 1987 census report form was the elimination of the question concerning whether or not the farm was located on a hard surface road.

Training Program

The project manager, crew leader, and enumerators employed for the census in the Virgin Islands received special training in accordance with instructions prepared by the Bureau of the Census. The training included practice in interviewing, filling out the report form, and detailed discussion of the enumerator's instructions.

Method of Enumeration

As in the previous censuses of the Virgin Islands, the direct enumeration procedure was used in the 1987 Census of Agriculture. The statistics in this report are data collected from farm operators during the period from July to the middle of August 1988. For the enumeration, the Virgin Islands were divided into six Enumeration Districts (ED's) and each district was clearly delineated on special ED maps prepared for the census.

Each enumerator was assigned an ED and given a map of the area to be enumerated. The enumerators were also given a list of the persons from whom a report form had been obtained in the 1982 Census of Agriculture as well as other persons known to be conducting farm operations. The enumerators were required to check all persons on their list.

Enumerators were also instructed to ask enough questions about tracts of land on which no one lived to determine whether agricultural data should be collected from the person in charge of the land. This procedure was designed to assure the complete coverage of all land used for agriculture, whether by an individual, a corporation, or an institution.

To avoid enumeration of the same place more than once, rules were established whereby enumerators could determine who was responsible for completing a report form for a given place. If the person in charge of an agricultural operation lived outside of the ED in which the land under his/her control was located, the enumerator assigned to the ED in which the operator resided was responsible for completing his/her report form. If a place was partly in one ED and partly in another, the enumerator for the ED in which the operator lived was responsible for completing the report form to include all the land the person operated in the Virgin Islands, regardless of the ED.

OFFICE PROCESSING

The office processing was done in the Agriculture Division at the Bureau of the Census. Each report form was edited and coded prior to being data keyed. Report forms obtained for places not meeting the census farm definition criteria were voided. The remaining report forms were examined for accuracy, consistency, and completeness. Enumerators' errors in computations and in units of measures, inconsistencies, and misplaced entries were corrected. Missing information was derived and entered on incomplete reports on the basis of related information on the same report form or from report forms for nearby farms of similar type and size.

After all the forms had been edited and coded, the data were keyed and subjected to a thorough computer edit analysis. Any inconsistencies were reviewed, corrected, and keyed to a correction file. The corrected data were then tabulated by the computer and printed out for review.

Subject matter specialists reviewed the computer tabulations for reasonableness and consistency. Corrections were made on the basis of a reexamination of the original report forms. The data were then retabulated and a printout was provided so that the data tables could be prepared for final publication.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The following definitions and explanations relate to items that are considered to be inadequately described in

the tables. Most of the definitions are from the instructions given to enumerators. For an exact wording of the questions and instructions on the report form, see the report form in appendix C.

Farm operator—The term “operator” designates a person who operates a farm, either by doing the work himself/herself or by directly supervising the work. The operator may be the owner, a member of the owner’s household, a hired manager, or a tenant, renter, or sharecropper. If the operator rents land to others or has land worked on shares by others, he/she is considered the operator only of the land retained for his/her own operation. In the case of partnership, only one partner is counted as an operator. By definition, the number of operators is the same as the number of farms.

Farm or operators reporting—Figures for “farms reporting” or “operators reporting” represent the number of farms, or operators reporting the specified item. The difference between the total number of farms and the number of farms reporting a particular item represents the number of farms not having that item, provided a correct report was received for all farms.

Land in farms—All data relating to land tenure and land in farms refer only to land located in the Virgin Islands and the situation existing at the time of enumeration. The land included in each farm was determined from the answers to questions 1 through 5 in section 2 of the report form which relate to land tenure (see app. C). The acres reported as owned, rented from others, or worked on shares for others, were added together, and then the acres rented to others or worked on shares by others were subtracted from that sum. The results represent “Land in farms.” If acres are operated by a hired or salaried manager, they become the total acres in the place and represent “Land in farms.” (See “Land managed” below).

