Appendix C. Statistical Methodology

MAIL LIST MODEL

Classification analysis was performed to predict the probability that an addressee on the 1992 mail list operated a farm, and thereby separated the preliminary mail list into probable farm and probable nonfarm classes. The analysis was used to reduce the preliminary census mail list of 3.78 million records to a final mail list size of 3.55 million records. All 3.55 million addresses on the final mail list received a census of agriculture report form.

Records from the 1987 final census mail list were used to build a 1992 prediction model for the 1992 analysis. Classification and Regression Trees (CART) software analyzed characteristics of known 1987 farm and nonfarm operations to determine which were most useful in predicting farm and nonfarm classes. Record characteristics such as the source of the mail list record, number of source lists on which the record appeared, expected value of agricultural sales, and geographic location were used to separate mail list records into model groups. (Sources included the previous agriculture census mail list, the Internal Revenue Service administrative records, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and special commodity lists.) The proportion of 1987 census farm records in each model group was calculated to provide an estimate of the probability that an addressee in the group operated a farm.

After the model groups were defined, each address record on the 1992 preliminary mail list was assigned to a model group by matching record characteristics to model group characteristics. Records belonging to the groups with the highest farm probability were those more likely to be farms according to the classification tree methodology. The model, followed by analyst reviews, was used to remove 229,700 records from the preliminary mail list (those in model groups with the lowest farm probability), and thereby designated the 3.55 million records with the highest farm probability to receive the census report form. This procedure was used to obtain a more complete census enumeration of farm operations without excessive respondent burden and data collection cost.

CENSUS SAMPLE DESIGN

Each of the 3.55 million name and address records on the census mail list was designated to receive one of three different types of census report forms. The three forms were the nonsample form, the screener form, and the sample form. Sections 1 through 20 and 27 through 32 of the sample form are identical to sections on the nonsample form. The sample form, sections 21 through 26, contains additional questions on usage of fertilizers and chemicals, farm production expenditures, value of machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and farm-related income. The screener form is identical to the nonsample form with questions added in section 1 to allow quick identification of nonfarm addresses. These three different forms were used to reduce the response burden of the census, while providing reliable information on a large number of data items.

The sample form was mailed to all mail list records in Alaska, Hawaii, and Rhode Island, and to a sample of records in other States selected from the final mail list. Addresses were selected into the sample with certainty (1) if they were expected to have large total value of agricultural products sold or large acreage, (2) if they were multiunit operations (i.e., separate farms in more than one location), (3) if they had other special characteristics, or (4) if they were in a county with less than 100 farms in 1987. Other addresses in counties containing 100 to 199 farms in 1987 were systematically sampled at a rate of 1 in 2, and other addresses in counties containing 200 farms or more in 1987 were systematically sampled at a rate of 1 in 6. This differential sampling scheme was used to provide reliable data for the sample sections of the report form for all counties. When a nonsample large farm was identified during processing, a supplemental form that contained the additional sample data inquiries was mailed.

To determine which mail list records would receive the screener form, all mail list records not designated for the sample were sorted by model group farm probability as specified by the mail list model. The 412,000 mail list records in the model groups with the lowest probability of being farms and with an expected total value of agricultural product sales less than \$25,000 were designated to receive the screener report form. The remaining mail list records received the nonsample report form.

CENSUS ESTIMATION

The 1992 Census of Agriculture used two types of statistical estimation procedures. These estimation procedures accounted for nonresponse to the data collection and for the sample data collection. These procedures are necessary because some farm operators never respond to

the census despite numerous attempts to contact them, and the estimates for the sample data are based on a sample of farm operators rather than a full enumeration.

Whole Farm Nonresponse Estimation

A statistical estimation procedure was used to account for nonrespondent farm operators to the census. We excluded large and unique farm operations that received intensive telephone followup during census processing, assuming complete response from them. A stratified systematic sample of remaining census nonrespondents were contacted by enumerators using a computer-assisted telephone interview system. Five sample strata were defined based on expected value of sales, previous census status, and whether the record was identified by the mail list model to receive the screener report form. The nonresponse survey telephone interview was designed to provide sufficient information to determine the farm status of each record.

In situations where the nonresponse survey case could not be contacted, the contact person refused to cooperate, or when no phone number could be obtained, a screener report form was sent by certified mail.

Estimates of the proportion of census nonrespondents that operated farms were made for each stratum in the State using survey results and applied to the total number of census nonrespondents in that stratum. The number of census nonrespondents that operated farms for each county by stratum was then derived. This estimation procedure is based on the assumption that the distribution of farms in a stratum by county is the same for census nonrespondents as for census respondents.

Certain census respondent farms which exhibited "rare" commodities were designated as "ineligible" to represent census nonrespondent farms and were excluded from the nonresponse weighting operation. The procedure explained below was performed with only the eligible respondent cases: Within each stratum in a county, a noninteger nonresponse weight was calculated and assigned to each eligible respondent farm record. The noninteger nonresponse weight is the ratio of the sum of the estimated number of nonrespondent farms from the nonresponse survey and the number of eligible census respondent farms to the number of eligible census respondent farms. Stratum controls were established to ensure that this weight was never greater than 2.0. The noninteger nonresponse weight was used in the calculation of the final weight for the sample items. The noninteger nonresponse weight was randomly rounded to an integer weight of either 1 or 2 for each record for tabulating the complete count items for publication.

Table A quantifies the effect of the nonresponse estimation procedure on selected census data items. The percentages in these tables are the percents of the census values contributed by nonresponse estimation. These indicate the potential for bias in published figures resulting from nonresponse to the census. The estimates provided

in these tables do not reflect the effect of item nonresponse to individual census data items. The effect of item nonresponse is discussed in the Census Nonsampling Error section.

Table A. Percent of State Totals Contributed by Whole Farm Nonresponse Estimation: 1992

Item	Percent of total
Farmsnumber Land in farmsacres	14.3 7.5
Estimated market value of land and buildings¹\$1,000 Market value of agricultural products sold _\$1,000 Harvested croplandacres	3.0 2.4 5.3
Corn for grain or seedacres Wheat for grainacres Livestock and poultry inventory:	3.7 5.1
Cattle and calvesnumber Hogs and pigsnumber Hens and pullets of laying agenumber	5.9 6.6 .6

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

Sample Estimation

Sample data estimates the population totals that would have resulted from a complete census for the items in sections 21 through 26 of the sample report form. The estimates were obtained from a ratio estimation procedure that resulted in the assignment of a weight to each respondent record containing sample items. For any given county, a sample item total was estimated by multiplying the data items for each farm in the county by the corresponding sample weight and summing over all sample records in the county.

Each respondent sample farm was assigned a sample weight for use in producing estimates for all sample items. For example, if the weight given to a sample farm had the value 6, all sample data items reported by that farm would be multiplied by 6. The weight assigned to a sample certainty farm was 1.

Other than certainty farms, within a county, the ratio estimation procedure for farms was performed in three steps using three variables. The first variable contained eight 1992 total value of agricultural production (TVP) groups. Both the second and third variables, Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code and farm acreage, contained two groups. The three sets of groups were as follows:

TVP	SIC	Acres
\$1 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	01 All crops 02 All livestock	1 to 69 70 or more

The first step in the estimation procedure was to classify the sample records into 32 mutually exclusive initial post strata formed by the three sets of groups. The total and sample farm counts were expanded to account for nonresponse. Each cell containing sample farm records was assigned an initial sample weight equal to the ratio of the total farm count to the sample farm count. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a farm for the census sample.

The second step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the 32 initial post strata to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. Any stratum that contained less than 10 sample farms after nonresponse adjustment or had a weight greater than two times the mail sample rate was collapsed with another stratum. The mail sample rate was either 2 or 6, depending on whether the county had a 1 in 2 or 1 in 6 sample selection rate. The collapsing occurred within the initial 32 post strata according to a specified collapsing pattern. After the collapsing process was completed, new total farm counts and sample farm counts were computed from each of the final post strata and were used to calculate final sample weights.

The final step consisted of assigning the noninteger final post stratum weight to the sample farm records in each post stratum. The weight is the ratio of total farm count to sample farm count in each final post stratum. The noninteger sample weight, the product of the noninteger final post stratum weight and the nonresponse weight, was randomly rounded to an integer weight for tabulation. If, for example, the final weight for the farms in a particular post stratum was 7.2, then 0.2 or one-fifth of the sample farms in this post stratum were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

CENSUS SAMPLING ERROR

The sample for the 1992 Census of Agriculture is only one of a large number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Sample refers to the sample for both the nonresponse survey and the selection of farms to receive the sample report forms. Estimates derived from all the possible samples would differ from each other only by random variation.

The standard error or sampling error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The percent relative standard error of an estimate is defined as 100 times the standard error of the estimate divided by the value of the estimate.

If all possible samples were selected, each of the samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions, and an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.65 standard errors below the estimate to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 1.96 standard errors below the estimate to 1.96 standard errors above the estimate would include the average value of all possible samples.

The following example illustrates the computations necessary for producing a confidence interval for an estimate. Assume that the estimate of number of farms for a State is 94,382 and the relative standard error of the estimate is .1 percent (0.001). Multiplying 94,382 by 0.001 yields 94, the standard error; therefore, a 90-percent confidence interval is 94,227 to 94,537 (i.e., 94,382 plus or minus 1.65 x 94). If corresponding confidence intervals were constructed for all possible samples of the same size and design, approximately 90 percent of these intervals would contain the figure obtained from a complete enumeration. Similarly, a 95-percent confidence interval is 94,198 to 94,566 (i.e., 94,382 plus or minus 1.96 x 94).

Census items were classified as either complete count or sample count items. Complete count items were asked of all farm operators. Examples of complete count items were land in farms, harvested cropland, livestock inventory and sales, crop acreage, quantities harvested and crop sales, land use, irrigation, government loans and payments, conservation acreage, type of organization, and operator characteristics.

Sample count items were asked only of a sample of farm operators. These items appeared only in sections 21 through 26 of the sample report form. Sample count items were included under the following section headings: commercial fertilizers, chemicals, production expenses, farm machinery and equipment, value of land and buildings, and farm-related income.

Variability, measured as percent relative standard error, in the estimates of complete count items is due only to the nonresponse survey estimation procedure. Variability in the estimates of sample count items is due to both the nonresponse survey estimation procedure and the census sample selection and estimation procedure. Thus, variability in the sample count item estimates tends to be larger than the variability in the complete count item estimates.

Table B provides the generalized reliability estimates of the estimated number of farms in a county reporting complete count and sample count items. The top half of the table shows the percent relative standard error for estimated number of farms in a county reporting a complete count item and the bottom half a sample count item. These are derived from regression equations. Separate regression equations were used for complete count items and sample count items. Each regression equation was fit with the estimated number of farms in a county reporting an item as the independent variable and the relative variance of that estimate as the dependent variable for all counties in the State. For sample count items, only data

from counties sampled at a rate of 1 in 6 are used in the estimation of the regression equation.