Although the area designated land in farms consists primarily of agricultural land—i.e., land used for crops, pasture, or grazing—it also includes land not actually under cultivation nor used for pasture or grazing. For example, woodland and wasteland owned or rented from others was included as land in farms unless reports indicated it was being held for nonagricultural purposes, such as recreational or for timber.

Land owned—This includes all land that the operator or his/her spouse held under title, purchase contract, homestead law, or as heir or trustee of an undivided estate at the time of enumeration.

Land rented from others—This includes not only land the operator rented or leased from others, but also land worked on shares for others or land occupied rent free.

Land managed—This includes all tracts of land managed for an employer by a person paid a salary or wages. A hired manager is the operator of the managed

land, since he/she is responsible for the agricultural operations and frequently supervises others in performing those operations. If a hired manager also had agricultural operations of his/her own, he/she was asked to report it on a separate report form from the managed operations.

Land rented to others—This includes all land that the operator rented to others and all land assigned to others on shares or rent free. For the most part, land rented to others represents agricultural land, but it also includes land rented for residential or other purposes. The tenant is considered to be the operator of land leased, rented, or worked on shares, even though his/her landlord may supervise the operations. The landlord is considered to be the operator of only that portion of the land not assigned to tenants.

Land use—Land in farms at the time of enumeration is categorized according to the way it was used during the 12-month period between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988. The land uses described are mutually exclusive in that each acre of land is counted only once even though it may have had more than one use during the year.

Harvested cropland—This refers to all land from which any crop was harvested during the 12-month period, whether for home use or sale. It also includes land in field crops that were grazed when mature or almost mature, and land in nonbearing fruit or nut trees and plants. Land from which two or more crops were harvested was to be counted only once. Land from which crops were harvested and which was also used for other purposes, either before or after the crops were harvested, was to be reported as cropland harvested without regard to the other uses.

Other cropland—This includes cropland from which no crop was harvested between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988, but which was occupied by growing crops, except fruit or nut trees, intended for harvest in 1988 or later. It also includes cropland intended for harvest, but not actually harvested because of complete crop failure, low prices, labor shortage, or other reasons; land that had been plowed and could be plowed again without first being cleared of brush, but that lay idle throughout July 1, 1987, to June 30, 1988; and land used for soil-improvement crops. Other cropland also includes land which was used only for pasture or grazing which the operator could have used for crops without additional clearing or irrigating. Enumerators were instructed to exclude any land pastured after a crop was harvested.

Pasture or grazing land—This refers to all land used for pasture or grazing between July 1, 1987, to June 30, 1988, except cropland. It includes all woodland where livestock pastured or grazed.

Woodland not pastured—This includes all woodland that was not used for pasture or grazing between July 1, 1987, to June 30, 1988. In the enumerator's reference book, "woodland" was defined as "all farm wood lots or timber tracts, natural or planted; and...cutover land with young growth which has or will have value as wood or timber."

Other land—This refers to all land not included in the other land use classifications, such as house and other building lots, lanes, roads, ditches, and land area of ponds and wasteland.

Type of holding—Holdings are classified according to whether they were producing mainly for home consumption or mainly for sale. Those from which more than 50 percent of the agricultural output is consumed by the holder's household are classified as producing mainly for home consumption. Those from which 50 percent or more of the agricultural output is sold are classified as mainly for sale. Holdings producing mainly for sale are further classified according to their most important activity. Each holding named means that 50 percent or more of the value of sales was from the item named. The holdings are: vegetable, field and forage crop, fruit and nut, dairy, livestock, poultry, or nursery. The remaining two categories of holdings are used when the above do not apply.

Mixed holding—This is one on which none of the above items accounts for 50 percent or more of the value of sales.

Other holding—This is one that does not belong to any of the previous groups.