Table B. Reliability Estimates for Number of Farms in a County Reporting a Complete Count Item or Sample Count Item: 1992

Farms	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
COMPLETE COUNT ITEM	
Number of farms reporting:	
25	5.9
50	3.8
75	2.7
100	2.0
150	.7
200	.6
300	.5
500	.4 .3
750	.s .3
1,500	.3
2,000	(X)
2,000	(74)
SAMPLE COUNT ITEM	
Number of farms reporting:	
25	39.9
50	27.8
75	22.4
100	19.1
150	15.2
200	12.7
300	9.7
500	6.3
750	3.5
1,000	3.0
1,500	2.5
2,000	(X)

To illustrate the use of this table, assume that the estimate of the number of farms reporting hogs and pigs for a particular county, as given in county table 15, is 89. Since hogs and pigs is a complete count data item, refer to the first part of table B and use the estimated percent relative standard error of the estimate from the row with farm count equal to or just less than the estimated number of farms, 89. For this example, the percent relative standard error of the estimate comes from the row for 75 farms reporting. For sample count items, follow the same procedure using the second part of table B. For counties with fewer than 100 farms in the 1987 Census of Agriculture, variability in sample count item estimates comes only from nonresponse survey estimation procedures; thus, the estimated relative standard error for a sample count item in these counties may be obtained using the first part of table B.

Table C presents the percent relative standard error of selected State data items for all farms, and table D presents the percent relative standard error of selected State data items for all farms with sales of \$10,000 or more.

Table E presents the percent standard error for percent change in State totals from 1987 to 1992. The general

purpose of the percent change estimate is to provide a relative measure of the difference in a characteristic between censuses. The relative change for a given characteristic is defined as the ratio of the difference of the 1992 and the 1987 estimate for that characteristic to the 1987 estimate. This ratio is multiplied by 100 to obtain the percent change. The percent standard error of a percent change estimate, then, is the standard error of the ratio multiplied by 100.

Table F presents the percent relative standard error for State and county totals for selected data items. The percent relative standard error of the estimate for the same item differs among counties in the State. Reasons for this are differences among counties in (1) the total number of farms, (2) the number of large farms included with certainty, (3) the size classifications of the farms sampled, (4) the amount of nonresponse, (5) the general agricultural characteristics, and (6) the specific characteristic being measured.

CENSUS NONSAMPLING ERROR

The accuracy of the census counts are affected jointly by sampling errors, described in the previous section, and nonsampling errors. Extensive efforts were made to compile a complete and accurate mail list for the census, to design an understandable report form with instructions, and to minimize processing errors through the use of quality control measures on specific operations. Nonsampling errors arise from incompleteness of the census mail list, duplication in the mail list, incorrect data reporting, errors in editing of reported data, and errors in imputation for missing data. These specific nonsampling errors are further discussed in this section. Evaluation studies will be conducted to measure the extent of certain nonsampling errors such as coverage error and classification error.

Census Coverage

The main objective of the census of agriculture is to obtain a complete and accurate enumeration of U.S. farms with accurate data on all aspects of the agricultural operation. However, the high cost and availability of resources for enumeration place restrictions on feasible data collection methodologies. The past six agriculture censuses have been conducted by mail enumeration with telephone contact for selected nonrespondents. The completeness of such an enumeration thus depends to a large extent on the coverage of farm operations by the census mail list.

The past five censuses of agriculture have included approximately 91 percent of farms in the United States and approximately 96 percent of agriculture production. Complete enumeration of agricultural operations satisfying the farm definition of \$1,000 or more in agricultural sales is complicated by fluctuations in agricultural operations qualifying for enumeration, the variety of arrangements under which farms are operated, the multiplicity of names used

by an operation, the number of operations in which an operator participates, the accuracy of data reporting, and other factors. A new mail list is compiled for each census because no current single list of agricultural operations is comprehensive.

An evaluation of census coverage has been conducted for each census of agriculture since 1945. The evaluation provides estimates of the completeness of census farm count and major census data items. In addition, the evaluation helps to identify problems in the census enumeration and provide information that can form the basis for improvements. The results of the 1992 Coverage Evaluation program will be published in volume 2, Subject Series (Part 2): Coverage Evaluation.

The evaluation of coverage for the 1992 census was designed to measure four components of error in the census mail list and in farm classification. Mail list error includes two components of error, a measurement of farms not on the census mail list (undercount) and a measurement of farms enumerated more than once in the census (overcount). Classification error includes two components of error, a measurement of farms classified as nonfarms in the census (undercount) and of nonfarms classified as farms in the census (overcount). Classification error arises from reporting and processing errors. Mail list undercount dominates all coverage errors. Net coverage error is defined as the difference between undercounted and overcounted farms. Measurements of these errors, as well as a description of the complete coverage program, will be available in the Coverage Evaluation report.

Mail List Coverage

A major problem with mail enumeration for the census of agriculture is the difficulty encountered in compiling a complete mail list. The percentage of farms included on the census mail list varies considerably by State. Several reasons have contributed to farm operator names not being included on the census mail list—the operation may have been started after the mail list was developed, the operation may be so small as not to appear in any of the agriculture-related source lists used in compiling the census list, or the operation may have been falsely classified as a nonfarm prior to mailout. A large proportion of the farms not included on the mail list are small in both acres and sales of agricultural products.

The 1992 Census of Agriculture Coverage Evaluation used the area segment sample of the 1992 June Agricultural Survey (JAS) of the National Agricultural Statistical Service (NASS) to estimate farms not on the census mail list. The Census Bureau contracted with NASS to augment the JAS data collection. The survey data collected by NASS will be protected under the confidentiality of title 13, U.S. Code. These JAS survey records were matched to the census mail list. Records that did not match were mailed a census of agriculture report form to estimate mail list

coverage. Estimates of farms not on the census mail list are computed using a capture-recapture dual frame estimator which will be described in the Coverage Evaluation report mentioned earlier.

Table G provides coverage evaluation estimates for one component of coverage error associated with the census of agriculture; that is, the error due to farms not on the census mail list. Also provided are estimates of selected characteristics of farms not on the mail list, estimates of characteristics of farms not on the mail list as a percentage of total farms in the State, and the percent relative standard error associated with each estimate. The estimate of total farms in the State is based on census farm count plus the estimated number of farms not on the census mail list. This estimate of total farms in the State was not adjusted for the components of error associated with classification and list duplication error. Estimates of these errors will be made at the regional, rather than the State level, and will be provided in the Coverage Evaluation report mentioned earlier.

Respondent and Enumerator Error

Incorrect or incomplete responses to the mailed census report form or to the questions posed by a telephone enumerator introduce error into the census data. Such incorrect information can lead, in some cases, to incorrect classification of farms. This type of reporting error is measured by the Classification Error Survey discussed later in this section. To reduce all types of reporting error, detailed instructions for completing the report form were provided to each addressee. Questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on tests of the census report form and each respondent's answers were checked for completeness and consistency.

Item Nonresponse

As information flows from data collection to tabulation, various types of item nonresponses are identified on the report forms. Nonresponse to particular questions on the report form that logically should be present may create a type of nonsampling error in both complete count and sample count data. When information from reporting farms is used to edit or impute for item nonresponse, the data may be biased due to characteristics of the nonreporting respondents differing from those reporting the item. Any attempt to correct the data items may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual farm operation) or on the average.

Processing Error

All phases of processing for each report form are sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the report forms includes clerical screening for farm activity, computerized check-in of report forms and follow-up of nonrespondents, keying and transmittal of

completed report forms, computerized editing of inconsistent and missing data, review and correction of individual records referred from the computer edit, review and correction of tabulated data, and electronic data processing. These operations undergo a number of quality control checks to ensure as accurate an application as possible, yet some errors are not detected and corrected.

Classification Error

An evaluation study of classification errors was conducted in the 1992 Census of Agriculture as part of the census coverage evaluation program. A sample of census mail list respondents was selected, and these addresses were reenumerated to determine whether they were a farm or nonfarm. A farm status determination was made based on the evaluation report form and compared with the census farm status which was based on the data reported on the report form. Differences in status were reconciled.

In past censuses, the proportion of farms undercounted due to classification errors was higher for farms with small values of sales. For the 1987 census, the classification error rate was higher for (1) farms with small values of sales, (2) farms with a small number of acres, (3) full-owner farms than part-owner or tenant farms, (4) operators with principal occupation other than farming, and (5) males than females. Results from the 1992 Classification Error Survey will be published in the Coverage Evaluation report.

EDITING DATA AND IMPUTATION FOR ITEM NONRESPONSE

The Census of Agriculture Complex Edit and Imputation System performs the following functions:

- Ensuring reasonable relationships between/among data items, values for various sizes of farms, and combinations of commodities.
- Ensuring necessary consistencies are present. There are more than 70 distinct consistency requirements.
- Ensuring geographic, legal, and physical constraints are met.

The system must perform these and similar functions for 900 data keycodes for sample records and 850 data keycodes for nonsample records.

For the 1992 Census of Agriculture, as in previous censuses, all reported data were keyed and then edited by computer. The edits were used to determine whether the reports met the minimum criteria to be counted as farms in the census. The complex edit and imputation system provided the basis for deciding to accept, impute (supply), delete, or alter the reported value for each data record item.

Whenever possible, edit imputations, deletions, and changes were based on component or related data on the respondent's report form. For some items, such as operator characteristics, data from the previous census were used when available. Values for other missing or unacceptable reported data items were calculated based on reported quantities and known price parameters.

When these and similar methods were not available and values had to be supplied, the imputation process used information reported for another farm operation in a geographically adjacent area with characteristics similar to those of the farm operation with incomplete data. For example, a farm operation that reported acres of corn harvested, but did not report quantity of corn harvested, was assigned the same bushels of corn per acre harvested as that of the last nearby farm with similar characteristics that reported acceptable yields during that particular execution of the computer edit. The imputation for missing items in each section of the report form was conducted separately; thus, assigned values for one operation could come from more than one respondent.

Prior to the imputation operation, a set of default values and relationships were assigned to the possible imputation variables. The relationships and values varied depending on the item being imputed. For example, different default values were assigned for several standard industrial classification and total value of sales categories when imputing hired farm labor expenses. These values and item relationships for the possible imputation variables were stored in the computer in a series of matrices.

Each execution of the computer edit consisted of records from only one State. The computer records were sorted by reported State and county. For a given execution of the edit, the stored entries in the various matrices were retained in memory only until a succeeding record having acceptable characteristics for some sections of the report form was processed by the computer. Then the acceptable responses of the succeeding operation replaced those previously stored. When a record processed through the edit had unreported or unacceptable data, the record was assigned the last acceptable ratio or response from an operation with a similar set of characteristics. Once each execution of the computer edit for a State was completed, the possible imputation variables were reset to the default values and relationships for subsequent executions.

After the initial computer edit, keyed reports not meeting the census farm definition were reviewed to ensure that the data were keyed correctly. Edit referrals were generated for about 25 percent of the reports included as farms; they were reviewed for keying accuracy to ensure that the computer edit actions were correct. If the results of the computer edit were not acceptable, corrections were made and the record was reedited.