Crops harvested—The 1987 report form was similar to the report forms used in previous censuses. It provided for the collection of data for specified field crops, vegetables, fruits, and nuts harvested on each farm. Inquiries were included for the most commonly grown crops in the Virgin Islands and space was provided to write in those less frequently produced.

The units of measure for reporting quantities of some crops have varied from one census to another. The aim has been to permit reporting in the units of measure currently in use. The quantities harvested for each crop are expressed in the units of measure given on the 1987 report form.

Forage, field, and vegetable crops—The area for individual crops harvested was obtained for forage, field, and vegetable crops in acres and 10th of acres. When two or more crops, or two or more plantings of the same crop, were harvested from the same land, the area was to be reported for each separate crop or planting. Total quantities of each forage and field crop harvested were to be reported, whether the crops were

for home use or for sale. Also, total quantities of each crop sold were to be reported. The acreage reported for vegetables relates only to the acreage harvested.

Fruits and nuts—The figures for acres and for number of trees and plants relate to the time of enumeration.

Value of products sold—Data for value of products sold were obtained for each type of crop, fruit, livestock, etc., sold from the farm. The gross value of quantities sold was to be reported regardless of who did the selling or shared in the receipts. Crops given to a landlord and crops produced on institutional farms for use by inmates of the institution were to be considered as sold.

Livestock and poultry—Inventory data for livestock and poultry relate to the number on hand at the time of enumeration. All livestock and poultry were to be enumerated on the place where they were at the time of enumeration regardless of who owned them. Livestock on unfenced land were to be reported as being on the place identified as the headquarters of the person who had control over them.

Sales data for livestock, milk, and poultry products relate to the 12-month period between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988. Enumerators were instructed to report total quantities and gross value of sales regardless of who did the selling or shared in the receipts. Products given by a tenant to a landlord and products taken from an institutional farm for use by inmates of the institutional farm were to be considered as sold.

Selected farm expenses—The 1987 report form contained questions on six types of farm expenses incurred between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988, whether made by the farm operator, his/her landlord, or both. A farm operator who rented part of his/her land to others reported only the expenses on the land he/she operated.

Machine hire and customwork—Expenses for machine hire and customwork relate to tractor hire, plowing, and spraying. Any amount spent for the labor involved is considered to be part of the expense. The costs of hauling, trucking, or of exchange work without pay are omitted.

Hired farm labor—Expenses for hired farm labor include total cash payments made between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988, to family members and others for farm labor. Payments to persons supplied by a contractor or a cooperative organization and paid directly by them or by the person in charge are also included. Payments are excluded for housework, contract construction work, customwork, and repair and installation work performed by persons specifically employed for the work.

Purchases of feed—Expenses for feed for livestock and poultry include total cash payments made between July 1, 1987, to June 30, 1988, for pasture used, salt,

concentrates, mineral supplements, grain, hay, mill-feeds, and any other items purchased for feeding livestock and poultry on the place. Expenses made for the grinding and mixing of feed and the estimated cost of items furnished to the operator by a landlord or others are also included. Payments made by a tenant to a landlord for feed grown on the tenant's farm are excluded.

Purchases of insecticides, fungicides, and herbicides—This item relates to total cash expenses between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988, for all chemicals, sprays, dusts, etc., used to control weeds, pests, insects, or disease on crops and livestock.

Purchases of fertilizers and manure—These expenses include the total amount spent between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988, for manure and commercial fertilizers of all kinds for use on the farm.

Purchases of livestock and poultry—This item includes all cash expenses for livestock and poultry purchased between July 1, 1987, to June 30, 1988, for the place. The cost of livestock and poultry bought and resold within 30 days is not included.

Equipment and facilities—Operators were asked to report the number of tractors, motortrucks, and automobiles on their farms at the time of enumeration, regardless of ownership. Items that were temporarily out of order were to be included, but not those that were worn out. Tractors include all wheel and tracklaying (crawlers), garden, and homemade. Motortrucks include pickup trucks, truck-trailer combinations, jeeps, and station wagons if they were used primarily as trucks. Automobiles include jeeps and station wagons if they were used primarily as passenger cars. Data obtained in the 1987 census for the number of tractors, motortrucks, and automobiles on farms are comparable with those presented for earlier census years.