Table C. Reliability Estimates of State Totals for All Farms: 1992

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item		Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	ltem		Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
FARMS AND LAND IN FARMS		(1-1-1-1-1)	FARM PRODUCTION EXPENSES ¹			(2.22)		
Farmsand in farms		9 079 847 595	.9 .5	Total farm production expenses	farms	9 083	1.0	
Average size of farm		93	1.0	Average per farm	\$1.000	430 843 47 434	.6 1.1	
MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL				Livestock and poultry purchased	\$1,000	1 910 9 487	4.6 4.4	
PRODUCTS SOLD				Feed for livestock and poultry	\$1,000	3 427 32 427 1 729	3.0 1.9 4.8	
Total sales (see text)	farms	9 079	.9	Commercially mixed formula feeds	\$1,000	21 944	1.1	
Average per farm	\$1,000	532 988 58 706	.1	Seeds, bulbs, plants, and trees	farms	4 239	2.2	
				Commercial fertilizer	\$1.000	29 126 5 533	.9 1.8	
Farms by value of sales: Less than \$1,000 (see text)	farms	1 597	1.6	Agricultural chemicals	\$1.000	25 949 4 212	1.1	
\$1,000 to \$2,499	\$1,000 farms	511 1 539	1.9 1.5	Petroleum products	\$1.000	19 152 8 564	1.0 1.1	
\$2,500 to \$4,999		2 446 1 175	1.5 1.4	. o.cood p.cood.co	\$1,000	22 184	.9	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$1,000 farms	4 225 1 144	1.4 1.3 1.3	Electricity	farms	6 029	1.9	
\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$1,000 farms	7 944 1 021	1.3	Hired farm labor	\$1,000	10 184 2 659	1.3 2.8	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$1,000	14 091 337	1.3 1.8	Contract labor	\$1,000	115 161 749	.4 7.2	
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$1,000	7 398	1.8	Repair and maintenance	\$1,000	11 665 7 501	1.0 1.4	
\$25,000 to \$39,999		474	1.4	,	\$1,000	28 268	1.2	
\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$1,000 farms	14 816 202	1.4 1.9	Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery and equipment	farms	1 650	4.3	
\$50,000 to \$99,999		8 875 530	1.9 1.1	Interest expense		4 817 2 010	3.3 3.5	
\$100,000 to \$249,999	\$1,000 farms	37 961 586	1.1	Secured by real estate		17 122 1 288	2.3 4.5	
\$250,000 to \$499,999	\$1,000	95 154 283		Not secured by real estate		12 548 1 040	2.8 5.0	
\$500,000 or more	\$1,000	97 128 191			\$1,000	4 574	3.6	
Sales by commodity or commodity group:	\$1,000	242 440	-	Cash rent	farms \$1,000	1 696 12 365	3.6	
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops		6 244 431 178	.8 .1	Property taxes	farms	8 195	2.0 1.2 2.3 1.3	
Grains	farms	1 808 45 814	.9 .4	All other farm production expenses	\$1,000 farms	25 379 7 993	2.3 1.3 .9	
Corn for grain	farms \$1,000	869 16 785	1.0 .5		\$1,000	67 559	.9	
Wheat	farms	560 4 521	1.1					
Soybeans	\$1,000 farms	1 111	.6 .9	NET CASH RETURN FROM AGRICULTURAL				
Sorghum for grain	\$1,000 farms	23 064 16	.9 .5 3.1	SALES FOR THE FARM UNIT (SEE TEXT) 1				
Barley	\$1,000 farms	81 108	1.2 2.1		.			
Oats		622 81	1.6 2.7	All farms	\$1.000	9 083 95 771	1.0 2.1	
Other grains	\$1,000 farms	140 207	1.8 1.7	Average per farm	dollars	10 544	2.4	
	\$1,000	601	3.0	Farms with net gains ²	_number \$1,000	4 234 135 080	2.2 1.0	
Cotton and cottonseed	farms \$1,000	-	_	Average net gain		31 904	2.4	
Tobacco	farms \$1,000	-	_	Farms with net losses	_number	4 849	2.1	
Hay, silage, and field seeds	farms \$1,000	1 960 10 775	1.1 1.0	Average net loss	\$1,000	39 309 8 107	3.6 4.1	
Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons	\$1,000	1 858 122 984	.9 .2					
Fruits, nuts, and berries	farms \$1,000	867 62 084	1.1 .2	GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND OTHER FARM-RELATED INCOME				
Nursery and greenhouse crops	farms	1 772	.8					
Other crops	\$1 000 l	181 526 198	.1 1.7	Government payments	farms	641	.9	
Outer 610p3	\$1,000	7 994	.2	Other farm-related income 1	\$1,000	3 560 2 477	.9 .5 3.8	
Livestock, poultry, and their products		3 603	1.1	Customwork and other agricultural services	\$1,000	8 856 561	5.1 9.2	
Poultry and poultry products	\$1,000 farms	101 810 747	.3 1.6	Gross cash rent or share payments	\$1,000	2 884 737	8.1 8.4	
Dairy products	\$1,000 farms	23 217 332	1.6 .2 .8 .3	Forest products and Christmas trees	\$1,000	2 314 1 087	11.1 6.1	
Cattle and calves	\$1,000 farms	47 984 1 668	.3 1.0 .7	Other farm-related income sources	\$1.000	1 970 1 970 499	9.1 9.0	
Hogs and pigs	\$1,000 farms	11 938 530	1.6	Outer latin-related income sources	\$1,000	1 688	9.0 11.5	
Sheep, lambs, and wool	\$1,000	4 228 632	1.5 1.7					
Other livestock and livestock products (see	\$1,000	713	2.3	COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION				
text)	farms \$1,000	1 219 13 731	1.5 .9	LOANS				
Value of agricultural products sold directly to								
individuals for human consumption (see text)	forme	1 508	1.2	Total	forme	59	1.7	

Table C. Reliability Estimates of State Totals for All Farms: 1992 -Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introd	luctory text]		Datadia			Dalatina
ltem		Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Item	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
LAND IN FARMS ACCORDING TO USE			TENURE OF OPERATOR			
Total cropland	farms	8 221	.8	All operators farms acres		.9 .5 1.0
Harvested cropland	acres farms	623 466 7 149	.4 .8	Full owners farms_	6 541	1.0
Farms by acres harvested:	acres	491 518	.4	Part owners farms_	. 1 685	.8 .7
1 to 9 acres		2 913 11 901	1.1	acres Tenants farms		.4 1.2
10 to 19 acres		1 112	1.2 1.3	acres	115 459	.9
20 to 29 acres	acres farms	14 665 573	1.4 1.6	OWNED AND RENTED LAND		
30 to 49 acres	acres farms	13 269 645	1.6 1.4	OWNED AND RENTED LAND		
	acres	24 104	1.4	Land owned farms _		.9
50 to 99 acres	farms	722	1.1	Owned land in farmsfarms	8 226	.6 .9 .6
100 to 199 acres	acres farms	48 654 554	1.1 1.0	acres_		
200 to 499 acres	acres	76 531 434	1.0	Land rented or leased from othersfarms		.7 .4
500 to 999 acres	acres	132 962	.7	landlords	7 479	.4 .7 .7
	acres	95 230	_	acres		.4
1,000 acres or more	acres	74 202	_ _	Land rented or leased to othersfarmsfarms	. 833 49 957	1.3 1.4
Cropland: Pasture or grazing only	farms	3 160	1.1			
	acres	68 563	.9	OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS		
Other cropland	acres	2 140 63 385	.8 .9	Operators by place of residence:		
Total woodland	farme	4 074	.9	On farm operatedNot on farm operated	. 7 059 . 1 516	.9 1.1
	acres	134 438	.9	Not reported	504	1.6
Pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and woodland pastured	farms	1 424	1.2	Operators by principal occupation:	4 240	_
Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etc.	acres farms	30 838 6 203	1.2	FarmingOther	4 218 4 861	.7 1.2
Irrigated land	acres	58 853 1 911	.9 .9 .7	Operators by days worked off farm:		
ingated faild	acres	80 409	.2	Any200 days or more	5 094 3 396	1.1 1.2
Acres irrigated: 1 to 9 acres	60.000	4 407	1.0	Operators by sex: Male farms	7 805	
	acres	1 127 3 180	1.0 1.2	acres	785 597	.8 .4
10 to 49 acres	acres	389 8 937	1.2 1.1	Female farms acres		1.5 1.5
50 to 99 acres	acres	165 11 292	.9 .9	Average age of operatoryears	53.9	1.2
100 to 199 acres	farms	128 17 571	.7 .6	Average age of operatoryears	. 55.9	1.2
200 to 499 acres		87	- 0.	FARMS BY TYPE OF ORGANIZATION		
500 to 999 acres		25 789 9	_			
1,000 acres or more	acres farms	6 254 6	_	Individual or family (sole proprietorship)farmsacres	. 565 144	1.0 .6
,	acres	7 386	-	Partnership farms acres		1.2 .6
Harvested cropland irrigated		1 870	.7	Corporation:		
Pasture and other land irrigated	acres farms	79 745 82	.2 3.4	Family held farmsacres	. 138 778	1.0 .6
3	acres	664	7.1	More than 10 stockholdersfarmsfarmsfarmsfarms	. 12 . 696	7.7 1.0
Land under federal acreage reduction programs:				Other than family heldfarms	. 72	3.4
Diverted under annual commodity programs	acres	266 4 279	1.1 .6	More than 10 stockholdersfarms	0.513	3.3
Conservation Reserve or Wetlands Reserve Programs		98	2.7	More than 10 stockholdersfarms _ 10 or less stockholdersfarms _	. 11	6.3 3.8
riogianis	acres	3 579	5.3	Other—cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etcfarms		3.0
VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS 1				acres HIRED FARM LABOR	14 839	1.5
Estimated market value of land and buildings	farms	9 083	1.0			
Average per farm	\$1,000 dollars	5 589 949 615 430	1.6 1.9 2.2	Hired workers by days worked: 150 days or morefarms	1 599	3.2
Average per acre	dollars	6 942	2.2	workers Less than 150 daysfarmsworkers	2 237	1.2 3.3 2.1
VALUE OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	l			INJURIES AND DEATHS	14 300	2.1
Estimated market value of all machinery and				Farm-related injuries:		
equipment	\$1.000	9 050 358 561	1.0 1.3	Farm-related injuries: Operator and family membersfarms	. 72	3.1
Average per farm	dollars	39 620	1.7	Hired workersnumber_ Hired workersnumber_	. 96 . 127	2.6 1.4 1.2
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS ¹				Farm-related deaths: Operator and family members farms	. 1	_
Commercial fertilizeracres on	farms which used	5 483 390 944	1.8 1.6	number	. (D) . 1	(D) _ (D)
Soo footnotes at and of table		000 044 1	1.0		(D)	. (5)