Since the 1960 census, data were obtained on presence or absence of electricity and piped running water on the farm. These facilities were considered to be on the farm if they were available anywhere on the place, whether or not in the operator's dwelling. "Piped running water" was defined as "water carried in pipelines by a pressure system or by gravity flow from a natural or an artificial source."

Farm wells included all holes or pits made by excavation to reach a supply of water for irrigation, watering livestock, and other purposes. Farm ponds are not included.

Operator characteristics—Data were obtained to classify the operators according to six characteristics.

1. *Residence of operator*—Operators were classified by residence according to whether or not they lived on the farms operated. Some of those who did not live on the farms they operated lived on farms operated by others. Where all the land was rented

from others or worked on shares for others, the operator was considered to live on the farm operated provided the dwelling he/she occupied was included in the rental agreement. In such cases, the dwelling was not necessarily on the land being operated. Similarly, an operator who did not live on the land being cultivated or grazed, but who had some agricultural operations (other than a home garden) at his/her dwelling, was considered to be living on the farm operated.

2. *Years on present farm*—Operators were classified by years on present farm into four groups. These data were based on the request for the first year the operator took continuous charge of the present farm or any part of it.
3. *Place of birth*—Operators were classified by place of birth according to whether they were born in the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, or elsewhere. The purpose of this question was to obtain a measure of the native language abilities of operators as a guide to agricultural agents in preparing news releases for distribution to farmers.
4. *Age of operator*—Operators were classified by age into six groups. The average age was obtained by dividing the sum of the ages of all operators reporting by the number reporting.
5. *Main occupation*—This question was asked to determine whether the principal occupation of the operator was agricultural or nonagricultural. If the operator devoted 50 percent or more of his/her work time to agricultural activities, his/her main occupation was considered to be agriculture.
6. *Work off farm*—The extent to which operators rely on nonfarm sources for part of their income is indicated by the number of days worked off the farm during the year. Work off the farm was defined to include work on someone else's farm for pay as well as all types of nonfarm jobs, businesses, and professions whether the work was done on the farm premises or elsewhere. Exchange work was not included. Data for the 1987 census are comparable with those for the censuses since 1960.

FARM CLASSIFICATIONS

Farms by size—Farms were classified by size on the basis of the total land area established in each one. According to the census definition, a farm is essentially an operating unit, not an ownership tract. All land operated or managed by one person or partnership represents one farm. In the case of tenants, the land assigned to each tenant is considered a separate farm, even though the landlord may consider the entire landholding to be one unit rather than several separate units.

Farms by tenure of operator—In the 1987 census, farms were classified by tenure of operator on the basis of data reported for land owned, rented from others, worked on shares for others, and managed for others. The same classification has been used since 1964. During the processing operations, each report form was coded to indicate whether the operator was a full owner, part owner, manager, or tenant.

Full owners—These operate only land they own.

Part owners—These operate land they own and also land they rent from others.

Managers—These operate land for others and are paid a wage or salary for their services. Caretakers or hired laborers are not classified as managers. If an operator managed land for others and also operated his/her own farm, each operation was considered a farm. If a manager managed farms for two or more employers, each operation was considered a separate farm.

Tenants—These rent from others or work the land they operate on shares for others.

Farms by value of agricultural products sold—The farms were classified on the basis of the total value of agricultural products sold. The total was obtained by adding the reported values of all products sold from the farm. The value of livestock, milk, poultry and eggs, vegetables, fruits and nuts, all field crops, ornamental plants, and all other crops was obtained from the operator at the time of enumeration. The computer edit classified

the value of agricultural products sold into one of the following groups:

\$100 to \$499	\$5,000 to \$7,499
\$500 to \$1,199	\$7,500 to \$9,999
\$1,200 to \$2,499	\$10,000 or more
\$2,500 to \$4,999	

Farms by age of operator—Enumerators entered the operator's age, as of his/her last birthday, on the report form. The computer edit classified the operator's age into one of the following age groups:

Under 25 years	45 to 54 years
25 to 34 years	55 to 64 years
35 to 44 years	65 years and over

RELIABILITY OF DATA

All data compiled in this report originated from a complete enumeration and, therefore, are not subject to sampling variability. However, the data are subject to nonsampling errors. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to identify all cases in the actual universe; inability or unwillingness on the part of respondents to provide correct information; definition and classification difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; errors in recording or coding the data obtained; and other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation for missing or misreported data.

The accuracy of these tabulated data is determined by the joint effects of the various nonsampling errors. No direct measures of these effects have been obtained; however, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of data collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize the effects of nonsampling errors.

APPENDIX B.

Selected Data by Current and Prior Farm Definitions: 1987 and 1982

[For enumeration periods, see appendix A; and for meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text.]

Selected data	1987 data by 1987 definition	1982 data		Selected data	1987 data by 1987 definition	1982 data	
		1987 definition	1982 definition			1987 definition	1982 definition
FARMS AND LAND IN FARMS				VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD—Con.			
Farms.....number.....	267	259	303	Farms by value of sales:			
Land in farms ¹.....acres.....	17 785	17 778	20 824	Less than \$100.....farms ²	-	-	44
Average size of farms.....acres.....	66.6	68.6	68.7	.....dollars.....	-	-	410
				.....farms.....	267	259	259
				.....dollars.....	2 685 351	2 391 506	2 391 506
LAND USE				SALES BY COMMODITY GROUP OR PRODUCT			
Total cropland.....farms.....	206	201	233	Forage, field, and vegetable crops.....farms.....	93	68	69
.....acres ¹	1 899	1 569	1 823	.....dollars.....	399 221	(D)	212 155
Harvested.....farms.....	200	196	227	Fruits and nuts.....farms.....	140	127	130
.....acres.....	608	690	819	.....dollars.....	146 817	(D)	145 796
Other.....farms.....	49	48	60	Ornamental plants and other nursery products.....farms.....	19	9	9
.....acres.....	1 291	879	1 004	.....dollars.....	241 230	89 700	89 700
Pasture or grazing land.....farms.....	154	148	171	Livestock.....farms.....	150	165	168
.....acres.....	13 390	13 368	15 985	.....dollars.....	838 554	705 629	705 849
Woodland.....farms.....	49	38	51	Milk.....farms.....	6	10	10
.....acres.....	1 836	1 604	1 713	.....dollars.....	1 042 698	922 830	922 830
Other land.....farms.....	192	199	237	Poultry and eggs.....farms.....	30	21	21
.....acres.....	660	1 237	1 304	.....dollars.....	16 831	315 586	315 586
FARMS BY SIZE				SELECTED FARM PRODUCTION EXPENSES			
Less than 3 acres.....	80	75	75	Machine hire and customwork.....dollars.....	120 640	123 015	135 943
3 to 9 acres.....	81	90	114	Hired farm labor.....do.....	896 860	887 029	905 657
10 to 19 acres.....	32	24	32	Feed purchased for livestock and poultry.....do.....	742 512	(D)	999 645
20 to 49 acres.....	37	28	34	Insecticides, fungicides, and herbicides.....do.....	46 436	74 467	74 977
50 to 99 acres.....	16	16	18	Fertilizers and manure purchased.....do.....	34 989	(D)	66 540
100 to 174 acres.....	6	10	12	Livestock and poultry purchased.....do.....	66 495	(D)	75 170
175 to 259 acres.....	4	4	5	LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY INVENTORY			
260 to 499 acres.....	5	6	6	Horses, colts, and ponies.....	224	125	151
500 to 999 acres.....	3	4	4	Sheep and lambs.....	3 134	2 814	2 889
1,000 acres or more.....	3	2	3	Hogs and pigs.....	2 536	(D)	2 404
				Cattle and calves.....	5 078	5 578	5 672
				Chickens.....	5 326	(D)	18 345
VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD				ACRES OF SELECTED CROPS HARVESTED			
Total sales.....farms.....	267	259	265	Field crops.....	215	45	(D)
.....dollars.....	2 685 351	2 391 506	2 391 916	Vegetables.....	82	63	64
Average per farm.....do.....	10 057	9 234	9 026	Fruits and nuts.....	347	479	603