Table C. Reliability Estimates of State Totals for All Farms: 1992 —Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory	loxij		T		
Item	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	ltem	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
FARMS BY SIZE			LIVESTOCK		
1 to 9 acres	11 916 3 726 3 502 614	1.3 1.4 1.1 1.1 1.5 1.5	Cattle and calves inventory	1 934 69 134 1 152 12 280 450 23 926 1 668 28 989	1.0 .5 1.3 1.4 1.0 .3 1.0 .66
70 to 99 acres	592 49 050 549	1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	\$1,000 Hogs and pigs inventory	11 938 640 29 645 530 44 325 4 228	.7 1.6 1.5 1.6 2.3 1.5
140 to 179 acres farms 180 to 219 acres farms 220 to 259 acres acre 260 to 499 acres farms	51 114 194 38 314 176 42 087 466	1.5 1.5 1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7	Sheep and lambs of all ages inventoryfarms	691 12 902 563 10 633 2 483 23 867 847 2 946	1.6 2.1 1.7 2.1 1.3 1.5 1.6 2.0
500 to 999 acres	250	.9 .8 .8	POULTRY	2 340	2.0
1,000 to 1,999 acres	97 450 15	- - - -	Chickens 3 months old or older inventoryfarms number Hens and pullets of laying agefarms number Broilers and other meat-type chickens soldfarms number	917 1 801 049 901 1 623 478 93 95 794	1.6 .1 1.6 .1 3.5
FARMS BY STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION			CROPS HARVESTED Corn for grain or seedfarmsacresbushelsbushelsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarmsfarms	1 158 83 805 9 508 526 465	.9 .5 5. 1.1 .5 .5 1.1
Cash grains (011)	218 757 1 152 106 806	1.2 .7 1.4 1.3	acres tons, green Wheat for grain farms acres bushels	19 682 305 639 574 29 415 1 456 512	.5 .5 1.1 .7 .7
Vegetables and melons (016) farms acre- Fruits and tree nuts (017) farms acre- Horticultural specialties (018) farms	1 393 121 790 557 64 833	1.0 .5 1.4 .8 .9	Soybeans for beans	1 128 131 768 4 378 643 97 3 442	.7 .7 .9 .6 .5 2.6
General farms, primarily crop (019)farms acre: Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal	62 384 258 32 350	2.1 1.9	Cwt Sweetpotatoes	897 481 87 1 618 348 332	.1 .1 2.3 .5 .5
specialties (021) farms Dairy farms (024) farms acree acree	79 947 299 102 467 214 8 698 1 247	1.4 1.4 .8 .4 2.6 2.6 1.7 2.0	Hay—alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text) farms acres tons, dry Alfalfa hay farms acres tons, dry Vegetables harvested for sale (see text) larms l	3 060 118 536 238 792 1 407 37 810 101 979 1 861	1.0 .7 .7 1.0 .8 .9 .3
General farms, primarily livestock and animal specialties (029) farms acre:		4.4 7.9	Land in orchards farmsacres	64 647 701 16 871	.3 1.4 .5

¹Data are based on a sample of farms. ²Farms with total production expenses equal to market value of agricultural products sold are included as farms with gains of less than \$1,000.

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals for Farms With Sales of \$10,000 or More: 1992

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item		Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Item	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
FARMS AND LAND IN FARMS				FARM PRODUCTION EXPENSES ¹		
Farms		3 624 648 707	.6	Total farm production expensesfarms	391 468	1.1 .5
Land in farms Average size of farm		179	.4 .7	Average per farmdollars	110 522	1.2
				Livestock and poultry purchasedfarmsfarms	519 7 160	7.0 4.6
MARKET VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS SOLD				Feed for livestock and poultryfarms \$1,000 Commercially mixed formula feedsfarms \$1,000	856 27 588 543	4.8 1.6 5.8 .9
Total sales (see text)		3 624	.6	Seeds, bulbs, plants, and treesfarms\$1,000 Commercial fertilizerfarms	2 605 28 614 3 045	1.8 .9 1.6
Average per farm	\$1,000 dollars	517 862 142 898	.1 .6	\$1,000 _ Agricultural chemicalsfarms	24 701	1.0 1.1 1.9
Farms by value of sales:				\$1,000	l 18 558 l	1.0 1.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999	farms \$1,000	1 021 14 091	1.3 1.3	\$1,000 Electricityfarms	1 20 034 1	.8 2.0
\$20,000 to \$24,999	farms \$1.000	337 7 398	1.8 1.8	\$1,000	8 924	1.3
\$25,000 to \$39,999	farms \$1,000	474 14 816	1.4 1.4	Hired farm labor farms	1 770	2.5
\$40,000 to \$49,999	farms \$1,000	202 8 875	1.9 1.9	\$1,000 Contract labor farms	469	.4 7.9
	\$1,000	0 0/3	1.5	\$1,000 Repair and maintenance farms	3 266	.9 1.4
\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$1,000	530 37 961	1.1 1.1	\$1,000 Customwork, machine hire, and rental of machinery	23 767	.8
\$100,000 to \$249,999	farms \$1.000	586 95 154		and equipment farms		4.0 3.4
\$250,000 to \$499,999	farms \$1,000	283 97 128	_	Interest expense farms farms \$1,000	15 051	3.4 1.9
\$500,000 or more	farms \$1,000	191 242 440	_	Secured by real estatefarms	818 10 762	3.8 2.1
Sales by commodity or commodity group: Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops		3 214	.6	Not secured by real estatefarms	783 4 289	4.9 3.6
Grains	\$1,000	421 642 1 148	.1 .8		1	
Corn for grain	\$1,000	43 954 592	.4 1.0	Cash rent	1 332 11 886	3.5 1.8
Wheat	\$1,000	16 212 457	.5 1.0	Property taxes	13 785	1.8 1.9
Soybeans	\$1,000	4 340	.6 .8	All other farm production expensesfarms	3 540 63 028	1.1 .8
Soybeans	\$1,000	803 22 037	.6			
Sorghum for grain	farms	16	3.1	NET CASH RETURN FROM AGRICULTURAL		
Barley	\$1.000	81 94	1.2 2.0	SALES FOR THE FARM UNIT (SEE TEXT) 1		
Oats	\$1.000	606 59	1.6 2.7			
Other grains	\$1,000	125 157	1.7 1.6	All farmsnumber	3 542 119 502	1.1 1.3
Canon gramic	\$1,000	553	3.2	Average per farmdollars _	33 739	1.7
Cotton and cottonseed		_	_	Farms with net gains ² number		2.0
Tobacco		-	-	\$1,000 Average net gaindollars	132 037 47 530	1.0 2.2
Hay, silage, and field seeds	farms	646	1.1	Farms with net lossesnumber	764	6.2
	\$1,000	8 116	1.1	\$1,000	12 536	4.9 7.9
Vegetables, sweet corn, and melons	farms \$1,000	1 226 120 707	.9 .2	7.10 ago 10.1000		
Fruits, nuts, and berries	farms \$1,000	459 61 389	1.1	GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND OTHER		
Nursery and greenhouse crops	farms	1 165	.8	FARM-RELATED INCOME		
Other crops	\$1,000 farms	179 531 156	.1 1.6			
·	\$1,000	7 945	.2	Government paymentsfarms	3 457	.8 .5
Livestock, poultry, and their products		1 085	.9 .2	Other farm-related income ¹ farms \$1,000_	5 223	5.8 5.1
Poultry and poultry products	\$1,000 farms	96 220 171	2.2	Customwork and other agricultural servicesfarms \$1,000	2 312	10.4 8.9
Dairy products	\$1,000 farms	22 757 320	.2	Gross cash rent or share paymentsfarms	855	13.8 5.7
Cattle and calves		47 952 663	.2 .8 .3 .9 .8 2.0	Forest products and Christmas treesfarmsfarms	1 068	11.0 14.2
Hogs and pigs		9 881 190	.8 2.0	Other farm-related income sourcesfarms		8.3 4.6
Sheep, lambs, and wool	\$1,000 farms	3 773 111	1.7 2.6			
Other livestock and livestock products (see text)		277 277	3.8 1.9	COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION		
·····	\$1,000	11 580	1.0	LOANS		
Value of agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption (see text)	farms \$1,000	595 9 971	1.2 .7	Total farms\$1,000		1.5 (D)

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals for Farms With Sales of \$10,000 or More: 1992—Con.

ltem	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Item	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
LAND IN FARMS ACCORDING TO USE			FARMS BY TYPE OF ORGANIZATION		
Total cropland farms	3 519	.6	Individual or family (sole proprietorship)farms	2 648	.7
acres Harvested cropland farms	517 618 3 414	.4 .6	Partnership farms	394 765 413	.5 1.1
acres	433 706	.3	acres		.6
Cropland: Pasture or grazing only farms	918	.9	Corporation: Family held farms	480	.7
acres	35 584	1.0	acres More than 10 stockholdersfarms	128 136	.5
Total woodland farms	1 626	.7	10 or less stockholdersfarms	474	.8
Pastureland and rangeland other than cropland and	78 746	.9	Other than family heldfarms	46	3.2
woodland pastured farms	444	1.2	acres		3.5 5.7
acres Land in house lots, ponds, roads, wasteland, etcfarms	16 618 2 354	1.2 .7	10 or less stockholdersfarms	36	3.7
Irrigated land farms	35 725 1 385	.8 .6	Other—cooperative, estate or trust, institutional, etcfarms	37	3.5
acres	78 516	.2 .6 .2	acres_	10 828	1.6
Harvested cropland irrigatedfarms acres	1 379 78 039	.b .2	HIRED FARM LABOR		
Pasture and other land irrigatedfarms acres	34 477	4.1 9.2	Hired workers by days worked: 150 days or morefarms	1 223	2.4
	7//	3.2	workers	7 730	1.1
Land under federal acreage reduction programs: Diverted under annual commodity programsfarms	251	1.0	Less than 150 days farmsworkers		3.0 1.4
Conservation Reserve or Wetlands Reserve	4 243	.6	INJURIES AND DEATHS		
Programs farms	64	2.6	Farm-related injuries:		
acres	2 933	5.1	Operator and family members farms		3.1
VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS 1			number Hired workers farms	59 98	2.1 1.3
Estimated market value of land and buildingsfarms	3 542	1.1	number		.9
\$1,000 Average per farmdollars	3 733 646 1 054 107	2.0 2.2	Farm-related deaths:		
Average per raimdollars	6 097	2.4	Operator and family membersfarmsnumber	. l (D) l	(D
VALUE OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT 1			Hired workers farms number	. 1	(D
Estimated market value of all machinery and			FARMS BY SIZE		
equipment farms \$1,000	3 542 268 995	1.1 1.3	1 to 9 acres 10 to 49 acres		1.3 1.1
Average per farmdollars	75 944	1.7	50 to 69 acres	241	1.9
A O DIOLU TUDAL OUTMICAL CI			70 to 99 acres		1.5 1.6
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS ¹			140 to 179 acres	236	1.6
Commercial fertilizer farms acres on which used	3 016 360 714	1.6 1.6	180 to 219 acres	145	1.7 1.6
	300 714	1.0	260 to 499 acres		3. 7.
TENURE OF OPERATOR			1,000 to 1,999 acres	. 73	-
All operatorsfarms	3 624 648 707	.6	2,000 acres or more	13	-
acres Full ownersfarms	1 892	.4 .8	FARMS BY STANDARD INDUSTRIAL		
Part owners farms	173 962 1 231	.8 .6	CLASSIFICATION		
acres Tenantsfarms	375 709	.4	Cash grains (011)	511 200	1.2 2.1
acres	501 99 036	1.3 .8	Vegetables and melons (016)	927	1.0
OWNED AND RENTED LAND			Field crops, except cash grains (013) Vegetables and melons (016) Fruits and tree nuts (017) Horticultural specialties (018)	249 972	1.4
			General farms, primarily crop (019) Livestock, except dairy, poultry, and animal specialties	. 76	2.8
Land owned farms _ acres	3 131 349 482	.6 .5	(021)		2.2
Owned land in farmsfarms	3 123 323 866	.6	Dairy farms (024) Poultry and eggs (025)	293 48	.8 3.3
acres		.5	Poultry and eggs (025) Animal specialities (027) General farms, primarily livestock and animal	176	2.4
Land rented or leased from othersfarmsacres	1 735 326 125	.6 .4	specialties (029)	. 10	6.6
Rented or leased land in farmsfarms	6 131	.5 .6			
acres	1 732 324 841	.6	LIVESTOCK		
Land rented or leased to othersfarms	317	1.5	Cattle and calves inventoryfarmsnumber		.9
acres	26 900	1.4	Beef cows farms _	325	.5 1.5
OPERATOR CHARACTERISTICS				343	1.9 .8
			number_		.3
Operators by place of residence: On farm operated	2 664	.6	Cattle and calves soldfarmsnumber	663 24 397	.9 .5
Not on farm operatedNot reported	776 184	1.1 1.7	\$1,000 Hogs and pigs inventory farms	9 881	.8 1.9
·		•••	number	26 123	1.6
Operators by principal occupation: Farming	2 472	.6	Hogs and pigs soldfarmsnumber		2.0 2.4
Other	1 152	1.1	\$1,000		1.7
Operators by days worked off farm:	4 400		Sheep and lambs of all ages inventoryfarms	127	2.5
Any200 days or more	1 433 838	1.0 1.3	number	3 688	3.6 2.8
·			number_		3.2
Operators by sex: Male	3 338	.6	Horses and ponies inventoryfarms	454	1.4
Female	286	1.8	number	6 600	2.3 2.3
Average age of operatoryears	53.0	.9	number_		3.2