¹Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

²Includes both farms with less than \$100 in sales and farms with no sales.

APPENDIX C. Report Form

OMB APPROVAL NO. 0607-0560; EXPIRES 08/89

FORM 87-A1(VI)
(8-11-86)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

NOTICE — Response to this inquiry is required by law (title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law YOUR REPORT TO THE CENSUS BUREAU IS CONFIDENTIAL. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation.

A1

1987 CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE VIRGIN ISLANDS

FARM SERIAL NUMBER ▶
From A2 column (6)

Section 1 OPERATOR

1. What is your (the operator's) name?
2. What is your (the operator's) mailing address?
(Give address where correspondence is received.)

Full name (First name, middle initials, last name)

Complete mailing address

Section 2 LAND IN AGRICULTURE

1. How many acres do you own? (If you own more than one tract of land, include all land in the Virgin Islands.)
2. How many acres do you rent from others? (Include acres worked on shares.)
3. How many acres do you operate for others as a hired or salaried manager?
4. How many acres do you rent to others?
5. TOTAL ACRES IN THIS PLACE (Add items 1 and 2, subtract item 4; if managed, enter data from item 3 here.) →

		Acres	
None	<input type="checkbox"/>	041	/10
	<input type="checkbox"/>	042	/10
	<input type="checkbox"/>	043	/10
	<input type="checkbox"/>	044	/10
	<input type="checkbox"/>	045	/10

6. How many unpaid and paid farmhands (including the operator and his family) worked on this place the last 12 months? Total farmhands

	150 days or more?	25 to 149 days?	Less than 25 days?
053	054	055	056
057	058	059	060

- a. Of the unpaid farmhands (including the operator and unpaid family workers), how many worked —
- b. Of the paid farmhands (hired workers and paid members of operator's family), how many worked —

7. What type of operating organization does this place have?
(If you are a manager, specify if working for an individual, partnership, corporation, cooperative, estate, trust, etc.)
 - 1 Individual
 - 2 Partnership
 - 3 Corporation (Do not include cooperatives)
 - 4 Other (Cooperative, estate, trust, etc.)

8. Is this holding producing mainly for home consumption or sale?
 - 1 Home consumption — Go to section 3
 - 2 Sale — Ask item 9

9. If producing mainly for sale, which of the following is it?
 - 1 Vegetable holding
 - 6 Poultry holding
 - 2 Field and forage crop holding
 - 7 Nursery holding
 - 3 Fruit and nut holding
 - 8 Mixed holding
 - 4 Dairy holding
 - 9 Other — Specify
 - 5 Livestock holding

Section 3 CROPS HARVESTED IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Include all crops harvested from July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988 from the land reported in section 2, item 5, whether harvested by you or by someone else. Be sure to include the landlord's share. Do not include crops which were a complete failure or which were not harvested because of drought, labor shortage, low prices, or destruction from any cause. Report tenths of an acre, such as 1/10, 3/10, 1-5/10, etc.

- Were any of these FORAGE crops cultivated on this place in the last 12 months?

None

1. Sugarcane
2. Sorghum
3. TOTAL →

	How many acres were planted? (a)	How many acres were for cutting? (b)	How many acres were for grazing? (c)	How many acres were used for both purposes? (d)	What was the value of sales in the last 12 months? (e)
063	/10	064 /10	065 /10	066 /10	067
068	/10	069 /10	070 /10	071 /10	072
073	/10	074 /10	075 /10	076 /10	077

Section 3. CROPS HARVESTED IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS — Con.