Table D. Reliability Estimates of State Totals for Farms With Sales of \$10,000 or More: 1992 - Con.

ltem	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Item	Total	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
POULTRY			CROPS HARVESTED—Con.		
Chickens 3 months old or older inventoryfarms	194	2.1	Soybeans for beans farms acres	807 124 170	.8 .6
number Hens and pullets of laying agefarms number	1 770 103 190 1 597 353	1 2.2 .1	bushels_ Irish potatoesfarms acres	4 166 081 67 3 420	.0 .5 2.5
Broilers and other meat-type chickens soldfarms number	21 89 463	5.7 .6	Sweetpotatoesfarmsacres	893 590 75 1 598	.1 2.2 .5
CROPS HARVESTED			Hay—alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text)	346 255 1 074	.5
Corn for grain or seedfarmsacres	764 79 512	.8 .5	acres tons, dry	80 776 185 807	.8 .8 .7
bushels Corn for silage or green chop	9 161 061 357 18 618	.5 .9 .5	Alfalfa hay farms acres	679 27 766 84 279	.9 1.0 .9
tons, green Wheat for grain farms	294 226 457	.5 .5 1. <u>0</u>	Vegetables harvested for sale (see text) tons, dry tons, dry farms acres	1 226 62 658	.9 .3
acres bushels	27 724 1 395 443	.7 .7	Land in orchards farms acres	252 14 984	1.4 .5

¹Data are based on a sample of farms. ²Farms with total production expenses equal to market value of agricultural products sold are included as farms with gains of less than \$1,000.

Table E. Reliability Estimates of Percent Change in State Totals: 1987 to 1992

	All fa	arms	Farms with sales of \$10,000 or more			
ltem	Percent change from 1987 to 1992	Standard error of estimate	Percent change from 1987 to 1992	Standard error of estimate		
Farmsnumber	.5	1.4	3.6	.5		
Land in farmsacres	−5.2 −6.1	.8 1.6	-3.1 -6.3	.6 2.7		
Estimated market value of land and buildings 1: Average per farmdollars Average per acredollars	55.3 74.9	(L) (L)	55.3 73.6	(L) (L)		
Estimated market value of all machinery and equipment 1: Average per farmdollars	4.9	2.6	2.7	2.3		
Farms by size: 1 to 9 acres	12.7	2.2	20.5	6		
10 to 49 acres	5.0	2.3 1.9 1.3	20.5 20.1 -4.0	.6 .5 .7 .9		
180 to 499 acres	-10.2 -11.0	1.1	-8.4	.,		
500 to 999 acres	-14.4 23.3	1.0	-13.3 25.9	1.0		
2,000 acres or more	7.1	-	7.1	_		
Total croplandfarms _	6	1.4	4.8	.5		
acres Harvested croplandfarms	−3.0 −1.9	.7 1.2	5 5.4	.5 .6 .5 .6		
acres	1.4	.7	4.1	.6		
Irrigated landfarmsacres	3.5 -11.8	1.0 .4	3.8 -11.9	.7 .4		
Market value of agricultural products sold \$1,000	7.5 6.9	.3 1.6	7.8 4.1	.2 3.4		
Crops, including nursery and greenhouse crops \$1,000	16.4 -18.8	.3 .4	17.0 -19.7	.3 .3		
Farms by value of sales:			0.0	0.0		
Less than \$2,500\$2,500 to \$4,999	1.5 -8.3	1.9 2.0	(X) (X)	(X) (X) (X) 1.9		
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$24,999	-1.6 13.1	1.9 1.9	(X) 13.1	(X)		
\$25,000 to \$49,999	7.0	2.0	7.0	2.0		
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	-8.3 -12.1	1.5 .1	−8.3 −12.1	1.5 .1		
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	6.8 22.4	3	6.8 22.4	_ .3		
Total farm production expenses 1\$1,000_ Average per farmdollars	11.1 10.5	1.3 1.9	10.5 9.0	1.3 1.6		
Net cash return from agricultural sales for the farm unit (see text) 1farms	.5	1.5	1.4	1.3		
\$1,000 Average per farmdollars	-6.4 -6.9	2.8 3.1	-1.4	2.0 2.4		
Operators by principal occupation:	0	4.4	2.0			
FarmingOther	.9 .2	1.1 1.9	-3.0 21.1	.6 .4		
Operators by days worked off farm:						
Any	-5.2 -7.4	4.9 6.6	5.5 10.6	5.4 5.7		
Livestock and poultry: Cattle and calves inventory	-13.3	1.4	-13. <u>1</u>	.5 .7		
number Beef cowsfarms _	–10.9 –2.0	.8 2.0	-10.7 14.4	.7 .6 1.6		
number Milk cowsfarms _	8.1 –22.9	2.6 1.2	25.6 -25.6	1.6 .8 .5		
number	-25.4	.5	-25.3			
Cattle and calves soldfarmsnumber	–18.6 –33.0	1.3 .6	-17.4 -34.5	.5 .5 .8 2.1		
Hogs and pigs inventoryfarmsnumber	-5.9 -7.3	2.2 2.3	-9.3 8	.8 2.1		
Hogs and pigs soldfarms number	–19.8 –15.3	1.9 (L)	-19.8 -12.6	.8 (L)		
Sheep and lambs inventoryfarmsnumber	.9 2.2	(L) 2.6 3.5	7.6 6.8	.6 1.3		
Chickens 3 months old or older inventoryfarms	-3.5	2.3	6.0	.8 (L) 1.3 3.0 .2 1.6		
Broilers and other meat-type chickens soldfarmsnumber number	–15.5 3.3 –78.9	.2 5.2 .4	–15.3 16.7 –79.1	.2 1.6 .4		
Selected crops harvested:						
Corn for grain or seedfarmsacres	-17.6 11.8	1.2	-11.6 (D)	.8 (D) (D)		
bushels	25.6 –18.1	1.0 1.3	(D) -20.0	(D)		
acres_	-14.8	.8	-14.6	.9 .9 .7 .8 1.0		
Soybeans for beansfarms	-15.7 3.4	.8 1.5	-14.3 12.9	.8 1.0		
acres bushels	24.0 38.9	1.3 1.4	28.1 42.1	1.3 1.3		
Hay-alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text)farms	-5.1	1.5	-6.5			
acres tons_dry	-3.2 -9.0	1.2 1.0	8 -6.1	.8		
Vegetables harvested for sale (see text)farms	-2.5	1.4	10.3	.5 .8 .8 .9 .5 .7 .5		
acres Land in orchardsfarms	-10.9 -6.0	.5 2.0	–10.3 –8.7	.5 .7		
acres	-19.4	.6	-21.5	.5		