• Were any of these FIELD CROPS harvested in the last 12 months?	None	How many ACRES were harvested in the last 12 months? (a)	How many POUNDS were harvested in the last 12 months? (b)	How many POUNDS were sold in the last 12 months? (c)	What was the VALUE of sales in the last 12 months? (d)
4. Cassava	<input type="checkbox"/>	078 /10	079	080	081
5. Dry beans	<input type="checkbox"/>	082 /10	083	084	085
6. Dry corn	<input type="checkbox"/>	086 /10	087	088	089
7. Sorghum for grain	<input type="checkbox"/>	090 /10	091	092	093
8. Sweetpotatoes	<input type="checkbox"/>	094 /10	095	096	097
9. Taniers	<input type="checkbox"/>	098 /10	099	100	101
10. Yams	<input type="checkbox"/>	102 /10	103	104	105
11. Other field crops — Specify <u>z</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	106 /10	107	108	109

• Were any of these VEGETABLE CROPS harvested in the last 12 months?	None	How many ACRES were harvested in the last 12 months? (a)	What was the VALUE of sales in the last 12 months? (b)
12. Cabbage	<input type="checkbox"/>	110 /10	111
13. Carrots	<input type="checkbox"/>	112 /10	113
14. Celery	<input type="checkbox"/>	114 /10	115
15. Cucumbers	<input type="checkbox"/>	116 /10	117
16. Eggplant	<input type="checkbox"/>	118 /10	119
17. Green beans	<input type="checkbox"/>	120 /10	121
18. Lettuce	<input type="checkbox"/>	122 /10	123
19. Okra	<input type="checkbox"/>	124 /10	125
20. Onions	<input type="checkbox"/>	126 /10	127
21. Peppers	<input type="checkbox"/>	128 /10	129
22. Spinach	<input type="checkbox"/>	130 /10	131
23. Squash	<input type="checkbox"/>	132 /10	133
24. Tomatoes	<input type="checkbox"/>	134 /10	135
25. Other vegetable crops — Specify _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	136 /10	137

• FRUITS AND NUTS

26. Are there any fruit and nut trees or plants on this place today or were any harvested in the last 12 months? ... 1 Yes 2 No — Skip to item 39

27. How much land is in bearing and nonbearing fruit trees and plants today?

Acres	Tenths
140	/10

• Are any of the following kinds of FRUIT TREES, NUT TREES, OR PLANTS on this place?

	None	How many trees or plants are not of bearing age? (a)	How many trees or plants are of bearing age? (b)	How much was harvested in the last 12 months? (c)	How many were sold in the last 12 months? (d)	What was the value of sales in the last 12 months? (e)
28. Avocados	<input type="checkbox"/>	141 Number	142 Number	143 Fruits	144 Fruits	145
29. Bananas	<input type="checkbox"/>	146 Hills	147 Hills	148 Bunches	149 Bunches	150
30. Coconuts	<input type="checkbox"/>	151 Number	152 Number	153 Nuts	154 Nuts	155
31. Grapefruits	<input type="checkbox"/>	156 Number	157 Number	158 Pounds	159 Pounds	160
32. Limes and lemons	<input type="checkbox"/>	161 Number	162 Number	163 Pounds	164 Pounds	165
33. Mangoes	<input type="checkbox"/>	166 Number	167 Number	168 Fruits	169 Fruits	170
34. Oranges	<input type="checkbox"/>	171 Number	172 Number	173 Pounds	174 Pounds	175
35. Papayas	<input type="checkbox"/>	176 Number	177 Number	178 Pounds	179 Pounds	180
36. Pineapples	<input type="checkbox"/>	181 Number	182 Number	183 Boxes	184 Boxes	185
37. Plantains	<input type="checkbox"/>	186 Hills	187 Hills	188 Bunches	189 Bunches	190
38. Other fruits, nuts, and tree crops — Specify <u>z</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	191	192	193	194	195

39. How many square feet under cover and/or acres did you have planted in ORNAMENTAL PLANTS or in any other NURSERY CROPS?

Square feet under cover	Acres	Tenths	What was the value of sales in the last 12 months?
196	197	/10	198

Section 4 LAND USE IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Land is to be reported in **ONLY ONE CATEGORY**. If two or more uses were made of the same land, report in the **FIRST** category that applies.

- 1. How many acres were in crops harvested in the last 12 months? (Can be obtained by adding the acres of the various crops reported in section 3, items 1 through 39. However, if more than one crop was harvested from the same land, count this land only once for this item.) None
- 2. How many acres were in other cropland? (Include cropland pasture, crop failure, idle and fallow cropland, and cropland used for soil improvement crops.) None
- 3. How many acres were in other pasture or grazing land? (Include woodland pasture; do not include cropland pasture.) None
- 4. How many acres were in woodland? (Do not include woodland pasture.) None
- 5. How many acres were in other uses? (Include house lots, barn lots, lanes, roads, ditches, ponds, and wasteland.) None
- 6. **TOTAL LAND** (Add entries in items 1 through 5. This total should equal the entry in section 2, item 5.) None
- 7. How many wells are on this place? None

Acres	
199	/10
200	/10
201	/10
202	/10
203	/10
204	/10
Number	
205	

Section 5 LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY ON THIS PLACE NOW AND NUMBER SOLD IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

- Do you or anyone else have any of the following livestock, regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? None
- 1. Horses and colts, including ponies
- 2. Mules, asses, and burros of all ages
- 3. Sheep and lambs of all ages
- 4. Goats and kids of all ages
- 5. Hogs and pigs of all ages, including sows and boars (Must equal sum of a and b below.)
 - a. Pigs less than 8 months old
 - b. Hogs and pigs 8 months old or older
- 6. Cattle and calves of all ages (Must equal sum of a, b, c, and d below.)
 - a. Cows, including heifers that have calved
 - b. Heifers and heifer calves 1 year old or older (Do not include heifers that have calved.)
 - c. Bulls, bull calves, steers, and steer calves 1 year old or older
 - d. Calves less than 1 year old

How many are on this place now? (a)	How many were sold in the last 12 months? (b)	What was the value of sales in the last 12 months? (c)
206	207	208
209	210	211
212	213	214
215	216	217
218	219	220
221	222	223
224	225	226
227	228	229
230	231	232
233	234	235
236	237	238
239	240	241

- Do you or anyone else have any of the following poultry, regardless of ownership, on this place or were any sold from this place in the last 12 months? None
- 7. Chickens (hens, pullets, roosters, broilers, etc.)
 - a. How many are 5 months old or older?
- 8. Turkeys, ducks, geese, and other poultry

How many are on this place now? (a)	How many were sold in the last 12 months? (b)	What was the value of sales in the last 12 months? (c)
242	243	244
245		
248	249	250

- 9. How many dozens of chicken eggs were sold from this place in the last 12 months? None
- 10. How many quarts of milk were sold from this place in the last 12 months? None

Number sold (a)	What was the value of sales in the last 12 months? (b)
251	252
Dozens	
253	254
Quarts	

Section 6 SELECTED EXPENDITURES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

- How much did you spend for each of the following in the last 12 months? None
- 1. Machine hire and customwork
- 2. Wages and salaries paid to employees or hired farmworkers (Do not include housework or contract construction work. Include cash payments only.)
- 3. Feed purchased for livestock and poultry (Include cost of grain, feed, concentrates, and roughages; also amount paid for grinding and mixing feed.)
- 4. Insecticides, fungicides, and herbicides
- 5. Fertilizers and manure purchased
- 6. Livestock and poultry purchased

Dollars only	
255	\$
256	\$
257	\$
258	\$
259	\$
260	\$