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

Table F. Reliability Estimates for the State and County Totals: 1992

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]												
	Fa	rms		Land in farm	S	Average si	ze of farm	Average r and bu	market value o uildings per far	f land E		ket value of all d equipment ¹
Geographic area	Total (number)	Rela stand erro estim (perce	ard r of ate	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (acres)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	V	'alue e	Relative tandard error of estimate percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	9 079 391 127 816 188			47 595 29 606 2 636 97 186 7 799	. 5 .9 5.8 .7 1.4	93 76 21 119 41	1.0 1.2 5.8 1.0 1.9	304 680 573	430 545 898 638 940	1.9 5.7 3.4 3.3 6.2	358 561 28 376 3 378 40 187 5 717	1.3 5.9 2.1 2.8 2.5
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	163 609 22 704		1.4 .7 1.1 .8	11 644 68 627 613 61 748	2.8 .7 1.1 .9	71 113 28 88	3.1 1.0 1.5 1.1	371 832	930 699 964 234	6.6 4.1 1.2 5.0	4 534 35 457 477 30 963	4.3 3.9 .6 3.8
Hunterdon	1 299 296 241 850 395		1.0 1.2 1.2	06 324 35 786 25 011 58 758 23 915	.9 1.5 .7 .8 2.4	82 121 104 69 61	1.3 1.8 1.4 1.5 2.6	1 310 992 855	693 415 164	6.2 3.8 3.1 4.1 9.1	35 060 10 620 12 036 30 291 10 849	4.9 3.7 9.0 3.1 7.0
Ocean	233 55 752 435 791 28 684			10 365 1 838 98 256 43 989 75 531 325 87 638	2.0 4.2 .7 .9 1.2 2.0 1.1	44 33 131 101 95 12	2.5 4.6 1.1 1.3 1.4 2.4	400 384 753 509 654	159 811 915 472 716 669 203	5.7 6.4 3.6 7.8 6.1 3.8 5.3	6 262 1 514 38 559 11 456 23 776 1 221 27 828	21.4 4.9 4.0 7.6 5.1 1.1 4.5
	Average mark machinery and far	equipment p		et value of agr products sol		agricultural pro	rket value of oducts sold per rm		Farm	n production e	xpenses ¹	
									Total fa	arm production	n expenses	
Geographic area									Farms		Va	lue
	Value (dollars)	Rela stand erro estim (perce	ard r of ate	Total \$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Value (dollars)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)		s	Relative tandard error of estimate percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	39 620 72 574 26 188 49 189 30 250		1.7 6.0 2.6 3.0 3.1	32 988 43 444 6 626 64 563 8 180	.1 .2 .5 .2 .8	58 706 111 110 52 177 79 121 43 512	.9 .8 .9 .8 1.5		083 391 129 817 189	1.0 1.0 1.5 .9 2.0	430 843 33 538 4 770 53 166 6 337	.6 .6 2.0 1.6 1.7
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	27 989 58 126 21 673 43 981		4.7 3.9 1.2 3.9	5 614 72 993 913 54 575	.9 .2 .4 .2	34 443 119 857 41 486 77 521	1.7 .7 1.1 .8		162 610 22 705	1.9 .8 1.1 1.0	4 320 56 296 486 43 140	2.2 1.3 .6 1.2
Hunterdon	27 348 36 496 50 148 35 595 27 535		5.1 4.3 9.2 3.4 7.1	26 206 15 879 23 518 50 945 17 660	.5 .6 .2 .3	20 174 53 647 97 585 59 935 44 709	1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.2		298 296 240 851 395	1.0 1.4 1.6 1.3 1.5	24 226 12 214 19 792 41 803 13 645	4.1 3.7 1.9 2.3 2.8
Ocean	26 992 27 524 51 275 26 767 30 097 43 600 40 744		1.5 6.6 4.1 8.0 5.1 3.5 4.7	5 046 3 420 54 435 12 644 19 763 6 636 39 929	1.2 .9 .3 .6 .6	21 657 62 184 72 387 29 066 24 984 236 994 58 375	1.8 2.2 .9 1.2 1.0 1.3		232 55 752 437 791 28 683	1.5 4.4 1.1 1.4 .9 3.3 1.1	4 861 2 553 42 135 10 166 16 819 3 818 36 759	3.3 .7 1.2 3.0 3.2 .1 2.1
						Farm production	expenses 1—Co	n.	I			
		· · · · ·	ultry purchase			Feed for livesto	1			eds, bulbs, pl	ants, and tree	
Geographic area	Farm		Va			Farms	Valu		Fa	rms		Value
	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	1	Relative standard error of estimate per (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)		
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	1 910 32 19 96 22	4.6 35.8 24.0 22.8 20.3	9 487 24 44 1 200 55	4.4 60.6 24.0 20.1 64.7	2	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.3 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.5 4.6 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.5 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6	32 427 92 199 3 001 117	1.9 55.7 9.9 10.3 40.1	4 239 203 54 430 94	2.2 10.9 6.2 6.3 7.0	79 33 3 36	.7 .8 .3 .9
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	36 52 3 135	20.1 32.5 3.9 14.4	88 543 (D) 947	26.3 4.4 (D) 10.0	1	54 14.6 08 19.1 5 4.7 34 9.9	122 1 820 (D) 1 129	26.1 6.6 (D) 7.8	86 444 15 360	8.9 5.3 .8 5.6	29 3 99 (I 3 08	13 1.2 D) (D)
Hunterdon	359 52 35 153 87	10.2 30.0 32.1 19.8 24.0	987 166 101 1 296 121	17.0 19.2 9.3 15.6 44.6	1	663 5.6 06 12.0 74 20.8 84 13.0 67 14.5	371 296 2 801	7.8 12.4 9.0 12.8 13.1	404 130 131 344 166	7.6 10.2 10.7 8.3 14.2	85 (E	(2) 27.1 (D) (D) 3.1

Table F. Reliability Estimates for the State and County Totals: 1992 —Con.

[For meaning of abbreviation	ons and symbo	ls, see introduc	ctory text]									
					Fa	rm production	expenses 1—Co	on.				
	Liv	estock and po	oultry purchased	1	F	eed for livestoo	k and poultry		Se	eds, bulbs, pla	nts, and trees	
Geographic area	Farr	ns	Val	ue	Far	ms	Val	ue	Far	ms	Va	lue
	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
Ocean Passaic Salem Salem Sumerset Union Warren	57 19 175 90 247 4 237	29.6 8.6 14.7 21.9 10.7 9.0 12.2	232 57 1 278 296 679 (D) 1 358	41.9 2.3 7.2 8.9 8.7 (D) 7.6	103 29 281 178 427 5 312	17.0 6.4 10.2 14.7 6.2 7.2 9.7	433 204 4 160 1 042 3 341 (D) 10 196	11.2 2.9 1.3 4.1 5.2 (D) 1.8	95 19 489 182 265 8 320	12.2 5.1 5.9 13.0 7.5 - 7.4	233 34 2 165 503 514 895 907	17.2 .7 2.9 3.0 4.0
		Cammassi	al fastilisas	T	Fa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	expenses 1—Co	on.		Detrolous	nun di into	
	Fari	Commerci	aı tertilizer Val	ue	Far	Agricultural	Val	ue.	Far	Petroleum	Va	lue
Geographic area	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	5 533 287 87 516 128	1.8 7.2 4.6 5.3 5.2	25 949 1 490 72 2 830 343	1.1 1.6 1.7 2.6 1.8	4 212 269 68 434 96	2.2 6.5 6.2 5.0 6.4	19 152 1 796 62 2 636 394	1.0 .6 1.7 2.6 .8	8 564 381 123 805 182	1.1 1.9 1.5 1.3 2.3	22 184 1 485 431 2 281 458	.9 3.0 9.4 2.3 2.2
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	102 467 18 470	7.9 4.5 .6 5.4	192 3 842 9 2 712	9.4 1.7 .7 2.1	62 392 13 343	12.5 6.2 - 6.3 -	139 3 177 9 2 720	4.8 1.9 - 1.4	151 595 22 677 –	3.1 .9 1.1 1.6	292 2 919 36 2 153	6.4 2.1 .4 2.3
Hunterdon	662 178 164 409 217	5.3 5.3 8.8 7.0 10.9	1 796 915 1 335 1 921 330	4.5 9.5 5.0 2.2 6.6	448 162 132 363 111	8.4 9.2 10.6 9.9 16.8	791 588 875 1 488 178	9.7 4.2 6.5 .6 .7	1 199 274 221 769 344	2.1 5.7 4.6 3.1 5.0	1 615 797 823 1 794 1 060	4.4 5.3 3.5 4.3 2.6
Ocean	127 24 569 235 399 20 454	9.9 5.0 4.4 10.4 6.6 1.9 5.9	175 30 3 804 776 993 18 2 368	4.3 4.8 1.9 8.7 8.6 .2 7.4	90 21 447 177 262 13 309	16.0 4.8 5.6 14.0 8.7 2.8 8.6	148 18 2 425 224 514 22 947	10.6 2.0 2.9 12.0 13.6 .5 6.2	230 48 715 413 745 28 642	1.5 4.5 2.1 3.0 2.2 3.3 2.3	331 215 2 258 672 960 223 1 380	7.2 .7 2.3 3.7 2.6 .1 2.4
	l				Fa	rm production	expenses ¹ —Co	on.				
		Elect	ricity		Hired farm labor				Contract labor			
Geographic area	Farr	Farms Value			Farms Value Farms Value			ue	Farms Value			lue
	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	6 029 253 97 504 125	1.9 9.1 4.6 6.1 5.9	10 184 734 261 981 248	1.3 2.6 9.2 5.5 2.2	2 659 138 68 283 44	2.8 10.7 6.1 8.2 4.8	115 161 11 991 1 630 16 152 1 830	.4 .2 2.0 .8 .6	749 65 1 96 7	7.2 25.8 - 16.5 4.4	11 665 2 450 (D) 1 752 (D)	1.0 2.1 (D) 1.8 (D)
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	87 443 17 469 –	7.8 5.6 1.4 5.3	74 1 119 17 855	4.8 1.5 1.9 2.0	48 266 10 173	14.2 7.2 1.2 6.2	1 219 17 721 172 14 315	1.5 1.7 .1 .5	11 35 - 64 -	47.5 16.2 - 24.2	54 1 440 - 701 -	53.6 2.0 - 3.5
Hunterdon	840 251 188 570 261	5.0 6.1 7.0 6.5 9.7	739 308 440 764 451	8.4 3.5 2.2 4.6 4.5	341 86 74 285 118	9.6 16.6 17.4 10.8 13.4	3 120 3 304 3 015 15 449 3 715	3.8 .8 .8 .7 .7	55 21 24 64 23	26.7 67.0 26.8 24.4 35.9	362 43 253 420 305	9.1 33.0 5.1 3.4 .8
Ocean	153 36 475 289 485 18 468	12.0 5.0 6.4 8.4 6.0 3.4 5.2	133 53 856 267 581 71 1 232	16.3 1.9 2.4 4.6 3.9 (L) 5.4	45 14 198 76 174 17	19.8 3.5 10.2 14.6 11.3 2.9 10.6	1 044 894 7 450 2 214 2 095 1 181 6 649	7.4 (L) 2.3 (L) 2.4 .1 2.8	30 -76 34 82 2 59	37.3 25.1 37.8 23.2 - 29.0	120 - 2 818 92 148 (D) 272	25.1 - 1.5 33.2 12.9 (D) 19.1

Table F. Reliability Estimates for the State and County Totals: 1992 —Con.

	Farm production expenses ¹ —Con.												
		Repair and r	maintenance		Customwork	k, machine hire and equ	, and rental of r ipment	nachinery	Interest expense				
Geographic area	Far	rms	Value		Far	ms	Value		Farms		Va	lue	
	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	7 501 359 105 742 139	1.4 3.5 3.9 2.2 4.8	28 268 1 980 397 3 366 436	1.2 1.9 3.0 2.7 2.6	1 650 59 9 188 10	4.3 15.7 — 12.0	4 817 363 13 876 (D)	3.3 5.9 - 15.3 (D)	2 010 112 22 200 35	3.5 12.2 1.5 11.8 11.2	17 122 1 274 152 1 916 240	2.3 3.1 1.1 9.4 5.7	
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	131 507 20 585	5.2 3.6 1.2 3.6	306 3 784 67 2 584	5.6 2.3 1.8 5.8	30 247 3 173 -	18.2 9.8 3.9 11.2	55 889 (D) 531	13.9 4.0 (D) 6.4	32 202 6 168 –	14.6 7.2 – 10.1 –	210 1 840 20 1 481	12.0 1.0 - 3.2	
Hunterdon	1 070 243 219 749 333	3.2 8.6 4.7 3.5 5.6	2 288 846 796 2 279 940	5.2 10.8 5.4 3.1 11.4	177 42 38 106 63	16.1 35.8 22.2 21.2 28.3	252 86 (D) 212 97	12.8 11.2 (D) 6.6 17.5	170 55 62 163 70	13.8 28.4 21.1 15.9 20.1	1 384 310 806 1 460 879	13.5 5.5 2.4 9.6 1.5	
Ocean Passaic Salem Somerset Union Warren	200 47 548 313 629 21 541	5.8 4.6 4.6 8.4 4.4 2.4 4.3	406 106 3 290 722 1 351 184 2 139	7.0 3.0 2.5 9.6 6.1 1.0 2.2	13 4 214 73 88 3 110	62.7 15.0 9.5 25.0 18.8 – 16.5	24 5 785 71 123 (D) 317	10.4 23.5 5.8 9.3 18.1 (D) 3.9	73 7 203 91 169 5 165	22.6 6.9 10.7 14.2 12.0 - 13.1	358 92 1 691 511 997 161 1 340	18.6 .4 9.0 15.6 15.6 – 5.5	
waiten	341	4.3	2 139	2.2			expenses 1—Co		105	13.1	1 340	5.5	
		Cash	n rent			Property to	axes paid		All	other farm prod	uction expense	es	
Geographic area	Farms		Value		Far	ms	Value		Far	ms	Value		
v ,	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	1 696 78 18 143 19	3.6 20.5 14.2 10.2 8.6	12 365 296 (D) 2 019 137	2.0 1.5 (D) 3.6 .6	8 195 337 118 739 178	1.2 5.9 1.7 1.9 2.5	25 379 1 264 333 2 238 458	2.3 6.3 7.6 5.1 3.9	7 993 350 121 751 155	1.3 3.9 1.5 2.6 4.3	67 559 7 507 771 8 554 1 026	.9 .5 1.0 1.4 1.5	
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	16 184 1 192	20.5 9.1 - 7.9	37 1 831 (D) 1 342	13.1 1.2 (D) 7.0	145 525 21 621	4.8 3.4 1.1 3.0	273 1 504 40 1 851	8.9 5.3 .3 3.2	133 551 22 628 –	4.9 3.6 1.1 2.5	964 9 874 65 6 733	3.3 1.2 .3 2.0	
Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex Monmouth Morris	162 80 50 75 55	13.8 23.3 23.4 16.5 22.4	671 790 511 635 127	7.7 3.7 22.5 .3 31.6	1 194 249 212 771 378	2.0 6.6 5.4 3.0 2.8	3 735 936 1 108 2 821 1 314	6.6 18.8 15.9 7.6 15.4	1 114 269 230 758 349	2.8 6.2 3.2 4.0 4.9	3 224 1 902 2 368 6 302 2 823	9.9 5.0 1.7 4.0 2.5	
Ocean — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	29 8 228 48 119 - 191	29.3 6.1 10.2 27.0 10.9 – 10.6	74 43 1 971 308 388 - 1 117	11.7 1.0 3.3 8.3 9.7 - 12.5	215 47 661 408 731 26 619	2.7 4.7 3.5 3.2 2.0 3.6 2.7	457 139 1 798 993 1 929 124 2 064	11.5 5.1 4.9 12.4 7.6 .8 6.2	222 44 679 305 677 28 607	3.8 4.4 3.0 7.4 3.5 3.3 3.4	695 663 5 387 1 475 2 204 549 4 473	5.5 .5 1.5 7.3 5.4 .1 5.7	
	Net cash retu	rn from agricul	tural sales for th			Total cr			Harvested cropland				
	Far		Val	ue	Far	ms	Acre	es	Far	ms	Acı	res	
Geographic area	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	9 083 391 129 817 189	1.0 1.0 1.5 .9 2.0	95 771 10 308 2 020 10 531 1 910	2.1 4.4 2.3 5.7 7.0	8 221 360 110 740 179	.8 1.0 1.3 .8 1.4	623 466 19 372 1 097 67 113 6 285	.4 .6 3.4 .6 1.2	7 149 333 94 628 159	. 8 1.1 1.6 .9 1.6	491 518 15 760 606 54 789 5 070	.4 .6 3.6 .6 1.4	
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	162 610 22 705	1.9 .8 1.1 1.0	976 17 040 427 10 494	8.3 3.2 .2 5.0	151 592 19 645	1.6 .7 _ .8 _	7 651 56 407 187 49 420	2.1 .6 - .8 -	131 565 19 575 –	2.0 .7 _ .9	6 118 47 948 126 43 125	2.1 .6 .8	
Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex Monmouth Morris	1 298 296 240 851 395	1.0 1.4 1.6 1.3 1.5	1 925 3 969 3 029 7 730 2 739	34.9 15.0 14.9 11.0 20.5	1 165 278 219 732 340	.9 1.1 1.3 1.2 1.3	79 570 28 787 21 515 46 416 14 843	.9 1.5 .6 .8 1.9	968 243 201 589 283	1.0 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4	55 907 23 459 19 158 35 566 10 012	.9 1.5 .7 .8 1.4	
See footnotes at	and of table												

Table F. Reliability Estimates for the State and County Totals: 1992 —Con.

[For meaning of abbreviat	ons and symbo	ls, see introdu	ctory text]										
	Net cash retur	n from agricult (see	cural sales for th	e farm unit		Total cr	opland		Harvested cropland				
	Fari	ms	Value		Farms		Acres		Farms		Acr	es	
Geographic area	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (\$1,000)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
Ocean	232 55 752 437 791 28 683	1.5 4.4 1.1 1.4 .9 3.3 1.1	756 867 11 138 962 2 615 2 818 3 515	53.2 2.4 4.4 30.7 14.8 2 17.1	194 42 711 386 716 22 620	1.7 3.3 .9 1.1 .8 2.4 1.0	5 572 430 81 004 31 207 44 114 178 62 298	2.3 9.0 .6 .9 1.1 1.2	157 31 665 325 615 21 547	2.0 4.1 .9 1.3 .9 2.5	3 647 147 68 733 21 316 29 631 120 50 280	3.3 5.0 .5 1.0 1.1 1.6	
		Irrigate	ed land					Livestock a	nd poultry				
	Fari	ms	Acres		Cattle and cal		lves inventory Total		Fa	Beef cows	Total		
Geographic area	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
New Jersey	1 911 216 65 185 55	. 7 1.6 1.9 1.7 3.3	80 409 12 164 256 8 699 2 477	. 2 .4 2.6 1.1 2.1	1 934 22 6 118 21	1.0 7.8 10.8 2.4 7.1	69 134 169 (D) 7 143 112	. 5 11.9 (D) .9 6.4	1 152 16 6 71 13	1.3 9.3 10.8 3.6 8.0	12 280 58 252 820 76	1.4 10.0 12.4 4.2 6.8	
Cape May	55 269 11 222 -	3.5 1.2 - 1.3	1 270 18 150 62 13 001	2.6 .3 - .3 -	18 66 – 103 –	8.6 3.6 - 3.0	204 2 849 2 754	9.7 4.0 - 1.6	15 36 54	9.9 5.3 4.3	109 496 - 382	12.2 13.5 – 4.2	
Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex Monmouth Morris	72 66 74 180 64	2.9 2.9 2.5 1.8 2.6	422 1 226 1 404 4 198 566	1.9 3.9 .9 1.3	389 47 20 78 62	1.6 4.5 5.0 3.7 3.9	10 687 1 190 437 1 382 1 171	1.5 2.5 1.4 2.6 8.8	251 31 12 55 44	2.0 5.9 5.9 4.5 4.9	2 683 276 105 418 293	2.6 8.0 4.3 7.5 6.4	
Ocean	51 15 150 52 50 10 49	3.9 4.6 1.9 2.8 3.5 5.0 3.9	775 87 13 954 261 390 41 1 006	1.2 7.9 .5 5.8 3.7 1.2	30 13 230 125 285 2 299	6.3 8.0 1.7 2.7 1.5 –	566 228 12 048 5 198 10 183 (D) 12 490	4.0 11.6 .8 1.7 .9 (D)	16 5 129 78 167 2 151	9.5 13.7 2.4 3.4 2.2 - 2.5	95 (D) 1 865 1 369 1 334 (D) 1 549	12.9 (D) 2.1 3.7 2.5 (D) 2.9	
						Livestock and	poultry -Con.	·	-	1			
		Milk cows	inventory			Hogs and pig	s inventory			Sheep and lam			
Geographic area	Fari	ms	Total		Farms		Total		Farms		Total		
	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
New Jersey	450 2 - 24 -	1.0 22.4 - 3.7	23 926 (D) - 2 536 -	.3 (D) (L)	640 21 - 43 8	1.6 7.8 - 4.9 15.0	29 645 484 - 779 (D)	1.5 12.7 - 8.7 (D)	691 8 8 28 6	1.6 12.3 12.3 6.9 13.3	12 902 127 33 367 161	2.1 22.7 19.7 8.5 15.8	
Cape May	12 - 20 -	6.3 - 4.7 -	930 1 044	2.7 1.0	18 23 3 71	8.9 6.3 - 3.7	3 295 1 605 24 11 606	2.8 1.3 – 2.5	8 22 2 37 -	12.6 6.8 - 5.4 -	(D) 202 (D) 626	(D) 9.8 (D) 8.6	
Hunterdon Mercer Middlesex Monmouth Morris	72 9 5 11 11	2.9 6.7 11.1 8.2 8.2	2 670 373 116 322 143	1.2 .2 1.0 .6 1.1	106 6 11 29 28	3.1 8.6 5.5 6.6 6.1	2 432 (D) 738 228 617	3.0 (D) 3.9 13.4 1.4	194 21 11 45 47	2.3 7.4 9.1 5.2 4.6	3 621 518 829 440 563	3.6 10.5 2.1 7.8 6.4	
Ocean	8 4 58 28 87 1 98	9.5 17.1 2.1 4.7 1.9 - 1.7	182 (D) 4 472 992 4 371 (D) 5 698	.6 (D) .3 .3 .9 (D)	17 6 60 39 77 - 74	8.4 15.7 3.8 4.7 3.6 - 3.6	(D) 32 3 125 909 649 - 569	(D) 17.7 8.3 2.6 12.1 - 7.3	9 4 44 53 76 –	13.9 17.1 4.6 4.5 3.8	149 37 1 071 1 828 1 268	21.2 18.3 6.6 6.9 7.6 – 5.8	

Table F. Reliability Estimates for the State and County Totals: 1992 —Con.

	-													
							poultry —Con.							
		Her	ns and pullets o	f laying age ii	nventory			Broilers and other meat-type chickens sold						
Geographic area		Farms			Tot	al			Farms			Tota	al	
			Relative standare				Relative standard			Relative standare				Relative standard
			error of estimate	•			error of estimate			error of estimate	9			error of estimate
Now James		Number	(percent		Number		(percent)	'	Number	(percent		Number		(percent)
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen		901 22 7	1. 6 8.7 10.8	I	623 478 1 572 5 323		.1 8.8 4.3		93 5 3 7	3. . 16. [.] 16.0	1	95 794 (D) (D)		(D) (D) (D)
Burlington Camden		67 16	4.0)	2 759 635		7.2 6.2		7	12.5		(<u>p)</u>		(D)
Cape May		18	8.3	3	934		15.3		5		13.5			16.0
Cumberland Essex Gloucester		26 - 51	6.3 - 4.4	-	(D) - 2 755		(D) - 9.5		2 - 6	26. ! 12. !	-	(D) 1 126		(D) - 21.3
Hudson		-	4	-	2 755		9.5		-	12.	-	1 120		
Hunterdon Mercer		126 28	3.0 6.7	7	4 911 1 582		3.8 11.3		21	7.2 29.	1	5 730 (D) (D)		8.4 (D) (D)
Middlesex		24 73 63	6.5 4.5	5	1 585 (D) 3 006		9.9 (D) 6.6		2 4 3	22.6 21.0 20.7	6	(D) 73 39		24.5
Morris		32	4.2 6.0		3 766		15.7		2	20.		(D)		21.8 (D)
Passaic Salem		12 50	9.3 4.4	3	784 (D)		6.7 (D)		4	12.3	3	130		12.4
Somerset Sussex		55 122 3	4.3 2.8 4.2	3	4 180 4 721 210		7.8 4.2 1.8		4 12 1	7.8 9.6		(D) 743 (D)		(D) 24.1 (D)
Union Warren		106	3.		(D)		(D)		10	10.0	6	2 285		23.7
							Selected cro	ps harvested						
			Corn for g	rain or seed						Corn for silage	or green chop			
Geographic area	Farms Acres		s	Quantity		ty	Farms		Acres		Quantity		ty	
		Relative standard		Relative standard			Relative standard		Relative standard		Relative standard			Relative standard
		error of estimate		error of estimate			error of estimate		error of estimate		error of estimate	_		error of estimate
Now James	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)		shels	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Number	(percent)	Tons, g	_	(percent)
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen	1 158 25	.9 7.1	83 805 180	. 5 5.8	9 508 12	472	.5 7.0	465 2	1.1 17.5 _	19 682 (D)	. 5 (D)_	305	639 (D)	. 5 (D)
Burlington Camden	111 9	2.3 12.6	10 426 273	1.3 5.6	1 21	398 (D)	.9 (D)	29 -	3.7	1 930	.7 _	34	550	1.0
Cape May	13 55	8.3 3.4	(D) 2 672	(D) 2.4		1 090 2 083	5.8 2.2	_ 11	- 8.0	733	_ 1.9	10	_ 2 159	_ 1.7
Cumberland Essex Gloucester	1 53	3.4	(D) 2 775	(D) 1.2		(D) 2 642	(D) 1.1	14	6.0	954	1.9 _ .9		1 837	1.7 - .7
Hudson	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Hunterdon	228 47 27	1.9 3.6	12 902 5 018	1.4 1.4		434 948 091	1.5 1.3	74 4 5	2.8	2 024 250	2.4		134 3 380	2.4
Middlesex Monmouth Morris	43 26	3.6 2.9 5.0	4 388 3 655 2 240	1.7 .4 .8	426	119 119 1475	1.8 .3 .6	5 8 9	5.7 10.8	157 251 193	2.7 7.7		2 630 4 675 (D)	2.1 (D)
Ocean	13	7.9	626	2.2		3 480	1.8	7	10.4	(D)	(D)	2	2 340	2.7
Passaic Salem	1 181	49.6 1.7	(D) 10 457	(D) 1.0	1 249	(D) 112	(D) .9	60 20	2.0	3 497	.6	55	936	.7
Somerset Sussex Union	54 66	3.2 2.5	3 809 4 263	1.4 2.2		897	1.7 2.3	29 102	4.2 2.2	1 435 4 142	2.0 1.5 _		638 749	1.3 1.6
Warren	205	1.6	19 941	.9	2 223	3 573	1.0	111	2.1	3 968	1.1	63	3 487	1.0
		Selected crops harvested —Con.												
			Soybean	ns for beans				Hay —alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild			d, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text)		(see text)	
Geographic area	Far	ms	Acre	s		Quantit	ty	Far	ms	Acre	es		Quanti	ty
		Relative standard		Relative standard			Relative standard		Relative standard		Relative standard			Relative standard
	Number	error of estimate (percent)	Number	error of estimate (percent)	D.	shels	error of estimate (percent)	Number	error of estimate (percent)	Number	error of estimate (percent)	Ton	s, dry	error of estimate (percent)
New Jersey	1 128	(percent)	131 768	(percent)	4 378		(percent)	3 060	(percent)	118 536	(percent)		s, ury	.7
AtlanticBergen	9	7.5 -	327	5.2 -		273	5.7 -	46 3	5.0 16.0	1 192 (D)	7.0 (D)		261 (D)	11 0
Burlington Camden	154 7	1.9 11.7	20 445 276	1.0 19.4		355 899	1.0 21.7	208 46	1.9 4.6	7 400′ 535	1.8 6.1	15	695 [°] 836	(D) 2.0 6.9
Cape MayCumberland	13 135	7.6 2.0	286 17 118	6.2 1.1		879 281	3.3 1.2	45 138	4.7 2.3	1 356 5 738	9.2 4.2		827 562	9.1 3.9
Essex Gloucester	151	2.0	17 118	1.1		2 553	1.2	155	2.3 2.3	3 669	4.2 - 3.7		7 996	3.9 _ 2.9
Hudson	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	_	-	-		-	-
Hunterdon Mercer	92 58 49	2.8 3.1 2.7	7 446 11 308 8 593	2.1 2.6 .9	350	2 378 3 129 3 875	1.8 1.8 .9	654 85 46	1.2 3.1 3.6	26 173 3 605 2 120	1.1 2.8 2.5	6	9 948 6 728 2 893	1.2 3.1 2.1
Middlesex Monmouth Morris	74 74 5	2.7 2.8 9.0	11 988 115	.9 1.7 5.9	374	558 450	.9 1.4 5.9	173 133	2.4 2.6	4 546 4 887	2.5 2.1 2.7	8	893 3 542 3 255	1.8 2.2
	3 .	0.0		0.0	`		3.5	.55	2.0	. 557	=.,	,		

Table F. Reliability Estimates for the State and County Totals: 1992 —Con.

Geographic area	Selected crops harvested —Con.												
			Soybear	ns for beans		Hay —alfalfa, other tame, small grain, wild, grass silage, green chop, etc. (see text)							
	Farms		Acres		Quantity		Farms		Acres		Quantity		
	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Bushels	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Tons, dry	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	
Ocean	5 - 281 40 - - 55	8.8 - 1.4 3.7 - - 2.5	330 	.9 - .8 1.6 - - 2.8	8 075 1 049 148 107 354 - 161 436	1.4 .8 2.2 2.4	52 1 315 159 438 3 360	4.2 49.6 1.5 2.1 1.2 4.2 1.4	1 350 (D) 9 570 10 104 20 003 30 16 132	9.1 (D) 1.7 1.7 1.3 5.1	2 464 (D) 25 747 17 469 37 536 56 40 833	7.9 (D) 1.6 1.8 1.4 5.4	

	Selected crops harvested —Con.												
		Vegetables harveste	d for sale (see text)		Land in orchards								
Geographic area	Far	rms	Ac	res	Fai	ms	Acres						
	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Number	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)					
New Jersey Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden	1 861 146 28 169 47	.9 2.0 4.2 2.1 4.1	64 647 6 057 245 4 644 1 421	.3 .7 2.4 1.5 .7	701 62 9 47 35	1.4 3.4 5.9 3.8 4.6	16 871 1 769 129 745 1 709	.5 1.3 1.9 2.3 2.1					
Cape May Cumberland Essex Gloucester Hudson	62 204 9 198 —	3.5 1.6 — 1.6 —	1 179 15 054 118 9 298	2.8 .4 - .5	7 17 - 54 -	15.8 6.0 – 2.2	30 1 385 — 6 911 —	25.7 .3 _ .4 _					
Hunterdon	119 46 69 199 77	2.9 4.4 2.9 2.0 3.2	972 1 067 1 618 4 467 1 388	4.2 2.8 1.0 1.3 1.8	110 21 16 55 51	3.1 6.4 5.5 4.4 4.4	800 132 197 668 247	3.4 4.0 1.0 2.7 5.7					
Ocean	60 12 136 67 122 6 85	3.9 8.0 2.1 3.8 2.6 1.9 3.2	811 106 11 456 609 1 409 32 2 694	2.0 6.8 .4 3.6 3.4 2.4 1.5	23 7 8 41 75 - 63	6.9 13.7 11.4 5.5 3.2 - 4.0	84 (D) (D) 224 467 - 464	10.9 (D) (D) 6.0 4.9 - 4.5					

¹Data are based on a sample of farms.

Table G. State Estimates of the Not on the Mail List Component of Farm Coverage Error: 1992

[Detail may not add to total due to rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Census publ	lished farms	Not on n	nail list 1	Percent not on mail list ¹		
Item	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (number)	Relative standard error of estimate (percent)	Total (percent)	Standard error of percent	
Farmsnumber_	9 079	.9	1 366	18.6	13.1	2.2	
Land in farmsacres	847 595	.5	49 304	25.5	5.5	1.3	
Average size of farmacres	93.4	1.0	36.1	18.0	(X)	(X)	
Farms by size: Less than 10 acres 10 to 49 acres Less than 50 acres 50 acres or more 50 to 99 acres 100 to 179 acres 180 acres or more	2 099 3 726 5 825 3 254 1 206 873 1 175	1.3 1.1 1.1 .7 1.1 1.1	419 700 1 118 248 148 68 31	28.9 23.8 20.0 48.6 77.6 59.3 52.7	16.6 15.8 16.1 7.1 10.9 7.3 2.6	4.1 3.2 2.7 3.2 7.6 4.0 1.3	
Harvested cropland farms acres	7 149	.8	1 111	19.7	13.4	2.3	
	491 518	.4	14 999	25.5	3.0	.7	
Farms by value of sales: Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$2,499 Less than \$2,500 \$2,500 or more \$2,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 or more	1 597 1 539 3 136 5 943 2 319 3 624	1.6 1.5 1.4 .7 1.2	424 355 779 587 364 223	37.7 33.4 27.4 24.5 26.1 45.5	21.0 18.8 19.9 9.0 13.6 5.8	6.2 5.1 4.4 2.0 3.1 2.5	
Market value of agricultural products sold\$1,000	532 988	.1	8 127	36.6	1.5	.6	
Farms by standard industrial classification: Crops (01) Livestock (02)	5 862	.8	916	20.5	13.5	2.4	
	3 217	1.2	450	34.9	12.3	3.9	
Farms by type of organization: Individual or family Partnership or corporation Other	7 553	1.0	1 181	18.7	13.5	2.2	
	1 448	.8	133	84.8	8.4	6.6	
	78	3.0	29	(H)	27.4	20.0	
Farms by tenure of operator: Full owners Part owners and tenants Part owners Tenants	6 541	1.0	957	21.4	12.8	2.5	
	2 538	.7	409	31.1	13.9	3.7	
	1 685	.7	81	50.3	4.6	2.2	
	853	1.2	328	36.2	27.8	7.2	
Operators by place of residence: On farm operated Not on farm operated Not reported	7 059	.9	1 071	20.6	13.2	2.5	
	1 516	1.1	241	42.4	13.7	5.0	
	504	1.6	54	67.4	9.6	5.9	
Operators by principal occupation: Farming Other	4 218	.7	225	33.6	5.1	1.7	
	4 861	1.2	1 000	21.9	17.1	3.1	
Operators by sex: Male Female	7 805	.8	1 205	19.5	13.4	2.3	
	1 274	1.5	161	41.7	11.2	4.2	
Operators by race: WhiteBlack and other races	8 956	.9	1 212	19.6	11.9	2.1	
	123	3.1	13	(H)	9.8	8.9	
Operators by years on present farm: 4 years or less 5 years or more Average years on present farm	831	1.7	504	31.4	37.8	7.5	
	6 871	.9	651	24.8	8.7	2.0	
	18.6	1.2	8.3	25.5	(X)	(X)	
Not reported	1 377	1.2	211	35.8	13.3	4.2	
Average age of operator	53.9	1.2	43.8	17.4	(X)	(X)	

Note: These estimates do not account for incorrectly classified farms or farms appearing more than once in the census and are subject to change in the 1992 Coverage Evaluation publication. See appendix C text for further explanation.

¹Estimates are based on a sample survey conducted independently of census data collection.